COMMON COUNCIL

City of Kaukauna **Council Chambers** Municipal Services Building 144 W. Second Street, Kaukauna



Wednesday, July 05, 2023 at 7:00 PM

AGENDA

In-Person

- 1. Roll call, one minute of silent prayer, Pledge of Allegiance to the American Flag.
- Reading and approval of minutes.
 - a. Common Council Meeting Minutes of June 20, 2023.
- 3. Presentation of letters, petitions, remonstrances, memorials, and accounts.
 - a. Bills Payable.
- 4. Public appearances.
- Business presented by Mayor.
 - a. Proclamation for designating July as National Park and Recreation Month.
- 6. Reports of standing and special committees.
 - a. Health and Recreation Committee Meeting Minutes of July 5, 2023.
 - b. 1000 Islands Environmental Center Committee Meeting Minutes of May 18, 2023.
 - c. Library Board Meeting Minutes of May 23, 2023.
 - d. Operator (Bartender) License.
- 7. Reports of City officers.
 - a. Recommendation for Award of a 2023 34 Ton Truck.
- 8. Presentation of ordinances and resolutions.
 - Ordinance 1884-2023 Ordinance Amending Section 13.05(A) and (B) of the Kaukauna Municipal Code.
- Closed session.
 - a. Adjourn to Closed Session Pursuant to 19.85(1)(e) Deliberating or negotiating the purchasing of public properties, the investing of public funds, or conducting other specified public business, whenever competitive or bargaining reasons require a closed session -Municipal Pool Renovation.
 - b. Return to Open Session for possible action.
- 10. Adjourn.

IF REQUESTED THREE (3) DAYS PRIOR TO THE MEETING, A SIGN LANGUAGE INTERPRETER WILL BE MADE AVAILABLE AT NO CHARGE.



COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS - COUNCIL CHAMBERS - KAUKAUNA, WISCONSIN - JUNE 20, 2023

Pursuant to adjournment on June 6, 2023 meeting of the Common Council of the City of Kaukauna was called to order by Mayor Penterman (Via ZOOM) at 7:00 P.M. on Tuesday, June 20, 2023.

Roll call present: Antoine, Coenen, DeCoster, Eggleston, Kilgas, Moore, Schell and Thiele

Also present: Attorney Davidson, DPW/Eng. Neumeier, Fire Chief Carrel, Fin. Dir. Van Rossum, Planner Stephenson, Police Chief Graff, HR Dir. Swaney, and interested citizens.

One minute of silent prayer and the Pledge of Allegiance to the American Flag observed by the assembly.

Motion by Moore, seconded by Coenen to adopt the minutes of the Common Council meeting of June 6, 2023.

All Ald. voted aye.

Motion carried.

PRESENTATION OF LETTERS, PETITIONS, REMONSTRANCES, MEMORIALS, AND ACCOUNTS

Bills Payable

Motion by Moore, seconded by Antoine to pay bills out of the proper accounts. All Ald, voted ave.

Motion carried.

PUBLIC APPEARANCES

Dan Nicholson, 3108 Green Bay Road, Kaukauna asked for an extension past June 30 for his liquor license renewal. He is asking for an extension on his payment of delinquent taxes. To get the liquor license for the Skyview Club, all back taxes will need to be paid. He is asking for an extension in order to come up with the money.

BUSINESS PRESENTED BY THE MAYOR

Damaged Home Siding Claim.

Mayor Penterman reported on the damaged home siding claim. Information regarding the claim was included in the meeting packet. The property owner, Ms. Schmitt, submitted a quote in the amount of \$14,900 for damages. This item will be coming up under 9a in closed session. Mayor Penterman asked if anyone had questions for Ms. Schmitt. Alder Thiele asked Ms. Schmitt if the siding on her home had been discontinued. Ms. Schmitt stated that the siding has been discontinued and they are unable to match the new siding to the existing siding.

Reappointment of Joseph Lucas to the Kaukauna Public Library Board.

Motion by Kilgas, seconded by Schell to reappoint Joseph Lucas to the Kaukauna Public Library Board.

All Ald. voted aye.

Motion carried.

Reappointment of Anna Neumeier to the Kaukauna Public Library Board.

Motion by Thiele, seconded by Antoine to reappoint Anna Neumeier to the Kaukauna Public Library Board.

All Ald. voted aye.

Motion carried.

2022 Audited City Financial Statements - presented by CLA (CliftonLarsonAllen).

Finance Director Van Rossum introduced Amber Drewieske from Clifton Larson Allen (CLA) to go over the 2022 City Financial Statements. The annual financial report and management communications were provided to the Council. Ms. Drewieske touched on several areas of this report. The annual audit went well, and no concerns were evident.

Motion by Moore seconded by Eggleston to receive and place on file the 2022 Audited City Financial Statements.

All Ald. voted aye.

Motion carried.

REPORTS OF CITY OFFICERS

Fire Report

Motion by Moore, seconded by Antoine to receive and place on file the May 2023 Fire Report.

All Ald. voted aye.

Motion carried.

Ambulance Report

Motion by Moore, seconded by Kilgas to receive and place on file the May 2023 Ambulance Report. All Ald. voted ave.

Motion carried.

Police Report

Motion by Moore, seconded by Schell to receive and place on file the May 2023 Police Report.

All Ald. voted ave.

Motion carried.

Municipal Court Report

Motion by Moore, seconded by Eggleston to receive and place on file the May 2023 Municipal Court Report.

All Ald. voted aye.

Motion carried.

Clerk-Treasurer's Deposit Report

Motion by Moore, seconded by Coenen to receive and place on file the May 2023 Clerk-Treasurer's Deposit Report.

All Ald. voted aye.

Motion carried.

Building Inspection Report.

Motion by Moore, seconded by Kilgas to receive and place on file the May 2023 Building Inspection Report.

All Ald. voted aye.

Motion carried.

Carnegie Building Update.

Planning and Community Development Director Stephenson gave an update on the Carnegie Building (former Library). The building is comprised of eight apartment rentals and a front office area. The apartments range from studio to two bedrooms. They are still looking for a tenant for the commercial office space, but are trying to find the right tenant to fit the uniqueness of the space. Discussion held and questions answered.

Fox Cities Arts and Culture Tour Application.

Planning and Community Development Director Stephenson stated this is a coordination between communities. The Convention and Visitors Bureau coordinated with all the Planners in the Fox Cities to get all the locations of events, art and statues and will be putting out a tour application for visitors to use. Visitors will receive points for visiting these locations.

REPORTS OF STANDING AND SPECIAL COMMITTEES

Board of Public Works Meeting Minutes of June 19, 2023. **BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS**

A meeting of the Board of Public Works was called to order by Chair Thiele on Monday, June 19, 2023 at 6:00 P.M.

Members present: Antoine, Coenen, DeCoster, Eggleston, Kilgas, Moore, Schell, and Thiele.

Also present: Mayor Penterman (via ZOOM), DPW/Eng. Neumeier, Fire Chief Carrel and interested citizens.

- 1. Correspondence none.
- 2. Discussion Topics.
 - a. Authorization to seek bids for Project 11-22 Jonen Park Pavilion Re-Bid.

City Staff have been working with McMahon Associates to develop a modified building plan, alternative bid items and specifications for the construction of a pavilion at Jonen Park. Items removed from the previous design, now to be bid as alternates include plumbing fixtures, painting, concession casework, landscaping, removed insulation under concrete slab, removed face brick and insulation at exterior, and HVAC ventilation only. Estimated cost of this project is \$500,000. We would anticipate an August bid opening and construction schedule of Fall 2023-Summer 2024 to be ready for next summer park use. Questions from the Board were answered.

Motion by Moore, seconded by Antoine to authorize the Engineering Department to seek bids for Project 11-22 - Jonen Park Pavilion Re-Bid. All Ald. voted ave.

Motion carried.

b. Authorization to seek bids for Project 12-23 Wisconsin Avenue Seawall.

City staff and McMahon have been obtaining funding for the Wisconsin Avenue Seawall Project. With most of the project funds in place from grants and the remaining funds borrowed for, we are seeking authorization to finalize a bid package and seek bids. The project has strong support from Fox Locks. Adding a decorative light and a nautical outlet were suggestions made for this project. We are waiting for provisions from State Historic Preservation before we can accept bids. We would anticipate a Fall 2023 bid opening and construction schedule of Fall 2023-Summer 2024. Questions from the Board were answered.

Motion by DeCoster, seconded by Eggleston to authorize the Engineering Department to seek bids for Project 12-23 – Wisconsin Avenue Seawall.

All Ald. voted aye.

Motion carried.

c. Update on Public Service Commission Complaint.

DPW/Eng. Neumeier stated the Public Service Commission (PSC) authorized an investigation into HOV and the City's complaint. This triggers a possibility for other parties to join the HOV. We did see a motion for party status from Little Chute and Kimberly. This is all public information on the PSC website.

d. Public Works Update.

DPW/Eng. Neumeier updated the Board on current projects. The street patch on Highway 55 is three quarters complete. Some utility work will take place later this summer to finish up the project. Street paving has been pushed back until late next week or the following week in the new neighborhoods of Hurkman Heights. The chip seal coat project in Blue Stem Meadows and Wildlife Heights subdivisions are tentatively scheduled to start on Tuesday, June 27. Once the start time is finalized notices will go out to abutting residents.

Alder Moore thanked Senior Project Engineer Bodoh for sending out weekly updates.

3. Adjourn.

Motion made by Kilgas, seconded by Coenen to adjourn. All members voted aye. Motion carried.

Meeting adjourned at 6:24 p.m.

Sally Kenney Clerk

Motion by Thiele, seconded by Moore to adopt the Board of Public Works Meeting Minutes of June 19, 2023.

All Ald. voted aye.

Motion carried.

Health and Recreation Committee Meeting Minutes of June 19, 2023.

HEALTH AND RECREATION COMMITTEE

A meeting of the Health and Recreation Committee was called to order by Chair Kilgas on Monday, June 19, 2023 at 6:24 P.M.

Members present: Coenen, DeCoster, Kilgas and Schell.

Also present: Mayor Penterman (via ZOOM), Ald. Antoine, Ald. Eggleston, Ald. Moore, Ald. Thiele,

DPW/Eng. Neumeier, Fire Chief Carrel, and interested citizens.

1. Correspondence – None.

2. Discussion Topics.

a. Tavern Report.

Overall, it was a good year. Questions from the Committee were answered.

Motion by Coenen, seconded by Schell to receive and place on file the Tavern Report. All members voted ave.

Motion carried.

b. 2023-2024 Beer and Liquor Licenses.

The list was distributed. They have all been approved except for two establishments still waiting on Department approval and one establishment who did not apply. Questions from the Committee were answered.

Motion by DeCoster, seconded by Schell, to grant the 2023-2024 Beer and Liquor Licenses provided all contingencies are met.

All members voted aye.

Motion carried.

c. 2023-2024 Outdoor Alcoholic Beverage Area Permits.

Motion by Coenen, seconded by DeCoster to approve the 2023-2024 Outdoor Alcoholic Beverage Area Permits providing all contingencies are met.

All members voted aye.

Motion carried.

d. 2023-2024 Sidewalk Display and Sidewalk Café Permits.

Motion by DeCoster, seconded by Schell to approve the 2023-2024 Sidewalk Café Permits. All members voted ave.

Motion carried.

e. Temporary Class "B" License to St. Paul Elder Services, 316 E. 14th Street, on June 28, 2023 for Brat Fry – Alzheimer's Fundraiser.

Motion by DeCoster, seconded by Coenen to approve the Temporary Class "B" License to St. Paul Elder Services, 316 E. 14th Street, on June 28, 2023 for Brat Fry – Alzheimer's Fundraiser. All members voted aye.

Motion carried.

f. Amplified Music request to Debra Schultz, Peace United Methodist Church on July 9, 2023 from 8:00am to 11:00am at Riverside Park for a Church Service and Family Picnic.

Motion by Coenen, seconded by Schell to approve the Amplified Music request to Debra Schultz, Peace United Methodist Church on July 9, 2023 from 8:00am to 11:00am at Riverside Park for a Church Service and Family Picnic.

All members voted aye.

Motion carried.

g. Amplified Music request to Ashley Thiem-Menning, Kaukauna Public Library on July 12, 2023 from 10:00am to Noon for the Touch a Truck Event at Hydro Park. Item pulled.

h. Temporary allowance of farm animals at Hydro Park for petting zoo at Touch a Truck Event, July 12, 2023 from 10:00am to Noon.

Motion by Schell, seconded by Coenen to approve the Temporary allowance of farm animals at Hydro Park for petting zoo at Touch a Truck Event, July 12, 2023 from 10:00am to Noon. All members voted aye.

Motion carried.

i. Fireworks application submitted by Happy Fireworks, LLC for the sale of fireworks at 200 Lawe Street.

Motion by Coenen, seconded by Schell to approve the Fireworks application submitted by Happy Fireworks, LLC for the sale of fireworks at 200 Lawe Street contingent upon Fire Department approval.

All members voted ave.

Motion carried.

3. Adjourn.

Motion made by DeCoster, seconded by Coenen to adjourn. All members voted aye.

Motion carried.

Meeting adjourned at 6:34 P.M.

Sally Kenney Clerk

Motion by Kilgas, seconded by Antoine to adopt the Health and Recreation Committee Meeting Minutes of June 19, 2023.

All Ald. voted aye.

Motion carried.

Legislative Committee Meeting Minutes of June 19, 2023. LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE

A meeting of the Legislative Committee was called to order by Chair Coenen on Monday, June 19, 2023 at 6:35 P.M.

Members present: Coenen, Eggleston, Moore, and Schell.

Also present: Mayor Penterman (Via Zoom), Ald. DeCoster, Kilgas, Antoine, Thiele, DPW/Eng. Neumeier, Fire Chief Carrel and interested citizens.

1. Correspondence - None.

2. Discussion Topics.

a. Ordinance 1883-2023 Creating Section 3.18 Special Charges.

Mayor Penterman stated Finance Director Van Rossum presented the to the Council a memo in May of 2023 regarding the creation of this special charge ordinance. The Common Council then directed legal to draft Ordinance 1883-2023 and put it into the appropriate section of the Municipal Code. The reason for creating this code is due to the increase in abatements with code violations. Home owners who refuse to take action on their own would be charged by the City for the cleanup. Special charges cannot be transferred to the tax roll, so this allows the City

to offer a payment plan to our residents who have abatement charges. Questions from the Board were answered.

Motion by Eggleston, seconded by Moore to recommend approval of the proposed ordinance, 1883-2023 Creating Section 3.18 Special Charges to the Common Council.

All members voted ave.

Motion carried.

3. General Matters - none.

4. Adjourn.

Motion by Moore, seconded by Schell to adjourn. All members voted aye. Motion carried.

Meeting adjourned at 6:39 p.m.

Sally Kenney, Clerk

Motion by Coenen, seconded by Schell to adopt the Legislative Committee Meeting Minutes of June 19, 2023.

All Ald. voted aye.

Motion carried.

Public Protection and Safety Committee Meeting Minutes of June 19, 2023. PUBLIC PROTECTION AND SAFETY COMMITTEE

A meeting of the Public Protection and Safety Committee was called to order by Chairman DeCoster on Monday, June 19, 2023 at 6:39 P.M.

Members present: Antoine, DeCoster, Kilgas, Thiele.

Also present: Mayor Penterman (via ZOOM), Ald. Coenen, Ald. Eggleston, Ald. Moore, Ald. Schell, DPW/Eng. Neumeier, Fire Chief Carrel, and interested citizens.

- 1. Correspondence None.
- 2. Discussion Topics.

a. Equipment Sharing Agreement – Fire Department.

The purpose of this Agreement is to create a system for the occasional and temporary sharing of motor vehicles, equipment, tools and machinery (collectively referred to in this agreement as "Equipment") between the Parties for efficiency and effectiveness of operations. The Parties agree to make available to each other vehicles, equipment, tools, machinery, and related items in the manner and pursuant to the terms and conditions provided in the agreement. A Party supplying Equipment shall be designated the "Provider." A Party receiving Equipment shall be designated the "Borrower."

This item is informational only. A few clarifications need to be made by the legal department before bringing this item back to the Public Protection and Safety Committee in July.

3. General Matters - none.

4. Adjourn.

Motion by Thiele, seconded by Kilgas to adjourn.

All members voted aye.

Motion carried.

Meeting adjourned at 6:49 p.m.

Sally Kenney

Clerk

Motion by DeCoster, seconded by Coenen to adopt the Public Protection and Safety Committee Meeting Minutes of June 19, 2023.

All Ald. voted aye.

Motion carried.

Board of Appeals Meeting Minutes of June 7, 2023.

Motion by Moore, seconded by Kilgas to receive and place on file the Board of Appeals Meeting Minutes of June 7, 2023.

All Ald. voted aye.

Motion carried.

Heart of the Valley Metropolitan Sewerage District Regular Meeting Minutes of May 9, 2023.

Motion by Moore, seconded by Eggleston to receive and place on file the Heart of the Valley Metropolitan Sewerage District Regular Meeting Minutes of April 11, 2023.

All Ald. voted aye.

Motion carried.

Heart of the Valley Metropolitan Sewerage District Special Community Meeting Minutes of May 17, 2023.

Motion by Moore, seconded by Eggleston to receive and place on file the Heart of the Valley Metropolitan Sewerage District Special Community Meeting Minutes of May 17, 2023. All Ald. voted aye.

Motion carried.

Moore thanked the staff who attended this special community meeting in Combined Locks. It was very informative.

Operator (Bartender) Licenses.

The following applicants have applied for an operator's license for the license year **2022-2024** and have been recommended for approval based on their record check by the police department:

Bubolz	Chelsea	M.	1271 Maple St.	Neenah
Dolan	Tyler	J.	120 Lamplighter Dr. #4	Kaukauna
Goodchild	Debra	A.	W6050 Hearthstone Dr.	Appleton
Thao	Emily		720 N. Mayflower Dr. Apt. #1	Appleton
Yates	Bryn	S.	200 Spring Ridge Dr.	Kaukauna

Motion by Kilgas, seconded by Thiele to approve the Operator (Bartender) Licenses.

All Ald. voted aye.

Motion carried.

PRESENTATION OF ORDINANCES AND RESOLUTIONS

Ordinance 1883-2023 Creating Section 3.18 Special Charges.

Motion by Moore, seconded by Thiele to suspend the rules and waive the reading of Ordinance 1883-2023.

All Ald. voted aye.

Motion carried.

Motion by Moore, seconded by Kilgas to adopt Ordinance 1883-2023.

All Ald. voted aye.

Motion carried.

Resolution 2023-5391: A Resolution Accepting Community Development Investment - Vibrant Spaces Grant and Authorizing the Mayor, Anthony Penterman, to Enter into a Grant Agreement with the Wisconsin Economic Development Corporation.

Motion by Moore, seconded by Coenen to suspend the rules and waive the reading of Resolution 2023-5391.

All Ald. voted aye.

Motion carried.

Motion by Moore, seconded by Antoine to adopt Resolution 2023-5391.

All Ald. voted aye.

Motion carried.

Bond Resolution 2023-5392 - \$2,050,765 City of Kaukauna Waterworks System Revenue Bonds, Series 2023 (Safe Drinking Water Loan) (the "Revenue Bonds")

Motion by Moore, seconded by Schell to suspend the rules and waive the reading of Resolution 2023-5392.

All Ald. voted aye.

Motion carried.

Motion by Moore, seconded by Eggleston to adopt Resolution 2023-5392.

All Ald. voted ave.

Motion carried.

CLOSED SESSION

Adjourn to Closed Session Pursuant to State Statute 19.85(1)(g) to confer with legal counsel with regard to litigation in which it is or is likely to become involved.

Motion by Moore, seconded by Coenen to adjourn to closed session pursuant to State Statute 19.85(1)(g) to confer with legal counsel with regard to litigation in which it is or is likely to become involved.

All Ald. voted aye.

Motion carried.

Adjourned to closed session at 7:55 p.m.

Return to Open Session for possible action.

Motion by Coenen, seconded by Moore to return to open session for possible action.

All Ald. voted aye.

Motion carried.

Returned to open session at 9:11 p.m.

No action taken.

Adjourn to Closed Session Pursuant to State Statute 19.85(1)(e) to discuss disposition of public property - Land Acquisition.

Motion by Moore, seconded by Coenen to adjourn to closed session pursuant to State Statute 19.85(1)(e) to discuss disposition of public property – Land Acquisition.

All Ald. voted aye.

Motion carried.

Adjourned to closed session at 9:13 p.m.

Return to Open Session for possible action.

Motion by Thiele, seconded by Moore to return to open session for possible action.

All Ald. voted aye.

Motion carried.

Returned to open session at 9:16 p.m.

Adjourn to Closed Session Pursuant to State Statute 19.85(1)(e) to discuss disposition of public property - Land Acquisition.

Motion by Moore, seconded by Kilgas to adjourn to closed session pursuant to State Statute 19.85(1)(e) to discuss disposition of public property – Land Acquisition.

All Ald. voted aye.

Motion carried.

Adjourned to closed session at 9:17 p.m.

Return to Open Session for possible action.

Motion by Eggleston, seconded by Antoine to return to open session for possible action.

All Ald. voted ave.

Motion carried.

Returned to open session at 9:19 p.m.

Adjourn to Closed Session Pursuant to State Statute 19.85(1)(e) Deliberating or negotiating the purchasing of public properties, the investing of public funds, or conducting other specified public business, whenever competitive or bargaining reasons require a closed session.

Motion by Moore, seconded by Coenen to adjourn to closed session pursuant to State Statute 19.85(1)(e) Deliberating or negotiating the purchasing of public properties, the investing of public funds, or conducting other specified public business, whenever competitive or bargaining reasons require a closed session.

All Ald. voted aye.

Motion carried.

Adjourned to closed session at 9:20 p.m.

Return to Open Session for possible action.

Motion by Moore, seconded by Kilgas to return to open session for possible action.

All Ald. voted aye. Motion carried.

Returned to open session at 9:27 p.m.

Motion by Kilgas, seconded by Thiele to direct staff to dismiss the raze order on 317 Park Street, on or after October 1, 2023, once the building has gained occupancy. Continue to work with the builders to ensure a timely completion date of September 30, 2023. All Ald. voted aye.

Motion carried.

ADJOURN

Motion by Antoine, seconded by Schell to adjourn. All Ald. voted aye. Motion carried.

Meeting adjourned at 9:28 p.m.

Sally Kenney, Clerk



City - Bills Payable

	Date	Fund	Addressee	Absolute Value of Amount
119208	6/1/2023	General Fund - 101	Cash	905.00
0000007/1	6/9/2023	Environmental Remediate TID - 450	Kaukauna Utilities	16.58
00000008/1	6/9/2023	Sanitary Sewer Utility - 602	Kaukauna Utilities	1,474.42
00000009/1	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Grand Kakalin LLC	20,813.00
0000009/2	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Kaukauna Utilities	22,169.96
0000009/3	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Securian Financial Group, Inc.	3,116.98
119209	6/9/2023	Sanitary Sewer Utility - 602	Heart of the Valley Metropolitan Sewerage District	168,241.10
119210	6/9/2023	Sanitary Sewer Utility - 602	Lazer Utility Locating, LLC	141,00
119211	6/9/2023	Sanitary Sewer Utility - 602	Klink Hydraulics, LLC	42.30
119212	6/9/2023	Sanitary Sewer Utility - 602	BoardmanClark	1,643.65
119213	6/9/2023	Sanitary Sewer Utility - 602	AT&T	86.19
119214	6/9/2023	Park & Pool Capital - 422	Leaves Inspired Tree Nursery LLC	395.00
<u>119215</u>	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Carstens Ace Hardware	1,272.88
<u>119216</u>	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Eagle Graphics LLC	1,259.06
119217	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Diversified Benefit Services, Inc.	676.40
119218	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Rent-A-Flash of Wisconsin, Inc	431.03
119219	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Cintas	1,083.12
119220	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	North East Wisconsin Welding LLC	80.00
119221	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Anthony Penterman	539.47
119222	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Evergreen Power, LLC	42.78
119223	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Energy Control & Design, Inc.	4,427.50
119224	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	EZ Glide Garage Doors	3,870.00
119225	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Aramark Uniform	331.36
119226	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Holly Arft	70.00
119227	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Heart of the Valley Metropolitan - New Connections	25,758.00
119228	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101 General Fund - 101	George Burton	75.00 435.00
119229	6/9/2023 6/9/2023	General Fund - 101 General Fund - 101	Leaves Inspired Tree Nursery LLC	9.787.83
<u>119230</u> 119231	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101 General Fund - 101	Plymouth Lubricants Outagamie County Treasurer	9,767.83
119231	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101 General Fund - 101	Marie Putman	25.00
119233	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Brett Jensen	40.80
119234	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Kaukauna Veterinary Clinic, LLP	715.31
119235	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Klink Hydraulics, LLC	139,30
119236	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Horst Distributing, Inc.	50.18
119237	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Kimball Midwest	216.34
119238	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Fox Valley Safety LLC	2.481,00
119239	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Kundinger Fluid Power Inc	311.13
119240	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Oshkosh Fire & Police Equipment	2,596.00
119241	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Marco Technologies LLC	858.13
119242	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Carrico Aquatic Resources	4,600.00
119243	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Schindler Elevator Corporation	4,153.68
119244	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	H & R Safety Solutions, LLC	470.73
119245	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Griesbach Ready-Mix, LLC	132.00
119246	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Glock Professional, Inc.	500.00
119247	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Silver Squirrel Engraving & Gifts	102.00
119248	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Terry Verbeten	119.00
119249	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Interstate Battery	828.70
119250	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	David Pahl	75.00
119251	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Frank's Radio	1,055.01
119252	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Fly-Me-Flag Co. LLC	124.50
119253	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Superior Chemical Corp.	537.83
119254	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	State of Wisconsin	3,087.32
119255	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	K. R. West Company Inc	116.95
119256	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Leah Jacobson	200.00
119257	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Fernando Herrera	300.00
119258	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Peak Software Systems, Inc.	1,475.37
119259	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Cassidy Mickelson	51.75
119260	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Terra Vosters	100.00
119261	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Bob & Dave's Lawn & Landscaping	500.00
119262	6/9/2023	General Fund - 101	Jennie Eggleston	50.00
Total				295,934.96

PROCLAMATION

designating July as National Park and Recreation Month.

WHEREAS, parks and recreation programs are an integral part of communities throughout this country, including Kaukauna; and

WHEREAS, our parks and recreation programs are vitally important to establishing and maintaining the quality of life in our communities, ensuring the health of all citizens, and

WHEREAS, parks and recreation programs build healthy communities, and improve the mental and emotional health of all citizens; and

WHEREAS, parks and recreation programs increase a community's economic prosperity through increased property values, expansion of the local tax base, the attraction and retention of businesses, and crime reduction; and

WHEREAS, parks and recreation areas are fundamental to the environmental wellbeing of our community; and

WHEREAS, parks and natural recreation areas improve water quality, protect groundwater, prevent flooding, improve the quality of the air we breathe, provide vegetative buffers to development, and produce habitat for wildlife; and

WHEREAS, our parks and natural recreation areas ensure the ecological beauty of our community and provide a place for children and adults to connect with nature and recreate outdoors; and

WHEREAS, the U.S. House of Representatives has designated July as Parks and Recreation Month; and

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Kaukauna City Council hereby recognizes July as "National Park and Recreation Month" in the City of Kaukauna.

IN WITNESS THEREOF that I, Mayor Anthony J. Penterman of the City of Kaukauna, Wisconsin, declare July 2023, to be National Park and Recreation Month, and call this observance to the attention of all of our citizens.

Dated this 5th day of July 2023

Anthony J. Penterman, Mayor

HEALTH AND RECREATION COMMITTEE

A meeting of the Health and Recreation Committee was called to order by Chair Kilgas on Wednesday, July 5, 2023 at 6:30 P.M.

Members present: Coenen, DeCoster, Kilgas and Schell.

Also present: Mayor Penterman , Ald. Antoine, Ald. Eggleston, Ald. Moore, Ald. Thiele,

DPW/Eng. Neumeier, Police Chief Graff, Com. Enrich. Serv. Dir. Vosters, and

interested citizens.

1. Correspondence – None.

2. Discussion Topics.

a. Combination Class B Beer and Liquor License to Prime Steer Supper Club, Gary Natrop Agent, Prime SSC, Ltd., 704 E. Hyland Ave..

Motion by Coenen, seconded by DeCoster to approve the Combination Class B Beer and Liquor License to Prime Steer Supper Club, Gary Natrop Agent, Prime SSC, Ltd., 704 E. Hyland Ave.

All members voted aye.

Motion carried.

b. Amplified Music request to Cathy Harvath on August 5, 2023 for Bike to the Beat at Grignon Mansion and Kaukauna Athletic Field from 7 am to 3 pm..

Motion by DeCoster, seconded by Schell, to grant Amplified Music request to Cathy Harvath on August 5, 2023 for Bike to the Beat at Grignon Mansion and Kaukauna Athletic Field from 7 am to 3 pm.

All members voted aye.

Motion carried.

c. Amplified Music request to Ashley Thiem-Menning, Kaukauna Public Library on August 21, 2023 for the Fairy Walk at 1000 Islands from 5-8 PM.

Motion by Schell, seconded by Coenen to grant the amplified music request to Ashley Thiem-Menning, Kaukauna Public Library on August 21, 2023 for the Fairy Walk at 1000 Islands from 5-8 PM.

All members voted ave.

Motion carried.

d. Amplified Music request to Marty DeCoster on September 23, 2023 between Tommy G's and Mena's Place for the Wisconsin Avenue Block Party from 2 to 11 pm.

e. Motion by Coenen, seconded by Schell to grant the Amplified Music request to Marty DeCoster on September 23, 2023 between Tommy G's and Mena's Place for the Wisconsin Avenue Block Party from 2 to 11 pm.

Motion carried 3-ayes and 1-abstained (DeCoster).

f. Temporary Class B License to Kaukauna Athletic Club on September 23, 2023 for the Wisconsin Avenue Fall Block Party.

Motion by Schell, seconded by Coenen to approve the Temporary Class B License to Kaukauna Athletic Club on September 23, 2023 for the Wisconsin Avenue Fall Block Party. Motion carried 3-ayes and 1-abstained (DeCoster).

Item 6.a.

3. Adjourn.

Motion made by DeCoster, seconded by Coenen to adjourn. All members voted aye. Motion carried.

Meeting adjourned at 6:34 P.M.

Sally Kenney Clerk

Minutes for 1000 Islands Environmental Center Committee Meeting on Thursday, May 18, 2023

Members Present: Carlson, Eggleston, Gertz, Hietpas, Manion, Pautz, and Van Berkel

Not Present: Brietzman, Jakel, and White

Also Present: Maureen Feldt and Debra Nowak

Chair, Pautz called the May Committee Meeting to order at 6:31 PM. A guorum is present.

April 20, 2023 Committee Meeting Minutes

Gertz made a motion to waive the reading of the minutes and approve the April 20, 2023 Committee Meeting minutes. Seconded by Van Berkel. Motion carried.

Public Appearances: None

April Financial Report

Van Berkel made a motion to approve the April Financial Report. Seconded by Manion. Motion carried.

Correspondence

Donations received from Amelia & Monty Roberts, Jennifer Sommer and Kaukauna Lioness Club. Memorials received for Paula Zwicker and Dan Angell. Honorary donation for Shari Lamers. We received white tail deer antlers for our specimen collection and team members from Frito Lay came to help with outdoor maintenance.

Friends of 1000 Islands Report

Art Fair: All 50 vendor spots are full and we are set for the Art Fair on Sunday.

Naturalist's Report

Seedling Sale: Bundling, picking of the orders and customer pick-up went well. It was great to have volunteers to help with these labor intense tasks.

Corporate Volunteers: We recently had a group from Frito Lay help with spreading mulch and spring clean-up. Several more corporate groups are scheduled to help us as well.

Gertz made a motion to accept the April Naturalist's Report and place it on file. Seconded by Carlson, Motion carried.

Admin and Finance Sub-Committee

Admin and Finance Sub-Committee Meeting: Eggleston made a motion to accept and place on file the January 4th Admin and Finance Sub-Committee Meeting minutes. Seconded by Gerts. Motion carried.

Revised User Fee Schedule 2.0291: Half-day and Full-day Field Trip fees increased along with Off-Site and Custom programs. Snow shoe rental fees increased as a result of purchasing new snowshoes and the cost associated with them. The Pavilion rental fee also increased and now aligns with the City's Pavilion rental fee structure. Van Berkel made a motion to accept the revised User Fee Schedule 2.0291 as presented by the Admin and Finance Sub-Committee. Seconded by Gertz, Motion carried.

Education Sub-Committee

Pautz: Nothing to report.

Buildings and Grounds Sub-Committee

Hietpas: Meeting will be on Tuesday, May 30th.

Old Business

Nothing to report.

New Business

Nature Center Building Siding Project: The 1000 Islands Building Siding project was removed from this year's Capital Improvement Plan budget and postponed until 2024. Nowak was not informed of this up front, but discovered this decision via Council agenda and meeting minutes posted in MuniCode. Discussion on communication issues between Finance, the Mayor's office and 1000 Islands when Deb is not able to attend Department meetings due to Field Trips and/or building coverage. Nowak to set up meeting with the Mayor to further discuss communication issues.

Good for the Center

Nothing to report.

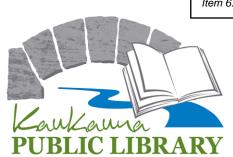
Next Committee Meeting

Next Committee Meeting will be on Thursday, June 15, 2023 at 6:30 PM in the Nature Center building.

Adjournment

There being no further business, Manion moved to adjourn the May 18 Committee meeting at 7:31 PM. Seconded by Hietpas. Motion carried.

Maureen Feldt, Acting Secretary



LIBRARY BOARD MEETING MINUTES City of Kaukauna **Kaukauna Public Library** 207 Thilmany Rd STE 200, Kaukauna

Tuesday, May 23, 2023 at 5:30 PM

Library Board Room In-Person & Zoom Teleconference Hybrid Meeting

- Call meeting to order
 - a. The meeting was called to order by Vice President Kilgas at 5:30p.
- Roll call of membership
 - a. Present: C. Fallona, M.J. Kilgas, J. Vondracek, C. Van Boxtel, K. Hietpas, & J. Van De Hey. Excused: J. Lucas & A. Schneider. Also present: A. Thiem-Menning.
- Approval of minutes from previous meeting
 - a. Tuesday, April 25, 2023 Meeting Minutes
 - b. C. Fallona made a motion to approve the Tuesday, April 25, 2023 Meeting Minutes, seconded by C. Van Boxtel. All in favor, motion carries.
- **Public Participation and Communications**
 - a. A. Thiem-Menning noted that longtime volunteer Karl Hett was retiring from his local history volunteer work. The library thanks him for his many years of service working on digitizing obituaries.
 - b. The library received a thank you from Harbor House noting our site for its participation in their Amazing Race fundraiser, which raised \$45,000.
- Action Items
 - a. Bill Register April 2023
 - i. A. Thiem-Menning noted that the credits and debits for the poll worker has been balanced in the ledger now. It is a coding issue in the software.
 - ii. J. Vondracek made a motion to approve the Bill Register April 2023, seconded by K. Hietpas. All in favor; motion carries.
 - **Election of Officers**
 - i. C. Fallona made a motion to appoint M.J. Kilgas to President, seconded by J. Van De Hey. All in favor; motion carries. C. Van Boxtel made a motion to appoint C. Fallona as Vice President, seconded by K. Hietpas. All in favor; motion carries. M.J. Kilgas made a motion to reappoint A. Neumeier as Secretary and J. Vondracek as Treasurer, seconded by C. Van Boxtel. All in favor; motion carries.
- Information Items
 - **Directors Report**
 - i. A. Thiem-Menning read from two memos, which failed to be attached to the Board packet. One memo was in regards to the three conferences/training sessions she has participated in and one was a staffing update. A. Thiem-Menning noted she would email the memo and update the packet in Municode. A. Thiem-Menning also noted that she had met with the Director

of the Fox Cities Marathon to collaborate on the Kids Fun Run Race in the fall.

- b. Adult Services Librarian Report
 - i. The Board noted the wonderful exhibit located in the main circulation area and discussed a program with the American Legion.
- c. Youth Services Librarian Report
 - i. A. Thiem-Menning noted that there have been many school visits this month and many field trips to the library.
- d. Trustee Topic 6
- e. Statistics
 - i. A. Thiem-Menning noted that the borrowing rate is going down, which is very exciting. This means that patrons are finding more of what they are looking for in the library, a direct result of the increase to the materials line.
 - ii. J. Vondracek made a motion to place the reports on file, seconded by A. Neumeier.

7. Adjournment

a. The meeting adjourned at 6:38p.



July 5, 2023

The following applicants have applied for an operator's license for the license year **2022-2024** and have been recommended for approval based on their record check by the police department:

Boelter	Terri	M.	PO Box 73	Kimberly
Feldkamp	Margo	L.	W404 County Rd. ZZ	Kaukauna
Magness	Ahna	J.	4151 Filedcrest Dr.	Kaukauna
Proper	Haley	J.	219 Newton Le Ct.	Kaukauna
Troullier	Josie	M.	3501 E. Glory Ln. #2	Appleton

City of Kaukauna Common Council

July 5th, 2023

JVG/ Street Department

Agenda Item #7a

Recommendation for award of a 2023, 3/4 ton 4x4 pickup truck with power tailgate

Background

The Street Department reviewed bids from Gustman's Chevrolet and Stumpf Ford for the June 28th, 2023, 4:00 pm bid opening for the addition of a 2023 or newer ¾ ton pickup truck with power tail gate.

Review

The Street Department has compared the two bids, and with the outright price from Gustman's being within budget and the good relationship we have, we believe that their truck is the right option.

Recommended Action

Award the addition of the new ³/₄ ton pickup truck to Gustman's of Kaukauna for the total outright price of \$58,865.00.

CITY OF KAUKAUNA STREET & PARK DEPARTMENT 2023 or Newer 3/4 Ton 4X4 Truck with Power Tail Gate BID TABULATION

BIDS OPENED: 06/28/2023 Budget \$60,000

	OUTRIGHT PRICE WITH NO TRADE-IN	REPAINT (OPTION)	NOTES
Gustman Chevrolet 1450 Delanglade Street Kaukauna, WI 54130	\$58,865.00		
Stumpf Ford Small Truck Division 3030 W College Avenue Appleton, WI 54914	\$69,394.80		



MEMO

Finance

To: Common Council

From: Finance Director

Date: 07/06/2023

Re: Ordinance Amending Sanitary Sewer User Fee

The Sanitary Utility user fee was budgeted and approved for a rate increase in January and July 2023. We discovered that the July rate was only added to the Category B user fee charge. The City bills under Category A. Without this rate listed in the ordinance staff is hesitant to update the rate on the bills. This amendment is to add the rates to both categories to formalize it in our ordinance before changing the rate in July.

fee. With the 2023 increase, the Sanitary Fund covers the budget for 2023 and works toward the capital infrastructure plan we discussed during the budget presentation.

Also attached are the memo and details from the December 6, 2022, meeting.

Chapter 13.05 Amendment (Page 35 of ordinance shown below)

5. Amount of user charges.

a. Category A. Normal domestic wastewater having concentrations of BOD no greater than 250 mg/l, suspended solids no greater than 300 mg/l, and phosphorus no greater than eight mg/l. The user charge for Category A wastewater is as follows:

Volume charge: effective January 1, 2023, \$8.00 per 100 cubic feet shall be designated for sanitary sewer utility services.

Volume charge: effective July 1, 2023, \$8.75 per 100 cubic feet shall be designated for sanitary sewer utility services.

b. Category B. Wastewater having concentrations of BOD greater than 250 mg/l, suspended solids greater than 300 mg/l, or phosphorous greater than 8 mg/l. The minimum category B charge will be based on a concentration of not less than 250 mg/l for BOD, 300 mg/l for suspended solids, and eight mg/l for phosphorus. The user charge for category B wastewater is as follows:

Volume charge: effective January 1, 2023, \$8.00 per 100 cubic feet shall be designated for sanitary sewer utility services.

Volume charge: effective July 1, 2023, \$8.75 per 100 cubic feet shall be designated for sanitary sewer utility services.



MEMO

Finance

To: Common Council

From: Finance Director

Date: 12/6/2022

Re: Ordinance Amending Sanitary Sewer User Fee

The Sanitary Utility (Fund 602) is funded by a user fee. This fee is reviewed each budget cycle to confirm if the revenue generated by the current user fee is sufficient to support the budget of the Sanitary utility fund. In addition to the budgeted expenses and revenue the utility fund has debt covenants that need to be met which entails a debt coverage ratio of at least 1.25 times the debt service expense.

An analysis was done during the 2023 budget on a plan moving forward on how to control the rate yet continue the infrastructure improvements. We believe a gradual rate increase over the next three years will get to a level where most of the annual capital improvement project cost can be covered by the user fee and the debt coverage ratio will not have to be chased with raising the user fee.

With the 2023 increase, the Sanitary Fund covers the budget for 2023 and works toward the capital infrastructure plan we discussed during the budget presentation. The following ordinance governs the user rate for the Sanitary fund. This update will move the rate to \$8.00/100 cubic feet on January 1, 2023, and to \$8.75/100 cubic feet on July 1, 2023.

CITY OF KAUKAUNA ORDINANCE 1873-2022

ORDINANCE AMENDING SECTION 13.05(5)(A) AND 13.05(5)(B) AMOUNT OF USER SURCHARGES

WHEREAS, the Sanitary Utility (Fund 602) is funded by a user fee. This fee is reviewed each budget cycle to confirm if the revenue generated by the current user fee is sufficient to support the budget of the Sanitary utility fund.

WHEREAS, the 100 cubic foot rate of \$7.00 effective January 1, 2023, is insufficient to cover the 2023 budgeted expenditures of the sanitary utility; and

NOW THEREFORE, be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Kaukauna, in the State of Wisconsin, as follows:

SECTION 1: <u>AMENDMENT</u> "13.05 Sewer Utility" of the City of Kaukauna Municipal Code is hereby *amended* as follows:

BEFORE AMENDMENT

13.05 Sewer Utility

1. *Definitions*. The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this chapter, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this subsection, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

BOD (biochemical oxygen demand) means the quantity of oxygen utilized in the biochemical oxidation of organic matter in five days at 20 degrees, expressed as mg/l. Quantitative determination of BOD shall be made in accordance with procedures set forth in the standard methods.

Building drain means that part of the lowest horizontal piping of a drainage system which receives the discharge from soil, waste, and other drainage pipes inside the walls of the building and conveys it to the building sewer, beginning five feet (1.5 meters) outside the inner face of the building wall.

Building sewer means the extension from the building drain to the public sewer or other place of disposal, also called a house connection.

Category A means sanitary sewer users who discharge normal domestic wastewater with concentrations of BOD no greater than 190 mg/l, suspended solids no greater than 240 mg/l, and phosphorus no greater than eight mg/l.

Category B means sanitary sewer users who discharge wastewater with concentrations of BOD greater than 190 mg/l, suspended solids greater than 240 mg/l, or phosphorus greater than eight mg/l.

Chlorine requirement means the amount of chlorine, in mg/l, which must be added to sewage to produce a specified residual chlorine content in accordance with procedures set forth in the standard methods.

Combined sewer means a sewer intended to receive both wastewater and stormwater or surface water.

Compatible pollutants means biochemical oxygen demand, suspended solids, phosphorus, pH, or fecal coliform bacteria, plus additional pollutants identified in the WPDES permit for the publicly owned wastewater treatment facility receiving the pollutants, if such works were designed to treat such additional pollutants, and, in fact, does remove such pollutants to a substantial degree.

District refers to the Heart of the Valley Metropolitan Sewerage District (HOVMSD), a multigovernmental, regional district supervised and regulated by the Heart of the Valley Metropolitan Sewerage Commission.

District approving authority means the district engineer/manager or other authorized representatives of the district.

District wastewater collection facilities or district wastewater collection system means the district interceptor sewer and the metering stations, both of which are owned, operated, and maintained by the HOVMSD.

Easement means an acquired legal right for the specified use of land owned by others.

Floatable oil means oil, fat, or grease in a physical state such that it will separate by gravity from wastewater by treatment in an approved pretreatment facility. Wastewater shall be considered free of floatable oil if it is properly pretreated and the wastewater does not interfere with the collection system.

Garbage means the residue from the preparation, cooking, and dispensing of food, and from the handling, storage, and sale of food products and produce.

Grantee means the district, for those projects in which the district receives federal funding, or the city for those projects in which the city receives federal funding.

Ground garbage means the residue from the preparation, cooking, and dispensing of food that has been shredded to such a degree that all particles will be carried freely in suspension under the flow conditions normally prevailing in public sewers with no particle greater than two inches in any dimension.

Heart of the Valley Metropolitan Sewerage Commission means the sovereign governing body of the Heart of the Valley Metropolitan Sewerage District.

Incompatible pollutants means wastewater with pollutants that will adversely affect or disrupt the quality of wastewater treatment if discharged to a wastewater treatment facility.

Industrial user. Per Federal Register, Vol. 43, No. 188, September 27, 1978, quoted as follows:

a. Any nongovernmental, nonresidential user of a publicly owned treatment works which discharges more than the equivalent of 25,000 gallons per day (gpd) of sanitary wastes and which is identified in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1972, Office of Management and Budget, as amended and supplemented under one of the following divisions:

Division A	Agriculture, forestry, and fishing
Division B	Mining
Division D	Manufacturing
Division E	Transportation, communications, electric, gas, and sanitary services
Division I	Services

b. Discharges in subsection 1 of this definition that have a volume exceeding 25,000 gpd or the weight of biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) or suspended solids (SS) equivalent to that weight found in 25,000 gpd of sanitary waste are considered industrial users. Sanitary wastes, for purposes of this calculation of equivalency, are the wastes discharged from residential users and containing 200 mg/l BOD and 250 mg/l SS.

Industrial waste means wastewater from industrial process, trade, or business as distinct from sanitary sewage.

Major contributing industry means an industry that:

- a. Has a flow of 50,000 gallons or more per average workday;
- b. Has a flow greater than five percent of the flow carried by the wastewater collection and treatment facilities receiving the waste;
- c. Has a material in its discharge included on a list of toxic pollutants issued under Wis. Stats. § 147.07(1); or
- d. Has a significant impact, either singularly or in combination with other contributing industries, on the wastewater treatment facility or the quality of its

effluent.

Municipal approving authority means the city engineer or his duly authorized representatives.

Municipality means the city.

Municipal wastewater collection facilities or municipal wastewater collection system means the city sewer systems, structures, equipment, and processes required to collect and carry away wastewater. These city wastewater collection facilities, which are owned, operated, and maintained by the city, extend to the influent point of each of the metering stations.

Natural outlet means any outlet, including storm sewers and combined sewer that overflows into a watercourse, pond, ditch, lake, or other body of surface water or groundwaters.

Normal domestic strength wastewater means wastewater with concentrations of BOD no greater than 190 mg/l, suspended solids no greater than 240 mg/l, and phosphorus no greater than eight mg/l.

Operation and maintenance costs means all costs associated with the operation and maintenance of the wastewater collection and treatment facilities, as well as the costs associated with periodic equipment replacement necessary for maintaining capacity and performance of wastewater collection and treatment facilities.

Parts per million means a weight-to-weight ratio. The parts per million value multiplied by the factor 8.34 shall be equivalent to pounds per million gallons of water.

Person means persons, including any individual, firm, company, city, or private corporation, association, society, institution, enterprise, governmental agency, or other entity.

pH means the reciprocal of the logarithm of the hydrogen-concentration. The concentration is the weight of hydrogen-ions, in grams, per liter of solution. Neutral water, for example, has a pH value of 7.0 and a hydrogen-ion concentration of ten to seven.

Public sewer means any publicly owned sewer, storm drain, sanitary sewer, or combined sewer.

Replacement costs means expenditures for obtaining and installing equipment, accessories, or appurtenances which are necessary during the service life of the wastewater treatment facility to maintain the service life of the wastewater treatment facility to maintain the capacity and performance for which such facilities were designed and constructed. Operation and maintenance costs include replacement costs.

Sanitary sewage means a combination of liquid and water-carried wastes discharged from toilets and sanitary plumbing facilities, together with such groundwaters, surface waters, and stormwaters as may be present.

Sanitary sewer means a sewer that carries liquid and water-carried wastes from residences, commercial buildings, industrial plants, and institutions, together with minor quantities of groundwaters, stormwaters, and surface waters that are not admitted intentionally.

Segregated domestic wastes means wastes from residential sources resulting from normal domestic activities which are measurable and set apart from industrial, trade, cooling water, and process discharge wastes.

Sewage means the spent water of a community. See Wastewater.

Sewer means a pipe or conduit that carries wastewater or drainage water.

Shall; may. The term "shall" is mandatory; the term "may" is permissible.

Slug means any discharge of water or wastewater which, in concentration of any given constituent or in quantity of flow, exceeds for any period of duration longer than 15 minutes, more than five times the average 24-hour concentration of flows during normal operation, and shall adversely affect the system and performance of the wastewater treatment works.

Standard methods means the examination and analytical procedures set forth in the most recent edition of Standard Methods for the Examination of Water, Sewage, and Industrial Wastes, published jointly by the American Public Health Association, the American Water Works Association, and the Federation of Sewage and Industrial Wastes Association.

Storm drain or storm sewer means a drain or sewer for conveying water, groundwater, subsurface water, or unpolluted water from any source.

Stormwater runoff means that portion of the rainfall that is drained into the sewers.

Suspended solids means solids that either float on the surface of, or are in suspension in, water, wastewater, or other liquids and that are removable by laboratory filtering as prescribed in the standard methods, and are referred to as nonfilterable residue.

Unpolluted water means water of quality equal to or better than the effluent criteria in effect, or water that would not cause violation of receiving water quality standards and would not be benefitted by discharge to the sanitary sewers and wastewater treatment facilities provided.

User charge means a charge levied on users of the wastewater collection and treatment facilities for payment of operation and maintenance costs of the facilities.

Wastewater means the spent water of a community. From the standpoint of source, wastewater may be a combination of the liquid and water-carried wastes from residences, commercial buildings, industrial plants, and institutions, together with any groundwater, surface water, and stormwater that may be present.

Wastewater collection facilities or system means the district and city wastewater collection facilities.

Wastewater treatment facility means an arrangement of devices and structures for treating wastewater, industrial wastes, and sludge. The term "wastewater treatment facility" is sometimes used as synonymous with waste treatment.

Watercourse means a natural or artificial channel for the passage of water, either continuously or intermittently.

Wisconsin Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (WPDES) permit means a document issued by the department of natural resources which establishes effluent limitations and monitoring requirements for the district's wastewater treatment facility. WPDES Permit No. WI-0031232-2 and modifications thereof pertain to the district's wastewater treatment facility.

2. *Use of the public sewers*.

- a. *Sanitary sewers*. No person shall discharge or cause to be discharged any unpolluted wastes, such as stormwater, groundwater, roof runoff, subsurface drainage, or cooling water, to any sanitary sewer. Stormwater runoff from limited areas, which may be polluted at times, may be discharged to the sanitary sewers by permission of the district approving authority.
- b. *Storm sewers*. Stormwater, other than that exempted under subsection (2)(a) of this section, and all other unpolluted drainage, shall be discharged to such sewers as are specifically designated as combined sewers or storm sewers, or to a natural outlet approved by the district approving authority and other regulatory agencies. Unpolluted industrial cooling water or process waters may be discharged on approval of the district approving authority to a storm sewer, combined sewer, or natural outlet.
- c. *Prohibitions and limitations*. Except as provided in this subsection, no person shall discharge or cause to be discharged any of the following prescribed waters or wastes to any public sewer:
 - (1) Any gasoline, benzene, naphtha, fuel oil, or other flammable or explosive liquid, solid, or gas.
 - (2) Any waters or wastes containing toxic or poisonous solids, liquids, or gases in sufficient quantity, either singly or by interaction with other

- wastes, to injure or interfere with any waste treatment process, constitute a hazard to humans or animals, or create a public nuisance in the receiving waters of the wastewater treatment facility.
- (3) Any waters or wastes having a pH lower than 5.5 or having any other corrosive property capable of causing damage or hazard to structures, equipment, and personnel of the wastewater collection and treatment facilities.
- (4) Any waters or wastes having a pH in excess of 9.0.
- (5) Solid or viscous substances in quantities or of such size capable of causing obstruction to the flow in public sewers or other interference with the proper operation of the wastewater collection and treatment facilities, such as, but not limited to, ashes, cinders, sand, mud, straw, shavings, metal, glass, rags, feathers, tar, plastics, wood, unground garbage, whole blood, paunch manure, hair and fleshings, entrails, and paper dishes, cups, milk containers, etc., either whole or ground by garbage grinders.
- (6) The following described substances, materials, waters, or wastes shall be limited in discharges to city sanitary sewer systems to concentrations or quantities which will not harm either the sanitary sewers, wastewater treatment process, or equipment; will not have an adverse effect on the receiving stream; or will not otherwise endanger lives, limb, or public property, or constitute a nuisance. The district approving authority may set limitations lower than the limitations established in this section if, in his opinion, more severe limitations are necessary to meet the objectives of this section. In forming his opinion as to the acceptability, the district approving authority will give consideration to such factors as the quantity of subject waste in relation to flows and velocities in the sewers, materials of construction of the sanitary sewers, the wastewater treatment process employed, capacity of the waste in the wastewater treatment facility, and other pertinent factors. The limitations or restrictions on materials or characteristics of waste or wastewater discharged to the sanitary sewers which shall not be violated without approval of the district approving authority are as follows:
 - (A) Wastewater having a temperature higher than 150 degrees Fahrenheit (65 degrees Celsius).
 - (B) Wastewater containing more than 25 mg/l of petroleum oil, nonbiodegradable cutting oils, or products of mineral oil origin.
 - (C) Wastewater from industrial plants containing floatable oils, fat, or grease.
 - (D) Any garbage that has not been properly shredded. Garbage grinders may be connected to sanitary sewers from homes, hotels, institutions, restaurants, hospitals, catering establishments, or similar places where garbage originates

- from the preparation of food in kitchens for the purpose of consumption on the premises or when served by caterers.
- (E) Any waters or wastes containing iron, chromium, copper, zinc, and similar objectionable or toxic substances to such degree that any such material received in the composite wastewater at the wastewater treatment facility exceeds the limits established by the district approving authority for such materials.
- (F) Any waters or wastes containing odor-producing substances exceeding limits which may be established by the district approving authority.
- (G) Any radioactive wastes or isotopes of such half-life or concentration as may exceed limits established by the district approving authority in compliance with applicable state or federal regulations.
- (H) Quantities of flow, concentrations or both which constitute slug, as defined in subsection (1) of this section.
- (I) Any waters or wastes containing substances which are not amenable to treatment or reduction by the wastewater treatment processes employed, or are amenable to treatment only to such degree that the wastewater treatment facility effluent cannot meet the requirements of other agencies having jurisdiction over discharge to the receiving waters.
- (J) Any water or wastes which, by interaction with other water or wastes in the sanitary sewer system, release obnoxious gases, form suspended solids which interfere with the collection system, or create a condition deleterious to structures and treatment processes.
- (K) Materials which exert or cause:
 - (a) Unusual BOD, chemical oxygen demand, or chlorine requirements in such quantities as to constitute a significant load on the wastewater treatment facility.
 - (b) Unusual volume of flow or concentration of wastes constituting slugs.
 - (c) Unusual concentrations of inert suspended solids, such as, but not limited to, fuller's earth, lime slurries, and lime residues, or of dissolved solids, such as, but not limited to, sodium sulfate.
 - (d) Excessive discoloration, such as, but not limited to, dye wastes and vegetable tanning solutions.
- (7) The city shall comply with all the appropriate requirements of the district's WPDES Permit No. WI-0031232-2 and of all modifications thereof. No discharge shall be allowed into the sanitary sewers that is in violation of the requirements of the WPDES permit and the

modifications thereof.

- d. *Special arrangements*. No statement contained in this section shall be construed as prohibiting any special agreement between the district approving authority and any person whereby an industrial waste of unusual strength or character may be admitted to the wastewater collection and treatment facilities, either before or after pretreatment, provided that there is no impairment of the functioning of the wastewater collection and treatment facilities by reason of the admission of such wastes, and no extra costs are incurred by the district or city without recompense by the person, provided, further, that all rates and provisions set forth in this section are recognized and adhered to.
- e. *New connections*. New connections to the city's sanitary sewer system will be allowed only if there is available capacity in all of the downstream wastewater collection and treatment facilities.
- 3. Control of industrial wastes directed to public sewers.
 - a. *Submission of basic data*. Within three months after passage of the rules and regulations of the district, each person who discharges industrial wastes to a public sewer shall prepare and file with the district approving authority a report that shall include pertinent data relating to the quantity and characteristics of the wastes discharged to the wastewater collection and treatment facilities. This data shall be subsequently provided annually at a time specified by the district approving authority. The following forms or the information needed to complete them will be accepted:
 - (1) Annual NR Effluent Reporting Form.
 - (2) Form 3400-28 Industrial Waste Contribution to Municipal System. Similarly, each person desiring to make a new connection to a public sewer for the purpose of discharging industrial wastes shall prepare and file with the district approving authority a report that shall include actual or predicted data relating to the quantity and characteristics of the waste to be discharged. The above shall comply with the WPDES Permit No. WI-0031232-2.
 - b. *Extension of time*. When it can be demonstrated that circumstances exist which would create an unreasonable burden on the person to comply with the time schedule imposed by subsection (3)(a) of this section, a request for extension of time may be presented to the district approving authority for consideration.
 - c. *Industrial discharges*. If any waters or wastes are discharged or are proposed to be discharged to the public sewers, which waters or wastes contain substances or possess the characteristics enumerated in subsection (2) of this section and which, in the judgment of the district approving authority, have a deleterious effect upon the sewage works, processes, equipment, or receiving waters, or which otherwise create a hazard to life, health, or constitute a public nuisance, the district approving authority may:
 - (1) Reject the wastes;
 - (2) Require pretreatment to an acceptable condition for discharge to the public sewers;

- (3) Require control over the quantities and rates of discharge; or
- (4) Require payment to cover the added cost of handling and treating the wastes not covered by existing taxes or sewer charges under the provisions of subsection (2)(d) of this section.

d. Control manholes.

- (1) Each person discharging industrial wastes into a public sewer shall construct and maintain one or more control manholes or access points to facilitate observation, measurement, and sampling of his wastes, including domestic sewage.
- (2) Control manholes or access facilities shall be located and built in a manner acceptable to the district approving authority. If measuring devices are to be permanently installed, they shall be of a type acceptable to the district approving authority.
- (3) Control manholes, access facilities, and related equipment shall be installed by the person discharging the waste, at his expense, and shall be maintained by him so as to be in safe condition, accessible, and in proper operating condition at all times. plans for installation of the control manholes or access facilities and related equipment shall be approved by the district approving authority prior to the beginning of construction.
- e. *Measurement of flow*. The volume of flow used for computing industrial waste collection and treatment charges shall be the metered water consumption of the person as shown in the records of meter readings maintained by the water utility except as noted in subsections (f) and (g) of this section.
- f. *Provision of deductions*. In the event that a person discharging industrial waste into the sanitary sewers produces evidence satisfactory to the district approving authority that more than 20 percent of the total annual volume of water used for all purposes does not reach the sanitary sewer, then the determination of the water consumption to be used in computing the waste volume discharged into the sanitary sewer may be made a matter of agreement between the district approving authority and the person.
- g. Metering of waste. Devices for measuring the volume of waste discharged may be required by the district approving authority if this volume cannot otherwise be determined from the metered water consumption records. Metering devices for determining the volume of waste shall be installed, owned, and maintained by the person. Following approval and installation, such meters may not be removed without the consent of the district approving authority.

h. Waste sampling.

- (1) Industrial wastes discharged into the public sewers shall be subject to periodic inspection and a determination of character and concentration of the wastes. The determination shall be made by the industry as often as may be deemed necessary by the district approving authority.
- (2) Samples shall be collected in such a manner as to be representative of the composition of the wastes. The sampling may be accomplished

- either manually or by the use of mechanical equipment acceptable to the district approving authority.
- (3) Installation, operation, and maintenance of the sampling facilities shall be the responsibility of the person discharging the waste and shall be subject to the approval of the district approving authority. Access to sampling locations shall be granted to the district approving authority or its duly authorized representative at all times. Every care shall be exercised in the collection of samples to ensure their preservation in a state comparable to that at the time the sample was taken.
- i. *Pretreatment*. Where required, in the opinion of the district approving authority, to modify or eliminate wastes that are harmful to the structures, processes, or operation of the wastewater treatment works, the person shall provide, at his expense, such preliminary treatment or processing facilities as may be determined necessary to render his wastes acceptable for admission to the sanitary sewers.
- j. *Grease, oil and sand interceptors*. Grease, oil, and sand interceptors shall be provided when, in the opinion of the district approving authority, they are necessary for the proper handling of liquid wastes containing floatable grease in excessive amounts, as specified in subsection (2)(c)6.c of this section, or any flammable wastes, sand, or other harmful ingredients, except that such interceptors shall not be required for private living quarters or dwelling units. All interceptors shall be of a type and capacity approved by the district approving authority and shall be located as to be readily and easily accessible for cleaning and inspection. In maintaining these interceptors, the owner shall be responsible for the proper removal and disposal by appropriate means of the captured material and shall maintain records of the dates and means of disposal which are subject to review by the district approving authority. Disposal of the collected materials performed by the owner's personnel or currently licensed waste disposal firms must be in accordance with currently acceptable department of natural resources practice.

k. Analyses.

- (1) All measurements, tests, and analyses of the characteristics of waters and wastes to which reference is made in this section shall be determined in accordance with the latest edition of "Standard Methods of Examination of Water and Wastewater," published by the American Public Health Association, and with 40 CFR 136, "Guidelines Establishing Test Procedures for Analysis of Pollutants." Sampling methods, location, time, durations, and frequencies are to be determined on an individual basis subject to approval by the district approving authority.
- (2) Determination of the character and concentration of the industrial wastes shall be made by the person discharging them, or his agent, as designated and required by the district approving authority. The district approval authority may also make its own analyses on the

wastes and these determinations shall be binding as a basis for user charges and industrial cost recovery charges.

(A) Submission of information. Plans, specifications, and any other pertinent information relative to proposed flow equalization, pretreatment, or processing facilities shall be submitted for review of the district approving authority prior to the start of construction if the effluent from such facilities is to be discharged into the public sewers.

4. Basis for sewer user charges.

- a. Sewer users served by water utility water meters. There is hereby levied and assessed upon each lot, parcel of land, building, or premises having a connection with the wastewater system and being served with water solely by the water utility, a wastewater treatment service charge based, in part, on the quantity of water used, as measured by the water utility water meter used upon the premises.
- b. Sewer users served by private wells. If any person discharging sewer into the public sanitary sewer system procures any part or all of his water from sources other than the water utility, all or part of which is discharged into the public sanitary sewer system, the person shall either:
 - (1) Have water meters installed by the water utility at his expense for the purpose of determining the volume of water obtained from these sources; or
 - (2) Be charged a flat user charge. This flat charge will be determined by computing the average monthly residential user charge.

The water meters shall be furnished by the water utility and installed under its supervision, all costs being at the expense of the person requiring the meter. The water utility will charge, for each meter, a rental charge set by the water utility to compensate for the cost of furnishing and servicing the meter. Requests for a second meter or metered service must be made in writing to the district.

5. Amount of user charges.

- a. *Category A*. Normal domestic wastewater having concentrations of BOD no greater than 250 mg/l, suspended solids no greater than 300 mg/l, and phosphorus no greater than eight mg/l. The user charge for Category A wastewater is as follows:
 - Volume charge: effective January 1, 2016, \$7.00 per 100 cubic feet shall be designated for sanitary sewer utility services.
- b. *Category B*. Wastewater having concentrations of BOD greater than 250 mg/l, suspended solids greater than 300 mg/l, or phosphorous greater than 8 mg/l. The minimum category B charge will be based on a concentration of not less than 250 mg/l for BOD, 300 mg/l for suspended solids, and eight mg/l for phosphorus. The user charge for category B wastewater is as follows:

Volume charge: effective January 1, 2016, \$7.00 per 100 cubic feet shall be

designated for sanitary sewer utility services.

Surcharge:

BOD	Greater than 250 mg/l	\$0.309 per lb
Suspended solids	Greater than 300 mg/l	\$0.325 per lb
Phosphorus	Greater than 8 mg/l	\$6.577 per lb
Ammonia-N	Greater than 0 mg/l	\$0.913 per lb
Chlorides	Greater than 0 mg/l	\$0.004 per lb

The category B user charges for volume, BOD, suspended solids, and phosphorus shall be computed in accordance with the formula below:

$$C = F + (V \times C_{V}) + 0.00624V[(B \times C_{B}) + (S \times C_{S}) + (P \times C_{P}) + (A \times C_{A}) + (Cl \times C_{C})]$$

Where:

С	Charge to sewer user for collection and treatment of wastewater
F	Fixed charge per billing period
В	Concentration of BOD in mg/l in the wastewater (concentration minus 250 mg/l equals B)
S	Concentration of suspended solids in mg/l in the wastewater (concentration minus 300 mg/l equals S)
P	Concentration of phosphorus in mg/l of wastewater (concentration minus 8 mg/l equals P)
A	Concentration of ammonia-N in mg/l of wastewater (concentration minus 0 mg/l equals A
CI	Concentration of chlorides in mg/l of wastewater (concentration minus 0 mg/l equals CL
V	Wastewater volume in 100 cubic feet for the billing period
C_{V}	Cost per 100 cubic feet
C_{B}	Cost per pound of BOD
C_{S}	Cost per pound of suspended solids
$C_{\mathbf{P}}$	Cost per pound of phosphorus
C_{A}	Cost per pound of ammonia-N
$C_{\mathbb{C}}$	Cost per pound of chlorides
0.00 624	Conversion factor

- c. Reassignment of sewer users. The district approving authority will reassign sewer users into appropriate user charge categories if wastewater sampling programs and other related information indicate a change of categories is necessary.
- d. *Replacement fund account*. The annual replacement revenues shall be maintained in a separate account by the district to be used solely for the purpose of purchasing replacement parts and equipment. Funds may be

withdrawn from this account for the authorized use only with the approval of the district approving authority.

- e. Disposal of septic tank sludge and holding tank sewage.
 - (1) No person in the business of gathering and disposing of septic tank sludge or holding tank sewage shall transfer such material into any disposal area or public sewer unless a permit for disposal has been first obtained from the district approving authority. Written application for the permit shall be made to the district approving authority and shall state the name and address of the applicant, the number of its disposal units and the make, model, and license number of each unit. Permits shall be nontransferable except in the case of replacement of the disposal unit for which a permit shall have been originally issued. The permit may be obtained upon payment of a fee of \$25.00 per calendar year. The time and place of disposal will be designated by the district approving authority.
 - (2) The district approving authority may impose such conditions as it deems necessary on any permit granted.
 - (3) Any person disposing of septic tank sludge or holding tank sewage agrees to carry public liability insurance in an amount not less than \$100,000.00 to protect any and all persons or property from injury and damage caused in any way or manner by an act, or the failure to act, by any of his employees. The person shall furnish a certificate certifying such insurance to be in full force and effect.
 - (4) All materials disposed of into the treatment system shall be of domestic origin, or compatible pollutants only, and the person so disposing agrees that he will comply with the provisions of any applicable ordinances of the city and shall not deposit or drain any gasoline, oil, acid, alkali, grease, rags, waste, volatile, or inflammable liquids, or other deleterious substances into any manhole, nor allow any earth, sand, or other solid material to pass into any part of the sewerage system.
 - (5) Persons with a permit for disposing of septic tank sludge or holding tank sewage into the wastewater collection and treatment facilities shall be charged at the rate established by the district and currently in effect.
 - (6) Payments for disposal of septic tank sludge or holding tank sewage shall be made to the district at P.O. Box 187, Kaukauna, Wisconsin. If the material is disposed of into one of the city's sanitary sewers, the district shall credit the city for the full amount of the disposal charge.
 - (7) The person disposing waste agrees to indemnify and hold harmless the city and district from any and all liability and claims for damages arising out of or resulting from work and labor performed.
- f. *Minimum monthly fee*. A minimum monthly sewer user fee of \$3.00 per month per initial meter or sewer customer shall be charged in addition to the

- fees as provided in this section.
- g. Maximum sewer user fee for the summer months. During the summer months of May through September, the maximum sewer user fee charged to residential customers during any month shall not exceed 120 percent of the average sewer user fee charged to the residence if occupied during the preceding winter months of October through April. If a user is in a new residence which does not have seven previous winter months user fees for averaging purposes, the user's winter average will be based on a citywide average established by the city utilities.

6. Reserved.

7. Billing practice.

- a. *Calculation of user charges*. User charges assessed to city sewer users shall be computed by the city according to the rates and formulas presented in subsection (5) of this section.
- b. *User charge billing period*. User charges shall be billed by the city to the sewer users on a monthly basis.
- c. *Payment of user charges*. Persons billed by the city for user charges shall pay such charges within 20 days after the billing date at the water department.
- d. *Penalty*. Such user charges levied by the city against the sewer users in accordance with this section shall be a debt due the city and shall be a lien upon the property. If this debt is not paid within 20 days after its due date, a three percent penalty shall be added thereto. In addition, the debt shall be deemed delinquent and may be placed on the next year's tax roll and be collected as other taxes are collected. Change of ownership or occupancy of premises found delinquent shall not be cause for reducing or eliminating this penalty.

8. Right of entry, safety, and identification.

- a. *Right of entry*. The district and municipal approving authorities or other duly authorized employees of the district and municipality, bearing proper credentials and identification, shall be permitted to enter all properties for the purpose of inspection, observation, or testing, all in accordance with the provisions of this section and Wis. Stats. § 200.11. The district and municipal approving authorities, or other duly authorized employees of the district and municipality, shall have no authority to inquire into any process beyond that point having a direct bearing on the kind and source of discharge to the sewers, waterways, or wastewater treatment facilities.
- b. *Safety*. While performing the necessary work on private premises referred to in subsection (8)(a) of this section, the duly authorized district and municipal employees shall observe all safety rules applicable to the premises established by the person, and the district or municipality shall indemnify the person against loss or damage for personal injury or property damage asserted against the person and growing out of gauging and sampling operation, and indemnify the person against loss or damage to its property by district or municipal employees, except as such may be caused by negligence or failure

- of the person to maintain safe conditions as required in subsection (3)(d) of this section.
- c. *Identification, right to enter easements*. The district and municipal approving authorities or other duly authorized employees of the district and municipality, bearing proper credentials and identification, shall be permitted to enter all private properties through which the district or the municipality holds a duly negotiated easement for the purpose of, but not limited to, inspection, observation, measurement, sampling, repair, and maintenance of any portion of the sewage works lying within the easement, all subject to the terms, if any, of this duly negotiated easement.
- 9. Sanitary sewer construction and sanitary sewer reconstruction.
 - a. *Purpose*. The city is undertaking the systematic reconstruction of the public sewer system lying within the corporate limits. Metering records taken by the Heart of the Valley Metropolitan Sewage District at the downstream end of the city's system indicate the presence of an abnormal amount of clear water entering into the sanitary sewer system. The presence of this clear water reduces available capacity to all system users and causes system overloads that are manifested in reduced treatment plant capacity, environmental degradation, and the potential for flooded basements, all of which are detrimental to the citizens of the community. The city recognizes that its public sewer system has a finite life, and in many cases has exceeded the useful life of the system. The city also recognizes that private building sewers possess many of the same characteristics as the public sewer system.
 - b. *Work must be authorized*. No person shall uncover, make any connections with or opening into, use, alter, or disturb the sanitary sewer appurtenance thereof without first obtaining a written permit from the building inspector and, if any work will occur in the street right-of-way, a permit from the city engineer as provided in section 8.06(1).
 - c. Cost of sewer connection. All costs and expenses incident to the installation and connection of the building sewer shall be borne by the property owner. The property owner, or property owner's representative shall indemnify the city for any loss or damage that may, directly or indirectly, be sustained by the city or third parties by installation of the building sewer. The original installation of the sanitary sewer mains and lateral connections by contractors hired by the city are paid for by special assessment. Reconstruction of sanitary sewer mains is paid by the city. All costs of repairs or reconstruction of private building sewers and of establishment of a new connection to an existing public sewer are the responsibility of the property owner. The property owner shall restore all public property disturbed in the course of work in a manner satisfactory to the city engineer.
 - d. *New construction inspection*. No connection with any sewer main or any part thereof shall be covered until the same has been inspected by the plumbing inspector or some other person authorized to make such inspection by the city. Before any such connection shall be covered, the person making the inspection on behalf of the city shall endorse the approval of the same upon

- the permit. No connection shall be made to any sewer main except through a "Y" branch unless especially authorized by the plumbing inspector. Connections to the sewer mains shall be four inches in diameter unless otherwise permitted or required by the plumbing inspector.
- e. *Use of old building sewers*. In areas which are undergoing sanitary sewer reconstruction, old building sewers are deemed deficient unless otherwise established by qualified testing results provided by the property owner to the plumbing inspector.
- f. *Building sewer grade*. Whenever possible, the building sewer shall be brought to the building at an elevation below the basement floor. In all buildings in which any building drain is too low to permit gravity flow to the public sewer, sanitary sewage shall be lifted by an approved means and discharged to the building sewer.
- g. Stormwater and groundwater drain prohibition.
 - (1) No person shall discharge, or cause to be discharged, into any sanitary sewer any stormwater, surface water, groundwater, roof run-off, subsurface drainage, or uncontaminated cooling waters. All stormwater, surface water, groundwater, roof run-off, subsurface drainage, uncontaminated cooling water, and all other unpolluted drainage and clear water shall be discharged into such sewers as are designated as storm sewers wherever reasonably available; provided, further, that if no storm sewer is available, in no event shall any of such waters be discharged into any sanitary sewer.
 - (2) All sump pumps installed for the purpose of discharging clear waters from foundation drains, basement drains and ground infiltration shall discharge into a storm sewer wherever available or, if no storm sewer is available, shall discharge into an underground conduit leading to a drainage ditch, gutter, drywell or onto the ground at a point which is not less than three feet from the building and is above permanent grade. No sump pump discharge to grade shall be allowed to flow on or across a public sidewalk or onto adjoining properties, except within a stormwater easement.
 - (3) In carrying out the provisions of this section, the city engineer or the plumbing inspector or his designated representatives shall have authority to enter upon private premises at reasonable times to determine whether any of the water drainage described in this subsection (g) exists thereon and whether such drainage complies with the provisions of this section. In carrying out this authority, the city engineer, plumbing inspector or other authorized department employee shall comply with the provisions of Wis. Stats. § 66.0119, if applicable.
 - (4) Presumptive violations. It shall be rebuttably presumed that clear water is being discharged into the sanitary sewer if:
 - (A) Existing sump pumps or other means of clear water discharge are, or can be readily connected to drains, pipes, or other

- mechanisms of discharge which are connected to the sanitary sewer drain serving the premises.
- (B) After due notice and request to the owner for inspection access, as provided in subsection (9)(g)3 of this section, the request is ignored or denied by the property owner.
- (5) Sump pump discharge to grade shall be directed to flow to the backyard in all cases commencing November 15 and continuing until April 15 of each year.
- (6) Where existing drain tile is not in compliance with Wis. Admin. Code § SPS 321.17(e), such tile shall be brought into compliance with the requirements of Wis. Admin. Code § SPS 321.17(e).
- h. *Conformance to plumbing codes*. The connection of the building sewer into the sanitary sewer shall conform to the requirements of the city or the procedures set forth in appropriate specifications of the latest edition of the state plumbing codes. All such connections shall be made gastight and watertight. Any deviation from the prescribed procedures and materials must be approved by the plumbing inspector before installation.
- i. System reconstruction.
 - (1) *Inspection required*. The city engineer or plumbing inspector shall inspect all private connections to the public mains at the time that the public system is to be reconstructed:
 - (A) Any existing private sewer lateral not meeting the requirements of this section shall be considered illegal.
 - (B) Prior to the actual reconstruction of the sanitary sewer system, each property owner shall be given written notice of the project. Such notice shall be made not less than 30 days prior to commencement of the actual work.
 - (C) As the reconstruction progresses, the city engineer or plumbing inspector shall inspect each private sewer connection for conformance with this section or, in the event inspection has been made previously, determine the condition of the private sewer connection from inspection records.
 - (D) In the event that the private system meets the requirements of this section, the city shall reconnect the private system to the public system at an appropriate point near the right-of-way line.
 - (E) In the event that the private sewer is found not to meet the requirements of this section, the city engineer or plumbing inspector shall immediately notify the owner, in writing, of the determined deficiencies.
 - (2) *Owner to correct deficiencies*. The owner shall, at the owner's expense, make the necessary repairs to correct the deficiencies. In all cases, the city shall supply an appropriate connection point as part of its work. The owner may elect to:
 - (A) Contract with a licensed contractor to complete the repair. All

work needed to accomplish the repair shall be done at the expense of the owner. Within 30 days of the giving of notice of deficiency under subsection (9)(i)1.e of this section, proof of arrangements for repair shall be provided to the city engineer or building inspector and within 30 days of the giving of notice the repairs shall be completed.

- (B) Have the city contractors, if available, complete the repair.
 - (a) The city may, as part of any project, request unit bid prices for the calculation of the cost of making appropriate repair to the private building sewers.
 - (b) If available, and should the owner select this option, the owner will be charged the entire cost of making the repair. The owner may elect to pay the entire amount upon completion of the work, or the owner may request to be billed in ten annual installments or less plus interest as provided in section 8.03(2)(i).
- j. System requirements; new construction and system reconstruction.
 - (1) *Minimum standards*. All sanitary sewer mains and laterals, both public and private, shall be constructed and maintained in such a fashion that the effects of clear water on the system are held to an absolute minimum.
 - (2) *Code compliance*. All work, construction techniques, and materials incorporated into the project shall be in strict conformance with state and local codes and the "Standard Specifications for Sewer and Water Construction in Wisconsin," (current edition).
 - (3) *Defects requiring repair*. Repairs to sanitary sewer laterals are required when any of the following are discovered:
 - (A) Any visible leak.
 - (B) Open, improperly formed, or root-intruded joints.
 - (C) Use of improper materials, such as clay, transite, Orangeburg pipe or similar materials.
 - (D) Improper connections, such as a palmer valve.
- k. Required clear water inspections of residential properties.
 - (1) No person shall sell, transfer or convey ownership of any one- or two-family residential building that is serviced by sanitary sewer until such time as a clear water inspection has been made and compliance approved by the building inspection department as provided in this section. Changing ownership or accepting change of ownership without such an inspection shall constitute a violation of this section and shall be subject to penalties as set forth in section 13.10. Transfers exempt from payment of a state real estate transfer fee by Wis. Stats. § 77.25 are exempt from this inspection.
 - (2) The building inspection department shall, upon request, conduct an inspection of the premises to determine compliance with the

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- provisions of this section as they relate to illegal surface water and groundwater connections into the sanitary sewer system. Such inspections shall occur prior to the sale, transfer or conveyance of title of any such building.
- (3) A notice of noncompliance shall be issued by the building inspection department to the owner of record of any residential building to be found not in compliance with the provisions of this section. This notice shall set forth areas of noncompliance and shall order the owner to bring the building into compliance within an established period of time.
- (4) In order to avoid delay or prevent sale of a property affected by this section, a buyer or transferee may file with the building inspection department evidence of a contract or accepted bid for work which, when completed, will bring the property into compliance with this section, along with evidence that adequate funds have been escrowed to complete the work. Compliance shall be met within the time limits set forth in subsection (9)k.3 of this section. Also, a stipulation signed by the buyer or transferee shall be filed agreeing to bring the property into compliance with this section within the applicable time limits. The evidence and stipulation may only be filed after the inspection provided in subsection (9)k.2 of this section, is made. Failure by the buyer or transferee to bring the property into compliance within the applicable compliance period shall constitute a violation of this section and shall subject the buyer or transferee to the penalties as set forth in section 13.10.
- (5) An inspection finding compliance only indicates that, so far as can be reasonably determined by visual inspection of the premises and review of city records, the premises meets the requirements of this section. Neither the city nor its inspectors assume any liability in the inspection findings, whether compliant or not, and there is no guarantee or warranty of the condition of the premises inspected.
- (6) The city will not be liable for any unsafe or unsanitary condition that may exist in any building that is being inspected for clear water compliance. However, if such conditions exist and are noticed by an inspector, orders to correct such conditions may be issued pursuant to applicable chapters of this Code.
- 10. Violations, abatement procedures, and penalties.
 - a. *Violations*. Violation of any provision of this section or any other rule or order lawfully promulgated by the city council shall be deemed a public nuisance.
 - b. *Enforcement*. The municipal approving authority shall enforce those provisions of this section that come within the jurisdiction of his office, and he shall make periodic inspections and inspections upon complaint to ensure that such provisions are not violated. No action shall be taken under this section to abate a public nuisance unless the municipal approving authority shall have inspected or caused to be inspected the premises where the nuisance is alleged

- to exist and shall have satisfied himself that a nuisance does in fact exist.
- c. *Summary abatement*. If the municipal approving authority determines that a public nuisance exists within the city and that there is great and immediate danger to the public health, safety, peace, morals, or decency, the municipal approving authority may cause the same to be abated and charge the cost thereof to the owner, occupant, or person causing, permitting, or maintaining the nuisance, as the case may be.
- d. Abatement after notice. If the municipal approving authority determines that a public nuisance exists on private premises but that the nature of such nuisance is not such as to threaten great and immediate danger to the public health, safety, peace, morals, or decency, he shall serve notice on the person causing or maintaining the nuisance to remove the same within ten days. If such nuisance is not removed within ten days, the proper officer shall cause the nuisances to be removed as provided in subsection (10)(c) of this section.
- e. *Violation service charge*. As an alternative to any other methods provided for obtaining compliance with the requirements of this Code regarding repair of deficient laterals, preventing the inflow of clear water into the sanitary sewer system or connecting to available storm sewer laterals, the city engineer may, no sooner than 30 days after the giving of notice as provided in subsection (9) (i)1.e of this section, notify the city finance department to bill, or arrange for billing of, the owner of the property in noncompliance a service charge of \$50.00 per month, pursuant to Wis. Stats. § 66.0821.
- f. *Other methods not excluded*. Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting the abatement of public nuisances by the city or its official in accordance with the laws of the state.
- g. Court order. Except when necessary under subsection (10)(c) of this section, the municipal approving authority shall not use force to obtain access to private property to abate a public nuisance, but shall request permission to enter upon private property if such premises are occupied and, if such permission is denied, shall apply to any court having jurisdiction for an order assisting the abatement of the public nuisance.
- h. Cost of abatement. In addition to any other penalty imposed by this section for the erection, contrivance, creation, continuance, or maintenance of a public nuisance, the cost of abating a public nuisance by the city shall be collected as a debt from the owner, occupant, or person causing, permitting, or maintaining the nuisance, and such cost shall be assessed against the real estate as a special charge.
- i. *Continued violations*. Any person who shall continue any violation beyond the notice time limit provided shall, upon conviction thereof, forfeit not more than \$200.00 together with the costs of prosecution. In default of payment of such forfeiture and costs, the violator shall be imprisoned in the county jail for a period not to exceed 30 days. Each day in which any violation is continued beyond the notice time limit shall be deemed a separate offense.
- j. Liability to city and district for losses.
 - (1) Any person violating any provisions of this section shall become

liable to the city and district for any expense, loss, or damage occasioned by reason of such violation which the city and district may suffer as a result thereof.

- (2) If any violations affect the district wastewater collection and treatment facilities, as well as the municipal sanitary sewer system, the district may penalize the violator independently and concurrently with the city according to the district's rules and regulations.
- (3) The district approving authority must be notified immediately by any person becoming aware of any violations that occur.

11. Appeals; procedures.

- a. Any user, permit applicant, or permit holder affected by any decision, action, or determination, including a cease and desist order, made by the municipal approving authority interpreting or implementing the provisions of this section, or in any permit issued in this section, may file with the municipal approving authority a written request for reconsideration within ten days of the date of such decision, action, or determination, setting forth in detail the facts supporting the user's request for reconsideration. The municipal approving authority shall render a decision on the request for reconsideration to the user, permit applicant, or permit holder in writing within 15 days of receipt of request. If the ruling on the request for reconsideration made by the municipal approving authority is unsatisfactory, the person requesting reconsideration may, within ten days after notification of the action, file a written appeal with the board of public works.
- b. A fee in the amount established by the city council shall accompany any appeal to the board of public works for their ruling. This fee may be refunded if the appeal is sustained in favor of the appellant.
- c. The written appeal shall be heard by the board of public works within 30 days from the date of filing. The board of public works shall make a final ruling on the appeal within 60 days from the date of filing.

12. Validity.

- a. *Superseding previous ordinances*. This section governing sewer use, industrial wastewater discharges, user charges, and sewer connections and construction shall supersede all previous ordinances.
- b. *Amendments*. The city, through its duly authorized officers, reserves the right to amend this section, in part or in whole, whenever it may deem necessary, but such right will be exercised only after due notice to all persons concerned and after proper hearing on the proposed amendment. Notice of the proposed changes and hearing thereon shall be published as a Class 2 notice under Wis. Stats. ch. 985.
- c. Conflict with district's rules and regulations. If any provisions of the rules and regulations of the district are in conflict with this section, the more strict of the two shall control.
- 13. *Annual audit*. The city shall conduct an annual audit, the purpose of which shall be to maintain the proper proportion between users and user classes of the user charge

system, and to ensure that adequate revenues are available to meet the charges assessed to the city by the district. Copies of the city annual audit reports shall be submitted to the district approving authority after the city annual audits have been completed.

(Code 2011, § 13.05; Ord. No. 1680, 10-16-2012; Ord. No. 1705, 12-16-2014; Ord. No. 1723, 12-15-2015; Ord. No. 1784, 3-5-2019)

AFTER AMENDMENT

13.05 Sewer Utility

1. *Definitions*. The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this chapter, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this subsection, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

BOD (biochemical oxygen demand) means the quantity of oxygen utilized in the biochemical oxidation of organic matter in five days at 20 degrees, expressed as mg/l. Quantitative determination of BOD shall be made in accordance with procedures set forth in the standard methods.

Building drain means that part of the lowest horizontal piping of a drainage system which receives the discharge from soil, waste, and other drainage pipes inside the walls of the building and conveys it to the building sewer, beginning five feet (1.5 meters) outside the inner face of the building wall.

Building sewer means the extension from the building drain to the public sewer or other place of disposal, also called a house connection.

Category A means sanitary sewer users who discharge normal domestic wastewater with concentrations of BOD no greater than 190 mg/l, suspended solids no greater than 240 mg/l, and phosphorus no greater than eight mg/l.

Category B means sanitary sewer users who discharge wastewater with concentrations of BOD greater than 190 mg/l, suspended solids greater than 240 mg/l, or phosphorus greater than eight mg/l.

Chlorine requirement means the amount of chlorine, in mg/l, which must be added to sewage to produce a specified residual chlorine content in accordance with procedures set forth in the standard methods.

Combined sewer means a sewer intended to receive both wastewater and stormwater or surface water.

Compatible pollutants means biochemical oxygen demand, suspended solids, phosphorus, pH, or fecal coliform bacteria, plus additional pollutants identified in the

WPDES permit for the publicly owned wastewater treatment facility receiving the pollutants, if such works were designed to treat such additional pollutants, and, in fact, does remove such pollutants to a substantial degree.

District refers to the Heart of the Valley Metropolitan Sewerage District (HOVMSD), a multigovernmental, regional district supervised and regulated by the Heart of the Valley Metropolitan Sewerage Commission.

District approving authority means the district engineer/manager or other authorized representatives of the district.

District wastewater collection facilities or district wastewater collection system means the district interceptor sewer and the metering stations, both of which are owned, operated, and maintained by the HOVMSD.

Easement means an acquired legal right for the specified use of land owned by others.

Floatable oil means oil, fat, or grease in a physical state such that it will separate by gravity from wastewater by treatment in an approved pretreatment facility. Wastewater shall be considered free of floatable oil if it is properly pretreated and the wastewater does not interfere with the collection system.

Garbage means the residue from the preparation, cooking, and dispensing of food, and from the handling, storage, and sale of food products and produce.

Grantee means the district, for those projects in which the district receives federal funding, or the city for those projects in which the city receives federal funding.

Ground garbage means the residue from the preparation, cooking, and dispensing of food that has been shredded to such a degree that all particles will be carried freely in suspension under the flow conditions normally prevailing in public sewers with no particle greater than two inches in any dimension.

Heart of the Valley Metropolitan Sewerage Commission means the sovereign governing body of the Heart of the Valley Metropolitan Sewerage District.

Incompatible pollutants means wastewater with pollutants that will adversely affect or disrupt the quality of wastewater treatment if discharged to a wastewater treatment facility.

Industrial user. Per Federal Register, Vol. 43, No. 188, September 27, 1978, quoted as follows:

a. Any nongovernmental, nonresidential user of a publicly owned treatment works which discharges more than the equivalent of 25,000 gallons per day (gpd) of sanitary wastes and which is identified in the Standard Industrial

Classification Manual, 1972, Office of Management and Budget, as amended and supplemented under one of the following divisions:

Division A	Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	
Division B	Mining	
Division D	Manufacturing	
Division E	Division E Transportation, communications, electric, gas, and sanitary services	
Division I	Services	

b. Discharges in subsection 1 of this definition that have a volume exceeding 25,000 gpd or the weight of biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) or suspended solids (SS) equivalent to that weight found in 25,000 gpd of sanitary waste are considered industrial users. Sanitary wastes, for purposes of this calculation of equivalency, are the wastes discharged from residential users and containing 200 mg/l BOD and 250 mg/l SS.

Industrial waste means wastewater from industrial process, trade, or business as distinct from sanitary sewage.

Major contributing industry means an industry that:

- a. Has a flow of 50,000 gallons or more per average workday;
- b. Has a flow greater than five percent of the flow carried by the wastewater collection and treatment facilities receiving the waste;
- c. Has a material in its discharge included on a list of toxic pollutants issued under Wis. Stats. § 147.07(1); or
- d. Has a significant impact, either singularly or in combination with other contributing industries, on the wastewater treatment facility or the quality of its effluent.

Municipal approving authority means the city engineer or his duly authorized representatives.

Municipality means the city.

Municipal wastewater collection facilities or municipal wastewater collection system means the city sewer systems, structures, equipment, and processes required to collect and carry away wastewater. These city wastewater collection facilities, which are owned, operated, and maintained by the city, extend to the influent point of each of the metering stations.

Natural outlet means any outlet, including storm sewers and combined sewer that

overflows into a watercourse, pond, ditch, lake, or other body of surface water or groundwaters.

Normal domestic strength wastewater means wastewater with concentrations of BOD no greater than 190 mg/l, suspended solids no greater than 240 mg/l, and phosphorus no greater than eight mg/l.

Operation and maintenance costs means all costs associated with the operation and maintenance of the wastewater collection and treatment facilities, as well as the costs associated with periodic equipment replacement necessary for maintaining capacity and performance of wastewater collection and treatment facilities.

Parts per million means a weight-to-weight ratio. The parts per million value multiplied by the factor 8.34 shall be equivalent to pounds per million gallons of water.

Person means persons, including any individual, firm, company, city, or private corporation, association, society, institution, enterprise, governmental agency, or other entity.

pH means the reciprocal of the logarithm of the hydrogen-concentration. The concentration is the weight of hydrogen-ions, in grams, per liter of solution. Neutral water, for example, has a pH value of 7.0 and a hydrogen-ion concentration of ten to seven.

Public sewer means any publicly owned sewer, storm drain, sanitary sewer, or combined sewer.

Replacement costs means expenditures for obtaining and installing equipment, accessories, or appurtenances which are necessary during the service life of the wastewater treatment facility to maintain the service life of the wastewater treatment facility to maintain the capacity and performance for which such facilities were designed and constructed. Operation and maintenance costs include replacement costs.

Sanitary sewage means a combination of liquid and water-carried wastes discharged from toilets and sanitary plumbing facilities, together with such groundwaters, surface waters, and stormwaters as may be present.

Sanitary sewer means a sewer that carries liquid and water-carried wastes from residences, commercial buildings, industrial plants, and institutions, together with minor quantities of groundwaters, stormwaters, and surface waters that are not admitted intentionally.

Segregated domestic wastes means wastes from residential sources resulting from normal domestic activities which are measurable and set apart from industrial, trade, cooling water, and process discharge wastes.

Sewage means the spent water of a community. See Wastewater.

Sewer means a pipe or conduit that carries wastewater or drainage water.

Shall; may. The term "shall" is mandatory; the term "may" is permissible.

Slug means any discharge of water or wastewater which, in concentration of any given constituent or in quantity of flow, exceeds for any period of duration longer than 15 minutes, more than five times the average 24-hour concentration of flows during normal operation, and shall adversely affect the system and performance of the wastewater treatment works.

Standard methods means the examination and analytical procedures set forth in the most recent edition of Standard Methods for the Examination of Water, Sewage, and Industrial Wastes, published jointly by the American Public Health Association, the American Water Works Association, and the Federation of Sewage and Industrial Wastes Association.

Storm drain or storm sewer means a drain or sewer for conveying water, groundwater, subsurface water, or unpolluted water from any source.

Stormwater runoff means that portion of the rainfall that is drained into the sewers.

Suspended solids means solids that either float on the surface of, or are in suspension in, water, wastewater, or other liquids and that are removable by laboratory filtering as prescribed in the standard methods, and are referred to as nonfilterable residue.

Unpolluted water means water of quality equal to or better than the effluent criteria in effect, or water that would not cause violation of receiving water quality standards and would not be benefitted by discharge to the sanitary sewers and wastewater treatment facilities provided.

User charge means a charge levied on users of the wastewater collection and treatment facilities for payment of operation and maintenance costs of the facilities.

Wastewater means the spent water of a community. From the standpoint of source, wastewater may be a combination of the liquid and water-carried wastes from residences, commercial buildings, industrial plants, and institutions, together with any groundwater, surface water, and stormwater that may be present.

Wastewater collection facilities or system means the district and city wastewater collection facilities.

Wastewater treatment facility means an arrangement of devices and structures for

treating wastewater, industrial wastes, and sludge. The term "wastewater treatment facility" is sometimes used as synonymous with waste treatment.

Watercourse means a natural or artificial channel for the passage of water, either continuously or intermittently.

Wisconsin Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (WPDES) permit means a document issued by the department of natural resources which establishes effluent limitations and monitoring requirements for the district's wastewater treatment facility. WPDES Permit No. WI-0031232-2 and modifications thereof pertain to the district's wastewater treatment facility.

- 2. Use of the public sewers.
 - a. Sanitary sewers. No person shall discharge or cause to be discharged any unpolluted wastes, such as stormwater, groundwater, roof runoff, subsurface drainage, or cooling water, to any sanitary sewer. Stormwater runoff from limited areas, which may be polluted at times, may be discharged to the sanitary sewers by permission of the district approving authority.
 - b. *Storm sewers*. Stormwater, other than that exempted under subsection (2)(a) of this section, and all other unpolluted drainage, shall be discharged to such sewers as are specifically designated as combined sewers or storm sewers, or to a natural outlet approved by the district approving authority and other regulatory agencies. Unpolluted industrial cooling water or process waters may be discharged on approval of the district approving authority to a storm sewer, combined sewer, or natural outlet.
 - c. *Prohibitions and limitations*. Except as provided in this subsection, no person shall discharge or cause to be discharged any of the following prescribed waters or wastes to any public sewer:
 - (1) Any gasoline, benzene, naphtha, fuel oil, or other flammable or explosive liquid, solid, or gas.
 - (2) Any waters or wastes containing toxic or poisonous solids, liquids, or gases in sufficient quantity, either singly or by interaction with other wastes, to injure or interfere with any waste treatment process, constitute a hazard to humans or animals, or create a public nuisance in the receiving waters of the wastewater treatment facility.
 - (3) Any waters or wastes having a pH lower than 5.5 or having any other corrosive property capable of causing damage or hazard to structures, equipment, and personnel of the wastewater collection and treatment facilities.
 - (4) Any waters or wastes having a pH in excess of 9.0.
 - (5) Solid or viscous substances in quantities or of such size capable of causing obstruction to the flow in public sewers or other interference with the proper operation of the wastewater collection and treatment facilities, such as, but not limited to, ashes, cinders, sand, mud, straw, shavings, metal, glass, rags, feathers, tar, plastics, wood, unground garbage, whole blood, paunch manure, hair and fleshings, entrails,

- and paper dishes, cups, milk containers, etc., either whole or ground by garbage grinders.
- (6) The following described substances, materials, waters, or wastes shall be limited in discharges to city sanitary sewer systems to concentrations or quantities which will not harm either the sanitary sewers, wastewater treatment process, or equipment; will not have an adverse effect on the receiving stream; or will not otherwise endanger lives, limb, or public property, or constitute a nuisance. The district approving authority may set limitations lower than the limitations established in this section if, in his opinion, more severe limitations are necessary to meet the objectives of this section. In forming his opinion as to the acceptability, the district approving authority will give consideration to such factors as the quantity of subject waste in relation to flows and velocities in the sewers, materials of construction of the sanitary sewers, the wastewater treatment process employed, capacity of the waste in the wastewater treatment facility, and other pertinent factors. The limitations or restrictions on materials or characteristics of waste or wastewater discharged to the sanitary sewers which shall not be violated without approval of the district approving authority are as follows:
 - (A) Wastewater having a temperature higher than 150 degrees Fahrenheit (65 degrees Celsius).
 - (B) Wastewater containing more than 25 mg/l of petroleum oil, nonbiodegradable cutting oils, or products of mineral oil origin.
 - (C) Wastewater from industrial plants containing floatable oils, fat, or grease.
 - (D) Any garbage that has not been properly shredded. Garbage grinders may be connected to sanitary sewers from homes, hotels, institutions, restaurants, hospitals, catering establishments, or similar places where garbage originates from the preparation of food in kitchens for the purpose of consumption on the premises or when served by caterers.
 - (E) Any waters or wastes containing iron, chromium, copper, zinc, and similar objectionable or toxic substances to such degree that any such material received in the composite wastewater at the wastewater treatment facility exceeds the limits established by the district approving authority for such materials.
 - (F) Any waters or wastes containing odor-producing substances exceeding limits which may be established by the district approving authority.
 - (G) Any radioactive wastes or isotopes of such half-life or concentration as may exceed limits established by the district approving authority in compliance with applicable state or

- federal regulations.
- (H) Quantities of flow, concentrations or both which constitute slug, as defined in subsection (1) of this section.
- (I) Any waters or wastes containing substances which are not amenable to treatment or reduction by the wastewater treatment processes employed, or are amenable to treatment only to such degree that the wastewater treatment facility effluent cannot meet the requirements of other agencies having jurisdiction over discharge to the receiving waters.
- (J) Any water or wastes which, by interaction with other water or wastes in the sanitary sewer system, release obnoxious gases, form suspended solids which interfere with the collection system, or create a condition deleterious to structures and treatment processes.
- (K) Materials which exert or cause:
 - (a) Unusual BOD, chemical oxygen demand, or chlorine requirements in such quantities as to constitute a significant load on the wastewater treatment facility.
 - (b) Unusual volume of flow or concentration of wastes constituting slugs.
 - (c) Unusual concentrations of inert suspended solids, such as, but not limited to, fuller's earth, lime slurries, and lime residues, or of dissolved solids, such as, but not limited to, sodium sulfate.
 - (d) Excessive discoloration, such as, but not limited to, dye wastes and vegetable tanning solutions.
- (7) The city shall comply with all the appropriate requirements of the district's WPDES Permit No. WI-0031232-2 and of all modifications thereof. No discharge shall be allowed into the sanitary sewers that is in violation of the requirements of the WPDES permit and the modifications thereof.
- d. Special arrangements. No statement contained in this section shall be construed as prohibiting any special agreement between the district approving authority and any person whereby an industrial waste of unusual strength or character may be admitted to the wastewater collection and treatment facilities, either before or after pretreatment, provided that there is no impairment of the functioning of the wastewater collection and treatment facilities by reason of the admission of such wastes, and no extra costs are incurred by the district or city without recompense by the person, provided, further, that all rates and provisions set forth in this section are recognized and adhered to.
- e. *New connections*. New connections to the city's sanitary sewer system will be allowed only if there is available capacity in all of the downstream wastewater collection and treatment facilities.
- 3. Control of industrial wastes directed to public sewers.
 - a. Submission of basic data. Within three months after passage of the rules and

regulations of the district, each person who discharges industrial wastes to a public sewer shall prepare and file with the district approving authority a report that shall include pertinent data relating to the quantity and characteristics of the wastes discharged to the wastewater collection and treatment facilities. This data shall be subsequently provided annually at a time specified by the district approving authority. The following forms or the information needed to complete them will be accepted:

- (1) Annual NR Effluent Reporting Form.
- (2) Form 3400-28 Industrial Waste Contribution to Municipal System. Similarly, each person desiring to make a new connection to a public sewer for the purpose of discharging industrial wastes shall prepare and file with the district approving authority a report that shall include actual or predicted data relating to the quantity and characteristics of the waste to be discharged. The above shall comply with the WPDES Permit No. WI-0031232-2.
- b. *Extension of time*. When it can be demonstrated that circumstances exist which would create an unreasonable burden on the person to comply with the time schedule imposed by subsection (3)(a) of this section, a request for extension of time may be presented to the district approving authority for consideration.
- c. *Industrial discharges*. If any waters or wastes are discharged or are proposed to be discharged to the public sewers, which waters or wastes contain substances or possess the characteristics enumerated in subsection (2) of this section and which, in the judgment of the district approving authority, have a deleterious effect upon the sewage works, processes, equipment, or receiving waters, or which otherwise create a hazard to life, health, or constitute a public nuisance, the district approving authority may:
 - (1) Reject the wastes;
 - (2) Require pretreatment to an acceptable condition for discharge to the public sewers;
 - (3) Require control over the quantities and rates of discharge; or
 - (4) Require payment to cover the added cost of handling and treating the wastes not covered by existing taxes or sewer charges under the provisions of subsection (2)(d) of this section.

d. Control manholes.

- (1) Each person discharging industrial wastes into a public sewer shall construct and maintain one or more control manholes or access points to facilitate observation, measurement, and sampling of his wastes, including domestic sewage.
- (2) Control manholes or access facilities shall be located and built in a manner acceptable to the district approving authority. If measuring devices are to be permanently installed, they shall be of a type acceptable to the district approving authority.
- (3) Control manholes, access facilities, and related equipment shall be installed by the person discharging the waste, at his expense, and shall be maintained by him so as to be in safe condition, accessible, and in

proper operating condition at all times. plans for installation of the control manholes or access facilities and related equipment shall be approved by the district approving authority prior to the beginning of construction.

- e. *Measurement of flow*. The volume of flow used for computing industrial waste collection and treatment charges shall be the metered water consumption of the person as shown in the records of meter readings maintained by the water utility except as noted in subsections (f) and (g) of this section.
- f. *Provision of deductions*. In the event that a person discharging industrial waste into the sanitary sewers produces evidence satisfactory to the district approving authority that more than 20 percent of the total annual volume of water used for all purposes does not reach the sanitary sewer, then the determination of the water consumption to be used in computing the waste volume discharged into the sanitary sewer may be made a matter of agreement between the district approving authority and the person.
- g. Metering of waste. Devices for measuring the volume of waste discharged may be required by the district approving authority if this volume cannot otherwise be determined from the metered water consumption records. Metering devices for determining the volume of waste shall be installed, owned, and maintained by the person. Following approval and installation, such meters may not be removed without the consent of the district approving authority.

h. Waste sampling.

- (1) Industrial wastes discharged into the public sewers shall be subject to periodic inspection and a determination of character and concentration of the wastes. The determination shall be made by the industry as often as may be deemed necessary by the district approving authority.
- (2) Samples shall be collected in such a manner as to be representative of the composition of the wastes. The sampling may be accomplished either manually or by the use of mechanical equipment acceptable to the district approving authority.
- (3) Installation, operation, and maintenance of the sampling facilities shall be the responsibility of the person discharging the waste and shall be subject to the approval of the district approving authority. Access to sampling locations shall be granted to the district approving authority or its duly authorized representative at all times. Every care shall be exercised in the collection of samples to ensure their preservation in a state comparable to that at the time the sample was taken.
- i. *Pretreatment*. Where required, in the opinion of the district approving authority, to modify or eliminate wastes that are harmful to the structures, processes, or operation of the wastewater treatment works, the person shall provide, at his expense, such preliminary treatment or processing facilities as may be determined necessary to render his wastes acceptable for admission to the sanitary sewers.
- j. Grease, oil and sand interceptors. Grease, oil, and sand interceptors shall be

provided when, in the opinion of the district approving authority, they are necessary for the proper handling of liquid wastes containing floatable grease in excessive amounts, as specified in subsection (2)(c)6.c of this section, or any flammable wastes, sand, or other harmful ingredients, except that such interceptors shall not be required for private living quarters or dwelling units. All interceptors shall be of a type and capacity approved by the district approving authority and shall be located as to be readily and easily accessible for cleaning and inspection. In maintaining these interceptors, the owner shall be responsible for the proper removal and disposal by appropriate means of the captured material and shall maintain records of the dates and means of disposal which are subject to review by the district approving authority. Disposal of the collected materials performed by the owner's personnel or currently licensed waste disposal firms must be in accordance with currently acceptable department of natural resources practice.

k. Analyses.

- (1) All measurements, tests, and analyses of the characteristics of waters and wastes to which reference is made in this section shall be determined in accordance with the latest edition of "Standard Methods of Examination of Water and Wastewater," published by the American Public Health Association, and with 40 CFR 136, "Guidelines Establishing Test Procedures for Analysis of Pollutants." Sampling methods, location, time, durations, and frequencies are to be determined on an individual basis subject to approval by the district approving authority.
- (2) Determination of the character and concentration of the industrial wastes shall be made by the person discharging them, or his agent, as designated and required by the district approving authority. The district approval authority may also make its own analyses on the wastes and these determinations shall be binding as a basis for user charges and industrial cost recovery charges.
 - (A) Submission of information. Plans, specifications, and any other pertinent information relative to proposed flow equalization, pretreatment, or processing facilities shall be submitted for review of the district approving authority prior to the start of construction if the effluent from such facilities is to be discharged into the public sewers.

4. Basis for sewer user charges.

- a. Sewer users served by water utility water meters. There is hereby levied and assessed upon each lot, parcel of land, building, or premises having a connection with the wastewater system and being served with water solely by the water utility, a wastewater treatment service charge based, in part, on the quantity of water used, as measured by the water utility water meter used upon the premises.
- b. Sewer users served by private wells. If any person discharging sewer into the public sanitary sewer system procures any part or all of his water from sources

other than the water utility, all or part of which is discharged into the public sanitary sewer system, the person shall either:

- (1) Have water meters installed by the water utility at his expense for the purpose of determining the volume of water obtained from these sources; or
- (2) Be charged a flat user charge. This flat charge will be determined by computing the average monthly residential user charge.

The water meters shall be furnished by the water utility and installed under its supervision, all costs being at the expense of the person requiring the meter. The water utility will charge, for each meter, a rental charge set by the water utility to compensate for the cost of furnishing and servicing the meter. Requests for a second meter or metered service must be made in writing to the district.

- 5. Amount of user charges.
 - a. *Category A*. Normal domestic wastewater having concentrations of BOD no greater than 250 mg/l, suspended solids no greater than 300 mg/l, and phosphorus no greater than eight mg/l. The user charge for Category A wastewater is as follows:

Volume charge: effective January 1, 201623, \$78.00 per 100 cubic feet shall be designated for sanitary sewer utility services.

b. *Category B*. Wastewater having concentrations of BOD greater than 250 mg/l, suspended solids greater than 300 mg/l, or phosphorous greater than 8 mg/l. The minimum category B charge will be based on a concentration of not less than 250 mg/l for BOD, 300 mg/l for suspended solids, and eight mg/l for phosphorus. The user charge for category B wastewater is as follows:

Volume charge: effective January 1, 201623, \$78.0075 per 100 cubic feet shall be designated for sanitary sewer utility services.

Surcharge:

BOD	Greater than 250 mg/l	\$0.309 per lb
Suspended solids	Greater than 300 mg/l	\$0.325 per lb
Phosphorus	Greater than 8 mg/l	\$6.577 per lb
Ammonia-N	Greater than 0 mg/l	\$0.913 per lb
Chlorides	Greater than 0 mg/l	\$0.004 per lb

The category B user charges for volume, BOD, suspended solids, and phosphorus shall be computed in accordance with the formula below:

$$C = F + (V \times C_V) + 0.00624V[(B \times C_B) + (S \times C_S) + (P \times C_P) + (A \times C_S) + (B \times C_R) +$$

$$_{A})+(C1\times C_{C})]$$

Where:

С	Charge to sewer user for collection and treatment of wastewater
F	Fixed charge per billing period
В	Concentration of BOD in mg/l in the wastewater (concentration minus 250 mg/l equals B)
S	Concentration of suspended solids in mg/l in the wastewater (concentration minus 300 mg/l equals S)
P	Concentration of phosphorus in mg/l of wastewater (concentration minus 8 mg/l equals P)
A	Concentration of ammonia-N in mg/l of wastewater (concentration minus 0 mg/l equals A
CI	Concentration of chlorides in mg/l of wastewater (concentration minus 0 mg/l equals CL
V	Wastewater volume in 100 cubic feet for the billing period
C_{V}	Cost per 100 cubic feet
$C_{\mathbf{B}}$	Cost per pound of BOD
C_{S}	Cost per pound of suspended solids
$C_{\mathbf{P}}$	Cost per pound of phosphorus
C_{A}	Cost per pound of ammonia-N
C_{C}	Cost per pound of chlorides
0.00 624	Conversion factor

- c. Reassignment of sewer users. The district approving authority will reassign sewer users into appropriate user charge categories if wastewater sampling programs and other related information indicate a change of categories is necessary.
- d. *Replacement fund account*. The annual replacement revenues shall be maintained in a separate account by the district to be used solely for the purpose of purchasing replacement parts and equipment. Funds may be withdrawn from this account for the authorized use only with the approval of the district approving authority.
- e. Disposal of septic tank sludge and holding tank sewage.

- (1) No person in the business of gathering and disposing of septic tank sludge or holding tank sewage shall transfer such material into any disposal area or public sewer unless a permit for disposal has been first obtained from the district approving authority. Written application for the permit shall be made to the district approving authority and shall state the name and address of the applicant, the number of its disposal units and the make, model, and license number of each unit. Permits shall be nontransferable except in the case of replacement of the disposal unit for which a permit shall have been originally issued. The permit may be obtained upon payment of a fee of \$25.00 per calendar year. The time and place of disposal will be designated by the district approving authority.
- (2) The district approving authority may impose such conditions as it deems necessary on any permit granted.
- (3) Any person disposing of septic tank sludge or holding tank sewage agrees to carry public liability insurance in an amount not less than \$100,000.00 to protect any and all persons or property from injury and damage caused in any way or manner by an act, or the failure to act, by any of his employees. The person shall furnish a certificate certifying such insurance to be in full force and effect.
- (4) All materials disposed of into the treatment system shall be of domestic origin, or compatible pollutants only, and the person so disposing agrees that he will comply with the provisions of any applicable ordinances of the city and shall not deposit or drain any gasoline, oil, acid, alkali, grease, rags, waste, volatile, or inflammable liquids, or other deleterious substances into any manhole, nor allow any earth, sand, or other solid material to pass into any part of the sewerage system.
- (5) Persons with a permit for disposing of septic tank sludge or holding tank sewage into the wastewater collection and treatment facilities shall be charged at the rate established by the district and currently in effect.
- (6) Payments for disposal of septic tank sludge or holding tank sewage shall be made to the district at P.O. Box 187, Kaukauna, Wisconsin. If the material is disposed of into one of the city's sanitary sewers, the district shall credit the city for the full amount of the disposal charge.
- (7) The person disposing waste agrees to indemnify and hold harmless the city and district from any and all liability and claims for damages arising out of or resulting from work and labor performed.
- f. *Minimum monthly fee*. A minimum monthly sewer user fee of \$3.00 per month per initial meter or sewer customer shall be charged in addition to the fees as provided in this section.
- g. *Maximum sewer user fee for the summer months*. During the summer months of May through September, the maximum sewer user fee charged to

residential customers during any month shall not exceed 120 percent of the average sewer user fee charged to the residence if occupied during the preceding winter months of October through April. If a user is in a new residence which does not have seven previous winter months user fees for averaging purposes, the user's winter average will be based on a citywide average established by the city utilities.

6. Reserved.

7. Billing practice.

- a. *Calculation of user charges*. User charges assessed to city sewer users shall be computed by the city according to the rates and formulas presented in subsection (5) of this section.
- b. *User charge billing period*. User charges shall be billed by the city to the sewer users on a monthly basis.
- c. *Payment of user charges*. Persons billed by the city for user charges shall pay such charges within 20 days after the billing date at the water department.
- d. *Penalty*. Such user charges levied by the city against the sewer users in accordance with this section shall be a debt due the city and shall be a lien upon the property. If this debt is not paid within 20 days after its due date, a three percent penalty shall be added thereto. In addition, the debt shall be deemed delinquent and may be placed on the next year's tax roll and be collected as other taxes are collected. Change of ownership or occupancy of premises found delinquent shall not be cause for reducing or eliminating this penalty.

8. Right of entry, safety, and identification.

- a. *Right of entry*. The district and municipal approving authorities or other duly authorized employees of the district and municipality, bearing proper credentials and identification, shall be permitted to enter all properties for the purpose of inspection, observation, or testing, all in accordance with the provisions of this section and Wis. Stats. § 200.11. The district and municipal approving authorities, or other duly authorized employees of the district and municipality, shall have no authority to inquire into any process beyond that point having a direct bearing on the kind and source of discharge to the sewers, waterways, or wastewater treatment facilities.
- b. *Safety*. While performing the necessary work on private premises referred to in subsection (8)(a) of this section, the duly authorized district and municipal employees shall observe all safety rules applicable to the premises established by the person, and the district or municipality shall indemnify the person against loss or damage for personal injury or property damage asserted against the person and growing out of gauging and sampling operation, and indemnify the person against loss or damage to its property by district or municipal employees, except as such may be caused by negligence or failure of the person to maintain safe conditions as required in subsection (3)(d) of this section.
- c. *Identification, right to enter easements*. The district and municipal approving authorities or other duly authorized employees of the district and municipality,

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bearing proper credentials and identification, shall be permitted to enter all private properties through which the district or the municipality holds a duly negotiated easement for the purpose of, but not limited to, inspection, observation, measurement, sampling, repair, and maintenance of any portion of the sewage works lying within the easement, all subject to the terms, if any, of this duly negotiated easement.

- 9. Sanitary sewer construction and sanitary sewer reconstruction.
 - a. *Purpose*. The city is undertaking the systematic reconstruction of the public sewer system lying within the corporate limits. Metering records taken by the Heart of the Valley Metropolitan Sewage District at the downstream end of the city's system indicate the presence of an abnormal amount of clear water entering into the sanitary sewer system. The presence of this clear water reduces available capacity to all system users and causes system overloads that are manifested in reduced treatment plant capacity, environmental degradation, and the potential for flooded basements, all of which are detrimental to the citizens of the community. The city recognizes that its public sewer system has a finite life, and in many cases has exceeded the useful life of the system. The city also recognizes that private building sewers possess many of the same characteristics as the public sewer system.
 - b. Work must be authorized. No person shall uncover, make any connections with or opening into, use, alter, or disturb the sanitary sewer appurtenance thereof without first obtaining a written permit from the building inspector and, if any work will occur in the street right-of-way, a permit from the city engineer as provided in section 8.06(1).
 - c. Cost of sewer connection. All costs and expenses incident to the installation and connection of the building sewer shall be borne by the property owner. The property owner, or property owner's representative shall indemnify the city for any loss or damage that may, directly or indirectly, be sustained by the city or third parties by installation of the building sewer. The original installation of the sanitary sewer mains and lateral connections by contractors hired by the city are paid for by special assessment. Reconstruction of sanitary sewer mains is paid by the city. All costs of repairs or reconstruction of private building sewers and of establishment of a new connection to an existing public sewer are the responsibility of the property owner. The property owner shall restore all public property disturbed in the course of work in a manner satisfactory to the city engineer.
 - d. New construction inspection. No connection with any sewer main or any part thereof shall be covered until the same has been inspected by the plumbing inspector or some other person authorized to make such inspection by the city. Before any such connection shall be covered, the person making the inspection on behalf of the city shall endorse the approval of the same upon the permit. No connection shall be made to any sewer main except through a "Y" branch unless especially authorized by the plumbing inspector. Connections to the sewer mains shall be four inches in diameter unless

- otherwise permitted or required by the plumbing inspector.
- e. *Use of old building sewers*. In areas which are undergoing sanitary sewer reconstruction, old building sewers are deemed deficient unless otherwise established by qualified testing results provided by the property owner to the plumbing inspector.
- f. *Building sewer grade*. Whenever possible, the building sewer shall be brought to the building at an elevation below the basement floor. In all buildings in which any building drain is too low to permit gravity flow to the public sewer, sanitary sewage shall be lifted by an approved means and discharged to the building sewer.
- g. Stormwater and groundwater drain prohibition.
 - (1) No person shall discharge, or cause to be discharged, into any sanitary sewer any stormwater, surface water, groundwater, roof run-off, subsurface drainage, or uncontaminated cooling waters. All stormwater, surface water, groundwater, roof run-off, subsurface drainage, uncontaminated cooling water, and all other unpolluted drainage and clear water shall be discharged into such sewers as are designated as storm sewers wherever reasonably available; provided, further, that if no storm sewer is available, in no event shall any of such waters be discharged into any sanitary sewer.
 - (2) All sump pumps installed for the purpose of discharging clear waters from foundation drains, basement drains and ground infiltration shall discharge into a storm sewer wherever available or, if no storm sewer is available, shall discharge into an underground conduit leading to a drainage ditch, gutter, drywell or onto the ground at a point which is not less than three feet from the building and is above permanent grade. No sump pump discharge to grade shall be allowed to flow on or across a public sidewalk or onto adjoining properties, except within a stormwater easement.
 - (3) In carrying out the provisions of this section, the city engineer or the plumbing inspector or his designated representatives shall have authority to enter upon private premises at reasonable times to determine whether any of the water drainage described in this subsection (g) exists thereon and whether such drainage complies with the provisions of this section. In carrying out this authority, the city engineer, plumbing inspector or other authorized department employee shall comply with the provisions of Wis. Stats. § 66.0119, if applicable.
 - (4) Presumptive violations. It shall be rebuttably presumed that clear water is being discharged into the sanitary sewer if:
 - (A) Existing sump pumps or other means of clear water discharge are, or can be readily connected to drains, pipes, or other mechanisms of discharge which are connected to the sanitary sewer drain serving the premises.
 - (B) After due notice and request to the owner for inspection

- access, as provided in subsection (9)(g)3 of this section, the request is ignored or denied by the property owner.
- (5) Sump pump discharge to grade shall be directed to flow to the backyard in all cases commencing November 15 and continuing until April 15 of each year.
- (6) Where existing drain tile is not in compliance with Wis. Admin. Code § SPS 321.17(e), such tile shall be brought into compliance with the requirements of Wis. Admin. Code § SPS 321.17(e).
- h. *Conformance to plumbing codes*. The connection of the building sewer into the sanitary sewer shall conform to the requirements of the city or the procedures set forth in appropriate specifications of the latest edition of the state plumbing codes. All such connections shall be made gastight and watertight. Any deviation from the prescribed procedures and materials must be approved by the plumbing inspector before installation.
- i. System reconstruction.
 - (1) *Inspection required*. The city engineer or plumbing inspector shall inspect all private connections to the public mains at the time that the public system is to be reconstructed:
 - (A) Any existing private sewer lateral not meeting the requirements of this section shall be considered illegal.
 - (B) Prior to the actual reconstruction of the sanitary sewer system, each property owner shall be given written notice of the project. Such notice shall be made not less than 30 days prior to commencement of the actual work.
 - (C) As the reconstruction progresses, the city engineer or plumbing inspector shall inspect each private sewer connection for conformance with this section or, in the event inspection has been made previously, determine the condition of the private sewer connection from inspection records.
 - (D) In the event that the private system meets the requirements of this section, the city shall reconnect the private system to the public system at an appropriate point near the right-of-way line.
 - (E) In the event that the private sewer is found not to meet the requirements of this section, the city engineer or plumbing inspector shall immediately notify the owner, in writing, of the determined deficiencies.
 - (2) Owner to correct deficiencies. The owner shall, at the owner's expense, make the necessary repairs to correct the deficiencies. In all cases, the city shall supply an appropriate connection point as part of its work. The owner may elect to:
 - (A) Contract with a licensed contractor to complete the repair. All work needed to accomplish the repair shall be done at the expense of the owner. Within 30 days of the giving of notice

- of deficiency under subsection (9)(i)1.e of this section, proof of arrangements for repair shall be provided to the city engineer or building inspector and within 30 days of the giving of notice the repairs shall be completed.
- (B) Have the city contractors, if available, complete the repair.
 - (a) The city may, as part of any project, request unit bid prices for the calculation of the cost of making appropriate repair to the private building sewers.
 - (b) If available, and should the owner select this option, the owner will be charged the entire cost of making the repair. The owner may elect to pay the entire amount upon completion of the work, or the owner may request to be billed in ten annual installments or less plus interest as provided in section 8.03(2)(i).
- j. System requirements; new construction and system reconstruction.
 - (1) *Minimum standards*. All sanitary sewer mains and laterals, both public and private, shall be constructed and maintained in such a fashion that the effects of clear water on the system are held to an absolute minimum.
 - (2) *Code compliance*. All work, construction techniques, and materials incorporated into the project shall be in strict conformance with state and local codes and the "Standard Specifications for Sewer and Water Construction in Wisconsin," (current edition).
 - (3) *Defects requiring repair*. Repairs to sanitary sewer laterals are required when any of the following are discovered:
 - (A) Any visible leak.
 - (B) Open, improperly formed, or root-intruded joints.
 - (C) Use of improper materials, such as clay, transite, Orangeburg pipe or similar materials.
 - (D) Improper connections, such as a palmer valve.
- k. Required clear water inspections of residential properties.
 - (1) No person shall sell, transfer or convey ownership of any one- or two-family residential building that is serviced by sanitary sewer until such time as a clear water inspection has been made and compliance approved by the building inspection department as provided in this section. Changing ownership or accepting change of ownership without such an inspection shall constitute a violation of this section and shall be subject to penalties as set forth in section 13.10. Transfers exempt from payment of a state real estate transfer fee by Wis. Stats. § 77.25 are exempt from this inspection.
 - (2) The building inspection department shall, upon request, conduct an inspection of the premises to determine compliance with the provisions of this section as they relate to illegal surface water and groundwater connections into the sanitary sewer system. Such inspections shall occur prior to the sale, transfer or conveyance of title

- of any such building.
- (3) A notice of noncompliance shall be issued by the building inspection department to the owner of record of any residential building to be found not in compliance with the provisions of this section. This notice shall set forth areas of noncompliance and shall order the owner to bring the building into compliance within an established period of time.
- (4) In order to avoid delay or prevent sale of a property affected by this section, a buyer or transferee may file with the building inspection department evidence of a contract or accepted bid for work which, when completed, will bring the property into compliance with this section, along with evidence that adequate funds have been escrowed to complete the work. Compliance shall be met within the time limits set forth in subsection (9)k.3 of this section. Also, a stipulation signed by the buyer or transferee shall be filed agreeing to bring the property into compliance with this section within the applicable time limits. The evidence and stipulation may only be filed after the inspection provided in subsection (9)k.2 of this section, is made. Failure by the buyer or transferee to bring the property into compliance within the applicable compliance period shall constitute a violation of this section and shall subject the buyer or transferee to the penalties as set forth in section 13.10.
- (5) An inspection finding compliance only indicates that, so far as can be reasonably determined by visual inspection of the premises and review of city records, the premises meets the requirements of this section. Neither the city nor its inspectors assume any liability in the inspection findings, whether compliant or not, and there is no guarantee or warranty of the condition of the premises inspected.
- (6) The city will not be liable for any unsafe or unsanitary condition that may exist in any building that is being inspected for clear water compliance. However, if such conditions exist and are noticed by an inspector, orders to correct such conditions may be issued pursuant to applicable chapters of this Code.
- 10. Violations, abatement procedures, and penalties.
 - a. *Violations*. Violation of any provision of this section or any other rule or order lawfully promulgated by the city council shall be deemed a public nuisance.
 - b. *Enforcement*. The municipal approving authority shall enforce those provisions of this section that come within the jurisdiction of his office, and he shall make periodic inspections and inspections upon complaint to ensure that such provisions are not violated. No action shall be taken under this section to abate a public nuisance unless the municipal approving authority shall have inspected or caused to be inspected the premises where the nuisance is alleged to exist and shall have satisfied himself that a nuisance does in fact exist.
 - c. *Summary abatement*. If the municipal approving authority determines that a public nuisance exists within the city and that there is great and immediate

- danger to the public health, safety, peace, morals, or decency, the municipal approving authority may cause the same to be abated and charge the cost thereof to the owner, occupant, or person causing, permitting, or maintaining the nuisance, as the case may be.
- d. Abatement after notice. If the municipal approving authority determines that a public nuisance exists on private premises but that the nature of such nuisance is not such as to threaten great and immediate danger to the public health, safety, peace, morals, or decency, he shall serve notice on the person causing or maintaining the nuisance to remove the same within ten days. If such nuisance is not removed within ten days, the proper officer shall cause the nuisances to be removed as provided in subsection (10)(c) of this section.
- e. *Violation service charge*. As an alternative to any other methods provided for obtaining compliance with the requirements of this Code regarding repair of deficient laterals, preventing the inflow of clear water into the sanitary sewer system or connecting to available storm sewer laterals, the city engineer may, no sooner than 30 days after the giving of notice as provided in subsection (9) (i)1.e of this section, notify the city finance department to bill, or arrange for billing of, the owner of the property in noncompliance a service charge of \$50.00 per month, pursuant to Wis. Stats. § 66.0821.
- f. Other methods not excluded. Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting the abatement of public nuisances by the city or its official in accordance with the laws of the state.
- g. Court order. Except when necessary under subsection (10)(c) of this section, the municipal approving authority shall not use force to obtain access to private property to abate a public nuisance, but shall request permission to enter upon private property if such premises are occupied and, if such permission is denied, shall apply to any court having jurisdiction for an order assisting the abatement of the public nuisance.
- h. *Cost of abatement*. In addition to any other penalty imposed by this section for the erection, contrivance, creation, continuance, or maintenance of a public nuisance, the cost of abating a public nuisance by the city shall be collected as a debt from the owner, occupant, or person causing, permitting, or maintaining the nuisance, and such cost shall be assessed against the real estate as a special charge.
- i. *Continued violations*. Any person who shall continue any violation beyond the notice time limit provided shall, upon conviction thereof, forfeit not more than \$200.00 together with the costs of prosecution. In default of payment of such forfeiture and costs, the violator shall be imprisoned in the county jail for a period not to exceed 30 days. Each day in which any violation is continued beyond the notice time limit shall be deemed a separate offense.
- j. Liability to city and district for losses.
 - (1) Any person violating any provisions of this section shall become liable to the city and district for any expense, loss, or damage occasioned by reason of such violation which the city and district may

- suffer as a result thereof.
- (2) If any violations affect the district wastewater collection and treatment facilities, as well as the municipal sanitary sewer system, the district may penalize the violator independently and concurrently with the city according to the district's rules and regulations.
- (3) The district approving authority must be notified immediately by any person becoming aware of any violations that occur.

11. Appeals; procedures.

- a. Any user, permit applicant, or permit holder affected by any decision, action, or determination, including a cease and desist order, made by the municipal approving authority interpreting or implementing the provisions of this section, or in any permit issued in this section, may file with the municipal approving authority a written request for reconsideration within ten days of the date of such decision, action, or determination, setting forth in detail the facts supporting the user's request for reconsideration. The municipal approving authority shall render a decision on the request for reconsideration to the user, permit applicant, or permit holder in writing within 15 days of receipt of request. If the ruling on the request for reconsideration made by the municipal approving authority is unsatisfactory, the person requesting reconsideration may, within ten days after notification of the action, file a written appeal with the board of public works.
- b. A fee in the amount established by the city council shall accompany any appeal to the board of public works for their ruling. This fee may be refunded if the appeal is sustained in favor of the appellant.
- c. The written appeal shall be heard by the board of public works within 30 days from the date of filing. The board of public works shall make a final ruling on the appeal within 60 days from the date of filing.

12. Validity.

- a. *Superseding previous ordinances*. This section governing sewer use, industrial wastewater discharges, user charges, and sewer connections and construction shall supersede all previous ordinances.
- b. *Amendments*. The city, through its duly authorized officers, reserves the right to amend this section, in part or in whole, whenever it may deem necessary, but such right will be exercised only after due notice to all persons concerned and after proper hearing on the proposed amendment. Notice of the proposed changes and hearing thereon shall be published as a Class 2 notice under Wis. Stats. ch. 985.
- c. Conflict with district's rules and regulations. If any provisions of the rules and regulations of the district are in conflict with this section, the more strict of the two shall control.
- 13. *Annual audit*. The city shall conduct an annual audit, the purpose of which shall be to maintain the proper proportion between users and user classes of the user charge system, and to ensure that adequate revenues are available to meet the charges assessed to the city by the district. Copies of the city annual audit reports shall be submitted to the district approving authority after the city annual audits have been

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(Code 2011, § 13.05; Ord. No. 1680, 10-16-2012; Ord. No. 1705, 12-16-2014; Ord. No. 1723, 12-15-2015; Ord. No. 1784, 3-5-2019)

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