

AGENDA CITY OF LAUREL LAUREL URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 2021 11:00 AM LAUREL CITY COUNCIL CHAMBERS

Public Input: Citizens may address the committee regarding any item of business that is not on the agenda. The duration for an individual speaking under Public Input is limited to three minutes. While all comments are welcome, the committee will not take action on any item not on the agenda.

1. Roll Call

General Items

- 2. Approve Meeting Minutes: August 23, 2021
- 3. Partner Updates

New Business

- 4. Small Grant Request: Uniquities Signage Grant
- 5. Priorities: Lighting

Old Business

6. Large Grant Discussion

Other Items

Announcements

- 7. Adjourn
- 8. Next Meeting: October 18, 2021

The City makes reasonable accommodations for any known disability that may interfere with a person's ability to participate in this meeting. Persons needing accommodation must notify the City Clerk's Office to make needed arrangements. To make your request known, please call 406-628-7431, Ext. 2, or write to City Clerk, PO Box 10, Laurel, MT 59044, or present your request at City Hall, 115 West First Street, Laurel, Montana.

DATES TO REMEMBER

File Attachments for Item:

2. Approve Meeting Minutes: August 23, 2021



AGENDA CITY OF LAUREL LAUREL URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY MONDAY, AUGUST 23, 2021 11:00 AM CITY COUNCIL CHAMBERS

Public Input: Citizens may address the committee regarding any item of business that is not on the agenda. The duration for an individual speaking under Public Input is limited to three minutes. While all comments are welcome, the committee will not take action on any item not on the agenda.

1. Roll Call

The Chair called the meeting to order at 11:00AM

Don Smarsh
Daniel Kline
Janice Lehman
Judy Goldsby
Nick Altonaga (City of Laurel)

General Items

Approve Meeting Minutes: June 28, 2021
 Daniel Motioned to approve the minutes
 Don Seconded.
 Motion Carried.

3. Partner Updates

Dianne emailed Nick and let him know that she would not be able to make it.

Steve Simonson now works at Big Sky EDA. Nick will reach out to Beartooth and see if they are still interested in attending the LURA meetings.

New Business

4. Large Grants Discussion

Nick presented a summary of the City Council discussion of LURA Large Grants.

Daniel asked how we can roll funds over to make the grants approval?

Don suggested we remove the Structural repair (flooring), and the Energy Efficiency improvement budgeted items.

Don: City Council should set parameters or priorities prior to the Grant cycles.

The State has not found any issues with the eligible operations.

Judy asked if the signage grant was approved?

Nick will check the Council meeting minutes but thinks he forwarded it to them for review and approval.

Judy sees both the Auto Clinic and the Eagles grant as fully eligible.

Review of Auto Clinic Grant:

If we threw out all of the interior work, he would still qualify for \$75,005.00 due to the entire project cost. Members recommended to remove the Interior from review for the Laurel Auto Clinic.

• Nick will put forward the final number for Council review.

Members reviewed the FOE Grant Request. Nick suggested removal of the Cabinetry and back bar. Judy suggested that the wiring work in 1st line item should be considered with the back bar construction work (\$6,500). Question came up as to WHO is doing the work? Eagles is listed as the vendor

Don suggested we might have to go and ask them for specifics on the vendors and contracting. Members recommended to have the Eagles re-do the grant with additional details for review.

• Nick said that he can follow-up with Marvin Carter to receive further details, estimates, and bills.

5. Board Priorities Discussion

Nick Presented his thoughts on the future priorities for the Board.

Judy reported that the original mission was to have the Chamber and the Council and LURA members all involved.

Daniel: We should mobilize the funds wherever possible to improve things.

Judy: We have been utilizing funds to improve the increment of the properties.

Don: We should look to get numbers of what impact the improvements have had on the values and increment.

Richard Herr: Need to have something in front of Council stating the value of properties to the district.

Don: it would be good to come up with a tax statement showing the pay-in to LURA.

Members recommended that Nick should include the Tax Statements as required documents on the LURA Grant Applications.

Nick stated that we should present the case of property owners in the district as seeking opportunities for support after years of being good residents of the district.

Nick said that Dianne had presented some interesting ideas about business program support by working with the Chamber.

Daniel: Should we help support the Chamber park space across the street from City Hall.

Nick stated that he has met with Cami and Cheryl from the Front Porch about having LURA or the TIF support it.

Nick also presented the option of utilizing TIF funds for paying PW workers to maintain the trees and other landscaping downtown. Suggested lighting installation coupled with Marketing (flags/penants), with planters.

Don: what if we sought out bids for a tree trimmer for the entire TIF District.

Members discussed how to maintain the trees and landscaping downtown. How does Billings do it? (The Purple People).

Judy: We could expand on the ideas of the lighting on the old Meadowlark building at the corner of 1st and Main St.

Daniel: Lets pick 3 projects to put on the agenda:

- ➤ Lighting District
- > Ditch Covering on Bernhardt Rd.
- ➤ Chamber Park Project at 1st Ave and 1st St

Judy: We should get the Laurel Community Foundation, Rotary, Chamber of Commerce. And other community groups together.

6. Small Grant Review: Dragon Palace Roof Improvement

Daniel Motioned to approve the Small Grant Request for the Dragon Place in the amount of \$1,247.00. Don Seconded.

Motion Carried.

Old Business

Other Items

Announcements

7. Adjourn

Meeting adjourned at 12:08pm.

8. Next Meeting: September 20, 2021

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DATES TO REMEMBER

File Attachments for Item:

4. Small Grant Request: Uniquities Signage Grant



Control No. 20-0220-113212

OFFICE USE ONLY

SEP 0 9 2021

LURA REVIEW DATE

PLANNER REVIEW DATE

CITY COUNCIL DATE

Grant Application			
	Small Grant (up to \$5,000)		
	Technical Assistance Grant		
	Façade Grant		
M	Signage and Awning Grant (Up to \$3,000)		
П	Large Grant (Greater than \$5,000)		

Applicant Name (Last First Middle)	Applicant Diseas
Applicant Name (Last, First Middle)	Applicant Phone
Sherman Laura J	(406)371-3212
Applicant Mailing Address (Street, City, State Zip)	Applicant E-Mail Address
113 East Main Street Laurel, VIT 59044	2011 4 001 11 6 411 001:001
Business Name	Laurel Business License Number
Uniquities	1931
Business Physical Address, (Street, City, State Zip)	Business Phone
113 East Main Street, Laurel, MT 59044	(40b)371-6055
Business Activities (i.e. retail, office, etc.)	
Retail	
Business Owner Name (Last, First Middle) Same as Applicant	Business Owner Phone
Sherman Kitzen T	(406) 371-6055
Business Owner Mailing Address (Street, City, State Zip)	Business Owner E-Mail Address
113 East Main Street, Laurel, MT 59044	uniquitiesmt@gmail.com
Building Frontage (building length along a public Building Height (number of stories defined by	Historical District Building
street) current code)	Date Approved
30 feet feet stories	
Property Legal Description (i.e. assessor parcel number)	
LAUPEL REALTY SUBD, SO9, TOZS, RZYE BLOCKI	ot 4
Property Legal Owner and Contact Information	
Kitzen + Laura Sherman Contacti	No. abak

I certify under penalty of law, that the information provided herein is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge. I understand that submitting an application does not guarantee a grant will be awarded, and that grant awards are at the discretion of the LURA board. Additionally, I verify that I have read and agree to abide by all applicable regulations under Title 20 of the Laurel Municipal Code as they apply to the LURA program. I am aware that a violation of these regulations shall result in the rejection of my application or disqualification from participating in the LURA grant program.

Applicant Signature

Date (MM/DD/YYY)

918 12021

INCOMPLETE APPLICATIONS
SHALL BE RETURNED

Application processing time is a minimum of 60 business days.

Return Completed Applications To:

Laurel Urban Renewal Agency (LURA)

ATTN: City Planner

PO Box 10

Laurel, MT 59044

(406) 628-7431

Applicant Initials

Page 1 of 5

		Control No.	20-0220-1132	14
Previous Applications (if any)	Date	Control No.	Appro	
	1 1		☐ Yes	∐ No
	1 1		☐ Yes	☐ No
	1 1		Yes	☐ No
	1 1		Yes	☐ No
	1 1	The second secon	Yes	□ No
Brief Description of Type of Business and Services Provided b	y Applicant.			
Retail Antique/Art Stor				
Brief Description of Project.				
Install Sign + lighting	j, paint au	oning		
Brief Description of Project Time Line.				
6 mos. (project is				
Improves the look of downtown to entice people to spend time of money in the historic district				
What type(s) of development and/or physical improvements are being considered? INStall Sign + lightling, point auming				
Name and Address of Technical Assistance Firm. Street North April 1965 1966 Grand Avenue Seile 7 21110 AS, MT 59101	Billion 563	ss of Contractor that will con SS Siven Guu SS Siven Siven Spheral, MT S	lle Dr	

What type of general Small Grant is needed?		LURA Funds	Applicant Funds
	MCA	Requested	Committed
☐ Demolition/Abatement of Structure for	7-15-4288(2)	\$	\$
Removal of Blight			
☐ Sidewalks, Curbs, Gutters	7-15-4288(2)	\$	\$
☐ Public Utilities			
☐ Water, Wastewater, Storm Water	7-15-4288(4)	\$	\$
☐ Electrical, Natural Gas, Fiberoptic,	7-15-4288(4)	\$	\$
Telecommunications			
☐ Intersection Signals & HAWK Crossing	7-15-4288(4)	\$	\$
☐ Street & Alley Surface Improvements	7-15-4288(4)	\$	\$
Crosswalks	7-15-4288(4)	\$	\$
☐ Green Space & Water Ways	7-15-4288(4)	\$	\$
☐ Improvement of Pedestrian Areas	7-15-4288(4)	\$	\$
☐ Historical Restorations	7-15-4288(4)	\$	\$
☐ Off Street Parking for Public Use	7-15-4288(4)	\$	\$
☐ Bridges & Walkways	7-15-4288(4)	\$	\$
☐ Pollution Reduction	7-15-4288(12)	\$	\$,
☐ Structural Repair			
☐ Flooring		\$	\$
☐ Walls (interior)		\$	\$
Roof, Ceiling		\$	\$
☐ Energy Efficiency Improvements			,
☐ LED Lighting (interior)		\$	\$
☐ Insulation		\$	\$
☐ Programmable Thermostats		\$	\$
☐ Solar Panels and Systems		\$	\$
	TOTAL:	\$	\$

Control No. 20-0220-113212

Wha	What type of Small Grant is needed?				
		Hours	LURA Funds	Applicant Funds	
	Technical Assistance	(up to 30 total)	Requested	Committed	
	☐ Architectural/Design Fees		\$	\$	
	☐ Landscape/Hardscape Design Fees	(Marylandaria Mariana)	\$	\$	
	☐ Feasibility Study Fees		\$	\$	
	☐ Building Permit Fees		\$	\$	
	Facade Grant				
	☐ Water Cleaning		\$	\$	
	☐ Prepping and Painting		\$	\$	
	☐ Window Replacement/Repair		\$	\$	
	☐ Door Replacement/Repair		\$	\$	
	☐ Entry Foyer Repairs		\$	\$	
	☐ Exterior Lighting		\$	\$	
	☐ Façade Restoration/Rehabilitation		\$	\$	
	☐ Landscape/Hardscape Improvements		\$	\$,	
	Cianage and Auging Crant				
Ш	Signage and Awning Grant		a a moral OL		
	⊠ Signage		\$ 1,598.96	\$ 1,597.96	
			\$ <u>,240.60</u>	\$_,340.00	
		TOTAL:	\$ 1,937.96	<u>\$ 1,937.96</u>	

hat type of Large Grant is needed?		Control No. LURA Funds	20-0220-113212 Applicant Funds
mat type of Large Grant to necessary	MCA	Requested	Committed
Demolition/Abatement of Structure for	7-15-4288(2)	\$	\$
Removal of Blight	7-13-4200(2)	Ψ	Ψ
☐ Sidewalks, Curbs, Gutters	7-15-4288(2)	\$, .	¢
☐ Public Utilities	7-13-4200(2)	Ψ	Φ,
☐ Water, Wastewater, Storm Water	7-15-4288(4)	\$	¢
☐ Electrical, Natural Gas, Fiberoptic,	7-15-4288(4)	\$	φ,
Telecommunications	7-13-4200(4)	Φ,	Φ
☐ Intersection Signals & HAWK Crossing	7-15-4288(4)	\$	\$
☐ Street & Alley Surface Improvements	7-15-4288(n4)	\$	\$
Crosswalks	7-15-4288(4)	\$	\$
Green Space & Water Ways	7-15-4288(4)	\$	\$
Improvement of Pedestrian Areas	7-15-4288(4)	\$	\$
Historical Restorations	7-15-4288(4)	\$	\$
Off Street Parking for Public Use	7-15-4288(4)	\$	\$
Bridges & Walkways	7-15-4288(4)	\$	\$
Pollution Reduction	7-15-4288(12)	\$	\$
Structural Repair			
☐ Flooring		\$	\$
☐ Walls (interior)		\$	\$
☐ Roof, Ceiling		\$	\$
Energy Efficiency Improvements			
☐ LED Lighting (interior)		\$	\$
The state of the s		\$	\$
☐ Insulation			
☐ Insulation☐ Programmable Thermostats		\$	\$
		\$, \$,	\$, \$,

- Photos (Before and After)
 Project Description
 Project Time Line

Submission of a W9 is required prior to reimbursement of grant funds



City of Laurel Business License

Fiscal Year July 1, 2021 – June 30, 2022

HAVING PAID THE SUM SHOWN BELOW TO THE CITY OF LAUREL IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CITY LICENSE ORDINANCE, YOU ARE HEREBY LICENSED TO PERFORM THE BUSINESS OR OCCUPATION LISTED HEREON:

License Number: 1931

Fiscal Year:

2021-22

License granted to:

UNIQUITIES, LLC 3085 HWY 310 BRIDGER MT 59014



GENERAL BUSINESS LICENSE

75.00

Fee Total:

75.00

Officially's Signature

Date Issued: 1/9/2021

National Register of Historic Places

The Nation's roll of heritage resources deemed worthy of recognition and preservation in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966.

As a contributing element of the Laurel Downtown Historic District

Heinz and Kennedy/ Maurer Chiropractic 113 E Main Street, Laurel Yellowstone County

Listed on

16 September 2010

Montana State Historic Preservation Officer

Big Sky. Big Land. Big History. lontana

State Historic Preservation Office







Client: Uniquities
Contact: Kit
Project: Exterior Sign
Date: 11/24 / 2020

Item Description Price Vector Trace Existing Logo \$2200 x1 Divide Sign into Workable Pieces Exterior Water Jet Sign Pieces from Diabond Sign Design and Produce Vinyl Decals Paint Lettering Pieces Mold Plexiglass Feature Fabricate Wood Handle Paint Magnifying Glass Frame Fabricate Structure and Mounting Brackets Fabricate Sign Face Install Sign Face *Permit NOT Included Bid does NOT include any permitting that may be required by the City of Laurel, MT. Water Jet Services provided by third party vendor. Vinyl Printing and Lamination provided by third party vendor. Installation provided by third party vendor. Estimated Completion Window - 3 weeks from approval and deposit.

Please make checks payable to: &Abel Art and Design

Total

\$2200

TERMS: Estimates are valid for 30 days from date indicated above. Due to the unique nature of design work, that every piece is created individually for each client on a job-by-job basis, &Abel Art and Design strictly enforces a policy of 50% down, 50% upon completion on all projects. Additionally, &Abel Art and Design does not offer refunds on deposits for design work, approved and printed/cut materials, or substrates. &Abel Art and Design reserves the right to use images of finished projects and/or design files in various portfolios. Payment entitles client to finished work products only - any and all peripheral materials created to produce the final work product will remain the sole property of &Abel Art and Design. By signing above 'Client' agrees to the terms and conditions outlined herein.

nttps://mail.google.com/mail/u/0/

14



Kitzen Sherman <uniquitiesmt@gmail.com>

Invoice 572 from Billings Sign Guy

1 message

Billings Sign Guy billingssignguy@gmail.com
To: uniquitiesmt@gmail.com

Thu, Aug 19, 2021 at 6:31 PM

INVOICE 572 DETAILS



Billings Sign Guy

DUE 09/18/2021

\$995.92

Review and pay

Powered by QuickBooks

Kit Sherman,

Here's your invoice! We appreciate your prompt payment.

Thanks for your business! Billings Sign Guy

Bill to

Kit Sherman

Terms

Net 30

Service

\$616.00

Provide and install (10 goose neck fixture above the front sign and (1) double head decorative flood under the awning.

Troubleshoot power issue and repair exterior rear wall pack. Had to replace a photo eye on the wall pack and install one on the front lights.

7 X \$88.00

Photo Eye - Woods Pro

\$27.00

Photo Cell controller.

2 X \$13.50

Misc

\$237.00

Gooseneck Fixture and decorative flood.

1 X \$237.00

45w LGD Corn Lite

\$115.92

45w Corn Lite (175w Equiv) 5 yr warranty

1 X \$115.92

Balance due

\$995.92

Review and pay

Billings Sign Guy

5635 Silver Saddle Dr Shepherd, MT 59079 US

billingssignguy@gmail.com http://billingssignguy.com

If you receive an email that seems fraudulent, please check with the business owner before paying.

3 of 4

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WESTSIDE
Print & Dyund
5/10-

Doug Campbell P.O. BOX 513 BRIDGER, MT 59014 406.855.1380

DATE	11	191	2020
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CUSTOMER:_	Uniquities	
	Laurel	sh
PHONE:		

Project. 1 Location: 1						
110)	Project: Uniquities Front Location: Laurel					
QTY	DESCRIPTION	UNIT PRICE	TOTAL			
	Erent awning on store Front		530.ω			
			730.			
	Elabor & materials For logos For Store doors & Philip logos Set up print & cut					
	logos for store doors &					
	Set un Brist & Cut		150.00			
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DESIGN PROOF A





Shawn Abel • Impact Marketing, Inc. • 406-696-9056 • impactmarketingbillings@gmail.com 145 Grand Avenue, Suite 7 • Billings, MT 59101 • ©2019 All Rights Reserved

17.26.052 - Development standards.

A. Signage.

- 1. Review Consideration. Signage in the EZD needs to recognize the relationship between adjacent land uses and the natural features of the location such as existing views and proximity to residences. Although signs perform a function in providing information concerning services, products, and business, a profusion of signs produces a cumulative effect that cancels out individual effectiveness and detracts from the appearance of the community as a whole. All signage shall be reviewed with the following considerations and criteria:
 - a. Use of subdued, low-key colors;
 - Location, size, and height that do not obstruct views of the community, the river corridor, traditional open spaces, or the mountains;
 - c. Sign is built of permanent, durable materials;
 - d. Size and location avoids or minimizes the sense of clutter with nearby signs;
 - e. The sign is professionally prepared and finished on both sides;
 - f. The location and placement of the sign will not endanger motorists or pedestrians and does
 not interfere with the clear vision triangle at street, railroad, or street driveway intersections;
 - The sign will not cover or blanket any prominent view of a structure or façade of historical or architectural significance;
 - The sign will not obstruct views of users of adjacent buildings to side yards, yards or to nearby open space;
 - The sign will not negatively impact the visual quality of a public open space such as a recreation facilities, square, plaza, court yard and the like;
 - j. The sign cannot be seen from the Yellowstone River or any city, county or state park or—if it can be seen—it must be located one thousand feet from the boundaries of such spaces.
- Only one sign is allowed per parcel of record and there shall be at least one thousand feet between signs.
- A construction permit is required whenever the sign copy is changed and any alterations to the sign are made.
- 4. Signs shall be limited to one hundred sixty square feet in copy area.
- 5. Non-conforming signs are required to be brought into compliance with this section within six years from the date of adoption of this ordinance or upon the earliest occurrence of the following events.
 - The sign is relocated or replaced:
 - b. The structure or size of the sign is altered in any way;
 - The sign suffers more than fifty percent appraised damage or deterioration or the sign is taken out of service for any reason, such as being knocked down by weather or other means;
 - d. If any non-conforming sign is abandoned or voluntarily discontinued for a period of one hundred eighty days, any subsequent use must be in conformity with this ordinance. An abandoned sign is a sign which no longer identifies or advertises a bona fide business, lessor, service, owner, product, or activity, and/or for which no legal owner can be found. An abandoned sign is to be removed by the owner within fifteen days of notice from the public works department.
- 6. No portable signs as described in the city signage ordinance are allowed in the EZD.

- 7. Transit Bus Benches. Transit bus benches, with or without advertising, may be placed within the city right-of-way upon application and approval of the ADA coordinator, the transit administrator and in consultation with the public work director. All benches must comply with any applicable city, state, and or/federal standards or regulations. The city may approve a bench provider, with or without advertising, pursuant to its procurement policy, as amended.
- Lighting. All sign lighting must incorporate cut-off shields to direct light downward. Luminaries shall not be visible from adjacent streets or properties. A sign's lighting will not cause hazardous or unsafe driving conditions for motorists and will not glare, reflect, or spill onto adjacent business or residential areas.

B. Building Design Standards.

- All buildings shall be completed on all sides with one of the following finishing material: brick, fluted block, colored textured block, glass, stucco, architectural concealed fastener metal panels, exterior insulation and finishing systems (i.e., Dryvit, etc.), stone or wood. Exposed seam metal buildings shall be prohibited unless covered with an acceptable finishing material.
- 2. Roofs shall be finished with a material that is architecturally compatible in color and design with the construction of the building. Metal roofs, fascia, and mansards shall be limited to the following: standing seam, metal shakes or shingles and architectural metal treatments. All mechanical equipment placed on top of any roof shall be screened by a parapet or other similar architectural apparatus being at least the height of the mechanical equipment. Pitched roofs are encouraged whenever possible.
- 3. Long, flat facades that front on the interstate highway, First Avenue North or First Avenue South having more than one hundred lineal feet are prohibited. Buildings over one hundred feet in length shall incorporate one of the following: recesses, off-sets, angular forms, landscaping features or other architectural features such as bell towers, clock towers, to provide a visually interesting shape. The break in the facade shall be minimum of eight feet in length. A single uninterrupted length of a facade shall not exceed one hundred lineal feet. It is encouraged that each offset area contains landscaping or other similar amenities which will complement the offset area.

C. Additional Provisions for Commercial Uses.

- Storage of Merchandise. Any permitted storage of merchandise outside an approved building shall be within an area enclosed with a sight obscuring fence at least six feet in height that is architecturally compatible in color and design with the building. However, promotional displays, vehicle sales lots and plant materials may be displayed outside of an approved building or enclosed area so long as they are placed appurtenant to a building wherein the business displays the bulk of its goods for sale. In addition, retail nurseries shall be exempt from the enclosure of plant materials, and displayed merchandise shall not include any used equipment. Bufferyards or required landscaping shall not be used for the displaying of merchandise.
- 2. Site Lighting. All outdoor lighting shall be designed, located and mounted at heights no greater than eighteen feet above grade for non-cutoff lights and thirty-five feet above grade for cutoff lights. All outdoor lighting shall be designed and located such that the maximum illumination measured in foot-candles at the property line shall not exceed three-tenths foot-candle for noncutoff lights and three foot-candles for cutoff lights.
- Storage of Junk. No person shall store junk, partially or completely dismantled vehicles, or salvaged materials in any commercial zone outside a building. In the case of automobile repair shops, such materials must be enclosed within a building or an area having a sight-obscuring fence at least six feet in height.
- Solid Waste Area. All solid waste storage facilities shall be located within an area enclosed with a sight-obscuring fence or wall that is architecturally compatible in color and design with the building.

D. Cell Towers.





Prepared For: Laur

Laura Sherman

Property Address:

113 E Main St, Laurel, MT 59044

Inspector:

Brant Humphrey

Company:

WIN Home Inspection Billings

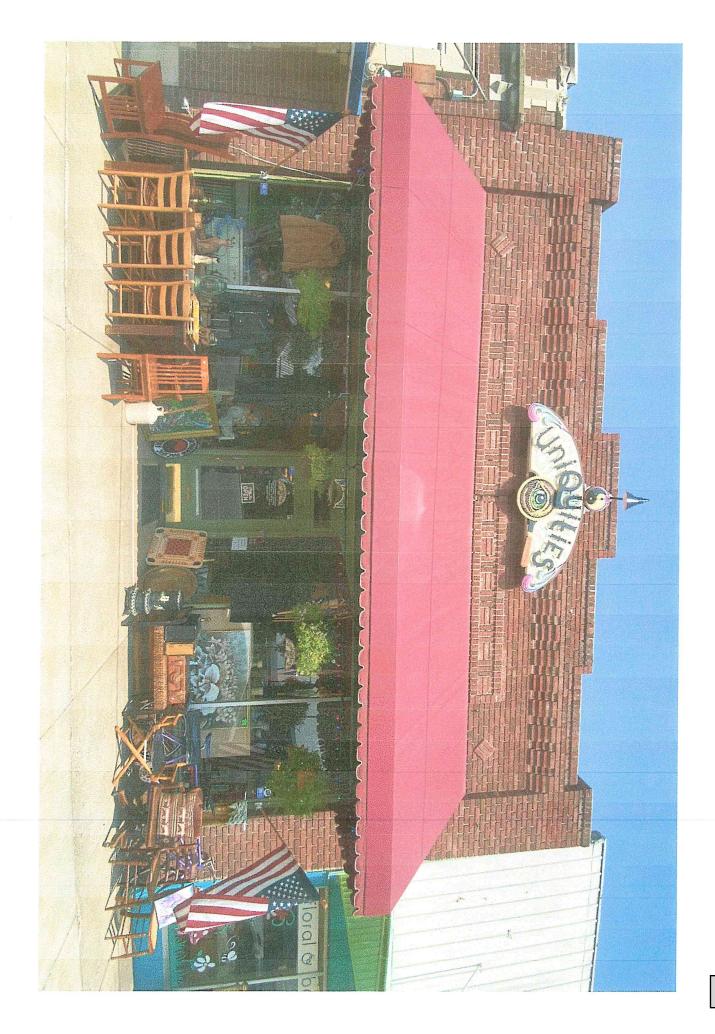
dba

(406) 694-8909

bhumphrey@wini.com

Services Included in this Report:

Commercial Inspection



CONSTRUCTION PERMIT AND APPLICATION

CITY OF LAUREL, MONTANA

PERMIT No.	

Owner Laura Sherman		-055
Contractor Shawn Ahrl Address 145 Carand Aut St. 4 Billins Telephone 406-696-9056 5961 City License	Subdivision Tract Lot Block Tract Type: Addition Fence_	Zoning MH Install
Special Conditions lighting for Sign must meet LMC 17.26.052 A8 (attached)		Sign lighting
Occupancy Type of Construction Number of	Units Total Square Feet	Rated Walls
BUILDING Approved To Issue By arun Divis	Soy	Date 1/31/21
plication is hereby made to the City of Laurel Building Code Official for permit subject to the conditions and restrictions set forth. All provisions laws and ordinances governing this work will be complied with whether ecified herein or not. Each person upon whose behalf this application rains, at whose request and for whose benefit work is performed under or resuant to any permit issued as a result of this application agrees to, and all indemnify and hold harmless the City of Laurel, it's officers, agents and applyees.	FEES AND CHARGE 1000-323011 building 1000-323013 plumbing	\$ \$
e granting of this permit does not give authority to cancel or violate provisions of any state or local law regulating construction or the formance of construction.	1000-323014 plan review	\$ \$
ompliance with the requirements of the state building code for physical ressibility to persons with disabilities does not necessarily guarantee appliance with Americans With Disabilities Act of 1990, the Rehabilitation to 1978, the Fair Housing Amendments Act of 1988, Title 49, chapter commonly known as the Montana Human Rights Act, or other similar	1000-323011 fence 1000-323011 roof 1000-323018 investigation	\$ \$ \$
eral, state, or local laws that mandate accessibility to commercial astruction or multifamily housing."	1000-323053 sign	\$
y permit issued as a result of this application becomes null and void if rk is not commenced within 180 days of issuance of such permit, unless a itten request to extend this time is submitted to the City of Laurel Building	5210-343033 SDF water	\$
partment and approved. applicant is responsible for calling to obtain underground line locations	5310-343033 SDF sewer 1000-323011 mh install	\$ \$
00-424-5555 two days before digging. general contractors shall have a current City of Laurel business license.	1000-323011 re-inspection	\$
permit holder is responsible for giving 24 hour notice for required pections.	other	\$
reby certify I have read this application and the information provided is and correct to the best of my knowledge.	Total Amount due	\$_ <i>[[1].00</i> _
	Amount Paid	\$



DESIGN PROOF A





Shawn Abel • Impact Marketing, Inc. • 406-696-9056 • impactmarketingbillings@gmail.com 145 Grand Avenue, Suite 7 • Billings, MT 59101 • ©2019 All Rights Reserved

17.26.052 - Development standards.

A. Signage.

- 1. Review Consideration. Signage in the EZD needs to recognize the relationship between adjacent land uses and the natural features of the location such as existing views and proximity to residences. Although signs perform a function in providing information concerning services, products, and business, a profusion of signs produces a cumulative effect that cancels out individual effectiveness and detracts from the appearance of the community as a whole. All signage shall be reviewed with the following considerations and criteria:
 - a. Use of subdued, low-key colors;
 - b. Location, size, and height that do not obstruct views of the community, the river corridor, traditional open spaces, or the mountains;
 - c. Sign is built of permanent, durable materials;
 - d. Size and location avoids or minimizes the sense of clutter with nearby signs;
 - e. The sign is professionally prepared and finished on both sides;
 - f. The location and placement of the sign will not endanger motorists or pedestrians and does not interfere with the clear vision triangle at street, railroad, or street driveway intersections;
 - g. The sign will not cover or blanket any prominent view of a structure or façade of historical or architectural significance;
 - h. The sign will not obstruct views of users of adjacent buildings to side yards, yards or to nearby open space;
 - i. The sign will not negatively impact the visual quality of a public open space such as a recreation facilities, square, plaza, court yard and the like;
 - j. The sign cannot be seen from the Yellowstone River or any city, county or state park or—if it can be seen—it must be located one thousand feet from the boundaries of such spaces.
- 2. Only one sign is allowed per parcel of record and there shall be at least one thousand feet between signs.
- 3. A construction permit is required whenever the sign copy is changed and any alterations to the sign are made.
- 4. Signs shall be limited to one hundred sixty square feet in copy area.
- Non-conforming signs are required to be brought into compliance with this section within six years from the date of adoption of this ordinance or upon the earliest occurrence of the following events.
 - a. The sign is relocated or replaced;
 - b. The structure or size of the sign is altered in any way;
 - The sign suffers more than fifty percent appraised damage or deterioration or the sign is taken out of service for any reason, such as being knocked down by weather or other means;
 - d. If any non-conforming sign is abandoned or voluntarily discontinued for a period of one hundred eighty days, any subsequent use must be in conformity with this ordinance. An abandoned sign is a sign which no longer identifies or advertises a bona fide business, lessor, service, owner, product, or activity, and/or for which no legal owner can be found. An abandoned sign is to be removed by the owner within fifteen days of notice from the public works department.
- 6. No portable signs as described in the city signage ordinance are allowed in the EZD.

- 7. Transit Bus Benches. Transit bus benches, with or without advertising, may be placed within the city right-of-way upon application and approval of the ADA coordinator, the transit administrator and in consultation with the public work director. All benches must comply with any applicable city, state, and or/federal standards or regulations. The city may approve a bench provider, with or without advertising, pursuant to its procurement policy, as amended.
- Lighting. All sign lighting must incorporate cut-off shields to direct light downward. Luminaries shall not be visible from adjacent streets or properties. A sign's lighting will not cause hazardous or unsafe driving conditions for motorists and will not glare, reflect, or spill onto adjacent business or residential areas.

B. Building Design Standards.

- All buildings shall be completed on all sides with one of the following finishing material: brick, fluted block, colored textured block, glass, stucco, architectural concealed fastener metal panels, exterior insulation and finishing systems (i.e., Dryvit, etc.), stone or wood. Exposed seam metal buildings shall be prohibited unless covered with an acceptable finishing material.
- 2. Roofs shall be finished with a material that is architecturally compatible in color and design with the construction of the building. Metal roofs, fascia, and mansards shall be limited to the following: standing seam, metal shakes or shingles and architectural metal treatments. All mechanical equipment placed on top of any roof shall be screened by a parapet or other similar architectural apparatus being at least the height of the mechanical equipment. Pitched roofs are encouraged whenever possible.
- 3. Long, flat facades that front on the interstate highway, First Avenue North or First Avenue South having more than one hundred lineal feet are prohibited. Buildings over one hundred feet in length shall incorporate one of the following: recesses, off-sets, angular forms, landscaping features or other architectural features such as bell towers, clock towers, to provide a visually interesting shape. The break in the facade shall be minimum of eight feet in length. A single uninterrupted length of a facade shall not exceed one hundred lineal feet. It is encouraged that each offset area contains landscaping or other similar amenities which will complement the offset area.

C. Additional Provisions for Commercial Uses.

- Storage of Merchandise. Any permitted storage of merchandise outside an approved building shall be within an area enclosed with a sight obscuring fence at least six feet in height that is architecturally compatible in color and design with the building. However, promotional displays, vehicle sales lots and plant materials may be displayed outside of an approved building or enclosed area so long as they are placed appurtenant to a building wherein the business displays the bulk of its goods for sale. In addition, retail nurseries shall be exempt from the enclosure of plant materials, and displayed merchandise shall not include any used equipment. Bufferyards or required landscaping shall not be used for the displaying of merchandise.
- 2. Site Lighting. All outdoor lighting shall be designed, located and mounted at heights no greater than eighteen feet above grade for non-cutoff lights and thirty-five feet above grade for cutoff lights. All outdoor lighting shall be designed and located such that the maximum illumination measured in foot-candles at the property line shall not exceed three-tenths foot-candle for non-cutoff lights and three foot-candles for cutoff lights.
- Storage of Junk. No person shall store junk, partially or completely dismantled vehicles, or salvaged materials in any commercial zone outside a building. In the case of automobile repair shops, such materials must be enclosed within a building or an area having a sight-obscuring fence at least six feet in height.
- 4. Solid Waste Area. All solid waste storage facilities shall be located within an area enclosed with a sight-obscuring fence or wall that is architecturally compatible in color and design with the building.

D. Cell Towers.



MONTANA SECRETARY OF STATE -

Payment Receipt

Payment Date

06/08/2020

Receipt No

202006003682

Customer

Kizen Sherman

Payment Option

Credit Card

Client Reference

Uniquities LLC

Authorization Code

297512

Entity Name

Uniquities, LLC

Description	
-------------	--

LLC Articles of Organization

Fee for 24 hour processing

Qty	Fee
1	\$70.00
1	\$20.00
Total Amount Paid	\$90.00

File Attachments for Item:

5. Priorities: Lighting

CITY HALL 115 W. 1ST ST. PLANNING: 628-4796 WATER OFC.: 628-7431 COURT: 628-1964 FAX 628-2241

City Of Laurel

P.O. Box 10 Laurel, Montana 59044



September 20, 2021

Summary of Info on SE 4th Street Lighting

Installing aesthetic lighting for the SE 4th Street District was discussed many times at LURA meetings. The following is a brief summary of dates and information on discussions about lighting.

- April 6, 2015 Good for city to start planning for streetlights with the planned streetscape improvements (type, area to be serviced, streets involved)
- ➤ April 20, 2015 Application sent to NW Energy (decorative lighting and a cost estimate)
- ➤ May 4, 2015 NW Energy has sent off a plan to be designed
- ➤ November 21, 2016 LURA to pay for crossing lights and streetscape work in and around Washington St.
- ➤ May 16, 2016 Light Pole Update
- ➤ June 20, 2016 Light Pole Update
- ➤ August 20, 2021 Light Pole Update
- November 19, 2018 Kurt to look into Lighting project for SE 4th Street
- December 17, 2018 Emailed NW Energy, will have new lighting options next spring.

In the past 2.5 years we have also mentioned the Lighting project for SE 4th Street but I have no proof that any updated designs or plans were provided to the City by NW energy regarding the lighting options. These mentions of the SE 4th Street lighting project were all I could find in the physical meeting minute files. I did not find any digital copies of meeting minutes that showed any specific vote on designs, costs, or estimates. I suggest we begin the process again, determining some options for lighting and restarting the conversation with NW Energy.

Regards,

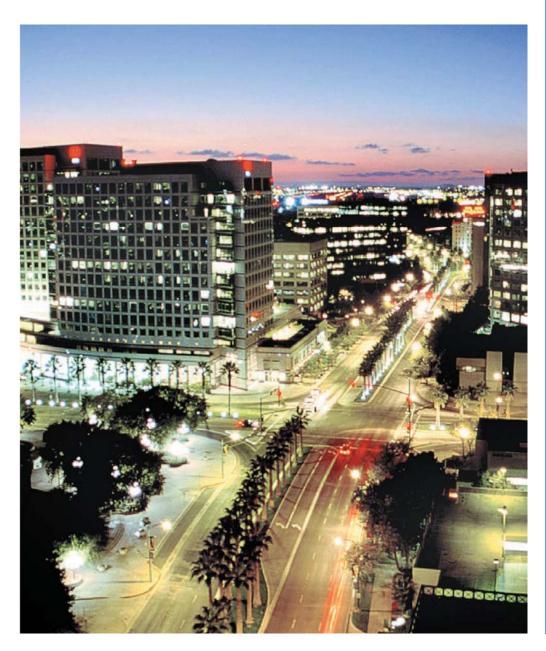
Nicholas Altonaga, CFM

Planning Director



City of San Jose Department of Transportation

City Hall Tower 8th Floor 200 East Santa Clara Street San Jose, CA 95113



January 2017

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INTRODUCTION

This Downtown Streetlight Guide (the Downtown Guide) is Amendment No. 1 of the Public Streetlight Design Guide.

On September 16, 2003, the Joint San José Redevelopment Agency (SJRA) Board and City Council adopted Resolution 71754 to approve San José Downtown Street and Pedestrian Lighting Master Plan¹ ("the 2003 Downtown Master Plan"). On June 6, 2016, the San José City Council adopted Resolution 77764 approving The Public Streetlight Design Guide which stipulated an update to the original 2003 Downtown Master Plan. This Amendment updates the 2003 Downtown Master Plan established by the SJRA, and changes the title from "Downtown Street and Pedestrian Lighting Master Plan" to "Downtown Streetlight Guide" to indicate its status as an amendment to and a component of the Public Streetlight Design Guide. This amendment provides updates to keep the Downtown Streetlight Guide ("Downtown Guide") current with design practice, and recommends the use of LED light sources for street and pedestrian lighting in the Downtown and Downtown Transit Employment Center Planned Growth Areas (DT & DTTEC) while keeping the enhancement concepts established in the 2003 Downtown Master Plan.

The 2003 Downtown Master Plan established guidelines that address future development, including incremental changes, to the downtown lighting in a consistent and cohesive manner. With the continuing growth and revitalization of downtown, lighting plays a critical role in the perception of and attraction to the downtown at night. This Downtown Guide follows the spirit of the 2003 Downtown Mater Plan and maintains the same lighting aesthetic concepts.

The Downtown Guide addresses the public right of way through the illumination of pedestrian

paths and streets. Lighting creates appealing spaces, providing exciting and attractive places where people can feel safe and secure at night. The Downtown Guide encompasses design principles, the type and location of the light fixtures, light levels, and considerations for the Lick Observatory. It charts a path for future lighting development based on research, history, technical and aesthetic requirements and the principle of a humanistic approach to the lighted environment. With the inclusion of pedestrian light fixtures, it supports the vision of a pedestrian-friendly downtown, adding vitality to nighttime retail, dining and entertainment activities.

This Downtown Guide briefly outlines existing lighting conditions, then provides detailed recommendations to be implemented in future years as development occurs and as public funding for lighting improvements becomes available.

This Downtown Guide provides design guidelines for street and pedestrian light fixtures and locations in the public right of way. The streets shown on the maps within the Downtown Guide illustrate both existing street pattern and potential street improvements.

This Downtown Guide recommends that all light fixtures use LED light sources in order to reduce energy costs, and improve the life of the light fixtures while providing good color rendering.

Note 1: The San José Downtown Street and Pedestrian Lighting Master Plan was developed in coordination with the San Jose Downtown Streetscape Master Plan and the Downtown San Jose Signage Plan. The original versions of these documents may be accessed at:

http://www.sjredevelopment.org/publications.htm

EXISTING CONDITIONS

OVERVIEW

DT & DTTEC have a streetlight system that has evolved over the years. Many streets have adequate levels of lighting; others may have light levels lower than the goals established in the 2003 Master Plan because no improvement projects have been done on those streets.

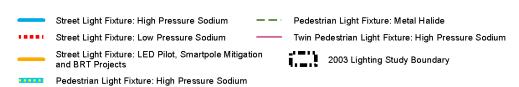
The existing City standard streetlight is the cobra head fixture on an eight-sided octaflute pole. The streetlight fixture light sources included in the 2003 Downtown Master Plan are high pressure sodium (amber color), low pressure sodium (orange color), and metal halide (white color). Since the adoption of LED

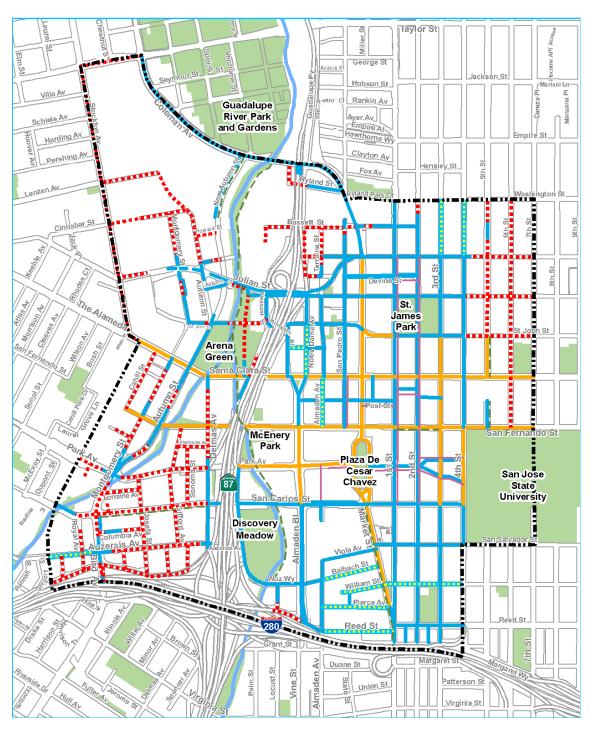
technology in 2011, a number of pilots and projects have installed LEDs in the downtown area.

Historic style single-head and double-head pedestrian light fixtures occur on streets and pedestrian areas of historic significance or character: the Transit Mall, parts of Santa Clara Street, San Pedro Street, Post Street, Paseos and in certain downtown parks. In some areas historic pedestrian fixtures serve both as street and pedestrian lighting, such as in the Market-Almaden neighborhood. The existing street and pedestrian light fixture styles and light source types are shown on Map 1: Existing Street and Pedestrian Light Fixtures.

MAP 1: EXISTING STREET AND PEDESTRIAN LIGHT FIXTURES

Legend





RECOMMENDATIONS

OVERVIEW

The purpose of the lighting recommendations in this guide is to serve as guidelines to develop lighting requirements and establish a single source lighting design document that covers all of the DT & DTTEC. These recommendations update the Downtown Guide to current industry practice, follow a common-sense humanistic approach and take into consideration the latest technology.

Recommendations are made in the following areas:

- Design Principles
- · Street and Pedestrian Light Fixture Types
- Light Level Design Goals
- Implementation Maps of Fixture Types

USE OF THIS GUIDE

Lighting improvements will occur over time. These guidelines will be used for lighting improvements under two primary scenarios:

- 1. Private Development: As new development or development occurs in the DT & DTTEC, lighting improvements in the public right of way are required as a condition of development. Developers will use the Downtown Guide to define what improvements are needed at the sidewalks adjacent to the new development. Staff will use the Plan to review development proposals and issue development permits.
- Public Projects: Based on the annual budget decisions of the City Council, the Downtown Guide will be used to design and construct publicly funded projects with lighting improvements.

Where possible, effort should be made to minimize the capital costs of lighting

improvements and ongoing maintenance. Existing infrastructure such as light fixtures, pole locations, poles, electrical systems and service panels may be used and reused.

This Downtown Guide, as an amendment to the Public Streetlight Design Guide, should serve as the primary guide document for the DT & DTTEC area. However, certain sections of the Public Streetlight Design Guide still apply as specifically referenced in this document.

LIGHTING DESIGN PRINCIPLES

Proper lighting is essential to the success and comfort of the DT & DTTEC at night. It addresses not only the necessity of visibility, but also focuses attention on areas of activity and determines the color palate of the nighttime DT & DTTEC. Two lighting systems are recommended: street lighting on all streets and pedestrian lighting along the sidewalks of designated corridors or areas. Six core design principles will determine the direction for the evolution of streetscape lighting in the DT & DTTEC. Each principle has a series of considerations that will guide the course of action during street lighting design.

PRINCIPLE 1: CREATE DOWNTOWN IDENTITY AT NIGHT

Visitors, residents and commuters should recognize that they are within the DT & DTTEC by the character of the streetscape and street lighting.

A goal of the Plan is to maintain consistency of light fixture types along the length of a street. This will be achieved by:

- <u>Color of light</u>: LED light sources with Different color temperatures that provide good color rendering will be used in streetlights (moonlight), and pedestrian light (warm white) fixtures in the DT & DTTEC areas.
- <u>Pedestrian light fixture type</u>: The pedestrian light fixture type appropriate to each area will

be used on Urban Structure Streets and Downtown Pedestrian Network Streets with High Pedestrian Volume as shown on Map 2: Downtown Guide Streets. The Civic Plaza area and South First Street areas have distinct pedestrian light fixture types reinforcing the identity of these areas.

- <u>Light pole type</u>: Most streetlight fixtures will be mounted to the distinctive existing eight-sided octaflute pole. Civic Plaza streetlight fixtures and pedestrian light fixtures maintain distinctive pole types appropriate for the particular fixture styles. Pedestrian light pole styles will be consistent with the existing styles on the streets
- Spacing of poles: Poles will be located to achieve the goals as stated Table 1: Light Level Goals. Whenever possible existing streetlight poles and locations will be used. Pedestrian light fixtures will be located between the streetlight poles.
- Vehicular and pedestrian lighting levels:
 Graduated light level goals have been
 established for each type of street and
 pedestrian way as shown in Table 1. Light level
 goals are highest on the "Urban Structure" and
 "Downtown Pedestrian Network with High
 Pedestrian Volume" and decrease as the streets
 become more residential in character. Map 2
 identifies the types of streets and pedestrian
 ways in the DT & DTTEC; these types are further
 described in Table 2: Downtown Guide Street
 and Pedestrian Way Category Descriptions.

PRINCIPLE 2: ENCOURAGE PEDESTRIAN USE OF THE DT & DTTEC

The lighting will contribute to a safe, attractive environment for the pedestrian at night and encourage nighttime use of the DT & DTTEC. To realize this principle, the lighting will:

• Have light levels that are safe and increase visibility.

- Be relatively uniform so there are no perceived inappropriate dark areas.
- Have good color rendering to identify cars, read signs, and clearly identify pedestrians.
- Make destinations appealing by highlighting streetscape elements and gathering places.
- Be architecturally appropriate to the streetscape.
- Minimize discomfort glare.
- Use pedestrian light fixture types as indicated in Table 3: Light Fixture Descriptions, and as appropriate for each street type and area shown on Map 3: Recommended Historic Pedestrian Light Fixtures, and Map 4: Recommended Contemporary Street and Pedestrian Light Fixtures.

PRINCIPLE 3: PRESENT A COHESIVE LIGHTING APPROACH

There will be a consistent, interrelated design approach to the lighting so that the City, its Contractors and its Developers are working toward the same objective. In order to achieve a cohesive approach, the Downtown Guide:

- Identifies areas with historic light fixtures and contemporary pedestrian light fixtures.
- Recommends Light Levels for LED light sources and technological advancement to provide a consistent guideline for the DT & DTTEC.
- Updates general lighting equipment descriptions based on technological advancement.
- Defines criteria for Developers to submit light level calculations in the public right-of-way to demonstrate lighting compliance for required public improvements for all new projects.

PRINCIPLE 4: IDENTIFY SPECIAL AREAS

There are historic neighborhoods and distinct areas that should be respected and emphasized in accordance with the Downtown Streetscape Master Plan established by the San Jose Redevelopment Agency in 2003. Area specific historic or contemporary pedestrian light fixtures will be used as appropriate along Downtown Urban Structure and Downtown Pedestrian Network Streets (both types) to identify these areas. These fixture types are shown on Map 3: Recommended Historic Pedestrian Light Fixtures, and Map 4: Recommended Contemporary Street and Pedestrian Light Fixtures, and street types are shown on Map 2 and described further in Table 2.

PRINCIPLE 5: RESPECT OBSERVATORY

Streetlight Policy 4-2 strives to meet the astronomical research needs of the University of California Lick Observatory on Mt. Hamilton. The lighting design should take into consideration the Observatory by:

- Use of LED streetlights that emit zero uplight.
- Continued use of downward aiming or shielding for pedestrian light fixtures wherever practical.

• Selective use of control and monitoring system, or timers to switch off pedestrian light fixtures at a prescribed time of night.

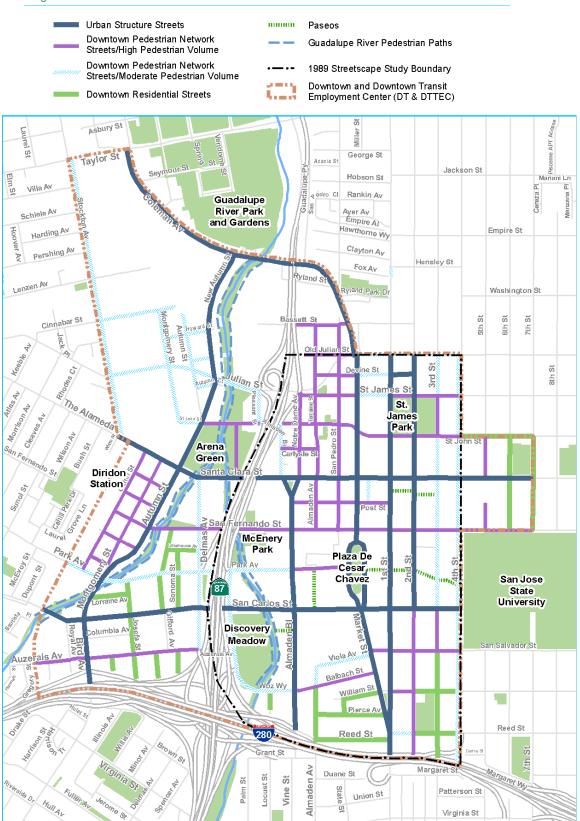
PRINCIPLE 6: BUILD UPON EXISTING INFRASTRUCTURE

The lighting system should use and build upon the existing infrastructure to minimize future costs and to be efficient. Based on lighting level calculations, the lighting system should whenever possible:

- Use existing light fixture locations.
- Use existing City Standard light fixtures that are compatible with those included in this Downtown Guide.
- Modify existing above grade cabinets according to the above ground cabinet guidelines in the 2003 Downtown Streetscape Master Plan or any revisions thereafter.
- Replace old technology with more advanced new technology.
- Coordinate relocation or reinstallation of existing devices mounted on streetlight poles, to new, existing or relocated streetlight poles where possible.

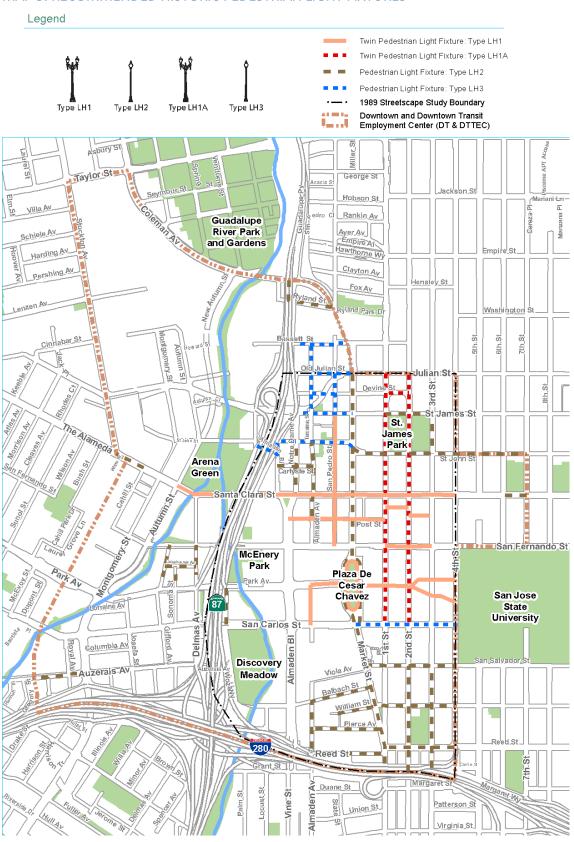
MAP 2: DOWNTOWN GUIDE STREETS

Legend

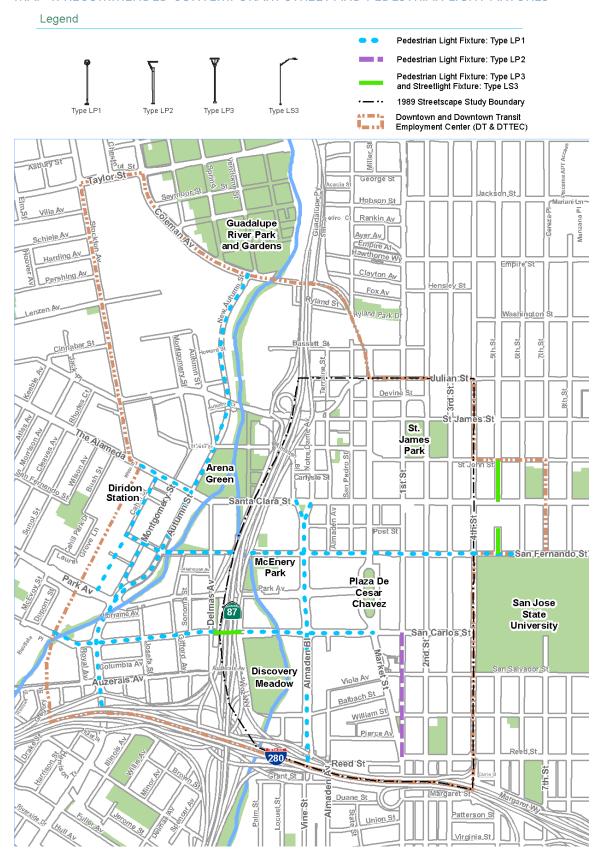


Virginia St

MAP 3: RECOMMENDED HISTORIC PEDESTRIAN LIGHT FIXTURES



MAP 4: RECOMMENDED CONTEMPORARY STREET AND PEDESTRIAN LIGHT FIXTURES



GUIDELINES FOR LIGHT LEVELS

The purpose of these Guidelines for Light Levels is to define and update the street and pedestrian lighting goals currently in use in the DT & DTTEC.

The Guidelines:

- Define lighting uniformity ratios.
- Define what criteria take precedence where.

Additionally this revision:

- Updates street, intersection and pedestrian way lighting goals.
- Updates minimum maintained light levels.
- Updates lighting goals for Paseos, and Holiday Lighting.
- Adds goals for mid-block crosswalks.

TABLE 1: LIGHT LEVEL GOALS

Streetscape Master Plan Street and Pedestrian Category	Horizontal Light Level at Grade, Minimum Average Maintained	Intersection Light Level, Minimum Average Maintained	Uniformity Ratio, Average/ Minimum
STREETS			
Urban Structure	2.7 footcandle	4.1 footcandle	3:1
Downtown Pedestrian Network / High Pedestrian Volume	2.7 footcandle	4.1 footcandle	3:1
Downtown Pedestrian Network / Moderate Pedestrian Volume	1.6 footcandle	2.2 footcandle	4:1
Downtown Residential	1.1 footcandle	1.6 footcandle	6:1
PEDESTRIAN WAY			
Urban Structure	1.8 footcandle		4:1
Downtown Pedestrian Network / High Pedestrian Volume	1.8 footcandle		4:1
Downtown Pedestrian Network / Moderate Pedestrian Volume	0.9 footcandle		4:1
Urban Parks	0.9 footcandle		4:1
Downtown Residential	0.4 footcandle		6:1
Underpass	3.6 footcandle		4:1

Pedestrian Network Streets are divided into two light level categories: Pedestrian Network Streets / High Pedestrian
 Volume and Pedestrian Network Streets – Moderate Pedestrian Volume. Pedestrian Network Streets / High Pedestrian
 Volume are characterized by the same light level as Urban Structure Streets and use of pedestrian light fixtures.

TABLE 2: DOWNTOWN GUIDE STREET AND PEDESTRIAN WAY CATEGORY DESCRIPTIONS

Streetscape Master Plan Street and Pedestrian Category	IESNA Street & Pedestrian Category	Description
STREETS		
Urban Structure	Major	That part of the roadway system that serves as the principal network for through-traffic flow. The rounds connect areas of principal traffic generation at important roadways leaving the city. These routes are often known as "arterials," "thoroughfares," or "peripherals".
Downtown Pedestrian		
Network High	Major	See Urban Structure
Pedestrian Volume		
Downtown Pedestrian Network Moderate Pedestrian Volume	Collector	Roadways servicing traffic between major and local streets. These streets are used mainly for traffic movements within residential, commercial and industrial areas. They do not handle long, through trips. Collector streets may be used for truck or bus movements and give direct service to affecting properties.
Downtown Residential	Local	Residential streets are used primarily for direct access to residential, commercial, industrial, or other abutting property. They make a large percentage of the total Street system, but carry a small portion of vehicular traffic.
PEDESTRIAN WAY		
Urban Structure	High	High night pedestrian activity such as commercial and commercial retail areas, traffic corridors, paseos, museum areas, and library areas in urban environments. The streets are characterized by the use of pedestrian light fixtures.
Downtown Pedestrian Network High Pedestrian Volume	High	See Urban Structure
Downtown Pedestrian Network Moderate Pedestrian Volume	Medium	Moderate night pedestrian activity such as near community facilities like recreation centers, local retail, and urban parks.
Urban Parks	Medium	Moderate night pedestrian activity such as near community facilities like recreation centers, local retail, and urban parks.
Downtown Residential	Low	Modest night pedestrian activity such as in residential areas.
Underpass	Medium	Moderate night pedestrian activity but with limited access.

LIGHT LEVEL GOALS

Table 1 details the light level goals for lighting in the DT & DTTEC using LED lighting sources. Street and pedestrian way categories listed in Table 1 are defined in Table 2 and shown on Map 2

Minimum average maintained light levels are listed to account for light loss over time. As the light source ages, equipment begins to wear, dirt accumulates, and light levels drop to what is known as maintained light levels. This reduction in light is called a light loss and can be accounted for by including a light loss factor (LLF) in the lighting calculations.

STREETLIGHTING

Streetlight level goals are listed in Table 1 under "Horizontal Light Level, and Uniformity" in the "Street" section of the table.

PEDESTRIAN LIGHTING

Pedestrian light level goals are listed in Table 1 under the "Horizontal Light Level and Uniformity" in the "Pedestrian Way" section of the table.

INTERSECTION LIGHTING

Intersection light level goals are listed in Table 1 under "Intersection Light Level and Uniformity" in the "Street" section of the table. Intersection area definitions are per the Public Streetlight Design Guide, Section 2-6.

MID-BLOCK CROSSWALK LIGHTING

The lighting goal for mid-block crosswalks is the goal for an intersection with high pedestrian classification for type of street in which the cross walk is located.

PASEO LIGHTING

Paseos have the same requirements as pedestrian lighting for a Downtown Pedestrian Network Street – High Pedestrian Volume with regard to light level and uniformity goals.

Paseos will be illuminated using City standard

historic light fixtures. Other light fixture types may be considered in new paseo systems that reflect the surrounding area.

HOLIDAY LIGHTING

The City has an existing holiday lighting program. Wiring for holiday lighting should be 120 volt, incorporated in poles, but with separate wiring and metering from street and pedestrian lighting. Such wiring should provide power, high on streetlight poles, to temporary holiday lighting equipment.

CONSIDERATION FOR THE LICK OBSERVATORY

The lighting needs of a major urban center such as Downtown San Jose present challenges for the Lick Observatory. Telescopes require dark environments; cities require illuminated environments. There is a delicate balance between accommodating the requirements of the Observatory and the requirements of the growing DT & DTTEC. The recommendations in the Downtown Guide have acknowledged the City's steps to control and minimize the effect of electric light in the nighttime environment. The following specific actions have been taken to mitigate nighttime sky glow:

- The recommended contemporary pedestrian fixtures have been selected to mitigate light pollution and minimize up-light in the environment.
- Shielding and reflectors are used in standard historic fixtures to reduce the upward lighting component.
- Street and pedestrian lights will have Backlight-Up-light-Glare (BUG) limits. The BUG limits on streetlights will be similar to the previous cut off type streetlights.
- Timers and networked controls and monitoring equipment can be installed to switch off pedestrian light fixtures at a prescribed time of night when service cabinets

are installed or replaced. Timing will vary depending upon locations and pedestrian night activities.

• Streetlights will have networked controls and monitoring equipment to minimize over lighting, and to provide for future consideration of adaptive lighting schedules.

LIGHTING CALCULATIONS

When submitting street and pedestrian lighting improvement plans to the City for street improvements, light level calculations shall be submitted with the lighting layout to demonstrate compliance with the Downtown Guide Light Level Goals. The light level calculations shall be performed using a recognized industry standard computerized lighting program. The acceptable software for computerized lighting calculations is AGI32 by Lighting Analysts, Inc.

Light level calculations shall be performed or certified by a qualified lighting professional, and shall be provided for each lighting layout or change in fixture spacing along the street, along the pedestrian way and for intersections.

Calculations shall be presented in a point by point calculation grid calculated as follows:

• Streets: points 10' on center over the area of the roadway surface, curb to curb, (excluding median islands over 5' in width).

- Intersections: points 5' on center.
- Sidewalks 10' wide: 2 points, 5' on center, 2.5' from edges. Sidewalks 15' wide: 3 points, 5' on center, 2.5' from edges. Sidewalks with other widths should have approximately one point for every 25 square feet.

Include all City-owned light fixtures that contribute to the results as compared to the goals. Include light fixtures permitted to be in the right of way (or areas within the street).

Pedestrian lights may be aimed toward the sidewalk.

A summary chart confirming compliance with the Guidelines shall be provided with each lighting layout. The summary chart shall list the calculation program used, minimum average maintained light level, uniformity ratio, and light-fixture type for the street, intersection and pedestrian way.

Light level shall be calculated in horizontal footcandles at grade.

Light loss factor (LLF) shall be per the Public Streetlight Design Guide, Section 2.9, with 0.60 for metal halide lamps when calculating light levels in the DT & DTTEC.

LIGHT FIXTURE SCHEDULE

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

The recommended light fixtures incorporate the Downtown Guide requirements.

NEMA 7 pin control-ready twist-lock photocell receptacles are required for streetlight luminaires, and recommended for pedestrian luminaires, but it is understood that this may not be an option for all pedestrian luminaires. Button-eye photocells may be acceptable for LH3, LP1, LP2, and LP3 type luminaires.

Pedestrian luminaires with Type 2 or 3 photometric distributions are recommended, with the luminaires aimed at the pedestrian way. Pedestrian luminaires with type 5 distributions may be used to significantly contribute to the street lighting goals where necessary.

The light fixtures types listed in Table 3 are recommended for use in the DT & DTTEC as shown on Maps 3 and 4.

Recommended mounting height for streetlights in Table 3 is 31.75 feet.

LIGHT FIXTURE TYPE RECOMMENDATIONS:

Recommended light fixture types general appearance is shown in Table 3: Light Fixture Descriptions, and the Light Fixture Drawings and Photos section.

Light fixtures are classified into three categories: street, pedestrian historic and pedestrian contemporary light fixtures are designated with the following prefixes:

LS (Luminaire Street) = Streetlight fixture

LH (Luminaire Historic) = Pedestrian historic light fixture

LP (Luminaire Pedestrian) = Pedestrian contemporary light fixture

The following criteria establish where each light fixture type will be used within the DT & DTTEC:

- All streetlights will use LED sources with good color rendering and 4,000K (+/-200K) Correlated Color Temperature (CCT). All pedestrian light fixtures will use LED sources with good color rendering and 3,000K (+/-200K) CCT.
- Pedestrian light fixtures appropriate to each area will be used on Downtown Urban Structure and Downtown Pedestrian Network Streets (both types) as shown in Maps 3 and 4.
- Streets, paths and paseos of historic significance or character will have pedestrian historic light fixture types as shown in Map 3.
- Other pedestrian network streets will have pedestrian contemporary light fixture types as shown on Map 4.

Two areas have pedestrian lights that are distinct to their area. The South of First Street (SOFA) will have a pedestrian contemporary light fixture type reflective of the theatre, arts and entertainment district as shown on Map 4 for areas with type LP2 lighting. The Civic Plaza area has a distinct streetlight and pedestrian light fixture type reinforcing the Civic Center/Civic Plaza area as shown on Map 4 for areas with type LS3 and LP3 lighting.

TABLE 3: LIGHT FIXTURE DESCRIPTIONS

Label	Luminaire (see note)	Pole
LS1	LED Streetlight Fixture	City type 10b with C-8 arm, painted black
LS2	LED Transit Mall Streetlight	Special pole maintained by County
LS3	LED Civic Center streetlight fixture (for reference only)	Special contemporary pole (for reference only)
LH1	LED pedestrian historic-style twin light fixture	Fluted pole with heavily styled mast arms and base, painted black
LH1A	LED pedestrian historic-style twin light fixture	Round pole with heavily styled mast arms and base, painted green
LH2	LED pedestrian historic-style fixture	Fluted pole with lightly decorative base painted black
LH3	LED pedestrian historic-style fixture, less ornate	Fluted pole with lightly decorative base, painted black
LP1	LED pedestrian contemporary-style fixture	Straight round pole painted gray
LP2	LED South First pedestrian contemporary- style fixture	Straight round pole painted gray
LP3	LED Civic Center pedestrian contemporary-style fixture(for reference only)	Straight round pole painted gray (for reference only)

Note: Luminaire finish to match pole

The Light Fixture drawings and/ or photos on the following pages contain additional information for the above light fixture types. Photos and information of sample products are used to represent the desired features and aesthetics. Contractors shall refer to project

specification when constructing lights in the DT & DTTEC.

LIGHT FIXTURE DRAWINGS AND PHOTOS

Light fixture drawings and photos are shown on the following pages.

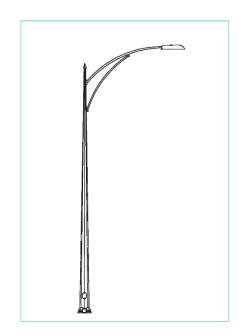
LIGHT FIXTURE TYPES: LS1

Valmont or Union Metal CSJ type 10B with C-8 mast arm model is shown.

Recommended Luminaire LCS rating for Backlight-Uplight-Glare (BUG):

Urban Structure & Downtown
Pedestrian Network / High Pedestrian
Volume streets: B4-U0-G4

Downtown Pedestrian Network / Moderate Pedestrian Volume, and Downtown Residential: B3-U0-G3



Philips RoadFocus RFL-41W112LED4K-T-R3M-UNIV-DMG-RCD7-GY3 model is shown below and right.

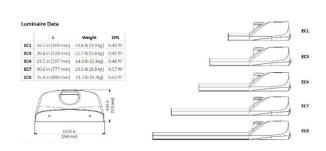


37.63° 956 mm 463° 117 mm 860ttom View 13.63° 346 mm

Leotek EC7-18M-MV-NW-3-GY-700-PCR7-CR-WL is shown below and right.

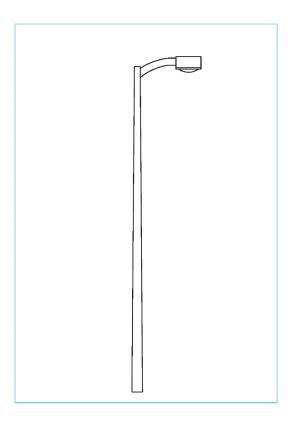
ECobra™ LED Street and Area Light





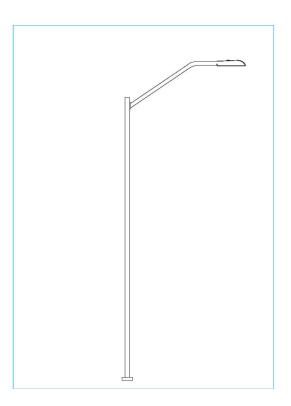
LIGHT FIXTURE TYPE: LS2 (Transit Mall)

Custom Transit Mall Streetlight shown. Luminaire replacement type to be considered by VTA and City



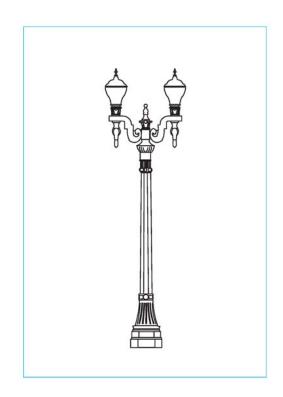
LIGHT FIXTURE TYPE: LS3 (Civic Center)

Custom Civic Center Streetlight shown. See LS1 luminaire types



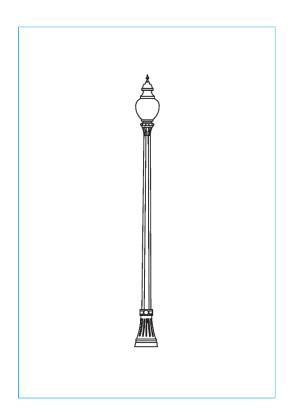
LIGHT FIXTURE TYPES: LH1 AND LH1A

Visco V1-C-C2-F/14(San José-71) model is shown. LH1A is painted green, all others are painted black. LH1A is round, all others are fluted



LIGHT FIXTURE TYPES: LH2 AND LH3

Union Metal P807-20-B79-Y2 one piece pole model is shown. (Refer to LH2 and LH3 for luminaire information)



LIGHT FIXTURE TYPES: LH1, LH1A AND LH2 LUMINAIRE

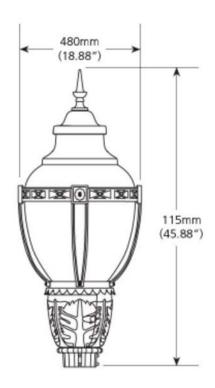
Holophane model AWDE2-PX0-30K-AS-T-BK-X-D-S-BZ-P7-PSC-TB-NL2x2-RBMBZ is shown to the right.

Recommended Luminaire LCS rating for Backlight-Uplight-Glare (BUG):

Urban Structure & Downtown Pedestrian Network / High Pedestrian Volume streets: B2-U3-G2

Downtown Pedestrian Network / Moderate Pedestrian Volume, and Downtown Residential: B2-U3-G2





LIGHT FIXTURE TYPE: LH3 LUMINAIRE

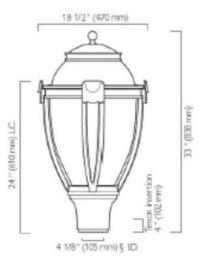
Phillips Lumec model L80-SE-XXW-XXLED-3K-PC-CS-LEX-UNIV-DMG-RCD7 SF80-TN2.875C-BKTX-LMS52288A is shown to the right.

Recommended Luminaire LCS rating for Backlight-Uplight-Glare (BUG):

Urban Structure & Downtown Pedestrian Network / High Pedestrian Volume streets: B1-U3-G2

Downtown Pedestrian Network / Moderate Pedestrian Volume, and Downtown Residential: B1-U3-G2





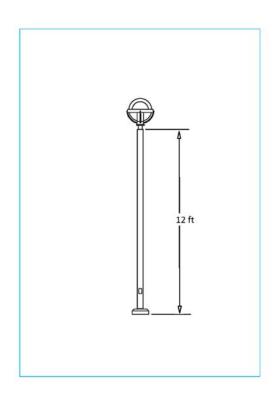
LIGHT FIXTURE TYPE: LP1

Philips Lumec model NW-XXWXXLED3K-R-VOLT-DMG is shown below and to the right.

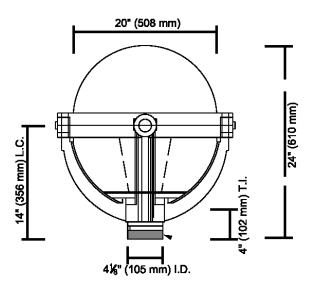
Recommended Luminaire LCS rating for Backlight-Uplight-Glare (BUG):

Urban Structure & Downtown Pedestrian Network / High Pedestrian Volume streets: B1-U3-G2

Downtown Pedestrian Network / Moderate Pedestrian Volume, and Downtown Residential: B1-U3-G2







LIGHT FIXTURE TYPE: LP2

HessAmerica model FS720-LED-WW-UNV-P-CC-13IT-CC-SI is shown below and to the right.

Recommended Luminaire LCS rating for Backlight-Uplight-Glare (BUG):

Urban Structure: B2-U3-G0





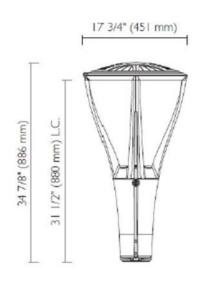
LIGHT FIXTURE TYPE: LP3

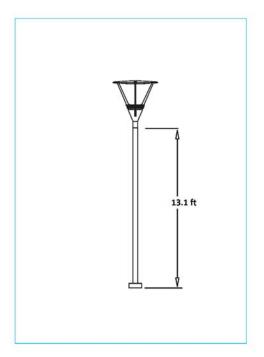
Philips Lumec model MPTC-XXW32LED3K-LEX is shown below.

Recommended Luminaire LCS rating for Backlight-Uplight-Glare (BUG):

Downtown Pedestrian Network / High Pedestrian Volume: B1-U1-G1







LIGHTING DEFINITION OF TERMS

<u>Ballast</u>: Device that controls the electric current to the lamp.

<u>Color Rendering</u>: How true colors are rendered under a given light source.

<u>Footcandle</u>: a unit of light, a measurement of illumination describing the intensity of light falling on a surface.

<u>Glare</u>: The sensation produced by brightness within the visual field that is sufficiently greater than the brightness to which the eyes are adapted that causes annoyance, discomfort, or loss in visual performance and visibility. 1

<u>High Intensity Discharge</u>: An electric discharge lamp in which the light is produced by an arc. High Intensity Discharge lamps include mercury, metal halide (MH), high-pressure sodium (HPS) and low pressure sodium (LPS).

<u>High Pressure Sodium (HPS):</u> A high intensity discharge source characterized by amber light.

<u>Illuminating Engineering Society of North</u>
<u>America (IESNA):</u> The professional lighting organization recommending lighting practice and application in North America.

<u>Lamp</u>: A generic term for an artificial source of light.

<u>Light Distribution</u>: The pattern of light produced by a light fixture.

<u>Light Fixture</u>: A complete lighting unit consisting of a light source (LED device, lamp or lamps), together with the parts designed to distribute light, to position and protect the light source and to connect the light source to the power supply. Same as a luminaire.

Light Level: Measured in footcandles.

Light Loss Factor: The reduction in light level as the light source ages, equipment begins to wear and dirt accumulates. For the Downtown Guide, light loss factors were derived by factoring together a ballast factor of 1, lamp lumen depreciation by dividing maintained lumens by initial lumens and luminaire dirt depreciation using the luminaire dirt depreciation chart in the 9th Edition of the Lighting Handbook by the Illuminating Engineering Society of North America.

<u>Light Pollution</u>: Sky glow by the brightening of the night sky from superfluous uplight.

<u>Light Source</u>: The element that produces light, commonly referred to as the light bulb or LED device in an electric light fixture.

<u>Louver</u>: A series of baffles used to shield a source from view at certain angles, to absorb or block unwanted light, or to reflect or redirect light. The baffles are usually arranged in a geometric pattern.

<u>Low Pressure Sodium (LPS)</u>: A high intensity discharge source characterized by orange light.

<u>Low Voltage</u>: Operating at 24 volts or less or as defined in the National Electrical Code.

Luminaire: Same as a light fixture.

<u>Metal Halide (MH):</u> A high intensity discharge source characterized by white light.

Minimum Average Maintained Footcandles:

Maintained light level takes into consideration the degradation of the light fixture and lamp over time and therefore a certain amount of light loss. Minimum light level is the lowest level acceptable. Average takes into account the light level variations over a given area. Minimum average maintained footcandles is the lowest average acceptable footcandle level taking into

consideration light loss factors. In the lighting profession, this terminology clarifies what factors were taken into consideration when determining the light level.

<u>Shielded</u>: An opaque device used on or within the light fixture to mask the light source from view, direct the light toward the task and eliminate glare. Shields include louvers, barndoors, snoots, hoods, and baffles.

<u>Uniformity</u>: How even the distribution of light is, usually as expressed as a ratio, either the average divided by the minimum, or the maximum divided by the minimum.

<u>Uplight</u>: Light directed above the horizontal plane.

1. Illuminating Engineering Society of North America Roadway Lighting RP-8-00, 1999. The word brightness replaced luminance in the IESNA definition.



Memorandum

TO: JIM ORTBAL

FROM: Lily Lim-Tsao

DIRECTOR OF TRANSPORTATION

SUBJECT: DOWNTOWN STREETLIGHT

DATE: June 20, 2017

GUIDE

Approved

Date 6/21/17

RECOMMENDATION

Approve the Downtown Streetlight Guide dated January 2017 as the first amendment to the City of San José Public Streetlight Design Guide to update the lighting source to LED lighting technology.

BACKGROUND

In September 2003, the Joint City Council and San José Redevelopment Agency Board approved the Downtown Street and Pedestrian Lighting Master Plan (2003 Downtown Master Plan). This streetlight design guide supported greater downtown area revitalization with defined lighting levels, source and style. The three types of light sources that were allowed in the downtown area include high-pressure sodium (HPS), low-pressure sodium (LPS), and metal halide (MH) as designated by location.

In December 2008, City Council approved a substantive change to Council Policy 4-2, "Public Streetlights", to advance the City's Green Vision Goal of replacing all city-owned streetlights with smart, zero emission lighting by 2022. As a result, in February 2011, the first version of the Public Streetlight Design Guide was approved by the City Council, adopting the LED technology as the standard for streetlights in San José.

In June 2016, an updated version of the Public Streetlight Design Guide ("Guide") was approved by City Council which provided clarifications for the use of the Guide. At the same time, City Council Resolution 77764 was adopted to authorize the Director of Transportation to approve future updates and amendments to the Public Streetlight Design Guide and the 2003 Downtown Master Plan, consistent with Council Policy 4-2.

ANALYSIS

The Downtown Streetlight Guide provides guidance for street and pedestrian lighting design when improvement projects are being implemented in the Downtown area, but it does not initiate infrastructure improvements by itself. The Guide offers a cohesive lighting approach, and

JIM ORTBAL, Director of Transportation

June 20, 2017

Subject: Downtown Streetlight Guide

Page 2

preserves the special characteristics of the downtown area by maintaining a consistent lighting aesthetic previously established by the 2003 Downtown Master Plan. Upgrading existing lighting source to LED lighting technology will reduce energy costs, improve the life of the light fixtures, and provide good color rendering.

The main components of the Downtown Streetlight Guide include the following:

- 1. A detailed description and explanation of six principles to be considered when performing lighting designs for Downtown
- 2. Updated recommendations for LED street and pedestrian light fixtures
- 3. Updated recommendations for lighting level design goals
- 4. Updated maps showing the implementation recommendations by street

The approach taken for this update included three aspects: (1) Incorporated experiences and data from prior LED streetlight pilot installations in the Downtown area to update the lighting levels and streetlight fixtures; (2) Researched and identified market available LED pedestrian light fixtures that are functionally and aesthetically similar to the existing pedestrian fixtures; and (3) Updated maps and background information contained in the 2003 Downtown Master Plan document to reflect current conditions.

Key updates incorporated in the Downtown Streetlight Guide include:

- The title of the document is changed from "Downtown Street and Pedestrian Lighting Master Plan" to "Downtown Streetlight Guide" to indicate its status as a component of the citywide Public Streetlight Design Guide;
- The average street lighting level goals are adjusted down by 10% based on the pilot experiences, reflecting benefits of better light quality from LEDs;
- A list of LED street and pedestrian light fixtures are recommended to replace the original non-LED fixtures;
- Smart control requirements are added to streetlights to provide flexibility for lighting operations;
- Downtown area maps in the Master Plan are updated to be consistent with the current General Plan, and to reflect current lighting conditions.

In cases where deviation from the Guide is deemed necessary for a specific project, for example, when (1) pedestrian lighting is desired on a street where no pedestrian lights are recommended in the Guide, or (2) a different fixture style from the recommended is desired for a project site, the Director of Transportation may approve the proposed deviation based on considerations of the impacts on (a) overall character and feel of the public space, and (b) operations and maintenance (O&M) costs.

The updated Downtown Streetlight Guide is provided as an Attachment to this memo.

JIM ORTBAL, Director of Transportation June 20, 2017 Subject: Downtown Streetlight Guide Page 3

OUTREACH AND COORDINATION

A presentation of the Downtown Streetlight Guide was shared with the Downtown Business Association in October 2016. A presentation was also provided at the Developer's Meeting on December 16, 2016.

The Guide was coordinated with the Office of Economic Development, and Departments of Public Works and Planning. This memo was coordinated with the City Attorney's Office.

CEQA

Exempt, Section 15301 Existing Facilities, File No. PP16-134

Lily Lim-Tsao

Division Manager

Transportation Safety, Operations and Parking

Attachment

File Attachments for Item:

6. Large Grant Discussion



Control No. 20-0220-113212 OFFICE USE ONLY MAY 1 4 2021 LURA REVIEW DATE 6/21/21 PLANNER REVIEW DATE CITY COUNCIL DATE

Gra	nt Application	
	Small Grant (up to \$5,000)	
	Technical Assistance Grant	
	Façade Grant	
	Signage and Awning Grant (Up to \$3,000)	
X	Large Grant (Greater than \$5,000)	

Applicant Name (Last, First Middle)		Applicant Phone		
Carter Marvin Lee		(406) 628-6113		
Applicant Mailing Address (Street, City, State Zip		Applicant E-Mail Address		
307 Sixth Ave. Laure	1, Mt. 59044	Laurel Eagles 2564 @G ma	1.com	
Business Name		Laurel Business License Number	1 1 0 0 m	
Fraternal order of Ea	gles 2564	143		
Business Physical Address (Street, City, State Zi		Business Phone		
313 West Main Laure	1, Mt. 59044	(406) 628-4503		
Business Activities (i.e. retail, office, etc.)	•			
Fraternal organization, Retail bar, Gaming machines, Business mtgs				
Business Owner Name (Last, First Middle)	☐ Same as Applicant	Business Owner Phone		
Eagles Club		(406) 628-4503		
Business Owner Mailing Address (Street, City, State Zip)		Business Owner E-Mail Address		
313 West Main Laure	1, Mt. 59044			
Building Frontage (building length along a public		Historical District Building		
street)	current code)	Date Approved		
<u>90</u> feet	feet <u>One</u> stories	☐ Yes 🎛 No / /		
Property Legal Description (i.e. assessor parcel number)				
Property Legal Owner and Contact Information				
Fraternal Orde of Eagles 2564				

I certify under penalty of law, that the information provided herein is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge. I understand that submitting an application does not guarantee a grant will be awarded, and that grant awards are at the discretion of the LURA board. Additionally, I verify that I have read and agree to abide by all applicable regulations under Title 20 of the Laurel Municipal Code as they apply to the LURA program. I am aware that a violation of these regulations shall result in the rejection of my application or disqualification from participating in the LURA grant program.

Applicant Signature

Date (MM/DD/YYY)

5 1/5/26

INCOMPLETE APPLICATIONS SHALL BE RETURNED

Application processing time is a minimum of 60 business days.

Return Completed Applications To:

Laurel Urban Renewal Agency (LURA) ATTN: City Planner

PO Box 10 Laurel, MT 59044 (406) 628-7431

Applicant Initials M.C.

Page 1 of 5

Control No. 20-0220-113212 Previous Applications (if any) Date Control No. Approved Yes No 1 ☐ Yes ☐ No 1 ☐ Yes □ No 1 ☐ Yes □ No ☐ Yes □ No Brief Description of Type of Business and Services Provided by Applicant. We are a Semi-private/public establishment. We serve Beer, Wine, and mixed drinks. We have Gaming machines, 3 Tv's, Pool Table, Juke box, and meeting Hall. Our MOTTO: SERVING PEOPLE. Our building is one of the oldest in Laurel. Our CHARTER dates back to 1943. Brief Description of Project. Remodel the (BACK BAR) which includes replacing the cooler, new shelves, mirrors, electrical, plumbing, raising the soffitt, replace ceiling, replacing floor, painting and major carpentry construction. Brief Description of Project Time Line. The construction will start in July. Our completion date is 45-60 days. Explain how the project will support and/or improve the down town district. Any change is a major improvement. These older buildings need some tender love and care. We want the public to feel wecome coming into a brighter and more lighted building. What type(s) of development and/or physical improvements are being considered? Upgrading the electrical, plumbing, and installing 2 modern coolers. The present cooler is worn-out. It cannot be repaired. Name and Address of Technical Assistance Firm. Name and Address of Contractor that will complete the work. David Yeager Bearclaw Cabinets & Construction 4771 Snow Line Vista Way Laurel, Mt. 59044

Control No. 20-0220-113212 What type of general Small Grant is needed? LURA Funds Applicant Funds Requested Committed MCA ☐ Demolition/Abatement of Structure for 7-15-4288(2) Removal of Blight ☐ Sidewalks, Curbs, Gutters 7-15-4288(2) \$____.__ \$____.__. ☐ Public Utilities ☐ Water, Wastewater, Storm Water 7-15-4288(4) ☐ Electrical, Natural Gas, Fiberoptic, 7-15-4288(4) **Telecommunications** ☐ Intersection Signals & HAWK Crossing 7-15-4288(4) \$____. \$____. ☐ Street & Alley Surface Improvements \$____. 7-15-4288(4) \$____. \$____.__ Crosswalks 7-15-4288(4) \$____. ☐ Green Space & Water Ways 7-15-4288(4) \$____. \$____,___.__ \$____. ☐ Improvement of Pedestrian Areas 7-15-4288(4) \$____. \$____. ☐ Historical Restorations 7-15-4288(4) \$____. ☐ Off Street Parking for Public Use 7-15-4288(4) \$____.__. \$____. ☐ Bridges & Walkways \$____. 7-15-4288(4) \$____. ☐ Pollution Reduction 7-15-4288(12) \$____. \$____. ☐ Structural Repair Flooring \$____. \$____. \$____. ☐ Walls (interior) \$____. Roof, Ceiling ☐ Energy Efficiency Improvements ☐ LED Lighting (interior) \$____.__ \$____.__ \$____.___. Insulation \$____. ☐ Programmable Thermostats \$____. \$____. ☐ Solar Panels and Systems \$____. TOTAL: \$___,___.__

Control No. 20-0220-113212

What type of Small Grant is needed?					
		Hours	LURA Funds	Applicant Funds	
	Technical Assistance	(up to 30 total)	Requested	Committed	
	☐ Architectural/Design Fees	·	\$	\$	
	☐ Landscape/Hardscape Design Fees	n-	\$	\$	
	Feasibility Study Fees		\$	\$	
	☐ Building Permit Fees	14	\$,	\$,	
_					
Ш	Facade Grant				
	☐ Water Cleaning		\$	\$	
	Prepping and Painting		\$	\$	
			\$	\$	
	☐ Door Replacement/Repair		\$	\$	
	☐ Entry Foyer Repairs		\$	\$	
	☐ Exterior Lighting		\$	\$	
	☐ Façade Restoration/Rehabilitation		\$,	\$,	
	☐ Landscape/Hardscape Improvements		\$	\$	
_					
	Signage and Awning Grant				
	Signage		\$	\$	
	Awning		\$	\$	
		TOTAL:	\$	\$	

Control No. 20-0220-113212 What type of Large Grant is needed? LURA Funds Applicant Funds MCA Requested Committed ☐ Demolition/Abatement of Structure for 7-15-4288(2) \$____. Removal of Blight ☐ Sidewalks, Curbs, Gutters 7-15-4288(2) \$____.__. ☐ Public Utilities ☐ Water, Wastewater, Storm Water 7-15-4288(4) \$____. Electrical, Natural Gas, Fiberoptic, 7-15-4288(4) **Telecommunications** ☐ Intersection Signals & HAWK Crossing 7-15-4288(4) \$____. \$____. ☐ Street & Alley Surface Improvements \$____.__. \$____. 7-15-4288(n4) \$____. \$____. Crosswalks 7-15-4288(4) ☐ Green Space & Water Ways 7-15-4288(4) \$____.__. \$____. \$____. \$____. ☐ Improvement of Pedestrian Areas 7-15-4288(4) \$____. ☐ Historical Restorations 7-15-4288(4) \$____.__ ☐ Off Street Parking for Public Use 7-15-4288(4) \$____. \$____. ☐ Bridges & Walkways 7-15-4288(4) \$____.__. \$____. ☐ Pollution Reduction 7-15-4288(12) \$____. \$____. ☐ Structural Repair ☐ Flooring \$____.__ \$____. \$____.__ \$____. ☐ Walls (interior) Roof, Ceiling ☐ Energy Efficiency Improvements ☐ LED Lighting (interior) \$____. \$____. ☐ Insulation \$___,__._ \$____. ☐ Programmable Thermostats \$____. \$____. ☐ Solar Panels and Systems TOTAL: \$___,___. **Application Checklist** Application □ Copy of Laurel Business License Copy of Historical Building Verification form from Yellowstone County Historic Preservation Office Copy of Estimates or Paid Invoices from Applicant's Vendor (Work performed by the applicant, business owner, property owner, or employee shall not be accepted for any grant project.) Copy of Plans and Sketches (hand drawn will not be accepted) Copy of Supporting Documentation Photos (Before and After) **Project Description** Project Time Line *Submission of a W9 is required prior to reimbursement of grant funds*

227 7 2 2 2	
Applicant Initials	Page 5 of 5
Applicant initials	1 agc 3 01 3

1	ITEM_	VENDOR	LURA FUNDS	EAGLES
wall panel:	Cabinets,back ing, remove old d ceiling above	EAGLES	\$ 600.00	\$ 600.00
Jack up so	offit above bar	Rudy	\$ 100.00	\$ 200.00
Demolition floor, resh new vinal f		Rudy	\$1,000600	\$1,000000
Electrical	wiring	Ace Electric	\$6,700.000	\$6,700.000
Phone		Tel Net	\$ 380.00	\$ 380.00
Thermostat		Eagles		\$ 100.00
Plumbing	Removal pipes Reroute pipes	Eagles Cont.	\$ 300.00	\$ 200.00 \$ 300.00
Coolers		J&J Supply	\$4,000.00	\$4,000.00
Cabinets	Front bar	D. Yeager	\$1,500.00	\$1,500.00
Back bar	Const.	D. Yeager	\$6,500.00	\$6,500.00
Finish	Painting etc.	Eagles	\$ 300.00	\$ 300.00
Glass work		Becker Glass Total	\$1,500.00 \$22,830.00	\$1,500.00 \$23,280.00

