

## **PLANNING COMMISSION**

Tuesday, March 12, 2024 at 6:00 PM HYBRID: Council Chambers & Zoom (details below)

## **AGENDA**

#### 6:00 P.M. CALL TO ORDER & FLAG SALUTE

#### **WELCOME OUR NEW PLANNING COMMISSIONERS**

**TOPICS FROM THE FLOOR** (Not on Public Hearing Agenda): Limited to five minutes per topic

#### **CONSENT AGENDA**

A. Planning Commission Minutes Dated February 13, 2024

## **PUBLIC HEARING AGENDA** (times are earliest start time)

- B. 6:00 p.m. Historic Resource Review at 175 S 1st Street -Wilken
- C. 6:30 p.m. Variance (x2) at 475 N 12th; Lots 22 and 23, Block 5 Railroad Addition to St. Helens, which abut N. 13th Street 1771ColumbiaBlvd, LLC
- D. 7:00 p.m. Appeal of PT.1.24 & LLA.1.24 at 80 S 21st Street Tinney

#### **DISCUSSION ITEMS**

- E. Architectural Review at 71 Cowlitz Street (The Klondike Tavern)
- F. Joint Planning Commission / City Council Meeting Discussion Items

#### **PLANNING DIRECTOR DECISIONS** (previously e-mailed to the Commission)

- G. Sign Permit at 2250 Gable Road Broadleaf Arbor
- H. Temporary Use Permit at 175 Bowling Alley Lane CCPOD, LLC
- I. Site Design Review (Minor) at 373 S Columbia River Hwy Weigandt
- J. Sensitive Lands Permit at 373 S Columbia River Hwy Weigandt
- K. Temporary Sign Permit (Banner) at 2100 Block of Columbia Blvd Columbia Economic Team Columbia County SBDC
- L. Sign Permit at 1911 Columbia Blvd Clark Signs

## PLANNING DEPARTMENT ACTIVITY REPORT

M. Planning Department Activity Report - February

#### **PROACTIVE ITEMS**

- N. Architectural Standards
- O. Vacant Storefronts

#### FOR YOUR INFORMATION ITEMS

#### **ADJOURNMENT**

**NEXT REGULAR MEETING: April 9, 2024** 

#### **VIRTUAL MEETING DETAILS**

Join:

https://us06web.zoom.us/j/81171369053?pwd=JmBNBliSCGOdXjAmxqQWgbJEylhakN.1

Meeting ID: 811 7136 9053

**Passcode: 142221** 

Dial by your location: +1 253 215 8782 US (Tacoma)

The meeting location is accessible to persons with disabilities. A request for an interpreter for the hearing impaired or for other accommodations for persons with disabilities should be made at least 48 hours before the meeting to City Hall at 503-397-6272.

Be a part of the vision and get involved...volunteer for a City Board or Commission! For more information or for an application, go to www.sthelensoregon.gov or call 503-366-8217.



## PLANNING COMMISSION

Tuesday, February 13, 2024, at 6:00 PM

## **DRAFT MINUTES**

**Members Present:** Chair Dan Cary

Vice Chair Jennifer Shoemaker

Commissioner Russ Low

Commissioner David Rosengard Commissioner Charles Castner Commissioner Ginny Carlson

**Members Absent:** None

**Staff Present:** City Planner Jacob Graichen

Associate Planner Jenny Dimsho

Community Development Admin Assistant Christina Sullivan

City Councilor Mark Gunderson

**Others:** Steve Toschi

Russ Hubbard Hawley Hubbard Mary Hubbard

#### **CALL TO ORDER & FLAG SALUTE**

**TOPICS FROM THE FLOOR** (Not on Public Hearing Agenda): Limited to five minutes per topic

**Toschi, Steve.** Toschi was called to speak. He said he wanted to get the architectural standards discussion going again amongst the Planning Commission. He said the City has a lot of properties that were being sold and he wanted to be sure there would be standards for how those areas were developed, especially in the waterfront area. He said he thinks there will be a lot of smaller developments coming in and developing small portions of the waterfront and there should be standards so that each individual developer is held to the same design standards.

#### **CONSENT AGENDA**

## A. Planning Commission Minutes Dated January 9, 2024

Vice Chair Jennifer Shoemaker said there was a correction needed on page four. Commissioner Charles Castner also mentioned a correction to be made on the same page.

**Motion:** Upon Commissioner Castner's motion and Commissioner Rosengard's second, the Planning Commission unanimously approved the Draft Minutes dated January 9, 2024with the corrections as discussed. Commissioner Ginny Carlson abstained as she was absent from the previous meeting. [AYES: Vice Chair Shoemaker, Commissioner Rosengard, Commissioner Low, Commissioner Castner; NAYS: None]

## **PUBLIC HEARING AGENDA** (times are earliest start time)

## B. 6:05 p.m. Variance at 1170 Columbia Blvd – Hubbard

Planning Commission **DRAFT** Minutes

Chair Dan Cary opened the Public Hearing at 6:05 p.m. There were no ex-parte contacts, conflicts of interests, or bias in this matter.

City Planner Jacob Graichen shared the staff report dated February 5, 2024. He shared there was a standard to be considered for a Variance about walkways and windows. He said there is a required distance between the two, and an even greater distance when there is a living space behind the window. He said the variance request is for zero separation between a window and a walkway.

He said when this project was initially presented to the Planning Commission, this issue of the windows was raised at the time. When the building plans came in, only one of the windows was removed. He said the window that remains was a design error from the architect (per the applicant) and is immediately adjacent to a pathway between the two buildings. He said the applicant hopes to resolve this issue of the window before the final building inspections.

He did say the applicant proposed to make the window opaque so that you would not be able to see in, but still be able to see out.

**Hubbard, Hawley. Applicant**. Hubbard was called to speak. Hubbard said there was an error made between them and their engineer. He said both windows were on the approved plans and one of the windows was removed. He said this window would help to enhance the space and livability of the unit.

**Hubbard, Russ. Applicant.** Hubbard was called to speak. He said that they would like to put in opaque glass which would provide for security of the space but still allow light to come in. He said no one would be able to see in the space, but the tenants would still be able to see out.

There was a small discussion about the distance of the walkway and the wall. Graichen said the required distance of the window from a pathway was determined by the what the use of the space was behind the window.

Vice Chair Shoemaker asked about the expense involved in removing the window, versus just adding opaque glass. Hubbard said there would be a large expense in removing and filling the hole, verses just adding mirrored glass.

#### In Favor

**Toschi, Steve.** Toschi was called to speak. He said was in support of the application as the applicant had met all the criteria. He said that an opaque window should not be required; it should be up to the future tenant that moves in. He said the window allowing light in will increase the positive livability for this unit.

#### **In Neutral**

No one spoke as neutral of the application.

## **In Opposition**

No one spoke in opposition to the application.

#### Rebuttal

#### **End of Oral Testimony**

There were no requests to continue the hearing or leave the record open.

### **Close of Public Hearing & Record**

#### **Deliberations**

Vice Chair Shoemaker mentioned she brought up the expense of removing the window because one of the criteria to approving a variance is to not impose an unreasonable amount of expense to the

Item A.

developer. She said in this case she was in favor of the opaque glass, as it was less expense. She thought asking them to remove it was excessive.

Commissioner Carlson mentioned this window was a self-imposed mistake and something to be considered when making the decision as well.

There was a discussion about the window being a self-imposed error. The Commission agreed that the change to fill in the window would not increase the livability of the unit and they thought allowing the window to stay was the better option.

The Commission agreed that the window should be required to be opaque to help meet the intent of the code.

**Motion:** Upon Vice Chair Shoemaker's motion and Commissioner Rosengard's second, the Planning Commission unanimously approved the Variance as recommended by staff with the condition to make the window opaque. [AYES: Vice Chair Shoemaker, Commissioner Carlson, Commissioner Castner, Commissioner Rosengard, Commissioner Low; NAYS: None]

**Motion:** Upon Commissioner Carlson's motion and Vice Chair Shoemaker's second, the Planning Commission unanimously approved the Chair to sign the Findings. [AYES: Vice Chair Shoemaker, Commissioner Carlson, Commissioner Castner, Commissioner Rosengard, Commissioner Low; NAYS: None]

#### **DISCUSSION ITEMS**

## C. Planning Commission Interview Committee Recommendation

Graichen explained there was currently one vacancy and one anticipated vacancy. He said the Commission needed to decide on whether or not to continue with Commissioner Russ Low (the anticipated vacancy) and have his input for the next few months he was available. They also discussed if it would be better to have the two new Commissioners start now so they can move forward with other projects. After a small discussion, Commissioner Low said he would resign effective at the end of the meeting.

Graichen said with Commissioner Low resigning, that would leave the Commission with two vacancies. They had interviewed two qualified candidates and the interview committee felt they would both be great to fill the openings.

Vice Chair Shoemaker said one of the candidates was an engineer for the Columbia River Public Utility District and had a lot of construction experience. She also mentioned the other candidate was a retired archeologist and has a strong background in preservation. She thought they should appoint both candidates.

Graichen mentioned that one of the candidates already served on another commission and that it would be up to the City Council if he was allowed to serve on both committees. He did say that there was already another person who served on two committees. Graichen said when they recommend to the City Council, they would want to mention it was in the public interest for him to serve on both committees.

**Motion:** Upon Commissioner Carlson's motion and Commissioner Rosengard's second, the Planning Commission unanimously recommended to the City Council both candidates to the open positions and that it was in the public interest forScott Jacobsen to serve on two committees. [AYES: Vice Chair Shoemaker, Commissioner Carlson, Commissioner Castner, Commissioner Rosengard, Commissioner Low; NAYS: None]

#### D. Historic Resource Review HRR.1.22 Plans

Associate Planner Jenny Dimsho shared the plans for the John Gumm School. She mentioned they had reviewed these plans before through a public hearing, but there had been some poor soils discovered in the rear portion of the building and would require remediation. She said while they were doing this, they had to remove the metal staircase in the back. She said they did salvage the staircase for reapplication later, but now they wanted to propose removal of the staircase. They said it no longer serves an egress purpose. She said they could require a whole new public hearing as this was a modification to the exterior, but she asked if the Commission felt like it met the required conditions of the original approval She said the modification actually allows you to see more of the original restored windows, which is better architecturally.

Dimsho said they would like to keep the landing and put a new cover over it, but the staircase would be removed. She said they would be working with the Building Department to determine there was no egress or life safety issues by having it removed.

There was a discussion on the window and the doors in the landing area.

**Motion:** Upon Commissioner Rosengard's motion and Commissioner Castner's second, the Planning Commission unanimously agreed that this revision did not need to be reviewed by public hearing. [AYES: Vice Chair Shoemaker, Commissioner Carlson, Commissioner Castner, Commissioner Rosengard, Commissioner Low; NAYS: None]

**Motion:** Upon Vice Chair Shoemaker's motion and Commissioner Low's second, the Planning Commission unanimously approved the recommendation by staff that the proposal complied with the original conditions of approval for HRR.1.22. [AYES: Vice Chair Shoemaker, Commissioner Carlson, Commissioner Castner, Commissioner Rosengard, Commissioner Low; NAYS: None]

## E. 2024 Development Code Amendments Continued

Graichen shared a few items he wanted more clarification from the Commission on. He talked about how Planned Developments do not expire, and for tracking purposes, it would help clean up the tracking management if they were given expiration dates. He also mentioned they would need to consider if they did create a time limit, how it would apply to the current overlay zones.

There was a discussion on implementing a time limit for all new and existing Planned Development overlay zones.

Graichen discussed fence height and said except for the front yard, a six-foot is the normal maximum height for residential fencing. He asked the Commission how they would feel if the maximum height was increased to seven-feet based on the amount of complaints and question they receive from customers. There was a small discussion about seven-foot verses six-foot. There was a division amongst the Commission on leaving it as a six-foot maximum.

Graichen said in the past there was an aggressive stance that no residential units be allowed on the lower levels of certain mixed use zones. He said several years ago they realized, with the amount of homes around the Houlton Business District, it made sense to allow residential use on the first floor. He mentioned a few options for the Riverfront District, Plaza subdistrict, including whether residential on the ground floor should be behind commercial uses or limited in size.

The Planning Commission said they would like to keep the rules the same for ground floor residential use in the Riverfront District, Plaza subdistrict.

### **PLANNING DIRECTOR DECISIONS** (previously e-mailed to the Commission)

- F. Temporary Use Permit at 175 Bowling Alley Lane CCPOD, LLC
- G. Partition & Lot Line Adjustment at 80 S 21st Street Vintage Friends, LLC

There was no discussion on the Planning Director Decisions.

#### PLANNING DEPARTMENT ACTIVITY REPORT

H. Planning Department Activity Report – January

Graichen mentioned there was a final inspection done at Broadleaf Arbor and they were almost completely done. He said the full impact of the units was not felt yet and that they were about fifty percent full.

He said another interesting thing to note was the population growth and that we have seen a 3.5 percent increase. This is a higher percentage than several previous years.

#### **PROACTIVE ITEMS**

I. Architectural Standards

There was no discussion on Architectural Standards.

J. Vacant Storefronts

Vice Chair Shoemaker said she had a meeting with the president of the St. Helens Mainstreet to do a presentation for the City Council. She said they both agreed that approaching the vacant storefronts from an educational standpoint would encourage more businesses and developers to get involved. She said they would present at the City Council meeting the first part of March and possibly the joint meeting with the City Council.

There was a discussion on how to reach all the business owners and how to get them involved.

#### FOR YOUR INFORMATION ITEMS

Dimsho shared that they were kicking of the Economic Development Opportunity Analysis and so there would be more to come on this discussion. She also said after four months of waiting they finally received the Oregon Department of Transportation grant contract. She said the amount of money we have to match would be due up front and would be split through Columbia County and the City of Scappoose, so that would mean that budgets would need to include this. This could delay the project until July when the new fiscal years begin.

Commissioner Carlson asked for an update on the businesses out by the new Burger King. Graichen said the Fast Lube was almost moved in and working with other developers on the open space. He also mentioned that nothing had been submitted from Dairy Queen yet, but their land use approval was coming up on expiration.

#### **ADJOURNMENT**

There being no further business before the Planning Commission, the meeting was adjourned at 8:00 p.m.

Respectfully submitted,

Christina Sullivan Community Development Administrative Assistant

## CITY OF ST. HELENS PLANNING DEPARTMENT STAFF REPORT HHR.1.24

**DATE:** March 5, 2024

To: Planning Commission acting as the **Historic Landmarks Commission** 

FROM: Jennifer Dimsho, AICP, Associate Planner

**APPLICANT:** Huck Wilken

**OWNER:** Bartlett House, LLC

**ZONING:** Apartment Residential (AR)

**LOCATION:** 175 S. 1<sup>st</sup> Street; 4N1W-3BA-3500

**PROPOSAL:** Alteration of a designated landmark including window replacements, exterior fire

escape repair, and a new mechanical unit

#### SITE INFORMATION

**Site Description**: The 1984 St. Helens Downtown Historic District nomination calls this property the Samuel Miles House. It is classified as a "Primary Significant" structure having been built in 1886 by Miles. It states that the building is in the style of "Victorian with Gothic detailing" and its use is apartments. It states that the 2.5-story building has undergone moderate alternations since its original construction. The nomination says the following changes occurred, "It has been re-sided with fire-retardant shingles; two dormer windows have been added to the east side of the roof; the window and door trim appear to have been replaced; and a later chimney has been added to the north end."

Samuel Miles was deputy sheriff in 1860 and elected sheriff in 1862. He was the second sheriff of Columbia County. According to the CCMA, he and his wife Elizabeth were the parents of 10 children. You can see many of the children gathered on the porch in the 1911 Christmas photo included in the applicant's application.

**Proposal**: The applicant is proposing replacement of the third story windows, modifications to the exterior fire escape, and a new mechanical unit (ductless heat pump) for the third floor. The applicant's application package attached to this report includes a detailed description and photos of each window replacement, the modifications to the fire escape, and the location of the heat pump.

#### PUBLIC HEARING & NOTICE

Hearing dates are as follows:

March 12, 2024, before the Planning Commission

Notice of this proposal was sent to surrounding property owners within 300 feet of the subject property on February 15, 2024, via first class mail. Notice was sent to agencies by mail or e-mail on the same date. Notice was published in the The Chronicle on February 28, 2024.

HRR.1.24 Staff Report 1 of 5

### **AGENCY REFERRALS & COMMENTS**

As of the date of this staff report, no relevant agency comments have been received.

### APPLICABLE CRITERIA, ANALYSIS & FINDINGS

### SHMC 17.36.040(3) Criteria for Alteration

In order to approve an application for the alteration of a designated landmark or historic resource of statewide significance, the commission must find that the proposal meets the following standards:

- (a) The purpose of the historic overlay district as set forth in SHMC 17.36.005.
- (b) The provisions of the comprehensive plan.
- (c) A property shall be used as it was historically or be given a new use that requires minimal change to its distinctive materials, features, spaces, and spatial relationships.
- (d) The historic character of a property shall be retained and preserved. The removal or relocation of distinctive materials or alteration of features, spaces, and spatial relationships that characterize a property shall be avoided.
- (e) A property shall be recognized as a physical record of its time, place, and use. Changes that create a false sense of historical development, such as adding conjectural features or elements from other historic properties, shall not be undertaken.
- (f) Changes to a property that have acquired historic significance in their own right shall be retained and preserved.
- (g) Distinctive materials, features, finishes, and construction techniques or examples of craftsmanship that characterize a property shall be preserved.
- (h) Deteriorated historic features shall be repaired rather than replaced. Where the severity of deterioration requires replacement of a distinctive feature, the new feature shall match the old in design, color, texture, and, where possible (including environmental considerations), materials. Replacement of missing features shall be substantiated by documentary and physical evidence.
- (i) Chemical and physical treatments, if appropriate, shall be undertaken using the gentlest means possible. Treatments that cause damage to historic materials shall not be used.
- (j) Archeological resources shall be protected and preserved in place. If such resources must be disturbed, mitigation measures shall be undertaken.
- (k) New additions, exterior alterations, or related new construction shall not destroy historic materials, features, and spatial relationships that characterize the property. The new work shall be differentiated from the old and shall be compatible in appearance with the historic materials, features, size, scale and proportion, and massing to protect the integrity of the property and its environment.
- (I) New additions and adjacent or related new construction shall be undertaken in such a manner that, if removed in the future, the essential form and integrity of the historic property and its environment would be unimpaired.

**Discussion:** (a) The purpose of this Chapter is noted under Section 17.36.005. As it relates to this proposal, the purpose of this chapter is to accomplish the *protection*, *enhancement*, *and* perpetuation of improvements that represent or reflect elements of the city's cultural, social, economic, political, and architectural history.

**Finding**: The Commission can find that this review complies with the purpose of the historic district overlay as described in SHMC 17.36.005.

HRR.1.24 Staff Report 2 of 5

10

(b) The Comprehensive Plan includes a policy to "subject proposed remodeling of the City's historic resources to design review to encourage preservation of the structure's historical assets." This is the review of an alteration to a City historic resource.

**Finding**: The Commission can find that this review process accomplishes the Comprehensive plan policy.

(c) This application does not change the use of the property from residential dwelling units.

Finding: The Commission can find that the historic use of the property is not changing.

(d) This criterion requires that the historic character of the property be preserved. No distinctive alterations that characterize the property are to be removed or altered. Historic photos indicate that the third floor was added in the 1920s, which means none of the third-floor windows are original to the 1908 construction. That said, although the windows vary in type (wood, vinyl, and aluminum), some of them could be ~100 years old. All windows proposed will involve the change to fiberglass, which is addressed under criterion (h).

There are three areas which will have a change in window <u>size</u>. On the west elevation, the applicant is proposing to replace one window with one that matches the original opening size from the 1920s. On this same elevation, the applicant is proposing to remove one wood casement window and fill it in to match the existing exterior siding. On the north elevation, the applicant is replacing a window with one of a larger size to meet fire egress requirements.

**Finding**: The Commission can find that the historic character of the property is preserved, provided that the alterations related to the window size do not characterize the property.

(e) The applicant is not proposing a change that would create a false sense of historical development or adding historical features from another historic home.

**Finding:** The Commission can find that the applicant is not proposing any changes that would create a false sense of historical development.

(f) This criterion requires that changes to a property that have acquired their own shall be retained and preserved. The windows on the third floor are not original, but some of them could be over 100 years old. The Commission could find that the third-floor windows have gained historical significance, given their age. The size of the window openings is being retained except for three areas described under section (d).

**Finding**: The Commission can find that the third-floor windows have gained historical significance, given their age. However, the Commission can also find that the proposal honors the original historic character of the property given compliance with criterion (h) regarding replacement windows.

(g) This criterion requires that any distinctive materials, finishes, and construction techniques which characterize a property are preserved.

HRR.1.24 Staff Report 3 of 5

**Finding:** The Commission can find that there are no changes to any distinctive materials, finishes, and construction techniques which characterize a property that are being removed.

(h) This criterion requires that deteriorated historic features shall be repaired rather than replaced. Where the severity of deterioration requires replacement of a distinctive feature, the new feature shall match the old in design, color, texture, and, where possible (including environmental considerations), materials.

The applicant is proposing fiberglass window replacements in all cases. Plus, on the east and west elevation, the applicant is proposing a change in window design from split pane to simple double hung (no split panes). The second floor has simple double hung windows, but the first floor appears to have a mix of both, although it is unclear from the historic 1906 photo if the split pane windows are original.

**Findings**: First, the Commission must find that the severity of the deterioration requires replacement in all cases. Second, if the Commission agrees with the material replacement to fiberglass, the Commission must find that this material is an appropriate substitute given longevity and environmental considerations. If the Commission does not agree with the material substitute, the Commission should make a finding to determine what is the appropriate substitute material and why.

Lastly, the Commission can find either: 1) The change in design to double hung is appropriate because it is not a distinctive feature because and not part of the original construction of the home OR 2) The applicant shall replace the windows like-for-like to retain the design of the windows being replaced.

At a minimum, the Commission should include a condition about the replacement windows being white to match the existing and the historic windows.

- (i) Finding: Although none are proposed, this is a recommended condition of approval.
- (i) Finding: As there is no excavation proposed as part of this project, this is not relevant to this proposal.
- (k) New additions, exterior alterations, or related new construction shall not destroy historic materials, features, and spatial relationships that characterize the property. This criterion most directly relates to the work on the fire escape and the mechanical unit. The fire escape is not original, but does provide a safety feature for the third floor dwelling unit(s). The main visual change to the fire escape proposed is adding back the missing 10' ladder from the second floor to the ground.

For the heat pump, the applicant is proposing that the unit is placed on the west side of the building, on the ground, which is not visible from the street. The supply lines will be installed on the interior of the building, reducing exterior visual impact. The applicant is also removing visual clutter of unused communication wires and boxes.

HRR.1.24 Staff Report 4 of 5

**Finding**: The Commission can find that modifications to the fire escape and installation of the mechanical unit and its supply lines will not destroy historic materials, features, or special relationships that characterize the property.

(1) New additions or related new construction shall be undertaken in such a manner that, if removed in the future, the essential form and integrity of the historic property and its environment would be unimpaired. It is recommended that the Commission include a condition of approval to ensure the fire escape repairs will minimize impact to the existing structure so that if removed in the future, the integrity of the historic property will be retained.

**Finding**: The Commission can find that the proposal preserves the integrity and form of the historic property, provided that the fire escape repairs will be undertaken to minimize new hardware connections to the exterior of the building/siding.

#### SHMC 17.36.040(4)

(4) Prior to alteration, current photographs and/or drawings of all elevations shall be provided to the city for its public records. Photographs and drawings shall be archival quality; proof of such shall be provided with the photographs and/or drawings.

**Finding**: Current digital photos (and hardcopies of the application package) have been included in the record for this HRR.

#### CONCLUSION & RECOMMENDATION

Please note that the requirements of other City of St. Helens departments (e.g., Building, Engineering, and Administration) and other agencies (local, state and/or federal) may apply to this proposal. This *local land use approval* decision does not exempt and is not a substitute for those requirements.

Based upon the facts and findings herein, the City Planning Administrator recommends approval of this **Historic Resource Review** with the following conditions:

- 1. No damaging physical or chemical treatments are to be used as part of this project.
- 2. The fire escape repairs shall minimize new hardware connections to the exterior of the building/siding.
- 3. All window replacements shall be white to match existing and historic windows. << Any additional window requirements (regarding material, design, etc.) required by the Commission can be added to this condition if needed. >>

**Attachments:** *Plans* (6 pages)

HRR.1.24 Staff Report 5 of 5

## CITY OF ST. HELENS PLANNING DEPARTMENT STAFF REPORT Variance V.2.24 & V.3.24

DATE:

March 4, 2024

To:

Planning Commission

FROM:

Jacob A. Graichen, AICP, City Planner

**APPLICANT:** Wayne Weigandt

OWNER:

1771 Columbia Boulevard, LLC

ZONING:

General Residential, R5

LOCATION:

475 N. 12th Street; Lots 22 and 23, Block 5, Railroad Addition to St. Helens Variances to allow a zero-foot side yard (setback) to allow two duplexes (one on

PROPOSAL:

each lot) to be attached at the property line

#### SITE INFORMATION / BACKGROUND

The site was developed with a detached singe family dwelling since the early 20th century (per County Assessor records) until the use was discontinued and the dwelling razed. The demo permit to raze the building (749-22-000630-DEMO) was issued by the Building Department on December 29, 2022. Now it's a more-or-less level site with no significant features or vegetation.

The site was rezoned from Light Industrial, LI to General Residential, R5 via Ordinance No. 3298 earlier this year (file CPZA.2.23).

#### PUBLIC HEARING & NOTICE

Public hearing before the Planning Commission: March 12, 2024

**Notice** of this proposal was sent to surrounding property owners within 100 feet of the subject property(ies) on February 20, 2024 via first class mail. Notice was sent to agencies by mail or email on the same date.

**Notice** was published on February 28, 2024 in The Chronicle newspaper.

#### APPLICATION COMPLETENESS

This application was originally received and deemed complete on February 14, 2024. The 120day rule (ORS 227.178) for final action for this land use decision is June 13, 2024.

#### **AGENCY REFERRALS & COMMENTS**

None.

## APPLICABLE CRITERIA, ANALYSIS & FINDINGS

#### **DISCUSSION:**

Both Variances V.2.24 & V.3.24 are identical so they are discussed in tandem instead of separately. There are two separate lots, and a Variance is required for each.

Being zoned R5, duplexes (detached single family dwellings too) have a normal side yard (setback) of 5 feet. Attached duplexes, where a shared wall sits atop a lot line so each duplex can be owned separately is not normally allowed. This is the proposal and subject of these Variances.

Attached dwelling are possible with a dwelling on each lot, allowing for separate ownership, but only in singe unit form (i.e., attached single-family dwelling). As many as five attached single-family dwellings may be together and these are typically narrower lots with a minimum lot width of 25 feet versus 50 feet for duplexes. For the side not attached to another dwelling, the side yard (setback) is 5 feet for attached single-family dwellings.

In the case of a multidwelling structure (three or more units in a building on the same lot) the minimum side yard (setback) is 10 feet.

The front and rear yards are the same for all of the above-described residential types: 20 feet and 10 feet, respectively.

#### CRITERIA:

#### SHMC 17.108.050 (1) – Criteria for granting a Variance

- (a) The proposed variance will not be significantly detrimental in its consequence to the overall purposes of this code, be in conflict with the applicable policies of the comprehensive plan, to any other applicable policies and standards of this code, and be significantly detrimental in its consequence to other properties in the same zoning district or vicinity;
- (b) There are special circumstances that exist which are peculiar to the lot size or shape, topography or other circumstances over which the applicant has no control, and which are not applicable to other properties in the same zoning district;
- (c) The use proposed will be the same as permitted under this code and city standards will be maintained to the greatest extent that is reasonably possible while permitting some economic use of the land;
- (d) Existing physical and natural systems, such as but not limited to traffic, drainage, dramatic landforms, or parks, will not be adversely affected any more than would occur if the development were located as specified in the code; and
- (e) The hardship is not self-imposed and the variance requested is the minimum variance which would alleviate the hardship.

The Commission needs to find all these criteria (a) - (e) are met to approve the Variances.

#### FINDINGS:

## (a) This criterion requires a finding that the variance will not be detrimental.

- See applicant's narrative.
- Staff comment(s): The Commission could require that the side yard (setback) on the non-attached side of each duplex to be 7' as the applicant's site plan shows as a value between 5' for duplexes and 10' for multidwelling development. Basis could be to offset the lesser air light and space at the shared wall on the lot line. This included in the staff recommended conditions.

## (b) The criterion requires a finding that there are special and unique circumstances.

- See applicant's narrative.
- Staff comment(s): The applicant focuses on the unique opportunity the characteristics of the lots present, rather some weird aspect the lots present. Each lot lots are normal sized 50' x 100' lots and level.
- (c) This criterion prohibits a use variance and requires a finding that the applicable standards are maintained to the greatest extent that is reasonably possible.
- See applicant's narrative.
- Staff comment(s): One thing to consider are the yard (setback) requirements of a zoning district and their intent on preserving a certain amount of air, light and space to coincide with an anticipated quality of life standard.

A single duplex on a lot would normally have a minimum side yard (setback) of 5 feet on each side. Thus, the total minimum side yards—combing the two sides—would be 10 feet. Having two adjacent side-by-side lots with a duplex on each lot, the combined minimum side yards would be 20 feet (i.e., 5' x 4).

Per the site plan for this proposal, the outer side yards (setbacks) are proposed to be 7-feet each, for a total of 14 feet. It could potentially have only 10' if the Variances were allowed without additional restrictions.

As proposed:

 $14^{2}/20^{2} = 0.70$  or about 70% of the normal minimum total side yards.

If minimum side yard was proposed with the attached duplex request:

 $10^{\circ}/20^{\circ} = 0.50$  or about 50% of the normal minimum total side yards.

The Commission should consider if the Variances be granted specific to the plan provided and with a minimum 7' yard (setback). This included in the staff recommended conditions.

- (d) This criterion requires a finding that existing physical and natural systems will not be adversely affected as a result of the requested Variance.
- See applicant's narrative.
- (e) This criterion requires a finding that the variance issue is not self-imposed and that the variance is the minimum necessary to alleviate the hardship.
- See applicant's narrative.
- Staff comment(s): See staff comments about requiring the prosed plan and the 7 foot side setback (yard) on the non-attached sides

The Commission needs to find all these criteria (a) - (e) are met in order to approve the variances. If you think one of these is not met, we'll need to address why.

#### CONCLUSION & RECOMMENDATION

Based upon the facts and findings herein, staff recommends approval of these Variances with the following conditions:

- 1. This Variance approval is valid for a limited time pursuant to SHMC 17.108.040.
- 2. These Variances shall apply to the specific proposal presented in the application. The Variances shall not apply to different plans, except minimum variation to ensure compliance with condition 3 and/or to meet any other requirement.
- 3. The minimum side yard (setback) for the non-attached sides shall be seven feet.
- 4. Owner/applicant and their successors are still responsible to comply with the City Development Code (SHMC Title 17), except for the Variance(s) granted herein.

**Attachment(s):** applicant's narrative

site plan elevations floor plan

photo of Scappoose example

## Response To Request For A Variance

The City of St. Helens Ordinance 17.108.050 provides Criteria for approval of a variance.

(a) The proposed variance will not be significantly detrimental in its consequence to the overall purpose of this code, be in conflict with the applicable policies of the comprehensive plan, to any other applicable policies and standards of this code, and be significantly detrimental in its consequence to other properties in the same zoning district or vicinity.

Response: The subject property is located in an R-5 zone. The City of St. Helens ordinance 17.32.070 (1) describes the purpose and minimum development standards for residential purposes and to establish sites for single family homes, detached and attached units for medium density residential developments. (2) (a) lists duplex dwelling units as an outright use. In addition in (h) it provides for attached (five) units maximum together.

My variance request is for zero set back to allow the construction of duplexes on a common lot line of lots 22 and 23 Block 5, Railroad addition to the City of St. Helens. Both lot 22, and 23 would have a duplex constructed with the zero lot line on the common lot line. Please see attached plot plan.

The intent of the outright uses of the R5 zone is to provide for a home or duplex, or a row home construction. I am requesting this zero lot line construction on the common lot line for construction of a side by side attached duplex like the one I constructed in Scappoose, Oregon about 6 years ago. Please see plan set and pictures for design features and appearance and functionality. No variances other than the common lot line set back between lot 22 and 23 are requested. These duplex units can provide housing for everyone, and may be especially attractive to the aging population in that they are one level, and have an attached single car garage.

(b) There are special circumstances that exist which are peculiar to the lot size or shape, topography or other circumstances over which the applicant has no control, and which are not applicable to other properties in the same zoning district.

Response: There are 4 R-5 lots available. Two lots front N.12 and two front N.  $13^{\text{th}}$ . All the lots are 50 x 100. Each lot has access to public utilities or is served by public utilities, and are flat. They can provide uniqueness not available in very many places in our community.

(c)The use proposed will be the same as permitted under this code and city standards will be maintained to the greatest extent that is reasonably possible while permitting some economic use of the land.

Response: The property is zoned R -5 and an outright use is a duplex. Each lot will have a duplex and will not exceed the living units provided by the R-5 zone.

(d) Existing physical and natural systems such as but not limited to traffic, drainage, dramatic land forms, or parks, will not be adversely affected any more than would occur if the development were located as specified in the code.

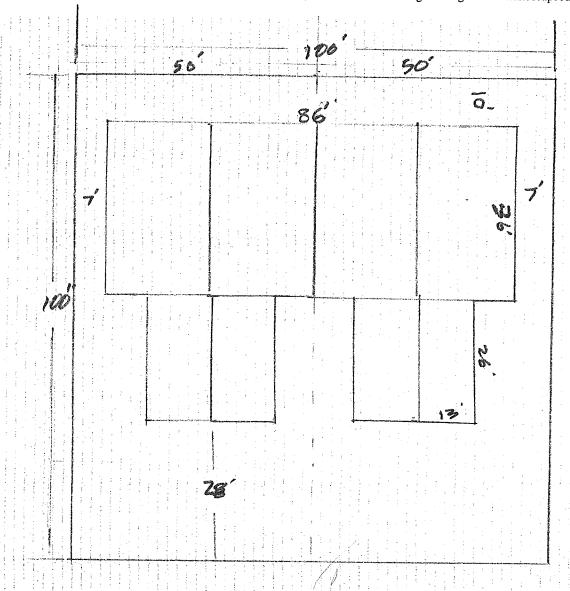
Response: There are no natural systems, traffic, drainage, or dynamic land forms or parks that would be affected.

(e) The hardship is not self-imposed and the variance request is the minimum variance which would alleviate the hardship.

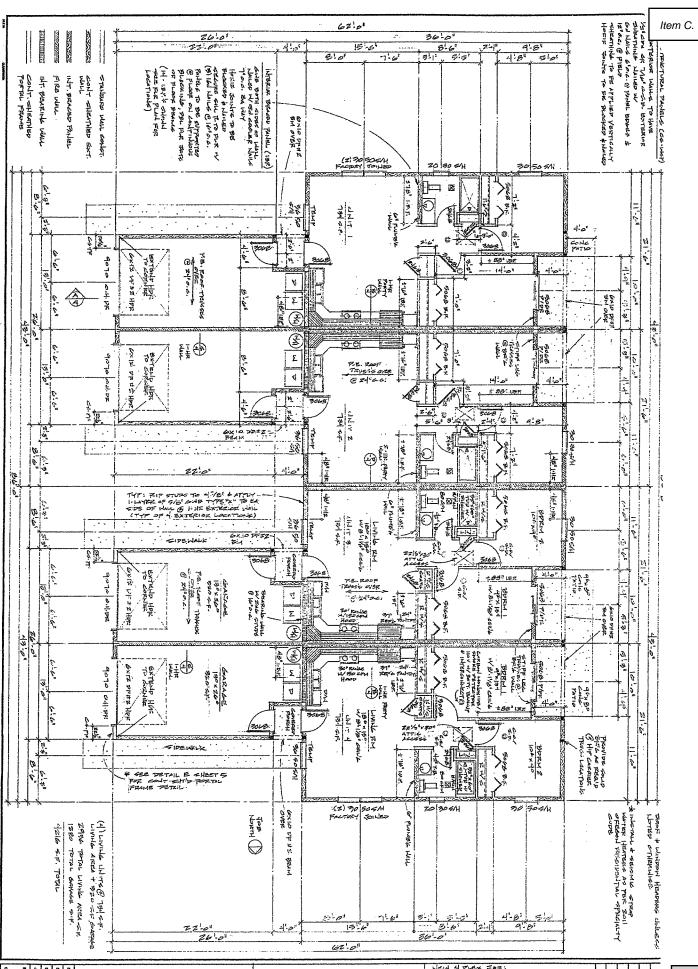
Response: The request for the zero lot line duplexes as described above is somewhat of a hybrid from what is described in 17.32.070 (1). Fire codes allow for zero lot line construction to be done on individual lots for single family homes, and row houses. I feel that the codes never considered two zero lot line duplexes as being a possibility or defined as provided by (c) above.

8405 S.W. Nimbus Avenue (503) 626-0455 Beaverton, OR 97008-7120 Fax (503) 526-0775

- Planning • Engineering
- Surveying • Landscape Architecture
- Environmen Services

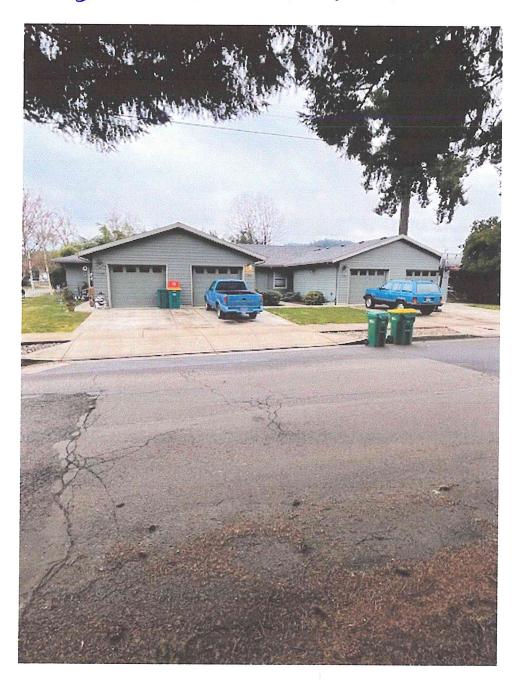


Project: Sheet No. of



FLOOR PLAN 4 WITH @ TOM SOUTH ON IT NOW 4 PLEX FOR:
WATHE WEIGHAPT
21 to a OAK
SCATPOOSE OF 97050
(509) 896-0000

## PHOTO OF ATTACHED DUPLEX DEVELOPMENT FNSCAPPUOGE



# CITY OF ST. HELENS PLANNING DEPARTMENT STAFF REPORT

Appeal AP.1.23 of Partition, PT.1.24, and Lot Line Adjustment, LLA.1.24

**DATE:** March 5, 2024

**To:** Planning Commission

FROM: Jacob A. Graichen, AICP, City Planner

**APPLICANT:** Vintage Friends, LLC

**APPELLANT:** Daryl Tinney

OWNER: Vintage Friends, LLC

**ZONING:** General Residential, R5 and Mixed Use, MU

**LOCATION:** 80 S. 21<sup>st</sup> Street

**PROPOSAL:** Lot line adjustment and 3 parcel partition of the larger adjusted lot

#### SITE INFORMATION / BACKGROUND

Staff tentatively approved this proposal on January 22, 2024. The decision was appealed by an abutting neighbor based on a tree issue on February 2, 2024. Staff received agency response from CRFR and City Engineering prior to the appeal that may have warranted a staff-initiated amended decision, but that was not done given the appeal. So those agency responses will be considered too.

#### PUBLIC HEARING & NOTICE

**Public hearing** before the Planning Commission: March 12, 2024

**Notice** of this proposal was sent to surrounding property owners within 200 feet of the subject property(ies) on February 21, 2024 via first class mail. Notice was sent to agencies by mail or email on the same date.

**Notice** was published on February 28, 2024 in The Chronicle newspaper.

#### APPLICATION COMPLETENESS

This application was originally received deemed complete on January 2, 2024. The 120-day rule (ORS 227.178) for final action for this land use decision is May 1, 2024.

#### **AGENCY REFERRALS & COMMENTS**

None based on the notice for this appeal.

#### APPLICABLE CRITERIA, ANALYSIS & FINDINGS

# Important: this report is not a stand-alone document and is meant to be reviewed with the original decision and other documents in the record.

This report will focus on (1) the tree issue that is the specific subject of this appeal, (2) the January 25, 2024 comments from CRFR and (3), the February 1, 2024 comments from City Engineering.

**Tree issue**. Per SHMC 17.132.025 a tree plan is required for protection, removal and potential replacement of trees. It is required for "any lot, parcel or combination of lots or parcels" involved in the proposal. The particular tree of concern has its trunk on the appellant's property, with a significant portion of the root system within the subject property. So it is technically on the subject property, just not entirely.

### Chapter 17.132 SHMC's definition of removal is:

"Removal" shall mean the cutting or <u>removing of 50 percent or more</u> of a crown, trunk or root system of a tree, <u>or any action which results in the loss of aesthetic or physiological viability</u> or causes the tree to fall or be in immediate danger of falling. "Removal" shall not include pruning.

If the roots were severed at the property line, it is assumed more then 50% of the root system would remain, but this still could be an action that results in physiological viability.

Condition 2.c.iii of the original decision requires a protection program by a certified arborist specifically for this tree. A question for this matter is can we require any more than this or otherwise result in a different decision than the original?



April 2022 aerial photo with the tree that is the catalyst of this appeal identified. Its size and proximity of the trunk to the property line, with significant portion of root system within the subject property are aspects for consideration.



May 2023 Google Earth street view from Crouse Way. The trunk of the tree that is the catalyst of this appeal is identified with a yellow arrow. Its height is evidence of its larger trunk size (and root system).

Compare this to the photos in the original staff report for context.

**CRFR comments.** See attached memo from CRFR. The key thing from this is CRFR's request that the private driveway be 12 feet wide instead of the minimum 10 feet and that the driveway be unobstructed.

This can be included in revised conditions of approval from the original decision for the increased physical width and no parking signage to help ensure it remain unobstructed.

City Engineering comments. See attached email from the city's Engineering Manager. Basically, this adds more storm water compliance detail. There was already a condition pertain to storm water and this will add to that.

This can be included in revised conditions of approval from the original decision.

#### **CONCLUSION & RECOMMENDATION**

Based upon the facts and findings herein, staff recommends the following conditions subject to further discussion at the public hearing, assuming the Commission feels it can still approve the proposal. New text from the original decision based on the above is in red.

The condition pertaining to the tree that is the catalyst of this appeal is highlighted in **yellow**. In this report, it is unchanged from the original decision, but could be revised is warranted.

The following conditions apply to the *local land use approval* aspect of this proposal:

1. This Land Partition preliminary plat approval shall be effective for a period of twelve (12) months from the date of approval. The approval shall become void if a final plat prepared by a professional registered surveyor in accordance with 1) the approved preliminary plat, 2) the conditions herein, and 3) the form and content requirements of the City of St. Helens Development Code (SHMC Title 17) and Oregon Revised Statutes is not

submitted within the twelve (12) month approval period. Note: a time extension of up to six months is possible per SHMC 17.140.035(3).

## 2. The following shall be required before the City accepts a final plat for review:

- a. Frontage improvements to local street standards along the developed parcel shall be completed, in accordance with any permits and procedures of city engineering. Must include street trees of a "small" species per Chapter 17.72 SHMC and meet all other city requirements.
- b. The shed in the easternmost corner of the property shall be removed.
- c. Tree plan is required per Chapter 17.132 SHMC. Any off-site mitigation and/or compensation is subject to city approval to be allowed as an option. A certified arborist shall be used for at least for the following:
  - i. Any on site mitigation. On site mitigation shall take anticipated lot constraints upon full development into account.
  - ii. Any off site mitigation if allowed.
  - iii. A protection program defining how the large Douglas fir on the adjacent property addressed as 255 Crouse Way close to the property line will be protected during and after development of the affected parcel.
  - iv. If compensation for tree loss is proposed and allowed, the value shall be based on the International Society of Arboriculture's Guide for Plant Appraisal. The value shall be determined by a certified arborist using this guide.
- d. Shared private drive shall be constructed with a minimum width of 12' and "no parking" signage. The public street frontage improvements need to be coordinated with that. Developer should coordinate future private utilities within the private street as well, to prevent or minimize trenching and other pavement cuts.
- e. Storm drainage report shall be submitted for city review. Storm water strategy needs to include all anticipated impervious surfaces and be approved by city engineering. All stormwater shall be detained on the subject property so the post-development rates leaving the site does not exceed the pre-development rates; otherwise, a new storm drain will be required on S. 21<sup>st</sup> Street connecting to the existing storm main on Crouse Way, with all site storm connected to this new storm system. Timing of storm water improvements shall be included: required for the partition (before final plat) or when lots are developed (before occupancy), as approved by the city. If a new storm is required on S. 21<sup>st</sup> Street, it shall be completed before final plat.
- f. Storm water improvements as applicable. See condition 2.e

## 3. The following shall be required before the City signs an approved final plat:

- a. Private street improvements shall be verified by surveyor to ensure location will be within easement on final plat.
- b. Maintenance agreement for the shared access shall be approved by the city, to be incorporated at least in reference, on the final plat. Shall include no parking provisions.
- c. Any approved off-site tree mitigation shall be done or fees in lieu of tree mitigation paid.

d. All required improvements shall be in place.

# 4. In addition to compliance with local, county, state and other requirements, the following shall be included on the final plat:

- a. Maintenance agreement per condition 3.b shall be referenced with a line to include the recordation number.
- b. An additional approximate 10' of right-of-way dedication is necessary to achieve half of the minimum right-of-way width as measured from the right-of-way centerline.
- c. Easement for public sanitary sewer line along the back side (opposite side from public street) at 15' on center or greater as required by city engineering.

## 5. The following shall be recorded with the final plat:

a. Maintenance agreement per condition 3.b.

# 6. The following shall be required prior to any development or building permit issuance for each parcel of this partition:

- a. An additional "fair share" fee shall be paid per equivalent dwelling unit (EDU) based on the portions of the city wastewater collection system between the subject property and the wastewater treatment plant, that this development depends on, that are at or above capacity as identified in the 2021 Wastewater Master Plan. Estimated per EDU cost is \$15,000 based on October 2022 dollars. Inflation adjustment to value at time of building permit issuance shall be included.
- b. Plans shall reflect the applicable conditions under condition 7.

# 7. The following shall be required prior to Certificate of Occupancy (or the equivalent) for each undeveloped parcel of this partition:

- c. Frontage improvements to local street standards along the undeveloped parcel abutting the public street shall be completed, in accordance with any permits and procedures of city engineering. Must include street trees of a "small" species per Chapter 17.72 SHMC and meet all other city requirements.
- d. Storm water improvements as applicable. See condition 2.e.
- e. Any on site tree replacement mitigation, as applicable, per the tree plan.
- 8. All utilities shall be underground. Overhead utilities along S. 21<sup>st</sup> Street may continue as long as no new poles are necessary.

## 9. Owner/applicant is still responsible to comply with the City Development Code (SHMC Title 17.

## **Attachment(s):**

- Appeal application
- Email from the city's Engineering Manager dated February 1, 2024
- Memo from CRFR dated January 25, 2024
- PT.1.24 and LLA.1.24 adminstratrive report (decision) signed January 22, 2024
  - o Plans (5 pages)
  - St. Helens Wastewater Collection System New Sewer Connection Surcharge memo (excerpts: pgs. 1-6, 8, 14 and 25-26)
- Applicant's narrative

## City of St. Helens

## **Application for Appeal of Land Use Decision**

Appellant Name(s):  Do-yl Tingey  Appellant Mailing Address:  255 Crouse Way  St. Helens, Or.  9705/	File No. of Land Use Decision being Appealed:  RE: Partition, PT. 1. 24 and  Lot Line Adj. LLA. 1,24
Appellant Telephone No.: (2011)  Hm (503) 366-3667 (503-396-9463)	Appellant E-mail Address: dary 19 to 83@ gmail, com
APPEAL INFORMATION	13

Subject Property Assessor's Map & Tax Lot No.:	Subject Property Site Address: Street name if # not assigned	
4NIW-4CA-7200	80 S. 215+ Street	
Type of Land Use Decision being Appealed: Lot line adjustment and Partition		
Statement as to how appellant qualifies to appeal (pursuant to Development Code): 17, 24, 290 #1  The tree on my property has roots that go onto other property and should not be disturbed. Tree and property should be assessed		
by a cartified Arborist.		
Grounds for Appeal: Include <u>specific</u> reference(s) to Development Code and/or Comprehensive Plan provisions which form the basis for the appeal.		
I am concerned that the cutting of the roots of my Day Fir tree will weaken the tree and cause a dangerous situation for my home		
my neighbors home and the houses the developer wants to put in.		
I will not cut my tree down. The root system would be cut if a house was to go in 5 from the property line. Every Ardorist		
I have talked to said it would harm the tree and cause weakness		
Too many trees are already being cut down. It the root system is damaged I don't want to have to worry every day about when it		
will fell and who will be hurt. It's a unsafe, dangerous plan.		

Appellant(s) Signature

2-2-2024 Date Signed

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY	
Pre-Application Conference Date:	Fee Amount Paid: \$250.00
Date Received: 2 . 2 - 24	Receipt No.: 5255
Application Type: APPEAL	File No.:

#### Jacob Graichen

From:

Sharon Darroux

Sent:

Thursday, February 1, 2024 11:19 AM

To: Cc: Jacob Graichen Christina Sullivan

Subject:

RE: City Referral - Vintage Friends, LLC

Jacob,

I have one additional comment on the 80 S 21st Street partition:

• For their stormwater, they will have to detain all stormwater on their property so that their postdevelopment rates leaving the site does not exceed their pre-development rates; otherwise they will have to construct new storm drain on S 21st St and connect to the existing storm main on Crouse Way and connect all on site storm to the new storm system.

Thank you,

## Sharon Darroux, PMP | Engineering Manager

City of St. Helens | Public Works - Engineering Division 265 Strand Street, St. Helens, OR 97051 | <a href="www.sthelensoregon.gov">www.sthelensoregon.gov</a> p: (503) 366-8243 | c: (503) 936-0813 | e: <a href="mailto:sdarroux@sthelensoregon.gov">sdarroux@sthelensoregon.gov</a>

From: Christina Sullivan <csullivan@sthelensoregon.gov>

Sent: Monday, January 22, 2024 10:23 AM

To: Dave Elder <delder@sthelensoregon.gov>; dhooper@columbia911.com; Eric Smythe <smythee@crfr.com>; lan Crawford - Columbia 911/WA 911 <icrawford@wccca.com>; Mark Gundersen <mgundersen@sthelensoregon.gov>; Mike DeRoia <mderoia@sthelensoregon.gov>; Nathan Woodward - Columbia County Surveyor <nathan.woodward@co.columbia.or.us>; Sharon Darroux <sdarroux@sthelensoregon.gov>; Aaron Kunders <akunders@sthelensoregon.gov>; Brian Greenway <bgreenway@sthelensoregon.gov> Subject: City Referral - Vintage Friends, LLC

Vintage Friends LLC Lot Line Adjustment & Partition / LLA.1.24 & PT.1.24 4N1W-4CA-7200 80 S 21st Street

The attached materials have been referred to you for your information and comment. Your recommendations and suggestions will be used to guide the staff and Planning Commission when reviewing the proposed request. If you wish to have your comments on the attached material considered, please respond by February 5, 2024.

Your prompt reply will help to facilitate the processing of this application and will ensure prompt consideration of your recommendations.

Thank you,

Christina Sullivan



## Columbia River Fire & Rescue

ADMINISTRATION OFFICES

270 Columbia Blvd \* St Helens, Oregon \* 97051 Phone (503)-397-2990 \* www.crfc.com \* FAX (503)-397-3198

Memo# 2023-24-34

## Memorandum

To: City of St Helens Planning Department

From: Interim Chief Eric Smythe

Via: Email

Date: 25 January 2024

Re: 80 S. 21st Street, Partition PT.1.24, lot line adjustment, LLA.1.24

This memorandum will serve and notice regarding the division of the property into smaller lots for additional structures. The fire district finds the following is required for the City of St Helens consideration referencing the lot adjustment.

The limited access due to parked vehicles on 21<sup>st</sup>, multiple structures within a limited area, limited access/egress by a single driveway for two separate properties the fire district requires an unobstructed 12-foot-wide driveway.

The nearest fire hydrant is located within 300' of the purposed property.

# CITY OF ST. HELENS PLANNING DEPARTMENT ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF REPORT

File Number(s): Partition, PT.1.24, and Lot Line Adjustment, LLA.1.24

**Proposal:** Lot Line Adjustment to adjust a shared property line established in the 1940s by deed and dividing the larger of the adjusted area into three parcels.

A lot line adjustment review is required where any adjustment to a property line by the relocation of a common boundary is requested.

A Partition is required when two or three parcels are created within a calendar year. It is also required when a division of land (if not a subdivision, which creates 4 or more lots) creates a street or road. It can also be used to replat or rearrange property lines. This report pertains to the Partition's *Preliminary Plat*; a *Final Plat* is also required subsequent to the *Preliminary Plat*.

Location: 80 S. 21<sup>st</sup> Street

Map/Taxlot(s): 4N1W-4CA-7200

Applicant(s): Vintage Friends, LLC

Owner(s): Vintage Friends, LLC

Zoning: General Residential, R5 and Mixed Use, MU

#### **CONCLUSION & DECISION**

\* \* \* \* \*

Based upon the facts and findings herein, the City Planning Administrator **APPROVES** this **Land Partition** with conditions (as detailed in the next section of this report).

Jacob A. Graichen, AICP, City Planner

Date

#### CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

\* \* \* \* \*

Please note that the requirements of other City of St. Helens departments (e.g., Building, Engineering, and Administration) and other agencies (local, state and/or federal) may apply to this proposal. This *local land use approval* decision does not exempt and is not a substitute for those requirements. *For example, all partitions include necessary steps with Columbia County (e.g., County Surveyor)*.

The following conditions apply to the local land use approval aspect of this proposal:

1. This Land Partition preliminary plat approval shall be effective for a period of twelve (12) months from the date of approval. The approval shall become void if a final plat prepared by a professional

Item D.

registered surveyor in accordance with 1) the approved preliminary plat, 2) the conditions herein, and form and content requirements of the City of St. Helens Development Code (SHMC Title 17) and Oregon Revised Statutes is not submitted within the twelve (12) month approval period. Note: a time extension of up to six months is possible per SHMC 17.140.035(3).

## 2. The following shall be required before the City accepts a final plat for review:

- a. Frontage improvements to local street standards along the developed parcel shall be completed, in accordance with any permits and procedures of city engineering. Must include street trees of a "small" species per Chapter 17.72 SHMC and meet all other city requirements.
- b. The shed in the easternmost corner of the property shall be removed.
- c. Tree plan is required per Chapter 17.132 SHMC. Any off-site mitigation and/or compensation is subject to city approval to be allowed as an option. A certified arborist shall be used for at least for the following:
  - i. Any on site mitigation. On site mitigation shall take anticipated lot constraints upon full development into account.
  - ii. Any off site mitigation if allowed.
  - iii. A protection program defining how the large Douglas fir on the adjacent property addressed as 255 Crouse Way close to the property line will be protected during and after development of the affected parcel.
  - iv. If compensation for tree loss is proposed and allowed, the value shall be based on the International Society of Arboriculture's Guide for Plant Appraisal. The value shall be determined by a certified arborist using this guide.
- d. Shared private drive shall be constructed. The public street frontage improvements need to be coordinated with that. Developer should coordinate future private utilities within the private street as well, to prevent or minimize trenching and other pavement cuts.
- e. Storm drainage report shall be submitted for city review. Storm water strategy needs to include all anticipated impervious surfaces and be approved by city engineering. Timing of storm water improvements shall be included: required for the partition (before final plat) or when lots are developed (before occupancy), as approved by the city.
- f. Storm water improvements as applicable. See condition 2.e

## 3. The following shall be required before the City signs an approved final plat:

- a. Private street improvements shall be verified by surveyor to ensure location will be within easement on final plat.
- b. Maintenance agreement for the shared access shall be approved by the city, to be incorporated at least in reference, on the final plat. Shall include no parking provisions.
- c. Any approved off-site tree mitigation shall be done or fees in lieu of tree mitigation paid.
- d. All required improvements shall be in place.

## 4. In addition to compliance with local, county, state and other requirements, the following shall be included on the final plat:

- a. Maintenance agreement per condition 3.b shall be referenced with a line to include the recordation number.
- b. An additional approximate 10' of right-of-way dedication is necessary to achieve half of the minimum right-of-wat width as measured from the right-of-way centerline.

PT.1.24 & LLA.1.24 2 of 33 c. Easement for public sanitary sewer line along the back side (opposite side from public street) at 15 center or greater as required by city engineering.

Item D.

## 5. The following shall be recorded with the final plat:

a. Maintenance agreement per condition 3.b.

# 6. The following shall be required prior to any development or building permit issuance for each parcel of this partition:

- a. An additional "fair share" fee shall be paid per equivalent dwelling unit (EDU) based on the portions of the city wastewater collection system between the subject property and the wastewater treatment plant, that this development depends on, that are at or above capacity as identified in the 2021 Wastewater Master Plan. Estimated per EDU cost is \$15,000 based on October 2022 dollars. Inflation adjustment to value at time of building permit issuance shall be included.
- b. Plans shall reflect the applicable conditions under condition 7.

# 7. The following shall be required prior to Certificate of Occupancy (or the equivalent) for each undeveloped parcel of this partition:

- c. Frontage improvements to local street standards along the undeveloped parcel abutting the public street shall be completed, in accordance with any permits and procedures of city engineering. Must include street trees of a "small" species per Chapter 17.72 SHMC and meet all other city requirements.
- d. Storm water improvements as applicable. See condition 2.e.
- e. Any on site tree replacement mitigation, as applicable, per the tree plan.
- 8. All utilities shall be underground. Overhead utilities along S. 21<sup>st</sup> Street may continue as long as no new poles are necessary.
- 9. Owner/applicant is still responsible to comply with the City Development Code (SHMC Title 17).

\* \* \* \* \*

#### APPLICABLE CRITERIA, ANALYSIS & FINDINGS

<u>Site Description</u>: The subject property is general flat and nearly rectangular in shape. It is developed with a detached single-family dwelling, which per County Assessor information, was built in 1925.

No wetlands are inventories on the city's local wetlands inventory, but wetlands are suspected on the adjacent property to the north.

### SHMC 17.140.040 – Partition approval criteria.

Note: This section also applies to Partitions.

A request to partition land shall meet all of the following criteria (1-5):

(1) The proposal conforms with the city's comprehensive plan;

Finding(s): There is no identified conflict with the Comprehensive Plan.

PT.1.24 & LLA.1.24

(2) The proposed partition complies with all statutory and ordinance requirements and regulations;

Finding(s): This criterion addresses standards not otherwise addressed herein.

Development fronts a public street and private driveway more than 100' in length, thus street trees are required per SHMC 17.72.030. There are overhead utilities along S. 21<sup>st</sup> Street, so trees must be small per Chapter 17.72 SHMC. As mostly new development, new utilities can be situated to allow locations for trees and avoid future utility conflicts. Location shall comply with SHMC 17.72.035 and be incorporated into public improvement plans for S. 21<sup>st</sup> Street. Normal minimum spacing for "small" tree is 20'.

Accessory structures, like sheds, are incidental to a principal structure and not supposed to be a on a parcel without a principal structure. There is a shed in the easternmost corner of the property that will be on a separate parcel from the existing dwelling and thus needs to be removed.

Tree plan is required per Chapter 17.132 SHMC because there are more than 10 trees on site and there is a tree over 2' trunk width diameter at breast height (dbh). Applicant notes no trees are proposed to be saved. From a mitigation standpoint, loss of all trees would require 200% replacement. There are 9 trees with a dbh of over 12 inches so 18 new trees need to be accounted for.

Tree loss mitigation can be done via planting on site, planting off-site or paying a fee to compensate the city for its cost of tree replacement. The clear and objective option for the trees is mitigation on site. The alternative options are off site mitigation and/or compensation, as approved by the director. Further, the plan by a certified arborist is the clear and objective option, or other capable professional is the alternative as approved by the director.

Inventorying of the trees was not done by a certified arborist. However, a certified arborist shall be used for at least the following:

- 1. Any on site of off site (if allowed) mitigation. On site mitigation shall take anticipated lot constraints upon development into account.
- 2. There is a large Douglas fir on the adjacent property addressed as 255 Crouse Way. It is close to the property line and an area proposed for a storm trench to capture roof runoff and potential building footprint (minimum side yard for structures is 5'). A tree's critical root zone is generally an area equal to 1 foot radius from the base of the truck for each 1 inch of diameter at the diameter at breast height.
  - Given the size of the trunk and proximity to fence (approximate property line) the critical root zone of this tree is significantly within the subject property, such that development activity is anticipated to impact the critical root zone. A protection program defining how this tree will be protected during and after development of the affected parcel will be necessary and shall be conducted by a certified arborist.
- 3. Value of compensation for tree loss (if allowed). SHMC 17.132.070 bases the value of trees on the International Society of Arboriculture's Guide for Plant Appraisal. If this option is chosen, the value shall be determined by a certified arborist using this guide.

PT.1.24 & LLA.1.24



Right: The large Douglas fir tree on the adjacent property is seen behind the fence. It is between a 13.2-inch black locust and a 14.5-inch Douglas fir on this side of the fence. Compare the trunk width of this tree to the others; it is much wider. Above: the Douglas fir tree on the adjacent property close to the fence and property line.



Street improvements required to local classified standards. This applies to the proposed developed parcel and undeveloped one abutting the public street. Shared private infrastructure shall be in place as the land division necessitates it as share infrastructure. The public improvements need to be coordinated with that. Developer should coordinate future private utilities within the private street as well, to prevent trenching and other pavement cuts.

All utilities shall be underground. Overhead utilities along S. 21st Street may continue as long as no new poles are necessary.

(3) Adequate public facilities are available to serve the proposal (to address transportation facilities in this regard, a traffic impact analysis shall be prepared, as applicable, pursuant to Chapter 17.156 SHMC);

Finding(s): There is an improved public street abutting the subject property connecting to improved streets amongst the surrounding area. The proposal is too small to require a traffic analysis.

There is a city water main within the S. 21<sup>st</sup> Street right-of-way that the existing home is connected to, and all proposed vacant parcels are proposed to connect to that main. The proposed shared access easement is also a utility easement for the private connection for the parcels not abutting S. 21st Street.

There is no **city storm sewer** infrastructure within the S. 21<sup>st</sup> Street right-of-way, but there is in the Crouse Way right-of-way, within 100' distance. Adequate provisions for storm water runoff are required. The area is generally flat. This proposal will result in one developable lot to be four, which will result in an increase of impervious area on the property and increased storm water runoff. Applicant proposes storm trenches to capture roof runoff, though this does not address new driveway. New driveway impervious surface alone is expected to exceed 2,600 square feet (>1,270 square feet for the new shared driveway and >1,400 for four new individual driveways). Storm water strategy needs to include all anticipated impervious surface and be approved by city engineering. Drainage report will be necessary.

PT.1.24 & LLA.1.24

Item D.

There is a **city sanitary sewer** main within the S. 21<sup>st</sup> Street right-of-way that the existing home is conned and the other proposed parcel abutting S. 21<sup>st</sup> Street will utilize. There is also a city sanitary sewer main along the rear property line (opposite side from S. 21<sup>st</sup> Street) that the proposed parcels that do not abut S. 21<sup>st</sup> Street are proposed to connect to. There are two issues pertaining to sanitary sewer that need to be addressed: easement and system conveyance.

Based on the preliminary title report submitted with the application, there is no easement for the sanitary sewer main on the opposite side of the subject property than S. 21<sup>st</sup> Street. Typical easement width needed is 15' on center. Easement of that width or greater as required by city engineering will be required on the final plat.

Pertaining to **sanitary sewer conveyance**, the city adopted a new **Wastewater Master Plan (WWMP)** in November 2021 that identifies undersized trunk lines already operating at or above capacity that this development would depend on. The WWMP can be found here: https://www.sthelensoregon.gov/engineering/page/public-infrastructure-master-plans

Sewer pipes are considered "at capacity" when peak flows exceed 85% of the full depth of the pipe in accordance with industry standards. This depth is based on the maximum depth of flow ratio (d/D). where "d" is the depth of flow and "D" is the pipe diameter. The WWMP includes an exhibit—Figure 18—that shows that much of the sanitary sewer main between the subject property and Wastewater Treatment Plant, that will convey the subject property's sewer, is above currently operating at or above 100%. There are also sections operating between 85-100% capacity. This is much greater than the industry and city standard 85% "at capacity" flows.

Pipeline surcharging occurs as flows exceed the capacity of a full pipe, causing wastewater to back up into manholes and services. In addition to potentially backing up into homes and health risks associated with sanitary sewer overflows, Oregon DEQ prohibits all sanitary sewer overflows and can fine cities for allowing such and has done so to other jurisdictions. Examples of DEQ fines can be found here: <a href="https://www.oregon.gov/deq/Pages/enforcement-actions.aspx">https://www.oregon.gov/deq/Pages/enforcement-actions.aspx</a>

Given this issue, SHMC 17.152.090(4) must be considered:

Permits Denied. Development permits may be restricted by the commission or council (i.e., the applicable approval authority) where a deficiency exists in the existing sewer system or portion thereof which cannot be rectified within the development and which if not rectified will result in a threat to public health or safety, surcharging of existing mains, or violations of state or federal standards pertaining to operation of the sewage treatment system.

There is a current deficiency (undersized pipes for existing demand) of a widespread scale within the city per the WWMP including infrastructure this development would need to utilize that could result in surcharging, fines (e.g., for violation of Oregon DEQ standards) and public health risks.

Staff finds this development can still be approved under these circumstances given this criterion based on the following findings or conditions of approval:

• The deficient conveyance infrastructure this development depends on for sanitary sewer is a priority 1 and 3 in the WWMP (each sewer line proposed to be utilized by the subject property routes in separate areas in the city). Priority rankings include three categories. There are no priority 2 conveyance improvements. The difference between priority 1 and 3, is priority 1 includes areas that have been reported to have overflows or significant surcharging during wet weather events, whereas priority 3 areas are where there have been infrequent or no observations of historical overflows or surcharging.

PT.1.24 & LLA.1.24 6 of 37

Item D.

- City Public Works and Engineering staff have already begun to address the necessary sanitary sewer infrastructure upgrades having already received a State Revolving Fund Program loan (for below market rate loans) from Oregon DEQ to fund both priority 1 projects (in basins 4 and 5) and priority 3 projects in basin 6. Basins 4, 5 and 6 are applicable to this proposal, considering both sanitary sewer mains proposed to be connected to. City Public Works and Engineering indicate an anticipated 4-year timeframe (from October 2022) for completion of these upgrades.
- A condition of approval to require a fee per equivalent dwelling unit will be included. This is not a System Development Charge pursuant to ORS 223.299(4)(b); it is a temporary charge by order for development and land divisions proposed under these circumstances until the infrastructure is in order per the WWMP. The nexus is clear as it relates to the sewer conveyance deficiency and an amount has been determined based on calculations to determine fair proportionality—see attached St. Helens Wastewater Collection System New Sewer Connection Surcharge memo.

For this project, the fees per equivalent dwelling unit are:

\$0 for the parcel that will retain the existing dwelling;

\$15,000 for parcels that do not abut S. 21st Street (Middle Trunk area); and

\$15,000 for undeveloped parcel that will abut S. 21<sup>st</sup> Street (Diversion area).

\$15,000 is the estimated amount determined to be a fair share quantity for this proposal for the undeveloped parcels. It is based on October 2022 dollars, and inflation must be considered.

• Though denial of this proposal itself does not warrant a moratorium or public facilities strategy as there is no prior stoppage or restriction of permits, authorizations, or approvals\*, the city recognizes that the sanitary sewer conveyance problems identified in the WWMP are widespread and denial could set a precedence of action that if continued for projects under similar circumstances, could be construed as a pattern or practice that at some point could warrant a moratorium or public facilities strategy.

\*Per ORS 197.524 a local government is required to adopt a public facilities strategy under ORS 197.768 or a moratorium on construction or land development under ORS 197.505 to 197.540 when it engages in a pattern or practice of delaying or stopping the issuance of permits, authorizations or approvals necessary for land divisions or construction due to the shortage of public facilities (like sanitary sewer).

Proposed utility/access easement will be routefor utilities to the parcels that will not abut S. 21<sup>st</sup> Street. Note that there is an existing 2' x 100' easement along S. 21<sup>st</sup> Street, which will be moot once right-of-way is dedicated.

(4) All proposed lots conform to the size and dimensional requirements of this code; and

**Finding(s):** The subject property is zoned both R5 and MU. However, because for detached single-family dwelling/duplex development in the MU zone, the R5 standards apply, the R5 zone can be the focus for this criterion.

Minimum lot size: 5,000 square feet. All four proposed parcels exceed 5,000 square feet and are less than 5,400 square feet.

Minimum lot with at building line and street: 50 feet. All four proposed parcels are at or just above 50' width. Note that the parcels that do not abut S. 21st Street are accessed via easement, which counts as the street for them. The minimum lot width at the street for cul-de-sac lots (basically dead-end lots) is 30 feet and the easement accessed parcels each have about 39' of easement frontage.

Minimum lot depth: 85 feet. All four parcels have depths exceeding 100 feet but less than 105 feet.

Because there is an existing structure, the detached single-family dwelling addressed as 80 S. 21<sup>st</sup> Street, yard and coverage requirements need to be examined.

The affected yards are the year and east side. The minimum rear yard of 10 feet is far exceeded. The east side is an exterior side yard due to the proposed access easement, which requires a minimum of 10 feet from the edge of easement. 10 feet is proposed.

Maximum lot coverage of buildings and structures is 40% of the lot area. The proposed parcel size for this dwelling is 5,248 square feet and 40% of that is 2,099 square feet. Existing building footprint is less than this.

(5) All proposed improvements meet city and applicable agency standards.

Finding(s): This shall be required.

\* \* \*

#### SHMC 17.140.050 – Special provisions for parcels created by through the partition process.

Note: This section applies to Partitions and Lot Line Adjustments.

- (1) Lot Dimensions. Lot size, width, shape and orientation shall be appropriate for the location of the development and for the type of use contemplated, and:
  - (a) No lot shall be dimensioned to contain part of an existing or proposed public right-of-way;
- (b) The depth of all lots shall not exceed two and one-half times the average width, unless the parcel is less than one and one-half times the minimum lot size of the applicable zoning district; and
- (c) Depth and width of properties zoned for commercial and industrial purposes shall be adequate to provide for the off-street parking and service facilities required by the type of use proposed.
- **Finding(s):** (a) S. 21<sup>st</sup> Street is a local classified street with a minimum right-of-way width of 50 feet. The right-of-way abutting the subject property is only 30 feet. An additional approximate 10' of right-of-way dedication is necessary to achieve half of the minimum width as measured from the right-of-way centerline. The same occurred with a 2007 Partition abutting the subject property's west side (see P.P. No. 2007-24).
- (b) The depth of all four parcels is about 2 times the average width and less than maximum 2.5 times.
- (c) All parcels are intended for residential development.
- (2) Through Lots. Through lots shall be avoided except where they are essential to provide separation of residential development from major traffic arterials or to overcome specific disadvantages of topography and orientation, and:
  - (a) A planting buffer at least 10 feet wide is required abutting the arterial rights-of-way; and
  - (b) All through lots shall provide the required front yard setback on each street.

**Finding(s):** No "lot, through" as defined by Chapter 17.16 SHMC is proposed.

- (3) Large Lots. In dividing tracts into large lots or parcels which at some future time are likely to be redivided, the approving authority may require that the lots be of such size and shape, and be so divided into building sites, and contain such site restrictions as will provide for the extension and opening of streets at intervals which will permit a subsequent division of any tract into lots or parcels of smaller size, and:
- (a) The land division shall be denied if the proposed large development lot does not provide for the future division of the lots and future extension of public facilities.

**Finding(s):** All four proposed parcels exceed 5,000 square feet and are less than 5,400 square feet; they minimally exceed the minimum size required.

(4) Fire Protection. The fire district may require the installation of a fire hydrant where the length of an accessway would have a detrimental effect on firefighting capabilities.

**Finding(s):** The proposed shared access for the parcels that do not abut S. 21<sup>st</sup> Street is approximately 130 feet. Being less than 150 feet, additional fire access provisions are not anticipated, but the local fire district is a recipient of partition decisions with an opportunity to comment.

(5) Reciprocal Easements. Where a common drive is to be provided to serve more than one lot, a reciprocal easement which will ensure access and maintenance rights shall be recorded with the approved partition map.

**Finding(s):** A common drive is proposed for the parcels that do not abut S. 21<sup>st</sup> Street. It is proposed as a utility and access easement on the preliminary plat. Maintenance agreement will be necessary, to be incorporated, at least in reference, on the final plat.

Because the physical driveway width will be 10', no parking provisions shall be included in the agreement.

(6) Accessway. Any accessway shall comply with the standards set forth in Chapter 17.84 SHMC, Access, Egress, and Circulation.

**Finding(s):** The shared drive proposed is intended to benefit the two proposed parcels that do not abut S. 21<sup>st</sup> Street. Serving two parcels, the minimum easement width is 15 feet and minimum pavement width is 10 feet. This is proposed.

The length is less than 150 feet, so it doesn't need to be a fire apparatus road. The local fire district is a recipient of partition decisions with an opportunity to comment for any other fire code issue.

The length is less than 200 feet so, so vehicle turnouts are not warranted.

Normal maximum driveway width is 24 feet for a dwelling unit on its own lot. A driveway for the existing home is proposed to be improved adjacent to the shared driveway, though they are separate (i.e., they are not functionally dependent on each other). Applicant is using the special provisions for side-by-side parking spaces for single-family dwellings and duplexes under SHMC 17.80.020 to keep the overall width of this combined driveway approach to 26 feet.

(7) The streets and roads are laid out so as to conform to the plats of subdivisions and maps of partitions already approved for adjoining property as to width, general direction and in all other respects unless the city determines it is in the public interest to modify the street or road pattern.

**Finding(s):** The Transportation Systems Plan shows no additional streets in the area. The only applicable issue is the width of S. 21<sup>st</sup> Street which is discussed previously herein.

\* \* \*

#### SHMC 17.140.060(1) – Lot Line Adjustment approval standards:

Note: This section applies to Lot Line Adjustments.

(a) An additional parcel is not created by the lot line adjustment, and the existing parcel reduced in size by the adjustments is not reduced below the minimum lot size established by the zoning district;

**Finding(s):** The applicant provided evidence of two deeded parcels that make up the subject property. Creation of the parcels by deed is acceptable because it was done in the 1940s and long before land division laws were in place.

(b) By reducing the lot size, the lot or structure(s) on the lot will not be in violation of the site development or zoning district regulations for that district;

Finding(s): This is ok as discussed previously herein.

(c) The resulting parcels are in conformity with the dimensional standards of the zoning district; and

**Finding(s):** This is ok as discussed previously herein.

(d) The lots involved were legally created.

**Finding(s):** As noted for criterion (a), the deeds that created the two parcels date to the 1940s. This is not a legal way of creating parcels today but was ok then.

\* \* \* \* \*

#### ATTACHMENTS

- Plans (5 pages)
- St. Helens Wastewater Collection System New Sewer Connection Surcharge memo (excerpts: pgs. 1-6, 8, 14 and 25-26)

**PROJECT TEAM** 

LOWER COLUMBIA ENGINEERING

andrew@lowercolumbiaengr.com

chase@lowercolumbiaengr.com

58640 McNULTY WAY ST. HELENS, OR 97051 PHONE: (503) 366-0399

ENGINEER: ANDREW NIEMI

CONTACT: CHASE BERG

OWNER / APPLICANT

VINTAGE FRIENDS, LLC. 134 NORTH RIVER STREET ST. HELENS, OR 97051 PHONE: (503) 310-0235 CONTACT: BRAD HENDRICKSON

3232brad@gmail.com

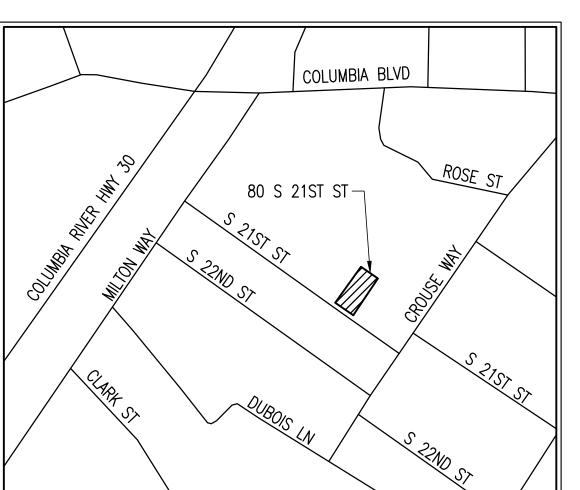
**ENGINEER** 

# TAX LOT 7401 TAX MAP 040104CA TAX LOT 7300 TAX MAP 040104CA TAX LOT 7400 TAX MAP 040104CA TAX LOT 7301 TAX MAP 040104CA TAX LOT 7200 TAX LOT 6900 TAX MAP 040104CA TAX MAP 040104CA TAX LOT 7000 TAX MAP 040104CA TAX LOT 7100 TAX LOT 8900 TAX MAP 040104CA TAX MAP 040104CA TAX LOT 9000 TAX MAP 040104CA TAX LOT 9100 TAX MAP 040104CA DATE: 12/21/2023 REVISED PRINT **VOID ALL PREVIOUS**

50' 40' 30' 20' 10' 0'

## 21ST STREET DEVELOPMENT

ST. HELENS, OR 97051 SITE DEVELOPMENT REVIEW SET





REVISION RECORD

A PRE-APPLICATION CONFERENCE REVISIONS

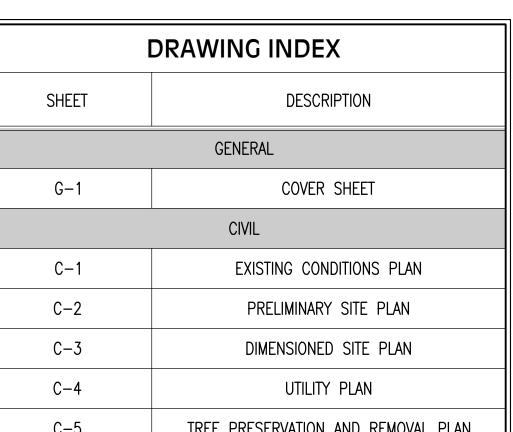
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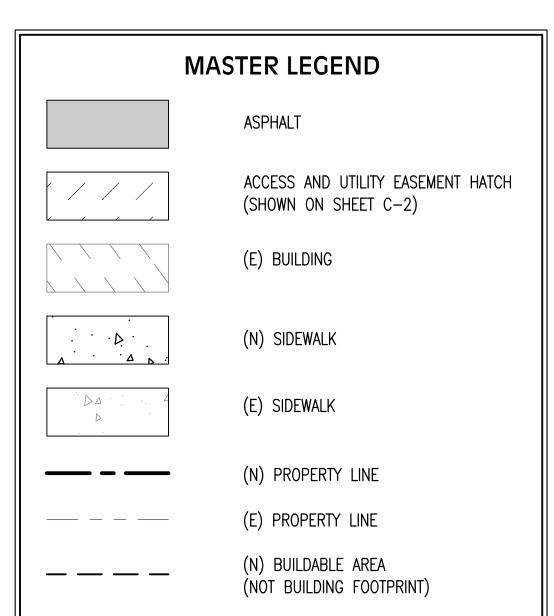
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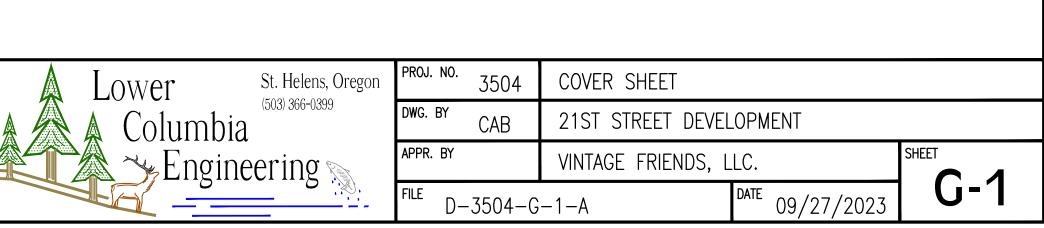
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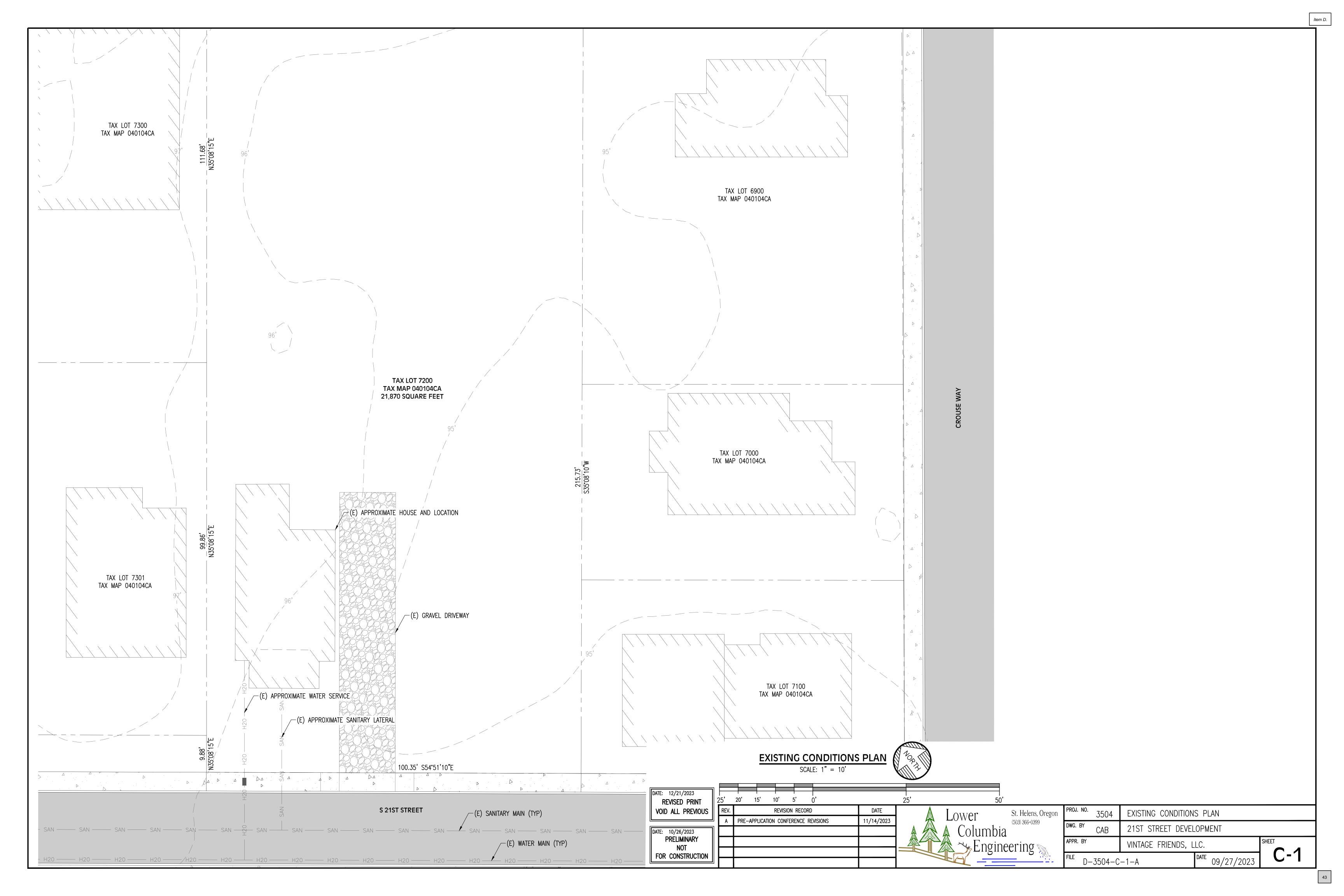
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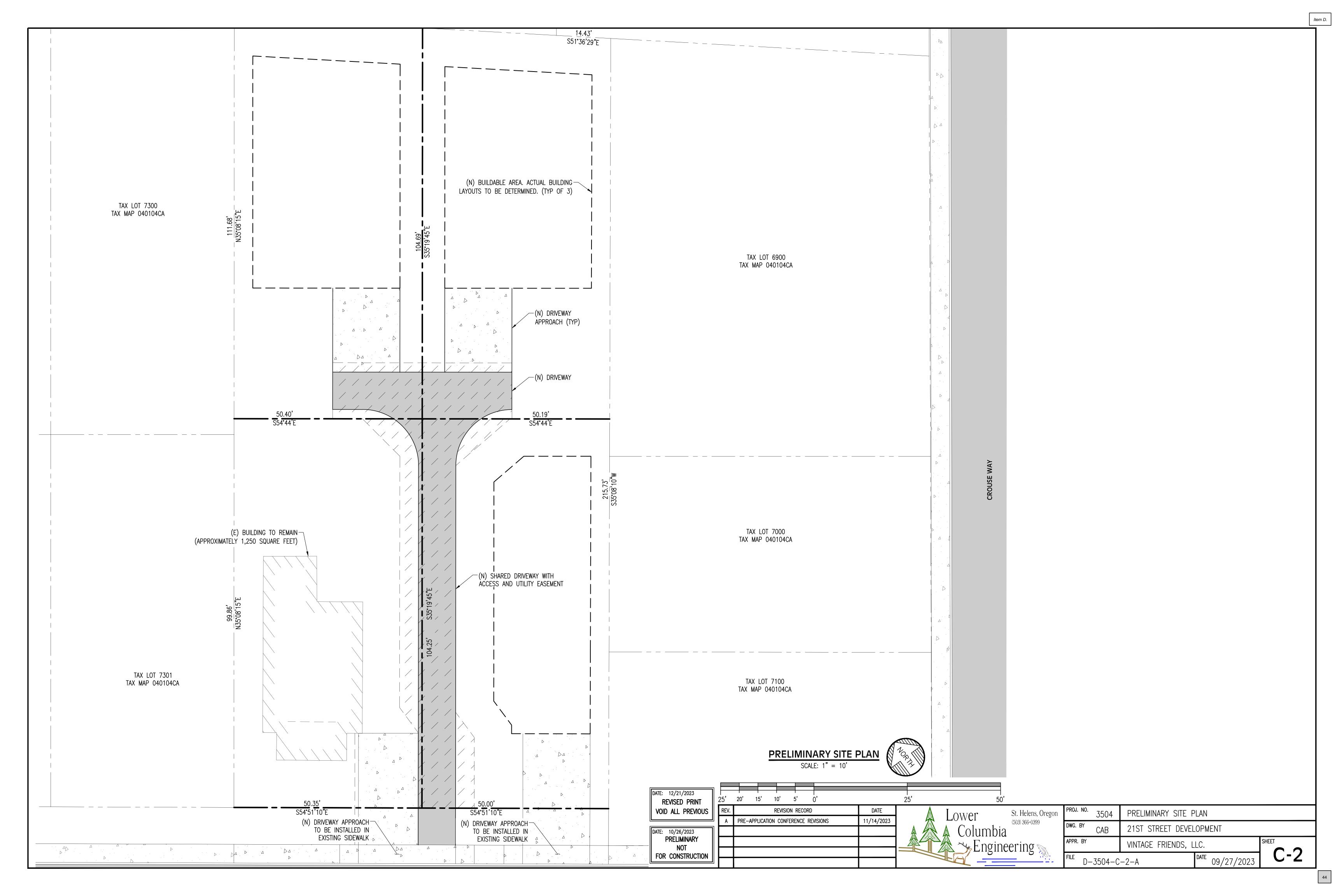
DRAWING INDEX				
SHEET	DESCRIPTION			
GENERAL				
G-1	COVER SHEET			
CIVIL				
C-1	EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN			
C-2	PRELIMINARY SITE PLAN			
C-3	DIMENSIONED SITE PLAN			
C-4	UTILITY PLAN			
C-5	TREE PRESERVATION AND REMOVAL PLAN			

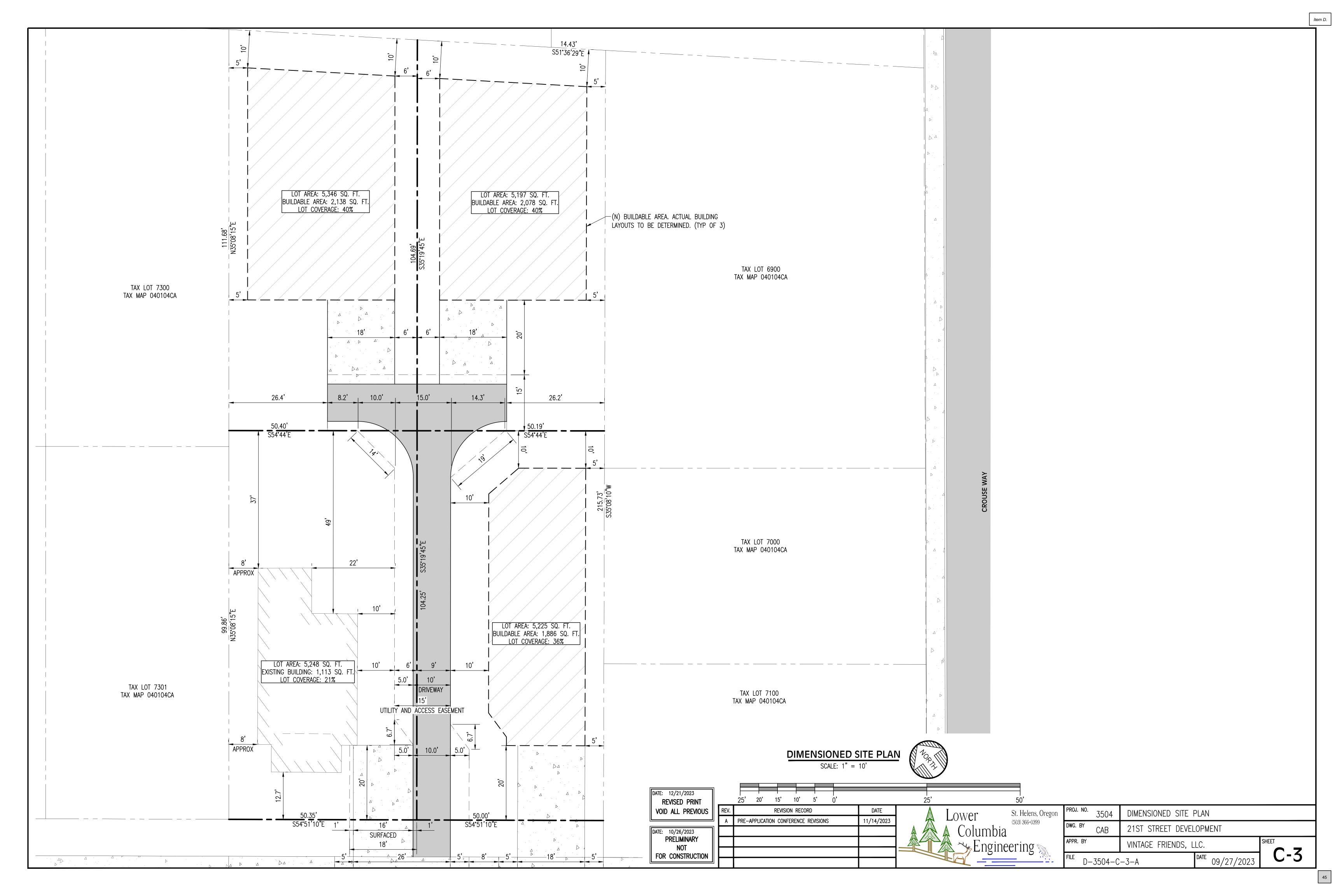


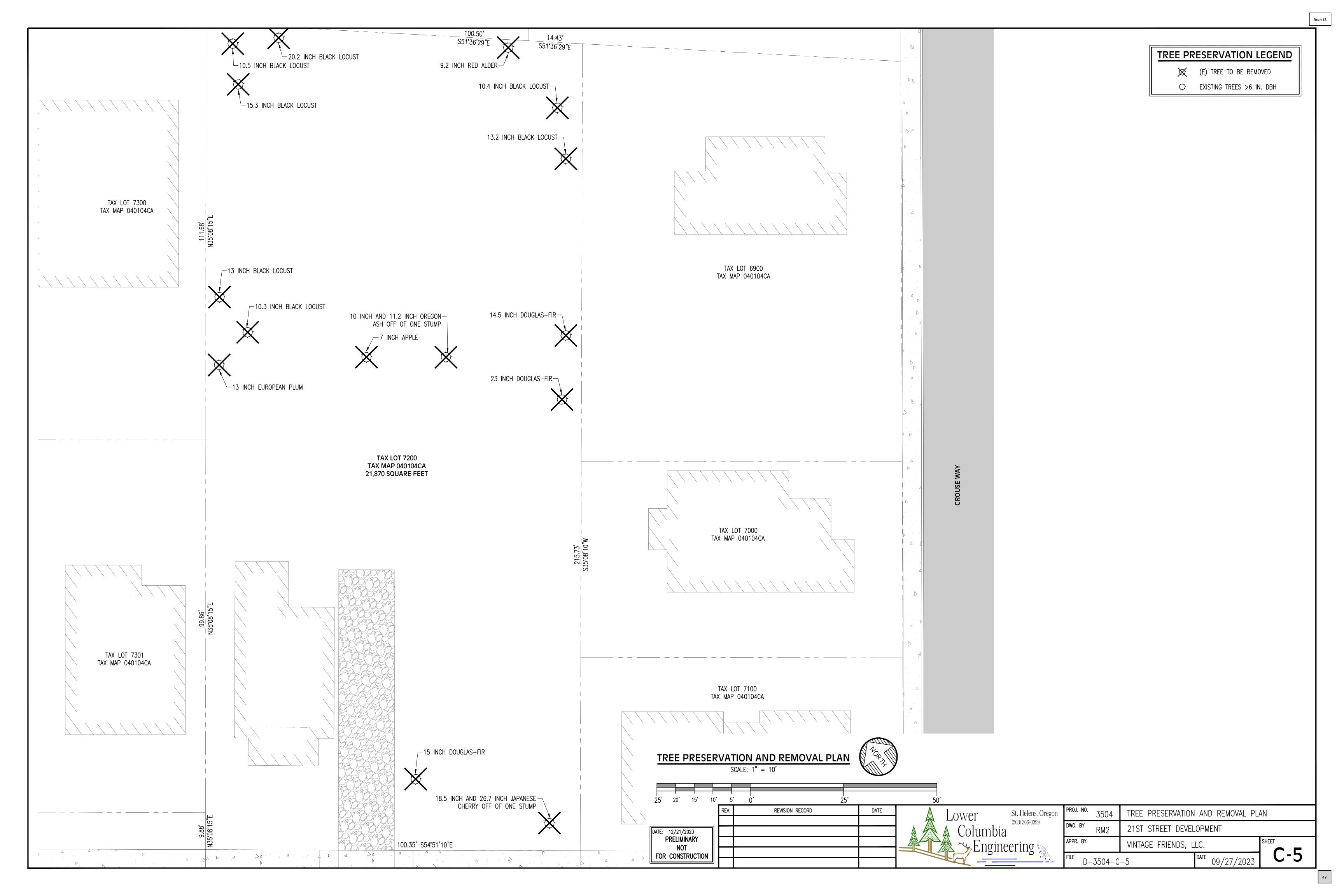
















## St. Helens Wastewater Collection System New Sewer Connection Surcharge

December 1, 2022 Revision 01

CITY OF ST. HELENS
265 STRAND STREET | ST. HELENS, OREGON 97051
503.397.6272 | WWW.STHELENSOREGON.GOV

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

SECTIO	N 1 – BACKGROUND	3
1.1	Wastewater Masterplan 2021 Update	3
1.2	New Development Sewer Surcharge	4
SECTIO	N 2 – ST. HELENS SEWER TRUNKLINE BASINS	5
2.1	Sanitary Sewer Trunk Basins Methodology	5
2.2	Allendale Sewer Basin	7
2.3	Diversion Trunk	8
2.4	Firlock Sewer Basin	9
2.5	Gable Sewer Basin	10
2.6	The Interceptor	11
2.7	Matzen Sewer Basin	12
2.8	McNulty Sewer Basin	13
2.9	Middle Trunk Sewer Basin	14
2.10	Millard – OPR Sewer Basin	15
2.11	North 11th Sewer Basin	16
2.12	North Willamette Sewer Basin	17
2.13	Pittsburg Sewer Basin	18
2.14	Port Sewer Basin	19
2.15	South Trunk Sewer Basin	
2.16	Southwest Sewer Basin	21
2.17	Sunset Sewer Basin	
2.18	Sykes Sewer Basin	
2.19	Vernonia Road Sewer Basin	
	3 – SEWER SURCHARGE CHART	
SECTION	4 - EQUIVALENT DWELLING UNIT CONVERSION	26

#### SECTION 1 - BACKGROUND

## 1.1 Wastewater Masterplan 2021 Update

The City of St. Helens provides sanitary sewer collection services to businesses and residences within the City limits. The sanitary sewer collection system is a combination of over 60 miles of gravity and force mains, 9 lift stations, and over 1,700 sanitary sewer manholes, vaults, and cleanouts. The sewer pipes in the City range from 6-inches to 48-inches in diameter, with the majority of the pipes being 8-inch. All sewage flows are conveyed to the City's wastewater treatment facility.

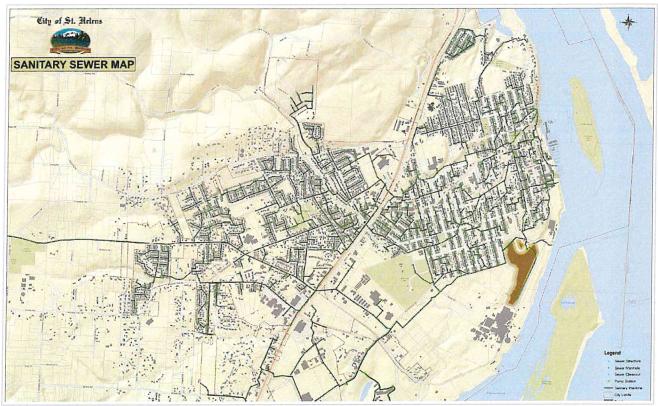


Figure 1.1.A St. Helens Sanitary Sewer Map

On November 17, 2021, the St. Helens City Council adopted the updated Wastewater Master Plan (WWMP) under Resolution No. 1940. This update to the City's WWMP is the first complete study done on the entire sewer collection system since 1989. The population was 7,500 at the time. Since then, the population of St. Helens has grown to over 14,500 – almost double. With this added population, more load is added to the public sewer system. Meanwhile, the size of the sewers have not been increased.

After 33 years of growth, the WWMP revealed that the majority of the City's sewer trunklines are at operating at or above capacity. This means that the greater portion of the City's public sewer system is inadequate to serve a growing population. Without

increasing the sizes of the trunklines, there is an increased risk of sanitary sewer overflows in the collection system.

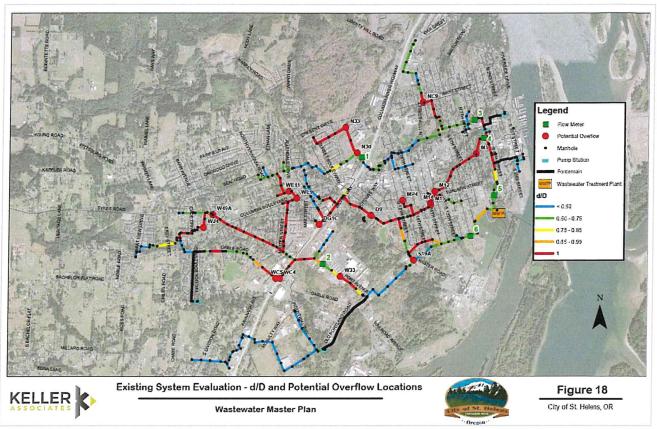


Figure 1.1.B Existing Sanitary Sewer Evaluation Map (2021 WWMP)

## 1.2 New Development Sewer Surcharge

To assess the impacts of future development on the public sewer system and how the City could pay for the costly capital improvements identified in the WWMP, Keller Associates performed an assessment of a sewer charge based on the shared of costs that new upstream Equivalent Dwelling Units (EDUs), as identified in the 2019 Housing Needs Analysis, would pay to complete the downstream CIP improvements along trunk lines that convey their sewage flows. The costs per EDU were based on the CIP project costs broken down by trunkline.

This sewer surcharge assessed per EDU is to fund capacity upgrades to the public sewer system and will be levied on those properties and developments requiring connection to the sewer trunklines identified in the 2021 WWMP update as "at or above" capacity. These fees will allow the City to recover a fair portion of the infrastructure improvements made by the City to accommodate new users and be used solely for public sewer capacity improvements. Equivalent Dwelling Units conversion details for sewer charges for multifamily dwellings, commercial, and industrial land uses may be found in Section 4 – EQUIVALENT DWELLING UNIT CONVERSION.

#### SECTION 2 – ST. HELENS SEWER TRUNKLINE BASINS

## 2.1 Sanitary Sewer Trunk Basins Methodology

Sewer basin delineations by trunk lines were created to aid in the proper assessment of the sewer surcharge to ensure costs reflect the actual share of costs that new upstream EDUs, as identified in the 2019 Housing Needs Analysis, would pay based on the downstream sanitary sewer capital improvements along the trunk lines the flows for their property would flow through.

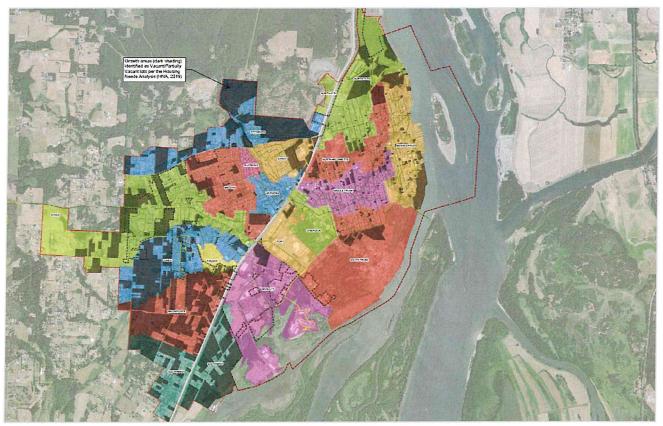


Figure 2.1.A St. Helens Sanitary Sewer Trunkline Basin Delineations

The delineation of CIP projects was simplified and where major portions of a Capital Improvement Project (CIP) spanned more than one basin, projects were split by basin. Basin delineation generally reflects existing conditions, except the Pittsburg basin, which is largely undeveloped and is anticipated to discharge to the North-11th basin.

Costs were calculated by summing CIP costs in and downstream of a basin and summing the EDUs in and upstream of the basin. The downstream CIP costs are then divided by the upstream EDUs. A sewer surcharge cap of \$15,000 per EDU is assumed.

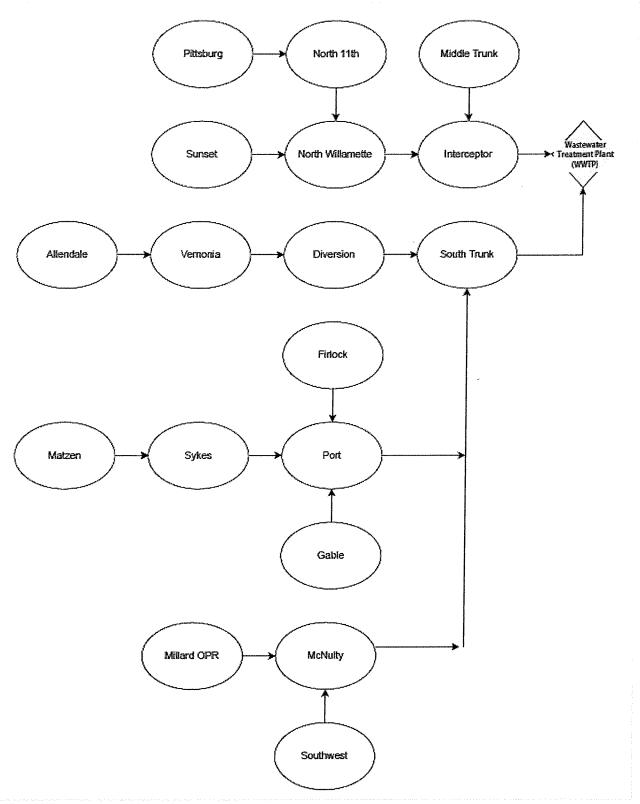


Figure 2.1.B St. Helens Sanitary Sewer Trunkline Basin Flow Paths

#### 2.3 Diversion Trunk

The Diversion Trunk sewer basin area is almost completely built out and consists of just one new In-Basin EDU.

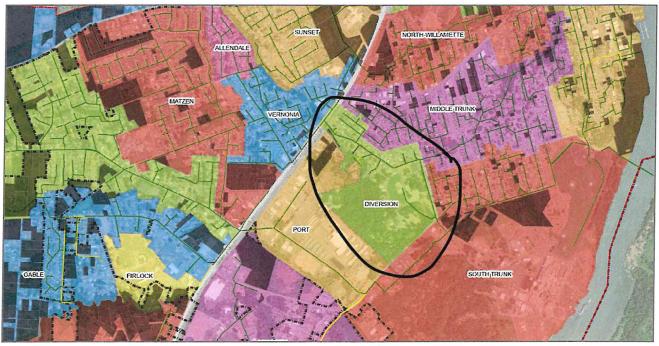


Figure 2.3.A Diversion Trunk Sanitary Sewer Basin

The allocation of the Diversion Trunk sewer basin's downstream CIP share per new upstream EDU, which consists of the Diversion Trunk and South Trunk basins, is \$104,900. This cost exceeds the City's sewer surcharge cap of \$15,000 per EDU.

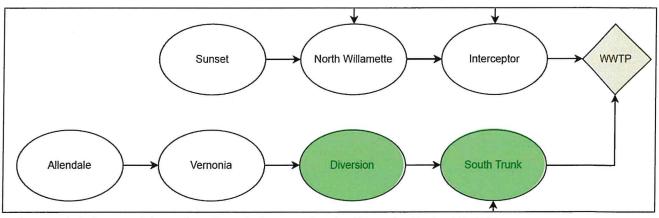


Figure 2.3.B Diversion Trunk Sewer Basin Flow Path to WWTP

#### 2.9 Middle Trunk Sewer Basin

The Middle Trunk sewer basin area has 91 new In-Basin EDUs.

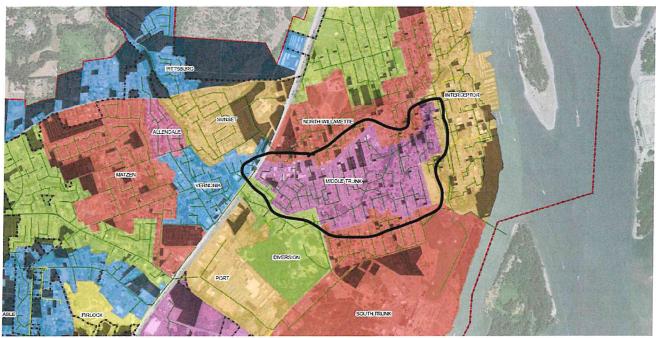


Figure 2.9.A Middle Trunk Sanitary Sewer Basin

The allocation of the Middle Trunk sewer basin's downstream CIP share per new upstream EDU, which consists of the Middle trunk and Diversion Trunk basins, is \$41,400. This cost exceeds the City's sewer surcharge cap of \$15,000 per EDU.

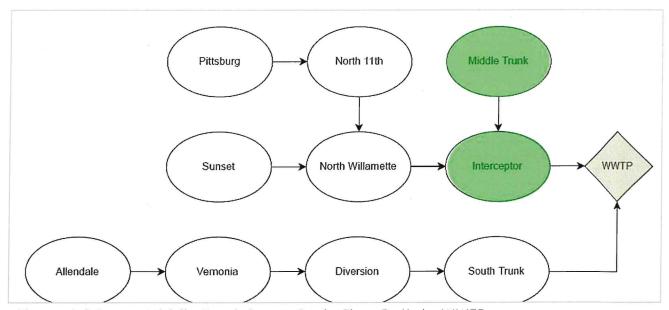


Figure 2.9.B Middle Trunk Sewer Basin Flow Path to WWTP

## **SECTION 3 – SEWER SURCHARGE CHART**

Sewer Trunkline Basin	Downstream CIP Share per New Upstream EDU	New-In Basin EDU	Sewer Surcharge per EDU*
Allendale	\$104,900	1	\$15,000 (max.)
Diversion	\$104,900	1	\$15,000 (max.)
Firlock	\$7,600	0	\$7,600
Gable	\$7,900	589	\$7,900
The Interceptor	\$2,200	512	\$2,200
Matzen	\$12,700	430	\$12,700
McNulty	\$3,200	144	\$3,200
Middle Trunk	\$41,400	91	\$15,000 (max.)
Millard-OPR	\$3,200	806	\$3,200
North 11th	\$3,400	340	\$3,400
North Willamette	\$2,200	134	\$2,200
Pittsburg	\$3,400	731	\$3,400
Port	\$3,800	36	\$3,800
South Trunk	\$1,800	124	\$1,800
Southwest	\$3,200	748	\$3,200
Sunset	\$7,900	321	\$7,900
Sykes	\$6,600	500	\$6,600
Vernonia	\$104,900	30	\$15,000 (max.)

<sup>\*</sup> Estimated Sewer Surcharge cost per EDU is based on the US dollar at the time this document was published. Inflation adjustment to value at time of building permit issuance shall be included.

## SECTION 4 – EQUIVALENT DWELLING UNIT CONVERSION

Land Use	EDU Conversion
Single Family Residential	1.00 EDU per unit
Multi Family (Duplex)	0.80 EDU per unit
Multi Family (3 or more Dwelling Units)	0.77 EDU per unit

Residential EDU conversion rate based on the City of St. Helens adopted Sewer Utility Rates and Charges.

EDU conversion rates for sewer surcharges for commercial, industrial, and other land uses not covered under Single Family Residential, Multi Family (Duplex), or Multi Family (3 or more Dwelling Units) shall be based on City of St. Helens wastewater rate classifications for water meter size(s), 3/4-inch meter 1.00 x Sewer Surcharge 1-inch meter 1.67 x Sewer Surcharge 1.5-inch meter 3.33 x Sewer Surcharge 2-inch meter 5.33 x Sewer Surcharge 3-inch meter 10.00 x Sewer Surcharge 4-inch meter 16.67 x Sewer Surcharge 6-inch meter 33.33 x Sewer Surcharge 8-inch meter 53.33 x Sewer Surcharge

Item D.



Vintage Friends, LLC.

## **21**st Street Development

Site Development Review

Prepared by Lower Columbia Engineering
Submitted to the City of St. Helens
Planning Department
December 2023



## **Table of Contents**

TAB	LE OF CONTENTS	2
LIST	OF EXHIBITS	3
1.	PROPOSAL SUMMARY INFORMATION	4
2.	PROJECT TEAM	5
3.	CONFORMANCE WITH THE CITY OF ST. HELENS MUNICIPAL CODE	6
	CHAPTER 17.80 – OFF-STREET PARKING AND LOADING REQUIREMENTS	6
	Chapter 17.84 – Access, Egress, and Circulation	.11
	Chapter 17.132 – Tree Removal	.13
	Chapter 17.140 – Land Division – Land Partitioning – Lot Line Adjustment	.15
	CHAPTER 17.152 – STREET AND UTILITY IMPROVEMENT STANDARDS	.17



### **List of Exhibits**

#### Exhibit A: Plan Set (provided under separate cover)

Sheet G-1 Cover Sheet

Sheet C-1 Existing Conditions Plan

Sheet C-2 Preliminary Site Plan

Sheet C-3 Dimensioned Site Plan

Sheet C-4 Utility Plan

Sheet C-5 Tree Preservation and Removal Plan





## 1. Proposal Summary Information

**Internal File No:** 3504

**Applicant:** Vintage Friends, LLC

134 N River Street St. Helens, OR 97051 Phone: (503) 310-0235

Email: 3232brad@gmail.com

**Applicants Representative:** Chase Berg

Lower Columbia Engineering

58640 McNulty Way St. Helens, OR 97051 Phone: 503-366-0399

chase@lowercolumbiaengr.com

**Request:** Site Development Review

**Tax Lot ID:** 4104-CA-07200

**Zoning Designation:** R5/MU



## 2. Project Team

#### **Owner/Applicant**

Vintage Friends, LLC Brad Hendrickson 134 N River Street St. Helens, OR

Phone: (503) 310-0235

Email: 3232brad@gmail.com

#### **Civil Engineer**

Lower Columbia Engineering, LLC Andrew Niemi, P.E. 58640 McNulty Way St. Helens, OR 97051 (503) 366-0399 andrew@lowercolumbiaengr.com

#### **Applicants Representative**

Chase Berg Lower Columbia Engineering 58640 McNulty Way St. Helens, OR 97051

Phone: 503-366-0399

chase@lowercolumbiaengr.com



## 3. Conformance with the City of St. Helens Municipal Code

This section of the narrative demonstrates the project's conformance with the sections of the St. Helens Municipal Code. Not all applicable sections of the SHMC have been included in this narrative, rather, specific sections of the SHMC have been included to provide additional explanation for proof of conformance. All text in *italics* are direct quotes from the code, which are followed by applicant responses in blue.

#### Chapter 17.80 – Off-Street Parking and Loading Requirements

[...]

#### 17.80.020 – General provisions

- (1) Parking Dimensions. The minimum dimensions for parking spaces are:
  - (a) Nine feet wide and 18 feet long for a standard space;
  - (b) Eight feet wide and 15 feet long for a compact space;
  - (c) Eight feet wide and 22 feet long for parallel spaces;
  - (d) As required by applicable state of Oregon and federal standards for designated disabled person parking spaces; and
  - (e) Special provisions for side-by-side parking for single-family dwellings (attached and detached) and duplexes:
    - (i) The total unobstructed area for side-by-side parking spaces for single-family dwellings (attached and detached) and duplexes shall still be 18 feet by 18 feet (two nine-foot by 18-foot standard spaces together), but the improved portion may be 16 feet in width centered within the 18 feet for the purposes of the surface (paving) requirements of this chapter and, if the spaces are adjacent or close to the street, driveway approach width.
    - (ii) This does not apply to single parking spaces by themselves or rows of parking spaces that exceed two spaces. This only applies to two standard space parking areas where the spaces are adjacent to each other along the long side.

Response: See sheet C-3. All lots to have a new single-family home constructed will utilize one driveway that is at a minimum 18 feet wide by 18 feet long. The driveway for the existing residence will have a minimum total unobstructed area of 18 feet wide and 18 feet long, but will only have an improved surface that is 16-feet wide.



- (4) Existing and New Uses. At the time of erection of a new structure or at the time of enlargement or change in use of an existing structure within any district, off-street parking spaces shall be as provided in accordance with SHMC 17.80.030, and:
  - (a) In case of enlargement of a building or use of land existing on the date of adoption of the ordinance codified in this code, the number of additional parking and loading spaces required shall be based only on floor area or capacity of such enlargement; and
  - (b) If parking space has been provided in connection with an existing use or is added to an existing use, the parking space shall not be eliminated if the elimination would result in less space than is specified in the standards of this section when applied to the entire use.

Response: See sheet C-2. The existing residence will have a new driveway provided with the requirements listed above in section 17.80.020(1).

[...]

- (8) Location of Required Parking.
  - (a) Off-street parking spaces for single-dwelling unit detached, duplex dwellings and single-dwelling attached dwellings shall be located on the same lot with the dwelling; and
  - (b) Off-street parking lots for uses not listed above shall be located not further than 200 feet from the building or use they are required to serve, measured in a straight line from the building with the following exceptions:
    - (i) Shared parking areas, as provided by subsection (6) of this section, for commercial uses which require more than 40 parking spaces may provide for the spaces in excess of the required 40 spaces up to a distance of 300 feet from the commercial building or use; and
    - (ii) Industrial and manufacturing uses which require in excess of 40 spaces may locate the required spaces in excess of the 40 spaces up to a distance of 300 feet from the building.

Response: See sheet C-2. All new and existing residences will have off-street parking spaces on their respective lot.

- (15) Bicycle Parking.
  - (a) One lockable bicycle parking space shall be provided within a rack for the following:
    - (i) Four or more dwelling units in one building: one space per dwelling unit;
    - (ii) Commercial development: 10 percent of vehicular parking spaces;
    - (iii) Civic uses: 20 percent of vehicular parking spaces; and
    - (iv) Industrial development: five percent of vehicular parking spaces;



- (b) Bicycle parking areas shall be provided at locations within 50 feet of primary entrances to structures. Where possible, bicycle parking facilities shall be placed under cover. Bicycle parking areas shall not be located within parking aisles, landscape areas, or pedestrian ways; and
- (c) Residential complexes with less than four dwelling units do not need bicycle racks.

Response: This criterion is not applicable with only one dwelling unit being proposed per lot. Bicycle parking is not current proposed.

[...]

#### 17.80.030 – Minimum off-street parking requirements

*Note: some use classifications listed below indicate additional bicycle parking requirements beyond the requirements of SHMC 17.80.020(15).* 

- (1) Residential.
  - (a) Bed and breakfast, boarding house, homestay One space per bedroom.
  - (b) Caretaker Two off-street spaces for each dwelling unit.
  - (c) Duplexes Two off-street spaces for each duplex. No more than two spaces are required for one duplex on a single lot.
  - (d) Group care One space per three residential beds plus one space for each employee on largest shift.
  - (e) Group residential One space for each guest room plus one space for each employee on largest shift.
  - (f) Mobile home park Two off-street spaces for each dwelling unit.
  - (g) Multiple dwelling (also see SHMC 17.80.020(7)):
    - (i) Studio One space for each unit.
    - (ii) One bedroom One and one-half spaces for each unit.
    - (iii) More than one bedroom per unit Two spaces for each.
  - (h) Single-dwelling units, attached Two off-street spaces for each dwelling unit.
    - (i) Single-dwelling units, detached Two off-street spaces for each dwelling unit or pair of dwelling units as allowed by the zoning district. No more than two spaces are required for one detached single-family dwelling on a single lot, or two detached single-family dwellings on a single lot.

Response: Detached single-family dwelling units are proposed on each lot except for the existing single-family residence which will remain as part of this development. Two parking spaces are provided for each residence.

(2) *Civic*.



(3) Commercial.

*[...]* 

(4) Industrial.

[...]

Response: Civic, commercial, and industrial off-street parking standards are not applicable as this development will be for residential use.

#### 17.80.050– Parking dimension standards

- (1) Accessibility.
  - (a) Each parking space shall be accessible from a street or right-of-way, and the access shall be of a width and location as described by SHMC 17.84.070 and 17.84.080 as applicable.
  - (b) All parking spaces shall be independently functional. This means the vehicle in the parking space is not dependent on another vehicle moving to get to the street or right-of-way from the parking space. For example, a two-vehicle garage with a garage opening and driveway, both 18 feet in width, can only count as two parking spaces (not four), since the vehicles in the garage cannot get to the street without the ones in the driveway moving out of the way.

Response: Each residence has direct access to either a public street Right-of-Way or a shared driveway meeting the requirements set forth in section 17.84.070(1).

[...]

- (6) Service Drive.
  - (a) Excluding single-dwelling units and duplex residences, except as provided by Chapter 17.84 SHMC and SHMC 17.152.030(16), groups of more than two parking spaces shall be served by a service drive so that no backing movements or other maneuvering within a street or other public right-of-way would be required; and
  - (b) Service drives shall be designed and constructed to facilitate the flow of traffic, provide maximum safety of traffic access and egress, and maximum safety of pedestrians and vehicular traffic on the site.

Response: The shared driveway for the northern residences has been designed in accordance with SHMC 17.84.070(1).

(7) Street Access. Each parking or loading space shall be accessible from a street and the access shall be of a width and location as described in this code.

Response: The southern residences will have direct access to South 21<sup>st</sup> Street. All parking spaces and proposed shared driveways have been designed in accordance with this code.

(8) Parking Space Configuration. Parking space configuration, stall, and access aisle size shall be in accordance with the minimum standard.



Response: All parking space configurations have been designed to meet or exceed the minimum standard.

- (9) Parking Space Markings.
  - (a) Except for single-dwelling units and duplexes, any area intended to be used to meet the offstreet parking requirements as contained in this chapter shall have all parking spaces clearly marked; and
  - (b) All interior drives and access aisles shall be clearly marked and signed to show direction of flow and maintain vehicular and pedestrian safety.

Response: Not applicable, the proposed development is for residential use.

- (10) Parking and Load Area Surface Requirements.
  - (a) Except for uses as authorized in subsections (10)(b) and (c) of this section, all areas used for the parking or storage or maneuvering of any vehicle, boat, or trailer shall be improved with asphalt or concrete surfaces or other similar type materials approved by the city.
  - (b) Nonresidential parking areas to be used primarily for nonpublic uses such as employee parking, business vehicles, and construction equipment may be gravel-surfaced when authorized by the approval authority at the time the site development approval is given. The director may require that the property owner enter into an agreement to pave the parking area: (1) within a specified period of time after establishment of the parking area; or (2) if there is a change in the types or weights of vehicles utilizing the parking area; or (3) if there is evidence of adverse effects upon adjacent roadways, watercourses, or properties. Such an agreement shall be executed as a condition of approval of the plan to establish the gravel parking area. Gravel-surfaced parking areas may only be permitted consistent with the following:
    - (i) Gravel parking areas shall not be permitted within 20 feet of any residentially zoned area;
    - (ii) Gravel parking areas shall not be allowed within 25 feet of any improved public right-of-way;
    - (iii) A paved driveway of at least 25 feet in length shall connect a gravel parking area with any public street providing access to the gravel area; and
    - (iv) Gravel parking areas shall not be allowed within 50 feet of any significant wetland or riparian corridor.

Response: All proposed off-street parking areas are to be constructed of either asphalt or concrete. No off-street parking spaces will utilize a gravel surfacing material.

- (c) Parking areas to be used in conjunction with a temporary use may be gravel when authorized by the approval authority at the time the permit is approved. The approval authority shall consider the following in determining whether or not the gravel parking is warranted:
  - (i) The request for consideration to allow a parking area in conjunction with the temporary use shall be made in writing concurrently with the temporary use application;



- (ii) The applicant shall provide documentation that the type of temporary use requested will not be financially viable if the parking space surface area requirement is imposed; and
- (iii) Approval of the gravel parking area will not create adverse conditions affecting safe ingress and egress when combined with other uses of the property.
- (d) Any area where harmful soil contamination could reasonably be expected shall be protected with appropriate surface cover and collection devices.

Response: Not applicable, no temporary use is requested as part of this development.

#### (11) Access Drives.

- (a) Access drives from the street to off-street parking or loading areas shall be designed and constructed to facilitate the flow of traffic and provide maximum safety for pedestrian and vehicular traffic on the site;
- (b) The number and size of access drives shall be in accordance with the requirements of Chapter 17.84 SHMC, Access, Egress, and Circulation;
- (c) Access drives shall be clearly and permanently marked and defined through use of rails, fences, walls, or other barriers or markers on frontage not occupied by service drives;
- (d) Access drives shall have a minimum vision clearance as provided in Chapter 17.76 SHMC, Visual Clearance Areas;
- (e) Access drives shall normally be improved with an asphalt or concrete surface or other similar type material approved by the city; and
- (f) Where more public harm would occur than good, the director can waive some hard surface requirements on access drives.

Response: See sheets C-2 and C-3. A shared driveway is proposed to provide access to the two northern lots. This shared driveway meets the requirements set forth in section 17.84.070(1).

[...]

(16) Maintenance of Parking Areas. All parking lots shall be kept clean and in good repair at all times. Breaks in paved surfaces shall be repaired promptly and broken or splintered wheel stops shall be replaced so that their function will not be impaired.

Response: The applicant understands that all parking areas shall be kept clean and in good repair at all times. Once each single-family home is sold, this will become the responsibility of the individual owners.

[...]

### Chapter 17.84 – Access, Egress, and Circulation



#### 17.84.030 – Joint access and reciprocal access easements

Owners of two or more uses, structures, or parcels of land may agree to utilize jointly the same access and egress when the combined access and egress of both uses, structures, or parcels of land satisfies the combined requirements as designated in this code, provided:

- (1) Satisfactory legal evidence shall be presented in the form of deeds, easements, leases, or contracts to establish the joint use; and
- (2) Copies of the deeds, easements, leases, or contracts are placed on permanent file with the city. (Ord. 3150 § 3 (Att. B), 2011; Ord. 2875 § 1.116.030, 2003) [...]

Response: See sheets C-3 and C-4. An access and utility easement is proposed to run lengthwise towards the northern lots to provide legal access and to provide an easement for proposed water services.

#### 17.84.040- Public street access

- (1) All vehicular access and egress as required in SHMC 17.84.070 and 17.84.080 shall connect directly with a public or private street approved by the city for public use and shall be maintained at the required standards on a continuous basis.
- (2) Vehicular access to structures shall be provided to residential uses and shall be brought to within 50 feet of the ground floor entrance or the ground floor landing of a stairway, ramp, or elevator leading to the dwelling units.
- (3) Vehicular access shall be provided to commercial or industrial uses, and shall be located to within 50 feet of the primary ground floor entrances.

Response: See sheets C-2 and C-3. All vehicular access points connect to South 21<sup>st</sup> Street either directly or by a shared driveway.

[...]

(6) Measuring Distance between Access Points. The distance between access points shall be measured from the centerline of the proposed driveway or roadway to the centerline of the nearest adjacent roadway or driveway.

Response: The applicant understands how these access points are measured.

(7) Development Fronting onto an Arterial Street.

[...]

Response: Not applicable, the proposed development fronts a local street, not an arterial street.

[...]

#### 17.84.070 – Minimum requirements – Residential use

(1) Vehicular access and egress for single-dwelling units, duplexes or attached single-dwelling units on individual lots, residential use, shall comply with the following:)



- (2) Private residential access drives shall be provided and maintained in accordance with the provisions of the Uniform Fire Code.
- (3) Access drives in excess of 150 feet in length shall be provided with approved provisions for the turning around of fire apparatus in accordance with the engineering standards of SHMC Title 18 and/or as approved by the fire marshal.
- (4) Vehicle turnouts (providing a minimum total driveway width of 24 feet for a distance of at least 30 feet) may be required so as to reduce the need for excessive vehicular backing motions in situations where two vehicles traveling in opposite directions meet on driveways in excess of 200 feet in length.
- (5) Where permitted, minimum width for driveway approaches to arterials or collector streets shall be no less than 20 feet so as to avoid traffic turning from the street having to wait for traffic exiting the site.
- (6) Vehicular access and egress for multiple-dwelling unit uses shall comply with the following:

[...]

(Ord. 3150 § 3 (Att. B), 2011; Ord. 3144 § 2 (Att. A), 2011; Ord. 2875 § 1.116.070, 2003)

Response: The proposed access drive is less than 150 feet long and has been designed in accordance with SHMC 17.84.070(1) Figure 15.

#### **Chapter 17.132 – Tree Removal**

[ ... ]

#### 17.132.025 Tree plan requirement

- (1) A tree plan for the planting, removal, and protection of trees prepared by a certified arborist or other capable professional as allowed by the director (for property or site with more than 10 trees or any tree over two feet DBH) shall be provided for any lot, parcel or combination of lots or parcels for which a development application for a land division, site development review, planned development or conditional use is filed. Protection is preferred over removal where possible.
- (2) The tree plan shall include the following:
  - (a) Identification of the location, size, DBH and species of all existing trees including trees designated as significant by the city;
  - (b) Identification of a program to save existing trees or mitigate tree removal over 12 inches DBH. Mitigation must follow the replacement guidelines of SHMC 17.132.070(4) according to the following standards:
    - (i) Retainage of less than 50 percent of existing trees over 12 inches DBH requires a mitigation program according to SHMC 17.132.070(4) with a ratio of two minimum two-inch DBH trees for each 12-inch or greater DBH tree to be removed.



- (ii) Retainage of over 50 percent of existing trees over 12 inches DBH requires the trees to be mitigated according to SHMC 17.132.070(4) with a ratio of one minimum two-inch DBH tree for each 12-inch or greater DBH tree to be removed.
- (c) Identification of all trees which are proposed to be removed; and
- (d) A protection program defining standards and methods that will be used by the applicant to protect trees during and after construction.
- (3) Trees removed within the period of one year prior to a development application listed above will be inventoried as part of the tree plan above and will be replaced per this chapter. (Ord. 3264 § 2 (Att. A), 2021; Ord. 3144 § 2 (Att. A), 2011; Ord. 2875 § 1.160.025, 2003)

Response: See sheet C-5. A tree preservation and removal plan has been created. All trees on-site are planned to be removed due to close proximity to the proposed residences. Due to the restricted size of the site no mitigation is currently proposed.

#### 17.132.070 - Illegal tree removal - Violation - Replacement of trees

- (1) The following constitute a violation of this chapter:
  - (a) Removal of a tree:
    - (i) Without a valid tree removal permit; or
    - (ii) In noncompliance with any condition of approval of a tree removal permit;
    - (iii) In noncompliance with any condition of any city permit or development approval; or
    - (iv) In noncompliance with any other section of this code.
  - (b) Breach of a condition of any city permit or development approval which results in damage to a tree or its root system.
- (2) If the director has reason to believe that a violation of this chapter has occurred, then he or she may do any or all of the following:
  - (a) Require the owner of the land on which the tree was located to submit sufficient documentation, which may include a written statement from a qualified arborist or forester, showing that removal of the tree was permitted by this chapter
  - (b) Pursuant to SHMC 17.24.390, initiate a hearing on revocation of the tree removal permit and/or any other permit or approval for which this chapter was an approval standard;
  - (c) Seek a stop order;
  - (d) Seek a citation; or
  - (e) Take any other action allowed by law.
- (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code, any party found to be in violation of this chapter pursuant to Chapter 17.12 SHMC shall be subject to a civil penalty of up to \$500.00 and shall be



required to remedy any damage caused by the violation. Such remediation shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- (a) Replacement of unlawfully removed or damaged trees in accordance with subsection (4) of this section; and
- (b) Payment of an additional civil penalty representing the estimated value of any unlawfully removed or damaged tree, as determined using the most current International Society of Arboriculture's Guide for Plant Appraisal.
- (4) Replacement of a tree shall take place according to the following guidelines:
  - (a) A replacement tree shall be a substantially similar species considering site characteristics;
  - (b) If a replacement tree of the species of the tree removed or damaged is not reasonably available, the director may allow replacement with a different species of equivalent natural resource value;
  - (c) The director may permit one or more replacement trees to be planted on other property within the city, either public property or, with the consent of the owner, private property whenever it is not viable to place the trees on the site;
  - (d) The planting of a replacement tree shall take place in a manner reasonably calculated to allow growth to maturity.
- (5) In lieu of tree replacement under subsection (4) of this section, a party may, with the consent of the director, elect to compensate the city for its costs in performing such tree replacement.
- (6) The remedies set out in this section shall not be exclusive. (Ord. 2875 § 1.160.070, 2003)

Response: The applicant understands these standards. The applicant does not know of any or does not plan to illegally remove trees from the site.

## Chapter 17.140 – Land Division – Land Partitioning – Lot Line Adjustment

#### 17.140.050 – Special provisions for lots created through partition process

- (1) Lot Dimensions. Lot size, width, shape and orientation shall be appropriate for the location of the development and for the type of use contemplated, and:
- (a) No lot shall be dimensioned to contain part of an existing or proposed public right-of-way;
- (b) The depth of all lots shall not exceed two and one-half times the average width, unless the parcel is less than one and one-half times the minimum lot size of the applicable zoning district; and
- (c) Depth and width of properties zoned for commercial and industrial purposes shall be adequate to provide for the off-street parking and service facilities required by the type of use proposed.
- (2) Through Lots. Through lots shall be avoided except where they are essential to provide separation of residential development from major traffic arterials or to overcome specific disadvantages of topography and orientation, and:



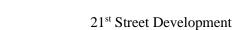
- (a) A planting buffer at least 10 feet wide is required abutting the arterial rights-of-way; and
- (b) All through lots shall provide the required front yard setback on each street.
- (3) Large Lots. In dividing tracts into large lots or parcels which at some future time are likely to be redivided, the approving authority may require that the lots be of such size and shape, and be so divided into building sites, and contain such site restrictions as will provide for the extension and opening of streets at intervals which will permit a subsequent division of any tract into lots or parcels of smaller size, and:
- (a) The land division shall be denied if the proposed large development lot does not provide for the future division of the lots and future extension of public facilities.
- (4) Fire Protection. The fire district may require the installation of a fire hydrant where the length of an accessway would have a detrimental effect on fire fighting capabilities.
- (5) Reciprocal Easements. Where a common drive is to be provided to serve more than one lot, a reciprocal easement which will ensure access and maintenance rights shall be recorded with the approved partition map.
- (6) Accessway. Any accessway shall comply with the standards set forth in Chapter 17.84 SHMC, Access, Egress, and Circulation.
- (7) The streets and roads are laid out so as to conform to the plats of subdivisions and maps of partitions already approved for adjoining property as to width, general direction and in all other respects unless the city determines it is in the public interest to modify the street or road pattern. (Ord. 2875 § 1.172.050, 2003)

Response: All lot dimensions and sizes have been designed in accordance with the R-5 zoning standards.

#### 17.140.060 – Lot line adjustments – Approval standards

- (1) The director shall approve or deny a request for a lot line adjustment in writing based on findings that the criteria stated are satisfied as follows:
  - (a) An additional parcel is not created by the lot line adjustment, and the existing parcel reduced in size by the adjustments is not reduced below the minimum lot size established by the zoning district;
  - (b) By reducing the lot size, the lot or structure(s) on the lot will not be in violation of the site development or zoning district regulations for that district;
  - (c) The resulting parcels are in conformity with the dimensional standards of the zoning district; and
  - (d) The lots involved were legally created.
- (2) The provisions of SHMC 17.140.050 shall also apply to lot line adjustments. (Ord. 2875 § 1.172.060, 2003)

Response: As seen within the provided survey documentation, 2 legal lots of record exist on the subject property. As part of this process, a lot line adjustment will occur followed by a partition to create the lots shown within the provided plan set.





## **Chapter 17.152 – Street and Utility Improvement Standards**

#### 17.152.050- Easements

- (1) Easements. Easements for sewers, drainage, water mains, electric lines or other public utilities shall be either dedicated or provided for in the deed restrictions, and:
  - (a) Where a development is traversed by a watercourse, or drainageway, there shall be provided a storm water easement or drainage right-of-way conforming substantially with the lines of the watercourse.
- (2) Utility Easements. A property owner proposing a development shall make arrangements with the city, the applicable district and each utility franchise for the provision and dedication of utility easements necessary to provide full services to the development. (Ord. 2875 § 1.184.050, 2003)

Response: See sheet C-3 and C-4. An access and utility easement is proposed to provide legal access for the northern lots and for new water services.

#### 17.152.060 – Sidewalks and other frontage improvements

- (1) Sidewalks and frontage improvements shall be constructed, replaced or repaired to city design standards as set forth in the standard specifications manual and located as follows:
  - (a) On both sides of arterial and collector streets to be built at the time of street construction;
  - (b) On both sides of all other streets and in pedestrian easements and rights-of-way, except as provided further in this section or per SHMC 17.152.030(1)(d), to be constructed along all portions of the property designated for pedestrian ways in conjunction with development of the property.
- (2) A planter/landscape strip separation of at least five feet between the curb and the sidewalk shall be required in the design of any arterial or collector street, except where the following conditions exist: there is inadequate right-of-way; the curbside sidewalks already exist on predominant portions of the street; it would conflict with the utilities; or as indicated otherwise by the transportation systems plan (TSP) (see TSP Figures 7-2 and 7-3) or an adopted street plan.
- (3) Maintenance. Maintenance of sidewalks, curbs, and planter/landscape strips is the continuing obligation of the adjacent property owner.
- (4) Application for Permit and Inspection. If the construction of a sidewalk and frontage improvements is not included in a performance bond of an approved subdivision or the performance bond has lapsed, then every person, firm or corporation desiring to construct sidewalks and frontage improvements as provided by this chapter shall, before entering upon the work or improvement, apply for a street opening permit to the engineering department to so build or construct:
  - (a) An occupancy permit shall not be issued for a development until the provisions of this section are satisfied or a fee in lieu has been paid to the city pursuant to subsection (6) of this section;



- (b) The city engineer may issue a permit and certificate allowing temporary noncompliance with the provisions of this section to the owner, builder or contractor when, in his or her opinion, the construction of the sidewalk or frontage improvements is impractical for one or more of the following reasons:
  - (i) Sidewalk grades have not and cannot be established for the property in question within a reasonable length of time;
  - (ii) Forthcoming installation of public utilities or street paving would be likely to cause severe damage to the new sidewalk and frontage improvements;
  - (iii) Street right-of-way is insufficient to accommodate a sidewalk on one or both sides of the street; or
  - (iv) Topography or elevation of the sidewalk base area makes construction of a sidewalk impractical or economically infeasible;
- (c) The city engineer shall inspect the construction of sidewalks and frontage improvements for compliance with the provision set forth in the standard specifications manual.
- (5) Council Initiation of Construction. In the event one or more of the following situations are found by the council to exist, the council may adopt a resolution to initiate construction of a sidewalk and other frontage improvements in accordance with city ordinances:
  - (a) A safety hazard exists for children walking to or from school and sidewalks are necessary to eliminate the hazard;
  - (b) A safety hazard exists for pedestrians walking to or from a public building, commercial area, place of assembly or other general pedestrian traffic, and sidewalks are necessary to eliminate the hazard;
  - (c) Fifty percent or more of the area in a given block has been improved by the construction of dwellings, multiple dwellings, commercial buildings or public buildings and/or parks; and
  - (d) A criterion which allowed noncompliance under subsection (4)(b) of this section no longer exists and a sidewalk could be constructed in conformance with city standards.
- (6) Fee in Lieu Option. An applicant may request or the city may require the applicant to pay a fee in lieu of constructing sidewalks and frontage improvements to be approved by the city engineer.
  - (a) A fee in lieu may be approved given conditions including but not limited to the following:
    - (i) There is no existing or planned sidewalk network in the area.
    - (ii) There is a planned sidewalk or multi-use pathway in the vicinity of the site, or an existing multi-use pathway stubbing into the site, that would provide better pedestrian connectivity.
    - (iii) When physical improvements are present along an existing or proposed street that would prevent a reasonable installation within the right-of-way.



- (iv) When sidewalks and other frontage improvements would be located on land with cross slopes greater than nine percent, or other conditions that would create a potential hazard.
- (v) Other situations unique to the site.
- (b) The fee shall be not less than 125 percent of the cost to perform the work, as determined by the city engineer, based on the applicable city standards in effect at the time of application. Or the city engineer may require the applicant's engineer to provide a cost estimate, subject to review and approval by the city, to determine the cost to perform the work. The fee shall be paid prior to plat recording or issuance of a building or development permit.
- (c) All fees paid shall be used for construction of a sidewalk and/or other related frontage improvements or multi-use pathway, or repair and maintenance of an existing sidewalk and/or related frontage improvements or pathway within the city of St. Helens. (Ord. 3241 § 3 (Att. B), 2019; Ord. 3150 § 3 (Att. B), 2011; Ord. 2875 § 1.184.060, 2003)

Response: The existing sidewalk fronting the subject property will be replaced along the entire frontage. Due to the length of the frontage, no street trees are proposed. All sidewalk maintenance will be passed onto whomever purchases each single-family home. A public improvements permit will be obtained prior to completion of any work within the Right-of-Way.

#### 17.152.080 - Water services

- (1) Water Supply (Required). Municipal water system shall be installed to serve each new development and to connect development to existing mains in accordance with the provisions set forth in the standard specification manual and the adopted policies of the St. Helens comprehensive plan.
- (2) Water Supply Plan Approval. The city engineer shall approve all water supply plans and proposed systems prior to issuance of development permits involving water service. Such plans and systems shall be designed by a registered professional engineer.
- (3) Oversizing. Proposed water systems shall include consideration of additional development within the area as projected by the St. Helens comprehensive plan.
- (4) Permits Denied. Development permits may be restricted by the commission or council (i.e., the applicable approval authority) where a deficiency exists in the existing water system or portion thereof which cannot be rectified within the development and which if not rectified will result in a threat to public health or safety, surcharging of existing mains, or violations of state or federal standards pertaining to operation of the water system.
- (5) In some cases, a municipal water system may not be required, such as for nonconsumption purposes like landscape irrigation or industrial processing. The city engineer and building official shall decide when this exception is to be allowed.
- (6) Extension of water mains shall be public (i.e., under control of a public authority) except where a variance is approved per Chapter 17.108 SHMC. (Ord. 3150 § 3 (Att. B), 2011; Ord. 2875 § 1.184.080, 2003)



Response: Three new connections to the existing water main in South 21<sup>st</sup> street will be made (one service for each new sing-family home). No changes in service are proposed for the existing single-family home.

#### **17.152.090**– Sanitary sewers

- (1) Sewers (Required).
  - (a) Public sanitary sewers shall be installed to serve all properties being developed and having to comply with plumbing codes adopted by the city of St. Helens except where a variance is approved per Chapter 17.108 SHMC.
  - (b) Any proposed installation of sanitary sewers shall comply with this section.
- (2) Sewer Plan Approval. The city engineer shall approve all sanitary sewer plans and proposed systems prior to issuance of development permits involving sewer service. Such plans and systems shall be designed by a registered professional engineer.
- (3) Oversizing. Proposed sewer systems shall include consideration of additional development within the area as projected by the St. Helens comprehensive plan.
- (4) Permits Denied. Development permits may be restricted by the commission or council (i.e., the applicable approval authority) where a deficiency exists in the existing sewer system or portion thereof which cannot be rectified within the development and which if not rectified will result in a threat to public health or safety, surcharging of existing mains, or violations of state or federal standards pertaining to operation of the sewage treatment system.
- (5) For the purpose of this section "public sanitary sewer" means a sewer in which all owners of abutting properties have equal rights, and is controlled by the city. (Ord. 3150 § 3 (Att. B), 2011; Ord. 2875 § 1.184.090, 2003)

Response: One new connection will be made for the home abutting South 21<sup>st</sup> Street while the northern lots will connect to a public sanitary main along the northern property line. No changes in service are proposed for the existing single-family home.

#### 17.152.100 – Storm drainage

- (1) Storm Drainage General Provisions. The director and city engineer shall issue a development permit only where adequate provisions for storm water and floodwater runoff have been made, which may require storm water facilities, and:
  - (a) The storm water drainage system or storm water facilities shall be separate and independent of any sanitary sewerage system;
  - (b) Where possible, inlets shall be provided so surface water is not carried across any intersection or allowed to flood any street; and
  - (c) Surface water drainage patterns shall be shown on every development proposal plan.



- (2) Easements. Where a subdivision is traversed by a watercourse, drainageway, channel or stream, there shall be provided a storm water easement or drainage right-of-way conforming substantially with the lines of such watercourse and such further width as will be adequate for conveyance and maintenance.
- (3) Accommodation of Upstream Drainage (Must Comply with State and Federal Requirements). A culvert or other drainage or storm water facility shall be large enough to accommodate potential runoff from its entire upstream drainage area, whether inside or outside the development, and:
  - (a) The city engineer shall approve the necessary size of the storm water facility, based on the provisions of the city's adopted master drainage plan.
- (4) Effect on Downstream Drainage. Where it is anticipated by the city engineer that the additional runoff resulting from the development will overload an existing drainage or storm water facility, the director and engineer shall withhold approval of the development until provisions have been made for improvement of the potential condition or until provisions have been made for storage of additional runoff caused by the development in accordance with the city's current master drainage plan.
- (5) Any storm water facility shall be designed by a registered professional engineer.
- (6) Any storm water facility shall be public (i.e., under control of a public authority) and located on city owned property, city right-of-way or city easement except where a variance is approved per Chapter 17.108 SHMC or where such facility is determined to be private by the city engineer (e.g., private detention ponds for commercial or industrial development).
- (7) For the purpose of this section, "storm water facility" means any structure(s) or configuration of the ground that is used or by its location becomes a place where storm water flows or is accumulated including, but not limited to, pipes, sewers, street gutters, manholes, catch basins, ponds, open drainageways and their appurtenances. Milton Creek, McNulty Creek, and the Columbia River are not storm drain facilities. (Ord. 3150 § 3 (Att. B), 2011; Ord. 2875 § 1.184.100, 2003)

Response: See sheet C-5. For each new single family home, a storm system will be constructed to manage stormwater from proposed roofs.



# CITY OF ST. HELENS PLANNING DEPARTMENT

# MEMORANDUM

**TO:** Planning Commission acting as the Historic Landmarks Commission

FROM: Jennifer Dimsho, AICP, Associate Planner

RE: 71 Cowlitz Street (The Klondike Tavern) Architectural Review

**DATE:** March 5, 2024

Per SHMC 17.32.070(7), permanent exterior architectural changes to buildings (that are not officially recognized historic resources) shall comply with the *Riverfront District Architectural Guidelines*. The Historic Landmarks Commission shall make a recommendation to the approval authority as to whether the Commission believes the proposal complies. Please review your copy of the guidelines when looking at this proposal and be prepared to discuss. The guidelines can also be found on the City's website:

https://www.sthelensoregon.gov/planning/page/riverfront-district-architectural-design-guidelines

The Planning Commission reviewed and approved previous work for this property, which is summarized below. No building permits have been submitted for this work.

- SDRm.2.23 (April 2023) Minor Site Development Review (SDRm.2.23) to construct a new 682 sq. ft. covered porch addition, a corresponding basement addition, a new ADA lift at the main entry, a new basement entry door/stairs, a new exterior double door to the proposed porch addition, a new door into the restaurant near the ADA lift, and structural improvements to the foundation to help prevent the building from settling
- Revised SDRm.2.23 (July 2023) Revisions to SDRm.2.23 included replacing the ADA lift with a sloped ramp/walkway for a future elevator shaft, a new wooden basement window, relocation of the full-light basement door, and winter/rain folding accordion windows on the porch addition

In February 2024, the applicant requested to include an elevator and other site improvements, including a new driveway and a 2-space parking lot and trash enclosure. These changes are substantial enough to require a new Site Development Review (SDR). The SDR application has not been submitted, but due to funding, the applicant requested that the PC review for architectural guidelines compliance to keep the review process moving quickly.

There are many exterior modifications with the proposal, but most have already been reviewed by the PC (see above). The purpose of this memo is to focus on work related to *new* project components. *New* project components include an elevator, an elevator tower "bridge" to connect to each level, 3 new windows on the west elevation, 2 new windows on the south elevation, removal of 4 windows on the south elevation because of the elevator tower "bridges," and a new metal awning over a previously approved lower-level entry. Staff thoughts are included below organized in the order that they appear in the Guidelines. Questions for the Commission to discuss are in red.

#### **Awnings & Canopies**

The Guidelines encourage the use of awnings for shade in the summer and protection during rain. Awnings should be rectangular (not arched), and metal is preferred. The new awning over the basement door to the new elevator complies.

80

#### **Building Facade/Entry**

The applicant addresses the history of the original building façade/entry in their narrative. The original St. Helens hotel was removed in 1951. This is when the west elevation of the "annex," or what is today the Klondike Tavern, became the location of the main entry stair and the west façade was exposed to the street.

This section encourages projects to keep historic façades, original windows, doors, and entryways intact. The entry which was established in 1951 is not proposed to change. The west façade has the most substantial changes especially around the new elevator shaft which connects to the floors with new elevator "bridges" which contain new windows and require the removal of four original windows. Does the Commission feel the improvements related to accessibility justify the substantial changes to the west elevation/façade and the removal of original windows? Perhaps a discussion about alternative elevator locations with the applicant will help the Commission decide the answer to this question. Are there other elevator locations which do not require removal of windows?

The Guidelines encourage projects to keep the building alignment at the front property line oriented towards the street. Adding an elevator on the west elevation will mean that guests who arrive for the 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> floors will likely enter not from the existing stair entry closest to the street, but they will enter at the entry which provides them closer access to the elevator. However, given the history of the west elevation and that the main entry stair was added in 1951 and will remain, staff does not feel there is an alterative solution which meets this requirement better than the proposal does.

Alterations should not be made to look "older" or "more historic" than it is. This applies to the new elevator. Staff feels the proposal is easily distinguished from the original, but the Commission can discuss this further if desired.

#### **Material & Building Colors**

The elevator tower is proposed to have matching *horizontal* shiplap siding to match the existing horizontal siding. The tower "bridge" element will have *vertical* siding to match the siding which is below the 1<sup>st</sup> level. During rehabilitation of buildings, the Guidelines encourage that materials used should be replaced with similar material types to maintain the original appearance of the structure. One question staff had was about the fiber-cement panels proposed at the top of the elevator shaft. Fiber cement panels can take many different appearances, so is there more detail about what the panels would look like and the purpose they serve?

The previous porch addition roof did not include detail. This proposal notes a "standing seam metal roof: bronze." The guidelines discourage the use of bright, unfinished metal. This seems to comply, but a metal roof does not match the existing Klondike Tavern roof. Is the Commission comfortable with this material difference? There is also a lack of detail on the elevator shaft roof. What is the applicant's material choice for the steep elevator roof? Should a roof material which more closely aligns with the main building be proposed?

#### Windows

The Guidelines do not want to create a false sense of historical appearance by selecting windows which may simply "appear to have an antiquated style or design." The three new windows proposed on the west elevation and the one new "metal framed solarium window" appear fairly contemporary. Does the Commission agree with the three new wood framed fixed glass window and the metal-framed solarium window, as opposed to trying to match the double hung windows on the rest of the façade? There is

one new double-hung window proposed on the south elevation which matches the rest.

The Guidelines also discuss keeping original windows and not covering or obscuring historical windows, particularly on upper levels. It says where structural rehabilitation requires covering of windows, window cuts should be filled with complementing building materials. Does the Commission feel that the modifications to the west and south elevations related to removal of the original windows, and the obscuring of original windows, is justified given the applicant's need for accessibility improvements to rehabilitate the 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> floors? Have alternative locations which do not require these modifications been ruled out?

#### **Attachments**

Site Plan (1 Page)
Proposed Elevations (4 Pages)
Applicant's Narrative (4 Pages)
Elevations: Existing Conditions/Demolition Plan (1 Page)
First Floor Plan (1 Page)
Second & Third Floor Plan (1 Page)

Page 3 81

# **Design Narrative for Elevator and Porch Addition to 71 Cowlitz**



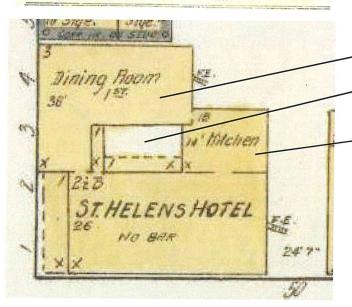
ST. HELENS HOTEL

This popular hostelry is conducted built. was what is now known as "the old able lobby. Steam heat, part," that is the portion, as the tions, so the "new addition" was in this line.

The St. Helens hotel is the by Jacob George and wife, old resi- largest hotel in the county. It has dents of St. Helens. When they took 70 rooms, a very large dining room, charge of the notel the main building parlors, and a spacious and comfortlights, hot and cold water add to the picture shows, which has the porch. convenience and comfort of the convenience and comfort of the With the building of the mill, many necessity in a live town, and the St. more transients wanted accommoda- Helens hotel fills all requirements

The original Saint Helens Hotel was the gabled "Opera House," which was moved from the main town square to the corner of First and Cowlitz and expanded later with the existing Annex structure, which added 24 hotel rooms on the second and third floors, a whole-floor dining room, and a reception/office room which incorporated the open banister stair to the second floor.

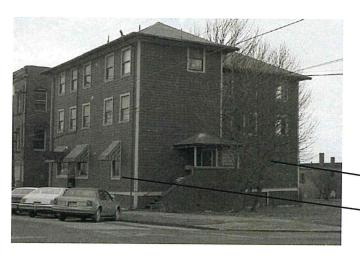
The "Opera House" was built in the late seventies and featured a steeper roof line and front porch, 45 hotel rooms and a lobby. It served as the main entrance and corner feature to the complex, and together with a seperate kitchen building, it created an interior courtyard between itself and the Annex.



Remaining Saint Helens Hotel Annex

Former interior coutyard

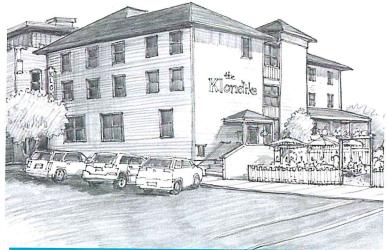
Preceding auxiliary structure (a kitchen with basement)

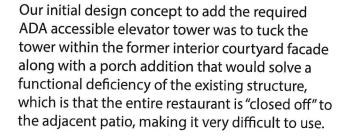


After the original Hotel Facade was deconstructed in 1951, a small entry stair addition was added to the Annex to enter into the original office/lobby, a section of original street facade along Cowlitz remains, and the interior courtyard elements became exposed to the street across what is today the brick dining patio.

Former interior courtyard

Original street facade





Our idea was to make this addition both distinguishable from the original structure as well as integrated aesthetically to "make sense" visually; to add architectural interest as a separate addition; and to reference the original architectural elements of both the original hotel porch as well as other structures in the historic downtown.

One challenge we then faced is that the elevator tower requires significantly more height above the top floor than we thought - to incorporate required mechanical and safety space.

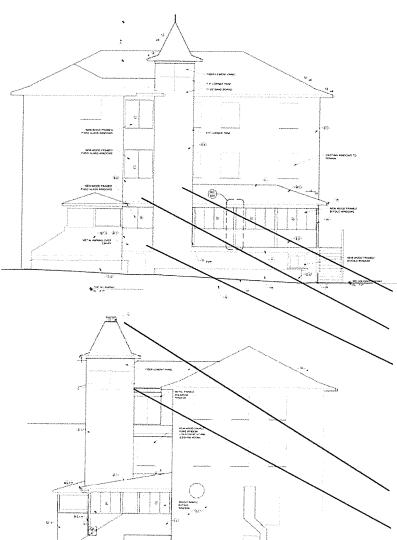
Higher elevation required of tower addition.

We felt like our original design looked a bit odd, like at once trying to blend while also sticking out.

We looked at examples of building-adjacent towers from the era of construction of the original and annex Hotel Buildings, including the town's featured courthouse bell tower. These towers typically were very prominent and featured steeper roofing than the main structure.







Our proposed design embraces the concept of a featured, prominent tower, using the historic precedent of a steeper roof (referencing the town clock tower on the courthouse, towers contemporaneous to the era, as weol as the original hotel's steeper roof pitch and historic precedence for varying roof pitches).

The tower will feature matching horizontal wood "shiplap" siding, and will use the building's existing "vertical wood siding" along the skirt to create an architecturally distinguished "bridge" element between the tower and the original structure.

Tower with matching horizontal siding

Bridge element with matching vertical siding

Traditional-shaped awning for raincover over entry.

The tower will feature functional and decorative trim matching the existing building trim, as well as a decorative cornice element.

Cornice element

Matching trim

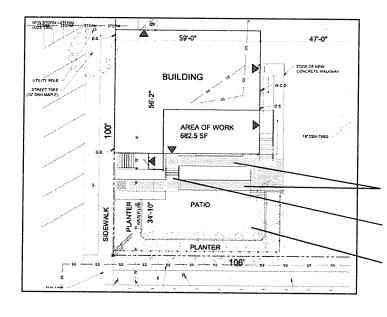
The entire porch and tower addition will feature wood framed casement windows which both integrate with the historic guideline requirements and also distinguish the addition from the original structure, helping to vidually seperate the original structure from the new elements.

The design preserves the existing patio and most of the mature landscaping around it, and adds a gently sloping ADA accessible path (and shortcut stairway) to the lower level elevator vestibule.

Sloping ADA path.

**Shortcut Stairway** 

Existing patio and mature landscapint



# Elements from the "Olde Town Design Guidelines" we are referencing:

The Historic Saint Helens Hotel Annex is somewhat different than the typical "Commercial Vernacular" buildings - it is a remnant addition of an original building facade that predated in style many of the existing street facades and structures (p. 3). We preserve the street facade of the building, but the structure is atypical in that it has the patio space where the original building once stood. The elevator tower has no specific historic precedent but is required by code to re-activate the non-occupancy upper levels. So design interpretations must be made.

The building has featured traditional canopies, and we are proposing one tucked next to the elevator tower for rain cover over the lower vestibule entry. This style canopy is specifically referred to as an approved style in the guidelines (pp, 4-5).

We are preserving the existing building street facade and entry (pp. 7), and we are proposing a distinguished building addition on the former-interior-courtyard side of the building. Our addition "reinforces the character-defining features found in Olde Towne and adds to the sense of place. New construction should not detract, but further enhance the historic structures in the district by incorporating façade elements found there" (p. 8).

We are using doors, kickplates and windows "similar in shape, size and material to those found in Olde Town" (p. 8), we are adding a lower ADA entryway stepped back within the property that "is easily identified" (p. 8).

We are incorporating path and entry lighting features that "have simple designs that do not draw attention away from the façade, or should draw on period lighting style to complement façade details" (p. 10).

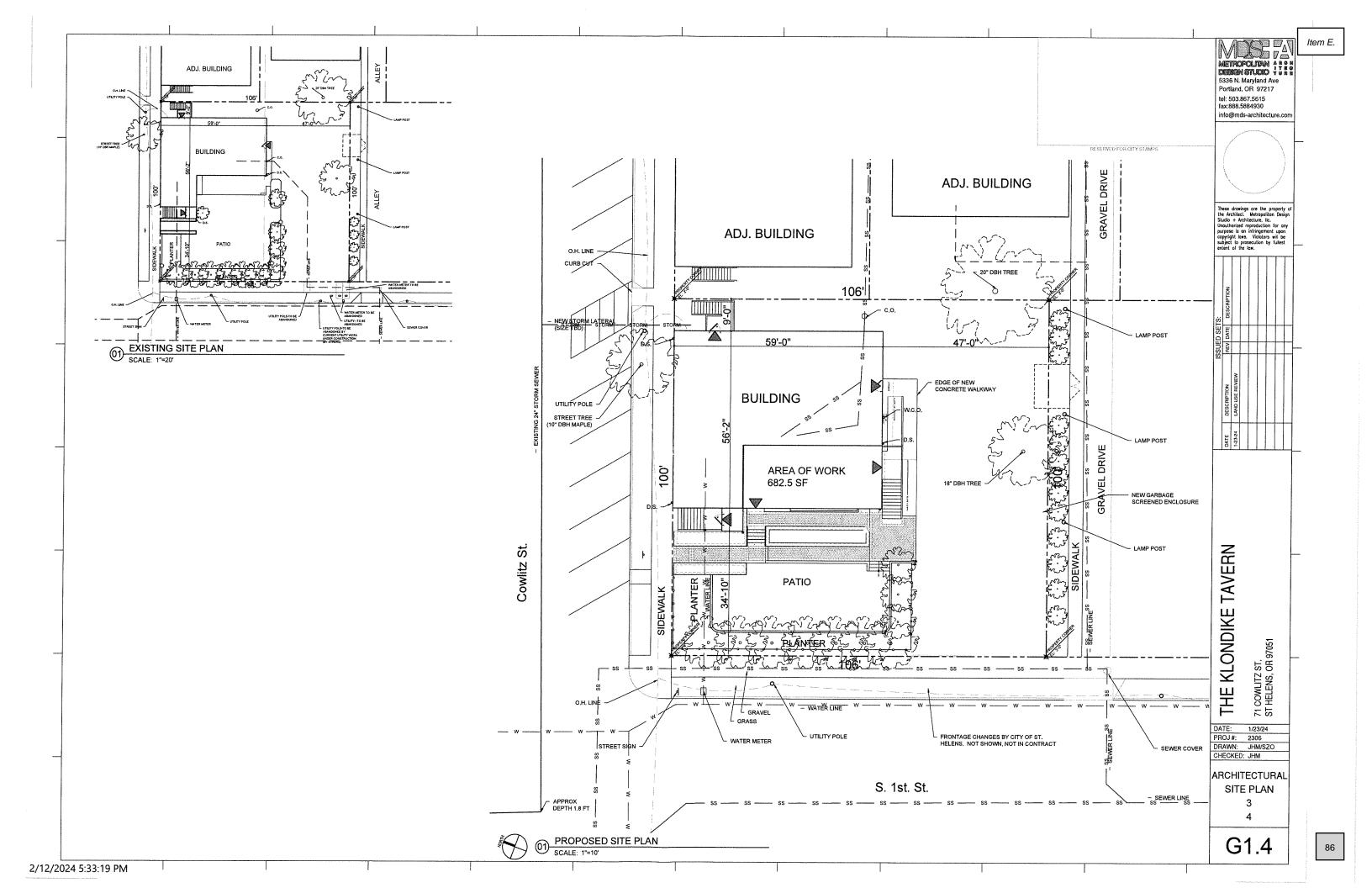
We are using traditional, matching siding and trim materials to those existing on the current building (p. 16).

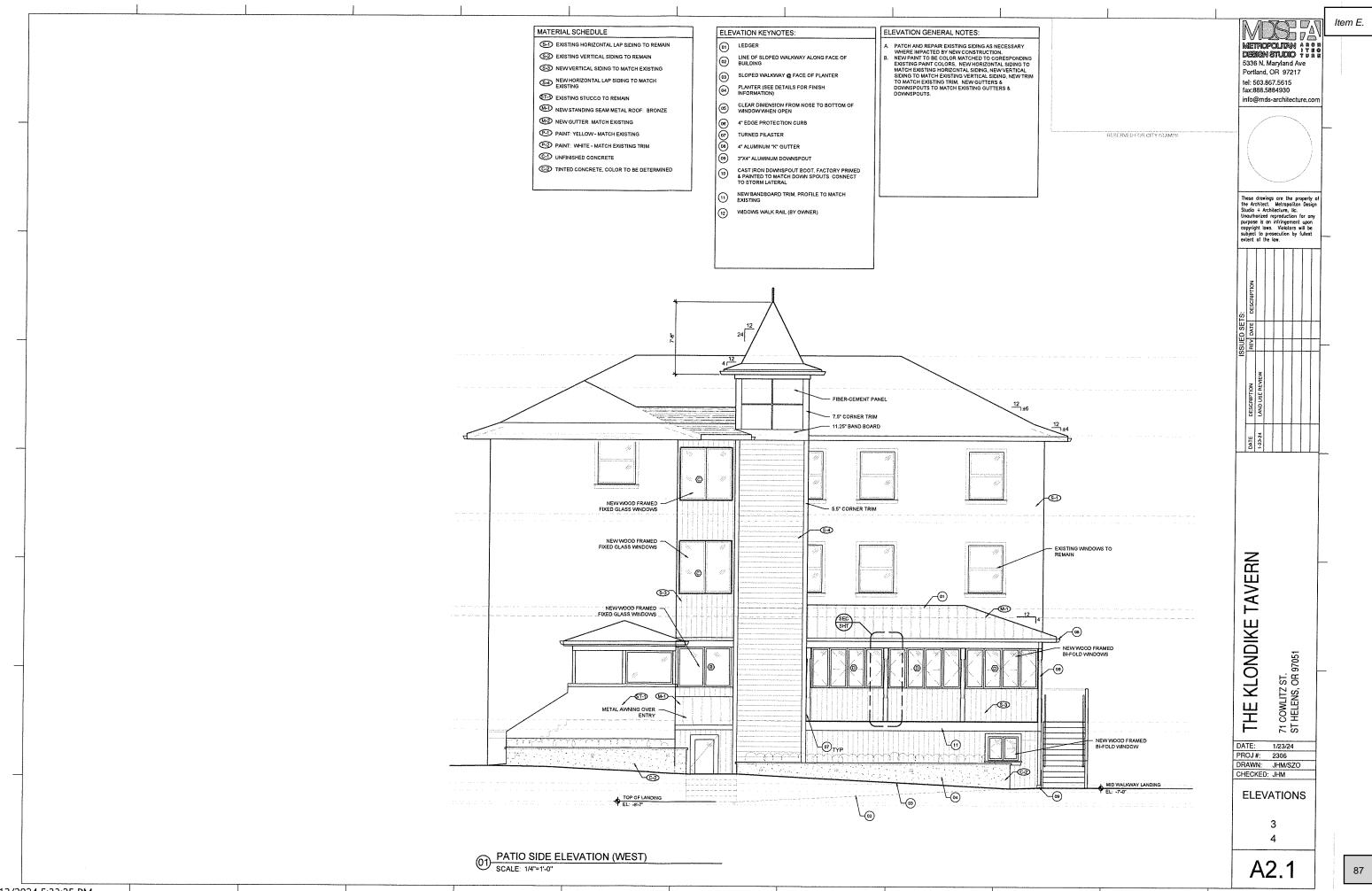
We are maintaining the existing flush street facade and working with the existing, historic setback of the current building (p. 19).

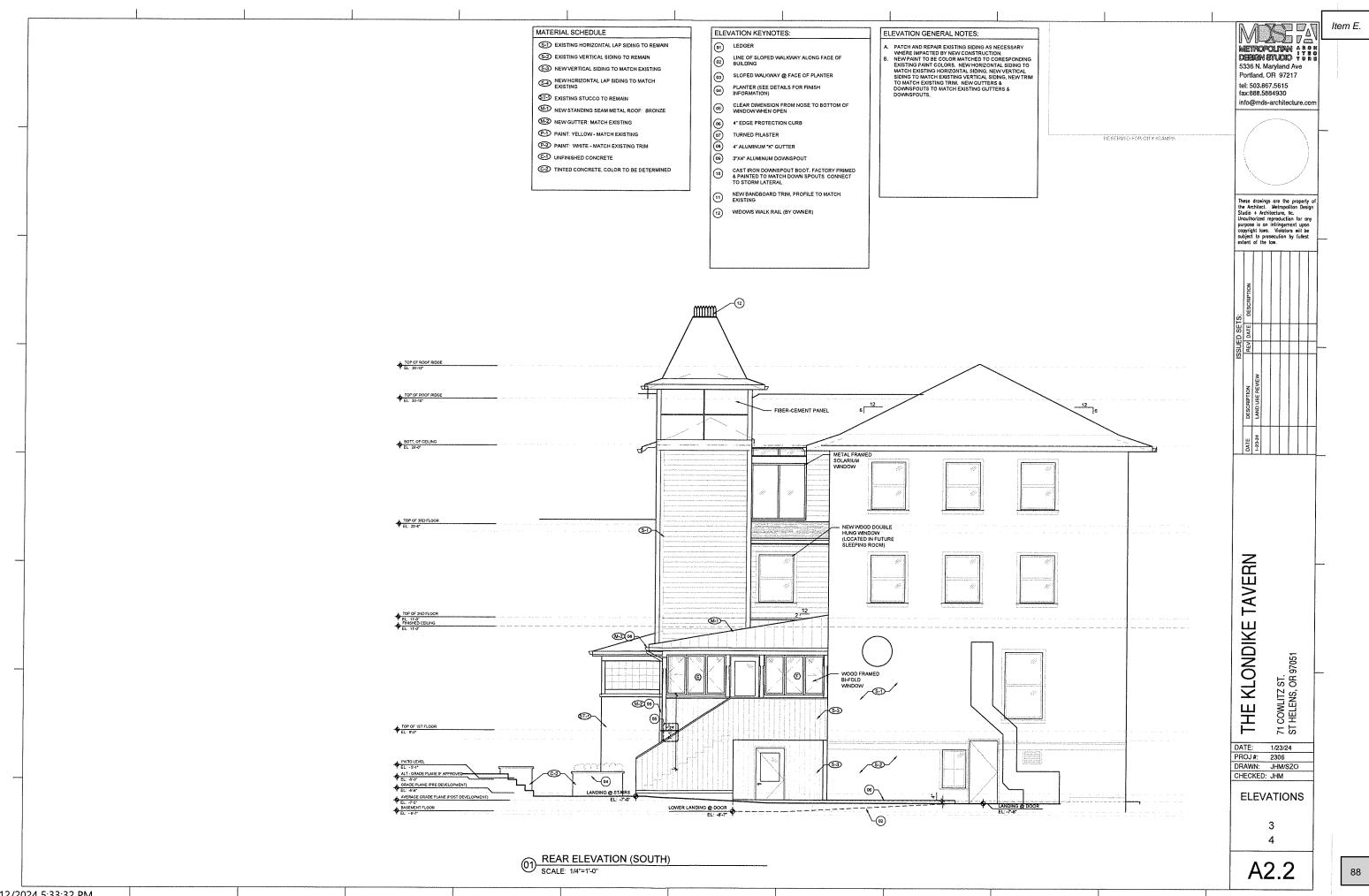
We are working within the required and aesthetic" height, bulk and scale" of the surrounding structures (p. 20).

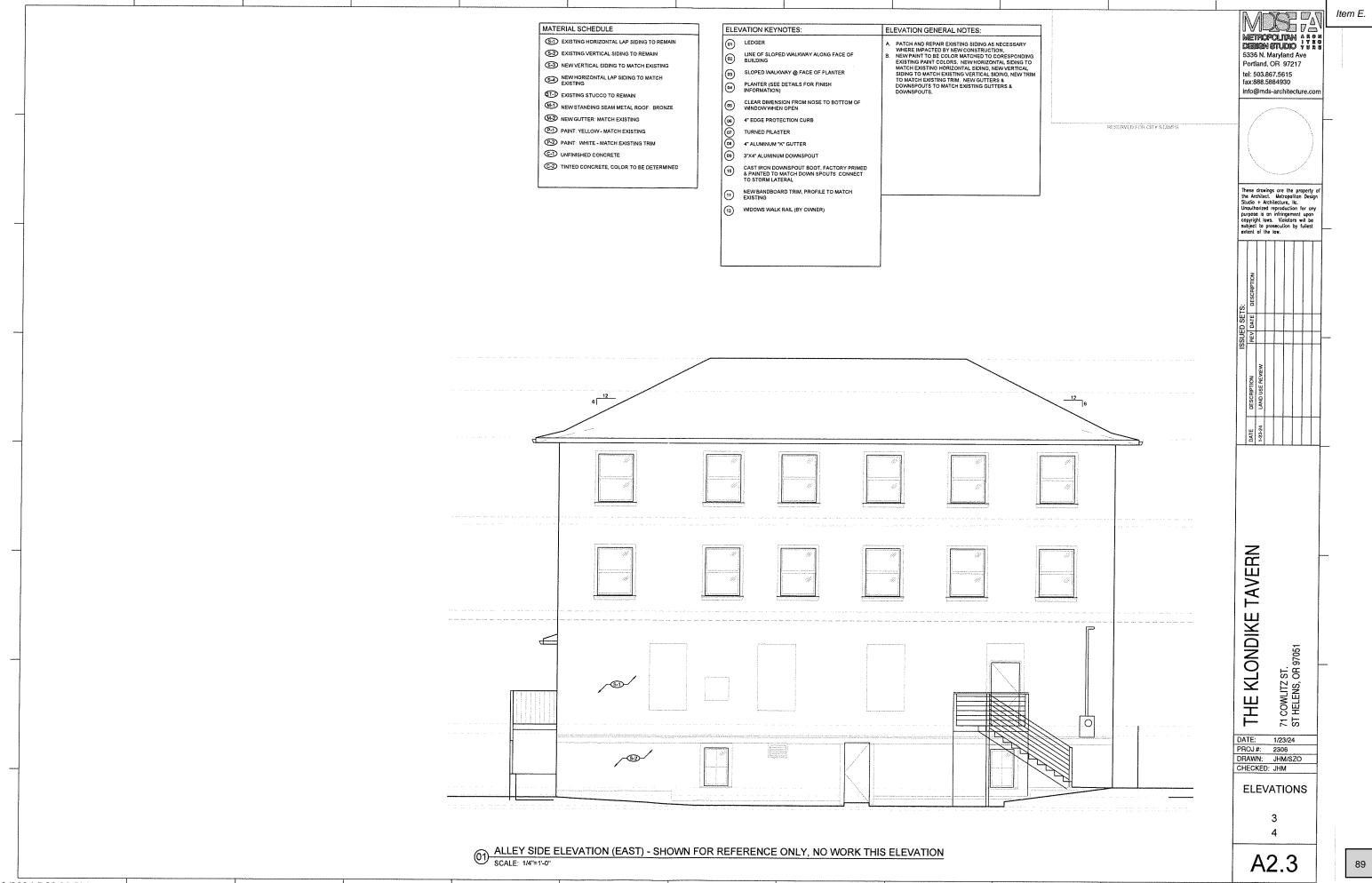
Our design of the addition "conveys a traditional design with large and tall windows" (p. 21), adding upper windows that "convey a vertical emphasis" (p. 22).

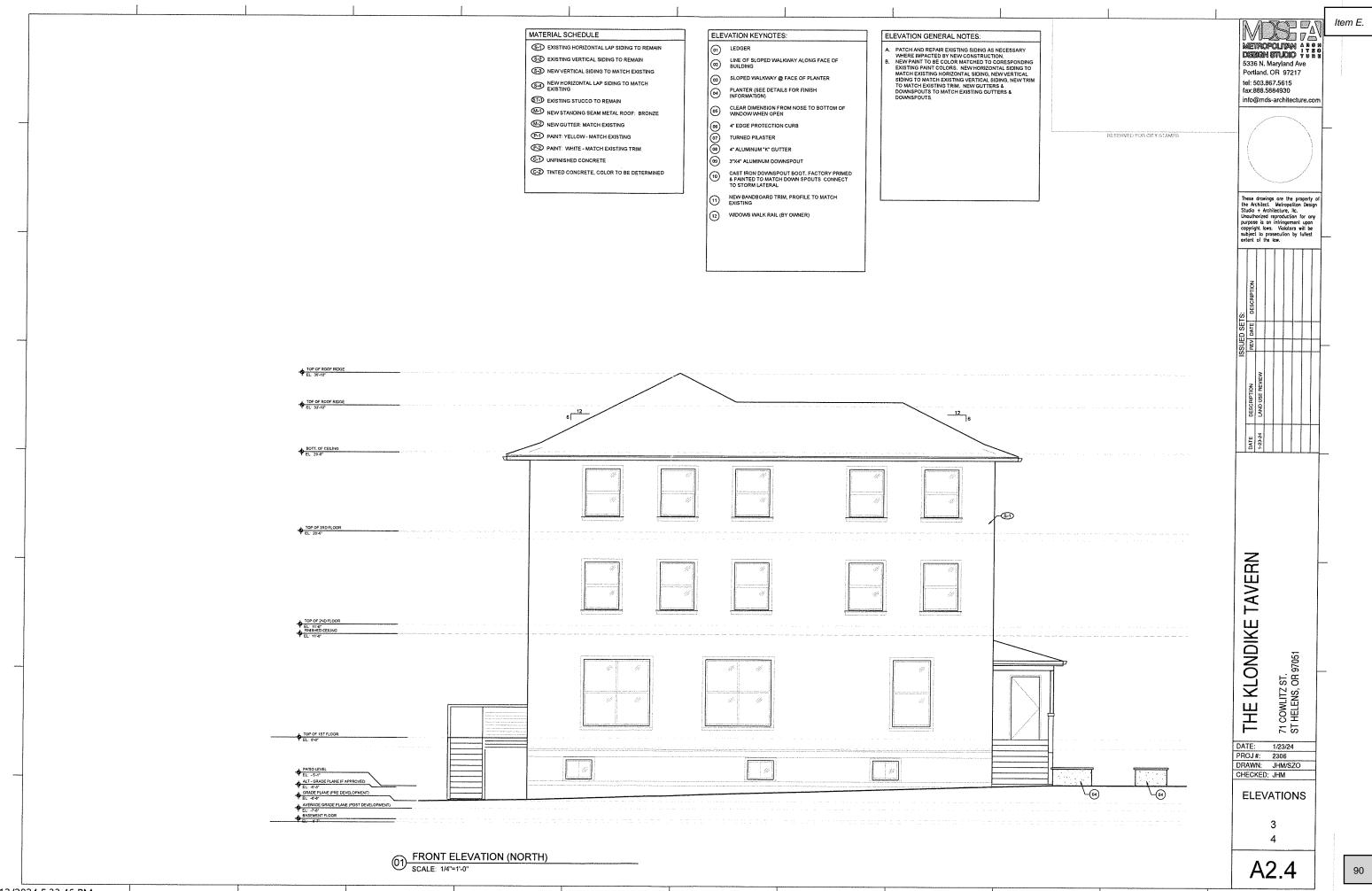
Some of the windows on the historic interior courtyard facade will be either replaced by doorways or removed in order to add the elevator tower and bridging. We are tucking the elevator and bridge into the interior corner away from the street and intersection to minimize the visual impact of these window changes.



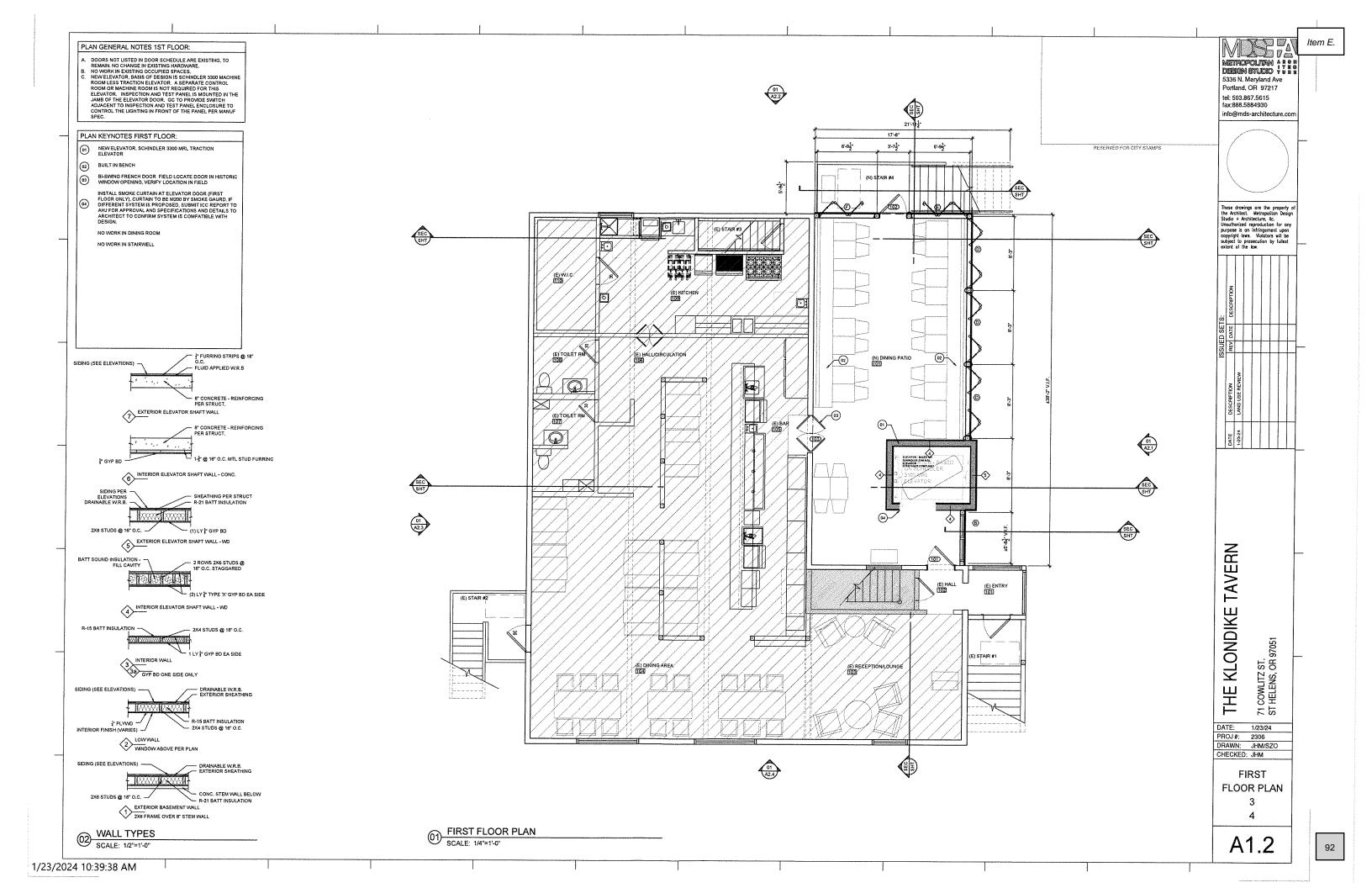












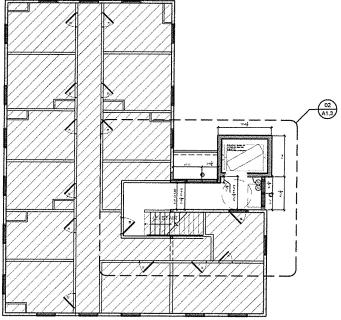
#### PLAN GENERAL NOTES 2ND & 3RD FLOORS:

WORK IN 2ND AND SRD FLOORS IS LIMITED TO INSTALLATION OF ELEVATOR A CONNECTION TO EXISTING BUILDING AS REQUIRED. NO FINISHES ARE TO BE INSTALLED IN THIS PHASE. THESE FLOORS ARE TO REMAIN UNDOCUPIED UNTIL PHASE 2. TO BE UNDER SEPARATE PERMIT. FFFFF = FACE OF FINISH TO FACE OF FINISH FFFFS = FACE OF FINISH TO FACE OF STUD NO SMOKE CONTAINMENT IS REQUIRED FOR ELEVATOR DOORS ON FLOORS 2 & 3. FLOORS ARE UN-OCCUPIED.

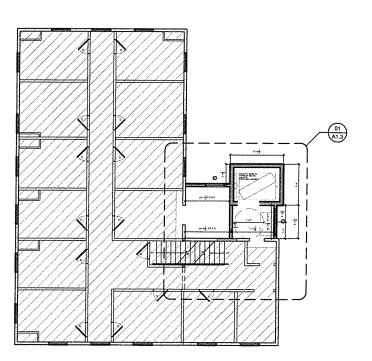
#### PLAN KEYNOTES 2ND & 3RD FLOORS:

- NEW ELEVATOR: BASIS OF DESIGN IS SCHINDLER 3300 MACHINE ROOM LESS ELEVATOR.
- LOCKABLE 13 1/X15 1/X3 1/ METAL CABINET WITH GROUP-1 KEY TO HOUSE REQUIRED ELECTRICAL SCHEMATICS AND MAINTENANCE HISTORY DOCUMENTS. COORDINATE FINAL LOCATION WITH OWNER AND ELEVATOR MANUF.
- FUSED DISCONNECT SWITCH IN LOCKABLE PANEL WITH A GROUP 2 KEY. PER ELEVATOR MANUF SPEC. COORDINATI FINAL LOCATION WITH ELEVATOR MANUF & OWNER.

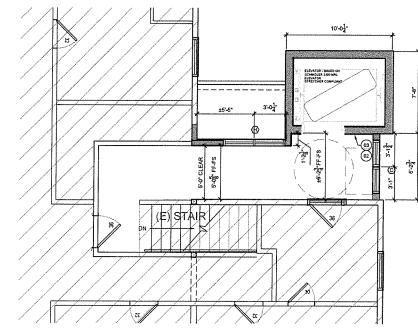
69



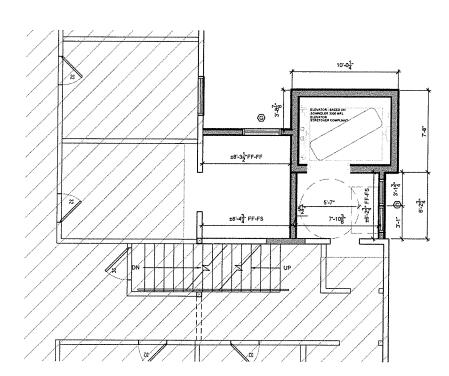
O4 THIRD FLOOR PLAN
SCALE: 1/8"=1'-0"



SECOND FLOOR PLAN
SCALE: 1/8"=1'-0"



PARTIAL THIRD FLOOR PLAN
SCALE: 1/4"=1"-0"



PARTIAL SECOND FLOOR PLAN
SCALE: 1/4"=1'-0"

Item E.

METROPOLITAN ARRINDESIGN STUDIO 5336 N. Maryland Ave Portland, OR 97217

tel: 503.867.5615 fax:888.5884930 info@mds-architecture.com

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RESERVED FOR CITY STAMPS

TAVERN KLONDIKE 置

I COWLITZ ST. T HELENS, OR 97051 ZT ST

DATE: 1/23/24 PROJ#: 2306 DRAWN: JHM/SZO CHECKED: JHM

SECOND FLOOR PLAN 3 4

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1/23/2024 10:39:44 AM

Date: 02.27.2024

## CITY OF ST. HELENS PLANNING DEPARTMENT ACTIVITY REPORT

City of St. Helens

To: City Council

From: Jacob A. Graichen, AICP, City Planner

**cc**: Planning Commission

This report does not indicate all *current planning* activities over the past report period. These are tasks, processing and administration of the Development Code which are a weekly if not daily responsibility. The Planning Commission agenda, available on the City's website, is a good indicator of *current planning* activities. The number of building permits issued is another good indicator as many require Development Code review prior to Building Official review.

**ASSOCIATE PLANNER/PROJECT MANAGER**—In addition to routine tasks, the Associate Planner/Community Development Project Manager has been working on: See attached.

#### PLANNING ADMINISTRATION—PREAPPLICATIONS MEETINGS

Conducted a pre-application meeting for a potential improvement to the Klondike building in the Riverfront District.

Had a preliminary Q&A meeting for potential commercial development at US30 / Millard Street.

Had a preliminary Q&A meeting for potential new café in an existing building in the Riverfront District.

Some time spent on a pair of annexations submitted last year that will probably be fully processed this year. One was communicating with the owner about probate and ownership changes; the other starting an above average complex legal description.

#### PLANNING ADMINISTRATION—MISC.

Proactive projects this month include continuing to work on the 2024 Development Code amendment and we had our kickoff meeting for the Economic Opportunities Analysis (EOA) effort, which is anticipated to be completed and adopted in 2025.

Conducted final inspection for the RV park at 58551 Kavanaugh Avenue on the first day of the month. The land use permit started in the county, but the site has since been annexed. Another project from the last several years done.

Ridgecrest Lots 152-157 are the last remaining undeveloped lots in this subdivision on the far west side of town. Working with an ecological consultant hired by the owner for updated information to address conditions of a planned development subdivision decision in 2007. Issue has to do with wetlands/riparian area rules being adopted and the timing of the development.

Responded to a County referral for a nonconforming use determination at 35259 Pittsburg Road for the city's water reservoir replacement proposal. This is a city project.

#### DEVELOPMENT CODE ENFORCEMENT

In 2017 an application was submitted to use a property as a storage site along Gable Road. A fence was built, but the application to the County was withdrawn. Towards the end of last year, the site started to be used for storage despite conversations with County and City staff. Not having any progress, I filed a complaint with the County. The site is on the west side of 2130 Gable Road. There seems to be movement of cooperation as of the date of this memo.

An unlawful use of land / unpermitted fill issue for a vacant on N. 14th Street finally came to a

conclusion after the issue started in 2013 and lasted through several owners. The current one, finaled a fill permit originated by a previous owner. 2013 is not a misprint! This will be a good example—with photos—of residential zoning in the next semi-annual report.

City Administrator requested we deal with the damaged O'Reilly Auto Parts sign. Its state of disrepair for at least 90 days triggers certain code provisions. Hoping that sending correspondence to the corporate office will result in action to remove or repair the sign.



#### PLANNING COMMISSION (& acting HISTORIC LANDMARKS COMMISSION)

<u>February 13, 2024 meeting (outcome)</u>: The Commission approved a Variance to allow a waking path closer to a windowed wall than normally allowed. This is for development underway in the Houlton area.

The Commission considered the recommendations of the Commission's interview subcommittee and agreed with selecting the two candidates. A Commissioner who will be generally unavailable after April (and why two candidates were selected instead of one) resigned effective at the end of this meeting.

The Commission also discussed this year's code amendments.

As the Historic Landmarks Commission, they considered revisions to a previously approved Historic Resource Review for the John Gumm School.

<u>March 12, 2024 meeting (upcoming)</u>: At a minimum, the Commission has three public hearings including a couple of yard (setback) variances and an appeal of a 3-parcel partition/lot line adjustment. The other is an Historic Resource Review which they will review, *as the Historic Landmarks Commission*, for modifications to the historic resource at 175 S. 1<sup>st</sup> Street.

### **GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEMS (GIS)**

Data updates relates to recent Comprehensive Map and Zoning Map amendments.

Quarterly data updates.

#### MILLARD ROAD PROPERTY

Chase road easement agreement originated in 2009 with an 11-year window for development to occur to vest the easement. This is an access easement from the western boundary of the Millard Road property to the Chase Road right-of-way. We extended this for two years in 2020. Still no development. It was extended again in 2022 for two more years, making the next deadline March 31, 2024. Still no development, yet. Speaking with the grantor again towards the end of this month, no more extensions will be granted but this doesn't mean a new easement can't be negotiated in the future. Although the access easement will be moot in a month, there is also a utility easement reserved that does not have a timeline to vest, so we still have some tools to facilitate urban development in this area.

From: <u>Jennifer Dimsho</u>
To: <u>Jacob Graichen</u>

Subject: February Planning Department Report Date: Friday, February 23, 2024 1:17:15 PM

Attachments: image001.png

Here are my additions to the February Planning Department Report.

#### **GRANTS**

- Business Oregon Infrastructure Finance Authority Low-interest loan for Streets &
   Utilities Project and Riverwalk improvements. Provided updates to loan officer. Compiled
   invoices and submitted our 2<sup>nd</sup> loan disbursement request. Received confirmation that
   this was received/processed.
- 2. Riverwalk Project (OPRD Grants x2) Final CDs received on 2/2, bidding open on 2/7 and anticipated to close on 3/7. Held pre-bid meeting on 2/15. 5 contractors are currently on the planholders list. Mayer/Reed contract extension approved by Council on 2/20. Working with County on an agreement to use County's parking lot as the construction access into Columbia View Park.
- 3. Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) \$2.5 million grant award to fund design/engineering/permitting for the City's Sanitary Sewer Improvement Project which 3 sanitary sewer basins identified as deficient in the adopted Wastewater Master Plan. Consor contract approved on 2/21 by Council after meeting to discuss local land use and environmental permitting required. Working with CRPUD to get a triangular-shaped property annexed into the City which contains City sewer to be upsized as part of this project near US 30.
- **4. CLG Historic Preservation Grant Program** SHPO Certified Local Government Program. Received our contract for 17k. State approved work plan. Executed contract with property owners. Project to be completed by July 31, 2024.
- 5. **DLCD Technical Assistance Program** 60k will fund a new Economic Opportunities Analysis (EOA). Contract approved with the state and with our consultants. Project kickoff held on 2/14. Provided initial baseline GIS data and signed an authorization form to gather economic data on behalf of the City. Began monthly project check-ins.
- 6. ODOT Community Paths Program: St. Helens Scappoose Trail Refinement Project 405k to study a trail route refinement project (30% design) from St. Helens to Scappoose. Award is \$363,407, with a match of around 42k split between Scappoose, the County, and us. We finally received our draft/initial contract from ODOT after waiting since November 2023. I provided a series of questions to ODOT regarding the draft contract. Working on Draft IGAs with County and Scappoose to cover match and project coordination. Working on scoping with ODOT and scheduling scoping meetings with County and Scappoose.
- 7. Travel Oregon Grant Program Received 100k grant to fund ADA component of the Riverwalk Project Thanks to Columbia Economic Team and our Regional Destination

- Marketing Organization for providing support. Received 50% of the grant as contract terms require.
- 8. ODOT TGM Program: Transportation Systems Plan Assisting with planning process.

  ODOT says it could be ~6 months before we see movement on this project. Coordinated & attended another meeting with a contractor interested in the project.

#### **PROJECTS & MISC**

- 9. Riverfront Streets/Utilities Project Attending weekly check-ins. Pump station just needs generator. Bluff trail construction is moving along. Tualatin staircase/bluff trailhead under construction. North and south water quality swales underway. Undergrounding at 1<sup>st</sup> Street and St. Helens Street design complete. 2 contractors provided bids on 2/22. Engineering is preparing contract with lowest bidder for approval at 3/6 Council meeting.
- 10. **Urban Renewal Agency** Prepared for a URA Basics & Budget Overview meeting held on 2/7. Elaine Howard provided a URA 101 presentation, while John, Gloria, and I provided background on our adopted URA Plan and upcoming FY 24-25 budget process.
- 11. US Census Boundary & Annexation Survey 2023 This is an annual survey where we provide GIS shapefile updates of any changes to the City limits boundaries. In our case, this is usually a few annexations which were fully processed by Ordinance the following year. Our responses were due by March 1 in order to be included in the American Community Survey & Population Estimates Program. They have detailed methodology for creating the shapefile using their data and uploading it into their secure system. We received confirmation that they received our submittal.

#### Jenny Dimsho, AICP | Community Development Project Manager

City of St. Helens | Planning Department 265 Strand Street, St. Helens, OR 97051 | www.sthelensoregon.gov P: (503) 366-8207 | jdimsho@sthelensoreon.gov

