

CITY OF LEON VALLEY PLANNING & ZONING COMMISSION

Leon Valley City Council Chambers 6400 El Verde Road, Leon Valley, TX 78238 Tuesday, August 27, 2024 at 6:30 PM

AGENDA

- 1. CALL TO ORDER AND ROLL CALL
- 2. APPROVAL OF ZONING COMMISSION MINUTES

3. **NEW BUSINESS**

- 1. Presentation and Discussion to Consider a Recommendation on an Ordinance Amending the Leon Valley Code of Ordinances, Chapter 15 Zoning, Article 15.02 Zoning Ordinance, Division 7 Permitted Use Table, Section 15.02.381 - Permitted Use Table, To Regulate the Location of CBD Retail Establishments
- 2. Discussion and Possible Action to Amend the Leon Valley City Code of Ordinances, Chapter 15 Zoning, Article 15.02 Zoning, Division 6. Districts, Boundaries, and Use Regulations, Sec 15.02.327 - "PDD" Planned Development District - M. Teague, Planning and Zoning Director
- 3. Presentation, Public Hearing, and Possible Action to Consider a Recommendation on a Plat of Approximately 11-Acres of Land, Being P-8, Abstract 317, CB 4431 to Lots 12 & 13, Block 11, CB 4431, Leon Valley Addition Subdivision, Located at 6301 Sawyer Rd, with a Variance Request to Not Build a Sidewalk
- 4. Presentation, Discussion, and Public Hearing, to Amend Planned Development District (PDD) 2024-6 on Approximately 27-Acres of Land, Being Lot 1, Block 1 CB 4430C, Good Samaritan Lodge Nursing Home Inc. Subdivision, Parcel 1 Abstract 399, CB 4429, and Parcel 11, Abstract 432, CB 4430, Located at 6518 Samaritan, Leon Valley, Texas, Being a Total of Approximately 27-Acres - M. Teague, Planning and Zoning Director

4. ANNOUNCEMENTS BY COMMISSIONERS AND CITY STAFF

In accordance with Section 551.0415 of the Government Code, topics discussed under this item are limited to expressions of thanks, congratulations or condolence; information regarding holiday schedules; recognition of a public official, public employee or other citizen; a reminder about an upcoming event organized or sponsored by the governing body; information regarding a social, ceremonial or community event; and announcements involving an imminent threat to the public health and safety of people in the political subdivision that has arisen after the posting of the agenda.

5. ADJOURNMENT

Executive Session. The Planning & Zoning Commission of the City of Leon Valley reserves the right to adjourn into Executive Session at any time during the course of this meeting to discuss any of the matters listed on the posted agenda, above, as authorized by the Texas Government Code, Sections 551.071 (consultation with attorney), 551.072 (deliberations about real property), 551.073 (deliberations about gifts and donations), 551.074 (personnel matters), 551.076 (deliberations about security devices), and 551.087 (economic development).

Sec. 551.0411. MEETING NOTICE REQUIREMENTS IN CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES: (a) Section does not require a governmental body that recesses an open meeting to the following regular business day to post notice of the continued meeting if the action is taken in good faith and not to circumvent this chapter. If an open meeting is continued to the following regular business day and, on that following day, the governmental body continues the meeting to another day, the governmental body must give written notice as required by this subchapter of the meeting continued to that other day.

Attendance by Other Elected or Appointed Officials: It is anticipated that members of other City boards, commissions and/or committees may attend the open meeting in numbers that may constitute a quorum. Notice is hereby given that the meeting, to the extent required by law, is also noticed as a meeting of any other boards, commissions and/or committees of the City, whose

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members may be in attendance in numbers constituting a quorum. These members of other City boards, commissions, and/or committees may not deliberate or act on items listed on the agenda. [Attorney General Opinion – No. GA-0957 (2012)].

I hereby certify that the above **NOTICE OF PUBLIC MEETING(S) AND AGENDA OF THE LEON VALLEY CITY COUNCIL** was posted at the Leon Valley City Hall, 6400 El Verde Road, Leon Valley, Texas, and remained posted until after the meeting(s) hereby posted concluded. This notice is posted on the City website at . This building is wheelchair accessible. Any request for sign interpretive or other services must be made 48 hours in advance of the meeting. To plan, call (210) 684-1391, Extension 216

SAUNDRA PASSAILAIGUE, TRMC

City Secretary

August 21, 2024 10:40 AM

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PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION COMMUNICATION

DATE: August 27, 2024

TO: Planning and Zoning Commission

FROM: Mindy Teague, Planning and Zoning Director

THROUGH: Crystal Caldera, Ph.D., City Manager

SUBJECT: Presentation and Discussion to Consider a Recommendation on an

Ordinance Amending the Leon Valley Code of Ordinances, Chapter 15 Zoning, Article 15.02 Zoning Ordinance, Division 7 Permitted Use Table, Section 15.02.381 - Permitted Use Table, to Regulate the Location of CBD

Retail Establishments

SPONSOR(S): City Council

PURPOSE

The purpose of this communication is to consider a request by the City Council to amend Chapter 15 Zoning, Article 15.02 Zoning Ordinance, Division 7 Permitted Use Table, Section 15.02.381 - Permitted use table, to include regulation on the permitted locations of CBD retail establishments.

The proliferation of the retail establishments that sell CBD oils, Delta 8, vape pens, medical marijuana, cannabis, THCa flower, etc. is becoming concerning. The City of Leon Valley wishes to provide a very diverse business community to assure consistent and thriving economic development.

Thriving and diverse communities drive economic growth through increased business opportunities and increased consumer spending power. A diverse business community may also contribute significantly to a community's quality of life.

The Permitted Use Table would be amended to add the following language:

"Zoning District O-1 B-1 B-2 B-3 I-1

CBD, Hemp, Medical Marijuana, X P P P Cannabis, THCa Flower

and/or Vape Businesses

Notes: Shall not be located within a radius of 5,000 feet from the nearest existing CBD, Medical Marijuana, Cannabis, THCa Flower, Edibles, Delta 8, Delta 9 THC, Hemp, and/or Vape business.

Shall not be located within 5,000 feet from the following land uses: religious institutions, school or day care facility, bar or liquor store, and pawnshops.

Storefronts shall have glass or transparent glazing in the window and doors and as prescribed by article 3.04 shall have no more than ten percent of any window or door area covered by signs, banners or opaque coverings of any kind. Animated, moving, flashing, blinking, reflecting, revolving or similar type on-premises signs are prohibited."

FISCAL IMPACT

City Secretary

This use does generate sales tax.

RECOMMENDATION

City Council recommends regulating the location of these establishments to reduce the number of them, which would keep other retail spaces open for other types of businesses to relocate to Leon Valley.

APPROVED :	DISAPPROVED :
APPROVED WITH THE FOLLOWING	G AMENDMENTS :
ATTEST:	
SAUNDRA PASSAILAIGUE, TRMC	

Consider Amending Chapter 15 Zoning Regulating the Location of CBD Retail Establishments

Mindy Teague
Director of Planning and Zoning
08/27/24



Summary

Question

 Should the City amend Chapter 15 Zoning, Article 15.02 Zoning Ordinance, Division 7 Permitted Use Table to further regulate CBD/vape retail establishments?

Options

- Approve
- Deny
- Other

Declaration

 This measure will promote a diverse business community to encourage economic growth and provide some protections for schools and religious institutions



Purpose

 Consider recommending approval of an amendment to the Leon Valley Code of Ordinance, Chapter 15 Zoning, Article 15.02 Zoning Ordinance, Division 7 Permitted Use Table, Section 15.02.381 -Permitted use table, to regulate the location of CBD retail establishments



Background

- The proliferation of the retail establishments that sell CBD oils, Delta 8, vape pens, medical marijuana, cannabis, THCa flower, etc. is becoming concerning
- City wishes to provide a very diverse business community to assure consistent and thriving economic development
- Thriving and diverse communities drive economic growth through increased business opportunities and increased consumer spending power
- A diverse business community may also contribute significantly to a community's quality of life



Permitted Use Table Amendment

Zoning District O-1 B-1 B-2 B-3 I-1 CBD, Hemp, Medical Marijuana, X P P P P

Cannabis, THCa Flower

and/or Vape Businesses

Notes: Shall not be located within a radius of 5,000 feet from the nearest existing CBD, Medical Marijuana, Cannabis, THCa Flower, Edibles, Delta 8, Delta 9 THC, Hemp, and/or Vape business

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Fiscal Impact

• These retail establishments do collect sales tax



Strategic Goals

Economic Development is a strategic goal outlined in Leon Valley's Strategic Plan.

Revitalize declining commercial areas by creating, reviewing, and enforcing codes that impact Economic Development



Recommendation

At Planning and Zoning Commission discretion



Sec. 15.02.327 "PD" planned development district

- (a) Purpose. The purpose of a planned development ("PD") zoning district is to facilitate a specific development project, in accordance with a PD project plan, that may include uses, regulations and other requirements that vary from the provisions of other zoning districts. PD districts are intended to generally implement the following:
 - (1) Flexible and creative planning;
 - (2) The goals, objectives, and maps of the city's comprehensive plan, including but not limited to, the city's future land use plan;
 - (3) Economic development;
 - (4) Compatibility of land uses;
 - (5) Innovative planning concepts;
 - (6) Higher quality development for the community than would result from the use of the city's standard zoning districts; and
 - (7) Expansion of uses with buildings constructed prior to the adoption of the sustainability overlay district on December 1, 2009, that may be difficult to re-purpose.
- (b) Applicability. A PD district shall only be established in one or more of the following circumstances:
 - (1) The land is proposed for development as a mixed-use development. **or a traditional neighborhood development** requiring more flexible and innovative design standards;
 - (2) The land is located in close proximity to established residential neighborhoods where standard zoning classifications may not adequately address neighborhood concerns regarding the quality or compatibility of the adjacent development, and where it may be desirable to the neighborhood, the developer, or the city to develop and implement mutually agreed, enforceable development standards;
 - (3) The land serves as transition between different and seemingly incompatible land uses;
 - (4) The land, or adjacent property that would be impacted by the development of the land, has sensitive or unique environmental features requiring a more flexible approach to zoning and clustering of uses, or special design standards, in order to afford the best possible protection of the unique qualities of the site or the adjacent property;
 - (5) To provide for the expansion of a lawfully operating nonconforming uses under the conditions that follow:
 - (A) Prior to December 1, 2009, the lawfully operating nonconforming use was both:
 - (i) Fully conforming with the then applicable zoning regulations;
 - (ii) Located within an existing development or building(s), which were specifically designed, both functionally and aesthetically, for its presently legally nonconforming use; and
 - (iii) Rezoning the land on which the lawfully operating nonconforming use operates to a standard zoning district or classification, which would allow the expansion of the nonconforming use as a matter of right, may cause the zoning district designation of the land to be determined to be incompatible with the surrounding uses and zoning districts.
- (c) Nature of the district. Each PD district shall be unique and tailored to the specific site and proposed development project. Each PD district shall be governed by "base zoning" comprised of a zoning district specified within section 15.02.301 of this chapter 15 and any additional overlay districts if appropriate. Each

PD district shall also be governed by a PD project plan, as well as any other items specific to the ordinance adopting the PD district as specified in section 15.02.327(d) below.

- (d) Items specific to the ordinance. The adopting ordinance establishing a PD district shall set forth the following:
 - (1) Base zoning district. The adopting ordinance shall specify a base zoning district by which use and development standards shall be applied to subsequent development permits for land within the PD district; unless specifically excepted according to the provisions of this section. The base zoning district specified shall conform to the provisions of the city's comprehensive master plan, including the city's future land use plan.
 - (2) Permitted or prohibited uses.
 - (A) The adopting ordinance shall specify any uses not allowed in the base zoning district and applicable overlay districts that shall be permitted in the PD district, provided that such uses do not conflict with any provisions of the city's comprehensive plan.
 - (B) The adopting ordinance shall specify any uses permitted in the base district and any uses permitted in the applicable overlay districts that shall be prohibited in the PD district.
 - (3) Development standards.
 - (A) The adopting ordinance shall specify any supplemental design or development standards not required by the base zoning district that shall be applied to subsequent development permits for land within the PD district.
 - (B) The adopting ordinance shall specify any development standards required by the base zoning district and applicable overlay districts that shall be varied for subsequent development permits for land within the PD district.
 - (C) Standards that may be varied include but are not limited to the following:
 - (i) Residential density.
 - (ii) Building setbacks.
 - (iii) Building height.
 - (iv) Lot coverage.
 - (v) Parking and access.
 - (vi) Landscaping and buffering.
 - (vii) Streetscape design.
 - (viii) Architecture.
 - (D) Varied standards may increase or decrease the requirements otherwise applicable to particular uses
 - (E) Any graphic depictions used to illustrate such standards, unless otherwise provided in the PD district regulations, shall be considered standards that apply to subsequent development applications.
 - (4) *PD project plan.* No PD district may be established without approval of a project plan, containing the documents and minimum information specified in section 15.02.327(e) below.
 - (5) Additional items. The adopting ordinance may also specify the following if necessary:
 - (A) Required dedications of land or public improvements;

- (B) A phasing schedule for the project, where applicable, setting forth the dates for submittal of site development plans and the timing of performance by the developer for dedications of land or public improvements and satisfaction of any conditions in relation to the phasing of development, where applicable;
- (C) Any variations from the city's subdivision or utilities standards pertaining to provision of roadway and drainage facilities provided such variance is justified by a city approved traffic impact study, drainage study, or other type of applicable engineering study, which may be required as a prerequisite for approving a PD district. Otherwise, all facilities or improvements within public rights-of-way shall be provided in accordance with design standards set forth within the city subdivision regulations;
- (D) Identification of the levels of the deviation allowed between the PD project plan and subsequent development applications that may be approved by the planning and zoning director; and
- (E) Such additional conditions as are established by the council to assure that the PD district is consistent with the city's comprehensive plan.
- (e) PD project plan requirements. No PD district may be established without approval of a PD project plan. The PD project plan shall be adopted with the ordinance establishing the PD district and shall be construed in conjunction with the authorized uses and development standards set forth within the PD district.
 - (1) Required documents. The following documents shall be required to be included in a PD project plan. For smaller projects the following documents may be combined into one or more documents at the discretion of the planning and zoning director.
 - (A) Land use plan.
 - (B) Site plan.
 - (C) Landscape plan.
 - (D) Traffic impact analysis (TIA).
 - (E) Drainage analysis.
 - (2) Additional documents. Additional documents may be required to be submitted as part of a PD project plan, including but not limited to the following.
 - (A) Building elevations.
 - (B) Parking plan.
 - (C) Signage plan.
 - (D) Phasing plan.
 - (E) Site or building material specifications.
 - (3) Form of documents. All required and additional documents shall be in be fully dimensioned and drawn to scale.- digital format.
 - (4) Content of documents. Required PD project plan documents shall include but not be limited to the existing and proposed site features such as the following:
 - (A) Topography.
 - (B) Floodplain information.
 - (C) Adjacent properties.
 - (D) Ingress/egress.

- (E) Existing buildings.
- (F) Parking and loading bays.
- (G) Landscaping.
- (H) Large tree groupings.
- (I) Fire lanes and hydrants.
- (J) Trash receptacle locations.
- (K) Lots.
- (L) Building materials.
- (M) Facade features.
- (N) Street rights-of-way, curblines, widths, and street names.
- (O) Screening fences or walls.
- (5) Consistency required. All development applications within the PD district shall be consistent with the incorporated PD project plan. Failure of a subsequent development application to conform to the approved PD project plan for the PD district shall result in denial of the application unless the PD district regulations are first amended through incorporation of a PD project plan with which the development application is consistent. The degree of conformity required between the project plan and subsequent development applications shall be set forth in the adopting ordinance.
- (6) Location and arrangement of uses. The location and arrangement of all authorized uses in the PD district shall be consistent with the PD project plan approved with the PD district.
- (7) Deviations from approved PD project plan.
 - (A) Minor deviations. In determining whether development applications are consistent with the PD project plan, minor deviations from the PD project plan may be approved by the planning and zoning director. Unless otherwise specified in the adopting ordinance, minor deviations are limited to the following:
 - Corrections in spelling, distances, and other labeling that does not affect the overall development concept.
 - (ii) Change in building layout, when shown, that is less than a ten percent increase in size.
 - (iii) Changes in the proposed property lines internal to the PD district, as long as the originally approved district boundaries are not altered.
 - (iv) Changes in parking layouts as long as the number of required spaces is not decreased, and the general original design is maintained.
 - (B) Major deviations from the approved PD project plan. All major deviations from the approved PD project plan shall be submitted to the planning and zoning commission for recommendation and city council for approval as an amendment to the PD district.
- (f) Procedures for establishment.
 - (1) Steps for approval. The review process for a PD district application shall include but not be limited to the following steps:
 - (A) Pre-application conference;
 - (B) Application submittal;

- (C) Project plan review by the planning and zoning director or designees;
- (D) Preliminary feedback from the planning and zoning commission;
- (E) Recommendation from the planning and zoning commission;
- (F) Final approval from city council.
- (2) Application requirements. No application for a PD district shall be accepted by the city until the following items have been submitted to the city by the applicant.
 - (A) A completed city zone change application, including all requirements as stated on the application form;
 - (B) A statement from the property owner giving authorization to the applicant to file the request for rezoning shall be required as part of the rezoning application, if necessary;
 - (C) A legal description of the property under consideration;
 - (D) A PD project plan;
 - (E) A description of any uses and development standards requested to be modified or varied from those in the base zoning district, as well as the purpose of the variation (i.e., why they are necessary);
 - (F) A description of how the proposed PD district fulfills the goals and objectives of the city's adopted comprehensive plan or any other formally adopted city planning document;
 - (G) A development schedule outlining a timetable for completion of the entire project;
 - (H) A copy of all agreements, provisions, or covenants which govern the use, maintenance, and continued protection of the PD district and any of its common areas, if applicable;
 - (I) The required application fee.
- (g) Criteria for approval of PD districts. No PD district shall be established which does not meet all of the following criteria:
 - (1) The land covered by the proposed PD district fits one or more of the special circumstances warranting a PD district classification;
 - (2) The proposed PD district furthers the policies of the city's adopted comprehensive plan (as amended) and other formally adopted city planning documents;
 - (3) The proposed PD district demonstrates a more superior development than could be achieved through standard zoning classifications;
 - (4) The proposed PD district demonstrates the resolution of compatibility issues with surrounding development;
 - (5) The proposed and the configuration of uses depicted in the PD project plan are compatible with existing and planned adjoining uses;
 - (6) The proposed PD district demonstrates consistency with adopted public facilities plans, including those related to water, wastewater, transportation, drainage, and other public facilities; and
 - (7) The proposed PD district (if a mixed-use or traditional neighborhood project) demonstrates the provision of open space and recreational amenities within the development that provides for a superior living environment and enhanced recreational opportunities for residents of the district and for the public generally.

- (h) Conditions for approval. The city council may impose such conditions to the PD district regulations and project plan as are necessary to assure that the purpose of the PD district is implemented.
- (i) Subsequent development applications. The development standards for a PD district shall be applied to the authorized uses through a plat, site development plan, general site plan, or other development applications as set forth in the adopting ordinance.
- (j) Documentation of PD districts. All PD districts approved after adoption of this Code section, as may be amended, shall be prefixed by a "PD" designation and assigned a unique identification number (e.g., PD-1, PD-2, PD-3, and so on), and shall also be shown on the zoning map.
- (k) Expiration of a planned development district.
 - (1) Except for the base zoning, including any applicable overlay districts established by a PD district ordinance, all provisions of PD district, including the project plan, shall initially be valid for a period of 24 months.
 - (2) If a building permit has not been issued or construction begun on the detail plan within the 24 months, the PD district shall automatically expire and no longer be valid, and the zoning of the property shall automatically convert to the base zoning specified.
 - (3) The city council may, prior to the 24-month expiration, for good cause shown, extend for up to 24 additional months; during which time all provisions of the original PD district ordinance may remain valid. Only one extension may be granted.
 - (4) Following both the issuance and commencement of progress pursuant to the adopted PD project plan, all provisions of the PD district shall remain effective without expiration.

STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

The "PUD" planned unit development district is established for the following purposes:

- To provide flexibility in the planning and construction of development projects by allowing a combination of uses developed in accordance with an approved plan that protects adjacent properties.
- To encourage the preservation and enhancement of natural amenities and cultural resources; to protect the natural features of a site that relate to its topography, shape and size; and to provide for a minimum amount of open space.
- To provide for a more efficient arrangement of land uses, buildings, circulation systems and infrastructure.
- To encourage infill projects and the development of sites made difficult for conventionally designed development because of shape, size, abutting development, poor accessibility or topography.
- To allow for private streets and gated entrances for new subdivisions.
- (a) Applicability and Evaluation Criteria. This section shall apply to all planned unit development districts established prior to January 1, 2016. Planned unit development districts established subsequent to January 1, 2016, shall comply with section 35-344.02 of this chapter. In order to foster the attractiveness of a planned unit development and its surrounding neighborhoods and thereby preserve property values, and in order to provide an efficient road and utility network, ensure the movement of traffic, implement comprehensive planning, and better serve the public health, safety, and general welfare, the following criteria shall be utilized by the planning commission in reviewing PUD plans. These criteria shall neither be regarded as inflexible requirements, nor are they intended to discourage creativity or innovation.
 - (1) Insofar as practicable, the landscape shall be preserved in its natural state by minimizing tree and soil removal.
 - (2) Proposed buildings shall be sited harmoniously to the terrain and to other buildings in the vicinity that have a visual relationship to the proposed buildings.
 - (3) With respect to vehicular and pedestrian circulation and parking, special attention shall be given to the location and number of access points to public streets, width of interior drives and access points, general interior circulation, separation of pedestrian and vehicular traffic, and the arrangement of parking areas that are safe and convenient and, insofar as practicable, do not detract from the design of proposed structures and neighboring properties.
 - (4) Private streets and gates shall conform to article V of this chapter.
 - (5) Planned unit developments in the ETJ shall comply with the provisions contained in this section with the exception of subsections (c) related to density,

- (d) related to height and yard requirements, and (j) related to PUD plans. In addition, planned unit developments in the ETJ are exempt from the zoning procedures contained in this section.
- (6) The description "planned unit development" or "PUD" shall be prominently indicated in the subdivision plat name.
- (b) Minimum Size. There is no minimum size for a planned unit development.
- (c) Permitted Uses and Density.
 - (1) Uses. A planned unit development may include residential, commercial, and industrial uses; cluster housing; common areas; unusual arrangements of structures on-site; or other combinations of structures and uses that depart from standard development. The uses permitted in a "PUD" are those designated in the approved PUD plan. Density limits are used to determine the maximum number of permitted dwelling units.

Planned unit developments containing one (1) single zoning district shall be annotated with the zoning district (PUD "RE," PUD "R-20," etc.) and may be developed to the density indicated in the maximum density table in subsection (2) below.

Planned unit developments which contain more than one (1) zoning district shall have each zoning district annotated as (PUD "RE," PUD "R-20," etc.) and each individual district may be developed to the density indicated in the maximum density table in subsection (2) below.

(2) Density Table. The PUD plan shall divide the PUD into land use categories and shall indicate the uses permitted in each category. For residential land use categories, the maximum number of dwelling units permitted per acre for each land use category is as follows:

Land Use	<mark>Maximum</mark>
Category	Density
"RE"	4
KE	
"R-20"	2
"R-6"	5
"RM-6"	5
"R-5"	6
"RM-5"	6
<mark>"R-4"</mark>	<mark>7</mark>

"R-3"	10
"RM-4"	<mark>7</mark>
"MF-18"	<mark>18</mark>
"MF-25"	<mark>25</mark>
"MF-33"	<mark>33</mark>
"MF-40"	<mark>40</mark>
"MF-50"	50
"MF-65"	<mark>65</mark>

Total allowable density is calculated by multiplying the amount of net usable acres times the appropriate number above. Floodplains (100-year), steep slopes, non-buildable areas and existing easements are not used to determine net acreage.

Example: On a twelve (12) acre tract with one and one-half (1 $\frac{1}{2}$) acres of unusable space, with an "R-6" zoning district. Usable acreage ten and one-half (10 $\frac{1}{2}$) times table number (5) allows fifty-two and one-half (52 $\frac{1}{2}$) units. The maximum number of units that may be built may not be further increased by using the provisions of division 6 flexible zoning of this article.

- (3) Attached Dwelling Units. Dwelling units may be attached in all PUD districts except for land use categories designated "RE" and "R-20."
- (4) Lots. There is no minimum area requirement for lots and lots need not front onto a street. Lot boundaries may coincide with structure boundaries except where perimeter lot setbacks are required.
- (d) Height and Yard Requirements.
 - (1) Height Limitation. The maximum height of structures shall be as prescribed below; however, any portion of a structure may exceed this limit provided such portion is set back from the side and rear lot lines, or setbacks if required, one (1) foot for each two (2) feet of height in excess of the maximum building height. Distance credit shall be permitted for space occupied by structures of conforming height extending from the lot lines or setbacks as applicable.

Shall	be
restricted to	the
following hei	ght:
	restricted to following hei

Dwelling, one family; Dwelling, single-family; Duplex; Dwelling, one-family attached; Dwelling, single-family detached; Dwelling, two-family (duplex); Dwelling, two-family attached; Dwelling, three-family (triplex); Dwelling, four-family (quadraplexes)	35 ft
Multi-Family not exceeding 25 units/acre	45
Multi-Family not exceeding 33 units/acre	60
Multi-Family not exceeding 40 units/acre	84
Multi-Family not exceeding 65 units/acre	
Commercial Buildings, except as otherwise listed below	35
Malls, shopping centers, or collection of shops - regional center (enclosed mall with two (2) or more anchors) or super regional center (similar to regional, but with three (3) or more anchors)	
Light Industrial uses (uses permitted in the "L" district)	35
General Industrial uses (uses permitted in the "I-1" and "MI-1" districts)	60
Mixed use buildings may be as tall as allowed by the most intense us structure pursuant to this table	se included in the

(2) Fences.

- A. Along collector and arterial streets, fences or walls within a PUD may extend to a height of eight (8) feet subject to the clear vision area requirements for fences in <u>section 35-514</u>.
- B. No such fence or wall, or portion thereof, shall exceed one hundred (100) horizontal feet in length unless one (1) of the following architectural features visible from the paved surface of the street is provided as part of the fence:
 - 1. A column or pillar; or
 - 2. Articulation of the surface plane wall by incorporating plane projections or recesses having a depth of at least one (1) foot and extending a horizontal distance not less than three (3) or more than twenty (20) feet.
- C. The provisions of subsection B., above, shall not apply to a fence or wall constructed of brick, masonry, or wrought iron consisting of at least fifty (50) percent open voids. The square footage of the fence shall be measured by taking the total square footage of an area defined by the length of the fence and its average height. The percentage of open voids shall then be derived

by dividing the total square footage of the open voids by the total square footage of the area calculated above and multiplying this figure by one hundred (100). The fence's framing (the vertical posts supporting the fence from the ground and no more than three (3) horizontal cross bars between the posts, or brick or stone pillars) shall not be included in the calculation of the total square footage, provided the framing posts and cross bars do not exceed a four-inch width and the posts are spaced at least eight (8) feet apart.

(e) Required Setbacks.

- (1) Residential Including Multi-Family Uses. Required PUD perimeter setbacks shall be twenty (20) feet.
- (2) Nonresidential Uses. Required PUD perimeter setbacks shall be the same as for the applicable zoning district which the nonresidential use would be allowed in if it were not a PUD.

The PUD perimeter setback lines shall be indicated on the PUD plan prior to receiving approval of the PUD plan. The planning commission may approve lesser setbacks after considering physical features such as the location of trees, waterways, steep slopes, easements, other buffers and/or compatibility of the PUD with adjacent land uses provided such setbacks meet the requirements of the current adopted International Building Code.

No setbacks are required for residential or nonresidential interior lots provided the requirements of the currently adopted International Building Code or the International Residential Code are met. Provisions of subsection <u>35-373</u>(c) zero lot line development do not apply in a PUD.

(3) If access to a garage is provided from the front or side of a lot, then the garage shall maintain a setback as indicated in subsection <u>35-516(g)</u> of this chapter.

(f) Infrastructure Requirements.

(1) Streets and Sidewalks. Streets within a PUD may be public or private. Vehicular circulation may also be provided by internal private drives. Private drives must meet the requirements for fire lanes as per the International Fire Code Appendix D for width, lengths turnarounds, and parking requirements whether for a commercial or residential base zoning. A building permit must be obtained for private drives and would include site plan review and inspection for flatwork/civil work within the public ROW. However, the planning commission may require dedication and construction of public streets through or into a PUD through the platting process. Public or private streets shall conform to the transportation standards of this chapter (see section 35-506 of this chapter).

- (2) Utilities. All utility systems shall comply with the utilities standards of this chapter. Water and sanitary sewer systems within a PUD may be publicly or privately owned; however, the maintenance of private systems shall be the responsibility of the PUD community association. Public utility systems shall be approved by the applicable agency or city department.
- (3) Easements. Publicly owned and/or maintained utilities shall be placed in public streets or easements which are a minimum of sixteen (16) feet in width unless a narrower width is approved by the applicable utility. Dead-end easements shall not be permitted unless a city approved vehicular turnaround is provided at the end of each such easement.
- (4) Garbage Collection. If in the opinion of the solid waste management director, private streets in a PUD are arranged so that garbage may be collected without creating a safety hazard, the city will collect the garbage provided proper indemnification is received from the community association or individual property owners. Garbage collection locations shall be subject to the approval of the solid waste management director. In the event the city does not collect garbage within a PUD, all units within the PUD may be exempted from payment of garbage fees upon furnishing of evidence ensuring acceptable removal of all garbage and refuse by private means. To receive such an exemption, a written application must be submitted to and approved by the finance director.

(g) Parks/Open Space.

- (1) Residential. Each residential PUD plan shall provide for a minimum amount of parks/open space as required by the parks/open space standards (35-503) of this chapter. Residential PUDs may not use a fee in lieu of for meeting parks/open space requirements.
- (2) Commercial. All commercial and industrial PUDs will contain a minimum of twenty (20) percent of park/open space.
- (3) Mixed-Use. Mixed-use developments shall be divided into separate residential and commercial areas which must separately meet the requirements of this paragraph and subsection 35-344(c)(2). Mixed use buildings that include residential use shall meet the residential requirements of this subsection.
- (4) Reduction in Parks/Open Space. At its discretion, the planning commission may approve a decrease in the amount of required parks/open space when the PUD plan includes unique design features or amenities which achieve an especially attractive and desirable development such as, but not limited to, terraces, sculpture, water features, preservation and enhancement of unusual natural features, or landscape sculpture (areas which are intensely landscaped).
- (h) Parking Requirements. Off-street parking and truck loading facilities shall be provided in accordance with the parking standards of this chapter. Parking shall be prohibited on

any private street or private drive, excluding driveways on interior lots less than twenty-eight (28) feet in width, and if utilized on streets twenty-eight (28) feet or wider, the parking must be clearly distinguishable from the movement lanes.

(i) Common Areas and Facilities. Provisions shall be made for a property owners' association that is designated as the representative of the owners of property in a residential subdivision. The property owners' association shall have the direct responsibility to provide for the operation and maintenance of all common areas and facilities, including private streets and sidewalks, which are a part of the PUD. The applicant shall submit the dedicatory instrument(s) covering the establishment, maintenance, and operation of a residential subdivision. The dedicatory instrument(s) shall establish a plan for the use and permanent maintenance of the common areas/facilities and demonstrate that the property owners' association is self-perpetuating and adequately funded by regular assessment and/or special assessment to accomplish its purposes. The dedicatory instrument(s) shall include provisions that provide the city with permission for access at any time without liability when on official business, and further, to permit the city to remove obstructions if necessary for emergency vehicle access and assess the cost of removal to the owner of the obstruction.

"Property owners' association" means an incorporated or unincorporated association that;

- A. Is designated as the representative of the owners of property in a residential subdivision;
- B. Has a membership primarily consisting of the owners of property covered by the dedicatory instrument for the residential subdivision; and
- C. Manages or regulates the residential subdivision for the benefit of the owners of property in the subdivision.

"Dedicatory instrument" means each governing instrument covering the establishment, maintenance, and operation of a residential subdivision. The term includes restrictions or other similar instruments that subject property to restrictive covenants, bylaws, or similar instruments governing the administration or operation of a property owners' association; allow for properly adopted rules and regulations of the property owners' association; and authorize enactment of lawful amendments to the covenants, bylaws, rules, or regulations.

"Property owners' association" means the designated representative of the owners of property in a subdivision and may be referred to as a "homeowners association," "community association," "civic association," "civic club," "association," "committee," or similar term contained in the dedicatory instrument.

"Regular assessment" means an assessment, a charge, a fee, or dues that each owner of property within a residential subdivision is required to pay to the property owners' association on a regular basis and that is designated for use by the property owners'

association for the benefit of the residential subdivision as provided by the dedicatory instrument.

"Special assessment" means an assessment, a charge, a fee, or dues, other than a regular assessment, that each owner of property within a residential subdivision is required to pay to the property owners' association, according to the procedures required by the dedicatory instrument, for:

- A. Defraying, in whole or part, the cost whether incurred before or after the assessment, of any construction or reconstruction, unexpected repair, or replacement of a capital improvement in common areas owned by the property owners' association, including the necessary fixtures and personal property related to the common areas:
- B. Maintenance and improvement of common areas owned by the property owners' association; or
- C. Other purposes of the property owners' association as stated in its articles of incorporation or the dedicatory instrument for the residential subdivision.
- (j) PUD Plan. After the PUD zoning is granted, a PUD plan shall be submitted to and approved by the planning commission prior to approval of any plats or the issuance of any building permits or certificates of occupancy. The PUD plan shall incorporate any conditions imposed with the granting of the PUD zoning.
 - (1) Public Hearing. Upon submission of the PUD plan, the director of development services shall distribute copies to appropriate city departments and agencies for review. Upon receipt of all required items and reviews, the director of development services shall schedule a public hearing by the planning commission on the proposed plan and shall provide written notice of the hearing to the owners of real property lying within two hundred (200) feet of the PUD boundaries. The notice shall be mailed at least ten (10) days prior to the public hearing date.
 - (2) Plan Approval. After the public hearing the commission may approve the plan as submitted, amend and approve the plan as amended, or disapprove the plan. If approved, the plan with any amendments shall be signed by the chairman and secretary of the commission. A copy of the approved PUD plan shall be distributed to the development services director and other appropriate departments/agencies for use in issuing permits.
 - (3) Amendments. Amendments for any PUD plan shall be consistent with subsection (k) below.
- (k) Amendments. Amendments may be classified as minor or major in accordance with the following:

- (1) Minor amendments to the previously approved PUD plan may be made without requiring resubmission of the entire application. For purposes of this subsection, "minor amendments" are amendments which:
 - A. Permit equal or fewer dwelling units, floor area, lot coverage or impervious surface than that requested on the original application;
 - B. Reduce the impact of the development; or
 - C. Reduce the amount of land involved from that indicated in the notices of the hearing.
 - D. A minor amendment shall not, in any case, permit:
 - i. An increase in the overall density of the PUD by more than ten (10) percent;
 - ii. A different land use than that requested in the original or amended PUD plan;
 - iii. A larger land area than indicated in the original or amended PUD plan.
 - E. A minor amendment shall not reduce or eliminate conditions adopted in this chapter or otherwise adopted by city council ordinance or planning commission approval for a PUD approval.
- (2) Amendments not classified as minor amendments above shall be classified as major amendments and shall require resubmission of the application to the planning commission.
- (3) Major amendments shall be considered by the planning commission following the same procedure required for the initial approval of the plan, including payment of the plan review fee.
- (I) Time Limit.
 - (1) Applications. The director of development services shall provide a written response indicating whether the planned unit development application is complete within five (5) working days after submittal. The applicant shall file a written response to any staff comments or resolve outstanding issues prior to final approval of completeness. This response shall occur within thirty (30) days of the notification date of staff comments unless a time extension is requested and granted in writing. The maximum limit on an extension is six (6) months from the original staff comment date. The appellate agency for purposes of completeness review shall be the planning commission.

PUD plan application approval shall expire and shall be void for all purposes if a PUD plan is not approved in accordance with this chapter within two (2) years from

Item 2.

City of San Antonio Planned Unit Development Regulations

the date of acceptance of the complete application. Upon expiration of the PUD plan application, a new PUD plan number, application, and fee shall be required when PUD plan approval is still sought.

- (2) PUD Approval and Completion. A PUD plan, deemed complete and approved, shall remain valid for a period of six (6) years from the date of the last recorded plat or the date of planning commission approval if no plats are recorded. Time extensions for up to one (1) year may be granted by the planning commission if it finds that additional time is warranted. Failure to initiate development within the approved time period shall void the approved PUD plan and no building permits or utility connections shall be issued until a new application and plan have been submitted and approved.
- (3) Amendments. An approved/completed PUD may be amended in the future subject to any applicable criteria or requirements of this chapter.

San Antonio Zoning Districts

- 35-310.02. "RP" Resource Protection District.
- 35-310.03. "RE" Residential Estate District.
- 35-310.04. "R-20" Residential Single-Family.
- 35-310.05. "R-6," "R-5" and "R-4" Residential Single-Family.
- 35-310.05a. "R-3", "R-2", and "R-1" Single-Family Residential District.
- 35-310.06. "RM-6," "RM-5," and "RM-4" Mixed Residential.
- 35-310.07. "MF-18," "MF-25," "MF-33," "MF-40," "MF-50" and "MF-65" Multi-Family.
- 35-310.08. "NC" Neighborhood Commercial.
- 35-310.09. "O-1," O-1.5" and "O-2" Office Districts.
- 35-310.10. "C-1," "C-2," "C-2P," and "C-3" Commercial Districts.
- 35-310.11. "D" Downtown.
- 35-310.12. "L" Light Industrial.
- 35-310.13. "I-1" General Industrial.
- 35-310.14. "I-2" Heavy Industrial.
- 35-310.15. "UD" Urban Development District.
- 35-310.16. "RD" Rural Development District.
- 35-310.17. "FR" Farm and Ranch District.
- 35-310.18. "MI-1" Mixed Light Industrial.
- 35-310.19. "MI-2" Mixed Heavy Industrial.

PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION COMMUNICATION

DATE: August 27, 2024

TO: Planning and Zoning Commission

FROM: Mindy Teague, Planning and Zoning Director

THROUGH: Crystal Caldera, Ph.D., City Manager

SUBJECT: Discussion and Possible Recommendation to Amend the Leon Valley City Code of Ordinances, Chapter 15 Zoning, Article 15.02 Zoning, Division 6. Districts, Boundaries, and Use Regulations, Sec. 15.02.327 - "PD" Planned Development District

PURPOSE:

To consider recommendations for amending the Zoning Code to further define how the Planned Development District (PDD) zoning designation may be used. There have been some concerns that the district is being used to circumvent the Board of Adjustment variance process, as appeals to the regulations in the zoning code are typically based on a hardship of the land and appeals to the Board of Adjustment are presented at a district court and not to the City Council. Attached to this item are the Leon Valley PDD regulations, the City of San Antonio Planned Unit Development regulations, and a copy of the meaning of the zoning district designations in San Antonio.

The Chair of the Planning and Zoning Commission will take the lead on this discussion.

FISCAL IMPACT:

Not applicable.

RECOMMENDATION

Staff recommends amending the Code to include some of the verbiage from the San Antonio regulations, but allowing the district to be used for residential purposes when the applicant proposes a unique and clearly different design for a project.

APPROVED:	DISAPPROVED:	_
APPROVED WITH THE	FOLLOWING AMENDMENTS:	

1+0m	2

ATTEST:			

Sec. 15.02.327 "PD" planned development district

- (a) Purpose. The purpose of a planned development ("PD") zoning district is to facilitate a specific development project, in accordance with a PD project plan, that may include uses, regulations and other requirements that vary from the provisions of other zoning districts. PD districts are intended to generally implement the following:
 - (1) Flexible and creative planning;
 - (2) The goals, objectives, and maps of the city's comprehensive plan, including but not limited to, the city's future land use plan;
 - (3) Economic development;
 - (4) Compatibility of land uses;
 - (5) Innovative planning concepts;
 - (6) Higher quality development for the community than would result from the use of the city's standard zoning districts; and
 - (7) Expansion of uses with buildings constructed prior to the adoption of the sustainability overlay district on December 1, 2009, that may be difficult to re-purpose.
- (b) Applicability. A PD district shall only be established in one or more of the following circumstances:
 - (1) The land is proposed for development as a mixed-use development. **or a traditional neighborhood development** requiring more flexible and innovative design standards;
 - (2) The land is located in close proximity to established residential neighborhoods where standard zoning classifications may not adequately address neighborhood concerns regarding the quality or compatibility of the adjacent development, and where it may be desirable to the neighborhood, the developer, or the city to develop and implement mutually agreed, enforceable development standards;
 - (3) The land serves as transition between different and seemingly incompatible land uses;
 - (4) The land, or adjacent property that would be impacted by the development of the land, has sensitive or unique environmental features requiring a more flexible approach to zoning and clustering of uses, or special design standards, in order to afford the best possible protection of the unique qualities of the site or the adjacent property;
 - (5) To provide for the expansion of a lawfully operating nonconforming uses under the conditions that follow:
 - (A) Prior to December 1, 2009, the lawfully operating nonconforming use was both:
 - (i) Fully conforming with the then applicable zoning regulations;
 - (ii) Located within an existing development or building(s), which were specifically designed, both functionally and aesthetically, for its presently legally nonconforming use; and
 - (iii) Rezoning the land on which the lawfully operating nonconforming use operates to a standard zoning district or classification, which would allow the expansion of the nonconforming use as a matter of right, may cause the zoning district designation of the land to be determined to be incompatible with the surrounding uses and zoning districts.
- (c) Nature of the district. Each PD district shall be unique and tailored to the specific site and proposed development project. Each PD district shall be governed by "base zoning" comprised of a zoning district specified within section 15.02.301 of this chapter 15 and any additional overlay districts if appropriate. Each

PD district shall also be governed by a PD project plan, as well as any other items specific to the ordinance adopting the PD district as specified in section 15.02.327(d) below.

- (d) Items specific to the ordinance. The adopting ordinance establishing a PD district shall set forth the following:
 - (1) Base zoning district. The adopting ordinance shall specify a base zoning district by which use and development standards shall be applied to subsequent development permits for land within the PD district; unless specifically excepted according to the provisions of this section. The base zoning district specified shall conform to the provisions of the city's comprehensive master plan, including the city's future land use plan.
 - (2) Permitted or prohibited uses.
 - (A) The adopting ordinance shall specify any uses not allowed in the base zoning district and applicable overlay districts that shall be permitted in the PD district, provided that such uses do not conflict with any provisions of the city's comprehensive plan.
 - (B) The adopting ordinance shall specify any uses permitted in the base district and any uses permitted in the applicable overlay districts that shall be prohibited in the PD district.
 - (3) Development standards.
 - (A) The adopting ordinance shall specify any supplemental design or development standards not required by the base zoning district that shall be applied to subsequent development permits for land within the PD district.
 - (B) The adopting ordinance shall specify any development standards required by the base zoning district and applicable overlay districts that shall be varied for subsequent development permits for land within the PD district.
 - (C) Standards that may be varied include but are not limited to the following:
 - (i) Residential density.
 - (ii) Building setbacks.
 - (iii) Building height.
 - (iv) Lot coverage.
 - (v) Parking and access.
 - (vi) Landscaping and buffering.
 - (vii) Streetscape design.
 - (viii) Architecture.
 - (D) Varied standards may increase or decrease the requirements otherwise applicable to particular uses
 - (E) Any graphic depictions used to illustrate such standards, unless otherwise provided in the PD district regulations, shall be considered standards that apply to subsequent development applications.
 - (4) *PD project plan.* No PD district may be established without approval of a project plan, containing the documents and minimum information specified in section 15.02.327(e) below.
 - (5) Additional items. The adopting ordinance may also specify the following if necessary:
 - (A) Required dedications of land or public improvements;

- (B) A phasing schedule for the project, where applicable, setting forth the dates for submittal of site development plans and the timing of performance by the developer for dedications of land or public improvements and satisfaction of any conditions in relation to the phasing of development, where applicable;
- (C) Any variations from the city's subdivision or utilities standards pertaining to provision of roadway and drainage facilities provided such variance is justified by a city approved traffic impact study, drainage study, or other type of applicable engineering study, which may be required as a prerequisite for approving a PD district. Otherwise, all facilities or improvements within public rights-of-way shall be provided in accordance with design standards set forth within the city subdivision regulations;
- (D) Identification of the levels of the deviation allowed between the PD project plan and subsequent development applications that may be approved by the planning and zoning director; and
- (E) Such additional conditions as are established by the council to assure that the PD district is consistent with the city's comprehensive plan.
- (e) PD project plan requirements. No PD district may be established without approval of a PD project plan. The PD project plan shall be adopted with the ordinance establishing the PD district and shall be construed in conjunction with the authorized uses and development standards set forth within the PD district.
 - (1) Required documents. The following documents shall be required to be included in a PD project plan. For smaller projects the following documents may be combined into one or more documents at the discretion of the planning and zoning director.
 - (A) Land use plan.
 - (B) Site plan.
 - (C) Landscape plan.
 - (D) Traffic impact analysis (TIA).
 - (E) Drainage analysis.
 - (2) Additional documents. Additional documents may be required to be submitted as part of a PD project plan, including but not limited to the following.
 - (A) Building elevations.
 - (B) Parking plan.
 - (C) Signage plan.
 - (D) Phasing plan.
 - (E) Site or building material specifications.
 - (3) Form of documents. All required and additional documents shall be in be fully dimensioned and drawn to scale.- digital format.
 - (4) Content of documents. Required PD project plan documents shall include but not be limited to the existing and proposed site features such as the following:
 - (A) Topography.
 - (B) Floodplain information.
 - (C) Adjacent properties.
 - (D) Ingress/egress.

- (E) Existing buildings.
- (F) Parking and loading bays.
- (G) Landscaping.
- (H) Large tree groupings.
- (I) Fire lanes and hydrants.
- (J) Trash receptacle locations.
- (K) Lots.
- (L) Building materials.
- (M) Facade features.
- (N) Street rights-of-way, curblines, widths, and street names.
- (O) Screening fences or walls.
- (5) Consistency required. All development applications within the PD district shall be consistent with the incorporated PD project plan. Failure of a subsequent development application to conform to the approved PD project plan for the PD district shall result in denial of the application unless the PD district regulations are first amended through incorporation of a PD project plan with which the development application is consistent. The degree of conformity required between the project plan and subsequent development applications shall be set forth in the adopting ordinance.
- (6) Location and arrangement of uses. The location and arrangement of all authorized uses in the PD district shall be consistent with the PD project plan approved with the PD district.
- (7) Deviations from approved PD project plan.
 - (A) Minor deviations. In determining whether development applications are consistent with the PD project plan, minor deviations from the PD project plan may be approved by the planning and zoning director. Unless otherwise specified in the adopting ordinance, minor deviations are limited to the following:
 - Corrections in spelling, distances, and other labeling that does not affect the overall development concept.
 - (ii) Change in building layout, when shown, that is less than a ten percent increase in size.
 - (iii) Changes in the proposed property lines internal to the PD district, as long as the originally approved district boundaries are not altered.
 - (iv) Changes in parking layouts as long as the number of required spaces is not decreased, and the general original design is maintained.
 - (B) Major deviations from the approved PD project plan. All major deviations from the approved PD project plan shall be submitted to the planning and zoning commission for recommendation and city council for approval as an amendment to the PD district.
- (f) Procedures for establishment.
 - (1) Steps for approval. The review process for a PD district application shall include but not be limited to the following steps:
 - (A) Pre-application conference;
 - (B) Application submittal;

- (C) Project plan review by the planning and zoning director or designees;
- (D) Preliminary feedback from the planning and zoning commission;
- (E) Recommendation from the planning and zoning commission;
- (F) Final approval from city council.
- (2) Application requirements. No application for a PD district shall be accepted by the city until the following items have been submitted to the city by the applicant.
 - (A) A completed city zone change application, including all requirements as stated on the application form;
 - (B) A statement from the property owner giving authorization to the applicant to file the request for rezoning shall be required as part of the rezoning application, if necessary;
 - (C) A legal description of the property under consideration;
 - (D) A PD project plan;
 - (E) A description of any uses and development standards requested to be modified or varied from those in the base zoning district, as well as the purpose of the variation (i.e., why they are necessary);
 - (F) A description of how the proposed PD district fulfills the goals and objectives of the city's adopted comprehensive plan or any other formally adopted city planning document;
 - (G) A development schedule outlining a timetable for completion of the entire project;
 - (H) A copy of all agreements, provisions, or covenants which govern the use, maintenance, and continued protection of the PD district and any of its common areas, if applicable;
 - (I) The required application fee.
- (g) Criteria for approval of PD districts. No PD district shall be established which does not meet all of the following criteria:
 - (1) The land covered by the proposed PD district fits one or more of the special circumstances warranting a PD district classification;
 - (2) The proposed PD district furthers the policies of the city's adopted comprehensive plan (as amended) and other formally adopted city planning documents;
 - (3) The proposed PD district demonstrates a more superior development than could be achieved through standard zoning classifications;
 - (4) The proposed PD district demonstrates the resolution of compatibility issues with surrounding development;
 - (5) The proposed and the configuration of uses depicted in the PD project plan are compatible with existing and planned adjoining uses;
 - (6) The proposed PD district demonstrates consistency with adopted public facilities plans, including those related to water, wastewater, transportation, drainage, and other public facilities; and
 - (7) The proposed PD district (if a mixed-use or traditional neighborhood project) demonstrates the provision of open space and recreational amenities within the development that provides for a superior living environment and enhanced recreational opportunities for residents of the district and for the public generally.

- (h) Conditions for approval. The city council may impose such conditions to the PD district regulations and project plan as are necessary to assure that the purpose of the PD district is implemented.
- (i) Subsequent development applications. The development standards for a PD district shall be applied to the authorized uses through a plat, site development plan, general site plan, or other development applications as set forth in the adopting ordinance.
- (j) Documentation of PD districts. All PD districts approved after adoption of this Code section, as may be amended, shall be prefixed by a "PD" designation and assigned a unique identification number (e.g., PD-1, PD-2, PD-3, and so on), and shall also be shown on the zoning map.
- (k) Expiration of a planned development district.
 - (1) Except for the base zoning, including any applicable overlay districts established by a PD district ordinance, all provisions of PD district, including the project plan, shall initially be valid for a period of 24 months.
 - (2) If a building permit has not been issued or construction begun on the detail plan within the 24 months, the PD district shall automatically expire and no longer be valid, and the zoning of the property shall automatically convert to the base zoning specified.
 - (3) The city council may, prior to the 24-month expiration, for good cause shown, extend for up to 24 additional months; during which time all provisions of the original PD district ordinance may remain valid. Only one extension may be granted.
 - (4) Following both the issuance and commencement of progress pursuant to the adopted PD project plan, all provisions of the PD district shall remain effective without expiration.

City of San Antonio Planned Unit Development Regulations

STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

The "PUD" planned unit development district is established for the following purposes:

- To provide flexibility in the planning and construction of development projects by allowing a combination of uses developed in accordance with an approved plan that protects adjacent properties.
- To encourage the preservation and enhancement of natural amenities and cultural resources; to protect the natural features of a site that relate to its topography, shape and size; and to provide for a minimum amount of open space.
- To provide for a more efficient arrangement of land uses, buildings, circulation systems and infrastructure.
- To encourage infill projects and the development of sites made difficult for conventionally designed development because of shape, size, abutting development, poor accessibility or topography.
- To allow for private streets and gated entrances for new subdivisions.
- (a) Applicability and Evaluation Criteria. This section shall apply to all planned unit development districts established prior to January 1, 2016. Planned unit development districts established subsequent to January 1, 2016, shall comply with section 35-344.02 of this chapter. In order to foster the attractiveness of a planned unit development and its surrounding neighborhoods and thereby preserve property values, and in order to provide an efficient road and utility network, ensure the movement of traffic, implement comprehensive planning, and better serve the public health, safety, and general welfare, the following criteria shall be utilized by the planning commission in reviewing PUD plans. These criteria shall neither be regarded as inflexible requirements, nor are they intended to discourage creativity or innovation.
 - (1) Insofar as practicable, the landscape shall be preserved in its natural state by minimizing tree and soil removal.
 - (2) Proposed buildings shall be sited harmoniously to the terrain and to other buildings in the vicinity that have a visual relationship to the proposed buildings.
 - (3) With respect to vehicular and pedestrian circulation and parking, special attention shall be given to the location and number of access points to public streets, width of interior drives and access points, general interior circulation, separation of pedestrian and vehicular traffic, and the arrangement of parking areas that are safe and convenient and, insofar as practicable, do not detract from the design of proposed structures and neighboring properties.
 - (4) Private streets and gates shall conform to article V of this chapter.

- (5) Planned unit developments in the ETJ shall comply with the provisions contained in this section with the exception of subsections (c) related to density, (d) related to height and yard requirements, and (j) related to PUD plans. In addition, planned unit developments in the ETJ are exempt from the zoning procedures contained in this section.
- (6) The description "planned unit development" or "PUD" shall be prominently indicated in the subdivision plat name.
- (b) Minimum Size. There is no minimum size for a planned unit development.
- (c) Permitted Uses and Density.
 - (1) Uses. A planned unit development may include residential, commercial and industrial uses; cluster housing; common areas; unusual arrangements of structures on-site; or other combinations of structures and uses that depart from standard development. The uses permitted in a "PUD" are those designated in the approved PUD plan. Density limits are used to determine the maximum number of permitted dwelling units.

Planned unit developments containing one (1) single zoning district shall be annotated with the zoning district (PUD "RE," PUD "R-20," etc.) and may be developed to the density indicated in the maximum density table in subsection (2) below.

Planned unit developments which contain more than one (1) zoning district shall have each zoning district annotated as (PUD "RE," PUD "R-20," etc.) and each individual district may be developed to the density indicated in the maximum density table in subsection (2) below.

(2) Density Table. The PUD plan shall divide the PUD into land use categories and shall indicate the uses permitted in each category. For residential land use categories, the maximum number of dwelling units permitted per acre for each land use category is as follows:

Land	UseMaximum
Category	Density
"RE"	1
"R-20"	2
"R-6"	5
"RM-6"	5
"R-5"	6
"RM-5"	6

"R-4"	7
"R-3"	10
"RM-4"	7
"MF-18"	18
"MF-25"	25
"MF-33"	33
"MF-40"	40
"MF-50"	50
"MF-65"	65

Total allowable density is calculated by multiplying the amount of net usable acres times the appropriate number above. Floodplains (100-year), steep slopes, non-buildable areas and existing easements are not used to determine net acreage.

Example: On a twelve (12) acre tract with one and one-half ($1\frac{1}{2}$) acres of unusable space, with an "R-6" zoning district. Usable acreage ten and one-half ($10\frac{1}{2}$) times table number (5) allows fifty-two and one-half ($52\frac{1}{2}$) units. The maximum number of units that may be built may not be further increased by using the provisions of division 6 flexible zoning of this article.

- (3) Attached Dwelling Units. Dwelling units may be attached in all PUD districts except for land use categories designated "RE" and "R-20."
- (4) Lots. There is no minimum area requirement for lots and lots need not front onto a street. Lot boundaries may coincide with structure boundaries except where perimeter lot setbacks are required.
- (d) Height and Yard Requirements.
 - (1) Height Limitation. The maximum height of structures shall be as prescribed below; however, any portion of a structure may exceed this limit provided such portion is set back from the side and rear lot lines, or setbacks if required, one (1) foot for each two (2) feet of height in excess of the maximum building height. Distance credit shall be permitted for space occupied by structures of conforming height extending from the lot lines or setbacks as applicable.

Structures devoted to the following uses:	Shall be restricted to the following height:	
Dwelling, one family; Dwelling, single-family; Duplex; Dwelling, one-family attached; Dwelling, single-family detached; Dwelling, two-family (duplex); Dwelling, two-family attached; Dwelling, three-family (triplex); Dwelling, four-family (quadraplexes)	35 ft	
Multi-Family not exceeding 25 units/acre	45	
Multi-Family not exceeding 33 units/acre	60	
Multi-Family not exceeding 40 units/acre	84	
Multi-Family not exceeding 65 units/acre		
Commercial Buildings, except as otherwise listed below	35	
Malls, shopping centers, or collection of shops - regional center (enclosed mall with two (2) or more anchors) or super regional center (similar to regional, but with three (3) or more anchors)		
Light Industrial uses (uses permitted in the "L" district)	35	
General Industrial uses (uses permitted in the "I-1" and "MI-1" districts)	60	
Mixed use buildings may be as tall as allowed by the most intense use included in the structure pursuant to this table		

(2) Fences.

- A. Along collector and arterial streets, fences or walls within a PUD may extend to a height of eight (8) feet subject to the clear vision area requirements for fences in section 35-514.
- B. No such fence or wall, or portion thereof, shall exceed one hundred (100) horizontal feet in length unless one (1) of the following architectural features visible from the paved surface of the street is provided as part of the fence:
 - 1. A column or pillar; or
 - 2. Articulation of the surface plane wall by incorporating plane projections or recesses having a depth of at least one (1) foot and extending a horizontal distance not less than three (3) or more than twenty (20) feet.

C. The provisions of subsection B., above, shall not apply to a fence or wall constructed of brick, masonry, or wrought iron consisting of at least fifty (50) percent open voids. The square footage of the fence shall be measured by taking the total square footage of an area defined by the length of the fence and its average height. The percentage of open voids shall then be derived by dividing the total square footage of the open voids by the total square footage of the area calculated above, and multiplying this figure by one hundred (100). The fence's framing (the vertical posts supporting the fence from the ground and no more than three (3) horizontal cross bars between the posts, or brick or stone pillars) shall not be included in the calculation of the total square footage, provided the framing posts and cross bars do not exceed a four-inch width and the posts are spaced at least eight (8) feet apart.

(e) Required Setbacks.

- (1) Residential Including Multi-Family Uses. Required PUD perimeter setbacks shall be twenty (20) feet.
- (2) Nonresidential Uses. Required PUD perimeter setbacks shall be the same as for the applicable zoning district which the nonresidential use would be allowed in if it were not a PUD.

The PUD perimeter setback lines shall be indicated on the PUD plan prior to receiving approval of the PUD plan. The planning commission may approve lesser setbacks after considering physical features such as the location of trees, waterways, steep slopes, easements, other buffers and/or compatibility of the PUD with adjacent land uses provided such setbacks meet the requirements of the current adopted International Building Code.

No setbacks are required for residential or nonresidential interior lots provided the requirements of the currently adopted International Building Code or the International Residential Code are met. Provisions of subsection <u>35-373</u>(c) zero lot line development do not apply in a PUD.

(3) If access to a garage is provided from the front or side of a lot, then the garage shall maintain a setback as indicated in subsection 35-516(g) of this chapter.

(f) Infrastructure Requirements.

(1) Streets and Sidewalks. Streets within a PUD may be public or private. Vehicular circulation may also be provided by internal private drives. Private drives must meet the requirements for fire lanes as per the International Fire Code Appendix D for width, lengths turnarounds, and parking requirements whether for a commercial or residential base zoning. A building permit must be obtained for private drives and would include site plan review and inspection for flatwork/civil work within the public ROW. However, the planning commission may require

dedication and construction of public streets through or into a PUD through the platting process. Public or private streets shall conform to the transportation standards of this chapter (see section 35-506 of this chapter).

- (2) Utilities. All utility systems shall comply with the utilities standards of this chapter. Water and sanitary sewer systems within a PUD may be publicly or privately owned; however, the maintenance of private systems shall be the responsibility of the PUD community association. Public utility systems shall be approved by the applicable agency or city department.
- (3) Easements. Publicly owned and/or maintained utilities shall be placed in public streets or easements which are a minimum of sixteen (16) feet in width unless a narrower width is approved by the applicable utility. Dead-end easements shall not be permitted unless a city approved vehicular turnaround is provided at the end of each such easement.
- (4) Garbage Collection. If in the opinion of the solid waste management director, private streets in a PUD are arranged so that garbage may be collected without creating a safety hazard, the city will collect the garbage provided proper indemnification is received from the community association or individual property owners. Garbage collection locations shall be subject to the approval of the solid waste management director. In the event the city does not collect garbage within a PUD, all units within the PUD may be exempted from payment of garbage fees upon furnishing of evidence ensuring acceptable removal of all garbage and refuse by private means. To receive such an exemption, written application must be submitted to and approved by the finance director.

(g) Parks/Open Space.

- (1) Residential. Each residential PUD plan shall provide for a minimum amount of parks/open space as required by the parks/open space standards (35-503) of this chapter. Residential PUDs may not use a fee in lieu for meeting parks/open space requirements.
- (2) Commercial. All commercial and industrial PUDs will contain a minimum of twenty (20) percent of park/open space.
- (3) Mixed-Use. Mixed-use developments shall be divided into separate residential and commercial areas which must separately meet the requirements of this paragraph and subsection 35-344(c)(2). Mixed use buildings that include residential use shall meet the residential requirements of this subsection.
- (4) Reduction in Parks/Open Space. At its discretion, the planning commission may approve a decrease in the amount of required parks/open space when the PUD plan includes unique design features or amenities which achieve an especially attractive and desirable development such as, but not limited to,

terraces, sculpture, water features, preservation and enhancement of unusual natural features, or landscape sculpture (areas which are intensely landscaped).

- (h) Parking Requirements. Off-street parking and truck loading facilities shall be provided in accordance with the parking standards of this chapter. Parking shall be prohibited on any private street or private drive, excluding driveways on interior lots less than twenty-eight (28) feet in width, and if utilized on streets twenty-eight (28) feet or wider, the parking must be clearly distinguishable from the movement lanes.
- (i) Common Areas and Facilities. Provisions shall be made for a property owners' association that is designated as the representative of the owners of property in a residential subdivision. The property owners' association shall have the direct responsibility to provide for the operation and maintenance of all common areas and facilities, including private streets and sidewalks, which are a part of the PUD. The applicant shall submit the dedicatory instrument(s) covering the establishment, maintenance, and operation of a residential subdivision. The dedicatory instrument(s) shall establish a plan for the use and permanent maintenance of the common areas/facilities and demonstrate that the property owners' association is self-perpetuating and adequately funded by regular assessment and/or special assessment to accomplish its purposes. The dedicatory instrument(s) shall include provisions that provide the city with permission for access at any time without liability when on official business, and further, to permit the city to remove obstructions if necessary for emergency vehicle access and assess the cost of removal to the owner of the obstruction.

"Property owners' association" means an incorporated or unincorporated association that;

- A. Is designated as the representative of the owners of property in a residential subdivision;
- B. Has a membership primarily consisting of the owners of property covered by the dedicatory instrument for the residential subdivision; and
- C. Manages or regulates the residential subdivision for the benefit of the owners of property in the subdivision.

"Dedicatory instrument" means each governing instrument covering the establishment, maintenance, and operation of a residential subdivision. The term includes restrictions or other similar instruments that subject property to restrictive covenants, bylaws, or similar instruments governing the administration or operation of a property owners' association; allow for properly adopted rules and regulations of the property owners' association; and authorize enactment of lawful amendments to the covenants, bylaws, rules, or regulations.

"Property owners' association" means the designated representative of the owners of property in a subdivision and may be referred to as a "homeowners association," "community association," "civic association," "civic club," "association," "committee," or similar term contained in the dedicatory instrument.

"Regular assessment" means an assessment, a charge, a fee, or dues that each owner of property within a residential subdivision is required to pay to the property owners' association on a regular basis and that is designated for use by the property owners' association for the benefit of the residential subdivision as provided by the dedicatory instrument.

"Special assessment" means an assessment, a charge, a fee, or dues, other than a regular assessment, that each owner of property within a residential subdivision is required to pay to the property owners' association, according to the procedures required by the dedicatory instrument, for:

- A. Defraying, in whole or part, the cost whether incurred before or after the assessment, of any construction or reconstruction, unexpected repair, or replacement of a capital improvement in common areas owned by the property owners' association, including the necessary fixtures and personal property related to the common areas:
- B. Maintenance and improvement of common areas owned by the property owners' association; or
- C. Other purposes of the property owners' association as stated in its articles of incorporation or the dedicatory instrument for the residential subdivision.
- (j) PUD Plan. After the PUD zoning is granted, a PUD plan shall be submitted to and approved by the planning commission prior to approval of any plats or the issuance of any building permits or certificates of occupancy. The PUD plan shall incorporate any conditions imposed with the granting of the PUD zoning.
 - (1) Public Hearing. Upon submission of the PUD plan, the director of development services shall distribute copies to appropriate city departments and agencies for review. Upon receipt of all required items and reviews, the director of development services shall schedule a public hearing by the planning commission on the proposed plan and shall provide written notice of the hearing to the owners of real property lying within two hundred (200) feet of the PUD boundaries. The notice shall be mailed at least ten (10) days prior to the public hearing date.
 - (2) Plan Approval. After the public hearing the commission may approve the plan as submitted, amend and approve the plan as amended, or disapprove the plan. If approved, the plan with any amendments shall be signed by the chairman and secretary of the commission. A copy of the approved PUD plan shall be distributed to the development services director and other appropriate departments/agencies for use in issuing permits.
 - (3) Amendments. Amendments for any PUD plan shall be consistent with subsection (k) below.

- (k) Amendments. Amendments may be classified as minor or major in accordance with the following:
 - (1) Minor amendments to the previously approved PUD plan may be made without requiring resubmission of the entire application. For purposes of this subsection, "minor amendments" are amendments which:
 - A. Permit equal or fewer dwelling units, floor area, lot coverage or impervious surface than that requested on the original application;
 - B. Reduce the impact of the development; or
 - C. Reduce the amount of land involved from that indicated in the notices of the hearing.
 - D. A minor amendment shall not, in any case, permit:
 - i. An increase in the overall density of the PUD by more than ten (10) percent;
 - ii. A different land use than that requested in the original or amended PUD plan;
 - iii. A larger land area than indicated in the original or amended PUD plan.
 - E. A minor amendment shall not reduce or eliminate conditions adopted in this chapter or otherwise adopted by city council ordinance or planning commission approval for a PUD approval.
 - (2) Amendments not classified as minor amendments above shall be classified as major amendments and shall require resubmission of the application to the planning commission.
 - (3) Major amendments shall be considered by the planning commission following the same procedure required for the initial approval of the plan, including payment of the plan review fee.
- (I) Time Limit.
 - (1) Applications. The director of development services shall provide a written response indicating whether the planned unit development application is complete within five (5) working days after submittal. The applicant shall file a written response to any staff comments or resolve outstanding issues prior to final approval of completeness. This response shall occur within thirty (30) days of the notification date of staff comments unless a time extension is requested and granted in writing. The maximum limit on an extension is six (6) months from the original staff comment date. The appellate agency for purposes of completeness review shall be the planning commission.

PUD plan application approval shall expire and shall be void for all purposes if a PUD plan is not approved in accordance with this chapter within two (2) years from the date of acceptance of the complete application. Upon expiration of the PUD plan application, a new PUD plan number, application, and fee shall be required when PUD plan approval is still sought.

- (2) PUD Approval and Completion. A PUD plan, deemed complete and approved, shall remain valid for a period of six (6) years from the date of the last recorded plat or the date of planning commission approval if no plats are recorded. Time extensions for up to one (1) year may be granted by the planning commission if it finds that additional time is warranted. Failure to initiate development within the approved time period shall void the approved PUD plan and no building permits or utility connections shall be issued until a new application and plan have been submitted and approved.
- (3) Amendments. An approved/completed PUD may be amended in the future subject to any applicable criteria or requirements of this chapter.

Revision of PD district

Mary Fernandez <mrfernandez111@outlook.com>

Thu 8/1/2024 2:49 PM

To:Mindy Teague <m.teague@leonvalleytexas.gov>;Melinda Moritz <m.moritz@leonvalleytexas.gov>

1 attachments (782 KB)

Feedback on updating PDD assigned at P & Z Commission meeting 7.23.2024.pdf,

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Good afternoon ladies,
I hope you are well and having a good day.

I have highlighted items that I want to include from the San Antonio Code. My recommendation is that we 1) delete the red lined information in adherence to PL, HB 2439, Tx Gov. Code 3000.02B, 2) that we place the criteria section just below the purpose paragraphs, and 3) we include the density descriptions and the chart for guidance, knowing we would have to change RE to R-1, and others changes to match our current district designations on page 56 of our zoning code.

I like the San Antonio ordinance in its entirety, the organization and terms are easy to follow and apply. Would agree to discuss that possibility.

Regarding training session, I am most interested in Saturday mornings, but early evenings would also work.

Thank you ladies, Mary Ruth Fernandez

Mary Ruth Fernandez, PhD, CCC-SLP Speech-Language Pathologist 6327 Mary Jamison St. San Antonio, Texas 78238 210-416-6339- cell phone mrfernandez111@outlook.com

Championing grassroots excellence, inclusive best outcomes, and data-driven decisions for the continued enhancement of the communities in Leon Valley, Texas.

PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION COMMUNICATION

DATE: August 27, 2024

TO: Planning and Zoning Commission

FROM: Mindy Teague, Planning and Zoning Director

THROUGH: Crystal Caldera, Ph.D., City Manager

SUBJECT: Presentation, **Public Hearing**, and Possible Action to Consider a Recommendation on a Plat of Approximately 11-Acres of Land, Being P-8, Abstract 317, CB 4431 to Lots 12 & 13, Block 11, CB 4431, Leon Valley Addition Subdivision, Located at 6301 Sawyer Rd, with a Variance Request to Not Build a Sidewalk

PURPOSE:

To make a recommendation on request to plat an 11-acre tract of land, being P-8, Abstract 317, CB 4431 to Lots 12 & 13, Block 11, CB 4431, Leon Valley Addition Subdivision, an approximately 11-acre tract of land, located at 6301 Sawyer Rd, with a variance request to not build a sidewalk.

HISTORY:

The Wat Dhammabucha Buddhist Temple is located on an unplatted 11-acre tract of land, zoned R-1 Single Family Dwelling, in the 6300 block of Sawyer Road. In January of 2021, the use "church" was not allowed in the R-1 zoning district, and the Temple wanted to expand their operations with the construction of a prayer hall. In order to be allowed to expand, they applied for and were granted Planned Development District Zoning (PDD #1), with an accompanying approved site development plan. The development never occurred and the PDD expired in January of 2023.

In July of 2021, the Zoning Code was revised to allow use "church" in all zoning districts (Ord. No. 2021-30). This change made the need for a PDD unnecessary; however, the property must be platted as required by the City Code, in order to obtain a building permit.

In addition to being platted, all portions of the Subdivision and Zoning Codes, as they relate to landscaping, parking, lighting, drainage, connection to the water and sanitary sewer system, and other public improvements, must be met.

The City Engineer states the plat meets all requirements with the exception of plans for a sidewalk. The applicant is requesting a variance to not build a sidewalk along the frontage of their property. The property owner is allowed to request variances to the Subdivision Code from the City Council.

Twelve (11) letters were sent to s 0 - Opposed 0 - In Favor 0 - Undeliverable	surrounding property owners.	
FISCAL IMPACT:		
The applicant has paid all fees as	ssociated with this project.	
RECOMMENDATION		
Staff recommends approval of the plat but denying the variance request and requiring the applicant to construct a sidewalk.		
APPROVED:	DISAPPROVED:	
APPROVED WITH THE FOLLOWING AMENDMENTS:		
ATTEST:		

Mindy Teague, Planning and Zoning Director

50

Request for a Plat 6301 Sawyer Rd Leon Valley Addition Subdivision

Mindy Teague
Planning and Zoning Director
Planning and Zoning Commission Meeting
August 27, 2024

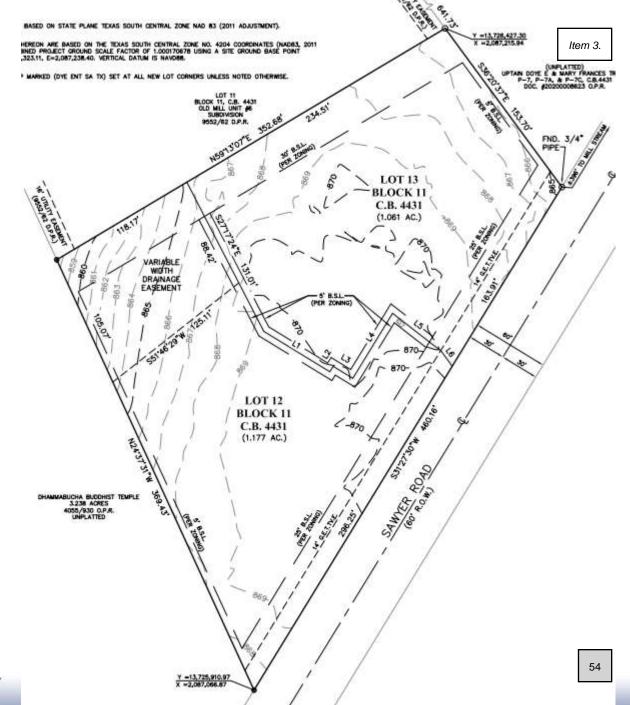
- Request is to plat the Wat Dhammabucha Buddhist Temple, located on an unplatted 11-acre tract of land, zoned R-1 Single Family Dwelling, in the 6300 block of Sawyer Road
- Jan 2021 the use "church" not allowed in R-1 zoning district
- Temple wanted to expand their operations with the construction of a prayer hall



- In order to expand, they applied for & were granted Planned Development District Zoning (PDD #1), with an approved site development plan
- Development never occurred & PDD expired (Jan 2023)
- Per the City Engineer, plat & buildings meet all requirements of city code

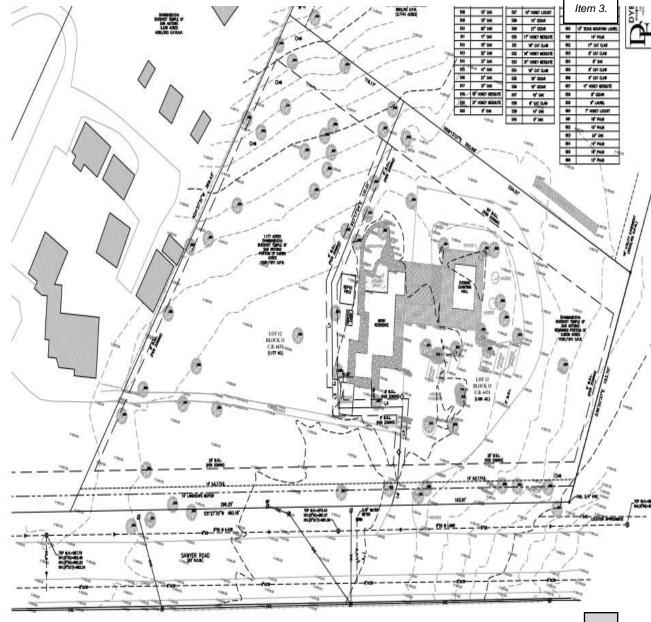


6301 Sawyer Plat



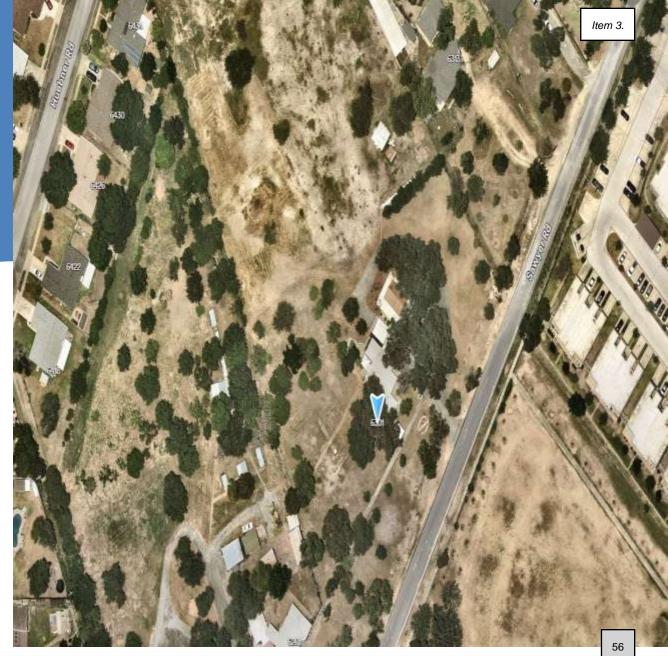


Existing Conditions





Aerial





Fiscal Impact

The owner has paid all fees associated with the plat



Recommendation

Staff and the City Engineer recommend approval of this replat



PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION COMMUNICATION

DATE:

August 27, 2024

TO: Planning and Zoning Commission FROM: Melinda Moritz, Public Works Director **THROUGH:** Dr. Crystal Caldera, City Manager SPONSOR(S): N/A **SUBJECT:** Discussion and Possible Action on a Request to Amend PDD 2024-6, on an Approximately 27-Acre Tract of Land, Being Lot 1, Block 1, CB 4430C Good Samaritan Lodge Nursing Home Inc Subdivision, Parcel 1, Abstract 399, CB 4429, and Parcel 11, Abstract 432, CB 4430, Located at 6518 Samaritan Drive, Leon Valley, Texas **PURPOSE** The applicant has withdrawn his request to amend PDD 2024-6. He will work with staff on minor changes within the allowed 10% of the original plan. FISCAL IMPACT: None. RECOMMENDATION Staff recommends approval of the withdrawal. APPROVED: DISAPPROVED: APPROVED WITH THE FOLLOWING AMENDMENTS: ATTEST: SAUNDRA PASSAILAIGUE, TRMC

City Secretary