

#### Agenda

Due to safety and COVID-19 physical distancing requirements, there will be no in-person public attendance at the Joint Workshop with City Council and Planning and Zoning Commission. Members of the public may observe the meeting live on the City's website at https://www.ketchumidaho.org/meetings.

If you would like to submit written comment, please e-mail participate@ketchumidaho.org by noon the day of the meeting.

- CALL TO ORDER: By Mayor Neil Bradshaw
- ROLL CALL
- DISCUSSION ITEMS AND DIRECTION TO STAFF
  - 1. Presentation on project update and recent community outreach
  - 2. Review updated historic building survey
  - 3. Review policy options to address preservation/protection of historic buildings in interim ordinance
  - 4. ACTION ITEM: Provide feedback and direction to staff on interim ordinance
  - 5. Review next steps
- ADJOURNMENT

If you need special accommodations, please contact the City of Ketchum in advance of the meeting. This agenda is subject to revisions and additions. Revised portions of the agenda are underlined in bold. Public information on agenda items is available in the Clerk's Office located at 480 East Ave. N. in Ketchum or by calling 726-3841.

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Thank you for your participation.



### **Historic Preservation**

Stakeholder Meetings December 2020



## Interim Code Process

## **Process Overview**

PHASE 1

NOV 2020 - JAN 2021

FEB 2021 - AUG 2021

Permanent
Ordinance

PHASE 2 - NOT CONTRACTED/FUNDED YET

MAY 2021 - AUG 2021

MAY 2021 - AUG 2021

Historic
Preservation
Handbook

## Phase 1 Timeline





What We've Heard

## Who We've Heard From

#### Questionnaire

- Complete: 64
- Partial: 97

#### Stakeholder Interviews

- Completed: 44
  - Small Groups: 24
  - Realtor + AIA Groups: ~20



## Who We've Heard From

- Residents long time and newcomers alike
- Business Owners
- Architects
- Realtors
- Historians
- Librarians

## **Key Comment Themes**

#### Questionnaire

- Criteria and review process for historic designation
- Designate Ketchum historic preservation commission
- Stay/delay demolition for all historic buildings
- Prohibit demolition of certain historic buildings
- Documentation of designated historic structures

#### Stakeholder Interviews

- Balance preservation with growth and development
- Tiering criteria for preservation protections
- Preserve character defining resources
- Educate public on the "why"
- Require archaeological process or approval of a development plan prior to demolition

## List of Options in Order of Preference from the Questionnaire

- 1. Criteria And Review Process For Historic Designation
- 2. Designate Ketchum Historic Preservation Commission
- 3. Stay/Delay Demolition For All Historic Buildings
- 4. Prohibit Demolition Of Certain Historic Buildings\*
- 5. Documentation Of Designated Historic Structures
- 6. Review Process And Design Guidelines For Modification To Existing Historic Structures
- 7. Preservation Of Characteristic Building Features
- 8. National Register Of Historic Structures Eligibility Criteria

## List of Options in Order of Preference from the Questionnaire

- Density/Development Bonuses For Preservation Of Historic Structures
- 10. Process For Relocation Of Existing Historic Structures
- 11. Property Owners' <u>Voluntary</u> Inclusion Of Historic Structures On A <u>Local</u> Landmark List
- 12. Property Owners' <u>Voluntary</u> Inclusion Of Historic Structures On A <u>National</u> Landmark List
- 13. Mandatory Inclusion Of Historic Structures On A Local Landmark List
- 14. Mandatory Inclusion Of Historic Structures On A National Landmark List

## **Categorized Options**

- Designate Ketchum
   Historic Preservation
   Commission
- Stay/Delay Demolition For All Historic Buildings
- Prohibit Demolition Of Certain Historic Buildings
- Documentation Of Designated Historic Structures
- Alterations to Existing Historic Structures\*

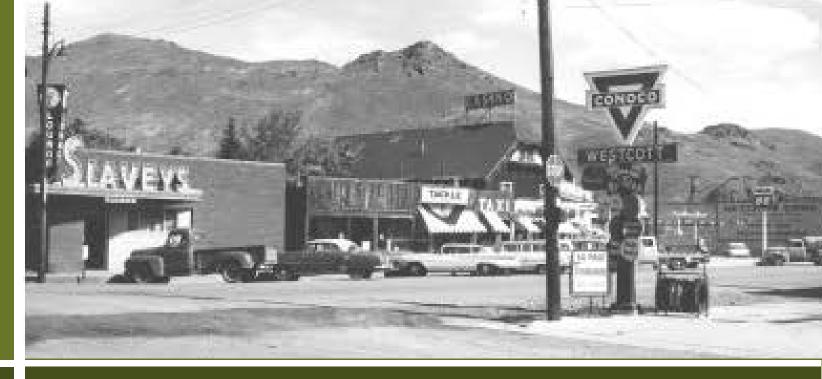
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- Criteria And Review Process For Historic Designation
- Process For Relocation Of Existing Historic Structures
- Property Owners' Voluntary Inclusion Of Historic Structures On A Local Landmark List
- Property Owners' Voluntary Inclusion Of Historic Structures On A National Landmark List
- Mandatory Inclusion Of Historic Structures On A Local Landmark List
- Mandatory Inclusion Of Historic Structures On A National Landmark List

 $\infty$ **GUIDELINES DESIGN** CE

- Review Process And Design Guidelines For Modification To Existing Historic Structures
- Preservation Of
  Characteristic Building
  Features
- National Register Of Historic Structures Eligibility Criteria
- Density/ Development Bonuses For Preservation Of Historic Structure



- Designate Ketchum Historic Preservation Commission
- Documentation Of Designated Historic
   Structures
- □ 3. Demolition of Historic Buildings
- Alterations to Existing Historic Structures

Designate
Ketchum
Historic
Preservation
Commission

## **Existing Framework**

Historic Preservation Commission established

Document
Designated
Historic
Structures

## **Existing Framework**

Update to 2005 Historic Resource Inventory in progress

#### Fort Collins, CO & Twin Falls, ID

 Require documentation of historic structures prior to demolition

Prohibit Demolition Of Certain Historic Buildings

## **Existing Framework**

Permit process for demolition of a Historic Building

### Jackson, WY

- Designates demolition review to Historic **Preservation Committee**
- 90 day stay for certain building types to take public comment and review alternatives to demolition
- No demolition if designated in the local or National Register

Alterations to Existing Historic Structures

### Fort Collins, CO & Twin Falls, ID

- Alteration and modification standards based on building designations
  - Procedure for Council and Historic Preservation Commission Review
- Requires Certificate of Appropriateness
  - Criteria for review included in Design Guidelines



## Next Steps

## **Next Steps**

- 1. December 14: Close Questionnaire #1
- December 17: Draft Ordinance released in Commission Packets
- 3. December 22: Planning & Zoning Commission Meeting
- 4. **January 4**: City Council Meeting and Public Hearing & First Reading

#### Community Core District Survey Update (Phase 1) Ketchum, Idaho



Courtesy the City of Ketchum

#### Final Report

Prepared for

City of Ketchum Planning & Building Services Department

by

TAG Historical Research & Consulting &
Thompson Preservation Consulting

December 2020



#### Introduction

Ketchum is experiencing increased development activity threatening the loss of historic structures. The city currently has no local protections in place. Recently, the Ketchum City Council enacted a temporary pause on the demolition of structures within the Community Core (CC) District that may have historic or cultural significance. Accordingly, the City of Ketchum contracted with TAG Historical Research & Consulting (TAG) for Phase 1 of an intended multi-phase project intended to address this issue.

#### **Objectives**

Phase 1 had two objectives:

**Objective 1:** Update the 2005 *Archaeological and Historic Survey Report* (reconnaissance/windshield survey) prepared by Walsworth and Associates

**Objective 2:** Update the 2006 list of list recommended heritage sites within the CC District compiled by the now inactive Ketchum Historic Preservation Commission

#### **Project Background**

The CC District has undergone formal reconnaissance-level historic site surveys two times previously. The first survey was conducted in 1990 (Walsworth and Gillette), and the second in 2005 (Walsworth and Associates). The 2005 survey examined a total of 81 properties within the CC District finding most of them to be ineligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP). However, conclusions and recommendations in the 2005 survey expressed stark warning that "threats to historic resources in Ketchum will be constant as long as the population increases and modern residential, commercial, and industrial developments occur." In addition to the two reconnaissance level surveys, a few individual buildings within the CC District were recorded in surveys conducted under the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (NHPA).

In 2006, the city's Historic Preservation Commission compiled a list of "recommended heritage sites" within the CC District. In short, criteria for inclusion on this list deemed that a historic property must be:

- Representative of traditional Ketchum residential and/or commercial architecture.
- Representative of Ketchum's community traditions and/or heritage.
- Associated with significant events and/or people of the past.

#### Methodology

Due to winter weather conditions and health and safety restrictions caused by COVID 19, field work was not feasible. Therefore, all work on this report was performed remotely. The City of Ketchum Planning & Building Services Department provided TAG with recent images of each resource.

A record search request was submitted to the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) on November 8, 2020. Results of the record search revealed that records for 52 previously recorded IHSI Historic Sites within the CC District. All 52 site forms were received from SHPO. Additional research was conducted at the Idaho State Archives, and the online collections of the Ketchum Community Archives, Idaho Department of Transportation, Library of Congress, and several other repositories.

For clarity of analysis, information from the 2005 reconnaissance survey, the 2006 Ketchum Historic Preservation Commission list, and the 52 site forms were collated into a single spreadsheet.

Using the city-provided images to update the 2005 and 2006 survey data, TAG first determined which resources were:

- Still extant
- Retained sufficient historic integrity

To be considered eligible for inclusion in the NRHP a building or site must, at a minimum, be more than 50 years old. It must also not have been significantly altered to the degree that alteration destroys the building's historic integrity. Example: An addition does not match the massing or style of the original building. As per National Register Bulletin 15 (NRB-15), *How to Apply the National Register Criteria for Evaluation*, NRHP criteria recognizes seven aspects or qualities that, in various combinations, define integrity. These are:

- Location where the historic property was constructed or where the historic event occurred.
- Design the combination of elements that create the form, plan, space, structure, and style of a property.
- Setting the physical environment of a historic property.
- Materials the physical elements that were combined or deposited during a particular period and in a particular pattern or configuration to form a historic property.
- Workmanship the physical evidence of the crafts of a particular culture during any given period in history or prehistory.
- Feeling a property's expression of the aesthetic or historic sense of a particular period.
- Association the direct link between an important historic event or person to the historic property.

Although careful consideration of all seven aspects of integrity is an important part of a more formal analysis, a site visit was neither possible nor necessary at this phase of the project. Instead, each extant resource underwent a cursory integrity analysis specifically, aimed at determining integrity of design, materials, and workmanship. This allowed TAG to determine which resources might be most practically considered for future planning efforts and updated inclusion on the city's list of recommended heritage sites.

#### Results

In the fifteen years since the 2005 reconnaissance survey was completed, the CC District, and the city of Ketchum as a whole, has continued to lose valuable historic resources to development. Specifically, since the completion of the 2005 survey, a total of 15 of the 81 buildings recorded in that survey have been lost, a loss that is equal to almost 20 percent of previously recorded resources. These losses include one of two properties in Ketchum listed in the NRHP, the 1929 Bald Mountain Hot Springs Lodge and pool. Unfortunately, research revealed that an additional nine resources within the CC District not recorded in the 2005 report have also been demolished bringing the total number to 24.

On a more positive note, it was determined that currently there are an adequate quantity of extant resources that display sufficient historic integrity of design, materials, and workmanship to warrant further investigation and protection efforts at a local level (see Recommendations). Additionally, TAG has determined that several extant resources within the CC District appear to have sufficient historic integrity and to meet criteria for inclusion on the Historic Preservation Commission's list "recommended heritage sites." Several of these properties might also serve as a list of resources that exhibit the most promise for individual eligibility in the NRHP. (See Table 1)

#### **Architectural Styles**

A city or neighborhood's architectural heritage helps to convey its unique sense of place. Other styles of architecture are also represented in Ketchum's historic resources, but the following examples in Ketchum's CC District are particularly successful in conveying a sense of the city's historic character and significance. A building does not have to be grand or of high style to hold importance.

Although it has been moved to its current location, the Bonning Cabin, constructed of hand-hewn rough lumber, is a significant artifact of Ketchum's early buildings as are several log structures dating to the 1920s, 30s, and 40s.





Chalet-Style buildings are also found in the CC District. A notable example is the Ketchum Kamp Hotel.
Beginning in the early 20<sup>th</sup> century, interest in the Chalet Style was spurred on by the publication of a variety of books and articles which provided architects as well as homeowners, inspiration and specific details on how to replicate the architecture of the Swiss Alps. The style, which was mainly applied to

residential designs, was an adaptation of traditional versions. Whereas the Swiss models utilized heavy timber and log construction atop stone bases, American models utilized simple platform construction in combination with applied decorative elements. Low pitched front-facing gable roofs are hallmarks of the style and many have deep eaves supported by large decorative brackets. The ends of rafters are generally exposed.

The A-Frame became popular in the mid-twentieth century in the United States. Inexpensive, and easy to construct, these buildings were often sold as kits. A steeply pitched roof made this type of building particularly appealing for use as lodges and



cabins, especially in areas like Ketchum where snow load was a major concern. The 1969 Post Office building is a good example of this style.

All photos: City of Ketchum

#### Recommendations

Increased and ongoing residential, commercial, and industrial development activity in Ketchum's CC District is an imminent threat to historic structures. Since the CC District last underwent reconnaissance-level survey in 2005, 15 of the 81 buildings recorded in that survey have been lost as were an additional nine buildings of historic age that were

not recorded at that time. Several steps can be taken, which combined with community outreach and education, can help avoid more losses.

#### Reactivate Participation in the Certified Local Government Program

TAG contacted the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) for information about the Certified Local Government (CLG) grant program, and Ketchum's status as a CLG. SHPO staff made clear that the most promising outcomes for the city's preservation efforts includes reinstatement of the city's Historic Preservation Commission. Although Ketchum retains its status as a Certified Local Government (CLG), it is currently considered "inactive." An active CLG and a close working relationship with SHPO is imperative to the longevity and protection of Ketchum's historic resources. For example, much of the work proposed in this report could be covered by grants available to CLGs.

#### Update the Reconnaissance Level Survey

Although the 2005 survey suggested that most resources within the CC District are not individually eligible for inclusion in the NRHP, the area maintains an adequate quantity of resources appearing to maintain sufficient historic integrity to warrant an updated reconnaissance survey. As of 2020, historic resources constructed in 1970 meet the age requirement for listing in the NRHP. Reconnaissance level surveys are valuable tools that help cities determine not only the number and quality of historic resources they possess, but they are also essential to preservation planning efforts at the community level.

#### Develop a Preservation Plan

TAG also recommends that following completion of the updated survey, the City of Ketchum put forth a request for qualified consultants to create a Preservation Plan for the City of Ketchum. Preservation planning is a practical way to provide for the protection of a community's historic resources and character. A community that includes a preservation component as part of long-range planning recognizes the importance of local heritage and the built environment.

Preservation is a dynamic process. The City of Ketchum is currently engaged in strong efforts to educate the public about the importance of the historic built environment and to include citizens in the preservation process.

#### **Table 1. Historic Resources Retaining Historic Integrity**

The resources listed were selected from an examination of photographs provided by the city. All meet the requirements outlined in the 2006 Heritage Sites Document for designation as local heritage sites. These resources and more that are not on the list may be eligible to the NRHP, which would be determined by updating the 2005 survey.

Name	Address	Date
Bonning Cabin	531 5 <sup>th</sup> Street East	c.1882
Thornton House	560 East Avenue North	c.1912
E.B Williams House	520 East Avenue North	c.1884
Jack Frost Motel	591 4 <sup>th</sup> Street East	1940
George Castle Cabin	431 ½ Walnut Avenue	1930s
Michel's Christiania Restaurant	303 Walnut Avenue	c. 1960
Brass Ranch House	571 2 <sup>nd</sup> Street	c.1920s
McCoy/Gooding/Miller House	480 East 2 <sup>nd</sup> Street	c.1884
Lon Price/Esther Fairman House	180 Leadville Avenue North	c.1929
St. Mary's Catholic Church	380 Leadville Avenue North	c.1880s
Fagan Property	411 Sun Valley Road	c.1940s
Comstock & Clark Mercantile	300 North Main Street	c.1887
Pioneer Saloon	308 North Main Street	c. 1945
Helm Property	340 North Main Street	c.1940s
Former Post Office	460 North Main Street	1969
Bert Cross Cabin	271 ½ Leadville Avenue North	c.1938
Ketchum Kamp Hotel	220 North Main Street	c. 1925
Lewis Bank	180 North Main Street	c.1930s
First Telephone Co.	340 North 2 <sup>nd</sup> Street	c. 1930s
Dynamite Shed	271 Sun Valley Road	c. 1880
Battis house	431 Washington Avenue	c.1940s
McAtee House	380 1 <sup>st</sup> Avenue	c.1930s
Forest Service Park	Between River and 1 <sup>st</sup> Street	1933
Community Library/Gold Mine	331 Walnut Avenue	1958
Thrift Shop		
Greenhow & Rumsey Store (NRHP listed)	211 North Main Street	1884
Horace Lewis Home/Elephant's Perch	280 East Avenue North	c. 1880



#### City of Ketchum

#### Interim Ordinance Options Under Consideration

Through our public outreach efforts that launched on December 2, 2020 we have been engaging with the community via an online questionnaire and virtual stakeholder small group meetings to assess the applicability of a series of potential historic preservation tools. The list below represents that list ranked in order of what the community feels is most appropriate to least appropriate:

- Criteria And Review Process For Historic Designation
- Designate Ketchum Historic Preservation Commission
- Stay/Delay Demolition For All Historic Buildings
- Prohibit Demolition Of Certain Historic Buildings\*
- Documentation Of Designated Historic Structures
- Review Process And Design Guidelines For Modification To Existing Historic Structures
- Preservation Of Characteristic Building Features
- National Register Of Historic Structures Eligibility Criteria
- Density/Development Bonuses For Preservation Of Historic Structures
- Process For Relocation Of Existing Historic Structures
- Property Owners' Voluntary Inclusion Of Historic Structures On A Local Landmark List
- Property Owners' <u>Voluntary</u> Inclusion Of Historic Structures On A <u>National</u> Landmark List
- Mandatory Inclusion Of Historic Structures On A Local Landmark List
- Mandatory Inclusion Of Historic Structures On A National Landmark List

Building on this effort, the consultant team and staff have been working to organize the proposed options into three basic categories: interim ordinance, permanent ordinance, and design guidelines/historic preservation handbook:

## NTERIM ORDINANCE

- Designate Ketchum Historic Preservation Commission
- Stay/Delay Demolition For All Historic Buildings
- Prohibit Demolition Of Certain Historic Buildings
- Documentation Of Designated Historic Structures
- Alterations to Existing Historic Structures\*

# PERMANENT ORDINANCE

- Criteria And Review Process For Historic Designation
- Process For Relocation Of Existing Historic Structures
- Property Owners' Voluntary Inclusion Of Historic Structures On A Local Landmark List
- Property Owners' Voluntary Inclusion Of Historic Structures On A National Landmark List
- Mandatory Inclusion Of Historic Structures On A Local Landmark List
- Mandatory Inclusion Of Historic Structures On A National Landmark List

# DESIGN GUIDELINES & ICENTIVES HANDBOOK

- Review Process And Design Guidelines For Modification To Existing Historic Structures
- Preservation Of Characteristic Building Features
- National Register Of Historic Structures Eligibility Criteria
- Density/ Development Bonuses For Preservation Of Historic Structures

Following are the topics that have surfaced as most appropriate to contemplate for an interim ordinance:

- Stay/Delay Demolition For All Historic Buildings
- Prohibit Demolition Of Certain Historic Buildings
- Alterations to Existing Historic Structures