

ZONING ADMINISTRATOR MEETING AGENDA

4:00 PM - Wednesday, July 05, 2023

Community Meeting Chambers, Los Altos City Hall 1 North San Antonio Road, Los Altos, CA

Members of the Public may call (253) 215-8782 to participate in the conference call (Webinar ID: 837 8166 2443 or via the web at https://tinyurl.com/v7uk4nfb with Passcode: 312128). Members of the Public may only comment during times allotted for public comments and public testimony will be taken at the direction of the Zoning Administrator. Members of the public are also encouraged to submit written testimony prior to the meeting at ZAPublicComment@losaltosca.gov. Emails received prior to the meeting will be included in the public record.

ESTABLISH QUORUM

PUBLIC COMMENTS ON ITEMS NOT ON THE AGENDA

Members of the audience may bring to the Commission's attention any item that is not on the agenda. Please complete a "Request to Speak" form and submit it to the Staff Liaison. Speakers are generally given two or three minutes, at the discretion of the Chair. Please be advised that, by law, the Commission is unable to discuss or take action on issues presented during the Public Comment Period. According to State Law (also known as "the Brown Act") items must first be noticed on the agenda before any discussion or action.

ITEMS FOR CONSIDERATION/ACTION

CONSENT CALENDAR

These items will be considered by one motion unless any member of the Commission or audience wishes to remove an item for discussion. Any item removed from the Consent Calendar for discussion will be handled at the discretion of the Chair.

1. Zoning Administrator Meeting Minutes

Approval of the FINAL minutes of the regular meeting of June 7, 2023.

PUBLIC HEARING

2. SC22-0034 – Han Ren and Yanhua Ren – 239 Marich Way

Design Review for a new 3,896 square-foot two-story single-family residence. This project is categorically exempt from environmental review under Section 15303 ("New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures") of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). *Project Planner: Gallegos*

COMMISSIONERS' REPORTS AND COMMENTS

POTENTIAL FUTURE AGENDA ITEMS

ADJOURNMENT

SPECIAL NOTICES TO PUBLIC

In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act and California Law, it is the policy of the City of Los Altos to offer its programs, services and meetings in a manner that is readily accessible to everyone, including individuals with disabilities. If you are a person with a disability and require information or materials in an appropriate alternative format; or if you require any other accommodation, please contact department staff. Advance notification within this guideline will enable the City to make reasonable arrangements to ensure accessibility. The City ADA Coordinator can be reached at (650) 947-2607 or by email:

Agendas, Staff Reports and some associated documents for Design Review Commission items may be viewed on the Internet at http://losaltosca.gov/meetings.

If you wish to provide written materials, please provide the Commission Staff Liaison with 10 copies of any document that you would like to submit to the Commissioners in order for it to become part of the public record.

For other questions regarding the meeting proceedings, please contact the City Clerk at (650) 947-2720.



ZONING ADMINISTRATOR MEETING AGENDA

4:00 PM - Wednesday, June 7, 2023

Community Meeting Chambers, Los Altos City Hall 1 North San Antonio Road, Los Altos, CA

CALL MEETING TO ORDER

At 4:00 p.m. the Zoning Administrator called the meeting to order.

ESTABLISH QUORUM

PRESENT: Zoning Administrator Zornes

STAFF: Senior Planner Gallegos

PUBLIC COMMENTS ON ITEMS NOT ON THE AGENDA

None.

ITEMS FOR CONSIDERATION/ACTION

CONSENT CALENDAR.

1. **Zoning Administrator Meeting Minutes**

Approval of the FINAL minutes of the regular meeting of May 17, 2023.

Action: Zoning Administrator Zornes approved meeting minutes for regular meeting of May 17, 2023.

The motion was approved (1-0) by the following vote:

AYES: Zornes NOES: None

PUBLIC HEARING

2. SC22-0001 - Anat Sokul - 1000 Crooked Creek Drive

Design Review for a new 4,906 square-foot two-story single-family residence. This project is categorically exempt from environmental review under Section 15303 ("New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures") of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). *Project Planner: Gallegos*

STAFF PRESENTATION

Senior Planner Gallegos presented the staff report recommending approval of design review application SC22-0001 subject to the listed findings and conditions.

PUBLIC COMMENT

A neighbor provided public comment via zoom.

Architect Anat Sokul of 1000 Crooked Creek Drive made herself available to answer any questions.

Zoning Administrator Zornes closed the public comment period.

<u>Action</u>: Zoning Administrator Zornes approved design review application SC22-0001 per the staff report findings and conditions.

The motion was approved (1-0) by the following vote:

AYES: Zornes NOES: None

POTENTIAL FUTURE AGENDA ITEMS

The next meeting on June 21, 2023 is cancelled.

ADJOURNMENT

Zoning Administrator Zornes adjourned the meeting at 4:11 PM.

Nick Zornes
Zoning Administrator





TO: Nick Zornes, Zoning Administrator

FROM: Sean Gallegos, Senior Planner

SUBJECT: SC22-0034 – 239 Marich Way

RECOMMENDATION

Approve design review application SC22-0034 for the construction of a new 3,896 square foot, two-story house subject to the listed findings and conditions of approval and find the project categorically exempt under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) pursuant to Section 15303 ("New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures").

BACKGROUND

Project Description

- <u>Project Location</u>: 239 Marich Way, on the north side of Marich Way, between Jordan Avenue and Panchita Way
- <u>Lot Size</u>: 11,475 square feet
- General Plan Designation: Single-Family, Medium Lot (SF4)
- Zoning Designation: R1-10
- <u>Current Site Conditions</u>: One-story house

The proposed project includes the demolition of an existing one-story house and replacement with a new two-story house with 2,753 square feet on the first story and 1,142 square feet on the second story (see Attachment A – Project Plans). The design of the new residence adopts a neo-eclectic architectural style that combines various decorative techniques from different house styles. It incorporates elements of a ranch house, including simple massing, roof forms, and a practical aesthetic. Additionally, contemporary architectural features such as simplified forms, open floor plans, and minimalistic details are integrated. This fusion of styles results in a cohesive design that balances tradition and modernity. For the exterior, the materials selected include a concrete shingle roof, flat stucco siding, stone wainscoting, and vinyl-framed windows and doors.

The proposed design maintains the front facade facing Parma Way and the house and driveway will be located similarly to the original house. The new house expands towards the rear property line while ensuring the driveway does not exceed 50% of the required front yard area. It also increases the left interior side setback, eliminating the nonconforming setback of the previous house.

The subject property has a total of 11 trees, with six of them classified as protected trees under the city's Tree Protection Regulations. Among the protected trees, T11 to T15 will be retained, while T10 will be removed. An arborist's report determined that T10, a Coast Redwood tree, is in fair health but

highly affected by the new house. The decision to remove T10 aligns with the Tree Protection Regulations' criteria No. 2, which allows for the removal for economic or aesthetic reasons related to the property. Considering the property layout, preserving T10 is not feasible as it would hinder the new house expansion towards the rear, given the presence of another redwood tree (T10) on the opposite side. Overall, the preservation of the other protected trees and the removal of T10 comply with the Tree Protection Regulations, striking a balance between landscape aesthetics and safety concerns.

ANALYSIS

Design Review

The proposed house complies with the R1-10 district development standards found in Los Altos Municipal Code (LAMC) Chapter 14.06, as demonstrated by the following table:

	Existing	Proposed	Allowed/Required
COVERAGE:	1,311 square feet	2,582 square feet	3,442 square feet
FLOOR AREA:			
1st Floor	1,311 square feet	2,753 square feet	
2nd Floor	-	1,142 square feet	
Total	1,311 square feet	3,896 square feet	3,897 square feet
SETBACKS:			
Front	35 feet	35 feet	25 feet
Rear	132.6 feet	95 feet	25 feet
Right side(1 st /2 nd)	9.5 feet/-	5 feet/10 feet	5 feet/10.2 feet
Left side $(1^{st}/2^{nd})$	5 feet/-	5.7 feet/10.5 feet	5 feet/10.2 feet
HEIGHT:	14.6 feet	23 feet	27 feet

The lot, being 51 feet wide, falls under the category of a narrow lot due to its width being less than 80 feet. As per Section 14.06.08.E.2, narrow lots are subject to specific setback requirements. The interior side yard setback for narrow lots should be ten percent of the average lot width, with a minimum of five feet. Additionally, if a thirty-five-foot front yard setback is provided, the second-story setback can be reduced to five feet. Consequently, the project is permitted to have a first-story side yard setback of five feet, two inches, and a second-story side yard setback of ten feet, two inches.

As per Chapter 14.76 of the LAMC, new two-story residences must comply with the Single-Family Residential Design Guidelines. The design guidelines suggest that designs in a Diverse Character neighborhood should incorporate some design elements, materials, and scale that are present in the neighborhood while maintaining its own unique design integrity. The proposed design follows this recommendation and will be compatible with the surrounding properties.

The neighborhood context map on Sheet A1.3 provides an overview of the neighborhood's physical characteristics, including boundaries, streets, buildings, and natural features. The streetscape elevations show how the proposed residence's architectural style, massing, and bulk relate to the surrounding

residences. These visuals aid in assessing the proposed residence's integration and compatibility with the neighborhood's existing aesthetics.

The design guidelines and review findings emphasize the importance of minimizing the structure's bulk. In line with these requirements, the proposed design utilizes stucco and stone veneer on the first story to visually break down the massing and create a more dynamic appearance. The application of stucco on the second story serves to soften and reduce the perceived bulkiness. By strategically incorporating these materials on the exterior, the design effectively breaks down the massing and enhances the visual interest of the facade.

The proposed wall plate heights of 9.5 feet for the first story and 8.5 feet for the second story align with the scale of the neighboring residences, which typically have plate heights ranging from 8 to 9 feet. This design choice ensures that the building maintains a harmonious appearance and doesn't stand out as disproportionate when viewed from the street. The concealed eight-foot, six-inch second-floor wall plate height within the existing roof elevation further preserves the overall scale of the structure and ensures its seamless integration with the surrounding properties.

The low-pitched roof and roof form play a crucial role in reducing the perceived bulk of the structure. The first-story roof form and horizontal eave line create visual breaks in the wall plane, while the articulation and roof forms of the second story further break down the massing into smaller sections, resulting in an aesthetically appealing and less bulky appearance.

Moreover, the proposed height of the 23-foot-tall house aligns with the scale of neighboring houses in the area. Considering that the neighborhood consists of one-story houses ranging from 14 to 17 feet in height, as well as two-story houses ranging from 22 to 26 feet, the proposed height falls within the acceptable range and is lower than the maximum permitted 27-foot height limit. This ensures that the building blends in harmoniously with the overall character of the neighborhood, avoiding any visual discrepancies or disruptions to the character of the neighborhood.

As part of the landscaping plan for the property, new trees will be planted to enhance privacy. This includes the addition of a Maidenhair tree along the right rear corner of the site and 15 Pittosporum Tenuifolium screening trees along the right property line. The existing protected trees (Nos. T10 to T15) will be preserved. The landscaping plan will adhere to the Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance, ensuring that the design incorporates water-efficient landscaping practices, as mandated for new residences with landscaping areas exceeding 500 square feet.

The proposed project aligns with the development standards of the R1-10 zoning district and adheres to the Single-Family Residential Design Guidelines. It successfully achieves compatibility with the neighborhood's character by establishing appropriate relationships with adjacent structures, minimizing bulk, and making efforts to preserve existing trees to the best extent possible.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

This project is categorically exempt from environmental review under Section 15303 ("New Construction or Conversion of Small Structures") of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) because it involves the construction of a single-family dwelling in a residential zone.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATION AND CORRESPONDENCE

A public meeting notice was posted on the property, mailed to property owners within 300 feet of the subject site, and published in the Town Crier. The applicant also posted the public notice sign (24" x 36") in conformance with the Planning Division posting requirements.

The applicant sent out emails to immediately adjacent neighbors in the immediate area inviting them to review the project plans in November 2022. No comments from neighbors have been received by City staff as of the writing of this report.

Attachment:

A. Project Plans

Cc: Loc V, LH Design, Applicant Tri Hong, TDH Design, Designer Han and Yanhua Ren, Property Owner

FINDINGS

SC22-0034 239 Marich Way

With regard to the proposed new two-story residence, the Zoning Administrator finds the following in accordance with Section 14.76.060 of the Municipal Code:

- A. The proposed residence complies with all provision of this chapter because the proposed residence is consistent with the development standards of the R1-10 zoning district and policies and implementation techniques described in the Single-Family Residential Design Guidelines.
- B. The height, elevations, and placement on the site of the proposed new house is compatible when considered with reference to the nature and location of residential structures on adjacent lots and will consider the topographic and geologic constraints imposed by particular building site conditions as the proposed house maintains a comparable finished floor elevation and lot orientation to the existing house, ensuring consistency with the property's layout. It also adheres to the allowable floor area, lot coverage, and maximum height limits, as well as meets the daylight plane requirement outlined in LAMC Chapter 14.06.
- C. The natural landscape will be preserved insofar as practicable by minimizing tree and soil removal; grade changes shall be minimized because there will be minimal grade changes and no substantial soil removal during the construction of the residence. The proposed landscaping plan, which includes new trees, shrubs, and ground cover, will be designed in a manner that aligns with the aesthetics of the surrounding neighborhood.
- D. The orientation of the proposed new residence in relation to the immediate neighborhood will minimize excessive bulk because the proposed structure includes a low scale, horizontal eave lines, the use of stone veneer and stucco siding, building articulation, and carefully designed roof forms. By implementing these elements, the massing is broken up and excessive bulk is successfully minimized.
- E. General architectural considerations, including the size and scale, the architectural relationship with the site and other buildings, building materials and similar elements have been incorporated in order to insure the compatibility of the development with its design concept and the character of adjacent buildings on the same project because the design incorporates durable, high-quality materials, including a visually integrated concrete shingle roof, flat stucco siding, stone veneer, and vinyl-framed windows and doors. These elements contribute to the overall architectural coherence of the structure. Additionally, the size and scale of the building are well-suited to the neighborhood, as evidenced by the low 9.5-foot first story and 8.5-foot second story plate heights, along with a building height of 23 feet, ensuring a harmonious fit within the surrounding context.
- F. The proposed structures have been designed to follow the natural contours of the site with minimal grading, minimum impervious cover, and maximum erosion protection because the site is relatively flat and the design incorporates a well-balanced combination of softscape and hardscape surfaces, ensuring a seamless integration into the plan. Additionally, a comprehensive drainage plan has been proposed to minimize off-site stormwater drainage and mitigate any potential impact.

CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

SC22-0034 239 Marich Way

GENERAL

1. Expiration

The Design Review Approval will expire on July 5, 2025 unless prior to the date of expiration, a building permit is issued, or an extension is granted pursuant to Section 14.76.090 of the Zoning Code.

2. Approved Plans

The approval is based on the plans and materials received on June 15, 2023 except as may be modified by these conditions.

3. Encroachment Permit

An encroachment permit shall be obtained from the Engineering Division prior to doing any work within the public right-of-way including the street shoulder. All work within the public street right-of-way shall be in compliance with the City's Shoulder Paving Policy.

4. Protected Trees

Tree Nos. T11 to T15 as shown on Sheet A-1.1 shall be protected under this application and cannot be removed without a tree removal permit from the Development Services Director. The tree protection plan outlined in the arborist report (Kurt Fouts Arborist Consultant, dated 9/20/22) shall be incorporated into the building permit plans and implemented before and during construction.

5. New Fireplaces

Only gas fireplaces, pellet fueled wood heaters or EPA certified wood-burning appliances may be installed in all new construction pursuant to Chapter 12.64 of the Municipal Code.

6. Landscaping

The project shall be subject to the City's Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance (WELO) pursuant to Chapter 12.36 of the Municipal Code if over 500 square feet or more of new landscape area, including irrigated planting areas, turf areas, and water features is proposed.

7. Underground Utility and Fire Sprinkler Requirements

New residences and additions exceeding fifty (50) percent of the existing living area (existing square footage calculations shall not include existing basements) and/or additions of 750 square feet or more shall trigger the undergrounding of utilities and new fire sprinklers. Additional square footage calculations shall include existing removed exterior footings and foundations being replaced and rebuilt. Any new utility service drops are pursuant to Chapter 12.68 of the Municipal Code.

8. Indemnity and Hold Harmless

The applicant/owner agrees to indemnify, defend, protect, and hold the City harmless from all costs and expenses, including attorney's fees, incurred by the City or held to be the liability of the City in connection with the City's defense of its actions in any proceedings brought in any State or Federal Court, challenging any of the City's action with respect to the applicant's project. The City may withhold final maps and/or permits, including temporary or final occupancy permits, for

failure to pay all costs and expenses, including attorney's fees, incurred by the City in connection with the City's defense of its actions.

INCLUDED WITH THE BUILDING PERMIT SUBMITTAL

9. Conditions of Approval

Incorporate the conditions of approval into the title page of the plans and provide a letter which explains how each condition of approval has been satisfied and/or which sheet of the plans the information can found.

10. Water Efficient Landscape Plan

Provide a landscape documentation package prepared by a licensed landscape professional showing how the project complies with the City's Water Efficient Landscape Regulations and include signed statements from the project's landscape professional and property owner.

11. Tree Protection Note

On the grading plan and/or the site plan, show all tree/landscape protection fencing and add the following note: "All tree protection fencing shall be chain link and a minimum of five feet in height with posts driven into the ground."

12. Reach Codes

Building Permit Applications submitted on or after January 1, 2023 shall comply with specific amendments to the 2022 California Green Building Standards for Electric Vehicle Infrastructure and the 2022 California Energy Code as provided in Ordinances No 2022-487 which amended Chapter 12.22 Energy Code and Chapter 12.26 California Green Building Standards Code of the Los Altos Municipal Code. The building design plans shall comply with the standards and the applicant shall submit supplemental application materials as required by the Building Division to demonstrate compliance.

13. Green Building Standards

Provide verification that the house will comply with the California Green Building Standards pursuant to Chapter 12.26 of the Municipal Code and provide a signature from the project's Qualified Green Building Professional Designer/Architect and property owner.

14. Outdoor Condensing Units

The plans shall show the location of any outdoor condensing unit(s) on the site plan including the model number of the unit(s) and nominal size of the unit. The Applicant shall provide the manufacturer's specifications showing the sound rating for each unit. The condensing units must be located to comply with the City's Noise Control Ordinance (Chapter 6.16) and in compliance with the Planning Division setback provisions. The units shall be screened from view of the street.

15. Storm Water Management

The Plans shall show how the project is in compliance with the New Development and Construction Best Management Practices and Urban Runoff Pollution Prevention program, as adopted by the City for the purposes of preventing storm water pollution (i.e. downspouts directed to landscaped areas, minimize directly connected impervious areas, etc.).

16. California Water Service Upgrades

The Applicant is responsible for contacting and coordinating with the California Water Service Company any water service improvements including but not limited to relocation of water meters, increasing water meter sizing or the installation of fire hydrants. The City recommends consulting

with California Water Service Company as early as possible to avoid construction or inspection delays.

17. Underground Utility Location

The Plans shall show the location of underground utilities pursuant to Chapter 12.68 of the Municipal Code. Underground utility trenches shall avoid the driplines of all protected trees unless approved by the project arborist and the Planning Division.

PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF BUILDING OR DEMOLITION PERMIT

18. Tree Protection

Tree protection shall be installed around the dripline(s) of the trees as shown on the site plan approved with the building permit plans. Fencing shall be chain link and a minimum of five feet in height with posts driven into the ground and shall not be removed until all building construction has been completed unless approved by the Planning Division.

19. School Fee Payment

In accordance with Section 65995 of the California Government Code, and as authorized under Section 17620 of the Education Code, the property owner shall pay the established school fee for each school district the property is located in and provide receipts to the Building Division. The City of Los Altos shall provide the property owner the resulting increase in assessable space on a form approved by the school district. Payments shall be made directly to the school districts.

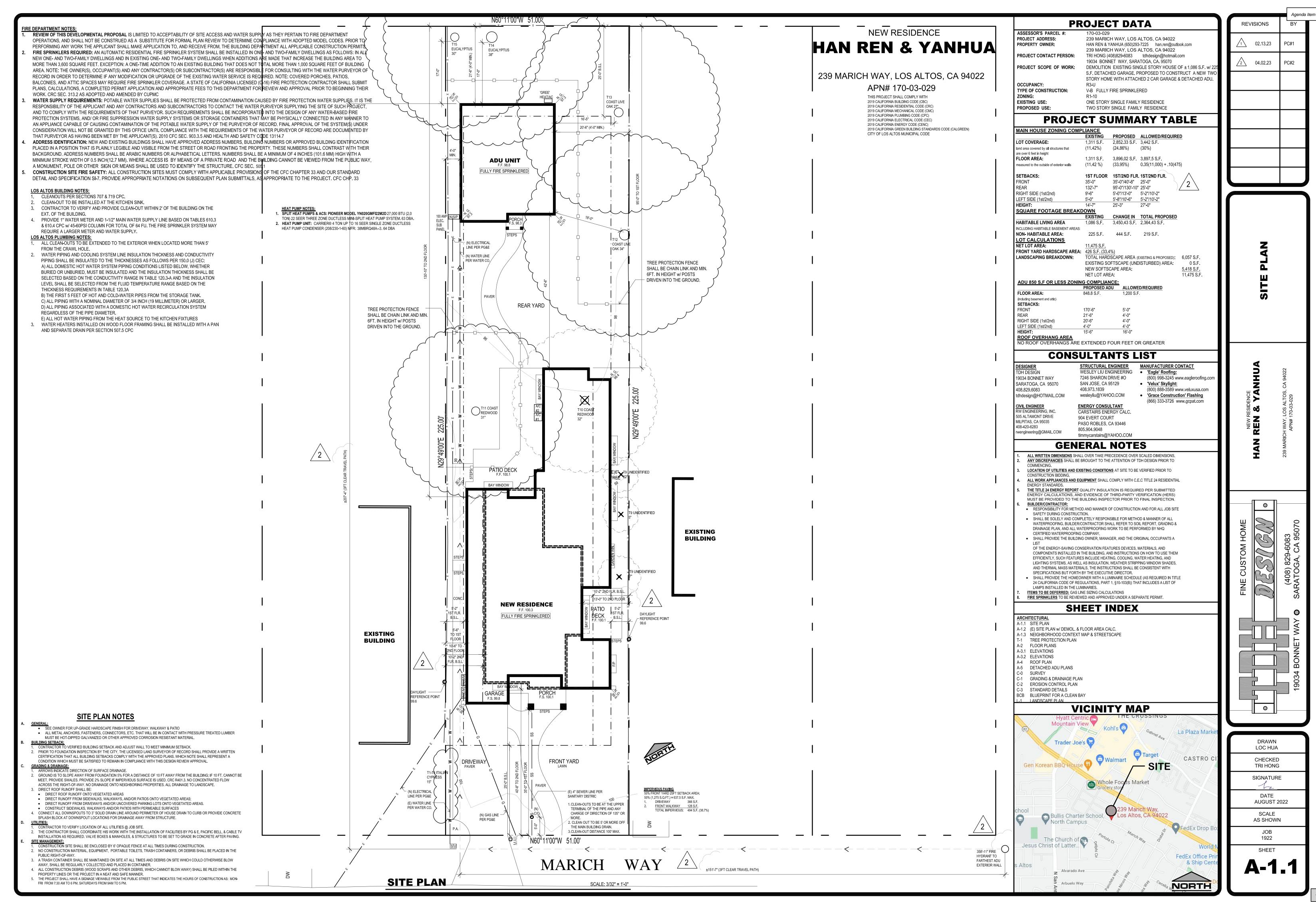
PRIOR TO FINAL INSPECTION

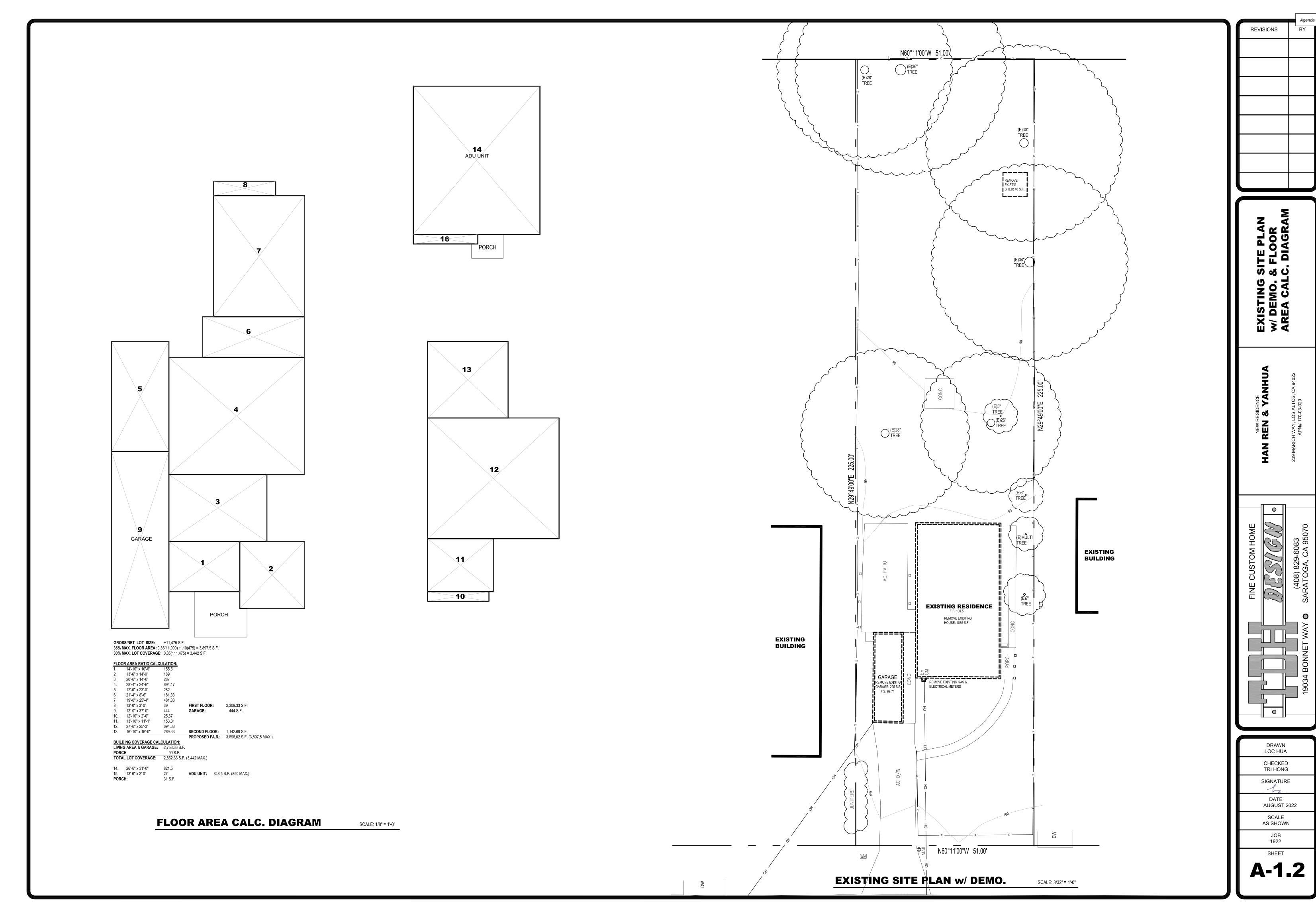
20. Landscaping Installation and Verification

All landscaping materials, including plants or trees intended to provide privacy screening, as provided on the approved landscape plans shall be installed prior to final inspection. The applicant shall also provide a landscape Certificate of Completion, signed by the project's landscape professional and property owner, verifying that the trees, landscaping, and irrigation were installed per the approved landscape documentation package.

21. Green Building Verification

Submit verification that the house was built in compliance with the City's Green Building Ordinance (Chapter 12.26 of the Municipal Code).







CHECKED TRI HONG DATE AUGUST 2022 SCALE AS SHOWN

PRE-CONSTRUCTION ROOT PRUNING

report will be provided to the City Arborist.

on Tree Protection Plan sheet:

the adjacent element.

TENSION BAR

(OPT) \

Excavation shall only occur within the TPZ (Tree Protection Zone),

of retained trees, when designated by the Project Arborist. Excavations

within (or outside of the TPZ, as designated), the Tree Protection Zone,

2" in diameter or greater shall be conducted under the supervision of the

Trenches for root pruning will be hand dug according to locations shown

Trenches will be dug one foot behind staking on tree side of stakes.

If piping is to be installed, roots 2" in diameter or greater should be retained, if possible, by installing the piping under or over the root.

The pruned roots should be backfilled before the end of the day. If

carpeting and kept moist until the trench is backfilled.

root or retain it depending on site specific conditions.

TREE PROTECTION FENCE DETAIL ELEVATION VIEW

this is not feasible, the roots shall be covered with burlap layers or

• If roots are encountered 2" in diameter or greater, the Project Arborist

SEE SIGNAGE

DETAIL

shall be notified, and a determinations shall be made to prune the

The depth of the trench will equal the depth required for installation of

 Cleanly prune any roots encountered smaller than 2" in diameter. Use lopper, hand saw, or Sawzall. A sharp spade may be used for palm

Project Arborist. These activities will be documented, and a monitoring

will be performed by hand in order to preserve roots. Pruning of roots

239 Marich Way, Los Altos Tree Assessment Chart - Appendix A

Good: Trees in good health and structural condition with Fair: Trees in fair health and/or with structural defects that may be reduced with treatment procedures

effectively abated with treatment

Suitability for Preservation Ratings:

Poor: Trees in poor health and/or with poor structure that cannot be

Retention or Removal Code:

RT: Retain Tree RI: Remove Due to Construction Impact

I.M. Impacts Can Be Mitigated With Pre-Construction Treatments

Protected Tree City of Los Altos Any tree 15 inches or greater in diameter measured at

18" DI PER DET 1

INV 96.0 (4" SD)

SWALE PER DET. 2 @ —

TRENCH DRAIN

1% MIN.

INECT GAS & ELECTRIC

CE TO HOUSE BY PG&E.

RACTOR TO COORDINATE

IETER AND SERVICE AND. CONTRACTOR

TE WITH WATER

T11 COAST REDWOO

100.5

N60'11'00"W 51.00'

9 UNIDENTIFIED

PATIO

100.5

FRONT BS/L

T8 PITOSPORUM-

5" AVE.

NEW RESIDENCE

F.F. 101.0

PAD 98.5

(VERIFY)

T7 APRICOT

INV 95.5

Tree #	Species	Trunk Diameter @ 48 inches a.g.	Protected Tree	Crown Height & Spread	Health Rating	Structural Rating	Suitability for Preservation (Based Upon Condition)	Tree Protection Zone (in feet)	Construction Impacts (Rating & Description)	Tree Disposition Code	Comments
Т1	Italian cypress (Cupressus sempervirens)	15" (estimated)	Yes	50'x5'	Good	Good	Good	10'	Moderate (Root loss, excavation)	R.T., I.M.	May be "boundary tree". Trunk on property line.
Т2	ltalian cypress	15" (estimated)	Yes	50'x5'	Good	Good	Good	10'	Moderate (Root loss, excavation)	R.T., I.M.	May be "boundary tree". Trunk on property line.
Kurt Fouts Arborist Consultant 826 Monterey Avenue Capitola, CA 95010 831-359-3607 kurtfouts 1@outlook.com							Page 1 of 3				9/20/2022

239 Marich Way, Los Altos

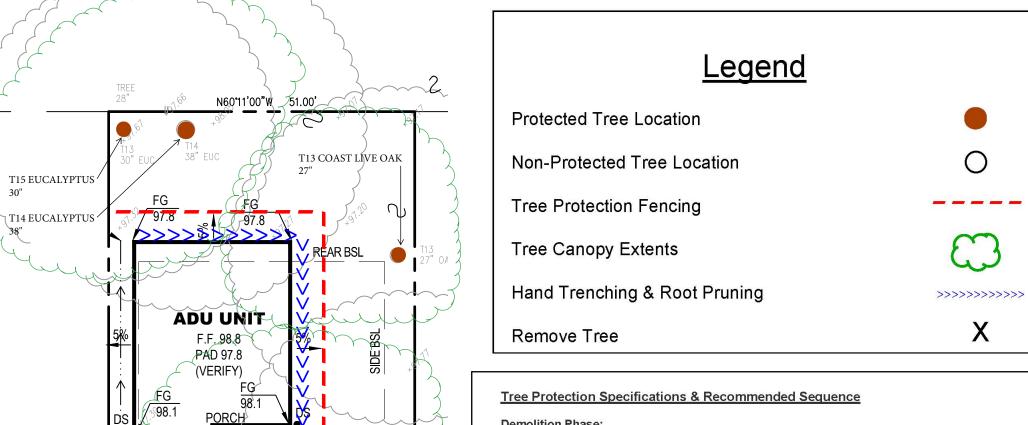
Tree Assessment Chart - Appendix A

	Tree Assessment Chart - Appendix A										
Γree #	Species	Trunk Diameter @ 48 inches a.g.	Protected Tree	Crown Height & Spread	Health Rating	Structural Rating	Suitability for Preservation (Based Upon Condition)	Tree Protection Zone (in feet)	Construction Impacts (Rating & Description)	Tree Disposition Code	Comments
тз	Italian cypress	15" (estimated)	Yes	50'x5'	Good	Good	Good	10'	Moderate (Root loss, excavation)	R.T., I.M.	May be "boundary tree". Trunk on property line.
T4	Italian cypress	15" (estimated)	Yes	50'x5'	Good	Good	Good	10'	Moderate (Root loss, excavation)	I R.T., I.M.	May be "boundary tree". Trunk on property line.
Т5	apple (<i>Malus spp</i> .)	10"	No	10'X10'	Good	Good	Good	10'	Moderate (Root loss, excavation)	Undesirable tree applicant to remove	
Т6	fig (Ficus carcia)	4"	No	10'X10'	Good	Good	Good	10'	Moderate (Root loss, excavation)	Undesirable tree applicant to remove	
Т7	apricot (<i>Prunus spp</i> .)	7"	No	15'X10'	Fair	Poor	Fair	10'	High (Near building footprint)	R.I.	
Т8	pittosporum (Pittosporum crassifolium)	5" (multi ave.)	No	20'x10'	Good	Fair	Good	10'	High (Near building footprint)	R.I.	
Т9	unidentified species	5"	No	15'x5'	Poor	Poor	Poor	N/A	High (Near building footprint)	R.I.	Nearly dead.
	Raphoria 826 Monterey Avenue Capitola, CA 95010 831-359-3607 kurtfouts1@outlook.cc	t Fout	Sat				Page 2 of 3				9/20/2022

239 Marich Way, Los Altos

Tree Assessment Chart - Annendix A

	Tree Assessment Chart - Appendix A										
Tree #	Species	Trunk Diameter @ 48 inches a.g.	Protected Tree	Crown Height & Spread	Health Rating	Structural Rating	Suitability for Preservation (Based Upon Condition)	Tree Protection Zone (in feet)	Construction Impacts (Rating & Description)	Tree Disposition Code	Comments
Т10	coast redwood (Sequoia sempervirens)	32"	Yes	65'X25'	Fair	Fair	Fair	20'	High (Within building footprint)	R.I.	Water deficit symptoms. Thin canopy density.
T11	coast redwood	31"	Yes	65'X25'	Fair	Fair	Fair	20'	Moderate (Root loss, excavation)	R.T., I.M.	Water deficit symptoms. Thin canopy density.
T12	coast live oak (<i>Quercus</i> agrifolia)	34"	Yes	50'X45'	Good	Fair	Fair	25'	Moderate (Root loss, excavation)	R.T., I.M.	Unbalanced canopy with weight bias over backyard.
T13	coast live oak	27"	Yes	50'x35'	Good	Fair	Fair	25'	Moderate (Root loss, excavation)	R.T., I.M.	Unbalanced canopy with weight bias over backyard. 10 degree trunk lean towards backyard.
T 14	Nichol's willowleafed peppermint (<i>Eucalyptus nicholi</i> i)	38"	Yes	90'x35'	Fair	Fair	Fair	25'	Moderate (Root loss, excavation)	R.T., I.M.	
T15	Nichol's willowleafed peppermint	30"	Yes	70'X25'	Fair	Fair	Fair	25'	Moderate (Root loss, excavation)	R.T., I.M.	Trunk bows towards neighboring property. Unbalanced canopy with weight bias towards neighboring property.
Kurt Fouts Arborist Consultant 826 Monterey Avenue Capitola, CA 95010 831-359-3607 kurtfouts1@outlook.com						Page 3 of 3				9/20/2022	



- 1. Clearance Pruning Clearance pruning of trees T11, coast redwood and T12 and T13, coast live oak, to achieve adequate clearance from home and ADU roofs, shall be performed using industry standards of workmanship as established in the Best Management Practices of the International Society of Arboriculture (ISA), and the American National Standards Institute, Safety Requirements in Arboriculture Operations ANSI Z133-2017. Contractor licensing and insurance coverage shall be verified. Pruning should be done to achieve a minimum of 3 feet clearance from the ADU roof. No limbs greater than 2" in diameter shall be removed.
- 2. <u>Tree Removal</u> Remove tree T10 coast redwood, using methods to ensure adjacent trees are not damaged. The tree should be chipped onsite, and the wood chips placed under the dripline canopy of redwood tree T11, to help reduce soil water evaporation. Use Best Management Practices of the International Society of Arboriculture (ISA), and the American National Standards Institute, Safety Requirements in Arboriculture Operations ANSI Z133-2017.
- 3. <u>Tree Protection Fencing</u> Install Tree Protection Fencing, in location indicated on Tree Protection Plan Sheet T1, prior to beginning of demolition.

Construction Phase:

- . <u>Home Foundation</u> Excavation for home foundation adjacent to tree T11 coast redwood oak shall be by hand methods. Use of a ditch witch trencher is permissible if roots are recut after trenching. See Tree Protection Plan, sheet T1 for location. Any roots found less than 2" in diameter, shall be cleanly pruned with loppers, hand saw or Sawzall. If roots are encountered 2" in diameter or greater, they shall be pruned under supervision of the Project Arborist. Roots shall be pruned by methods indicated on Tree Protection Plan sheet T1, Pre-Construction Root Pruning.
- 2. A.D.U. Foundation Excavation for ADU foundation adjacent to trees T12 and T13 coast live oak and trees T14 and T15 euclayptus shall be by hand methods. Use of a ditch witch trencher is permissible if roots are recut after trenching. See Tree Protection Plan, sheet T1 for location. Any roots found less than 2" in diameter, shall be cleanly pruned with loppers, hand saw or Sawzall. If roots are encountered 2" in diameter or greater, they shall be pruned under supervision of the Project Arborist. Roots shall be pruned by methods indicated on Tree Protection Plan sheet T1, <u>Pre-Construction Root Pruning</u>.
- 3. Patio Deck Relocate tree protection fencing to allow access for patio construction. Excavation for patio deck posts adjacent to tree T11 coast redwood, shall be by hand methods. If roots 2" in diameter or larger are encountered the post location shall be adjusted to retain the root. See Tree Protection Plan, sheet T1 for location. Any roots found less than 2" in diameter, shall be cleanly pruned with loppers, hand saw or Sawzall. If roots are encountered 2" in diameter or greater, they shall be pruned under supervision of the Project Arborist. Roots shall be pruned by methods indicated on Tree Protection Plan sheet T1, Pre-Construction Root Pruning. No use of machinery is permitted.
- 4. ADU Access Walkway Relocate tree protection fencing to allow access for walkway construction. Excavation for walkway edge adjacent to tree T11 coast redwood, shall be by hand methods. See Tree Protection Plan, sheet T1 for location. Any roots found less than 2" in diameter, shall be cleanly pruned with loppers, hand saw or Sawzall. If roots are encountered 2" in diameter or greater, they shall be pruned under supervision of the Project Arborist. Roots shall be pruned by methods indicated on Tree Protection Plan sheet T1, Pre-Construction Root Pruning.
- 5. <u>Drain Line</u> - Excavation for drain line adjacent to tree T12 coast live oak, shall be by hand methods. See ee Protection Plan, sheet T1 for location. Any roots found less than 2" in diameter, shall be cleanly pruned with loppers, hand saw or Sawzall. If roots are encountered 2" in diameter or greater, they shall be pruned under supervision of the Project Arborist. Roots shall be pruned by methods indicated on Tree Protection Plan sheet T1, <u>Pre-Construction Root Pruning</u>.
- 6. Water Service Line Excavation for water service line adjacent to cypress trees T1-T4 shall be by hand methods See Tree Protection Plan, sheet T1 for location. Use of a ditch witch trencher is permissible if roots are recut after trenching. Any roots found less than 2" in diameter, shall be cleanly pruned with loppers, hand saw or Sawzall. If roots are encountered 2" in diameter or greater, the piping should be routed over or under the root. Roots shall be pruned by methods indicated on Tree Protection Plan sheet T1, <u>Pre-Construction Root Pruning</u>.
- 7. Paver Driveway Excavation for paver driveway edge adjacent to cypress trees T1-T4 shall be by hand methods. Use of a ditch witch trencher is permissible if roots are recut after trenching. See Tree Protection Plan, sheet T1 for location. Any roots found less than 2" in diameter, shall be cleanly pruned with loppers, hand saw or Sawzall. If roots are encountered 2" in diameter or greater, they shall be pruned under supervision of the Project Arborist. Roots shall be pruned by methods indicated on Tree Protection Plan sheet T1, Pre-Construction Root Pruning.
- 8. <u>Swale</u> All work for drainage swales to be by hand methods.

Tree Protection Zone

Keep Out

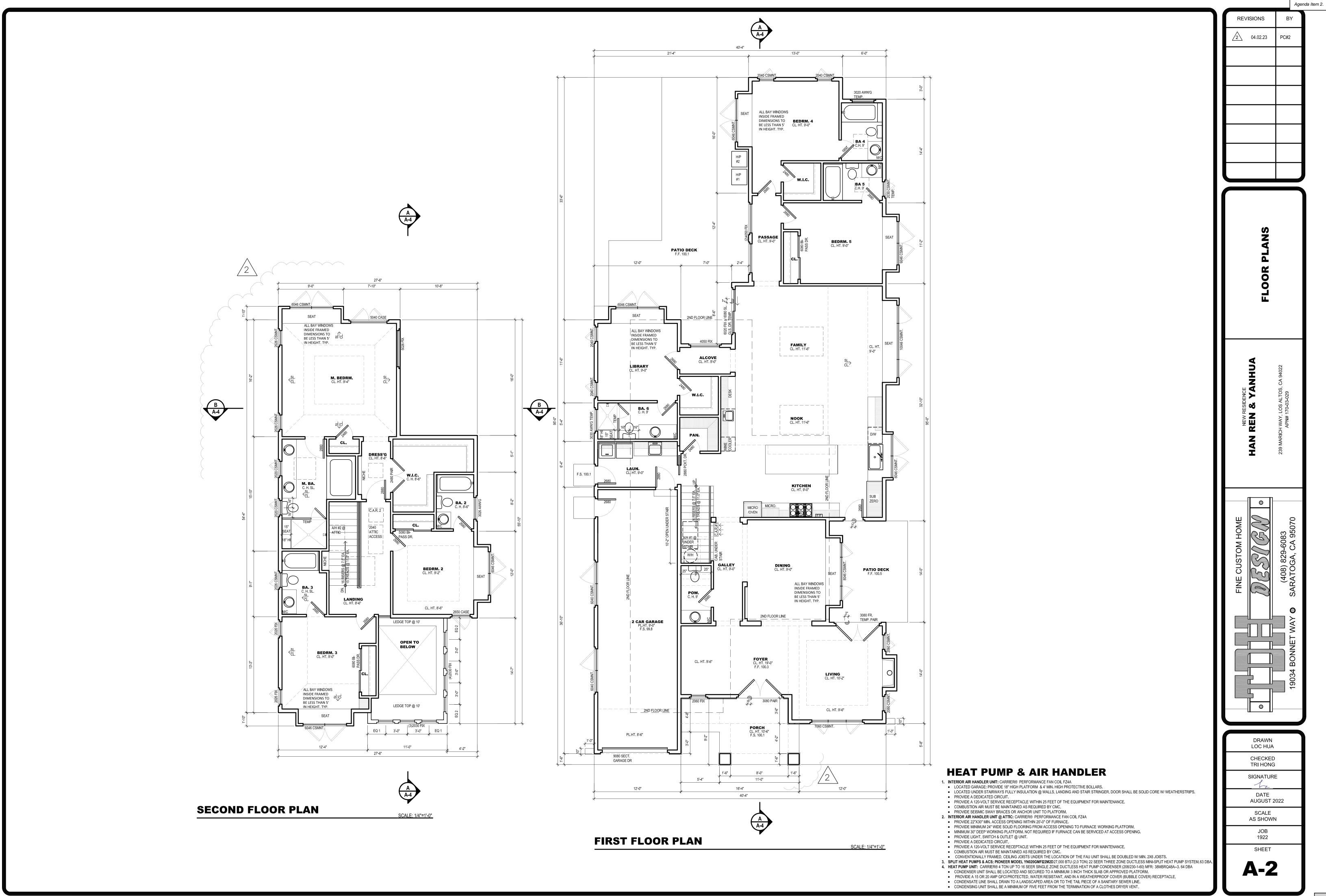
NOTICE: PROTECTIVE FENCING IS REQUIRED ON THIS JOB SITE. REMOVAL OR DAMAGE OF THIS FENCING MAY RESULT IN A FINE

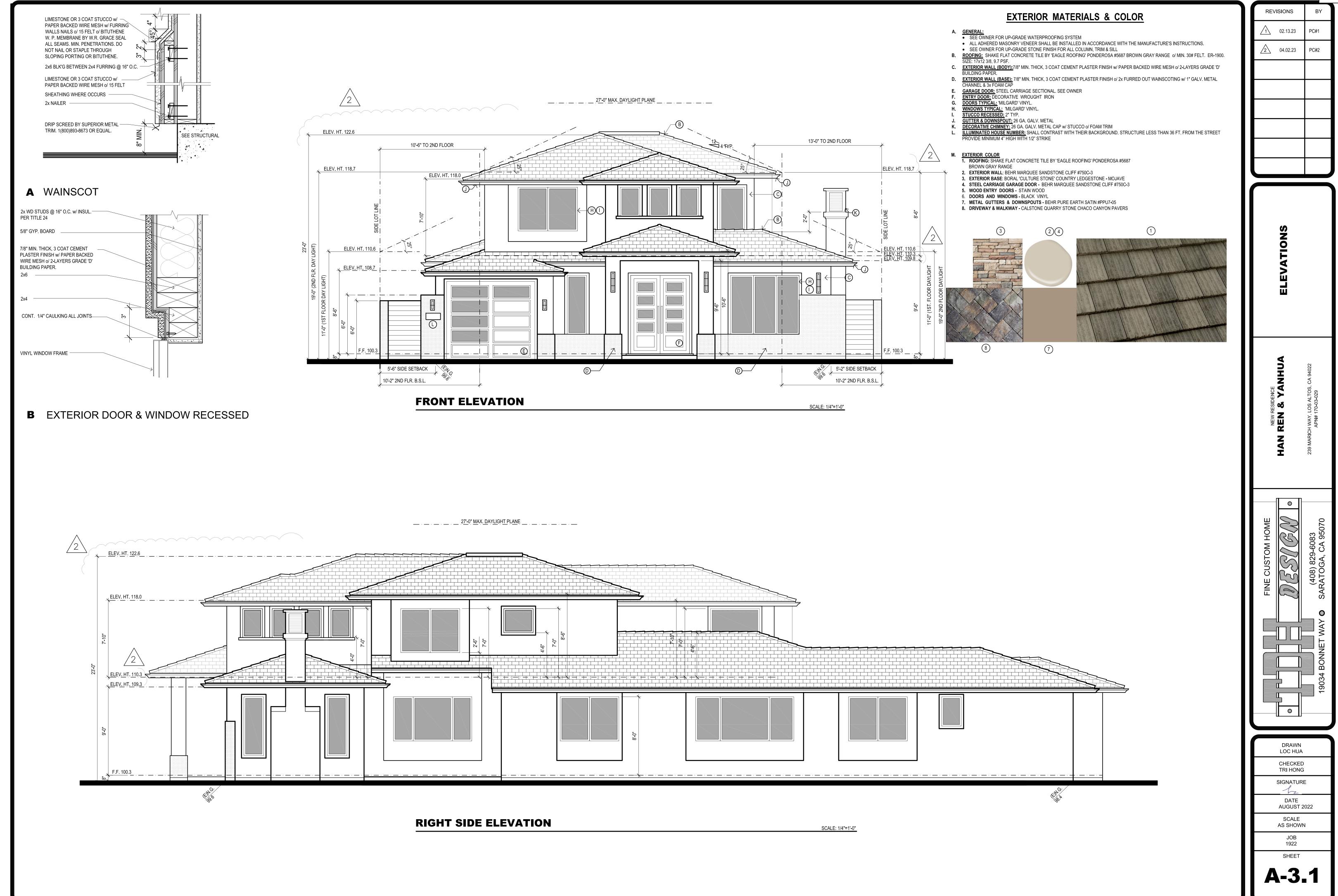
This sign must be prominently displayed. Fencing may not be moved or removed without permission of the Project Arborist. During demolition and construction, all reasonable steps necessary to prevent damage, or the

> No Entry without Project Arborist Authorization Kurt Fouts – Arborist Consultant - 831 – 359 - 3607

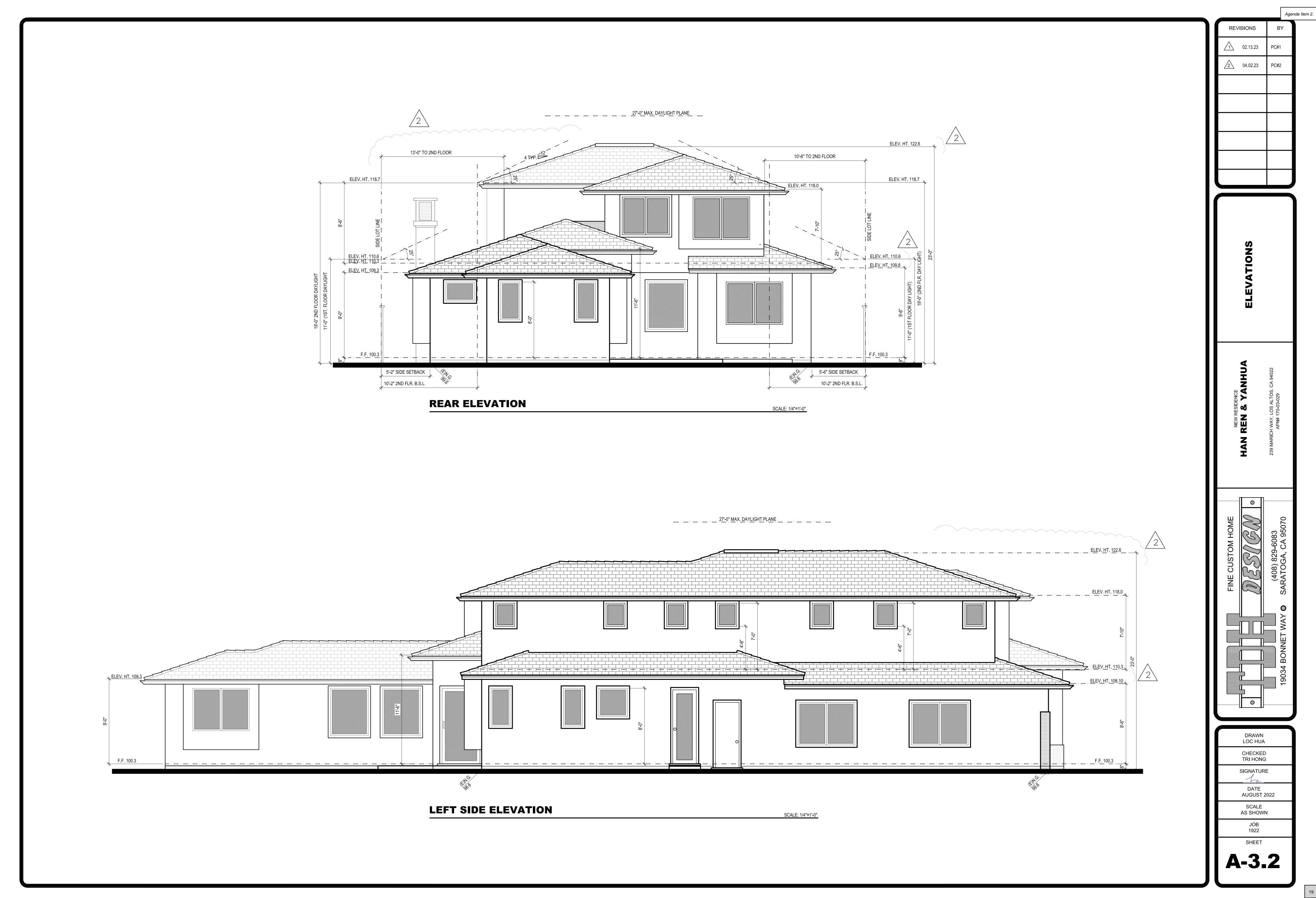
Warning

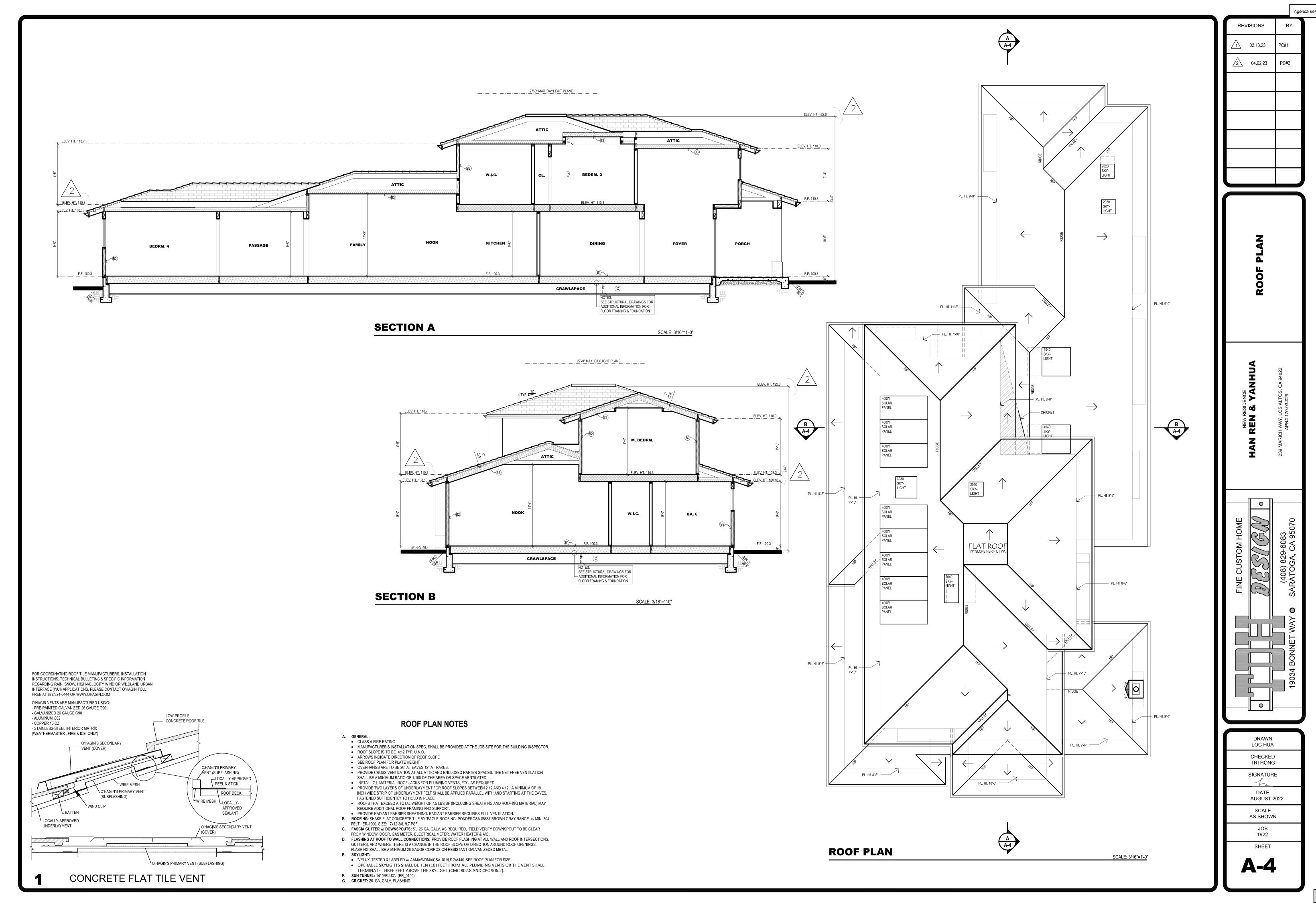
destruction of protected trees is required. Failure to comply with all precautions may result in a STOP WORK order being issue by the regulating agency.

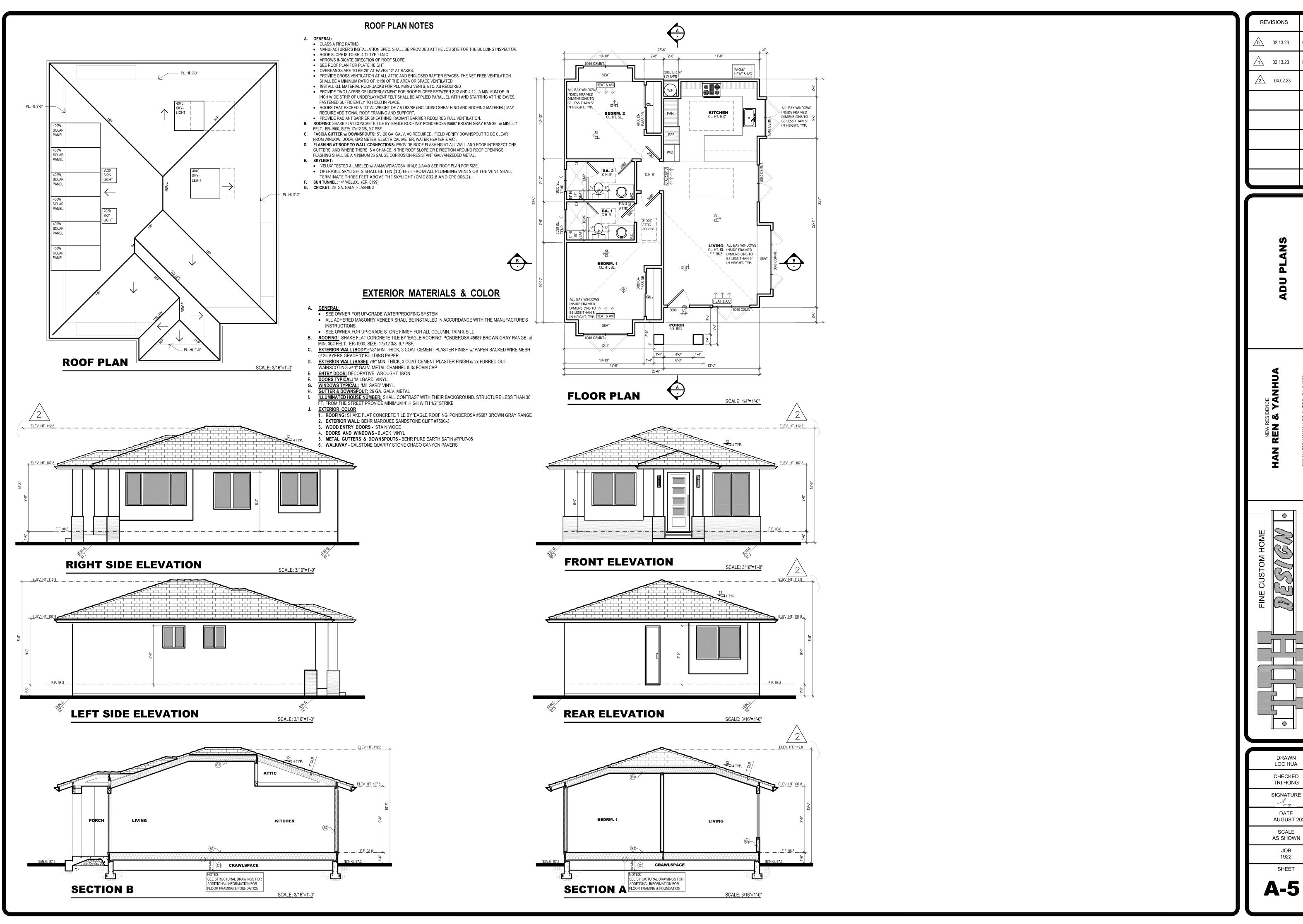




Agenda Item 2.







Agenda Item 2.

SIGNATURE AUGUST 2022

Fireplaces		
4.503.1 Any installed gas fireplace shall be a direct-vent sealed-combustion type. Any installed woodstove or pellet stove shall comply with US EPA New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) emission limits as applicable, and shall have a permanent label indicating they are certified to meet the emission limits. Woodstoves, pellet stoves and fireplaces shall also comply with applicable local ordinances.		
Pollutant Control		
4.504.1 Duct openings and other related air distribution component openings shall be covered during construction.	T.C.	
4.504.2.1 Adhesives, sealants and caulks shall be compliant with VOC and other toxic compound limits.	T.C.	
4.504.2.2 Paints, stains and other coatings shall be compliant with VOC limits.	T.C.	
4.504.2.3 Aerosol paints and coatings shall be compliant with product weighted MIR limits for ROC and other toxic compounds.	T.C.	
4.504.2.4 Documentation shall be provided to verify that compliant VOC limit finish materials have been used.	T.C.	
4.504.3 Carpet and carpet systems shall be compliant with VOC limits.	T.C.	
4.504.4 80 percent of floor area receiving resilient flooring shall comply with specified VOC criteria.	T.C.	
4.504.5 Particleboard, medium density fiberboard (MDF) and hardwood plywood used in interior finish systems shall comply with low formaldehyde emission standards.	T.C.	
Interior Moisture Control		
4.505.2 Vapor retarder and capillary break is installed at slab-on- grade foundations.	T.C.	
4.505.3 Moisture content of building materials used in wall and floor framing is checked before enclosure.	T.C.	
Indoor Air Quality and Exhaust		
4506.1 Each bathroom shall be provided with the following: 1. ENERGY STAR fans ducted to terminate outside of the building. 2. Fans must be controlled by a humidity control (separate or builtin); OR functioning as a component of a whole-house ventilation system. 3. Humidity controls with manual or automatic means of adjustment, capable of adjustment between a relative humidity range of ≤ 50	T.C.	

Environmental Comfort								
 4.507.2 Duct systems are sized, designed, and equipment is selected using the following methods: 1. Establish heat loss and heat gain values according to ANSI/ACCA 2 Manual J-2016 or equivalent. 2. Size duct systems according to ANSI/ACCA 1 Manual D-2016 or equivalent. 3. Select heating and cooling equipment according to ANSI/ACCA 3 Manual S-2014 or equivalent. 	T.C.							
Installer and Special Inspector Qualifications Qualifications								
702.1 HVAC system installers are trained and certified in the proper installation of HVAC systems.	T.C.							
702.2 Special inspectors employed by the enforcing agency must be qualified and able to demonstrate competence in the discipline they are inspecting.	T.C.							
Verifications								
703.1 Verification of compliance with this code may include construction documents, plans, specifications builder or installer certification, inspection reports, or other methods acceptable to the enforcing agency which show substantial conformance.	T.C.							

enforcing agency which show substantial conformance.

1. Green building measures listed in this table may be mandatory if adopted by a city, county, or city and county as specified in Section 101.7

2. Required prerequisite for this Tier.

These measures are currently required elsewhere in statute or in regulation



CALGREEN SIGNATURE DECLARATIONS

ect Name: HANREN & YANHUA RESIDENCE

Project Address: 239 MARICH WAY, LOS ALTOS, CA 94022

Project Description: A NEW TWO STORY HOME WITH ATTACHED 2 CAR GARAGE & DETACHED ADU.

SECTION 1 – DESIGN VERIFICATION

Complete all lines of Section 1 – "Design Verification" and SUBMIT THE ENTIRE CHECKLIST (COLUMNS 2 AND 3)
WITH THE PLANS AND BUILDING PERMIT APPLICATION TO THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

The design professional responsible for compliance with CalGreen Standards has reviewed the plans and certifies that the items checked above are hereby incorporated into the project plans and will be implemented into the project in accordance with the requirements set forth in the 2019 California Green Building Standards Code as adopted by the City of Los Altos.

Design Professional's Signature

Tri Hong

Design Profess onal's Name (Please Print)

Signature Point Rater

Timothy Carstairs

805-904-9048

Name of Green Point Rater (Please Print)

Phore No.

title24@yahoo.com

Email Address for Green Point Rater

SECTION 2 – IMPLEMENTATION VERIFICATION

Complete, sign and submit the completed checklist, including column 3, together with all original signatures on Section 2 to the Building Department PRIOR TO BUILDING DEPARTMENT FINAL INSPECTION.

I have inspected the work and have received sufficient documentation to verify and certify that the project identified above was constructed in accordance with this Green Building Checklist and in accordance with the requirements of the 2019 California Green Building Standards Code as adopted by the City of Los Altos.

Signature of Licensed Green Point Rater/Certified ICC CalGreen Special Inspector/
Consulting Group

Name of Green Point Rater/Inspector (Please Print)

Phone No.

Email address

License No.



2019 CALGREEN RESIDENTIAL CHECKLIST MANDATORY ITEMS - Version 1.01.20

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT – BUILDING DIVISION KIRK BALLARD, BUILDING OFFICIAL ONE NORTH SAN ANTONIO ROAD • LOS ALTOS, CA 94022-3088

(650) 947-2752 ◆ FAX/EMAIL- BUILDING@LOSALTOSCA.GOV ◆ WWW.LOSALTOSCA.GOV PURPOSE:

The 2019 CALGreen Code applies to all newly constructed hotels, motels, lodging houses, dwellings, dormitories, condominiums, shelters, congregate residences, employee housing, factory-built housing and other types of dwellings with sleeping accommodations and new accessory buildings associated with such uses. This section also applies to additions and alterations where there is an increase in conditioned space and specifies that these requirements only apply to the specific area of the addition or alteration. Existing site and landscaping improvements that are not otherwise disturbed are not subject to the requirements of CALGreen.

Project Name: HANREN & YANHUA RESIDENCE

Project Address: 239 MARICH WAY, LOS ALTOS, CA 94022

Project Description: A NEW TWO STORY HOME WITH ATTACHED 2 CAR GARAGE & DETACHED ADU.

Instructions (for projects of 300 sq. ft. or more):

- The owner or owner's agent shall employ a licensed qualified green-point rater (<u>www.builditgreen.org</u>) experienced with
 the 2019 California Green Building Standards Codes to verify and assure that all required work described herein is properly
 planned and implemented in the project.
- The green-point rater, in collaboration with the design professional shall review Column 2 of this checklist, and initial all
 applicable measures, sign and date Section 1 –Design Verification at the end of this checklist, prior to submittal.
 Applicant to include these pages into the construction plans as well as provide (2) separate 8-1/2" x 11"
 signed cories.

signed copies.

PRIOR TO FINAL INSPECTION BY THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT, the Green-Point Rater shall complete Column 3 and sign and Date Section 2 – Implementation Verification at the end of this checklist and submit the completed form to the Building Department.

	COLUMN 2	COLUMN 3
MANDATORY FEATURE OR MEASURE	Project	Verification
	Requirements Rater to initial applicable measures prior to submitting forms	Rater to verify during construction as applicable to project
Planning and Design –		
Site Development		
4.106.2 A plan is developed and implemented to manage storm water drainage during construction	T.C.	
4.106.3 Construction plans shall indicate how site grading or a drainage system will manage all surface water flows to keep water from entering buildings	T.C.	
4.106.4 Provide capability for electric vehicle charging for one- and two-family dwellings: townhouses with attached private garages; multifamily dwellings; and hotels/motels in accordance with Section 4.106.4.1, 4.106.4.2 or 4.106.4.3 as applicable.		

4.201.1 Building meets or exceeds the requirements of the California		
Building Energy Efficiency Standards ³ .	T.C.	
Water Efficiency and Conservation – Indoor Water Use		
4.303.1. Plumbing fixtures (water closets and urinals) and fittings		
(faucets and showerheads) installed in residential buildings shall comply with the prescriptive requirements of Sections 4.303.1.1 through 4.303.1.4.4.	T.C.	
4.303.2 Plumbing fixtures and fittings required in Section 4.303.1 shall be installed in accordance with the <i>California Plumbing Code</i> , and shall meet the applicable referenced standards.	T.C.	
4.303.1.4.3 Metering faucets in residential buildings shall not deliver more than 0.2 gallons per cycle.	T.C.	
Outdoor Water Use		
4.304.1 Residential developments shall comply with a local water efficient landscape ordinance or the current California Department of Water Resources' Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance (MWELO), whichever is more stringent.	T.C.	
Material Conservation and Resource Enhanced Durability and Reduced Maintenance 4.406.1 Annular spaces around pipes, electric cables, conduits or	eπiciency –	
4.40.1 Annuar spaces around pipes, electric capies, conduits or other openings in plates at exterior walls shall be protected against the passage of rodents by closing such openings with cement mortar, concrete masonry or similar method acceptable to the enforcing agency.	T.C.	
	cyclina	
Construction Waste Reduction, Disposal and Re	cycling	
Construction Waste Reduction, Disposal and Re 4.408.1 Recycle and/or salvage for reuse a minimum of 65 percent of the nonhazardous construction and demolition waste in accordance with one of the following: 1. Comply with a more stringent local construction and demolition waste management ordinance; or	T.C.	
Construction Waste Reduction, Disposal and Re 4.408.1 Recycle and/or salvage for reuse a minimum of 65 percent of the nonhazardous construction and demolition waste in accordance with one of the following: 1. Comply with a more stringent local construction and demolition		
Construction Waste Reduction, Disposal and Re 4.408.1 Recycle and/or salvage for reuse a minimum of 65 percent of the nonhazardous construction and demolition waste in accordance with one of the following: 1. Comply with a more stringent local construction and demolition waste management ordinance; or 2. A construction waste management plan per Section 4.408.2; or 3. A waste management company per Section 4.408.3; or		
Construction Waste Reduction, Disposal and Re 4.408.1 Recycle and/or salvage for reuse a minimum of 65 percent of the nonhazardous construction and demolition waste in accordance with one of the following: 1. Comply with a more stringent local construction and demolition waste management ordinance; or 2. A construction waste management plan per Section 4.408.2; or 3. A waste management company per Section 4.408.3; or 4. The waste stream reduction alternative per Section 4.408.4.		

ordinance, if more restrictive. See exception for rural jurisdictions

REVISIONS BY

Agenda Item 2.

SALGREEN & A/C SPE

HAN REN & YANHUA
239 MARICH WAY, LOS ALTOS, CA 94022

19034 BONNET WAY **O** SARATOGA, CA 95070

DRAWN
LOC HUA

CHECKED
TRI HONG

SIGNATURE

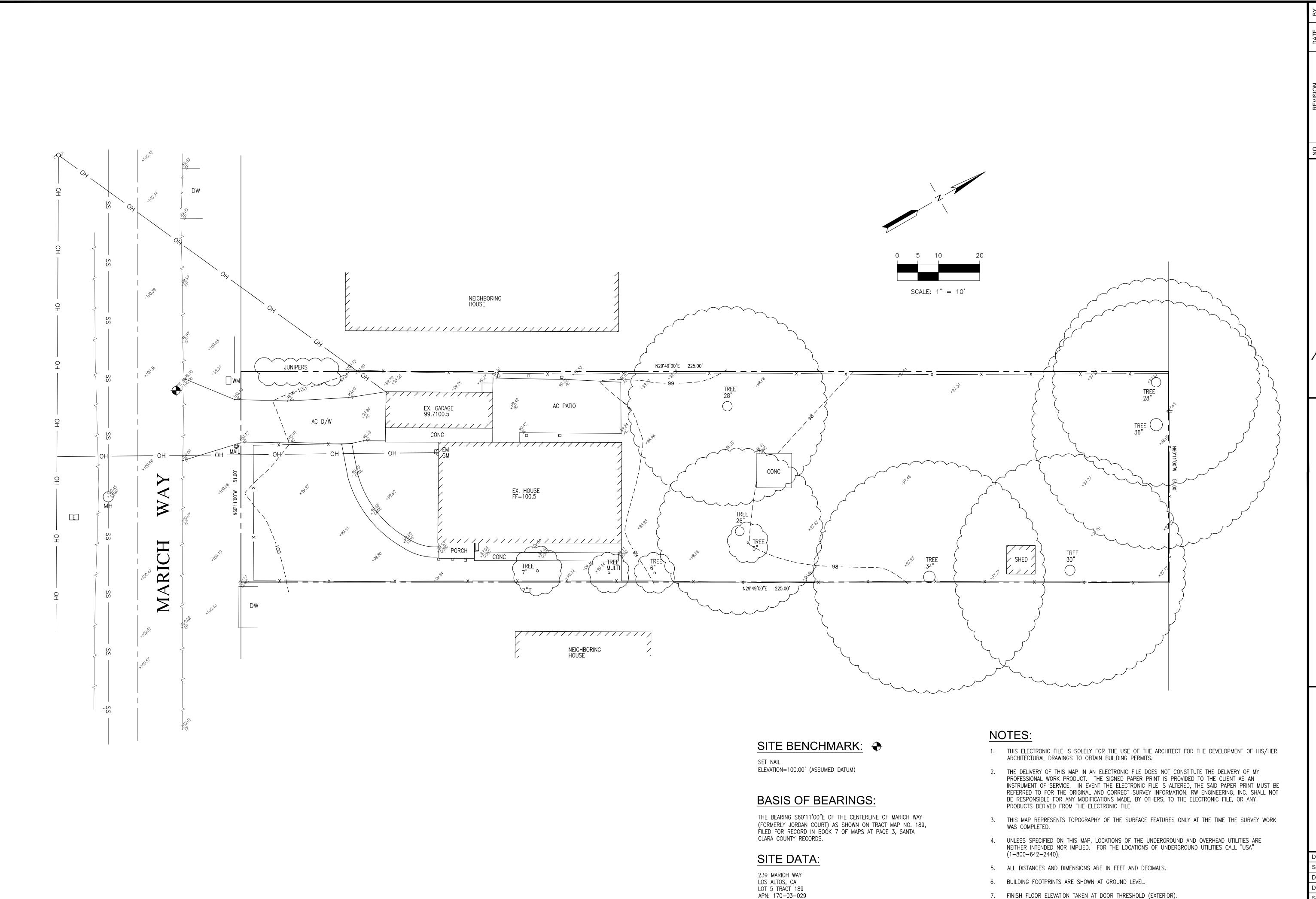
DATE
AUGUST 2022

SCALE
AS SHOWN

JOB
1922

SHEET

G-1



AREA=11,475 S.F.±

- 7. FINISH FLOOR ELEVATION TAKEN AT DOOR THRESHOLD (EXTERIOR).
- 8. A TITLE REPORT FOR THE SUBJECT PROPERTY HAS NOT BEEN EXAMINED BY RW ENGINEERING, INC.. OTHER EASEMENTS OF RECORD MAY EXIST THAT ARE NOT SHOWN ON THIS MAP.

TOPOGE DATE: 12/3/2021

RAP

 \geq \circ

MARICH S ALTOS,

239 LO(

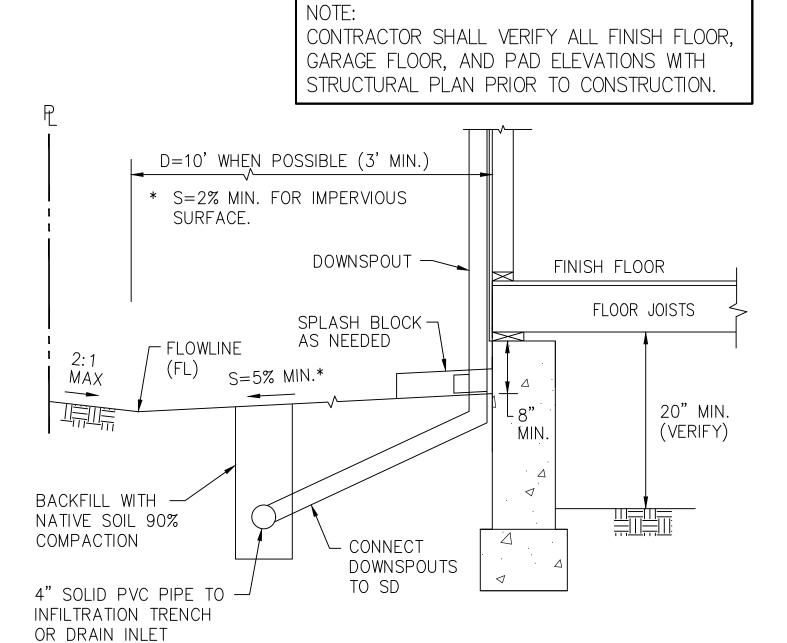
SCALE: AS NOTED DESIGNED BY: RW DRAWN BY: RW

SHEET NO. SU-1

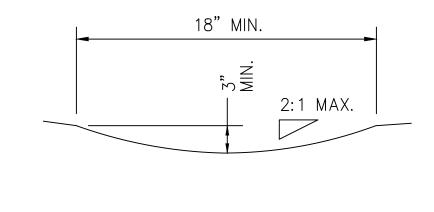
OF 1 SHEETS

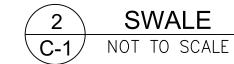
GRADING NOTES:

- 1. ALL MATERIAL AND WORKMANSHIP SHALL CONFORM TO GENERAL AND SPECIFIC PROVISIONS, STANDARD DRAWINGS, AND REQUIREMENT OF THE CITY OF LOS ALTOS.
- 2. THE OWNER AND THE ENGINEER OF WORK WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ENFORCING SAFETY MEASURES AND REGULATIONS. THE CONTRACTOR MUST DESIGN, CONSTRUCT, INSTALL, AND MAINTAIN ALL SAFETY DEVICES, INCLUDING SHORING, AND SHALL BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR CONFORMING TO ALL LOCAL, STATE, AND FEDERAL SAFETY AND HEALTH STANDARDS, LAW AND REGULATIONS.
- PRIOR TO START OF CONSTRUCTION, CONTRACTOR MUST VERIFY ALL JOINT/CROSSING LOCATIONS, ELEVATIONS, CURB, GUTTER, SIDEWALK, FLOW LINES, PAVEMENT, STREETS, AND ALL GRADE JOINTS. IF DISCREPANCY IS FOUND, THE CONTRACTOR MUST IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY THE ENGINEER AND NOT PROCEED WITH ANY CONSTRUCTION UNTIL VERIFICATION AND REVISION (IF NECESSARY) IS COMPLETED BY THE SAID ENGINEER.
- 4. CONTRACTOR TO EXPOSE EXISTING SEWERS AND CHECK INVERTS BEFORE CONSTRUCTING NEW SEWERS. NOTIFY THE ENGINEER 24 HOURS PRIOR TO EXPOSING SEWERS.
- 5. THE EXISTENCE AND LOCATION OF ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES/STRUCTURES SHOWN HEREON WERE OBTAINED FROM INFORMATION FURNISHED BY OTHERS. THE ENGINEER ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE COMPLETENESS AND ACCURACY OF SAID INFORMATION. THE CONTRACTOR MUST ASCERTAIN THE TRUE VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL LOCATION AND SIZE OF THOSE TO BE USED AND SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DAMAGE TO ANY PUBLIC OR PRIVATE UTILITIES SHOWN OR NOT SHOWN HEREON.
- 6. THE SOIL REPORTS PREPARED FOR THE PROJECT IS A PART OF THIS PLAN. THE MOST STRINGENT REQUIREMENTS BY SOIL ENGINEER OR GOVERNING AGENCIES SHALL PREVAIL.
- GRADING SHALL BE DONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS CONTAINED IN THE SOIL REPORT FOR THIS SITE TOGETHER WITH ANY SUPPLEMENTS THERETO. ALL GRADING WORK SHALL BE DONE UNDER THE OBSERVATION OF THE SOILS ENGINEER. THE SOIL ENGINEER SHALL BE NOTIFIED 48 HOURS BEFORE THE START OF ANY GRADING.
- 8. PRIOR TO START OF ANY WORK, CONTRACTOR MUST REVIEW THE PLANS FOR DESIGN INCONSISTENCIES AND TYPOS SUCH AS ELEVATIONS, CURB HEIGHT, DIMENSIONS, SLOPES, ETC. IF INCONSISTENCIES OR OBVIOUS TYPOS ARE FOUND, THE CONTRACTOR MUST IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY THE ENGINEER OF WORK FOR VERIFICATION BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH ANY WORK.
- 9. THE LANDSCAPE FINISHED GRADES WITHIN FIVE FEET (TEN FEET IF BUILDING SETBACK ALLOWS) OF THE BUILDING OR STRUCTURE SHALL SLOPE AT A 2% MINIMUM FROM THE FOUNDATION. ALL EXTERIOR HARD SURFACING AREAS (INCLUDING TERRACES) SHALL BE INSTALLED WITH A 2% MINIMUM GRADIENT, AND SHALL DRAIN AWAY FROM THE BUILDING. FINISHED GRADE DRAINAGE SWALES SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM SLOPE OF 1%. MAXIMUM GRADED SLOPE IS 3:1 (3 HORIZONTAL TO 1 VERTICAL). SPOT ELEVATIONS SHOWN ON THE PLAN SHALL DICTATE ACTUAL GRADES. SURFACE SLOPE GRADES NOTED ON THE PLAN ARE APPROXIMATE.
- 10. FOR ALL UTILITY NOTES MARKED "VERIFY", CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY LOCATION, SIZE, MATERIAL, ETC, OF EXISTING UTILITIES, SUCH AS WATER, GAS SEWER, ETC., PRIOR TO STARTING CONSTRUCTION
- 11. SEE ARCHITECTURAL SITE PLAN AND LANDSCAPE PLAN FOR SITE INFORMATION AND NOTES NOT SHOWN HEREIN.









SITE BENCHMARK: �

ELEVATION=100.00' (ASSUMED DATUM)

EARTHWORK TABLE

LOCATION	CUT (CY)	FILL (CY)	EXPORT (CY)
DRIVEWAY & SITE	5	10	
HOUSE	45	10	
TOTAL	50	20	30

NOTE: EARTHWORK QUANTITIES SHOWN ON THIS TABLE ARE APPROXIMATE AND FOR INFORMATION ONLY. IT SHALL BE THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO INDEPENDENTLY ESTIMATE QUANTITIES FOR HIS/HER OWN USE.

N60°11'00"W

ADU UNIT

F.F. 98.8

PAD 97.8

(VFRIFY)

100.5

PAVER

NEW 3' DRAINAGE SWALE

(COMPACTED AGGREGATE BASE)

PER CITY STANDARD DETAIL SU-20A,

N60°11'00"W 51.00'

NEW RESIDENCE

PAD 98.5

(VERIFY)

100.5

FRONT BS/L

RÉAR BSL

UNITS

18" DI PER DET 1

SWALE PER DET. 2 @ 1%

4" PVC SD SDR35 @ 1%

INV 97.6

4" SEWER LINE @

MARICH WAY

EX. 4" SEWER LATERAL TO REMAIN. NEW PROPERTY LINE

SEWER CLEANOUT TO BE INSTALLED WITHIN 5' BEHIND

PROPERTY LINE PER CITY STANDARD DETAIL SS-5 & 6

(CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY LOCATION OF EX. LATERAL)

2% MIN.

RIM 97.8 INV 96.3 (4" SD)

INV 95.8

97.4

18" DI PER DET 1

INV 96.0 (4" SD)

SWALE PER DET. 2 @ -

TRENCH DRAIN -

RECONNECT GAS & ELECTRIC

SERVICE TO HOUSE BY PG&E.

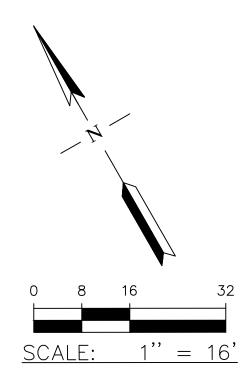
NEW WATER METER AND SERVICE

PER FIRE DEMAND. CONTRACTOR

TO COORDINATE WITH WATER

CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE

INV 95.5



ABBREVIATION

ASPHALT CONCRETE AREA DRAIN BOTTOM OF BASIN CONC CONCRETE C/G CURB & GUTTER DRAIN INLET DS

DOWNSPOUT EX. EXISTING GFF FINISH FLOOR GRADE FLOW LINE GRADE PUE PVC POLYVINYL CHLORIDE

GARAGE FINISH GRADE PUBLIC UTILITY EASEMENT SIDEWALK TOP OF BASIN

TOP OF CURB

CENTERLINE UTILITY LINE-TYPE AS NOTED STREET LIGHT UTILITY BOX-TYPE AS NOTED WATER METER

 \bowtie WV WATER VALVE CURB CATCH BASIN +----FIRE HYDRANT \bigcirc MH MANHOLE-TYPE AS NOTED \bigcirc co SANITARY SEWER CLEANOUT POWER POLE W/ OVERHEAD WIRE

BENCHMARK MONUMENT CONTOUR LINE

LEGEND

PROPERTY LINE

ELEC

☐ WM

— · · · ← · · · ← SWALE @ 1% MIN. (U.O.N.) SURFACE FLOW DIRECTION

DOWNSPOUT WITH SPLASH-BLOCK TREE-TRUNK DIAMETER IN INCHES SPECIES NOTED WHEN KNOWN

18"X18" CONCRETE DRAIN ₩ 06-30-23 BOX WITH OPEN GRATE FOR OVERFLOW

6" MIN. SIDEN 2" CLEAR → BOTTOM PROVIDE ROCKED BOTTOM USING 4" PERFORATED PIPE 3/4" DRAIN ROCK. GEOFABRIC MIRAFI 140N TO ENCLOSE ALL DRAIN ROCK BOTH DIRECTIONS PER

PLAN

DETENTION BASIN NOT TO SCALE

TREE PROTECTION NOTES:

10' MIN. FROM

ALL P/L & BUILDING

· — \

ALL TREE PROTECTION FENCING SHALL BE CHAIN LINK AND A MINIMUM OF FIVE FEET IN HEIGHT WITH POSTS DRIVEN INTO THE GROUND. THE TREE PROTECTION FENCING SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF THE DEMOLITION PERMIT AND SHALL NOT BE REMOVED UNTIL ALL BUILDING CONSTRUCTION HAS BEEN COMPLETED.

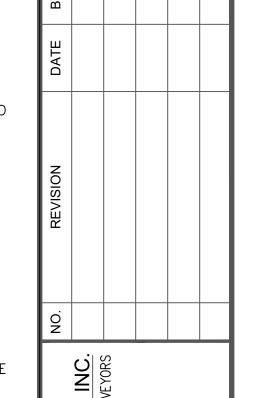
NOTE TO CONTRACTOR

- INTERIM GRADING AND DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS SHALL BE PROVIDED TO ENSURE NO STORMWATER WILL FLOW ONTO ADJACENT PROPERTIES AND TO RETAIN AS MUCH STORMWATER AS FEASIBLE ON-SITE UNTIL FINAL GRADING AND DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS ARE IN PLACE.
- 2. LOCATION OF DOWNSPOUTS TO BE VERIFIED IN THE FIELD.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY FINISH FLOOR AND PAD ELEVATIONS WITH ARCHITECTURAL & STRUCTURAL PLANS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. ADJUST ELEVATIONS AS NECESSARY.
- ANY DAMAGED RIGHT-OF-WAY INFRASTRUCTURES AND OTHERWISE DISPLACED CURB, GUTTER AND/OR PARKING STRIP SHALL BE REMOVED AND REPLACED AS DIRECTED BY THE CITY ENGINEER OR HIS DESIGNEE. CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

- CONTRACTOR SHALL MANAGE AND CONTROL STORMWATER DURING CONSTRUCTION.

CITY RIGH-OF-WAY NOTES

- PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF ANY WORK DONE IN THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY, A PERMIT TO OPEN STREET AND/OR AN ENCROACHMENT PERMIT WILL BE REQUIRED.



Agenda Item 2.

FRW ENGINEERING, I
CIVIL ENGINEERS • LAND SURVE
505 ALTAMONT DRIVE
MILPITAS, CA 95035
(P) (408) 262-1899
(FAX) (408) 824-5556

50541 RENEWAL DATE: 04-30-23

1 \geqslant \circlearrowleft MARICH 0 3 2

> AND PLAN GRADING

DATE: 10/25/2022 SCALE: AS NOTED DESIGNED BY: RW DRAWN BY: RW SHEET NO.

GENERAL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES:

- 1. THIS PLAN IS INTENDED TO BE USED FOR INTERIM EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL ONLY AND IS NOT TO BE USED FOR FINAL ELEVATIONS OR PERMANENT IMPROVEMENTS.
- 2. OWNER/ CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR MONITORING EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES PRIOR, DURING, AND AFTER STORM EVENTS.
- 3. REASONABLE CARE SHALL BE TAKEN WHEN HAULING ANY EARTH, SAND, GRAVEL, STONE, DEBRIS, PAPER OR ANY OTHER SUBSTANCE OVER ANY PUBLIC STREET, ALLEY OR OTHER PUBLIC PLACE. SHOULD ANY BLOW, SPILL, OR TRACK OVER AND UPON SAID PUBLIC OR ADJACENT PRIVATE PROPERTY, IMMEDIATE REMEDY SHALL OCCUR.
- 4. SANITARY FACILITIES SHALL BE MAINTAINED ON THE SITE.
- 5. DURING THE RAINY SEASON, ALL PAVED AREAS SHALL BE KEPT CLEAR OF EARTH MATERIAL AND DEBRIS. THE SITE SHALL BE MAINTAINED SO AS TO MINIMIZE SEDIMENT LADEN RUNOFF TO ANY STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM, INCLUDING EXISTING DRAINAGE SWALES AND WATER COURSES.
- 6. CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS SHALL BE CARRIED OUT IN SUCH A MANNER THAT EROSION AND WATER POLLUTION WILL BE MINIMIZED. STATE AND LOCAL LAWS CONCERNING POLLUTION ABATEMENT SHALL BE COMPLIED WITH.
- 7. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE DUST CONTROL AS REQUIRED BY THE APPROPRIATE FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL AGENCY REQUIREMENTS.

EROSION AND SEDIMNET CONTROL MEASURES

- 1. THE FACILITIES SHOWN ON THIS PLAN ARE DESIGNED TO CONTROL EROSION AND SEDIMENT DURING THE RAINY SEASON, OCTOBER 15 TO APRIL 15.
 FACILITIES ARE TO BE OPERABLE PRIOR TO OCTOBER 1 OF ANY YEAR. GRADING OPERATIONS DURING THE RAINY SEASON WHICH LEAVE DENUDED SLOPES SHALL BE PROTECTED WITH EROSION CONTROL MEASURES IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING GRADING ON THE SLOPES.
- 2. THIS PLAN COVERS ONLY THE FIRST WINTER FOLLOWING GRADING WITH ASSUMED SITE CONDITIONS AS SHOWN ON THE EROSION CONTROL PLAN. PRIOR TO SEPTEMBER 15, THE COMPLETION OF SITE IMPROVEMENT SHALL BE EVALUATED AND REVISIONS MADE TO THIS PLAN AS NECESSARY WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE CITY ENGINEER. PLANS ARE TO BE RESUBMITTED FOR CITY APPROVAL PRIOR TO SEPTEMBER 1 OF EACH SUBSEQUENT YEAR UNTIL SITE IMPROVEMENTS ARE ACCEPTED BY THE CITY AND COUNTY.
- 3. CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF GRADING. ALL CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC ENTERING ONTO THE PAVED ROADS MUST CROSS THE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE WAYS. (ALSO INCLUDE THIS NOTE ON GRADING PLANS.)
- 4. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN STABILIZED ENTRANCE AT EACH VEHICLE ACCESS POINT TO EXISTING PAVED STREETS. ANY MUD OR DEBRIS TRACKED ONTO PUBLIC STREETS SHALL BE REMOVED DAILY AND AS REQUIRED BY THE CITY AND COUNTY.
- 5. IF HYDROSEEDING IS NOT USED OR IS NOT EFFECTIVE BY 10/10, THEN OTHER IMMEDIATE METHODS SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED, SUCH AS EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS, OR A THREE—STEP APPLICATION OF 1) SEED, MULCH, FERTILIZER 2) BLOWN STRAW 3) TACKIFIER AND MULCH.
- 6. INLET PROTECTION SHALL BE INSTALLED AT OPEN INLETS TO PREVENT SEDIMENT FROM ENTERING THE STORM DRAIN SYSTEM. INLETS NOT USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH EROSION CONTROL ARE TO BE BLOCKED TO PREVENT ENTRY OF SEDIMENT.
- 7. LOTS WITH HOUSES UNDER CONSTRUCTION WILL NOT BE HYDROSEEDED. EROSION PROTECTION FOR EACH LOT WITH A HOUSE UNDER CONSTRUCTION SHALL CONFORM TO THE TYPICAL LOT EROSION CONTROL DETAIL SHOWN ON THIS SHEET.
- 8. THIS EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN MAY NOT COVER ALL THE SITUATIONS THAT MAY ARISE DURING CONSTRUCTION DUE TO UNANTICIPATED FIELD CONDITIONS. VARIATIONS AND ADDITIONS MAY BE MADE TO THIS PLAN IN THE FIELD. NOTIFY THE CITY REPRESENTATIVE OF ANY FIELD CHANGES.

MAINTENANCE NOTES

- 1. MAINTENANCE IS TO BE PERFORMED AS FOLLOWS:
- A. REPAIR DAMAGES CAUSED BY SOIL EROSION OR CONSTRUCTION AT THE END OF EACH WORKING DAY.
- B. SWALES SHALL BE INSPECTED PERIODICALLY AND MAINTAINED AS NEEDED.
- C. SEDIMENT TRAPS, BERMS, AND SWALES ARE TO BE INSPECTED AFTER EACH STORM AND REPAIRS MADE AS NEEDED.
- D. SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED AND SEDIMENT TRAP RESTORED TO ITS ORIGINAL DIMENSIONS WHEN SEDIMENT HAS ACCUMULATED TO A DEPTH OF 1 FOOT.
- E. SEDIMENT REMOVED FROM TRAP SHALL BE DEPOSITED IN A SUITABLE AREA AND IN SUCH A MANNER THAT IT WILL NOT ERODE.
- F. RILLS AND GULLIES MUST BE REPAIRED.
- 2. ROCK BAG INLET PROTECTION SHALL BE CLEANED OUT WHENEVER SEDIMENT DEPTH IS ONE HALF THE HEIGHT OF ONE ROCK BAG.

HYDROSEEDING:

- 1. ALL WORK SHALL BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS, CALTRANS STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS, AND UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE SOIL ENGINEER IN THE FIELD
- 2. ALL AREAS SPECIFIED FOR HYDROSEEDING SHALL BE NOZZLE PLANTED WITH STABILIZATION MATERIAL CONSISTING OF FIBER, SEED, FERTILIZER AND WATER, MIXED AND APPLIED IN THE FOLLOWING PROPORTIONS AVAILABLE FROM PACIFIC COAST SEED, LIVERMORE (925) 373-4417:

FIBER (HYDROSTRAW AND TACK MULCH)
COLOR (GREEN TO GOLD)
FERTILIZER (16-20-0)

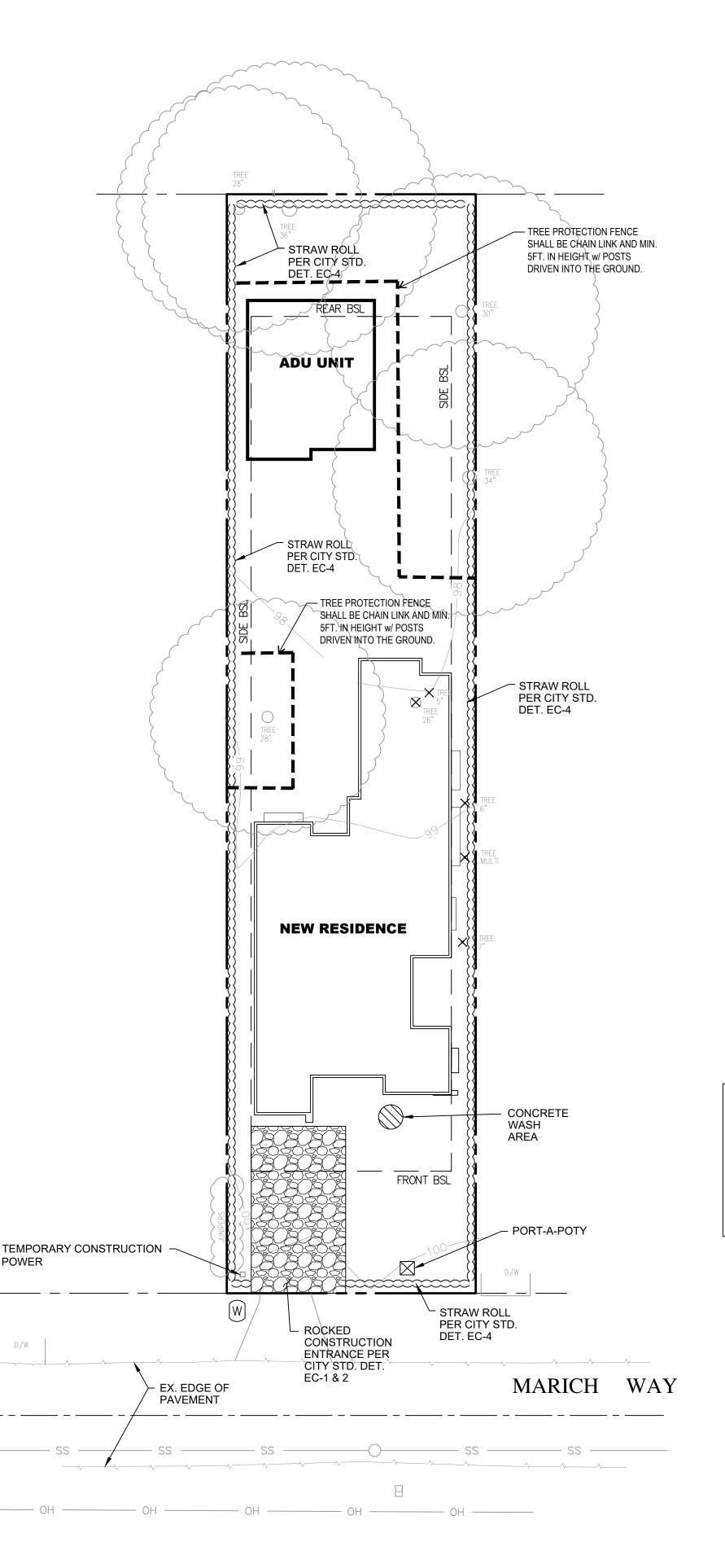
55 LBS/ACRE 350 LBS/ACRE 125 LB/ACRE

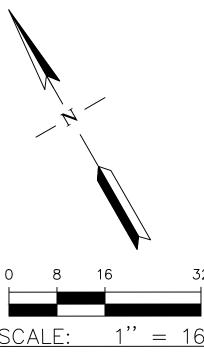
2500 LBS/ACRE

M-BINDER WATER, AS REQUIRED FOR APPLICATION

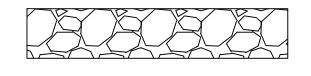
ADDITONAL NOTES:

- 1. STABILIZE ALL DENUDED AREAS AND INSTALL AND MAINTAIN ALL TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS CONTINUOUSLY BETWEEN OCTOBER 15TH AND APRIL 15TH OF EACH YEAR, UNTIL PERMANENT EROSION CONTROL HAVE BEEN ESTABLISHED.
- 2. STORE, HANDLE, AND DISPOSE OF CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS AND WASTE PROPERLY, SO AS TO PREVENT THEIR CONTACT WITH STORMWATER.
- 3. CONTROL AND PREVENT THE DISCHARGE OF ALL POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS, INCLUDING PAVEMENT CUTTING, WASTES, PAINTS, CONCRETE, PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, CHEMICALS, WASHWATER OR SEDIMENTS, AND NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES TO STORM DRAINS AND WATERCOURSES.
- 4. USE SEDIMENT CONTROLS OR FILTRATION TO REMOVE SEDIMENT WHEN DETWATERING SITE AND OBTAIN ALL NECESSARY PERMITS.
- 5. AVOID CLEANING, FUELING, OR MAINTENING VEHICLE ON-SITE, EXCEPT IN A DESIGNATED AREA WHERE WASHWATER IS CONTAINED AND TREATED.
- 6. DELINEATE WITH FIELD MARKERS CLEARING LIMITS, EASEMENTS, SETBACKS, SENSITIVE OR CRITICAL AREAS, BUFFER ZONES, TREES AND DRAINAGE COURSES.
- 7. PROTECT ADJACENT PROPERTIES AND UNDISTURBED AREAS FROM CONSTRUCTION IMPACTS USING VEGETATIVE BUFFER STRIPS, SEDIMENT BARRIERS OR FILTERS, DIKES, MULCHING, OR OTHER MEASURES AS APPROPRIATE.
- 8. PERFORM CLEARING AND EARTH MOVING ACTIVITIES ONLY DURING DRY WEATHER.
- 9. LIMIT AND TIME APPLICATIONS OF PESTICIDES AND FERTILIZERS TO PREVENT POLLUTED RUNOFF.
- 10. LIMIT CONSTRUCTION ACCESS ROUTES AND STABILIZE DESIGNATED ACCESS POINTS.
- 11. AVOID TRACKING DIRT OR OTHER MATERIAL OFF-SITE; CLEAN OFF-SITE PAVED AREAS AND SIDEWALKS USING DRY SWEEPING METHODS.
- 12. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TRAIN AND PROVIDE INSTRUCTION TO ALL EMPLOYEES AND SUBCONTRACTORS REGARDING THE CONSTRUCTION BMPS.





LEGEND



ROCKED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

FIBER ROLL

PORT-A-POTY

CONCRETE WASH AREA

TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION POWER

INLET SEDIMENTATION BARRIER

STOCKPILE NOTE:

STOCKPILED MATERIAL SHALL BE COVERED WITH VISQUEEN OR A TARPAULIN UNTIL THE MATERIAL IS REMOVED FROM THE SITE. ANY REMAINING BARE SOIL THAT EXISTS AFTER THE STOCKPILE HAVE BEEN REMOVED SHALL BE COVERED UNTIL A NATURAL GROUND COVER IS ESTABLISHED OR IT MAY BE SEEDED OR PLANTED TO PROVIDE GROUND COVER PRIOR TO THE FALL RAINING SEASON.

ENCROACHMENT PERMIT:

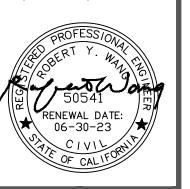
1. PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF ANY WORK DONE IN THE PUBLIC RIGHT—OF—WAY, AN ENCROACHMENT PERMIT WILL BE REQUIRED.

TREE PROTECTION FENCING NOTE:
ALL TREE PROTECTION FENCING SHALL BE CHAIN LINK AND A MINIMUM OF FIVE FEET IN HEIGHT WITH POSTS DRIVEN INTO THE GROUND. THE TREE PROTECTION FENCING SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF THE DEMOLITION PERMIT AND SHALL NOT BE REMOVED UNTIL ALL BUILDING CONSTRUCTION HAS BEEN COMPLETED.

NO. REVISION DATE BY RVEYORS

Agenda Item 2.

CIVIL ENGINEERS • LAND SURV 505 ALTAMONT DRIVE MILPITAS, CA 95035 (P) (408) 262–1899 (FAX) (408) 824–5556 rwenqineering@qmail.com



S A S S,

NEW RESIDENC 239 MARICH WA LOS ALTOS, CA

> ROSION CONTROL PLAN

DATE: 9/3/2022

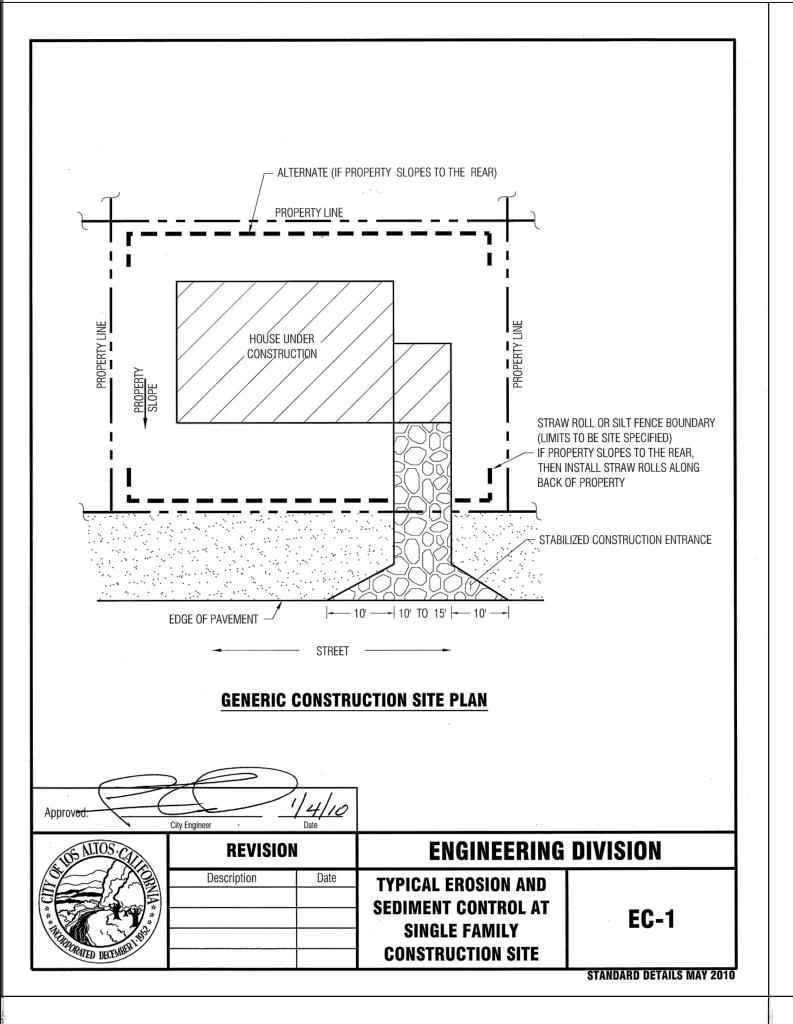
SCALE: AS NOTED

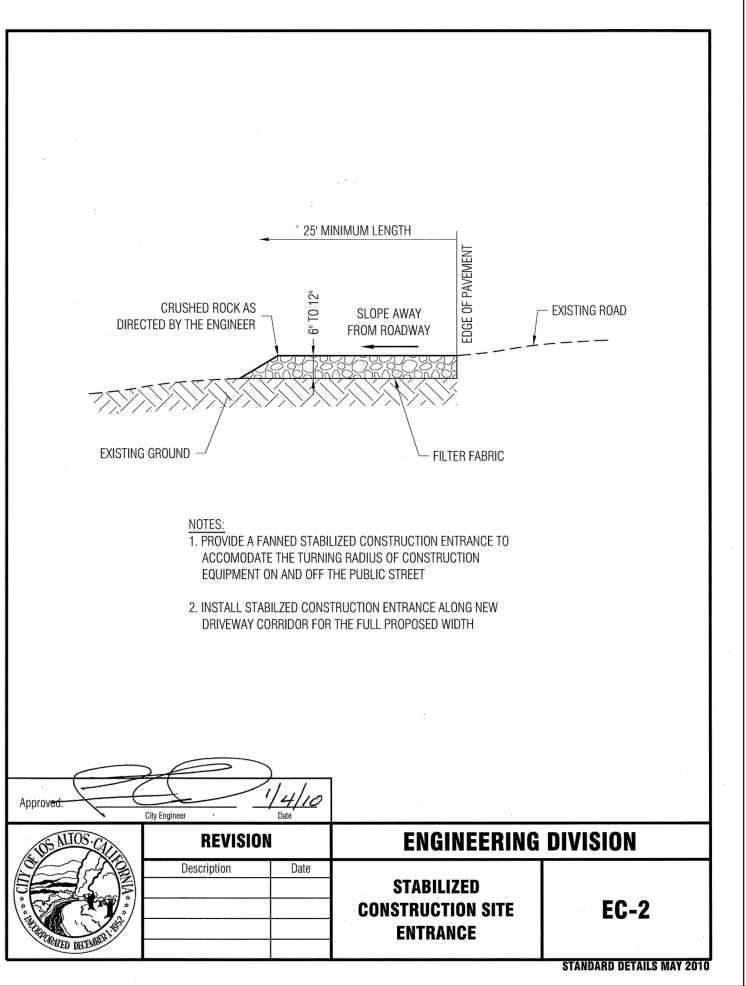
DESIGNED BY: RW

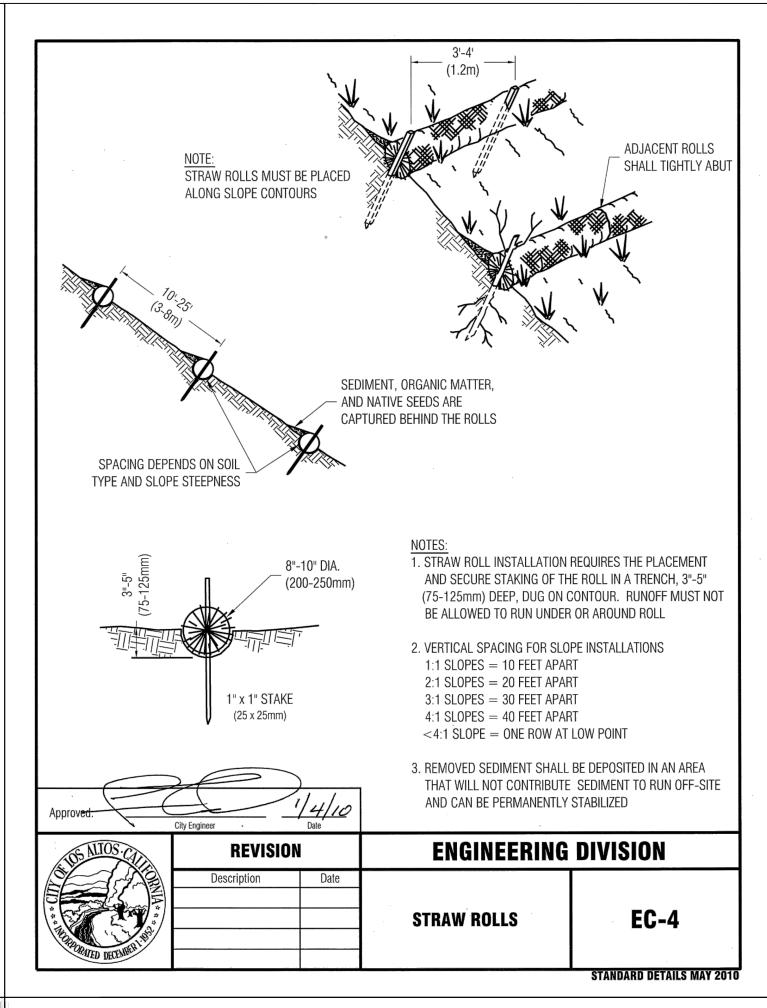
DRAWN BY: RW

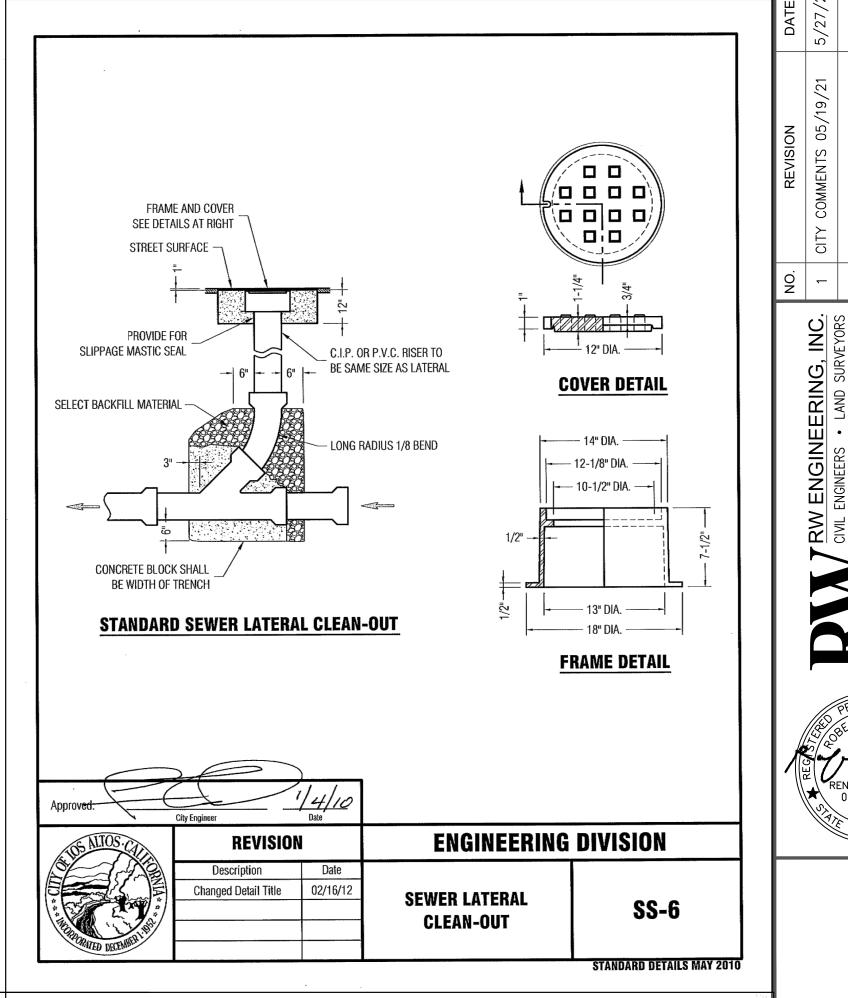
SHEET NO.

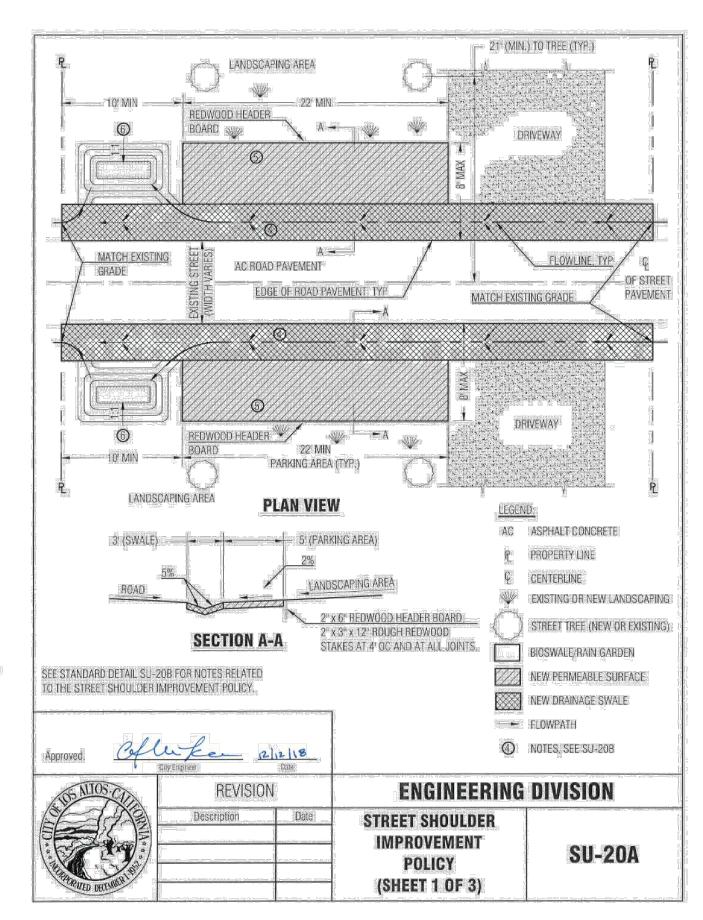
C-2

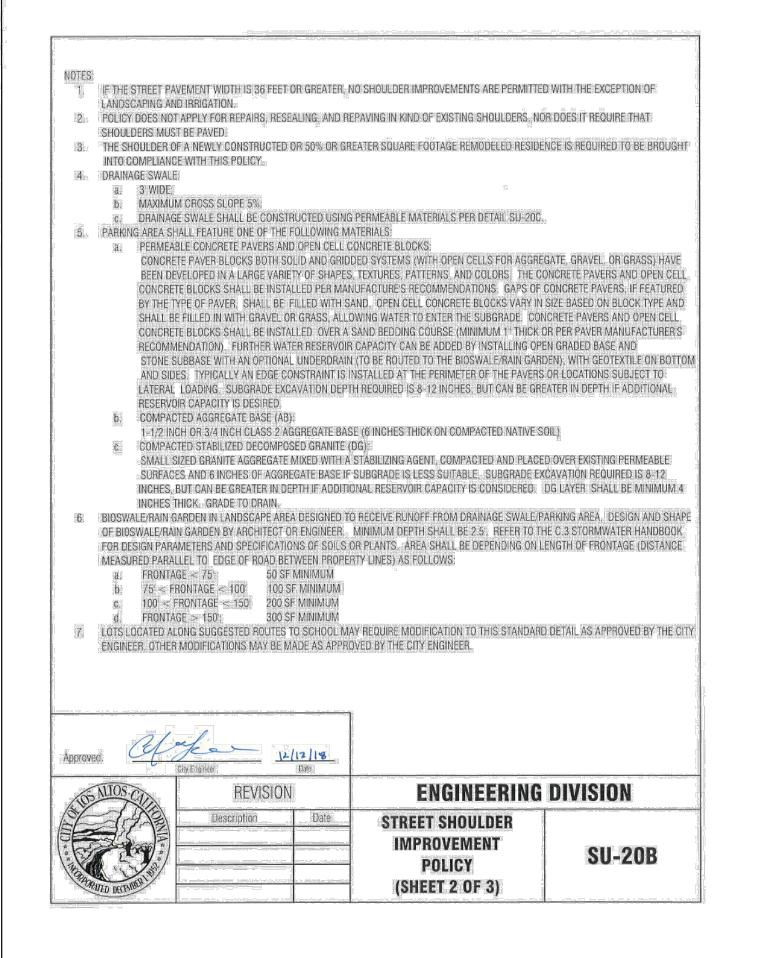


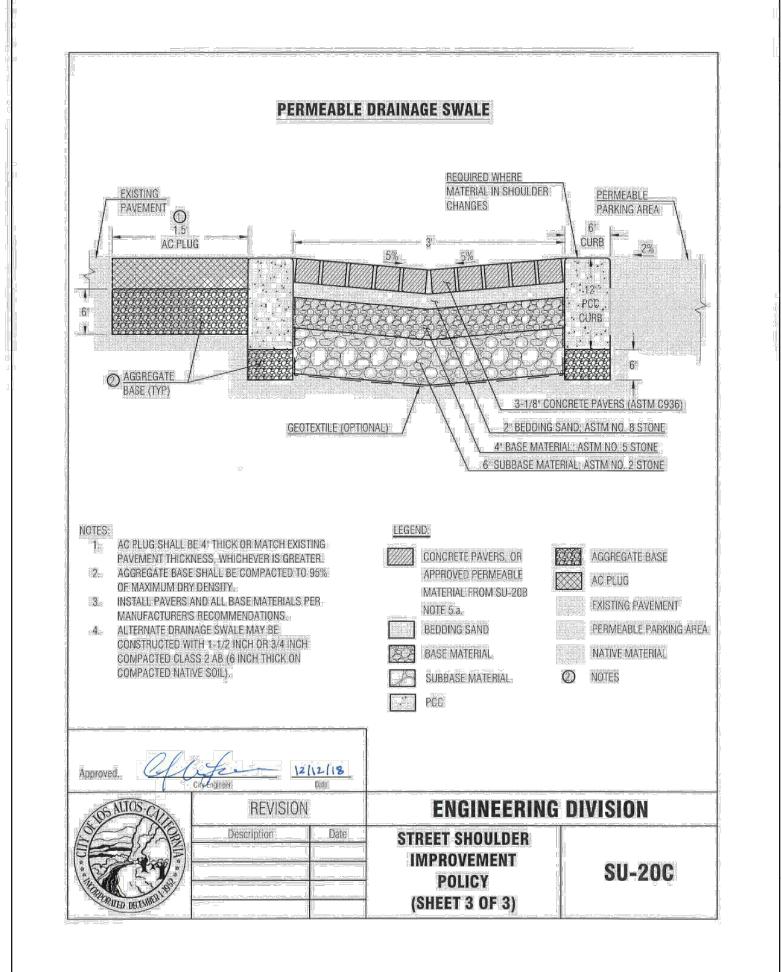


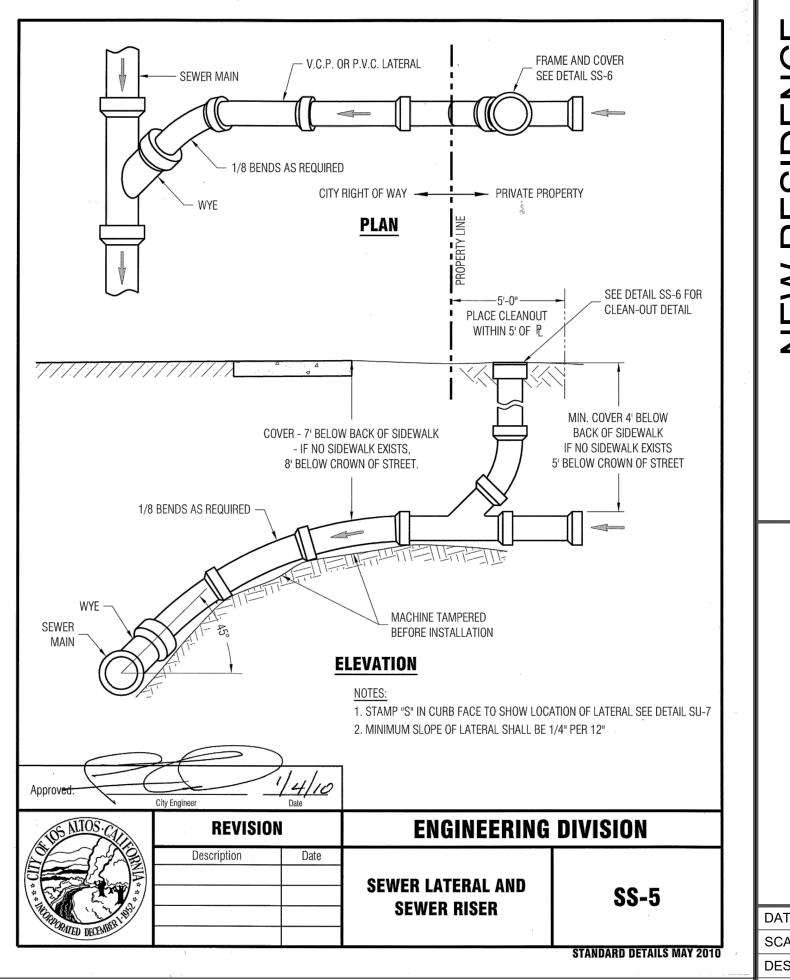


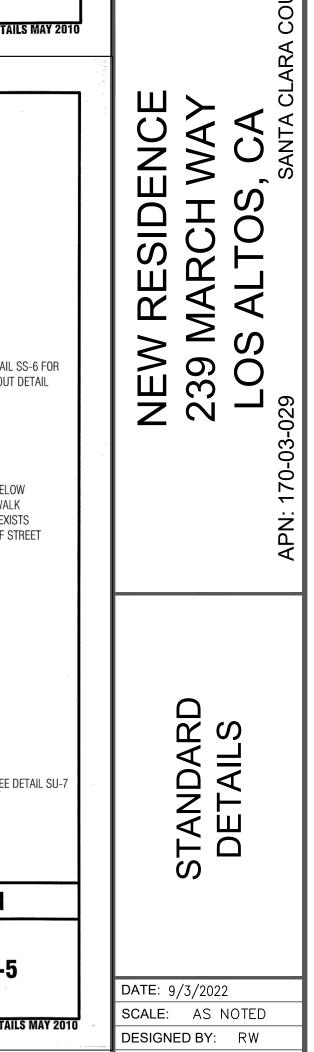












DRAWN BY: RW

SHEET NO.



Best Management Practices for the

- Vehicle and equipment operators

Developers

General contractors

Landscaping,

Construction Industry

Gardening, and

Pool Maintenance

Best Management Practices for the

Best Management Practices for the

Swimming pool/spa service and repair

Landscapers

General contractors

Home builders

Developers

Homeowners

Gardeners

 Site supervisors Home builders

Storm water Pollution from Heavy Equipment on **Construction Sites**

Doing the Job Right

Site Planning and Preventive Vehicle

☐ Maintain all vehicles and heavy equipment.

Inspect frequently for and repair leaks.

Perform major maintenance, repair jobs, and

☐ If you must drain and replace motor oil, radiator

vehicle and equipment washing off site where

coolant, or other fluids on site, use drip pans or

drop cloths to catch drips and spills. Collect all

spent fluids, store in separate containers, and

properly dispose as hazardous waste (recycle

parts, or clean equipment. Use only water for

☐ Cover exposed fifth wheel hitches and other oily

or greasy equipment during rain events.

Do not use diesel oil to lubricate equipment

Poorly maintained vehicles and heavy equipment that leak fuel, oil, antifreeze or other fluids on the construction site are common sources of storm drain pollution. Prevent spills and leaks by isolating equipment from runoff channels, and by watching for leaks and other maintenance problems. Remove construction

equipment from the site as soon as possible

Spill Cleanup

Clean up spills immediately when they

■ Never hose down "dirty" pavement or impermeable surfaces where fluids have spilled. Use dry cleanup methods (absorbent materials, cat litter, and/or rags) whenever possible and properly dispose of absorbent materials.

☐ Sweep up spilled dry materials immediately. Never attempt to "wash them away" with water, or bury them.

☐ Use as little water as possible for dust control. Ensure water used doesn't leave silt or discharge to storm drains.

Clean up spills on dirt areas by digging up and properly disposing of contaminated soil.

☐ Report significant spills to the appropriate local spill response agencies immediately.

If the spill poses a significant hazard to human health and safety, property or the environment, you must also report it to the State Office of Emergency

Roadwork and

Best Management Practices for the Construction Industry



Best Management Practices for the

Road crews

Seal coat contractors

Construction inspectors

☐ Perform major equipment repairs at designated



Developers

Doing The Job Right

areas in your maintenance yard, where

☐ When refueling or when vehicle/equipment

Do not use diesel oil to lubricate equipment

Recycle used oil, concrete, broken asphalt, etc.

whenever possible, or dispose of properly.

or when rain is forecast, to prevent fresh

Protect drainage ways by using earth dikes,

sand bags, or other controls to divert or trap

Storm Drain Pollution

from Roadwork

Road paving, surfacing, and pavement removal

happen right in the street, where there are

numerous opportunities for asphalt, saw-cut slurry,

or excavated material to illegally enter storm drains.

Extra planning is required to store and dispose of

materials properly and guard against pollution of

storm drains, creeks, and the Bay.

Doing The Job Right

repairs at construction sites.

parts or clean equipment.

During Construction

or similar materials.

and filter runoff.

cleanup is easier. Avoid performing equipment

maintenance must be done on site, designate

a location away from storm drains and creeks.

Paving dry weather. Check for and repair leaking equipment.

Driveway/sidewalk/parking lot construction

 Operators of grading equipment, paving machines, dump trucks, concrete mixers

General contractors

Home builders

exposed- aggregate concrete or similar treatments into a street or storm drain. **General Business Practices** Collect and recycle, or dispose to dirt Develop and implement erosion/sediment control plans for roadway embankments. ☐ Schedule excavation and grading work during

☐ Cover stockpiles (asphalt, sand, etc.) and other construction materials with plastic tarps. Protect from rainfall and prevent runoff with temporary roofs or plastic sheets and berms.

■ Never wash excess material from

☐ Park paving machines over drip pans or absorbent material (cloth, rags, etc.) to catch drips when not in use. Clean up all spills and leaks using "dry"

methods (with absorbent materials

and/or rags), or dig up, remove, and properly dispose of contaminated soil. ☐ Collect and recycle or appropriately dispose of excess abrasive gravel or

■ Avoid over-application by water trucks for dust control.

Asphalt/Concrete Removal

Avoid paving and seal coating in wet weather, □ Avoid creating excess dust when materials from contacting stormwater runoff. breaking asphalt or concrete. Cover and seal catch basins and manholes ☐ After breaking up old pavement, be sure

when applying seal coat, slurry seal, fog seal, to remove all chunks and pieces. Make sure broken pavement does not come in contact with rainfall or runoff.

☐ When making saw cuts, use as little water as possible. Shovel or vacuum saw-cut slurry and remove from the site Cover or protect storm drain inlets during saw-cutting. Sweep up, and properly dispose of, all residues.

Sweep, never hose down streets to clean up tracked dirt. Use a street sweeper or vacuum truck. Do not dump vacuumed liquor in storm drains.

containers into a street, gutter, storm

drain, French drain, or stream.

Fresh Concrete and Mortar **Application**

Best Management Practices for the Construction Industry



Best Management Practices for the

Masons and bricklayers

Sidewalk construction crews

Patio construction workers

Construction inspectors

General contractors

Home builders Developers

Concrete delivery/pumping workers

Doing The Job Right

General Business Practices

- Wash out concrete mixers only in designated wash-out areas in your yard, away from storm drains and waterways, where the water will flow into a temporary waste pit in a dirt area. Let water percolate through soil and dispose of settled, hardened concrete as garbage Whenever possible, recycle washout by pumping back into mixers for reuse.
- Wash out chutes onto dirt areas at site that do not flow to streets or drains.
- ☐ Always store both dry and wet materials under cover, protected from rainfall and runoff and away from storm drains or waterways. Protect dry materials from wind.
- Secure bags of cement after they are open. Be sure to keep wind-blown cement powder away from streets, gutters, storm drains, rainfall, and
- Do not use diesel fuel as a lubricant on concrete forms, tools, or trailers.

Storm Drain Pollution from Fresh **Concrete and Mortar Applications**

Fresh concrete and cement-related mortars that wash into lakes, streams, or estuaries are toxic to fish and the aquatic environment. Disposing of these materials to the storm drains or creeks can block storm drains, causes serious problems, and is prohibited by law.

Los Altos Municipal Code Requirements

permitted by a discharge permit or unless exempted pursuant to guidelines published by the superintendent.

San Francisco Bay. Unlawful discharges to storm drains shall include, but not be limited to, discharge from toilets; sinks; industrial

processes; cooling systems; boilers; fabric cleaning; equipment cleaning; vehicle cleaning; construction activities, including, but not

limited to, painting, paving, concrete placement, saw cutting and grading; swimming pools; spas; and fountains, unless specifically

such a manner or location as to constitute a threatened discharge into storm drains, gutters, creeks or San Francisco Bay. A

"threatened discharge" is a condition creating a substantial probability of harm, when the probability and potential extent of harm

make it reasonably necessary to take immediate action to prevent, reduce or mitigate damages to persons, property or natural

resources. Domestic or industrial wastes that are no longer contained in a pipe, tank or other container are considered to be

available at the construction sites for all projects where the proposed construction site is equal to or greater than one acre of

disturbed soil and for any other projects for which the city engineer determines is necessary to protect surface waters. Preparation

acre of disturbed soil and for any other projects for which the city engineer determines that a storm water management plan is

necessary to protect surface waters. Preparation of the plan shall be in accordance with guidelines published by the city engineer.

drain. The city engineer or designee may require gravity settling and filtration upon a determination that either or both would

improve the water quality of the discharge. Contaminated groundwater or water that exceeds state or federal requirements for

discharge to navigable waters may not be discharged to the storm drain. Such water may be discharged to the sewer, provided

A. A spill response plan for hazardous waste, hazardous materials and uncontained construction materials shall be prepared and

B. A storm water pollution prevention plan shall be prepared and available at the construction sites for all projects greater than one

C. Prior approval shall be obtained from the city engineer or designee to discharge water pumped from construction sites to the storm

D. No cleanup of construction debris from the streets shall result in the discharge of water to the storm drain system; nor shall any

that the requirements of Section 10.08.240 are met and the approval of the superintendent is obtained prior to discharge.

construction debris be deposited or allowed to be deposited in the storm drain system. (Prior code § 5-5.643)

Threatened discharges. It shall be unlawful to cause hazardous materials, domestic waste, or industrial waste to be deposited in

Los Altos Municipal Code Chapter 10.08.390 Non-storm water discharges

threatened discharges unless they are actively being cleaned up.

Criminal and judicial penalties can be assessed for non-compliance.

Los Altos Municipal Code Section 10.08.430 Requirements for construction operations.

of the plan shall be in accordance with guidelines published by the city engineer.

During Construction

Don't mix up more fresh concrete or cement than you will use in a two-hour

☐ Set up and operate small mixers on

tarps or heavy plastic drop cloths. ☐ When cleaning up after driveway or

sidewalk construction, wash fines onto dirt areas, not down the driveway or into

Protect applications of fresh concrete and mortar from rainfall and runoff until the material has dried.

☐ Wash down exposed aggregate concrete only when the wash water can (1) flow onto a dirt area; (2) drain onto a bermed surface from which it can be pumped and disposed of properly; or (3) be vacuumed from a catchment created by blocking a storm drain inlet. If necessary, divert runoff with temporary berms. Make sure runoff does not reach gutters or storm drains.

☐ When breaking up pavement, be sure to pick up all the pieces and dispose of properly. Recycle large chunks of broken concrete at a landfill.

Never bury waste material. Dispose of small amounts of excess dry concrete, grout, and mortar in the trash.

☐ Never dispose of washout into the

street, storm drains, drainage ditches, or

Spill Response Agencies **DIAL 9-1-1**

Preventing Pollution:

It's Up to Us

In the Santa Clara Valley, storm drains

transport water directly to local creeks

and San Francisco Bay without treatment.

Storm water pollution is a serious problem

for wildlife dependent on our waterways

and for the people who live near polluted

streams or bay lands. Some common

sources of this pollution include spilled oil,

fuel, and fluids from vehicles and heavy

equipment; construction debris; sediment

created by erosion; landscaping runoff

containing pesticides or weed killers; and

materials such as used motor oil,

antifreeze, and paint products that people

Thirteen valley municipalities have joined

together with Santa Clara County and the

Santa Clara Valley Water District to

educate local residents and businesses

and fight storm water pollution. TO

comply with this program, contractors

most comply with the practices described

pour or spill into a street or storm drain.

this drawing sheet.

State Office of Emergency Services Warning Center (24 hours): 800-852-7550

Santa Clara County Environmental Health (408) 299-6930 Services:

Local Pollution Control Agencies

County of Santa Clara Pollution Prevention A. Unlawful discharges. It shall be unlawful to discharge any domestic waste or industrial waste into storm drains, gutters, creeks, or Program: (408) 441-1195

> County of Santa Clara Integrated Waste Management Program: (408) 441-1198

County of Santa Clara District Attorney Environmental Crimes Hotline

(408) 299-TIPS

Santa Clara County

Recycling Hotline: 1-800-533-8414

Santa Clara Valley Water

District: (408) 265-2600

Santa Clara Valley Water District Pollution 1-888-510-5151

Regional Water Quality Control Board San Francisco Bay Region: (510) 622-2300

Palo Alto Regional Water Quality

Control Plant: (650) 329-2598 Serving East Palo Alto Sanitary District, Los Altos, Los Altos Hills, Mountain View, Palo Alto, Stanford

City of Los Altos

Building Department: (650) 947-2752

Engineering Department: (650) 947-2780

General Construction **And Site** Supervision

For Construction



Best Management Practices for the

- General contractors Site supervisors
- Developers

Storm Drain Pollution from Construction Activities

subcontractors or employees

Doing The Right Job

General Business Practices Protect stockpiles and landscaping materials from wind and rain by storing them under tarps

or secured plastic sheeting.

- Store pesticides, fertilizers, and other chemicals indoors or in a shed or storage
- Schedule grading and excavation projects during dry weather. Use temporary check dams or ditches to divert

runoff away from storm drains.

Protect storm drains with sandbags or other Re-vegetation is an excellent form of erosion

commercial properties.

- control for any site Landscaping/Garden Maintenance Use pesticides sparingly, according to instructions on the label. Rinse empty containers, and use rinse water as product
- Dispose of rinsed, empty containers in the trash. Dispose of unused pesticides as hazardous waste ☐ Collect lawn and garden clippings, pruning
- and compost ☐ In communities with curbside pick-up of yard waste, place clippings and pruning waste at the curb in approved bags or containers. Or, take to a landfill that composts yard waste. No curbside pickup of yard waste is available for

Storm Drain Pollution From Landscaping and

Swimming Pool Maintenance Many landscaping activities expose soils and increase the likelihood that earth and garden chemicals will run off into the storm drains during irrigation or when it rains. Swimming pool water containing chlorine and copper-based algaecides should never be discharged to storm drains. These chemicals are toxic to aquatic life.

Do not blow or rake leaves, etc. into the street, or place yard waste in gutters or on dirt shoulders, unless you are piling them for recycling (allowed by San Jose and unincorporated County only). Sweep up any leaves, litter or residue in gutters or on

In San Jose, leave yard waste for curbside recycling pickup in piles in the street, 18 inches from the curb and completely out of the flow line to any storm drain.

Pool/Fountain/Spa Maintenance

Draining Pools Or Spas

When it's time to drain a pool, spa, or fountain, please be sure to call your local wastewater treatment plant before you start for further guidance on flow rate restrictions, backflow prevention, and handling special cleaning waste (such as acid wash). Discharge flows shall not exceed 100 gallon per minute.

- Never discharge pool or spa water to a street or storm drain; discharge to a sanitary sewer cleanout.
- If possible, when emptying a pool or spa, let chlorine dissipate for a few days and then recycle/reuse water by draining it gradually onto a landscaped area.

Do not use copper-based algaecides.

Control algae with chlorine or other alternatives, such as sodium bromide.

- Filter Cleaning Never clean a filter in the street or near a storm drain. Rinse cartridge and diatomaceous earth filters onto a dirt area, and spade filter residue into soil. Dispose
- of spent diatomaceous earth in the garbage. If there is no suitable dirt area, call your local wastewater treatment plant for instructions on discharging filter backwash or rinse water to the sanitary sewer.

Painting and **Application of** Solvents and **Adhesives**

Best Management Practices for the Construction Industry



Best Management Practices for the

- Painters Paperhangers

Home builders

Developers

Dry wall crews

Floor covering installers

General contractors

Homeowners

 Plasterers Graphic artists

Storm Drain Pollution from Paints, Solvents, and Adhesives

All paints, solvents, and adhesives contain chemicals that are harmful to wildlife in local creeks, San Francisco Bay, and the Pacific Ocean. Toxic chemicals may come from liquid or solid products or from cleaning residues or rags. Paint material and wastes, adhesives and cleaning fluids should be recycled when possible, or disposed of properly to prevent these materials from flowing into storm drains and watercourses.

Doing The Job Right

Practices During Construction

Remove existing vegetation only when

absolutely necessary. Plant temporary

vegetation for erosion control on slopes or

drainage swales. Use check dams or ditches

to divert runoff around excavations. Refer to

the Regional Water Quality Control Board's

Storm Drain Pollution

from Earth-Moving Activities

and Dewatering

Soil excavation and grading operations loosen large

amounts of soil that can flow or blow into storm

drains when handled improperly. Sediments in runofl

can clog storm drains, smother aquatic life, and

destroy habitats in creeks and the Bay. Effective

erosion control practices reduce the amount of runoff

crossing a site and slow the flow with check dams or

Contaminated groundwater is a common problem in

the Santa Clara Valley. Depending on soil types and

dewatering site into any water of the state

proper erosion and sediment control

Erosion and Sediment Control Field Manual for

Painting Cleanup ■ Never clean brushes or rinse paint

Handling Paint Products ☐ Keep all liquid paint products and wastes away from the gutter, street, and storm drains. Liquid residues from paints, thinners, solvents, glues, and cleaning fluids are hazardous wastes and must be disposed of at a hazardous waste collection facility (contact

back of this brochure). ☐ When thoroughly dry, empty paint cans, used brushes, rags, and drop cloths may be disposed of as garbage in a sanitary landfill. Empty, dry paint cans also may be recycled as

your local stormwater program listed on the

■ Wash water from painted buildings constructed before 1978 can contain high amounts of lead, even if paint chips are not present. Before you begin stripping paint or cleaning pre-1978 building exteriors with water under high pressure, test paint for lead by taking paint scrapings to a local laboratory. See Yellow

Pages for a state-certified laboratory.

☐ If there is loose paint on the building, or if the

paint tests positive for lead, block storm drains. determine whether you may discharge water to the sanitary sewer, or if you must send it offsite for disposal as hazardous waste.

☐ For water-based paints, paint out brushes to the extent possible, and rinse

into a drain that goes to the sanitary sewer. Never pour paint down a storm ☐ For oil-based paints, paint out brushes to the extent possible and clean with thinner or solvent in a proper container. Filter and reuse thinners and solvents. Dispose of

Paint Removal

Paint chips and dust from non-hazardous dry stripping and sand blasting may be swept up or collected in plastic drop cloths and disposed of as trash. Chemical paint stripping residue and chips

excess liquids and residue as hazardous

and dust from marine paints or paints containing lead, mercury or tributyl tin must be disposed of as hazardous wastes. Lead based paint removal requires a state-certified contractor. When stripping or cleaning building

building cleaning water and dispose to the sanitary sewer. Sampling of the water may be required to assist the wastewater

Whenever Possible Recycle or donate excess water-based (latex) paint, or return to supplier.

of non-recyclable thinners, sludge and unwanted paint, as hazardous waste. Unopened cans of paint may be able to be

returned to the paint vendor. Check with the vendor regarding its "buy-back" policy.

Dewatering Operations 1. Check for Toxic Pollutants

water tested by a certified laboratory. to the storm drain (if no sediments be required to collect and haul pumped where construction is not immediately planned. groundwater offsite for treatment and ☐ Protect down slope drainage courses, streams, disposal at an appropriate treatment and storm drains with wattles, or temporary

pump water to the street or storm drain. If the pumping time is more than 24 hours and the flow rate greater than 20 gpm,

☐ If the water is not clear, solids must be filtered or settled out by pumping to a settling tank prior to discharge. Options for filtering include: Pumping through a perforated pipe

Pumping from a bucket placed below Pumping through a filtering device such as a swimming pool filter or filter fabric wrapped around end of suction When discharging to a storm drain, protect

the inlet using a barrier of burlap bags

filled with drain rock, or cover inlet with

to discharge.

filter fabric anchored under the grate. OR

pump water through a grassy swale prior

exteriors with high-pressure water, block storm drains. Direct wash water onto a dirt area and spade into soil. Or, check with

treatment authority in making its decision. Recycle/Reuse Leftover Paints

the local wastewater treatment authority to

find out if you can collect (mop or vacuum)

Reuse leftover oil-based paint, Dispose

Cover stockpiles and excavated soil with secured tarps or plastic sheeting.

- Check for odors, discoloration, or an oily sheen on groundwater. Call your local wastewater treatment agency and ask whether the groundwater must be tested.
- If contamination is suspected, have the Depending on the test results, you may be allowed to discharge pumped groundwater present) or sanitary sewer. OR, you may
- 2. Check for Sediment Levels If the water is clear, the pumping time is less than 24 hours, and the flow rate is less than 20 gallons per minute, you may
- for guidance.

call your local wastewater treatment plant

with gravel; water level using a submersible pump;

sunk part way into a small pit filled

Blueprint for a Clean Bay

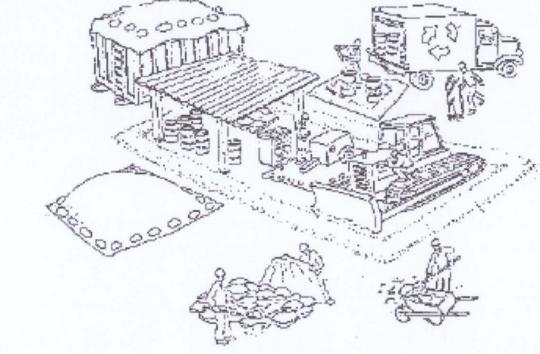
Remember: The property owner and the contractor share ultimate responsibility for the activities that occur on a construction site. You may be held responsible for any environmental damage

Best Management Practices for the Construction Industry

caused by your subcontractors or employees.



Santa Clara **Urban Runoff Pollution Prevention Program**



APPROVED BY: CITY OF LOS ALTOS LARRY LIND OCTOBER, 2003 DRAWN BY: SCALE: 48056 VICTOR CHEN CITY ENGINEER R.C.E. DRAWING NO: 27 CHECKED BY SHEET OF SHEETS JIM GUSTAFSON

Best Management Practices

- Inspectors Home builders
- Construction sites are common sources of storm water pollution. Materials and wastes that blow or wash into a storm drain, gutter, or street have a direct impact on local creeks and the Bay. As a contractor, or site supervisor, owner or operator of a site, you may be responsible for any environmental damage caused by your

Seneral Principals

Maintain equipment properly.

and drainage channels. ☐ Ensure dust control water doesn't leave site or discharge to storm drains. Advance Planning To Prevent Pollution Schedule excavation and grading activities for

dry weather periods. To reduce soil erosion,

erosion controls before rain begins. Use the

Erosion and Sediment Control Manual, available

plant temporary vegetation or place other

☐ Keep materials away from streets, storm drains

Cover materials when they are not in use.

from the Regional Water Quality Control Board, as a reference. Control the amount of runoff crossing your site (especially during excavation!) by using berms or temporary or permanent drainage ditches to divert water flow around the site. Reduce storm water runoff velocities by constructing temporary

check dams or berms where appropriate.

Train your employees and subcontractors.

Make these best management practices

available to everyone who works on the

construction site. Inform subcontractors about the storm water requirements and their own responsibilities

- Good Housekeeping Practices Designate one area of the site for auto parking vehicle refueling, and routine equipment maintenance. The designated area should be well away from streams or storm drain inlets, bermed if necessary. Make major repairs off
- drain to storm drains, creeks, or channels. Keep pollutants off exposed surfaces. Place trashcans and recycling receptacles around the site to minimize litter.

☐ Keep materials out of the rain – prevent runoff

contamination at the source. Cover exposed

sheeting or temporary roofs. Before it rains,

piles of soil or construction materials with plastic

sweep and remove materials from surfaces that

- Clean up leaks, drips and other spills Doing The Job Right immediately so they do not contaminate soil or groundwater or leave residue on ☐ Keep an orderly site and ensure good paved surfaces. Use dry cleanup methods housekeeping practices are used. whenever possible. If you must use water,
 - hosing it down on the construction site. Set portable toilets away from storm drains. Make sure portable toilets are in good working order. Check frequently for leaks. Materials/Waste Handling

☐ Practice Source Reduction -- minimize

waste when you order materials. Order

only the amount you need to finish the job.

use just enough to keep the dust down.

frequently for leaks. Place dumpsters under

roofs or cover with tarps or plastic sheeting

dumpster. Never clean out a dumpster by

Cover and maintain dumpsters. Check

secured around the outside of the

Use recyclable materials whenever possible. Arrange for pick-up of recyclable materials such as concrete, asphalt, scrap metal, solvents, degreasers, cleared vegetation, paper, rock, and vehicle maintenance materials such as used oil, antifreeze, batteries, and tires. Dispose of all wastes properly. Many construction materials and wastes,

including solvents, water-based paints,

wood, and cleared vegetation can be

vehicle fluids, broken asphalt and concrete,

recycled. Materials that cannot be recycled

must be taken to an appropriate landfill or

disposed of as hazardous waste. Never

bury waste materials or leave them in the

street or near a creek or stream bed. In addition to local building permits, you will need to obtain coverage under the State's General Construction Activity Storm water Permit if your construction site disturbs one acre or more. Obtain information from the Regional Water Quality Control Board.

Earth-Moving And Dewatering **Activities**

Construction Industry

Best Management Practices for the

Best Management Practices for the Bulldozer, back hoe, and grading machine

- Dump truck drivers Site supervisors General contractors
- Home builders Developers

General Business Practices Schedule excavation and grading work during dry weather Perform major equipment repairs away from the

☐ When refueling or vehicle/equipment maintenance must be done on site, designate a location away from storm drains. Do not use diesel oil to lubricate equipment parts, or clean equipment.

site history, groundwater pumped from construction sites may be contaminated with toxics (such as oil or solvents) or laden with sediments. Any of these pollutants can harm wildlife in creeks or the Bay, or interfere with wastewater treatment plant operation. Discharging sediment-laden water from a

roughened ground surfaces.

without treatment is prohibited.

measures.

Plan	t Le	gen	id				
KEY	QTY G	SIZE ALLO	SPACING NS	WUCOLS RATING	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	Mature High x Wid
REPLAC	CEMEN.	T TREE	- CLASS 1				
GB	- 24'	'box		MED	Ginko biloba "Fairmont"	Maidenhair Tree	75' x 12-25'
TALL SC	REENII	ng Sh	HRUBS				
PS	-	5	6'	MED growth re	Pittosporum tenuifolium Silver She ate 24" per year	en	15' x 6-15'
SHRUBS	3						
HY	=	5	4' - 6'	MED	Hydrangea macropylla (to be se	elected by owner)	
CJ	-	5	4' - 6'	MED	Camellia japonica		
CE	-	2	4' - 6'	LOW	Cordyline Electric Pink		
SO	-	5	4' - 6'	LOW	Solanum rantonnetii	Blue Potato Shrub	
RT RO	- -	5 5	4' - 6' 4'-6''	LOW LOW	Tree Roses selected by owner Rosmarinus Tuscan Blue	Rosemary for seas	oning
GROU	ND CO	VERS					
IR	-	1	2' - 5'	LOW	Iris douglasiana	Native Iris	
0	-	1	2' - 4'	LOW	Osteospermum fruticosum - mixe	ed colors selected b	y owner
LC	-	1	4' - 8'	LOW	Loropetalum - maroon leaves		
DV	-	1	4' - 6'	LOW	Dietes irridioides	Fortnight Lily	
LO	_	1	3' - 6'	LOW	Lantana Spreading Sunset	Orange Lantana	
LP	-	1	3' - 5'	LOW	Limonium perezii	Sea Statice	
LA	-	1	3' - 6'	LOW	Lavandula - selected by owner	Lavender	
EK	-	1	2' - 4'	LOW	Erigeron karvinskianus	Santa Barbara Da	isy
LAWN	sod			HIGH	Fescue blend sod lawn with hearsteel landscape edging or 2x4 ro		
Ask ov	ners if	they	want to up	osize some	of 1 gal plants to 5 gal plants		
Plant o	quantiti	ies are	e for plann	ing purpo	ses only. Contractor to do own pla	ant count	

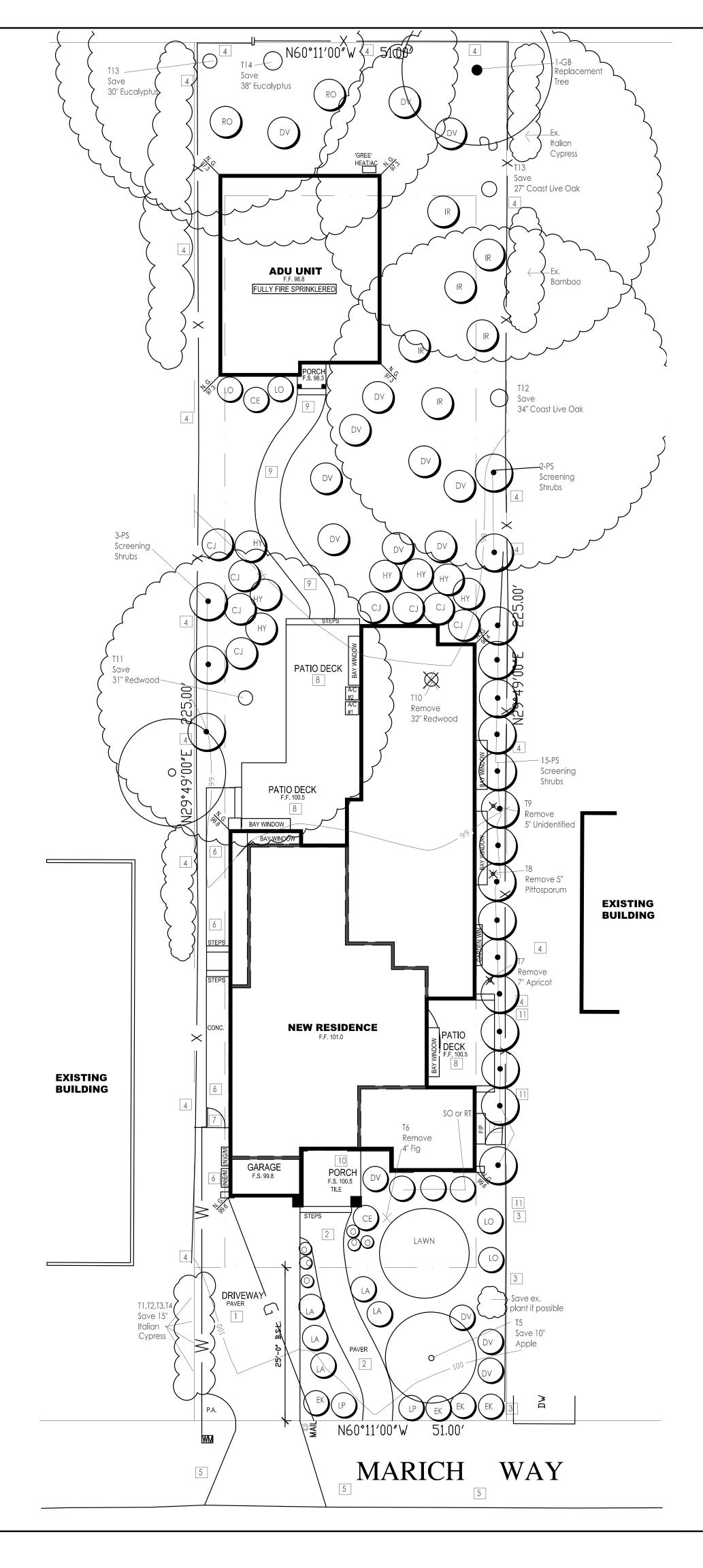
and install all plants on plan

Planting Notes

- LESS THAN 25% OF PLANTING AREA IS TURF
- PLANTS WITH SIMILAR WATER NEEDS ARE GROUPED WITHIN HYDROZONES. EACH HYDROZONE SHALL BE CONTROLLED BY A SEPARATE GROUP OF VALVES
- AT LEAST 4 CUBIC YARDS OF COMPOST (BFI SUPER HUMUS) AND 16 POUNDS OF 12-12-12 FERTILIZER PER 1000 SF OF PLANTING AREA SHALL BE THOUROUGHLY TILLED INTO THE TOP 8 INCHES OF SOIL (EXCEPT UNDER CANOPY OF EXISTING TREES TO BE SAVED) OR FOLLOW THE AMENDMENT AND FERTILIZER RECOMMENDATIONS OF A SOIL FERTILITY TEST AND ANALYSIS FROM A SOIL LAB (HIGHLY RECOMMENDED)
- 4 INSTALL 3 INCH DEEP LAYER OF TOP DRESS MULCH ON ALL EXPOSED SOIL SURFACES OF PLANTING AREAS EXCEPT IN AREAS OF DIRECT SEEDING APPLICATION OR SOD LAWN. USE WOOD CHIP TYPE MULCH TO BE SELECTED BY OWNERS. PROVIDE SAMPLES AND PRICES PRIOR TO FINALIZING BID
- 5 GRADING SHALL BE DESIGNED TO MINIMIZE SOIL EROSION, RUN-OFF AND WATER WASTE ADDITIONAL
- 6 FINAL CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS TO INCLUDE PLANTING AND IRRIGATION DETAILS AND **SPECIFICATIONS**
- 7 DON'T TRENCH TOO CLOSE TO STRUCTURES WITHOUT THE APPROVAL OF THE BUILDING ARCHITECT, CIVIL, OR STRUCTURAL ENGINEER
- 8 PRIOR TO ORDERING PLANTS OR SIGNING FINAL CONTRACT FOR WORK MAKE SURE YOU HAVE THE MOST CURRENT SET OF APPROVED PLANS AND MAKE SURE THERE ARE NO CHANGES TO THE PLANT CHOICES
- 9 ADJUST FINAL LOCATIONS OF PLANTS TO AVOID CONFLICTS WITH UTILITIES, LIGHTS, AND IRRIGATION COMPONENTS. SCREEN VALVES AND UTILITIES WITH PLANTS. DON'T PUT PLANTS TOO CLOSE TO PAVING OR BUILDINGS
- 10 GRADING AND DRAINAGE TO BE DONE ACCORDING TO THE APPROVED GRADING AND DRAINAGE PLANS DONE BY



Landscape Screening Pittosporum tenuifolium "Silver Sheen" has silver colored leaves and is less dense



Landscape Site Legend

- Driveway Interlocking pavers Brand, series, pattern, and color to be selected by owner
- Front path 5 foot wide Interlocking pavers to be selected by owner
- Existing 3 foot high picket fence to remain
- Existing 6 foot high solid wood fence to remain
- Compacted baserock and gravel in ROW for parking
- 3 foot wide conc. or paver path in side yard
- 3 foot wide by 6 foot high solid wood gate
- Trex or Redwood Deck with wood steps down to grade
- 5 foot wide interlocking paver path to be selected by owner - curve it to avoid detention basins (see civil plans)
- Tile over concrete or plain concrete landings
- 6 foot high solid wood fence extended to front of proposed

Hydrozone Summary -

HYDROZONE - VALVES	DESCRIPTION	SQ.FT. %	OF TOTAL
HYD 1	DRIP, LOW WATER SHRUBS	3595	66%
HYD 2	DRIP, MED WATER SHRUBS	1343	25%
HYD 3	DRIP, HIGH WATER LAWN	168	3%
HYD 4	DRIP, MED WATER TREES	312	6%
TOTALS		5418	100%

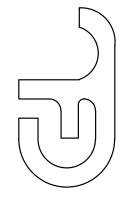
There is 5418 sf of planting area

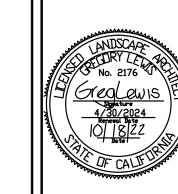
"I have complied with the criteria of the Water Conservation in Landscaping Ordinance and applied them for the efficient use of water in the landscape design plan" GregLawis

Gregory Lewis - Landscape Architect Lic. #2176 10/18/22

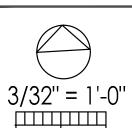
Revision

LANDSCAPE A
Cruz, CA 95065 (831
ape@sbcnlohal not





Altos, sidena 238 Marich



0' 5' 10' LANDSCAPE SITE PLAN PLANTING &

SCREENING 10/18/22

As Noted Greg

