Greeley City Council Agenda

Work Session Tuesday, April 25, 2023 at 6:00 p.m.

City Council Chambers at City Center South, 1001 11th Ave, Greeley, CO 80631 Zoom Webinar link: https://greeleygov.zoom.us/j/85155283627

NOTICE:

City Council Work Sessions are held on the 2nd and 4th Tuesdays of each month in the City Council Chambers. Meetings are conducted in a hybrid format, with a Zoom webinar in addition to the in person meeting in Council Chambers.

City Council members may participate in this meeting via electronic means pursuant to their adopted policies and protocol.

Members of the public are also invited to view Council work sessions in person or remotely. **Work sessions** do not include public input in any format. Public comment is only permitted at regular Council meetings on the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month.

Watch Meetings:



Meetings are open to the public And can be attended in person By anyone.



Meetings are livestreamed on YouTube at Youtube.com/CityofGreeley as well as Over the Zoom webinar. Public participation In the Zoom webinar only allows viewing The meeting.

For more information about this meeting or to request reasonable accommodations, contact the City Clerk's Office at 970-350-9740 or by email at CityClerk@Greeleygov.com

Meeting agendas, minutes, and archived videos are available on the City's meetings portal at Greeley-co.municodemeetings.com/





Mayor John Gates

Councilmembers

Tommy Butler Ward I

Deb DeBoutez Ward II

Johnny Olson Ward III

> Dale Hall Ward IV

Brett Payton At-Large

> Ed Clark At-Large

A City Achieving
Community Excellence
Greeley promotes a healthy,
diverse economy and high
quality of life responsive to
all its residents and
neighborhoods, thoughtfully
managing its human and
natural resources in a
manner that creates and
sustains a safe, unique,
vibrant and rewarding
community in which to live,
work, and play.

City Council Work Session Agenda

April 25, 2023 at 6:00 PM

City Council Chambers, City Center South, 1001 11th Ave & via Zoom at https://greeleygov.zoom.us/j/85155283627

- 1. Call to Order
- 2. Pledge of Allegiance
- 3. Roll Call
- 4. Reports from Mayor and Councilmembers
- 5. Water & Sewer Department Integrated Water Resource Master Plan Update
- 2021 Financial Audit Report and Annual Comprehensive Financial Report
- Review of Proposed Regulations Concerning Abandoned Shopping Carts
- 8. Legislative Review
- 9. Scheduling of Meetings, Other Events
- 10. Adjournment



Work Session Agenda Summary

Title:

Reports from Mayor and Councilmembers

Background:

During this portion of the meeting any Councilmember may offer a summary of the Councilmember's attendance at assigned board/committee meetings and should include key highlights and points that may require additional decision and discussion by the full Council at this or a future Work Session.

Board/Committee	Meeting Day/Time	Assignment
Team of 2 Board/Commission Interviews	Monthly as Needed	Council Rotation
Water & Sewer Board	3 rd Wed, 2:00 pm	Gates
Youth Commission Liaison	4 th Mon, 6:00 pm	Clark
Historic Preservation Loan Committee	As Needed	DeBoutez
Police Pension Board	Quarterly	Clark
Employee Health Board	As Needed	DeBoutez
Airport Authority	3rd Thur, 3:30 pm	Payton/Clark
Visit Greeley	3 rd Wed, 7:30 am	Butler
Upstate Colorado Economic Development	Last Wed, 7:00 am	Gates
Greeley Chamber of Commerce	4 th Mon, 11:30 am	Hall
Island Grove Advisory Board	1 st Thur, 3:30 pm	Butler
Weld Project Connect Committee (United Way)	As Needed	Butler
Downtown Development Authority	3 rd Thur, 7:30 am	Butler/DeBoutez
Transportation/Air Quality MPO	1 st Thur, 6:00 pm	Olson/Payton
Poudre River Trail	1 st Thur, 7:00 am	Hall
Interstate 25 Coalition	As Needed	Olson
Highway 85 Coalition	As Needed	Gates
Highway 34 Coalition	As Needed	Olson
National League of Cities Transportation and	As Needed	Olson
Infrastructure Services Committee		
CML Policy Committee (Council or Staff)	As Needed	Payton/Lee
		Gates alternate
CML Executive Board opportunity	As Needed	Hall
CML - Other opportunities	As Available/Desired	
Regional Opioid Council	As Needed	Gates



April 25, 2023 Sean Chambers, Water & Sewer Director

Title:

Water & Sewer Department Integrated Water Resource Master Plan Update

Background:

The City of Greeley aims to become the city of choice for people to work, play and live their best life in Northern Colorado. That vision requires robust and resilient city services, infrastructure, and water resources. Since 2021, the Water & Sewer Dept. has undertaken several master plans for the water distribution system, wastewater collections system, non-potable irrigation systems, and water conservation program. Over the past 20 months, the utility's water resource and engineering staff have been working with a team of expert consultants on a data driven, industry best practice, scenario-based planning effort know as an Integrated Water Resource Master Plan or IWRP. In Water Resource Engineering, an IWRP is a holistic, long-range evaluation of a water system that integrates the various sources of supply, water rights, storage, connecting infrastructure, operational conditions, and water demands. The City of Greeley's 2023 IWRP is a comprehensive update to the city's 2003 Water Resource Master Plan, and provides a modern framework of planning for a range of variable future conditions and different supply and demand characteristics that help to define those possible futures.

Strategic Focus Area:



Attachments:

IWRP Report – Exec Summary.pdf IWRP – Council Work Session.pptx





Integrated Water Resource Plan

Draft Final

April 12, 2023

Prepared for:

City of Greeley Water and Sewer Department

Prepared by:

Stantec Consulting Services, with LRE Water and Martin and Wood Water Consultants, Inc.

Executive Summary



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Integrated Water Resources Plan (IWRP) for the City of Greeley Water and Sewer Department (Greeley) is a long-term strategic water resources master plan that ensures sustainable and affordable water supplies for their customers now and into the future. This comprehensive plan integrates Greeley's water supply system and projected demands with possible future conditions around hydrology, climate change, and risks to Greeley's water supply system. The IWRP establishes a plan for triggering the Terry Ranch Project (a new aquifer storage and recovery project), a process for evaluating and strategically acquiring water rights, a 10-year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP), and an Adaptive Plan for Greeley to follow.

INTRODUCTION AND PROCESS

Historically, many water resource planning efforts focused on developing a firm yield based on a single set of historical conditions. Projects were selected and prioritized based solely on their ability to improve firm yield under this one set of conditions. Recent events have shown that future conditions are highly uncertain and planning for a single future increases the risk of water supply failure. Greeley, building off a history of effective and prudent planning efforts, elected to complete an integrated planning process for this IWRP to better plan for an increasingly uncertain future.

In implementing an integrated planning process, the IWRP developed "Planning Scenarios" that capture a range of possible future conditions for Greeley's water supply system. These were applied at key points in time (e.g., "Planning Horizons") for Greeley's water supply system. **Figure ES-1** shows the three IWRP Planning Horizons – the first defined what water resources projects are required in the next 10 years, the second identifies when to integrate the Terry Ranch Project, and the third established how to best use the Terry Ranch Project once fully integrated and if that use is sustainable.

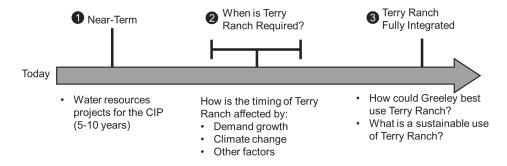


Figure ES-1. Planning Horizons Used in the IWRP

Due to the significant uncertainty around what the future could look like, the IWRP did not predict what future condition is most likely to occur. Instead, a Planning Scenario methodology was applied that captures a range of possible future conditions for Greeley's water supply system. The Planning Scenarios and their associated conditions are shown graphically in **Figure ES-2**. The *Unbearable* Planning Scenario



Executive Summary



was the reasonable high-bookend for Greeley's water supply system and combines the hottest climate, the highest demand projections, and significant risk impacts. The *Stressed* Planning Scenario assumes the hottest climate, a lower demand projection, and moderate risk impacts. The *Continued Trends* Planning Scenario assumes a warmer climate, continued decreases in per capita water use, and moderate risk impacts. The *Optimistic* scenario assumes a warmer climate, the lowest demand projections, and least risk impacts. Finally, the *No Climate Change* planning scenario includes no climate change, a higher demand projection than *Optimistic* as the lack of climate change would likely encourage higher Greeley growth, and low risk impacts.

Figure ES-2. Planning Scenarios used in the IWRP

Planning Scenario Name	Climate Warming	CO River Basin Risk Impacts	Water Supply System Yields	Demands
Unbearable	***	* High	.	
Stressed	***	Moderate	6 6	
Continued Trends	**	Moderate	6 6	命命
Optimistic	**	* Low	666	
No Climate Change	*	* Low	666	

An important element in the IWRP was defining when future water supply system performance was acceptable, which the IWRP set using 'planning performance criteria'. **Figure ES-3** presents the planning performance criteria and their acceptability definitions.

Figure ES-3. Planning Performance Criteria Used in the IWRP

Performance Criteria	Acceptable Performance
Are Greeley customers being significantly impacted?	Drought Restrictions used at any level no more than 20% of years and no more than 10% of years in Level 3
Greeley maintains sufficient emergency reserve.	April 1 storage volume has at least 6 months of indoor demands in 100% of years
Greeley meets critical water needs for public health.	Indoor demands are met 100% of the time.



Executive Summary



FUTURE CONDITIONS ASSESSMENT

The IWRP completed a risk assessment that identified, prioritized, and evaluated a comprehensive list of events that could impact Greeley's water supply system. This assessment identified four risk "drivers", defined as major events or conditions that are outside Greeley's control that could impact their ability to provide sustainable water supply to their customers. The drivers identified for the IWRP were:

- The Climate Change Impacts on Hydrology driver captures risks that could change what Greeley's
 existing water rights yield and the timing of that yield compared to what has been experienced
 historically. This is due to a combination of droughts of increased intensity, duration, and/or frequency
 compared to the historical record, runoff impacts, and the overall hydrograph from a warmer climate.
- The **Future Demand Uncertainty** driver captures risks that affect how much water demand Greeley's system would need to meet in the future and how water is used compared to historical usage. This includes population growth, outdoor water use variability, and climate change impacts to demands.
- The Water Rights Administration Complexity and Uncertainty driver captures risks that affect
 Greeley's ability to change currently owned water rights, acquire new water rights, and yields from
 existing and future water rights. This includes increased competition for new water rights, the legal
 complexity of changing water rights, and uncertainty related to how water rights administration may
 change under a different hydrograph than historical.
- The Colorado River Basin Issues driver captures risks to Greeley's yields from the Colorado River
 Basin which could result in a variety of short- and long-term supply reductions or curtailments.

The *Climate Change Impacts on Hydrology* driver was further evaluated by developing new climate change hydrology that captures the potential impacts of long-term climate change and droughts of increasing intensity, duration, and frequency. An advanced modeling process was completed that quantified the impacts of long-term changes in temperature and precipitation to Greeley's entitlements (e.g., water legally and physically available to Greeley). **Figure ES-4** summarizes the conclusions from this analysis and the confidence of those conclusions.

Figure ES-4. Conclusions from the Climate Change Hydrology Analysis

Conclusion Statement	Confidence	Comment
Droughts of greater duration, frequency, and severity than observed droughts are possible under current climate.	High	Results show these conclusions are consistent with other studies and make
Climates with less precipitation and or warmer climates will decrease Greeley's water supply system yields.	High	logical sense.
Yields from Greeley's junior water rights and certain water supply systems could be vulnerable to changing agricultural demands.	Moderate	It is likely that agricultural demand changes will impact Greeley's entitlements. It is unknown how agricultural demands will change.
Climates with increased precipitation could increase Greeley's water supply system yields.	Low	Impacts from hydrograph changes cannot be confidently modeled with existing tools.



Executive Summary



The *Future Demand Uncertainty* driver was further evaluated by developing new total demand projections (potable and non-potable) for Greeley at 2030, 2050, and 2070 under four demand scenarios. These four scenarios varied population growth, the extent to which irrigation increases in response to hotter and drier future climate conditions, the extent of future conservation, and the proportion of new housing units that are multifamily apartments and condominiums. **Figure ES-5** shows the new demand projections.

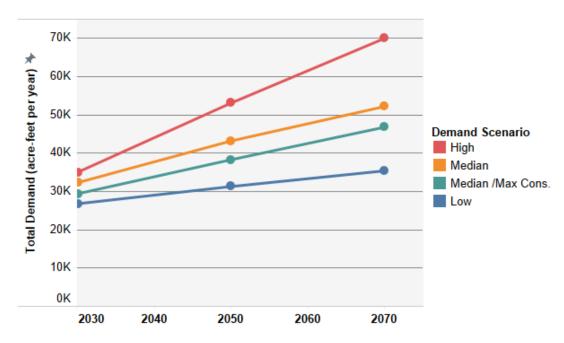


Figure ES-5. Greeley's Projected Future Water Demands

These demand projections are highly variable between the scenarios, with the difference between the high and low scenario increasing from 8,200 acre-feet per year at 2030 (33% of current demands) to 34,600 acre-feet per year at 2070 (137% of current demands). These demand projections assumed demand growth occurs immediately. However, Greeley's total demands have not grown significantly over the last 10 years.



Executive Summary



TERRY RANCH TIMING AND INTEGRATION EVALUATION

The *Terry Ranch Timing* analysis determined that Greeley's water supply system without Terry Ranch can meet near-term Planning Scenario conditions. For example, in the *Continued Trends* Planning Scenario, Greeley's system without the Terry Ranch Project can accommodate an additional 10,000 acrefeet per year of demand growth – approximately 40% more demand than current. The IWRP could not confidently time the Terry Ranch Project implementation due to the lack of recent demand growth and the significant variability of future demand projections. In-lieu of assigning a timetable to Terry Ranch Project implementation, Greeley will monitor demands and water supplies as part of the Adaptive Plan.

The *Terry Ranch Integration* analysis determined if Terry Ranch operations would be sustainable long-term under the different Planning Scenarios. The IWRP defined Terry Ranch operations as sustainable if it can deliver sufficient supplies during drought to minimize drought restrictions while maintaining at least 80% of the 1.2 million acre-foot initial aquifer storage volume long-term. **Figure ES-7** shows the results of the Terry Ranch Integration Analysis by Planning Scenario. This table indicates what (if any) additional water resources were included, the percent of years Greeley drought response actions were used, the average annual Terry Ranch "Delta" (average injection minus average extraction), and the percent of the native aquifer remaining at the end of an 86-year simulation period.

Results from the *Terry Ranch Integration* analysis show that the Terry Ranch Project can be operated sustainably in the *Continued Trends*, *Optimistic*, and *No Climate Change* Planning Scenarios. Sustainable operation in these Planning Scenarios will require some additional water supplies and retiming storage. Results from the *Unbearable* and *Stressed* Planning Scenarios show that under the hottest climate change projections and significant demand growth conditions, Terry Ranch Operations are not sustainable. Greeley can monitor climate and demand growth conditions as part of the Adaptive Plan and, if the most impactful future conditions emerge, can adjust the long-term water supply strategy.

Figure ES-6. Tabular Summary of Terry Ranch Integration Results

Planning Scenario	Additional Water Resources	% Years with Drought Response	Annual Terry Ranch Delta (acre-feet per year)	Ending Aquifer Volume (% of 1.2 million acre-foot Volume)
Unbearable	Retiming Storage + Moderate Water Acquisitions	100%	-10,700	23%
Stressed	Retiming Storage + Moderate Water Acquisitions	64%	-6,500	53%
Continued Trends	Retiming Storage + Moderate Water Rights	35%	-1,200	91%
Optimistic	None	12%	+1,900	113%
No Climate Change	Retiming Storage + Low Water Acquisitions	36%	-1,900	86%

Color Key Indicates Terry Ranch Sustainability Criteria: **Blue** has sufficient remaining aquifer storage percentage, **Orange** has insufficient remaining aquifer storage percentage



Executive Summary



IWRP OUTCOMES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The IWRP showed that Greeley is well-positioned to provide sustainable and affordable water supplies through an uncertain future. The IWRP's important outcomes and conclusions regarding Greeley's current, near-term, and long-term water supply system are summarized below. **Figure ES-8** shows the recommendations for Greeley to take upon IWRP completion.

- Greeley's current water supply system is resilient against the most likely near-term conditions, but additional water supplies are required to meet projected demands and to mitigate impacts from warmer climate conditions under current Terry Ranch sustainability criteria.
- With the Terry Ranch Project fully integrated, Greeley's water supply system is likely resilient against
 many possible future conditions including warmer climates, higher demands, and reduced yields.
 Greeley can sustainably utilize the Terry Ranch Project as a water supply source during droughts
 long-term when the Terry Ranch Project is coupled with some additional water resources.
- If impacts from climate change are severe and tracking with the hottest projections, Greeley may need to consider additional long-term solutions (i.e., in addition to Terry Ranch).
- The most impactful drivers to Greeley's water supply system demand growth and climate change impacts will have long lead times that Greeley can monitor and adapt to.
- Terry Ranch cannot be confidently timed until Greeley sees sustained, significant demand growth.

Figure ES-7. Summary of IWRP Recommendations Used to Develop 10-year CIP and Adaptive Plan

Recommendation	Action
Change Water Rights	Greeley should continue changing existing water rights to municipal use as these will improve the reliability of the existing water supply system before the Terry Ranch Project is integrated.
Continue Strategic Acquisitions	Greeley should acquire water supplies that can be integrated into the current system and the Terry Ranch Project. These water supplies are required to meet projected demands, mitigate climate, and risk impacts to the current water supply system, and improve Terry Ranch operations.
Develop Priority Terry Ranch Infrastructure	The Terry Ranch Project needs to be efficiently integrated into Greeley's water supply system once it is required. Greeley should continue incrementally implementing project components (pipelines, right of way, water rights) to ensure this project is readily available to Greeley.
Study Potential Conceptual Retiming Storage Options	The IWRP identified a retiming storage project as a potentially beneficial project to improve the sustainability of Terry Ranch operations. As the IWRP only included a conceptual definition of the project, Greeley should further define this project and align the concept with real facilities.
Implement Adaptive Planning to Monitor Drivers and Trigger Terry Ranch	While the IWRP showed Greeley's water supply system is resilient against warmer futures and increased demands, it is still vulnerable to significantly stressful future conditions. Additionally, the IWRP could not confidently define when Terry Ranch is required due to uncertainty in demand growth. Greeley should implement an Adaptive Planning process that regularly updates IWRP outcomes and re-evaluates the Terry Ranch timing.

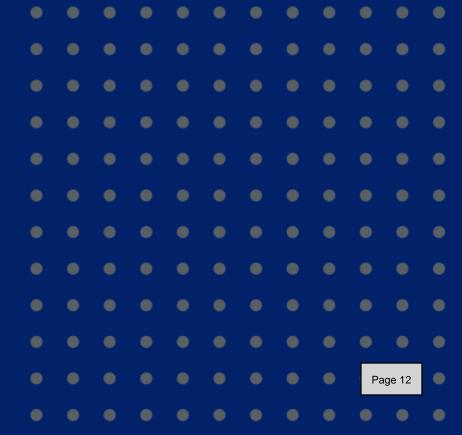




Integrated Water Resources Plan (IWRP)

City of Greeley Water and Sewer Department







Introduction

- IWRP project background and objectives
- Methodology and Analysis within the IWRP
- IWRP Outcomes and strategic guidance

Agenda

IWRP Project Team

Greeley Team Project Manager

Kelen Dowdy

Greeley Technical Team

Dena Egenhoff

Water Conservation Manager

Erik Dial

Deputy Director of Utility Finance and Customer Service

Leah Hubbard

Water Resource Operations Manager

Daniel Biwer

Environmental & Water Resource Attorney

Greeley Management Team

Sean Chambers

Water & Sewer Director

Ty Bereskie

Deputy Director of Water Resources

Adam Prior

Chief Engineer

Consultant Team Project Manager

Neil Stewart (Stantec)

Consultant Team

Mary Presecan (LRE Water)
South Platte River Basin Expert

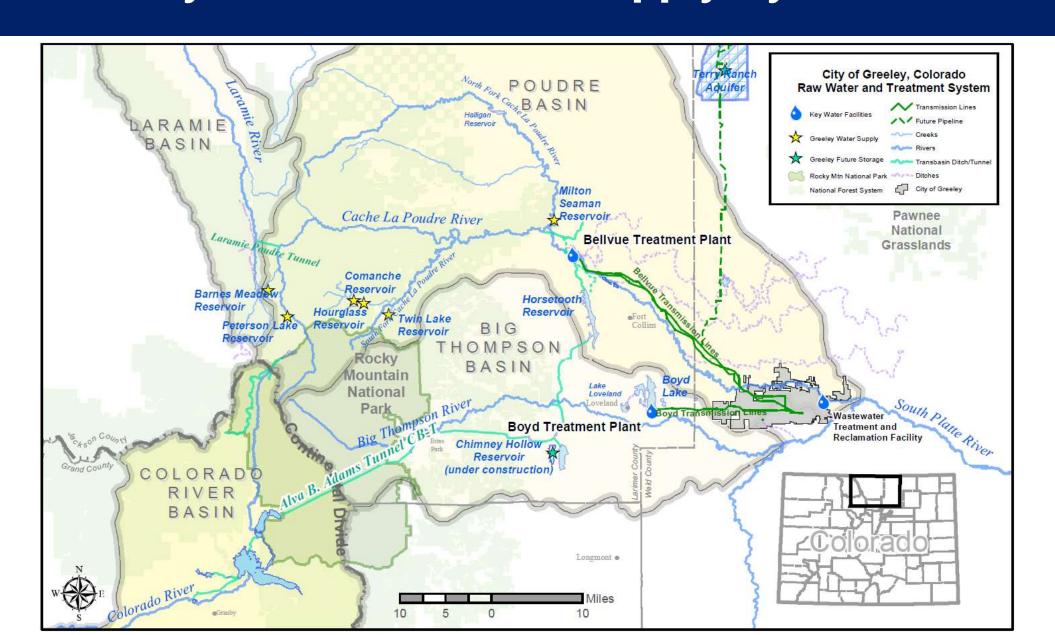
Cortney Brand (LRE Water)
Terry Ranch Groundwater Expert

Michelle Johnson (Martin & Wood) Greeley Water Rights Expert

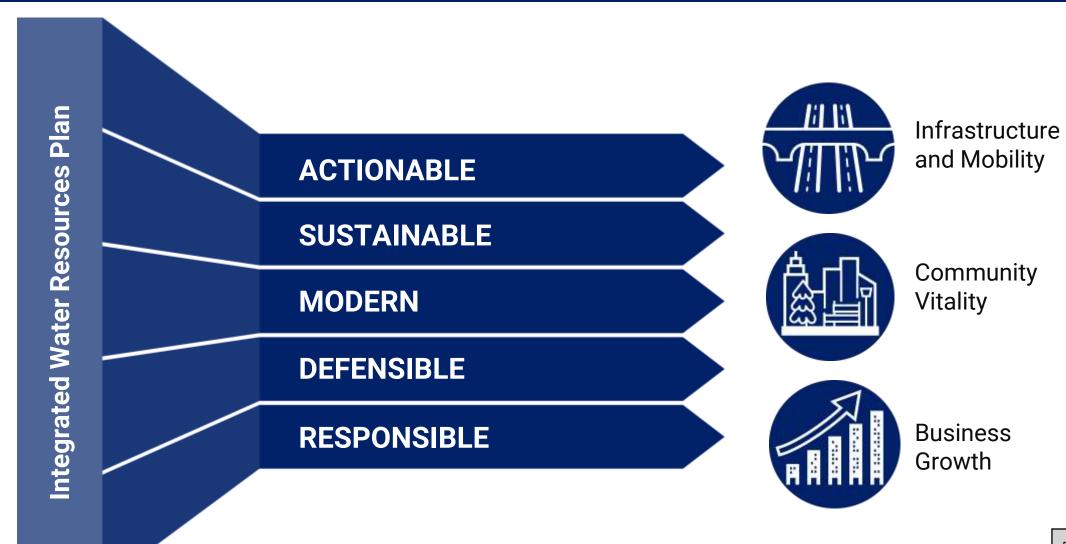
Adam Jokerst (West Water Research) Greeley Water Resources Issues

Paul Weiss (Williams & Weiss)
Greeley Water Modeling Expert

Greeley's Current Water Supply System



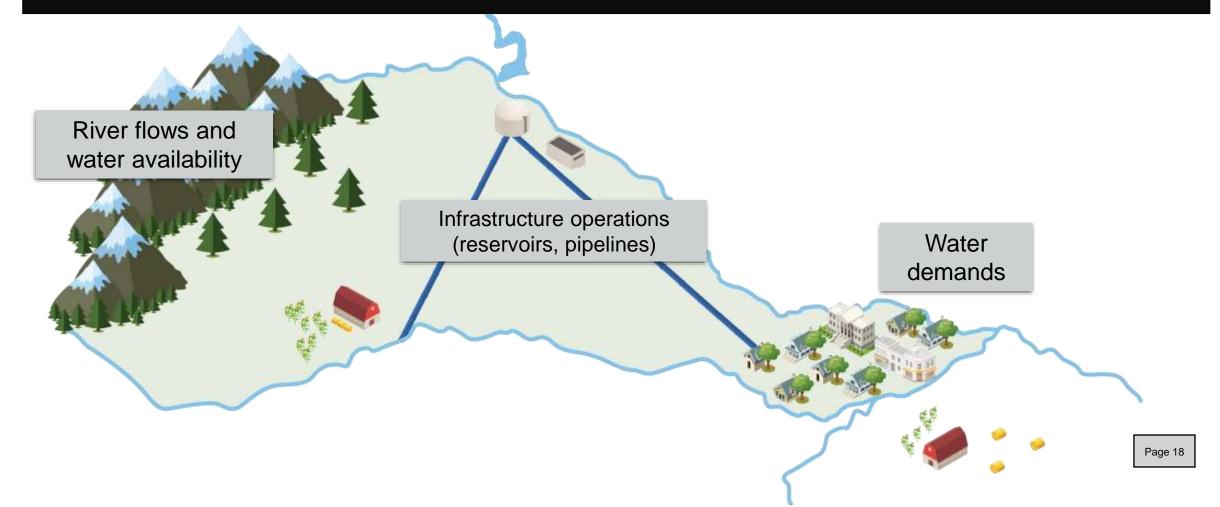
what are Greeley's IWRP objectives?



Developing Greeley's IWRP

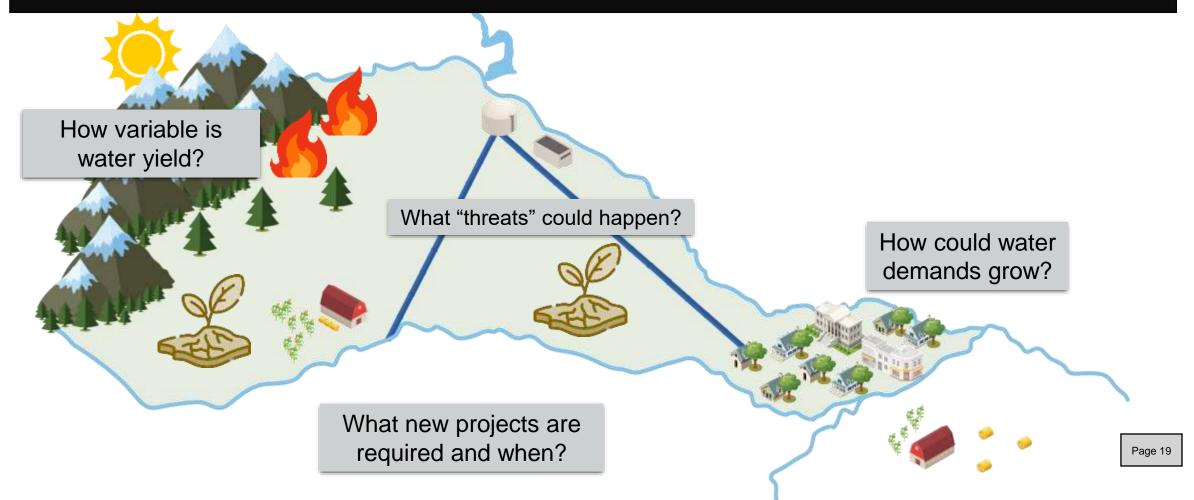
what is an IWRP?

1) Holistic, long-term evaluation of Greeley's water supply system that integrates:



what is an IWRP?

2) Evaluates how changes to future conditions impact the water supply system



what futures did the IWRP plan for?

• "Planning Scenarios" were defined to vary future water supply conditions

Planning Scenario Name	Climate Warming	Colorado River Basin Drought Impacts	Water Rights Administration	Demand Growth
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what futures did the IWRP plan for?

• "Planning Scenarios" were defined to vary future water supply conditions

Planning Scenario Name	Climate Warming	Colorado River Basin Drought Impacts	Water Rights Administration	Demand Growth
Unbearable		High		
Stressed		Moderate		
Continued Trends		Moderate		
Optimistic		Low		
No Climate Change		Low		



IWRP's Strategic Plan for a Sustainable Water Supply

Resilient Water supply system strategies

System monitoring and adaptive management

water supply system strategy

Build Robust Water Portfolio

- Change agricultural water rights
- Continue strategic acquisitions of surface water
- Continue investing in storage projects

Responsibly Develop Terry Ranch

- Develop priority Terry Ranch infrastructure
- Study IWRP-recommended projects

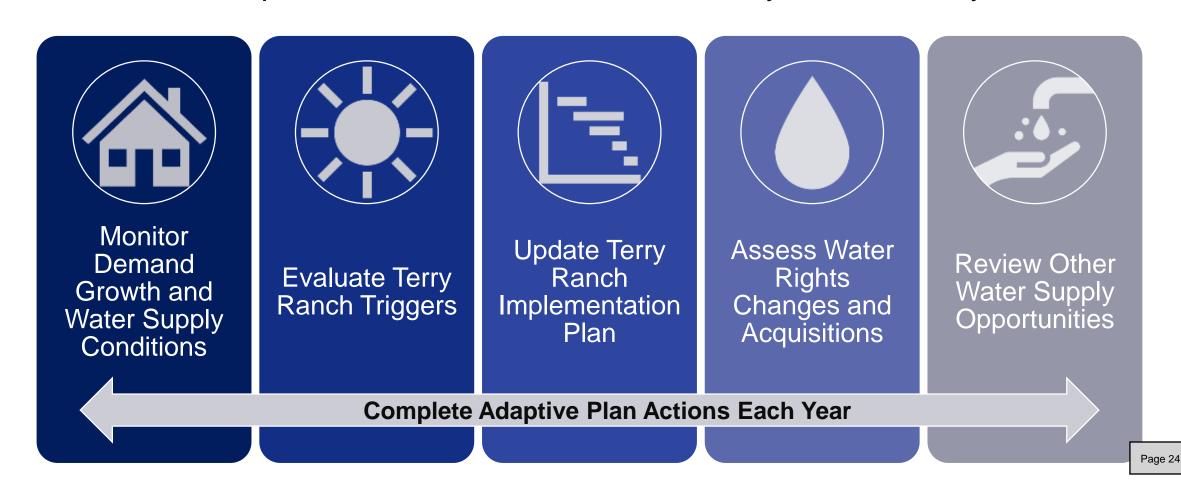
Ensure Sustainable and Affordable Water

- Monitor demand growth and supply conditions
- Implement Adaptive Planning

Item No. 5.

Monitoring and Adaptive Management

➤ The IWRP Adaptive Plan defines actions for Greeley to take each year



'23 IWRP Outcome Summary



- IWRP guides staff and policy makers to ensure sustainable and affordable water supplies for the future
- Greeley's current water supply system is robust under near-term future conditions
- ➤ The Terry Ranch Project provides drought resilient long-term water supply to Greeley's system
- Need for continued investments in infrastructure, storage and the strategic acquisition of water resources
- ➤ An annual review of trends will provide for the adaptive management of water resources, storage and infrastructure

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Thank you







April 25, 2023 John Karner, Finance Director

Title:

2021 Financial Audit Report and Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Background:

An independent, external auditor annually reviews the City's financial records, reports and processes, in compliance with City Charter Title 2 Chapter 12.090. Timothy StAndrew, Partner with Plante & Moran will do a short presentation on the City's financial condition at year-end 2021 and the independent auditor's report.

Strategic Focus Area:



High-Performance Government

Attachments:

Auditor's Wrap Up Letter Management Response to Recommendations !2021 Final Audit Report with Opinion 2021 ACFR and Audit presentation



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March 15, 2023

To Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Greeley, Colorado

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Greeley, Colorado (the "City") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021 and have issued our report thereon dated March 15, 2023. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

Our Responsibility Under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

As stated in our engagement letter dated June 23, 2022, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express an opinion about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities. Our responsibility is to plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

As part of our audit, we considered the internal control of the City. Such considerations were solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

We are responsible for communicating significant matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgment, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. However, we are not required to design procedures specifically to identify such matters.

We have noted the following instances of noncompliance with laws and regulations during the course of our audit with the following impact on the financial statements. The City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2021 will be filed after the deadline mandated by the State of Colorado. This will have no impact on the numbers and disclosures within the financial report.

Our audit of the City's financial statements has also been conducted in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Under *Government Auditing Standards*, we are obligated to communicate certain matters that come to our attention related to our audit to those responsible for the governance of the City, including compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements; certain instances of error or fraud; illegal acts applicable to government agencies; and significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit. Toward this end, we issued a separate letter dated March 15, 2023 regarding our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to you in our letter about planning matters dated February 10, 2023.



March 15, 2023

To Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Greeley, Colorado

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by the City are described in Note 2 to the financial statements.

No new significant accounting policies were adopted, and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2021.

We noted no transactions entered into by the City during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

We noted no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected.

The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were the assumptions used by the actuaries to calculate the required contributions for pension and the net pension liability. The net pension liabilities are based on actuarial valuations obtained from a third-party actuary. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimates in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The disclosures in the financial statements are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We are required to inform those charged with governance of any significant difficulties encountered in the performance and completion of the audit. There were significant delays in the timing of the audit due to the City not being able to reconcile and record all general ledger activity in a timely manner.

Disagreements with Management

For the purpose of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management.

The following material misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures were corrected by management. The City recorded the entire ARPA grant receipt amount as revenue without an unearned revenue liability for the amounts that were not spent on eligible expenditures by fiscal year end. The attached schedule summarizes uncorrected misstatements of the financial statements. Management has determined that their effects are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole. However, uncorrected misstatements or matters underlying those uncorrected misstatements could potentially cause future period financial statements to be materially misstated.

March 15, 2023

To Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Greeley, Colorado

Significant Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, business conditions affecting the City, and business plans and strategies that may affect the risks of material misstatement, with management each year prior to our retention as the City's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship, and our responses were not a condition of our retention.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated March 15, 2023.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a second opinion on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the City's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Information Included in Annual Reports

Our responsibility for other information included in annual reports does not extend beyond the financial statements, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance on the other information. However, we read the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, and nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that such information, or its manner of presentation, is materially misstated or materially inconsistent with the information or manner of its presentation appearing in the financial statements.

This information is intended solely for the use of the honorable mayor, members of the City Council, and management of the City and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Plante & Moran, PLLC

Timothy St. Andrew

Attachment

Client: City of Greeley, Colorado Opinion Unit: Governmental Activities Y/E: 12/31/2021

	, <u> </u>	The effect of mis	statements and				D POSSIBL			statement catego	ories identified
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			Long-term	Deferred Outflows of	Current	Long-term	Deferred Inflows				Net income statement
Ref. #	Description of Misstatement	Current Assets	Assets	Resources	Liabilities	Liabilities	of Resources	Equity	Revenue	Expenses	impact
	MISSTATEMENTS:										
A1	None										
JUDGMEN	TAL ADJUSTMENTS:										
B1											
PROJECTE	ED ADJUSTMENTS	1									
C1	None										
	Total	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -
	Total	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	ISCLOSURES AND FINANCIAL STATE	MENT PRESE	NTATION IS	SUES]					
D1	The HUD Grants Fund has a deferred inflows of					t loans. This ba	alance should be pr	esented as restr	ricted net positio	n on the Stateme	ent of Net
	Position but is presented within the unrestricte	d net position balar	nce on the State	ement of Net Posi	tion.						
	nt: City of Greeley, Colorado										
	hit: Sales and Use Tax Fund /E: 12/31/2021			CUMMA			D POSSIBL	- AD IIICT	MENTO		
Y	/E: 12/31/2021										
		The effect of mis below:	statements and	I classification err	ors identified wo	uld be to increa	se (decrease) the r	eported amount	s in the financial	statement categ	ories identified
			Long-term	Deferred Outflows of	Current	Long-term	Deferred Inflows				Net income statement
Ref. #	Description of Misstatement	Current Assets	Assets	Resources	Liabilities	Liabilities	of Resources	Equity	Revenue	Expenses	impact
FACTUAL	MISSTATEMENTS:										
A1	None										
JUDGMEN	TAL ADJUSTMENTS:	1									
B1	None										
		_									
C1	ED ADJUSTMENTS: None										
01	None	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	ş -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	Total	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
PASSEDID	DISCLOSURES AND FINANCIAL STATE	MENT PRESE	NTATION IS	SUES:		Ī					
D1	The financial reporting presentation of the Sales				ASB 54, para, 3	I (0)					
	1 31			,		-,					
Clien	t: City of Greeley, Colorado										
Opinion Uni	t: Aggregate Remaining Fund Info										
Y/E	E: 12/31/2021			011141	44BV 05 III	IDEAADDE	D DOGGID! F	AD 1110TAE			
							D POSSIBLE				
		The effect of misstate	ements and class	flication errors identi	med would be to in	crease (decrease)) the reported amount	s in the financial s	tatement categorie	s identified below:	
Ref. #	Description of Misstatement	Current Assets Lo	ong-term Assets	Deferred Outflows of Resources (Current Liabilities	Long-term Liabilities	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Equity	Revenue	Expenses	Net income statement impact
	IISSTATEMENTS:				·						
A1	Deferral of revenue not received within period of availability						\$ 1,113,594		\$ (1,113,594)		\$ (1,113,594)
	•	1					- 1,110,004		+ (1,110,004)		+ (1,110,094)
JUDGMENT. B1	AL ADJUSTMENTS:	I									
		1									
PROJECTEI C1	D ADJUSTMENTS: None	I									
٥.		<u> - \$</u>		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		\$ -		<u>\$ -</u>	
	Total	<u> </u>	-	<u>-</u>	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ 1,113,594	<u>-</u>	\$ (1,113,594)	<u> </u>	\$ (1,113,594)
PASSED DIS	SCLOSURES AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT	PRESENTATION	ISSUES:								
D1	None										



1098 Woodward Avenue Detroit, MI 48226-1906 Tel: 313.496.7200 Fax: 313.496.7201 plantemoran.com

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

To Management, the Honorable Mayor, and the City Council City of Greeley, Colorado

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Greeley, Colorado (the "City") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 15, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Findings 2021-001 and 2021-002, that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Finding 2021-003.

The City's Responses to the Findings

Government Auditing Standards require the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City's responses to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's responses were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Item No. 6.

To Management, the Honorable Mayor, and the City Council City of Greeley, Colorado

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

March 15, 2023

City of Greeley, Colorado

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year Ended December 31, 2021

Financial Statement Audit Findings

Reference	
Number	Finding

2021-001 Finding Type - Material weakness

Criteria - The City should have a process in place to complete monthly and year-end adjustments, supporting reconciliations and workpapers, and accounting records in a timely manner.

Condition - The City's general ledger and underlying accounting records were not reconciled and closed in a timely manner throughout the year.

Context - The City provided year-end adjustments, reconciliations, and general ledger balances related to the year ended December 31, 2021 after the recommended typical closing period for a city. Year-end adjustments, updates to schedules, and final supporting reconciliations and workpapers were received through February 2023.

Cause - The City implemented a new ERP system during the year, which resulted in significant delays in the financial reporting process. Additionally, the City had staffing issues, which exacerbated the delays in completing monthly and year-end adjustments, supporting reconciliations and workpapers, and accounting records.

Effect - Untimely preparation of year-end adjustments, supporting reconciliations and schedules, and accounting records does not allow for the City to produce audited financial statements by the due date set by the State of Colorado and yields the potential for errors in financial reporting to not be detected in a timely manner. In addition, providing adjustments and general ledger balances near the commencement of the audit creates inefficiencies in the process.

Recommendation - The City should ensure it has adequate resources to fully and accurately reconcile and record activity in a timely manner.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions - Due to significant challenges related to the implementation of a new ERP system, which went live on January 1, 2021, staff spent a significant amount of time reconciling data to be able to complete the 2021 audit. Staff acknowledges the lateness of the monthly and year-end adjustments, supporting reconciliations and workpapers, and accounting records. Additional resources were utilized in late 2021 and 2022 to help stabilize the ERP system. Additional accounting and report writing resources are being secured to ensure the City can get back on a timely basis moving forward.

City of Greeley, Colorado

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued)

Year Ended December 31, 2021

Financial Statement Audit Findings (Continued)

Reference Number	Finding
2021-002	Finding Type - Material weakness
	Criteria - The City should have a process in place to ensure year-end journal entries are properly recorded in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) prior to the commencement of the audit.
	Condition - Year-end journal entries necessary to state the financial statements in accordance with GAAP were identified as part of the audit.
	Context - The City failed to properly record ARPA revenue and unearned revenue until the auditor questioned the amount recorded on the trial balance. Additionally, the City failed to

auditor questioned the amount recorded on the trial balance. Additionally, the City failed to defer revenue related to grant funds that have not been received within period of availability but are expected to be collected. This second issue surrounding the failure to defer revenue related to grant funds was not material and was reported as a passed adjustment.

Cause - Processes were not in place to ensure year-end closing entries were properly recorded in the general ledger prior to the commencement of the audit.

Effect - If the year-end ARPA journal entry identified above had not been recorded, the financial statements would have been materially misstated.

Recommendation - The City should continue to evaluate its internal control system to ensure its control procedures properly identify and record all year-end journal entries.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions - Staff acknowledges that the ARPA entry was recorded differently than the auditors recommend based on GASB guidance. Due to lack of guidance clarity from the U.S. Treasury department on the ARPA program, accounting staff recorded the ARPA money as revenue based on the fact that it was reimbursing revenue loss. An entry was made to record it as unearned revenue per the auditor's comment and the City will use this method moving forward for reporting ARPA funding per the auditor's comment.

City of Greeley, Colorado

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued)

Year Ended December 31, 2021

Financial Statement Audit Findings (Continued)

Reference Number	Finding
2021-003	Finding Type - Material noncompliance with laws and regulations
	Criteria - The City was required to file the audited financial statements to the State of Colorado by the extended deadline of September 30, 2022.
	Condition - The City was not able to file the audited financial statements by the deadline date.
	Context - Audited financial statements were filed in March 2023.
	Cause - The City implemented a new ERP system during the year, which resulted in significant delays in the financial reporting process. Additionally, the City had staffing issues, which exacerbated the delays in completing monthly and year-end adjustments, supporting reconciliations and workpapers, and accounting records.
	Effect - As described in Findings 2021-001 and 2021-002, the City was not able to reconcile

and record all general ledger activity in the time period that would have allowed the City to file the audited financial statements in a timely manner.

Recommendation - The City should ensure it has adequate resources to fully and accurately reconcile and record activity in a timely manner in order to allow for timely submission of the audited financial statements to the State.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions - Due to significant challenges related to the implementation of a new ERP system, which went live on January 1, 2021, staff spent a significant amount of time reconciling data to be able to complete the 2021 audit. Staff acknowledges the lateness of the monthly and year-end adjustments, supporting reconciliations and workpapers, and accounting records. Additional resources were utilized in late 2021 and 2022 to help stabilize the ERP system. Additional accounting and report writing resources are being secured to ensure the City can get back on a timely basis moving forward.

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT



FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021





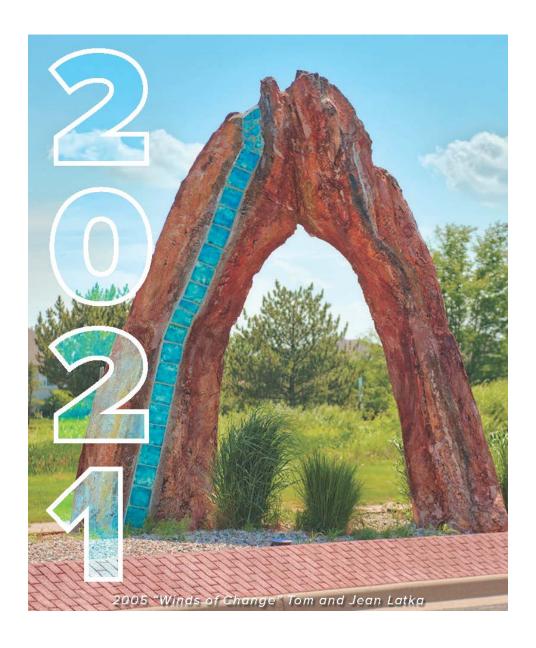
ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021



Submitted by DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

John Karner Finance Director



CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

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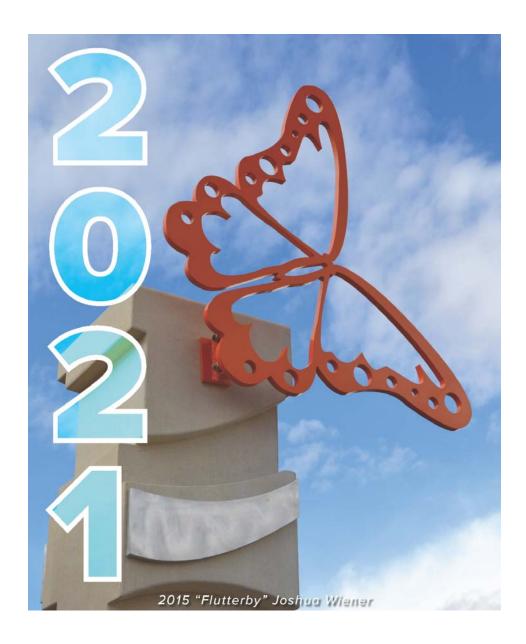
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March 15, 2023

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Greeley:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of Greeley for fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, is hereby submitted in accordance with Colorado statutes and City charter provisions.

The City's Finance Department assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Plante Moran, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Greeley's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City of Greeley was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the City

The City of Greeley, incorporated in 1886, lies thirty miles east of the front range of the majestic Rocky Mountains near the junction of the Cache la Poudre and South Platte rivers and fifty-two miles north of Denver, Colorado. Greeley later became a Home Rule City in 1958 with the Council-Manager form of government. The City of Greeley currently occupies a land area of 49 square miles and serves an estimated population of 110,787 and is located at an elevation of 4,658 feet above sea level.

Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the City Council consisting of the Mayor and six other members. The City Council is responsible for, among other things, passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City's Manager, Attorney, and Municipal Judge. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and for appointing the directors of the various departments. The Council is elected on a non-partisan basis. Council members serve four-year terms and the Mayor is elected to serve a two-year term. Four of the Council members are elected by ward. The Mayor, two council ward seats and one council at-large seat are elected at every general municipal election.

Item No. 6.

The City of Greeley provides a full range of services to its citizens including public safety, public records, art, museums, recreational programs and facilities, parks, forestry services, two golf courses, development services (planning, building inspections, code enforcement), transit services, traffic management services, infrastructure maintenance and improvements (streets, storm drainage, water, wastewater), cemetery services, downtown parking lots, and other general government services to administer the operations of the City (management, human resources, finance, equipment maintenance, fleet replacement, purchasing, information technology services, and City employee benefits and liability insurance). Electric, gas, and solid waste removal/disposal services are provided by private companies. The City has financial accountability for the Greeley Urban Renewal Authority, and the Downtown Development Authority; therefore, these activities are included in the City of Greeley, Colorado reporting entity.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Greeley's financial planning and control. On or before the fifteenth of September of each year the City Manager is required to submit to the City Council a recommended budget covering the next fiscal year, including the following information: (1) proposed expenditures for each fund of the City; (2) debt service requirements; (3) an estimate of the amount of revenues from all sources other than property taxes; (4) an estimate of the fund equity balance or deficit for the end of the current fiscal year; (5) an estimate of the amount of money to be raised from property taxes and bond issues and (6) other supporting information as the City Council may request.

Each year, the City Council is required to set a property tax levy and certify the same to the Weld County Commissioners. Upon completion of a public hearing and the tax levy certification, City Council must adopt the budget and make the necessary appropriations by ordinance no later than December 15th. The City Manager may, without Council action, approve the transfer of budgeted expenditures between programs within departments or divisions or between departments or divisions within the same fund.

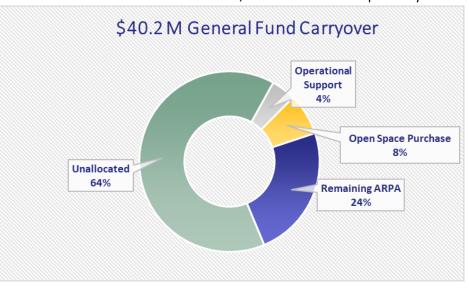
Local Economy

Greeley is the business center for Weld County, is the county seat and is the second largest community in Northern Colorado. The leading industries in Weld County have remained consistent; the top five are agriculture, manufacturing, energy production, health and wellness, and business services. Greeley is home to JBS USA, Leprino Foods Company, TTEC, Hensel Phelps, Banner Health, UCHealth and a complete spectrum of businesses associated with agribusiness, food production, business services, construction, energy, and water resources. The City of Greeley is committed to actively promoting the development of a progressive economy by creating opportunities to attract and grow targeted business and industry activity. Our highly skilled workforce, transportation network, water resources, development-ready infrastructure, and "open for business" governance has helped create lasting public and private partnerships, resulting in a sustainable long-term return on investment for our local business and industry. Weld County is currently forecasted to grow faster than any other parts of Colorado.

The City of Greeley started recovering from the Covid-19 pandemic in 2021. The City continues to return to a more favorable economic environment. The Greeley MSA unemployment rate was 4.7 percent in December 2021, while the state rate was 4.2 percent. New housing construction has recovered from the declines experienced in 2020 to levels seen previously. In 2021, new residential construction increased to 915 units compared to 537 in 2020. Multi-family construction units permitted in 2021 increased from 206 in 2020 to 612 in 2021, while commercial construction permit valuations increased substantially with project valuations totaling \$10.4 million in 2020 as compared to \$104.8 million in 2021. The total permit valuation in 2021 was \$407,645,955, an increase of 189%. The most substantial commercial projects under construction are a 4,240 square foot bank facility, new 105,720 square foot campus welcome center and 5,759 square foot addition to the campus student center, 3,174 square foot oil and lube changing facility, a 4,088 square foot convenience store with gas sales, change a newspaper facility to a downtown library, 30 oil wells and associated equipment facility, a new Greeley West high school and a new two-story PK-8 school. 513 development reviews were conducted resulting in a 17% increase from the 438 reviews done in 2020. The biannual property assessments and growth yielded a 4% increase in the total assessed valuation.

The general use portion of sales tax and use tax is 53% of the current resources available for services provided by the General Fund. General sales tax and general use tax showed increases over 2020, 15.8% and 4.1% respectively as the

City recovered from the Covid-19 pandemic. Auto use tax increased by 16.2% compared to 2020 while building use tax increased by 87.9%. In 2021, the General Fund received \$10.5 million as revenue replacement from the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA). For budgetting purposes, at the end of 2021, general fund had an estimated \$40.2 million in carryover funds. \$25.9 million (64%) of the savings is unallocated with \$9.6 million (24%) to be allocated from ARPA, and \$3 million (8%) allocated for the purchase of open space and the balance allocated for operational support through additional appropriations in 2022.



Long-Term Financial Planning and Major Initiatives

There were several citywide initiatives that were achieved in 2021 to advance City Council priorities.

The City invested \$113 million in a capital improvements program for 172 projects throughout the community funded by sales tax, development fees, grants, utility rates and bond proceeds.

Some of the major non-utility projects were the Boomerang Golf Course redevelopment, 8th Street improvements, Railway Quiet Zones, Centennial Park Improvements, and the 35th Avenue Road Widening from 4th Street to "F" Street.

Revenue from water and wastewater rates, development fees, bond proceeds and other miscellaneous revenues were budgeted for \$192 million to complete several line and plant improvements including: Nitrification Project phase II, 35th Avenue Non-Potable Waterline, Ashcroft Draw Sewer Lift Station, Transmission System Rehabilitation Project, Water Distribution Pipeline Replacements, Windy Gap Firming Project, Equalizer/Raw Water Storage, Terry Ranch Water Development, Boyd Water Treatment Plant Process improvements, Disinfection Outreach and Verification, water rights acquisition, and other capital projects. Stormwater construction and replacement projects were budgeted for \$5.3 million, enabled by rates and development fees collected for that purpose.

The *Imagine Greeley* comprehensive plan was adopted in 2018. This is the update of the City of Greeley comprehensive plan and establishes the vision for the future of Greeley. The extensive public engagement process that engaged hundreds of citizens is considered a success. It includes a vision statement, 12 core values, goals and objectives for ten plan elements, a growth framework, and an action plan describing the responsibilities and timing of recommended actions to meet the goals and objectives. It will serve as the foundation for resource planning for decades. *Imagine Greeley*, an update of the city of Greeley 2060 Comprehensive Plan becomes the fifth master plan formally adopted by the City Council beyond the original settlement of the community.

Greeley has a water resources legacy in the region, state and nationally. As the City plans for its future, water planning is critical, including water conservation. Greeley Water continues to collaborate across City departments to implement

Item No. 6.

the 2015 Water Conservation Plan, develop a landscaping code that incorporates water efficiency measures, apply a "Life After Lawn" turf removal program, and refine the water budget rate structure to meet conservation goals.

In November 2018, Greeley citizens voted to re-authorize the existing .16% and .30% sales tax. The .16% sales tax, approved for public safety purposes, is extended through 2044 and the .30% sales tax, approved for parks, transportation and facility needs, is extended through 2042. In 2021, the City utilized the .16% tax to fund the deployment and maintenance of body cameras, police station maintenance, and operational staffing of fire station #6. Amounts collected for the .30% tax were used for Centennial Park improvements, Inspire Discovery Park and East Memorial improvements, playground replacement at Broadview Park, improvements to existing parks, improvements and additions to Poudre River Corridor and Sheep Draw Trails.

These initiatives and many other department specific deliverables throughout the year demonstrated the commitment to service excellence.

Relevant Financial Policies

The City feels that it is fiscally prudent to establish reserves in the General, Sewer, Water and Storm Water funds to provide a fiscal cushion to absorb fluctuations in revenue due to economic conditions and fluctuations in expenditures due to unanticipated conditions. The City of Greeley's fund balance policy requires that the General fund unassigned fund balance shall maintain a minimum level of unrestricted fund balance equivalent to two months of general fund expenditures, plus operating transfers out, less any extraordinary expenditure items, calculated at the end of the most recent fiscal year. On December 31, 2021, this balance is \$17,556,351. This same policy requires that the Sewer, Water and Storm water funds working capital balances shall be maintained at 25% of prior year audited operating expenses less depreciation, calculated at the end of the most recent fiscal year; these funds have the appropriate working capital.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Greeley for its annual comprehensive financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. This was the 38th consecutive year that the City of Greeley has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only.

In addition, the City also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document January 1, 2021 - December 31, 2021. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the City's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories, including as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

The preparation of this report could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire Finance Department staff. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to its preparation, as well as to the Mayor and City Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the city in a responsible manner.

Respectfully Submitted,

Raymond Lee John Karner Tammy Hi
City Manager Finance Director Deputy Fin

Tammy Hitchens Deputy Finance Director Tena Mose Controller



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

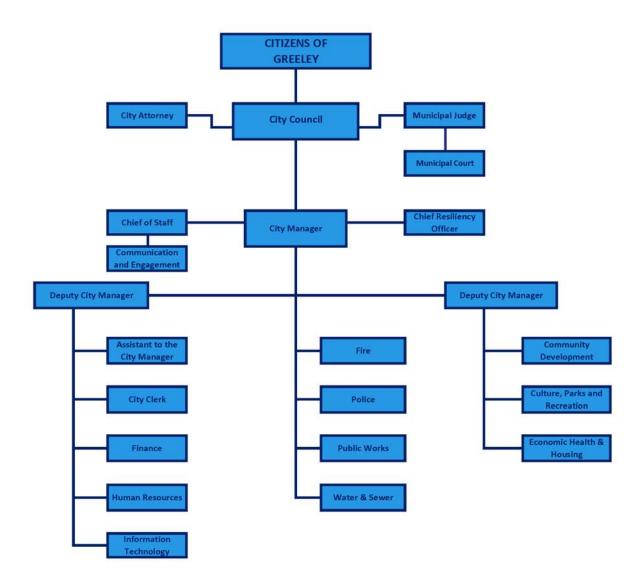
City of Greeley Colorado

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



City of Greeley, Colorado Principal City Officials

As of December 31, 2021

JOHN GATES, MAYOR

Tommy Butler Ward I - Council Member Deb DeBoutez Ward II - Council Member Johnny Olson Ward III - Council Member Dale Hall Ward IV - Council Member **Brett Payton** At Large - Council Member/Mayor Pro-Tem Ed Clark At Large - Council Member Raymond Lee, III Interim City Manager Doug Marek City Attorney Mark Gonzales Municipal Judge Paul Fetherston Deputy City Manager Becky Safarik Interim Deputy City Manager Kelli Johnson Interim Chief of Staff Heather Balsar Interim Chief Resiliency Officer Lindsay Kuntz Interim Assistant to the City Manager Anissa Hollingshead Benjamin Snow Director of Economic Health & Housing Brian Kuznik Fire Chief Adam Turk Interim Chief of Police Paul Trombino Director of Public Works Sean Chambers Director of Water and Sewer John Karner Director of Finance Kathleen Hix Interim Director of Human Resources **Bret Naber** Director of Information Technology Becky Safarik Interim Director of Community Development Kelly Snook Interim Director of Culture, Parks, & Recreation Kelli Johnson **Director of Communication and Engagement**





Plante & Moran, PLLC

1098 Woodward Avenue Detroit, MI 48226-1906 Tel: 313.496.7200 Fax: 313.496.7201 plantemoran.com

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Membersof the City Council City of Greeley, Colorado

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Greeley, Colorado (the "City") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Greeley, Colorado's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Greeley, Colorado as of December 31, 2021 and the respective changes in its financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and major special revenue funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



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To the Honorable Mayor and Membersof the City Council City of Greeley, Colorado

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Item No. 6.

To the Honorable Mayor and Membersof the City Council City of Greeley, Colorado

Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Greeley, Colorado's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and counties, cities, and towns annual statement of receipts and expenditures for roads, bridges, and streets, as identified in the table of contents, are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental information referred to above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

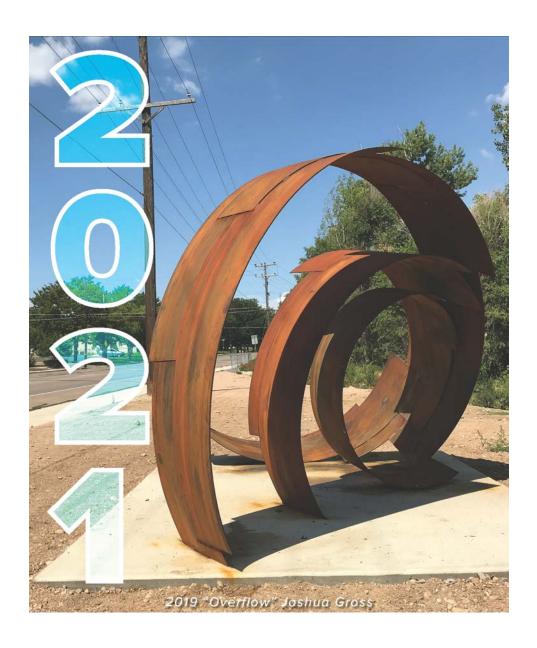
In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements or whether the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 15, 2023 on our consideration of the City of Greeley, Colorado's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Greeley, Colorado's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Greeley, Colorado's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

March 15, 2023



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Greeley, we offer readers of the City of Greeley's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Greeley for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found starting on page 1 of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Greeley exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of 2021 by \$1,144,301,258 (net position). Of this amount, \$198,273,997 represents unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$11,015,421 in comparison with 2020. Of the fund balance, 30.3% is unassigned, which is available for spending at the government's discretion; unassigned fund balance represents the spendable portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance (the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned components of fund balance) for the general fund was \$44,510,604 or approximately 41% of the total general fund expenditures (including transfers).
- The City's total unrestricted cash and investments increased by \$9,043,296 during the current fiscal year. The City's governmental activities increased by \$29,774,069; the key factors for this increase the timing of construction of capital projects and remaining fund balances from 2020. Total cash and investments for the City's business-type activities decreased \$20,730,773. The business-type cash decrease was due to the repayment of debt and the construction of capital projects

• OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Greeley's basic financial statements. The City of Greeley's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Greeley's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City of Greeley's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflow of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Greeley is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City of Greeley's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Greeley that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City of Greeley include general government, public safety, public works, community development, and culture, parks and recreation services. The business-type activities of the City of Greeley include sewer and water operations, two municipal golf courses, cemetery operations, downtown parking facilities, and storm water operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Greeley itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate Urban Renewal Authority, and a legally separate Downtown Development Authority of which the City of Greeley is financially accountable. Financial information for these *component units* is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 26, 28 and 29 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Greeley, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Greeley can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and change in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Greeley maintains 34 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and change in fund balance for the general fund and the sales and use tax fund (a special revenue fund), which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 32 funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements and individual fund statements.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 32 and 34 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City of Greeley maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Greeley uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer and water operations, two municipal golf courses, cemetery operations, downtown parking facilities, and storm water operations. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City of Greeley's various functions. The City of Greeley uses internal service funds to account for maintaining its equipment and vehicles, fleet replacement, information technology systems, a defined benefit health and dental insurance plan, workers' compensation plan, copying and mailing services, and a self-insurance program for liability claims. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements, except for a small amount allocated to business-type activities.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for sewer operations and water operations, which are considered to be major funds of the City of Greeley. Conversely, all internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the proprietary funds and the internal service funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* and individual fund statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 42-45 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 47-81 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required* supplementary information concerning the City of Greeley's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 83-90 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds, non-major proprietary funds, internal service funds, and component units are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions. Combining schedules can be found on pages 94-95, 148-150, 152-154, 162-163 and 166-167 of this report.

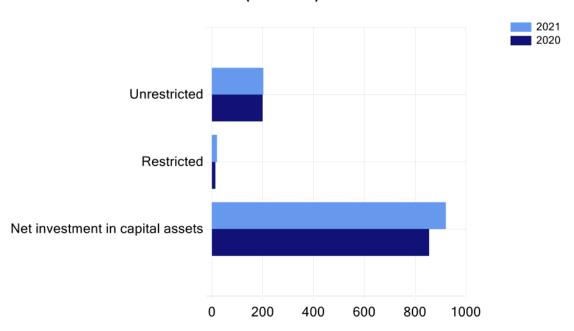
Government-wide Overall Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Greeley, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$ 1,144,301,258 at the close of 2021.

City of Greeley's Net Position (in thousands)

	 Governm Activit	-		Busines Activi		T	otal Primar	y G	overnment
	2021		2020	2021	2020		2021		2020
Assets									
Current and other assets	\$ 188,913	\$	160,165	\$ 81,482	\$ 102,820	\$	270,395	\$	262,985
Capital assets	 466,804		449,254	619,635	569,480		1,086,439		1,018,734
Total assets	655,717		609,419	701,117	672,300		1,356,834		1,281,719
Deferred Outflows	5,612		5,315	1,166	1,321		6,778		6,636
Liabilities									
Long-term liabilities	52,422		55,647	107,793	117,211		160,215		172,858
Other liabilities	 22,977		13,036	9,397	7,284		32,374		20,320
Total liabilities	75,399		68,683	117,190	124,495		192,589		193,178
Deferred Inflows	26,722		24,673	-	-		26,722		24,673
Net position									
Net investment in capital									
assets	418,609		392,574	513,675	463,769		932,283		856,342
Restricted	13,743		13,704	-	-		13,743		13,704
Unrestricted	 126,857		115,099	71,417	85,357		198,274		200,456
Total net position	\$ 559,208	\$	521,377	\$ 585,093	\$ 549,126	\$	1,144,301	\$	1,070,502

City of Greely Net Position December 31, 2020 and 2021 (in millions)



By far, the largest portion of the City of Greeley's 1,144,301,258 net position, \$932,283,828 (80.5%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, infrastructure, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion (1.2%) of the City's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$198,273,997 is unrestricted and may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. At the end of 2021, the City is able to report positive balances in all reported categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate government and business-type activities. The same situation held true for 2020.

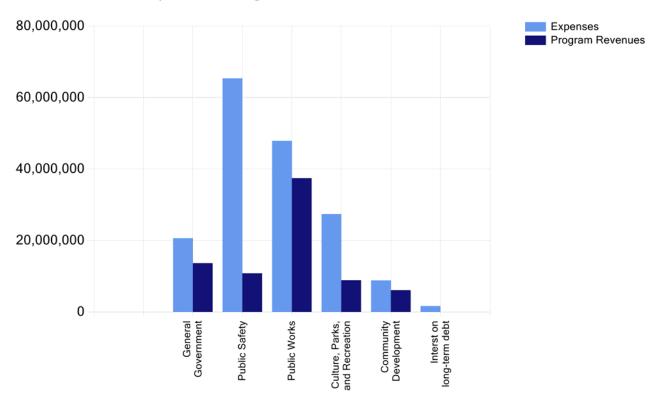
The City's overall net position increased, by \$73,798,810, during the current fiscal year. The reasons for this increase are discussed in the following sections for governmental activities and business-type activities.

City of Greeley's Changes in Net Position (in thousands)

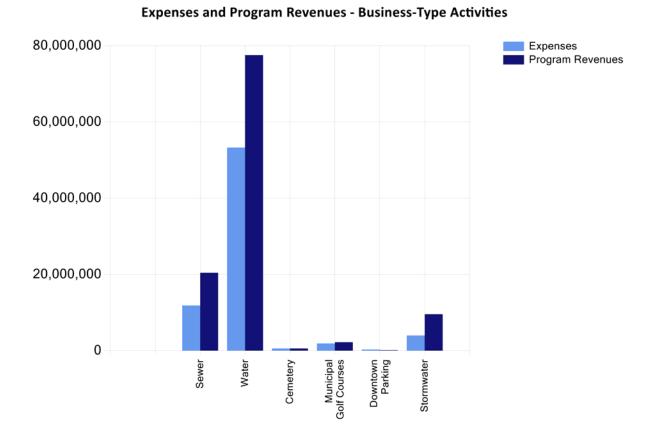
	Governme Activitie		Business-t Activitie	••	Total Prime Governme	•
	 2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 16,342 \$	17,920 \$	71,269 \$	71,390 \$	87,612 \$	89,310
Operating Grants and Contributions	16,871	20,843	14,603	3,977	31,474	24,820
Capital Grants and Contributions	20,509	10,449	24,474	1,435	44,982	11,884
General revenues:						
Property taxes	18,446	15,920	-	-	18,446	15,920
Sales and use taxes	101,117	87,367	-	-	101,117	87,367
Other taxes	663	393	-	-	663	393
Rents and royalties	2,932	-	893	-	3,825	-
Other	5,980	8,053	139	3,790	6,119	11,843
Total Revenues	182,860	160,945	111,377	80,592	294,237	241,537
Expenses:						
General government	17,418	17,401	-	-	17,418	17,401
Public safety	56,328	54,299	-	-	56,328	54,299
Public works	42,820	42,039	-	-	42,820	42,039
Culture, parks and recreation	23,116	20,285	-	-	23,116	20,285
Community development	7,311	8,462	-	-	7,311	8,462
Interest on long-term debt	1,669	1,866	-	-	1,669	1,866
Sewer	-	-	11,847	11,246	11,847	11,246
Water	-	-	53,254	56,260	53,254	56,260
Cemetery	-	-	560	607	560	607
Municipal golf courses	-	-	1,869	1,988	1,869	1,988
Downtown parking	-	-	286	194	286	194
Stormwater	-	-	3,961	4,004	3,961	4,004
Total Expenses	148,662	144,352	71,777	74,299	220,439	218,651
Increase in net position before transfers	34,199	16,593	39,600	6,293	73,799	22,886
Transfers	3,632	3,734	(3,632)	(3,734)	-	-
Change in net position	37,831	20,327	35,968	2,559	73,799	22,886
Net position - January 1	521,377	501,050	549,125	546,566	1,070,502	1,047,616
Net position - December 31	\$ 559,208 \$	521,377 \$	585,093 \$	549,125 \$	1,144,301 \$	1,070,502

Governmental Activities. During the current fiscal year, net position for governmental activities increased \$37,831,323 from the prior year to \$559,208,533. Sales and use tax revenue increased \$13,749,447, property tax revenue increased by \$2,525,513, oil/gas royalties and leases decreased \$222,670, severance taxes and federal mineral lease revenue decreased \$2,211,970 and investment earnings decreased by \$4,656,899. Coming out of the pandemic was the primary reason for the increased sales taxes. Property taxes increased due to a significant amount of growth in Greeley as well as an increase in real estate value.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities



Business-type Activities. For the City of Greeley's business-type activities, the results for 2021 were positive in that overall net position increased to reach an ending balance of 585,092,724. The total increase in net position for business-type activities was \$35,967,487. This growth is attributed to the construction of capital projects.

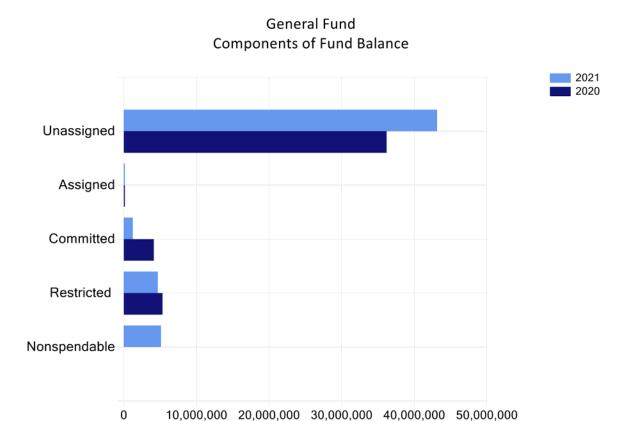


Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Greeley uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City of Greeley's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Greeley's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use. It represents the portion of fund balance, which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the City itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for particular purposes by the City of Greeley's Council.

As of the end of 2021, the City of Greeley's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of\$116,811,579, an increase of \$13,015,421 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 30.3% of this amount (\$35,404,029) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either non-spendable, restricted, committed, or assigned to indicate that it is 1) not in spendable form (\$8,166,147), 2) restricted for particular purposes (\$11,581,910), 3) committed for particular purposes (\$52,674,025), or 4) assigned for particular purposes (\$8,985,468).

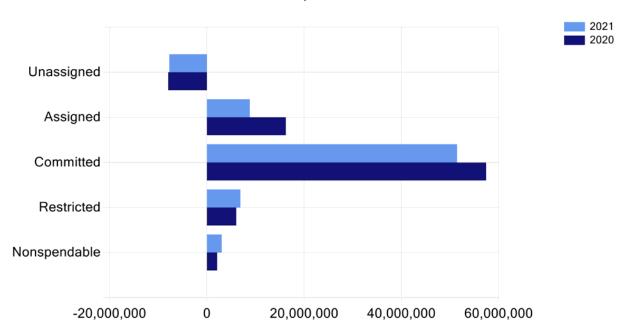


The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Greeley. At the end of 2021, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$43,132,059, while the total fund balance increased to \$54,310,920. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 39.8% of total fund expenditures (including transfers), while total fund balance represents 50.1% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City of Greeley's general fund increased by \$8,515,971 during 2021. Key factors in this change are as follows:

- An Increase of \$9,577,902 in the transfer from the sales and use tax fund, due to the increase in sales & use tax revenue.
- An increase of \$538,433 in oil and gas royalties and leases.
- An increase of \$1,398,625 in charges for services due to recovery from the COVID-19 Pandemic.

Other Governmental Funds Components of Fund Balance December 31, 2020 and 2021



The Sales and Use Tax Fund, a major fund, accounts for the collection of 3.46% of the City's 4.11% sales and use tax. The sales and use tax fund transfers revenue to the general debt service fund to meet bond covenants and transfers the remaining revenue to the general fund, designated revenue fund, food tax fund, island grove development fund, and the quality of life fund. At year-end the sales and use tax fund had a total fund balance of \$0; all funds were transferred out to other funds.

Proprietary funds. The City of Greeley's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The unrestricted net position of the major proprietary funds at the end of the year was \$57,068,605; the sewer fund \$16,393,269, and the water fund \$40,675,336. The growth in total net position for the sewer fund was \$7,890,843 and the increase in the water fund was \$22,992,222. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City of Greeley's business-type activities.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Original budget compared to final budget. In 2021, the City Council approved four amendments to the general fund budget. All recommended amendments for budget changes came through the Finance Department, to City Council via Ordinance as required by the City's Charter. Ordinance enactment requires a public hearing and the opportunity for public discussion. The City Charter allows the City Manager to make intradepartmental budget changes that modify line items within departments in the same fund; generally, the movement between departments is not significant.

The General Fund's original budgeted revenues, including transfers, were \$106.2 million. The final budgeted amount, including transfers, was \$124.3 million. Amendments to revenues included \$9.1 million in additional sales and use taxes, and \$2.2 million as revenue replacement from the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) and, \$4.5 million in transit related grants.

The general fund's original budgeted expenditures of \$109.7 million, including transfers, increased by \$17.3 million to \$127.1 million in the final budget. The increase included \$4.6 million of prior year fund balance to cover 2020 commitments including the broadband project. Additional increases include \$4.8 million to replace transit buses and support transit operations, \$2.2 million as revenue replacement from the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) to fund one-time compensation for Fire, Police & essential City employees and government expenditures, \$1.3 million to support wage increases and/or one-time compensation that was not included in the original 2021 budget, \$1 million to support the interchange design at 35th avenue & highway 34, \$700,000 for Railroad Crossings - Quiet Zones Project, \$350,000 for the he City's Oracle Stabilization Action Plan, and \$300,000 for the use of Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act funds for cover remaining costs incurred due to COVID-19.

Final budget compared to actual results. The significant differences between estimated revenues and actual revenues in the general fund were as follows:

Revenue Source	Estimated Revenues	Actual Revenues	Difference
Taxes	\$ 15,527,520	\$ 17,567,129	\$ 2,039,609
Licenses and Permits	2,323,153	3,446,664	1,123,511
Intergovernmental	14,353,605	3,873,984	(10,479,621)
Charges for Services	9,155,437	8,902,666	(252,771)
Fines and Forfeits	2,249,191	1,960,404	(288,787)
Rents/Royalties	1,791,739	3,033,929	1,242,190

Property & other taxes were more than original estimates by \$2,039,609 as taxes from 2020 were received in 2021. Licenses and Permits were more than estimated by \$1,123,511 due to increases in building permits. The intergovernmental revenues were \$10,479,621 less than estimated due to pending receipt of federal transit authority funding for transit buses and recognition of American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds. Charges for services were \$252,771 below estimates. Fines and forfeits were less than estimated due to lower collections of court fines. Oil and gas royalties and rents were \$1,242,190 more than estimated due to an increase in production and oil prices.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets. The City of Greeley's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2021, amounts to \$1,086,439,496 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, streets, bridges. The City of Greeley's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year increased 6.6% (a 3.9% increase for governmental activities and an 8.8% increase for business-type activities).

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- 3.226 miles of new roads, including right of way, and curbs and sidewalks, were donated from developers at a fair value of \$9,938,108. Developers contributed \$4,010,086 of water lines and fire hydrants, and \$4,986,533 of sewer system infrastructure.
- Major equipment purchased for business-type assets include a 2021 Rear Reel Vacall Truck with Recycler for \$554,572.
 Major purchases for governmental funds were four Touchless Speed Lanes for \$145,990, Tanker/Tender truck for \$189,454,
 Arrow XT 107' Ascendant Ladder Truck for \$1,185,594 and two CNG buses for \$1,242,950
- Purchases of water rights totaled \$3,048,433 for 54.5 shares of New Cache la Poudre Irrigation Company, \$1,921,786 for 58 shares of New Cache la Poudre Reservoir Company, \$12,904,504 for 6 1/6 shares of The Water Supply & Storage Company, and \$1,152,000 for 14 2/5 shares of Greeley Irrigation Company.

• \$5,907,042 was expended on the expansion of 35th Avenue, \$3,828,456 on the Phase IV widening of 20th Street from 83rd to 90th Avenue, and \$4,609,009 on the CDOT 1-25 Transmission Line. \$10,049,740 was spent on the nitrigication phase II project in the sewer fund.

Capital Assets at Year End (net of depreciation in thousands)

	Governn	ne	ental		Busine	ess-	type			
	Activi	tie	es		Acti	viti	es	Tot	al	
	2021		2020	2	021		2020	2021		2020
Land and Improvements	\$ 146,685	\$	141,832 \$		31,171	\$	28,518	\$ 177,856	\$	170,350
Buildings and Improvements	108,184		111,354		2,670		2,844	110,854		114,198
Machinery and Equipment	29,823		29,836		13,749		12,661	43,572		42,497
Infrastructure	125,684		128,717	3	53,275		350,271	478,959		478,988
Artwork	4,937		4,817		496		496	5,433		5,313
Water Rights	-		-	1	37,321		117,974	137,321		117,974
Construction in Progress	51,491		32,699		80,953		56,715	132,444		89,414
Total	\$ 466,804	\$	449,254 \$	6	19,635	\$	569,480	\$ 1,086,439	\$ 1	1,018,733

Additional information on the City of Greeley's capital assets can be found in Note 6 on pages 58 and 59 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Greeley had total debt outstanding of \$,139,701,584 . The City of Greeley's debt is secured solely by specified revenue sources (sales and use tax revenue, water, sewer and storm water revenue) and specified assets.

Outstanding Debt at Year End (in thousands)

			overnmental Activities			Busine Acti			Total				
	2021			2020	2021	2020	2020 2021			2020			
Revenue Bonds	\$	7,115	\$	10,835	\$	97,420	\$	105,775	\$	104,535	\$	116,610	
Certificates of Participation		34,575		35,295		-		-		34,575		35,295	
Capital Leases		592		920		-		-		592		920	
Total	\$	42,282	\$	47,050	\$	97,420	\$	105,775	\$	139,702	\$	152,825	

The above outstanding debt schedule does not include compensated absences of \$ 4,869,843 for governmental activities and \$810,796 for business-type activities for the year 2020, as well as adjustments for premiums, of \$ 9,561,886 in business-type activities.

The City of Greeley's governmental activities outstanding debt decreased by \$4,768,623 during the current fiscal year primarily due to annual principal payments on outstanding debt.

The City of Greeley's business-type activities outstanding debt decreased by \$8,355,000 during the current fiscal year primarily due to annual principal payments on outstanding debt.

The City of Greeley has an "AA+" rating from Standard & Poor's and an "Aa2" rating from Moody's Investors Service on water revenue bond issues. The sales and use tax revenue bonds have been rated "AA" and "Aa3" respectively by the two rating agencies. Standard & Poor's has rated the sewer revenue bonds and the storm water revenue bonds "AA+". The City's charter imposes a legal debt margin on general obligation bonds of ten percent (10%) of assessed valuation. The debt limit on December 31, 2021 was \$168,486,178. The amount of debt applicable to the debt limit is zero, leaving a legal debt margin of \$168,486,178.

Additional information on the City of Greeley's long-term debt can be found in Note 9 on pages 63 - 66 of this report.

NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

The Annual Budget assures the efficient, effective, and economic uses of the City's resources, as well as, establishing that highest priority objectives are accomplished. Through the budget, the City Council sets the direction for the City, allocates its resources, and establishes its priorities.

The 2022 Budget was approved by the City Council on October 19, 2021. The 2022 expenditure budget decreases 33.8% from the 2021 revised budget. The operating budget places a priority on existing programs the City is able to provide during the COVID-19 pandemic to ensure that the City is able to maintain an excellent level of service and address the overall needs of the community.

The 2022 total budgeted revenues, excluding operating transfers, are expected to decrease 12.8% from the 2021 Revised Budget. Taxes and Charges for Services represent 78% of the total revenue estimate.

The City of Greeley added 28.25 full-time equivalent (FTE) positions and removed 3.25 FTE positions in the 2022 Budget. City Attorney's Office added a Paralegal. City Clerk's Office added an 0.25 FTE Administrative Specialist II. City Manager's Office added and Assistant to the City Manager and Office of Human Affairs Director. Communication & Engagement added a Web Developer. Community Development added a Construction Inspector and Code Compliance Inspector. Culture, Parks, & Recreation added a Customer Service Representative and Recreation Coordinator II. Information Technology added a PC Technician. The Fire Department added a Division Chief of Support Services. Municipal Court added a Court Marshall. Police added two Police Officers. Public Works added an Engineering Technician, Equipment Maintenance Mechanic, and Water Quality & Regulatory Compliance Manager. Water & Sewer added a Civil Engineer II, Lead Plant Operator, Maintenance Mechanic, two Plant Operators, Utility Locator, Water Quality Analyst, and Water Resource Engineer IV. Culture, Parks, & Recreation reduced a Trail Manger by 0.25 FTEs. Fire reduced three Fire Fighters. After all reductions and additions that occurred at the City, FTEs budgeted for 2022 totaled 1,011.75 FTEs.

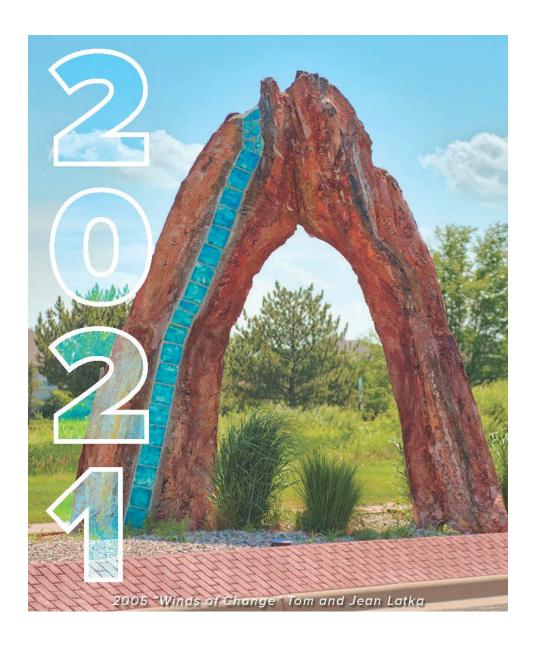
The 2022 Budget process and final adoption prioritize investments that are critical to the city's long-term success. It includes investing in employees, the city's greatest asset, with cost-of-living increases for FY22. It also includes strategic investments in Public Safety, Community Vitality/Quality of Life, Mobility & Sustainable Infrastructure, and High-Performance Government. These investments include additional first responders, police officers, upgraded equipment, and multi-year contract extensions for both Fire and Police union membership. Culture, Parks, and Recreation is returning the department facilities, programming, and operations to pre-COVID levels. Utilities - Water, sewer, and stormwater capital investments are focused on preparing for Greeley's long-term growth trajectory. Organizational assessments will continue into 2022 and provide valuable insight to the City Manager's Office in organizational planning and resource allocation. A Job classification and compensation project will lead to consistent job descriptions across the organization and competitive salary ranges to ensure the city can recruit and retain staff as part of the city's goal to be a municipal employer of choice.

Economic Factors

2021 became the year of recovery for the City and community as several revenue streams returned to pre-Covid -19 levels. While the trajectory of the city's revenue streams is headed in the right direction, the reality is that funding has not returned to pre-pandemic levels. In response, city expenditures have followed suit, with 2021 spending down from FY20, which was already reduced by 21% from FY19. Injections of one-time federal stimulus dollars have helped ameliorate a portion of the losses, but the city should not assume a full recovery until city revenue streams return to pre-pandemic levels. The city will continue to monitor economic conditions and forecasts and make appropriate adjustments as the economic recovery becomes clearer. Pending the economic recovery continues and Greeley can avoid a setback from a future wave of COVID-19, the city will be on track to explore additional strategic initiatives in the Fiscal Year 2023.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Greeley's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Greeley Director of Finance, 1000 10th Street, Greeley, Colorado 80631.



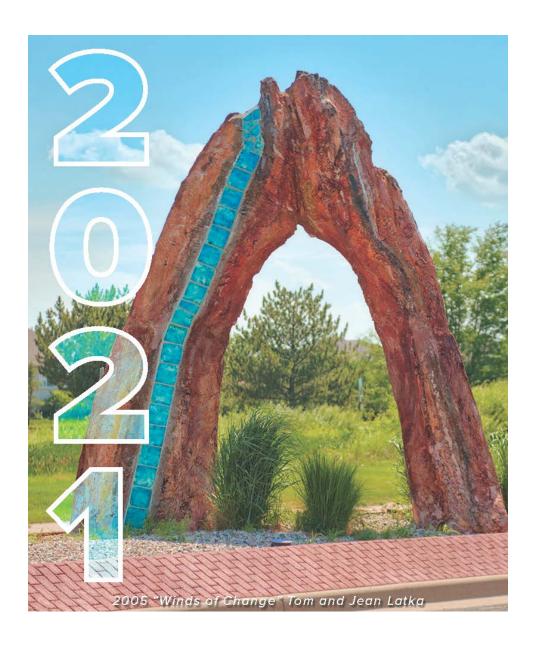
Item No. 6.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

		<u>P</u> rim	nary Governme	nt		Discretely Compon			
	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total 2021	Greeley Urban Renewal Authority	Downtown Development Authority		
ASSETS						•	•		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18,296,888	\$	200	\$	18,297,088	\$ 754,922	\$ 269,720		
Investments	127,245,357		67,535,264		194,780,621	3,861,586	-		
Receivables, net	34,572,691		7,071,157		41,643,848	14,732,055	164,349		
Internal balances	(3,295,010)		3,295,009		(1)	-	-		
Due from other governments	5,523,078		<u>-</u>		5,523,078	144,138	-		
Inventories	-		526,456		526,456	-	-		
Accrued interest	2,408,718		180,415		2,589,133	-	-		
Net pension asset	2,796,232				2,796,232	-	-		
Prepaid items	557,824		36,665		594,489	-	-		
Restricted:									
Cash and cash equivalents	382,777		<u>-</u>		382,777	-	-		
Investments	424,146		2,836,562		3,260,708	-	-		
Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land	107,113,488		29,521,814		136,635,302	623,970	=		
Artwork	4,936,983		496,032		5,433,015	-	-		
Water rights	-		137,321,011		137,321,011	-	-		
Construction in progress	51,490,887		80,952,895		132,443,782	=	=		
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation:									
Buildings/building improvements	108,183,816		2,670,315		110,854,131	=	=		
Land improvements	39,571,452		1,649,499		41,220,951	-	-		
Machinery and equipment	29,823,397		13,748,726		43,572,123	-	-		
Infrastructure	125,684,498		353,274,683		478,959,181	 	 -		
Total assets	655,717,222		701,116,703	1	,356,833,925	20,116,671	434,069		
DEFENDED OUTELOWS OF DESCRIPTION									
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	E 074 04E				E 074 04E				
Deferred outflows - pension plans	5,371,815		4 400 047		5,371,815	=	-		
Deferred charge on debt refunding	239,953		1,166,047		1,406,000		-		
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,611,768		1,166,047		6,777,815	-	-		
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	6,981,194		6,952,954		13,934,148	_	_		
Other liabilities	5,469,742		1,872,718		7,342,460	_	4,323		
Accrued interest	202,308		1,012,110		202,308	_	1,020		
Unearned revenue	10,324,142		571,671		10,895,813	_	_		
Noncurrent liabilities:	10,024,142		07 1,07 1		10,000,010				
Due within one year	8.283.615		9.390.520		17,674,135	_	_		
Due in more than one year	38,867,812		98,402,162		137,269,974	_	_		
Net pension liability due in more than one year	5,270,027		50,402,102		5,270,027	_	_		
			-		0,210,021				
Total liabilities	75,398,840		117,190,025		192,588,865	-	4,323		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred inflows - pension plans	3,454,727		_		3,454,727	_	_		
Deferred gains on refunding	5,192,255		_		5,192,255	_	_		
Deferred revenue - property taxes	18,074,635		_		18,074,635	14,663,883	164,349		
	, ,					, ,	-		
Total deferred inflows of resources	26,721,617		-		26,721,617	14,663,883	164,349		
NET POSITION			= 10 0== c==			065			
Net investment in capital assets	418,608,573		513,675,255		932,283,828	623,970	-		
Restricted for:									
TABOR emergency reserve	4,692,297		-		4,692,297	-	-		
Debt service	1,886,271		-		1,886,271	-	-		
Other purposes	5,003,342		-		5,003,342	271,617	-		
Nonexpendable items	2,161,523		-		2,161,523	-	-		
Unrestricted	126,856,527		71,417,470		198,273,997	4,557,201	265,397		
Officialitied	1=0,000,0=1		, ,						

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

				Program Revenues							
					Component Units						
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions			
Primary Government:											
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$	17,418,083	\$	7,198,880	\$	3.071.482	\$	157,107			
Public safety	Q	56,327,604	Ψ.	868.172	٠	864.130	٠	27,730			
Public works		42,820,361		2,158,186		10,318,108		19,896,917			
Culture, parks & recreation		23,115,933		2,220,498		1,945,828		427,719			
Community development		7,310,813		3,896,606		671,518					
Interest on Long-term debt		1,669,012		-		-		-			
Total governmental activities		148,661,806		16,342,342		16,871,066		20,509,473			
Business-type activities:											
Sewer		11,846,900		11,860,203		3,245		8,564,637			
Water		53,254,199		48,857,585		14,588,952		14,069,272			
Cemetery		559,834		554,243		-		-			
Municipal golf courses		1,869,378		2,196,373		8,299		-			
Downtown parking		286,010		107,398		-		-			
Stormwater		3,961,590		7,693,389		2,136		1,840,078			
Total business-type activities		71,777,911		71,269,191		14,602,632		24,473,987			
Total primary government	\$	220,439,717	\$	87,611,533	\$	31,473,698	\$	44,983,460			
Discretely Presented Component Units:											
Greeley Urban Renewal Authority		11,393,651		_		_		_			
Downtown Development Authority		550,996		3,703		76,450		221,444			
Total component units	\$	11,944,647	\$	3,703	\$	76,450	\$	221,444			
	Ge	neral revenues: Taxes:	arty t	axes levied for o	nene	ral nurnose					

Property taxes, levied for general purpose Sales and use taxes

Lodging taxes
Occupational taxes
Interest and investment earnings

Rents and royalties Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - January 1

Net position - December 31

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

		iver (Expense) i	tevi	enue and Change	SIIII			I laika
	Governmental	Business-type		Total		Compor Greeley Urban Renewal	ient	Downtown Development
	Activities	Activities		2021		Authority		Authority
\$	(6,990,614)	\$ -	\$	(6,990,614)	\$	-	\$	
	(54,567,572)	-		(54,567,572)		-		
	(10,447,150) (18,521,888)	-		(10,447,150) (18,521,888)		-		
	(2,742,689)	-		(2,742,689)		-		
	(1,669,012)	_		(1,669,012)		_		
	(94,938,925)			(94,938,925)				
	(94,930,923)			(94,930,923)				
	-	8,581,185		8,581,185		-		
	-	24,261,610		24,261,610		-		
	-	(5,591)		(5,591)		-		
	-	335,294 (178,612)		335,294 (178,612)		-		
	-	5,574,013		5,574,013		_		
		38,567,899		38,567,899				
	(04 020 025)							
	(94,938,925)	38,567,899		(56,371,026)		<u>-</u>		
						(11,393,651)		
						-		(249,399
_						(11,393,651)		(249,399
_								
\$	18,445,621	\$ 150	\$	18,445,771	\$	11,901,774	\$	223,17
	101,116,718 620,002	_		101,116,718 620,002		_		
	43,457	-		43,457		-		
	77,029	(555,993)		(478,964)		4,816		
	2,931,931	893,064		3,824,995		· -		4,70
	5,903,286	694,571		6,597,857		-		96,31
	3,632,204	(3,632,204)		-		-		
	132,770,248	(2,600,412)		130,169,836		11,906,590		324,19
	37,831,323	35,967,487		73,798,810		512,939		74,79
	521,377,210	549,125,237		1,070,502,447		4,939,849		190,60
\$	559,208,533	\$ 585,092,724	\$	1,144,301,257	\$	5,452,788	\$	265,39



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GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund

This fund accounts for all financial resources of the City not required by law or administrative action to be accounted for in another fund; per City of Greeley Charter Section 5-5.

Sales and Use Tax Fund

This Special Revenue Fund accounts for the collection of the City's 3.46% Sales and Use Tax which is utilized in accordance with the 2005B Sales and Use Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds, the 2012 Sales and Use Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds and the 2014 Sales and Use Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2021

Sales Nonmajor Total and Use Tax Governmental General Governmental Fund Fund Funds Funds **ASSETS** Cash and cash equivalents 16,040,133 87,703 1,939,040 18,066,876 \$ 38,294,084 2,101,582 65,722,828 1,459,711 104,016,912 3,567,843 Investments 6,550 Accounts receivable, net Taxes receivable 16,973,916 9,521,851 2,485,993 28,981,760 Special assessments 11,067 7,112,402 11,067 9,554,802 2.442.400 Due from other funds Due from other governments 5,094,487 428,591 5,523,078 5,087,531 98,176 Advances to other funds 1,184,878 6,272,409 4,358,391 Notes receivable 4.260.215 Prepaid items 20,488 31,727 52,215 Restricted: Cash and cash equivalents 382.777 382,777 Investments 424,146 424,146 91,216,643 \$ 9,616,104 \$ 80,379,529 \$ 181,212,276 Total assets LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts/retainages payable Contracts payable - retainage 2.356.490 347.931 2.765.391 5.469.812 \$ \$ \$ \$ 1,106,384 1,106,384 710,630 62,986 Due to other funds 9,142,579 210,133 10,063,342 7.887.246 7,950,232 Advances from other funds Other liabilities 965,569 123,389 9,987 1,098,945 Accrued liabilities 1,383,563 2,205 148.570 1,534,338 Unearned revenue 9.736.800 587.342 10,324,142 Total liabilities 15,216,038 9,616,104 12,715,053 37,547,195 Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxes levied for following year 17,002,537 1,072,098 18,074,635 Unavailable Revenue - other 4.687.148 4.687.148 Unavailable revenue - economic development loans 4,091,719 4,091,719 21,689,685 Total deferred inflows of resources 5,163,817 26,853,502 Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted 5,108,019 3,058,128 8,166,147 11,581,910 4,692,297 6,889,613 Committed 1,235,055 51,438,970 52,674,025 Assigned 143,490 8,841,978 8.985.468 Unassigned 43,132,059 (7.728.030) 35.404.029 Total fund balances 54,310,920 62,500,659 116,811,579 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resrouces and fund balances 91,216,643 \$ 9,616,104 \$ 80,379,529 \$ 181,212,276

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FL

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2021

Amount reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Amount reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because.		
Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 116,811,579
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation used in governmental activities are not current financial resources. Therefore they are not reported in the funds.		
Primary governmental capital assets	867,933,225	
Less accumulated depreciation	(410,849,632)	457,083,593
In governmental funds, revenue is not recognized until it is available to liquidate current year liabilities and it is deferred.		
Deferred inflows - due from other governments	4,687,148	
Deferred inflows - economic development loans	4,091,719	8,778,867
Pension liability and related deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the financial statements		
Net pension asset	2,796,232	
Deferred outflows - pension plans	5,371,815	
Net pension liability	(5,270,027)	
Deferred inflows - pension plans	(3,454,727)	(556,707)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, the related unamortized premiums, deferred amounts and accrued interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, not reported in the funds.		
Bonds / certificates of participation payable	(41,690,000)	
Deferred premium	(5,192,255)	
Deferred charge on refunding	239,953	
Compensated absences	(4,699,259)	
Capital lease payable	(352,871)	
Interest payable	(202,308)	(51,896,740)
Internal services funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position.		
Net position of internal service funds	32,091,925	
Less adjustment for changes in excess costs to the business-type activities	(3,103,984)	28,987,941
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 559,208,533

GITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		General Fund		Sales and Use Tax Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	17,567,129	\$	86,839,661	\$	15,819,008	\$	120,225,798
Licenses & permits	·	3,446,664	•	-	•	8,649	•	3,455,313
Intergovernmental		3,873,984		_		12,366,812		16,240,796
Charges for services		8,902,666		_		9,782,694		18,685,360
Fines & forfeits		1,960,404		_		3,639		1,964,043
Miscellaneous		6,291,395		-		1,540,172		7,831,567
Total revenues		42,042,242		86,839,661		39,520,974		168,402,877
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		12,772,812		-		269,476		13,042,288
Public safety		51,482,699		-		1,000		51,483,699
Public works		8,217,368		_		10,168,682		18,386,050
Culture, parks & recreation		16,681,486		-		218,846		16,900,332
Community development		5,747,138		-		1,102,685		6,849,823
Nondepartmental		1,989,612		_		5,885,222		7,874,834
Debt service		, , , , <u>-</u>		_		6,833,412		6,833,412
Capital outlay		2,241,642		-		34,136,775		36,378,417
Total expenditures		99,132,757		-		58,616,098		157,748,855
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(57,090,515)		86,839,661		(19,095,124)		10,654,022
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		74,925,737		_		38,166,613		113,092,350
Transfers out		(9,319,251)		(86,839,661)		(14,572,040)		(110,730,952)
Total other financing sources (uses)		65,606,486		(86,839,661)		23,594,573		2,361,398
Net change in fund balances		8,515,971		-		4,499,449		13,015,420
Fund balances - January 1		45,794,949		-		58,001,210		103,796,159
Fund balances - December 31	\$	54,310,920	\$	-	\$	62,500,659	\$	116,811,579

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 13,015,420

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.

Expenditures for capital assets	36,302,211	
Current year depreciation	(27,458,563)	
Current year dispositions and adjustments, net accumulated depreciation	(298,920)	
Contributed capital assets	9,938,108	18,482,836
•		, ,

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds.

Repayment of bond and lease principal 4,636,224

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.

4,615,232

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Current year compensated absences	88,198	
Current year bond premium amortization	644,972	
Current year deferred amount on refunding	(160,198)	
Current year interest related to debt service payments	43,404	
Net pension expense	(1,343,820)	(727,444)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of equipment maintenance, management information systems, health and dental insurance plan, workers compensation, copying and mailing services, and self-insurance program for liability claims to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.

Change in net position for internal service funds	(2,668,862)	
Less reduction in revenue due to reduction in expenses to the business-type activities	477,917	(2,190,945)

Change in net position of governmental activities

37,831,323

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANACE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Budgeted Amounts Unaudited			Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	\$	15,497,520 \$	15,497,520 \$	17,414,663	\$ 1,917,143
Occupational taxes	*	20,000	20,000	43,457	23,457
Penalties and interest on taxes		10,000	10,000	109,009	99,009
Total taxes		15,527,520	15,527,520	17,567,129	2,039,609
Licenses and permits:					
Liquor licenses		215,000	229,000	258,238	29,238
Licenses		40,000	40,000	22,270	(17,730)
Permits		2,029,207	2,054,153	3,166,156	1,112,003
Total licenses and permits		2,284,207	2,323,153	3,446,664	1,123,511
Intergovernmental revenue:					
Federal grants		3,304,738	10,522,902	1,157,657	(9,365,245)
Intergovernmental agreements		1,118,363	1,118,363	1,008,348	(110,015)
State assistance		455,000	1,312,340	735,129	(577,211)
Cigarette taxes		200,000	200,000	231,456	31,456
Severance taxes		1,200,000	1,200,000	741,394	(458,606)
Total intergovernmental revenue		6,278,101	14,353,605	3,873,984	(10,479,621)
Charges for services:					
Court fees and charges		97,500	97,500	78,154	(19,346)
Police fees		58,000	59,800	96,439	36,639
Transit fees and charges		802,500	802,500	756,066	(46,434)
Culture, parks & recreation fees		2,090,000	2,072,100	1,709,476	(362,624)
Commissions		37,800	37,800	11,480	(26,320)
Franchise fees		4,703,717	4,703,717	5,144,455	440,738
Other charges		1,148,421	1,382,020	1,106,596	(275,424)
Total charges for services		8,937,938	9,155,437	8,902,666	(252,771)
Fines and forfeits:					
Court fines		2,249,191	2,249,191	1,960,404	(288,787)

continued on next page

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANACE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgeted A Unaudi	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Miscellaneous revenue:				
Interest and investment earnings	322,846	322,846	242,491	(80,355)
Compensation for loss	322,040	322,040	203.946	203.946
Refunds of expenditures	3,245	3,245	83,710	80,465
Special assessments	5,245	5,245	13,262	13,262
Rents/royalties	1,773,839	1,791,739	3,033,929	1,242,190
Contributions/donations	83,000	386,769	306,924	(79,845)
Sale or disposal of asset	10,000	35,000	93,986	58,986
Other miscellaneous revenue	128,500	128,500	2,313,147	2,184,647
Total miscellaneous revenue	2,321,430	2,668,099	6,291,395	3,623,296
Total revenues	37,598,387	46,277,005	42,042,242	(4,234,763)
EXPENDITURES:				
General government:				
Legislative	176,088	176,088	198,543	(22,455)
Executive	2,305,900	2,312,400	2,169,226	143,174
Economic development	2,839,262	3,790,825	2,379,523	1,411,302
Human Resources	1,809,862	1,952,292	1,651,690	300,602
Administration	6,474,163	7,270,530	6,373,830	896,700
Total general government	13,605,275	15,502,135	12,772,812	2,729,323
Police:				
Patrol	17,910,460	18,504,020	18,070,056	433,964
Support services	13,710,348	14,149,123	13,558,326	590,797
Total police	31,620,808	32,653,143	31,628,382	1,024,761
Fire:				
Fire administration	1,253,551	1,492,782	1,562,775	(69,993)
Fire community safety	1,552,900	1,726,212	1,532,441	193,771
Fire operations	17,797,981	18,671,311	16,759,101	1,912,210
Total fire	20,604,432	21,890,305	19,854,317	2,035,988

continued on next page

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANACE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Budgeted Amounts Unaudited		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Public works:				
Facilities maintenance	2,928,877	2,981,672	2,857,346	124,326
General management	145,624	145,624	138,624	7,000
Engineering	-	-	898	(898)
Street maintenance	-	-	3,087	(3,087)
Transit services	5,809,984	5,809,984	5,217,413	592,571
Total public works	8,884,485	8,937,280	8,217,368	719,912
Culture, parks and recreation:				
Administration	281,984	281,984	336,767	(54,783)
Culture	3,025,032	3,139,282	2,717,698	421,584
Recreation	6,633,301	6,846,862	5,955,699	891,163
Parks	5,599,604	5,396,060	5,504,066	(108,006)
Island grove	2,218,576	2,218,576	2,167,256	51,320
Total culture, parks and recreation	17,758,497	17,882,764	16,681,486	1,201,278
Community development:				
Planning	4,634,040	4,819,951	4,769,917	50,034
Building inspections	974,231	974,231	977,221	(2,990)
Total community development	5,608,271	5,794,182	5,747,138	47,044
Nondepartmental:				
Miscellaneous	1,624,499	7,311,560	1,989,612	5,321,948
Total nondepartmental	1,624,499	7,311,560	1,989,612	5,321,948
Debt Service:				
Principal	72,000	72,000	-	72,000
Total debt service	72,000	72,000	-	72,000
Capital outlay	1,726,710	6,481,942	2,241,642	4,240,300
Total expenditures	101,504,977	116,525,311	99,132,757	17,392,554
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(63,906,590)	(70,248,306)	(57,090,515)	13,157,791

continued on next page

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANACE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts Unaudited			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	 Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in:				
Police development fund	-	3,050	-	(3,050)
Convention & visitor fund	418,200	472,205	214,468	(257,737)
Conservation trust fund	962,719	983,719	962,719	(21,000)
Sales and use tax fund	60,232,712	69,336,758	66,710,610	(2,626,148)
Designated revenue fund	2,340,822	2,403,000	2,385,568	(17,432)
Quality of life fund	954,168	954,168	954,168	· -
Memorials fund	-	7,000	-	(7,000)
Sewer fund	3,000	3,000	-	(3,000)
Stormwater fund	872,606	902,606	980,213	77,607
Stormwater construction fund	408,876	408,876	353,969	(54,907)
Water construction fund	2,434,210	2,434,210	2,298,021	(136,189)
Equitable sharing fund	-	72,228	66,001	(6,227)
Total transfers in	68,627,313	77,980,820	74,925,737	(3,055,083)
Transfers out:				
Streets and roads fund	(4,290,284)	(4,315,284)	(3,833,971)	481,313
Designated revenue fund	(45,000)	(49,000)	(57,810)	(8,810)
Public improvement fund	(43,000)	(1,200,000)	(700,000)	500,000
Community development fund	(66,150)	(66,150)	(22,586)	43,564
Cemetery fund	(200,000)	(200,000)	(22,500)	200,000
Liability fund	(500,000)	(500,000)	(500,000)	200,000
Road development fund	(300,000)	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	_
Fire Equip acq/replace fund	(500,000)	(600,000)	(600,000)	
Public art fund	(100,573)	(100,573)	(64,945)	35,628
IT acquisition fund	(770,806)	(770,806)	(770,806)	-
General debt service fund	(1,769,133)	(1,769,133)	(1,769,133)	-
Total transfers out	(8,241,946)	(10,570,946)	(9,319,251)	1,251,695
Total other financing sources (uses)	60,385,367	67,409,874	65,606,486	(1,803,388)
Net change in fund balance	(3,521,223)	(2,838,432)	8,515,971	11,354,403
Fund balance - January 1	 45,794,949	45,794,949	45,794,949	
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 42,273,726 \$	42,956,517 \$	54,310,920 \$	11,354,403

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SALES & USE TAX FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

To The real Ended December 51, 2021		Budgeted Amounts Unaudited				Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive
9		Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)
REVENUES:								
Taxes:								
General sales tax	\$	69,349,983	\$	77,349,983	\$	73,871,668	\$	(3,478,315)
Sales tax on building permits	Ψ	2,663,263	Ψ	5,163,263	Ψ	4,241,829	Ψ	(921,434)
General use tax		2,811,506		2,811,506		2,367,445		(444,061)
Auto use tax		4,226,030		4,226,030		5,053,179		827,149
Penalties and interest on taxes		400,000		400,000		1,305,540		905,540
Total taxes		79,450,782		89,950,782		86,839,661		(3,111,121)
Total revenues		79,450,782		89,950,782		86,839,661		(3,111,121)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out:								
General fund		(60,232,712)		(69,336,758)		(66,710,607)		2,626,151
Designated revenue fund		(2,445,835)		(2,931,384)		(2,275,293)		656,091
General debt service fund		(4,205,600)		(4,205,600)		(4,221,800)		(16,200)
Food tax fund		(8,450,626)		(8,450,626)		(8,407,376)		43,250
Island grove development fund		(9,000)		(9,000)		(13,614)		(4,614)
Quality of life fund		(3,857,009)		(4,767,414)		(5,020,999)		(253,585)
Conference center development fund		(250,000)		(250,000)		(189,972)		60,028
Total other financing sources (uses)		(79,450,782)		(89,950,782)		(86,839,661)		3,111,121
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-
Fund balance - January 1		-		-		-		
Fund balance - December 31	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Major Enterprise Funds

Sewer Fund

This fund accounts for user charges and expenses for operating, financing, and maintaining the City's sanitary sewer system; created per Greeley Municipal Code 14.04.140.

Water Fund

This fund accounts for user charges and the expenses for operating, financing, and maintaining the City's water system; created per Greeley Municipal Code 14.04.130.

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2021

200111201 01, 2021		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	<u></u>	•	Nonmajor					
	Sewer	Water	Enterprise		Service			
	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total	Funds			
ASSET								
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ - 9	\$ -	\$ 200	\$ 200	\$ 230,012			
Investments	16,479,395	39,553,186	11,502,683	67,535,264	23,228,445			
Accounts receivable, net	859,720	2,748,696	746,260	4,354,676	2,796			
Special assessments	134,316	-	-	134,316	-			
Accrued interest	42,250	108,675	29,490	180,415	59,552			
Unbilled services	591,057	1,590,036	401,072	2,582,165	-			
Due from other funds	382,643	232,199	14,917	629,759	-			
Advances to other funds	-		-		1,997,823			
Inventories	-	526,456	-	526,456	-			
Prepaid items	-	36,665	-	36,665	505,609			
Total current assets	18,489,381	44,795,913	12,694,622	75,979,916	26,024,237			
Noncurrent assets:								
Restricted assets:								
Investments	-	2,836,562	-	2,836,562	-			
Total restricted assets	-	2,836,562	-	2,836,562	-			
Capital assets:								
Land	1,015,525	24,308,141	4,198,148	29,521,814	16,986			
Land improvements	34,078	459,198	4,396,116	4,889,392	-			
Water rights	28,100	137,292,911	-	137,321,011	-			
Artwork	-	496,032	-	496,032	-			
Buildings/building improvements	4,336,246	3,518,998	1,639,823	9,495,067	120,884			
Machinery and equipment	9,704,401	16,932,821	3,984,592	30,621,814	25,130,448			
Infrastructure	145,712,877	376,033,601	64,230,892	585,977,370	-			
Construction in progress	16,482,172	63,608,718	862,005	80,952,895				
	177,313,399	622,650,420	79,311,576	879,275,395	25,268,318			
Less: accumulated depreciation	(67,000,281)	(159,307,926)	(33,332,213)	(259,640,420)	(15,547,390)			
Total capital assets	110,313,118	463,342,494	45,979,363	619,634,975	9,720,928			
Total noncurrent assets	110,313,118	466,179,056	45,979,363	622,471,537	9,720,928			
Total assets	128,802,499	510,974,969	58,673,985	698,451,453	35,745,165			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred charge on refunding	-	1,166,047	-	1,166,047	-			
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	1,166,047	-	1,166,047				
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	3,428,176	3,084,750	440,028	6,952,954	401,236			
Claims incurred but not reported	-	-	-	-	2,768,024			
Compensated absences	171,739	304,997	143,784	620,520	140,164			
Accrued liabilities		1,311,075	400 515	1,311,075	-			
Due to other funds	14,917	-	103,819	118,736	2,483			
Current portion of capital lease obligations	705.000	7.050.000		0.770.000	134,981			
Current portion of long-term obligations	795,000	7,650,000	325,000	8,770,000	-			
Unearned revenue Other liabilities	711 72 127	1,180	569,780	571,671	70 000			
Other liabilities Advances from other funds	72,127 -	430,700	58,817 320,000	561,644 320,000	72,200			
Total current liabilities	4,482,670	12,782,702	1,961,228	19,226,600	3,519,088			
Total carrent habitude	-1,702,070	12,102,102	1,001,220	10,220,000	Continued on next page			

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CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2021

		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Sewer Fund	Water Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total	Internal Service Funds		
Noncurrent liabilities: Accrued compensated absences Lease obligations Revenue bonds (net of deferred amount from	35,454 -	91,112 -	63,710 -	190,276	30,420 103,732		
unamortized premium)	13,812,005	78,434,379	5,965,502	98,211,886			
Total noncurrent liabilities	13,847,459	78,525,491	6,029,212	98,402,162	134,152		
Total liabilities	18,330,129	91,308,193	7,990,440	117,628,762	3,653,240		
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	94,079,110 16,393,269	380,157,481 40,675,336	39,438,664 11,244,881	513,675,255 68,313,486	9,482,215 22,609,710		
Total net position	\$ 110,472,379 \$	420,832,817 \$	50,683,545 \$	581,988,741	\$ 32,091,925		

Adjustment to report the cumulative internal balance for the net effect of the activity between the internal service funds and the enterprise funds over time

Net position of business-type activities

3,103,984 585,092,725

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds Nonmajor						Governmental Activities -
							Internal
		Sewer	Water	Enterprise			Service
		Fund	Fund	Funds	Total		Funds
OPERATING REVENUES:							
Charges for services	\$	11,730,861 \$	48,720,440	\$ 10,429,155	\$ 70,880,456	\$	28,409,930
Intergovernmental		3,245	9,504	10,435	23,184		75,849
Permits		129,342	137,295	71,942	338.579		
Fines & forfeits			- ,	50,306			-
Miscellaneous - compensation for loss		-	-	-	·		65,277
Total operating revenues		11,863,448	48,867,239	10,561,838	71,292,525		28,551,056
OPERATING EXPENSES:							
Personnel services		3,542,789	8,191,855	3,256,253	14,990,897		3,718,340
		1,039,010	5,573,784	386,427			
Supplies Purchased services		1,039,010	23,864,987	1,221,511			2,302,213 6,951,063
		1,900,901		1,221,511			0,951,003
Assessments		-	1,934,858	-	1,934,858		4 050 705
Insurance and bonds		318,150	318,150		636,300		1,253,765
Rentals		5,953	95,099	12,743			8,059
Depreciation		4,292,146	9,888,918	1,309,534	15,490,598		2,292,121
Claims		-		-	·		15,965,680
Other expenses		-	169,245	-	169,245		-
Total operating expenses		11,107,029	50,036,896	6,186,468	67,330,393		32,491,241
Operating income (loss)		756,419	(1,169,657)	4,375,370	3,962,132		(3,940,185)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):							
Interest and investment earnings		(178,438)	(355,564)	(21,991) (555,993)		(19,327)
Intergovernmental		(170,430)	17,866,324	(21,551	17,866,324		(13,321)
Rents		-	385,974		385,974		
Oil/gas royalties		240,211	108,159	158,720			=
Miscellaneous		(106,897)	229,671	(96,107			(45,354)
Interest expense		(521,831)	(2,640,101)	(228,657			(6,350)
Gain/(loss) on disposal of capital assets		2,934	83,042	2,916			71,548
		·	·	,			
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(564,021)	15,677,505	(185,119	14,928,365		517
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers		192,398	14,507,848	4,190,251	18,890,497		(3,939,668)
Capital Contributions		8,564,637	10,782,396	1,840,078	21,187,111		-
Transfers in		.	-	-	·		1,270,806
Transfers out		(866,192)	(2,298,022)	(467,990) (3,632,204)		-
Change in net position		7,890,843	22,992,222	5,562,339	36,445,404		(2,668,862)
Total net position - January 1		102,581,536	397,840,595	45,121,206	<u>i </u>		34,760,787
Total net position - December 31	\$	110,472,379 \$	420,832,817	\$ 50,683,545	i	\$	32,091,925

Adjustment for the net effect of the current year activity between the internal service funds and the enterprise funds

(477,917) 35,967,487

Changes in net position of business-type activities

Item No. 6. CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

			Governmental Activities				
				Nonmajor			Internal
For the Vear Ended December 21, 2021		Sewer Fund	Water Fund	Enterprise Funds	Total		Service Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021		ruliu	ruliu	rulius	TOTAL		ruiius
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:							
Receipts from customers and users	\$	11,684,429 \$	48,948,566 \$	10,539,033 \$	71,172,028	\$	14,709,860
Receipts from interfund services provided		- (2.024.997)	- (24 OF2 227)	- (1 216 720)	- (2E 202 8E2)		13,718,81
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees		(2,934,887) (3,623,788)	(31,052,237) (8,293,746)	(1,216,728) (3,295,647)	(35,203,852) (15,213,181)		(24,091,52° (3,849,65)
Payments for interfund services used		(276,722)	(748,065)	(352,436)	(1,377,223)		(3,849,03
Other receipts		269,358	968,360	161,770	1,399,488		60,81
Net cash provided by operating activities		5,118,390	9,822,878	5,835,992	20,777,260		237,04
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:							
Cash advances to/from other funds		-	-	-	-		206,65
Repayment of cash advances to other funds		-	-	(84,000)	(84,000)		
Transfers in from other funds		-	-	-	-		1,270,80
Transfers out to other funds		(1,395,276)	(2,361,290)	(444,117)	(4,200,683)		
Proceeds from grants		-	14,579,448	-	14,579,448		
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		(1,395,276)	12,218,158	(528,117)	10,294,765		1,477,46
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:							
Capital Contributions		3,578,104	6,452,310	1,840,078	11,870,492		
Purchases and construction of capital assets		(10,835,255)	(40,691,124)	(2,710,389)	(54,236,768)		(1,360,27
Principal paid on capital debt		(765,000) (605,044)	(7,280,000)	(310,000)	(8,355,000)		(132,39
Interest paid on capital debt Proceeds from grants		(605,944)	(3,606,381) 3,286,876	(257,900)	(4,470,225)		(6,35
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets		-	236,621	2,227	238,848		70,65
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(8,628,095)	(41,601,698)	(1,435,984)	(54,952,653)		(1,428,36
net ass. used by suprairand related marioning doubles		(0,020,030)	(12,002,000)	(1) 100,50 1)	(5.)552)6557	-	(1) (20)00
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Withdrawals from investment pool		9,277,457	32,583,189	760,248	42,620,894		(2,963,75
Deposits into investment pool		(4,531,757)	(13,903,746)	(4,739,545)	(23,175,048)		1,862,78
Interest and investment earnings received		166,803	643,730	93,663	904,196		333,41
Bank and investment charges paid		(145,713)	(298,039)	(97,614)	(541,366)		(27,34
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		4,766,790	19,025,134	(3,983,248)	19,808,676		(794,892
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(138,191)	(535,528)	(111,357)	(4,071,952)		(508,74
Cash and cash equivalents - January 1		138,191	535,528	111,557	785,276		738,75
Cash and cash equivalents - December 31	\$	- \$	- \$	200 \$	(3,286,676)	\$	230,01
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash							
provided by operating activities:							
Operating income	\$	756,419 \$	(1,169,657) \$	4,375,370 \$	3,962,132	\$	(3,940,18
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:							
Depreciation expense		4,292,146	9,888,918	1,309,534	15,490,598		2,292,12
Miscellaneous nonoperating revenue		284,769	1,071,991	161,770	1,518,530		(16,86
Miscellaneous nonoperating expense		(942)	(25,909)	(145,046)	(171,897)		(20)00
Change in assets and liabilities:		. ,	. , ,	, , ,	, , ,		
(Increase) decrease in receivables, net		(111,780)	259,704	-	147,924		116,03
Decrease in inventory		-	67,798	-	67,798		
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		4,924	(22,134)	-	(17,210)		235,09
		-	(232,199)	(14,917)	(247,116)		
Increase in due from other funds		(41,065)	9,490	42,377	10,802		(254,47
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable			78,263	-	78,263		1,856,39
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase in other payable		- (62.700)		/26 FF0\			
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase in other payable Increase in payroll liability		(62,700) (18,298)	(99,029)	(36,558)	(198,287) (25,498)		/52 E4
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase in other payable Increase in payroll liability Decrease in compensated absences payable		(18,298)		(2,842)	(25,498)		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase in other payable Increase in payroll liability Decrease in compensated absences payable Increase in unearned revenue		(18,298) 14,917	(99,029) (4,358) -	(2,842) 146,304	(25,498) 161,221		2,48
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase in other payable Increase in payroll liability Decrease in compensated absences payable Increase in unearned revenue Total adjustments	\$	(18,298)	(99,029)	(2,842)	(25,498)	\$	2,48 4,177,23
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase in other payable Increase in payroll liability Decrease in compensated absences payable Increase in unearned revenue Total adjustments Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	(18,298) 14,917 4,361,971	(99,029) (4,358) - 10,992,535	(2,842) 146,304 1,460,622	(25,498) 161,221 16,815,128	\$	2,48 4,177,23
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase in other payable Increase in payroll liability Decrease in compensated absences payable Increase in unearned revenue	\$	(18,298) 14,917 4,361,971	(99,029) (4,358) - 10,992,535	(2,842) 146,304 1,460,622	(25,498) 161,221 16,815,128	\$	(53,54 2,48 4,177,23 237,04



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CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2021

NOTE 1: REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Greeley (the City) is a Colorado Home Rule City operating under a charter provided by the Authority of the Constitution of the State of Colorado, and adopted by its citizens on June 24, 1958. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: police, fire, public records, art programs, museums, recreational programs and facilities, parks, two golf courses, development services (planning, building inspections, code enforcement), transit services, traffic management services, infrastructure maintenance and improvements (streets, drainage, water, wastewater), cemetery services, downtown parking lots, and other general government services to administer the operations of the City. Electric, gas, and solid waste removal/disposal services are provided by private companies.

Management has considered all potential component units in defining the City for financial reporting purposes. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the City of Greeley (the primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The Greeley Urban Renewal Authority (GURA) was established by Ordinance 45 on December 23, 1969 by the City of Greeley as a dependent organization under Colorado law with the objective of carrying on urban renewal activities in the City of Greeley. Members of GURA are appointed by the City Mayor and subject to confirmation by the City Council. The City is able to impose its will by significantly influencing the programs, projects, activities, or level of services performed or provided by GURA. The City also has the ability to modify or approve GURA's budget and remove appointed members of GURA's governing board at will. However, the two governing boards are not substantively the same and GURA does not provide services entirely for the City.

The Downtown Development Authority (DDA) was created in 1998 by the City Council and the qualified electors for the public health, safety, prosperity, security, and welfare and to halt and prevent deterioration of property values in the central business district. The purpose of the DDA is generally to serve as a vehicle for planning and improving the central business district. The board is appointed by the City Council. The board of directors of the DDA reviews and considers a proposed annual budget then submits that budget to the City Council for approval. The City Council is authorized, in addition to the regular ad valorem tax and special assessments for improvements, to impose and levy an ad valorem tax on all real and personal property within the boundaries of the DDA not exceeding five mills on the valuation for assessment of such property.

None of the component units included in the reporting entity issue their own financial statements.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting,* as are the proprietary funds. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied, within 60 days of levy, except in highly unusual, nonrecurring situations. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 180 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Cigarette taxes, sales taxes, use taxes, special assessments taxpayer-assessed taxes, interest revenue and charges for services are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The sales and use tax fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for the collection of the City's 3.46% sales and use tax.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The sewer fund accounts for user charges and expenses for operating, financing, and maintaining the City's sanitary sewer system.

The water fund accounts for user charges and the expenses for operating, financing, and maintaining the City's water system.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of equipment maintenance and replacement, management information systems, health and dental insurance plan, workers compensation, copying and mailing services, and self-insurance program for liability claims to individual funds.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34 in regard to interfund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated; however, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated.

Accounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds and of the government's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows, and Fund Balance/Net Position

Cash and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investment practices for the City and its component units are governed by the City's investment policy and procedures. Note 4 identifies authorized investment securities and their monetary value. Interest income earned on pooled investments is allocated based on each fund's share of those investments. Investments for the City as well as for its component units are reported at fair value.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City defines cash and cash equivalents as amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. Cash equivalents are both readily convertible to cash and are so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of change in value due to interest rate changes.

Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on the last day of February and June 15, or in total on April 30. Property taxes are billed and collected by Weld County, Colorado. Taxes for the following year are levied no later than December 15 and are recorded as a receivable.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of enterprise funds are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaids in governmental funds are reported using the consumption method.

Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of bond issues, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position and the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable covenants. Also, certain funds are constrained due to grant requirements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (i.e., streets and roads, bridges, storm water drainage, traffic signals, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City and its component units as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. Depreciation expense is reflected as an operating expense in the government-wide statement of activities.

Estimated useful lives for asset types are as follows:

Buildings and Improvements 5-50 years Machinery and Equipment 3-20 years Infrastructure 10-50 years Land Improvements 10-30 years

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Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City only has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide and proprietary funds statement of net position and the changes in net pension liability not included in pension expense are reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition prices. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The governmental activities show deferred inflows for property taxes, the changes in net pension liability not included in pension expense, and the deferred gain on refunding in the government-wide statement of net position.

Unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The City has two types of items, which arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: due from other governments and economic development loans. The City also reports property taxes that are related to taxes levied in the following year. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Compensated Absences

The City allows employees to accumulate unused vacation or paid time off (PTO) pay and to defer overtime pay by accumulating compensatory leave up to a maximum limit of 40 hours. In the event of termination or retirement, an employee is paid for accumulated vacation hours up to a maximum of 169 hours or PTO hours up to a maximum of 320 hours, accumulated compensatory leave, and 50% of the accumulated sick leave earned as of December 31, 1988 up to a maximum of 60 days. The City Manager and department heads have a maximum vacation accrual of 560 hours or a maximum PTO accrual of 600 hours. All vacation/PTO pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issued are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Balance/Net Position

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, and is described in Note 5.

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, net positions are restricted for amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for specific purposes or through enabling legislation that is a legally enforceable restriction on the use of revenues. When both restricted net position and unrestricted net position are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted-net position first and then unrestricted net position. Net position invested in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowing attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets on related debt are also included.

NOTE 3: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

An annual budget and appropriation ordinance is adopted by the City Council in accordance with the City of Greeley Home Rule Charter. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), except for the following: proceeds from long-term debt are budgeted as revenue in the proprietary funds; note, lease and bond principal payments are budgeted as expenses in the proprietary funds; repayments of advances to/from other city funds are budgeted as revenues and

expenditures/expenses in all fund types; purchases of capital assets are budgeted as capital outlay expenses in the proprietary funds and depreciation in proprietary funds is not budgeted.

On or before the fifteenth of September of each year, the City Manager is required to submit to the City Council a recommended budget covering the next fiscal year which includes the following information: 1) proposed expenditures for each fund; 2) debt service requirements; 3) an estimate of the amount of revenues from all sources, other than property taxes; 4) an estimate of the fund equity balance or deficit for the end of the current fiscal year; 5) an estimate of the amount of money to be raised from property taxes and bond issues; and 6) other supporting information as the City Council may request.

Annually, the City Council is required to set a property tax levy and certify the same to the Weld County Commissioners. Upon completion of a public hearing and the tax levy certification, the City Council must adopt the budget and make the necessary appropriations by ordinance no later than December 15.

The adopted appropriation ordinance does not include estimated revenues. Yet, since the City Manager is required to provide an estimate of all revenues, this information, as revised, is used in the budgetary comparison schedules.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year to monitor the individual departments or divisions within departments. The fund level of classification is the level of classification at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations. All appropriations lapse at the end of the budget year, to the extent that they shall not have been expended, committed, reserved, or lawfully encumbered; however, appropriations for capital projects shall in no event lapse before the end of the second full year after the budget year.

After the adoption of the annual appropriation ordinance, the City Council may, by ordinance, transfer any uncommitted appropriation balance from one department to another and make additional appropriations during the fiscal year for unanticipated expenditures to the extent that actual or anticipated revenues of the year exceed the estimated revenues in the budget, unless the appropriations are necessary to relieve an emergency situation. The City Manager may, without Council action, approve the transfer of budgeted expenditures between programs within departments or divisions or between departments or divisions within the same funds

An annual budget is approved by the GURA board in accordance with the Local Government Budget Law. The budget is prepared on a basis consistent with GAAP. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end.

An annual budget is proposed by the DDA board in accordance with the Local Government Budget Law and then submitted to the City Council for approval. The budget is prepared on a basis consistent with GAAP. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end.

Excess of Expenditures/Expenses Over Appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2021, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following City funds:

Debt Service Funds	
General Debt Service Funds	\$ 3,850
Capital Projects Funds	
Park Development	\$ 21
Internal Service Funds	
Health Fund	\$ 356,613

Expenditures in excess of budgeted appropriations may be a violation of state statute.

Deficit Fund Equity

Special Revenue Fund:

The Conference Center Development Fund has a deficit fund balance of \$7,728,030 as of December 31, 2021. The shortage is due to internal loans; the funds were used to provide an advance toward the development and construction of a conference center. The City will be reimbursed \$8,638,000 plus 2.6% interest. The City shall be entitled to reimburse itself from the following revenues

generated from the project: property tax increments, sales tax, 3% lodgers tax, 2% public improvement fee, payments in lieu of taxes, and .8% basic rent.

Tax, Spending, and Debt Limitations

On November 3, 1992, Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, and Section 20, commonly known as the Taxpayers Bill of Rights or TABOR. TABOR contains several limitations, including revenue rising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local governments. On November 2, 1999, Greeley voters chose to waive the revenue limitations imposed by TABOR. The City believes it is in compliance with the other requirements of the Amendment. However, the City has made certain interpretations of the Amendment's language in order to determine its compliance. The Amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation.

NOTE 4: DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS, AND RECEIVABLES

Bank Deposits and Investments

The City and its discretely presented component units' (Greeley Urban Renewal Authority and Downtown Development Authority) bank accounts at year-end were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the City's, the Greeley Urban Renewal Authority's, and the Downtown Development Authority's, custodial banks in their respective names under provisions of the Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (CPDPA).

The CPDPA requires financial institutions to pledge collateral having a market value of at least 102% of the aggregate public deposits not insured by federal depository insurance. Eligible collateral includes municipal bonds, U.S. government securities, mortgages, and deeds of trust.

The City's investment policy authorizes the City to invest in bonds or other interest bearing obligations of the United States of America or its agencies thereof; banker's acceptances issued by state or national bank, commercial paper, corporate debt, certificates of deposit; repurchase agreements; money market funds; and local government pools.

The City has invested \$59,072,169 in the Colorado Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST), an investment vehicle established by state statute for local governmental entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds for investment purposes. COLOTRUST operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. At December 31, 2021, the fair value of the City's investment is \$59,072,169, which is determined using net asset value (NAV).

As of December 31, 2021, the City had the following investments. (Dollars are in thousands.)

				Weighted	
	S&P	Moody's		Average	Concentration of
Investment	Rating	Rating	Fair Value	Maturity (in days)	Credit Risk
U.S. Instrumentalities					
FNMA	AA+	Aaa	\$ 20,985	945	12%
FHLB	AA+	Aaa	21,412	482	12%
FFCB	AA+	Aaa	9,815	960	6%
FHLMC	AA+	Aaa	6,879	996	4%
U.S. Treasuries	AA+	Aaa	65,176	850	38%
Corporate Bonds					
Chevron Corp.					
Apple Inc.	AA+	Aaa	4,655	150	3%
Johnson & Johnson	AAA	Aaa	3,005	33	2%
Microsoft Corporation	AAA	Aaa	3,000	4	2%
Exon Mobil Corporation	AA-	Aa2	3,479	37	2%
ColoTrust	AAAm	NA	59,072	-	20%
US Bank Money Market	AAAm	Aaa	139	-	0.1%
Contributed Stocks/Mutual Funds	Not Rated	Not Rated	424	N/A	
Total Investments			 198,041	_	
Reconciliation to Total Cash and Investments Add:					
Cash (unrestricted)			18,297		
Cash (designated)			383		
Total Cash and Investments			\$ 216,721	=	

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The City's investment policy calls for investment diversification within the portfolio to avoid unreasonable risks inherent in over investing in specific instruments, individual financial institutions, or maturities. The City's investment policy limits maturity to five years or less from the date of purchase.

Discretely Presented Component Units

As of December 31, 2021, the Greeley Urban Renewal Authority had the following investments. (Dollars are in thousands.)

Investment	S&P Rating	Moody's Rating	Fair	Value	Weighted Average Maturity (in days)
ColoTrust	AAAm	NA	\$	3,862	-
Total Investments				3,862	
Reconciliation to Total Cash and Investments: Add:					
Cash (unrestricted)				755	
Total Cash and Investments			\$	4,617	

As of December 31, 2021, the Downtown Development Authority had the following deposits. (Dollars are in thousands.)

Cash	S&P Rating	Moody's Rating	Fair	Value	Weighted Average Maturity (in days)
Cash (unrestricted)			\$	270	
Total Cash			\$	270	

Fair Value of Investments

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair Value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. There is a hierarchy of three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

<u>Level 2:</u> Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities

Level 3: Unobservable inputs supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets and liabilities recognized in the accompanying statement of net position measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at December 31:

	Fair Value Measurement Using (Dollars are in thousands) Level 1 Level 2 Level 3						
			Quoted Prices	Significant	Level 3		
			in Active	Other	Significant		
			Markets for	Observable	Unobservabl		
Investments by Fair Value Level		Total	Identical Assets	Inputs	e Inputs		
U.S. Instrumentalities							
FNMA	\$	20,985	\$ -	\$ 20,985	\$ -		
FHLMC		6,879	-	6,879	-		
FHLB		21,412	-	21,412	-		
FFCB		9,815	-	9,815	-		
U.S. Treasuries		65,176	65,176	-	-		
Corporate Bonds		14,139	-	14,139	-		
US Bank Money Market		139	139	-	-		
Common Stock		59	59	-	-		
Mutual Funds		365	365	-	=		
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	\$	138,969	\$ 65,739	\$ 73,230	\$ -		

Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor funds, in the aggregate, are as follows:

	General	Sa	les and Use Tax	Sewer	Water	١	lonmajor Funds	Total
Receivables:								
Interest	\$ 98,176	\$	-	\$ 42,250	\$ 108,675	\$	2,340,032 \$	2,589,133
Taxes	16,973,916		9,521,851	-	-		2,485,993	28,981,760
Accounts	2,101,582		6,550	859,720	2,748,696		2,208,767	7,925,315
Notes	-		-	-	-		2,009,225	2,009,225
Unbilled services	-		-	591,057	1,590,036		401,072	2,582,165
Special assessments	11,067		-	134,316	-		-	145,383
Intergovernmental	5,094,487		-	-	-		428,591	5,523,078
Total receivables	\$ 24,279,228	\$	9,528,401	\$ 1,627,343	\$ 4,447,407	\$	9,873,680 \$	49,756,059

2021 Receivables are ordinarily collected within one year, except for special assessments that are collected over several years.

Receivables as of year-end for the **Greeley Urban Renewal Authority** are as follows:

	All Funds
Receivables:	
Taxes	\$ 14,663,883
Intergovernmental	144,139
Notes	68,172
Total receivables	\$ 14,876,194

Receivables as of year-end for the **Downtown Development Authority** are as follows:

	Δ	ll Funds
Receivables:		
Taxes	\$	164,349
Total receivables	\$	164,349

Governmental funds report *deferred inflows* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied, within 60 days of levy, except in highly unusual, nonrecurring situations. Governmental activities record revenues when earned, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

	Governmental	Governmental
	Funds	Activities
Governmental Funds of the City	Defer	red Inflows
Property taxes receivable (general fund)	\$ 17,002,537	\$ 17,002,537
Due from other governments (general fund)	4,687,148	-
Property taxes receivable (special revenue fund)	1,072,098	1,072,098
Community development notes receivable (special revenue fund)	2,009,225	-
Accrued interest on community development notes receivable (special revenue fund)	2,082,494	<u> </u>
Total deferred inflows tied to receivables for governmental funds	\$ 26,853,502	\$ 18,074,635
Greeley Urban Renewal Authority	Defer	red Inflows
Property taxes receivable (special revenue fund)	\$ 14,663,883	\$ 14,663,883
Community development notes receivable (special revenue fund)	68,172	<u>. </u>
Total deferred inflows tied to receivables for governmental funds	\$ 14,732,055	\$ 14,663,883
Downtown Development Authority	Defer	red Inflows
Property taxes receivable (special revenue fund)	\$ 164,349	\$ 164,349
Total deferred inflows tied to receivables for governmental funds	\$ 164,349	\$ 164,349

NOTE 5: FUND BALANCE DESIGNATION

GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

Non-spendable fund balance

- Portion of net resources that cannot be spent because of their form; including inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term amount of loans and notes
- Portion of net resources that cannot be spent because they must be maintained intact; principal of a permanent fund

Restricted fund balance

- Includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments
- Limitation imposed by government's own charter

Committed fund balance

Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of City Council.
 Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances approved by City Council.

Assigned fund balance

Represents amounts that reflect the City's intended use of resources. It has to be established at either the highest level
of decision making, or by an official designated for that purpose. On December 20, 2011, the City Council adopted
Resolution 86, 2011 that grants the City Manager, or the City Manager's Designee, authority to designate the assigned
fund balance based on the intended use of such resources

Unassigned fund balance

- Total fund balance in the general fund in excess of non-spendable, restricted, committed, and assigned fund balance
- Excess of non-spendable, restricted, and committed fund balance over total fund balance (deficit)
- This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund and the amount established as a reserve in the General Fund to ensure the continued delivery of City services, to address emergencies, address temporary revenue or cash shortfalls, or provide stability during economic cycles as established in Resolution 73, 2016. The resolution requires a minimum level of unrestricted fund balance equivalent to two months of general fund expenditures, plus operating transfers out, less any extraordinary expenditure items. At December 31, 2021, this balance was \$17,556,351.

As of December 31, 2021, fund balances are composed of the following:

Fund Palance	amount Friend	Other Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
Fund Balances	 eneral Fund	Funds	runus
Nonspendable:			
Prepaid items	\$ 20,488 \$	31,727 \$	52,215
Long-term interfund receivables	5,087,531	864,878	5,952,409
Permanent fund principal	 -	2,161,523	2,161,523
Total nonspendable	5,108,019	3,058,128	8,166,147
Restricted:			
TABOR emergency reserve	4,692,297	-	4,692,297
Debt service	-	1,886,271	1,886,271
Urban development	-	2,261,435	2,261,435
Conservation trust	-	1,014,760	1,014,760
NEAHR grants fiscal agent	-	145	145
Equitable sharing funds - drug task force	-	658,560	658,560
FASTER funds - road and bridge improvements	-	619,506	619,506
Petriken memorial - gravesite maintenance	-	2,251	2,251
Memorials Total restricted	 4,692,297	446,685 6,889,613	446,685 11,581,910
Contractual obligations	1,235,055	100,013	1,335,068
Contractual obligations Capital improvements and repair/maintenance projects	1,233,033	5,168,250	5,168,250
Quality of life projects	_	10,562,418	10,562,418
Public safety support and maintenance	_	6,564,551	6,564,551
Art in public places	_	968,547	968,547
Conventions and visitors	_	936,909	936,909
Victim's assistance program - police services	_	1,415	1,415
Drug/alchohol surcharge - police services	_	9	9
Traffic calming	_	3,771	3,771
Senior center clubs	_	50,267	50,267
Softball improvements	-	93,533	93,533
Fire protection development and improvements	-	1,380,940	1,380,940
Police protection development and improvements	-	630,980	630,980
Island Grove development	-	15,841	15,841
Transportation development	-	13,966,224	13,966,224
Park development	-	1,000,144	1,000,144
Trails development	-	1,741,283	1,741,283
Street infrastructure improvement projects	-	6,100,178	6,100,178
Municipal buildings projects	 -	2,153,697	2,153,697
Total committed	1,235,055	51,438,970	52,674,025
Assigned:			
Poudre trail maintenance	-	123,628	123,628
New home buyers program	143,490	-	143,490
UCCC Improvements	-	402,744	402,744
Funplex/Rec Center improvements	-	5,055	5,055
Cable franchise PEG - GTV8	-	333,933	333,933
Youth enrichment	-	40,252	40,252
Youth and senior assistance	-	187,522	187,522
Ice Haus improvements	-	25,055	25,055
Landscaping projects	-	712,788	712,788
Museum programs	-	197,085	197,085
Senior center improvements	-	34,706	34,706
Community memorials	-	115,860	115,860
Greeley general improvement district	-	38,586	38,586
Public improvement projects	-	3,997,686	3,997,686
Fire equipment acquisition and replacement	 - 442 400	2,627,078	2,627,078
Total assigned Unassigned	143,490 43,132,059	8,841,978 (7,728,030)	8,985,468 35,404,029
•			
Total Fund Balances	\$ 54,310,920 \$	62,500,659 \$	116,811,579

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NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2021 was as follows:

				(Decreases)	
Primary Government	Be	ginning Balance	Increases	Reclassifications	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:			4		
Land	\$	102,003,888		\$ - \$	- , -,
Artwork		4,816,598	120,385	-	4,936,983
Construction in progress		32,698,605	20,014,144	(1,221,862)	51,490,887
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		139,519,091	25,244,129	(1,221,862)	163,541,358
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings / building improvements		170,352,337	1,639,850	(66,330)	171,925,857
Land improvements		75,003,533	3,453,100	-	78,456,633
Machinery and equipment		72,688,868	5,916,224	(1,936,042)	76,669,050
Infrastructure		395,479,564	12,564,643	(5,435,562)	402,608,645
Total capital assets, being depreciated		713,524,302	23,573,817	(7,437,934)	729,660,185
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings / building improvements		(58,998,360)	(4,754,480)	10,799	(63,742,041)
Land improvements		(35,175,578)		•	(38,885,181)
Machinery and equipment		(42,853,324)			(46,845,653)
Infrastructure		(266,762,592)		5,435,562	(276,924,147)
Total accumulated depreciation		(403,789,854)		7,143,516	(426,397,022)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		309,734,448	(6,176,867)	(294,418)	303,263,163
Governmental activites - capital assets, net	\$	449,253,539	\$ 19,067,262	\$ (1,516,280) \$	466,804,521

Primary Government	Be	ginning Balance		Increases	Re	(Decreases)	Ending Balance
		0 0 1 1 1					0
Business-type activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	26,916,192	\$	2,605,622	\$	- :	- / - / -
Water rights		117,974,289		14,376,504		4,970,218	137,321,011
Artwork		496,032		-		-	496,032
Construction in progress		56,714,921		35,746,144		(11,508,170)	80,952,895
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		202,101,434		52,728,270		(6,537,952)	248,291,752
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings / building improvements		9,359,059		109,623		26,385	9,495,067
Land improvements		4,821,466		67,926		-	4,889,392
Machinery and equipment		28,256,421		1,415,233		950,160	30,621,814
Infrastructure		577,017,095		13,621,878		(4,661,603)	585,977,370
Total capital assets, being depreciated		619,454,041		15,214,660		(3,685,058)	630,983,643
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings / building improvements		(6,515,125)		(309,626)		_	(6,824,751)
Land improvements		(3,219,430)		(20,461)		-	(3,239,891)
Machinery and equipment		(15,595,314)		(1,986,223)		81,575	(17,499,962)
Infrastructure		(226,746,090)	((13,174,288)		7,844,562	(232,075,816)
Total accumulated depreciation		(252,075,959)		(15,490,598)		7,926,137	(259,640,420)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		367,378,082		(275,938)		4,241,079	371,343,223
Business-type activities - capital assets, net	\$	569,479,516	\$	52,452,332	\$	(2,296,873)	\$ 619,634,975

Depreciation expense was charged to function/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	123,091
Public safety		2,131,170
Public works		19,617,036
Culture, parks and recreation		5,586,486
Community development		779
Capital assets held by government's internal service funds are charged to the		
various functions based on their usage of the assets		2,292,122
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$	29,750,684
Business-type activities:		
Sewer	\$	4,292,146
Water	Ţ	9,888,918
Other business activities		1,309,534
	Ċ	
Total depreciation expense – business type activities	٦	15,490,598

Discretely Presented Component Units

Activity for the Greeley Urban Renewal Authority for the year ended December 31, 2021, was as follows:

Component Unit	ı	Beginning Balance	Increases	(Decreases) Reclassification		nding Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	.	622.070	^	ć	¢	622.070
Land	<u> </u>	623,970	> ·	- \$	- Ş	623,970
GURA, capital assets, net	\$	623,970	\$.	- \$	- \$	623,970

NOTE 7: INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund balances result from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. These amounts also include balances of working capital loans made between funds.

Due to / Due from December 31, 2021	Interfund Receivables			Interfund Payables
Governmental Funds:				
Major Funds:				
General Fund	\$	7,112,402	\$	710,630
Sales and Use Tax Fund		-		9,142,579
Total Major Funds		7,112,402		9,853,209
Nonmajor Funds		2,442,400		210,133
Total Governmental Funds		9,554,802		10,063,342
Proprietary Funds:				
Major Funds:				
Sewer Fund		382,643		14,917
Water Fund		232,199		-
Total Major Funds		614,842		14,917
Nonmajor Funds		14,917		103,819
Total Proprietary Funds		629,759		118,736
Governmental Activities:				
Internal Service Funds		-		2,483
Total	\$	10,184,561	\$	10,184,561

Governmental Funds: Major Funds: \$ 5,087,531 \$ 62,986 Nonmajor Funds 1,184,878 7,887,246 Total Governmental Funds 6,272,409 7,950,232 Proprietary Funds: Nonmajor Funds - 320,000 Total Proprietary Funds - 320,000 Governmental Activities: Internal Service Funds 1,997,823 - 1 Total \$ 8,270,232 \$ 8,270,232	Advances to/Advances from December 31, 2021	Receivable Fund	Payable Fund
Major Funds: 5,087,531 \$ 62,986 Nonmajor Funds 1,184,878 7,887,246 Total Governmental Funds 6,272,409 7,950,232 Proprietary Funds: Nonmajor Funds - 320,000 Total Proprietary Funds - 320,000 Governmental Activities: Internal Service Funds 1,997,823 -			
General Fund \$ 5,087,531 \$ 62,986 Nonmajor Funds 1,184,878 7,887,246 Total Governmental Funds 6,272,409 7,950,232 Proprietary Funds: Nonmajor Funds - 320,000 Total Proprietary Funds - 320,000 Governmental Activities: Internal Service Funds 1,997,823	Governmental Funds:		
Nonmajor Funds 1,184,878 7,887,246 Total Governmental Funds 6,272,409 7,950,232 Proprietary Funds: Nonmajor Funds - 320,000 Total Proprietary Funds - 320,000 Governmental Activities: Internal Service Funds 1,997,823 -	Major Funds:		
Total Governmental Funds 6,272,409 7,950,232 Proprietary Funds: Nonmajor Funds - 320,000 Total Proprietary Funds - 320,000 Governmental Activities: Internal Service Funds 1,997,823 -	General Fund	\$ 5,087,531 \$	62,986
Proprietary Funds: Nonmajor Funds - 320,000 Total Proprietary Funds - 320,000 Governmental Activities: Internal Service Funds 1,997,823 -	Nonmajor Funds	1,184,878	7,887,246
Nonmajor Funds - 320,000 Total Proprietary Funds - 320,000 Governmental Activities: Internal Service Funds 1,997,823 -	Total Governmental Funds	6,272,409	7,950,232
Total Proprietary Funds - 320,000 Governmental Activities: Internal Service Funds 1,997,823 -	Proprietary Funds:		
Governmental Activities: Internal Service Funds 1,997,823 -	Nonmajor Funds	 -	320,000
Internal Service Funds 1,997,823 -	Total Proprietary Funds	 -	320,000
		1.997.823	-
	Total	\$ · · ·	8,270,232

On December 31, 2005, the Cemetery Endowment Fund loaned the Municipal Golf Course \$800,000 for operations. As positive cash balances accrue, those balances are to be used to repay the loan until paid in full with interest at 5%. Interest began to accrue on January 1, 2006. The balance on this loan at December 31, 2021 is \$320,000.

On December 31, 2008, the Health Fund loaned the General Fund \$393,492 for the payout of the 1989 sick leave accrual. It is a no interest loan that will be paid back by departments as employees leave their employment with the City. The balance of this loan at December 31, 2021 is \$62,986.

On December 31, 2008, the Health Fund loaned the Streets and Roads Fund \$81,794 for the payout of the 1989 sick leave accrual. It is a no interest loan that will be paid back by departments as employees leave their employment with the City. The balance of this loan at December 31, 2021 is \$19,730.

On December 1, 2015, the Workman's Compensation Fund loaned the Fire Equipment Acquisition and Replacement Fund \$781,126 for fire equipment replacement and acquisition. Payments are required on a quarterly basis plus an interest rate of 2%. Interest began to accrue on December 1, 2015. The balance of this loan at December 31, 2021 is \$139,486.

On October 7, 2016, the Health Fund loaned the Conference Center Fund \$1,000,000 for the development of a conference center at the location of the Lincoln Park Annex. Revenues received will reimburse interfund loans quarterly at a 2.6% interest rate, first to accrued and unpaid interest then to principal. Interest began to accrue October 7, 2016. The balance of this loan at December 31, 2021 is \$887,810.

On October 7, 2016, the Worker's Compensation Fund loaned the Conference Center Fund \$1,000,000 for the development of a conference center at the location of the Lincoln Park Annex. Revenues received will reimburse interfund loans quarterly at a 2.6% interest rate, first to accrued and unpaid interest then to principal, see Article V of the 2016 Capital Funding & Pledge Agreement. Interest began to accrue October 7, 2016. The balance of this loan at December 31, 2021 is \$887,810.

On October 7, 2016, the Designated Revenue Fund loaned the Conference Center Fund \$1,000,000 for the development of a conference center at the location of the Lincoln Park Annex. Revenues received will reimburse interfund loans quarterly at a 2.6% interest rate, first to accrued and unpaid interest then to principal, see Article V of the 2016 Capital Funding & Pledge Agreement. Interest began to accrue October 7, 2016. The balance of this loan at December 31, 2021 is \$864,878.

On October 7, 2016, the General Fund loaned the Conference Center Fund \$5,638,000 for the development of a conference center at the location of the Lincoln Park Annex. Revenues received will reimburse interfund loans quarterly at a 2.6% interest rate, first to accrued and unpaid interest then to principal, see Article V of the 2016 Capital Funding & Pledge Agreement. Interest began to accrue October 7, 2016. The balance of this loan at December 31, 2021 is \$5,087,532.

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Interfund Transfers	Tr	ansfer In	Tra	ansfer Out
Governmental Funds:				
Major Funds:				
General Fund	\$	74,925,737	\$	9,319,251
Sales and Use Tax Fund	•	-	•	86,839,661
Total Major Funds		74,925,737		96,158,912
Nonmajor Funds		38,166,613		14,572,040
Total Governmental Funds	1	.13,092,350	1	110,730,952
Proprietary Funds:				
Major Funds:				
Sewer Fund		-		866,192
Water Fund		-		2,298,022
Total Major Funds		-		3,164,214
Nonmajor Funds		-		467,990
Total Proprietary Funds		-		3,632,204
Governmental Activities:				
Internal Service Funds		1,270,806		
Total	\$ 1	14,363,156	\$ 1	114,363,156

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 8: LEASE OBLIGATIONS

Capital Leases

In May 2016, the City entered into a lease agreement to purchase 68 golf carts, two dump trucks, and one fire truck. The golf carts were expensed in 2016 and the lease is reported as an operating lease. In June 2017, the City entered into a lease agreement to purchase a fire engine, wheel loader, tractor, snow pusher attachment, and bucket truck.

	 Governmental Activities		
Asset: Vehicles/Equipment Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$ 1,582,812 (927,718)		
Total	\$ 655,094		

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2021, were as follows:

Year Ending December 31	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
		-
2022	344,359	-
2023	216,629	-
2024	43,513	-
Total minimum lease payments	604,501	-
Less: amount representing interest	(12,917)	-
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 591,584	\$ -

NOTE 9: LONG-TERM DEBT

Revenue Bonds

The City issues revenue bonds where the City pledges specific revenues to pay debt service. The original amount of the outstanding revenue bonds issued for governmental activities was \$31,135,000, and for business-type activities was \$139,590,000. The remaining amount pledged for the governmental activities, Sales and Use Tax revenue bonds was \$7,115,000 with a remaining commitment term through 2024. The remaining amount pledged for the business-type activities, revenue bonds was \$97,420,000 with a remaining commitment term through 2038. The total pledged revenue is not estimable in comparison to pledge debt, in that revenues are uncertain as to future amounts. However, debt coverage requirement for each issue must be met or the bonds will be in default. This provides sufficient coverage each year for the pledged debt. The debt service coverage or comparison of pledged revenues, net of specific operating expenses for the revenue bonds, is provided in Table 14 of the statistical section.

The 2012 Sales and Use Tax Refunding revenue bonds, \$18,740,000, were issued for the purpose of refunding the City's outstanding Sales and Use Tax revenue bonds, Series 2003 maturing on and after October 1, 2014 and payable solely from the revenues of the City's Sales and Use Tax levied at a rate of 3.3%, and does not include the City's sales tax on food. It does include the .3% increase in sales and use tax approved by the electors at the November 5, 2002 election, and that increase will expire on December 31, 2042. The 2014 Sales and Use Tax Refunding revenue bonds, \$12,395,000 were issued for the purpose of refunding substantially all of the outstanding portion of the City's outstanding Sales and Use Tax revenue bonds, and payable solely for the revenues of the City's Sales and Use Tax levied at a rate of 3.46% and does not include the City's sales tax on food. It does not include the .3% sales and use tax rate increase approved in November 2002 after its expiration on December 31, 2042. It does include the .16% increase in sales and use tax approved by the City's electors at the November 2, 2004 election, which will expire on December 31, 2044.

The 2012 Water revenue bonds were issued to provide funds for capital improvement to the water system, acquisition of water rights, and refunding of the City's outstanding Water revenue bonds, Series June 1, 1999. The Series 2014 Water revenue refunding bonds were issued for the purpose of refunding the outstanding portion of the 2004 Water revenue Bonds. The 2016 Water revenue refunding bonds were issued for the purpose of refunding the outstanding portion of the Water Revenue Bonds Series 2006 and the Series 2008 callable bonds. The City issued the 2018 Water revenue refunding bonds to finance and reimburse the costs of the water system capital improvements. The Water bonds are special and limited obligations of the City, acting by and through the Water Enterprise, payable solely out of and secured by an irrevocable pledge of and first lien upon the net income and revenue to be derived by the City from the operation of its municipal water system after payment of all necessary and proper cost of efficient operation and maintenance of the system.

The City issued the 2015 Sewer revenue bonds for the purpose of acquiring and construction additions and improvements to the sewer system. The 2018 Sewer revenue bonds were issued for the purpose of acquiring and construction additions and improvements to the sewer system. The Sewer bonds are special and limited obligations of the City, acting by and through the Sewer Enterprise, payable solely out of and secured by an irrevocable pledge of and first lien upon the net income and revenue to be derived by the City from the operation of its municipal sanitary sewer system after payment of all necessary and proper cost of efficient operation and maintenance of the system.

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The Stormwater Series 2015 were issued for the purpose of acquiring and constructing additions and improvements to the storm water system. The Stormwater Series 2015 bonds are special and limited obligations of the City, acting by and through the Stormwater Enterprise, payable solely out of and secured by an irrevocable pledge of and first lien upon the net income and revenue to be derived by the City from the operation of its municipal storm water system after payment of all necessary and proper cost of efficient operation and maintenance of the system.

The City currently has no direct placement or direct borrowing debt.

Revenue bonds outstanding at year-end are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rate	Amount
Governmental Activities		
\$18,740,000, 2012 Sales & Use Tax Refunding revenue bonds, final payment in 2022	2.00% - 4.00%	\$ 2,395,000
\$12,395,000, 2014 Sales & Use Tax Refunding revenue bonds, final payment 2024	3.00% - 5.00%	4,720,000
Total Governmental Activities		7,115,000
Total Governmental / tetrates		7,223,000
Business-type Activities		
\$31,275,000, 2012 Water revenue bonds, final payment in 2031	2.00% - 4.00%	16,920,000
\$9,145,000, 2014 Water revenue refunding bonds, final payment in 2024	3.00% - 5.00%	3,125,000
\$5,895,000, 2015 Sewer revenue bonds, final payment in 2029	2.00% - 4.00%	3,670,000
\$7,680,000, 2015 Stormwater revenue bonds, final payment in 2035	2.00% - 5.00%	5,985,000
\$32,610,000, 2016 Water revenue refunding bonds, final payment in 2028	2.00% - 5.00%	21,945,000
\$41,920,000, 2018 Water revenue bonds, final payment 2038	3.00% - 5.00%	35,885,000
\$11,065,000, 2018 Sewer revenue bonds, final payment 2038	4.00% - 5.00%	9,890,000
Total Business-type Activities		97,420,000
Total Revenue Bonds		\$ 104,535,000

Revenue bond debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities		Business-type Ac	ctivities
December 31	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2022	3,890,000	331,800	8,770,000	4,076,575
2023	1,570,000	161,250	9,185,000	3,656,925
2024	1,655,000	82,750	9,555,000	3,279,575
2025			8,850,000	2,873,594
2026	-	-	8,390,000	2,480,144
2027-2031	-	-	29,185,000	7,811,319
2032-2036	-	-	16,735,000	3,347,094
2037-2038	 -	-	6,750,000	407,600
Total	\$ 7,115,000 \$	575,800 \$	97,420,000 \$	27,932,826

Certificates of Participation

The City has used the proceeds from certificates of participation to provide funding for certain projects and equipment. The Certificates of Participation, Series 2016 were issued to fund the construction and equipping of a fire station and a municipal building. The Series 2020 were issued to fund the construction of two new city-owned fire stations.

Purpose	Interest Rate	Amount
Governmental Activities		
\$25,545,000 Certificate of participation, Series 2016, final payment 2036	3.00% - 5.00%	\$ 23,695,000
\$10,880,000 Certificate of participation, Series 2019, final payment 2039	2.625% - 5.00%	 10,880,000
Total Certificates of Participation		\$ 34,575,000

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The debt service requirements to maturity for the certificates of participation are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities					
December 31	Principal	Interest				
2022	835,000	1,444,056				
2023	1,200,000	1,410,656				
2024	1,260,000	1,350,656				
2025	1,845,000	1,287,656				
2026	1,935,000	1,195,406				
2027-2031	11,140,000	4,521,381				
2032-2036	13,670,000	1,974,925				
2037-2039	2,690,000	163,050				
Total	\$ 34,575,000	\$ 13,347,786				

Changes in long-term liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
Revenue bonds	\$ 10,835,000) \$ -	\$ (3,720,000)	\$ 7,115,000	\$ 3,890,000
Certificates of participation	35,295,000		(720,000)	34,575,000	835,000
Capital leases	920,207		(328,623)	591,584	335,030
Compensated absences	5,011,588	3,672,624	(3,814,369)	4,869,843	3,223,585
Total Governmental Activities -					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
long-term liabilities	\$ 52,061,795	5 \$ 3,672,624	\$ (8,582,992)	\$ 47,151,427	\$ 8,283,615
Business-type Activities					
Revenue bonds	\$ 105,775,000) \$ -	\$ (8,355,000)	\$ 97,420,000	\$ 8,770,000
Add deferred amount for premium	10,599,661		(4 007 775)	9,561,886	-
Total bonds payable	116,374,661	_	(9,392,775)	106,981,886	8,770,000
Compensated absences	836,294	725,447	(750,945)	810,796	620,521
Total Business-type activities -			-		
long-term liabilities	\$ 117,210,955	5 \$ 725,447	\$ (10,143,720)	\$ 107,792,682	\$ 9,390,521

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. At year-end, \$170,583 of internal service funds compensated absences is included in the above amounts and \$238,713 in capital lease obligations.

The General Fund is primarily used to liquidate the governmental activities liabilities for compensated absences.

There are certain limitations and restrictions contained in the City's various bond indentures and loan agreements. Among other restrictions, the bond indentures require that the City establish certain reserve accounts in the General Debt Service Fund. As of December 31, 2021, assets amounting to \$1,886,271 in the General Debt Service Fund were restricted as a result of these requirements. The City has complied with all significant limitations and restrictions during the year ended December 31, 2021.

The City has two component units – the Greeley Urban Renewal Authority and the Downtown Development Authority. The Greeley Urban Renewal Authority did not have any long-term liabilities.

A summary of the changes in long-term liabilities for the Downtown Development Authority component unit is as follows:

		inning ance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Line of Credit 1 Total	\$ \$	- \$ - \$	221,444 221,444	. , ,	•	\$ - \$ -

Conduit Debt Obligation

The City has issued Multifamily Housing Mortgage Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of a multifamily housing project deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loan. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired housing project transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 10: RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; error and omission; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

On January 1, 1984, the City established the Health Fund (an internal service fund) to account for allowable medical claims of the City of Greeley employees and their covered dependents. For 2020, self-insurance was in effect for claims up to \$225,000 per employee per year. Claims greater than \$225,000 per employee per year, and those in excess of the \$13,485,192 aggregate stop loss, were insured by private insurance companies. For 2021, the individual stop loss in effect is \$225,000 per employee per year. Claims greater than \$225,000 per employee per year, and those in excess of an estimated \$13,105,413 aggregate stop loss, are insured by private insurance companies.

On January 1, 1985, the City established the City of Greeley Dental Assistance Plan to reimburse employees for 50% of eligible expenses up to a maximum of \$500 per year. Effective July 1, 1989, the maximum eligible expenses were increased to \$1,000 per calendar year. On January 1, 1997, the City modified the plan to reimburse 80% of eligible preventative expenses and 50% of other eligible expenses. For 2021 and 2022, two dental plans are available, both plans reimburse 100% of eligible preventative expenses and 50% of other eligible expenses. Plan A reimburses basic care at 80% and has an annual maximum of \$1,000 per covered individual and Plan B reimburses basic care at 100% and has an annual maximum of \$1,500 per covered individual. These plans are accounted for within the Health Fund.

In February 1986, the Workers Compensation Fund (an internal service fund) was established to pay worker's compensation claims from accumulated assets of the fund. On April 30, 1996, the City of Greeley went fully insured with its Workers Compensation Insurance Program. In 2015, the City went to an aggregate deductible plan. For 2021, the deductible is \$1,500,000. Employers Liability Insurance is also in effect for this policy with limits up to \$1,000,000 for each accident, \$1,000,000 policy limit, and \$1,000,000 for each employee.

In January 1987, the Liability Fund (an internal service fund) was established to maintain adequate reserves to cover current and future liability claims not covered by the Health Fund or Workers Compensation Fund. With the increase in the Colorado Governmental Immunity maximum liability per occurrence, the City purchased an excess supplemental insurance policy that took effect January 2014.

In each of the above funds, interfund premiums are accounted for as interfund services provided and used. Claims incurred but not reported are considered when determining the claims liability of each fund. Liabilities for claims are reported if it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Claim liabilities, including incurred but not reported claims, are based on the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims, using past experience adjusted for current trends, and any other factors that would modify past experience. Liabilities are estimated through a case-by-case review of all claims and the application of historical experience for outstanding claims.

A summary of changes in liabilities for claims follows:

	[Balance December 31,						
	Januar	y 1, 2021	Inc	curred Claims	Cl	aims Payments		2021
Health Fund Workers Compensation Fund Liability Fund	\$	688,786 - 250,245	\$	14,736,851 441,832 546,469	\$	13,048,138 441,832 406,189	\$	2,377,499 - 390,525
Total	\$	939,031	\$	15,725,152	\$	13,896,159	\$	2,768,024

NOTE 11: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Litigation

The City is currently the defendant in several lawsuits. Management and legal counsel are of the opinion that the potential loss to the City resulting from such litigation would not materially affect the accompanying financial statements.

Several claims have been made against the City, with litigation possible. It is not possible at this time to determine the ultimate loss, if any. These claims are entirely self-insured through the liability fund.

Grants

The City receives financial assistance from federal, state, and local government agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable fund(s).

Tabor

Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, which has several limitations, including revenue-raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local governments. The amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The City believes it is in compliance with the requirements of the amendment. This amendment also allows the taxing entity to approach the voters with a measure that eliminates the revenue growth restriction. The measure became a ballot question on the November 1999 election and was approved by the voters. With this approval, the City is no longer required to calculate and refund excess revenue.

Intergovernmental Agreement

In 1981, the City entered into an intergovernmental agreement with the City of Evans to pay to the City of Evans a consideration determined by a percentage of sales tax on gross retail sales from businesses located in the development known as the Gallery Green Annexation.

Construction Agreements

As of December 31, 2021, the City has signed contracts for various projects totaling \$74,933,494. A breakdown of the projects are as follows.

Fried Trees		Major Funds	Non-major Funds
Fund Type		Funas	runas
Governmental: General fund	\$	4,551,596	ċ
Non-major governmental	Ş	4,331,390	30,226,493
Business-type:			
Sewer fund		28,095,989	-
Water fund		10,107,629	-
Non-major proprietary		-	1,951,787
Total	\$	42,755,214	\$ 32,178,280

Water Contracts and Agreements

In 1975, the City entered into a water allotment contract, known as the Windy Gap Project, with the Municipal Subdistrict, Northern Colorado Water Conservancy District, and a political subdivision of the State of Colorado. The original contract allocated to the City approximately 8,000 acre feet of water per year for which the City will annually pay a portion of the costs relating to the project. Each year the City may elect to either pay its share of the annual costs or request that the Municipal Subdistrict levy taxes directly through the County Assessor against property owners within the boundaries of the City to pay such costs. In November 1989, the City sold and exchanged thirteen units of the water allotment contract. The exchange relieved the City of the future assessments due on the thirteen units.

The City expects to pay the following estimated amounts in annual costs:

Year Ending December 31	Amount
2022	\$ 2,454,090
2023	\$ 3,818,290
2024	\$ 3,543,380

In January 2006, the City entered into an agreement with the Northern Colorado Conservancy District, Windy Gap Firming Project Water Activity Enterprise, for participation in the Windy Gap Firming Project. The Windy Gap Firming Project will result in a new reservoir called Chimney Hollow Reservoir, which will store Windy Gap water and make that supply more available to the multiple water providers that utilize this source. The Enterprise underwent a seventeen year federal and state environmental permitting and legal process to build Chimney Hollow Reservoir and, in 2021, a settlement was reached with environmental groups that finally allows dam construction to proceed. Under the multi-phase agreement between the Enterprise and the participants, overall project costs have been divided among all entities participating in the project. For 2021, the City paid \$714,220 for professional services and permitting activities and participated in a pooled financing with the Enterprise to fund the City's contribution to the construction of Chimney Hollow Reservoir. The City's construction contribution was \$60,545,218. The groundbreaking ceremony for the project occurred on August 6, 2021, and construction activities are ongoing. Dam construction for Chimney Hollow Reservoir is expected to be four to five years.

Encumbrances

The City of Greeley utilizes fund accounting to identify fund obligations.

The table below shows encumbrances \$500,000 or greater, in total by major and non-major fund in aggregate of the governmental funds as the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021:

Encumbrances
3,995,968
22,109,106

NOTE 12: TAX ABATEMENTS

As of December 31, 2021, the City of Greeley provides tax incentives under one program: The Business Development Incentive Plan. An economic development incentive plan is established to encourage the location of new businesses and the expansion of existing businesses within the City. This will stimulate the general economic well-being of the City, providing the foundation of the tax base required for the provision of City services and the direct general public welfare by benefiting every public and private sector through the generation of employment opportunities with the attendant increase of disposable income.

The policy provides for five (5) incentive categories: 1) those associated with one-time building permit and sales and use tax; 2) those associated with a longer term personal property tax rebate; 3) those associated with the Greeley/Weld Enterprise Zone; 4) those associated with the location of new employees within the City; and 5) those associated with the construction of core and shell buildings, to provide speculative development.

City Council's incentive criteria for decision making

Pursuant to Chapter 4.52 of the Greeley Municipal Code, the City of Greeley has offered tax incentives on a case-by-case basis, to any new or expanding manufacturing, processing, distribution, research and development, aerospace, conventional energy, renewable energy, or computer system/software product support or technical service business, which meets the following qualifying criteria:

- 1) Eligible new or expanding business shall not include any corporate reorganization, sale of an existing business or resumption of business activities unless such business has been closed for at least the previous twenty-four months.
- 2) Eligible new or expanding business shall derive more than 50% of its income from manufacturing, processing, distribution, research and development, aerospace, conventional energy, renewable energy, or computer system/software product or technical service activities and may not derive 25% or more of its gross income during any twelve-month period from direct retail sales.
- 3) Eligible new or expanding business shall invest a minimum of \$500,000 in a new or replacement plant and/or equipment/machinery during the calendar year in which application is made for incentives.

Waiver of sales and use taxes

City sales and use taxes for qualifying businesses in good standing may, on a case by case basis, be waived, in whole or in part, for the period of construction or expansion only, as follows:

- 1) Sales and use taxes on construction materials, fixed equipment and machinery installation, or facilities lease:
- 2) Sales and use taxes on equipment and machinery, research equipment and computer hardware not used for word processing when the business investment for such equipment reaches a minimum of \$100,000:

Waiver of personal property taxes

Personal property tax rebates may, on a case-by-case basis, be available. Personal property tax rebate payments may be negotiated with qualifying new business facilities or expanded business facilities, including basic industries. Basic industry means an industrial sector business which directly or indirectly exports some or all of its products and/or services for use and/or consumption to outside of the City.

To qualify for personal property tax rebate incentives, eligible new or expanding businesses shall invest a minimum of \$1,000,000 in a new business facility or expanded business facility, as these terms are referenced in Section §39-30-107.5, C.R.S., during the calendar year in which application is made for the personal property tax rebate incentive payment.

The term of the written agreement for personal tax rebates granted pursuant to this Chapter shall not exceed 10 years and is subject to revenue availability and annual appropriations. The annual personal property tax rebate payment pursuant to this Chapter shall not be greater than 50% of the amount of the taxes levied by the City upon the taxable personal property located at or within such new business facilities or directly attributable to the expansion of existing business facilities, and used in connection with such facilities for the current property tax year. If the business received the incentive payment and fails to perform or accomplish the terms and conditions of the City's incentive agreement in accordance with the time set forth, at the City's option, the business shall be liable on a pro-rata basis, to repay the awarded incentives. The repayment for failure to perform shall be added to all written incentive agreements.

Below is the information relevant to the disclosure of those programs for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Business Development Incentive Plan	Abate	unt of Taxes ed during the scal Year
Personal Property Tax	\$	-
Building Use Tax	\$	-
Use Tax	\$	145,094

The City also entered into agreements with the Greeley Urban Renewal Authority and Downtown Development Authority for tax increment financing programs.

Below is the information relevant to the disclosure of those programs for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Tax Increment Financing	Aba	ount of Taxes ted during the Fiscal Year
Greeley Urban Renewal Authority - Property Tax	\$	1,890,472
Downtown Development Authority - Property Tax	\$	130,743

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NOTE 13: NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Net investments in capital assets is comprised of the following as of December 31, 2021:

	 overnmental Activities	Business-type Activities
Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 466,804,520 \$	619,634,975
Bonds payable, net (current and noncurrent)	(7,115,000)	(97,420,000)
Certificates of participation payable, net (current and noncurrent)	(34,575,000)	-
Unamortized premium	-	(9,561,886)
Deferred outflows	239,953	1,166,047
Deferred inflows	(5,192,255)	-
Other non-debt capital related liabilities	(962,061)	(4,440,829)
Capital lease obligation (current and noncurrent)	(591,584)	-
Unspent bond proceeds	- \$	4,296,949
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 418,608,573 \$	513,675,256

NOTE 14: DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

The City of Greeley offers four deferred compensation plans available to City employees. Participation in any of these plans is on a voluntary basis. These plans permit employees the opportunity to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Four separate entities administer these deferred compensation plans and they are as follows:

FPPA: The Fire and Police Pension Association (FPPA) of Colorado administers a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The City offers this plan to all paid police and fire employees.

ICMA: The International City Management Association (ICMA) administers a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The City offers this plan to regular full-time, regular three-quarter time, and regular part-time employees.

Nationwide Retirement: Nationwide administers a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The City offers this plan to all paid firefighter employees.

Principal Financial Group: The Principal Financial Group administers a 401(k) deferred compensation plan as well as a 401(k) Roth option. The City offers this plan to regular full-time, regular three-quarter time, and regular part-time employees other than-sworn fire fighters. The employer shall make matching contributions in an amount equal to 50% of elective deferral contributions not exceeding 4%. Elective deferral contributions exceeding 4% are not matched. Sworn Police Officers are not eligible for employer contributions.

On all of these plans, the assets are not considered property of the City and are held by a third party administrator for the exclusive benefit of the plan participants and their beneficiaries. The City has little administrative involvement in any of these plans and does not perform the investing function for the plans; therefore, these assets are not included as part of the financial statements of the City.

NOTE 15: EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS

The City of Greeley is covered under five separate retirement plans. In addition, employees may also make voluntary contributions to the deferred compensation plans discussed in Note 14. The City's general fund has been used in prior years to liquidate any net pension obligation. The assets under these plans are not considered property of the City and are held by a third-party administrator for the exclusive benefit of the plan participants and their beneficiaries. The City has little administrative involvement and does not perform the investing function for the plans. Therefore, these assets are not included as part of the financial statements of the City.

Following is a summary of the deferred inflows/outflows, net pension liabilities, and pension expense for the defined benefit plans.

	_	Deferred Outflows - Pension Plans		eferred Inflows - Pension Plans	Net Pension Liability/(Asset)		Pension Expense (Income)
Fire New-Hire Plan	\$	4,468,478	\$	(2,896,114)	\$ (2,796,2	32) :	\$ 773,189
Police Old-Hire Plan		113,203		(39,929)	493,4	34	20,875
Fire Old-Hire Plan		790,134		(518,684)	4,776,5	93	1,837,407
Total	\$	5,371,815	\$	(3,454,727)	\$ 2,473,7	95	\$ 2,631,471

The City's five retirement plans and related disclosures are as follows:

The City of Greeley Money Purchase Plan

Plan Description. The City of Greeley Money Purchase Plan is a single-employer defined contribution plan. This plan provides retirement and death benefits to plan participants and beneficiaries. The participants of this plan are regular full-time and permanent part-time employees other than sworn firefighters of the City of Greeley. At December 31, 2021, there were 701 active plan participants. Certain eligible employees who have department head status or higher may elect to have the City's contribution applied to either this plan or to the ICMA deferred compensation plan described in the deferred compensation plans.

The City is the plan administrator and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Money Purchase Plan. The City delegated to Principal Financial Group the record-keeping and other duties which are necessary for the administration of the plan.

Per the plan's provisions, the amount of pension benefits the participant will receive depends on the amount contributed to the participant's account, earnings on investments of those contributions, and forfeitures of other participants' benefits that may be allocated to the participant's account. Covered employees begin active participation upon performance of an hour-of-service. Participants become 50% vested after two years of service and a 25% increase each year thereafter until fully vested after four years. Participants are eligible for early retirement at age fifty-five and normal retirement at age sixty-five.

Funding Policy. The City has the authority to establish and amend the plan's funding policy. The provisions of the plan require the City to contribute 4% of the employee's base wage for each plan year; there is no required employee contribution. For the year ended December 31, 2021, the City contributed \$2,358,033 to the City of Greeley Money Purchase Plan, equal to the required contributions for the Plan as well as contributions for the deferred compensation plan. For the year ended December 31, 2021, the plan members contributed \$3,590,493 to the Plan.

Greeley Police Department Personal Defined Contribution Pension Plan

Plan Description. The Greeley Police Department Personal Defined Contribution Pension Plan is a single-employer defined contribution plan. This plan provides retirement and death benefits to plan participants and beneficiaries. The participants of this plan are full-time, paid, sworn police officers of the Greeley Police Department. At December 31, 2021, there were 135 active plan members.

The City of Greeley is the plan administrator, and the City of Greeley Police Pension Board has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the plan. The City delegated to Principal Financial Group the record-keeping and other duties which are necessary for the administration of the plan.

Per the plan's provisions, the amount of pension benefits the participant will receive depends on the amount contributed to the participant's account, earnings on investments of those contributions, and forfeitures of other participant's benefits that may be allocated to the participant's account net of administrative expenses. Participation in the plan begins on the first day of the pay period following entry into the department. The participant becomes 25% vested after two years of service with a 25% increase each year thereafter until fully vested after five years. Participants are eligible for a normal retirement pension at age fifty-five.

Loans are made available to all participants according to the loan policy of the plan. The Pension Board Loan Committee is authorized to administer the loan program. The loan committee is comprised of three members of the City of Greeley Police Pension Board. At December 31, 2021, the outstanding loans receivable totaled \$386,031.

Funding Policy. The City of Greeley Police Pension Board has the authority to establish and amend the plan's funding policy. The provisions of the plan require the City to contribute 10.5% and each participant to contribute 9.5% of the participant's base salary. The City, in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 414(h), shall make all mandatory contributions required of participants. As a condition of employment, participants agree that their wages from the City for personal services, as reported on Form W-2, shall automatically be reduced by an amount equal to the participant's mandatory contribution. The plan does not provide for voluntary participant contributions. For the year ended December 31, 2021, the City of Greeley contributed \$1,468,646 and the participants contributed \$1,323,180.

Fire New-Hire Plan

Plan Description. The City of Greeley participates in the Statewide Defined Benefit Plan (SWDB), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Fire & Police Pension Association of Colorado (FPPA). The pension plan provides retirement benefits to plan members. The net pension liability/(asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the plan have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. FPPA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report that can be obtained on FPPA's website at http://www.fppaco.org/annual-reports.html.

Benefits Provided. A member is eligible for a normal retirement pension once the member has completed twenty-five years of credited service and has attained the age of 55. Effective January 1, 2021, a member may also qualify for a normal retirement pension if the member's combined years of service and age equals at least 80, with a minimum age of 50 (Rule of 80).

The annual normal retirement benefit is 2 percent of the average of the member's highest three years' pensionable earnings for each year of credited service up to ten years, plus 2.5 percent for each year of service thereafter. The benefit earned prior to January 1, 2007 for members of affiliated Social Security employers will be reduced by the amount of Social Security income payable to the member annually. Effective January 1, 2007, members covered under Statewide Defined Benefit Social Security Component will receive half the benefit when compared to the Statewide Defined Benefit Plan. Benefit adjustments paid to retired members are evaluated annually and may be re-determined every October 1. The amount of any increase is based on the Board's discretion and can range from 0 to the higher of 3 percent or the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W).

A member is eligible for an early retirement after completion of 30 years of service or attainment of age 50 with at least five years of credited service. The early retirement benefit equals the normal retirement benefit reduced on an actuarially equivalent basis. Upon termination, an employee may elect to have member contributions, along with 5 percent as interest, returned as a lump sum distribution. Alternatively, a member with at least five years of accredited service may leave contributions with the Plan and remain eligible for a retirement pension at age 55 equal to 2 percent of the member's average highest three years' pensionable earnings for each year of credited service up to ten years, plus 2.5 percent for each year of service thereafter.

Contributions. Through December 31, 2020 contribution rates for the SWDB plan are set by state statute. Employer contribution rates can only be amended by state statute. Member contribution rates can be amended by state statute or election of the membership. Effective January 1, 2021, contribution rates for employers and members may be increased equally by the FPPA Board of Directors upon approval through an election by both the employers and members.

In 2014, the members elected to increase the member contribution rate to the SWDB plan beginning in 2015. Member contribution rates will increase 0.5 percent annually through 2022 to a total of 12 percent of pensionable earnings. Employer contributions are 8.0 percent and 8.50 percent in 2020 and 2021, respectively. Employer contributions will increase 0.5 percent annually beginning in 2021 through 2030 to a total of 13.0 percent of pensionable earnings. In 2020, members of the SWDB plan and their employers are contributing at the rate of 11.0 percent and 8.0 percent, respectively, of pensionable earnings for a total contribution rate of 19.0 percent

Contributions from members and employers of departments reentering the system are established by resolution and approved by the FPPA Board of Directors. The reentry group has a combined contribution rate of 23.0 percent and 23.5 percent of pensionable earnings in 2020 and 2021, respectively. It is a local decision as to whether the member or employer pays the additional 4 percent contribution. The member and employer contribution rates will increase through 2030 as described above for the non-reentering

departments. Effective January 1, 2021, reentry departments may submit a resolution to the FPPA Board of Directors to reduce the additional 4 percent contribution, to reflect the actual cost of reentry by department, to the plan for reentry contributions. Each reentry department is responsible to remit contributions to the plan in accordance with their most recent FPPA Board of Directors approved resolution.

The contribution rate for members and employers of affiliated social security employers is 5.5 percent and 4 percent, respectively, of pensionable earnings for a total contribution rate of 9.50 percent in 2020 and 9.75 percent in 2021. Per the 2014 member election, members of the affiliate social security group had their required contribution rate increase 0.25 percent annually beginning in 2015 through 2022 to a total of 6 percent of pensionable earnings. Employer contributions are 4.0 percent and 4.25 percent in 2020 and 2021, respectively. Employer contributions will increase 0.25 percent annually beginning in 2021 through 2030 to a total of 6.5 percent of pensionable earnings.

Employer contributions are recognized by the SWDB in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the City of Greeley is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SWDB. Employer contributions recognized by the SWDB from the City were \$907,720 for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Pension Liabilities/(Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2021, the City reported \$2,796,232 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2020. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions to the SWDB for the calendar year 2020 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the SWDB.

At December 31, 2020, the City's proportion was 1.29 percent, compared to 1.22 percent as of December 31, 2019.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the City recognized pension income of \$773,189. At December 31, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

December 31, 2021	c	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	2,371,479 \$	11,122
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	2,872,132
Changes of assumptions		1,189,279	-
Changes in proportionate share of contributions			12,860
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date			
(recognized as a reduction in the pension liability in 2022)		907,720	-
Total	\$	4,468,478 \$	2,896,114

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$907,720, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the Year Ended December 31,	Amounts Recognized in Pension Expense
2022	(312,510)
2023	60,023
2024	(423,181)
2025	64,154
2026	510,560
Thereafter	765,598
Total	664,644

Actuarial Assumptions. The actuarial valuations for the Statewide Defined Benefit Plan were used to determine the pension liability and actuarial determined contributions for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2020. The valuations used the following actuarial assumption and other inputs:

	Total Pension Liability	Actuarial Determined Contributions
Actuarial Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	N/A	Level % of Payroll, Open
Amortization Period	N/A	30 Years
Long-term Investment Rate of Return*	7.00%	7.00%
Projected Salary Increases*	4.25% - 11.25%	4.25% - 11.25%
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.00%	0.00%
* Includes Inflation at	2.50%	2.50%

For determining the total pension liability and actuarially determined contributions, the post-retirement mortality tables for non-disabled retirees uses the 2006 central rates from the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables projected to 2018 using the MP-2017 projection scales, and the projected prospectively using the ultimate rates of the scale for all years. The pre- retirement off-duty mortality tables are adjusted to 50% of the RP-2014 mortality tables for active employees. The on-duty mortality rate is 0.00015.

At least every five years the FPPA's Board of Directors, in accordance with best practices, reviews its economic and demographic actuarial assumptions. At its July 2018 meeting, the Board of Directors reviewed and approved recommended changes to the actuarial assumptions. The recommendations were made by the FPPA's actuaries, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Co., based upon their analysis of past experience and expectations of the future. The assumption changes were effective for actuarial valuations beginning January 1, 2019. The actuarial assumptions impact actuarial factors for benefit purposes such as purchases of service credit and other benefits where actuarial factors are used.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation (assumed at 2.5 percent). Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Clabal Facility	200/	0.220/
Global Equity	39%	8.23%
Equity Long/Short	8%	6.87%
Private Markets	26%	10.63%
Fixed Income-Rates	10%	4.01%
Fixed Income-Credit	5%	5.25%
Absolute Return	10%	5.60%
Cash	2%	2.32%
Total	100%	_

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rates under Colorado statutes. Based on those assumptions, the SWDB plan fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a Single Discount Rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected

to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00%; the municipal bond rate is 2.00% (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the "state & local bonds" rate from Federal Reserve statistical release (H.15)); and the resulting Single Discount Rate is 7.00%.

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability/(asset) to changes in the Single Discount Rate, the following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset), calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.00%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher:

	1	1% Decrease (6.00)%		ingle Discount ite Assumption (7.00)%	1% Increase (8.00)%	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset)	\$	2,813,968	\$	(2,796,232) \$	(7,442,178)	

Police Old-Hire Pension Plan

Plan Description. The City of Greeley contributes to the Police Old-Hire Pension Plan which is an affiliated local plan of the Public Employee Retirement System (PERS), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Fire and Police Pension Association (FPPA) of Colorado. The pension plan provides retirement benefits, postretirement death and disability benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. Currently the plan's membership consists of 5 members: 3 retired members and 2 beneficiaries. The City has elected to affiliate with FPPA to manage the pension plan's assets for plan administration and investment purposes only. The FPPA Board of Directors is responsible for formulating official rules and regulations to implement state statutes governing fire and police pensions. These statutes may be found in Title 31, Article 30.5 of the *Colorado Revised Statutes (CRS)*, as amended. The FPPA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) Affiliated Local Plans. That report may be obtained at http://www.fppaco.org/annual-reports.html.

Benefits Provided. Any police officer who elects to retire on or after his/her normal retirement date shall be entitled to a monthly pension equal to 60% of his/her average monthly salary received one year before retirement with a three percent cost-of-living adjustment each January 1st. This pension plan is closed to new entrants.

Funding Policy. The authority for establishing and amending the plan's funding policy is governed by Title 31, Article 30.5 of the CRS, as amended. The Police Old-Hire Pension Plan does not have any active plan members participating in the plan; therefore, no contributions were required in 2020. The active plan members' required contributions discontinued with the payroll ending June 23, 1999. Beginning in 1982, the state began providing annual financial assistance for old hire police officers' and firefighters' pension funds towards paying off any remaining unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Statutory requirements were put into place to ensure that the local employers would continue to fund the plans on an actuarially sound basis and continue to qualify for state assistance.

In 1995, legislation was passed that established level dollar employer contributions through 2009 for those funds receiving state assistance. In 2003 and again in 2009, additional legislation was passed that temporarily suspended state assistance contributions. In 2011, additional legislation was passed again that reestablished that State payment schedule to resume in 2012 and continue each year thereafter through 2019 or until the unfunded accrued liability is completely eliminated if earlier. Previously, the required contribution for the plan was based on the level dollar employer contribution determined in 1995. However, the employer level funding contribution was eliminated for the City of Greeley once the plan became 100% funded based on the original state contribution schedule. Therefore, the city is no longer bound by the level funding agreement amount. As of the last valuation, the city is no longer required to make any contribution under the level funding agreement. However, the city is responsible for any additional unfunded liabilities created by adverse experience and will need to make up any contribution requirements beyond the state contributions.

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates for the Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2020:

Actuarial Method Entry Age Normal Amortization Method Level Dollar, Open*

Remaining Amortization Period 10 Years*

Asset Valuation Method 5-Year Smoothed Fair Value

Inflation 2.50%
Salary Increases N/A
Investment Rate of Return* 7.50%

Retirement Age

Mortality

Post-retirement: For ages less than 55, RP-2014 Mortality Tables

for Blue Collar Employees. For ages 65 and older, RP-2014 Mortality

Tables for Blue Collar Healthy Annuitants. For ages 55 through 64, a

blend of the previous tables. All tables are projected with Scale BB.

Disabled (pre-1980): RP-2014 Disabled Generational Mortality

Table generationally projected with Scale BB with a minimum 3% rate for males and 2% rate for females.

Assumption Changes. The assumptions shown above pertain to the actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2018 and the associated Actuarially Determined Contribution for the year ending December 31, 2020. Following an experience study in 2018 and asset allocation study in 2018-2019, the Board adopted a new assumption set for first use in the January 1, 2020 valuations.

The primary changes, which can be observed in the January 1, 2020 valuation, as compared to the assumptions shown are as follows:

Investment Rate of Return 4.50%

Mortality Post-retirement: 2006 central rates from the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables for males and

females projected to 2018 using the MP-2017 projection scales, and then projected prospectively

using the ultimate rates of the scale for all years.

Disabled (pre-1980): Post-retirement rates set forward three years.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic nominal rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Nominal
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Cash	10.0%	0.1%
Fixed Income - Rates	70.0%	2.3%
Fixed Income - Credit	10.0%	3.5%
Absolute Return	0.0%	5.6%
Long Short	0.0%	6.9%
Global Public Equity	10.0%	7.8%
Private Captial	9.0%	10.5%
TOTAL	100.00%	

^{*}Plans that are heavily weighted with retiree liabilities use an amortization period based on the expected remaining lifetime of the participants.

Discount Rate. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a Single Discount Rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

For the purpose of this valuation, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 4.50%; the municipal bond rate is 2.00% (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the "state & local bonds" rate from Federal Reserve statistical release (H.15)); and the resulting Single Discount Rate is 4.50%.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		L	Net Pension iability (a) - (b)
Balances at 12/31/19	\$	1,131,629	\$	645,000	\$	486,629
Changes for the year:						
Interest		48,391		-		48,391
Contributions - employer		-		-		-
Net investment income		-		44,733		(44,733)
Difference between expected and actual						
experience of total pension liability		-		-		-
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-
Benefit payments,						-
including refunds of employee contributions		(113,795)		(113,795)		-
Administrative expense		-		(3,147)		3,147
Net changes		(65,404)		(72,209)		6,805
Balances at 12/31/20	\$	1,066,225	\$	572,791	\$	493,434

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the Single Discount Rate, the following presents the plan's net pension liability (asset), calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 4.50%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher:

		Single D	iscout	
	1% Decrease (3.50)%	-		1% Increase (5.50)%
City's Net Pension Liability	\$ 576,193	\$	493,434	\$ 421,517

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$20,875 for the Old Hire Police Plan. At December 31, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

December 31, 2021	(Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual	\$	20,287	\$ 39,929
earnings on pension plan investments	\$	-	\$ -
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	-	\$ -
(recognized as a reduction in the pension liability in 2022)	\$	92,916	\$ _
Total	\$	113,203	\$ 39,929

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$92,916 resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the Year Ended December 31,	Amounts Recognized in Pension Expense/(Income)
2022	(7,712)
2023	938
2024	(9,206)
2025	(3,662)
Total	\$ (19,642)

Fire Old-Hire Pension Plan

Plan Description. The City of Greeley contributes to the Fire Old-Hire Pension Plan which is an affiliated local plan of the Public Employee Retirement Systems, an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Fire and Police Pension Association of Colorado. The pension plan provides retirement benefits, post-retirement death and disability benefits, and limited rank escalation benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Currently the plan's membership consists of 27 members: 19 retired members and 8 dependents. The City has elected to affiliate with FPPA to manage the pension plan's assets for plan administration and investment purposes only. The FPPA Board of Directors is responsible for formulating official rules and regulations to implement state statutes governing fire and police pensions. These statutes may be found in Title 31, Article 30.5 of the *Colorado Revised Statutes (CRS)*, as amended. The FPPA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for PERS Affiliated Local Plans. That report may be obtained at http://www.fppaco.org/annual-reports.html.

Benefits Provided. A member who has reached the age of fifty years and who has served for a period of twenty years of active service in any such department in Colorado is entitled to a monthly pension equal to one-half the amount of their monthly salary as of the date of their retirement. A surviving widow of a deceased retired member is entitled to a monthly pension equal to one-third of the monthly salary as long as the widow remains unmarried. If the surviving children of a deceased surviving widow are under the age of eighteen years old, the children are entitled to a monthly pension equal to the surviving widow split pro-rata or a monthly payment thirty dollars per child, whichever total amount is greater. This pension plan is closed to new entrants.

Funding Policy. The authority for establishing and amending the plan's funding policy is governed by Title 31, Article 30.5 of the CRS, as amended. The Fire Old-Hire Pension Plan does not have any active plan members participating in the plan: therefore, no contributions were required in 2021. The active plan members required contributions discontinued with the payroll ending June 30, 2007. Beginning in 1982, the state began providing annual financial assistance for old hire police officers' and firefighters' pension funds towards paying off any remaining unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Statutory requirements were put into place to ensure that the local employers would continue to fund the plans on an actuarially sound basis and continue to qualify for state assistance.

In 1995, legislation was passed that established level dollar employer contributions through 2009 for those funds receiving state assistance. In 2003 and again in 2009, additional legislation was passed that temporarily suspended state assistance contributions. In 2011, additional legislation was passed again that reestablished that State payment schedule to resume in 2012 and continue each year thereafter through 2019 or until the unfunded accrued liability is completely eliminated if earlier. Previously, the required contribution for the plan was based on the level dollar employer contribution determined in 1995. However, the employer level funding contribution was eliminated for the City of Greeley once the plan became 100% funded based on the original state contribution schedule. Therefore, the city is no longer bound by the level funding agreement amount. As of the last valuation, the city is no longer required to make any contribution under the level funding agreement. However, the city is responsible for any additional unfunded liabilities created by adverse experience and will need to make up any contribution requirements beyond the state contributions.

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates for the Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2020:

Actuarial Method Entry Age Normal Amortization Method Level Dollar, Open*

Remaining Amortization Period 13 Years*

Asset Valuation Method 5-Year Smoothed Fair Value

Inflation 2.50%
Salary Increases N/A
Investment Rate of Return* 7.50%

Retirement Age Any remaining actives are assumed to retire immediately.

Mortality Post-retirement: For ages less than 55, RP-2014 Mortality for Blue Collar

Employees. For ages 65 and older, RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Blue Collar Healthy Annuitants. For ages 55 through 64, a blend of the previous tables. All tables are

projected with Scale BB.

Disabled (pre-1980): RP-2014 Disabled Generational Mortality Table generationally projected with Scale BB with a minimum 3% rate for males and 2% for females.

Assumption Changes. The assumptions shown above pertain to the actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2018 and the associated Actuarially Determined Contribution for the year ending December 31, 2020. Following an experience study in 2018 and asset allocation study in 2018-2019, the Board adopted a new assumption set for first use in the January 1, 2020 valuations.

The primary changes, which can be observed in the January 1, 2020 valuation, as compared to the assumptions shown are as follows:

Investment Rate of Return 6.50%

Mortality Post-retirement: 2006 central rates from the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables for

males and females projected to 2018 using the MP-2017 projection scales, and then

projected prospectively using the ultimate rates of the scale for all years. Disabled (pre-1980): Post-retirement rates set forward three years.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Discount Rate. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a Single Discount Rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

For the purpose of this valuation, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 6.50%; the municipal bond rate is 2.00% (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the "state & local bonds" rate from Federal Reserve statistical release (H.15)); and the resulting Single Discount Rate is 4.59%.

^{*}Plans that are heavily weighted with retiree liabilities use an amortization period based on the expected remaining lifetime of the participants.

Item No. 6. Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)		
Balances at 12/31/19	\$	10,551,618	\$ 7,452,846	\$ 3,098,772		
Changes for the year:						
Interest		650,034	-	650,034		
Contributions - employer		-	-	-		
Net investment income		-	685,129	(685,129)		
Difference between expected and actual						
experience of total pension liability		-	-	-		
Changes of assumptions		1,704,615	-	1,704,615		
Benefit payments,						
including refunds of employee contributions		(1,119,816)	(1,119,816)	-		
Administrative expense		-	(8,301)	8,301		
Net changes		1,234,833	(442,988)	1,677,821		
Balances at 12/31/20	\$	11,786,451	\$ 7,009,858	\$ 4,776,593		

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the Single Discount Rate, the following presents the plan's net pension liability (asset), calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 6.50%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher:

	Single Discount					
	1% Decrease Ra (3.59)%		e Assumption (4.59)%	1% Increase (5.59)%		
City's Net Pension Liability	\$ 6,182,009	\$	4,776,593	3,806,926		

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,837,407 for the Old Hire Fire Plan. At December 31, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

December 31, 2021	0	Deferred utflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual	\$	231,974	,
earnings on pension plan investments Contributions subsequent to the measurement date (recognized as a reduction in the pension liability in 2022)	Ş	- S 558,160	-
Total	\$	790,134	518,684

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$558,160 resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the Year Ended December 31,	Amounts Recognized in Pension Expense/(Income)
2022	(115,455)
2023	(3,954)
2024	(119,944)
2025	(47,357)
Total	\$ (286,710)

NOTE 16: American Rescue Plan Act

During March 2021, the American Rescue Plan Act was signed into law. This \$1.9 trillion federal relief or stimulus package includes \$350.0 billion allocated to state, local, and tribal governments. The City received \$10,495,798 in June 2021 from the first round of funding and \$10,495,797 from the second round of funding in May 2022 for a total of \$20,991,595. All funds are being received and spent using the provision of revenue replacement in the act with expenses being submitted quarterly as required by accepting these federal funds. City leadership has developed a process to determine the best use of the funds to allocate the remaining \$18 million in funds for city council approved activities during October 2022. Costs can be incurred by December 31, 2024, but must be expended by December 31, 2026.

NOTE 17: Subsequent Events

In March 2022, the City agreed to a down payment of \$3 million to purchase the ShurView Property. The ShurView property consists of approximately 978 acres of land located north of US HWY 34 Business and bisected by State Hwy 257 and represents the last large tract of land that separates Greeley and Windsor. The total purchase price for the property will be \$8.5 million with the City's contribution estimated at a total of \$5 million with the remaining funding coming from grants, partnerships, and outside contributions. City funding will come from the Quality of Life 0.30% voter approved sales and use tax. The property is anticipated to be purchased in 2024.

The City issued \$22,530,000 in Sewer Revenue bonds in March 2022; they are due in semi-annual payments each February and August ranging from \$1,507,300 in 2024 to \$1,511,700 in 2041. The interest coupon rates on these bonds range from 2.0% to 5.0%. The bond proceeds are for the purpose of replacing and upgrading various components of the Wastewater Treatment and Reclamation Facility and expanding trunk sewer lines. The true interest cost (TIC) is 2.37%.

The City issued \$16,005,000 in Stormwater Revenue bonds in March 2022; they are due in semi-annual payments each February and August ranging from \$1,067,550 in 2029 to \$1,072,300 in 2027. The interest coupon rates on these bonds range from 3.0% to 5.0%. The bond proceeds were used for the development and improvement of the stormwater system and 12th Street Outfall project. The true interest cost (TIC) is 2.83%.

The City issued \$65,480,000 in Water Revenue bonds in March 2022; they are due in semi-annual payments each February and August ranging from \$3,593,950 in 2038 to \$5,208,650 in 2028. The interest coupon rates on these bonds range from 3.0% to 5.0%. The bond proceeds are for the purpose of continuing the Terry Ranch Water Project, purchasing water rights, implementing advanced metering infrastructure, replacement and expansion of distribution and transmission lines, investments in the non-potable system, and refunding the outstanding maturities of the 2012 Water Revenue bonds. The true interest cost (TIC) is 2.23%.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Greeley, Colorado

New Hire Fire Plan

Schedule of Employers Contributions*

Year Ended December 31	Statutorily required ontribution	Contributio made	ns	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Co	overed payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll
2015	\$ 559,557	\$ 559,	557 \$		- \$	6,994,480	8.0%
2016	588,129	588,	129		-	7,351,604	8.0%
2017	613,026	613,	026		-	8,302,557	7.4%
2018	646,977	646,	977		-	7,945,859	8.1%
2019	721,124	721,	124		-	9,014,054	8.0%
2020	859,611	859,	611		-	10,746,728	8.0%
2021	907,720	907,	720		-	10,681,093	8.5%

^{*} This schedule is presented on a fiscal year-end, and is to be built prospectively until it contains ten years of data.

City of Greeley, Colorado

New Hire Fire Plan

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)*

Year Ended December 31	Cumulative proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		Cumulative proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	Covered payroll	Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2014	1.51%	\$	(1,709,781) \$	6,812,964	N/A	106.8%
2015	1.50%	Ψ.	(26,444)	6,994,480	N/A	100.1%
2016	1.44%		519,052	7,351,604	7.1%	98.2%
2017	1.31%		(1,884,702)	8,302,557	N/A	106.3%
2018	1.25%		1,584,748	7,945,859	19.9%	95.2%
2019	1.22%		(691,695)	9,014,054	N/A	101.9%
2020	1.29%		(2,796,232)	10,746,728	N/A	106.7%

^{*}This schedule is presented as of the measurement date of the net pension liability (asset), and is to be built prospectively until it contains ten years of data.

See independent Auditor's Report and Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

City of Greeley, Colorado

Old Hire Police Plan

Schedule of Employer Contributions*

Year Ended December 31	de	ctuarially etermined ntribution	Actual contribution		Contribution deficiency (excess)	Covered payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll
2014	\$	57,595	\$ -	\$	57,595	N/A	N/A
2015		68,269	125,864		(57,595)	N/A	N/A
2016		68,269	68,269		-	N/A	N/A
2017		44,789	99,957		(55,168)	N/A	N/A
2018		44,789	40,683		4,106	N/A	N/A
2019		40,683	40,683		-	N/A	N/A
2020		40,683	-		40,683	N/A	N/A
2021		52,233	92,916		(40,683)	N/A	N/A

^{*}This schedule is presented on a fiscal year-end, and is to be built prospectively until it contains ten years of data.

See Independent Auditor's Report and Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

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City of Greeley, Colordao

Old Hire Police Plan

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Multiyear*

Measurement period ending December 31		2020	2019	2018	2017
Total Pension Liability					
Service cost	\$	- \$		\$ - \$	
Interest on the total pension liability	ڔ	48,391	68,098	72,018	73,532
Benefit changes		40,331	08,038	72,018	73,332
Difference between expected and actual					
experience of total pension liability		_	21,299	_	39,910
Assumption changes		_	193,801	_	33,310
Benefit payments		(113,795)	(116,977)	(131,330)	(135,852)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	_	(65,404)	166,221	(59,312)	(22,410)
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		1,131,629	965,408	1,024,720	1,047,130
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	Ś	1,066,225 \$	•		
Total Tension Liability - Linding (a)	<u> </u>	1,000,223 \$	1,131,023	7 705,400 7	1,024,720
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Employer contributions	\$	- \$	40,683	\$ 40,683 \$	99,957
Employee contributions			-	-	-
Pension plan net investment income		44,733	73,575	1,539	93,431
Benefit payments		(113,795)	(116,977)	(131,330)	(135,852)
Pension plan administrative expense		(3,147)	(2,242)	(4,262)	(1,816)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(72,209)	(4,961)	(93,370)	55,720
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		645,000	649,961	743,331	687,611
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	572,791 \$	645,000	\$ 649,961 \$	743,331
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	493,434 \$	486,629	\$ 315,447 \$	281,389
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of					
Total Pension Liability		53.72%	57.00%	67.33%	72.54%
Covered payroll		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of					
Covered Payroll		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

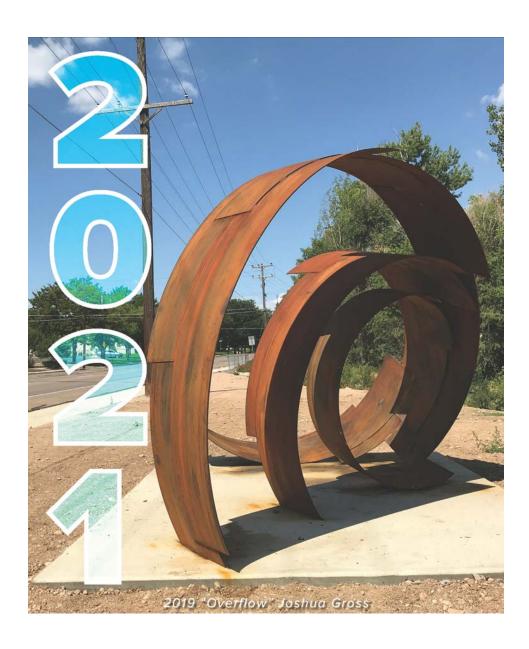
^{*}This schedule is presented as of the measurement date of the net pension liability, and is to be built prospectively until it contains ten years of data.

See Independent Auditor's Report and Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

	2016	2015	2014
_			
\$	- \$		\$ -
	77,880	89,897	94,366
	-	-	-
	_	(197,756)	_
	_	88,531	-
	(135,852)	(145,760)	(161,860)
	(57,972)	(165,088)	(67,494)
	1,105,102	1,270,190	1,337,684
\$	1,047,130 \$	1,105,102	\$ 1,270,190
-			
\$	68,269 \$	125,864	\$ -
	-	-	-
	34,316	14,096	51,943
	(135,852)	(145,760)	(161,860)
	(2,919)	(1,399)	(4,308)
	(36,186)	(7,199)	(114,225)
	723,797	730,996	845,221
\$	687,611 \$	723,797	\$ 730,996
	0-0-10-4	201.00=	
\$	359,519 \$	381,305	\$ 539,194
	65.67%	65.50%	57.55%
	N/A	N/A	N/A
	N/A	N/A	N/A

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City of Greeley, Colorado Old Hire Fire Plan

Schedule of Employer Contributions*

Year Ended December 31		Actuarially determined contribution	Actual contribution		Contribution deficiency (excess)	Covered payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll
2014	\$	314,980 \$	_	\$	314,980	N/A	N/A
2015	Y	6,099	193,552	Y	(187,453)	N/A	N/A
2016		6.099	6.099		-	N/A	N/A
2017		126,660	-		126,660	N/A	N/A
2018		126,660	234,631		(107,971)	N/A	N/A
2019		234,631	234,631		-	N/A	N/A
2020		234,631	234,631		-	N/A	N/A
2021		323,529	-		323,529	N/A	N/A

^{*}This schedule is presented on a fiscal year-end, and is to be built prospectively until it contains ten years of data.

See Independent Auditor's Report and Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

Old Hire Fire Plan

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Multiyear*

Measurement period ending December 31		2020	2019	2018	2017
Takel December 1 takelike					_
Total Pension Liability		,			
Service cost	\$	- \$		•	
Interest on the total pension liability		650,034	668,249	579,495	712,445
Benefit changes		-	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual					
experience of total pension liability		-	936,478	-	515,340
Assumption changes		1,704,615	612,254	(2,605,321)	2,485,993
Benefit payments		(1,119,816)	(1,130,254)	(1,150,696)	(1,122,974)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		1,234,833	1,086,727	(3,176,522)	2,590,804
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		10,551,618	9,464,891	12,641,413	10,050,609
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	11,786,451 \$	10,551,618 \$	9,464,891 \$	12,641,413
Dian Eiduciany Not Decition					
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	ب	,	224 (24)	224 (24)	
Employer contributions	\$	- \$	234,631 \$	234,631 \$	-
Employee contributions		-	-	-	-
Pension plan net investment income		685,129	889,634	14,272	1,143,151
Benefit payments		(1,119,816)	(1,130,254)	(1,150,696)	(1,122,974)
Pension plan administrative expense		(8,301)	(7,031)	(9,466)	(5,950)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(442,988)	(13,020)	(911,259)	14,227
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		7,452,846	7,465,866	8,377,125	8,362,898
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	<u>\$</u>	7,009,858 \$	7,452,846 \$	7,465,866 \$	8,377,125
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	4,776,593 \$	3,098,772 \$	1,999,025 \$	4,264,288
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of					
Total Pension Liability		59.47%	70.63%	78.88%	66.27%
Covered payroll		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of		•	•	•	•
Covered Payroll		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
•		•	•	•	•

^{*}This schedule is presented as of the measurement date of the net pension liability, and is to be built prospectively until it contains ten years of data.

See Independent Auditor's Report and Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

	2016	2015		2014
\$	- \$	•	\$	
ڔ	740,156	713,638	ڔ	- 741,635
	740,130	713,030		741,033
	-	(7,935)		-
	-	750,857		-
	(1,096,768)	(1,108,971)		(1,120,681)
	(356,612)	347,589		(379,046)
	10,407,221	10,059,632		10,438,678
\$	10,050,609 \$	10,407,221	\$	10,059,632
\$	6,099 \$	193,552	\$	-
	-	-		-
	444,789	180,816		663,036
	(1,096,768)	(1,108,971)		(1,120,681)
	(15,763)	(13,819)		(18,635)
	(661,643)	(748,422)		(476,280)
	9,024,541	9,772,963		10,249,243
\$	8,362,898 \$	9,024,541	\$	9,772,963
\$	1,687,711 \$	1,382,680	\$	286,669
	02.210/	06 740/		07.150/
	83.21%	86.71%		97.15%
	N/A	N/A		N/A
	N/A	N/A		N/A
	14/ 🗥	11/7		11/14

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NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms between the December 31, 2019 measurement date and the December 31, 2020 measurement date.

Changes in assumptions: There were changes in assumptions between the December 31, 2019 measurement date and the December 31, 2020 measurement date for the Fire Old-Hire Plan and Police Old-Hire Plan.

Following an experience study in 2018 and asset allocation study in 2018-2019, the Board adopted a new assumption set for first use in the January 1, 2020 valuations. The primary changes, which can be observed in the January 1, 2020 valuation, as compared to the assumptions shown are as follows:

Police Old Hire Plan

The primary changes, which can be observed in the January 1, 2020 valuation, as compared to the assumptions shown are as follows: Investment Rate of Return 4.50%

Mortality Post-retirement: 2006 central rates from the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables for males and females projected to 2018 using the MP-2017 projection scales, and then projected prospectively using the ultimate rates of the scale for all years. Disabled (pre-1980): Post-retirement rates set forward three years.

Fire Old Hire Plan

Investment Rate of Return 6.50%

Mortality Post-retirement: 2006 central rates from the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables for males and females projected to 2018 using the MP-2017 projection scales, and then projected prospectively using the ultimate rates of the scale for all years. Disabled (pre-1980): Post-retirement rates set forward three years.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes.

Conventions and Visitors Fund – to account for the collection of the City's 3% lodging tax which is utilized to support convention and visitor activities; created per Greeley Municipal Code 4.08.050.

HUD Grants Fund – to account for federal grant revenues which are utilized to administer rehabilitation loan and grant programs, special projects for the benefit of the elderly and handicapped and various other projects in accordance with Housing and Urban Development regulations.

Streets and Roads Fund – to account for the collection of highway user taxes, road and bridge taxes and registration and ownership fees which are utilized to operate and maintain the streets, roads, traffic lights and signs within the City; created per City of Greeley Charter Section 5-5.

Conservation Trust Fund – to account for revenues received from the Colorado State Lottery which is utilized for the acquisition, development and maintenance of new and existing conservation sites in accordance within C.R.S. 29-21-101.

Designated Revenue Fund – to account for the collection of court imposed surcharges and other committed or assigned revenues.

Conference Center Development Fund – to account for property tax increment, sales tax, lodger's tax, public improvement fees, payments in lieu of taxes, and rent revenues generated by the Conference Center.

Downtown Development Authority ("DDA") Tax Increment Fund – to account for the tax increment revenue generated from property taxes within the authority.

NEAHR Grants Fund – to account for the federal pass-through funding of purchases as the Northeast All Hazard Region Homeland Security Grant Fiscal Agent. Annual grants are utilized to fund public safety response planning, equipment, and training (intergovernmental agreement with the State of Colorado).

Equitable Sharing Fund – to account for equitably shared federal funds as the fiduciary for the Weld County Drug Task Force. Funds are utilized by member agencies for discretionary purposes in compliance with the Department of Justice Guide to Equitable Sharing for State, Local, and Tribal Law Enforcement Agencies, July 2018.

Museum Fund – to account for all donations and interest earnings on donations bequeathed to the City for the museums.

Senior Citizens Fund – to account for contributions from individuals, corporations and organizations for capital improvements to the Senior Activity Center.

Senior Center Clubs Fund – to account for all dues, interest earnings and expenses related to senior clubs; created per Greeley Municipal Code 4.42.040.

Community Memorials Fund – to account for all donations and interest earnings on donations bequeathed to the City for a specific purpose.

Debt Service Funds

Debt service funds are established to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

General Debt Service Fund - to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the periodic payments of principal and interest on notes and contracts, bond issues and capital leases.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

Public Improvement Fund

This Capital Project Fund accounts for the costs of purchasing major equipment, constructing major capital facilities and improving existing facilities. Revenues are derived from grant monies, intergovernmental agreements, and operating transfers.

Public Art Fund – to account for the cost associated with the City's public art program. Revenues are derived from a transfer from the General fund and transfers from construction projects in other funds.

Food Tax Fund – to account for the costs of specific capital improvements and repairs and maintenance projects. Revenues are derived from taxes collected due to the repeal of the City sales tax exemption on sales of food for domestic consumption; sales tax on food extended to December 31, 2021.

Softball Improvement Fund – to account for the costs of improving the facilities used for the Greeley adult softball programs; created per Greeley Municipal Code 4.48.010 in 1982. Revenues are derived from non-City softball tournament fees.

Fire Equipment Acquisition & Replacement Fund – to account for the costs of replacing and acquiring fire equipment, trucks and vehicles.

Fire Protection Development Fund – to account for the costs of developing fire protection improvements on new development; created per Greeley Municipal Code 4.64. Revenues are derived from the collection of fees from developers.

Police Development Fund – to account for the costs of developing police protection improvements on new development; created per Greeley Municipal Code 4.64. Revenues are derived from the collection of fees from developers.

Island Grove Development Fund – to account for the costs of capital improvements at Island Grove Park. Revenues are derived from a park development fee charged on all concession sales at the park and facility use fees.

Road Development Fund – to account for the costs of constructing new roads and improving existing roads; created per City of Greeley Municipal Code 4.64. Revenues are derived from the collection of fees from developers.

Park Development Fund – to account for the costs of developing and improving City parks; created per Greeley Municipal Code 4.64. Revenues are derived from the collection of fees from developers.

Trails Development Fund – to account for the costs of establishing linear parks, open spaces, and trail systems; created per Greeley Municipal Code 4.64. Revenues are derived from the collection of fees from developers.

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Quality of Life Fund – to account for the costs of construction, improvements, or renovation of recreation, parks, and cultural amenities. Revenues are derived from .3% sales and use tax and a transfer of park development fees, created per Ordinance 50, 2002.

FASTER Fund – to account for the costs of roadway safety improvements, bridge repair, and transit support and expansion. Revenues are derived through vehicle registration fees and fines established or increased by the Colorado Funding Advancements for Surface Transportation and Economic Recovery Act (FASTER).

Street Infrastructure Improvements Fund – to account for the costs of improvements and repairs for street related infrastructure improvements. Revenues are derived from .65% sales and use tax and a transfer of street development fees; created per Ordinance 1, 2016.

City Center – to account for the costs of constructing and equipping a fire station and a municipal building. Revenues are derived from the Certificates of Participation Series 2016, General Fund operating transfers, and a state grant.

Permanent Funds

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the City's programs.

Cemetery Endowment Fund – to account for all funds granted, bequeathed, or devised to the City in trust for the preservation of lots in the Linn Grove Cemetery; created per Greeley Municipal Code 4.40.010.

Petriken Memorial Fund – to account for interest earnings on funds bequeathed to the City for the maintenance of the grave sites as specified by the J.G.B. Petriken will.

Memorials Fund – to account for interest earnings on funds bequeathed to the City as specified by the donor.

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2021

		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds		Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		Total Nonmajor Permanent Funds		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,797,780	\$	-	\$	141,260	\$	-	\$	1,939,040
Investments		11,437,417		1,531,222		50,992,202		1,761,987		65,722,828
Accounts receivable, net		284,449		-		1,175,262		-		1,459,711
Taxes receivable		1,072,173		-		1,413,820		-		2,485,993
Due from other funds		329,514		351,817		1,661,069		100,000		2,442,400
Due from other governments		428,591		-		-		-		428,591
Advances to other funds		864,878		-		-		320,000		1,184,878
Notes receivable		4,121,042		3,926		130,729		4,518		4,260,215
Prepaid items		31,727		· -		-		-		31,727
Restricted assets:										
Investments		-		-		-		424,146		424,146
Total assets	\$	20,367,571	\$	1,886,965	\$	55,514,342	\$	2,610,651	\$	80,379,529
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	122,175	\$	694	\$	2,642,330	\$	192	\$	2,765,391
Contracts payable - retainage		,	•		-	1,106,384	•		•	1,106,384
Due to other funds		210,133		_				_		210,133
Advances from other funds		7,747,759		_		139,487		_		7,887,246
Other liabilities		9,987		_		-		_		9,987
Accrued liabilities		136,076		_		12,494		_		148,570
Unearned revenue		-		-		587,342		-		587,342
Total liabilities		8,226,130		694		4,488,037		192		12,715,053
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Property taxes levied for following year		1,072,098		-		-		-		1,072,098
Unavailable revenue - economic development loans		4,091,719		-		-		-		4,091,719
Total deferred inflows of resources		5,163,817		-		-		-		5,163,817
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable		896,605		-		-		2,161,523		3,058,128
Restricted		3,934,900		1,886,271		619,506		448,936		6,889,613
Committed		7,656,935		_		43,782,035		_		51,438,970
Assigned		2,217,214		-		6,624,764		_		8,841,978
Unassigned		(7,728,030)		-		- _		-		(7,728,030
Total fund balances		6,977,624		1,886,271		51,026,305		2,610,459		62,500,659
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources	_	00 007 574	•	4 000 005	•	FF F44 040	•	0.040.054	•	00 070 500
and fund balances	\$	20,367,571	\$	1,886,965	\$	55,514,342	Ф	2,610,651	\$	80,379,529

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Permanent Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 1,541,951	\$ -	\$ 14,277,057	\$ -	\$ 15,819,008
Licenses & permits	8,649	-	-	-	8,649
Intergovernmental	7,342,512	-	5,024,300	-	12,366,812
Charges for services	1,891,342	-	7,891,352	-	9,782,694
Fines & forfeits	3,639	-	-	-	3,639
Miscellaneous	614,834	(8,951)	842,294	91,995	1,540,172
Total revenues	11,402,927	(8,951)	28,035,003	91,995	39,520,974
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	269,476	-	-	-	269,476
Public safety	1,000	-	-	-	1,000
Public works	10,168,682	-	-	-	10,168,682
Culture, parks & recreation	109,938	-	104,309	4,599	218,846
Community development	1,102,685	-	-	-	1,102,685
Nondepartmental	837,519	900	5,045,293	1,510	5,885,222
Debt service	205,426	6,621,266	6,720	-	6,833,412
Capital outlay	169,316		33,967,459	<u> </u>	34,136,775
Total expenditures	12,864,042	6,622,166	39,123,781	6,109	58,616,098
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,461,115)	(6,631,117)	(11,088,778)	85,886	(19,095,124)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	6,716,922	6,627,452	24,822,239	-	38,166,613
Transfers out	(4,396,953)	<u> </u>	(10,175,087)	-	(14,572,040)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,319,969	6,627,452	14,647,152	-	23,594,573
Net change in fund balances	858,854	(3,665)	3,558,374	85,886	4,499,449
Fund balances - January 1	6,118,770	1,889,936	47,467,931	2,524,573	58,001,210
Fund balances - December 31	\$ 6,977,624	\$ 1,886,271	\$ 51,026,305	\$ 2,610,459	\$ 62,500,659

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2021

		Conference Center Development Fund		Conventions and Visitors Fund		HUD Grants Fund		Streets and Roads Fund		Conservation Trust Fund
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,987	\$	166,880	\$	-
Investments		-		901,538		395,410		-		1,012,249
Accounts receivable, net		5,940		37,424		15,000		191,047		-
Taxes receivable		-		75		-		-		-
Due from other funds		18,450		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		-		-		260,666		-		-
Advances to other funds		-						-		
Notes receivable		-		2,311		4,092,734				2,595
Prepaid items		-				-		31,727		-
Total assets	\$	24,390	\$	941,348	\$	4,773,797	\$	389,654	\$	1,014,844
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilties:										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	100	\$	2,534	\$	106,140	\$	84
Due to other funds		24,391		4,339		-		-		-
Advances from other funds		7,728,029		-		-		19,730		-
Other liabilities		-		-		9,987		-		-
Accrued liabilities		-		-		3,963		132,044		<u> </u>
Total liabilities		7,752,420		4,439		16,484		257,914		84
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Property taxes levied for following year		-		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue - economic development loans		-		-		4,091,719				-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		4,091,719		-		-
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable		_		_		_		31.727		_
Restricted		_		_		665,594				1,014,760
Committed		-		936,909		,50		100,013		-,,
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		(7,728,030)		-		-		-		-
Total fund balances (deficits)		(7,728,030)		936,909		665,594		131,740		1,014,760
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources										
and fund balances	\$	24,390	\$	941,348	\$	4,773,797	\$	389,654	\$	1,014,844
and faind balances	Ψ	۷,550	Ψ	J+1,J40	Ψ	7,110,131	Ψ	303,034	Ψ	1,017,044

Designated Revenue Fund	DDA Tax Increment Fund	NEAHR Grants Fund	Equitable Sharing Fund	Museum Fund	Senior Citizens Fund	Senior Center Clubs Fund	Community Memorials Fund	Total
\$ 23,790	\$ 1,597,123	\$ -	\$ -	\$ _	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,797,780
8,074,306 19,913	-	- 15,125	656,963	196,605	34,622	50,145	115,579	11,437,417 284,449
-	1,072,098	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,072,173
311,064	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	329,514
-	-	167,925	-	-	-	-	-	428,591
864,878 20,700	-	-	1,684	504	89	129	296	864,878 4,121,042
20,700	-		-	-	-	-	-	31,727
\$ 9,314,651	\$ 2,669,221	\$ 183,050	\$ 658,647	\$ 197,109	\$ 34,711	\$ 50,274	\$ 115,875	\$ 20,367,571
\$ 10,395	\$ 1,282	\$ 1,502	\$ 87	\$ 24	\$ 5	\$ 7	\$ 15	\$ 122,175
-		181,403	-	-	-	-	-	210,133
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,747,759
69	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,987 136,076
10,464	1,282	182,905	87	24	5	7	15	8,226,130
-	1,072,098	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,072,098
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,091,719
-	1,072,098	-		-	-	-		5,163,817
864,878	_	_	-	_	-	-	_	896,605
-	1,595,841	145	658,560	-	-	-	-	3,934,900
6,569,746	-	-	-	407.005	- 04.700	50,267	- 445.000	7,656,935
1,869,563 -	-	<u> </u>	-	197,085 -	34,706	-	115,860	2,217,214 (7,728,030)
9,304,187	1,595,841	145	658,560	197,085	34,706	50,267	115,860	6,977,624
\$ 9,314,651	\$ 2,669,221	\$ 183,050	\$ 658,647	\$ 197,109	\$ 34,711	\$ 50,274	\$ 115,875	\$ 20,367,571

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

To the Total Ended Sciolinger of, 2021	Confere Centr Develop Fund	er ment	Conventions and Visitors Fund	HUD Grants Fund	Streets and Roads Fund	Conservation Trust Fund
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	- \$	621,486	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses & permits	·	- '	- ,	· -	8,649	-
Intergovernmental		-	-	661,718	4,932,476	1,319,400
Charges for services	9	2,023	-	-	1,180,676	-
Fines & forfeits		-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous		484	(2,922)	205,843	374,066	(1,393)
Total revenues	9	2,507	618,564	867,561	6,495,867	1,318,007
EXPENDITURES						
General government	21	2,242	-	-	-	-
Public safety		· -	-	-	-	-
Public works		-	-	-	10,144,768	-
Culture, parks & recreation		-	-	-	-	-
Community development		-	-	1,101,685	-	-
Nondepartmental		25	150,541	-	-	490
Debt service	20	5,426	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay		-	-	9,088	83,486	-
Total expenditures	41	7,693	150,541	1,110,773	10,228,254	490
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(32	5,186)	468,023	(243,212)	(3,732,387)	1,317,517
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	52	7,263	_	22,586	3,833,971	_
Transfers out	32	-	(339,517)	-	-	(962,719)
Total other financing sources (uses)	52	7,263	(339,517)	22,586	3,833,971	(962,719)
Net change in fund balances	20	2,077	128,506	(220,626)	101,584	354,798
•	(7.00	0.407)		,		050.000
Fund balances (deficits) - January 1	(7,93	0,107)	808,403	886,220	30,156	659,962
Fund balances (deficits) - December 31	\$ (7,72	8,030) \$	936,909	\$ 665,594	\$ 131,740	\$ 1,014,760

	Designated Revenue Fund	DDA Tax Increment Fund	NEAHR Grants Fund	Equitable Sharing Fund	Museum Fund	Senior Citizens Fund	Senior Center Clubs Fund	Community Memorials Fund	Total
6	-	\$ 920,465	\$ - \$	-	\$ - :	\$ - \$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,541,95
		-			-	-	-	-	8,64
	53,000	-	326,881	49,037	-	-	-	-	7,342,51
	600,320 3,639	-	17,215	-	628	-	480	-	1,891,34 3,63
	3,639 18,155	-	-	(2,830)	- 11,774	(134)	8,822	2,969	614,83
	10,133			(2,030)	11,774	(134)	0,022	2,303	014,00
	675,114	920,465	344,096	46,207	12,402	(134)	9,302	2,969	11,402,92
	47,541	_	_	9,693	_	_	_	_	269,47
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,000	1,00
	23,914	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,168,68
	102,013	-	-	-	-	-	7,925	-	109,93
	1,000			-	-	-	-		1,102,68
	5,753	390,192	289,791	463	129	24	34	77	837,51
	13,774	-	62,968	-	-	-	-	-	205,42 169,31
	13,774		02,900		-	-	-	-	109,31
	193,995	390,192	352,759	10,156	129	24	7,959	1,077	12,864,04
	481,119	530,273	(8,663)	36,051	12,273	(158)	1,343	1,892	(1,461,11
	2,333,102 (2,816,474)	- (212,242)	-	- (66,001)	-	-	-	-	6,716,92 (4,396,95
	(483,372)	(212,242)	-	(66,001)	-	-	-	-	2,319,96
	(2,253)	318,031	(8,663)	(29,950)	12,273	(158)	1,343	1,892	858,85
	9,306,440	1,277,810	8,808	688,510	184,812	34,864	48,924	113,968	6,118,77
\$	9,304,187	\$ 1,595,841	\$ 145 \$	658,560	\$ 197,085	\$ 34,706 \$	50,267	\$ 115,860	\$ 6,977,62

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS CONFERENCE CENTER DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

For the Fedi Ended December 61, 2021	Budgeted Amounts Unaudited Actual							
	 Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)				
REVENUES: Charges for services: Public improvement fees	\$ 150,000 \$	150,000	\$ 92,023 \$	(57,977)				
Miscellaneous revenue: Interest and investment earnings	3,000	3,000	484	(2,516)				
Total revenues	153,000	153,000	92,507	(60,493)				
EXPENDITURES: Nondepartmental: Miscellaneous	500	500	212,267	(211,767)				
Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges	332,500 395,000	337,500 395,000	- 205,426	337,500 189,574				
Total debt service	727,500	732,500	205,426	527,074				
Total expenditures	728,000	733,000	417,693	315,307				
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(575,000)	(580,000)	(325,186)	254,814				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in: Convention & visitor fund Sales and use tax fund Downtown development authority TIF fund	151,500 250,000 210,000	151,500 250,000 215,000	125,049 189,972 212,242	(26,451) (60,028) (2,758)				
Total other financing sources (uses)	611,500	616,500	527,263	(89,237)				
Net change in fund balance	36,500	36,500	202,077	165,577				
Fund balance - January 1	(7,930,107)	(7,930,107)	(7,930,107)	<u>-</u>				
Fund balance - December 31	\$ (7,893,607) \$	(7,893,607)	\$ (7,728,030) \$	165,577				

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
CONVENTIONS AND VISITORS FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Total Chied Bessinson 61, 2021		Budgeted Amounts Unaudited					Variance with Final Budget Positive
	C	riginal		Final	•	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES: Taxes:							
Lodgers room taxes Penalties and interest on taxes	\$	474,646 -	\$	474,646 -	\$	620,002 \$ 1,484	145,356 1,484
Total taxes		474,646		474,646		621,486	146,840
Miscellaneous revenue: Interest and investment earnings		5,000		5,000		(2,922)	(7,922)
Total revenues		479,646		479,646		618,564	138,918
EXPENDITURES: Nondepartmental: Miscellaneous		152,250		152,250		150,541	1,709
Total expenditures		152,250		152,250		150,541	1,709
Excess of revenues over expenditures		327,396		327,396		468,023	140,627
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out:							
General fund Conference center development fund		(418,200) (151,500)		(472,205) (151,500)		(214,468) (125,049)	257,737 26,451
Total other financing sources (uses)		(569,700)		(623,705)		(339,517)	284,188
Net change in fund balance		(242,304)		(296,309)		128,506	424,815
Fund balance - January 1		808,403		808,403		808,403	

566,099 \$

512,094 \$

936,909 \$

424,815

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

Fund balance - December 31

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
HUD GRANTS FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Tor the Year Ended December 01, 2021	Budgeted Una	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:				
Intergovernmental revenues:				
Federal grants	\$ 850,000	\$ 850,000	\$ 661,718	\$ (188,282)
Miscellaneous revenue:				
Program income	-	-	210,204	210,204
Interest and investment earnings		-	(4,361)	(4,361)
Total miscellaneous revenues	-		205,843	205,843
Total revenues	850,000	850,000	867,561	17,561
EXPENDITURES:				
CDBG Grant	841,549	961,905	1,013,654	(51,749)
HOME grant	· -	169,644	84,883	84,761
CDBG cv cares act	-	50,530	2,505	48,025
Miscellaneous	-	650	643	7
Capital outlay	-	10,000	9,088	912
Total expenditures	841,549	1,192,729	1,110,773	81,956
Excess of revenues over expenditures	8,451	(342,729)	(243,212)	99,517
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
General fund	66,150	66,150	22,586	(43,564)
Total other financing sources (uses)	66,150	66,150	22,586	(43,564)
Net change in fund balance	74,601	(276,579)	(220,626)	55,953
Fund balance - January 1	886,220	886,220	886,220	
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 960,821	\$ 609,641	\$ 665,594	\$ 55,953

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS STREETS AND ROADS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

rol the Year Ended December 31, 2021		Budgete	ed Amou	unts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	auuntou	Final		Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:							
Licenses & permits:							
Licenses	\$	8,000	\$	8,000	\$	6,479 \$	(1,521)
Permits	•	7,590		7,590		2,170	(5,420)
Total licenses and permits		15,590		15,590		8,649	(6,941)
Intergovernmental revenue:							
Intergovernmental agreements		794,875		794,875		918,076	123,201
State assistance		0.450.000		0.450.000		3,230	3,230
Highway user taxes		2,150,000		2,150,000		2,586,749	436,749
County road and bridge taxes County shared		930,000 320,000		930,000 320,000		1,082,990 341,431	152,990 21,431
County Shared		,		•		•	
Total intergovernmental revenue		4,194,875		4,194,875		4,932,476	737,601
Charges for services:							
State highway maintenance agreement		295,838		295,838		289,699	(6,139)
Other charges		1,263,850		1,263,850		890,977	(372,873)
Total charges for services		1,559,688		1,559,688		1,180,676	(379,012)
Miscellaneous revenue:							
Compensation for loss		2,000		2,000		949	(1,051)
Refunds of expenditures		15,000		15,000		83,563	68,563
Rents royalties		3,534		3,534		-	(3,534)
Sale or disposal of asset		622,334		622,334		289,549	(332,785)
Other miscellaneous revenue		500		500		5	(495)
Total miscellaneous revenue		643,368		643,368		374,066	(269,302)
Total revenues		6,413,521		6,413,521		6,495,867	82,346
EXPENDITURES:							
Public works:							
General management		1,493,136		1,493,136		1,543,177	(50,041)
Engineering		1,214,519		1,214,519		852,375	362,144
Street maintenance		4,013,220		4,043,376		3,996,368	47,008
Transit services		3,972,770		3,958,820		3,752,848	205,972
Total public works		10,693,645		10,709,851		10,144,768	565,083
Nondepartmental:							
Capital outlay		-		38,950		83,486	(44,536)
Total expenditures		10,693,645		10,748,801		10,228,254	520,547
Excess of revenues over expenditures		(4,280,124)		(4,335,280)		(3,732,387)	602,893
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
General fund		4,290,284		4,315,284		3,833,971	(481,313)
Total transfers in		4,290,284		4,315,284		3,833,971	(481,313)
Total other financing sources (uses)		4,290,284		4,315,284		3,833,971	(481,313)
Net change in fund balance		10,160		(19,996)		101,584	121,580
Fund balance - January 1		30,156		30,156		30,156	-
•	¢		¢		¢	•	121 500
Fund balance - December 31	\$	40,316	Ф	10,160	\$	131,740 \$	121,580

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
CONSERVATION TRUST FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

rol the real Ended December 31, 2021	Budgeted Amounts Unaudited Actual					
	 Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES: Intergovernmental revenue:						
Lottery funds	\$ 1,000,000 \$	1,000,000 \$	1,319,400 \$	319,400		
Miscellaneous revenue: Interest and investment earnings	1,000	1,000	(1,393)	(2,393)		
Total revenues	1,001,000	1,001,000	1,318,007	317,007		
EXPENDITURES: Nondepartmental: Miscellaneous	2,250	2,250	490	1,760		
Total expenditures	2,250	2,250	490	1,760		
Excess of revenues over expenditures	998,750	998,750	1,317,517	318,767		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out:						
General fund	(962,719)	(983,719)	(962,719)	21,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(962,719)	(983,719)	(962,719)	21,000		
Net change in fund balance	36,031	15,031	354,798	339,767		
Fund balance - January 1	659,962	659,962	659,962	-		
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 695,993 \$	674,993 \$	1,014,760 \$	339,767		

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
DESIGNATED REVENUE FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021			ed Amount	s	Λ.	ctual		Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	audited	Final		กounts		(Negative)
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental revenue:								
Intergovernmental agreements	\$	47,000	\$	47,000	\$	53,000	\$	6,000
Charges for services:								
Franchise fees		75,000		75,000		77,024		2,024
Other charges		29,974		47,152		523,296		476,144
Total charges for services		104,974		122,152		600,320		478,168
Fines & forfeits:								
Court fines		9,000		9,000		3,639		(5,361)
Miscellaneous revenue:								
Interest and investment earnings		43,000		43,000		(5,410)		(48,410)
Rents royalties		-		-		6,070		6,070
Contributions donations Other miscellaneous revenue		30,000 330,912		30,000 330,912		17,495 -		(12,505) (330,912)
		·						
Total miscellaneous revenue		403,912		403,912		18,155		(385,757)
Total revenues		564,886		582,064		675,114		93,050
EXPENDITURES:								
General government:								
Drug and alcohol Cable franchise PEG funds		30,000		30,000 23,663		30,000 17,541		- 6,122
Cable Ifalictuse FEG lunus				23,003		17,541		0,122
Total general government		30,000		53,663		47,541		6,122
Public works:								
Facilities maintenance		-		25,000		23,914		1,086
Culture, parks & recreation:								
Poudre river trail		147,386		172,386		76,544		95,842
Youth enrichment		9,530		30,240		5,602		24,638
Recreation		35,000		35,000		19,867		15,133
Total culture, parks & recreation		191,916		237,626		102,013		135,613
Community development:								
Planning		-		-		1,000		(1,000)
Nondepartmental:								
Miscellaneous		3,000		3,000		5,753		(2,753)
Capital outlay		_		13,805		13,774		31
		224.916		333.094		193.995		139.099
Total expenditures		,,,				/		
Excess of revenues over expenditures		339,970		248,970		481,119		232,149
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in:		90.000		90,000		E7 010		(22.400)
General fund Sales and use tax fund		80,000 2,445,835		80,000 2,931,384		57,810 2,275,292		(22,190) (656,092)
Total transfers in		2,525,835		3,011,384		2,333,102		(678,282)
Town of our code								· · ·
Transfers out: General fund		(2,340,822)		(2,403,000)		(2,385,568)		17,432
General debt service fund		(430,906)		(430,906)		(430,906)		-
Food tax fund		(50,000)		(50,000)		-		50,000
Total transfers out		(2,821,728)	·	(2,883,906)		(2,816,474)		67,432
Total other financing sources (uses)		(295,893)		127,478		(483,372)		(610,850)
Net change in fund balance		44,077		376,448		(2,253)		(378,701)
Fund balance - January 1		9,306,440		9,306,440		9,306,440		-
·	^		Φ.		Φ.		Φ.	(070 70 1)
Fund balance - December 31	\$	9,350,517	\$	9,682,888	\$	9,304,187	\$	(378,701)

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY TAX INCREMENT FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amo Unaudited	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	 Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:				
Taxes:				
Property taxes	\$ 725,000 \$	905,000 \$	919,664 \$	14,664
Penalties and interest on taxes	-	550	801	251
Total revenues	725,000	905,550	920,465	14,915
EXPENDITURES:				
Nondepartmental:				
Miscellaneous	325,000	711,600	390,192	321,408
Total expenditures	325,000	711,600	390,192	321,408
Excess of revenues over expenditures	400,000	193,950	530,273	336,323
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers out:	(040,000)	(045,000)	(040.040)	0.750
Conference center development fund	(210,000)	(215,000)	(212,242)	2,758
Total other financing sources (uses)	(210,000)	(215,000)	(212,242)	2,758
Net change in fund balance	190,000	(21,050)	318,031	339,081
Fund balance - January 1	1,277,810	1,277,810	1,277,810	
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 1,467,810 \$	1,256,760 \$	1,595,841 \$	339,081

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS NEAHR GRANTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

To the real Ended December 31, 2021	 Budgeted Amounts Unaudited Actual						
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)			
REVENUES: Intergovernmental revenue: State assistance	\$ - \$	628,609	\$ 326,881 \$	(301,728)			
Charges for services:				,			
Other charges	-	-	17,215	17,215			
Total revenues	-	628,609	344,096	(284,513)			
EXPENDITURES: Nondepartmental:							
Miscellaneous	-	608,609	289,791	318,818			
Capital outlay	-	20,000	62,968	(42,968)			
Total expenditures	-	628,609	352,759	275,850			
Net change in fund balance	-	-	(8,663)	(8,663)			
Fund balance - January 1	8,808	8,808	8,808	-			
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 8,808 \$	8,808	\$ 145 \$	(8,663)			

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
EQUITABLE SHARING FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021		Budgeted Am Unaudite	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Or	iginal	Final	49,037 \$ (2,830) 46,207 9,693 463 10,156 36,051	(Negative)
REVENUES: Intergovernmental revenue: Federal grants	\$	- \$	- \$	49,037 \$	49,037
Miscellaneous revenue: Interest and investment earnings		-	-	(2,830)	(2,830)
Total revenues		-	-	46,207	46,207
EXPENDITURES: Public safety: Support services		-	80,000	9,693	70,307
Nondepartmental: Miscellaneous		-	-	463	(463)
Total expenditures		-	80,000	10,156	69,844
Excess of revenues over expenditures		-	(80,000)	36,051	116,051
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in: General fund		-	65,000	-	(65,000)
Transfers out: General fund Fleet Replacement fund		- -	(72,228) (18,000)	(66,001) -	6,227 18,000
Total transfers out		-	(90,228)	(66,001)	24,227
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	(25,228)	(66,001)	(40,773)
Net change in fund balance		-	(105,228)	(29,950)	75,278
Fund balance - January 1		688,510	688,510	688,510	
Fund balance - December 31	\$	688,510 \$	583,282 \$	658,560 \$	75,278

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
MUSEUM FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgeted Am Unaudite		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	 Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES: Charges for services: Other charges	\$ - \$	- \$	628 \$	628
Miscellaneous revenue: Interest and investment earnings Contributions donations Sale or disposal of asset	2,500 - -	2,500 - -	(703) 11,926 551	(3,203) 11,926 551
Total miscellaneous revenue	2,500	2,500	11,774	9,274
Total revenues	2,500	2,500	12,402	9,902
EXPENDITURES:				
Nondepartmental: Miscellaneous	250	17,312	129	17,183
Capital outlay	-	24,000	-	24,000
Total expenditures	250	41,312	129	41,183
Net change in fund balance	2,250	(38,812)	12,273	51,085
Fund balance - January 1	184,812	184,812	184,812	
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 187,062 \$	146,000 \$	197,085 \$	51,085

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SENIOR CITIZENS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Tot the Teal Linded December 31, 2021	 Budgeted Amounts Unaudited Actual					
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES: Miscellaneous revenue:						
Interest and investment earnings	\$ 300 \$	300	\$ (134) \$	\$ (434)		
Total revenues	300	300	(134)	(434)		
EXPENDITURES: Nondepartmental:						
Miscellaneous	50	50	24	26		
Total expenditures	50	50	24	26		
Net change in fund balance	250	250	(158)	(408)		
Fund balance - January 1	34,864	34,864	34,864	-		
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 35,114 \$	35,114	\$ 34,706	\$ (408)		

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SENIOR CENTER CLUBS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts Unaudited Actual					
	 Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES: Charges for services:						
Culture, parks & recreation fees	\$ 4,395 \$	4,395 \$	480 \$	(3,915)		
Miscellaneous revenue: Interest and investment earnings Contributions donations	250 10,750	250 10,750	(192) 9,014	(442) (1,736)		
Total miscellaneous revenue	11,000	11,000	8,822	(2,178)		
Total revenues	15,395	15,395	9,302	(6,093)		
EXPENDITURES: Culture, parks & recreation: Recreation	21,640	21,640	7,925	13,715		
Nondepartmental: Miscellaneous	35	35	34	11_		
Total expenditures	21,675	21,675	7,959	13,716		
Net change in fund balance	(6,280)	(6,280)	1,343	7,623		
Fund balance - January 1	48,924	48,924	48,924			
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 42,644 \$	42,644 \$	50,267 \$	7,623		

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
COMMUNITY MEMORIALS FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

For the real Ended December 31, 2021		Budgeted Amounts Unaudited Actual						Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final	-	Amounts		(Negative)
REVENUES:								
Miscellaneous revenue:								
Interest and investment earnings	\$	400	\$	400	\$	(431)	\$	(831)
Contributions donations	•	-	•	3,050	•	3,400	•	350
Total revenues		400		3,450		2,969		(481)
EXPENDITURES:								
Public safety: Longworth		1,000		1,000		1,000		
Longworth		1,000		1,000		1,000		
Nondepartmental:								
Miscellaneous		95		95		77		18
Total expenditures		1,095		1,095		1,077		18
Excess of revenues over expenditures		(695)		2,355		1,892		(463)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out:								
General fund		-		(3,050)		-		3,050
Total other financing sources (uses)				(3,050)				3,050
Net change in fund balance		(695)		(695)		1,892		2,587
Fund balance - January 1		113,968		113,968		113,968		
Fund balance - December 31	\$	113,273	\$	113,273	\$	115,860	\$	2,587

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2021

	General	
	Debt Service	
	Fund	Total
ASSETS		
Investments	\$ 1,531,222	\$ 1,531,222
Due from other funds	351,817	351,817
Notes receivable	3,926	3,926
Total assets	\$ 1,886,965	\$ 1,886,965
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 694	\$ 694
Total liabilities	694	694
Fund balances:		
Restricted	1,886,271	1,886,271
Total fund balances	1,886,271	1,886,271
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,886,965	\$ 1,886,965

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	General Debt Service	
	Fund	Total
REVENUES		
Miscellaneous	\$ (8,951) \$	(8,951)
Total revenues	(8,951)	(8,951)
EXPENDITURES		
Nondepartmental	900	900
Debt service	6,621,266	6,621,266
Total expenditures	6,622,166	6,622,166
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(6,631,117)	(6,631,117)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		
Transfers in	6,627,452	6,627,452
Total other financing sources	6,627,452	6,627,452
Net change in fund balances	(3,665)	(3,665)
Fund balance - January 1	1,889,936	1,889,936
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 1,886,271 \$	1,886,271

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO DEBT SERVICE FUNDS GENERAL DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgete Una	ed Am audite		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:					
Miscellaneous revenue:					
Interest and investment earnings	\$ 10,000	\$	10,000	\$ (8,951) \$	(18,951)
Total revenues	10,000		10,000	(8,951)	(18,951)
EXPENDITURES:					
Nondepartmental:					
Miscellaneous	5,000		5,000	900	4,100
Debt service:					
Principal	4,636,224		4,636,224	4,636,224	-
Interest and fiscal charges	1,977,092		1,977,092	1,985,042	(7,950)
Total debt service	6,613,316		6,613,316	6,621,266	(7,950)
Total expenditures	6,618,316		6,618,316	6,622,166	(3,850)
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(6,608,316)		(6,608,316)	(6,631,117)	(22,801)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:					
Transfers in:					
General fund	1,769,133		1,769,133	1,769,133	-
Public Improvement Fund	4 005 000		-	2	2
Sales and use tax fund	4,205,600		4,205,600	4,221,800	16,200
Designated revenue fund	430,906		430,906	430,906	-
Fire equipment acquisition and replacement fund	205,611		205,611	205,611	
Total other financing sources	6,611,250		6,611,250	6,627,452	16,202
Net change in fund balance	2,934		2,934	(3,665)	(6,599)
Fund balance - January 1	1,889,936		1,889,936	1,889,936	
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 1,892,870	\$	1,892,870	\$ 1,886,271 \$	(6,599)

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Public Improvement Fund		Public Art Fund		Food Tax Fund		Softball Improvement Fund		Fire Equipment Acquisition & Replacement Fund		Fire Protection Development Fund		Police Development Fund
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Investments	•	4,362,020	Ψ.	906,417	•	4,393,004	Ψ.	93,304	Ψ.	2,832,325	•	1,708,222	Ψ.	629,430
Accounts receivable, net		1,113,594		-		6,172		-		· · · -		-		· -
Taxes receivable		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		64,945		1,012,071		-		-		-		-
Notes receivable		11,183		2,324		11,262		239		7,261		4,379		1,614
Total assets	\$	5,486,802	\$	973,686	\$	5,422,509	\$	93,543	\$	2,839,586	\$	1,712,601	\$	631,044
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES														
Liabilities:														
Accounts payable	\$	970,654	\$	3,291	\$	208,671	\$	10	\$	273	\$	144	\$	64
Contracts payable - retainage		518,414		-		42,563		-				-		-
Advances from other funds		-		-				-		139,487		-		-
Accrued liabilities		48		1,848		3,025		-		70.740		- 004 547		-
Unearned revenue						-				72,748		331,517		
Total liabilities		1,489,116		5,139		254,259		10		212,508		331,661		64
Fund balances:														
Restricted		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Committed		-		968,547		5,168,250		93,533		-		1,380,940		630,980
Assigned		3,997,686				-		-		2,627,078		-		
Total fund balances		3,997,686		968,547		5,168,250		93,533		2,627,078		1,380,940		630,980
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	5,486,802	\$	973,686	\$	5,422,509	\$	93,543	\$	2,839,586	\$	1,712,601	\$	631,044

Island Grove Development Fund	Road Development Fund	Park Development Fund	Trails Development Fund	Quality of Life Fund	FASTER Fund	Street Infrastructure Improvement Fund	City Center Fund	Total
\$ 15,830 - - - - 41	\$ 14,998,147 - - - - 38,451	\$ 1,008,011 - - - 2,584	\$ 1,737,013 - - - - 4,453	\$ 44,607 10,365,359 - - 584,053 26,574	\$ 582,261 52,887 - - 1,493	\$ 96,648 5,212,246 - 1,413,820 - 13,363	\$ 2,148,613 2,609 - - 5,508	\$ 141,260 50,992,202 1,175,262 1,413,820 1,661,069 130,729
\$ 15,871	\$ 15,036,598	\$ 1,010,595	\$ 1,741,466	\$ 11,020,593	\$ 636,641	\$ 6,736,077	\$ 2,156,730	\$ 55,514,342
\$ 30 - - -	\$ 896,775 - - 877 172,722	\$ 96 - - - 10,355	\$ 183 - - -	\$ 270,418 187,757 - -	\$ 17,135 - - - -	\$ 271,553 357,650 - 6,696	\$ 3,033 - - - -	\$ 2,642,330 1,106,384 139,487 12,494 587,342
30	1,070,374	10,451	183	458,175	17,135	635,899	3,033	4,488,037
- 15,841 -	- 13,966,224 -	- 1,000,144 -	- 1,741,283 -	- 10,562,418 -	619,506 - -	- 6,100,178 -	2,153,697 -	619,506 43,782,035 6,624,764
15,841	13,966,224	1,000,144	1,741,283	10,562,418	619,506	6,100,178	2,153,697	51,026,305
\$ 15 871	\$ 15 036 598	\$ 1 010 595	\$ 1 741 466	\$ 11 020 593	\$ 636 641	\$ 6 736 077	\$ 2 156 730	\$ 55 514 342

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Public Improvement Fund	Public Art Fund	Food Tax Fund	Softball Improvement Fund	Fire Equipment Acquisition & Replacement Fund	Fire Protection Development Fund	Police Development Fund
REVENUES							
Taxes S	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	_	\$ - \$	_
Intergovernmental	2,124,826	-	771,031	- *	1,025,522	-	-
Charges for services	10.134	960	54.041	10,925	-	584.765	131.164
Miscellaneous	909,547	25,243	(22,339)	(316)	20,955	(3,706)	(1,862)
Total revenues	3,044,507	26,203	802,733	10,609	1,046,477	581,059	129,302
EXPENDITURES							
Culture, parks & recreation	-	104,309	-	-	-	-	-
Nondepartmental	304,534	776	1,705,246	56	88,814	788	2,050
Debt service	-	-	-	-	6,720	-	-
Capital outlay	8,860,505	133,621	2,755,050	-	468,216	-	-
Total expenditures	9,165,039	238,706	4,460,296	56	563,750	788	2,050
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(6,120,532)	(212,503)	(3,657,563)	10,553	482,727	580,271	127,252
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	700,000	70,945	8,407,376	-	600,000	-	-
Transfers out	(3)	-	(2,700,000)	-	(205,611)	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	699,997	70,945	5,707,376	-	394,389	-	-
Net change in fund balances	(5,420,535)	(141,558)	2,049,813	10,553	877,116	580,271	127,252
Fund balance - January 1	9,418,221	1,110,105	3,118,437	82,980	1,749,962	800,669	503,728
Fund balance - December 31	3.997.686 \$	968.547 \$	5.168.250 \$	93.533 \$	2.627.078	\$ 1.380.940 \$	630.980

[Island Grove Development Fund	Road Development Fund	Park Development Fund	Trails Development Fund	Quality of Life Fund	FASTER Fund	Street Infrastructure Improvement Fund	City Center Fund	Total
5	- \$ - 118,932 26,964	- \$ 60,104 4,188,314 (47,321)	- \$ - 2,452,692 (2,650)	- 339,149 (5,243)	\$ - 365,274 - (27,676)	\$ - 677,543 - (2,136)	\$ 14,277,057 - - (18,179)	\$ - \$ - 276 (8,987)	14,277,057 5,024,300 7,891,352 842,294
	145,896	4,201,097	2,450,042	333,906	337,598	675,407	14,258,878	(8,711)	28,035,003
	1,461 - 377,085	354,050 - 8,177,010	- 521 - -	39,228 - -	- 182,151 - 5,527,145	11,539 - 461,296	2,292,546 - 7,207,531	61,533 - -	104,309 5,045,293 6,720 33,967,459
	378,546	8,531,060	521	39,228	5,709,296	472,835	9,500,077	61,533	39,123,781
	(232,650)	(4,329,963)	2,449,521	294,678	(5,371,698)	202,572	4,758,801	(70,244)	(11,088,778)
	13,614	5,122,662 -	- (2,186,643)	-	7,207,642 (1,482,830)	-	2,700,000 (3,600,000)	-	24,822,239 (10,175,087)
	13,614	5,122,662	(2,186,643)	-	5,724,812	_	(900,000)	-	14,647,152
	(219,036)	792,699	262,878	294,678	353,114	202,572	3,858,801	(70,244)	3,558,374
	234,877	13,173,525	737,266	1,446,605	10,209,304	416,934	2,241,377	2,223,941	47,467,931
\$	15,841 \$	13,966,224 \$	1,000,144 \$	1,741,283	\$ 10,562,418	\$ 619,506	\$ 6,100,178	\$ 2,153,697 \$	51,026,305

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

			l Amounts udited	Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
		Original	Final	Amounts	(N	legative)
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental agreements	\$	_	\$ 1,763,664	\$ 1,917,147	\$	153,483
State assistance	Ψ	_	942.133	207.679		(734,454)
Other charges		_	381,313	10.134		(371,179)
Interest and investment earnings		10.000	10,000	(51,017		(61,017)
Refunds of expenditures		365.000	365,000	960,564		595,564
Totalia or original and		200,000				
Total revenues		375,000	3,462,110	3,044,507		(417,603)
EXPENDITURES:						
Miscellaneous		10.000	2.613.288	304.534		2,308,754
Capital outlay		365,000	11,298,852	8,860,505		2,438,347
Capital outlay		303,000	11,200,002	0,000,000		2,400,047
Total expenditures		375,000	13,912,140	9,165,039	1	4,747,101
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		-	(10,450,030)	(6,120,532)	4,329,498
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:						
General fund		-	1,200,000	700,000		(500,000)
General debt service fund		-	-	(3)	(3)
Total other financing sources		-	1,200,000	699,997		(500,003)
Net change in fund balance		-	(9,250,030)	(5,420,535)	3,829,495
Fund balance - January 1		9,418,221	9,418,221	9,418,221		
Fund balance - December 31	\$	9,418,221	\$ 168,191	\$ 3,997,686	\$	3,829,495

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO **CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS PUBLIC ART FUND**

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

To The Teal Ended Describer 51, 2021	Budgete Una	d Amo	ounts I	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES: Intergovernmental revenue: Commissions	\$ 1,000	\$	1,000	\$ 960 \$	(40)
Miscellaneous revenue: Interest and investment earnings Contributions/donations	6,500 -		6,500 -	(4,485) 29,728	(10,985) 29,728
Total revenues	7,500		7,500	26,203	18,703
EXPENDITURES: Culture, parks & recreation: Public art	97,768		115,696	104,309	11,387
Nondepartmental: Miscellaneous	1,100		1,100	776	324
Capital outlay: Capital outlay	152,219		637,815	133,621	504,194
Total expenditures	251,087		754,611	238,706	515,905
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(243,587)		(747,111)	(212,503)	534,608
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in:					
General fund Road development fund Trails development fund Quality of life fund	100,573 34,970 2,000		100,573 34,970 2,000 6,000	64,945 - - 6,000	(35,628) (34,970) (2,000)
Water fund Stormwater construction fund Water construction fund	49,510 8,100 40,100		49,510 8,100 40,100	- - -	(49,510) (8,100) (40,100)
Total other financing sources	235,253		241,253	70,945	(170,308)
Net change in fund balance	(8,334)		(505,858)	(141,558)	364,300
Fund balance - January 1	1,110,105		1,110,105	1,110,105	<u>-</u>
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 1,101,771	\$	604,247	\$ 968,547 \$	364,300

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOOD TAX FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

To the real Ended December 31, 2021		d Amounts udited	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	 Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES: Intergovernmental revenue: Intergovernmental agreements	\$ _	\$ 320,066	\$ 320,066	\$ -
State assistance	-	692,977	450,965	(242,012)
Total intergovernmental revenue		1,013,043	771,031	(242,012)
Charges for services: Other charges	20,000	20,000	54,041	34,041
Miscellaneous revenue: Interest and investment earnings	3,101	3,101	(22,339)	(25,440)
Total revenues	23,101	1,036,144	802,733	(233,411)
EXPENDITURES: Nondepartmental: Rebates Miscellaneous	147,000 8,678	147,000 26,835	115,128 1,590,118	31,872 (1,563,283)
Total nondepartmental	155,678	173,835	1,705,246	(1,531,411)
Capital outlay: Capital outlay	5,351,210	8,457,827	2,755,050	5,702,777
Total capital outlay	5,351,210	8,457,827	2,755,050	5,702,777
Total expenditures	5,506,888	8,631,662	4,460,296	4,171,366
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(5,483,787)	(7,595,518)	(3,657,563)	3,937,955
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in: Sales and use tax fund Designated revenue fund	8,450,626 50,000	8,450,626 50,000	8,407,376 -	(43,250) (50,000)
Total transfers in	8,500,626	8,500,626	8,407,376	(93,250)
Transfers out: Street infrastructure improvements fund	(2,700,000)	(2,700,000)	(2,700,000)	
Total transfers out	(2,700,000)	(2,700,000)	(2,700,000)	
Total other financing sources	5,800,626	5,800,626	5,707,376	(93,250)
Net change in fund balance	316,839	(1,794,892)	2,049,813	3,844,705
Fund balance - January 1	3,118,437	3,118,437	3,118,437	
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 3,435,276	\$ 1,323,545	\$ 5,168,250	\$ 3,844,705

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO **CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS** SOFTBALL IMPROVEMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

Tol. The Tear Ended Becomber 01, 2021		d Amo		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
-	Original		гіпаі	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:					
Charges for services:					
Commissions	\$ 12,150	\$	12,150 \$	10,925	\$ (1,225)
Miscellaneous revenue:					
Interest and investment earnings	1,000		1,000	(316)	(1,316)
Total revenues	13,150		13,150	10,609	(2,541)
EXPENDITURES:					
Nondepartmental:					
Miscellaneous	175		175	56	119
Total expenditures	175		175	56	119
Net change in fund balance	12,975		12,975	10,553	(2,422)
Fund balance - January 1	82,980		82,980	82,980	
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 95,955	\$	95,955 \$	93,533	\$ (2,422)

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

FIRE EQUIPMENT ACQUISITION & REPLACEMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgete Una	ed Am		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:					
Intergovernmental agreements	\$ 885,072	\$	885,072 \$	1,025,522 \$	140,450
Miscellaneous revenue:					
Interest and investment earnings	15,210		15,210	(8,038)	(23,248)
Contributions/donations	14 506		20,534	20,534	- (6.107)
Sale or disposal of asset	14,586		14,586	8,459	(6,127)
Total revenues	914,868		935,402	1,046,477	111,075
EXPENDITURES:					
Nondepartmental:					
Miscellaneous	70,131		124,856	88,814	36,042
Debt service:					
Principal	252,497		252,497	.	252,497
Interest and fiscal charges	6,721		6,721	6,720	1_
Total debt service	259,218		259,218	6,720	252,498
Capital outlay:					
Capital outlay	 978,734		1,651,652	468,216	1,183,436
Total expenditures	1,308,083		2,035,726	563,750	1,471,976
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(393,215)		(1,100,324)	482,727	1,583,051
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:					
Transfers in:					
General fund	500,000		600,000	600,000	-
Total transfers in	 500,000		600,000	600,000	-
Transfers out:					
General debt service fund	(205,611)		(205,611)	(205,611)	-
Total other financing sources	294,389		394,389	394,389	-
Net change in fund balance	(98,826)		(705,935)	877,116	1,583,051
Fund balance - January 1	1,749,962		1,749,962	1,749,962	-
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 1,651,136	\$	1,044,027 \$	2,627,078 \$	1,583,051

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

FIRE PROTECTION DEVELOPMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts Unaudited Acti						ariance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original		Final	-	Amounts		(Negative)	
REVENUES: Charges for services: Park fees	\$ 500,393	\$	500,393	\$	584,765	\$	84,372	
Miscellaneous revenue: Interest and investment earnings	17,350		17,350		(3,706)		(21,056)	
Total revenues	517,743		517,743		581,059		63,316	
EXPENDITURES: Nondepartmental: Miscellaneous	2,600		2,600		788		1,812	
Total expenditures	2,600		2,600		788		1,812	
Net change in fund balance	515,143		515,143		580,271		65,128	
Fund balance - January 1	800,669		800,669		800,669			
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 1,315,812	\$	1,315,812	\$	1,380,940	\$	65,128	

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS POLICE DEVELOPMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts Unaudited Actual					
	 Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES: Charges for services: Park fees	\$ 112,334 \$	112,334	\$ 131,164	\$ 18,830		
Miscellaneous revenue: Interest and investment earnings	6,500	6,500	(1,862)	(8,362)		
interest and investment earnings	0,000	0,000	(1,002)	(0,002)		
Total revenues	118,834	118,834	129,302	10,468		
EXPENDITURES: Nondepartmental: Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000	2,050	(1,050)		
Capital outlay	259,950	259,950		259,950		
Total expenditures	260,950	260,950	2,050	258,900		
Net change in fund balance	(142,116)	(142,116)	127,252	269,368		
Fund balance - January 1	503,728	503,728	503,728			
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 361,612 \$	361,612	\$ 630,980	\$ 269,368		

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS ISLAND GROVE DEVELOPMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgete Una	d Amo		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	 Original		Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES:						
Charges for services:						
Commissions	\$ 22,500	\$	22,500 \$	10,681 \$	(11,819)	
Other charges	108,243		108,243	108,251	8	
Miscellaneous revenue:						
Interest and investment earnings	1,100		1,100	(1,167)	(2,267)	
Rents from facilities	21,649		21,649	26,641	4,992	
Other	-		-	1,490	1,490	
Total revenues	153,492		153,492	145,896	(7,596)	
EXPENDITURES:						
Nondepartmental:						
Miscellaneous	175		175	1,461	(1,286)	
Capital outlay	95,000		430,000	377,085	52,915	
Total expenditures	 95,175		430,175	378,546	51,629	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	58,317		(276,683)	(232,650)	44,033	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:						
Transfers in:	0.000		0.000	40.044	4.044	
Sales and use tax fund	9,000		9,000	13,614	4,614	
Total other financing sources	9,000		9,000	13,614	4,614	
Net change in fund balance	67,317		(267,683)	(219,036)	48,647	
Fund balance - January 1	234,877		234,877	234,877		
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 302,194	\$	(32,806) \$	15,841 \$	48,647	

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS ROAD DEVELOPMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

To The real Ended December 31, 2021		ed Amounts audited	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	 Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:				
Intergovernmental revenue: Intergovernmental agreements State assistance	\$ -	\$ 600,000 1,329,008	\$ - 60,104	\$ (600,000) (1,268,904)
Total intergovernmental revenue	-	1,929,008	60,104	(1,868,904)
Park fees	2,684,586	2,684,586	4,181,699	1,497,113
Other charges	-	-	6,615	6,615
Miscellaneous revenue:	10.115	10.11-	(4= 00 ()	(50 500)
Interest and investment earnings	12,445	12,445	(47,321)	(59,766)
Total miscellaneous revenue	12,445	12,445	(47,321)	(59,766)
Total revenues	2,697,031	4,626,039	4,201,097	(424,942)
EXPENDITURES:				
Nondepartmental:				
Miscellaneous	7,201	7,201	354,050	(346,849)
Capital outlay	8,838,412	23,139,199	8,177,010	14,962,189
Total expenditures	8,845,613	23,146,400	8,531,060	14,615,340
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(6,148,582)	(18,520,361)	(4,329,963)	14,190,398
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:				
Transfers in:				
General fund	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	-
Street infrastructure improvement fund Quality of life fund	3,600,000	3,600,000 522,662	3,600,000 522,662	-
			•	-
Total transfers in	3,600,000	5,122,662	5,122,662	-
Transfers out:				
Public art fund	 (34,970)	(34,970)	-	34,970
Total transfers out	(34,970)	(34,970)	<u>-</u>	34,970
Total other financing sources	 3,565,030	5,087,692	5,122,662	34,970
Net change in fund balance	(2,583,552)	(13,432,669)	792,699	14,225,368
Fund balance - January 1	 13,173,525	13,173,525	13,173,525	
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 10,589,973	\$ (259,144)	\$ 13,966,224	\$ 14,225,368

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS PARK DEVELOPMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Budgete Una	d Am	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	·	Original		Final		Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES: Park fees Other charges	\$	2,186,393	\$	2,186,393	\$	2,450,849 1,843	\$ 264,456 1,843
Miscellaneous revenue: Interest and investment earnings		750		750		(2,650)	(3,400)
Total revenues		2,187,143		2,187,143		2,450,042	262,899
EXPENDITURES: Nondepartmental: Miscellaneous		500		500		521	(21)
Total expenditures		500		500		521	(21)
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		2,186,643		2,186,643		2,449,521	262,878
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers out:							
Quality of life fund		(2,186,643)		(2,186,643)		(2,186,643)	
Total other financing sources		(2,186,643)		(2,186,643)		(2,186,643)	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance		-		-		262,878	262,878
Fund balance - January 1		737,266		737,266		737,266	
Fund balance - December 31	\$	737,266	\$	737,266	\$	1,000,144	\$ 262,878

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS TRAILS DEVELOPMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts Unaudited Original Final				Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES: Intergovernmental agreements	\$	-	\$	389,000	\$ -	\$ (389,000)
Intergovernmental revenue: Park fees		302,824		302,824	339,149	36,325
Miscellaneous revenue: Interest and investment earnings		1,800		1,800	(5,243)	(7,043)
Total revenues		304,624		693,624	333,906	(359,718)
EXPENDITURES: Nondepartmental: Miscellaneous		1,000		1,000	39,228	(38,228)
Capital outlay		206,000		1,025,216	-	1,025,216
Total expenditures		207,000		1,026,216	39,228	986,988
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		97,624		(332,592)	294,678	627,270
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Designated revenue fund Stormwater construction fund		- -		25,000 75,792	- -	(25,000) (75,792)
Transfers out: Public art fund		(2,000)		(2,000)	-	2,000
Total other financing sources		(2,000)		98,792	-	(98,792)
Net change in fund balance		95,624		(233,800)	294,678	528,478
Fund balance - January 1		1,446,605		1,446,605	1,446,605	
Fund balance - December 31	\$	1,542,229	\$	1,212,805	\$ 1,741,283	\$ 528,478

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS QUALITY OF LIFE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

·	Budgeted Amounts Unaudited Actual Original Final Amounts				Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
-		Original		Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES: Intergovernmental revenue: State assistance	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,005,928	\$ 365,274	\$ (640,654)
Miscellaneous revenue: Interest and investment earnings		48,515		48,515	(27,676)	(76,191)
Total revenues		48,515		1,054,443	337,598	(716,845)
EXPENDITURES: Nondepartmental: Miscellaneous		42,142		435,679	182,151	253,528
Capital outlay: Capital outlay		3,650,000		12,280,639	5,527,145	6,753,494
Total expenditures		3,692,142		12,716,318	5,709,296	7,007,022
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(3,643,627)		(11,661,875)	(5,371,698)	6,290,177
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in:						
Sales and use tax fund Parks development fund		3,857,009 2,186,643		4,767,414 2,186,643	5,020,999 2,186,643	253,585 -
Total transfers in		6,043,652		6,954,057	7,207,642	253,585
Transfers out: General fund Road development fund Public art fund		(954,168) - -		(954,168) (522,662) (6,000)	(954,168) (522,662) (6,000)	- - -
Total transfers out		(954,168)		(1,482,830)	(1,482,830)	
Total other financing sources		5,089,484		5,471,227	5,724,812	253,585
Net change in fund balance		1,445,857		(6,190,648)	353,114	6,543,762
Fund balance - January 1		10,209,304		10,209,304	10,209,304	
Fund balance - December 31	\$	11,655,161	\$	4,018,656	\$ 10,562,418	\$ 6,543,762

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS **FASTER FUND**

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

Tor the real Linded December 31, 2021	Budgeted Amounts Unaudited Actual						
	 Original		Final	Α	mounts		(Negative)
REVENUES: Intergovernmental revenue: FASTER-HUTF	\$ 629,000	\$	629,000	\$	677,543	\$	48,543
Miscellaneous revenue: Interest and investment earnings	1,500		1,500		(2,136)		(3,636)
Total revenues	630,500		630,500		675,407		44,907
EXPENDITURES: Nondepartmental: Miscellaneous	700		700		11,539		(10,839)
Capital outlay: Capital outlay	600,000		818,455		461,296		357,159
Total capital outlay	600,000		818,455		461,296		357,159
Total expenditures	600,700		819,155		472,835		346,320
Net change in fund balance	29,800		(188,655)		202,572		391,227
Fund balance - January 1	416,934		416,934		416,934		
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 446,734	\$	228,279	\$	619,506	\$	391,227

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO **CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS**

STREET INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgete Una	ed Ame		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES: Taxes:					
General sales tax Sales tax on building permits General use tax Auto use tax	\$ 10,587,589 315,176 486,222 796,082	\$	10,587,589 315,176 486,222 796,082	\$ 12,084,678 5 798,358 444,724 949,297	\$ 1,497,089 483,182 (41,498) 153,215
Total taxes	12,185,069		12,185,069	14,277,057	2,091,988
Miscellaneous revenue: Interest and investment earnings	11,000		11,000	(18,179)	(29,179)
Total miscellaneous revenue	11,000		11,000	(18,179)	(29,179)
Total revenues	 12,196,069		12,196,069	14,258,878	2,062,809
EXPENDITURES: Nondepartmental: Miscellaneous	22,200		22,200	2,292,546	(2,270,346)
Capital outlay: Capital outlay	10,214,818		11,766,094	7,207,531	4,558,563
Total expenditures	10,237,018		11,788,294	9,500,077	2,288,217
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	1,959,051		407,775	4,758,801	4,351,026
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in: Food tax fund	2,700,000		2,700,000	2,700,000	
Transfers out: Road development fund	(3,600,000)		(3,600,000)	(3,600,000)	
Total transfers out	(3,600,000)		(3,600,000)	(3,600,000)	
Total other financing sources	(900,000)		(900,000)	(900,000)	
Net change in fund balance	1,059,051		(492,225)	3,858,801	4,351,026
Fund balance - January 1	2,241,377		2,241,377	2,241,377	
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 3,300,428	\$	1,749,152	\$ 6,100,178	\$ 4,351,026

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS CITY CENTER FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

,	Budgeted A Unaudit		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:				
Park fees	\$ - \$	- \$	276 \$	276
Interest and investment earnings	 10,000	10,000	(8,987)	(18,987)
Total revenues	10,000	10,000	(8,711)	(18,711)
EXPENDITURES:				
Miscellaneous	5,000	5,000	61,533	(56,533)
Capital outlay	-	1,860,072	-	1,860,072
Total expenditures	5,000	1,865,072	61,533	1,803,539
Net change in fund balance	5,000	(1,855,072)	(70,244)	1,784,828
Fund balance - January 1	2,223,941	2,223,941	2,223,941	
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 2,228,941 \$	368,869 \$	2,153,697 \$	1,784,828

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2021

	Cemetery Endowment Fund	Petriken Memorial Fund	Memorials Fund	Totals
ASSETS				
Investments	\$ 1,737,258	\$ 2,245	\$ 22,484	\$ 1,761,987
Due from other funds	100,000	-	-	100,000
Advances to other funds	320,000	-	-	320,000
Notes receivable	4,454	6	58	4,518
Investments	 		424,146	424,146
Total assets	\$ 2,161,712	\$ 2,251	\$ 446,688	\$ 2,610,651
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 189	\$ -	\$ 3	\$ 192
Total liabilities	189	-	3	192
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable	2,161,523	-	-	2,161,523
Restricted	<u> </u>	2,251	446,685	448,936
Total fund balances	2,161,523	2,251	446,685	2,610,459
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,161,712	\$ 2,251	\$ 446,688	\$ 2,610,651

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Cemetery Endowment Fund	Petriken Memorial Fund	Memorials Fund	Total	ls
REVENUES:					
Miscellaneous revenue	\$ 17,074	\$ (9) \$ 74,930	\$	91,995
Total revenues	17,074	(9) 74,930	!	91,995
EXPENDITURES:			4.500		4.500
Culture, parks & recreation Nondepartmental	1,032		- 4,599 2 476		4,599 1,510
Total expenditures	1,032		2 5,075		6,109
Net change in fund balances	16,042	(1	1) 69,855	;	85,886
Fund balance - January 1	2,145,481	2,26	2 376,830	2,52	24,573
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 2,161,523	\$ 2,25	1 \$ 446,685	\$ 2,6	10,459

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO PERMANENT FUNDS CEMETERY ENDOWMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Budgete Una	d Amo	unts		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)
REVENUES:								
Miscellaneous revenue:	•	47.500	•	47.500	•	47.074	•	(00.400)
Interest and investment earnings Other miscellaneous revenue	\$	47,536 220,907	\$	47,536 220,907	\$	17,074	\$	(30,462) (220,907)
Other miscellaneous revenue		220,507		220,307				(220,501)
Total revenues		268,443		268,443		17,074		(251,369)
EXPENDITURES:								
Nondepartmental:								
Miscellaneous		1,000		1,000		1,032		(32)
Total expenditures		1,000		1,000		1,032		(32)
Excess of revenues over expenditures		267,443		267,443		16,042		(251,401)
OTHER FINANCING USES:								
Transfers out:								
Cemetery fund		(46,536)		(46,536)		-		46,536
Total other financing uses		(46,536)		(46,536)		-		46,536
Net change in fund balance		220,907		220,907		16,042		(204,865)
Fund balance - January 1		2,145,481		2,145,481		2,145,481		
Fund balance - December 31	\$	2,366,388	\$	2,366,388	\$	2,161,523	\$	(204,865)

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO PERMANENT FUNDS PETRIKEN MEMORIAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Budgeted <i>F</i> Unaud	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	·	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:					
Miscellaneous revenue:					
Interest and investment earnings	\$	25 \$	25	\$ (9)	\$ (34)
Total revenues		25	25	(9)	(34)
EXPENDITURES:					
Nondepartmental:					
Miscellaneous		10	10	2	8
Total expenditures		10	10	2	8
Net change in fund balance		15	15	(11)	(26)
Fund balance - January 1		2,262	2,262	2,262	
Fund balance - December 31	\$	2,277 \$	2,277	\$ 2,251	\$ (26)

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO PERMANENT FUNDS MEMORIALS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgete Una	d Amo		Actual	Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	 Original		Final	Amounts	(N	egative)
REVENUES:						
Miscellaneous revenue:						
Interest and investment earnings	\$ 15,000	\$	15,000	\$ 73,930	\$	58,930
Contributions/donations	-		-	1,000		1,000
Total revenues	15,000		15,000	74,930		59,930
EXPENDITURES:						
Culture	-		6,500	4,599		1,901
Nondepartmental:						
Miscellaneous	 700		700	476		224
Total expenditures	700		7,200	5,075		2,125
Excess of revenues over expenditures	14,300		7,800	69,855		62,055
OTHER FINANCING USES:						
General fund	-		(7,000)	-		7,000
Total other financing uses	-		(7,000)	-		7,000
Net change in fund balance	14,300		800	69,855		69,055
Fund balance - January 1	376,830		376,830	376,830		
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 391,130	\$	377,630	\$ 446,685	\$	69,055

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to report an activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services.

MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Sewer Fund

This fund accounts for user charges and expenses for operating, financing, and maintaining the City's sanitary sewer system; created per Greeley Municipal Code 14.04.140.

Water Fund

This fund accounts for user charges and the expenses for operating, financing, and maintaining the City's water system; created per Greeley Municipal Code 14.04.130.

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Cemetery Fund - accounts for user charges and expenses for operating, financing, and maintaining the Linn Grove Cemetery; created per Greeley Municipal Code 4.40.020.

Municipal Golf Course Fund - accounts for user charges and the expenses for operating, financing and maintaining the municipal golf courses; created per Greeley Municipal Code 13.40.080.

Downtown Parking Fund - accounts for user charges and expenses for operating and maintaining the downtown parking ares.

Stormwater Fund - accounts for user charges, fees collected from developers and expenses for developing and maintaining storm water facilities for the drainage and control of flood and water surfaces within the City. Development fees Greeley Municipal Code 4.64.

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO ENTERPRISE FUNDS SEWER FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Non-GAAP Budget Basis)

For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

To The Year Ended December 51, 2021	Budgete Un	ed Am			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	 Original		Final		Amounts	(Negative)
OPERATING REVENUES:						
Charges for services	\$ 16,758,590	\$	16,776,590	\$	11,730,861 \$	(5,045,729)
Intergovernmental Permits	32,000		54,734		3,245 129,342	3,245 74,608
Total operating revenues	16,790,590		16,831,324		11,863,448	(4,967,876)
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Personnel services	3,726,331		3,745,285		3,542,789	202,496
Supplies	1,100,021		1,270,809		1,039,010	231,799
Purchased services	1,669,390		1,690,440		1,908,981	(218,541)
Insurance and bonds	318,150		318,150		318,150	(=:0,0::)
Rentals	29,000		29,000		5,953	23,047
Total operating expenses	6,842,892		7,053,684		6,814,883	238,801
<u> </u>						
Operating loss	9,947,698		9,777,640		5,048,565	(4,729,075)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):	40 500		40.500		(470, 400)	(004.000)
Interest and investment earnings	42,592		42,592		(178,438)	(221,030)
Rents	5,000		5,000		-	(5,000)
Oil/gas royalties	150,000		150,000		240,211	90,211
Miscellaneous	(123,346)		(123,346)		(106,897)	16,449
Principal retirement	(765,000)		(765,000)		(765,000)	
Interest expense	(605,244)		(605,244)		(521,831)	83,413
Gain/(loss) on disposal of capital assets	.		. .		2,934	2,934
Capital outlay	(42,621,200)		(49,669,464)		(13,710,561)	35,958,903
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(43,917,198)		(50,965,462)		(15,039,582)	35,925,880
Net loss before transfers	(33,969,500)		(41,187,822)		(9,991,017)	31,196,805
TRANSFERS IN:						
Capital Contributions	2,128,591		2,128,591		8,564,637	6,436,046
Transfers out	(820,628)		(820,628)		(866,192)	(45,564)
Total transfers in	1,307,963		1,307,963		7,698,445	6,390,482
Net loss on a budgetary basis	\$ (32,661,537)	\$	(39,879,859)		(2,292,572) \$	37,587,287
				_	, ,	_
Reconciliation to a GAAP basis:						
Principal retirement					765,000	
Capital outlay					13,710,561	
Depreciation					(4,292,146)	
Net income					7,890,843	
Net position - January 1					102,581,536	
•				_		
Net position - December 31				\$	110,472,379	

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO ENTERPRISE FUNDS WATER FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Non-GAAP Budget Basis)

For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

To the real chied becember 31, 2021		Budgete	d An			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	- Court	Final		Amounts	(Negative)
ODEDATING DEVENUES							_
OPERATING REVENUES:	\$	55,336,859	¢.	EE 226 0E0	φ	48,720,440 \$	(6.616.410)
Charges for services Intergovernmental	Ф	33,330,639	Ф	55,336,859 25,720,180	\$	48,720,440 \$ 9,504	(6,616,419) (25,710,676)
Permits		_		53,045		137,295	84,250
1 GIIIIII3		<u>-</u> _		33,043		107,290	04,230
Total operating revenues		55,336,859		81,110,084		48,867,239	(32,242,845)
OPERATING EXPENSES:							
Personnel services		8,888,906		8,987,311		8,191,855	795,456
Supplies		2,779,762		3,114,727		5,573,784	(2,459,057)
Purchased services		3,757,743		26,808,606		23,864,987	2,943,619
Assessments		2,920,000		2,920,000		1,934,858	985,142
Insurance and bonds		318,150		318,150		318,150	-
Rentals		164,386		237,586		95,099	142,487
Other expenses		90,000		90,000		169,245	(79,245)
Total operating expenses		18,918,947		42,476,380		40,147,978	2,328,402
Operating loss		36,417,912		38,633,704		8,719,261	(29,914,443)
		, ,		, ,		, ,	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		440.000		440.000		(055 504)	(405.040)
Interest and investment earnings		140,082		140,082		(355,564)	(495,646)
Intergovernmental		405.000		405.000		17,866,324	17,866,324
Rents		165,000		165,000		385,974	220,974
Oil/gas royalties		(000,000)		4 000 000		108,159	108,159
Miscellaneous		(220,938)		4,899,062		229,671	(4,669,391)
Principal retirement		(7,280,000)		(7,280,000)		(7,280,000)	-
Interest expense		(3,606,381)		(3,606,381)		(2,640,101)	966,280
Gain/(loss) on disposal of capital assets		- (00 00 - 000)		- (440 407 000)		83,042	83,042
Capital outlay		(33,305,333)		(142,465,293)		(39,971,258)	102,494,035
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(44,107,570)		(148,147,530)		(31,573,753)	116,573,777
Net loss before transfers		(7,689,658)		(109,513,826)		(22,854,492)	86,659,334
TRANSFERS IN:							
Capital Contributions		3,529,881		3,529,881		10,782,396	7,252,515
Transfers in		82,153		82,153		10,762,390	(82,153)
Transfers out		(2,523,820)		(2,523,820)		(2,298,022)	225,798
		, ,				, , ,	,
Total transfers in		1,088,214		1,088,214		8,484,374	7,396,160
Net loss on a budgetary basis	\$	(6,601,444)	\$	(108,425,612)	_	(14,370,118)_\$	94,055,494
Reconciliation to a GAAP basis:							
Principal retirement						7.280.000	
Capital outlay						39,971,258	
Depreciation						(9,888,918)	
Doprodución						(0,000,010)	
Net income						22,992,222	
Net position - January 1						397,840,595	
· ·						301,040,000	
Net position - December 31					\$	420,832,817	

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO ENTERPRISE FUNDS CEMETERY FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Non-GAAP Budget Basis)

For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

To The Teal Linded Becefiber 31, 2021			I Amounts udited		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	Final		Amounts	(Negative)
OPERATING REVENUES:						
Charges for services	\$	345,270	\$ 345,2	70 \$	554,243 \$	208,973
Olidiges for services	Ψ	040,210	ψ 0+0,2	υψ	σστ, Στο φ	200,570
Total operating revenues		345,270	345,2	70	554,243	208,973
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Personnel services		451,604	451,60)4	367,207	84,397
Supplies		57,563	66,00	3	46,933	19,130
Purchased services		128,495	147,9	95	105,716	42,279
Total operating expenses		637,662	665,60	62	519,856	145,806
Operating loss		(292,392)	(320,39	92)	34,387	354,779
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):						
Interest and investment earnings		900	Q ₁	00	(1,441)	(2,341)
Oil/gas royalties		60,000	60,0		158,720	98,720
Miscellaneous		(3,000)	(3,00		(2,893)	107
Capital outlay		-	(17,00		(16,574)	426
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		57,900	40,9	00	137,812	96,912
Net loss before transfers		(234,492)	(279,49	92)	172,199	451,691
TRANSFERS IN:						
Transfers in		246,536	246,5	36	-	(246,536)
Total transfers in		246,536	246,5	36		(246,536)
Net loss on a budgetary basis	\$	12,044	\$ (32,95	56)	172,199 <u></u> \$	205,155
Reconciliation to a GAAP basis:					10.574	
Capital outlay					16,574	
Depreciation				-	(19,166)	
Net income					169,607	
Net position - January 1					465,076	
•				¢	624 602	
Net position - December 31				\$	634,683	

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Municipal Golf Courses Fund

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Non-GAAP Budget Basis)

For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

roi file feal Elided Decelliber 31, 2021	Budgeted Amounts Unaudited				Actual	Variance Final Bud Positiv	dget	
		Original		Final		Amounts	(Negati	ve)
OPERATING REVENUES:								
Charges for services Intergovernmental	\$	1,913,533	\$	1,913,533	\$	2,196,373 8,299		2,840 8,299
Total operating revenues		1,913,533		1,913,533		2,204,672	29	1,139
OPERATING EXPENSES: Personnel services		1,005,387		1,005,387		1,006,842	(-	1,455)
Supplies		221,144		336,144		207,468		1,433) 8,676
Purchased services		500,744		505,944		500,968		4,976
Rentals		7,800		7,800		7,193		607
Total operating expenses		1,735,075		1,855,275		1,722,471	133	2,804
Operating loss		178,458		58,258		482,201	42	3,943
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):								
Interest and investment earnings		1,600		1,600		(2,468)	(4	4,068)
Miscellaneous		(50,640)		(50,640)		(40,779)	9	9,861
Principal retirement		(95,003)		(95,003)		(80,000)	1:	5,003
Interest expense		(20,065)		(20,065)		(20,000)		65
Gain/(loss) on disposal of capital assets		-		-		689		689
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(164,108)		(164,108)		(142,558)	2	1,550
Net loss before transfers		14,350		(105,850)		339,643	44	5,493
TRANSFERS IN:								
Transfers out		(3,000)		(3,000)		-	;	3,000
Total transfers in		(3,000)		(3,000)			;	3,000
Net loss on a budgetary basis	\$	11,350	\$	(108,850)	_	339,643 _	\$ 44	8,493
Reconciliation to a GAAP basis:								
Principal retirement Depreciation						80,000 (54,709)		
Net income						364,934		
Net position - January 1						2,358,793		
Net position - December 31					\$	2,723,727		

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO **ENTERPRISE FUNDS** DOWNTOWN PARKING FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Non-GAAP Budget Basis)

For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Permits	\$	- \$	_	\$ 57,092 \$	57,092
Fines & forfeits	Ψ	175,000 ^Ψ	175,000	50,306	(124,694)
Total operating revenues		175,000	175,000	107,398	(67,602)
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Personnel services		155,630	155,630	157,325	(1,695)
Supplies		7,113	7,113	4,398	2,715
Purchased services		141,877	141,877	95,455	46,422
Rentals		25,000	25,000	5,550	19,450
Total operating expenses		329,620	329,620	262,728	66,892
Operating loss		(154,620)	(154,620)	(155,330)	(710)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
Interest and investment earnings		1,100	1,100	(715)	(1,815)
Rents		148,000	148,000	· -	(148,000)
Miscellaneous		(2,000)	(2,000)	(4,376)	(2,376)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		147,100	147,100	(5,091)	(152,191)
Net loss on a budgetary basis	\$	(7,520) \$	(7,520)	(160,421)_\$	(152,901)
Reconciliation to a GAAP basis:					
Depreciation				(6,708)	
Net income				(167,129)	
Net position - January 1				1,737,246	
Net position - December 31			:	\$ 1,570,117	

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO ENTERPRISE FUNDS STORMWATER FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Non-GAAP Budget Basis)

For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

For the real Ended December 31, 2021	Budgeted <i>A</i> Unaud		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	 Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
OPERATING REVENUES: Charges for services Intergovernmental Permits	\$ 6,876,577 \$ 300	6,876,577 300 -	\$ 7,678,539 \$ 2,136 14,850	801,962 1,836 14,850
Total operating revenues	 6,876,877	6,876,877	7,695,525	818,648
OPERATING EXPENSES: Personnel services Supplies Purchased services Rentals	1,892,205 130,736 537,986 1,600	1,892,205 130,736 543,674 1,600	1,724,879 127,628 519,372	167,326 3,108 24,302 1,600
Total operating expenses	2,562,527	2,568,215	2,371,879	196,336
Operating loss	4,314,350	4,308,662	5,323,646	1,014,984
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): Interest and investment earnings Miscellaneous Principal retirement Interest expense Gain/(loss) on disposal of capital assets Capital outlay	58,165 (4,496) (310,000) (237,550) - (2,761,279)	58,165 (4,496) (310,000) (237,550) - (4,897,615)	(17,367) (48,059) (310,000) (208,657) 2,227 (1,395,136)	(75,532) (43,563) - 28,893 2,227 3,502,479
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(3,255,160)	(5,391,496)	(1,976,992)	3,414,504
Net loss before transfers	1,059,190	(1,082,834)	3,346,654	4,429,488
TRANSFERS IN: Capital Contributions Transfers out	243,165 (551,107)	243,165 (626,899)	1,840,078 (467,990)	1,596,913 158,909
Total transfers in	 (307,942)	(383,734)	1,372,088	1,755,822
Net loss on a budgetary basis	\$ 751,248 \$	(1,466,568)	4,718,742 _\$	6,185,310
Reconciliation to a GAAP basis: Principal retirement Capital outlay Depreciation Net income			310,000 1,395,136 (1,228,951) 5,194,927	
Net position - January 1			40,560,091	
Net position - December 31			\$ 45,755,018	

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to report an activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services.

Cemetery Fund - accounts for user charges and expenses for operating, financing, and maintaining the Linn Grove Cemetery; created per Greeley Municipal Code 4.40.020.

Municipal Golf Course Fund - accounts for user charges and the expenses for operating, financing and maintaining the municipal golf courses; created per Greeley Municipal Code 13.40.080.

Downtown Parking Fund - accounts for user charges and expenses for operating and maintaining the downtown parking ares.

Stormwater Fund - accounts for user charges, fees collected from developers and expenses for developing and maintaining storm water facilities for the drainage and control of flood and water surfaces within the City. Development fees Greeley Municipal Code 4.64.

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2021

	Cemetery Fund	Municipal Golf Courses Fund	Downtown Parking Fund	Stormwater Fund	Total
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents \$	200	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	200
Investments	754,140	1,222,395	275,895	9,250,253	11,502,683
Accounts receivable, net	150,011	16,520	2,100	577,629	746.260
Accrued interest	1,934	3,134	707	23,715	29,490
Unbilled services	1,934	3,134	707	401,072	401,072
	44.047	-	-	401,072	
Due from other funds	14,917		-	-	14,917
Total current assets	921,202	1,242,049	278,702	10,252,669	12,694,622
Noncurrent assets: Restricted assets					
Capital assets:					
Land	3,300	527,438	1,329,781	2,337,629	4,198,148
Land improvements	570,931	2,835,774	932,630	56,781	4,396,116
Buildings/building improvements	313,379	1,326,444	-		1,639,823
Machinery and equipment	121,330	1,401,908	_	2,461,354	3,984,592
Infrastructure	.2.,000	-	_	64,230,892	64,230,892
Construction in progress	21,000	10,692		830,313	862,005
Construction in progress	1,029,940	6,102,256	2,262,411	69,916,969	79,311,576
Less: accumulated depreciation	(765,569)	(4,051,106)	(899,092)	(27,616,446)	(33,332,213
Total capital assets	264,371	2,051,150	1,363,319	42,300,523	45,979,363
Total noncurrent assets	264,371	2,051,150	1,363,319	42,300,523	45,979,363
Total assets	1,185,573	3,293,199	1,642,021	52,553,192	58,673,985
LIABILITIES					
Current liablitlies:					
Accounts payable	18,932	18,065	1,918	401,113	440,028
Compensated absences	33,260	43,655	6,232	60,637	143,784
Due to other funds	-	100,000	-	3,819	103,819
Current portion of long-term obligations	-	-	-	325,000	325,000
Unearned revenue	481,601	29,548	57,435	1,196	569,780
Other liabilities	6,243	15,666	3,153	33,755	58,817
Advances from other funds	-	320,000	-	-	320,000
Total current liabilities	540,036	526,934	68,738	825,520	1,961,228
Noncurrent liabilities:				·	•
Accrued compensated absences	10,854	42,538	3,166	7,152	63,710
Revenue bonds (net of deferred amount from unamortized premium)	10,054	42,000	3,100	5,965,502	5,965,502
Total noncurrent liabilities	10,854	42,538	3,166	5,972,654	6,029,212
Total liabilities	550,890	569,472	71,904	6,798,174	7,990,440
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	264,371	2,051,150	1,363,319	35,759,824	39,438,664
Unrestricted	370,312	672,577	206,798	9,995,194	11,244,881
Total net position \$	634,683	\$ 2,723,727 \$	1,570,117 \$	45,755,018 \$	50,683,545

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Cemetery Fund	lunicipal Golf ourses Fund	Downtown Parking Fund	Stormwater Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Charges for services	\$ 554,243	\$ 2,196,373	\$ - 9	\$ 7,678,539	\$ 10,429,155
Intergovernmental	-	8,299	-	2,136	10,435
Licenses & permits Fines & forfeits	-	-	57,092 50,306	14,850	71,942 50,306
Total operating revenues	554,243	2,204,672	107,398	7,695,525	10,561,838
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Personnel services	367,207	1,006,842	157,325	1,724,879	3,256,253
Supplies	46,933	207,468	4,398	127,628	386,427
Purchased services	105,716	500,968	95,455	519,372	1,221,511
Rentals	.	7,193	5,550	.	12,743
Depreciation	19,166	54,709	6,708	1,228,951	1,309,534
Total operating expenses	539,022	1,777,180	269,436	3,600,830	6,186,468
Operating income (loss)	15,221	427,492	(162,038)	4,094,695	4,375,370
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
Interest and investment earnings	(1,441)	(2,468)	(715)	(17,367)	(21,991)
Oil/gas royalties	158,720	-	` -	. , ,	158,720
Miscellaneous	(2,893)	(40,779)	(4,376)	(48,059)	(96,107)
Interest expense	-	(20,000)	-	(208,657)	(228,657)
Gain/(loss) on disposal of capital assets	-	689	-	2,227	2,916
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	154,386	(62,558)	(5,091)	(271,856)	(185,119)
Income (loss) before capital contributions and					
transfers	169,607	364,934	(167,129)	3.822.839	4.190.251
Capital Contributions	-	-	(.0.,.20)	1,840,078	1,840,078
Transfers out	-		-	(467,990)	(467,990)
Change in net position	169,607	364,934	(167,129)	5,194,927	5,562,339
Total net position - January 1	465,076	2,358,793	1,737,246	40,560,091	45,121,206
Total net position - December 31	\$ 634,683	\$ 2,723,727	\$ 1,570,117	\$ 45,755,018	\$ 50,683,545

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year Ended December 31, 2021	1	Cemetery Fund	Municipal Golf Course Fund	Downtown Parking Fund	Stormwater Fund	Total
·						
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Receipts from customers and users	\$	571,149 \$				10,539,033
Payments to suppliers		(115,440)	(663,102)	(90,317)	(347,869)	(1,216,728)
Payments to employees		(352,969)	(1,007,547)	(158,355)	(1,776,776)	(3,295,647)
Payments for interfund services used		(35,673)	(81,402)	(15,085)	(220,276)	(352,436)
Other receipts		159,890	2,191	10	(321)	161,770
Net cash provided by operating activities		226,957	453,429	(87,200)	5,242,806	5,835,992
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Repayment of cash advances to other funds		-	(84,000)	-	-	(84,000)
Transfers out to other funds		-	-	-	(444,117)	(444,117)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		-	(84,000)	-	(444,117)	(528,117)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Capital contributions		_	_	_	1,840,078	1,840,078
Purchases and construction of capital assets		(16,574)	_	_	(2,693,815)	(2,710,389)
Principal paid on capital debt		(10,574)	_	_	(310,000)	(310,000)
Interest paid on capital debt		_	(20,000)	_	(237,900)	(257,900)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets			(20,000)	-	2,227	2,227
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(16,574)	(20,000)		(1,399,410)	(1,435,984)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(10,574)	(20,000)		(1,333,410)	(1,433,304)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		606	1 172	00.000	667,200	760.240
Withdrawals from investment pool		696	1,172	90,990	667,390	760,248
Deposits into investment pool		(214,002)	(319,932)	(4,603)	(4,201,008)	(4,739,545)
Interest and investment earnings received		6,959	11,612	5,184	69,908	93,663
Bank and investment charges paid		(4,036)	(42,281)	(4,371)	(46,926)	(97,614)
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		(210,383)	(349,429)	87,200	(3,510,636)	(3,983,248)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		-	-	-	(111,357)	(111,357)
Cash and cash equivalents - January 1		200	-	-	111,357	111,557
Cash and cash equivalents - December 31	\$	200 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	200
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash						
provided by operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	15,221 \$	427,492 \$	(162,038) \$	4,094,695 \$	4,375,370
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided						
by operating activities:						
Depreciation expense		19,166	54,709	6,708	1,228,951	1,309,534
Miscellaneous nonoperating revenue (expense)		159,890	2,191	10	(321)	161,770
Change in assets and liabilities:						
(Increase) Decrease in receivables, net		(75,754)	(15,873)	28,860	(82,279)	(145,046)
(Increase) Decrease in due from other funds		(14,917)	-	-	-	(14,917)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		16,456	(28,873)	1,134	53,660	42,377
Decrease in payroll liability		(4,405)	(13,800)	(577)	(17,776)	(36,558)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable		18,640	13,094	(452)	(34,124)	(2,842)
Increase in unearned revenue		92,660	14,489	39,155		146,304
Total adjustments		211,736	25,937	74,838	1,148,111	1,460,622
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	226,957 \$		(87,200) \$		5,835,992
No. 10 to 10						
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities: Decrease in fair value of investments		(8,400)	(14,080)	(5,899)	(87,275)	(115,654)
200.0000 fall value of investments		(5,400)	(17,000)	(3,033)	(01,213)	(113,034)

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are established to account for goods and services provided by one department of the City to other departments of the City, or to other agencies, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Equipment Maintenance Fund – accounts for user charges and expenses for maintaining the City's equipment and vehicles; created per Greeley Municipal Code 4.28.010.

Information Technology Fund – accounts for user charges and expenses for providing data processing and telecommunication services to other City departments.

Health Fund – accounts for the cost of providing a defined-benefit health and dental insurance plan that covers substantially all regular full-time and regular part-time employees of the City.

Workers Compensation Fund – accounts for user charges and expenses for insuring the City for workers' compensation.

Communications Fund – accounts for user charges and expenses for providing mailing, copying, and printer services to City departments.

Liability Fund – accounts for user charges and expenses for providing a self-insurance program for liability claims against the City; created per Greeley Municipal Code 4.18.030.

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Equipment Maintenance Fund	Information Technology Fund	Employee Benefit Fund	Workers Compensation Fund	Communications Fund	Liability Fund	Total
ASSETS							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ - 9	-	\$ 204,312	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,700	\$ 230,012
Investments	5,277,788	2,428,680	6,049,367	5,618,443	675,027	3,179,140	23,228,445
Accounts receivable, net	-	141	-	-	-	2,655	2,796
Accrued interest	13,531	6,227	15,509	14,404	1,731	8,150	59,552
Advances to other funds	-	-	970,526	1,027,297	-	_	1,997,823
Prepaid items	1,074	502,415	-	-	2,120	-	505,609
Total current assets	5,292,393	2,937,463	7,239,714	6,660,144	678,878	3,215,645	26,024,237
Noncurrent assets:							
Capital assets:							
Land	16,986	-	_	-	-	_	16,986
Buildings/building improvements	83,958	_	36,926	-	-	_	120,884
Machinery and equipment	17,510,691	7,274,748	· -	-	317,166	27,843	25,130,448
	17,611,635	7,274,748	36,926	-	317,166	27,843	25,268,318
Less: accumulated depreciation	(11,271,161)	(3,894,998)	(36,926)	-	(316,462)	(27,843)	(15,547,390)
Total capital assets	6,340,474	3,379,750	-	-	704	-	9,720,928
Total assets	11,632,867	6,317,213	7,239,714	6,660,144	679,582	3,215,645	35,745,165
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:	262.655	64,230	19,237	53.939	83	1.092	401,236
Accounts payable	202,000	64,230	2,377,499	53,939	63	390,525	2.768.024
Claims incurred but not reported Compensated absences	16,713	111,532	2,377,499 5,663	2,837	-	3,419	2,766,024 140,164
Due to other funds	10,713	111,332	2,483	2,037	-	3,419	2,483
Capital lease	134,981	-	2,463	-	-	-	2,463 134,981
Other liabilities	13,147	50,966	3,330	2,241		2,516	72,200
							•
Total current liabilities	427,496	226,728	2,408,212	59,017	83	397,552	3,519,088
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Accrued compensated absences	7,883	21,607	930				30,420
Capital lease	103,732	21,007	-				103,732
Total noncurrent liabilities	111,615	21,607	930	-	_	_	134,152
Total liabilities	539,111	248,335	2,409,142	59,017	83	397,552	3,653,240
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	6,101,761	3,379,750			704		9,482,215
Unrestricted	4,991,995	2,689,128	4,830,572	6,601,127	678,795	2,818,093	22,609,710
Total net position	\$ 11,093,756	6,068,878	\$ 4,830,572	\$ 6,601,127	\$ 679,499	\$ 2,818,093	\$ 32,091,925

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Equipment Maintenance Fund	Information Technology Fund	Employee Benefit Fund	Workers Compensation Fund	Communications Fund	Liability Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES: Charges for services Intergovernmental Miscellaneous - compensation for loss	\$ 5,745,927 692	\$ 4,825,329 70,836	\$ 14,685,048 4,321 1,242	\$ 624,182 - -	\$ 123,488 - -	\$ 2,405,956 \$ 64,035	28,409,930 75,849 65,277
Total operating revenues	5,746,619	4,896,165	14,690,611	624,182	123,488	2,469,991	28,551,056
OPERATING EXPENSES: Personnel services Supplies Purchased services Insurance and bonds Rentals Depreciation Claims	717,153 1,825,874 662,098 - 2,007,652	2,757,506 341,841 4,227,143 - 283,702	128,417 127,512 1,901,703 - - 14,736,851	56,586 23,916 339,950 - 468,533	5,335 78,876 - 8,059 767	58,678 1,651 57,327 913,815 - 760,296	3,718,340 2,302,213 6,951,063 1,253,765 8,059 2,292,121 15,965,680
Total operating expenses	5,212,777	7,610,192	16,894,483	888,985	93,037	1,791,767	32,491,241
Operating income (loss)	533,842	(2,714,027)	(2,203,872)	(264,803)	30,451	678,224	(3,940,185)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): Interest and investment earnings Miscellaneous Interest expense Gain on sale of capital assets	(12,517) (20,970) (6,350) 71,548	(16,402) (4,111) - -	13,718 (13,705) -	5,247 (4,003) -	(2,758) (388) - -	(6,615) (2,177) -	(19,327) (45,354) (6,350) 71,548
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	31,711	(20,513)	13	1,244	(3,146)	(8,792)	517
Income (loss) before transfers	565,553	(2,734,540)	(2,203,859)	(263,559)	27,305	669,432	(3,939,668)
Transfers in		770,806	-	-	-	500,000	1,270,806
Total transfers in	-	770,806	-	-	-	500,000	1,270,806
Change in net position	565,553	(1,963,734)	(2,203,859)	(263,559)	27,305	1,169,432	(2,668,862)
Total net position - January 1	10,528,203	8,032,612	7,034,431	6,864,686	652,194	1,648,661	34,760,787
Total net position - December 31	\$ 11,093,756	\$ 6,068,878	\$ 4,830,572	\$ 6,601,127	\$ 679,499	\$ 2,818,093 \$	32,091,925

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year Ended December 31, 2021		Equipment laintenance Fund	Information Technology Fund	Health Fund	Workers Compensation Fund	Communications Fund	Liability Fund	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:								
Receipts from customers and users	\$	24,819 \$	_	\$ 14,685,041	\$ - :	\$ - \$. ¢	14,709,860
Receipts from interfund services provided	Ą	5,739,959	4,825,234	- 14,005,041	624,182	123,488	2,405,956	13,718,819
Payments to suppliers		(2,281,075)		(14,996,165)	(763,784)	(95,715)	(1,565,715)	(24,091,527)
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees		(729,008)	(2,857,798)	(129,866)	(65,153)	(55,715)	(67,831)	(3,849,656
Payments for interfund services used		(93,323)	(4,116)	(123)000)	(00)200)	_	(213,827)	(311,266
Other receipts/disbursements		(15,709)	70,911	5,571	_	46	(210,027)	60,819
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		2,645,663	(2,354,842)	(435,419)	(204,755)	27,819	558,583	237,049
CASCULTI CANCE ED CANADONO ADITAL ENLANCING ACTIVITIES								
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			770.006				500.000	4 270 000
Transfers from other funds		-	770,806	-	127 225	-	500,000	1,270,806
Receipt of cash advances to other funds		<u> </u>	770.006	69,319	137,335	<u> </u>	-	206,654
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		<u>-</u>	770,806	69,319	137,335	<u> </u>	500,000	1,477,460
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
Purchases and construction of capital assets		(1,168,835)	(191,436)	-	-	-	-	(1,360,271
Principal paid on capital debt		(132,399)	-	-	-	-	-	(132,399
Interest paid on capital debt		(6,350)	-	-	-	-	-	(6,350
Sale of capital assets		70,658	-	-	-	-	-	70,658
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(1,236,926)	(191,436)	-	-	-	-	(1,428,362
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:								
Purchase of Investment Securities		(1,468,865)	(55,409)	(222,954)	(74,895)	(35,777)	(1,105,850)	(2,963,750
Proceeds from Maturities of Investments		15,808	1,782,777	8,773	51,384	923	3,121	1,862,786
Interest and investment earnings received		46,956	52,147	106,829	94,740	7,444	25,300	333,416
Bank and investment charges paid		(3,533)	(4,043)	(14,027)	(3,809)	(409)	(1,523)	(27,344)
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		(1,409,634)	1,775,472	(121,379)	67,420	(27,819)	(1,078,952)	(794,892)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(897)	-	(487,479)	-	-	(20,369)	(508,745)
Cash and cash equivalents - January 1		897	-	691,791	-	-	46,069	738,757
Cash and cash equivalents - December 31	\$	- \$	-	\$ 204,312	\$ - :	\$ - \$	25,700 \$	230,012
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash		<u> </u>		<u>· </u>		·		<u> </u>
provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$	533,842 \$	(2 714 027)	\$ (2,203,872)	\$ (264,803)	\$ 30,451 \$	678,224 \$	(3,940,185
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used)	ڔ	333,642 \$	(2,714,027)	3 (2,203,872)	Ç (204,803)	Ç 30,431 Ş	078,224 3	(3,940,183
by operating activities:								
Depreciation		2,007,652	283,703	_	_	767	_	2,292,122
Miscellaneous nonoperating revenue (expense)		(16,401)	75	_	_	46	(589)	(16,869
Change in capital assets and liabilities:		(10,401)	73			40	(303)	(10,003
(Increase) decrease in receivables, net		18,851	(95)	99,931	_	_	(2,655)	116,032
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		(1,074)	194,685	-	41,479	_	(2,033)	235,090
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		114,646	(18,889)	(21,225)	(265)	(3,445)	(249,171)	(178,349
Increase in other payable		-	(10,000)	1,688,713	27,403	(5,5)	140,280	1,856,396
Increase in unearned revenue		-	-	2,483	,	-	-,	2,483
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilites		(11,178)	(59,873)	(2,307)	(1,521)	-	(1,245)	(76,124
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable		(675)	(40,421)	858	(7,048)	-	(6,261)	(53,547
Total adjustments		2,111,821	359,185	1,768,453	60,048	(2,632)	(119,641)	4,177,234
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	2,645,663 \$	(2,354,842)				558,583 \$	
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:	ć	(E0 472) Ć	(CO E 40)	ć (02.111)	¢ (90.403)	ć /10.202\ Ć	(21.015)	(352,742
Decrease in fair value of investments	\$	(59,473) \$	(68,548)	\$ (93,111)	\$ (89,493)	\$ (10,202) \$	(31,915)	(332,742

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGET BASIS) For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Budgeted Amounts Unaudited		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final	Amounts	(Negative)
OPERATING REVENUES: Charges for services Intergovernmental	\$	5,745,865	\$	5,745,865 -	\$ 5,745,927 692	\$ 62 692
Total operating revenues		5,745,865		5,745,865	5,746,619	754
OPERATING EXPENSES: Personnel services Supplies Purchased services		791,063 1,806,674 605,556		791,063 1,983,566 650,756	717,153 1,825,874 662,098	73,910 157,692 (11,342)
Total operating expenses		3,203,293		3,425,385	3,205,125	220,260
Operating income		2,542,572		2,320,480	2,541,494	221,014
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): Interest and investment earnings Rents Miscellaneous Principal retirement Interest expense Gain on sale of capital assets Capital outlay Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) Loss before transfers TRANSFERS IN: Transfers in		13,000 14,949 (1,500) (132,399) (6,350) 75,000 (1,354,283) (1,391,583) 1,150,989		13,000 14,949 (1,500) (132,399) (6,350) 75,000 (3,016,228) (3,053,528) (733,048) 82,257	(12,517) (20,970) (66,040) (6,350) 71,548 (1,168,836) (1,203,165) 1,338,329	(25,517) (14,949) (19,470) 66,359 - (3,452) 1,847,392 1,850,363 2,071,377 (82,257)
Net income (loss) on a budgetary basis	\$	1,150,989	\$	(650,791)	1,338,329	<u> </u>
Reconciliation to a GAAP basis: Principal retirement Capital outlay Depreciation Net income	¥	., 130,300	*	(000,101)	66,040 1,168,836 (2,007,652) 565,553	,,000,120
Net position - January 1					10,528,203	
Net position - December 31					\$ 11,093,756	

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGET BASIS) For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

roi Tile Teal Elided December 31, 2021	Budgeted A Unaudit		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	 Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
OPERATING REVENUES: Charges for services Intergovernmental	\$ 4,952,366 \$	4,952,366 \$	4,825,329 \$ 70,836	(127,037) 70,836
Total operating revenues	4,952,366	4,952,366	4,896,165	(56,201)
OPERATING EXPENSES: Personnel services Supplies Purchased services	3,472,892 339,870 2,298,712	3,472,892 346,632 3,709,617	2,757,506 341,841 4,227,143	715,386 4,791 (517,526)
Total operating expenses	6,111,474	7,529,141	7,326,490	202,651
Operating income	(1,159,108)	(2,576,775)	(2,430,325)	146,450
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): Interest and investment earnings Miscellaneous Capital outlay	21,500 (5,500) (78,269)	21,500 (5,500) (319,877)	(16,402) (4,111) (191,436)	(37,902) 1,389 128,441
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(62,269)	(303,877)	(211,949)	91,928
Loss before transfers	(1,221,377)	(2,880,652)	(2,642,274)	238,378
TRANSFERS IN: Transfers in Transfers out	1,270,806 (500,000)	1,270,806 (500,000)	770,806 -	(500,000) 500,000
Total transfers in	770,806	770,806	770,806	-
Net income (loss) on a budgetary basis	\$ (450,571) \$	(2,109,846)	(1,871,468) _ \$	238,378
Reconciliation to a GAAP basis: Capital outlay Depreciation		_	191,436 (283,702)	
Net income			(1,963,734)	
Net position - January 1		_	8,032,612	
Net position - December 31		<u>\$</u>	6,068,878	

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO **INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS Employee Benefit Fund**

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGET BASIS)

For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Budgeted Am Unaudite	ed	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
-		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Charges for services	\$	15,983,231 \$	15,983,231 \$	14,685,048 \$	(1,298,183)
Intergovernmental	Y	-	. o,ooo,_o.	4.321	4,321
Miscellaneous - compensation for loss		-	-	1,242	1,242
Total operating revenues		15,983,231	15,983,231	14,690,611	(1,292,620)
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Personnel services		420.545	420.545	128.417	292,128
Supplies		264,750	264,750	127,512	137,238
Purchased services		2,236,280	2,236,280	1,901,703	334,577
Claims		13,625,000	13,625,000	14,736,851	(1,111,851)
Total operating expenses		16,546,575	16,546,575	16,894,483	(347,908)
Operating income		(563,344)	(563,344)	(2,203,872)	(1,640,528)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
Interest and investment earnings		145,500	145,500	13,718	(131,782)
Miscellaneous		(5,000)	(5,000)	(13,705)	(8,705)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		140,500	140,500	13	(140,487)
Net income (loss) on a budgetary basis	\$	(422,844) \$	(422,844)	(2,203,859) \$	(1,781,015)
Net position - January 1				7,034,431	
Net position - December 31			\$	4,830,572	

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS WORKERS COMPENSATION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGET BASIS) For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

	 Budgeted An Unaudite	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Charges for services	\$ 744,587 \$	744,587 \$	624,182 \$	(120,405)
Total operating revenues	744,587	744,587	624,182	(120,405)
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Personnel services	91,837	91,837	56,586	35,251
Purchased services	19,550	19,550	23,916	(4,366)
Insurance and bonds	567,000	567,000	339,950	227,050
Claims	1,042,300	1,042,300	468,533	573,767
Total operating expenses	1,720,687	1,720,687	888,985	831,702
Operating income	(976,100)	(976,100)	(264,803)	711,297
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):				
Interest and investment earnings	251.691	251.691	5.247	(246,444)
Miscellaneous	(2,112)	(2,112)	(4,003)	(1,891)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	249,579	249,579	1,244	(248,335)
Net income (loss) on a budgetary basis	\$ (726,521) \$	(726,521)	(263,559) \$	462,962
Net position - January 1		_	6,864,686	
Net position - December 31		<u>\$</u>	6,601,127	

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMMUNICATIONS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGET BASIS)

For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgeted A Unaudi		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Amounts		
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Charges for services	\$ 254,618 \$	254,618	\$ 123,488 \$	(131,130)	
Total operating revenues	254,618	254,618	123,488	(131,130)	
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Supplies	11,300	11,300	5,335	5,965	
Purchased services	190,800	190,800	78,876	111,924	
Rentals	2,000	2,000	8,059	(6,059)	
Total operating expenses	204,100	204,100	92,270	111,830	
Operating income	50,518	50,518	31,218	(19,300)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
Interest and investment earnings	1,000	1,000	(2,758)	(3,758)	
Miscellaneous	(100)	(100)	(388)	(288)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	900	900	(3,146)	(4,046)	
Net income (loss) on a budgetary basis	\$ 51,418 \$	51,418	28,072 _\$	(23,346)	
Reconciliation to a GAAP basis: Depreciation			(767)		
Net income			27,305		
Net position - January 1			652,194		
,			 		
Net position - December 31			\$ 679,499		

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS LIABILITY FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGET BASIS)

For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts Unaudited Original Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final		Amounts	(Negative)	
OPERATING REVENUES:								
Charges for services	\$	2,405,956	\$	2,405,956	\$	2,405,956 \$	-	
Miscellaneous - compensation for loss		<u> </u>		-		64,035	64,035	
Total operating revenues		2,405,956		2,405,956		2,469,991	64,035	
OPERATING EXPENSES:								
Personnel services		85,246		85,246		58,678	26,568	
Supplies		· -		, <u>-</u>		1,651	(1,651)	
Purchased services		175,000		175,000		57,327	117,673 [°]	
Insurance and bonds		954,458		954,458		913,815	40,643	
Claims		1,280,000		1,280,000		760,296	519,704	
Total operating expenses		2,494,704		2,494,704		1,791,767	702,937	
Operating income		(88,748)		(88,748)		678,224	766,972	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):								
Interest and investment earnings		6,000		6,000		(6,615)	(12,615)	
Miscellaneous		(156,200)		(61,943)		(2,177)	`59,766 [´]	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(150,200)		(55,943)		(8,792)	47,151	
Loss before transfers		(238,948)		(144,691)		669,432	814,123	
TRANSFERS IN:								
Transfers in		500,000		500.000		500,000	_	
Transfers out		-		(94,257)		-	94,257	
Total transfers in		500,000		405,743		500,000	94,257	
Net income (loss) on a budgetary basis	\$	261,052	\$	261,052	_	1,169,432 \$	908,380	
Net position - January 1						1,648,661		
Net position - December 31					\$	2,818,093		

COMPONENT UNITS OF THE CITY OF GREELEY

Greeley Urban Renewal Authority (GURA) reports the following governmental funds:

Special Revenue Fund – is the primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the entity, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund NSP – to account for Neighborhood Stabilization Program grant funds for the purpose of purchasing foreclosed homes for rehabilitation and resale to eligible homeowners.

Downtown Development Authority (DDA) reports the following governmental funds:

Operating Fund – accounts for all financial resources of the entity, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund – accounts for servicing of DDA's debt involved in carrying out the downtown development activities.

GREELEY URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY CITY OF GREELEY COMPONENT UNIT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

Year Ended December 31, 2021		Special Revenue Fund	NSP Special Revenue Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	627,443	\$ 127,479 \$	754,922
Investments		3,861,586	-	3,861,586
Notes receivable		68,172	-	68,172
Taxes receivable		14,663,883	-	14,663,883
Due from other governments		-	144,138	144,138
Total assets	\$	19,221,084	\$ 271,617 \$	19,492,701
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities: Accrued liabilities				
Accided liabilities			<u>-</u>	-
Total liabilities		-	-	-
Deferred inflows of resources				
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		14,663,883	-	14,663,883
Unavailable revenue - economic development loans		68,172	-	68,172
Total deferred inflows of resources		14,732,055	-	14,732,055
Fund balances:				
Restricted		-	271,617	271,617
Committed		3,835,101	-	3,835,101
Unassigned		653,928	-	653,928
Total fund balances		4,489,029	271,617	4,760,646
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	19,221,084	\$ 271,617	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds				623,970
In governmental funds, revenue is not recognized until it is available to liquidate liabilities and is shown as unavailable:	curre	nt year		
Unavailable revenue				68,172
Net position of government activities			<u> </u>	5,452,788
ver hostion of Rosettiment activities			<u>\$</u>	5,452,7

GREELEY URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY

CITY OF GREELEY COMPONENT UNIT

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

Year Ended December 31, 2021	Special Revenue Fund	NSP Special Revenue Fund	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:			
Taxes	\$ 11,901,774 \$	- \$	11,901,774
Miscellaneous revenue	28,334	38	28,372
Total revenues	\$ 11,930,108 \$	38 \$	11,930,146
EXPENDITURES:			
Tax increment	11,337,395	-	11,337,395
Economic development	56,255	-	56,255
Total expenditures	11,393,650	-	11,393,650
Net change in fund balances	536,458	38	536,496
Fund balance - January 1	3,952,571	271,580	
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 4,489,029 \$	271,618	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds			(23,557)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	512,939

GREELEY URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY **CITY OF GREELEY COMPONENT UNIT SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted An	nounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
For The Year Ended December 31, 2021		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
DEVENUES.						
REVENUES:						
Taxes: Property	\$	11,374,835 \$	11,374,835 \$	11,901,774 \$	526,939	
	•	-				
Miscellaneous revenue:						
Program income		30,000	30,000	23,557	(6,443)	
Interest and investment earnings		-	-	4,777	4,777	
Total miscellaneous revenue		30,000	30,000	28,334	(1,666)	
Total revenues		11,404,835	11,404,835	11,930,108	525,273	
EXPENDITURES:						
Tax increment		11,333,835	11,333,835	11,337,395	3,560	
Economic development		99,000	99,000	56,255	(42,745)	
		-	-			
Total expenditures		11,432,835	11,432,835	11,393,650	(39,185)	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		(28,000)	(28,000)	536,458	564,458	
Fund balance - January 1		3,952,571	3,952,571	3,952,571	<u>-</u>	
Fund balance - December 31	\$	3,924,571 \$	3,924,571 \$	4,489,029 \$	564,458	

GREELEY URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY CITY OF GREELEY COMPONENT UNIT SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - NSP

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
For The Year Ended December 31, 2021		iginal	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
DEVENUES.					
REVENUES:					
Miscellaneous revenue:	,	,	*	*	
Program income	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Interest and investment earnings		-	-	38	38
Total miscellaneous revenue		-		38	38
Total revenues		-	-	38	38
EXPENDITURES: Administration		_	_	_	_
Administration					
Total expenditures		-	-	-	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		-	-	38	38
Fund balance - January 1		-	271,580	271,580	
Fund balance - December 31	\$	- \$	271,580 \$	271,618 \$	38

DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY CITY OF GREELEY COMPONENT UNIT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

Year Ended December 31, 2021	Operating Fund		Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	269,720 \$	- \$	269,720	
Taxes receivable		164,349	-	164,349	
Total assets	\$	434,069 \$	- \$	434,069	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accrued liabilities	\$	4,323 \$	- \$	4,323	
Total liabilities		4,323	-	4,323	
Deferred inflows of resources					
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		164,349	-	164,349	
Total deferred inflows of resources		164,349	-	164,349	
Fund balances:					
Unassigned		265,397	-	265,397	
Total fund balances		265,397	-	265,397	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	434,069 \$	- \$	434,069	

DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY **CITY OF GREELEY COMPONENT UNIT**

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

For The Year Ended December 31, 2021	Operating Fund		Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES:					
Taxes	\$	223,177 \$	- \$	223,177	
Intergovernmental revenue		42,250	221,444	263,694	
Charges for services		3,703	-	3,703	
Miscellaneous revenue		135,218	-	135,218	
Total revenues	\$	404,348 \$	221,444 \$	625,792	
EXPENDITURES:					
Nondepartmental		329,551	-	329,551	
Debt service		-	221,444	221,444	
Total expenditures		329,551	221,444	550,995	
Net change in fund balances		74,797	-	74,797	
Fund balance - January 1		190,600	<u>-</u> _		
Fund balance - December 31	\$	265,397 \$	-		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:					

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds. While the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds

Issuance of debt	(221,444)
Repayment of debt principal	221,444
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 74,797

DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY **CITY OF GREELEY COMPONENT UNIT OPERATING FUND**

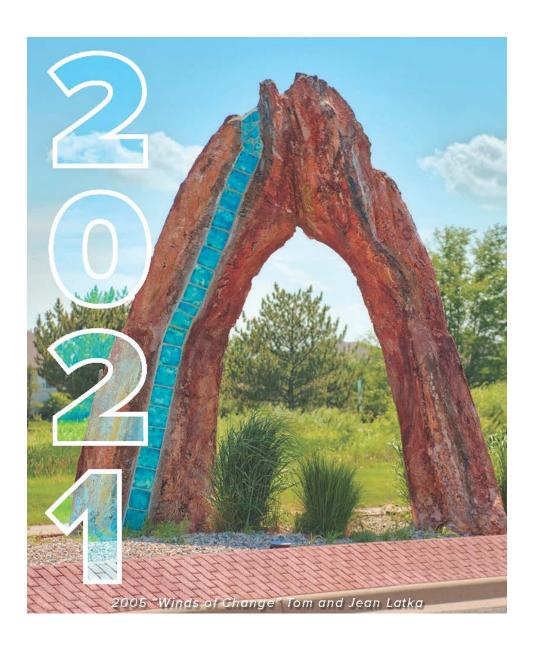
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
For The Year Ended December 31, 2021		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES: Taxes: Property Taxes	\$	215,000 \$	214,000 \$	223,177 \$	9,177	
Intergovernmental revenue: Intergovernmental agreements		42,250	42,250	42,250		
Charges for services: Culture, parks, recreation fees		-	-	3,703	3,703	
Miscellaneous revenue: Interest and investment earnings Contributions donations Rents/royalties Other miscellaneous revenu		50 22,000 500 72,550	- 25,500 1,800 102,550	- 54,550 2,524 78,144	29,050 724	
Total miscellaneous revenue		95,100	129,850	135,218	5,368	
Total revenues		352,350	386,100	404,348	18,248	
EXPENDITURES: Nondepartmental		347,200	344,500	329,551	(14,949)	
Total expenditures		347,200	344,500	329,551	(14,949)	
Net change in fund balance		5,150	41,600	74,797	33,197	
Fund balance - January 1		190,600	190,600	190,600		
Fund balance - December 31	\$	195,750 \$	232,200 \$	265,397 \$	33,197	

DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY **CITY OF GREELEY COMPONENT UNIT DDA - DEBT SERVICE FUND**

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For The Year Ended December 31, 2021	 Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
				, , ,	
REVENUES:					
Intergovernmental revenue:					
Intergovernmental agreements	\$ - \$	- \$	221,444 \$	221,444	
Total revenues	-	-	221,444	221,444	
EXPENDITURES:					
Principal	-	-	221,016	(221,016)	
Interest	500	350	428	(78)	
Total expenditures	500	350	221,444	(221,094)	
Net change in fund balance	(500)	(350)	-	350	
Fund balance - January 1	-	-	-		
Fund balance - December 31	\$ (500) \$	(350) \$	- \$	350	



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STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Greeley's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the city's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the city's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the city's most significant local revenue sources, sales and use tax and property tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the city's current levels of outstanding debt and the city's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the city's financial report relates to the services the city provides and the activities it performs.

Sources

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year. The city implemented GASB 34 in 2003; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

City of Greeley Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (unaudited)

Expenses		2012	2013	2014	2015
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$	9,769,645 \$	9,701,731 \$	15,453,531 \$	15,093,341
Public safety	•	40,388,682	42,940,438	43,084,750	45,928,329
Public works		38,053,821	39,052,999	36,053,837	37,752,012
Culture, parks and recreation		18,455,588	20,624,247	21,019,337	22,725,498
Community development		4,784,602	5,669,523	3,599,840	3,736,818
Net pension expense		-	-	-	-
Interest on long-term debt		2,040,789	1,810,551	1,535,938	1,312,749
Total governmental activities expenses		113,493,127	119,799,489	120,747,233	126,548,747
Business-type activities:		7 242 044	7 002 002	0.010.215	0.420.076
Sewer Water		7,213,814 29,445,061	7,883,003 28,480,675	8,818,215 28,970,895	8,438,876 28,731,689
Cemetery		411,560	465,581	475,315	452,680
Municipal golf courses		1,986,783	1,646,976	1,738,570	1,633,211
Downtown parking		181,951	186,456	189,557	196,381
Stormwater		2,797,243	2,873,202	3,342,634	4,221,696
Public safety combined services		6,895,776	9,843,044	-	-
Total business-type activities expenses		48,932,188	51,378,937	43,535,186	43,674,533
Total primary government expenses	\$	162,425,315 \$	171,178,426 \$	164,282,419 \$	170,223,280
Program Revenues	! 				
Governmental activities:					
Charges for services:					
General government	\$	10,518,084 \$	11,135,154 \$	12,467,459 \$	10,035,293
Public safety		7,093,188	8,273,800	8,089,625	8,689,593
Public works		5,820,207	7,806,190	8,288,861	9,583,611
Culture, parks and recreation		6,429,561	8,142,304	9,354,534	9,990,238
Community development		351,383	975,491	1,091,997	2,967,426
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions		10,779,021 4,481,715	11,100,495 7,339,947	14,026,735 13,283,623	13,670,180 16,646,192
Total governmental activities program revenues		45,473,159	54,773,381	66,602,834	71,582,533
Business-type activities:		43,473,133	34,773,361	00,002,834	71,362,333
Sewer		9,589,933	10,407,766	12,413,300	13,111,052
Water		43,361,189	39,199,940	43,903,438	43,835,904
Cemetery		266,303	257,344	307,759	337,259
Municipal golf courses		1,629,813	1,445,700	1,698,024	1,730,503
Downtown parking		255,168	285,326	279,761	193,258
Stormwater		3,820,209	4,259,368	4,420,521	4,841,717
Public safety combined services		7,703,847	6,940,252	-	-
Operating grants and contributions		1,667,172	2,171,157	1,680,676	146,197
Capital grants and contributions		1,224,559	-	5,504,704	4,449,922
Total business-type activities program revenues	_	69,518,193	64,966,853	70,208,183	68,645,812
Total primary government program revenues	\$	114,991,352 \$	119,740,234 \$	136,811,017 \$	140,228,345
Net (expense)/revenue					
Governmental activities		(68,019,968)	(65,026,108)	(54,144,399)	(54,966,214)
Business-type activities	_	20,586,005	13,587,916	26,672,997	24,971,279
Total primary government net (expense)/revenue	\$	(47,433,963) \$	(51,438,192) \$	(27,471,402) \$	(29,994,935)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Taxes					
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	\$	8,745,974 \$	8,765,135 \$	8,560,481 \$	8,628,279
Sales and use taxes		50,108,054	54,348,683	61,816,027	63,476,191
Other taxes		673,155	766,711	912,263	803,929
Interest and investment earnings		357,081	135,761	512,527	390,558
Miscellaneous		3,988,461	3,848,850	3,825,704	4,728,896
Special item Transfers		1 107 021	- 2 EEO 002	- 2 126 424	1 027 274
Transfers Total governmental activities		1,187,821	2,550,902	2,136,434	1,937,374
Total governmental activities		65,060,546	70,416,042	77,763,436	79,965,227
Business-type activities:		F7F 06F	(16,000)	525.014	462.214
Interest and investment earnings		575,965 421,016	(16,888) 1,497,280	535,914 1,681,701	463,214 8 212 202
Miscellaneous				(2,136,434)	8,212,292 (1,937,374)
Miscellaneous Transfers		(1 187 871)			(4,001,014)
Transfers		(1,187,821)	(2,550,902)		
Transfers Total business-type activities	<u> </u>	(190,840)	(1,070,510)	81,181	6,738,132
Transfers Total business-type activities	\$				
		(190,840) 64,869,706 \$	(1,070,510) 69,345,532 \$	81,181 77,844,617 \$	6,738,132
Transfers Total business-type activities Total primary government Change in Net Position Governmental activities	\$ \$	(190,840) 64,869,706 \$ (2,959,422) \$	(1,070,510) 69,345,532 \$ 5,389,934 \$	81,181 77,844,617 \$ 23,619,037 \$	6,738,132 86,703,359 24,999,013
Transfers Total business-type activities Total primary government		(190,840) 64,869,706 \$	(1,070,510) 69,345,532 \$	81,181 77,844,617 \$	6,738,132 86,703,359

City of Greeley Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (unaudited)

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
\$	24,013,967 \$	14,499,196 \$	17,621,080 \$	14,281,596 \$	17,400,593 \$	17,418,08
ڔ	48,673,605	49,849,781	54,968,051	45,305,750	54,299,076	56,327,60
	39,799,517	40,774,265	42,880,653	42,190,639	42,038,910	42,820,36
	23,485,009	29,769,354	25,329,855	23,580,015	20,285,056	23,115,93
	4,018,430	4,273,355	5,687,699	5,458,548	8,462,338	7,310,81
	577,933	4,273,333	3,007,033	-	-	7,510,01
	1,618,179	1,914,455	2,033,585	1,714,657	1,866,472	1,669,01
	142,186,640	141,080,406	148,520,923	132,531,205	144,352,445	148,661,80
	· · ·		, ,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, ,
	8,938,862	9,010,371	10,363,267	12,792,398	11,245,686	11,846,90
	29,892,392	27,314,566	31,423,625	29,848,385	56,259,892	53,254,19
	470,546	501,934	586,389	638,074	606,880	559,83
	1,916,305	1,478,460	1,753,961	1,712,168	1,987,818	1,869,37
	206,742	201,272	213,807	239,880	194,039	286,01
	3,481,574	3,387,131	4,230,405	4,157,909	4,004,342	3,961,59
	44,906,421	41,893,734	48,571,454	49,388,814	74,298,657	71,777,91
\$	187,093,061 \$	182,974,140 \$	197,092,377 \$	181,920,019 \$	218,651,102 \$	220,439,71
		0.500.000 Å		= coa . A		= 400 00
\$	9,559,124 \$	9,699,978 \$	10,061,561 \$ 10,027,024	7,419,602 \$ 1,511,760	6,977,075 \$	7,198,88 868,17
	9,005,921	9,069,849	10,027,024		1,665,984 4,381,504	,
	8,977,407	9,239,099	9,887,995	6,162,194 6,188,132		2,158,18
	9,155,712 3,135,389	8,681,086	5,099,688	3,172,200	2,789,491 2,106,316	2,220,49 3,896,60
	12,654,760	2,348,723 13,523,911			2,106,316	
	11,529,745	12,781,805	13,791,914 28,645,236	17,016,542 10,129,448	10,449,199	16,871,06 20,509,47
	64,018,058	65,344,451	88,412,153	51,599,878	49,212,441	53,722,88
	04,018,038	03,344,431	88,412,133	31,333,676	45,212,441	33,722,00
	11,512,176	10,694,450	13,097,077	12,546,992	11,916,892	11,860,20
	44,531,944	41,702,940	46,795,398	46,245,731	49,936,776	48,857,58
	316,332	333,526	282,649	326,949	289,305	554,24
	1,646,054	1,671,750	1,662,925	1,681,253	2,001,255	2,196,37
	220,493	282,846	255,232	339,156	218,245	107,39
	5,204,049	5,563,419	6,378,332	6,661,544	7,027,405	7,693,38
	1,328	- 446,797	347,695	- 142,392	3,976,912	14,602,63
	4,252,459	2,152,502	11,416,749	1,975,735	1,435,450	24,473,98
	67,684,835	62,848,230	80,236,057	69,919,752	76,802,240	110,345,81
\$	131,702,893 \$	128,192,681 \$	168,648,210 \$	121,519,630 \$	126,014,681 \$	164,068,69
	(78,168,582)	(75,735,955)	(60,108,770)	(80,931,327)	(95,140,004)	(94,938,92
	22,778,414	20,954,496	31,664,603	20,530,938	2,503,583	38,567,89
5	(55,390,168) \$	(54,781,459) \$	(28,444,167) \$	(60,400,389) \$	(92,636,421) \$	(56,371,02
\$	10,048,316 \$	10,068,477 \$	11,833,972 \$	12,557,758 \$	15,920,108 \$	18,445,62
	73,842,886	82,274,011	88,723,397	95,532,231	87,367,271	101,116,7
	598,074	805,924	740,083	777,817	392,873	663,45
	667,368	659,445	1,664,069	3,398,342	3,318,891	77,02
	6,080,162	5,840,021	10,551,654	8,135,783	4,733,928	5,903,28
	- 3,794,172	- 2,945,438	- 3,153,192	- 3,170,870	- 3,734,490	3,632,20
	95,030,978	102,593,316	116,666,367	123,572,801	115,467,561	129,838,31
	797,691	587,811	1,416,458	3,367,870	2,394,614	(555,99
			1,659,924	1,522,097	1,395,495	694,57
	7,624,211	2,124,484				
	7,624,211 (3,794,172)	(2,945,438)	(3,153,192)	(3,170,870)	(3,734,490)	
	7,624,211 (3,794,172) 4,627,730	(2,945,438) (233,143)	(3,153,192) (76,810)	1,719,097	55,619	(3,493,62
\$	7,624,211 (3,794,172)	(2,945,438)	(3,153,192)			(3,632,20 (3,493,62 126,344,69
	7,624,211 (3,794,172) 4,627,730 99,658,708 \$	(2,945,438) (233,143) 102,360,173 \$	(3,153,192) (76,810) 116,589,557 \$	1,719,097 125,291,898 \$	55,619 115,523,180 \$	(3,493,62 126,344,69
\$	7,624,211 (3,794,172) 4,627,730	(2,945,438) (233,143)	(3,153,192) (76,810)	1,719,097	55,619	(3,493,62

TABLE 1

City of Greeley
Net Position by Component
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)
(unaudited)

	 2012	2013	2014	2015
Governmental activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 255,325,923 \$	252,861,965 \$	261,351,330 \$	285,007,394
Restricted	5,566,157	6,996,999	6,809,916	7,076,540
Unrestricted	 44,323,627	50,460,681	65,777,436	66,046,891
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 305,215,707 \$	310,319,645 \$	333,938,682 \$	358,130,825
Business-type activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 315,706,956 \$	318,853,524 \$	334,699,821 \$	361,108,238
Unrestricted	 58,966,530	67,283,597	78,191,478	83,492,472
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 374,673,486 \$	386,137,121 \$	412,891,299 \$	444,600,710
Primary government				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 571,032,879 \$	571,715,489 \$	596,051,151 \$	646,115,632
Restricted	5,566,157	6,996,999	6,809,916	7,076,540
Unrestricted	 103,290,157	117,744,278	143,968,914	149,539,363
Total primary government net position	\$ 679,889,193 \$	696,456,766 \$	746,829,981 \$	802,731,535

continued next page

 Fiscal Year							
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		
\$ 302,086,349 \$	318,099,697 \$	355,034,983	\$ 368,296,364	\$ 392,573,913	\$ 418,608,573		
9,122,167	12,886,142	13,373,294	13,866,600	13,704,332	13,743,433		
63,784,705	70,864,743	89,999,902	118,886,689	115,098,964	126,856,527		
\$ 374,993,221 \$	401,850,582 \$	458,408,179	\$ 501,049,653	\$ 521,377,209	\$ 559,208,533		
\$ 389,420,706 \$	415,567,645 \$	427,312,046	\$ 445,687,623	\$ 463,768,591	\$ 513,675,255		
82,586,148	77,160,562	97,003,954	100,878,412	85,356,646	71,417,470		
\$ 472,006,854 \$	492,728,207 \$	524,316,000	\$ 546,566,035	\$ 549,125,237	\$ 585,092,725		
\$ 691,507,055 \$	733,667,342 \$	782,347,029	\$ 813,983,987	\$ 856,342,504	\$ 932,283,828		
9,122,167	12,886,142	13,373,294	13,866,600	13,704,332	13,743,433		
146,370,853	148,025,305	187,003,856	219,765,101	200,455,610	198,273,997		
\$ 847,000,075 \$	894,578,789 \$	982,724,179	\$ 1,047,615,688	\$ 1,070,502,446	\$ 1,144,301,258		

City of Greeley Fund Balances, Governmental Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (unaudited)

		2012	2013	2014	2015
General fund					
Fund balance:					
Nonspendable	\$	- \$	- \$	25,000 \$	15,000
Restricted		2,896,980	3,296,545	3,501,381	3,831,407
Committed		123,341	139,018	389,558	816,881
Assigned		529,299	385,187	61,735	58,835
Unassigned		20,448,072	21,296,701	21,706,623	17,983,992
Total general fund	\$	23,997,692 \$	25,117,451 \$	25,684,297 \$	22,706,115
	-				
All other governmental funds					
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable	\$	2,190,349 \$	2,190,349 \$	2,190,349 \$	2,060,366
Restricted		4,351,530	4,937,387	4,454,511	3,506,030
Committed		14,474,181	18,319,890	24,974,376	26,989,318
Assigned		1,530,590	2,608,923	3,702,661	5,893,383
Unassigned		(1,864,872)	(1,648,396)	(1,330,453)	(1,603,082)
Total all other governmental funds	\$	20,681,778 \$	26,408,153 \$	33,991,444 \$	36,846,015

continued next page

61,024,221 \$

43,429,417 \$

62,500,659

58,001,210 \$

Fiscal Year								
2016	2017		2018	2018		2019		2021
\$ - :	\$ 5,541	\$	4,135	\$	585,492	\$	- \$	5,108,019
3,321,379	3,860,718		4,621,292		5,125,647		4,639,686	4,692,297
863,866	849,766		2,603,640		4,459,843		4,128,500	1,235,055
521,736	431,900		164,729		141,161		146,083	143,490
20,745,545	27,649,762		30,867,082		33,237,459		36,880,680	43,132,059
\$ 25,452,526	\$ 32,797,687	\$	38,260,878	\$	43,549,602	\$	45,794,949 \$	54,310,920
								_
\$ 2,060,366	\$ 2,066,747	\$	2,060,366	\$	2,114,710	\$	2,164,981 \$	3,058,128
6,761,567	6,959,661		4,807,799		6,040,751		6,198,464	6,889,613
56,335,445	39,780,637		35,189,606		57,427,067		44,755,409	51,438,970
5,297,548	4,253,890		15,050,469		16,243,425		12,803,655	8,841,978
 (9,430,705)	(9,631,518)		(7,536,507)		(7,963,474)		(7,921,299)	(7,728,030)

49,571,733 \$

73,862,479 \$

City of Greeley Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (unaudited)

	 2012	2013		2014	2015
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 59,527,183	\$ 63,880,529	\$	71,288,771 \$	72,908,399
Licenses and permits	982,564	1,938,511		2,180,867	2,211,123
Intergovernmental	14,002,206	13,973,746		19,999,376	16,760,897
Charges for services	11,516,538	14,595,993		16,041,801	17,837,054
Fines & Forfeits	2,913,184	2,374,965		2,604,366	2,476,405
Special Assessments	48,879	50,090		63,922	-
Miscellaneous Revenue	 4,227,331	3,841,564		4,143,510	5,003,491
Total revenues	93,217,885	100,655,398		116,322,613	117,197,369
Expenditures					
General government	5,596,519	8,801,190		9,546,296	9,626,412
Public safety	31,613,449	34,577,977		36,437,877	37,769,058
Public works	11,208,757	13,021,065		13,883,950	14,791,768
Culture, parks and recreation	12,748,116	14,221,598		14,993,918	15,439,925
Parks	-	-		-	-
Community development	4,219,244	2,436,249		2,710,149	2,823,679
Nondepartmental					
Grants to outside agencies	-	-		-	-
Other	10,956,020	9,355,587		7,020,957	8,820,543
Debt service					
Interest	2,150,288	1,903,776		1,752,168	1,479,487
Principal	5,577,409	4,297,367		4,840,146	5,664,194
Capital outlay	 5,684,935	7,978,501		20,036,473	22,537,893
Total expenditures	 89,754,737	96,593,310		111,221,934	118,952,959
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	59,065,841	71,900,107		81,683,254	90,733,109
Transfers out	(58,021,020)	(69,374,680)		(81,030,413)	(89,101,132)
Lease proceeds	-	258,620	-	-	-
Payment to refunding bond escrow agent	(20,348,440)	-		(14,328,392)	-
Issuance of debt	20,469,342	-		16,725,009	-
Premium on debt issuance	-	-		-	-
Sale of capital asset	-	-		-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 1,165,723	2,784,047		3,049,458	1,631,977
Special item	- · · · · -	-		-	-
Net change in fund balances	\$ 4,628,871	\$ 6,846,135	\$	8,150,137 \$	(123,613)
Debt services as a percentage	9.19%	7.00%	ó	7.23%	7.41%

continued next page

	2016	2017	2010	2010	2020	2021
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
\$	84,489,277	\$ 93,148,412	\$ 101,297,452	\$ 108,867,806	\$ 103,680,252	\$ 120,225,798
	2,359,402	2,639,824	3,333,502	3,159,866	2,046,531	3,455,313
	16,809,016	20,963,546	22,924,942	23,667,091	28,874,161	16,240,796
	15,791,150	14,598,874	19,225,498	19,091,588	13,895,833	18,685,360
	2,013,422	2,105,454	2,116,693	2,056,122	2,222,633	1,964,043
	-	-	-	-	-	-
_	6,487,312	6,251,263	11,709,354	10,932,674	7,275,875	7,831,567
_	127,949,579	139,707,373	160,607,441	167,775,147	157,995,285	168,402,877
	0 506 005	0 964 009	11 607 120	11 075 753	12 049 107	12 042 200
	9,586,005 39,037,386	9,864,908 39,709,583	11,697,138 42,069,426	11,875,752 45,357,359	12,048,107 49,842,900	13,042,288 51,483,699
	15,605,054	15,675,454	15,853,518	17,512,186	18,082,063	18,386,050
	16,327,950	16,330,366	17,394,775	17,962,408	15,079,760	16,900,332
	10,327,930	10,330,300	17,334,773	17,302,408	13,073,700	10,900,332
	3,068,425	3,317,238	4,325,396	5,061,751	5,473,654	6,849,823
	3,000, .20	0,027,200	.,525,555	3,002,702	3, 17 3, 63 1	0,0 .0,020
	_	-	-	-	-	-
	17,005,957	13,154,515	10,253,991	10,947,218	16,358,097	7,874,834
	1,829,409	2,392,137	2,535,259	2,115,608	2,381,715	6,833,412
	4,785,599	5,516,027	4,935,187	4,133,795	4,357,474	-
	27,335,361	45,074,615	42,363,801	35,054,847	35,054,847	36,378,417
	134,581,146	151,034,843	151,428,491	150,020,924	158,678,617	157,748,855
	04 000 055	07 545 011	107.066.222	115 615 462	107 250 717	112 002 250
	94,900,055	87,545,811	107,066,322	115,615,462	107,250,717	113,092,350
	(91,653,343)	(87,143,784)	(104,639,765)	(116,236,452)	(105,299,819)	(110,730,952)
	_	-	_	-	-	_
	30,309,470	675,800	_	10,880,000	10,880,000	_
	-	-	-	1,566,233	1,566,233	_
	_	-	-	-,,	-,,	_
	33,556,182	1,077,827	2,426,557	11,825,243	14,397,131	2,361,398
	-	-	-	-	-	- , , -
\$	26,924,615	\$ (10,249,643)	\$ 11,605,507	\$ 29,579,466	\$ 13,713,799	\$ 13,015,420
	6.17%	7.46%	6.85%	5.44%	5.45%	5.45%

City of Greeley TABLE 5

Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (unaudited)

	Property &			
Year	Occupational Taxes	Sales & Use Tax	Other	Total
2012	9,025,459	50,108,054	393,670	59,527,183
2013	9,019,329	54,348,683	512,517	63,880,529
2014	8,854,659	61,816,027	618,085	71,288,771
2015	8,877,522	63,476,191	554,685	72,908,398
2016	10,164,764	73,842,886	481,627	84,489,277
2017	10,185,472	82,274,011	688,929	93,148,412
2018	11,897,580	88,723,397	676,475	101,297,452
2019	12,596,744	95,532,231	738,831	108,867,806
2020	15,373,352	87,947,470	359,430	103,680,252
2021	18,487,594	101,116,718	621,486	120,225,798
Change				
2012-2021	104.84%	101.80%	57.87%	101.97%

Note: Due to increases in sales tax rate, comparability between years for sales and use tax is diminished.



City of Greeley Assessed and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

Assessment		Residential	Commercial	Industrial	
Year	Vacant Property	Property	Property	Property	Other
2012	16,672,180	317,264,950	347,277,990	28,725,930	105,100,790
2013	13,668,100	312,994,780	303,650,940	82,274,810	96,292,403
2014	13,322,180	315,718,440	307,716,110	135,615,280	106,083,020
2015	15,863,900	394,602,540	322,688,150	132,997,210	110,574,080
2016	13,705,220	409,680,370	323,671,940	126,509,620	94,537,040
2017	16,886,970	483,381,730	373,087,270	130,099,070	100,511,570
2018	15,363,260	488,637,260	394,267,410	159,488,810	113,832,980
2019	17,524,610	612,163,770	468,248,790	161,051,150	245,445,770
2020	12,972,650	623,300,510	475,922,190	157,592,500	351,454,280
2021	15,103,350	691,718,920	494,783,570	158,346,470	324,909,470

Source: Weld County Assessor's Office

Other includes agricultural property, natural resources, oil and gas property and state assessed property.

continued next page

Less: Tax-Exempt	Total Taxable	Total Direct Tax	Estimated	Assessed Value as a Percentage of
Property	Assessed Value	Rate	Actual Value	Actual Value
rroperty	Assessed value	Nate		Actual value
208,677,450	815,041,840	11.274	5,568,290,680	14.64%
211,312,640	808,881,033	11.274	5,538,309,482	14.61%
211,966,540	878,455,030	11.274	5,783,555,886	15.19%
224,467,440	976,725,880	11.274	6,847,478,156	14.26%
228,711,940	968,104,190	11.274	7,008,188,506	13.81%
239,340,810	1,103,966,610	11.274	8,777,285,660	12.58%
285,572,390	1,171,589,720	11.274	9,044,947,018	12.95%
341,328,000	1,504,434,090	11.274	11,243,357,397	13.38%
356,094,150	1,621,242,130	11.274	11,536,487,332	14.05%
372.095.950	1.684.861.780	11.274	12.544.068.679	13.43%

Item No. 6. Greeley TABLE 7

City of Greeley
Property Tax Levies and Collections
Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Percent of			Ratio of Total
				Current			Tax
Levy	Collections	Total Tax	Current Tax	Taxes	Delinquent Tax	Total Tax	Collections to
Year	Year	Levy	Collections	Collected	Collections	Collections	Total Tax Levy
2011	2012	8,733,676	8,682,372	99.41%	40,403	8,722,775	99.88%
2012	2013	8,761,411	8,745,269	99.82%	13,230	8,758,499	99.97%
2013	2014	8,575,677	8,564,202	99.87%	4,610	8,568,812	99.92%
2014	2015	8,732,870	8,694,776	99.56%	6,107	8,700,883	99.63%
2015	2016	9,866,497	9,824,502	99.57%	(4,012)	9,820,490	99.53%
2016	2017	9,827,041	9,826,198	99.99%	3,430	9,829,628	100.03%
2017	2018	11,341,187	11,326,168	99.87%	2,668	11,328,836	99.89%
2018	2019	11,762,566	11,661,945	99.14%	580	11,662,525	99.15%
2019	2020	15,562,805	14,506,329	93.21%	2,640	14,508,969	93.23%
2020	2021	16,618,032	16,503,866	99.31%	919,414	17,423,280	104.85%

Delinquent taxes not collected in the subsequent year are expensed.

Litem No. 6.

City of Greeley
Sales and Use Tax by Category
(unaudited)

	2020	2021
Retail Trade	\$ 47,267,824 \$	51,715,361
Accommodation and Food Services	9,612,630	11,909,892
Wholesale Trade	5,608,878	6,433,471
Automotive Use Tax	5,165,641	6,002,475
Sales Tax on Buildings	2,682,774	5,040,187
Utilities	4,066,682	4,081,255
Publishing/Internet/Telecommunication	3,390,950	3,997,090
Manufacturing	2,487,430	2,647,578
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	2,270,222	2,358,068
Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,360,130	1,544,908
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	388,403	1,056,057
Construction	1,063,711	988,603
Oil/Gas/Mining	855,045	671,509
Miscellaneous	350,605	600,086
Finance and Insurance	178,591	552,305
Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services	364,070	521,128
Transportation and Warehousing	280,756	396,680
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	266,874	251,198
Health Care and Social Assistance	189,255	166,924
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	52,873	134,864
Educational Services	30,833	24,859
Public Administration	12,705	20,659
Management of Companies and Enterprises	590	1,561
Total	\$ 87,947,472 \$	101,116,718
Sales tax rate	4.11%	4.11%

Note: These totals are for sales tax revenue not adjusted for receivables.

TABLE 9

Ten Principal Generators of Sales Tax Revenuese December 31, 2021

		2021			2012	
			Percentage of			Percentage of
			Total			Total
	Amount		Collections (%)	Amount		Collections (%)
Type of Business	Collected	Rank	*	 Collected	Rank	*
Retail Trade	\$ 2,939,466	1	3.85%	\$ 2,908,090	1	5.80%
Retail Trade	2,466,963	2	3.23%	1,796,557	3	3.59%
Retail Trade	2,441,357	3	3.20%	1,217,927	4	2.43%
Utilities	2,358,982	4	3.09%	1,822,644	2	3.64%
Retail Trade	2,309,992	5	3.03%	1,197,457	5	2.39%
Retail Trade	2,061,177	6	2.70%	1,098,996	6	2.19%
Retail Trade	1,917,022	7	2.51%	1,098,514	7	2.19%
Retail Trade	1,624,681	8	2.13%	1,079,227	8	2.15%
Retail Trade	1,229,706	9	1.61%	1,058,516	9	2.11%
Utilities	1,185,050	10	1.55%	-	-	-
Retail Trade	-	-	-	875,212	10	1.75%
	\$ 12,686,610		16.62%	\$ 8,230,566		16.42%

This table does not include sales tax on building permits or auto use tax. The table is based on sales tax remittances to the City during th twelve-month period ended December 31. Because of the confidential nature of the gross sales of such entities, the idnetities of the vendors cannot be divulged under penalty of law.

^{*} rounded percentages are based upon total sales tax collections of \$50,105,543 in 2012, and \$76,353,264 in 2021.

City of Greeley TABLE 10

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Total Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net General	Net Bonded
2012	-	0.00%	-
2013	-	0.00%	-
2014	-	0.00%	-
2015	-	0.00%	-
2016	-	0.00%	-
2017	-	0.00%	-
2018	-	0.00%	-
2019	-	0.00%	-
2020	-	0.00%	-
2021	-	0.00%	-

Sources: Weld County Assessor's Office

City of Greeley
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type
Last Ten Fiscal Years

_		Governmental A	Activities		Business-	Type Activities
		Certificates of	Notes and		General Obligation	
Fiscal Year	Revenue Bonds	Participation	Contracts	Capital Lease	Bonds	Revenue Bonds
2012	45,525,000	-	-	868,787	-	93,020,000
2013	43,394,346	-	-	776,040	-	90,459,503
2014	39,484,937	-	-	3,283,751	-	85,737,335
2015	31,560,000	-	-	1,107,649	-	91,145,000
2016	27,140,000	25,545,000	-	1,818,789	-	80,815,000
2017	22,565,000	25,545,000	-	1,903,780	-	84,291,994
2018	19,673,288	25,545,000	-	1,558,723	-	134,980,211
2019	14,390,000	37,471,233	-	1,242,545	-	125,367,436
2020	10,835,000	35,295,000	-	920,207	-	116,374,661
2021	7,115,000	34,575,000	-	591,584	-	106,981,887

⁽¹⁾ See Table 15 for population data and persional income Beginning in 2017, debt is shown as net of related premiums, discounts and adjustments

continued next page

Business-Type Activities

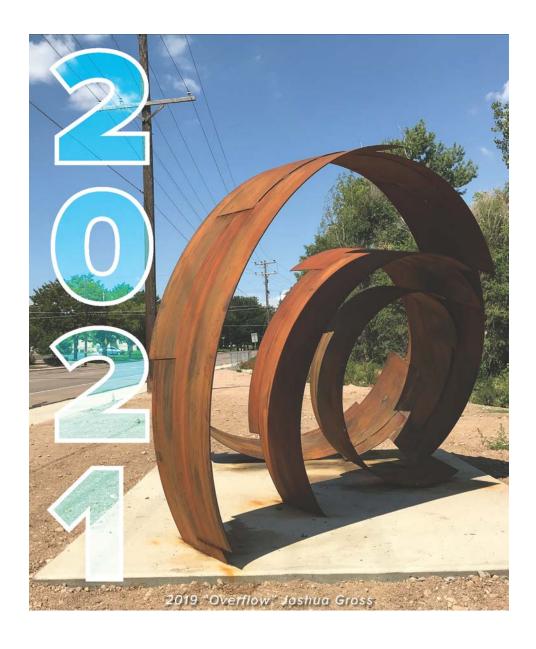
			Percentage of	
Notes and		Total Primary	Personal	
Contracts	Capital Lease	Government	Income (1)	Per Capita (1)
8,734,541	-	150,003,328	4.93%	1,561
6,702,939	-	142,740,495	4.39%	1,467
4,685,847	-	134,141,982	3.53%	1,363
3,830,923	-	128,118,572	2.96%	1,268
2,948,945	226,662	138,494,396	2.66%	1,344
2,013,995	155,238	136,475,007	2.96%	1,305
1,062,784	87,116	182,907,122	3.69%	1,702
-	17,553	178,488,767	2.81%	1,619
52,000	-	163,476,868	2.51%	1,368
-	-	149,263,471	3.78%	2,140
	8,734,541 6,702,939 4,685,847 3,830,923 2,948,945 2,013,995 1,062,784	Contracts Capital Lease 8,734,541 - 6,702,939 - 4,685,847 - 3,830,923 - 2,948,945 226,662 2,013,995 155,238 1,062,784 87,116 - 17,553	Contracts Capital Lease Government 8,734,541 - 150,003,328 6,702,939 - 142,740,495 4,685,847 - 134,141,982 3,830,923 - 128,118,572 2,948,945 226,662 138,494,396 2,013,995 155,238 136,475,007 1,062,784 87,116 182,907,122 - 17,553 178,488,767 52,000 - 163,476,868	Notes and Contracts Capital Lease Total Primary Government Personal Income (1) 8,734,541 - 150,003,328 4.93% 6,702,939 - 142,740,495 4.39% 4,685,847 - 134,141,982 3.53% 3,830,923 - 128,118,572 2.96% 2,948,945 226,662 138,494,396 2.66% 2,013,995 155,238 136,475,007 2.96% 1,062,784 87,116 182,907,122 3.69% 1,062,784 87,116 182,907,122 3.69% 52,000 - 163,476,868 2.51%

City of Greeley
Direct and Overlapping Long-Term Debt
As of December 31, 2021

				Estimated Percentage Applicable to the	Estimated Share of Debt
Governmental Unit	Deb	t Outstanding		City	Applicable to the City
Direct:	_				
City of Greeley	\$	42,281,584	(1)	100.00%	\$ 42,281,584
Overlapping:					
Aims Community College		3,320,742		100.00%	3,320,742
Central Colorado Water Conservancy District (CCW)		40,367,616		1.00%	403,676
Central Colorado Water Subdistrict (CCS)		26,490,192		1.00%	264,902
Central Colorado Water Well (CCA)		16,956,005		1.00%	169,560
City Center West Residential Metropolitin District		-		100.00%	-
Clearview Library District		-		0.00%	-
Eaton Parks & Recreation District		22,750,000		1.00%	227,500
Eaton School District RE-2		124,215		6.03%	7,490
High Plains Library District		-		17.86%	-
Little Thompson Water District		42,238,283		0.00%	-
North Weld County Water District		22,700,000		1.00%	227,000
Northern Colorado Water Conservancy District		72,274,300		1.90%	1,373,212
Thompson Rivers Parks and Recreation District		8,000,000		5.00%	400,000
Tri-Pointe Commercial Metropolitan District		13,160,000		100.00%	13,160,000
Tri-Pointe Residential Metropolitan District		24,140,000		100.00%	24,140,000
Weld County School District RE-4		125,570,252		1.00%	1,255,703
Weld County School District RE-5J		154,306,824		5.00%	7,715,341
Weld County School District RE-6		386,635,121		80.00%	309,308,097
Total Overlapping Debt		888,855,000			357,983,903
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$	892,175,742			\$ 361,304,645

Sources: Outstanding debt and applicable percentages provided by each governmental unit. (1) Long-term debt of governmental activities

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Legal Debt Margin Information
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 2012	2013	2014	2015
Debt limit	\$ 81,504,184 \$	80,888,103 \$	87,845,503 \$	97,672,588
Total net debt applicable to limit	 -	-	-	
Legal debt margin	\$ 81,504,184 \$	80,888,103 \$	87,845,503 \$	97,672,588
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Note: The total oustanding general obligation indebtedness of the City, other than for water, sewer or stormwater bonds, shall not at any time exceed 10% of the assessed valuation of the taxable property within the City.

continued next page

Legal Debt Margin	Calculati	on for Fisca	al Year 2021
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Assessed value	\$ 1,684,861,780
Debt limit	168,486,178
Debt applicable to limit:	
General obligation bonds	<u></u> _
Legal debt	
margin	\$ 168,486,178

Fiscal Year										
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	<u>2021</u>					
\$ 96,810,419 \$	110,396,661 \$	117,158,972 \$	150,443,409 \$	162,124,213 \$	168,486,178					
 -	-	-	-	-	-					
\$ 96,810,419 \$	110,396,661 \$	117,158,972 \$	150,443,409 \$	162,124,213 \$	168,486,178					
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%					

City of Greeley
Pledged-Revenue Coverage
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Debt Service Requirement

				_	Debt 30	ervice nequire	IIICIIC	
			Non-Operating					
Fiscal		Operating	Revenue	Net Available				
Year	Operating Revenue	Expenses	(Expenses)	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
Water Re	venue Bonds							
2012	40,989,352	18,178,656	3,424,570	26,235,266	3,410,000	2,911,341	6,321,341	4.15
2013	38,238,419	17,159,558	980,073	22,058,934	4,690,000	3,578,121	8,268,121	2.67
2014	39,889,553	18,047,212	7,499,256	29,341,597	4,825,000	3,585,912	8,410,912	3.49
2015	36,052,172	18,255,226	16,751,230	34,548,176	5,075,000	3,108,264	8,183,264	4.22
2016	39,948,336	20,263,035	9,987,138	29,672,439	5,090,000	2,856,928	7,946,928	3.73
2017	39,634,117	16,559,242	4,550,496	27,625,371	5,010,000	2,852,931	7,862,931	3.51
2018	40,863,941	19,735,088	1,105,032	22,233,885	5,210,000	2,650,431	7,860,431	2.83
2019	42,086,422	17,505,505	1,997,805	26,578,722	7,450,000	3,770,420	11,220,420	2.37
2020	52,502,894	43,781,188	1,264,612	9,986,318	6,915,000	3,938,481	10,853,481	0.92
2021	48,867,239	40,147,978	19,233,858	27,953,119	7,280,000	3,606,381	10,886,381	2.57
Salos 9. II	se Tax Revenue Bonds	-						
2012	50,108,375		-	50,108,375	3,870,000	2,127,443	5,997,443	8.35
2012	54,348,912		-	54,348,912	4,030,000	1,824,163	5,854,163	9.28
2013	61,816,423	_	-	61,816,423	4,185,000	1,661,575	5,846,575	10.57
2014	63,476,557	-	- -	63,476,557	4,183,000	1,371,558	5,741,558	11.06
2013	64,351,257	-	-	64,351,257	4,420,000	1,301,513	5,721,513	11.00
2010	70,100,275	-	-	70,100,275	4,420,000	1,136,163	5,721,313	12.27
2017	76,013,320	-	- -	76,013,320	4,750,000	964,413	5,711,103	13.30
2018	81,884,895	-	-	81,884,895	3,425,000	779,150	4,204,150	19.48
2019	75,707,286	-	-	75,707,286	3,555,000	650,600	4,204,130	18.00
		-						
2021	86,839,662	-	-	86,839,662	3,720,000	494,850	4,214,850	20.60
Sewer Re	venue Bonds							
2016	10,889,519	6,304,165	2,682,951	7,268,305	330,000	200,095	530,095	13.71
2017	9,468,679	5,739,521	1,823,350	5,552,508	365,000	166,144	531,144	10.45
2018	10,011,565	6,327,024	3,434,111	7,118,652	370,000	158,844	528,844	13.46
2019	10,394,878	7,936,302	844,338	3,302,914	835,000	533,456	1,368,456	2.41
2020	10,952,408	6,525,415	328,385	4,755,378	735,000	630,444	1,365,444	3.48
2021	11,863,448	6,814,883	300,116	5,348,681	765,000	605,244	1,370,244	3.90
Storm W:	ater Revenue Bonds							
2016	5,565,563	2,551,642	367,124	3,381,045	250,000	296,615	546,615	6.19
2017	5,397,985	1,939,908	249,751	3,707,828	265,000	279,750	544,750	6.81
2017	6,197,943	2,663,750	779,742	4,313,935	275,000	269,150	544,150	7.93
2019	6,392,624	2,231,253	67,059	4,228,430	290,000	258,150	548,150	7.71
2020	6,872,569	2,552,300	67,986	4,388,255	305,000	243,650	548,650	8.00
2021	7,695,525	2,371,879	21,849	5,345,495	310,000	237,550	547,550	9.76
2021	1,055,525	2,3,1,0,3	21,043	3,343,433	310,000	237,330	341,330	5.70

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include depreciation. Non-operating revenue/expenses do not include increase/decrease in fair value, gain/loss on sale of assets or interest expenses.

City of Greeley

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Denver/Boulder /Greeley	School District	Greeley MSA		Greeley MSA per Capita
Fiscal		Greeley	Consumer Price	Six	Unemployment	Greeley Personal	Personal
Year	Population	Median Age	Index	Enrollment	Rate	Income (1)	Income
2012	96,093	30.4	226	19,840	8.7	\$ 3,042,016	\$ 31,657
2013	97,320	30.4	223	19,821	7.6	\$ 3,249,807	\$ 33,393
2014	98,423	31.2	229	21,183	4.0	\$ 3,805,427	\$ 38,664
2015	101,048	29.8	232	21,440	3.5	\$ 4,323,541	\$ 42,787
2016	103,037	30.9	237	22,547	2.6	\$ 5,201,617	\$ 50,483
2017	104,557	31.4	257	22,820	2.8	\$ 4,608,873	\$ 44,080
2018	107,457	31.6	254	22,878	3.5	\$ 4,961,505	\$ 46,172
2019	110,263	31.8	270	22,467	4.2	\$ 6,349,605	\$ 57,586
2020	111,748	31.8	280	22,219	6.6	\$ 6,102,782	\$ 54,612
2021	113,906	31.6	282	22,694	3.8	\$ 6,441,726	\$ 56,553

⁽¹⁾ Thousands of dollars

Source:

City of Greeley Planning

U.S. Department of Commberce - Bureau of Economic Analysis

U.S. Department of Labor - Bureau of Labor Statistics

State of Colorado Division of Local Government

Greeley/Evans School District 6

Upstate Colorado

TABLE 15

TABLE 16

Litem No. 6.

City of Greeley

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Principal Employers

(Unaudited)

		2021		2012			
	Number of		% of Total	Number of		% of Total	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment	
JBS USA & Affiliated Companies	4,684	1	9.12%	4,500	1	3.60%	
Banner Health (NCMC)	3,560	2	6.93%	3,000	2	2.40%	
Greeley/Evans School District Six	2,312	3	4.50%	-	-	-	
University of Northern Colorado	1,723	4	3.36%	-	_	_	
Weld County	1,615	5	3.14%	-	_	_	
State Farm Insurance	944	6	1.84%	1,460	4	1.17%	
City of Greeley	925	7	1.80%	_,	_		
Wal-Mart Supercenter	857	8	1.67%	-	_	_	
UC Health/Greeley Hospital	750	9	1.46%	-	_	-	
Colorado Premium Foods (K2D, LLC)	630	10	1.23%	-	_	_	
Vestas Blades America, LLC	-	-	-	1,600	3	1.28%	
Care Stream Health, Inc	-	-	-	520	5	0.42%	
TeleTech	-	-	_	500	6	0.40%	
Haliburton Energy Services, Inc	-	_	-	430	7	0.34%	
McLane Western	-	-	-	390	8	0.31%	
StarTek Inc	-	_	-	370	9	0.30%	
Evangelical Lutheran good Samaritan Society	-	-	-	330	10	0.26%	
,	18,000	.	35.05%	13,100	•	10.48%	
Total Employed Greeley Labor Force	51,355	-		124,972			

Source: Upstate Colorado-Economic and Demographic Profile Colorado Department Labor and Employment

ty of Greeley

Operating Indicators by Function/Program

City of Greeley TABLE 17

Function/Program	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
General government										
Court cases	16,344	12,489	13,619	14,370	12,256	14,500	16,066	17,691	17,499	14,908
Number of employees										
Regular (FTE)	860.80	863.30	839.55	864.25	872.25	882.75	897.25	922.72	970.00	986.75
Seasonal/Temporary (FTE)	153.21	266.55	277.48	286.19	129.98	115.63	110.95	131.71	-	133.58 (2)
Public safety										
Calls for basic police service	66,026	68,208	69,127	72,909	78,760	78,502	78,232	78,152	74,246	74,469
Traffic citations	16,867	10,343	14,297	16,660	14,309	17,865	18,111	19,921	19,518	17,846
										(5)
Smoke detectors installed	10	14	40	62	278	224	30	46	7	- (7)
Community development										
Reviewed development submittals	355	370	444	471	536	452	488	493	438	513
Building permits	55	155	361	449	244	257	54	170	66	296
Registered neighborhoods/watch										
groups	105	100	104	116	121	122	146	124	390	136
Historic properties designated	-	1	2	2	1	2	2	0	-	2
Code enforcement violations	4,149	4,196	4,382	4,008	4,239	4,524	1,788	3,220	1,316	2,909
Culture, Parks & Recreation										
Recreation center memberships	7,760	8,822	8,872	7,834	6,986	9,048	3,889	3,688	4,761	4,173
Youth enrichment program registration	975	1,543	1,488	1,656	1,602	1,223	1,038	839	498	459 (4)
Public art collection pieces	385	399	424	442	467	554	556	557	512	536
Number of individuals using museums	39,243	30,454	24,559	25,044	28,215	28,715	27,276	24,867	1,036	4,639
Number events hosted at										
Union Colony Civic Center	226	285	289	314	234	288	311	181	20	109
Park acres	933	933	933	1,183	1,499	1,517	1,517	1,613	2,124	2,124 (1)
Park shelter rentals	563	599	624	598	475	472	446	483	-	186
New street trees planted	18	60	70	79	48	40	42	43	50	29
Public works										
Miles of streets	359.00	363.08	365.00	370.28	370.34	367.43	379.2	370.17	370.94	375.25
Number of traffic signals	119	116	116	116	116	116	117	118	120	122
Graffiti cases handled	1,096	872	826	825	663	370	487	514	882	1,165
Water/Sewer										
Miles of sewer line cleaned	392	321	321	373	296	292	226	179	114	143
Number of water line valves exercised	847	358	883	800	800	450	487	500	500	515 (3)
Number of water taps added	68	196	409	489	301	136	425	249	120	424 (6)

⁽¹⁾ In 2015, acreage for both parks and open lands are documented.

⁽²⁾ The decrease in the 2016 Seasonal FTEs is due the fact that the **Temporary/Other** category is no longer being reported. The **Temporary/Other** category includes volunteers and individuals that work for the City but are paid by other agencies. In 2020 due to COVID, seasonal staffing was drastically reduced or eliminated, these adjustments are incorporated in the data from the 2020 budget book since the full-year 2020 actuals are not available for accurate comparison.

⁽³⁾ Number of valves exercised decreased due to decrease in staff.

⁽⁴⁾ In 2008, youth enrichment program was tracked as attendance rather than registration.

⁽⁵⁾ In 2018, the Fire Department switched to tracking number of installs rather than individual smoke detectors installed.

⁽⁶⁾ In 2019, added tracking number of water taps added

⁽⁷⁾ Due to turnover, the Fire Department was unable to locate the smoke detector information.

City of Greeley

Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2012	2013	2014	2015
General government	69.75	74.00	74.00	80.25
Public safety	245.50	245.50	199.50	199.50
Public works	124.95	126.95	129.20	140.40
Culture, Parks & Recreation	124.25	124.25	131.00	133.50
Community development	26.25	26.25	33.50	33.50
Fire	106.00	106.00	107.00	108.00
Sewer	40.70	40.50	40.50	39.00
Water	82.55	79.00	80.00	82.75
Downtown parking	2.00	2.00	2.00	3.25
Stormwater	17.10	17.10	20.10	20.10
Information Technology	21.75	21.75	22.75	24.00
Total	860.80	863.30	839.55	864.25

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			** :		
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
84.50	87.25	84.50	99.00	104.00	108.50
202.50	205.50	205.50	211.50	219.50	219.50
142.40	143.40	143.40	143.40	147.40	158.20
134.50	133.75	133.75	135.00	140.25	134.50
32.50	32.50	32.50	47.00	49.00	48.00
108.00	108.00	108.00	117.00	133.00	135.00
39.20	39.20	39.20	38.60	38.60	38.60
82.55	82.55	84.55	83.15	86.15	88.15
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.20
20.10	20.10	20.10	20.10	20.10	24.10
24.00	25.00	24.00	26.00	30.00	30.00
872.25	879.25	877.50	922.75	970.00	986.75

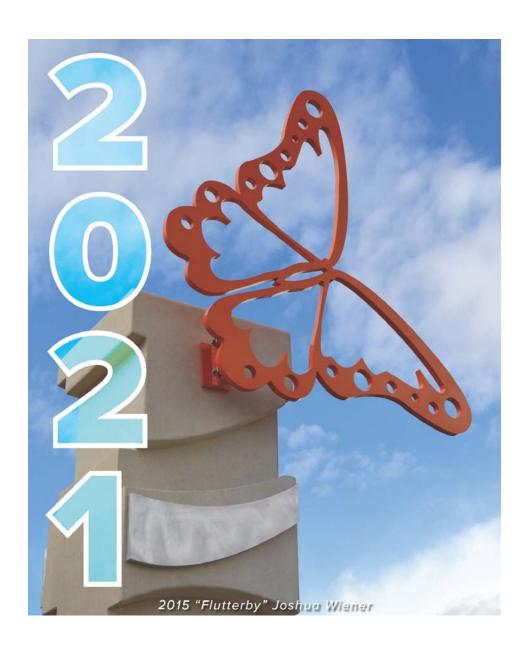
City of Greeley Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program

		2012	2013	2014	2015
Governmental activities:		2012	2013	2014	2013
General government					
Land/land improvements	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Buildings/building improvements		92,218	77,701	63,225	51,319
Machinery/equipment		775,167	727,591	1,261,983	1,148,798
Artwork		16,540	16,540	16,540	16,540
Construction in progress		47,817	23,079	23,079	38,232
Total general government		931,742	844,911	1,364,827	1,254,889
Public safety					
Land/land improvements		3,307,097	3,299,716	3,295,062	3,290,409
Buildings/building improvements		20,556,871	19,969,242	19,428,226	18,855,714
Machinery/equipment		3,480,011	3,911,329	3,866,159	4,871,229
Artwork		231,600	231,600	231,600	231,600
Construction in progress		-	286,603	18,484	1,611,295
Total public safety		27,575,579	27,698,490	26,839,531	28,860,247
Public works					
Land/land improvements		59,229,745	60,933,891	64,566,989	73,369,073
Buildings/building improvements		7,386,352	7,068,850	6,880,426	6,318,325
Machinery/equipment		5,087,389	5,382,921	5,839,474	6,489,194
Infrastructure		128,233,529	120,889,285	118,556,930	125,399,272
Construction in progress		2,507,408	2,838,473	10,776,714	8,575,255
Total public works		202,444,423	197,113,420	206,620,533	220,151,119
Culture, parks & recreation					
Land/land improvements		24,653,119	23,647,349	24,088,847	24,645,898
Buildings/building improvements		39,935,362	38,565,396	36,971,665	35,889,353
Machinery/equipment		1,345,582	1,342,750	1,749,682	2,467,525
Artwork		2,648,825	2,916,650	3,156,318	3,377,586
Infrastructure		79,697	74,228	68,759	63,290
Construction in progress		60,157	879,706	476,813	1,196,589
Total culture, parks & recreation		68,722,742	67,426,079	66,512,084	67,640,241
Community development					
Land/land improvements		1,671,058	1,761,336	1,224,622	1,224,622
Buildings/building improvements		662,560	649,623	1,544,423	1,513,331
Machinery/equipment		7,628	6,397	5,166	24,440
Construction in progress		-	222,494	8,832	132,792
Total community development		2,341,246	2,639,850	2,783,043	2,895,185
Total governmental activities	\$	302,015,732 \$	295,722,750 \$	304,120,018 \$	320,801,681
Business-type activities:					
Sewer					
Land/land improvements	\$	607,213 \$	586,765 \$	861,594 \$	872,686
Water rights		28,100	28,100	28,100	28,100
Buildings/building improvements		3,667,715	1,477,441	1,711,733	1,498,392
Machinery/equipment		4,025,806	2,278,089	2,353,361	2,548,030
Infrastructure		100,947,637	65,408,435	65,936,317	65,517,724
Construction in progress		802,378 110,078,849	1,073,260 70,852,090	5,517,061 76,408,166	9,488,512 79,953,444
Total sewer	-	110,078,849	70,852,090	70,408,100	79,953,444
Water					
Land/land improvements		14,140,903	13,328,048	14,932,629	15,006,891
Water rights		90,852,327	93,071,262	94,652,234	95,427,309
Buildings/building improvements		2,012,443	1,133,773	1,390,767	1,479,755
Machinery/equipment		6,977,971	2,468,740	2,771,349	3,457,624
Artwork		496,032	496,032	496,032	496,032
Infrastructure Construction in progress		267,464,301 18,868,090	181,149,717 18,240,951	181,123,508 21,492,717	183,460,436 41,183,810
Total water		400,812,067	309,888,523	316,859,236	340,511,857
		,	,,	,-30,200	2.3,322,631
Other business activities					
Land/land improvements		8,596,633	5,863,301	5,842,478	5,821,942
Buildings/building improvements		1,568,623	326,452	298,412	295,142
Machinery/equipment		2,321,810	778,183	1,136,153	1,167,327
Infrastructure		37,577,802	13,961,866	16,648,776	16,294,234
Construction in progress Total other business activities	-	2,005,885 52,070,753	2,932,578 23,862,380	887,482 24,813,301	2,125,426 25,704,071
Total business-type activities	\$	562,961,669 \$	404,602,993 \$	418,080,703 \$	446,169,372
Total business-type activities	ş	302,301,003 3	404,002,333 3	410,000,703 3	440,103,372

City of Greeley

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
	39,412	27,506	15,599	3,693	-	130,942
	991,081	842,314	1,272,497	1,083,725	3,673,791	3,520,227
	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
	8,800	26,616	26,616	949,926	130,942	2,652,160
	1,040,293	897,436	1,315,712	2,038,344	3,805,733	3,652,169
	3,285,755	3,304,537	3,298,947	3,293,356	3,287,765	3,282,174
	20,304,658	27,179,293	26,628,633	26,299,132	38,992,832	38,199,418
	4,255,817	3,922,315	3,972,256	4,199,620	4,648,289	4,471,507
	- 1,968,704	- 368,674	-	- 2,185,515	- 320,194	-
	29,814,934	34,774,819	33,899,836	35,977,623	47,249,080	45,953,099
	79,975,629	83,798,517	101,030,309	102,185,585	102,340,589	107,156,322
	8,287,115 9,267,049	11,509,561 11,770,377	10,744,988 14,750,326	30,426,421 17,504,688	35,679,862 17,194,585	34,468,914 16,741,200
	131,293,431	125,240,238	14,750,326 125,474,363	17,594,688 122,987,265	128,681,027	16,741,200 125,654,022
	5,099,398	20,448,109	37,320,818	26,725,445	28,634,016	45,481,932
	233,922,622	252,766,802	289,320,804	299,919,404	312,530,078	329,502,390
	24,416,968	24,668,731	28,304,618	31,748,238	35,069,144	34,957,292
	34,732,928	33,592,575	34,594,755	32,963,901	34,472,505	33,147,475
	3,149,746	3,425,627	4,774,243	4,240,956	4,307,430	4,958,304
	3,970,188	4,183,505	4,433,455	4,629,558	4,815,598	4,935,983
	57,821	52,352	46,883	41,414	35,945	30,476
	937,516	6,377,627	4,195,401	4,881,825	3,613,452	6,243,139
	67,265,167	72,300,417	76,349,355	78,505,892	82,314,076	84,272,669
	1,134,344	1,134,344	1,134,344	1 124 244	1 124 244	1,340,052
	1,817,643	2,324,001	2,275,263	1,134,344 2,226,525	1,134,344 2,177,787	2,073,518
	2,704	1,473	13,103	12,276	11,449	10,622
	1,635 2,956,326	3,459,818	3,422,710	3,373,145	3,323,580	3,424,192
\$	334,999,342 \$	364,199,292 \$	404,308,417 \$	419,814,408 \$	449,222,547 \$	466,804,519
<u>+</u>			10 1,000,100		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	100/00 1/0 00
	050 270 . 6	055.0746	055 074 6	055 074 . 6	004 453 Å	4 045 535
\$	869,279 \$ 28,100	865,871 \$ 28,100	865,871 \$ 28,100	865,871 \$ 28,100	881,463 \$	1,015,525 28,100
	1,294,892	1,148,224	1,009,016	894,571	28,100 765,775	651,248
	2,633,758	2,954,353	2,652,450	5,013,194	4,740,115	4,448,091
	66,424,811	76,275,984	82,826,550	82,721,841	83,864,788	87,687,983
	9,319,529	7,006,143	3,089,108	3,946,626	5,627,931	16,482,172
	80,570,369	88,278,675	90,471,095	93,470,203	95,908,173	110,313,119
	10 677 006	17 565 705	15 820 <i>6</i> E <i>A</i>	16 120 026	21,836,580	24,308,142
	19,677,086 99,712,383	17,565,785 102,742,151	15,839,654 109,008,460	16,128,826 111,511,343	21,836,580 117,946,188	137,292,911
	1,548,305	1,457,288	1,700,077	1,535,965	1,929,986	1,938,858
	4,068,107	4,437,398	4,814,080	5,497,484	6,627,416	7,419,105
	496,032	496,032	496,032	496,032	496,032	496,032
	214,145,367	229,432,871	228,354,006	231,617,817	229,630,746	228,460,387
	26,415,609	22,838,663	44,270,723	58,550,840	50,645,117	63,608,719
	366,062,889	378,970,188	404,483,032	425,338,307	429,112,065	463,524,154
	E 903 007	E 702 252	E 762 400	E 744 F04	E 724 776	F 746 0C0
	5,802,097 268,167	5,782,253 241,191	5,762,408 214,216	5,744,591 243,368	5,734,776 213,579	5,716,960 210,899
	1,475,821	1,581,342	1,399,491	1,410,766	1,293,576	1,254,657
	19,954,974	23,116,650	28,207,105	34,099,693	36,775,814	37,934,846
	1,946,503	1,672,573	3,005,402	2,568,159	441,873	862,004
	29,447,562	32,394,009	38,588,622	44,066,577	44,459,618	45,979,366
\$	476,080,820 \$	499,642,872 \$	533,542,749 \$	562,875,087 \$	569,479,856 \$	619,816,639
•					•	



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SUPPLEMENTAL SECTION

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO

COUNTIES, CITIES AND TOWNS ANNUAL STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR ROADS, BRIDGES AND STREETS SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS FOR ROAD, BRIDGE AND STREET PURPOSES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Local Sources:	
General fund appropriations	\$ 8,027,509
Sales tax	25,729,091
Infrastructure and Impact Fees	4,190,348
Specific ownership taxes	917,201
Interest on investments	(99,683)
Traffic fines	2,136,362
Sale of surplus property	289,549
Charges for services	259,218
From other cities/counties	-
Other	2,011,190
Total Local Sources	43,460,785
State Sources:	
Motor vehicle registration fee	1,018,974
Highway maintenance agreement	780,802
Highway users tax	2,586,750
Total State Sources	4,386,526
	.,,.
Federal Sources:	
Federal grants	208,010
Total Receipts	48,055,321
Total Necelpts	+0,033,321
Beginning Balances, January 1, 2021	30,156
Total Receipts and Balances	\$ 48,085,477

continued next page

CITY OF GREELEY, COLORADO

COUNTIES, CITIES AND TOWNS ANNUAL STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR ROADS, BRIDGES AND STREETS SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS FOR ROAD, BRIDGE AND STREET PURPOSES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Local Highway Expenditures:	
Right-of-Way Costs	\$ 93,569
Engineering	1,096,362
Construction	11,620,248
Maintenance	13,566,641
Traffic control operations	3,413,895
Snow and ice removal	782,699
Other	1,728,408
Administration	2,400,429
Traffic enforcement	13,208,880
Total Local Highway Expenditures	47,911,131
Total Expenditures	47,911,131
Ending Balances, December 31, 2021	174,346
Total Expenditures and Balances	\$ 48,085,477



City of Greeley Audit Presentation to the City Council

Year Ended December 31, 2021

City of Greeley 2021 Executive Summary

- > Financial Statement Audit (Report dated March 15, 2023)
 - Unmodified opinion Highest form of assurance
 - ➤ General Fund continues to be financially sound, with an unassigned fund balance of \$43.1 million. Total fund balance increased \$8.5 million in 2021, from \$45.8 million to \$54.3 million.
 - Water and Sewer Funds have combined unrestricted net position of \$57.1 million at December 31, 2021.
 - In 2021, the City invested \$116.8 million in various infrastructure projects, equipment, land, water rights, etc.
 - Debt paydown of \$12.8 million in 2021 and no new debt issued in 2021.
- Single Audit in progress; completion May 31st
 - Includes review of ARPA, FTA (transit), Watershed and CDBG programs.

ty of Greeley Communication With Those Charged With Governance

- Internal Control Related Matters Identified
 - General ledger and underlying accounting records were not reconciled and closed in a timely manner throughout the year
 - The City provided year-end adjustments, reconciliations, and general ledger balances related to the year ended December 31, 2021 after the recommended typical closing period for a city. Year-end adjustments, updates to schedules, and final supporting reconciliations and workpapers were received through February 2023.
 - 2. Material noncompliance with laws and regulations the City was not able to file the audited financial statements by the deadline
 - > Audited financial statements were filed in March 2023.
 - 3. Year-end journal entries were identified during the audit and were necessary to state the financial statements in accordance with GAAP
 - The City failed to properly record ARPA revenue and unearned revenue until the auditor questioned the amount recorded on the trial balance. Additionally, the City failed to defer revenue related to grant funds that have not been received within period of availability but are expected to be collected. This second issue surrounding the failure to defer revenue related to grant funds was not material and was reported as a passed adjustment.

*Please see separate letter to Mayor and City Council dated March 15, 2023 for more details.

Communication With Those Charged With Governance (Continued)

- > Required Communication with Those Charged with Governance
 - ➤ No transactions entered for which there was a lack of authoritative guidance
 - ➤No significant transactions recognized in a different period than when the transaction occurred
 - ➤ Management estimates included within the financial statements (net pension liability)
 - ➤ No difficulties or disagreements with management in performing the audit

*Please see separate letter to Mayor and City Council dated March 15, 2023 for more details.

Planning Steps for 2022 Audit

- Improvements to the city's new ERP system have been completed allowing for significant reduction in manual corrections required.
- City has hired external help to assist with the preparation for the 2022 audit and identify improvements in the City's financial reporting process,
 - External resources have been onboarding and are supporting activities to get back to timely reporting moving forward.
 - Accounting team has been able to backfill several positions; remaining two positions currently being recruited.
- City's audit schedule is to complete the accounting records and related reconciliations for 2022 in spring/summer 2023 and have the 2022 financial statement audit completed by September 30, 2023



Thank you for the opportunity to serve as auditors for the City of Greeley

For more information, please contact:

Timothy St. Andrew, CPA 313.496.8542 Timothy.StAndrew@plantemoran.com



April 25, 2023

Becky Safarik, Interim Community Development Director, Bobbier Cranston, Supervising Assistant City Attorney II

Title:

Review of Proposed Regulations Concerning Abandoned Shopping Carts

Background:

Many retail establishments provide shopping carts for customer convenience in transporting purchased goods from their stores to vehicle parking areas. Customers will typically return their carts to 'cart corrals' located in the parking lot, to the front of the store or elsewhere on the site. However, some parties take the carts off the premises and abandon them in other locations where they become a nuisance to other property owners, may impede sidewalks and become an obstacle or hazard to traffic or parked cars, as well as a form of litter in parks and open spaces and on private property.

City crews have collected abandoned carts from public streets, by bus stops, and in alleys when they pose an issue. Without identification on the carts, it is hard to reunite them with owners, nor is it the City's responsibility to do so. When abandoned on private property, the owner of property can be cited for trash, even if they did not leave the cart on their property. As a result, the carts, again, get pushed on to other properties or left in the public rights-of-way.

The level of abandoned carts the city staff has observed and for which we are receiving complaints has taken a noticeable uptick and consuming more resources to manage. The attached draft ordinance has been modeled from best practices in other communities and is something the staff would like the Council to consider.

If there is support, and before presenting an ordinance for formal consideration, staff proposes to conduct a stakeholder meeting with shop owners who offer shopping carts for customer convenience and will also formulate a tactical and operational proposal to manage cart retrieval, storage and return.

Strategic Focus Area:





Quality of Life



Safe and Secure Communities

Attachments:

Appendix A – Abandoned Shopping Carts (body of proposed regulations) Slide presentation

APPENDIX A ORDINANCE ADDING CHAPTER 12 TO TITLE 12 GREELEY MUNICIPAL CODE CONCERNING ABANDONED SHOPPING CARTS

<u>Section 1.</u> Chapter 12, Abandoned Shopping Carts, of Title 12, Public Health and Environmental Control, shall be added:

Chapter 12. Abandoned Shopping Carts.

Sec. 12-1201. Legislative Intent.

It is the primary purpose of this Chapter to provide for the prompt retrieval of lost, stolen or abandoned shopping carts in order to promote public safety and improve the aesthetic appearance of the City. It is a purpose of this Chapter to have the owners and operators of businesses providing shopping carts use the means available to them to deter, prevent or mitigate the removal of shopping carts from their business premises, and to retrieve any shopping carts that may be removed despite these efforts. It is a further purpose of this chapter to prevent the illegal removal of shopping carts from the business premises, to prevent the continued possession of illegally removed carts, and to prevent the accumulation of illegally removed carts on public or private properties.

Sec. 12-1202. Declaration of Nuisance.

Retail establishments provide shopping carts for the convenience of customers shopping on the premises of the businesses. A shopping cart that has been removed from the premises of the business and left abandoned on public or private property throughout the city constitutes a public nuisance and a potential hazard to the health and safety of the public. Shopping carts abandoned on public and private property can create conditions of blight in the community, obstruct free access to sidewalks, streets and other rights-of-way, interfere with pedestrian and vehicular traffic on pathways, driveways, public and private streets, and impede emergency services. It is for these reasons that such lost, stolen, or abandoned shopping carts are hereby declared to be a public nuisance.

Sec. 12-1203. Definitions.

The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this chapter, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning: *Abandoned Shopping Cart* is a shopping cart that is left unattended, discarded or abandoned upon any public or private property other than the premises of the retail establishment from which the shopping cart was removed, regardless of whether such shopping cart was removed from the premises with or without the permission of the owner. A cart is presumed lost, stolen or abandoned unless in the possession of retail establishment personnel or enforcement personnel. *Owner* means any person or entity that owns, leases or possesses shopping carts available to customers or the public in connection with the conduct of a business.

Premises means any building, property, or other area upon which any retail establishment business is conducted or operated, including the parking area provided for customers in such retail establishment or the shopping center in which such retail establishment is located. *Retail Establishment* means any business which offers or provides shopping carts for the use of the customers of such business.

Shopping Cart is a basket which is mounted on wheels or a similar device generally used in a retail establishment by a customer for the purpose of transporting goods of any kind.

Sec. 12-1204. Shopping cart signage

- a. Identification Signs on Carts Required. Each shopping cart made available for use by customers shall have an identification sign permanently affixed to it that includes the following information:
- 1. Identifies the owner of the shopping cart or the name of the retail establishment;
- 2. Lists a current telephone number or address for returning carts removed from the premises or parking area to the owner or retailer.

Sec. 12-1205. Impoundment

- a. The City may immediately impound any lost, stolen or abandoned shopping cart within the City, or any cart within the City to which the required identification sign is not affixed.
- b. Carts impounded by the City which are either held for more than 14 days following the date of notification, or carts without an identification sign, may be disposed of or sold by the City.

Sec. 12-1206. Abandoned shopping cart retrieval.

The owner of any abandoned shopping cart, shall, within 48 hours of written notice by the City, retrieve such shopping cart and return it to the premises of the retail establishment from which the shopping cart was removed.

Sec. 12-1207. Penalties.

A violation of this chapter shall be punishable as an administrative code violation pursuant to chapter 10 of title 1 of this Code. Each day such violation continues shall be considered a separate offense.

Secs. 12-1208 – 12-407. Reserved.





Shopping Cart Regulations

City Council Work Session April 25, 2023



Background



Abandoned shopping carts have become a growing nuisance issue on both public and private property throughout the community. Left in place they block sidewalks, roll into streets and into parked cars, collect blown trash, and block drainage ways.











Community Impact

Private Property:

- Remedy is to cite <u>owner of property</u> to remove cart
 - Cart may have been left/dumped on the property by another
 - Cart may not have store identification
 - Will most often simply be relocated to another property or to the public right-of-way

Public Property:

- Picked up by various <u>city crews</u>
 - May be returned to store if labeled
 - Stored at a city facility
 - Disposed of

Response

Legislative Intent:

- Provide for the prompt removal of lost, stolen or abandoned shopping carts to promote public safety and improve the appeal of the community
- Require owners and operators of businesses providing shopping carts to use available means to deter, prevent or mitigate the removal of carts from their sites and to retrieve carts taken despite their efforts
- Prevent the illegal removal of shopping carts form business premises, continued possession of illegally removed carts and to prevent the accumulation of carts on public and private property

Public Nuisance

- Removal and abandonment of a shopping cart from the premises of the business and left on public or private property constitutes a **public** nuisance and potential hazard to the health and safety of the public in the following ways:
 - Can create conditions of blight
 - Obstruct sidewalks, streets and other rights-of-way
 - Interfere with pedestrian and vehicular traffic on pathways, driveways, streets and impede emergency services

Requirements

- Identification signs on shopping carts is required:
 - Owner of the cart or name of the business establishment
 - A current telephone number or address for returning carts to the owner or business

Once notified of an impounded cart the owner must retrieve the cart within 48 hrs.

impoundment & Retrieval

- City may immediately impound any lost, stolen or abandoned shopping carts, or any cart missing the identification sign
- Carts held for more than 14 days following notification to the business owner, or carts without notification, may be disposed of or sold by the city

- Violations are punishable through the administrative code violation section of the Greeley Municipal Code
 - Fines and violations may be mitigated if the business takes steps for theft prevention or to secure carts to the premises

Next Steps

- Meet with stakeholders who provide shopping carts
 - Feedback on challenges retaining shopping carts on premises
 - Share resources on theft prevention devices available
 - Determine lead time needed to accomplish cart labeling and customer notice preparation*
 - * The City provided template forms when smoking prohibitions were put into effect that businesses could personalize and print off for posting on their premises; this in-kind support could be explored further
- Identify options for cart retrieval and storage (city crews, contract service) and cost

Return to City Council with final recommendations

Questions















April 25, 2023 Staycie Coons, Intergovernmental Affairs Officer

Title:

Legislative Review

Background:

Beginning with the hiring of an Intergovernmental Affairs Officer, the city has focused resources to ensure a comprehensive city-wide approach to legislative matters. With guidance placed in the adopted 2023 Legislative Agenda and at the advice from the city's contracted lobbyists, the Intergovernmental Affairs Officer has positioned the city on pertinent legislation this session. Gaining consensus via email, for positioning on issue areas that do not fall within the agenda, has not proven most effective. Today these matters will be brought to Council during work session to gain consensus on a position. This can be to support, oppose, monitor, or take no position at all.

Strategic Focus Area:



High-Performance Government

Attachments:

None



Work Session Agenda Summary

Title

Scheduling of Meetings, Other Events

Summary

During this portion of the meeting the City Manager or City Council may review the attached Council Calendar or Worksession Schedule regarding any upcoming meetings or events.

Attachments

Council Meetings and Other Events Calendar Council Meeting and Work Session Schedule Status Report of Council Initiatives and Related Information

April 24, 2023 -April 30, 2023

April 2023	May 2023
SuMo TuWe Th Fr Sa	SuMo TuWe Th Fr Sa
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31

Monday, April 24	Tuesday, April 25
11:30am - 12:30pm Greeley Chamber of Commerce (Hall)	6:00pm - City Council Work Session Meeting (R_CCS_Council Chambers - WiFi Ready) - Council Master Calendar ↔
Wednesday, April 26	Thursday, April 27
7:00am - 8:00am Upstate Colorado Economic Development (Gates/Hall) (Upstate Colorado Conference Room) - Council Master Calendar •	5:30pm - 7:00pm Boards & Commission Appreciation Reception (UNC (Long's Peak Ballroom) 2101 10th Ave Greeley CO) - Council Master Calendar
5:00pm - 6:00pm Reminder - Holocaust Memorial Observances Annual Dinner ***RSVP by April 5, 2023*** (Aims Community College 4901 West 20th Street Greeley, CO (Welcome Center Third Floor Ballroom A)) - Council Master Calendar	6:00pm - 7:00pm BOCC & Weld Municipalities Quarterly Conference Call (Microsoft Teams Meeting) - Council Master Calendar
Friday, April 28	Saturday, April 29
	9:00am - 10:00am Annual Arbor Day Celebration (Glenmere Park; Meet at Playground) - Council Master Calendar
	Sunday, April 30

Council Master Calendar 1 4/18/2 Page 271

Item No. 9.

May 1, 2023 -May 7, 2023

May 2023	June 2023
SuMo TuWe Th Fr Sa	SuMo TuWe Th Fr Sa
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30

Monday, May 1	Tuesday, May 2 6:00pm - 6:30pm City Council Meeting (R_CCS_Council Chambers - WiFi Ready; R_CCS_Council Chambers Overflow Room 103) - Council Master Calendar ↔
Wednesday, May 3	Thursday, May 4 7:30am - Poudre River Trail (Hall) 3:30pm - IG Adv. Board (Butler) 6:00pm - 8:30pm North Front Range MPO Meeting (Olson/Payton)
Friday, May 5	Saturday, May 6
Council Master Calendar	Sunday, May 7

Council Master Calendar 1 4/18/2 Page 272

May 8, 2023 -May 14, 2023

May 2023								
Sul	Мо	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa		
		2						
		9						
		16						
21	22	23	24	25	26	27		
28	29	30	31					

June 2023							
Sul	Мо	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	
11 18	5 12 19 26	13 20	14 21	8 15 22	16 23	10 17	

Monday, May 8	Tuesday, May 9
	6:00pm - City Council Work Session Meeting (R_CCS_Council Chambers - WiFi Ready) - Council Master Calendar ↔
	€
Wednesday, May 10 7:30am - 9:00am Frontier House 12th Annual Breakfast***RSVP by April 20, 2023 (DoubleTree by Hilton Greeley at Lincoln Park (919 7th St., Greeley, CO 80631)) - Council Master Calendar	Thursday, May 11
Friday, May 12	Saturday, May 13 5:00pm - 7:00pm Campo Esparanza Natural Area event 5/13 (Campo Esperanza (Hope Field) is the new name for the natural area located just east of Discovery Bay Waterpark, at 715 E. 24th Street) - Council Master Calendar
	Sunday, May 14
Council Mactor Calandar	1 A/10/2 Page 27'

Council Master Calendar 1 4/19/2 Page 273

Item No. 9.

May 15, 2023 -May 21, 2023

May 2023	June 2023
SuMo TuWe Th Fr Sa	SuMo TuWe Th Fr Sa
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30

Monday, May 15	Tuosday May 16
Monday, May 15	Tuesday, May 16 ■6:00pm - City Council Meeting (R_CCS_Council Chambers - WiFi Ready; R_CCS_Council Chambers Overflow Room 103) - Council Maste Calendar ↔
	↔
Wednesday, May 17	Thursday, May 18
7:30am - Visit Greeley (Butler) ↔ 2:00pm - 5:00pm Water & Sewer Board (Gates) ↔	7:30am - 8:30am DDA (DeBoutez/Butler)
Friday, May 19	Saturday, May 20
	Sunday, May 21
ouncil Master Calendar	1 4/18/2 Page 2

Council Master Calendar 1 4/18/2 Page 274

	4/19/2023		
	This schedule is subject to change		
Date/Type	Description	Sponsor	Placement/Time
May 2, 2023	Proclamations - Historic Preservation Month	Mayor	Intro
Council Meeting	Proclamation - National Travel & Tourism Week	Mayor	Intro
	Proclamation - Small Business Week	Mayor	Intro
	Proclamation - Provider Appreciation Day	Mayor	Intro
	Minutes Approval (4/11/23 Work Session; 4/18/23 Council Meeting)	Heidi Leatherwood	Consent
	Consideration of a Resolution - Approving Redevelopment Agreement - 1024 8th Avenue, LLC	Don Tripp	Consent
	Consideration of a Resolution Appointing Primary Liquor License Officer	Heidi Leatherwood	Consent
	Intro & 1st Rdg Ord - Code Amendment to Designate Posting Sites for B&C Meeting Notice	Heidi Leatherwood	Consent
	Intro & 1st Rdg Ord - Grant Approval limits	John Karner	Consent
	PH & 2nd Rdg Ord - Set City Manager Salary	Noel Mink	Regular
	PH & 2nd Rdg Ord - Set City Attorney Salary	Noel Mink	Regular
	PH & 2nd Rdg Ord - Set Municipal Court Judge Salary	Noel Mink	Regular
	PH & 2nd Rdg Ord - Stoneybrook Rezone	Don Threewitt	Regular
	PH & 2nd Rdg Ord - Smoking Lounge (Cigar Bar)	Becky Safarik	Regular
May 9, 2023	Overview of SUTS collection system	John Karner	
Council Work Session	Legislative Review	Staycie Coons	
May 16, 2023	Proclamations - Armed Forces Day	Mayor	Intro
Council Meeting	Proclamation - Mental Health Month		
	Approval (4/25/23 Work Session; 5/2/23 Council Meeting)	Heidi Leatherwood	Consent
	Intro & 1st Rdg Ord - Code Amendment to allow SUTS collection system	John Karner	Consent
	Consideration of a Resolution - Amending IGA w/Weld County for 59th & O Street Intersection	Paul Trombino	Consent
	Consideration of a Change Order - 59th Avenue & O Street Design	Paul Trombino	Consent
	PH & 2nd Rdg Ord - Grant Approval Limits	John Karner	Regular
	PH & 2nd Rdg Ord - Code Amendment to Designate Posting Sites for B&C Meeting Notices	Heidi Leatherwood	Regular
	Boards & Commissions Appointments	Heidi Leatherwood	Regular
May 23, 2023	CivicPlus - Board Training	Heidi Leatherwood	
Council Work Session	Traffic Technology Update	Adam Turk/Paul Trombino	
	Hillside Tunnel Update	Becky Safarik/Paul Trombino	

				Greeley City Council					
	Status Report of Council Initiatives								
Initiative No.	Council Member Initiating	Council Request	Council Meeting or Work Session Date Requested	Status or Disposition (After completion, item is shown one time as completed and then removed.)	Next Steps & Schedule	Anticipated Deliverable & Date (Report, Council Presentation, etc.)	Assigned to:		
15-2021	Olson	Formation of a committee for implementation of a funding strategy for the 35th and 47th interchanges.	December 7, 2021 Council Meeting	Councilmember Olson will be following up with Manager Lee and Director Trombino on next steps Staff preparing a revised funding application for the next cycle of USDOT Grant Funding expected to be available in May 2023.	Pending outcome of federal grant application submitted	Next grant application expected May 2023	Paul Trombino		
09-2022	Butler	Review traffic and safety surrounding 15 acre open area between 71st Avenue and 8th Street	June 7, 2022 Council Meeting	Requested that Public Works review the traffic and to improve safety in this congested area. In late 2022, Public Works Staff installed additional signage to improve safety and line of sight issues caused by parked cars. Furthermore, GPD with the help of Public Works have identified key times to enforce both speeding and stop sign compliance. City staff along with School District 6 and Westridge Academy held a public meeting with the neighborhood on January 26th, 2023. During this meeting we heard feedback regarding traffic safety and development concerns. This feedback is being used to develop solutions to address identified traffic safety concerns. These potential solutions will be brought back to the neighborhood to garner feedback prior to moving forward with the installation of identified improvements.	Additional signage installed for traffic and parking. Staff worked with School District, builder and GPD to ensure road is passable for school buses. GPD will focus enforcement times to ensure compliance with posted speed limit. Staff developing neighborhood safety improvement options and working with School District on transportation issues to improve coordination and support related to safety and infrastructure around school sites.	Anticipate providing council an update on the next neighborhood meeting and safety improvements by late summer 2023	Paul Trombino		
16-2022	Clark	Concerns over the increase in incidents and safety in the tunnel under Hwy 34 in the Hillside/Farr Park neighborhood	November 1, 2022 Council Meeting	Requested staff study implementing a closure of the tunnel entrance between the hours of 10:00 PM and 7:00 AM over safety concerns Post the neighborhood meeting and confirmation the neighborhood's desire to keep the underpass. Public Works Staff finalized a new design for the existing underpass. The final new underpass design concept was submitted for grant funding through the Colorado Department of Transportation – Transportation Alternatives Program	Neighborhood meeting scheduled for 1/25/23 5:30 - 7:00 pm at Jackson Elementary. PW finalizing new design for existing underpass. Submitted for grant funding through CDOT - Transportation Alternaties program	We plan to share the new design concept in a neighborhood meeting to be scheduled in late April/early May 2023.	Paul Trombino/Becky Safarik		

17-2022	DeBoutez	Expressed concern about neighborhood	November 15, 2022	Requested GPD and PW research technologies	CMO recommendation - Do we	Work Session report/CMO	Adam Turk/Paul
		issues, i.e. speeding and noise violations. Expressed concern about growing number	Council Meeting February 21, 2023	available for traffic calming, speed/red light cameras and decibel measuring devices to improve safety, wellbeing and quality of life in Greeley.	invest in additional technology tools and structure to combat neighborhood issues?	recommendation on neighborhood issues and technological options	Trombino
		Expressed concern about growing number of Air BNB's in neighborhoods and additional nuisances from those rentals	February 21, 2023 Council Meeting	Requested staff also research effects of Air BNB rentals on neighborhood nuisance problems. Add this research to current PW/GPD report on adding technology tools to combat neighborhood issues. GPD and PW staff have completed their research regarding the betterment of neighborhood safety, wellbeing and quality of life using technology. Staff developed a comprehensive list of technology and other tools available and will bring those forward at an	PW/GPD provide report on technologies available, cost of such technology, and how different technologies are used in other communities and the results of implementing such technology. GPD completed research and provided to CMO. Waiting for direction on if this will be provided in CM report to Council or at WS.	Per Councilor DeBoutez's request, a work session regarding the technologies/options will be scheduled. A written report related to the AirBNB's will be provided in an upcoming weekly email to council.	
				upcoming work session. April 13, 2022 Data and finding related to Air BNBs have been summarized by staff. April 13, 2022	(3/21/23)		
01-2023	Butler	Costs and feasibility study of translation services for agendas and meetings	January 3, 2023 Council Meeting	Request staff research the costs and feasibility of translating the agenda, agenda packet and live streamed meetings in other languages? Is Spanish the predominant language for translation or are other languages also appropriate?	CCO to work with C&E to gather statistical information for report.	CCO to provide a written report or Work Session Report within the next month.	City Clerk's Office/Communicati on & Engagement
				CCO is almost finished gathering the costs connected to having an in-person translator at council meetings, along with options for agenda translation services. C&E has supplied the information needed about the percentage of Spanish speaker in the community. Next Steps: Provide a written summary and recommendation to council by end of March. *April 12, 2023			
03-2023	Butler	Limits on individual campaign contributions	February 7, 2023 Council Meeting	Research and gather information from other municipalties to determine if they have implemented campaign contribution limits and provide update of what the process would be to set limits for individual campaign contributions As of 4-11-23 - CAO and CCO will have a written	CCO/CAO to come back to Council at a work session regarding the process	CCO/CAO report to Council	CCO/CAO
04-2023	Hall	Bridge over creek along the Poudre River Trail in Pumpkin Ridge area	March 7, 2023 Council Meeting	report ready by April 27. Would like a written report to Council regarding the history of the project and possibility of putting a wooden foot bridge across the trail and the timeline going forward City staff will be setting up a neighborhood meeting with the Pumpkin Ridge Neighborhood regarding the proposed connection to the Sheep Draw Trail. We are	PW anticipated next neighborhood meeting for May/June 2023.	PW report provided to Council on March 24, 2023. Neighborhood meeting planned for May/June 2023.	PW
06-2023	Clark/DeBoutez	Asked staff to research zoning codes for artificial grass in housing developments	March 21, 2023 Council Meeting	planning the meeting for Mav/June 2023. Asked staff to research the zoning regulations and standards for putting artificial grass in residents' front yards and research the landscape code and provide updates on the alternatives for water conservation	Community Development/Water Conservation	CMO/Report to Council	CD/Water