White Salmon Planning Commission Meeting A G E N D A

April 28, 2021 – 5:30 PM

Via Zoom Teleconference

Meeting ID: 840 6225 7598 Passcode: 267779



669-900-6833 929-205-6099 301-715-8592 346-248-7799 253-215-8782 312-626-6799

We ask that the audience call in instead of videoing in or turn off your camera, so video does not show during the meeting to prevent disruption. Thank you.

Call to Order/Roll Call

Public Comment

Public comment will not be taken during the teleconference, except for the public hearing as specified below. Public comment submitted by email to Jan Brending at janb@ci.white-salmon.wa.us by 5:00 p.m. on Wednesday, April 28, 2021 will be read during the city council meeting and forwarded to all city council members. Please include in the subject line "Public Comment – April 28, 2021 Council Meeting." Please indicate in your comments whether you live in or outside of the city limits of White Salmon.

Action Items

- Proposed Amendments to WSMC 17.08 Definitions
 - a. Presentation
 - b. Public Hearing

Written comments may be submitted to janb@ci.white-salmon.wa.us by 5:00 p.m. on Wednesday, April 28, 2021 noting in the subject line "Public Hearing – Proposed Amendments to WSMC 17.08 - Definitions." All written comments will be read during the public hearing. In addition, any individual who wishes to testify via the teleconference will be allowed to do so. You must register with the city (by contacting Jan Brending at janb@ci.white-salmon.wa.us by 5:00 p.m. on Wednesday, April 28, 2021) that you desire to testify via teleconference and provide your name and/or phone number as it will appear during the Zoom teleconference.

- c. Discussion
- d. Action

Discussion Items

- 2. Comprehensive Plan Update
 - a. Land Use Designation Map Changes
 - b. Introduction Chapter

Adjournment

File Attachments for Item:

- 1. Proposed Amendments to WSMC 17.08 Definitions
- a. Presentation
- b. Public Hearing
- c. Discussion
- d. Action



AGENDA MEMO

Needs Legal Review: No

Planning Commission

Meeting Date: April 28, 2021

Agenda Item: Proposed Amendments to WSMC 17.08 - Definitions

Presented By: Jan Brending, Clerk Treasurer and Pat Munyan, City Administrator

Action Required

Make recommendation to City Council on proposed amendments to WSMC 17.08 – Definitions.

Proposed Motion

Move to recommend approval of proposed amendments to WSMC 17.08 – Definitions.

Explanation of Issue

When the city adopted a new WSMC 17.36 – MHRP Mobile/Manufactured Home Residential Park District code last summer, it was determined that WSMC 17.08 – Definitions needed to be amended to include new definitions related to WSMC 17.36. In addition. Staff determined that some of the definitions needed clarification and that several other new definitions are being recommended.

A public hearing for the proposed amendments was noticed April 21, 2021 in the newspaper and on the city's website the meting on April 28.

Staff Recommendation

Staff recommends the planning commission recommend approval to the city council for the proposed amendments to WSMC 17.08 – Definitions.

CITY OF WHITE SALMON ORDINANCE 2021-

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING WHITE SALMON MUNICIPAL CODE 17.08-DEFINITIONS, MODIFYING AND ADDING NEW DEFINITIONS

WHEREAS, the White Salmon Municipal Code Title 17 – Zoning includes Chapter 17.08 – Definitions; and

WHEREAS, the City adopted amendments to White Salmon Municipal Code 17.36 – MHRP Mobile/Manufactured Home Residential Park District July 1, 2021; and

WHEREAS, the City has determined that existing definitions need clarification and new definitions are needed to ensure appropriate implementation of the City's zoning code.

NOW THEREFORE, THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF WHITE SALMON, WASHINGTON DO HEREBY ORDAIN as follows:

SECTION 1. White Salmon Municipal Code Chapter 17.08 – Definitions Residential District is hereby repealed in its entirety and a new White Salmon Municipal Code Chapter 17.08 - Definitions is hereby adopted as set forth in Exhibit A attached hereto and by this reference incorporated herein.

SECTION 2 – SEVERABILITY. That if any clause, section, or other part of this Ordinance shall be held invalid or unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, the remainder of this Ordinance shall not be affected thereby but shall remain in full force and effect.

SECTION 3 – EFFECTIVE DATE. This ordinance shall take effect five (5) days after its publication according to law.

day of, 2021.	
ATTEST:	Marla Keethler, Mayor
Jan Brending, Clerk/Treasurer	
APPROVED AS TO FORM:	
Kenneth B. Woodrich, City Attorney	

Exhibit A

Key: Deleted = **bold and strikethrough**

Added = **bold and underlined**

Chapter 17.08 – DEFINITIONS

17.08.010 - Interpretation of language.

For the purpose of this title, certain terms are defined in this chapter. When not inconsistent with the context, words used in the present tense include the future, words in the singular number include the plural, and words in the plural number include the singular; the word "person" may be taken for persons, associations, firms, co-partnerships or corporations; the word "structure" includes building; the word "occupied" includes premises designated or intended to be occupied; the word "used" includes designated or intended to be used; and the word "shall" is always mandatory and not merely directive.

17.08.015 - Abut and abutting.

"Abut and abutting", unless otherwise specified in this chapter for specific purposes, means an area of land or a building that is directly adjacent to or has a common boundary with the land or building at issue.

17.08.0<u>20</u>15 - Accessory dwelling unit.

An "aAcessory dwelling unit" (ADU) is means a habitable living unit added to, created within, or detached from the principal single-family dwelling that provides basic requirements for living, sleeping, eating, cooking, and sanitation.

17.08.03020 - Accessory use or structure.

"Accessory use or structure" **is one means a use or structure** which is subordinate to the principal use of a building on the lot serving a purpose customarily incidental to the principal use of a building.

17.08.04025 - Adult boarding homes.

"Adult boarding homes" means Aany home or other institution which is licensed to operate and provide board and domiciliary care to seven or more persons, not related by blood or marriage to the operator, as defined in RCW Chapter 18.20.020.

17.08.05030 - Alley.

"Alley" means a public right-of-way not over thirty feet wide which affords, generally, a secondary means of access to abutting lots, not intended for general use.

17.08.06040 - Apartment house.

"Apartment house" means a building or portion thereof used or intended to be used as a home with three or more families or householders living independently of each other.

17.08.0<u>70</u>50 - Basement.

"Basement" means a portion of a building included between a floor, with its level four feet or more below the level from which the height of the building is measured and the ceiling next above such floor; provided, that the floor of said basement is located an average of four feet below finish grade at the building face with no portion of the basement being more than eight feet above finish grade. A basement is not to be considered a story for purposes of height determination.

17.08.08055 - Bed and breakfast.

"Bed and breakfast" means an establishment in a residential district that contains up to five guest bedrooms, is owner or manager occupied, provides a morning meal, and limits the length of stay to fifteen consecutive days per month.

17.08.09060 - Billboard.

"Billboard" means an outdoor advertising sign, being any structure or portion thereof, situated on private premises, upon which lettered or pictured material is displayed for advertising purposes, other than the name and the occupation of the user, or the nature of the business conducted on such premises or the products primarily sold or manufactured thereon.

17.08.<u>100</u>070 - Building.

"Building" means any structure, permanent, mobile, demountable or movable, built or used for the support, shelter or enclosure of any persons, animals, goods, equipment, or chattels and property of any kind.

17.08.<u>110</u>080 - Building line.

"Building line" means a line parallel with the property line located on the inside border of the required yard.

17.08.<u>120</u>090 - Bulk plant.

"Bulk plant" means an establishment where flammable liquids are received by tank vessel, pipelines, tank car or tank vehicle, and are stored or blended in bulk for the purpose of distributing such liquids by tank vessel, pipeline, tank car, tank vehicle or container.

17.08.130100 - Clinic.

"Clinic" means a building or portion of a building containing offices and facilities for providing medical, dental or psychiatric services for outpatients only.

17.08.140 Commercial recreation.

"Commercial recreation" means the provision of recreation-related products or services by private enterprise for a fee, with long-term use intended. Allowable uses include shooter rentals, bike rentals, stroller rental, car rentals, water recreational facilities, athletic and health clubs and movie theaters. Similar uses may be allowed at the discretion of the City Council.

17.08.<u>150</u>110 - Comprehensive plan.

"Comprehensive plan" means a generalized coordinated land use policy statement of the city that is adopted by the city.

17.08.160115 - Condominium unit.

A-<u>"eC</u>ondominium unit<u>"</u> means one of a group of housing units where each homeowner owns their individual unit space, and all dwellings typically share ownership of areas of common use. Individual units normally do but are not required to share common walls. A condominium project limits the individual ownership to that of the units rather than dividing the ownership of a parcel of land by subdivision or short subdivision. All or most of the land in the project is owned in common by all the homeowners. The maintenance responsibility for common land and amenities is managed by an association established by the declaration or bylaws and supported by dues paid by owners of the individual units. Each owner pays taxes on their individual condominium unit and is free to sell at will. The exterior walls and roof of units are typically insured by the condominium association, while all interior walls and items are typically insured by the individual owner. Zoning regulations, standards, and

criteria are applicable to condominium development. In addition to required compliance with Chapter 64.34 RCW Condominium Act and all other state and federal regulations, a condominium project must comply with all land use and environmental review. Maximum dwelling unit densities, all standards applicable to specified housing and structure types, and all site and street standards are applied to proposed condominium projects through the site plan review process and approval of a binding site plan is required prior to development of any condominium project regardless of the need or lack of need to subdivide the land.

17.08.170120 - Council.

"Council" means the city council.

17.08.<u>180</u>125 - Day care center.

"Day care center" is a duly licensed day care provider which accommodates more than five children and less than thirteen children in the provider's home.

17.08.<u>190</u>130 - Density provisions.

"Density provisions" mean requirements for each land use district to encourage, protect and preserve the health, safety and general welfare of the area through standards which include yards, height, bulk, lot area, lot coverage, and occupancy limitations.

17.08.<u>200</u>140 - Director of planning.

"Director of planning" means the person designated by the city council, who is charged with the responsibility of administering the zoning ordinance in terms of the comprehensive plan and in accordance with the decisions of the planning commission, the board of adjustment and the city council.

17.08.210150 - District or zone.

"District" or "zone" means a section or district of the city within which standards governing the use of the buildings and premises are uniform.

17.08.220160 - Duplex.

"Duplex" means a two-family structure with a common roof.

17.08.230165 - Dwelling.

"Dwelling" means A a building or portion thereof providing complete housekeeping facilities for one family.

17.08.<u>240</u>170 - Dwelling group.

"Dwelling group" means and shall consist of three or more detached dwelling structures located on the same lot.

17.08.250180 - Dwelling unit.

A"d<u>D</u>welling unit" means one or more rooms in a building designed for occupancy by one family for living and sleeping purposes and having not more than one kitchen.

17.08.260190 - Exception.

"Exception" means a use permitted only after review of an application therefor by the board of adjustment, rather than administrative officials.

17.08.270200 - Family.

"Family" means a person living alone, or two or more persons customarily living together as a single household or housekeeping unit and using common cooking facilities, as distinguished from a group occupying a hotel, club, board or lodging house.

17.08.<u>280</u>220 - Height of building.

- A. "Height of building" means the vertical distance above a reference datum measured to the highest point of the coping of a flat roof or to the deck line of a mansard roof or to the average height of the highest gable ridge of a pitched or hipped roof. The reference datum shall be calculated as follows:
 - 1. Determine the smallest rectangle <u>as illustrated in Diagram A</u> that encompasses all four corners of the proposed building pad (includes covered decks <u>and porches</u>) at <u>final gradeoriginal, undisturbed ground elevation</u>.
 - 2. Determine the relative elevation at all four corners of the rectangle <u>as illustrated in Diagram B belowabove</u>.
 - 3. <u>Use the Add the four corner elevations determined in subsection (A)(2) of this section and divide by four to dDetermine</u> the reference datum elevation <u>using the diagram instructions below.</u>
 - 4. Flat roofs and roofs greater than 6-12 pitch angle will be measured from the highest point.
- B. The height of a stepped or terraced building is the maximum height of any segment of the building.

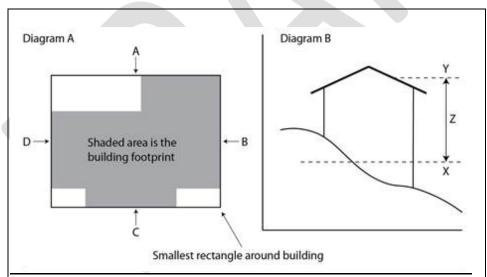


Diagram A: A through D represent the elevation midpoints for each side of the Building.

Diagram B: X represents the average final grade. Y represents the highest measurable point. In this case the midpoint of the highest pitched roof. Z represents total building height, which is measured from X to Y.

Note: To determine the average final grade, take the sum of each elevation midpoint, as illustrated in Diagram A, and divide by four; the will average final grade elevation.

The computation works as follows: (Final Elevation at the Midpoint of A+B+C+D)+4 = Average Finale Grade Elevation.

17.08.<u>290</u>230 - Home occupation.

"Home occupation" means an operation of a personal business within a dwelling or accessory buildings by a member or members of a family residing therein. A home occupation is not a client-patronage office or the principal place of call for the business operation.

- A. Only persons residing on the premises may be engaged in the home occupation.
- B. There shall be no outside displays of merchandise.
- C. The home occupation shall not affect the outside appearance as a residence. Business shall be conducted in such a manner as to give no outward appearance nor manifest any characteristic of a business that would infringe upon the rights of neighboring residents to enjoy a peaceful occupancy of their homes.
- D. Business signs shall be permitted as per Sign Ordinance, Chapter 15.12 of this code.

17.08.300240 - Hotel.

"Hotel" means a building in which lodging is provided and offered to the public for compensation and which is open to transient guests, guests who occupy a unit for a short duration visit or stay rather than residing in a unit, establishing a residency, residing at the address and inhabiting the unit subject to a month to month rental or long term lease.

"Hotel" means a singular building designed and intended to provide overnight lodging to transient guests for a fee. A hotel shall consist of a lobby, rented units that are entered from the inside of the building, has a minimum of 10 rental units, customer service desk with on-call service for registered guests including walk-ins, and a transient lodging license as issued and administered by the Washington State Department of Health.

17.08.310250 - Junkyard.

"Junkyard" means a place where waste, discarded or salvaged materials are bought, sold, exchanged, stored, baled, cleaned, packed, disassembled or handled, including house-wrecking yards, used-lumber yards, and yards for the use of salvaged house-wrecking and structural steel materials and equipment.

17.08.320260 - Lot.

"Lot" means a parcel of land, under one ownership, used or capable of being used under the regulations of this title, including both the building site and all required yards and other open spaces.

17.08.330270 - Lot coverage.

"Lot coverage" means that portion of a lot that is occupied by the principal building and its accessory building(s), expressed as a percentage of the total lot area. It shall include all projections except eaves.

17.08.340280 - Lot depth.

"Lot depth" means the horizontal distance between the front and rear lot lines.

17.08.350290 - Lot width.

"Lot width" means the distance between side lot lines, measured at the front yard building line; in case of irregular-shaped lots, the lot shall be measured at a point midway between the front and rear lot lines.

17.08.360300 - Major thoroughfares.

"Major thoroughfares" means primary and secondary arterials and state highways, as shown on the comprehensive plan.

17.08.370310 - Manufacture.

"Manufacture" means the converting of raw, unfinished materials or products, or any or either of them, into an article or articles or substance of a different character, or for use for a different character, or for use as a different purpose.

17.08.380320 - Manufactured home.

A manufactured home shall be constructed after June 15, 1976, in accordance with state and federal requirements for manufactured homes, which:

- A. Is comprised of at least two fully enclosed parallel sections each of not less than twenty feet in width and is at least nine hundred square feet;
- B. Was originally constructed with and now has a composition of wood shake or shingle, coated metal, or similar roof of not less than 3:12 pitch; and
- C. Has exterior siding similar in appearance to siding materials commonly used on conventional site-built uniform building code single-family residences built according to the International Building Code.
- A new "manufactured home" means any manufactured home required to be titled under Title 46 RCW, which has not been previously titled to a retail purchaser, and is not a "used mobile home" as defined in RCW 82.45.032(2).

"Manufactured home" means a single-family dwelling built in accordance with the department of housing and urban development manufactured home construction and safety standards act, which is a national, preemptive building code; and complying with the standards as designated on the data plate (HUD and L&I certification requirements) and with all the provisions of the Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards in effect at the time of its construction and constitutes not less than 720 square feet of interior habitable area. Is built on one or more metal frames with wheels for deliver to its placement site. Has exterior siding similar in appearance to siding materials commonly used on conventional site-built uniform building code single-family residences built according to the International Building Code; and has a composition, wood shake or shingle, coated metal, or similar roof of not less than 3:12 pitch.

17.08.390325 - Mobile home.

"Mobile home" means a structure, constructed before June 15, 1976, that is transportable in one or more sections that are eight feet or more in width and thirty-two or more in length, built on a permanent chassis, designed to be used as a permanent dwelling and bearing the "Mobile Home" insignia of the Washington State Department of Labor and Industries, commonly referred to as a single wide.

17.08.<u>400</u>330 - Mobile home park.

"Mobile home park" means any property used for the accommodation of inhabited manufactured or mobile homes, which are rented or held out for a period of no less than thirty days for rent to others for the primary purpose of production of income.

17.08.410340 - Modular home.

"Modular home" means housing units that are built off-site in accordance with applicable building codes and bearing the appropriate insignia indicating such compliance, and shipped by truck or other conveyance to the building site, where the home is assembled on a permanent foundation.

<u>17.08.420 – Motel.</u>

"Motel" means a singular or multiple building(s) on a singular parcel designed and intended to provide overnight lodging to transient guests for a fee. A motel shall consist of a check-in office on the same premises with 24-hour service for walk-in guests. Rented units are entered from the

<u>outside of the building; the facility has a minimum of 5 rental units and a transient lodging license</u> as issued and administered by the Washington State Department of Health.

17.08.430350 - Multiple-family residence.

"Multiple-family residence" means a building arranged to be occupied by more than two families.

17.08.440360 - Net area—Net development area.

"Net area" or "net development area," means the total usable area, exclusive of space dedicated to such things as streets, easements and uses out of character with the principal uses. The net area is used to compute density equivalents where applicable in this title.

17.08.450365 - Nonconforming building or structure.

"Nonconforming building or structure" means A <u>a</u> building, structure or portion thereof that was legally in existence, either constructed or altered at the time of passage of the ordinance or amendments thereto, which does not conform with this title or amendments thereto.

17.08.<u>460</u>370 - Nonconforming use.

"Nonconforming use" means a use or an activity involving a building or land occupied or in existence at the effective date of the ordinance codified in this title, or at the time of any amendments thereto, which does not conform to the standards of the zoning district in which it is located.

17.08.<u>470</u>375 - Nursing home.

"Nursing home" means Aany home, place or institution which operates or maintains facilities providing care for convalescent or chronically ill persons or both for a period longer than twenty-four consecutive hours for three or more persons, not related by blood or marriage to the operator, who by reason of illness or infirmity are unable to properly care for themselves.

17.08.480380 - Off-street parking space.

"Off-street parking space" means a permanently surfaced area not situated within a public right-of-way for the parking of a motor vehicle.

17.08.490 – Place of public assembly.

"Place of public assembly" means auditoriums, spectator sporting venues, arcades, public plazas, courtrooms, large lecture halls, outdoor stadiums, museums, accessory conference rooms, food courts, or rooftop terraces; similar uses may be allowed at the discretion of the City Council.

17.08.500390 - Principal uses permitted outright.

"Principal uses permitted outright" means uses allowed as a matter of right within certain land use districts without public hearing, zoning permit, conditional exception, or variance; provided, that such use is in accordance with requirements of a particular district and general conditions stated elsewhere in this title.

17.08.<u>510</u>400 - Prohibited uses.

"Prohibited uses" means any use which is not specifically enumerated or interpreted as allowable in that district.

17.08.<u>520</u>410 - Service station.

"Service station" means a retail establishment for the sale on the premises of motor vehicle fuel and other petroleum products and automobile accessories, and for the washing, lubrication and minor repair of automotive vehicles.

17.08.530 – Short-term rental.

"Short-term rental" means a residential lodging use, that is not a hotel or motel or bed and breakfast in which a dwelling unit, or portion thereof, that is offered or provided to a guest by the residence owner or operator for a fee for fewer than thirty consecutive nights.

17.08.540420 - Story.

"Story" means that portion of a building included between the surface of any floor and the surface of the floor next above it; or, if there is no floor above, then the space between such floor and the ceiling next above it.

"First story" means any floor not over four and one-half feet above average pre-development (natural) ground level at the front line of the building.

17.08.550430 - Story, half.

"Half-story" means a space under a sloping roof which has the line of intersection of roof decking and wall face not more than four feet above the top floor level. A half-story containing independent apartments or living quarters shall be counted as a full story.

17.08.560440 - Street.

"Street" means a public way which affords a primary means of access to property.

17.08.570 - Tiny house.

"Tiny house" and "tiny house with wheels" means a dwelling to be used as permanent housing with permanent provisions for living, sleeping, eating, cooking, and sanitation built in accordance with the state building code and constructed in accordance with WAC 51-51-60104 and does not have an interior habitable area greater than 400 square feet.

17.08.580 – Tourist facilities.

"Tourist facilities" means as used in the chapter, amenities for tourists or visitors such as lecture rooms, restaurants, picnic areas, playgrounds, gift shops, restrooms, trade craft workshop, clubs, and other recreational facilities as determined by the City Council. Overnight facilities only are allowed when the tourist facility is associated with the hotel or motel.

17.08.590445 - Townhouse.

"Townhouse" means a single-family dwelling unit constructed as one of two or more attached units separated by property lines at common walls with open space on at least two sides.

17.08.600446 - Townhouse building.

"Townhouse building" means a structure which is comprised of two or more townhouses.

17.08.610450 - Use.

"Use" means an activity or purpose for which land or premises or a building thereon is designed, arranged or intended, or for which it is occupied, maintained, let or leased.

17.08.620460 - Variance.

"Variance" means a modification of the regulations of this title, when authorized by the board of adjustment after finding that the literal application of the provisions of this title would cause undue and unnecessary hardship in view of certain facts and conditions applying to a specific parcel of property.

17.08.<u>630</u>470 - Vicinity.

"Vicinity" means the area surrounding a use in which such use produces a discernible influence by aesthetic appearance, traffic, noise, glare, smoke, or similar influences.

17.08.<u>640</u>480 - Yards.

"Yards" means land, unoccupied or unobstructed from the ground upward, except for such encroachments as may be permitted by this title, surrounding a building site.

17.08.650490 - Yard, front.

"Front yard" means an open space, other than the court, on the same lot with the building, between the front line of the building (exclusive of steps) and the front property line.

17.08.660500 - Yard, rear.

"Rear yard" means an open space on the same line with the building, between the rear line of the building (exclusive of steps, porches and accessory buildings other than garages or workshops addressed in underlying zone) and the rear line of the lot.

17.08.<u>670</u>510 - Yard, side.

"Side yard" means an open space on the same lot with the building, between the side wall line of the building and the side wall line of the lot.

17.08.680515 - Zone.

"Zone" means a specific area or district designated on the official interim zoning map. Such area is subject to all the regulations applicable to the zone contained in this title.

17.08.690520 - Zoning.

"Zoning" means the regulation of the use of lands, or the manner of construction related thereto, in the interest of achieving public benefit, protecting public welfare, maintaining compatibility between uses, while providing for orderly growth and development, that supports a comprehensive plan for development. Public lands are zoned as such on the city zoning map. Use of public land for public and quasi-public land uses and buildings providing for proprietary-type services shall be required to comply with applicable provisions of the zoning ordinance. Users of public land for governmental activities are encouraged to understand applicable land use regulations and to cooperate under these regulations in order to secure harmonious development.

17.08.700530 - Zoning lot.

"Zoning lot" means a tract of land occupied or to be occupied by a principal building and its accessory facilities, together with such open spaces and yards as are required under the provisions of this title, having not less than the minimum area required by this title for a zoning purpose in the district in which such land is situated, and having its principal frontage on a public street of standard width. A "zoning lot" need not necessarily coincide with the "record lot," which refers to land designated as a separate and distinct parcel on a legally recorded subdivision plat or in a legally recorded deed filed in the records of the county.

17.08.710540 - Zone transition lot.

"Zone transition lot" means a parcel of land abutting a district boundary where the district boundary is not a street.

File Attachments for Item:

- 2. Comprehensive Plan Update
- a. Land Use Designation Map Changes
- b. Introduction Chapter



AGENDA MEMO

Needs Legal Review: No

Planning Commission

Meeting Date: April 28, 2021

Agenda Item: Proposed Land Use Designation Map Changes

Presented By: Jan Brending, Clerk Treasurer and Marla Keethler, Mayor

Action Required

Action on proposed land use designation map changes that will be included with the draft comprehensive plan forwarded to the city council.

Proposed Motion

Move to include identified land use designation map changes as follows: (note the planning commission will need to identify which land use designation changes they want to make).

Explanation of Issue

As part of the draft land use and urbanization element section, the draft comprehensive plan identifies the following land use designations:

Low-Density Residential (LDR)

All lands previously identified as Large-Lot Residential District (RL) and Single-Family Residential District (R!) have been identified as LDR.

Medium-Density Residential (MDR)

All lands previously identified as Two-Family Residential District (R2) have been identified as MDR.

Mobile/Manufactured Home Residential (MMHR)

Lands currently designated as Mobile/Manufactured Home Residential Park District (MHRP) will continue to be designated as MMHR.

High-Density Residential/Mixed Use (HDR/MU)

Lands previously identified as Multi-Family Residential District have been identified as HDR/MU.

Commercial (C)

Lands previously identified as Commercial will continue to be designated as C.

• Riverfront (RF)

Lands previously identified as Riverfrontage District (RD) will be designated as RF.

City administration has reviewed the land use designation map and would like to present some proposed changes in keeping with the following draft Compact and Efficient Land Use Goal and associated policies:

GOAL LU-1: Establish and maintain a land use pattern that accommodates the current and future needs of the City and provides housing and employment choices that are cohesive with the community's vision.

Policy LU-1.1: Promote new development in areas with existing public services and near transportation networks and essential facilities, to better support a variety of housing and

employment choices. Discourage suburban sprawl and "leapfrog" development by promoting redevelopment or infill development to support the efficient use of land downtown, near the hospital commercial area and in the River Frontage District.

Policy LU-1.2: Revise White Salmon's Land Use Map to provide clear guidance to property owners on which lands can accommodate future residential, commercial and industrial growth consistent with the City's vision.

Policy LU-1.3: Encourage mixed-use development, with residential and commercial components, that fosters small business development, an increase in net new housing and employment opportunities and a walkable, compact community that reduces car trips.

The changes in summary are:

- 1. Moving areas of currently zoned Single-Family (R1) and identified as Low-Density on the land use designation map to Medium-Density:
 - A. White Salmon Co-Housing Area with additional R1 area to the north included.(see Exhibit A)
 - B. This area includes the following as shown on Exhibit B:
 - 2019 Annexation Area
 - Area west of Hunsaker Oil and ICE
 - Unannexed area (island) south of Hunsaker Oil and north of Spring Street and east of Main
 - Area north of 2019 annexation area (includes properties within the city limits and properties in the urban exempt area.
- 2. Moving 6 lots currently identified as Commercial to High Density/Mixed Use (HDR/MU). Five of the lots currently contain single-family dwellings and are not likely to be used for commercial purposes. This change would allow the residential uses to continue and to not be classified as non-conforming uses. Three of lots are east of Snohomish and north of Tohomish and 2 lots are west of Snohomish and north of Comprehensive Health. (See Exhibit C) The 6th lot, which is vacant, is located east of the hospital property and is owned by the same individual that owns the lot immediately to the north. The commercial zoning is this area encompasses only (except for this single-parcel) hospital property. At one-time this property was owned by the hospital and was missed in 2012 comprehensive plan update that it had been separated from the hospital and sold. Administration believes this designation was an error.(See Exhibit D)

3. Riverfront

The current language describing the Riverfront designation reads "This land is intended to allow master-planned developments that can include recreational, commercial, light industrial and limited residential uses. This land is largely constrained by natural features and is subject to the City's critical areas ordinance. Because of its close proximity to SR 14, secondary access roads—rather than direct access to the highway—are encouraged and in some cases required."

Staff has identified this designation for further discussion. The major of the "Riverfrontage District" has been built out. No secondary roads were required or built and "master-planned developments" have not occurred. The existing uses are retail, medical offices, light industrial and government-owned facility held for tribal usage. There are currently 4 vacant

lots left in this designation. Two lots (located east of the Hood River Bridge) are owned by a single property owner. An additional lot is owned by a property owner that has a light-industrial development on adjacent lot. It is staff's belief that either the description of the Riverfront designation should be changed or these properties should be identified as Commercial. The Commercial designation allows all current uses to continue. New light-industrial uses would require a conditional use permit (under the city's existing zoning requirements).

Implied in the vision statement for White Salmon is the pursuit of an economically viable and sustainable community that nurtures diversity. Certain trends documented in the 2020 Urbanization Study require us to evaluate the role of land use designation in achieving that long-term vision for the city:

- White Salmon is the fastest growing city (in terms of population and housing) within the County, and the City is likely to capture the majority of demand for housing within the west portion of the County, as long as developable residential-zoned land and adequate water, sewer, and transportation infrastructure is available.
- The White Salmon area is projected to capture approximately 45% of the overall net new housing demand within Klickitat County.
- Measurement of households that cannot afford basic necessities, referred to as ALICE (Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed), shows that while the statewide share of ALICE households is 26%, White Salmon's is 38%. A significant portion of residents are currently cost-burdened, heightening the need for diverse housing options.
- Given the need for workforce housing, the city will need to spur development of additional middle income housing types, such as apartments, plexes, townhomes, cottages, manufactured homes and accessory dwelling units.

Historically, federal and local land use decisions, restrictive covenants, redlining, and the placement of public housing have facilitated economic and racial segregation of communities across the United States. This origin of land use regulations is important to understand so that current considerations of land use can help facilitate the integration of people by income, race, and ethnicity.

In evaluation of the above, the new proposed new Land Use Designation Map would:

- Introduce more generalized designations for land-use, thereby creating adaptability within
 designated areas. This will permit more flexibility for adaptive use that responds to
 recognized trends (i.e. a generalized Commercial designation can allow the creation of
 specific commercial zones such as mixed-use to reflect needs in the downtown core vs.
 the commercial area currently on the northside of the city).
- Acknowledge observed trends to more reasonably reflect the built use of land. This is seen in the recommendation of transitioning a section of lots currently identified as Commercial at the intersection of NE Tohomish/Center to R2. All lots identified have ultimately been developed into residences. This is also seen in the recommendation of the western portion of the city remaining low density.
- Expanding the areas available for medium density development to spur creation of additional housing stock and reduce rezone requirements on the front-end of new project consideration. While the Urbanization Study projects a need for 12.9 acres of additional medium-density zoned land, the recommendations shown on the attached exhibits

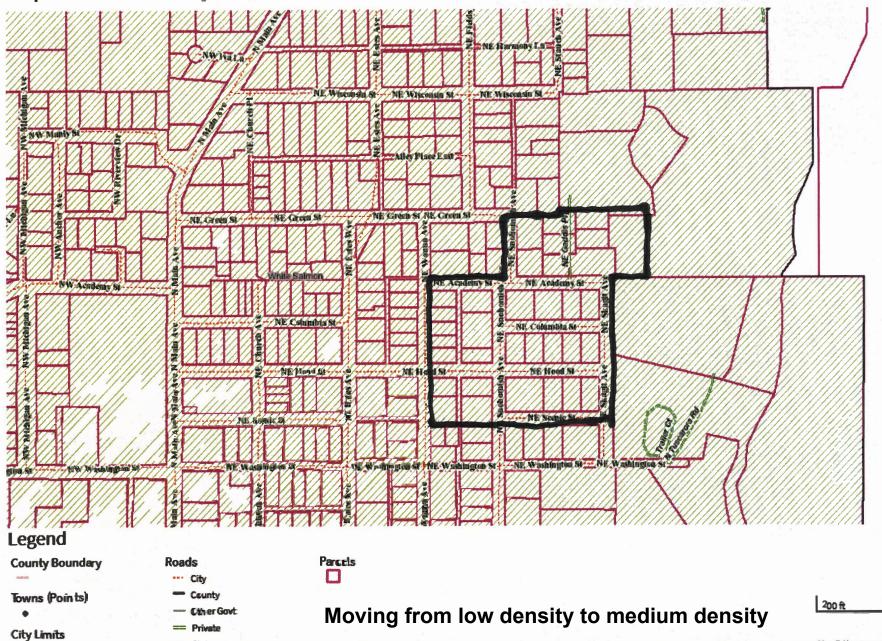
provides for an increase of approximately 64 acres. However it should be acknowledged that some of the land within medium density areas will continue to be developed into single-family residences, and in recognition that the aim of the map is to not micromanage each property owner's use, but to allow flexibility while also accounting for estimated needs. Expanded medium-density designations reflect the consideration of long-term availability of water/sewer, access and proximity to services, schools and commercial uses.

When applied with intention, the functional adaptability of zoning and land use regulations can offer tremendous opportunities for improving how the city handles land use, especially as public and private values and needs shift. Implementing a broader land-use map with an increase in the availability of medium-density areas reflects the known public and private needs in our community at this time.

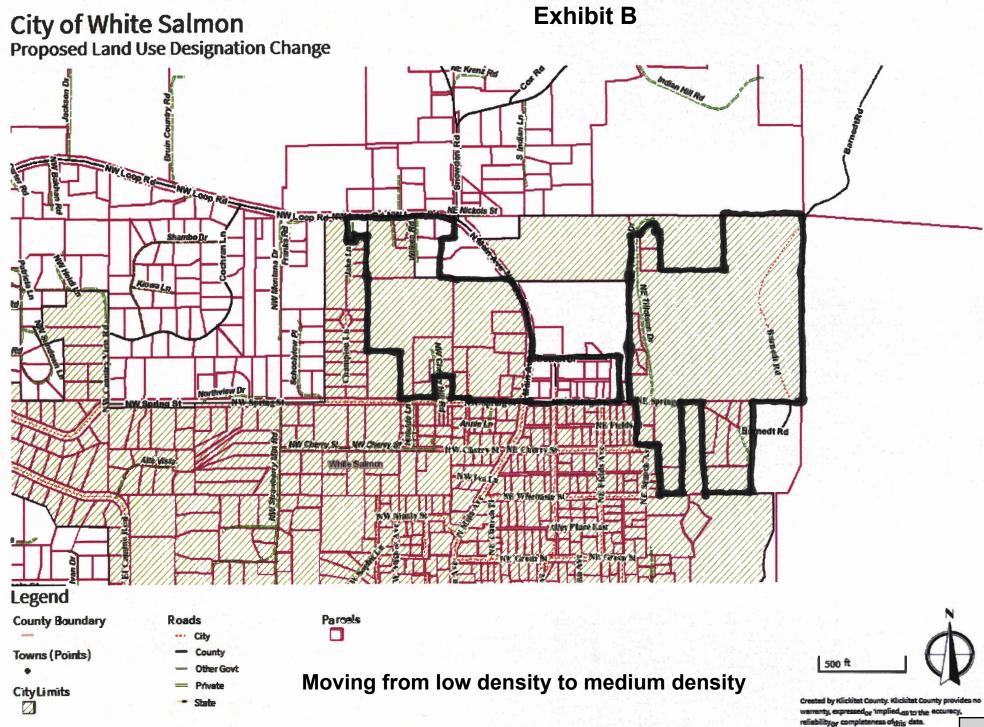
These areas are identified on the attached maps that follow.

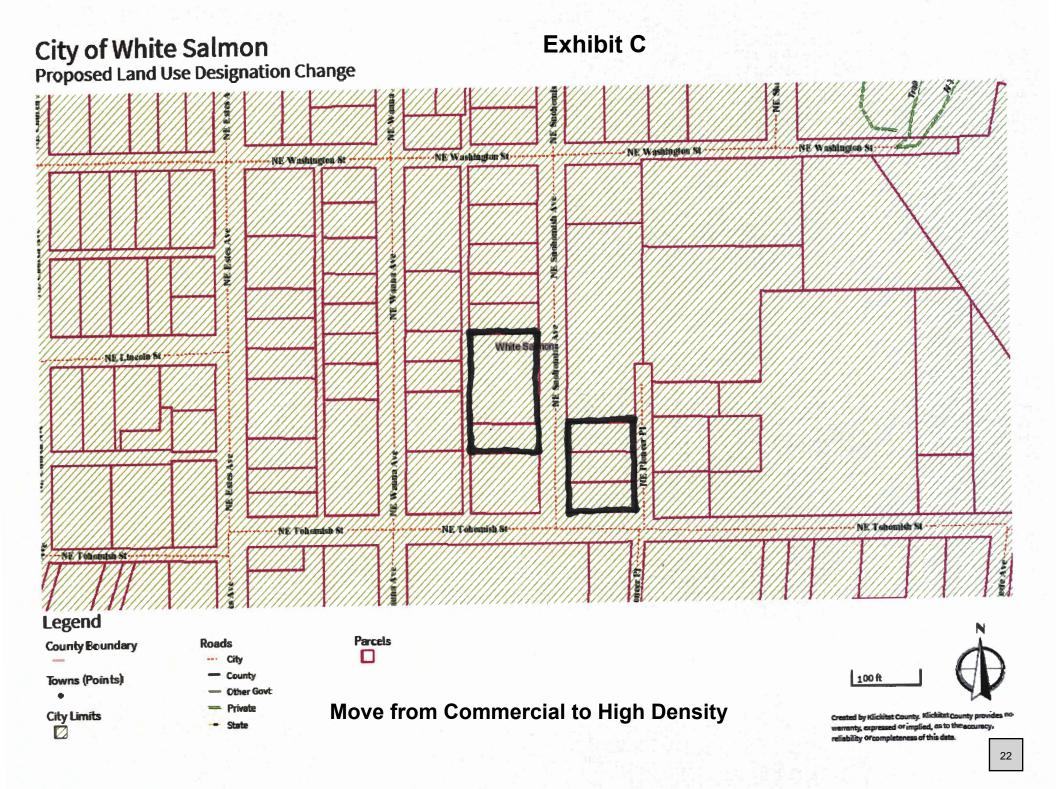
Exhibit A

City of White Salmon Proposed Land Use Designation Change



Created by Klickstat County, Klickstat County provides 110





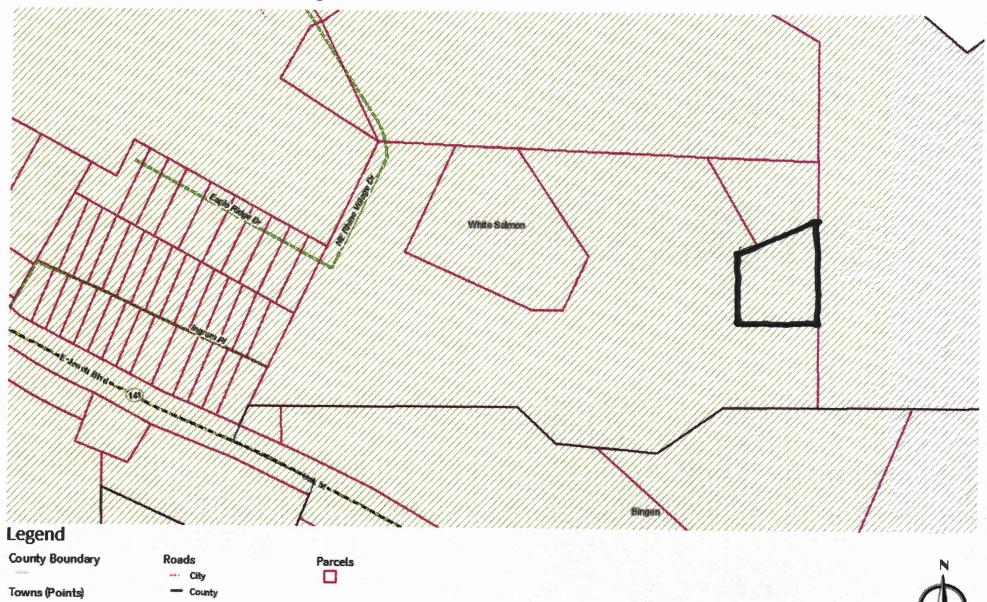
City Limits

Exhibit D

City of White SAlmon Proposed Land Use Designation Change

- Private

- State



Move from Commercial to High Density

reliability Of completeness of this date