

City Hall Council Chambers, 298 W Washington Tuesday, February 20, 2024 at 5:30 PM

AGENDA

CALL TO ORDER

PARKS AND LEISURE SERVICES COMMITTEE

Lonn Reisman, chair; Bob Newby, David Baskett, Brandon Greenhaw

1. Consider Approval of Contract for Recreation Hall Building Waterproofing

DEVELOPMENT SERVICES COMMITTEE

David Baskett, chair; LeAnn Durfey, Justin Haschke, Mark McClinton

2. Progress Report on the Comprehensive Plan

NOMINATIONS COMMITTEE

Maddie Smith, chair; Lonn Reisman, Bob Newby, Brandon Greenhaw

3. Discuss and Approve Nominations to Citizen Boards and Commissions

ADJOURN

Note: The Stephenville City Council may convene into Executive Session on any matter related to any of the above agenda items for a purpose, such closed session allowed under Chapter 551, Texas Government Code.

In accordance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, persons who need accommodation to attend or participate in this meeting should contact City Hall at 254-918-1287 within 48 hours prior to the meeting to request such assistance.



STAFF REPORT

SUBJECT: Waterproofing Stephenville Recreation Hall Exterior

DEPARTMENT: Parks and Leisure Services

STAFF CONTACT: Daron Trussell, Director of Parks and Leisure Services

RECOMMENDATION:

Staff recommends entering into an agreement with Patuxnet Roofing / L. D. Tebben Company for waterproofing the stone exterior walls using Seal-a-Por, a specialized waterproofing solution from The Garland Company Inc.

PROPOSAL:

Patuxnet Roofing / L. D. Tebben Company in conjunction with The Garland Company Inc., will provide the following scope of work for the Stephenville Recreation Hall.

1. Project Overview: This scope of work outlines the process and requirements for waterproofing stone walls using Seal-a-por, a specialized waterproofing solution. The objective is to protect the stone walls from water infiltration, ensuring their longevity and structural integrity. The project area comprises [insert total square footage] of stone walls.

2. Preparatory Work:

Conduct a thorough inspection of the stone walls to identify cracks, gaps, or other points of potential water entry.

Clean the stone walls to remove dirt, dust, loose mortar, and other contaminants.

Repair any visible cracks or damages using appropriate materials and techniques.

3. Waterproofing Process:

Mix Seal-a-por according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Apply Seal-a-por to the stone walls at a rate of 1 gallon per 100-200 square feet, ensuring even coverage.

Utilize brushes, rollers, or sprayers as suitable for the specific application, ensuring all surfaces are adequately coated.

Pay special attention to corners, joints, and any vulnerable areas prone to water penetration.

Allow Seal-a-por to dry and cure as per the manufacturer's recommended drying time.

4. Quality Assurance:

Inspect the applied Seal-a-por to ensure uniform coverage and proper sealing of the stone walls.

Conduct a water test to verify the effectiveness of the waterproofing treatment.

Rectify any areas with inadequate coverage or signs of water seepage promptly.

5. Site Cleanup:

Clean up the work area, removing any debris, equipment, or materials used during the waterproofing process.

Dispose of waste materials in an environmentally responsible manner.

6. Safety Measures:

Adhere to all safety protocols and guidelines during the application of Seal-a-por.

Ensure workers are equipped with appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) such as gloves, masks, and safety goggles.

Solution: Oct 23, 2023 Page 21

7. Documentation:

Provide detailed documentation of the application process, including photographs before and after the waterproofing treatment.

Furnish information on the quantity of Seal-a-por used, as well as any specific conditions or challenges encountered during the application.

8. Project Completion:

Upon successful completion of the waterproofing process and inspection, the project will be considered finished.

Provide the client with a comprehensive overview of the work carried out and any relevant maintenance instructions for the treated stone walls.

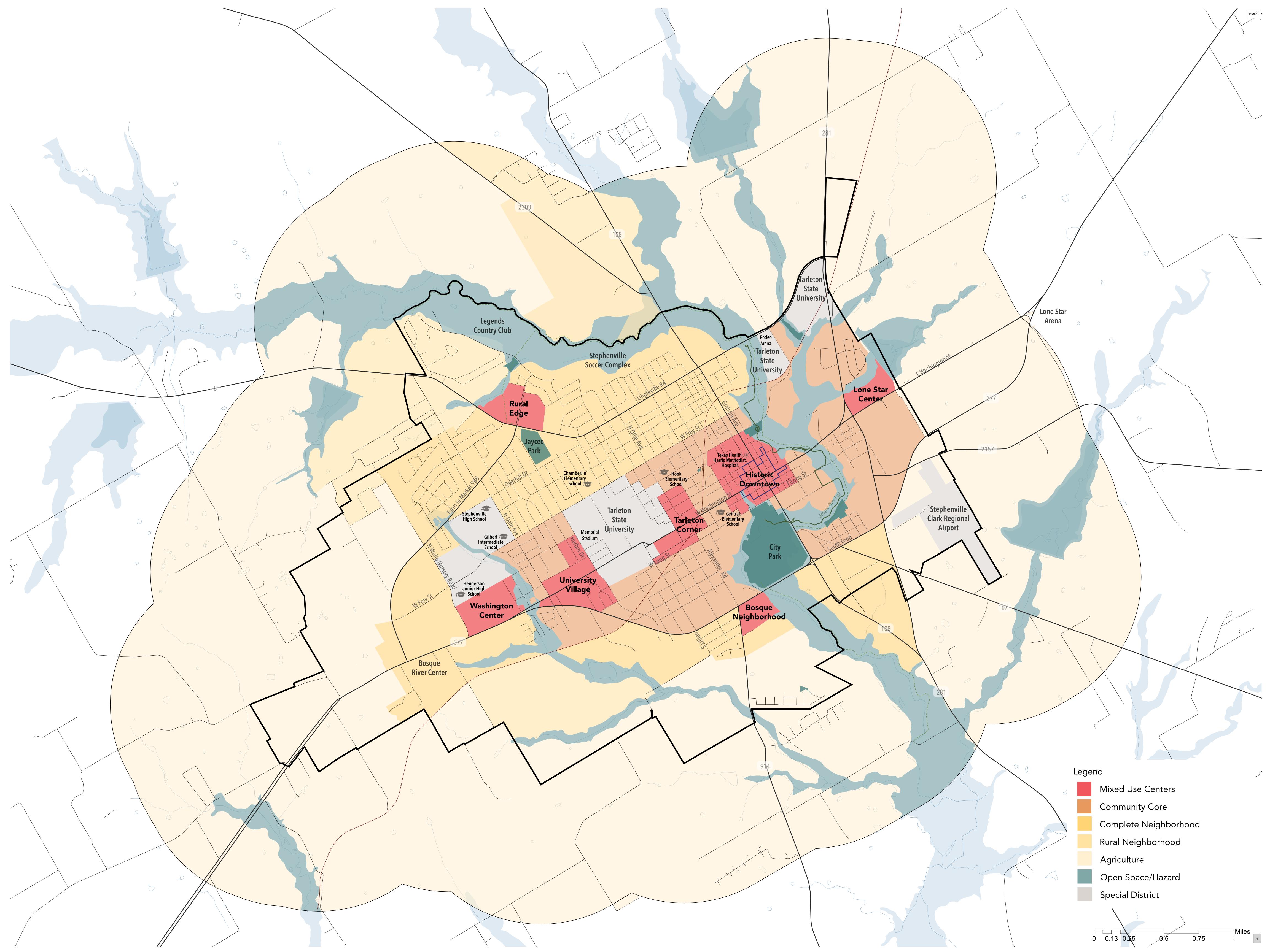
FISCAL IMPACT SUMMARY:

Cost: \$38,447.00 (inclusive of all labor, materials, and equipment to complete base bid)

Terms: 100% due upon completion

ALTERNATIVES

- Accept the staff recommendation and enter into an agreement with Patuxnet Roofing / L. D. Tebben Company
 to provide a waterproofing solution from the Garland Company for the exterior of the Stephenville Recreation
 Hall
- 2) Do not accept the staff recommendation



STEPHENVILLE 2050 HONORING OUR LEGACY, EMBRACING OUR FUTURE

ADVISORY COMMITTEE MEETING

2/13/2024











INTRODUCTION AND OVERVIEW	(5 Min.)
PUBLIC WORKSHOP 2 SUMMARY	(10 Min.)
DRAFT MAPS	(15 Min.)
PUBLIC WORKSHOP 3 OVERVIEW	(45 Min.)

INTRODUCTION & OVERVIEW

WE ARE HERE PUBLIC KICK OFF **PUBLIC PUBLIC PUBLIC HEARINGS** & FOCUS **WORKSHOP 1 WORKSHOP 2 WORKSHOP 3 GROUPS** 8/17 11/16 2/29 6/15 **DEFINE A PATH SET VISION & GOALS REVIEW & ADOPT FORWARD FALL 2023 WINTER 2024 SUMMER 2023 SPRING 2024**





Think De

Develop a strong strategy to guide the management of the work, and achievement of project goals.

Investigate

Review the physical, environmental, community, financial, and regulatory context against project goals to understand baseline conditions.

Create

Design concepts and recommendations, test the concepts, and measure them against our project goals and baselines to create a preferred plan.

Share

Package the final plan as an easy to digest, graphical, and a beautiful document to share with implementation partners, community, and policy makers.

ROLE OF ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Item 2.

The City Of Stephenville Comprehensive & Thoroughfare Plan Advisory Committee is made up of 25 individuals appointed by the City Council with local knowledge or expertise and the ability to represent diverse perspectives in the community.

Purpose:

Utilize local knowledge and expertise to advise the team on relevant issues and opportunities.

- Assists with community engagement
- Helps review community engagement formats to achieve successful outcomes
- · Helps review public meeting material before each milestone
- Acts as an ambassador for the Comprehensive Plan process within the community

OVERVIEW OF PUBLIC WORKSHOP

32 Participants, 5 Tables

<u>Goal:</u> Create a map of 'future' Stephenville that accommodates the people projected to move here

Participants were given five land use category "chips" to place where they believe that land use type should go in the future

Round 1 was 45 minutes. Afterwards, the Lionheart team and participants of each group scored each map based on a number of metrics. Then participant were given 15 more minutes to update their maps.



WHAT ARE WE PLANNING FOR?

Item 2.

Benchmarks:

10,471 (number of new residents) x 4 (best planning practice) = 41,884 residents

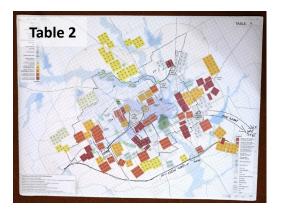
41,884 / 2.49 (avg. number of residents per household) = 16,820 dwelling units

 $10,471 \times 0.45$ (percent of jobs per residents) = 4,712 jobs

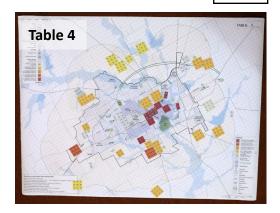
41,884 residents 16,820 dwelling units 4,712 jobs

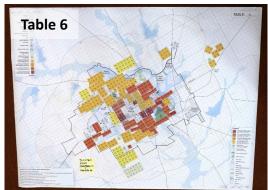
ALTERNATIVE OUTCOMES

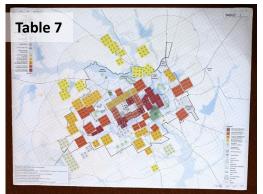
Item 2.







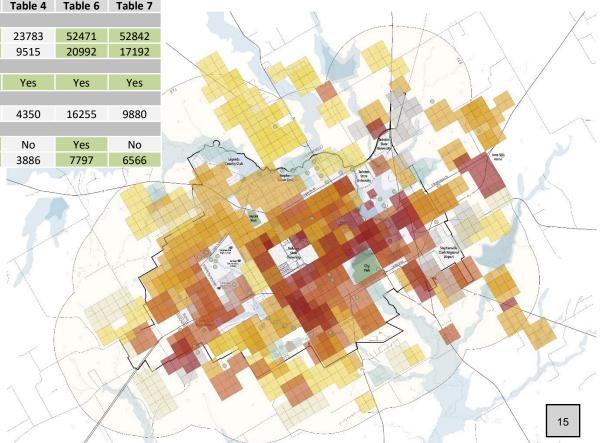




	Benchmark	Table 2	Table 3	Table 4	Table 6	Table 7	
Housing Supply							
Population	41884	68897	46971	23783	52471	52842	
Dwelling Units	16820	27566	18792	9515	20992	17192	
Community Character							
Housing Diversity	None Over 40%	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Mobility							
Centers	20942	6090	13250	4350	16255	9880	
Resilience							
Infill	Over 60%	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	
Jobs	4,712	12343	7887	3886	7797	6566	
					1 2 3 1/2 3 C 1 4 1		

WHAT WE HEARD

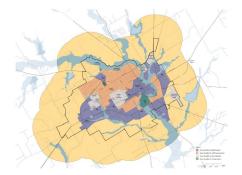
- Opportunity for new centers along Washington Street
- Consolidate schools into one campus area
- Move airport to allow for growth
- Potential new loop road
- Make space for TSU to expand
- Prioritize space for student housing adjacent to Tarleton
- Create employment centers



DRAFT MAPS

PREPARING FOR GROWTH

WHERE



Growth Sectors Map

WHAT



Future Land Use Map



Thoroughfare Plan Map

HOW







Implementation Strategies

Suitable for Conservation (S1)

Valuable open space including significant natural features

Suitable for Rural Activity (S2)

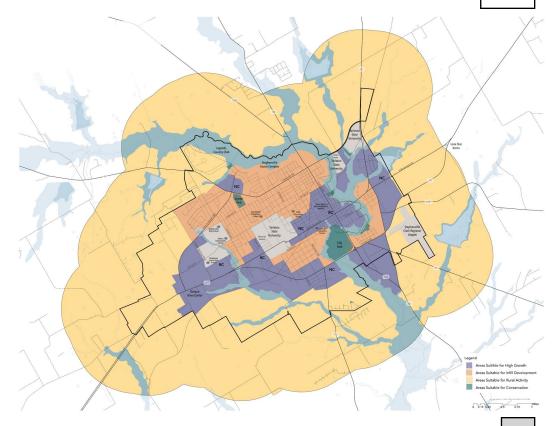
- Valuable open space or agricultural land
- If developed, cluster around existing or planned transportation / infrastructure with a mix of uses

Suitable for Infill Development (S3)

- Developed and served by infrastructure
- Encouraged to match character of existing development and allow for incremental increase in density

Suitable for High Growth (S4)

- Served by infrastructure
- Intended for higher intensity uses than existing uses

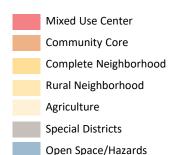


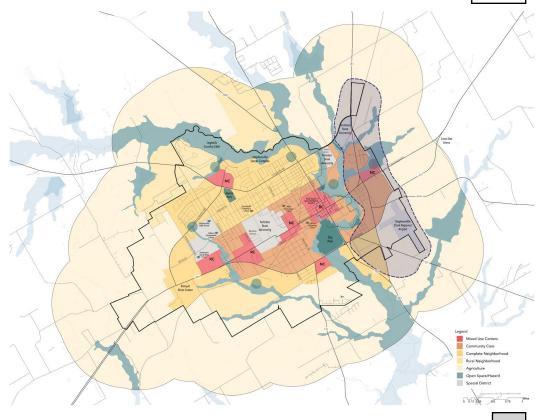
DRAFT FUTURE LAND USE MAP

Item 2.

Policy Goals

- Keep the well-defined edge between the town and rural areas in Stephenville
- Ensure new land uses can accommodate the number of anticipated residents in 2050
- Encourage diverse housing typologies throughout Stephenville





DRAFT FUTURE LAND USE MAP - CENTERS

Item 2.

Historic Downtown

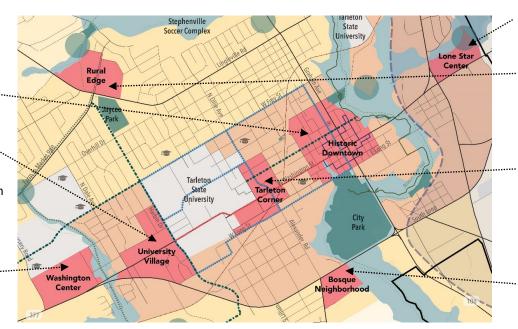
- · Heart of the community
- Vibrant walkable community

University Village

- Where Stephenville and Tarleton University coalesce
- Celebrating Tarleton new status as a D1 athletic program
- Community gathering spaces and shopping and dining opportunities

Washington Center

- Shopping and entertainment destination
- Cater to a diverse range of residents and visitors alike



Lone Star Center

Activity and lodging center for those who are visiting for the various events in the city

Rural Edge

 Supports the needs of the surrounding rural community with a mix of uses that cater to the needs of the residents.

Tarleton Corner

 Student-friendly center provides purpose-built student housing and amenities catering to the university and residential community

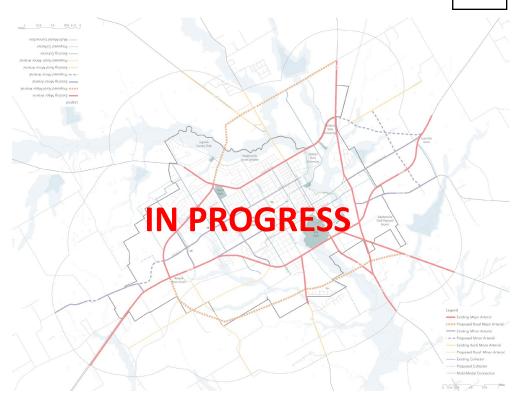
Bosque Neighborhood

 Emphasizes the connection to the natural environment and provides a mix of uses for the surrounding residents DRAFT THOROUGHFARE PLAN MAP

Item 2.

Policy Goals

- Create more connections throughout Stephenville through linking existing roadways
- With new ETJ rules, more targeted expansion to areas of new or increasing population
- Support areas where development is anticipated with a more robust street network
- Existing Major Arterial
- --- Proposed Rural Major Arterial
- Existing Minor Arterial
- Proposed Minor Arterial
- Existing Rural Minor Arterial
- Proposed Rural Minor Arterial
- Existing Collector
- ---- Proposed Collector



PUBLIC WORKSHOP

IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGY ACTIVITY

Item 2.





IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGIES - EXAMPLE

Item 2.



ADU Development - Seattle, Washingto

Encourage Higher Rates of Neighborhood Infill

Zoning ordinances and development standards need to be updated in order to allow increased housing within the City. Accessory Dwelling Units and other forms of "missing middle" housing should be permitted by-right.

benefits

This strategy will:

- Give property owners more options to improve and better utilize their property;
- Provide more housing in areas that already have services and amenities; and
- More efficiently utilize existing infrastructure.

limitations

This strategy may:

 Slow housing production because it is more challenging to mass produce on dispersed lots.

how could we implement this idea?

- . Update development standards to allow and encourage missing middle housing
- Consider programs to help existing property owners achieve financing and build accessory dwelling units.
- · Other:





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LAND USE STRATEGIES



Portland, Oregon cottage courts allowed by development code.





Memorial Stadium is an important hub within the university and the city.





The Gallery House Boutique Hotel in Stephenville, TX





Erath County Courthouse is strategically located in the center of the historic downtown





City Park is a premier recreational facility in Stephenville



Item 2.

HOUSING STRATEGIES



ADU Development - Seattle, Washington





In addition to new development, existing dense residential neighborhoods are important for existing communities.

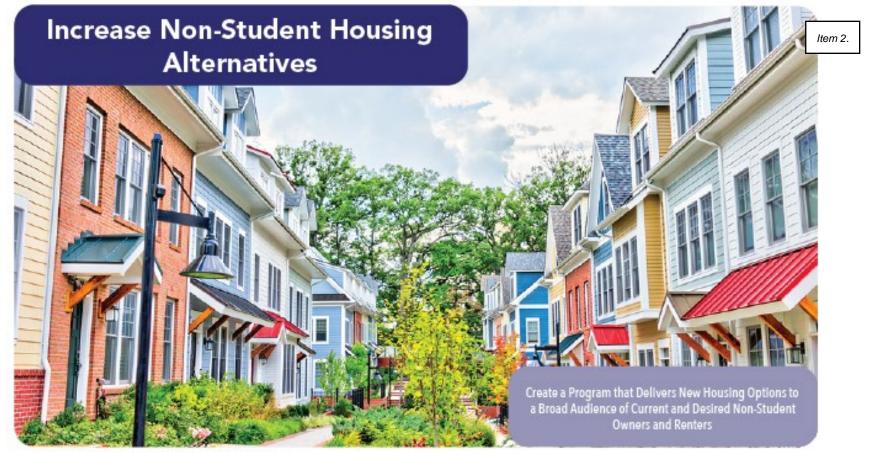


Item 2.



The Edge is newly developed student housing located on Washington Street.



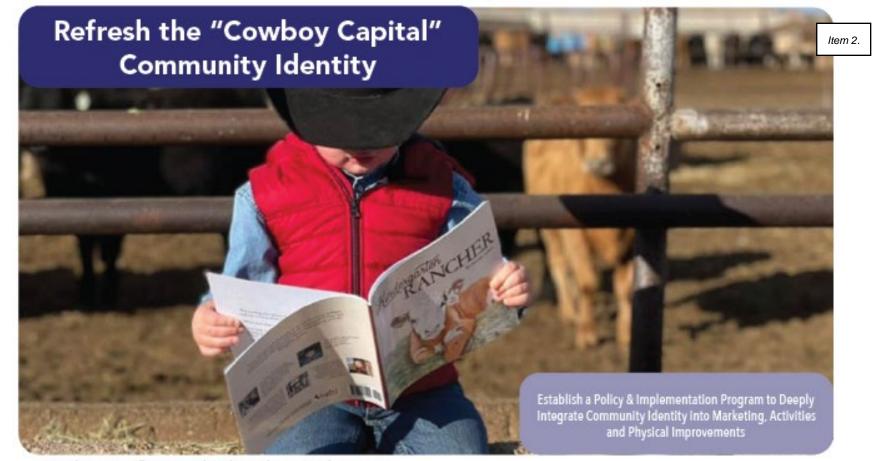


Courtyard Housing in Raleigh, North Carolina



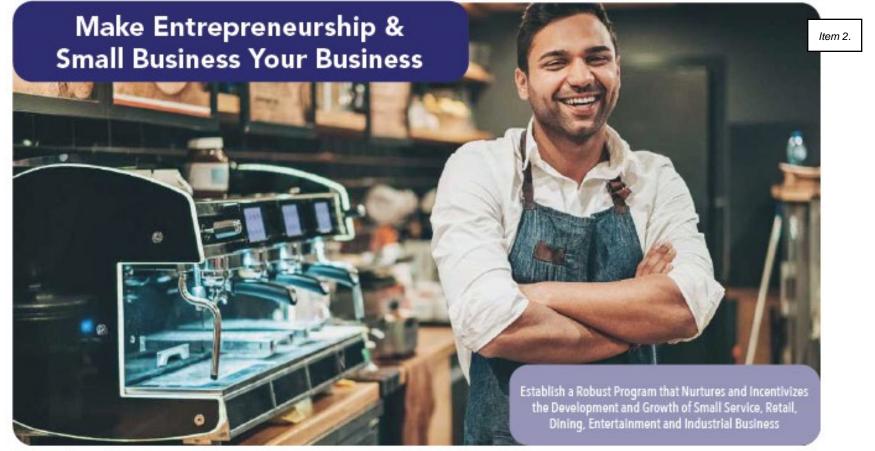
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ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT STRATEGIES



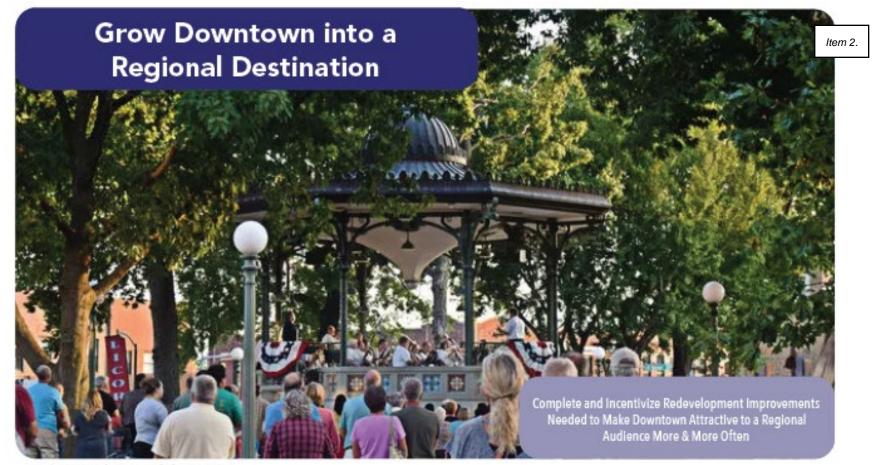
Example image reflecting updated "Cowboy Capital" concept





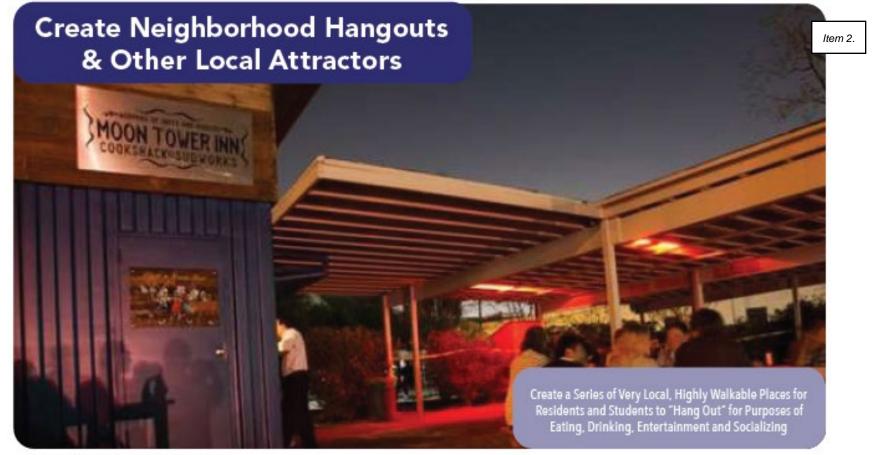
Example small business operator





Downtown Plaza in Oskaloosa Towa





Moon Tower Inn, Houston, Texas





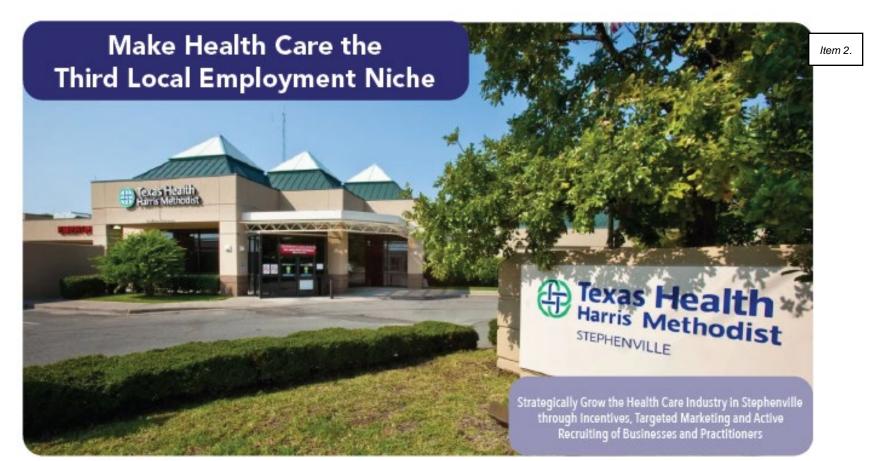






Student at the Centre for Dairy Innovation





Texas Health Stephenville





Example Incubator Space





Green Infrastructure in Preparation for Site Development





Plane awaiting takeoff at Stephenville Clark Regional Airport



Item 2.

HISTORIC PRESERVATION STRATEGIES



Erath County is know for its contributions to the dairy industry.





Cowboy Capital Walk of Fame in downtown Stephenville.





Small businesses are the heart of historic downtowns.





The Historic Brick Streets are an iconic piece of downtown's history.





Downtown Stephenville is home to many historic buildings.



Item 2.

Regulate Materials and Design Downtown

Promote and educate downtown property owners on maintenance and materials.

The Crow Opera House has been refurbished and re-utilized for new small businesses.



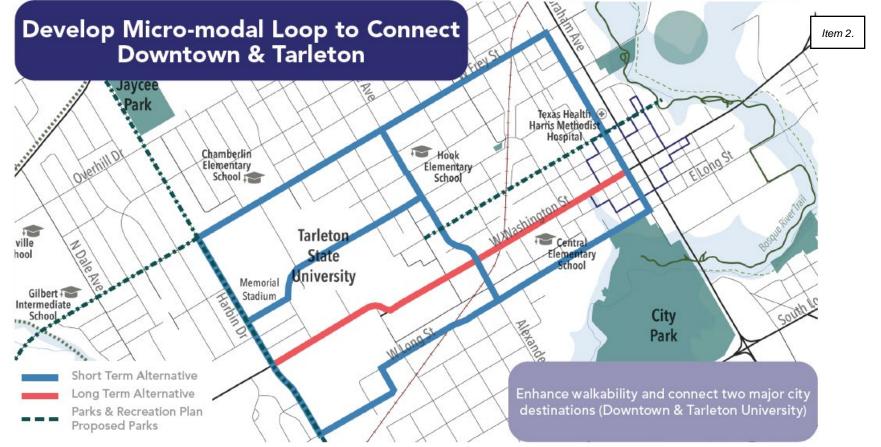
Item 2.

MOBILITY STRATEGIES



Washington Street is one of the few streets in Stephenville that travels across the entire city.





A multi-modal loop would connect the university to downtown.



Item 2.



Stephenville is served my multiple regional roads connecting to nearby cities.



NEXT STEPS

NEXT STEPS

Item 2.

WE ARE HERE



- Advisory Committee Mtg 4, February 13, 2024 | Virtual
- Presentation and Open House, February 29, 2024
- Draft Comprehensive Plan, March 15, 2024





Housing Supply – Expand and diversify housing supply that meets the needs of all ages, abilities, households, and income levels.



Parks & Community Services –
Enhance accessibility and quality of parks and

community services.



Community Character – Enhance and balance the character of Stephenville as a rural community, regional center, vibrant downtown, university community and welcoming place to live.



Downtown – Revitalize and enhance downtown Stephenville as a vibrant, pedestrian-friendly, and economically thriving place to live, work, visit, and gather.



Mobility – Enable safe and healthy mobility options for all Stephenville residents.



Resilience – Empower the Stephenville community with strong regional and local partnerships including educational, governmental, healthcare, and social organizations to improve fiscal and social health, and support integral city services and infrastructure

Goal	Metric
Housing Supply	Housing Gap – Difference in number of existing units in each income category compared to the number of households in each income category
	Also look at the comparison of bedrooms to household size
	Ratio of new units created annually to new population
	Percent of renters spending > 30% of income on housing
	Costar – Student Housing & Multifamily
	Examples of density
	Service cost per housing unit
	Compare student housing growth with Student body increase
Community Character	Housing Diversity Index
	Number of visitors per year
	Population Density per acre over time
	Service Population trends
	Community Identity
	Brick Streets
Ē	Urban to Rural – Community Edges
E O	Historic Development Pattern – Size of parcels vs size of housing units over time
S	Highway System
	Unique Character – not always up to code but still important character
Mobility	Miles of new sidewalks adjacent to schools; parks; and transit routes
	Percent of Infrastructure more than 30 years old
	Number of calls to emergency services
	Residents within centers
	Safety - Hot Spots, LTS Analysis
	Walk Score, Bike Score, Transit Score
	Access Management and Intersection Density on Major Highways

Goal	Metric
Parks & Community Services	Amenities per capita [playgrounds, spraygrounds, trails, sports courts, pools, golf courses, outdoor exercise stations, urban farms, community gardens]
	Percent of residents living within a 10-minute walk of a park
	Land per capita
	University as an amenity and service.
	Percent of houses within ¼ mile of park/community center
Downtown	Number of businesses
	Value / Acre
	Number of vacant buildings
	Number of jobs (DT Boundary)
	Linear feet of GF activation
	Upper floor Vacancy / Activation
	Land Use Mix
	Things you can improve and/or adaptive reuse
	Boundary of Downtown
Resilience	Fiscally resilient development patterns
	Tarleton Connection
	Audiences and Attractors
	Number of jobs
	Percent of properties with positive net revenue



Housing Supply

Ensure future housing supply will meet the demand for 32,000 residents - 16,820 **Dwelling Units**



Community Character

Ensure future housing supply will be diverse – No more than 40% of One Land Use



Mobility

Ensure that new development is concentrated near centers (Tarleton & Downtown) – 50% of all Residents (31 + 53 = 84)



Parks & Community Services

Ensure there are enough park spaces to accommodate new residents – 10 ac per 1000 residents (418 ac)



Resilience

Ensure that new development is fiscally sustainable by encouraging infill development – **60% or more Infill**

Ensure that new jobs grow at a rate to accommodate the new population – **4,712 Jobs**

FUTURE LAND USE CATEGORIES

Item 2.

Each chip represents 10 acres





Mixed Use Town Center

- 300 residents
- 120 dwelling units
- 60 jobs

RN

10 AC

Rural Neighborhood

- 10 residents
- 4 dwelling unit
- 2 jobs



Open Space/Hazards

Areas where further development should be discouraged





Community Mixed Use

- 270 residents
- 108 dwelling units
- 25 jobs



10 AC

Agricultural

- 2 residents
- 1 dwelling units
- 1 jobs



Special District

Areas designated as a single use, including commercial, industrial, or civic uses



CN 10 AC

Complete Neighborhood

- 125 residents
- 50 dwelling units
- 8 jobs



Purpose-Built Student Housing

- Mixed Use Town Center
- **Community Mixed Use**
- Complete Neighborhood



Parks

This is the only chip that is NOT 10 acres it is meant to be representative



MIXED USE TOWN CENTER

Item 2.

The mixed-use town center district is a dynamic center that encourages a mix of uses including residential, including purpose-built student housing, offices, retail, and recreational at higher densities to promote walkability and micromobility. It is a hub for commerce, entertainment, education, and culture, with numerous offices, shops, restaurants,

theaters, and art galleries.

Residents: 300 residents **Dwelling Units**: 120 units

Jobs: 75 jobs

Housing Types Allowed:

- Duplex/Triplex/Fourplex
- Courtyard Housing
- Townhouses
- Apartments

Building Heights: 2-5 stories









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COMMUNITY MIXED USE

Item 2.

The community mixed-use district accommodates a mix of uses at a medium density. This district encourages a mix of housing types to accommodate a range of residents, including purpose-built student housing. Local businesses, such as grocery stores and cafes, cater to the needs of the nearby residents and parks and green spaces provide recreational opportunities.

Residents: 270 residents **Dwelling Units**: 108 units

Jobs: 40 jobs

Housing Types Allowed:

- Small Lot Single Family
- Duplex/Triplex/Fourplex
- Courtyard Housing
- Townhouses
- Apartments

Building Heights: 2-3 stories











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COMPLETE NEIGHBORHOOD

Item 2.

The neighborhood residential district accommodates a mix of uses at a moderate density. This district encourages a mix of housing types to accommodate a range of residents, including purpose-built student housing. Local retail and service businesses are located on active corridors and parks and green spaces are integrated within the district.

Residents: 125 residents **Dwelling Units**: 50 units

Jobs: 15 jobs

Housing Types Allowed:

- Small Lot Single Family
- Duplex/Triplex/Fourplex
- Courtyard Housing
- Townhouses

Building Heights: 1-2 stories















RURAL NEIGHBORHOOD

Item 2.

The rural residential district accommodates a mix of low-density housing, open spaces, and the preservation of the natural environment. Neighborhood commercial uses are allowed on corridors within the district to serve residents needs.

Residents: 10 residents **Dwelling Units**: 4 units

Jobs: 2 jobs

Housing Types Allowed:

- Single Family, Detached
- Duplex/Triplex/Fourplex

Building Heights: 1-2 stories













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AG AGRICULTURAL

The district accommodates mostly agricultural uses and open space. This district encourages housing at low densities, in addition to certain commercial uses that support the needs of residents in the district.

Residents: 2 residents **Dwelling Units**: 1 unit

Jobs: 1 job

Housing Types Allowed:

- Single Family, Detached

Building Heights: 1-2 stories











PURPOSE BUILT STUDENT HOUSING

Item 2.

Purpose built student housing is designed for residents in higher education, typically located near a college campus and often with amenities tailored to college students, such as individual leases, study areas, fully furnished units, and roommate matching.

This type of housing can be accommodated in three land use categories:

TC

Mixed Use Town Center

CMU

Community Mixed Use

CN

Complete Neighborhoods











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OS/H OPEN SPACE/HAZARD

Item 2.

Open Space/Hazard includes areas where further development should be discouraged. These are typically located within a floodplain or other areas that are more likely to experience inclement weather events.

Examples of these are:

- Areas in the floodplain
- Environmentally sensitive features
- Land for farming or ranching







SPECIAL DISTRICT

Item 2.

Special Districts are areas that are typically designated as a single use. This use can include commercial, industrial, or civic uses.

Examples of this are:

- Industrial Parks
- Universities
- Retail Centers
- Airports





