

City Commission Meeting Agenda 2 Park Drive South, Great Falls, MT Gibson Room, Civic Center May 19, 2020 7:00 PM

UPDATES CONCERNING PROCESS OF MEETINGS

Due to the COVID-19 health concerns, the format of the City Commission meeting will be held in a virtual video-conferencing environment. In order to honor the Right of Participation and the Right to Know (Article II, Sections 8 and 9 of the Montana Constitution), the City of Great Falls and City Commission are making every effort to meet the requirements of open meeting laws:

- City Commission members and City staff will attend the meeting via a remote location, using a virtual meeting method.
- The agenda packet material is available on the City's website: https://greatfallsmt.net/meetings. The Public may view and listen to the meeting on government access channel City-190, cable channel 190; or online at https://greatfallsmt.net/livestream.
- Public comment will be taken during the meeting as indicated on the agenda with an <u>asterisk</u>. Public participation is welcome in the following ways:
 - Attend in person. Refrain from attending in person if you are not feeling well. The City
 will require social distancing at the meeting, and may limit the number of persons in the
 Gibson Room according to applicable health guidelines.
 - Provide public comments via email. Comments may be sent via email before 5:00 PM on Tuesday, May 19, 2020, to: commission@greatfallsmt.net. Include the agenda item or agenda item number in the subject line, and include the name and address of the commenter. Written communication received by that time will be shared with the City Commission and appropriate City staff for consideration during the agenda item and before final vote on the matter; and, will be so noted in the official record of the meeting.
 - <u>Call-in</u>. The public may call in during specific public comment periods at <u>406-761-4786</u>. All callers will be in a queued system and are asked to remain on hold and be patient. Calls will be taken in the order in which they are received. Callers will be restricted to customary time limits. This is a pilot service to test the feasibility of expanded public participation by phone. We ask for your patience in the event there are technical difficulties.

CALL TO ORDER

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

ROLL CALL / STAFF INTRODUCTIONS

AGENDA APPROVAL

CONFLICT DISCLOSURE / EX PARTE COMMUNICATIONS

PETITIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS/NEIGHBORHOOD COUNCILS/BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS

(Public comment on any matter that is not on the agenda of the meeting and that is within the jurisdiction of the City Commission. Please keep your remarks to a maximum of 3 minutes. When at the podium, state your name and address for the record.)

- 1. Miscellaneous reports and announcements.
 - * Members of the public participating telephonically, please follow along with the City Commission meeting at https://greatfallsmt.net/livestream or on cable channel 190. The Mayor will announce Agenda Item 1. At that time call 406-761-4786. You will be placed in a queue until the City Clerk or Mayor calls on you to speak, at which time your line will be unmuted and you will be able to address the City Commission for up to three minutes, first giving your name and address for the record. You will be able to hear the meeting through the phone, so you should continue to follow along online or on your television. When it is your turn to speak, please mute your online or television audio to avoid time-delayed background noise/feedback through the phone, and do not use speakerphone when commenting.
- 2. Appointments/Reappointment to the Housing Authority Board of Commissioners.
 * Members of the public participating telephonically, please follow along with the City Commission meeting at https://greatfallsmt.net/livestream or on cable channel 190. After the motion is presented the Mayor will ask if there are any comments from the public pertaining to the agenda item 2. At that time call 406-761-4786. You will be placed in a queue until the City Clerk or Mayor calls on you to speak, at which time your line will be unmuted and you will be able to address the City Commission for up to three minutes, first giving your name and address for the record. You will be able to hear the meeting through the phone, so you should continue to follow along online or on your television. When it is your turn to speak, please mute your online or television audio to avoid time-delayed background noise/feedback through the phone, and do not use speakerphone when commenting.

CITY MANAGER

3. Miscellaneous reports and announcements from City Manager.

CONSENT AGENDA

The Consent Agenda is made up of routine day-to-day items that require Commission action. Items may be pulled from the Consent Agenda for separate discussion/vote by any Commissioner.

- 4. Minutes, May 5, 2020, City Commission Meeting.
- 5. Total Expenditures of \$4,765,349 for the period of April 15, 2020 through May 6, 2020, to include claims over \$5000, in the amount of \$4,538,322.
- 6. Contracts List.
- 7. Approve the bid award for asphaltic concrete material to Great Falls Sand & Gravel, Inc., of Great Falls for \$745,000.
- 8. Approve the Professional Services Agreement, Amendment No. 2 increasing the agreement amount by \$7,625.00 between the City of Great Falls and Black and Veatch Corporation for engineering services on the Water Treatment Plant Facility Upgrades Project for a total fee not to exceed \$7,044,989.00, and authorize the City Manager to execute the Amendment.
- 9. Approve the purchase of a precast concrete restroom from CXT, Inc. an L.B. Foster Company of Spokane, WA through Sourcewell, formerly known as NJPA, for \$151,208 to be placed in Oddfellows Park.

Action: Approve Consent Agenda as presented or remove items for separate discussion and/or vote by any Commission member.

* Members of the public participating telephonically, please follow along with the City Commission meeting at https://greatfallsmt.net/livestream or on cable channel 190. After the motion is presented the Mayor will ask if there are any comments from the public pertaining to the consent agenda items 4-9. At this time call 406-761-4786. You will be placed in a queue until the City Clerk or Mayor calls on you to speak, at which time your line will be unmuted and you will be able to address the City Commission for up to five minutes, first giving your name and address for the record. You will be able to hear the meeting through the phone, so you should continue to follow along online or on your television. When it is your turn to speak, please mute your online or television audio to avoid time-delayed background noise/feedback through the phone, and do not use speakerphone when commenting.

PUBLIC HEARINGS

OLD BUSINESS

NEW BUSINESS

ORDINANCES / RESOLUTIONS

- 10. Resolution 10345, Adopting the City of Great Falls Extension of Services Plan. *Action: Adopt or deny Res. 10345. (Presented by Craig Raymond)*
 - * Members of the public participating telephonically, please follow along with the City Commission meeting at https://greatfallsmt.net/livestream or on cable channel 190. After the staff presentation and motion is presented the Mayor will ask if there are any comments from the public pertaining to the agenda item 10. At this time call 406-761-4786. You will be placed in a queue until the City Clerk or Mayor calls on you to speak, at which time your line will be unmuted and you will be able to address the City Commission for up to five minutes, first giving your name and address for the record. You will be able to hear the meeting through the phone, so you should continue to follow along online or on your television. When it is your turn to speak, please mute your online or television audio to avoid time-delayed background noise/feedback through the phone, and do not use speakerphone when commenting.
- 11. Resolution 10346, Adopting the City of Great Falls Standards for Design and Construction. *Action: Adopt or deny Res. 10346. (Presented by Craig Raymond)*
 - * Members of the public participating telephonically, please follow along with the City Commission meeting at https://greatfallsmt.net/livestream or on cable channel 190. After the staff presentation and motion is presented the Mayor will ask if there are any comments from the public pertaining to the agenda item 11. At this time call 406-761-4786. You will be placed in a queue until the City Clerk or Mayor calls on you to speak, at which time your line will be unmuted and you will be able to address the City Commission for up to five minutes, first giving your name and address for the record. You will be able to hear the meeting through the phone, so you should continue to follow along online or on your television. When it is your turn to speak, please mute your online or television audio to avoid time-delayed background noise/feedback through the phone, and do not use speakerphone when commenting.

CITY COMMISSION

12. Miscellaneous reports and announcements from the City Commission.

ADJOURNMENT

Commission meetings are televised on cable channel 190 and streamed live at https://greatfallsmt.net. City Commission meetings are re-aired on cable channel 190 the following Wednesday morning at 10 am, and the following Tuesday evening at 7 pm.



Agenda #: 2
Commission Meeting Date: May 19, 2020

CITY OF GREAT FALLS COMMISSION AGENDA REPORT

Item:	Appointments	/Reappointn	nent to the Ho	ousing Authori	ty Board of

Commissioners

From: City Manager's Office

Initiated By: Great Falls Housing Authority

Presented By: City Commission

Action Requested: Appoint two members and reappoint one member to the Great Falls

Housing Authority Board of Commissioners.

Suggested Motion:

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"I move that the City Commission appoint	to a five-year term through June
30, 2025, appoint to the	remainder of a five-year term through June 30,
2021, and reappoint Terri Sullivan as a Tenant	member for a two-year term through June 30,
2022 to the Great Falls Housing Authority Boa	ard of Commissioners."

2. Mayor requests a second to the motion, public comment, Commission discussion, and calls for the vote.

Board Recommendation: It is recommended that the City Commission appoint Rosalie Kiernan and Douglas Spence to the Great Falls Housing Authority Board as Non-tenant members and reappoint Terri Sullivan to serve as a Tenant Member.

Summary: Timothy McKittrick has served on the Board since July 2016 and has recently resigned from the Board. Amber Pearson was appointed in September 2019 and has also resigned from the Board. City Staff advertised for this opening and received two applications. The applications were forwarded to the Board for review. The Board has not met formally to vote on the applicants due to cancelled meetings but were individually polled through email. Staff and current members are concerned about not being able to make a quorum during future meetings and would like the Commission to appoint without a formal recommendation. The General consensus is to appoint both Ms. Kiernan and Mr. Spence and reappoint Ms. Sullivan.

Background:

The Great Falls Housing Authority Board consists of seven commissioners appointed by the City Commission. Two commissioners must be residents of the Housing Authority properties. The Board is an independent authority responsible for setting policy for the operation and management of public housing properties, HUD Section 8 program and other affordable housing programs. The Board also

serves as the loan committee for the City's Housing Rehabilitation Program. The Board is also responsible for providing safe, decent, sanitary, and affordable housing for the community's low-income residents. Tenant terms are two years and regular members are five years.

Continuing members of this board are:

Ryan Hart 7/1/17 - 6/30/22David Fink 7/17/18 - 6/30/23Megan Bailly 7/16/19 - 6/30/24

Resigning and members with expiring terms:

Timothy McKittrick 7/1/16 - 6/30/21Amber Pearson 9/3/19 - 6/30/20Ashley Gates 6/7/17 - 6/30/20

Current member seeking reappointment:

Terri Sullivan 7/5/17 - 6/30/20

Citizens interested in serving:

Rosalie Kiernan Douglas Spence

Alternatives: The Commission could direct staff to continue advertising for other citizen interest.

Concurrences: Great Falls Housing Authority Board of Commissioners was individually polled through email and each member recommended appointing Ms. Kiernan and Mr. Spence and reappointing Ms. Sullivan.

Attachments/Exhibits:

Applications



BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS CITIZEN INTEREST FORM (PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE)

Thank you for your interest. Citizen volunteers are regularly appointed to the various boards and commissions. This application subject to Montana Right to Know laws.

D 1/0 : A 1 : E	D-4 C A1:4:			
Board/Commission Applying For:	Date of Application:			
Housing Authority Advisory Board	3/11/2020			
Name:				
Rosalie Hiernan				
Home Address:	Email address:			
209 39th Ave NE Great Falls, MT:	59404 rkiernan enwgliorg			
Home Work	Cell			
Phone: Phone:	Phone:			
406-217-6060 406-216-35	503 40le-217-60loD			
	mployer:			
Home Dwnership Planner	Jeighbor Works Great Fails			
	s No (If yes, please explain)			
	/ \			
Related experiences or background: worked as a manda customer service lead for Tyland with allandable house	ortgage loan processor for 4 years			
and a Customer service lead for 7 years	in mortgage community. I			
Currenter work with alamble hous	ing and Anancial capability for			
WHE ILST PULLS	, , ,			
Educational Background:				
Bachelors begree-Major Criminal Justice Mirror Community Leader Ship				
	AND ANGUIDES TO THE POLY OF THE			
IF NECESSARY, ATTACH A SEPARATE SHEET FOR YO	OUR ANSWERS TO THE FOLLOWING:			
Previous and current service activities: Prosperity Matters Steering Committee	e e			
The Conce				
Housing last force				
Previous and current public experience (elective or appointive):				
na				
Membership in other community organizations:	Wall of an arrest and will			
Membership in other community organizations: Through work, I work with Wilded	way community activities			
μ_{-} , γ				

Have you ever worked for or are you currently working for the City of Great Falls? Yes \(\sigma\) If yes, where and when?
Do you have any relatives working or serving in any official capacity for the City of Great Falls? Yes \(\sigma\) No \(\frac{\
Have you ever served on a City or County board? Yes □ No ★ If yes, what board and when did you serve?
Are you currently serving on a Board? Yes Down If yes, which board?
Please describe your interest in serving on this board/commission? I am a Hub certified counselv and have a deep knowledge of affordable housing along with lending knowledge. My expirence will provide additional support in the decision making processes
Places describe very emericans and/or hadronound which you haling and if a series of its
Please describe your experience and/or background which you believe qualifies you for service on this
To an auxenth of bousing coursely and week with Gients wall
I am an insect and anak it comments in the kind with han any inches
board/commission? I am currently a housing counselor and week with clients doub on Cinancial needs and goals. I previously worked with ban applicate I am very familiar with credit reports and close have some knowledge
I am very tamillar with creat reports which there is seen ago
De star Morental
Additional comments:
I whink my background in housing lends to being a contribution
member
Signature Date:
Domlie Longer 3/11/2020
If you are not selected for the current opening, your application may be kept active for up to one year
by contacting the City Manager's office. Should a board/commission vacancy occur within 30 days

If you are not selected for the current opening, your application may be kept active for up to one year by contacting the City Manager's office. Should a board/commission vacancy occur within 30 days from the last City Commission appointment, a replacement member may be selected from citizen interest forms submitted from the last advertisement. For more information, contact the City Manager's office at 455-8450.

Return this form to:

City Manager's Office P.O. Box 5021 Great Falls, MT 59403 Fax: (406) 727-0005

Email:

kartis@greatfallsmt.net



BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS CITIZEN INTEREST FORM (PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE)

Thank you for your interest. Citizen volunteers are regularly appointed to the various boards and commissions. This application subject to Montana Right to Know laws.

Board/Commission Applying For:		Date of Application:		
Housing Authority A	dusory Board	3-19-2020		
Name:				
Douglas Spence				
Home Address:		Email address:		
Home Address: 3017 3rd Ave Home	N	dspence 5869 @ hotmail.com		
Home Phone:	l .	Cell		
Fhone.	Phone: 727- 7300	Phone: 206 - 992 - 4749		
Occupation:	Employer:	200 1/0 1/1/		
00 /2				
Would your work schedule conflict with	1999 Emba 1 meeting dates? Yes □ Nop (1	rk CV		
Would your work schedule conflict with	meeting dates? Yes □ No 2 (1	f yes, please explain)		
Related experiences or background:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
25 plus years of len	ding experience Specie	alred in Mortgage knowing		
Educational Background:				
BA. Economics				
IF NECESSARY, ATTACH A SEPARATE SHEET FOR YOUR ANSWERS TO THE FOLLOWING:				
Previous and current service activities:				
Previous and current public experience (elective or appointive):				
Previous and current public experience (elective or appointive): Lending Partner of the Year with Neighbor works 2018, 2019				
Lending Partner of &	the year with	Neighborworks 2019, 2019		
Jeaching Home byer Membership in other community organiz	education classes			
Membership in other community organiz	zations:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
United way Funday	sina			

Have you ever worked for or are you currently working for the City of Great Falls? Yes \(\sigma\) No \(\sigma\). If yes, where and when?
Do you have any relatives working or serving in any official capacity for the City of Great Falls? Yes \(\sigma\) No \(\sigma\) If yes, who, which department, and relationship?
yes, who, which department, and relationship:
Have you ever served on a City or County board? Yes Now If yes, what board and when did you serve?
Are you currently serving on a Board? Yes Do No X If yes, which board?
Please describe your interest in serving on this board/commission?
The Credit Union supports Volunteering in our community
It would align with my current tob Finitions at the CV. Please describe your experience and/or background which you believe qualifies you for service on this
board/commission?
Extensive Knowledge of lending Practices / Training/understanding Boonomic Additional comments:
Signature Date:
Mon (an (March 3-19-2020

If you are not selected for the current opening, your application may be kept active for up to one year by contacting the City Manager's office. Should a board/commission vacancy occur within 30 days from the last City Commission appointment, a replacement member may be selected from citizen interest forms submitted from the last advertisement. For more information, contact the City Manager's office at 455-8450.

Return this form to:

City Manager's Office P.O. Box 5021 Great Falls, MT 59403 Fax:

(406) 727-0005

Email:

kartis@greatfallsmt.net

Regular City Commission Meeting

Mayor Kelly presiding

CALL TO ORDER: 7:00 PM

Gibson Room 212

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

ROLL CALL/STAFF INTRODUCTIONS: City Commission members participated electronically via Zoom: Bob Kelly, Tracy Houck, Mary Sheehy Moe, Owen Robinson and Rick Tryon. Present were the City Manager Greg Doyon and Deputy City Manager Chuck Anderson, City Clerk Lisa Kunz and Deputy City Clerk Darcy Dea; Public Works Environmental Manager Paul Skubinna; Park and Recreation Director Steve Herrig; City Attorney Sara Sexe; and, Police Chief Dave Bowen.

Due to the COVID-19 health concerns, the format of the City Commission meeting is being conducted in a virtual video-conferencing environment. In order to honor the Right of Participation and the Right to Know (Article II, Sections 8 and 9 of the Montana Constitution), public participation is welcomed and encouraged as follows:

- <u>Attend in person</u>. Refrain from attending in person if you are not feeling well. The City will require social distancing at the meeting, and may limit the number of persons in the Gibson Room according to applicable health guidelines.
- Provide public comments via email. Comments may be sent via email before 5:00 PM on Tuesday, May 5, 2020, to: commission@greatfallsmt.net. Include the agenda item or agenda item number in the subject line, and include the name and address of the commenter. Written communication received by that time will be shared with the City Commission and appropriate City staff for consideration during the agenda item and before final vote on the matter; and will be so noted in the official record of the meeting.
- <u>Call-in</u>. The public may call in during specific public comment periods at <u>406-761-4786</u>. All callers will be in a queued system and are asked to remain on hold and be patient. Calls will be taken in the order in which they are received. Callers will be restricted to customary time limits. This is a pilot service to test the feasibility of expanded public participation by phone. We ask for your patience in the event there are technical difficulties.

AGENDA APPROVAL: City Manager Greg Doyon noted that minor grammatical errors were corrected to Exhibit "A" for Item 6, after original posting and updated on the website. The agenda was approved as presented.

CONFLICT DISCLOSURE/EX PARTE COMMUNICATIONS: None.

PETITIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS/NEIGHBORHOOD COUNCILS/BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS

1. MISCELLANEOUS REPORTS AND ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Daniel Hartzell, 609 Central Avenue, commented that he received a warning to not park in an unused parking spot, and he discussed the importance of forgiveness.

Commissioner Robinson reported that six states, including Montana, were chosen to start counting again for the 2020 Census. Census employees will work in conjunction with other tribal leaders and local partners to secure a complete and accurate count, as well as abide by all state directives and local regulations to safely deliver the 2020 Census packets.

Referring to the Madison Food Park, Commissioner Moe requested that staff follow-up with Cascade County Commission and the Governor's office with regard to the status of a response to Resolutions 10334 and 10335. The Commission concurred that City Manager Doyon follow up with the request.

CITY MANAGER

2. MISCELLANEOUS REPORTS AND ANNOUNCEMENTS.

City Manager Greg Doyon updated the Commission on the following:

City Operations

- Emergency Operations Center (EOC) continues to operate in a modified manner
- Cascade County Emergency Services continues to provide weekly updates
 - A group of business representatives including: Great Falls Development Authority, Great Falls Area of Chamber of Commerce (Chamber), Business Improvement District and Downtown Development Association met to determine how to assist businesses
 - Library staff volunteered to assist with conducting a focus survey to engage the business community; however, the survey will be discontinued due to the Governor's Phase 1 re-opening and businesses being surveyed too much
 - City-County Health Department will provide information needed to assist businesses with reopening
 - o Chamber and Tourism Business Improvement District sponsored business ZOOM meetings with business owners/managers over the past week
 - Manager Doyon has called in to listen and participate as needed
 - The City will continue to engage and be ready to assist in any way it can
- Minor modifications were made to City operations
- Keep services up and running for the public to minimize disruption during the pandemic
- Keep employees safe and healthy
- Provide necessary emergency response to residents
- More employees are returning to work, using distancing requirements, or alternating arrival times
 - o All utility crews in Public Works are back to work
 - o All Forestry crews are back to work

- o Some Library staff have returned to the library and are providing curbside services
- Some employees are still working remotely
 - They are working productively, reporting to their supervisors and completing assignments, projects and training
 - o Commission's next monthly report will provide more detail on these efforts
- Offices Open to the Public include:
 - o City Clerk
 - o City Manager
 - o Great Falls Housing Authority
 - o Human Resources
 - Mansfield Center
- Closed to Walk-In Traffic Include:
 - Mapping Office
 - o Fire Department
 - o Library curbside only
 - Municipal Court
 - o Prosecutor's Office
 - o Planning and Community Development
 - o Park and Recreation
 - o Public Works
 - o Community Recreation Center
- Governor's Coronavirus Relief Fund Advisory Council has provided a recommendation report
 - o \$1.25 Billion
 - o Economic Assistance Food security, business stabilization, testing, protective equipment needs, clean process for funds (report is available online)
 - o Unclear at this time as to the opportunities to local governments

Quarterly Budget Review

- Fund Balance was running about 15% of expenses in 2nd quarter (\$5 million) and 8% (or \$2.6 million not entirely unusual because of tax collection timing) in 3rd quarter
 - o Calumet Protest almost \$4 million
- No notable trends in revenues or expenditures

At Risk Funds

- CourseCo made an \$80,000 payment in February
- Pools closely watching Pool Fund; indoor pool activity. Operations appeared to be normalizing for the Mustang Pool. The subsidy for pools from the General Fund may be

compromised, and Park and Recreation Director Steve Herrig will evaluate summer pool options

- Recreation Fund low fund balance, recent closure has hurt revenues
- Civic Center Events Fund show cancellations and building usage down

Future Budget Impacts

- Newly taxable property the amount of new taxable property over prior year; exempt from cap
- Inflationary factor the property cap allows the City to raise taxes by one-half of the prior three-year consumer price index average on an annual basis
- Entitlement share gaming, liquor and others
- Departments dependent on the General Fund transfers (because of the fund balance)
- Departments that lease facilities or receive revenue for events and activities

Referring to the Multi-Sports softball complex, Mayor Kelly received clarification that the City is following the USA Softball Association guidelines, as well as State Directives with Phase 1.

Work Sessions

- The Commission would like to resume work sessions
 - o Geo-Technical & Foundation Policies

Mayor Kelly indicated that the Geo-Technical & Foundation Policies is critical due to the upcoming construction season. He requested the Commission review and prioritize the items from the Master Work Session Topic List.

CONSENT AGENDA.

- 3. Minutes, April 21, 2020, City Commission Meeting.
- **4.** Total Expenditures of \$1,619,708 for the period of March 15, 2020 through April 22, 2020, to include claims over \$5000, in the amount of \$1,392,615.
- **5.** Contracts List.
- **6.** Adopt Resolution 10344, Adopting a Records and Information Management Program for the City of Great Falls.
- 7. Approve an amended Interlocal Agreement for the Montana Firefighter Testing Consortium (MFFTC).

Commissioner Moe moved, seconded by Commissioner Robinson, that the City Commission approve the Consent Agenda as presented.

Mayor Kelly asked if there were any comments from the public, in person or telephonically, or any discussion amongst the Commissioners.

Commissioner Tryon inquired about the workload impacts and fiscal impact for Item 7.

Manager Doyon responded to the inquiries he could answer and commented that he would have Fire Chief Hester follow up with Commissioner Tryon.

Referring to Item 7, Commissioner Moe received clarification that the amendment to the agreement includes adding another participating community and the renewal of membership dues.

There being no further discussion, Mayor Kelly called for the vote.

Motion carried 5-0.

PUBLIC HEARINGS

8. WESTSIDE LITTLE LEAGUE PARK – LEASE AGREEMENT OF CITY OWNED PROPERTY LOCATED IN GRANDE VISTA PARK WITH WESTSIDE LITTLE LEAGUE ASSOCIATION.

Park and Recreation Director Steve Herrig reported that the proposed lease with Westside Little League Association would be a five-year lease with an option to renew for an additional five years at the City's sole discretion. Both the City and the Lessee have the option to terminate the lease with 60-days written notice. The leased parkland is located in Grande Vista Park, 10 Ferguson Drive, Great Falls, MT. The lessee will be responsible for an annual fee, utilities, and day-to-day maintenance.

The five-year lease includes an annual fee of \$200. The City would be responsible for water costs for irrigation, up to a maximum of \$1,500 per year. The Westside Little League Association facility occupies 30% of Grande Vista Park; the Association is responsible for 30% of the water bill for the Park less the \$1,500 deduction. This has been accepted policy with other baseball programs.

The Park and Recreation Master Plan recommended that the City's responsibility should be to provide land for youth sport organizations. The Westside Little League Association has provided improvements to the City parkland including fencing, backstops, irrigation, turf, parking lots, buildings and restrooms. Loss of playing fields would be detrimental to the Westside Little League Association programs.

Mayor Kelly asked if the Commissioners had any questions.

Mayor Kelly inquired about any contingency plans for a lease payment relief if the baseball season is canceled due to COVID-19.

Director Herrig responded that the Westside, Americans and Riverside Little League Associations have reserves available.

Mayor Kelly declared the public hearing open.

No one spoke in person or telephonically, or submitted any written communication in favor of or in opposition to the Lease Agreement.

Mayor Kelly closed the public hearing and asked the will of the Commission.

Commissioner Robinson moved, seconded by Commissioner Tryon, that the City Commission approve a lease agreement of City owned property located in Grande Vista Park with the Westside Little League Association.

Mayor Kelly asked if there was any discussion amongst the Commissioners. Hearing none, Mayor Kelly called for the vote.

Motion carried 5-0.

9. AMERICANS LITTLE LEAGUE – LEASE AGREEMENT OF CITY OWNED PROPERTY LOCATED AT 38TH STREET NORTH AND 10TH AVENUE WITH AMERICANS LITTLE LEAGUE ASSOCIATION.

Park and Recreation Director Steve Herrig reported that the proposed lease with Americans Little League Association would be a five-year lease with an option to renew for an additional five years at the City's sole discretion. Both the City and the Lessee have the option to terminate the lease with 60 days written notice. The leased land is located 38th Street North and 10th Avenue, Great Falls, MT. The lessee will be responsible for an annual fee, utilities, and day-to-day maintenance.

The five-year lease includes an annual fee of \$200. The City would be responsible for water costs for irrigation, up to a maximum of \$3,000 per year. The Americans Little League Association will be responsible for total water costs for irrigation of Americans Little League Park less the \$3,000 deduction. This has been accepted policy with other baseball programs.

The Park and Recreation Master Plan recommended that the City's responsibility should be to provide land for youth sport organizations. The Americans Little League Association has provided improvements to the City parkland including fencing, backstops, irrigation, turf, parking lots, buildings and restrooms. Loss of playing fields would be detrimental to the Americans Little League Association programs.

Mayor Kelly asked if the Commissioners had any questions. Hearing none, Mayor Kelly declared the public hearing open.

No one spoke in person or telephonically, or submitted any written communication in favor of or in opposition to the Lease Agreement.

Mayor Kelly closed the public hearing and asked the will of the Commission.

Commissioner Moe moved, seconded by Commissioner Houck, that the City Commission approve a lease agreement of City owned property located at 38th Street North and 10th Avenue with Americans Little League Association.

Mayor Kelly asked if there was any discussion amongst the Commissioners. Hearing none, Mayor Kelly called for the vote.

Motion carried 5-0.

10. RIVERSIDE LITTLE LEAGUE – LEASE AGREEMENT OF CITY OWNED PROPERTY LOCATED IN SACAJAWEA PARK AND RIVERSIDE LITTLE LEAGUE PARK WITH RIVERSIDE LITTLE LEAGUE ASSOCIATION.

Park and Recreation Director Steve Herrig reported that the proposed lease with Riverside Little League Association would be a five-year lease with an option to renew for an additional five years at the City's sole discretion. Both the City and the Lessee have the option to terminate the lease with 60 days written notice. The leased parkland is located in Sacajawea Park, 2900 8th Street NE, Great Falls, MT and Riverside Little League Park, 3700 7th Street NE, Great Falls, MT. The lessee will be responsible for an annual fee, utilities, and day-to-day maintenance.

The five-year lease includes an annual fee of \$250. The City would be responsible for water costs for irrigation, up to a maximum of \$1,500 per year. The Riverside Little League Association will be responsible for 60 % of total water costs for irrigation of Sacajawea Park and Riverside Little League Park less the \$1,500 deduction. This has been accepted policy with other baseball programs.

The Park and Recreation Master Plan recommended that the City's responsibility should be to provide land for youth sport organizations. The Riverside Little League Association has provided improvements to the City parkland including fencing, backstops, irrigation, turf, parking lots, buildings and restrooms. Loss of playing fields would be detrimental to the Riverside Little League Association programs.

Mayor Kelly asked if the Commissioners had any questions.

Referring to the annual fee, Commissioner Moe received clarification that the additional \$50 is a lawn maintenance fee for Sacajawea Park, as well as the Riverside Little League Park.

Mayor Kelly declared the public hearing open.

No one spoke in person or telephonically, or submitted any written communication in favor of or in opposition to the Lease Agreement.

Page **7** of **8**

Mayor Kelly closed the public hearing and asked the will of the Commission.

Commissioner Moe moved, seconded by Commissioner Houck, that the City Commission approve a lease agreement of City owned property located in Sacajawea Park and Riverside Little League Park with the Riverside Little League Association.

Mayor Kelly asked if there was any discussion amongst the Commissioners. Hearing none, Mayor Kelly called for the vote.

Motion carried 5-0.

OLD BUSINESS

NEW BUSINESS ORDINANCES/RESOLUTIONS

CITY COMMISSION

11. MISCELLANEOUS REPORTS AND ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Mayor Kelly announced that the Montana Air National Guard-120th Airlift Wing will conduct flyovers across Montana to honor healthcare workers on May 6, 2020.

ADJOURNMENT

There being no further business to come before the Commission, Mayor Kelly moved, seconded by Commissioner Moe, to adjourn the regular meeting of May 5, 2020, at 7:50 p.m.

Motion carried 5-0.	
	Mayor Kelly
	Deputy City Clerk Darcy Dea

Minutes Approved: May 19, 2020

Page 8 of 8



Agenda #
Commission Meeting Date:

CITY OF GREAT FALLS COMMISSION AGENDA REPORT

ITEM: \$5,000 Report

Invoices and Claims in Excess of \$5,000

Finance Director PRESENTED BY:

ACTION REQUESTED: Approval with Consent Agenda

LISTING OF ALL ACCOUNTS PAYABLE CHECKS ISSUED AVAILABLE ONLINE AT

http://greatfallsmt.net/finance/checkregister

TOTAL CHECKS ISSUED AND WIRE TRANSFERS MADE ARE NOTED BELOW WITH AN ITEMIZED LISTING OF ALL TRANSACTIONS GREATER THAN \$5000:

ACCOUNTS PAYABLE CHECK RUNS FROM APRIL 23, 2020 - MAY 6, 2020	4,713,004.06
MUNICIPAL COURT ACCOUNT CHECK RUN FOR APRIL 15, 2020 - MAY 1, 2020	52,345.00

TOTAL: \$ 4,765,349.06

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

0 0.				
STREE	ET DISTRICT BRENNTAG PACIFIC INC COLORADO PAINT COMPANY, LLC	40 TONS OF MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE STREET PAINT SUPPLIES	5,653.10 8,593.76	
LIBRA	RY MCKINSTRY ESSENTION, LLC	AIR HANDLER REPLACEMENT	15,472.21	
PARK	DISTRICT TD&H ENGINEERING ELECTRIC CITY ROOFING INC	IRRIGATION PARK DISTRICT GIRL SCOUT HOUSE ROOF	12,375.00 14,055.00	
FEDER	RAL BLOCK GRANTS PIERCE MANUFACTURING INC MRTE INC	2019 PIERCE ENFORCER FIRE APPARATUS OF 1737.2 GIBSON PARK & ELKS PARK TRAIL RESTORATION	494,335.00 119,736.94	
CENTRAL MONTANA AG TECH TID				
	MRTE INC	OF 1658.1 CMATP TIF PH 3 STORM DRAIN	174,172.53	

DEBT SERVICE

		1		
WEST BANK TID BONDS				
WEST BANK LLC	DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT	1,592,614.00		
WEST BANK EES	REIMBURSEMENT	1,002,011.00		
D A DAVIDSON	TAX INCREMENT URBAN RENEWAL AND REFUNDING BONDS	5,000.00		
DORSEY & WHITNEY LLP	COST OF ISSUANCE	45,000.00		
CAPITAL PROJECTS		,		
GENERAL CAPITAL				
KUGLIN CONTRUCTION	OF 1709.1 HISTORIC PRESERVATION OF	48,379.32		
	THE 10TH ST BRIDGE PH 3	-,		
ENTERPRISE FUNDS				
WATER				
THATCHER CO OF MONTANA	CHEMICALS	10,944.14		
SLETTEN CONTRUCTION	OF 1637.1 WTP FILTRATION IMPROV	265,767.63		
SEWER				
STATE OF MONTANA	2019 OUTFALL CHARGES	25,722.00		
HOLLAND & HART, LLP	MPDES PERMIT #MT0021920 APPEAL	5,210.00		
STANTEC CONSULTING SERVICES INC	OF 1633.7 WWTP ELECTRICAL DIST.	9,019.25		
	EVALUATION & REHABILITATION			
SANITATION				
CASCADE ENGINEERING INC	580-96 GALLON REFUSE CONTAINERS &	23,455.00		
	FREIGHT			
911 DISPATCH CENTER				
CENTURYLINK	APRIL 2020 CHARGES	5,842.69		
		·		
INTERNAL SERVICES FUND				
HEALTH & BENEFITS				
MONTANA MUNICIPAL INTERLOCAL	INSURANCE DEDUCTIBLES & PREMIUMS	854,452.70		
AUTHORITY				
HUMAN RESOURCES				
TYLER TECHNOLOGIES INC	SOFTWARE IMPLEMENTATION	4,200.00		
	(SPLIT AMONG FUNDS)			
FINANCE				
TYLER TECHNOLOGIES INC	SOFTWARE IMPLEMENTATION	1,400.00		
	(SPLIT AMONG FUNDS)			
CENTRAL GARAGE				
MOUNTAIN VIEW CO-OP	FUEL	5,682.80		
BISON MOTOR CO	3- STANDARD POLICE CARS	109,461.00		

TRUST AND AGENCY

COURT TRUST MUNICIPAL COURT				
CITY OF GREAT FALLS	FINES & FORFEITURES COLLECTIONS		45,526.00	
PAYROLL CLEARING				
STATE TREASURER	MONTANA TAXES		42,031.00	
ICMA RETIREMENT TRUST	EMPLOYEE CONTRIBUTIONS		10,491.56	
FIREFIGHTER RETIREMENT	FIREFIGHTER RETIREMENT EMPLOYEE & EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS		52,683.71	
STATEWIDE POLICE RESERVE FUND	POLICE RETIREMENT EMPLOYEE & EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS		65,593.66	
PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT	PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT EMPLOYEE & EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS	S	116,792.98	
POLICE SAVINGS & LOAN	EMPLOYEE CONTRIBUTIONS		14,262.00	
US BANK	FEDERAL TAXES, FICA & MEDICARE		177,354.04	
AFLAC	EMPLOYEE CONTRIBUTIONS		9,584.12	
NATIONWIDE RETIREMENT SOLUTIONS	EMPLOYEE CONTRIBUTIONS		14,205.33	
WSCFF EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST	EMPLOYEE CONTRIBUTIONS		6,350.00	
STATE OF MONTANA	1ST QUARTER UNEMPLOYMENT		28,521.31	
UTILITY BILLS				
NORTHWESTERN ENERGY	TRANSMISSION CHARGES FOR FEB 2020		15,027.98	
NORTHWESTERN ENERGY	APRIL 2020 SLD CHARGES		72,703.45	
NORTHWESTERN ENERGY	MARCH 2020 WATERPLANT CHARGES		10,650.29	
CLAIMS OVER \$5000 TOTAL:		\$ <u></u>	4,538,321.50	

CITY OF GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

COMMUNICATION TO THE CITY COMMISSION

ITEM: CONTRACTS LIST

Itemized listing of administratively approved contracts.

(Listed contracts are available for inspection in the City Clerk's Office.)

PRESENTED BY: Lisa Kunz, City Clerk

ACTION REQUESTED: Ratification of Contracts through the Consent Agenda

MAYOR'S SIGNATURE:

CONTRACTS LIST

	DEPARTMENT	OTHER PARTY (PERSON OR ENTITY)	PERIOD	AMOUNT	PURPOSE
A	Great Falls Fire Rescue	David F. Simpson, D.O.	07/01/2020 – 06/30/2021	\$2,800/mo.	Professional Service Agreement for GFFR Offline Medical Director services and EMS System Medical Director services
В	Planning and Community Development	Neighborhood Housing Services of Great Falls d/b/a NeighborWorks Great Falls, Community Housing Development Organization	05/19/2020 – 06/30/2021	\$62,000	2019/2020 HOME Investment Partnership Program Agreement to fund a portion of the construction costs of a High School house at 1724 4 th Avenue South

AGENDA: <u>6</u>

DATE: May 19, 2020

С	Finance & Legal Department	Paymentus	05/06/2020	Transaction fees \$1.65 credit debit card; \$0.40/ eCheck; 2.95% credit card	Ratification of Amending Agreement to Master Services Agreement, amendment provides customers the convenience of making payments over the phone (CR: 060518.10B)
D	Public Works/ Engineering	Great West Engineering, Inc.	05/19/2020 – 12/30/2022	\$55,415	Professional Services Agreement to perform a study of the 9 th Ave S Basin and the 3 rd Ave S Basin, and prepare a report that documents the existing drainage patterns, storm drainage infrastructure, deficiencies of problem areas, analysis of improvement alternatives and recommendations for system improvements OF 1666.4
E	Public Works/ Environmental Division	Calumet Operating, LLC	05/07/2020 – 11/07/2020	N/A	Ratification of Letter Agreement for temporary access to City property located at 1600 6 th St NE and adjacent to the south of the eastern portion of 10 th St of the Calumet Montana Refinery located at 1900 10 th St NE, along North River Rd for the sole purpose of advancing soil borings and installing groundwater monitoring/recovery wells, excavating and installing groundwater extraction trenches for investigative and remediation purposes OF 1763.0



Agenda #: 7
Commission Meeting Date: May 19, 2020

CITY OF GREAT FALLS COMMISSION AGENDA REPORT

Item: Asphaltic Concrete Material

From: Kenny Jorgensen, Street Manager

Initiated By: Public Works Department

Presented By: Paul Skubinna, Environmental Division Manager

Action Requested: Award Bid

Suggested Motion:

1. Commissioner moves:

"I move that the City Commission (approve/not approve) the bid award for asphaltic concrete material to Great Falls Sand & Gravel, Inc., of Great Falls for \$745,000."

2. Mayor requests a second to the motion, public comment, Commission discussion, and calls for the vote.

Staff Recommendation: Staff recommends that the City Commission approve the bid award for asphaltic concrete material to Great Falls Sand & Gravel, Inc., of Great Falls for \$745,000.

Background:

Purpose

The asphaltic concrete material requested will be used by the Street Division to conduct street repair and maintenance projects, including overlays and street opening patches.

Evaluation and Selection Process

The specifications were advertised two times in the Great Falls Tribune; mailed to three prospective bidders and advertised on the City of Great Falls website. The bids were opened on May 6, 2020. There were three responsive bids.

Along with price per ton numbers staff calculates a mileage factor: calculations are figured using the miles from the City Shop to the manufacturer source. MRTE is 1.8 miles, Great Falls Sand & Gravel is 3.3 miles and United Materials is 7.3 miles. Great Falls Sand & Gravel submitted the low bid.

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Mileage Factor: 14,000 tons \$.21 per ton = \$2,940 x ___ miles

Bidder	Type B	Type C	Mileage Factor	Total Bid
Great Falls Sand and Gravel	\$583,000	\$162,000	\$ 9,702	\$754,702
United Materials	\$621,500	\$177,000	\$21,462	\$819,962
MRTE, Inc.	\$657,250	\$186,750	\$ 5,292	\$849,292

Conclusion

The materials bid by Great Falls Sand & Gravel, Inc., meets specifications for the asphaltic concrete material.

Fiscal Impact: The current bid price from Great Falls Sand & Gravel is \$53.00 per ton for MPWSS Type B and \$54.00 per ton for MPWSS Type C. The contracted price for asphaltic concrete in FY 2020 was \$56.20 per ton for MPWSS Type B and \$58.20 per ton for MPWSS Type C. The total bid price difference from last year is a decrease of \$47,800 or -6.03%. Funding for this year's purchase of asphaltic concrete is in the proposed FY 2021 Street Maintenance Budget.

Alternatives: The City Commission could vote not to approve the bid award for asphaltic concrete material.

Attachments/Exhibits: Bid List, Bid Tab

ASPHALTIC CONCRETE MATERIAL BID LIST

- 1. GREAT FALLS SAND & GRAVEL P.O. BOX 1989 GREAT FALLS, MT 59403
- 2. UNITED MATERIALS P.O. BOX 1690 GREAT FALLS, MT 59403
- 3. MRTE, INC 3115 RAINBOW DAM RD GREAT FALLS, MT 59405

CITY OF GREAT FALLS PO BOX 5021 GREAT FALLS MT 59403

ASPHALTIC CONCRETE MATERIAL

Project Number Bids Taken at Civic Center Date: May 6, 2020

Tabulated By: Debbie Kimball Page 1 of 1

NAME & ADDRESS OF BIDDER	Bid Security	Affidavit of Non- Collusion	MPWSS Type B Cost per Ton Total-11,000 Tons	MPWSS Type C Cost per Ton Total-3,000 Tons	Total Bid	Site of Manuf. Source	Miles to City Shop
Great Falls Sand & Gravel, Inc.	V	V	\$53.00 \$583,000	\$54.00 \$162,000	\$745,000	GF Sand & Gravel	3.3 miles
United Materials of Great Falls, Inc.	√	V	\$56.50 \$621,500	\$59.00 \$177,000	\$798,500	McIver Ranch Pit	7.3 miles
MRTE, Inc.	V	V	\$59.75 \$657,250	\$62.25 \$186,750	\$844,000	MRTE, Inc.	1.8 miles



Agenda #: 8
Commission Meeting Date: May 19, 2020

CITY OF GREAT FALLS COMMISSION AGENDA REPORT

Item: Amendment No. 2 to a Professional Services Agreement with Black and

Veatch Corporation: Water Treatment Plant Facility Upgrades

From: Engineering Division

Initiated By: Public Works Department

Presented By: Paul Skubinna, Environmental Division Supervisor

Action Requested: Approve Professional Services Agreement, Amendment No. 2, OF 1519

Suggested Motion:

1. Commissioner moves:

"I move that the City Commission (approve/not approve) the Professional Services Agreement, Amendment No. 2 increasing the agreement amount by \$7,625.00 between the City of Great Falls and Black and Veatch Corporation for engineering services on the Water Treatment Plant Facility Upgrades Project for a total fee not to exceed \$7,044,989.00, and authorize the City Manager to execute the Amendment."

2. Mayor requests a second to the motion, public comment, Commission discussion, and calls for the vote.

Staff Recommendation: Approve Professional Services Agreement Amendment.

Summary:

Amendment Number 2 provides additional compensation in amount of \$7,625.00 to Black and Veatch (Consultant) for services provided during the startup phase of the construction associated with the Water Treatment Plant (WTP) Facility Upgrades project. The Contractor for this project required onsite visits, from the Consultant's design team, which were above and beyond what was allowed in the contractor's Construction Contract. Therefore, the value of the additional compensation for the Consultant is being off-set by withholding the amount proposed by this amendment from the Contractor's final payment.

Background:

City Staff entered into a professional services agreement with Black and Veatch in July of 2012 to evaluate and design infrastructure upgrades recommended at the Water Treatment Plant from the 2006 Water Master Plan. During the evaluation of existing facilities, multiple items were identified to be added into the scope of the project. The most significant design additions included equipping the plant with an Ultraviolet (UV) Treatment System, removal of the seasonal clear-well tank, addition of a surge tank, and suction piping and a utility tunnel to accommodate future improvements.

Black and Veatch's contract was modified in 2014 to include the additional items that were identified during the evaluation and preliminary design of the project increasing agreement amount from \$2,562,715.00 to \$7,037,364.00.

During the construction phase of this project, the Contractor required two additional onsite weeklong startup meetings that required the attendance of Black and Veatch. Amendment No. 2 in the amount of \$7,625.00 is required to cover the cost of the additional support that was provided.

Fiscal Impact:

This project has been funded through the Water Capital Improvement Fund. However, the amendment will have no impact on the project funding as the cost is being withheld from the Final Payment made to the Contractor.

Alternatives:

The City Commission could vote to deny the amendment and refuse to pay the Consultant for services rendered.

Concurrences:

Both the Consultant and the Contractor are in agreement with the proposed amendment.

Attachments/Exhibits:

Amendment No. 2

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO PROFESSIONAL SERVICES AGREEMENT

THIS AMENDMENT is entered into this <u>21st</u> day of <u>April, 2020</u> by and between the CITY OF GREAT FALLS, a Municipal Corporation, hereinafter referred to as "OWNER" and <u>Black & Veatch</u> <u>Corporation</u> hereinafter referred to as "ENGINEER" and agrees as follows:

- 1. The OWNER and ENGINEER entered into a Professional Services Agreement for the project known as <u>Great Falls Water Treatment Plant Facility Upgrades (O.F. 1519.0)</u>, dated the 17th day of July 2012; and
- 2. The OWNER and ENGINEER amended the Professional Services Agreement for the project known as <u>Great Falls Water Treatment Plant Facility Upgrades (O.F. 1519.0)</u>, dated the 21st day of October 2014; and
- 3. The OWNER and ENGINEER mutually agree to modify the 2014 amended total not-to-exceed fee of \$7,037,364.00 to a new total not-to-exceed fee of \$7,044,989.00 to compensate for the following item:

Task 450A – Additional Start-up Assistance, Training, & Post-Construction Activity – Provided 220 hours of additional support to Wedeco for UV system programming reviews, data analysis, functional acceptance testing, and startup assistance. This task included two additional trips to Great Falls WTP for two B&V staff. The duration of each trip was approximately 2-weeks. The cost for the additional support is \$22,300. This value is reduced by the amount of money that Sletten is charging the City for work associated

with the cure removal. This results in a total contract amount increase of \$7,625.00.

4. All other conditions and provisions of the Agreement entered into, and approved by the Commission, on July 17th, 2012, and the Amendment #1 to the Agreement entered into and approved by the Commission on October 21st, 2014, remain in full force and effect.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Amendment 2 to Professional Services Agreement the day and year first above written.

CITY OF GREAT FALLS	Black & Veatch Corporation
By: Gregory T. Doyon, City Manager	By: Peter J. Cohlmia Vice President
Attest:	
By: Lisa Kunz, City Clerk	(Seal of the City)
*Approved as to Form:	

Sara R. Sexe, City Attorney

^{*} By law, the City Attorney may only advise or approve contract or legal document language on behalf of the City of Great Falls, and not on behalf of other parties. Review and approval of this document was conducted solely from the legal perspective, and for the benefit, of the City of Great Falls. Other parties should not rely on this approval and should seek review and approval by their own respective counsel.



Agenda #: 9
Commission Meeting Date: May 19, 2020

CITY OF GREAT FALLS COMMISSION AGENDA REPORT

Item: Purchase of Precast Concrete Restroom

From: Park and Recreation

Initiated By: Steve Herrig, Park and Recreation Director

Presented By: Steve Herrig, Park and Recreation Director

Action Requested: Approve Purchase

Suggested Motion

1. Commissioner moves:

"I move that the City Commission (approve/reject) the purchase of a precast concrete restroom from CXT, Inc. an L.B. Foster Company of Spokane, WA through Sourcewell, formerly known as NJPA, for \$151,208."

2. Mayor requests a second to the motion, public comment, Commission discussion, and calls for the vote.

Staff Recommendation: Staff recommends that the City Commission approve the purchase of a precast concrete restroom from CXT, Inc. an L.B. Foster Company of Spokane, WA for \$151,208."

Background:

Purpose

The precast concrete restroom will replace the aging restroom located in Oddfellows Park. The new restroom will include a handicap stall, 4 stalls and 2 sinks on the women's side; and a handicap stall, 2 stalls, 2 urinals and 2 sinks on the men's side. It will also include an ADA drinking fountain unit on the exterior of the building. The existing restroom is not handicap accessible; it includes 2 stalls and 2 sinks on the women's side; and 2 stalls, 2 urinals and 1 sink on the men's side.

Evaluation and Selection Process

The City of Great Falls has a membership with Sourcewell to view their competitive bid contracts. As a Sourcewell member, the City of Great Falls can interact directly with awarded vendors to facilitate a purchase. This also allows the City of Great Falls to work with the Sourcewell contract manager to verify pricing, answer contract questions or any other questions that may arise.

Fiscal Impact: This project has been budgeted through Great Falls Park District 1, Year Two funds.

Alternatives: The City Commission could vote to reject the purchase of a precast concrete restroom for Oddfellows Park and to face further deterioration of the current aging structure, which also lacks handicap accessibility.

Attachments/Exhibits:

Sourcewell Contract Acceptance and Award – CXT CXT Quote

FORM E

CONTRACT ACCEPTANCE AND AWARD



(Top portion of this form will be completed by NJPA if the vendor is awarded a contract. The vendor should complete the vendor authorized signatures as part of the RFP response.)

NJPA Contract #: 030117-CXT

Proposer's full legal name: CXT Inc.

Based on NJPA's evaluation of your proposal, you have been awarded a contract. As an awarded vendor, you agree to provide the products and services contained in your proposal and to meet all of the terms and conditions set forth in this RFP, in any amendments to this RFP, and in any exceptions that are accepted by NJPA.

The effective date of the Contract will be April 14, 2017 and will expire on April 14, 2021 (no later than the later of four years from the expiration date of the currently awarded contract or four years from the date that the NJPA Chief Procurement Officer awards the Contract). This Contract may be extended for a fifth year at NJPA's discretion.

NJPA Authorized Signatures:		
NJFA DIRECTOR OF COOPERATIVE CONTRACTS AND PROCUREMENT/CPO SIGNATURE	Jeremy Schwartz (NAME PRINTED OR TYPED)	
NJPA EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR/CEO SIGNATURE	Chad Coauette (NAME PRINTED OR TYPED)	
Awarded on April 14, 2017	NJPA Contract # 030117-CXT	
Vendor Authorized Signatures: The Vendor hereby accepts this Contract awar	d, including all accepted exceptions and amendments.	
Vendor Name <u>CXT Inc</u>		
Authorized Signatory's Title National Sale	es Manager	
June	Gary Burger	
VENDOR AUTHORIZED SIGNATURE	(NAME PRINTED OR TYPED)	
Executed on <u>4/14</u> 20 <u>17</u>	NJPA Contract # 030117-CXT	

ORDERING INFORMATION



Concrete Buildings

CXT® Precast Concrete Products manufactures restroom, shower and concession buildings in multiple designs, textures and colors. The roof and walls are fabricated with high strength precast concrete to meet all local building codes and textured to match local architectural details. All CXT buildings are designed to meet A.D.A. and to withstand heavy snow, high wind and category E seismic loads. All concrete construction also makes the buildings easy to maintain and withstand the rigors of vandalism. The buildings are prefabricated and delivered complete and ready-to-use, including plumbing and electrical where applicable. With thousands of satisfied customers nationwide, CXT is the leader in prefabricated concrete restrooms.

- 1. ORDERING ADDRESS(ES): CXT Precast Products, Inc., 3808 N. Sullivan Road, Building 7, Spokane, WA 99216
- 2. ORDERING PROCEDURES: Fax 509-928-8270
- 3. PAYMENT ADDRESS(ES): CXT Precast Products, Inc., 3808 N. Sullivan Road, Building 7, Spokane, WA 99216
- 4. WARRANTY PROVISIONS: CXT provides a warranty against structural defects in material or workmanship for a period of twenty (20) years on all concrete components (does not include non-structural cracking). The warranty is valid only when concrete is used within the specified loadings. Furthermore, said warranty includes only the related material necessary for the construction and fabrication of said concrete components. All other non-concrete components will carry a one (1) year warranty. CXT warrants that all goods sold pursuant hereto will, when delivered, conform to specifications set forth above. Goods shall be deemed accepted and meeting specifications unless notice identifying the nature of any nonconformity is provided to CXT in writing within the specified warranty. CXT, at its option, will repair or replace the goods or issue credit for the customer provided CXT is first given the opportunity to inspect such goods. It is specifically understood that CXT's obligation hereunder is for credit, repair or replacement only, F.O.B. CXT's manufacturing plants, and does not include shipping, handling, installation or other incidental or consequential costs unless otherwise agreed to in writing by CXT.

This warranty shall not apply to:

- 1. Any goods which have been repaired or altered without CXT's express written consent, in such a way as in the reasonable judgment of CXT, to adversely affect the stability or reliability thereof;
- 2. To any goods which have been subject to misuse, negligence, acts of God or accidents; or
- 3. To any goods which have not been installed to manufacturer's specifications and guidelines, improperly maintained, or used outside of the specifications for which such goods were designed.
- 5. TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF INSTALLATION (IF APPLICABLE): All prices subject to the "Conditions of Sale" listed on the CXT quotation form.

Customers are responsible for marking exact location building is to be set; providing clear and level site, free of overhead and/or underground obstructions; and providing site accessible to normal highway trucks and sufficient area for the crane to install and other equipment to perform the contract requirements. Customer shall provide notice in writing of low bridges, roadway width or grade, unimproved roads or any other possible obstacles to access. CXT reserves the right to charge the customer for additional costs incurred for special equipment required to perform delivery and installation. Customers will negotiate installation on



a project-by- project basis, which shall be priced as separate line items. For more information regarding installation and truck turning radius guidelines please see our website at http://www.cxtinc.com.

In the event delivery of the building/s ordered is/are not completed within 30 days of the agreed to schedule through no fault of CXT, an invoice for the full contract value (excluding shipping and installation costs) will be submitted for payment. Delivery and installation charges will be invoiced at the time of delivery and installation.

Should the delivery and installation costs increase due to changes in the delivery period, this increase will be added to the price originally quoted, and will be subject to the contract payment terms.

In the event that the delivery is delayed more than 90 days after the agreed to schedule and through no fault of CXT, then in addition to the remedies above, a storage fee of 1-½% of contract price per month or any part of any month will be charged.

- **Customer is responsible for all local permits and fees.
- 6. DELIVERY CHARGE: All prices F.O.B. origin prepaid and added to invoice. CXT operates three (3) manufacturing plants in the United States and will deliver from the closest location on our carriers.
- 7. PAYMENTTERMS: Payment to CXT by the purchaser shall be made net 30 days after submission of the invoice to the purchaser on approved credit. Interest at a rate equal to the lower of (i) the highest rate permitted by law; or (ii) 1.5% per month will be charged monthly on all unpaid invoices beginning with the 35th day (includes five (5) day grace period) from the date of the invoice. Under no circumstance can retention be taken. If CXT initiates legal proceeding to collect any unpaid amount, purchaser shall be liable for all of CXT's costs, expenses and attorneys' fees and costs of any appeal.
- 8. LIMITATION OF REMEDIES: In the event of any breach of any obligations hereunder; breach of any warranty regarding the goods, or any negligent act or omission of any party, the parties agree to submit all claims to binding arbitration. Any settlement reached shall include all reasonable costs including attorney fees. In no event shall CXT be subject to or liable for any incidental or consequential damages. Without limitation on the foregoing, in no event shall CXT be liable for damages in excess of the purchase price of the goods herein offered.
- 9. DELIVERY INFORMATION: All prices F.O.B. origin prepaid and added to invoice. CXT operates three (3) manufacturing plants in the United States and will deliver from the closest location on our carriers. Use the information below to determine the origin:
- F.O.B. 3808 N. Sullivan Road, Building 7, Spokane, WA 99216 applies to: AK, CA, HI, ID, MT, ND, NV, OR, SD, UT, WA, WY.
- F.O.B. 901 North Highway 77, Hillsboro, TX 76645 applies to AR, AZ, CO, IA, KS, LA, MN, MO, MS, NE, NM, OK, TX.
- F.O.B. 362 Waverly Road, Williamstown, WV 26183 applies to AL, CT, DE, FL, GA, IL, IN, KY, MA, MD, ME, MI, NC, NH, NJ, NY, OH, PA, PR, RI, SC, TN, VA, VT, WI, WV.
- Prices exclude all federal/state/local taxes. Tax will be charged where applicable if customer is unable to provide proof of exemption.

Santiago



Custom building where you can match units to meet your needs. Units include restroom, shower, concession, storage and combo configurations. Standard features include simulated barnwood texture walls, simulated cedar shake textured roof, vitreous china fixtures, interior and exterior lights, off loaded and set up at site.

Santiago

Sections:		
Restroom Qty: =	Shower* Qty: =	
Family Assist Restroom Qty: =	Concession Qty: =	
Family Assist Shower* Qty: =	Storage Qty: =	
*Includes hot water tank	Tot	al Sections

*Includes hot water tank.		l otal Sections		
Added Cost Options:		Price Per Unit		
Final Connection to Utilities		\$		
Optional Wall Texture -choose one Split Face Block (\$2,370)	Struck Trowel (\$2,370)	Stone (\$3,150)		
Optional Roof Texture -choose one Delta Rib		\$		
Porch/Wing Wall		\$		
Two-Tone Color Scheme		\$		
Stainless Steel Plumbing Fixtures- Water Closet (each)	Qty:	\$		
Stainless Steel Plumbing Fixtures- Urinal (each)	Qty:	\$		
Stainless Steel Plumbing Fixtures- Sink (each)	Qty:	\$		
Electric Hand Dryer (each)	Qty:	\$		
Electronic Flush Valves- Water Closet (each)	Qty:	\$		
Electronic Flush Valves- Urinal (each)	Qty:	\$		
Electronic Flush Valves- Sink (each)	Qty:	\$		
Exterior Mounted ADA Drinking Fountain w/Cane Skirt		\$		
4-gallon Electric Water Heater		\$		
Skylight in Restroom (each)	Qty:	\$		
Marine Grade Skylight in Restroom (each)	Qty:	\$		
Marine Package for Extra Corrosion Resistance		\$		
Fiberglass Entry and Chase Doors and Frames	Qty:	\$		
Tile Floor in Restroom		\$		
2K Anti-Graffiti Coating		\$		
Timed Electric Lock System (does not include chase door)	Qty:	\$		
Exterior Frostproof Hose Bib with Box		\$		
Paper Towel Dispenser (each)	Qty:	\$		
Toilet Seat Cover Dispenser (each)	Qty:	\$		
Sanitary Napkin Disposal (each)	Qty:	\$		
Baby Changing Station (each)	Qty:	\$		
CXT Wastebasket (each)	Qty:	\$		
Paint Touch up Kit - Single Color		\$		
Paint Touch up Kit - Two Tone Color		\$		
Total Cost of Selected Acce	essories from Accessories Price	List:	\$	
Estimated One-Way Tr	ransportation Costs to Site (qu	iote):	\$	
Custom Options:			\$	

Estimated monthly payment on 5 year lease

(excludes all taxes)

Disclaimer: Please call to confirm selected sections are compatible.

\$

This price quote is good for 60 days from date below, and is accurate and complete.

CXT Sales Representative

Date

Sourcewell
Awarded Contract
Contract # 030117-CXT

I accept this quote. Please process this order.

Total Cost per Unit Placed at Job Site:

Company Name

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Date

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Notes:



Agenda #: 10
Commission Meeting Date: May 19, 2020

CITY OF GREAT FALLS COMMISSION AGENDA REPORT

Item: Resolution 10345 – a Resolution adopting the City of Great Falls Extension

of Services Plan

From: Public Works Department

Initiated By: Jim Young, Interim City Engineer

Presented By: Craig Raymond, Director, Planning and Community Development

Action Requested: City Commission adopt Resolution 10345.

Suggested Motion:

1. Commissioner moves:

"I move that the City Commission (adopt/deny) Resolution 10345 adopting the City of Great Falls Extension of Services Plan."

2. Mayor requests a second to the motion, public comment, Commission discussion, and calls for the vote.

Staff Recommendation: At the conclusion of a regularly scheduled meeting held on March 10, 2020, the Planning Advisory Board recommended that the City Commission adopt the City of Great Falls Extension of Services Plan. Several questions were brought up to the Board in conjunction with public comments made by Brett Doney, of the Great Falls Development Authority. In response, Staff has reviewed the questions and public comment from the meeting and developed minor revisions of the Plan to address the concerns.

Staff recommends approval of Resolution 10345 adopting the City of Great Falls Extension of Services Plan.

Summary: In 2015, City management directed staff to prepare an Extension of Services Plan (referred to herein as the "Plan"). The purpose and contents of such Plans are addressed in Montana statutory laws Mont. Code Ann. § 7-2-4731 "Plans and report on extension of services required" and Mont. Code Ann. § 7-2-4732 "Contents of plan for extension of services." Those statutes further note that municipalities should develop a framework for managing the annexation of properties into the City as well as providing a level of service to the annexed areas similar to other currently incorporated properties. Any Plans developed by municipalities should also include long range planning for the extension of services and acquisition of properties outside the corporate limits for a minimum 5-year period into the future. Because the City of Great Falls is a larger first-class City (population over 10,000 people), it also has the authority to augment a more general Extension of Service Plan with annexation agreements to address project specific service issues.

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The Public Works Department took the lead in researching and developing a Plan that anticipates development through year 2025. The process of drafting the Plan involved reviewing and evaluating existing plans from Kalispell, Whitefish and Polson, along with the *City's Imagine Great Falls 2025 - Growth Policy 2013 Update*. Furthermore, the drafting of the Plan included consultation and input from other City departments and stakeholder groups. A draft of the Plan was initially completed in March of 2019, with several revisions occurring since then.

Background: In accordance with Montana statutes, the Plan addresses the following City services:

- Garbage Collection
- Streets and Street Maintenance
- Water
- Sanitary Sewer
- Storm Water Management
- Police Protection
- Fire Protection & Emergency Response
- Parks and Recreation

The statutes also require the City to outline its methods for financing the extension of services in order to distribute the tax burden for the services evenly throughout the entire municipality. Furthermore, it also requires an orderly transfer of services from a county, special improvement district or other district to the City.

The general contents of the Plan include the following sections: overview of the City's urban growth boundaries, economic conditions and trends, physical growth trends, impediments to growth, growth stimulants, prevailing growth patterns, and projected growth areas. It also includes a narrative describing aspects of each City service including the scope, extent, and size of service, related master plans and planning documents, funding and financing mechanisms, and associated City codes. Additionally, it includes policies for the general extension of services, services to undeveloped areas, services in existing developed areas, services for areas annexed as wholly surrounded land, and for meeting the cost of services. Maps are included showing potential growth areas, residential development by year, street network, fire districts, City parks, a 50–year growth map, zoning, and floodplains. An Appendix includes examples of cost responsibilities for the extension of public improvements.

The Plan will serve as a complementary document to the Growth Policy Update and provide a more concise focus on providing a plan and method for annexing properties into the City limits and providing the required services to these properties. As the City grows and changes, the Plan will be updated periodically to address future City planning needs and requirements.

Fiscal Impact: The financing of the extension of services includes policies that distribute the tax burden for services through the entire municipality. The Plan includes sources and methods of financing and funding for services currently provided. Those sources include user fees (enterprise funds), tax assessments paid by property owners, developer contributions, special improvement districts, and occasionally grant funds and State fuel tax monies. The Plan does not propose any changes to financing mechanisms for the extension of services. The Plan does outline policies regarding developer, property owner and City responsibilities for providing services and who shall bear the cost of improvements to meet the demands for providing such services.

Concurrences: City management and other staff have reviewed and approve the Plan as drafted. The draft Plan has also been presented to the development community at a Town Hall Meeting held on January 8, 2020, and at two meetings with engineers, architects and developers. It was also presented to City Commission at a Work Session held on January 7, 2020. To date, staff has mostly received positive feedback.

Alternatives: The City Commission could deny Resolution 10345 and not adopt the City of Great Falls Extension of Services Plan.

Attachments/Exhibits:

- Resolution 10345
- City of Great Falls Extension of Services Plan
- Email Comments from Brett Doney
- Planning Board Meeting Minutes from March 10, 2020

RESOLUTION 10345

A RESOLUTION BY THE CITY COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF GREAT FALLS, MONTANA, ADOPTING THE CITY OF GREAT FALLS EXTENSION OF SERVICES PLAN.

* * * * * * * * * * * *

WHEREAS, Mont. Code Ann. § 7-2-4731, "Plans and Report on Extension of Services Required," and Mont. Code Ann. § 7-2-4732, "Contents of Plan for Extension of Services," requires certain cities in Montana to provide long-range plans for the extension of services and the acquisition of properties outside the corporate limits; and

WHEREAS, the Extension of Services Plan outlines a framework for managing the annexation of properties into the City of Great Falls while ensuring that municipal services are provided at a similar level as properties already located within City limits; and

WHEREAS, the Extension of Services Plan meets the statutory requirement to plan for annexation and the provision of City services for a minimum of five (5) years into the future; and

WHEREAS, the Extension of Services Plan evaluates and provides plans for police protection, fire and ambulance protection, garbage collection, streets, street maintenance, water service, sewer service, stormwater management, and other services including Park and Recreation; and

WHEREAS, the Extension of Services Plan also includes the City's methods for financing the extension of services by means of distributing the tax burden for services throughout the municipality; and

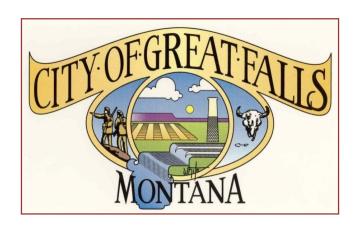
WHEREAS, the City Commission adopted the Growth Policy for the City of Great Falls on August 6, 2013, from which the Extension of Services Plan draws heavily and will serve as a complementary document to the Growth Policy; and

WHEREAS, the City of Great Falls Planning Advisory Board recommended by a vote of 5-0 that the proposed Extension of Services Plan be approved.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF GREAT FALLS, MONTANA, that the City of Great Falls Extension of Services Plan is adopted and copies are available upon request at either the Public Works Department or the Planning and Community Development Department.

PASSED AND ADOPTED by the City Commission of the City of Great Falls, Montana, on this 19th day of May, 2020.

	Bob Kelly, Mayor
ATTEST:	
Lisa Kunz, City Clerk	
(CITY SEAL)	
APPROVED FOR LEGAL CONTENT:	
Sara R. Sexe, City Attorney	<u> </u>





EXTENSION OF SERVICES PLAN

May 19, 2020

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Introduction

Statutory Requirements

The City of Great Falls developed this Extension of Services Plan to outline the framework in place for managing the annexation of properties into the City and providing a level of service to the newly annexed areas similar to the service experienced by properties that are currently in the City limits. The City is required to provide this plan under Montana statutory law, including but not limited to M.C.A. § 7-2-4731, "Plans and Report on Extension of Services Required," and M.C.A. § 7-2-4732, "Contents of Plan for Extension of Services". Montana law requires that the Extension of Service Plan include "a long-range plan for the extension of services and the acquisition of properties outside the corporate limits". This plan includes anticipated development through the year 2025, meeting the requirement of the state statute to plan a minimum of 5 years into the future.

In accordance with Montana law, the City of Great Falls Extension of Services Plan will evaluate and provide plans for the following services:

- Police Protection
- Fire Protection
- Garbage Collection
- Streets
- Street Maintenance
- Water Service
- Sanitary Sewer Service
- Stormwater Management

Montana law requires that these services be provided to the annexed areas "on substantially the same basis and in the same manner as those services are provided within the rest of the municipality prior to annexation".

In addition to the service required by Montana law, this plan will also review other services provided by the City including Parks and Recreation.

The Extension of Services Plan, according to Montana law, must also include the City's methods for financing the extension of services in a means that distributes the tax burden for services through the entire municipality. The plan also requires that a transfer of service plan be in place to orderly transfer services from a county, special district, or improvement district that may currently provide any of the services listed above.

City of Great Falls Growth Policy

The City of Great Falls Extension of Services Plan includes by reference, and draws heavily from the technical information included in the Imagine Great Falls 2025, City of Great Falls Growth Policy Update released in 2013. This Extension of Services Plan will serve as a complementary document to the Growth Policy Update and will provide a more concise document focused on providing a plan and method for annexing properties into the city limits and providing the required services to these properties.

Urban Growth Boundaries

The Urban Growth Boundaries are denoted as those areas that include potential growth areas not currently included in the Great Falls City limits or have been annexed into the City but remain undeveloped. The potential growth areas, as shown in Figure 1 illustrates logical areas for future development that are adjacent to or surrounded by the existing City limits. For the purposes of this Extension of Services Plan, only growth projected to occur within the next five years is evaluated. Figure 1 shows residential (yellow), non-residential (red) and industrial (blue) growth areas. These areas were defined by evaluating local economic factors and population growth patterns to provide the best projections as to where new residential, commercial, and industrial development could occur in the next five years.

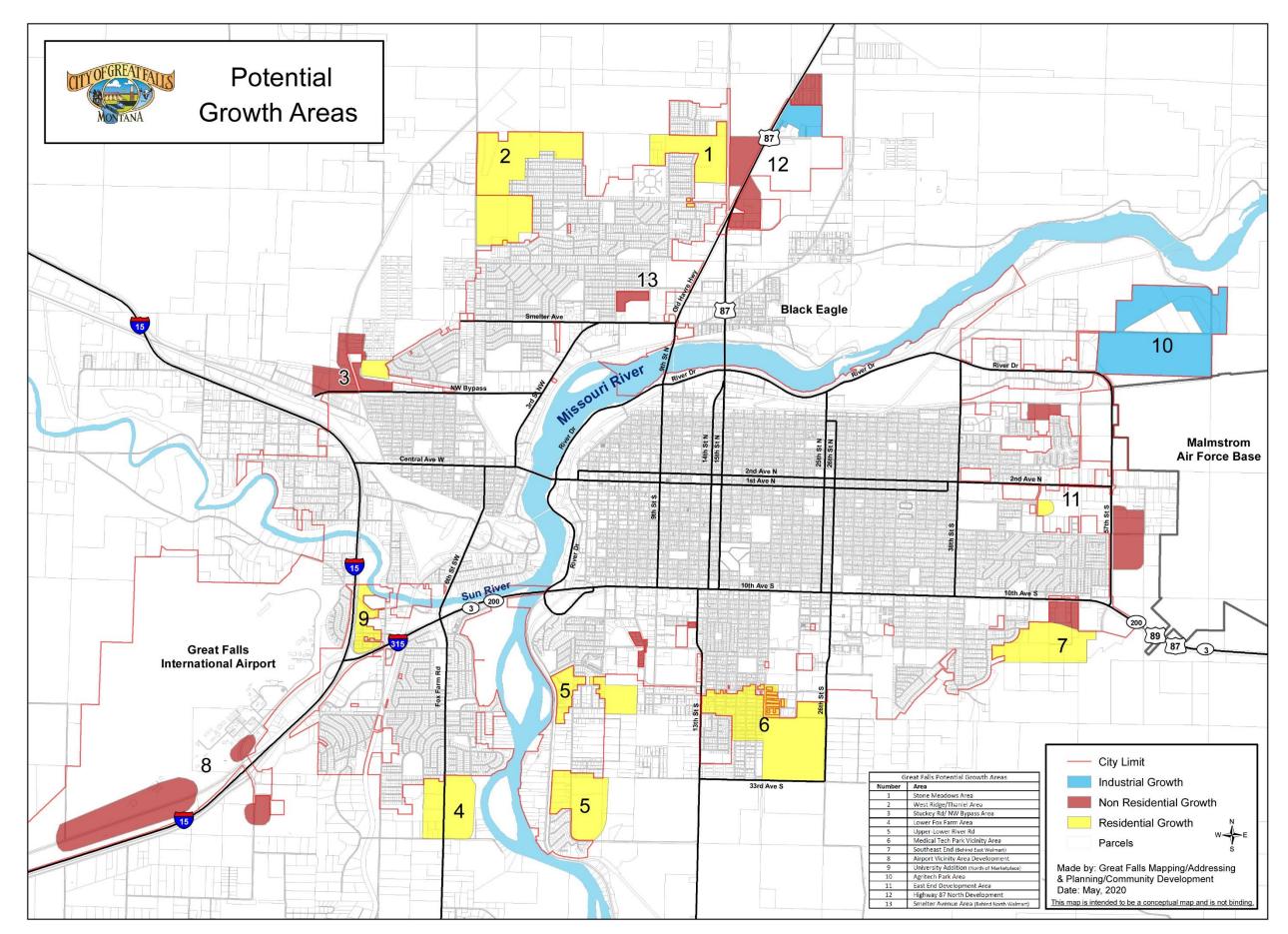


Figure 1. Urban Growth Boundary and Potential Growth Areas

Economic Conditions and Trends

The City of Great Falls is located in Cascade County on the Missouri River, approximately 60 miles east of the Rocky Mountains. Great Falls is the largest city in North Central Montana and serves as a regional hub for medical services, retail, and transportation. The 2010 US Census reported the City's population as 58,505. Malmstrom Air Force Base is located on the eastern border of the City and while the on base population is not included in the City's total population, the base does significantly impact housing and the local economy. The City experienced a decline in population for a 20 year period from the early 1970s until the early 1990s and has experienced flat population growth for the last 20 years. Cascade County population projections reported in the Great Falls Area Long Range Transportation Plan predict a slow steady growth at approximately 0.75 percent per year during the next 20 years.

Documents that are available to provide additional information on the area's economic conditions and trends include: the 2013 Growth Policy Update, the Great Falls Area Long Range Transportation Plan, and the 2010 Federal Census. Additional information and resources may also be available from the State of Montana Census and Economic Information Center.

Physical Growth Trends

The original town site for Great Falls was platted in 1883 and the City was founded in 1884. Development has extended out from the downtown core with major commercial development following transportation corridors. Table 2 and Figure 2 taken from the Growth Policy Update, depict the residential growth during the last 138 years. The residential growth observed during the 30 year period from 1950 to 1979 is almost three times greater than the period from 1980 to 2012. Recent growth trends indicate that Great Falls is experiencing steady modest growth that is anticipated to continue for the duration of this plan. The residential development from 1980 to 2018 highlighted in blue provides a useful depiction of where the majority of residential growth has occurred recently and where growth may be expected in the future.

Table 2 Residential Building Units in Great Falls 1880-2018		
Year	Count	
1880-1919	2,775	
1920-1949	3,522	
1950-1959	5,085	
1960-1979	5,687	
1980-2018	4,160	
Total	21,229	
Source: Montana Departmen Note: Redeveloped lots are	nt of Revenue 2019 data not included as data for purposes of this map.	

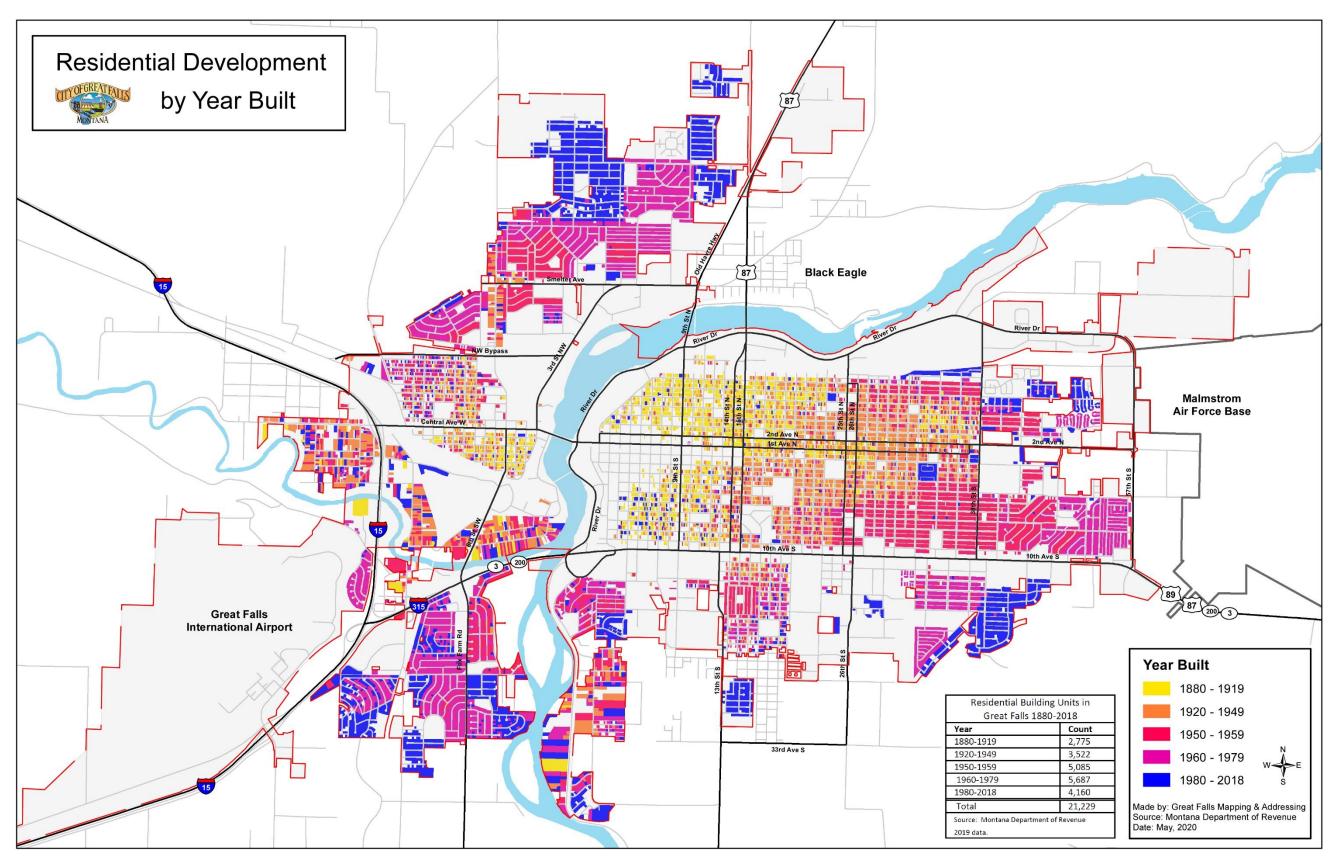


Figure 2. Residential Growth

Impediments to Growth

A significant impediment to growth for the City of Great Falls as well as many other cities is the cost of providing and maintaining utilities and services to the areas seeking incorporation into the City limits. The Urban Growth Boundaries provided for in this plan include properties that are close in proximity to existing utilities and services. This plan assumes that through the next 10 years, the areas closest to existing utility infrastructure will be the most likely for annexation.

In addition to the challenge of funding and providing new water and sewer and updating streets to meet city standards, there are other physical factors such as stream and river locations, steep slopes, poor soils, and City/County development patterns that also impede growth.

The confluence of the Missouri River and Sun River is located near downtown and the associated floodplain limits development in some of the lowest lying areas adjacent to these rivers. The floodplain map for the Great Falls area is included in appendices to this report.

Steeper topography located in some areas including Gore Hill, Hill 57 and the perimeter of Gibson Flats presents additional challenges for construction of public infrastructure and buildings. Because of these challenges, these areas have been slower to develop than other areas.

Areas with expansive clay soils, more prevalent in the northwestern and northeastern sections of the City, have experienced increased development costs in recent years.

In some instances, the development pattern of County subdivisions in close proximity to the City is a factor in determining the City's future growth. Overall there are 160 subdivisions within a two mile periphery of the City. These areas can often times develop more slowly and differently from today's typical subdivisions.

Growth Stimulants

There are currently four major economic factors leading development in Great Falls. The largest factor and one that has impacted Great Falls for many years is Malmstrom Air Force Base. The Federal Government military spending and staffing decisions have historically affected Great Falls economically and are anticipated to continue to have a significant impact on the local economy. The second is the Medical Industry. Great Falls has become a regional hub for healthcare and Benefis Health System is the largest civilian employer in the City. The Great Falls Clinic also employs a significant local workforce in addition to many smaller health related companies and

practices operating in Great Falls. Oil and gas production in eastern Montana, North Dakota, and Canada has led to a recent increase in industrial activity that has impacted Great Falls as well. While oil prices have dropped significantly in the past few years, there is still the potential that northern Montana will continue to develop its natural resources and jobs associated with this work may stimulate growth in Great Falls. Finally, economic opportunities associated with supporting the region's heavy agricultural operations continue to provide a solid base to the Great Falls economy.

The higher education opportunities in Great Falls also provide some impact on the local economy. The private University of Providence has a listed enrollment, including online enrollment, of just over 1,000 students, while the public Great Falls College-Montana State University has approximately 2,600 students.

Prevailing Growth Patterns

Figure 2 (page 8) included in the Physical Growth Trends section of this plan illustrates the residential growth trends in Great Falls.

The majority of residential development that has occurred over the past 30 years has been concentrated in the following areas:

North:

The largest growth area over the last 30 years has been north of Skyline Drive, to the west of 5th Street Northeast and to the East of 9th Street Northeast. This development has been primarily residential with the exception of some commercial development near Bootlegger Trail. The heaviest Industrial growth in this area has been to the east of U.S. Highway 87. The land north of Great Falls was used primarily for agriculture before being developed. There are some areas of poor soils and poor drainage that provide additional challenges for the development of these areas.

Southeast:

The residential areas of the city southeast of Mountain View Drive and to the east of 39th Street South, and south of 10th Avenue South, make up another large concentrated area that has experienced significant growth during the last 30 years. This area is primarily residential with commercial growth near 10th Avenue South including a new Wal-Mart that has the potential to generate additional commercial growth in the area. Growth is restricted in parts of this area due

to the steep slopes that lead down to the Gibson Flats area, and drainages that move through this area.

South:

The primary residential development that has occurred south of Great Falls is the Castle Pines development, between 13th and 17th Streets South and 24th and 29th Avenues South and the Talus, Rockcress and Meriwether Crossing multi-family developments located between 20th Street 21st Avenue South and 26th Street South and 24th Avenue South. There has also been significant recent commercial development near the medical district between 20th and 32nd Streets South.

Southwest:

The Fox Farm area south of 10th Avenue South and west of the Missouri River is another area of residential growth that has been active over the last 30 years. This is an area that has been developed for many years, but additional growth has occurred in various open spaces in the area.

Projected Growth Areas

The steady growth experienced in the past few years in Great Falls is expected to continue similar to prevailing growth patterns described in the previous section. Some infill and development within the existing City boundaries should be expected, though most of the growth will likely occur on the periphery of the City. There is a large supply of open space and agricultural land that borders the City, helping to keep land costs low for development. The largest impediment to growth in these areas on the outside of the existing City Limits is the costs associated with providing and maintaining City services. The six residential areas called out on Figure 1 are all located close to subdivisions with roadways and utilities in the City limits, though there are still considerable costs associated with providing and maintaining utilities to these new residential areas. These costs are discussed further in the Extension of City Services section below. Development within the three industrial areas called out in Figure 1 will require utility investments. Most utility infrastructure is available in these areas but some industrial users have specialized utility needs that require additional infrastructure to be built which will ultimately require additional costs.

Extension of City Services

In order to achieve compact, orderly and efficient urban growth, plans for the extension of, including providing and maintaining, municipal services into growth areas must be developed and implemented. In addition to identifying the services available and a plan to physically provide those services within a defined area, it is also essential to identify both the party responsible for service extensions and a method of financing the extensions.

The services which are considered for extension into the future growth areas of the City are streets, sanitary sewer, storm sewer, water, police protection, fire protection and emergency services, solid waste collection, and parks.

Streets

The transportation network within and around a community plays a significant role in its physical development and growth. This network of streets, roads and highways should be coordinated to form a system that not only provides efficient internal circulation, but one that also facilitates through traffic. Since streets serve two basic functions of moving traffic and providing access to abutting lands, each street should be classified and designed for the specific function or combination of functions it is intended to serve. This functional classification system forms the basis for planning, designing, constructing, maintaining and operating the street system. For these reasons urban streets are designed and developed in a hierarchy comprised of the following types:

Major Arterials:

A major road or highway with moderate to high speeds and high traffic volumes. Major arterials provide access to the regional transportation network, and move traffic across the county and between cities and communities. Access to abutting lands is limited. Traffic volumes would typically exceed 15,000 vehicles per day.

Minor Arterials:

A major road with moderate speeds designed to collect and move traffic from one major part of the community to another or to move traffic to and from the major arterial system. Traffic volumes would generally range from 5,000 to 15,000 vehicles per day.

Collectors:

A secondary or intermediate street with moderate speeds and low to moderate volumes. Such streets would collect local traffic from neighborhoods and carry it to adjacent neighborhoods or transfer the traffic to the arterial system. Such streets would typically serve a neighborhood or area with 150 or more dwellings and carry 1,000 to 5,000 vehicles per day.

Local:

These are minor streets intended to serve individual sites, buildings or lots, and provide access to residential neighborhoods. Local streets either feed into collectors or provide destination access off collectors.

The City of Great Falls is currently responsible for approximately 300 miles of paved roadway and alleys, as well as another 80 miles including mostly unpaved alleys. The Montana Department of Transportation (MDT) is responsible for 39 miles of roadway in Great Falls.

The primary planning document for transportation funding is the *Great Falls Area Transportation Plan*, last adopted in 2014 and updated in 2018. This document provides a comprehensive evaluation of the transportation system for the City of Great Falls and the surrounding urban areas. Included in this Transportation Plan is an evaluation of Major Street Network (MSN) Improvements that includes larger, high cost projects that are needed to meet the anticipated Traffic Demands through 2038. Figure 3 below is taken from the Transportation Plan and provides MSN improvement options recommended to meet the anticipated traffic demands. The proposed improvements on this figure include work north and south of Great Falls that will provide new or improved arterial and collector roadways in the areas that are anticipated to see the largest growth over the next 20 years. These projects will likely be funded through State and Federal Funding sources. Two of these improvements projects, 24th Avenue South and Fox Farm Road were recently completed.

Additional local roads and collector streets may be necessary to meet the anticipated growth evaluated in this Extension of Services Plan. It will be the responsibility of the developer of a new subdivision to provide streets built to city standards, including curbs, gutters, sidewalks, boulevards, and street signs.

The City of Great Falls requires that new streets associated with annexation meet the requirements of Official Code of the City of Great Falls (OCCGF), Title 16, Chapter 16, Article 7, as may be amended. New City streets need to meet the anticipated service levels prescribed in the Growth Plan and Transportation Plan. Street corridors should take into account the anticipated storm water conveyance requirements, either curb and gutter flow or inlet capacity and pipe installation depending on the site, and also make accommodations for other public utilities and transportation improvements.

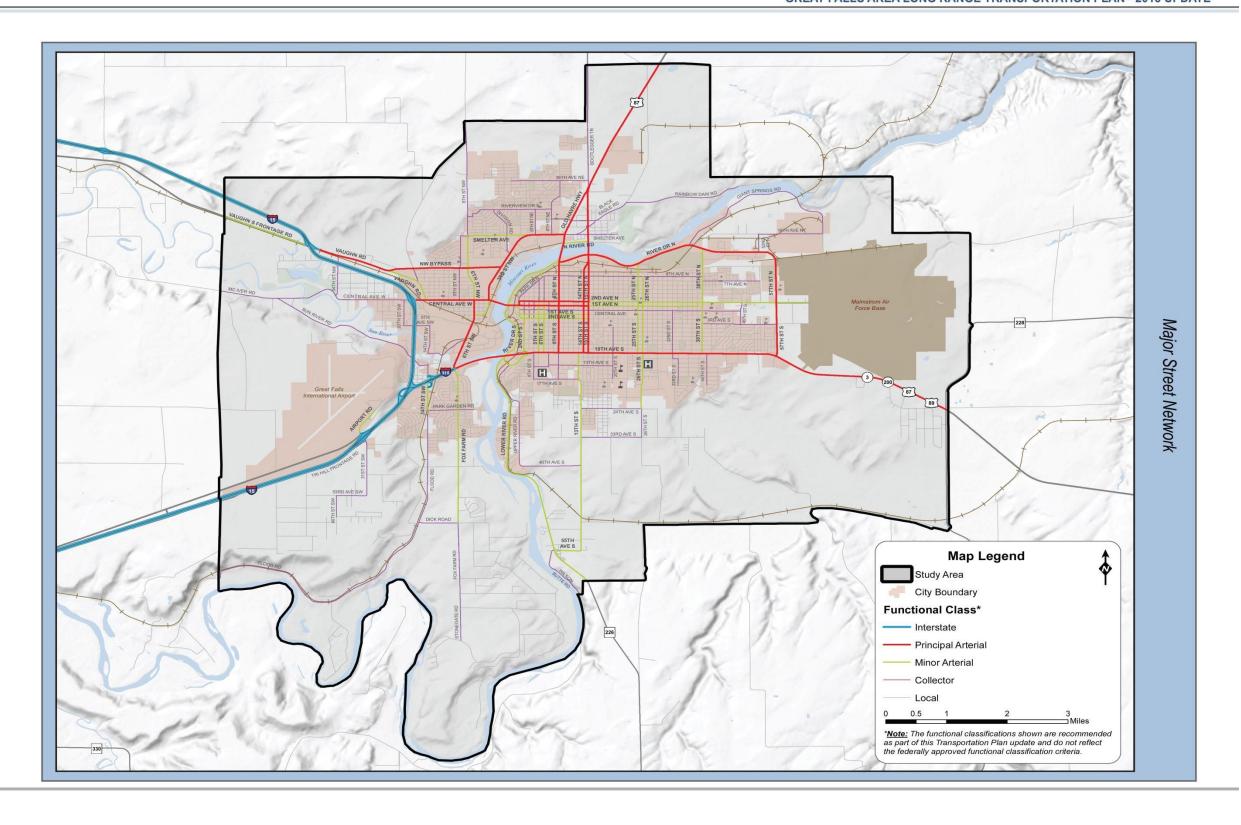


Figure 3. Major Street Network

Street Maintenance

The City maintains, sweeps and plows 307 miles of streets and 80 miles of alleys located within the City limits. The Montana Department of Transportation (MDT) maintains another 39 miles of federal aid urban (FAU) routes and interstate highway that fall under MDT's jurisdiction. The City provides maintenance on some of the FAU routes and MDT manages any projects involving FAUs where federal funding is utilized.

Street maintenance includes, but is not limited to, sprinkling, graveling, oiling, chip sealing, seal coating, overlaying, treating, general cleaning, sweeping, flushing, snow and ice removal, and leaf and debris removal.

The City is currently adequately equipped to handle large snow storms. MDT manages the snow plowing and removal from their major arterials and the City plows the remaining arterials and collectors. Local roads are not commonly plowed.

The means to add additional staff and equipment to meet the added demands for road maintenance and snow removal caused by growth depends on future City budgets.

Street - Funding/Financing Capital Improvements and Operation & Maintenance

Capital Improvements costs associated with the extension of streets and alleys to serve a new subdivision and/or development are typically financed and paid for by the Developer. If an extension of streets is not in the development boundaries to connect to the existing transportation system, or the street section or capacity needs to be upgraded (over-sizing) to serve other areas located outside the development, then the City may choose to share in the cost of the extension or over-sizing. The City's cost participation will be limited to available capital improvements funding. The Developer will be responsible for the balance of the cost not funded by the City. The Developer and City will be eligible for reimbursement of costs incurred for extending and over-sizing improvements outside a development to serve other areas and/or connect to the existing public transportation system. The recommended method of determining cost splits and responsibility is 1) to identify the actual costs for each of the improvements, 2) identify the sources and the amount of funding provided, 3) perform a traffic usage analysis that may include trip generation and vehicular loading from each benefitting area, 4) determine the sub-area and collective area demands on each capital improvement, and 5) calculate the reimbursement cost splits based on ratios of funding amounts provided from each party and a ratio of the sub-area/collective area demand contributions. Policies regarding costs and other

responsibilities for implementing capital improvements, are also found in the *Recommended Policies for Extending Services* section of this plan.

At present the City relies on State Gas Tax Apportionment, Gas Tax Special Allocation, State Entitlement and Special Assessments (Street Maintenance District, Street Lighting Districts) to fund the majority of the cost of street capital improvements and operation and maintenance services. Each parcel within the City limits is assessed for street maintenance with a cap of 12,000 square feet for residential properties and 1,000,000 square feet for commercial properties. Other funding that is received on a periodic and case by case basis includes: grants, tax increment funding, special improvement district bonding, State and Federal Transportation (State Transportation Program Urban and Congestion Mitigation Air Quality) funding.

Sanitary Sewer

The sanitary sewer system is designed to collect, convey, treat and dispose of sewage through collector, trunk, interceptor, and force mains, lift stations, and a treatment plant. These facilities presently consist of 270 miles of mains, 4,618 sewer manholes, 32 lift stations, and the wastewater treatment plant located on the northwest side of the City along the Missouri River. Together this system operates to collect and treat 3.6 billion gallons of wastewater per year. Veolia Water North America is currently under contract to operate the wastewater treatment plant and lift stations.

In 2018, the City completed an update to the *Facility Plan for Wastewater* last published in 1998. The plan states that the basic facilities of the City will provide adequate service for the next 20 years. In the plan, a one percent growth rate was applied. This rate includes a projection up through the year 2035. The capacity of the system was evaluated based on a 2035 population of 66,561. The Master Plan analysis indicates the City has adequate capacity and estimates approximate locations of future collection system mains and lift stations consistent with the transportation planning predicted growth areas. Also, capacity hinges somewhat on whether any large industrial users are added to the system. To help minimize this potential impact, the City maintains and enforces an approved industrial pretreatment program.

In 1960, the City of Great Falls constructed a primary treatment plant, located at 1600 6th Street Northeast, which included sedimentation, chlorine disinfection and anaerobic digestion for solids processing. The facility was upgraded and expanded in the mid 1970's to include secondary biological treatment, solids thickening facilities, and a heat treatment system for solids processing. In 2003, the heat treatment system was replaced by anaerobic digesters.

In 2014, work was completed to replace the plant aeration with new diffused air bioreactors and to replace the chlorine disinfection system with Ultraviolet (UV) disinfection, and add improved metering.

The City's collection system was recently extended to provide service to a new commercial development on the eastern limits of the City near 57th Street South.

In addition to the 2018 *Wastewater Facilities Plan*, the Department of Public Works maintains a Capital Improvements Plan (CIP) that projects improvements needed for the wastewater treatment plant and the sanitary sewer collection system for the next five years.

The City of Great Falls requires that new properties included in an annexation have access to Sanitary Sewer Collection as required by OCCGF Tile 17, Chapter 16, Article 7, as be amended and Tile 13, as be amended. These codes include requirements to install a City Engineer approved sanitary sewer collection system and to complete the collection system in City right of way or in easements to be provided to the City to allow for access to the new utility. The City Commission does have the ability to allow for the extension of sanitary sewer to areas that are not planned for immediate annexation under special circumstances, such as the Upper/Lower River Road area where sanitary sewer was extended to address ground water pollution caused by privately owned septic and sewage drain fields and a subsequent moratorium of permitting of new private sewage treatment systems issued by the Montana Department of Environmental Quality and local Health Department.

Sewer - Funding/Financing Capital Improvements and Operation & Maintenance

Capital Improvements costs associated with the extension of sewer mains and other wastewater facilities to serve a new subdivision and/or development are typically financed and paid for by the Developer. If an extension of sewer main or other wastewater facilities is required beyond the development boundaries in order to connect to the existing system, or the sewer main capacity needs to be upgraded (over-sizing) to serve other areas located outside the development, then it is the intent of the City to share in the cost of the extension or over-sizing. The City's cost participation will be limited to available capital improvements funding. The Developer will be responsible for the balance of the cost not funded by the City or other funding sources. Both the Developer and the City will be eligible for reimbursement from future developments for the costs associated with serving those future developments. The recommended method of determining cost splits and responsibility is 1) to identify the actual costs for each of the improvements, 2) identify the sources and the amount of funding provided,

3) perform an engineering analysis of contributing volumes and/or peak flows demands from each benefitting development area, 4) determine the sub-area and collective area demands on each capital improvement, and 5) calculate the reimbursement cost splits based on ratios of funding amounts provided from each party and a ratio of the sub-area/collective area demand contributions. Policies regarding costs and other responsibilities for implementing capital improvements, are also found in the *Recommended Policies for Extending Services* section of this plan.

At present the City relies on Enterprise Fund (Sewer) assessments to fund the cost of capital improvement and operation and maintenance of the sanitary sewer/wastewater system. Each developed parcel is assessed based on water usage and land use. Other funding sources received on a periodic and case by case basis include grants, tax increment funding, special improvement district and State Revolving Fund loans.

Storm Water

The City of Great Falls operates a storm drain utility to collect, detain, retain, treat, convey, and discharge precipitation falling on developed areas in an effort to minimize flooding and impacts to receiving water quality. The City's storm sewer system is separate from its sanitary sewer system and discharges to the Missouri River, Sun River, Sand Coulee Creek, and Whitmore Ravine.

The City's Public Works Department prepared a *Storm Drain Master Plan* in 1989 and since then there have been regional studies completed for the northwest, southwest, south central and southeast areas of town. These studies have led to millions of dollars of storm drain improvements over the last 30 years. The City maintains approximately 113 miles of public storm drains, 2,042 manholes, 3,333 inlets, and 17 detention and retention basins. The majority of the storm water improvements recently designed and constructed by the City were completed to address drainage infrastructure deficiencies within the City system. Improvements and major repair projects are guided by a five year Capital Improvements Plan. New development is assessed a stormwater fee of \$250 per acre. Developers must work with the Department of Public Works to demonstrate that the area to be annexed provides adequate storm water storage and conveyance and that adjacent property owners will not be adversely impacted.

The Great Falls urbanized area is classified as a small Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS-4); therefore the City is subject to Montana Department of Environmental Quality's General Permit for Storm Water Discharges Associated with Small Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems Montana Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit (Permit). The Permit requires the City to develop and implement a program that requires development and redevelopment projects to retain or treat the first 0.5 inch of precipitation falling on the impervious surfaces of the development.

The City has identified significant liability concerns/issues with requiring developments to capture and convey stormwater from existing public right-of-way or newly established right-of-way (dedicated as part of the project or Common Plan of Development as defined in the City Storm Drain Design Manual) to private stormwater facilities. The City finds that the potential liability assumed by requiring this type of practice exceeds the "maximum extent practicable" for its MS-4 program implementation, within the intended meaning of this standard at Section 402 (p)(3)(B)(iii) of the federal Clean Water Act. The City could be exposed to a myriad of citizen claims and lawsuits that could render the stormwater utility administratively inoperable. Therefore, the City will consider waiver requests submitted for that portion of the Water Quality Volume or Water Quality Flow from the project or Common Plan of Development originating from the right-of-way associated with newly created and dedicated City streets. The waiver request must comply with the OCCGF, Title 17, Chapter 52, as may be amended, by demonstrating the following criteria, and any other criteria deemed necessary by the Director of Public Works, are met:

- Stormwater will be conveyed to an existing regional treatment facility (RTF) that is currently owned and operated by the City. An engineering evaluation is provided demonstrating that the existing RTF has available capacity to meet the Water Quality Requirement described below for run-off from the driving surface and right of-way of the street in question. The project proposing to discharge to the RTF may be responsible to construct alterations (relative to the size of the proposed development) in order to address Water Quality Requirement; or
- Stormwater will be conveyed to a newly constructed RTF chosen at the time of development. In addition to addressing the Water Quality Requirements for the proposed development, the chosen RTF will need to be designed and sized appropriately to address the Water Quality Requirement for the undeveloped portion of MS-4 basin or sub-basin to allow for treatment capacity for future development in the same basin and/or sub-basin, as defined in the City's stormwater master plan. However, the planned

development will only need to provide payment for its share of the *stormwater quality* assessment/cost associated with the portion (relative to the size of the proposed development) of the RTF required for that specific development. The City will cover the remaining portion and receive reimbursements finances from future developments as they come along. After construction, the chosen RTF will be owned/operated and maintained by the City.

- The chosen RTF will need to be submitted to and approved by the Director of Public Works. Proposed best management practices (BMPs) must meet the Water Quality Requirement using sizing and design parameters of the Montana Post-Construction Storm Water BMP Design Guidance Manual (Statewide BMP Manual, available upon request). Please refer to Chapter 8 of this document for additional information on various RTFs.

The City has also identified implementation challenges that exceed the maximum extent practicable standard related to design, construction, operation and maintenance of onsite BMPs at single family, duplex and four-plex residential developments. The City has identified three feasible options by which Water Quality Requirements could be achieved for these types of residential developments. They are to (1) require each individual property owner to install preapproved BMPs at specific locations that are reviewed and approved prior to construction as part of the Common Plan of Development, (2) to require the developer to design and construct an RTF for the Common Plan of Development that is owned, operated and maintained by the Citizenry, or (3) require the developer to design and construct an RTF for the Common Plan of Development that dedicated to the City to own, operated and maintained.

With respect to option (2) the City finds that formation of Homeowners Associations (HOA) or similar neighborhood-based entities as the only feasible approach to achieve a level of organization necessary to demonstrate compliance with a Stormwater Management Permit (SMP) permit, and to operate and maintain stormwater or, raise the funding necessary to hire skilled professionals to conduct these activities on the HOA's behalf. The City will not prohibit and does not discourage residential property owners from forming an HOA or similar neighborhood-based entities for these purposes, nor will the City prohibit or discourage individual residential property owners from installing low impact development features on their property. However, the City finds requiring option (1) or (2) to generally exceed the maximum extent practicable for the Great Falls MS-4, for reasons including but not limited to the following:

- The City is unaware of any Federal, State or Local Code that enables the City to require segments of its Citizenry to form a Home Owner's Association.
- In general the average citizenry does not contain the training and technical expertise necessary to install, operate or maintain the BMPs that achieve the Water Quality Requirement.
- Such a requirement is impracticable because it dictates required land use on private property.
- Issuing and providing compliance service for a SMP to each individual private land owner
 as a mechanism to ensure compliance exceeds the available program resources making
 this option impracticable.
- The requirement would violate Clean Water Act requirement related to the right to meaningful opportunity for participation.
- In accordance with the MS-4 permit for maintenance of each individual property would fall to the City if not completed by the property owner. This demand on City resources would far outpace resource availability making this option impracticable.

Therefore, the City will consider waiver requests submitted for the Water Quality Volume or Water Quality Flow from project or Common Plan of Development comprised of individual residences, duplexes or four-plexes. The Waiver request must comply with OCCGF Title 17, Chapter 52, as may be amended, by demonstrating the following criteria, and any other criteria deemed necessary by the Director of Public Works, are met:

Stormwater will be conveyed to a newly constructed RTF chosen at the time of development. In addition to addressing the Water Quality Requirements for the proposed development, the chosen RTF will need to be designed and sized appropriately to address the Water Quality Requirement for the undeveloped portion of MS-4 basin or sub-basin to allow for treatment capacity for future development in the same basin and/or sub-

basin, as defined in the City's stormwater master plan. However, the planned development will only need to provide payment for its share of the *stormwater quality assessment/cost* associated with the portion (relative to the size of the proposed development) of the RTF required for that specific development. The City will cover the remaining portion and receive reimbursements finances from future developments as they come along. After construction, the chosen RTF will be owned/operated and maintained by the City.

- The chosen RTF will need to be submitted to and approved by the Director of Public Works. Proposed BMPs must meet the Water Quality Requirement using sizing and design parameters of the then-current Montana Post-Construction Storm Water BMP Design Guidance Manual (Statewide BMP Manual, available upon request). Please refer to Chapter 8 of this document for additional information on various RTFs.

Storm Drain - Funding/Financing Capital Improvements and Operation & Maintenance

Capital Improvements costs associated with the extension of storm drains and other stormwater management facilities to serve a new subdivision and/or development are typically financed and paid for by the Developer. If an extension of storm drain or other stormwater management facilities is required beyond the development boundaries in order to connect to the existing system, or the sewer main capacity needs to be upgraded (over-sizing) to serve other areas located outside the development, then the City may choose to share in the cost of the extension or over-sizing. The City's cost participation will be limited to available capital improvements funding. The Developer will be responsible for the balance of the cost not funded by the City or other funding sources. The Developer and City may be eligible for reimbursement of costs incurred for extending and over-sizing improvements outside a development to serve other areas and or connect to the existing public system. The recommended method of determining cost splits and responsibility is 1) to identify the actual costs for each of the improvements, 2) identify the sources and the amount of funding provided, 3) perform a hydrological and hydraulic analysis of contributing volumes and/or peak flows demands from each benefitting development area and compare individual with the collective volumes and flows contributing to a particular improvement, 4) determine the development and collective area demands on each improvement, and 5) reconcile the improvement cost splits based on ratios of funding source amounts and areas demand contributions. Policies regarding costs and other responsibilities for

implementing capital improvements, are also found in the *Recommended Policies for Extending Services* section of this plan.

At present the City relies on Enterprise Fund (Storm Drain) assessments to fund the cost of capital improvement and operation and maintenance of the storm drain system. Each developed parcel is assessed based on land area and use. Residential properties served by existing storm drain facilities have a cap of 15,000 square feet while residential properties that are not served by existing facilities are capped at 1000 square feet. Other non-residential parcels are assessed on land use and total developed area. Other funding sources received on a periodic and case by case basis include grants, tax increment funding, special improvement district and State Revolving Fund loans.

Water

Potable water facilities include structures designed to collect, treat, and distribute clean water, including distribution mains, a treatment plant and storage tanks or reservoirs. The Great Falls Water Plant uses a conventional filtration system which treats and delivers an average of 4.5 billion gallons of drinking water per year. The municipal water system consists of a water treatment plant, 323 miles of water mains and three booster pump stations. The system serves approximately 64,000 customers. Single family per capita water usage was estimated at 123 gallons per day (GPD) in 2005. Per capita water usage has been decreasing due to the advent of conservation methods.

Today, raw water from the Missouri River receives modern treatment methods of coagulation, flocculation, sedimentation, filtration and disinfection before it is pumped into water distribution mains. There are seven storage facilities in the distribution system with a total capacity of over 12 million gallons.

The City's water distribution system pipes average 40 years old - the oldest in the state. This leads to the potential for more frequent water main breaks impacting the distribution system and requiring Utility Department resources to repair. Recently completed Water Plant improvements include UV disinfection to meet new regulatory standards, re-locating ammonia feed facilities for safety reasons and replacement of the aging heavy duty electrical switch gear.

The City has a *Water Master Plan* that was developed in 2006 based on a planning horizon of 2025. The report reviewed the Great Falls water treatment, storage, and distribution system. The report found that the water quality delivered to customers in Great Falls is excellent and exceeds regulatory requirements. The report identified needs over the next 20 years based on facility age,

conditions, and service areas with less than ideal pressures, vulnerability issues, regulatory and safety issues and expanded service areas. The report also recommended that the City vigorously defend its water rights on an on-going basis.

In addition to the *Water Master Plan*, the Department of Public Works maintains a Capital Improvements Plan that projects the improvements needed for the water system for the next five years. Current planned improvements include the installation of a new bulk ammonia handling system, replacing and upgrading filter media, and replacing electric switch gear at the Water Treatment Plant. In addition, water storage tank repair, removal and relocating projects are nearly complete. Also, an aggressive water main replacement program has been ongoing for 25 years and will continue to replace the most vulnerable components of the City's aging distribution system. Future distribution system projects also include adding river crossing locations to provide additional supply to and/or redundancy of the north and west sides of the Missouri River.

The onsite Water Testing Lab routinely tests for contaminants in the water, as required by Federal and State laws. A Water Quality - Consumer Confidence Report is created annually from the previous year's analysis data and is distributed to water system users. The City is currently constructing facility improvements to continue to supply clean safe water while upgrading the treatment plant to meet the recent addition of regulation requirements.

The City of Great Falls requires that potable water service be provided to each property in association with the annexation to meet the requirements of OCCGF Title 17, Chapter 16, as may be amended. Fire hydrants providing the adequate flows necessary for the associated land use are required to be included as part of the water system.

Water - Funding/Financing Capital Improvements and Operation & Maintenance

Capital Improvements costs associated with the extension of water mains and other facilities to serve a new subdivision and/or development are typically financed and paid for by the Developer. If an extension of a water main or other water facilities is required beyond the development boundaries to connect to the existing system, or the water main capacity needs to be increased (over-sizing) to serve other areas located outside the development, then the City may choose to share in the cost of the extension and/or over-sizing. The City's cost participation will be limited to available capital improvements funding. The Developer will be responsible for the balance of the cost not funded by the City. Both the Developer and the City will be eligible for

reimbursement from future developments for the costs associated with serving those future developments. The recommended method of determining cost splits and responsibility is: 1) to identify the actual costs for each of the improvements, 2) identify the sources and the amount of funding provided, 3) perform an engineering analysis of contributing peak demands (flow) from each benefitting area, 4) determine the sub-areas and collective area benefitting each improvement segment or component, and 5) calculate the reimbursement cost splits based on ratios of funding amounts provided from each party and the sub-area and collective area demand amounts. Policies regarding costs and other responsibilities for implementing capital improvements, are also found in the *Recommended Policies for Extending Services* section of this plan.

At present the City relies on Enterprise Fund (Water) assessments to fund the cost of capital improvement and operation and maintenance of the water distribution and treatment system. Each developed parcel is billed based on water usage and land use. Other funding sources which are received on a periodic and case by case basis include grants, tax increment funding, special improvement district and State Revolving Fund loans.

Solid Waste Management

The Sanitation Division is responsible for the collection and transportation of solid waste from approximately 15,700 residential and 1,200 commercial customers to approved disposal sites. Nearly 40,000 tons of solid waste are collected and disposed of annually. The City of Great Falls has a long-term contract with Montana Waste Systems, Inc. (Republic Services) for solid waste disposal. The High Plains Landfill is located 10.5 miles north of Great Falls on Havre Highway. For commercial and residential customers, there is a fee at the landfill. Montana Waste Systems, Inc. also provides sanitation services for residential and commercial customers in Great Falls. The capacity of the permitted and licensed portion of the landfill is estimated to be sufficient for the life of the planning horizon and beyond.

The means to add additional staff and equipment to meet the added demands of additional services areas and customers caused by growth depends on future City budgets.

Solid Waste Management - Funding/Financing Capital Improvements and Operation & Maintenance

Currently, the City utilizes a privately owned landfill for disposal of solid waste. Land has been purchased for a future landfill and composing site; however capital improvements are limited to

storage facilities at the Public Works Complex. Typically, any solid waste receptacle storage facilities associated with a multi-family, commercial or industrial development are privately owned and financed.

At present the City relies on Enterprise Fund (Sanitation) assessments to fund the cost of a limited capital improvement and operation and maintenance of the solid waste equipment and storage buildings. Each City customer is billed based on residential or commercial classification and the size of the receptacle.

Fire and Emergency Services Protection

The City of Great Falls provides fire and Emergency Management Service (EMS) services to land and real and personal property located within the City limits, along with 16 County Contracted Fire Districts." The City receives payment through a series of agreements for these contracted services. The City of Great Falls Fire Rescue (GFFR) has 65 uniformed firefighters with 60 assigned to four shifts (15 per shift). The Fire Chief along with other administrative personnel are primarily responsible for Emergency Management.

The City has four frontline apparatuses in four Fire Stations (see Figure 4). Three Engine Companies and one Ladder Company are staffed 24 hours a day, seven days a week. The other apparatus options are reserves and not staffed. They are brought into service when one of the frontline apparatus needs repair or when firefighters are called for large incidents.

The Insurance Service Office (ISO), an independent entity, recently upgraded the City's Public Protection Classification (PPC) from 4 to 2. The City's PPC has improved due to staffing levels. These ratings can influence what a homeowner pays for insurance, especially in locations that are more challenging to serve.

GFFR also conducts safety inspections of each business in Great Falls, maintains fire hydrants, maintains equipment and buildings and offers educational outreach, extinguisher classes and tours of the fire stations.

In addition to impacts created by the geographic spread of the City, the existence of County enclaves that are located within the City limits further challenges GFFR at this time. The update to the City's Growth Policy is emphasizing infill and redevelopment to lessen the potential impacts of geographic expansion on public services until a plan is developed to address long term fire services. This need becomes even more important considering that the last fire station built in Great Falls was in 1969.

In the future, the GFFR anticipates being impacted by increased environmental regulatory measures and expanded roles to contain and possibly cleanup HAZMAT accidents as well as an increase in the number of non-emergent calls related to social support needs. Figure 4 below, depicts the City's fire districts and the type of responses reported for 2012.

Currently, hydrant locations in the city could be considered adequate in most areas. Proposed annexations will require additional hydrants and an improved water delivery system including mains to provide adequate fire flows.

Additional paid firefighting personnel may be required for future growth, not totally contingent upon annexations but by the increased growth, development, and increased emergency calls in both the city and rural areas.

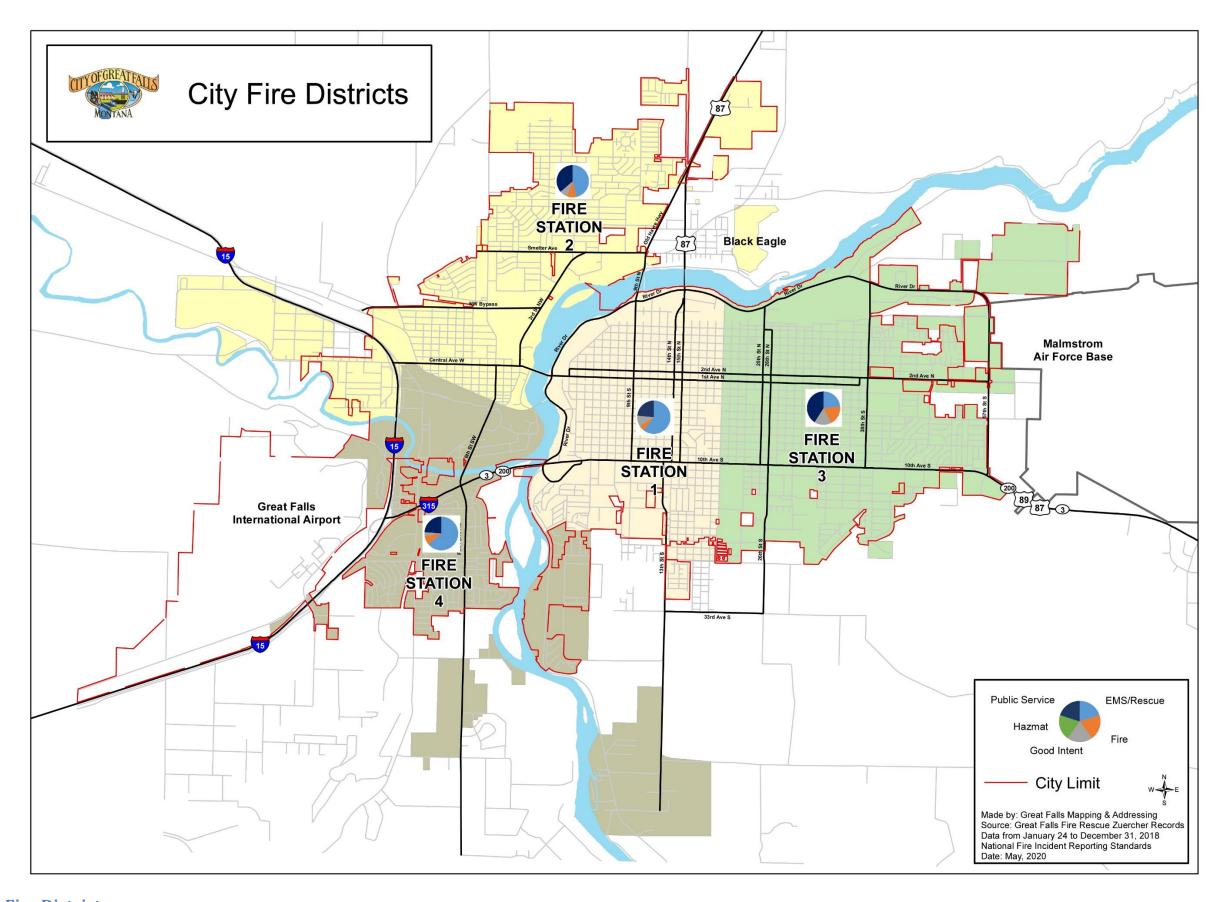


Figure 4. City Fire Districts

Law Enforcement

The City's Police Department consists of five bureaus. These are the Patrol, Investigative Services, Support, Records and Communications Bureaus. The Patrol Services Bureau consists of day to day patrol operations referred to as the backbone of the police department. Patrol officers are the front line for community services and traffic enforcement. The Investigative Services Bureau encompasses the Detective Division, Property and Evidence and the department's crime lab. This Bureau provides specialized services, general case investigations, sex crime and registration, drugs, street crimes, school resource detectives and the Safe Street Task Force. The Support Services Bureau includes community oriented policing, education, crime prevention, training, and process servicing. In addition, the police manage animal control and dispatch. The Records Bureau ensures that police reports are properly coded and entered into the records management system. Records also include the evidence custodians and technicians. The Communications Bureau handles 911 calls and dispatch personnel.

In 2019 the Great Falls Police Department had a staff of 122, of which 83 were police officers. The Montana average for staffing per 1000 residents is 1.91. In the City of Great Falls the ratio is at 1.43 officers per 1000 residents.

The Police Department also is impacted by expanding geographic boundaries, the City's irregular boundaries, unfunded State mandates, and the impacts of regional growth such as those from oil and gas development. As a result, the Police Department is increasingly using innovative methods and community outreach to maintain its level of service.

Parks and Recreation

The City's Park and Recreation Department has 66 parks (915 acres), 57 of which are developed (775 acres). Overall, the Department is responsible for maintaining and improving more than 75 properties and 1,718 acres of land, including pocket parks, the two golf courses, the Recreation Center, roadway medians, and the River's Edge Trail (see Figure 5). The Department also oversees the 36,000 trees on public land. These activities are guided by the City's *Comprehensive Park and Recreation Master Plan (2016)*. The City's Park and Recreation Department also offers active, organized and structured recreational programs for adults and children including basketball, softball, soccer, golf, skating, swimming and volleyball, as well as special events.

City parks, trails and natural assets were recognized and highly touted during the public outreach process. Parks can also make a positive contribution to the desirability of a neighborhood, through the amenities, aesthetics and the community-building opportunities they create. In addition, local parks can add value to homes nearby. A recent study showed that in the United

States homes near parks sold for \$2,262 dollars more than homes without access to parks nearby. Parks and open space also enhance the environmental ambiance of the City.

Other recreational amenities exist in the City such as those provided by the Great Falls Public School system, Malmstrom Air Force Base, Centene Stadium, the University of Providence, the State of Montana, and private entities. The City oftentimes partners and has cooperative arrangements with these other recreational providers and together they contribute to the needs of the community in this regard.

The City evaluates potential new user impacts to existing park facilities located within the City during every new residential development that requires annexation into the City of Great Falls. When annexation proposals are submitted for review that involve either single family or multifamily development, staff works with the applicant to determine whether such a development will either provide new park space to potentially be taken over by the City Park and Recreation Department, or, conversely, whether a "park in-lieu" fee will be assessed and collected upon annexation. This process is spelled out in both Montana Code Annotated and the City's Land Development Code.

Because the City owns a significant inventory of park property, but is emphasizing the maintenance and enhancement of existing parks rather than new land acquisition, the City's common approach during the annexation process is to require a park in-lieu of fee to be paid by residential developers. To also assist the City Park and Recreation Department with maintenance and enhancement of existing facilities, the City adopted its first ever Parks District. In May 2018 voters supported the creation of Great Falls Park District Number 1 with an assessment amount of \$1.5 million annually for the first three years to address over \$12.6 million in deferred maintenance and other operational needs."

To conclude, the *Comprehensive Park and Recreation Master Plan* states that input from the community revealed that the Great Falls parks and recreation system has a physical operational presence in the community. Participants also see the system has operational presence in the community. Participants also see the system as one that is well maintained with great staff. They also enjoy the numerous programs and amenities. Unmet needs exist, however, as the demand for select services its currently outweighing the available facilities and/or amenities.

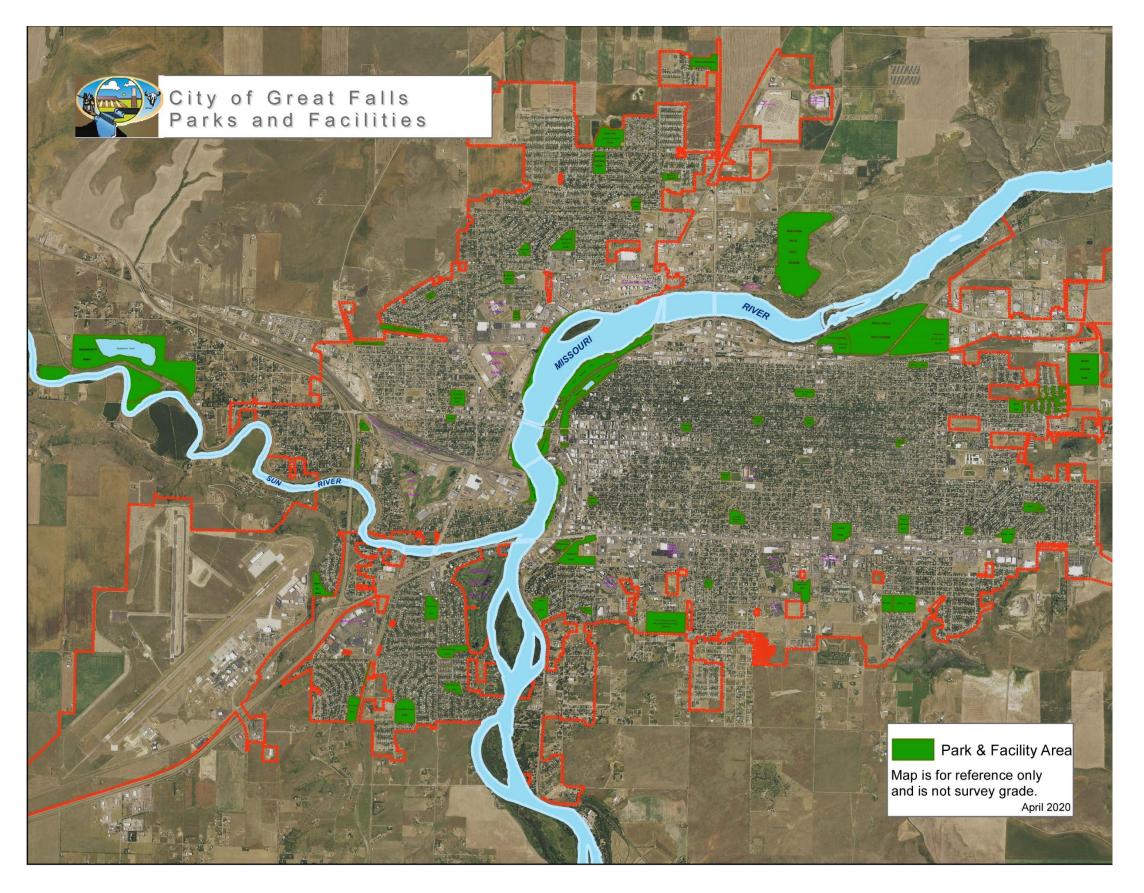


Figure 5. City Parks, Golf Courses, Recreation Facilities

Recommended Policies for Extending Services

General Policies

Developers must become familiar with the current City Development and Engineering requirements, and incorporate them into the design. The following general policies shall be pursued for all properties proposed to be developed within the City of Great Falls ("City") limits or with annexation into the City:

- 1. It is the responsibility of the developer or property owner to construct improvements or infrastructure in accordance to the Extension of Services Plans contained herein as well as the Subdivision Requirements of the City of Great Falls and the Engineering Standards for Design and Construction. The infrastructure improvements will be of adequate size and design to accommodate the needs of the proposed development. Improvements shall include:
 - City right of way necessary to properly convey City streets and utilities.
 - The streets including curb and gutter and sidewalk.
 - The potable water system including storage and distribution pipe and associated appurtenances.
 - The potable water system design shall also take into consideration the fire protection requirements and appurtenances necessary to properly protect the associated land use.
 - The sanitary sewer collection system including lift stations, pretreatment requirements (oil water separators, and grease traps) and collection system piping and appurtenances.
 - The storm water drainage systems including curb and gutter, culverts, inlets, drainage pipe and associated appurtenances, detention and retention ponds, Low Impact Development (LID) tools, and any other treatment technologies.

If a development creates impacts requiring off-site improvements, the City Commission will determine whether the developer shall wholly or partially bear the costs of such improvements.

2. The developer or property owner will be responsible for providing fire protection appurtenances and required water flows and pressures, to the satisfaction of the City Fire Chief, based on the use of land and the type of construction employed.

- 3. Water systems and sewer systems will be designed in such a manner as to avoid the provision of booster pumps or lift stations if feasible. All proposed booster pump stations and lift stations shall receive the approval of the City Engineer.
- 4. Before a development beyond City limits can connect to a City-owned utility, an Agreement for Annexation and City Water/Sewer Services form will be properly filed with the City Attorney.
- 5. Prior to receiving services, the developer or property owner annexing must initiate and secure a rezone to appropriate City of Great Falls zoning when necessary. If the City initiates an annexation, it will assume responsibility for needed zoning map amendments.
 - While all of the above mentioned items may not be required for each property, the Developer should review existing engineering and development studies and plans associated with the greater area surrounding the development to determine if any of these systems will need to be designed to provide future capacity outside of the development that is being considered. In the event that the developer is required to provide for additional capacity for any of these items, the City will determine if the developer is not wholly responsible for the improvements and participate in the funding of the associated work.
- 6. To connect to City utilities and to receive City services including fire protection and emergency services, garbage removal, and police protection, the Developer must first comply with the Annexation by Petition requirements of OCCGF Title 17, Chapter 16, Article 7, as may be amended. These code requirements set up the procedures for official application and review of developments. If a property completes the application and review process and is approved for annexation, the City Commission shall adopt a resolution officially annexing the subject property. The property owner shall be responsible for complying with any conditions that may have been included with the This section of the City code is available approval. at https://library.municode.com/mt/great_falls_/codes/code_of_ordinances.

Policies for Extension of Services to Undeveloped Areas

Each development should be considered an integral part of the comprehensive services plan of the City. Therefore, the following general policies for extension of services to undeveloped areas should be observed:

- 1. Any subdivision or development of property within the identified growth area will be designed in accordance with the current edition of the City's "Engineering Standards".
- 2. Any subdivision or development of land beyond the Great Falls City limits, but within the urban growth boundary, will be reviewed and commented upon by the City's Development Review officials and staff. Planned development that lies within the City's anticipated growth areas, and is currently undeveloped will be designed to meet the most recent City Development and Engineering requirements. Meeting these standard requirements will allow the City to properly extend services to the new residences or businesses as efficiently as possible, whether the developed area is annexed into the City immediately or at a later date.
- 3. If the property to be developed lies outside of the City's anticipated growth, and there are impacts to the City, the City may recommend to the Cascade County Commission that the development be reviewed with respect to certain impacted service plans contained in this Plan.
- 4. Where construction of a sewerage system is being considered, the future drainage basin of the system will be identified, and facilities sized accordingly. The cost and construction of all sewerage systems are the responsibility of the developer and/or property owner. Under certain circumstances, the City Commission will determine whether the City will participate in financing the over-sizing of infrastructure.
- 5. It is the responsibility of the developer or property owner to have designed and constructed water mains and lines of adequate size to provide the required flows for the intended land use and fire protection.
- 6. It is the responsibility of the developer or property owner to provide all required infrastructure improvements, as well as rights-of-way and easements.
- 7. Construction of any dwelling which is not equipped with adequate facilities for the sanitary disposal of sewage is a violation of the Cascade County Regulations for Onsite Sewage Treatment Systems. If an approved publicly owned sewage collection and treatment system is readily available within 200 feet of the property line, the County will not issue a septic permit and the property owner must connect to the public system. A connection is not readily available if the cost of the connection, as determined by the County, is greater than three times the cost to install an onsite wastewater treatment system.

- 8. The City's standard permit and connection and other fees to connect to the public sewage or water system will apply for connections outside the City limits. Fees for inspection of existing water and sewer facilities may also result in additional costs to the property owner associated with ensuring compliance state and local plumbing and engineering codes and standards.
- 9. With respect to the extension of utilities through undeveloped and areas outside the City, the development designs will take into consideration the whole contributing drainage basin with respect to storm water and sanitary sewer collection and any applicable plans for streets and water distribution. If there is a need for over-sizing infrastructure for future development, the City will determine if it can participate in the funding of the cost of improvements. In some instances, conditioned upon benefit to the City and available funding, it is the intent of the City to participate in the development of the public infrastructure and seek to reimbursement of the associated costs at the time that infrastructure becomes of benefit or service to others.
- 10. With respect to the annexation and/or subdivisions, the applicant will submit adequate development information for the City to verify the ability of the City to provide adequate services and facilities to meet the municipal needs of the subdivision. Prior to making the municipal service(s) available to a new development area located outside the City, the following information (if applicable) will be required of the developer:
 - Storm drainage volumes and peak flows (development and offsite run-on contributions).
 - Stormwater treatment method and plan.
 - Water demands from new development.
 - Fire flow demands.
 - Wastewater peak discharge flow and total volume.
 - Characterization of wastewater constituents.
 - Solid waste generation.
 - Characterization of solid waste constituents.
 - Traffic volumes and types.
 - Building(s) size, materials, layout.
 - Preliminary layout of the proposed public infrastructure extensions.

Policies for Services in Existing Developed Areas

Planned development that is considered infill within the City's existing service area and already has access to utilities and facilities will be required to review the condition of the water, sewer, and storm utilities serving the development, as well as the current rights-of-way, streets, curb and gutter, and sidewalk. Before the development is allowed to receive City services and connect to City water and sewer, the above mentioned utilities and facilities must be improved to meet City Standards. In such situations, the following policies shall apply:

- 1. Prior to making the municipal service(s) available to an existing developed area within the service area, the following information is required of the developer:
 - Approximate year or period in which the existing area was developed.
 - Location, size and condition of existing water lines or systems.
 - Location and condition of the existing sewer system, including the size, material and grades of all pipes.
 - Size, location and legal purpose of all existing rights-of-way and easements.
 - Surface type, condition and width of all roadways.
 - Storm drainage volumes and peak flows (from development and offsite run-on contributions).
 - Stormwater treatment method and plan for new development.
 - Water demands from new development.
 - Fire flow demands.
 - Wastewater peak discharge flow and total volume.
 - Characterization of wastewater constituents.
 - Solid waste generation.
 - Characterization of solid waste constituents.
 - Traffic volumes and types.
 - Building(s) size, materials, layout.
 - Preliminary layout of the proposed public infrastructure extensions.

The information will also include the estimated costs associated with correcting the deficiencies and bringing the utility or improvement to City standards. The City may require such a report to be prepared by a professional engineer, with the cost of the report borne by the developer or property owner.

 If the property is to be annexed, the City's annexation ordinance or resolution will specifically state the method and time frame for bringing the existing conditions into compliance with City standards and will identify the parties responsible for the improvements.

- 3. If City services are to be extended without concurrent annexation, the property owner will sign an Agreement for Annexation and City Sewer/Water Service. The agreement shall be recorded with the County Clerk and Recorder's Office. The property owner will also sign, and the City will record, a waiver of the right to protest and appeal participation in and the formation of any special improvement district that may be formed to improve the existing services, utilities, streets or other improvements.
- 4. In some locations there may be utilities and facilities that were installed previously that will benefit the planned development, but would require that the current developer reimburse the City for a portion of the cost of the existing utilities.

Policies for Areas Annexed as Wholly Surrounded Land (M.C.A. 7-2-4501 et seg)

Properties that are wholly surrounded by the City generally have been receiving City services such as police and fire and emergency services protection, access to parks and recreation facilities, and road maintenance (roads leading to property and those throughout the City that homeowners use frequently) for no cost. Once annexed, access to those services continues. Payment for these services is shared by all City taxpayers. Extension of sewer and water infrastructure and connection to City service will be at the expense of the homeowners, though the cost of maintaining sewer and water facilities, once constructed, is shared by all City taxpayers. A homeowner may continue to rely on private wells and septic sewage systems after annexation and will not be required to connect to City water and sewer services until such time as the septic sewage systems or private wells require expansion, upgrading, or replacement.

Policies for Meeting the Costs of Services

1. For the purpose of setting aside adequate funds to replace components of the physical infrastructure, the following shall be considered as the estimated service life of each of the components:

100 Years

Structures 50 Years
Pipelines:
- Concrete 100 Years
- Ductile/Cast Iron 50 Years

PVC/Polyethylene

Stationary Equipment <u>15</u> Years

(Motors, pumps, conveyors, etc.)

Asphalt Pavement Streets:

Local Streets
 Collector Streets
 Arterial Streets
 20 Years
 20 Years

The amount to be set aside each year for the replacement of municipal infrastructure components shall be the cost of construction, if new, or the total estimated replacement cost divided by the remaining number of years of the life of the component.

- 2. It is the responsibility of the developer or property owner to extend all roadways and utilities from the existing City facilities to the site of development in accordance with all City standards and specifications and provide appropriate easements. Furthermore, it is the responsibility of the developer or property owner to construct all streets and utilities to the furthest boundary of the property to be developed in order to facilitate future development.
- 3. The ability of the City to increase existing utility line capacities to meet the demands of growth is dependent upon the availability of funding. If the City's ability to finance the necessary enlargement or over-sizing cannot keep pace with development, or if the improvements schedule does not mesh with that of the developer, it is the responsibility of the developer to finance and construct City-approved alterations to the existing infrastructure sufficient to accommodate the development. In the event of this occurrence, it is the intent of the City to reimburse the developer for the cost of enlargement or over-sizing conditioned upon available City utility funding. Said reimbursement shall not exceed the cost, including interest, of the improvements to the existing City system.
- 4. If the developer bears the costs of extending services and/or utilities, the developer will, with the approval of the City, enter into an "Annexation, Development and/or Improvement Agreement" with the City. The Agreement, shall include a provision for developer reimbursement for that portion of the construction cost that benefits the adjoining properties and/or is in excess of the minimum standard. Cost apportionment for reimbursements may be based on lot area, front footage, or any other equitable means. The Agreement may include a list of those properties which will benefit from the extension, a map outlining and designating properties, legal descriptions of properties,

backup data supporting both the costs submitted and cost apportionment, and other terms of the Agreement(s). The developer is responsible for initiating, executing, and, after City approval, filing the Agreement(s) and providing the City with a copy of the recorded Agreement(s). A proposed Agreement(s) must be submitted and approved by City staff prior to action by the governing body (presently the City Commission). Acceptance of the public improvements by the City shall occur once the design Engineer has certified to the City that the facilities are complete and installed in substantial compliance with the approved plans and specifications. Approval of the Agreement(s) are at the City's sole discretion. The City will exercise good faith efforts to collect, but is not required to enforce collection of, reimbursements from other developments wanting to connect to the utility extension(s) or street improvements.

- 5. Because the developer has extended public infrastructure and has borne construction costs that benefits other properties, the owners of the benefitted properties shall pay the extender a pro-rata share of the extension costs, including design and inspection fees. The pro-rata share may be based on lot area, front footage, or other means agreeable to both the City and the developer which is equitable to both parties as well as future customers.
- 6. If the City requires the customer or developer extending a sewer or water line to install a larger size than that required by City standards for a particular project, the City will determine whether the City will participate in financing the over-sizing of infrastructure.
- 7. The City reserves the right to further extend sewer or water mains installed by the preceding developer or property owner without paying compensation. The City also reserves the right to charge future sewer or water utility users beyond those areas identified in the Agreement(s), if applicable, for their pro-rated share of the City's cost for the over-sizing of the line. This in no way shall diminish the preceding developer's right to collect reimbursements for capital improvements installed as part of the Agreement(s).
- 8. Financing the construction of new streets in a proposed development, or the upgrading of streets in an existing developed area, will be accomplished in one, or a combination of, the following methods:
 - a. The developer will provide all necessary right-of-way, or additional right-of-way if less than adequate right-of-way exists.

- b. The developer will bear the cost of constructing all improvements within the right-of-way in accord with this Plan, the City's Standards for Design and Construction, and the City of Great Falls Land Development Code.
- c. Through the formation of a Special Improvement District (S.I.D.).
- d. Federal or State grant funds.
- e. State Fuel Tax monies.
- 9. Connection and user fees for properties located outside the City limits for sewer and water services will be charged in accordance with rates, charges and tariffs adopted by ordinance or resolution by the City Commission.
- 10. As new City streets are constructed, and as existing streets are improved, storm drainage infrastructure will be installed or improved to City standards. It is the responsibility of the developer to convey storm water from their property to an appropriate point of disposal. The quantity and rate of runoff from a developed parcel cannot exceed City design standards and requirements set established by ordinance.
- 11. For the purposes of fire, police, and all general government services, the tax burden for these services will be shared by all taxpayers in the Great Falls Fire Service District.

APPENDIX A – Examples of Cost Responsibilities for Extension of Public Improvements

It is the policy of the City of Great Falls to consider financial reimbursement for the cost of upsizing and/or enlarging utility and roadway improvements to the developer who initially covers the cost of new infrastructure installations. In some cases, the developer will also be eligible for reimbursement from third parties due to past Annexation, Improvement or other Agreements at the time of future annexations. The City may also be eligible for reimbursement for costs the City paid for new infrastructure.

The City may require the developer to install infrastructure that is larger than is needed to serve the immediate development, in order to serve broader areas. In this case, the developer may be eligible to be reimbursed for the differential costs of installing the larger mains, street sections, etc.

Various methods will be used to determine how reimbursements are calculated. The following are examples of how this may be done.

Example 1: A new subdivision can be adequately served by an 8-inch diameter water main, which is the minimum size main allowed in the system. However, in order to serve future subdivisions, a 12-inch main will be required. Conditioned upon available City funding, the City will pay the developer the difference in cost between an 8-inch and a 12-inch main, as well as the difference in costs for valves, fittings, and other items installed. It is preferred that prices received during the bidding of the project be used to calculate the cost difference. However, if bid prices are not available or if in the City's judgement the prices received in the bid are not realistic, the City will use material prices with a modest markup or prices received for similar projects as a basis for calculating reimbursable costs. Reimbursement for upsizing must not include consultant costs paid by the developer or any portion of inspection or other fees charged by the City.

Note: The minimum size pipe normally required may not be adequate to serve a particular development. For example, in areas where water pressure is low or for land uses where fire flow demand is high, and it as necessary to install a 12-inch water main in order to provide adequate fire flows. The City would not reimburse for the difference in cost between an 8-inch and a 12-

inch main. However, if the City required that a 16-inch main be installed, the City would reimburse the difference in cost between a 12-inch and a 16-inch main.

Example 2: A new development can be adequately served by a roadway with a local classification, which is 35 feet wide with a standard section thickness of 12-inches of gravel and 4-inches of asphalt pavement. However, in order to serve other existing and future subdivisions, a collector classification roadway with a width of 45 feet and a section thickness of 12-inches of gravel and 4-inches of asphalt pavement is required. Conditioned upon available City funding, the City will reimburse the developer for the difference in cost between constructing a 35 and 45 foot wide roadway and the additional section thickness between 12 and 16 inches the entire width (45 feet) of the roadway. Should poor subgrade soils be encountered within the new subdivision that would have required a thicker roadway section, the developer is responsible for the cost of the additional thickness over the 35 feet width. Should the subdivision require a higher capacity street width and depth and traffic devices, the developer is responsible for the full cost of that higher capacity.

Example 3: A new development can be adequately served by an 8-inch sewer main but future contributory flows from the upper portion the basin or master plan area require the main size be increased to 12-inch to handle additional future flows. Also, the new development needs to extend the main downstream of the new development to connect to the existing public system. Conditioned upon available City funding, the City will reimburse the developer for the cost difference between an 8-inch and 12-inch main installation both inside and outside the development. The developer will be responsible the cost of the 8-inch main inside and outside of the new development.

Example 4: A new development requires a new public wastewater lift station to serve the development. In this case, the lift station must be located in accordance with any City Wastewater Master Plans to serve other possible future development areas. Providing funding availability, the City will be responsible for the prorated share of the cost to equip the station to serve future development areas. In the absence of City funding, the new development will be responsible of equipping the station for future capacity upgrades. Lift stations that only serve the needs of the new subdivision and have pumping capacities of less than 100 gpm will not generally be approved to as part of the City or public system.

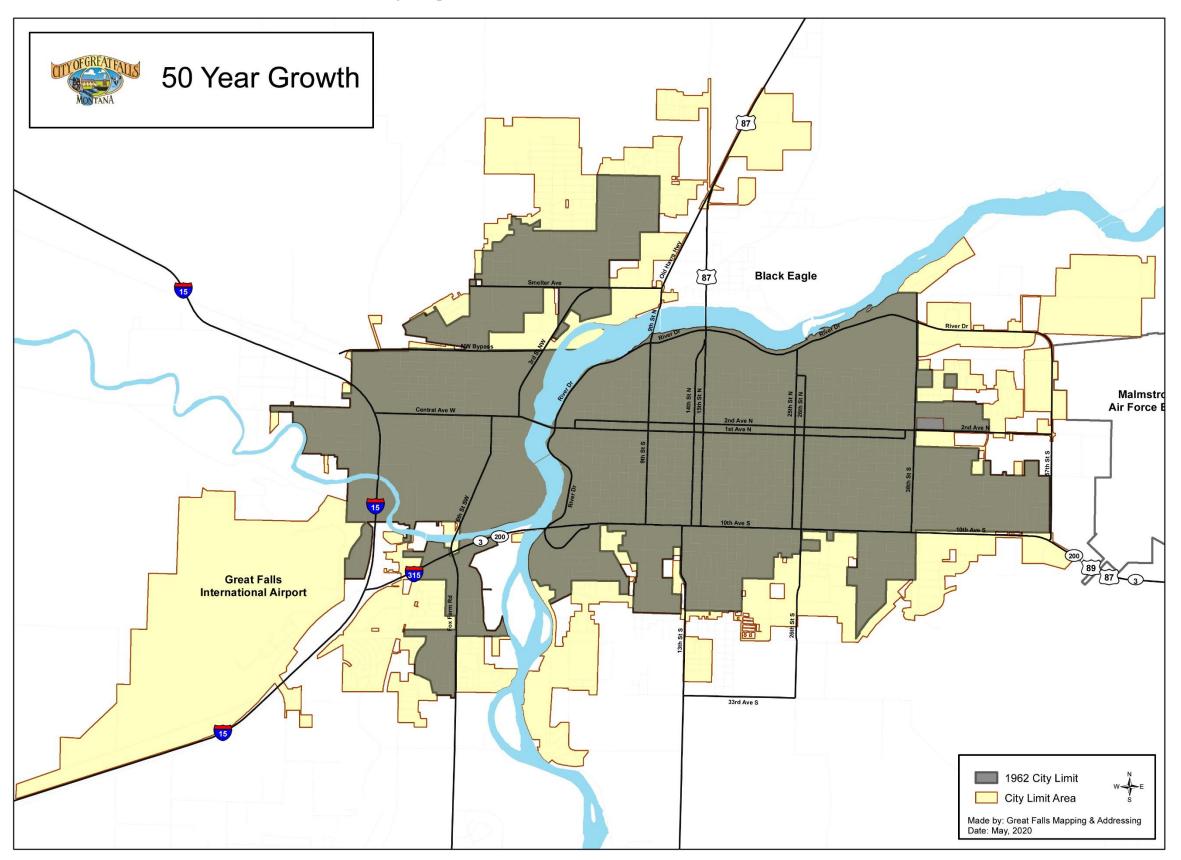
Example 5: A new development can be adequately served by an 18-inch storm drain pipe and 4 standard curb inlets, however, off site runoff from the upstream drainage basin (run-on) requires that the pipe size be increased to 24-inch and that 2 additional inlets be installed within the new subdivision to increase capacity to handle the run-on flow. Conditioned upon available funding,

the City will reimburse the developer the difference in cost between an 18-inch and 24-inch storm drain and for the two additional inlets.

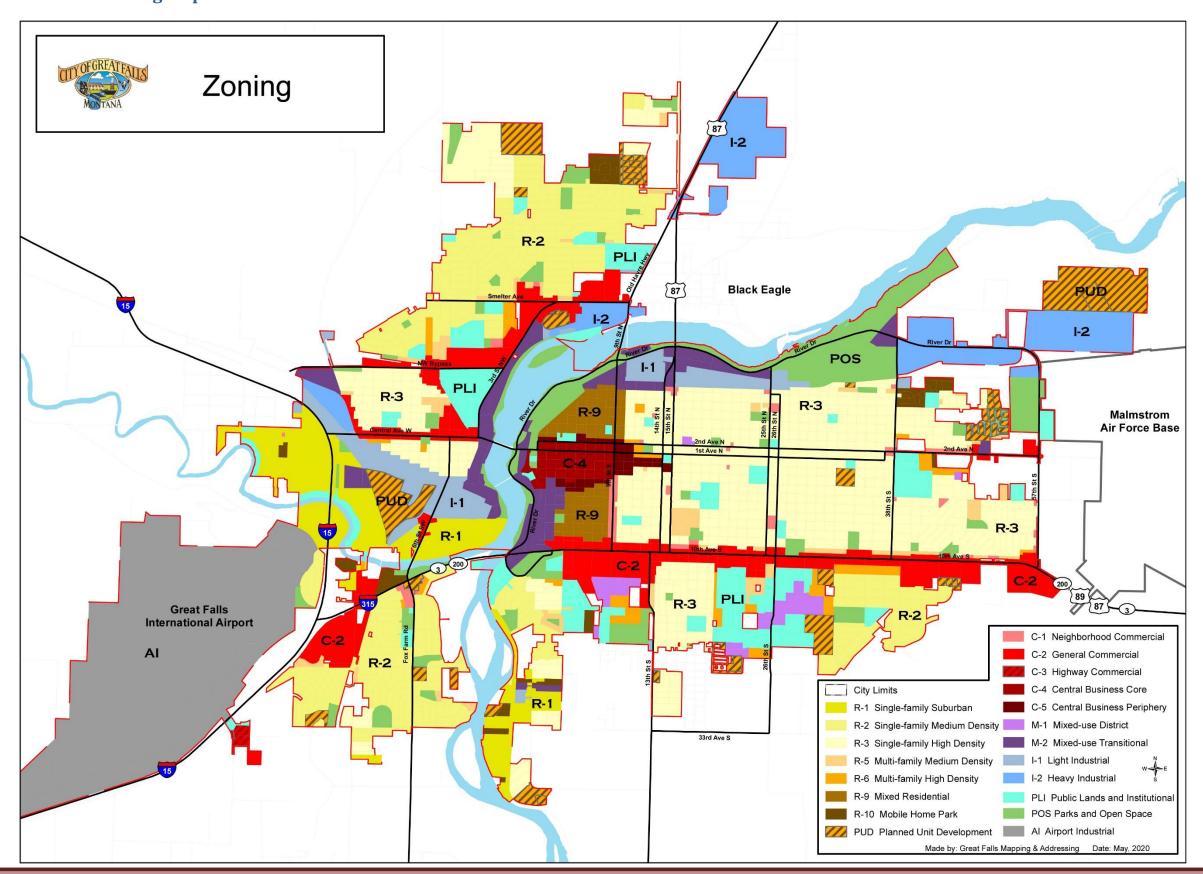
Example 6: A new residential development subdivision contributes to a previously constructed and paid for regional public storm water management facility (ponds and wetlands) which serves a drainage basin with multiple developments all having residential zoning. The new subdivision will be responsible for reimbursing a prorated share (based on land area) of the total cost of designing and constructing the facility. Reimbursement would go to the parties whom initially fronted the cost of the facility. Should the facility capacity and size need to be increased to handle the runoff from the new development, the new development will be responsible for that portion of the cost associated with increasing the size and capacity.

Example 7: A new multi family, commercial or industrial development requires both runoff control and stormwater quality management in accordance with City Code and Permitting; and requires facilities to provide that management; and no existing regional public facilities exist to provide that management. The new development must then provide privately owned, maintained and operated facilities to serve the needs of the new development under an agreement with the City. The new development is responsible for the full cost of locating, designing and constructing such private facilities.

APPENDIX B - Great Falls Urban Growth Boundary Map

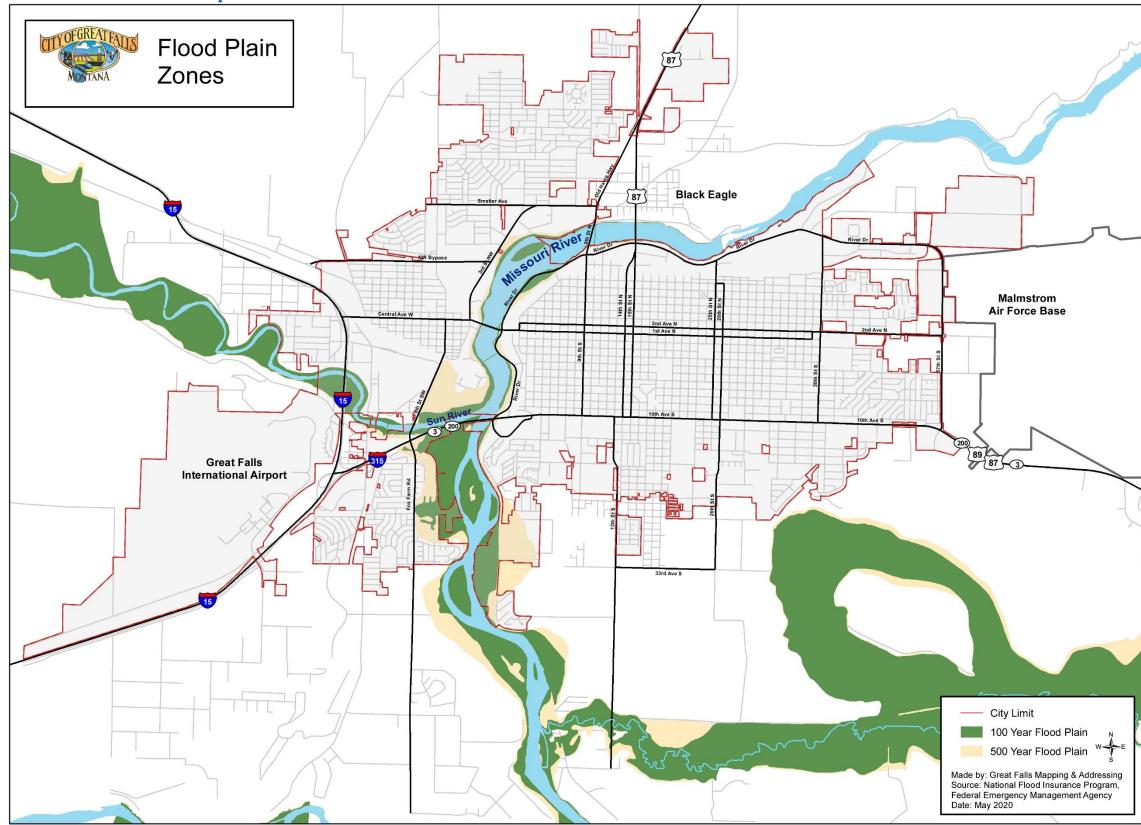


APPENDIX C - Great Falls Zoning Map



Appendix C – Great Falls Zoning Map
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APPENDIX D - Great Falls Flood Plain Map



Appendix D – Great Falls Flood Plain Map

Acknowledgments

Contributors:

Aaron Vaughn, Information Technology/GIS LDM

Courtney Lyerly, Former Public

Works/Engineering Employee

Dave Dobbs, Former Public Works/Engineering Employee

Jeff Hedstrom, Former Information

Technology/GIS Employee

Paul Skubinna, Public Works/Environmental

Jim Young, Interim City Engineer, Public Works/Engineering

Other Contributors:

Planning & Community Development Department

Fire Department

Legal Department

Police Department

Park and Recreation Department

Public Works Department

From: <u>Erin Borland</u>
To: <u>Krista Artis</u>

Subject: FW: Extension of Services questions **Date:** Tuesday, May 12, 2020 8:31:53 AM

From: Craig Raymond <craymond@greatfallsmt.net>

Sent: Tuesday, March 10, 2020 9:47 AM **To:** Erin Borland <eborland@greatfallsmt.net> **Subject:** FW: Extension of Services questions

From: Brett Doney < bdoney@growgreatfalls.org >

Sent: Monday, March 9, 2020 6:43 PM

To: Craig Raymond < craymond@greatfallsmt.net >

Subject: Extension of Services questions

Craig,

I hope to make it to the Planning Board tomorrow. The Extensions of Services Plan is a concern. The Urban Growth Boundaries are unclear. The Figure 1 map titled Potential Growth Areas includes both areas inside the city limits and outside the city limits. The narrative appears to say all the areas are outside the city limits. Could this be clarified?

On Page 11 the end of the Projected Growth Areas section makes a blanket statement that development in the three industrial areas "... will require larger utility investments than the residential areas as these areas are located farther away from the existing utility infrastructure..." which is not the case.

The Economic Conditions and Trends and the Growth Stimulants sections have incorrect statistical data. City population I believe peaked in 1978. There was slow steady growth 2000-2010, but practically no growth since the 2010 census. College and university enrollment statistics under Growth Stimulants are outdated. Enrollment at both institutions is lower, and far lower when you take out online enrollment.

Brett

Brett Doney President & CEO Great Falls Montana Development Authority High Plains Financial 1-406-750-2119 GFdevelopment.org

Untame Your Entrepreneurial Spirit in Great Falls Montana

Sent from my iPad

MINUTES OF THE MEETING OF THE GREAT FALLS PLANNING ADVISORY BOARD/ZONING COMMISSION MARCH 10, 2020

CALL TO ORDER

The regular meeting of the Great Falls Planning Advisory Board/Zoning Commission was called to order by Vice Chair Charles Pankratz at 3:00 p.m. in the Commission Chambers of the Civic Center.

ROLL CALL & ATTENDANCE

Planning Board Members present:

Charles Pankratz, Vice Chair Tory Mills Samantha Shinaberger Laura Vukasin

Planning Board Members absent:

Peter Fontana, Chair Dave Bertelsen Kelly Buschmeyer

Planning Staff Members present:

Craig Raymond, Director Planning and Community Development Thomas Micuda, Deputy Director, Planning and Community Development Erin Borland, Planner III Lonnie Hill, Planner I Jamie Nygard, Sr. Admin Assistant

Other Staff present:

Joseph Cik, Assistant City Attorney Jesse Patton, Senior Civil Engineer Jim Young, Interim City Engineer

Mr. Raymond affirmed a quorum of the Board was present.

MINUTES

Vice Chair Charles Pankratz asked if there were any comments or corrections to the minutes of the meeting held on February 25, 2020. Seeing none, Ms. Vukasin moved to approve the minutes. Mrs. Shinaberger seconded, and all being in favor, the minutes were approved.

BOARD ACTIONS NOT REQUIRING PUBLIC HEARING

Minor Subdivision-Reynolds Subdivision addressed as 2400 6th St NW and legally described as Lot 7 of the First Supplement to Hillside Tract, located in the SE1/4 of Section 34, Township 21 North, Range 3 East, P.M.M., Cascade County, Montana.

Lonnie Hill, Planner I, presented to the board an application from Ms. Reynolds requesting a minor subdivision to create a second lot on which the applicant proposes to build a second single-family residence with an attached garage at 2400 6th St NW. In 2019, the Board of Adjustment denied the applicant's request for a variance. The current subdivision request allows the applicant to address the original need for more garage space without triggering a code compliance issue. The property would be divided into two lots. The first one in the front with the existing single family residence, will be 0.410 acres and the lot in the back will be 0.519 acres with a driveway access to 6th St N.W. The property does butt up to the County and there are other properties in the area with are known as "flag lot" configurations for the same purpose. Local services are already provided so there will not be a need for any public infrastructure. Staff recommends approval to the Board. Mr. Hill did state that there are conditions of approval. The first being that the proposed project shall be developed consistent with the conditions of the report and all codes and ordinances of the City of Great Falls, the State of Montana, and all other applicable regulatory agencies. The second is the applicant shall provide an amended plat of the subject property which shall be in compliance with survey requirements of the Title and State law and incorporate corrections of any errors or omissions noted by Staff. Third is the proposed plans shall conform to the R-2 zoning district development standards in the Land Development Code within the Official Code of the City of Great Falls and the last being the proposed plans shall conform to the International Building Codes as adopted by the City of Great Falls Building Division.

PETITIONER'S PRESENTATION

Mr. Hill introduced Janna Reynolds, 105 30th Ave N.E., property owner. Ms. Reynolds stated that it is a family lot and they are wanting to build a new home on the lot and need the extra garage space for storage of campers and boats. Vice Chair, Pankratz asked about the single family residence being built and Ms. Reynolds responded that because the variance was denied by the Board of Adjustment that this solution was the easiest work around to still be in compliance with the code.

John Reynolds, 2400 6th St. N.W., property owner, stated that the lot is just shy of an acre. The lot and driveway will be large enough for the fire department to drive down and turn around. Mr. Pankratz asked if the main residence will be in the front and Mr. Reynolds stated that yes that will be the primary dwelling and a three stall garage will be in the back. Mr. Hill did state that through the City's internal design review process the Fire Department did request the driveway configuration as it is proposed.

PUBLIC QUESTION AND ANSWER SESSION

There were no questions from the public

PUBLIC COMMENT

BOARD DISCUSSION AND ACTION

Mr. Pankratz did ask the staff if there was Neighborhood Council input. Mr. Hill responded that the project information was sent out via email to the council members and two responses were received that stated no comment.

MOTION: That the Planning Advisory Board recommend the City Commission approve the minor subdivision legally described as Lot 7 of the First Supplement to Hillside Tract with conditions.

Made by: Ms. Vukasin Second: Ms. Shinaberger

VOTE: All in favor, the motion carried 4-0

City of Great Falls Standards for Design and Construction

Jesse Patton, Senior Civil Engineer, presented to the board the Standards for Design and Construction. Mr. Patton stated that this is the first document of its type, so it is not a revision. The purpose of the document is to provide the minimum infrastructure requirements for developments providing infrastructure. There was a Town Hall meeting held on January 8 to solicit input from the community. The document includes standard drawings and details and identifies standards for water system, sanitary sewer systems, storm drain systems and street systems including sidewalks, ramps and driveways. Based on the contents of this document, there will be updating of the City Code within Title 17, which will be presented at a later date for review. The document will be updated with any comments and then presented to City Commission. The intent is for the Standards manual to be a living document. As techniques and technology changes, the document can be updated.

PETITIONER'S PRESENTATION

PUBLIC QUESTION AND ANSWER SESSION

There were no questions from the public

PUBLIC COMMENT

BOARD DISCUSSION AND ACTION

Ms. Vukasin stated that she has had some comments from contractors in the community and they were very complimentary to the effort put into the document.

Mr. Pankratz asked if the document is for the general public and Mr. Patton responded that it is geared towards an engineers, architects, and contractors. Mr. Pankratz did ask also if there are new requirements and Mr. Patton responded that there are some new requirements, such as requirements for road thicknesses, based on the input that was received.

Mr. Mills asked how the comparison to other cities was done. Mr. Patton responded that there were several meetings and staff talked with inspectors, staff from other departments such as

Planning and Building, and Division heads from Public Works. Staff also reviewed current city standards that are being required for infrastructure.

MOTION: That the Planning Advisory Board recommend the City Commission adopt the City of Great Falls Standards for Design and Construction.

Made by: Mr. Mills Second: Ms. Vukasin

VOTE: All in favor, the motion carried 4-0

City of Great Falls Extension of Services Plan

Jim Young, Interim City Engineer, presented to the board the City of Great Falls Extension of Services Plan. Mr. Young stated that the purpose of the long-range plan for extension of services is to evaluate and provide plans for the following infrastructure and services: police protection, fire protection, garbage collection, street maintenance, and extension of water service, sanitary sewer service, and storm water management. The plan will be supplemented by individual Utility and Transportation Master Plans. Mr. Young stated that the staff looked at other municipalities with existing extension of services plans. Staff also looked at the Imagine Great Falls 2025, Growth Policy Update 2013, solicited input from other City departments, met with stakeholders in a focus group and presented the plan at a Town Hall meeting as well as a City Commission meeting in January 2020.

The purpose of the plan is to provide methods for financing the extension of services while distributing costs to appropriate parties. Financing sources within the plan include the developer, the City, Special Improvement Districts, and grants. Another purpose for the plan is to complement the Imagine Great Falls 2025 Growth Policy 2013 Update with focus on methods for annexing and providing City services.

Contents of the Extension of Services Plan include potential growth area and boundaries, economic conditions and trends, physical growth trends, impediments to growth, growth stimulants, prevailing growth patterns, projected growth areas, and policies for oversizing and reimbursement of infrastructure. The document also includes the recommended policies for extending services. There are general policies as well as more specific guidance for undeveloped areas, developed areas, and areas annexed as wholly surrounded land. There are also policies for reimbursement and oversizing policies being used by the City. The general policies cover providing essential services such as utilities, streets, garbage removal, fire, police protection and parks and recreation. The undeveloped area section contains ten policies mostly related to the extension of public improvements such as water, sewer, storm drain, solid wastes, streets, and fire protection. Developed areas policies include policies of infill development that may or may not have existing services. The areas annexed as wholly surrounded land addresses properties outside of the City limits that may or may not have existing City services. The policies for meeting cost of service includes twelve policies regarding who is responsible for the cost such as the developer, City contributions, user fees, tax payers or other sources.

Mr. Young stated that if the Planning Board recommends to move forward, the next step would be to take the plan to the City Commission. He did also state that this plan is a living document and will be updated as needed.

Mr. Pankratz did ask if generally in a new development, the developer is responsible for all of the infrastructure. Mr. Young responded that this is generally the case, but there are sometimes oversizing costs. This means that if the services do require oversizing to serve other existing areas in the City or potentially existing areas that are outside the City limits, than the City pays those costs. Mr. Pankratz asked if the City would be reimbursed then if there is a future development that uses this oversized infrastructure. Mr. Young stated that yes there could be a reimbursement back to the City or back to the developer if they do front costs for other developments. These situations are addressed through agreements that are done with the developer and the City.

Ms. Shinaberger asked about the statement in the agenda report that says the City has received mostly positive feedback and wanted to know if there was any negative feedback. Mr. Young stated that the Great Falls Development Authority had a few items of concern that will be addressed but most all the feedback has been positive. Mr. Raymond did add that some people may not agree with the discussion in regards to oversizing. Mr. Young added that one of the main reasons for the document is to remain consistent on how the City applies the policies and reimbursements.

MOTION: That the Planning Advisory Board recommend the City Commission adopt the City of Great Falls Extension of Services Plan.

PUBLIC COMMENT ON THE MOTION

Brett Doney, Great Falls Development Authority, 405 3rd St N.W. Suite 203, stated that the document is a great step forward but feels that it is not ready. He is concerned about the Potential Growth Areas map. The narrative discussing the map states that it illustrates projected growth for five years, but another section of the narrative states ten years. Some of the areas on the map are already annexed into the City, but the narrative states that all areas are outside of City limits. The map and the narrative need to be clarified before the document moves on to the City Commission. Mr. Doney also expressed concern for how the document will be used in land use decisions. The narrative needs to be clarified to explain how the document will be used by decision makers.

Mr. Raymond addressed Mr. Doney's concerns and stated that the map in the document is simply the areas likely to experience growth. Although some of the areas are already annexed into the City, there is not development on them yet, so they have a potential for growth. Mr. Raymond also noted that the document does not have the same status as the City's Growth Policies document. Mr. Pankratz asked if the document needed to be updated before City Commission review. Mr. Raymond responded that City staff have revised items in the past before they have been presented to the City Commission.

BOARD DISCUSSION AND ACTION

MOTION: That the Planning Advisory Board recommend the City Commission adopt the City of Great Falls Extension of Services Plan.

Minutes of the Ma Planning Advisory Page 6				
Made by: Second: VOTE:	Ms. Vukasin Ms. Shinaberger All in favor, the motion carried 4-0			
	COMMUNICATIONS			
	PUBLIC COMMENT			
ADJOURNMENT				
There being no further business, Vice Chair Charles Pankratz adjourned the meeting at 3:55 p.m.				

SECRETARY

CHAIRMAN



Agenda #: 11
Commission Meeting Date: May 19, 2020

CITY OF GREAT FALLS COMMISSION AGENDA REPORT

Item: Resolution 10346, A Resolution Adopting the City of Great Falls Standards

for Design and Construction.

From: Public Works Department

Initiated By: Public Works/Engineering Division

Presented By: Craig Raymond, Planning and Community Development Director

Action Requested: City Commission Adopt Resolution 10346

Suggested Motion:

1. Commissioner moves:

"I move that the City Commission (adopt/deny) Resolution 10346 adopting the City of Great Falls Standards for Design and Construction."

2. Mayor requests a second to the motion, public comment, Commission discussion, and calls for the vote.

Staff Recommendation: Approve Resolution 10346 adopting the City of Great Falls Standards for Design and Construction.

Background: Currently, the City of Great Falls design and construction standards are found in the Montana Public Works Standards, the Official Code of the City of Great Falls, and numerous other City standards and policy documents. The City of Great Falls Standards for Design and Construction will be the first comprehensive document that includes supplemental City design and construction standards and policies for public works related infrastructure improvements. Many of the larger communities in Montana have already adopted documents of this nature. The development of Standards document was prepared as part of the comprehensive review of the City's development process as requested by the City Commission. The Standards for Design and Construction will be updated occasionally as the need for changes arise.

Concurrent with the initiation of the Standards document, staff is working on, and will be recommending revisions to sections of the City Code affected by the revised standards. A majority of the code changes will be made to eliminate redundancies and discrepancies between the Standards and OCCGF Title 17 (Land Development). The recommended changes to Title 17 will be presented to the Planning Advisory Board and the City Commission in the future.

Review Process:

Staff reviewed and analyzed the existing standards located in City Code, City Policy Papers, and City standards to identify and consolidate all of the information into one document. The general process staff followed included:

- Reviewed the Design Standards and Specifications Policy for the City of Bozeman, City of Billings Standard Modifications to Montana Public Works Standard Specifications, City of Whitefish Engineering Standards, the City of Omak (Washington) Construction Standards for the Private Construction of Public Facilities, and the Montana Department of Transportation Road Design Manual;
- Reviewed the Official Code of the City of Great Falls and documented existing standards to recommend changes that are needed to authorize this new document and to standardize the information in the Official Code and the document;
- Met with focus groups of design professionals and developers to solicit input regarding the information provided in the City of Great Falls Standards for Design and Construction;
- Met with multiple division supervisors and City Inspectors to determine the best design and construction practices that are being utilized today and to identify, clarify, and update the standards accordingly; and
- Compiled all of the information obtained during the review process into the City of Great Falls Standards for Design and Construction Document.

Alternatives: The City Commission could deny Resolution 10346 and not adopt the City of Great Falls Standards for Design and Construction.

Concurrences: At conclusion of a regularly scheduled meeting held on March 10, 2020, the Planning Advisory Board recommended that the City Commission adopt the City of Great Falls Standards for Design and Construction. City management and other staff have reviewed and approve the Standards as drafted. The draft standards has also been presented to the development community at a Town Hall Meeting held on January 8, 2020 and also at stakeholder meetings, which included engineers, architects and developers. The City Commission was also briefed at a Work Session held on January 7, 2020. To date, staff has mostly received positive feedback.

Attachments/Exhibits:

- Resolution 10346
- City of Great Falls Standards for Design and Construction

RESOLUTION 10346

A RESOLUTION BY THE CITY COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF GREAT FALLS, MONTANA, ADOPTING THE CITY OF GREAT FALLS STANDARDS FOR DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION.

* * * * * * * * * * * *

WHEREAS, the Standards for Design and Construction were prepared to assist design engineers, architects, developers, contractors, or other interested parties with the preparation of plans and specifications for public infrastructure; and

WHEREAS, the Standards for Design and Construction provide guidance regarding minimum standards for design, materials, and methods of construction; and

WHEREAS, the Standards for Design and Construction will be revised for compliance with applicable federal, state and local regulations, laws or other applicable policies, as changes to those regulations, laws and policies occur; and

WHEREAS, proposed variances from the Standards for Design and Construction standards will be evaluated by City Staff on the basis that the proposal will produce acceptable functional, aesthetic, safe and economic results for the user, the environment, and the public; and

WHEREAS, during their meeting on March 10, 2020, the City of Great Falls Planning Advisory Board recommended by a vote of 5-0 that the proposed Standards for Design and Construction be approved.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF GREAT FALLS, MONTANA, that the City of Great Falls Standards for Design and Construction are adopted as set forth and copies are available upon request at either the Public Works Department or the Planning and Community Development Department.

PASSED AND ADOPTED by the City Commission of the City of Great Falls, Montana, on this 19th day of May, 2020.

	Bob Kelly, Mayor	
ATTEST:		
Lisa Kunz, City Clerk		

(CITY SEAL)	
APPROVED FOR LEGAL CONTENT:	
Sara R. Sexe, City Attorney	



STANDARDS FOR DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION

City of Great Falls, Montana

Specifications Filed in the Office of the City Engineer

On _____, 2020

ADOPTED: ____2020, Resolution 10346

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FOREWORD

This guide has been prepared to assist design engineers, architects, developers, contractors, or other interested individuals with the preparation of plans and specifications for public infrastructure improvements. The purpose of this information is to provide guidance regarding minimum standards for design, materials, and methods of construction; where any portion of such improvement is to be offered to the City for operation and maintenance. Every project is unique and as such, the information presented in this guide does not apply in all situations.

This guide is intended to be used in conjunction with the Montana Public Works Standard Specifications and the Official Code of the City of Great Falls. If any portion of this document is found to conflict with the Official Code of the City of Great Falls (OCCGF) the provisions of the OCCGF shall supersede this document.

Please note that the information in this guide will be revised on an as-needed basis as regulations and policies are modified. This information is subject to change over time and all changes shall be approved by the City of Great Falls Public Works Director and the City Manager. Please reference the latest rendition located on the City's web page at the time of construction.

Not all design criteria and drawings are applicable in all situations. It is not the intent of the City of Great Falls to unreasonably limit any innovative or creative effort that could result in a superior design based on the performance criteria of safety, economical maintenance, and pleasant appearance. Proposed departures from these standards by the Design Team will be evaluated by PW Engineering Staff on the basis that the proposal will produce acceptable results for the user, the environment, and the public.

Glossary of Acronyms and Terms

Term Definition

AASHTO American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials

ADT Average Daily Traffic

APWA American Public Works Association

ARC Antecedent Runoff Condition

ASTM American Society for Testing and Materials

BMP Best Management Practice

CC&R Conditions, Covenants, and Restrictions

cfs Cubic Feet per Second

CI Cast Iron

CMP Corrugated Metal Pipe

CN Curve Number CoGF City of Great Falls

Design Engineer The Engineer that stamps the plans DEQ Department of Environmental Quality

DIP Ductile Iron Pipe

ESAL Equivalent Single Axle Load ESC Erosion and Sediment Control

FEMA Federal Emergency Management Agency

FHWA Federal Highway Administration FIRM Flood Insurance Rate Map

FL Flange Joint
fps Feet per Second
FS Factor of Safety
GW Grate Width

GSC Geotechnical Site Characterization

HDPE High Density Polyethylene HDPP High Density Polypropylene

HGL Hydraulic Grade Line
HOA Homeowner's Association
IBC International Building Code
IDF Intensity Duration Frequency

ITE Institute of Transportation Engineers

LED Light Emitting Diode LOS Level of Service

MDEQ Montana Department of Environmental Quality

MDT Montana Department of Transportation

MFE Municipal Facilities Exclusion

MJ Mechanical Joint
Mg/l Milligrams per Liter

MPWSS Montana Public Works Standard Specifications
MUTCD Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices
NAVD 88

NAVD 88 North American Vertical Datum 1988

NDW Natural Drainage Way

NOAA National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration NPDES National Pollution Discharge Elimination System

NRCS Natural Resources Conservation Service

NWE Northwestern Energy
O&M Operation and Maintenance

OCCGF Official Code of the City of Great Falls
OSHA Occupation Safety and Health Administration

OSB Oriented Strand Board

PCD City of Great Falls Planning and Community Development Department

PLSS Public Land Survey System

PO Push-On Joint

POA Property Owner's Association

Pollutant Generating Any surface where pollutants can be generated including, but not limited

Surface to roofs, landscaped areas, driving surfaces, and parking areas.

Professional Engineer Montana Licensed Professional Engineer (AKA PE, MT PE, or

Engineer)

Project Engineer Developer's Consulting Engineer that is working on the project

PTOE Professional Traffic Operations Engineer

PVC Polyvinyl Chloride

PWD City of Great Falls Public Works Department

RCP Reinforced Concrete Pipe

Rebar Reinforcing Bar ROW Right-of-Way

SCS Soil Conservation Service

Sf Square Foot

SOI Sand, Oil Interceptors

Standards Current City of Great Falls Standards for Design and Construction
Stormwater Facility Any conveyance swale, ditch, pond, storage facility, structure, or BMP

TIA Traffic Impact Analysis

TPH Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons

TSS Total Suspended Solids UPC Universal Plumbing Code

USCS Unified Soil Classification System USGS United States Geological Survey

VCP Vitrified Clay Pipe

WSDOT Washington State Department of Transportation

CHAPTER 1 - CONSTRUCTION WITHIN CITY RIGHT-OF-WAY

Chapter 1 Construction within City Right-of-Way

1.1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

1.1.1 Standards

- A. The latest published edition of Division 1, Division 2, Division 3 and the Appendix of the Montana Public Works Standard Specifications (*MPWSS*) is adopted, except as amended herein. With respect to the design and/or construction of public facilities, and conflict(s) or difference(s) between the MPWSS, the Official City Code of Great Falls (OCCGF), and the CoGF <u>Standards for Design and Construction</u> (<u>Standards</u>) shall be resolved in favor of the OCCGF, these Standards, then the MPWSS;
- B. New construction will be built under the <u>Standards</u> in effect at the time of plan approval; and
- C. If construction of the approved plans is not completed within 3 years from the date of design approval, and updates to the Standards have occurred since the date of approval, the design plans, specifications, and reports shall be resubmitted for City review and approval. City review fees for additional reviews of previously approved plans may apply.

1.1.2 Public Right-of-Way Permit

- A. Except when such person is operating under a contract with the CoGF, all construction, excavation, or other work on public or private property which will necessitate the use of the public right-of-way or easement shall require a public Right-of-Way Permit issued by the Planning and Community Development Department (PCD);
- B. The work authorized by the Permit includes, but is not limited to: dry utility installation, connections, and repair within the ROW; retaining wall construction and repair within the ROW; excavating in, cutting through, or tearing open any City street, avenue, alley, sidewalk, boulevard, or any other public way;
- C. Also included are any other uses of the public right-of-way where there is a possibility of creating a hazard. Examples of hazards are scaffolding, storage of materials or equipment, crane and equipment operations, demolition, sandblasting and painting operations, temporary construction or demolition dumpster placement and any other use deemed a hazard by the PWD;
- D. The Permit will not be issued until all insurance and bonding requirements have been met;
- E. The permittee shall accomplish the proposed work within the time allowed by the PWD Director and under the director's supervision (OCCGF Title 12);
- F. In an emergency which requires repairs to be made immediately, the Contractor may excavate and complete the repairs without first having obtained a Permit. Prior to beginning work at the site during normal working hours, the Contractor shall notify the PWD Engineering Division at 406-771-1258. During emergency repair and prior to beginning work after hours, the Contractor shall notify "One Call" that an emergency repair is needed. In either case, the Contractor shall describe the circumstances and provide the location of the emergency repairs. The Contractor shall obtain the Permit no later than the next scheduled City workday and call for the appropriate inspections;

- G. All provisions of the <u>Standards</u> shall be complied with regardless of the circumstances of the construction;
- H. The Contractor shall be responsible for damages to any/all infrastructure, including damages to the street, within the public right-of-way. The Street Division Manager shall determine the appropriate roadway fix. This may include, but is not limited to, a mill and overlay, chip seal, or sand seal;
- I. All excavation shall be thoroughly backfilled, and any such excavation or opening shall be restored to the condition it was prior to such excavation or opening, or better, except that the City will replace all asphaltic surfacing in paved streets, with costs to be paid by the applicant, unless the Public Works Director or designee authorizes the applicant to replace the asphaltic surfacing;
- J. Flowable fill shall be used to backfill trench excavation on arterial and collector streets and when deemed necessary by the Street Division Supervisor or designee on local streets and alleys;
- K. Flowable fill shall be used to cap street openings during the winter and whenever hot mix asphaltic surfacing is not available. The surfacing shall be maintained, by the permittee, until hot mix asphaltic surfacing becomes available; and
- L. Any settlement in a restored area which occurs within two (2) years of the date of completion of the permanent surfacing, shall be considered as conclusive evidence of defective backfill. Upon failure or refusal of such permittee to correct such settlement within five (5) days after notice by the Public Works Director or designee to do so, the City may correct such settlement and any expense incurred by the City in correcting such settlement shall be paid by the permittee (OCCGF 12.4.060.B).

1.1.3 Sidewalk Permits and Curb Permits

- A. Except when such person is operating under a contract with the CoGF, all construction, excavation, and other work associated with sidewalks and curbs within the public right-of-way or city easement shall require a Sidewalk Permit and/or a Curb and Gutter Permit issued by the Planning and Community Development Department (PCD);
- B. The Contractor is responsible for contacting the City Engineering Office (406-771-1258) and requesting inspections; and
- C. Refer to Chapter 8 "Transportation System" for sidewalk and curb design and construction standards.

1.1.3 Driveway Permits

- A. Except when such person is operating under a contract with the CoGF, all construction, excavation, and other work associated with driveways and concrete crosswalks through driveways shall require a Curb Cut/Driveway permit issued by the PCD;
- B. A request for a new curb cut and for a curb cut wider than what is allowed in Title 17 shall be submitted in writing to the City Engineer and construction shall not start until the City Engineer has issued a determination;
- C. The Contractor is responsible for contacting the City Engineering Office (406-771-1258) and requesting inspections; and
- D. Refer to Chapter 8 "Transportation System" for driveway design and construction standards.

1.1.3 City Fees

- A. Water & Sewer Service Connection Fee
 - I. A Connection Fee shall be paid for the connection of each new water and sewer service to the system. This fee must be paid even if a service line has previously been stubbed to the property line or other accessible location. Connection Fees for water and/or sewer must be paid before a Certificate of Occupancy will be issued by the Building Department and before service is approved. Connection Fees are established by City Ordinance.

1.1.4 Applicable Laws and Indemnification of the City

- A. To the fullest extent permitted by law, the permittee shall fully indemnify, defend, and save the City, its agents, representatives, employees, and officers harmless from and against any and all claims, actions, costs, fees, losses, liabilities or damages of whatever kind or nature arising from or related to the permittee's performance of the permitted excavation and the permittee's work, or work of any subcontractor or supplier to applicant (OCCGF Title 12); and
- B. The Contractor shall give all notices and comply with all federal, state and local laws, ordinances and regulations affecting the conduct of the work.

1.1.5 <u>Interruption of Service</u>

- A. Any construction that will interrupt the normal operation of city sewer, water, storm, or transportation facilities requires notification of affected City departments and property owners and/or residents. The Contractor shall notify the PWD Engineering Division (Phone 406-771-1258) at least 2 business days prior to any street or alley closures;
- B. All street closures or interruptions of utility services will require the Contractor to provide information specifying the location of construction and the duration of the closure;
- C. The Contractor shall present the news release to the news media at least 2 business days prior to the beginning of any construction activity; and
- D. The Contractor shall also notify utility users affected by the interruption of the type and duration of the interruption at least 2 workdays prior to beginning construction.

1.1.6 Traffic and Pedestrian Control

- A. In the event of an emergency interruption, the Contractor shall notify the PWD, Police and Fire Departments immediately. The Contractor shall immediately dispatch members of his staff to notify affected individuals by telephone, letter, or personal contact;
- B. A Traffic and Pedestrian Control Plan shall be submitted to the PWD for all work within the public right-of-way:
 - I. Conform to the latest edition of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD);
 - II. Show the location and description of all Traffic and Pedestrian Control Devices;
 - III. No work shall commence on the project until the plan is approved;
 - IV. Keep all devices in place and maintained throughout the project;
 - V. Temporary pedestrian walkways shall meet the requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA); and

- VI. The PWD reserves the right to reject any device observed to be in substandard condition.
- C. Emergency access to the work area shall be maintained at all times;
- D. All barricades and obstructions shall be protected at night by suitable signal lights which shall be kept illuminated from sunset to sunrise. Barricades shall be of substantial construction and shall be constructed to increase their visibility at night. Suitable warning signs shall be placed to show in advance where construction, barricades or detours exist. All signs used at night shall be either retro-reflective with a material that has a smooth, sealed outer surface or illuminated to show the same shape and similar color both day and night;
- E. If flagging is required it shall be accomplished by competent and properly equipped flag persons. Flagging shall be accomplished as described in the Montana Department of Transportation Flagger's Handbook and the MUTCD;
- F. Traffic control devices shall be removed from visual contact with the traveling public when they are not being used for construction activities;
- G. The Contractor shall remove all traffic and pedestrian control devices within 24 hours of the conclusion of the project construction; and
- H. If the Contractor fails to maintain the Traffic and Pedestrian Control Devices in accordance with the regulations provided in the MUTCD, the City reserves the right to issue a stop work notice effective until issues have been corrected.

1.1.7 <u>Liability Insurance (OCCGF Title 12)</u>

A. Before any application to excavate, cut, access or tear open any public way is granted, such applicant shall furnish satisfactory evidence the applicant's activities are properly covered by applicable insurance coverage in amounts that shall be set by City Commission resolution and shown below.

COMMERCIAL GENERAL LIABILITY

Each Occurrence (bodily injury and property damage)

\$1,500,000

AUTOMOBILE LIABILITY

Includes Scheduled, Hired, &

Non-Owned Autos \$1,500,000 Combined Single Limit

WORKERS' COMPENSATION

Workers' Compensation Not less than statutory limits

Employer's Liability \$1,000,000

UMBRELLA COVERAGE

Applicant may provide applicable excess or umbrella coverage to supplement Applicant's existing insurance coverage, if existing policy limits do not satisfy the coverage requirements as set forth above.

1.1.8 Bonding (OCCGF Title 12)

A. All construction work within the public right-of-way or easement (sidewalk, boulevard, pavement, curb construction, water, storm drainage, sanitary sewer service line

- installation, repair, etc.) will require the Contractor to have the required license and to provide the P&CD Department with a Performance Bond in the amount of \$5,000 and shall remain in force for two years;
- B. The bond must include a Compliance Guarantee; a Good Faith Guarantee and an Indemnity Guarantee;
- C. Bonds may be in the form of a Surety Bond, a Certified Check, or an irrevocable Letter of Credit issued by a bank licensed to do business in the state of Montana;
- D. Be payable to the City and/or State as their interests appear with respect to the expenditure of funds toward the construction of the street, avenue, alley, sidewalk, boulevard, or public way within the City;
- E. Be conditioned for the protection of the City and/or State from and against any liability of any kind or character whatsoever which may arise as a result of the applicant's excavating in, cutting through, or opening up any such street, avenue, alley, sidewalk, boulevard, or other public way or which may in any way or manner be connected with or related thereto, payable by the applicant;
- F. Be further conditioned that the permittee shall properly backfill and restore the surface of any and all excavations, openings, or cuttings made or dug in the public ways of the City, and shall do and complete all work in connection therewith in a good, competent, and workmanlike manner and in compliance with the specifications required therefore by the City and/or State; and
- G. Remain on file with the P&CD Department; or
- H. Include a water service line layer's license bond under the provisions of OCCGF <u>Title 13</u>, or a drain layer's license bond under the provisions of OCCGF <u>Title 13</u>, and the conditions of either of such bonds shall be amended to include the conditions as required by this section.

1.1.9 Guarantee for Equipment, Materials, and Workmanship

- A. The Contractor shall guarantee all materials and equipment furnished, and construction work performed for maintenance and repair work on **existing city infrastructure** for a period of 2-years from the date of written acceptance of the work by the CoGF;
- B. The guarantee for **new city infrastructure** shall be for a period of 2-years from the date of written acceptance of the work by the CoGF. In the case of a subdivision, the date of acceptance will be final plat approval or acceptance by the PWD, whichever is later; and
- C. Guarantees shall be in the form of a Maintenance bond:
 - I. Required prior to Final Plat or Certificate of Occupancy as may be deemed appropriate by the Director of Public Works;
 - II. Equal to the percentage stated in the OCCGF Title 17;
 - III. Shall remain in force throughout the guarantee period;
 - IV. The City reserves the right to draw on the maintenance bond for repairs not completed by the responsible party within 30 calendar days of being advised that repairs are required;
 - V. Maintenance bonds may be in the form of a Surety Bond, a Certified Check, or an irrevocable Letter of Credit issued by a bank licensed to do business in the state of Montana; and

VI. The Commencement Date for the Maintenance Bond shall be the date set for the completion of the required improvements as stated in the Subdivision Improvements Agreement, the date of Substantial Completion as certified by a Professional Engineer, or the date Final Plat is granted, whichever is later.

1.1.10 Excavation and Disposal of Material from Existing Public Right-of-Way and Easement

- A. All material unsuitable, including but not limited to petroleum contaminated soil, for trench backfill, sub-base or base construction, excavated from the developed public right-of-way or easement shall be removed from the site and legally disposed of by the Contractor;
- B. The disposal site shall meet Federal, State, County, and Local regulatory provisions for disposal of the unsuitable excavated material;
- C. Unsuitable excavated material shall not be stockpiled on site without the written approval of the PWD; and
- D. Excavated material shall be confined to the work zone as established during the preconstruction conference, the public right-of-way, or as shown in the contract documents.

1.1.11 Intersection Monuments

- A. When a street is to be reconstructed, prior to any excavation, a thorough search shall be made for existing intersection monuments. If found, such monuments and any other survey monuments likely to be disturbed or destroyed, shall be preserved by or under direction of a Professional Land Surveyor in accordance with MCA 70-22-115; and
- B. All monuments set shall meet the requirements of ARM 24.183.1101. Monuments set in pavement or concrete driving surfaces shall be placed inside of a cast iron monument box, per CoGF Standard 5-01.

1.1.12 Pollution Controls

- A. During all construction in the right-of-way, the Contractor shall be responsible to maintain the construction site and all haul routes in accordance with the requirements of the COGF's Storm Drain Design Manual (See Chapter 7) and all applicable state and federal permits;
- B. Excavation dewatering, disinfected water, petroleum contaminated water, or sediment laden run-off discharges to the storm drain or sanitary sewer are prohibited without the applicable permit or written authorization form the City MS-4 program or Industrial Pretreatment Program; and
- C. See Chapter 7 of this document for more information on storm water quality and quantity requirements and permitting.

1.1.13 Pavement Restoration

- A. All work shall be accomplished in accordance with current MPWSS and these Standards;
- B. See Chapter 8 of this document for more information on pavement restoration requirements;
- C. All excavations within 4 feet of the edge of the asphalt (including the outer edge, the crown, or adjacent seam) shall require removal and replacement from the edge of asphalt to the excavation edge. Asphalt patch areas that fall within the wheel path of the

- vehicular travel lane shall be increased in size to the center of the lane or adjacent lane. In no circumstance will the edge of a patch area be allowed to fall within the wheel path;
- D. Any damage to the existing asphalt surface caused by the Contractor's operations shall be repaired at the expense of the Contractor, including but not limited to gouges, scrapes, outrigger marks, and bucket marks. A slurry seal shall be considered the minimum standard for a repair to existing surfacing;
- E. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining the area in a smooth and drivable condition until the permanent pavement is placed. If the ground is frozen, the road cut shall be temporarily repaired with a minimum thickness of 4-inches of flowable fill or a minimum thickness of 4-inches of cold patch material. The temporary repair shall be maintained by the Contractor for safe winter usage. The permanent restoration shall be made as soon as the ground is thawed in the spring, or as directed by the PWD; and
- F. If the Contractor fails to restore the pavement within the 14-day period, or fails to maintain the trench or area as required, the City reserves the right to complete the restoration or maintenance, and all labor, equipment, material and administrative costs will be billed to the Contractor. The City reserves the right to call on the Contractor's Performance Bond if the bill is not paid within 30 days.

1.1.14 Stop Work Order

- A. A written Stop Work Order may be issued by the PWD if the work in progress does not meet the <u>Standards</u> for the CoGF, or for any other valid reason; and
- B. Work may resume only after a written Resume Work Order has been issued by the PWD.

1.1.15 Relocation of Utilities

- A. Requests to relocate an existing public utility shall be submitted in writing to the PWD. A sketch shall be included that illustrates the existing location of the utility and the preferred relocation site. The request shall describe, in detail, the circumstances for the request;
- B. Utility relocation shall be designed by a licensed professional engineer;
- C. If the relocation is approved by the PWD, the utility shall be relocated by a bonded and insured utility contractor (see Section 1.1.7 and 1.1.8). Under no circumstances will the CoGF pay for any costs associated with the relocation of the utility; and
- D. Relocation of water and sewer mains are also subject to MDEQ review and approval.

1.2. PROJECT REQUIREMENTS

1.2.1 Contractors Requirements

A. Registration:

- I. Any Contractor working within an existing Public Right-of-Way or Easement shall be registered with the Montana Department of Labor and Industry, Employment Relations Division.
- B. Insurance and Bonding:
 - I. Insurance and bonding shall be in accordance with Sections 1.1.7 and 1.1.8 as applicable; or
 - II. As required in the City of Great Falls Construction Agreement when the project includes such agreement;

C. Preconstruction Meeting:

- I. Prior to the start of any construction, a preconstruction conference shall be held. The PWD, the Project Engineer, the Contractor, and any other parties pertinent to the project shall be represented. Items to be discussed at the pre-construction conference are construction schedule, shop drawing submittals, utility installation, materials testing, quality control, maintenance bond, and other items as may be necessary; and
- II. A paper copy of the plans approved by MDEQ (when applicable), three (3) paper copies of the City approved plans, and two (2) paper copies of shop drawing submittals approved by both the Project Engineer and the Contractor shall be submitted to the City Engineering Office prior to scheduling the Preconstruction meeting.

D. Shop Drawing Submittal:

I. If the proposed items to be installed differ from the approved plans and specifications, the design engineer shall notify the City Engineering Office of the proposed revision and shop drawings shall be submitted for review not later than 10 business days prior to the proposed installation.

1.3. CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS

1.3.1 <u>Underground Utilities</u>

A. All underground electrical, gas, phone, and TV cable lines must be installed at least 5 feet horizontally from water, sanitary sewer and storm sewer mains and services.

1.4. CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION, TESTING, AND QUALITY CONTROL

1.4.1 Construction Inspection

- A. A Professional Engineer, or the Professional Engineer's designated representative, shall provide construction inspection and testing as required. Failure to submit required testing and other documentation shall be considered valid justification for non-acceptance of construction work and/or public infrastructure. Inspection and testing shall be in accordance with the current edition of the MPWSS and the <u>Standards</u>; and
- B. The following quality control procedures will apply to all utility and roadway construction projects. The City reserves the right to conduct independent quality assurance testing at the City's expense during any phase of the construction. The Contractor shall bear the expense of failed tests and the expense of bringing the material into conformance with the required specifications.
 - I. All water main valves and fittings, fire hydrants, sewer manholes, wet wells and sewer/water main crossings shall be inspected and approved by the Professional Engineer, or his designated representative, prior to backfilling;
 - II. Water and sewer construction testing shall be performed in accordance with these Standards, MDEQ, AWWA, and MPWSS;
 - III. A Professional Engineer, or the Professional Engineer's designated representative, shall be present for all tests required in Sections 02660, 02720, and 02730 of the MPWSS. A written record of all test results shall be submitted to the PWD and certified by the Professional Engineer of record for the construction; and

IV. A Professional Engineer, or the Professional Engineer's designated representative, shall provide the PWD with photocopies of daily inspection reports, including Proctors and compaction test results for all projects. These reports shall be submitted on a weekly basis and certified by the Professional Engineer of record for the construction.

1.4.2 <u>Compaction Testing</u>

- A. The following minimum compaction testing procedures shall apply to all utility and roadway construction projects. An independent accredited testing laboratory shall be retained to provide the following tests and frequency. Random longitudinal test locations are required. The following are minimum compaction test requirements. The Professional Engineer, or the Professional Engineer's designated representative, may require additional tests. For projects containing less than 300 linear feet of improvements, a minimum of one compaction test for each improvement shall be required for the improvements listed below.
 - I. Utility Trenches and Underground Structures:
 - a. Set of Tests:
 - i. For trenches up to 8 feet in depth, density tests shall be taken at 12 inches above the pipe, at one-half the trench depth, and at the surface.
 - ii. For trenches greater than 8 feet in depth, density tests shall be taken at 12 inches above the pipe, at one-third and two-third the trench depth levels, and at the surface.
 - b. The minimum density shall be 95% Standard Proctor, \pm 3% optimum moisture.
 - c. Horizontal Frequency:
 - i. Utility Mains One set of tests per 150 feet.
 - ii. Service Lines One set of tests per 3 services, per utility type.
 - iii. Open Pit Minimum of one set of tests (Open Pit at each manhole, water valve, storm inlet, curb inlet, vault, etc.)
 - d. Each test location shall be separated horizontally from a prior test location.
 - II. Street Subgrade:
 - a. All sub-base: 95% Standard Proctor, \pm 3% optimum moisture. One random density test, every 100 linear feet of street per lane with random offsets.
 - b. All crushed gravel base: 95% Standard Proctor, \pm 3% optimum moisture. One random density test, every 100 linear feet of street per lane with random offsets.
 - III. Asphalt Surface:
 - a. Pavement and material testing requirements shall be in accordance with Section 1.4.1 and MPWSS Section 02510 Paragraph 3.28 and 3.29, except:
 - i. Add subsection 3.28H to the standard as follows: "Asphalt compaction samples will be taken according to AASHTO T 230 and tested in accordance with AASHTO T 166. One

- location per lane per block as determined by the Engineer shall be required.
- ii. Subsection 3.29E shall be replaced with: "The field density and thickness of the pavement is determined by measuring the cores tested. The actual thickness shall not be less than the design thickness, and shall in no case be less than four (4) inches."
- iii. Subsection 3.29F shall be replaced with: "Asphalt thickness shall be measured using full depth core samples. Thickness shall be measured from the surface of the specimen to the bottom of the uniform plant mix which thickness shall not include foreign materials, seal coat, foundation material, soil, paper or foil. Thickness less than specified thickness as measured on the acceptance sample shall be subject to rejection for the lane and block from which the specimen was taken as determined by the Engineer."

1.4.3 <u>Video Inspection</u>

- A. The City shall conduct a video inspection paid for by the contractor for sewer mains;
- B. The contractor shall flush the main with water immediately prior to inspection;
- C. Manholes and laterals shall be included in the video inspection;
- D. Upon review of the video inspection by the authorized City representative, any deficiencies found shall be corrected by the contractor prior to final acceptance;
- E. The CoGF reserves the right to inspect all underground utility systems by the use of a television camera prior to final acceptance; and
- F. The cost of all video inspections by City staff will be billed to the contractor.

1.5. BOULEVARD LANDSCAPING

1.5.1 Requirements

- A. Refer to the OCCGF Title 17 for requirements.
- B. Boulevard landscaping shall be placed in accordance with the CoGF landscape requirements (OCCGF Title 17) and a plan approved by the CoGF Planning and Community Development Department (406-455-8430).

1.6. RECORD DRAWINGS AND PROJECT ACCEPTANCE

1.6.1 Certification

A. Upon project completion and before final acceptance, a Professional Engineer shall certify that the construction of the water, sewer and storm utilities and roadways meet the requirements of the approved construction documents.

1.6.2 Record Files

A. The Design Engineer or developer shall submit one full-size set of 4-mil Mylar Record Drawings (or approved equal) and a PDF copy and a copy of the DWG in digital format and one set of the test results required under Section 1.4 to the PWD. This does not

include submitting test results collected by the City. For example, the Design Engineer or developer shall submit a copy of the concrete strength testing results.

1.6.3 Acceptance

- A. The City will not accept the project until record drawings and test results have been approved by the City Engineer;
- B. The Project Engineer shall provide the City Engineer's Office with quantities and unit costs of all infrastructure installed that is tied to a reimbursement; and
- C. The owner shall submit a letter requesting ownership transfer of the newly constructed public infrastructure to the City (See Appendix A Example Ownership Transfer Letter).

1.7. TWO-YEAR GUARANTEE INSPECTION FOR PROJECTS

1.7.1 Requirements

- A. The Project Engineer, or his designated representative, shall conduct a two-year guarantee inspection, to be attended by a representative from the PWD;
- B. The inspection shall take place not less than 90 days or more than 120 days prior to the expiration date of the Maintenance Bond; and
- C. The maintenance bond will be released when all deficiencies have been corrected to the satisfaction of the City Engineer.

1.7.2 Warranty Work

- A. The City Engineer, the Project Engineer, or the designated representative, shall notify the Principal as listed in the Maintenance Bond of any work found to be not in accordance with the approved construction documents;
- B. The Principal shall restore the work to meet the requirements of the approved construction documents prior to the release of the Maintenance Bond; and
- C. The City expressly reserves the right to draft the Maintenance bond for repairs not completed by the Owner, Developer, or Contractor within thirty calendar days of being advised that repairs are required.

CHAPTER 2 - DESIGN CRITERIA

Chapter 2 Design Criteria

2.1. PLANS

2.1.1 General Items

- A. Coordinate System:
 - I. Montana State Plane International Foot.
- B. Datum:
 - I. North American Vertical Datum 1988 (NAVD 88) with conversion factor (typically 19.15 feet lower then City) to City Datum; or
 - II. City of Great Falls Datum.

C. Contours:

- I. Improved Areas:
 - a. 5-foot major contour interval (max);
 - b. 1-foot minor contour interval (max); and
 - c. The CoGF reserves the right to request smaller or larger contour intervals for clarity if necessary.
- II. Unimproved Areas:
 - a. 10-foot major contour interval (max);
 - b. 2-foot minor contour interval (max); and
 - c. The CoGF reserves the right to request smaller or larger contour intervals for clarity if necessary.
- III. Existing contours shall use a dashed line-style;
- IV. Proposed contours shall use a continuous line-style; and
- V. Major contour lines shall be thicker than minor contours and include elevation labels.
- D. Alignment Data:
 - I. Coordinate data shall be provided for:
 - a. Beginning of alignment;
 - b. Alignment changes in direction; and
 - c. End of alignment.
 - II. Provide the following curve data:
 - a. Length of curve;
 - b. Curve Radius; and
 - c. Chord bearing and length.
 - III. Bearings and distances:
 - a. Provide between points on alignments.

2.1.2 Title Sheet(s) (Shall not exceed 3 Sheets):

- A. Project Title;
- B. Vicinity Map:
 - I. Project Limits;
 - II. Adjacent Street Names;
 - III. North Arrow; and
 - IV. Scale Bar.
- C. Firm or Engineer Information:

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- I. Name;
- II. Address; and
- III. Telephone Number.
- D. MT Professional Engineer Stamp;
- E. Point and Line Style Legend;
- F. Public Land Survey System Information:
 - I. Township;
 - II. Range; and
 - III. Section(s)
 - a. If contained within a single section, provide the ½, ¼, or ¼ ¼ information as applicable (e.g. SW ¼ NE ¼).
- G. Table of Contents.

2.1.3 Plan Sheets

- A. Project Title;
- B. Sheet Title;
- C. Sheet Number;
- D. MT Professional Engineer Stamp;
- E. Revision Data (See Section 3.1.2);
- F. North Arrow (True North or CoGF North); and
- G. Scale Bar
 - I. Set to Standard Engineering Scales.

2.1.4 Plan and Profile Sheets

- A. Shall be provided for all proposed water main, sanitary sewer main, storm main, and streets;
- B. Include all items in Section 2.1.3 above; and
- C. In profile show:
 - I. Vertical scale;
 - II. Proposed ground;
 - a. Continuous line-style;
 - III. Existing ground;
 - a. Dashed line-style.
 - IV. Crossings of other utilities and separations from them;
 - V. Parallel utilities shall be shown in grayed line-style;
 - VI. Pipe:
- a. Length;
- b. Slope (if gravity); and
- c. Material type.
- VII. Bury depth;
- VIII. Groundwater depths (if identified);
 - a. Include date of recording.
 - IX. Structures and Appurtenances;
 - a. For Water:
 - i. Valves, fittings, services, fire hydrants, encasement, etc.
 - a) Label size and type; and

- b) Provide station and offset or coordinates.
- b. For Sanitary Gravity Sewer:
 - i. Manholes, services, and other structures
 - a) Label invert elevations;
 - b) Label rim elevations; and
 - c) Provide station and offset or coordinates.
- c. For Sanitary Force Mains:
 - i. Valves, fittings, air/vacuum valves, and other structures
 - a) Label size and type; and
 - b) Provide station and offset or coordinates.
- d. For Storm Sewer:
 - i. Manholes, catch basins, and other structures:
 - a) Label invert elevations;
 - b) Label rim and grate elevations; and
 - c) Provide station and offset or coordinates.
 - ii. Hydraulic Grade Lines (HGL).
- X. Streets, roads, and pathways:
 - a. Grades;
 - b. Vertical curve data
 - i. VPI Station and elevation;
 - ii. Length;
 - iii. Radius; and
 - iv. k-value.
- XI. Stormwater conveyance system:
 - a. Show all pipes, culverts, ditches, and connections; and
 - b. Include all sizes, material types, lengths, slopes, and invert elevations.

2.1.5 Detail Sheets

- A. Provide applicable CoGF Standard Details;
 - I. Highlight any additions, deletions, or modifications to CoGF Standard Details.
- B. Include the following:
 - I. Project Title;
 - II. Sheet Title;
 - III. Sheet Number;
 - IV. Scale;
 - V. MT Professional Engineer Stamp; and
 - VI. Revision Data (See Section 3.1.2).

2.1.6 Road and Drainage Plans

- A. Include all items in Section 2.1.3 above;
- B. Include the following:
 - I. Existing and proposed contours;
 - II. Crest and sump point elevations;
 - III. Flow arrows:
 - IV. Record drawing information;
 - V. Construction details or standard detail for all structures:

- VI. Drainage Easements;
 - a. If existing, provide recording number.
- VII. Where swales, ditches, or channels interfere with driveway locations:
 - a. Driveway locations shall be fixed and shown on the plans.
- VIII. Existing and proposed lot grading plans.

2.1.7 Drainage Facilities and Swales

- A. Include all items in Section 2.1.3 above;
- B. Provide a cross-section of each pond or swale, including the following:
 - I. Bottom elevation;
 - II. Structure elevations:
 - III. Maximum water surface elevation;
 - IV. Inlet and outlet elevations; and
 - V. Berm elevations and slopes.
- C. Landscaping and vegetation requirements;
- D. Compaction requirements;
- E. Keyway locations and dimensions;
- F. Coordinates and elevations of pond corners, swale/ditch angle points, inlet/outlet pipes, and all drainage structures; and
- G. Material gradation, thickness, and dimensions of riprap pads.

2.1.8 Basin Maps

- A. Required as part of the Drainage Submittal
- B. Provide Pre-development and Post-development
- C. Minimum elements:
 - I. Vicinity map, project boundaries, PLSS information;
 - II. Basin limits:
 - a. Include on-site, off-site, and bypass areas contributing runoff to or from the project;
 - b. Engineer shall field-verify basin limits, including off-site areas, and describe how the limits were determined; and
 - c. Shall be clearly labeled and correlate with calculations.
 - III. Time of concentration routes with each segment clearly labeled and correlated with calculations;
 - IV. Contours:
 - a. Shall extend beyond the project or drainage basin as necessary to confirm basin limits; and
 - b. Refer to Section 2.1.1C.
 - V. Any drainage way, including natural drainage ways, constructed drainage features, wetlands, creeks, streams, seasonal drainage ways, closed depressions, ditches, culverts, storm drain systems, and drywells;
 - VI. Floodplain limits as defined by FEMA or other studies;
 - VII. Geologically hazardous areas;
 - VIII. Proposed drainage features;
 - IX. North arrow and scale;
 - X. Existing and proposed easements, parcel land, open space, and parkland; and

XI. Adjacent streets.

CHAPTER 3 - PROJECT SUBMITTALS

Chapter 3 Project Submittals

3.1. PROCESS

3.1.1 Submittals

- A. Civil Plans:
 - I. Shall be submitted to PCD with 3 hard copies;
 - II. Shall be provided in electronic PDF format;
 - III. The Professional Engineer(s) responsible for the civil design portions of the project shall stamp the project cover sheet, or each individual sheet of the civil design; and
 - IV. Include the general checklist as well as other applicable checklists.
 - a. Checklists are available (call 406-771-1258 for additional info.).
- B. Reports and Specifications:
 - I. Shall be submitted to PCD with 1 hard copy;
 - II. Shall be provided in electronic PDF format;
 - III. Submit separate documents in the following order (as applicable):
 - a. Project Manual or Applicable Specifications
 - b. Water Design Report
 - c. Sanitary Sewer Design Report
 - d. Storm Drainage Design Report
 - e. Traffic Impact Study
 - IV. The Professional Engineer(s) responsible for the individual sections specified above shall stamp the front cover of each separate document.
- C. It is recommend that water and sanitary sewer system designs be approved prior to submitting to MDEQ for review; and
- D. The CoGF shall attempt to complete the initial review and provide written comments to the Development Team within thirty (30) calendar days of receiving a complete initial submittal.
 - I. Contact the project permit coordinator in PCD for what the requirements are for a submittal to be deemed complete;
 - II. A review meeting may be scheduled to discuss review comments if the design Engineer desires; and
 - III. Pre-design and interim meetings with the design Engineer and City Engineering staff are encouraged.

3.1.2 Resubmittals

- A. Civil Plans
 - I. Individual sheets may only be provided with written approval from the CoGF engineer reviewing the Civil Plans;
 - II. All changes shall include revision bubbles; and
 - III. Revision notes shall be provided on the sheet including:
 - a. Revision number
 - b. Revision date
 - c. Any applicable notes
- B. Reports and Specifications:

- I. Shall be submitted to PCD with 1 hard copy;
- II. Shall be provided in electronic PDF format;
- III. The resubmittal shall be the entire report or specification; and
- IV. The Professional Engineer(s) responsible for the individual sections specified in Section 3.1.1 above shall stamp the front cover of each separate document.
- C. The CoGF shall attempt to complete the subsequent review and provide written comments to the Development Team within thirty (30) calendar days of receiving a complete subsequent submittal.
 - I. Contact the project permit coordinator in PCD for what the requirements are for a submittal to be deemed complete; and
 - II. A review meeting may be scheduled to discuss review comments if the design Engineer desires.

3.1.3 Delivery

- A. Provide digital files and paper copies to the front desk of the CoGF Planning and Community Development Department.
- B. Call 406-455-8430 for more information.

3.1.4 Approval

- A. Once all CoGF review comments have been adequately addressed and resolved the developer shall provide City Staff:
 - I. Three (3) complete sets of the site civil final plans, signed and stamped by a PE (half sized plan sets are encouraged);
 - II. One hard copy of the final reports and specifications, signed and stamped by a PE (reports and specifications shall contain the current version of the revised documents and plan sheets); and
 - III. An electronic version of the approved plans, reports, and specifications (signed and stamped by a PE) shall be provided in PDF format.
- B. Final stamped and approved plans will be distributed as follows:
 - I. One set for CoGF Engineering Department;
 - II. One set for CoGF Engineering Department Field Inspector; and
 - III. One set provided to Contractor to be kept on site during construction.

3.2. RESPONSIBILITIES

3.2.1 Professional Engineer

- A. Meet the minimum design standards as specified or referenced herein during design;
- B. Verify compliance with the minimum construction standards as specified or referenced herein during construction;
- C. Coordinate with Contractor, City Engineering Staff, and other local, state, and federal agencies to resolve issues that arise during construction and, if needed, prepare modified plans for review and approval; and
- D. Prepare and provide PW Engineering Division and MDEQ with record drawings.

3.2.2 Contractor

A. Meet the minimum construction standards as specified or referenced herein;

- B. Provide PW Engineering Division with 2 paper copies of the project submittals that have been reviewed and approved by both the Contractor and the Design Engineer;
- C. Attend the pre-construction meeting;
- D. Notify the PW Engineering Division (406-771-1258) a minimum of 48 hours before starting construction;
- E. Ensure that a City Inspector is on site during construction of all work requiring inspections; and
- F. Provide the PW Engineering Division with copies of all third party testing results.

3.2.3 City Engineering Staff (Type I) or Third Party Consultant (Type II)

- A. Review the design and construction to verify compliance with current Standards;
- B. Provide full time inspection of the public improvements;
 - I. The full time inspector cannot authorize any deviation from the approved plans and specifications or substitution of materials or equipment, unless authorized by the Design Engineer and approved by the City Engineer or his/her designee.
- C. Provide the Design Engineer with red line notes of changes that occurred during construction; and
- D. Provide a copy of the "built in substantial accordance with the MDEQ approved plans" certification letter required by MDEQ.

3.2.4 <u>Developer</u>

- A. Employ a Professional Engineer to design the project or development in accordance with the minimum design standards as specified or referenced herein;
- B. Employ a contractor to meet the minimum construction standards as specified or referenced herein; and
- C. Employ a Professional Engineer (CoGF Engineering Staff) to verify compliance with minimum construction standards throughout construction of all proposed CoGF infrastructure within the development.
 - I. Type I CoGF Engineering Staff
 - II. Type II *Third Party* Consultant (only allowed with City Engineer approval)

3.2.5 All Parties

- A. If at any point of design or construction, an unapproved deviation from the <u>Standards</u> is realized by the Engineer, Contractor, the CoGF, or the Developer, immediate action shall be taken to correct the issue and bring the design or construction into compliance with the standards currently in effect at no cost to the CoGF; and
- B. Any changes from approved drawings shall be reviewed, stamped, and approved in writing by the Design Engineer first, than the CoGF PCD Engineering Staff, than CoGF PWD Engineering Staff, prior to construction of said change.

3.3. DESIGN OR CONSTRUCTION DEVIATION

3.3.1 Requirements:

A. A Deviation will only be granted when minimum standards cannot be met or when the proposed item meets or exceeds minimum standards as determined by the City Engineer.

Deviations will not be considered on basis of cost, "engineering judgment", or "professional opinion";

- B. Requests shall be made in writing and shall:
 - I. Identify the specific section of the standards requiring a deviation;
 - II. State the standard as currently adopted;
 - III. State the standard as proposed for the deviation; and
 - IV. Provide adequate justification for the deviation.
- C. Requests shall be approved by both the CoGF PCD Engineering staff and the CoGF PWD Engineering staff in writing; and
- D. Deviations from the <u>Standards</u> not individually approved as indicated above are not approved, even if shown in approved plans, specifications, or reports.

CHAPTER 4 - DEVELOPMENT

Chapter 4 Development

4.1. REQUIREMENTS

4.1.1 General

- A. All subdivisions and developments shall comply with MDEQ requirements, the Official Code for the CoGF, and these Standards;
- B. Roadways and utilities shall be constructed from the existing facilities to the far property line of the development or such other point within the development that may be specified by the City Engineer:
 - I. Extension of water mains beyond the property line may be required as determined by the City Engineer for looping and redundancy; and
 - II. All utilities shall be within a public right-of-way or easement to permit free and unobstructed access.
- C. Obtain and provide the City with all easements and right-of-ways necessary to extend roadways and utilities to the far property line of the development:
 - I. Obtain written approval from the CoGF PWD stating they have reviewed and approved the location of easements for the future extension of roadways and utilities which shall be submitted with the final plat along with an 11 x 17 legible copy of the approved final plat showing the utility and/or easement locations.
 - II. An easement benefiting the City of Great Falls that is created on a final plat shall have the following language:

"Acceptance of shown new City of Great Falls easements:

A perpetual easement benefiting the City of Great Falls for the construction, maintenance, enlarging, reducing, replacing, or removal of underground utilities including above ground fire hydrants, valve boxes, and lids for accessing underground utilities, together with all necessary appurtenances thereto, in, under, through and across the real property shown on this plat together with the right to excavate and refill ditches and/or trenches throughout the location of said general utilities. The City of Great Falls or its designee agrees that in the event of any excavation within said easement for purpose of maintenance or repair, the area shall be backfilled and/or restore the surface to its then existing condition. For the protection of said easement, the property owner shall not make or construct any buildings, retaining walls, trees, shrubs, bushes, or other structures (including other utilities) that would impair the maintenance or operation of the utilities placed therein. Asphalt and Portland cement concrete paving, grass, traffic signs, mail boxes, fences, irrigation sprinkler systems are permissible improvements within the land covered by this easement. This grant of easement shall run with the land and shall be binding upon and shall inure to the benefit of the City of Great Falls, Montana its successors and assigns.

To the fullest extent permitted by law, the property owner shall indemnify, defend, and save City, its agents, representatives, employees, and officers harmless from and against any and all claims, costs, fees, losses, liabilities or damages of whatever kind or nature arising from or related to property owner's use of the real property described herein, except for the City's actions under this grant of easement."

D. There should be reserved along the front lot line and side street lot line of each residential and commercial lot a 10-foot wide utility easement along, contiguous and adjacent to the lot line to provide an area between the lot line and the easement line for the placement of privately owned underground utilities.

4.1.2 Utilities

- A. All new utilities that can be placed underground should be placed underground, unless written permission is provided by the City Engineer;
- B. City utility collection and distribution mains shall be located within the paved portion of the street or alley;
- C. Water transmission mains, sewer interceptor mains, and sewer force mains shall be located as approved by the City Engineer;
- D. Underground private utilities should be located on private property between the lot line and the easement line, unless written permission is provided by the City Engineer;
- E. No underground utilities, except service sweeps to the streetlights shall be placed parallel to the roadway in the boulevard between the back of curb and sidewalk or within a sidewalk itself;
- F. No aboveground utility boxes, pedestals, vaults, or transformers shall be placed within any City utility easement or access easement to any City facility, unless written permission is provided by the City Engineer; and
- G. Streetlights shall be at least 2 feet from the back of curb. All above ground utilities shall be at least 1 foot from the sidewalk.

4.1.3 City Utility Easements:

- A. All City utility easements shall be 20 feet wide for a single pipeline, with the pipe centerline 10 feet from one easement edge;
- B. For easements with two pipelines, the minimum width shall be 30 feet with each pipe centerline 10 feet from the easement edge; and
- C. For easements with three pipelines, the minimum width shall be 40 feet with each pipe centerline 10 feet from the easement edge and 10 feet from the outside of other pipe.

CHAPTER 5 - WATER SYSTEMS

Chapter 5 Water System

5.1. DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS

5.1.1 <u>Design Report</u>

- A. A design report prepared by a professional engineer licensed in the State of Montana which addresses fire and domestic flow requirements shall be submitted to and approved by the CoGF.
- B. The design and design report shall meet the minimum requirements of MDEQ Circular 1.
- C. The report shall include flow test results or modeled flow results, as approved by the CoGF, which show the static pressure and available flow from the hydrant at 20-psi residual pressure.
 - I. The CoGF will perform the required hydrant flow testing at no cost, if so requested (Utility Dispatch Clerk 406-727-8045).
- D. An overall plan of the development, <u>including all areas outside of the proposed</u> <u>development which would naturally be served through the proposed development shall be provided.</u>
- E. The Design Engineer shall calculate and provide the average day demand, the max day demand, and the required fire flow.
 - I. Refer to the current Water Facility Plan for existing system design data;
 - II. Provide demand calculations in units of gpd and ERUs; and
 - III. Provide velocity calculations in units of fps.

5.1.2 General Construction Standards

A. Water systems shall be constructed in accordance with the current edition of the Standards (this document), the current edition of the MPWSS for Water Distribution and other standards referenced elsewhere in this document. Any conflicts or differences in these documents shall be resolved in favor of the OCCGF, these Standards, and then the MPWSS.

5.1.3 Offsets

- A. Water mains and appurtenances shall maintain horizontal and vertical offsets as required in *MDEO Circular 1*.
- B. Water service lines and appurtenances shall maintain minimum horizontal separation of 10 feet and a minimum vertical separation of 18 inches from all sewer mains, and storm mains, and sewer service lines, as measured from the outside of the pipe.
- C. All underground electrical, gas, phone, fiber, and cable lines must be installed at least 5 feet horizontally and 1 foot vertically from water mains and services.

5.2. WATER MAINS AND SERVICE LINES

5.2.1 Water Pipe

A. Size

- I. The main shall be sized to meet the demands of the proposed development and <u>areas outside of the proposed development which would naturally be served</u> through the proposed development, or as directed by the City Engineer;
- II. Refer to the CoGF *Extension of Services* for oversizing and reimbursement information;
- III. Minimum main size shall be 8-inch;
- IV. Fire hydrant leads shall be 6-inch;
- V. The Design Engineer shall refer to the current Water System Facility Plan and correspond with the City Engineering Office to determine if oversized mains are required for the development;
- VI. Capacity shall meet the max day plus fire flow and peak hour demand;
 - a. Required fire flow shall be determined by the Fire Code and verified by the CoGF Fire Department.
- VII. Velocity shall not exceed 15 feet per second through a public main line; and VIII. C value for flow calculations in PVC pipes shall be between 130 and 150.

B. Location

- Mains shall be extended to far property line of the development or such other point that may be specified by the City Engineer. Subdivisions and corner lot developments may be required to extend mains to property lines in multiple directions;
- II. Mains shall be under the paved section of the roadway, unless a deviation request is approved by the CoGF Engineering Division;
- III. Water mains are located 10 feet away from the road center line on the west side of streets and on the north side of avenues.
- IV. Transmission mains shall be located as approved by the City Engineer;
- V. Fire hydrant leads shall not exceed 50 feet in length;
- VI. Where mains or fire hydrant leads cannot be installed in the public ROW, a minimum 20-foot wide easement shall be provided with the line in the center of the easement. A wider easement may be required based on the bury depth of the main. Trees, lights, signs, retaining walls, and structures shall not be installed within the easement; and
- VII. Mains shall be buried a minimum of 6.5-feet. Less bury depth requires City Engineering Office approval and insulation.

C. Material

- I. C-900 PVC pipe shall be manufactured within one year of the bid date, free of any scrapes or defects, have a constant color throughout the pipe at the time of installation, and be in new condition;
- II. 6-inch fire hydrant leads shall be PVC DR14 gasket pipe conforming to AWWA C-900 Standards;
- III. 8-12 inch water mains shall be PVC DR14 gasket pipe conforming to AWWA C-900 Standards;
- IV. 14-24 inch water mains shall be PVC DR18 gasket pipe conforming to AWWA C-900 Standards;
- V. Ductile Iron pipe can be required by the City Engineering Office in special conditions such as high working or surge pressures and when pipe is going to be buried in petroleum contaminated soils; and

- VI. Water mains larger than 24-inch shall be Ductile Iron with a pressure class based on the working pressure of the main.
- D. Ductile Iron Shall meet current MPWSS material and construction requirements
 - I. Ductile Iron pipe shall have a minimum thickness class of 51 (a higher class may be required in some situations);
 - II. Only used as approved by the City Engineer;
 - III. Joints shall be push-on;
 - IV. Use nitrile gaskets with push-on and Mechanical Joint (MJ) connections for areas with hydrocarbon contamination; and
- E. Pipe joint gaskets:
 - I. Push-on joints utilize a single gasket meeting AWWA C111;
 - II. Standard gasket shall be Styrene Butadiene Copolymer (SBR);
 - III. Special gaskets for use in areas of hydrocarbon contaminated soils and/or ground water shall be Acrylonitrile (Nitrile) Butadiene and Grafoil gaskets on flange fittings; and
 - IV. Design Engineer shall verify that the special gaskets are suitable, acceptable, and safe for use in the contaminated soils and/or ground water.

5.2.2 Valves

- A. Size and Type
 - I. 12-inch diameter and smaller shall be gate valves; and
 - II. Larger than 12-inch diameter shall be butterfly valves.
- B. Location
 - I. Shall be installed at each leg of every tee and cross, and at each intersection crossing;
 - II. Maximum spacing shall not exceed 500 feet unless otherwise approved by the City Engineer;
 - III. Shall not be located underneath curb and gutters, sidewalks, boulevards, travel route of a multiple use path, or within the wheel path of a vehicular travel lane; and
 - IV. A new valve shall be installed at all connections to existing water mains regardless of the proximity of an existing valve.
- C. Gate Valves shall be Mueller, Kennedy, Clow, or Waterous Gate Valves with:
 - I. Minimum 250 psig working pressure meeting AWWA C509 and/or C515;
 - II. Resilient Seat;
 - III. Push-on joint;
 - IV. Valve to open counterclockwise;
 - V. 2-inch square operating nut;
 - VI. Fusion bonded epoxy exterior and interior coating; and
 - VII. Double wrap with polyethylene encasement in accordance with AWWA C105;
- D. Tapping valves shall be Mueller, Kennedy, Clow, or Waterous tapping valve with:
 - I. Resilient Seat;
 - II. 250 psig maximum working pressure;
 - III. 500 psig static test pressure;
 - IV. Tapping by mechanical joint;
 - V. Open counterclockwise;

- VI. 2-inch square operating nut;
- VII. Double wrap with polyethylene encasement in accordance with AWWA C105;
- VIII. Minimum 10 mil fusion bonded epoxy exterior and interior coating; and
 - IX. Flanged end drilling complies with ANSI B16.1 class 125.
- E. Butterfly Valves shall be Mueller, M&H, Pratt, Kennedy, or Dezurik with:
 - I. Class 250;
 - II. Push-On joints or Mechanical Joint by Mechanical Joint;
 - III. Valve to open counterclockwise;
 - IV. Minimum 450 lbs torque rated operating stem and nut;
 - V. 2-inch square operating nut;
 - VI. Fusion bonded epoxy exterior and interior coating;
 - VII. Lubricated screw type operators designed for bury;
 - VIII. Side operator shall be located on south or east side of water main; and
 - IX. Double wrap with polyethylene encasement in accordance with AWWA C105.
- F. Auxiliary fire hydrant valves shall be Mueller, Kennedy, Clow, or Waterous 6-inch gate valves with:
 - I. 250 psig rated gate valve;
 - II. Resilient Seat;
 - III. Flanged joint by push-on joint; and
 - IV. Double wrap with polyethylene encasement in accordance with AWWA C105.
- G. Domestic water services and fire lines (4- and 6-inch) shall be Mueller, Kennedy, Clow, or Waterous gate valves with:
 - I. 250 psig rated gate valve;
 - II. Resilient Seat;
 - III. Flanged joint by push-on joint; and
 - IV. Double wrap with polyethylene encasement in accordance with AWWA C105.

5.2.3 Valve Boxes

- A. Shall be cast iron, 3 piece screw type, Heavy Duty;
- B. 5-1/4-inch diameter shaft;
- C. Lid with "Water" lettering;
- D. Shall be of sufficient length to be adjustable to finish grade;
- E. Use of "drop in" risers will not be allowed;
- F. Tyler model 6860 heavy duty series, East Jordan Iron Works 8560 series, or Star Pipe "heavy duty";
- G. Number 6 bases or as required for valve size; and
- H. Valve box shall have a protective bituminous asphaltic seal coating.

5.2.4 Fire Hydrants

- A. Location
 - I. Placement is subject to the approval of the Fire Chief and City Engineering Office:
 - II. Spacing shall not exceed 500 feet in residential areas;
 - III. Spacing shall not exceed 300 feet in commercial areas;
 - IV. Spacing shall not exceed 200 feet in industrial areas;

- V. Provide a 3-foot separation from the center of the fire hydrant to the back of curb and/or from the edge of sidewalk; and
- VI. Provide bollards for hydrants unprotected by curb.
- B. Shall be Mueller Super Centurion 250 model A-423, Kennedy Guardian model K81A, or Waterous Pacer model WB67-250;
- C. Furnish Fire Hydrants meeting ANSI/AWWA C502 standards, with a 250 psig standard maximum working pressure;
- D. Shall include a 5-1/4 inch main valve opening;
- E. 6 inch shoe with push-on joint;
- F. One 4 inch pumper nozzle with NST #40484 gage and two 2-1/2 inch hose nozzles ASA specification B26 for National Standard Fire Hose Coupling Screw Threads (7.5 threads per inch);
- G. Furnish "Compression" type hydrants with safety or traffic flange and safety stem coupling with above ground line;
- H. Hydrants shall be of the dry top design with 2 or more "O" rings sealing the water from the operating mechanism;
- I. The operating mechanism shall be automatically lubricated from a sealed, self-contained lubricating reservoir;
- J. Hydrants shall be painted with "Mueller Yellow" Amercoat 370 fast-dry multipurpose epoxy or Polane SP polyurethane enamel;
- K. Furnish fire hydrants of sufficient length such that the bury line is at the finished grade; and
- L. Double wrap with polyethylene encasement in accordance with AWWA C105.

5.2.5 Fittings

- A. Utilize ductile iron (AWWA C153 pressure rating 350 psig) or cast iron (AWWA C110 pressure rating 250 psig) fittings per the following:
 - I. Cement Mortar (AWWA C104) or fusion bonded epoxy (AWWA C550) interior lined, double thickness meeting the ANSI/AWWA C104/A21.4 requirements;
 - II. Approximately 1 mil thick asphaltic seal coating (ANSI/AWWA C153/A21.53) or fusion bonded epoxy coated;
 - III. Push-on joints (Use other joints where necessary for restraint or other special conditions);
 - IV. All AWWA C110 or C153 compact push-on (union-tite) water main fittings shall be supplied with restraint ears.
 - V. Install ductile iron push-on by flange fittings for fire hydrants and service lines 4-inches and larger; and
 - VI. All fittings must be manufactured in accordance with NSF61.

5.2.6 Couplings

- A. Pipe couplings shall meet one of the following:
 - I. Cast type with cast iron or ductile iron sleeves malleable or ductile iron flanges, shall be "long body"; or
 - II. Gray iron or ductile iron, mechanical joint solid sleeves, shall be "long sleeves" such as Tyler Union C153 ductile iron "Long" solid sleeve; Romac Style "501"

Long Barrel Coupling; Smith-Blair 442 Long sleeve coupling; Romac Alpha restraint coupling, or equal.

- B. Couplers shall be fusion bonded epoxy coated; and
- C. MEGALUG restraints, or approved equal, shall be used with mechanical joint sleeves.

5.2.7 <u>Tapping Sleeves</u>

- A. Utilize full circumference tapping sleeve with NPT stainless steel test plug and cast iron or duticle iron body. Supply cast or ductile iron mechanical joint type sleeve with end and side gaskets;
- B. Tapping sleeve outlet joint shall be flanged;
- C. Outlet flange dimensions and drilling shall comply with ANSI B16.1 Class 125;
- D. The flange shall be ductile iron or carbon steel complying with fusion bonded epoxy coating for stainless steel sleeves;
- E. The working pressure for 4 inch through 12 inch shall be a minimum of 200 pisg and minimum of 150 psig for 14 inch and larger;
- F. Fusion bonded epoxy coating inside and outside;
- G. Double wrap with polyethylene per below requirements;
- H. Utilize gaskets per requirements outlined in the gasket section above; and
- I. Pressure test at a minimum of 100 psig for 10 minutes or as recommend by manufacturer.

5.2.8 Polyethylene Wrapping

A. PVC Main:

- I. Double wrap all ductile or cast iron *pipe fittings, valves, and hydrants* with polyethylene encasement in accordance with AWWA C105;
- II. The inner layer shall be 8 mil and outer layer shall be 8 mil of the polyethylene wrap for a total of 16 mil;
- III. At no time shall a "sling" or "strap" come into contact with the polyethylene; and
- IV. Polyethylene adhesive tape shall be used for all repairs to the wrap.

B. Ductile/Cast Iron Pipe:

- I. Double wrap all ductile or cast iron pipe and pipe fittings, valves, and hydrants with polyethylene encasement;
- II. The inner (1st) layer of polyethylene wrap will be V-BIO which consists of three layers of co-extruded linear low density polyethylene (LLDPE);
- III. The outer (2nd) layer of polyethylene wrap will be 4 mil cross laminated high density polyethylene;
- IV. At no time shall a "sling" or "strap" come into contact with the polyethylene; and
- V. Polyethylene adhesive tape shall be used for all repairs to the wrap.

5.2.9 Wax Tape System

- A. The entire flange and all bolts on mechanical and flanged joints, restraints, sleeves, couplers, fittings, and valves shall be wrapped with a wax-system;
- B. The wax tape system (such as provided by Trenton Corporation or approved equal) utilized for below ground applications consists of three separate parts:
 - I. Primer:
 - II. Wax Tape #1; and
 - III. Poly ply outer tape.

C. The wax tape system does not replace the polyethylene wrapping requirement.

5.2.10 Location of Test Taps

- A. A test tap shall be located within 5 feet of the beginning and end of the main;
- B. Within 5 feet of the "source water"; and
- C. Test taps shall be located with a maximum spacing of 400 feet along the main.

5.2.11 Water Services

A. General

- I. Service pipes shall be so arranged that each separate building and/or house shall be supplied by a separate service line from the City main;
- II. Structures containing two or more residences under separate ownership shall have separate service lines from the main, service valves, and meters for each residence;
- III. Structures containing two or more residences, offices, or businesses that are rental units under common ownership shall have one service line, valve, and meter for all occupants within a single structure;
- IV. Each water meter shall be controlled by an independent valve or curb stop;
- V. A valve or curb stop (with box) shall be installed in each service line so that the supply may be controlled from the street side of the property line;
- VI. The curb valve shall be perpendicular to the main and located in the public right-of-way or a city easement;
- VII. It is unlawful to extend a water service which is intended to supply water to a property facing one avenue or street to another property facing another avenue or street, if the water service has to cross a public right-of-way such as an avenue, street, or alley;
- VIII. When a lot or parcel is developed to a permitted use, all duplicate, excess, and/or unused water services and fire services, including stub-outs, shall be disconnected from the main and the main shall be plugged;
 - IX. Construction on parcels aggregated will trigger abandonment of unused water and fire services at the main, this shall occur within six months;
 - X. Water service lines supplying water to a building or buildings that are to be razed shall be plugged at the City water main;
 - a. Unless the service has adequate bury depth, is copper, and will be put back into service in the near future; then
 - b. The service shall be physically disconnected from the building side of the controlling curb stop and the curb box shall be reset over the curb stop.
 - XI. New or reconstructed services shall meet current Standards, including location of curb stops and meter pits; and
- XII. Domestic water services shall not be tapped on a fire service line or fire hydrant main.

B. Construction of Water Service

I. A fee shall be issued when it is necessary to tap an existing or new water main for a service connection or a test tap:

- a. The permittee/contractor shall pay by direct billing for all test taps, testing equipment, overtime, and chemicals used;
- b. When the project includes five (5) or less taps, the City will provide the equipment, labor, and materials required to tap the main for water service lines that are ³/₄-inch up to 2-inches in diameter (this includes the corporation stop, curb stop, and box);
- c. Saddles, clamps, and other extraneous fittings are not included in this fee and will be billed extra by the CoGF Finance Department;
- d. When the project includes six (6) or more taps, the contractor shall provide the corporation stop, curb stop, and box;
 - 1. All excavation shall be ready for tapping crews at the same time;
 - 2. The maximum distance between taps shall be 1,000 feet; and
 - 3. Lost crew time due to unsafe or incomplete excavations shall be billed directly to the permitee/contractor in addition to the tapping fee.
- e. The Contractor will excavate around the main and prepare a safe trench, meeting the minimum OSHA requirements, from the main to the approved curb stop location; and
- f. Water service lines 4-inches and larger in diameter shall connect to the water main with a tee and gate valve.
- II. The Contractor is responsible for utilizing a Licensed Plumber to install the service line (2-inches and smaller) from the main to the curb stop valve and the Contractor is responsible for installing the curb stop and box;
- III. The Contractor is responsible for the installation of the backfill and complete site restoration per the requirements outlined throughout this documents;
- IV. City personnel shall inspect the tap and service line **prior to backfill**;
 - a. PWD Staff shall inspect irrigation service lines, domestic water service lines, and fire lines that are 4-inches and larger; and
 - b. PCD Staff shall inspect irrigation service lines, domestic water service lines, and fire lines that are 2-inches and smaller.
- V. Satisfactory pressure leakage and bacteriological tests on 4-inch and larger lines shall be conducted in accordance with City policy, these standard specifications, and the current edition of the MPWSS;
- VI. On existing roads, the City will restore the pavement surface unless the Contractor is authorized by the Street Division to restore the pavement surface. This is because, periodically, additional pavement surface restoration, beyond that which is needed to make the service connection is required;
 - a. The City will charge the Contractor for equipment, labor, and materials required to complete the work. The Contractor will not be charged for any of the additional pavement restoration that the City chooses to complete;
- VII. Per the locally adopted Plumbing Code, the Owner will be responsible to hire a Licensed Plumber to construct the service line from the curb stop to the point of service; and

C. Location

I. Services shall connect to and extend from the main perpendicularly;

- II. Services shall connect to the main on the front door side of the structure if multiple mains are available;
- III. Services shall be buried a minimum of 6.5-feet below the final street grade and the finished grade of the consumer's premises; and
- IV. Less bury depth requires PCD Staff approval and insulation.

D. Size

- I. The water service tap, corporation stop, service line, curb stop, and meter shall all be the same nominal size from the main to the meter:
- II. Acceptable water service and fire line sizes are as follows:
 - a. ³/₄-inch service;
 - b. 1-inch service;
 - c. 1.5-inch service;
 - d. 2-inch service;
 - e. 4-inch service;
 - f. 6-inch service;
 - g. 8-inch service; and
 - h. Obtain approval from City Engineering office for service lines larger than 8-inches.
- III. If a service line size is reduced prior to the meter pit or vault, the design engineer shall provide hydraulic data indicating maximum achievable flow rates at the meter are within the manufacturer's recommendations and obtain written authorization from the City Engineer.

E. Materials

- I. 2-inch and smaller services shall be type K soft copper from main to structure entrance valve;
 - a. See below for service lines over 100 feet in length; and
 - b. Pipe joint is flared end to entrance valve.
- II. From the entrance valve to a point a minimum on one (1) foot past the meter setting, the service material shall be of Type M or L hard copper pipe;
- III. Water service lines longer than 100 feet in length;
 - a. From the curb stop to the structure shall be Type K soft copper or HDPE, 200 psig meeting AWWA C-901 standards;
 - b. When 200 psig HDPE piping is used a meter pit approved by the City Engineer shall be installed 2 feet from the curb stop on the property side of the curb stop at the property owner's expense;
 - c. Type K soft copper shall connect the curb stop and the meter pit;
 - d. Fittings used to connect the copper pipe to the 200 psig HDPE pipe shall be all brass similar to Mueller "Insta Tight" finttings; and
 - e. When 200 psig HDPE pipe is used, #14 high strength copper tracer wire shall be installed from the curb stop to the house in the trench with the service line.
- IV. 4-inch and larger fire lines and services shall be PVC AWWA C-900 DR-14 or Ductile Iron Pipe.

- a. Ductile iron pipe is required from 10 feet outside the foundation to the entrance valve inside the building and in areas of bury in petroleum contaminated soils;
- b. Cast iron is acceptable from the main to a point 10 feet outside the building only when the existing service is cast iron;
- c. Double wrap all ductile or cast iron pipe and pipe fittings with Polyethylene Encasement in accordance with AWWA C105;
- d. Pipe joints shall be push-on with single gasket meeting AWWA C111;
- e. Utilize flange joint to gate valve connected to main; and
- f. Utilize flange and/or mechanical joints where necessary.
- V. Unsuitable materials an existing galvanized or lead service line that is being repaired shall be replaced with an acceptable type material from the main to the structure.

5.2.12 Service Clamps (Saddles)

- A. For 12-inch and smaller C900 PVC saddles shall be Muller H-13000 series, A.Y. Mcdonald 3805 series, or Ford S902 (Style B 2-piece bolted design);
- B. For ductile iron or C900 PVC larger than 12-inches saddles shall be Muller BR2S or BR2W series or equal approved by the PWD;
- C. Supply two-piece water service saddles with AWWA taper (C.C.) thread to match corporation stop or component identified on the Construction Drawings; and
- D. Tighten and torque saddle bolts and straps with breakaway type torque wrench per manufacturer's recommendations.

5.2.13 Corporation Stop

- A. Shall be Mueller B-25000, Ford FB600 Ballcorp, or AY McDonald 4701B with
 - I. Ball valves;
 - II. Bronze components;
 - III. 300 psig maximum working pressure;
 - IV. 90-degree turn;
 - V. AWWA taper inlet thread; and
 - VI. Copper flare straight outlet connection.

5.2.14 Curb Stop Valves

- A. Shall be Mueller B-25204N or Ford B22M with:
 - I. Ball valve;
 - II. Bronze plug;
 - III. Copper flare nut on both ends;
 - IV. Large tee head key;
 - V. The Minneapolis pattern valve is not required;
 - VI. 90-degree turn;
 - VII. 300 psig maximum working pressure; and
 - VIII. Include a 10-inch x 10-inch x 2-inch concrete support block under curb stop.

5.2.15 Curb Boxes

A. Shall be Tyler 6500, A.Y. McDonald 5700, or Star Pipe Product SB series with:

- I. Adjustable screw type;
- II. Bolt down lid with brass bolt and "Water" lettering;
- III. Standard curb boxes shall be a minimum of 6.5-feet to 7-foot extended length;
- IV. Screw extensions as need to reach finish grade;
- V. Tyler LP-5041, 6500, or Star Pipe SB series enlarged bases for 1.5-inch and 2-inch curb stops;
- VI. Arch style enlarged base; and
- VII. Curb boxes shall be "heavy duty" with protective bituminous asphaltic seal coating.

5.2.16 Entrance Valve

- A. Shall be located within 2 feet of the point where the service enters the building and from 1 to 3 feet above the floor;
- B. An approved valve of good quality and good hydraulic characteristics must be placed so that the water can be readily shut off from the building;
- C. Full way gate valves or rotary valves, which include ball, cone and plug types are recommended;
- D. Better quality compression stops or globe valves are permissible;
- E. The inlet side of any entrance valve shall be mechanically joined to copper service lines ³/₄ inch through 2 inch by means of copper flare connections; and
- F. The inlet side of any entrance valve on service lines 4 inches and larger in diameter shall be mechanically joined to the service pipe and properly supported and restrained against movement in accordance with PWD specifications.

5.2.17 <u>Tapping Saddles</u>

- A. Ductile Iron
 - I. Mueller BR 2 B; or
 - II. Approved equal.
- B. PVC Pipe
 - I. Mueller H-13000 Series;
 - II. AY McDonald 3805;
 - III. Ford S902 Style B; or
 - IV. Approved equal.
- C. Bronze or brass alloy with 200 psig minimum work pressure;
- D. AWWA taper thread outlet
- E. Shall be Romac SST III or an equal approved by the PWD for service lines or main extensions larger than 4-inch; and
- F. Bolts for flange connection on tapping sleeves shall be Cor-Ten or Cor-Blue.

5.2.18 Couplings

- A. Shall be three part union;
- B. Copper flare both ends; and
- C. Mueller H-15400, or approved equal.

5.2.19 Mechanical Joint Restraints

A. Shall be Megalug or approved equal.

5.2.20 Pipe Bedding

- A. Shall be placed in accordance with CoGF details 5-30 and/or 5-31;
- B. Shall be haunched under pipe with shovel;
- C. Type 1 bedding shall conform to MPWSS Section 02235 CRUSHED BASE COURSE 3/4 inch Minus;
- D. In the event ground water prohibits the use of ³/₄ inch minus base course, 3/8 inch aggregate (chips) may be used, with the Engineers approval, under the following conditions;
 - a. Filter fabric shall be laid on the excavated ditch bottom and encase the bedding and pipe;
 - b. The open graded aggregate shall be free draining and non-plastic;
 - c. The open graded aggregate shall conform to all applicable portions of MPWSS Section 02250, GRAVEL MATERIAL, meeting the gradation requirements for No. 2 gravel material; and
 - d. Trench plugs, as defined by CoGF detail 5-34, shall be installed once every 100 feet:
- E. Place Type 1 Pipe Bedding from 4 inches below the bottom of the pipe, around the pipe, and up to 6 inches over the pipe;
- F. The use of roller buckets and/or vibratory plates, attached to an excavator, for compaction within a public utility trench is not allowed;
- G. The use of "Recycled Asphalt" as bedding, backfill, or base course is not allowed;
- H. The use of "Recycled Concrete" as bedding or as a substitute for washed gravel is not allowed;
- I. The use of "Recycled Concrete" as backfill is only allowed when blended with other materials and only when approved by the City Engineer's Office;
- J. The use of Concrete Washout as bedding and/or backfill is only allowed when approved by the City Engineer's Office; and
- K. Pipe bedding for all Polyethylene wrapped pipes shall consist of a clean sand meeting the following requirements:
 - a. 100% passing the $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch Sieve, 10 40% passing the No. 8 Sieve, and 0 10% passing the No. 16 Sieve;
 - b. The liquid limit for the material passing the No. 40 Sieve is a maximum of 25; and
 - c. The plasticity index shall not exceed 0.

5.2.21 Warning Tape

- A. Shall be installed above all water mains and fire hydrant lines;
- B. Shall be a minimum of 5 mils thick;
- C. Shall be 3 inches wide;
- D. Shall conform to APWA colors; and
- E. Shall be buried 12 to 24 inches below the final grade.

5.2.22 Tracer Wire

- A. Shall be #12 AWG fully annealed, high strength solid copper clad steel conductor
- B. 30-mil high-density HDPE or HMWPE insulation, rated for direct bury use at 30 volts;
- C. Shall be approved for direct bury;

- D. Conductor must be at 21% conductivity for locate purposes and have a minimum break load of 450 pounds;
- E. Insulation is to meet APWA/ULCC color code requirements for identification of the buried utility;
- F. Shall be taped every 5 feet to the top of the water main;
- G. Connectors should be capable of handling 2 to 4 wires per connector and designated as "water-proof", such as snake bite locking connectors by Copperhead Industries, LLC;
- H. Connectors shall be dielectric silicon filled to seal out moisture and corrosion and installed in a manner so as to prevent any un-insulated wire exposure;
- I. Shall be spliced with moisture displacement connectors;
- J. Non-locking friction fit, twist on or taped connectors are prohibited;
- K. Grounding Anode shall be 1.3-inch D x 18.5-inch L magnesium drive in anodes weighing a minimum of 1.5 pounds;
- L. All anodes will include a HDPE cap with 20-feet of factory installed #12 AWG tracer wirer with 30 mil high density HDPE insulation meeting the above requirements;
- M. Anodes shall be manufactured approved for direct bury;
- N. Cobra T3, <u>with optional shorting jumper</u>, 1 inch conduit, above ground access box with hydrant flange adapter, as manufactured by Copperhead Industrial, LLC or approved equal;
- O. Grade level/in-ground access boxes may be installed if approved by the City Engineering Office;
- P. The access box shall have an encapsulated magnet, corrosion resistant isolated brass wire lugs, and opened with a standard pentagon head key wrench;
- Q. Access boxes shall have a switchable lid in order to isolate the ground if necessary;
- R. Access boxes shall meet APWA/ULCC color code requirements;
- S. Sufficient wire/slack (2-feet) shall be left in the access box allowing the cover to be lifted intact and allowing for future vertical adjustments; and
- T. Shall be made accessible in accordance with COGF detail 5-38.

5.2.23 Marker Posts

- A. Shall be used when a main is located outside a paved surface;
- B. Shall be fiber glass (FlexPost®) and a minimum of 5-feet tall, minimum of 3.5-inches wide and include the CoGF PW Utility Division contact information.
- C. Shall conform to APWA colors;
- D. Shall be installed at bends, tees, and crosses; and
- E. Shall be installed at every valve or valve cluster and change in direction;

CHAPTER 6 - SANITARY SEWER SYSTEMS

Chapter 6 Sanitary Sewer System

6.1. DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS

6.1.1 Design Report

- A. A design report prepared by a PE licensed in the State of Montana which addresses sewer flows at full build-out of the development shall be submitted to and approved by the CoGF. The design report shall include an overall plan of development including all areas outside of the study area which would naturally be serviced through the study area.
- B. The design and design report shall meet the minimum requirements of *MDEQ Circular 2*.
- C. Average daily flows, peak hour flow criteria, wastewater flow rates by zoning areas, peaking factors, and other applicable design criteria shall be used as defined in the current *Sanitary Sewer Facility Plan*.
- D. Sewer mains shall be sized for the ultimate development of the tributary area. Nothing shall preclude the City from requiring the installation of a larger sized main if the City determines a larger size is needed to meet the requirements for future service. Joint participation by the City may be applicable where over sizing is deemed appropriate by the City Engineer. The minimum diameter of any gravity sanitary sewer main shall be eight (8) inches.
- E. List all improvements or proposed additions to the sanitary sewer system.
- F. Assess the ability of the existing collection system to handle the peak design flow from the project and the impact of the Wastewater Treatment Plant.
- G. For existing or proposed lift stations, provide the following:
 - I. A description of the existing and/or proposed wet well, pumping system, and force main:
 - II. The capacity of the existing and/or proposed lift station service area;
 - III. A map showing the existing and/or proposed lift station service area;
 - IV. A list of the existing users and their average design flows;
 - V. The existing and/or proposed peak design flow and reserve capacity;
 - VI. For lift stations to be owned and maintained by the CoGF, the minimum force main pipe size leaving the lift station shall be 4-inches in diameter;
 - VII. The pump run and cycle times for the existing and/or proposed average and peak design flows;
 - VIII. The hydraulic capacity of the existing and/or proposed force main(s);
 - IX. A list of the proposed users and their average design flows;
 - X. The proposed average and peak design flows to the lift station;
 - XI. The reserve capacity of the lift station with the proposed project at full capacity;
 - XII. The pump run and cycle times for the proposed average and peak design flows; and
 - XIII. Recommendations for improvements to an existing lift station, if necessary, to enable the lift station to serve the proposed project.

6.1.2 General Construction Standards

A. Sewer systems shall be constructed in accordance with the current edition of the <u>Standards</u> (this document), the current edition of the <u>MPWSS</u>, as modified by the CoGF <u>Special Provisions</u> for Sanitary Sewer Collection Systems, the CoGF Municipal Code, and other standards referenced elsewhere in this document. Any conflicts or differences in these

documents shall be resolved in favor of the OCCGF, these <u>Standards</u>, and then the MPWSS.

6.1.3 System Usage Restriction & Industrial Pretreatment

- A. Usage shall be in accordance with CoGF Municipal Code Title 13 or its subsequent amending or replacement title/ordinance(s);
- B. Adhere to the City's Pretreatment and Surcharge requirements (*CoGF Municipal Code Title 13*);
- C. No storm water shall discharge to any sanitary sewer unless approved by both the City Engineer and the Environmental Division Supervisor;
- D. Pretreatment Facilities An industrial user shall provide necessary wastewater treatment as required to comply with Title 13 (or its subsequent amending or replacement title/ordinances(s)). Detailed plans showing the pretreatment facilities and operating procedures shall be submitted to the Director for review and shall be acceptable to the City before construction of the facility. The review of such plans and operating procedures will in no way relieve the industrial user from the responsibility of modifying the facility as necessary to produce an effluent acceptable to the City under the provisions of Title 13;
- E. Pretreatment Flow Equalization An industrial user shall install and maintain necessary storage and flow control to achieve compliance with flow restrictions imposed by the City under CoGF Municipal Code Title 13; and
- F. Monitoring Facilities An industrial user shall install effluent monitoring facilities as required to comply with CoGF Municipal Code Title 13. Monitoring equipment shall be located and maintained on the industrial user's premises in a location outside of production areas and constructed such that City Staff may access the monitoring facilities unannounced to collect representative samples of the effluent. Monitoring facility shall be located such that samples collected are representative of the volume and nature of the industrial effluent that has not been diluted with regular sanitary waste or other unregulated flows;

6.1.4 Sulfide Generation Analysis

- A. The City Engineer or the Environmental Division Supervisor may require a sulfide generation analysis; and
- B. Pretreatment, non-corrosive linings, and special lift station design are required when dissolved sulfide is likely to exceed 0.2 mg/l or H₂S gas concentrations are expected to exceed 20 ppm within the sanitary sewer atmosphere.

6.1.5 Location

- A. In a development that includes alleys, a sanitary sewer gravity main shall be horizontally located in the center of the alley.
- B. In a development without alleys, a sanitary sewer gravity main shall be horizontally located within the paved portion of the road and 10 feet away from the road center line. The main shall be located on the east side of a street and on the south side of an avenue.
 - I. Water mains are located 10 feet away from the road center line on the west side of streets and on the north side of avenues.

- II. Storm mains are generally located near the center of the road and shall be located a minimum of 10 feet (outside of pipe/structure to outside of pipe/structure) away from the water main.
- C. Sanitary sewer force mains and interceptor mains shall be located as approved by the City Engineer.
- D. Where mains cannot be installed in the public ROW, a minimum 20-foot wide easement shall be provided with the main in the center of the easement. A wider easement may be required based on the bury depth of the main.
- E. Sewer mains and manholes located in an easement shall be designed and constructed so that all such facilities are readily accessible for maintenance and repair. The design shall allow for a City Vac-Truck to drive over the manhole without requiring the vehicle to backup. A minimum 55-foot by 55-foot area is required for a Vac-Truck to turn around.
- F. The minimum bury depth of a gravity sanitary sewer main shall be sufficient to prevent freezing and shall have a minimum of four (4) feet of cover as measured from the top of the pipe.
- G. The minimum bury depth of a sanitary sewer force main shall be sufficient to prevent freezing and shall have a minimum of 6.5-feet of cover as measured from the top of the pipe.
- H. The minimum bury depth of a gravity sanitary sewer service line shall be sufficient to prevent freezing and shall have a minimum of four (4) feet of cover as measured from the top of the pipe. The recommended minimum bury depth is six (6) feet as measured from the top of the pipe. Sufficient insulation shall be installed to protect the service line from freezing when the bury depth is less than six (6) feet.
- I. Sewer valves and manhole covers shall not be located in curb and gutters, sidewalks, boulevards, or within the wheel path of vehicular travel lane.

6.1.6 Offsets

- A. Sewer mains and appurtenances shall maintain horizontal and vertical offsets as required in *MDEO Circular 2*.
- B. Sewer service lines and appurtenances shall maintain minimum horizontal separation of 10 feet and a minimum vertical separation of 18 inches from all water mains and water service lines, as measured from the outside of the pipe.
- C. All underground electrical, gas, phone, fiber, and cable lines must be installed at least 5 feet horizontally and 1 foot vertically from sewer mains and services.

6.2 SEWER MAINS AND SERVICE LINES

6.2.1 Gravity Sewer Mains

- A. Design capacities of sewer mains shall be based on Table 1 as shown below. The effects of the proposed development's sewer loading on downstream sewer lines shall be analyzed and included in the design report.
- B. The minimum main diameter shall be 8 inches.
- C. Upsizing of mains will not be approved for utilization of minimum slopes to meet elevation restraints.

- D. The minimum bury depth of a gravity sewer main is 4.0 feet as measured from the top of the pipe. Less bury depth is allowed in special cases when sufficient insulation is provided to protect the line from freezing.
- E. Velocity:
 - I. Minimum velocity of 2.5 fps, based on a flowing full condition; and
 - II. Maximum velocity of 15 fps, unless approved by the City Engineer.

Table 1 - Sewer Flow Depths

Diameter of Sewer Main (inches)	Depth of Flow / Diameter (%)
≤ 10	70
> 10 – 15	73
> 15 – 18	75
> 21 – 27	77
> 27	80

- F. Pipe 8 15 inches in diameter shall be PVC ASTM D 3034, SDR 35 and/or SDR 26 PVC with Styrene Butadiene Copolymer gasketed joints and fittings.
- G. Pipe larger than 15 inches in diameter shall be PVC ASTM F 679, SDR 35/PS46 and/or SDR 26/PS115 with Styrene Butadiene Copolymer (SBR) gasketed joints and fittings.
- H. In areas with hydrocarbon contamination Acylonitrile Butadiene (NBR) pipe joint gaskets shall be utilized.
- I. Main to main connections shall be made with PVC gasketed coupling or stainless steel sleeved flexible coupling with flowable fill encasing the connection.
- J. Double wrap all ductile or cast iron pipe and pipe fittings, located underground, with polyethylene encasement in accordance with the following:
 - I. The inner layer of polyethylene wrap shall be V-Bio which shall consist of three layers of co-extruded linear low density polyethylene (LLDPE);
 - II. The outside layer of polyethylene wrap shall be 4 Mil Cross Laminated High Density Polyethylene;
 - III. At no time will "slings" or "straps" come into contact with the polyethylene; and
 - IV. Polyethylene adhesive tape shall be used for all repairs to the wrap.
- K. Utilize a wax tape system designed for below ground applications (that consists of three separate parts, a primer, wax tape #1, and an outer wrap, such as supplied by Trenton Corporation) on metal components including, but not limited to, the entire flange, all bolts on mechanical and flanged joints, restraints, sleeves, couplers, and valves; and
- L. Prior to the City's acceptance of the sewer system the Contractor must provide television inspection of the system. The cost of television inspection will be the responsibility of the Contractor. If any deficiencies are found during the inspection, the Contractor shall correct them at the Contractor's expense.

6.2.2 Sewer Force Mains

- A. Design shall be as required per *MDEQ Circular 2*, except as specified below:
 - I. CoGF owned and maintained sewer force mains shall be sized as required to provide a minimum cleaning velocity of 2.5 fps (the minimum size is 4-inches); and

- II. Sewer force mains shall terminate at a manhole.
- B. Sewer force mains shall be (at a minimum) PVC pressure pipe, ASTM 2241, class 200 SDR 21 or stronger pipe.
- C. Sewer force mains pipe type shall meet or exceed 1.5 times the manufacturer's recommended maximum pressure.
- D. The minimum bury depth of a sewer force main is 6.5 feet as measured from the top of the pipe. Less bury depth is allowed in special cases when insulation is provided and the Design Engineer provides heat flow calculations showing that the pipe will not freeze.
- E. Service taps shall not be allowed on CoGF force mains.
- F. Force main pressure type Sch-40 (or stronger) cleanouts, of the same size as the force main, shall be provided at approximately 600-foot intervals unless approved by the City Engineer. A removable cap for the force main cleanout shall also be tapped for and fitted with a threaded plug. Cleanouts shall be installed facing both directions with long radius sweeps and insulation. The force main shall be equipped with a plug valve and valve box immediately upstream of each force main cleanout.
- G. Private force mains shall be connected to the sewer collection system at a manhole as shown in Detail 5-55;
 - I. A manhole with a force main or force service connection shall be coated to protect the structure from deteriorating.
- H. Tracer Wire shall meet the same requirements as for water main, except:
 - I. Force mains burst through existing mains or installed without continuous trench access shall be installed with 1/4-inch steel tracer cable.
- I. Coordinate with the City Engineer's Office when designing and constructing private sewer force mains and pumps.

6.2.3 Sewer Services

A. General

- I. One sewer service per structure, that receives potable water, is required;
- II. The number of separate sewer service lines (connections at the main) shall not exceed the number of buildings with different addresses on the lot;
- III. Buildings without addresses shall not have an independent sewer service line connected to the main;
- IV. Deviations from these rules shall be handled on a case by case occurrence and only when deemed physically impossible and only as approved by the City Engineer; and
- V. Connection fees shall apply for each sewer service connection.
- B. Where a building is to be razed (OCCGF Title 13):
 - I. The sewer service shall be severed at the property line;
 - II. If the sewer service is not going to be used for the foreseeable future, the service shall be abandoned at the public sewer main;
 - III. The public sewer main shall be properly plugged; and
 - IV. A PW City Inspector shall inspect the work.
- C. Construction of Sewer or Storm Service:
 - I. When it is necessary to tap an existing or new sewer main for a service connection:

- a. An in-line wye shall be installed on new sewer mains for sewer services;
- b. Connection of sewer services to an existing main shall utilize service saddles clamped or strapped using stainless steel bands and an Inserta Tee as approved by the PWD. The Contractor will provide the equipment, labor, and materials required to tap the main via an Inserta Tee or approved equal;
- c. The tap shall be made by a licensed drain layer and the drain layer shall be responsible for damages to the City main as a result of their own negligence;
- d. The Contractor is responsible for installing the service line from the main to the property line; and
- e. If the existing service line connection is damaged the contractor shall abtain approval from the PWD before tapping a new connection into the City sewer main. The Contractor shall repair or replace the damaged fitting as directed by the PWD.
- II. Trenches within the streets or alleys shall be compacted to meet 95% of maximum dry density as determined by A.A.S.H.T.O., T-99 specifications;
- III. Trenches in lawns and non-driven areas shall be compacted to meet 85% of the same specification;
- IV. All work shall be warranted by the drain layer for 1 year against defects in materials and 2 years for defects in workmanship;
- V. The Contractor is responsible for restoration of the public right of way to the preconstruction condition meeting minimum City Standards;
- VI. PWD personnel shall inspect the tap and service line **prior to backfill**;
- VII. On existing roads, the City will restore the pavement surface unless the Contractor is authorized by the Street Division to restore the pavement surface. This is because, periodically, additional pavement surface restoration, beyond that which is needed to make the service connection is required;
 - a. The City will charge the Contractor for equipment, labor, and materials required to complete the surface restoration work associated with the service connection. The Contractor will not be charged for any of the additional pavement restoration that the City chooses to complete;
- VIII. The Owner will be responsible to construct the service line from the property line to the point of service;
 - IX. Sewer service lines 8-inches and larger in diameter shall connect to the sewer main at a manhole:
 - X. Sewer service lines 4-inches and 6-inches in diameter shall tap the upper quadrant of the sewer main; and
 - XI. Storm service lines of any size have the option of connecting to the storm main at a manhole.
- D. A new sewer service shall be installed with a minimum grade of 2%;
- E. New sewer service lines on newly constructed public sewer mains shall be air tested;
- F. Pipe bursting of existing sewer service lines:
 - I. An existing service line that is less than the minimum grade (but not negative grade) can be burst at the existing grade;
 - II. A video inspection shall be performed before and after the bursting process;

- III. Negative grade and obstructions shall be removed and repaired prior to bursting;
- IV. The contractor shall fuse the HDPE in accordance with manufacturer specifications;
- V. Sewer service pipe material used for pipe bursting shall be either DR-17 HDPE or DR-21 HDPE; and
- VI. Permitting, testing, and inspection per City Code is required when pipe bursting an existing sewer service line.

G. Force Sewer Service line:

- I. In the event that the existing sewer service cannot be repaired, burst, lined, or a new gravity sewer service cannot be installed the option to install a grinder pump/force sewer service line will be accepted on a case by case basis to be evaluated before installation by the City Engineer's Office;
- II. Minimum pipe strength shall be schedule 40 PVC;
- III. Minimum pipe diameter shall be 2-inches;
- IV. Fernco coupler or approved equal, encased in concrete, shall be used to make connection between dissimilar pip materials (with approval from the City Engineer's Office, fully pressure rated Transition Couplings or Transition Fittings may be used);
- V. A minimum 4-inch diameter cleanout is required within one foot of the transition from the new force service line to the new or existing downstream gravity line.
- VI. The cleanout is not permitted to be installed in the public right-of-way;
- VII. No force sewer line shall discharge directly into the City sewer main; and
- VIII. Permitting, testing, and inspection per City Code is required when installing a force sewer service line.

H. Materials:

- I. Gravity sewer services shall have a minimum 4-inch internal diameter and be sized as required for the design flow;
- II. Gravity sewer service pipe shall have a minimum strength of SCH 40 PVC or be ductile iron pipe from the main to the interior of the structure;
- III. Schedule 40 PVC fittings shall be connected according to manufactory's recommendation using purple primer along with the appropriate colored solvent cement;
- IV. Connections between existing service and new or repaired service piping shall be by use of stainless steel banded flexible couplings encased in concrete as approved by the City Engineer or designee;
- V. Fully pressure rated Transition Couplings or Transition Fittings that meet or exceed the requirements of ASTM D2513 Category 3 as manufactured by Poly-Cam or equal and approved by the City Engineering Office can be used in place of stainless steel banded flexible couplings when joining plastic pipes together; and
- VI. Force service lines sized as required to provide 3-feet per second velocity, shall be PVC pressure pipe, ASTM 2241, Class 200 SDR 21 and force service lines shall meet or exceed 1.5 times the manufacture's recommended maximum pressure.

I. Taps

- I. Taps for Gravity service lines that are smaller than 8-inches in diameter shall only be made at the main:
 - a. With an appropriately sized PVC wye for new construction; or

- b. With an appropriately sized and installed Inserta Tee® for connections to existing mains.
- II. Taps for gravity service lines 8-inches and larger shall be made at a manhole; and
- III. Taps for Force service lines shall only be made at a manhole.
- J. The minimum gravity sewer service grade shall be 2%. A grade down to 1% is only allowed under special conditions and only with the approval of the City Engineer's Office.
- K. The terminal end of sanitary sewer services at undeveloped lots shall be marked with a steel T-Post buried to within 6-inch of the surface.
- L. Double wrap all ductile or cast iron pipe and pipe fittings, located underground, with polyethylene encasement in accordance with the following:
 - I. The inner layer of polyethylene wrap shall be V-Bio which shall consist of three layers of co-extruded linear low density polyethylene (LLDPE);
 - II. The outside layer of polyethylene wrap shall be 4 Mil Cross Laminated High Density Polyethylene; and
 - III. At no time will "slings" or "straps" come into contact with the polyethylene; and
 - IV. Polyethylene adhesive tape shall be used for all repairs to the wrap.
- M. Utilize a wax tape system designed for below ground applications (that consists of three separate parts, a primer, wax tape #1, and an outer wrap, such as supplied by Trenton Corporation) on metal components including, but not limited to, the entire flange, all bolts on mechanical and flanged joints, restraints, sleeves, couplers, and valves.

6.2.4 Pipe Bedding

- L. Shall be placed in accordance with CoGF details 5-30 and/or 5-31;
- M. Shall be haunched under pipe with shovel;
- N. Type 1 bedding shall conform to MPWSS Section 02235 CRUSHED BASE COURSE 3/4 inch Minus;
- O. In the event ground water prohibits the use of ³/₄ inch minus base course, 3/8 inch aggregate (chips) may be used, with the Engineers approval, under the following conditions;
 - a. Filter fabric shall be laid on the excavated ditch bottom and encase the bedding and pipe;
 - b. The open graded aggregate shall be free draining and non-plastic;
 - c. The open graded aggregate shall conform to the following:
 - i. Percentage by weight passing the No. 2 sieve

1.	1-inch	100%
2.	³ / ₄ -inch	90-100%
3.	3/8-inch	20-55%
4.	No. 4	0-10%
5.	No. 8	0-5%
6.	No. 200	0-3%

- 7. Up to 5% "oversized" material is permitted provided that the "oversized" material passes the screen size immediately larger than the top size specified;
- 8. The material sieve shall be reasonably well graded; and
- d. Trench plugs, as defined by CoGF detail 5-34, shall be installed once every 100 feet;

- P. Place Type 1 Pipe Bedding from 4 inches below the bottom of the pipe, around the pipe, and up to 6 inches over the pipe;
- Q. The use of roller buckets and/or vibratory plates for compaction within a public utility trench is not allowed;
- R. The use of "Recycled Asphalt" as bedding, backfill, or base course is not allowed;
- S. The use of "Recycled Concrete" as bedding or as a substitute for washed gravel is not allowed;
- T. The use of "Recycled Concrete" as backfill is only allowed when blended with other materials and only when approved by the City Engineer's Office;
- U. The use of Concrete Washout as bedding and/or backfill is only allowed when approved by the City Engineer's Office;
- V. Pipe bedding for all Polyethylene wrapped pipes shall consist of a clean sand meeting the following requirements:
 - a. 100% passing the ½-inch Sieve, 10 40% passing the No. 8 Sieve, and 0 10% passing the No. 16 Sieve;
 - b. The liquid limit for the material passing the No. 40 Sieve is a maximum of 25; and
 - c. The plasticity index shall not exceed 0.

6.2.5 Detectable Warning Tape

- A. Shall be installed above all sanitary sewer gravity and force mains.
- B. Shall be a minimum of 5 mils thick.
- C. Shall be 3 inches wide.
- D. Shall conform to APWA colors.
- E. Shall be buried 12 to 24 inches below the final grade.

6.2.6 Marker Posts

- A. Shall be used when a gravity sewer main or sewer force main is located outside a paved surface;
- B. Shall be fiber glass (FlexPost®) and a minimum of 5-feet tall, minimum of 3.5-inches wide and include the CoGF PW Utility Division contact information.
- C. Shall conform to APWA colors;
- D. Shall be installed at manholes (gravity mains); and
- E. Shall be installed at every manhole, valve, or change in direction (force mains).

6.3 MANHOLES

6.3.1 Manhole Design

- A. Shall be Eccentric type per CoGF detail 5-65;
- B. Shall be provided at a maximum of every 450 feet, terminations, changes in pipe diameter, changes in slope, and changes in direction;
- C. Provide a minimum 1-foot distance between all outside edges of individual pipe penetrations (measured along the inside wall);
- D. The outside of any pipe shall not encroach within 6 inches of a precast joint and/or as recommended by the manufacturer;
- E. Shall be a minimum diameter of 4 feet and follow the National Precast Concrete Association *Manhole Sizing Recommendations*.

F. Inverts:

- I. The invert of the outlet pipe shall be a minimum of 0.1 feet lower than the invert of the lowest inlet pipe when the flow path is in a straight line;
- II. The invert of the outlet pipe shall be a minimum of 0.2 feet lower than the invert of the lowest inlet pipe when the flow path is not in a straight line through the manhole;
- III. The invert of the outlet pipe shall be a maximum of 0.4 feet lower than the invert of the highest inlet pipe, unless a "drop inlet" is installed;
- IV. Generally speaking, based on constructability of a "drop inlet" the inlet piping cannot be installed between 0.4 feet and 1.5 feet above the outlet piping invert; and
- V. Changes in direction greater than 90° within a single structure are prohibited.
- G. When pipe diameters change at the manhole, the design capacity flow depth of the smaller inlet pipe(s) shall be at the same elevation as the design capacity flow depth of the larger outlet pipe. The design capacity flow depth shall be 0.8 times the pipe diameter.

H. Flow channels:

- I. Are required on all sanitary manholes;
- II. Shall provide smooth transitions between inlet and outlet pipe inverts; and
- III. Shall be as deep as the design capacity depth as shown in Table 1 before the start of the sloped shelf within the manhole.
- I. Manholes shall be designed to counteract buoyant forces associated with the installation location.
- J. The top of the manhole lid shall be set between 1/8-inch and 1/4-inch below the asphalt/concrete finish grade. In gravel surfaced areas, it shall be set 1-inch below the gravel finish grade.

6.3.2 Manhole Construction

- A. Shall be constructed in accordance with CoGF detail 5-65.
- B. Doghouse style manholes are allowed.
- C. Manhole Rings and Covers
 - I. Shall be as shown in CoGF detail 5-63, or approved equal. Paint is optional.
 - II. Watertight gasket manhole covers shall be used in all locations where flooding may occur.
- D. Manhole Testing shall conform to the requirements of MDEO Circulars:
 - I. Hydrostatic Testing (only allowed when ground water is below bottom of manhole during testing):
 - a. Plug pipes in manhole; remove water in manhole; observe plugs over period of not less than 2 hours to ensure there isn't any leakage into manhole;
 - b. Determine groundwater level outside manhole;
 - c. Fill manhole with water to top of cone. Prior to test, allow manhole to soak for up to 24 hours. Water may be added over a 24 hour period to compensate for losses due to evaporation and absorption;
 - d. Following the 24 hour saturation period any loss of water within a 30 minute period shall be a failed test and the manhole must be rejected; and
 - e. Repair or replace (and test again) all manholes that do not meet the leakage test, or are unsatisfactory from visual inspection, to conform to the requirements herein.

- II. Pneumatic Testing vacuum test in accordance with ASTM C1244 and as follows:
 - a. Plug pipe openings; securely brace plugs and pipe;
 - b. Inflate compression band to affect seal between vacuum base and structure; connect vacuum pump to outlet port with valve open; draw vacuum to 10 inches of Hg; close valve; start test;
 - c. Determine test duration for manhole from the following table:

Table 2 - Manhole Test Period

Manhole Diameter	Test Period
4 feet	60 seconds
5 feet	75 seconds
6 feet	90 seconds

- d. Record vacuum drop during test period; when vacuum drop is greater than 1 inch of Hg during test period, repair and retest manhole; when vacuum drop of 1 inch of Hg does not occur during test period, discontinue test and accept manhole.
- e. When vacuum test fails to meet 1 inch Hg drop in specified time after repair, repair and retest manhole.

6.4 LIFT STATIONS

6.4.1 <u>Lift Station Design</u>

- A. Meet the design requirements of *MDEQ Circular 2*, with the following additional requirements.
- B. CoGF owned and maintained lift stations shall have a minimum discharge pipe size of 4-inches.
- C. A written report shall be submitted for any project that will create a new sewage lift station. The report shall contain, but not be limited to, the following:
 - I. A description of the proposed wet well, pumping system, and force main;
 - II. The capacity of the recommended pumps and potential for future upgrades;
 - III. A map showing the potential lift station service area;
 - IV. The average and peak design flows for the proposed project and for the potential service area:
 - V. The hydraulic capacity of the force main;
 - VI. The reserve capacity of the lift station when the proposed project is on line at full capacity (full build out);
 - VII. The pump run and cycle times for the average and peak design flows;
 - VIII. Strategies for improvements which may be necessary to accommodate future sewer extensions (i.e. increased storage, increased pumping, or auxiliary power capacity);
 - IX. A statement of the pump selection process, including the Engineer's calculations for the total dynamic head, total discharge head, net positive suction head, and other pertinent pump selection criteria; and
 - X. The designed pump operating curve plotted on a manufacturer's pump performance chart with the design operating point clearly identified.

- D. A written report shall be submitted for any project that will contribute to an existing sewage lift station. Generally speaking the report only needs to evaluate the first downstream lift station. The report for a project that will contribute to an existing lift station shall contain, but not be limited to, the following:
 - I. A description of the existing wet well, pumping system, and force main;
 - II. The capacity of the existing pumps and potential for future upgrades;
 - III. A map showing the potential lift station service area;
 - IV. A list of the existing users and their average design flows;
 - V. The existing peak design flow and reserve capacity;
 - VI. The proposed average and peak design flows to the lift station;
 - VII. The hydraulic capacity of the force main;
 - VIII. The reserve capacity of the lift station when the proposed project is on line at full capacity (full build out);
 - IX. The pump run and cycle times for the existing average and peak design flows;
 - X. The pump run and cycle times for the proposed average and peak design flows; and
 - XI. Recommendations for improvements, if necessary, to enable the lift station to serve the proposed project;
- E. An emergency power supply will be required for all lift stations unless approved by the Public Works Director. If the available 50kW portable generator is acceptable for emergency power, a plug-in shall be provided (Appleton Electric Co. Power Tite, Catalog # ACR 6034, 60 amp, 250 VDC, 600 VAC or 100 amp equivalent depending on station size. In addition, a normal to emergency power switch shall be provided (Culter Hammer double throw safety switch, 60 amp, 600 volts, ac or 100 amp equivalent depending on station size).
- F. Upon request from the Public Works Director, the Design Engineer shall submit a list of three lift stations of the type proposed which have been in operation for at least five years. The City reserves the right to accept or reject the proposed lift station.
- G. An alarm system that is compatible with the City's alarm system shall be provided.
 - I. The alarm system shall be capable of detecting power interruption, phase loss, low water, motor failure, seal failure (motor moisture sensor), high water, and high-high water conditions;
 - II. An hour meter is required on each pump;
 - III. Amperage meters are required on each leg of the electrical wiring;
 - IV. Surge/lighting protection is required on all control panels;
 - V. Cathodic protection is required for all lift stations having a metallic exterior;
 - VI. The Design Engineer shall submit an analysis of the amount of cathodic protection required. The system should be Impressed Current with standard amperage monitoring and should have maintenance check points available; and
 - VII. The station wet well should be equipped with high level tip over float with a run timer for backup pump start or be equipped with a dual backup tip over float system for stop and start commands. It is recommended that either system command a dual pump run scenario.

6.4.2 Lift Station Construction

- A. Manufacturer
 - I. Gorman Rupp; or

II. Equal as approved by CoGF PWD

- a. Design Engineer shall provide all necessary information to justify the product as equal;
- b. Design Engineer shall submit a list of 3 lift stations of the type proposed which have been in operation at least 5 years;
- c. The CoGF reserves the right to accept or reject the proposed lift station;
- d. If the station is a drywell/wet well can configuration such as is built by Dakota, a four foot egress tube is required with a mid-range fall protection platform;
- e. Any hatches shall be aluminum or stainless steel for easy Vacuum Truck or pump pulling accessibility; and
- f. Any wet well equipment (i.e. pull rails/chains, etc.) above water level shall be made of stainless steel for minimal corrosion.

B. Pump Type

- I. Submersible or submersible grinder; or
- II. Above ground, self-priming, suction lift;
 - a. Only to be used with approval on a case by case determination.

C. Redundancy

- I. Duplex systems
 - a. Minimum requirement for all systems.
- II. Triplex systems
 - a. May be required by the City Engineer for large lift stations or lift stations requiring specialty items.
- III. Each motor shall include a motor saver.

D. Influent Pipe

- I. One full joint of Class 50, cement lined, ductile iron; and
- II. Spigot end shall extend 6-inches beyond interior of wet well wall.

E. Access Road

- I. 12-foot minimum width paved for access by sewer maintenance vehicles; and
- II. Access approach from street per Standards.

F. Bypass

- I. Shall have a dedicated valve;
- II. Shall connect downstream of the lift station check valves; and
- III. Provide a 4-inch cam-lock style connection with cap.

G. Electrical

- I. Wiring
 - a. Shall be water resistant inside the lift station and enclosure.
- II. Backup Power
 - a. Generac or approved equal;
 - b. Diesel fueled or approved fuel source;
 - c. Noise emissions not to exceed 65 dbA at 20 feet from the power supply;
 - d. Shall be installed on concrete pad per manufacturer recommendations;
 - e. Shall include an appropriately sized transfer switch, manufactured by the same manufacturer as the generator;
 - f. Shall include an O&M manual; and
 - g. Manufacturer shall perform training at startup.

III. Alarms

- a. Manufacturer:
 - i. Mission Communications
- b. Model
 - i. M-110
 - a) Lift stations with pump motors under 20 horsepower.
 - ii. M-800
 - a) Lift stations with pump motors over 20 horsepower;
 - b) Include a Digital Expansion Board to add 8 digital inputs; and
 - c) Include an Analog Expansion Board to add 4 analog inputs.
- c. Alarm Conditions
 - i. High water;
 - ii. Low water;
 - iii. Seal failure;
 - iv. Power interruption; and
 - v. High motor temp.

IV. Controls

- a. Each pump shall have:
 - i. Hour meter;
 - ii. Suction pressure gauge tap and valve; and
 - iii. Discharge pressure gauge tap and valve.
- b. Pump run alternator;
- c. Amperage meter on each leg of the electrical wiring;
- d. Uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS) for lightning/surge protection for the power supply and other instrumentation. It also should provide a minimum of 20 minutes of backup power to the PLC and the level transducer. The UPS should not be hardwired but should be of the 120 volt plug-in configuration for ease of change out;
- e. Level control
 - Primary control Pressure transducer (said transducer shall be a submersible KPSI type with standard range of 0-23 feet and 0-10 psi). A wet well level indicator shall be provided on the drywell side or in above ground control panels.
 - ii. Backup control 5 float mercury switch system
 - a) Shall be installed and function if primary control is lost
- f. Transfer switch and control panels shall be placed on a steel frame and embedded in concrete a pad with a pitched roof covering the pad and controls.
- g. Station controls should include an Allen Bradley Micro Logic 1100 PLC or current upgrade. Depending on station size, it should also include an Allen Bradley Panel view for control and monitoring. Controls should also include applicable analog input and output cards.
- h. If the control panel is above ground, it shall be equipped with a heat system to keep all electronics above 32° F.

V. Communications

- a. Current communication protocol is cell phone and includes:
 - i. SIM-Verizon LTE insertion assembly (ordered thru Veolia)
 - ii. Low-power Draw 3G/4G Gateway Single Drive Item #1102555
 - iii. LTE Broadband Antenna (Item #MM-S-DSMM00-03B-03)
 - iv. Dual LTE Combo Antenna (# MM-D-DSM00-03B-15)
 - v. Antenna Mount Kit (Item # GB-06)
 - vi. 24 volt power supply
- b. If the station is equipped with a landline phone system:
 - i. Allen Bradley Modem 9300 Rad Kit
 - ii. Physical address of the station will be needed for phone co.
 - iii. Phone line shall be plugged into the UPS.

VI. Lighting

- a. Yard lighting shall be provided and connected to the power supply; and
- b. Street lighting shall not be considered adequate to meet this requirement.

VII. Miscellaneous Electrical

- a. Adjustable frequency drives (AFD's) and soft starts should be considered for larger facilities/pump configurations.
- b. Power supply should be 480 volt, 3 phase. Single phase configuration is unacceptable.
- c. Above ground pull boxes adjacent to the wet well are preferable for easy replacement of floats and level transducers. This eliminates dangerous confined space entry.
- d. Drywells shall be equipped with a sump pump and float alarm in case of flooding.

H. Enclosures

- I. Foundation
 - a. Monolithic concrete
 - b. Minimum 4 inches thick
 - c. Treated sole plate anchored to foundation

II. Roof

- a. Gable style
- b. Trusses spaced at 24 inch maximum
- c. Designed to meet local snow load requirements
- d. 4:12 slope
- e. 5/8 inch OSB sheathing
- f. 30-year 3-tab shingles

III. Walls

- a. 8 foot floor to ceiling height
- b. 6 inch wall studs
- c. R-19 insulation
- d. Exterior
 - i. ½-inch OSB sheathing; and
 - ii. Lap siding with 7-inch reveal
- e. Interior
 - i. T-111 siding

IV. Ceiling

- a. R-49 insulation
- b. 5/8-inch unfinished gypsum board

V. Other

- a. 3068 steel door with deadbolt lock
- b. Heating and air circulation systems
- c. Ceiling mounted industrial lights in protective cages
- d. All other necessary materials for a finished building
- VI. Submittals by Design Engineer for CoGF Planning and Community Development approval
 - a. Structural plans
 - b. Mechanical plans Electrical plans
 - c. Heating and air circulation

I. Fencing

- I. 6-foot chain link security or equivalent
- II. 3-foot wide personnel gate
- III. 12-foot wide gate with two 6-foot leaves
- IV. Shall provide adequate room for access and facility maintenance
- V. 3-foot minimum offset from all structures and appurtenances
- VI. Gate placement shall promote maintenance vehicle access for pump removal
- VII. Gate installations shall include duckbill style gate holdbacks

J. Landscaping

- I. 4-inches of clean 1-inch minus gravel or other landscaping rock as approved by CoGF PWD for areas outside of public right-of-way; and
- II. Areas inside public right-of-way shall meet the requirements of the CoGF Municipal Code and this standard.

6.5 INTERCEPTORS AND SEPARATORS

6.5.1 Grease Traps and Interceptors

- A. In accordance with the OCCGF Title 13 and the City of Great Falls Fats Oils and Grease Program Manual and Management Policy grease traps and interceptors are required at all establishments that have the potential to introduce Fats Oils or Grease, excessive food waste, or other wastes to the sanitary sewer that may congeal or form blockages and sanitary sewer overflows and undergo any of the following activities after January 1, 2017:
 - I. New Construction;
 - II. Interior remodeling to accommodate expansion or operational modifications;
 - III. Changes in occupancy or use;
 - IV. Facilities which are experiencing difficulty in achieving compliance with maintenance and / or waste water discharge limitations; or
 - V. Any facility that has been determine by the City through reasonable investigation to be causing or contributing to blockages, impaired function or violation of any

of the Industrial Pretreatment General or Specific Prohibitions in of the sanitary sewer or lift station(s).

Controls that are designed and constructed in pursuant to these standards are subject to review and approval by the City's Industrial Pretreatment Program Coordinator prior to construction. For additional information contact the City of Great Falls Pretreatment Coordinator's Office at (406) 727-8390;

- B. For the purpose of these standards, Grease Traps are defined as smaller interior devices often located in the kitchen space and or under fixtures and that have an overall volume of less than 100 gallons. Grease Interceptors are defined as larger devices located (usually) exterior to the building and subterranean, that have an overall volume greater than 500 gallons and are located on a sanitary sewer service line. For additional information contact the City of Great Falls Pretreatment Coordinator's Office at (406) 727-8390;
- C. The standards in parts 6.5.2 and 6.5.3 apply to establishments that include but are not limited to:
 - I. Breweries,
 - II. Butcher Shops,
 - III. Churches,
 - IV. Commissaries.
 - V. Grocery Stores,
 - VI. Mobil Food Units,
 - VII. Hotels\Motels,
 - VIII. Nursing Homes and Assisted Living Facilities,
 - IX. Department Store Eateries,
 - X. Cinemas,
 - XI. Cafes and Coffee Shops,
 - XII. Smoothie, or Juice Shops,
 - XIII. Ice Cream Shops,
 - XIV. Fairground Eateries,
 - XV. Rented Commercial Kitchens, and
 - XVI. Restaurants of all types.

6.5.2 Grease Traps Design and Construction Standards

- A. Sizing for traps shall comply with current Uniform Plumbing Code requirements and utilize the formula that uses fixture capacities (Minimum size allowed is 20 gpm.);
- B. Design shall comply with Standard Drawing 5-76;
- C. Traps, the associated sample port and flow restrictor orifice shall be located in an area that allows easy access for sampling, inspection, and cleaning;
- D. Both above grade and below grade traps shall be properly vented and utilize a vented flow restrictor on the inlet line to the trap or at the fixture discharge line.

- D. Traps shall have a sample port installed on the effluent line from the trap;
- E. Food preparation sinks, dishwashing sinks and floor drains shall discharge into the trap;
- F. Water entering the interceptor shall not exceed 140°F; and
- G. Designs including food processors\grinders upstream of the trap must also contain a solids collector upstream of the trap, an appropriate (more frequent), maintenance schedule, or other configuration approved in writing by the City's Industrial Pretreatment Coordinator prior to construction.

6.5.3 Grease Interceptors Design and Construction Standards

- A. Food preparation sinks, dishwashing sinks and floor drains shall discharge into the interceptor;
- B. Sizing for interceptors shall comply with the current Uniform Plumbing Code requirements (Minimum size allowed is 500 gallons.);
- C. Design shall comply with Standard Drawing 5-75;
- D. Gravity grease interceptors shall have a sample port installed in accordance with Standard Drawings 5-75 and 5-70;
- E. Gravity grease interceptors shall be properly vented;
- F. Interceptor and sampling ports must be located in an area that easily accessible for sampling, inspection and cleaning;
- G. Interceptor and sample port lids must be installed in a manner that allows for easy removal during sampling, inspection and cleaning;
- H. Low temperature, sanitizing rinse, mechanical dishwashers are recommended;
- I. Water entering the interceptor shall not exceed 140°F unless approved in writing by the City's Industrial Pretreatment Coordinator prior to construction;
- J. Designs including food processors\grinders upstream of the trap must also contain a solids collector upstream of the trap, an appropriate (more frequent), maintenance schedule, or other configuration approved in writing by the City's Industrial Pretreatment Coordinator prior to construction; and
- K. Enzymes and drain maintenance chemicals are prohibited.

6.5.4 Sand, Oil Interceptors

- A. For the purpose of these standards Sand Oil Interceptor (SOI) are defined as multi-compartment tanks installed on sanitary sewer service line and designed to physically separate solids and liquids that are lighter and heavier than water from the waste water stream. SOIs are larger structures with a minimum size of 500 gallons that may be installed either internally or external to a building envelop, depending on the application. Industrial Users (as defined at OCCGF Title 13) that have the potential to discharge floatable liquids or solids, sediment and/or other wastes capable of impairing sanitary sewer function are required to install a SOI. Facilities commonly falling into this category include:
 - I. Facilities with floor drains;
 - II. Truck or heavy equipment washes;
 - III. Commercial car washes;
 - IV. Automotive service shops;
 - V. Storage facilities and warehouses;
 - VI. Parking garages or indoor parking facilities;
 - VII. Laundromats; and

- VIII. Other Industrial users that do not require more advanced controls to meet discharge permit requirements.
- B. In accordance with the OCCGF Title 13, SOIs are required at all establishments that meet any of the following criteria after January 1, 1987:
 - I. New Construction of any facility listed in A. above;
 - II. Interior remodeling to accommodate expansion or operational modifications at any facility listed in A. above;
 - III. Changes in occupancy or use to any facility listed in A. above;
 - IV. Any facility experiencing difficulty in achieving compliance with maintenance and / or waste water discharge limitations; or
 - V. Any facility that has been determine by the City through reasonable investigation to be causing or contributing to blockages, impaired function or violation of any of the Industrial Pretreatment General or Specific Prohibitions in of the sanitary sewer or lift station(s).
- C. Controls that are designed and constructed in pursuant to these standards are subject to review and approval by the City's Industrial Pretreatment Program Coordinator prior to construction. For additional information contact the City of Great Falls Pretreatment Coordinator's Office at (406) 727-8390.

6.5.5 SOI Design and Construction Standards

- A. Each business or establishment that requires a SOI shall have a SOI serving only that establishment. Common or shared SOI's are not permitted;
- B. Sizing shall be determined using the SOI Sizing Calculation with a minimum size of 500 gallons as follows:
 - I. SOI Capacity = (Process floor space in ft² / Use factor from Table below) * 7.48 gallons

Use Category ¹	Use Factor
Truck Wash, Heavy Equipment Wash or Commercial Car Wash	3 ft ²
Commercial Car Wash (Hand Sprayer)	6 ft ²
Automotive Service Shop or Machine Shop	15 ft ²
Storage Area or Warehouse	100 ft ²
Parking Garage ²	1,000 ft ²

- 1. If your use category is not listed, contact the Industrial Pretreatment Coordinator's Office at 1(406) 727-8390.
- 2. Do not use the top level of a parking garage if it is exposed to storm events. This level shall be drained to the storm drain system.

- II. The maximum size of an SOI shall be 2,500 gallons. Facilities requiring SOIs larger than 2,500 gallons shall install multiple interceptors in series to accommodate the additional load on the system.
- C. Design and construction shall comply with Standard Drawing 5-71;
- D. SOIs shall be equipped with a sample port and the sample port shall comply with Standard Drawing 5-70;
- E. SOIs shall be properly vented;
- F. SOIs and the associated sample port shall be located in an area that allows easy access for sampling, inspection, and cleaning;
- G. SOIs are not to be located in parking spaces or driveways with heavy traffic;
- H. The SOI lid shall have oil absorbent pads in place at the functional liquid surface level in the primary chamber;
- I. Laundry equipment in Commercial Buildings may be required to discharge through a wire basket and SOI as determined necessary by the City Building Official or Pretreatment Coordinator; and
- J. Elevator pits with sump pumps shall not be directly connected to the sanitary sewer system unless approved in writing by Pretreatment Coordinator whom can be contacted at (406) 727-8390.

CHAPTER 7 - STORM SEWER SYSTEMS

Chapter 7 Storm Sewer Systems

1.1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

1.1.1 Refer to the <u>City of Great Falls Storm Drainage Design Manual</u> from June 1990 for the City's storm drainage system design and construction standards.

CHAPTER 8 - TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS

Chapter 8 Transportation System

8.1. DESIGN STANDARDS

8.1.1 General

- A. Roadway systems, including private roadways, shall be designed in accordance with the current edition of the Standards (this document), the current AASHTO guidelines, the current Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD), and the CoGF Official Code. Any conflicts or differences in these documents shall be resolved in favor of the CoGF Official Code, then these Standards, and then MUTCD.
- B. All roads within a proposed subdivision shall be designed by a professional engineer and approved by the City Engineering Office.

8.1.2 Traffic Impact Analysis (TIA)

- A. Required when the peak hour traffic of the proposed development at build-out exceeds three hundred (300) trip ends. When the peak hour traffic is between two hundred (200) and two hundred ninety-nine (299) trip ends, the CoGF may require a traffic impact analysis when circumstances warrant such review;
- B. Shall be prepared and stamped by a professional engineer as approved by the CoGF, with expertise in transportation planning;
- C. Trip generation rates for various land uses shall be based on the manual entitled "Trip Generation" (latest edition) published by the Institute of Transportation Engineers;
- D. Trip generation rates from other sources may be used if it can be shown that the alternative source better reflects local conditions;
- E. The development shall maintain or improve the existing LOS of the affected roadways;
- F. Complete in accordance with MDT requirements and nationally accepted standards;
- G. Contents:
 - I. The study's purpose and goals;
 - II. A description of the site and study area;
 - III. Existing traffic conditions:
 - a. Roadway geometries;
 - b. LOS of each intersection;
 - c. Traffic counts;
 - d. Crash analysis; and
 - e. Road capacity analysis
 - IV. Anticipated nearby land developments and transportation improvements;
 - V. Analysis and discussion of trip generation, distribution, and modal splits;
 - VI. The traffic assignment resulting from the proposed development;
 - VII. The projection and assignment of future traffic volumes;
 - VIII. The projection and assignment of future traffic volumes;
 - IX. Identify all negative impacts associated with the proposed development including LOS impacts;
 - X. Thoroughly detail a mitigation plan for the negative impacts based on nationally accepted standards and resources;

- XI. Recommendations for off-site improvements to the primary access and related transportation facilities and infrastructure which are directly attributable to the development; and
- XII. Account for other forms of transportation, including bicycle and pedestrian.
- H. Study limits shall be determined by the City Engineering Office.

8.1.3 Intersections

- A. Design in accordance with the current version of AASHTO A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets (AKA AASHTO Green Book);
- B. Streets shall intersect at 90° angles, if topography permits, but in no case shall the angle of the intersection be less than 75° for a minimum distance of 60 feet as measured along the centerline, from the right-of-way line at the intersecting street;
- C. No more than two streets may intersect at one point;
- D. Two streets meeting a third street from opposite sides shall meet at the same point, or their centerlines shall be offset at least 125 feet for local roads and 300 feet for collectors;
- E. Intersections of local streets with arterials shall be kept to a minimum;
- F. Maximum straight tangent grade of approach to any intersection shall not exceed 2% for a distance of 60 feet as measure from edge of transverse pavement to provide for adequate starting, stopping, and stacking distances; and
- G. The back of curb radius at a street intersection shall be 22.5 degrees.

8.1.4 Dead-end Streets

- A. Dead-end streets shall meet the requirements of Title 17 of the CoGF official code;
- B. Cul-de-sacs must meet a forty-two and one-half (42½) foot radius from center of cul-de-sac to back of curb, a fifty-five (55) foot radius on the right-of-way, and cannot be longer than five hundred (500) feet; and
- C. Temporary dead-end streets shall be approved by the Fire Chief and City Engineer.

8.1.5 Sight Distance

- A. Shall be determined by design speed as required by the AASHTO Green Book; and
- B. A minimum of 200-feet is required for all horizontal and vertical curves.

8.1.6 Local, Collector, and Arterial Streets

- A. Location shall comply with the City of Great Falls Growth Policy, Long Range Transportation Plan, and/or any other major street and highway plan as adopted by the CoGF:
- B. The development of frontage roads or shared accesses serving new developments shall be used along collectors and arterials rather than the use of individual driveways or approaches;
- C. Temporary dead-end streets shall have a fully functional temporary cul-de-sac until the permanent street connection is made;
- D. Curved collector streets shall have a centerline radius not less than 250 feet; and
- E. Curved local streets shall have a centerline radius not less than 100 feet.

Table 7 – Road Design Standards for Local Subdivision Streets

DESIGN	ARTERIAL	MINOR	COLLECTOR	LOCAL	ALLEY
STANDARDS		ARTERIAL			
Minimum Right-	110 Feet	100 Feet	80 Feet	60 Feet	20 Feet
of-Way					
Pavement Width	Approved by	As approved by	37 Feet ^[3]	31 Feet	10-12
	City	City Engineer			Feet
	Engineer				
Maximum Grade	5%	7%	10%	10%	10%
Minimum Grade	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%
Design Speed		As approved by	35 mph	25 mph	15 mph
		City Engineer			
Crest minimum k-	Based on	Based on	Based on DS	12	12
value	Design	Design Speed			
	Speed	(DS)			
Sag minimum k-	Based on DS	Based on DS	Based on DS	26	26
value					
Crest Vertical	Based on DS	Based on DS	Based on DS	200 ft	200 ft
Curve Length				(min)	(min)
Sag Vertical	Based on DS	Based on DS	Based on DS	200 ft	200 ft
Curve Length				(min)	(min)
Cul-de-sac	a.	Minimum back of curb radius		42	5 ft
turnaround					
	b.	Minimum right-of-way radius		55	ft
	c.	Maximum length ^[4]		500 ft	

³ On street parking governed by the Official Code of the City of Great Falls.

8.1.7 Traffic Control Signs, Street Name Signs and Street Names

A. General

- I. The developer shall provide all necessary permanent traffic control signs to the CoGF Traffic Foreman (406-781-8991) and the Traffic Division shall install the signs;
- II. The signs shall be built in accordance with the <u>MUTCD</u> and approved by the Traffic Division:
- III. Developer and/or Contractor shall contact the Traffic Foreman (406-781-8991) three (3) business days in advance of removing temporary traffic control and request that the permanent traffic control signs be installed;
- IV. Should existing permanent traffic control signs need to be temporarily removed to facilitate construction, developer and/or contractor shall install the temporarily traffic control and notify the CoGF Traffic Foreman one (1) business day in advance of needed the CoGF to remove the permanent traffic control signs;
- V. Road Name Signs shall be installed at each intersection;

⁴ Measured from the centerline of the intersection to the center point of the cul-de-sac.

- VI. New roads shall be assigned a road name per the CoGF "Site Addressing and Road Naming Policies and Procedures Manual";
- VII. All proposed road names shall be submitted to the CoGF Addressing Division for approval prior to preliminary plat submittal; and
- VIII. A road naming assignment by the City to any road shall not constitute or imply jurisdiction, ownership, right of use, guarantee of access, or acceptance into the City road maintenance program.

B. Road Geometric Guidelines

- I. A road shall be essentially continuous, without gaps;
- II. If a road has a branch or branches, separate names shall be used for the minor branch(es); and
- III. Each road shall have the same name throughout its entire length, except that a road name may change when, and only when, there is a substantial intersection or at municipal boundaries.

8.1.8 Sidewalks:

- A. All developments shall have sidewalks which will allow pedestrians to safely travel from any part of the development to the boundaries of the development;
- B. Developments abutting existing or proposed roadways will be required to have sidewalks within the public right-of-way and parallel to the roadways;
- C. The minimum width of a sidewalk shall be 5 feet in Collector and Local right-of-ways and 8 feet in Arterial right-of-ways;
- D. The minimum width of sidewalks designated as "shared use paths" shall be 10 feet;
- E. Sidewalks are required on both sides of the street in all subdivisions;
- F. Sidewalks shall be separated from the street by a 6.5 foot wide boulevard in areas with a 60 foot right-of-way or 8.5 foot wide boulevard in areas with an 80 foot right-of-way;
- G. All sidewalks shall rise a minimum of three sixteenth (3/16) inch to the foot or one and one-half (1.5) percent and a maximum of 2% and shall slope toward the street;
- H. Sidewalks shall be configured according to the ADA requirements;
- New or existing sidewalk being replaced through a new or existing driveway shall meet ADA requirements, this may require the contractor to remove portions of the existing driveway;
- J. Cement concrete private walks shall be of uniform width and shall be built upon the established grade from the curb-line to the property line, and shall be not less than thirty-six (36) inches in width or more than sixty (60) inches in width (OCCGF 12.13.040.B);
- K. Provided that in front of churches, schoolhouses, nursing homes, long term care facilities, medical facilities, court houses, and other public buildings, the cement concrete private walks may be of greater width than above mentioned (OCCGF 12.13.040.B);
- L. Sidewalks shall be constructed per standard drawing 5-10C;
- M. Sidewalks shall be constructed with 6.5 sac cement and have a 28 day strength of 4,000 psi; and
- N. The back of curb radius at a street intersection shall be 22.5 degrees.

8.1.9 Boulevard/Open Space:

- A. Boulevard/open space shall be landscaped in accordance with the CoGF Official City Code with a plan approved by the City of Great Falls Planning and Community Development Department (406-455-8430); and
- B. Boulevards shall slope between a 1.5 and a two (2) percent from the top back-of-curb elevation to the property line to ensure positive drainage towards the street.

8.1.10 Shared Use Paths:

- A. Non-motorized shared use paths shall be designed with a 20 mph design speed and in accordance with the most recent version of AASHTO's "Guide for the Development of Bicycle Facilities" and "Guide for the Planning, Design and Operation of Pedestrian Facilities";
- B. Paths shall be 10 feet wide unless physical constraints limit the width, in which case the City Engineer may consider a reduction to not less than 8 feet;
- C. In limited instances, the PWD Director may require the path to be built to accommodate HS-20 loading if the path serves as an emergency or maintenance access route;
- D. No catch basins, valve boxes, curb boxes, or other utility appurtenances shall be located within the path;
- E. Signage and pavement markings shall conform to the most current MUTCD, unless otherwise approved by the CoGF;
- F. The surfacing section required on paths is 4 inches of asphalt on 8 inches of 1.5 inch minus crushed rock base compacted to 95% max dry density, when the path will not be driven on;
- G. Landings and ramps shall be constructed of concrete meeting ADA requirements and the CoGF sidewalk landing and ramp standards; and
- H. No tripping hazard or obstruction may be located within 2 feet of the edge of the shared-use path, including but not limited to sign posts or landscaping features, unless approved by the CoGF.

8.1.11 On-Street Parking:

A. At intersections:

- I. Shall be outside of the clear sight triangle as detailed in CoGF municipal code; and
- II. The City Engineer reserves the right to increase clear sight triangles based on site specific conditions.

B. Along streets:

- I. Shall not be permitted on:
 - a. Arterials;
 - b. Collectors less than 34 feet in width as measured from edge of asphalt to edge of asphalt;
 - c. Local streets less than 28 feet in width as measured from edge of asphalt to edge of asphalt;
 - d. Any street with a rural road section; and
 - e. Streets not meeting sight distance per Section 8.1.5.

8.1.12 Driveways:

- A. Prior to the installation of a driveway curb cut or other access point onto a CoGF public street or right-of-way, the developer or owner shall obtain approval from the City Engineering Office.
- B. Prior to the installation of a driveway curb cut or other access point onto a public street or right-of-way within the CoGF and under MDT's jurisdiction, the developer or owner shall obtain approval from both the City Engineering Office and from MDT;
- C. The nearest edge of any driveway shall be not less than 35 feet from the edge of the pavement to the nearest intersecting street;
- D. Curb cut widths shall conform to the requirements of the OCCGF 17.32.150;
- E. All new driveway locations and modifications to existing driveways shall be reviewed and approved by the City Engineering Office prior to beginning construction;
- F. All driveways shall have the back of curb dropped a minimum of 4 inches for the width of the driveway and the minimum driveway transition distance shall be from the back of the curb to the property line; occurring in a uniform manner (OCCGF 12.13.070.A);
- G. Curb fillets constructed by filling the curb and gutter are prohibited as a means to transition from the street to the driveway (OCCGF 12.13.070.B);
- H. Concrete crosswalks through driveways shall conform to ADA requirements, which may require the removal of portions of the existing driveway behind the property line; and
- I. All driveways shall be constructed per standard drawings 5-10A, 5-10B, 5-10D, and/or 5-10E.

8.1.13 Placement of Utilities:

- A. See Chapter 4 in these Standards; and
- B. All applicable laws, rules and regulations of appropriate regulatory authority having jurisdiction over utilities shall be observed.

8.1.14 <u>Traffic Calming Devices</u>

- A. Shall be recommended by a traffic study completed by a PTOE;
- B. Shall not conflict with any operation and maintenance activities; and
- C. Shall be approved by the Transportation Planner and the City Engineering Office.

8.1.15 Guardrails

- A. In areas of excessive fill or steep back slopes, roadside guardrail shall be installed consistent with the standards in the latest version of "Roadside Design Guide" as published by AASHTO and these *Standards*; and
- B. Location, style, and design of the roadside guardrail shall be reviewed and approved by the City Engineer's Office.

8.1.16 Pavement Design

- A. A pavement design report shall be prepared for all street projects by a registered professional engineer, or qualified professional approved by the City Engineer;
- B. The pavement design report shall be submitted CoGF for review and approval;
- C. Pavement thickness shall be consistent with these *Standards*, the standards contained in the current AASHTO "Guide for Design of Pavement Structures" or the current Asphalt Institute Manual Series No. 1 (MS-1);
- D. The design shall be based on the following:

- I. Site characteristics (e.g. soils);
- II. Based on at least a twenty year performance period traffic volume;
- III. The minimum design lane equivalent 18,000 pound single axle load (ESAL) used in pavement design must not be less than:
 - i. 50,000 ESAL on Local Roads;
 - ii. 200,000 ESAL on Collector Roads;
 - iii. 1,250,000 ESAL on Minor Arterial Roads; and
 - iv. 4,500,000 ESAL on Arterial Roads.
- IV. The minimum road section for Local and Collector Roads shall be 12 inches of 1½ inch minus base course under 4 inches of asphalt;
- V. The minimum road section for Minor Arterial Roads shall be 16 inches of 1½ inch minus base course under 6 inches of asphalt; and
- VI. The minimum road section for Major Arterial Roads shall be 20 inches of 1½ inch minus base course under 6 inches of asphalt.

8.1.17 Standards for Back Slope and Fill Slope

Cut Depth	Allowable Back Slope
0-5 feet	5:1
5-10 feet	4:1
10-15 feet	3:1
15-20 feet	2:1
>20 feet	1.5:1

Fill Height	Allowable Fill Slope
0-10 feet	6:1
10-20 feet	4:1
20-30 feet	3:1
>30 feet	2:1

8.2. CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS

8.2.1 General

- A. Roadway systems, including private roadways, shall be constructed in accordance with the current edition of the *Standards* (this document), the *MPWSS*, and other standards referenced elsewhere in this document. Any conflicts or differences in these documents shall be resolved in favor of the OCCGF and then these *Standards*;
- B. Upon completion of roadway construction, a professional engineer shall certify the construction of private roadways meets the requirements of the *Standards*;
- C. When the existing asphalt thickness is greater than 4 inches, *at a minimum* the reconstructed road/trench opening shall be paved with a thickness equal to the existing thickness with Type B Asphalt Plant Mix Aggregate on top of a minimum of a 12-inch thick base course meeting the 1½ inch minus; and

D. Road section thickness shall meet the minimum requirements of these *Standards* unless the Geotechnical Report recommends thicker sections.

8.2.2 Materials:

A. Asphalt:

- I. At a minimum, all new roads or reconstructed roads shall be paved with a minimum of 4 inches of Type B Asphalt Plant Mix Aggregate, (PG 58-28) asphalt binder, and shall be accomplished in accordance with current MPWSS; and
- II. PG 64-28 Polymer Modified shall be used when required by MDT and/or PWD Street Manager.

B. Crushed base:

- I. The crushed base for streets shall be 1½ inch minus crushed stone in accordance with MPWSS Section 02235 and shall meet all requirements of said section;
- II. All new roads or reconstructed roads shall have a minimum of 12-inches of $1\frac{1}{2}$ inch minus crushed stone installed in accordance with the current MPWSS; and
- III. A geotextile such as Mirafi 600X (or approved equal) shall be placed between the base course and the sub base (or existing sub surface ground).

C. Street Sub base (when required):

I. The sub base for streets shall be crushed stone in accordance with MPWSS Section 02234 and may include up to 3 inch minus material with at least one fractured face. Larger material may be approved on a case-by-case basis, with at least one fractured face.

APPENDIX A – OWNERSHIP TRANSFER LETTER

Appendix A – Example Ownership Transfer Letter

City of Great Falls Engineering Division P.O. Box 5021 Great Falls, MT 59403

Re: Name of project/building/subdivision

(I)(We), the undersigned property owner(s), do hereby certify that (I)(We) have caused to be designed, constructed and tested the required infrastructure improvements necessitated by the development of (NAME of project/subdivision) in accordance with the approved plans.

As a condition of this development, we dedicate the improvements to the City of Great Falls (City). These improvements include all improvements within the City right-of-way including streets; sidewalks; street lighting; storm sewer, sanitary sewer, and water distribution mains; and other associated appurtenances. Also included in the dedication are water, sanitary sewer and storm drainage mains and appurtenances, and stormwater treatment facilities in easements or on dedicated land outside of rights-of-way. Specifically excluded from this dedication are stormwater facilities located outside of the City owned rights-of-way, which shall be owned and maintained by the property owners unless otherwise maintained by a stormwater service agreement (or HOA, POA, etc.).

(I)(We), further agree to the fullest extent permitted by law, (I)(We) shall fully indemnify, defend, and save City, its agents, representatives, employees, and officers harmless from and against any and all claims, actions, costs, fees, losses, liabilities or damages of whatever kind or nature arising from or related to the infrastructure improvements subject to this Agreement or work of any subcontractor or supplier.

Dated this	day of	. 20
Daigu iiis	uav oi	. /.1/

(Acknowledged and notarized signatures of all record owners of developed property)

APPENDIX B – DRIVEWAY APPLICATION

APPENDIX B - APPLICATION FOR DRIVEWAY CONSTRUCTION

CITY OF GREAT FALLS

406-771-1258

		Owner Information and Site Location
1)	Owner's Name:	
2)	Property Address:	
3)	Phone Number:	
4)	Contractor Name:	

Driveway Construction Requirements

- 1) Driveway construction within the public right-of-way shall be approved by the Great Falls City Engineer prior to construction.
- 2) At an intersecting street or highway, the dimension measured along the edge of the traveled way to provide adequate corner clearance shall be measured a minimum distance of ten (10) feet from the intersecting property line to the nearest edge of the driveway, except at intersections where there are traffic signals, the nearside clearance shall be two (2) or more times this distance.
- 3) All driveway construction shall be in conformance with the Standards and General Provisions for Design and Construction for Great Falls, Montana. The basic construction requirements are as follows:
 - a) Existing curbing at the location of the driveway must be removed and replaced with drive over type curbing.
 - b) Driveway approaches between the curbing and property line must be constructed with concrete. See detail 5-10A, 5-10B, 5-10D, or 5-10E City of Great Falls Standards for Design and Construction.
- 4) Driveway construction within the City Right-of-Way must be performed by a bonded and insured contractor.
- 5) The contractor shall present a complete <u>Application for Driveway Construction</u> to the City of Great Falls Planning and Community Development Department and receive the <u>applicable permits</u> prior to beginning construction.

PLAN SUBMITTAL PROCESS

1) The property owner must submit a completed application with a site sketch to the Planning and Community Development Department for City review. 2) The Public Works Department will respond within ten (10) working days with an approval or disapproval. 3) If the application is approved and permits secured, construction may proceed, (see Driveway Construction Requirements, Item 5). 4. If the application is disapproved the specific reasons will be given along with the requirements for re-submittal. SITE PLAN SKETCH **APPROVAL BLOCK** Approved: Date: This Application will be null and void if the driveway construction approved by this application is not completed within six (6) months from the date of approval. Comments:

Revised May 5, 2020

APPENDIX C – CHECK LIST & DEVIATION REQUEST

			Deviation	
No.	YES	N/A		Design Criteria
2.1.1.A				MT State Plane - International Feet
2.1.1.B				NAVD 88 or City of Great Falls Datum
2.1.1.C				Contours
2.1.1.D				Alignment data
2.1.2				Title Sheets
2.1.3				Plan Sheets
2.1.4				Plan and Profile Sheets
2.1.5				Detail Sheets
2.1.6				Road and Drainage Plans
2.1.7				Drainage Facilities and Swales
2.1.8				Basin Maps
			Deviation	
No.	YES	N/A	Requested	Project Submittals
3.1.1.A				Civil Plans
3.1.1.B.III.a				Project Manual or applicable specifications
3.1.1.B.III.b				Water Design Report
3.1.1.B.III.c				Sanitary Sewer Design Report
3.1.1.B.III.d				Storm Drainage Design Report
3.1.1.B.III.e				Traffic Impact Study
3.1.2				Resubmittals
3.3.1				Deviation Requests
			Deviation	
No.	YES	N/A	Requested	Development Requirements
4.1.1.B				Roadway and utility extensions
4.1.1.B.II				Right-of-ways and easements
4.1.2				Utility Requirements
4.1.3				Utility easements

Project:_	
Professional Engineer:	
License No.:	
Firm:_	
Date:	

MT Professional Engineer's Stamp

Deviation requests noted on this form shall be submitted for review
and approval in accordance with Section 3.3 of the Design and
Construction Standards. Deviations not individually approved, even if
shown in the approved plans, specifications, or reports, are not
approved.

Project:			
Firm :			
Date:			

			Deviation	
No.	YES	N/A	Requested	Water System
5.1.1.A				Professional Stamp
5.1.1.B				MDEQ Circular 1 Requirements
5.1.1.C				Fire flow tests
5.1.3.A-B				Horizontal and vertical offsets
5.2.1.A				Water pipe size
5.2.1.B				Water pipe locations
5.2.1.C				Pipe materials
5.2.2.A				Valve sizes and types
5.2.2.B				Valve locations
5.2.3				Valve box materials
5.2.4				Fire hydrant
5.2.11.A				Water service general requirements
5.2.11.B				Water service construction
5.2.11.C				Water service locations
5.2.11.D				Water service sizes
5.2.12				Service saddle materials
5.2.13-14				Corp. and curb stop materials
5.2.15				Curb box materials
5.2.16				Entrance Valve materials
5.2.17				Tapping Saddles
5.2.18				Couplings
5.2.20				Pipe Bedding
5.2.21				Warning tape
5.2.22				Tracer wire
5.2.23				Marker post materials

Deviation requests noted on this form shall be submitted for review and approval in accordance with Section 3.3 of the Design and Construction Standards. Deviations not individually approved, even if shown in the approved plans, specifications, or reports, are not approved.

Project:	
Firm :	
Date :	

			Deviation	
No.	YES	N/A	Requested	Sanitary Sewer System
6.1.1.A				MT PE Stamp and overall plan at buildout
6.1.1.B				MDEQ Circular 2
6.1.1.C				Sanitary Sewer Facility Plan design criteria
6.1.1.D				Over sizing
6.1.1.F				Existing sewer system analysis
6.1.1.G				Existing or proposed lift station data
6.1.2				General construction standards
6.1.3				Usage restrictions
6.1.4				Sulfide generation analysis
6.1.5				Locations
6.1.6				Offsets
6.2.1				Gravity main sizing and velocities
6.2.2				Sewer force mains
6.2.2.G				Private sewer force line connected at manhole
6.2.3.A				General sewer service requirements
6.2.3.C-F				Sewer service construction standards
6.2.3.G				Force sewer service line
6.2.3.H				Sewer service line materials
6.2.3.I				Sewer taps
6.2.3.J-M				Misc. sewer service items
6.2.4				Sewer pipe bedding
6.2.5				Detectable warning tape
6.2.6				Marker posts
6.3.1				Manhole design
6.3.2				Manhole construction
6.4.1				Lift station design
6.4.2				Lift station construction
6.5.1				Grease traps and interceptors
6.5.2				Grease trap design and construction standards
6.5.3				Grease interceptors design and construction standards
6.5.4				Sand, oil interceptors
6.5.5				SOI design and construction standards

Deviation requests noted on this form shall be submitted for review and approval in accordance with Section 3.3 of the Design and Construction Standards. Deviations not individually approved, even if shown in the approved plans, specifications, or reports, are not approved.

No.	VES	N/A	Deviation Requested	Transportation System
8.1.1	ILJ	IV/A	Hoquesteu	MUTCD, AASHTO guidelines, OCCGF, MT PE stamp
8.1.2				TIA requirements
8.1.3				Intersections
8.1.4				Dead-end streets
8.1.5				Sight distance
8.1.6	<u> </u>			Local, collector, and arterial streets
8.1.7	<u> </u>			Signs
8.1.8				Sidewalks
8.1.9				Boulevards/ open space
8.1.10				Shared use paths
8.1.11				On-street parking
8.1.12				Driveways
8.1.13				Placement of utilities
8.1.14				Traffic calming devices
8.1.15				Guardrails
8.1.16				Pavement design
8.1.17				Back slope and fill slope
8.2.1.A				MPWSS and Standards
8.2.1.B				MT PE
8.2.2.A				Asphalt material
8.2.2.B				Street sub base material
8.2.2.C				Crushed base course material

Deviation requests noted on this form shall be submitted for review and approval in accordance with Section

3.3 of the Design and Construction Standards. Deviations not individually approved, even if shown in the approved plans, specifications, or reports, are not approved.

Transportation System Page 1 of 1

APPENDIX D – LOW PRESSURE GRINDER PUMP SYSTEMS

SEWER DESIGN STANDARDS - LOW PRESSURE SEWER/GRINDER PUMP SYSTEMS

General.

- 1) A grinder pump and pressure sewer system is to be considered as an alternative for providing sewer service for a site, only if the site cannot be serviced by conventional gravity systems (including pumping stations).
- 2) Pressure sewer system is defined as an area to be serviced by more than a single grinder pump.
- 3) The City of Great Falls considers all Grinder Low Pressure/Grinder Pump Systems as <u>private</u> systems that are owned, operated and maintained by an entity such as an Owners Association. The formation of an Association with a System Operating & Maintenance Agreement is a City requirement of approval of such sewer system.
- 4) All systems shall comply with all applicable State of Montana standards and regulations.

Design Requirements.

- 1) Grinder pumps used in pressure sewer systems for residential areas can only be the ones that have been previously approved or ones that may be subject to approval by the City of Great Falls for systems applications. Determine the type and model of the pump suitable for the system.
- 2) All pump types and models are to be the same in a single pressure sewer system unless otherwise approved by the City of Great Falls.
- 3) Primary design parameters to be considered are the number of pumps under simultaneous operation, flow velocities in pressure sewer piping, and limiting the operating head at a pump. Consider the following guidelines in defining these parameters:
 - a) Number of pumps under simultaneous operation.
 - i. Semi-positive displacement pump systems shall be designed in accordance with the Manufacture's recommended specifications and design standards and shall conform to the maximum number of simultaneously operating pumps.
 - ii. <u>Centrifugal pump systems</u> shall be designed in accordance with the Manufacture's recommended specifications and design standards and be sized so that the pumps under simultaneous operation shall be able to discharge the peak flow generated by the dwelling units located upstream of any point in the pressure sewer system under consideration.

iii. For centrifugal pumps having a nominal discharge rate relatively close to that of an Environmental 1 (E/1) Pump, the maximum number of simultaneously operating pumps developed for E/1 pump systems may be used.

b) Flow velocities.

- i. Size a system for the maximum number of pumps that may be expected to operate under the full development stage, thereby generating the highest flow velocities and pumping head. Also consider in the design system hydraulics during the initial stage when a fewer number of pumps are expected to operate and lower velocities may be expected.
- ii. The minimum flow velocity should be approximately three (3) fps under simultaneous pump operating conditions, except for piping servicing one to two dwelling units where a two (2) fps minimum velocity shall be used. A three (3) fps minimum velocity criteria is required for pressure sewer profiles which have multiple high points and low points.
- iii. The maximum velocity shall be approximately seven (7) fps under simultaneous pump operating conditions.

c) Operating head at a pump.

- i. Maximum pumping head for system design to be ninety (90%) percent of the manufacturer's pump performance curve.
- ii. Design a centrifugal pump not to operate at above ninety (90%) percent of its shut off head and at or below its cut off point. The shut off head is the head at zero pump discharge; the cut-off point is a point on the pump curve where discharge head decreases abruptly with a small incremental flow.
- 5) Size a pressure sewer system and develop alternative designs such that the above criteria can be met during the full development stage and the initial stage as well.

6) System Design

a) Pumps

- i. With the selected maximum number of grinder pumps in simultaneous operation, design the piping system and submit all calculations, using the following design methods.
- ii. For semi-positive displacement pump systems use the E/1 Design Handbook for Pressure Sewer Systems or other pump manufacture's design information. Computerized design may be used for complex systems to give better accuracy in hydraulic calculations.
- iii. For centrifugal pump systems, a number of branches should be used to represent the piping layout similar to the design of semi-positive displacement pump systems. The

- peak flow generated by all dwelling units in a branch shall be estimated. Locations of the pumps shall be designated and computer designs shall be used for analyzing system hydraulics during simultaneous pump operation.
- iv. Pumps located at the most remotest part of a system, farthest from the point of discharge to gravity system, and pumps located at the lowest elevations in a system must be considered in pump selection for simultaneous operation.
- v. In computing the static head, base the pump elevation on the developer's proposed elevation at which the grinder pump will be installed.

b. Pipe

- i. Minimum Pipe Size 1-1/4-inch diameter, Maximum Pipe Size 4-inch pipe diameter.
- ii. Allowable pipe material, SDR-21 PVC pipe and/or SDR-11 HDPE pipe. PVC pipe is generally installed in open-cut trench and HDPE pipe can be installed in open-cut trench or by horizontal directional drilling.
- iii. Use Hazen-Williams (HW) friction coefficient of one hundred forty (140) for calculating head losses through piping. Consider head losses through fittings and bends and other minor losses when calculating the total dynamic head.
- iv. Use sound engineering and hydraulic principles in design and analysis. Consider various scenarios of pipe sizes, system layout, and pump operation to arrive at an optimum design. Use of computer analysis enables checking for minimum and maximum flow velocities and pump discharge head under various operating scenarios.
- v. Uphill pumping is preferred in a pressure sewer system where the point of discharge to gravity system is at a higher elevation than the rest of the system, so as to maintain positive pressure throughout the system. Eliminate vertical piping alignment that may be conducive to siphoning at high points or gravity drain/air binding in downhill pumping conditions. Ideally, high points and low points are to be avoided and a continuously rising pressure sewer profile toward the point of gravity discharge is to be designed. Place pressure sewer air vacuum and air release valves at all high points in a system, if the high point cannot be eliminated.
- vi. PVC and/or HDPE piping is allowed, the nominal pipe diameters called for on the drawings may be different depending on the material. HDPE may be installed by horizontal directional drilling.
- vii. Joints and thrust restraint. PVC gasketed integral bell and spigot joints or bell by bell gasketed couplings shall be retrained mechanically and/or using concrete thrust blocks. PVC solvent weld shall be joined together using solvent weld couplings or integral solvent weld bell and spigot joints. HDPE pipe is generally a continuous pipe from a

long coil or lengths of pipe and fittings joined by thermal butt-fusion, electrofusion, or by special mechanical couplings. Joints for all HDPE pipe that is to be installed by horizontal directional drilling will be butt-fused. HDPE has a very high coefficient of thermal expansion/contraction.

- c. <u>Horizontal and Vertical Alignment, Depth, Clearances.</u>
 - i. Minimum depth of pipe is 6.5 feet below the ground elevation.
- ii. Minimum horizontal clearance with domestic (drinking) water mains and service line pipes is 10.0 feet.
- iii. Minimum vertical clearance with domestic (drinking) water mains and service lines is 18 inches.
- iv. Avoid 90 degree bends in the pipeline alignment
- v. Design the piping layout to minimize the total piping length.
- vi. To install HDPE pipe by horizontal directional drilling construction areas will be required at one end of the operation for layout and fusing pipe lengths to be pulled unless coils are used, and at the other end to set up and operate the drilling/pulling machine and drilling fluid storage tank and waste fluid storage. The amount of area required depends on the specific equipment used. Generally, sufficient area will be available in the normal right-of-way and construction strip used in the pipeline design. Verify that adequate space is available in the right-of-way and construction strip limits.
- vii. For minimum radius of curvature for PVC pressure sewer pipe, see Table below. Minimum radius of curvature for HDPE pipe installed in open-cut trench is forty (40) times the outside pipe diameter. Minimum radius of curvature for directionally drilled HDPE is dependent on allowable radius of curvature of Contractors' drilling rods. For design purposes, this can be assumed to be forty (40) feet. Radius of curvature at low points should be maximized.

Minimum Curve Radius for PVC Pressure Sewers

Pipe Size	Minimum Radius
1-1/4-inch to 1-1/2-inch	60 feet
2-inch	70 feet
2-1/2-inch	100 feet
3-inch	90 feet
4-inch	130 feet

d. Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) Generation and Release Analysis and System Design.

- i. Perform the analysis for the proposed design to determine the potential for hydrogen sulfide generation.
- ii. Design the piping layout to minimize the total piping lengths and pipe sizes within the constraints of the hydraulic design criteria, so as to minimize sewage detention time in the system. Avoid downhill pumping conditions with a high point above the transition manholes, which will potentially cause the release and accumulation of hydrogen sulfide gas at the high points.
- iii. The discharge of sewage from a pressure sewer into a gravity sewer can potentially generate odor and the release of hydrogen sulfide at the transition manhole and in the downstream gravity sewer. Turbulence at the connection manhole should be minimized. Consider the corrosive effects of hydrogen sulfide in the design and selection of gravity sewer pipe material downstream of the connection manhole

Appurtenances and Structures.

- 1) Each service line lateral shall be connected to the trunk force main using approved tapping saddles and corporation stops. Each service lateral shall also be equipped with a lateral assembly including compression adapters, curb shut off valve and check valve all located in an accessible vault structure with the public right-of-way boulevard area.
- 2) Install Flushing Connections at a minimum of every four hundred (400) feet in the system, or at dead ends. Flushing connections shall be freeze proof and access lids shall be rated for expected external loading.
- 3) Air release valves shall be included at any high points in system.
- 4) Connect the pressure sewer with the gravity sewer at a manhole on the gravity system.
 - a. Coating Specification:
 - i. Referenced standards and Specifications:
 - 1. SP 6 Commercial Blast Cleaning
 - 2. SP10 Near White Blast Cleaning
 - 3. SP 13 Surface Preparation of Concrete

Materials: Interior Damp Proofing: Provide a two coat, Perma-shield MCU coating product, Tnemec 446 hydrophobic aromatic polyurethane, or approved equal. Epoxy Modified Mortar: Provide epoxy modified "skim coat" mortar for

concrete patching, filling voids and holes. Provide Tnemec Mortar Clad Series 218 or approved equal.

Surface Preparation Execution:

All interior concrete walls, cover, floor and all other expose interior surfaces will require the interior damp proofing. All interior surfaces to be coated shall be clean and dry. All dirt, dust, sand, grit, mud, oil, grease and other foreign matter shall be removed. Prepare all interior surfaces to be coated per Steel Structures Painting Council Specification SP 13 or blast cleaning SP 6.

Application Execution:

Apply the specified epoxy modified mortar skim coat to all interior surfaces per manufacturer's application instructions. Patch and fill voids and holes $\frac{1}{4}$ " – $\frac{1}{2}$ " in depth. Apply skim cost covering 100% of all concrete surfaces areas at $\frac{1}{16}$ " – $\frac{1}{4}$ " spread rate.

The interior coating shall be brush, rolled, or sprayed in two coats, 8-10 dry mil thickness per coat, 16-20 dry mil total thickness. Concrete surfaces shall be cured and dry prior to coating.

Curing:

Curing shall adhere to manufacture's curing and drying schedule. Coatings must be fully cured before placing low pressure/grinder pump system into service.

b). Connection Point:

- i. Pressure sewer shall enter manhole at 2/3 depth elevation of the gravity sewer pipe.
- 5) Include locator wire and stations on all installations including laterals. Locator specifications can be found under the City's water system standards.

Pressure Testing

1) All pressure mains and laterals shall be pressure hydrostatically tested after partial backfilling and are fully charged. The hydrostatic pressure shall be 150 percent of the maximum operating pressure. The duration of each test shall be 2 hours. Allowable leakage will be in accordance with AWWA C-600 or determined by the formula L= 0.000083(D)(S) where L is the allowable leakage in gallon per hour, S is the length of pipe under test in feet and D is the pipe diameter in inches.

APPENDIX E – COMMERCIAL BACKFLOW PREVENTERS

COMMERCIAL BUSINESS BACKFLOW PREVENTERS

General.

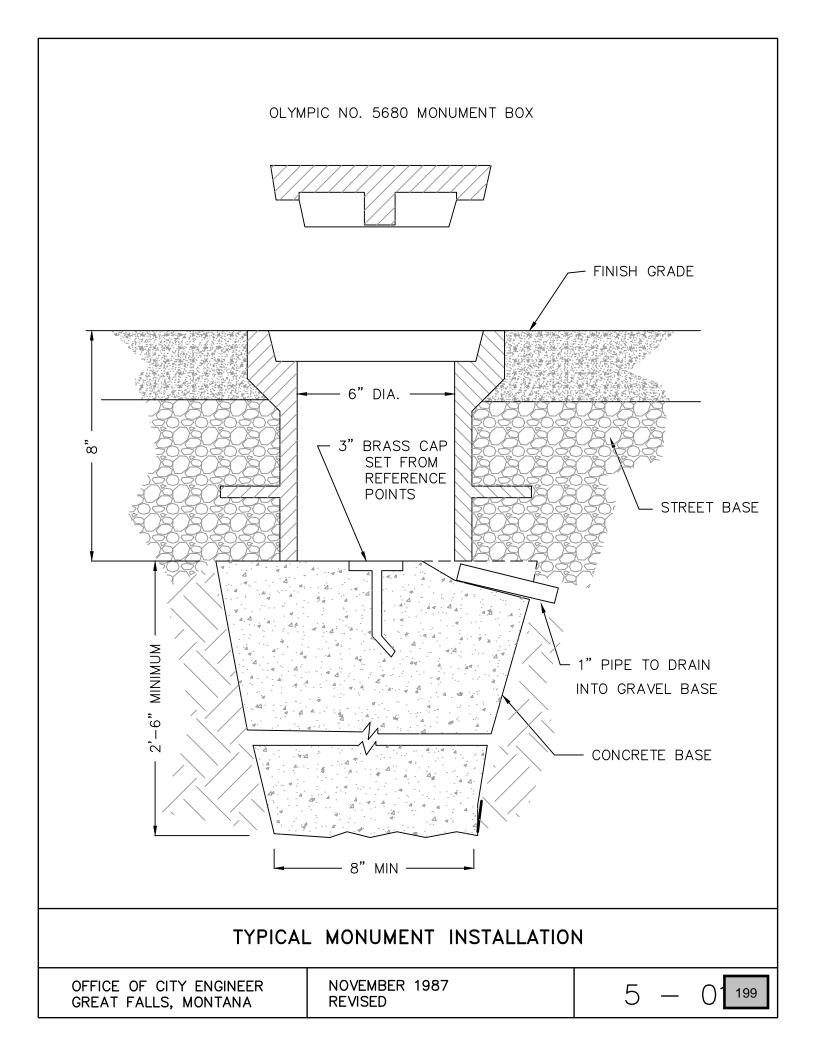
Reduced Pressure Backflow, Double Check Valve Assembly, and Pressure Vacuum Backflow shall be used for the following: potable water service mains, fire line mains and lawn irrigation as per manufacturer installation manuals and authority having jurisdiction.

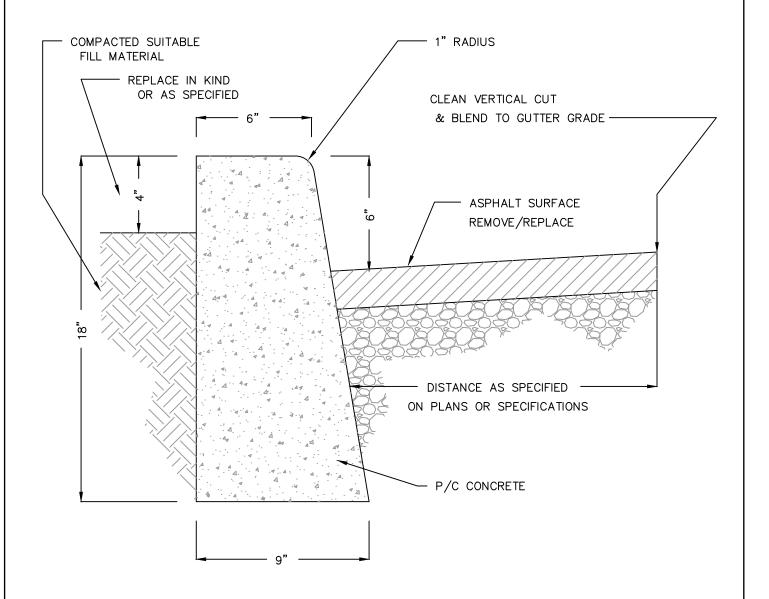
- 1) Backflow Preventers shall conform to the current adopted installation requirements of the International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical officials also known as "Uniform Plumbing Code" and these rules and regulations;
- 2) Backflows shall be tested yearly;
- 3) Backflow assembly tester shall be ASSE 5000 certified;
- 4) Backflow assembly certifiers shall be licensed per city licensing rules;
- 5) Property owner shall maintain backflow test reports (required 3 year minimum on file), and such reports shall be available upon request to the authority having jurisdiction; and
- 6) Floor drains or floor sinks (with trap primers) may be required when the backflow is installed within a building.

CITY OF GREAT FALLS STANDARD DETAILS

Typical Details - Article 5	Drawing Number	Current Drawing Date
Monument Box	5-01	1987
Straight Curb	5-03	1987
Barrier Curb	5-04	2011
Mountable Curb	5-05	1999
Integral Curb & Gutter Details	5-06	2017
Standard Concrete Alley Apron- Grass back of curb	5-08A	2012
Standard Concrete Alley Apron- Sidewalk back of curb	5-08B	2012
Standard Concrete Alley Apron- City Jobs	5-08C	2012
Standard Concrete Alley Apron- City Jobs	5-08D	2012
Standard A/C Paving Alley	5-09	1994
Driveway - Sidewalk at curb	5-10A	2019
Driveway - Sidewalk not at curb	5-10B	2019
Curb and Sidewalk cross section	5-10C	2015
Driveway - Straight Curb sidewalk not at curb	5-10D	2015
Driveway - Downtown Decorative Stamp	5-10E	2019
Old type sidewalks at Intersection	5-11	1987
Sidewalk Transition at curb to not at curb	5-13	1987
Sidewalk transition w/ handicap ramp at curb-not at curb	5-13B	2006
Park Path Cross section	5-14	1988
Valley Gutter - w/ existing curb & gutter	5-15	1991
Valley Gutter - w/ Double HC ramps	5-15A	2009
Valley Gutter - w/ Single HC ramp	5-15B	2009
Sidewalk drainage crossing gutter	5-16 5-17	2012
Handicap ramp at mid-block with boulevard sidewalk	5-17 5-17B	2016 Under Review
Handicap ramp at mid-block with attached sidewalk Handicap ramp at mid-block w/ full width boulevard sidewalk	5-17B 5-18	2016
Handicap ramp at center of corner	5-19	2016
Handicap ramps double at corner in boulevard areas	5-20	2016
Handicap ramps double at corner sidewalk at curb	5-21	2016
Handicap ramps double at corner sidewalk at curb	5-21B	Under Review
Handicap ramps Double Central Business dist.	5-22	2016
Handicap ramps Double Old Boulevard area	5-24	2016
Trench Detail - Type 1	5-30	1987
Trench Detail - Type 2	5-31	1999
Trench Method of Payment	5-32	1987
Water main Casing Detail	5-33	1995
Flowable Fill Trench Plug	5-34	2009
Trench Pavement Replacement	5-36	1987
Gate Valve Detail	5-39	2011
Fire Hydrant Detail - City of Great Falls	5-40	1992

Fire Hydrant Replacement on exist. Hyd lead Fire Hydrant Guard (bollards) Thrust Blocking Details Water Service expansion loop Water Service replacement connections Water Service / Storm Draing Xing Water meter installation Water Service entrance over 2" Meter Pit - Residential Meter Pit - Residential Meter Vault - Large meters Irrigation Manhole - 1-1/2" meter and up Sanitary sewer main at water main crossing	5-41 5-42 5-43 5-44 5-45 5-45A 5-46 5-47 5-48 5-48A 5-49 5-49A 5-50	1993 1987 1987 1987 2001 2017 1987 1995 1987 1994 2006 2009 1993
Sewer Repair coupling Sewer Service connection in trench Sewer Service riser in trench	5-52 5-53 5-54	1987 1987 1987
Storm sewer inlet Storm sewer corner inlet apron Storm sewer curb inlet apron - Type 1 Storm sewer curb inlet apron - Type 2 Storm sewer corner inlet apron Sanitary Sewer Manhole ring & cover Sewer Manhole Short Sewer Manhole standard	5-60 5-61A 5-61B 5-61C 5-61D 5-63 5-64 5-65	2014 2014 2014 2014 2014 1987 1987 2010
Manhole Connection - PVC	5-69	1987
Fixed Barricade Dead End - Warning Sign	5-80 5-81	1993 2009



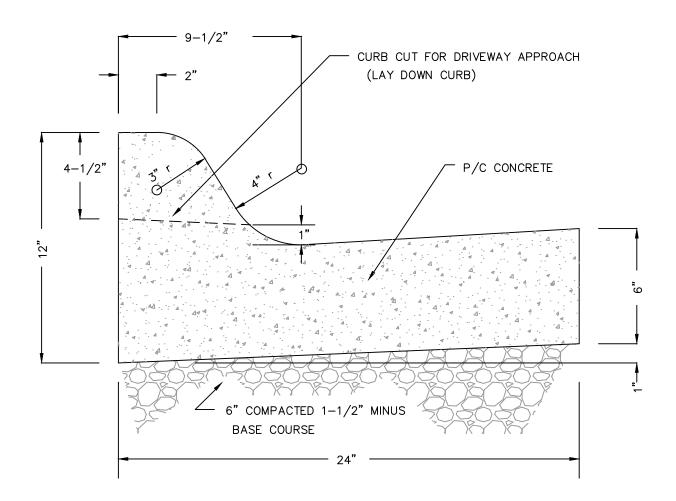


NOTE:

- THE FACE OF THE CURB, WHERE CONTACTED BY PAVING SHALL BE THOROUGHLY PAINTED WITH BITUMINOUS MATERIAL ACCEPTABLE TO THE ENGINEER.
- PLACE COMPACTED GRAVEL UNDER CURB AS REQUIRED
 ON PLANS OR IN SPECIFICATIONS.

STANDARD STRAIGHT CURB

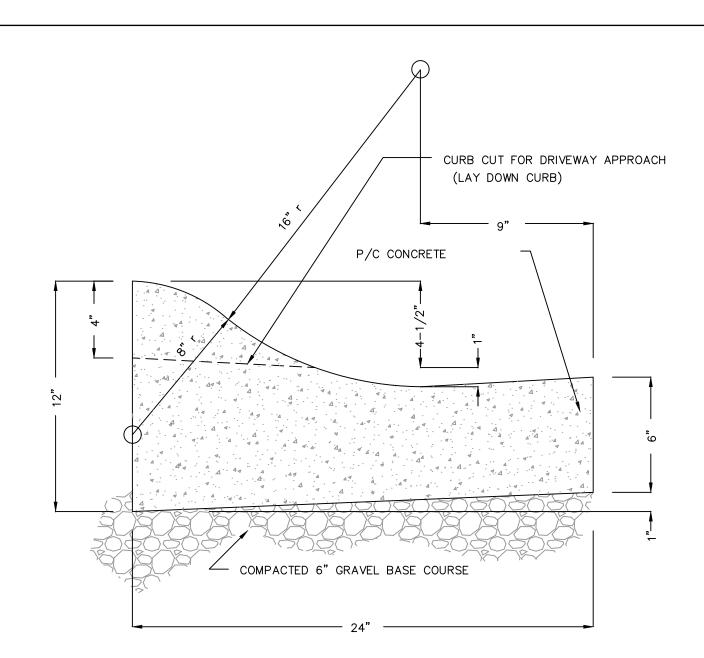
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NOTES:

- 1. CURB & GUTTER SHALL HAVE A TOOLED CONTRACTION JOINT EVERY 10' AND BE SCORED A MIN. DEPTH OF 3/4"
- CURB & GUTTER SHALL HAVE 1/2" EXPANSION JOINT AT P.C.'s, P.T.'s, CURB RETURNS, VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL POINTS OF CURVATURE AND AT MAXIMUM OF 300' INTERVALS.
- 3. PLACE GRAVEL BASE COURSE AS REQUIRED IN SPECIFICATIONS.

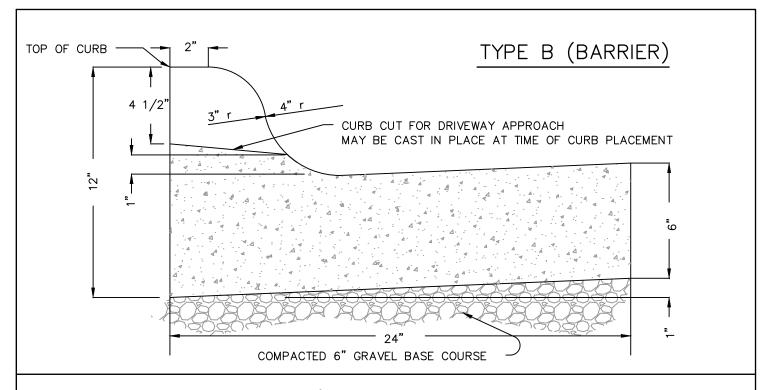
TYPICAL BARRIER INTEGRAL CURB & GUTTER

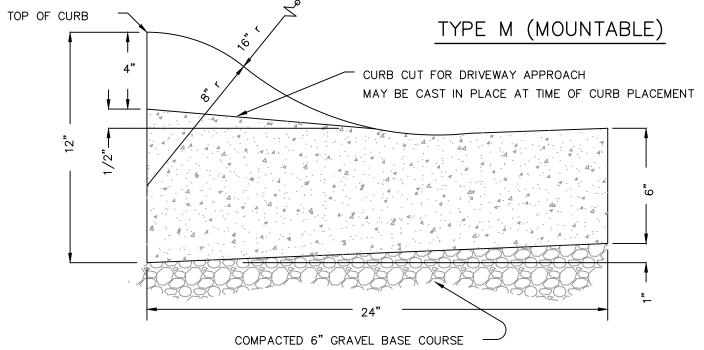


NOTES:

- 1. CURB & GUTTER SHALL HAVE A TOOLED CONTRACTION JOINT EVERY 10' AND BE SCORED A MIN. DEPTH OF 3/4"
- CURB & GUTTER SHALL HAVE 1/2" EXPANSION JOINT AT P.C.'s, P.T.'s, CURB RETURNS, VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL POINTS OF CURVATURE AND AT MAXIMUM OF 300' INTERVALS.
- 3. PLACE GRAVEL BASE COURSE AS REQUIRED IN SPECIFICATIONS.

TYPICAL MOUNTABLE INTEGRAL CURB & GUTTER





NOTES:

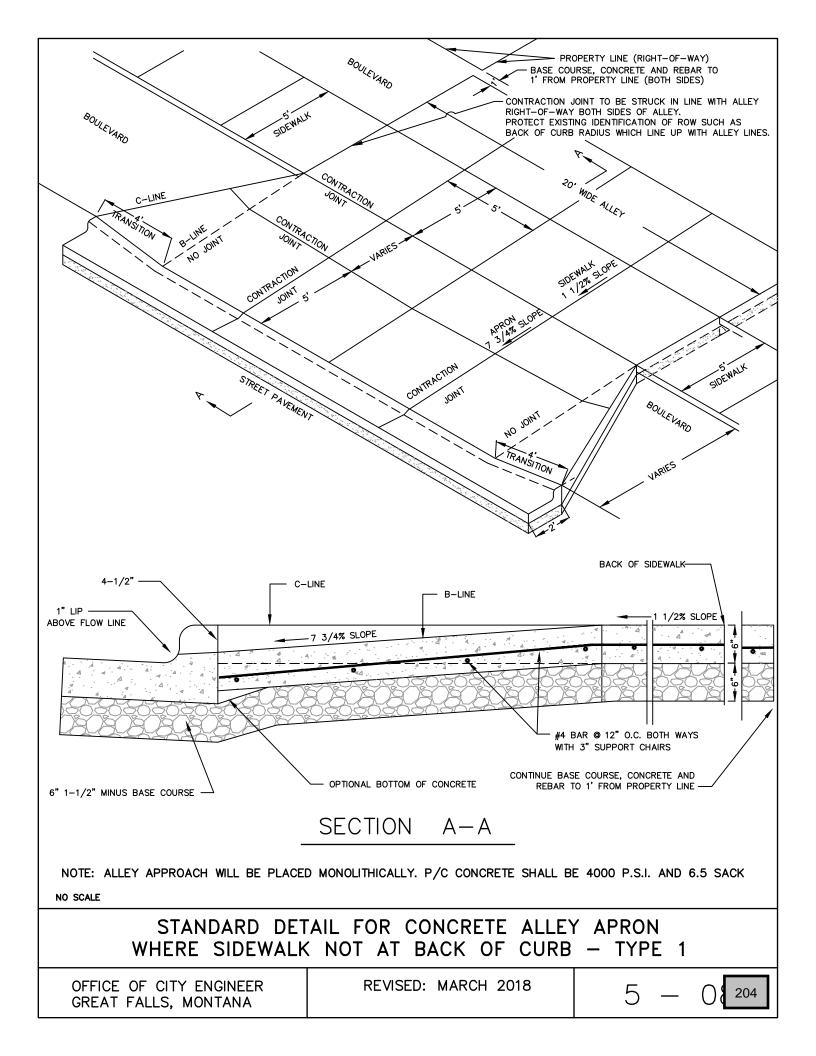
- 1. CURB & GUTTER SHALL HAVE A TOOLED CONTRACTION JOINT EVERY 10' AND BE SCORED A MIN. DEPTH OF 3/4"
- 2. CURB & GUTTER SHALL HAVE 1/2" EXPANSION JOINT AT P.C.'s, P.T.'s, CURB RETURNS, VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL POINTS OF CURVATURE AND AT MAXIMUM OF 300' INTERVALS.
- 3. PLACE GRAVEL BASE COURSE AS REQUIRED IN SPECIFICATIONS.

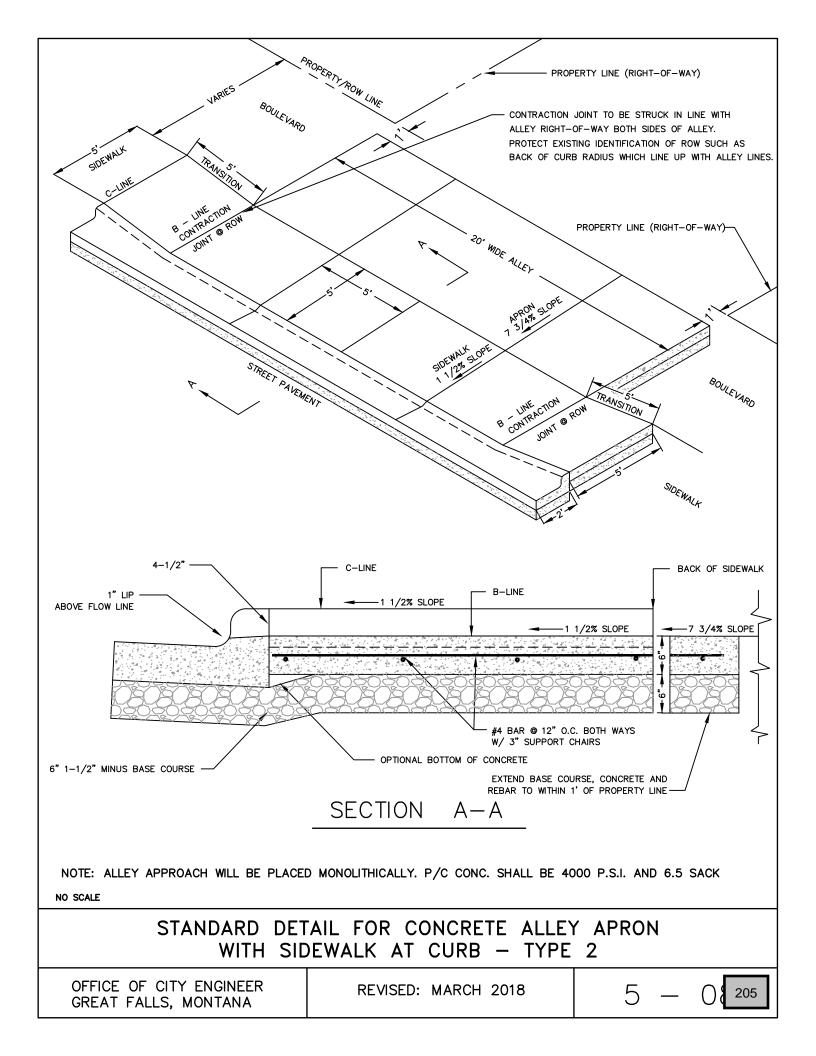
INTEGRAL CURB AND GUTTER DETAILS

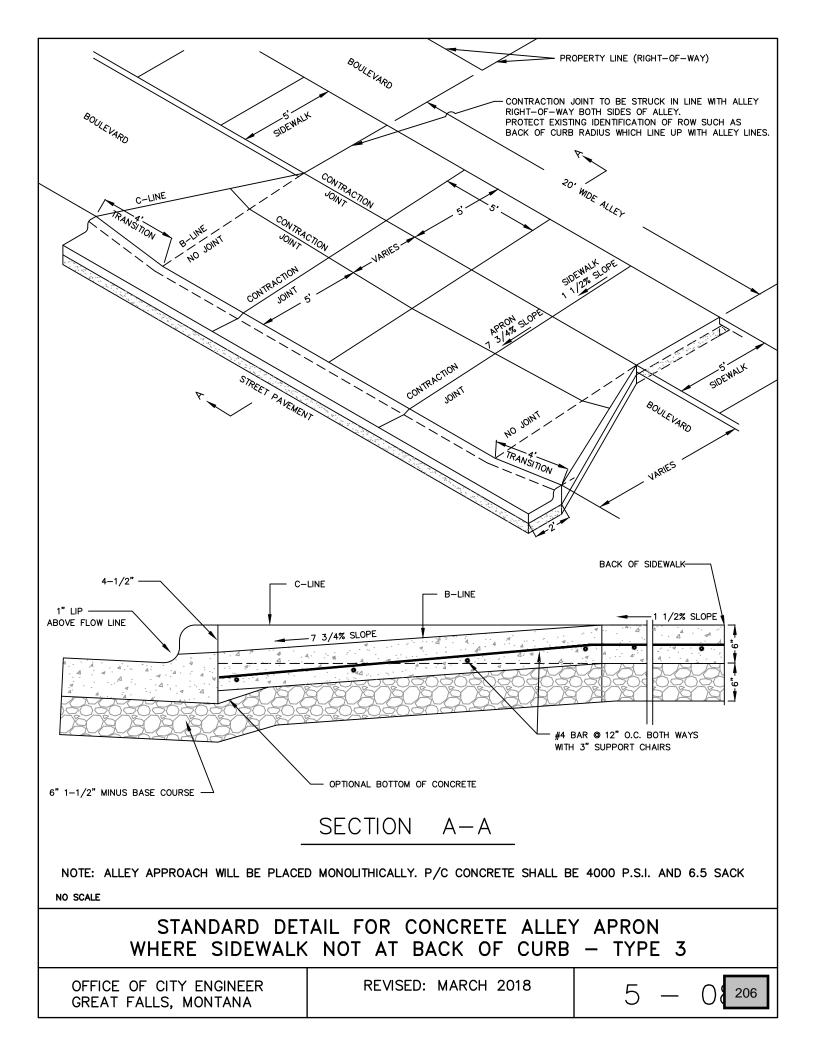
OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

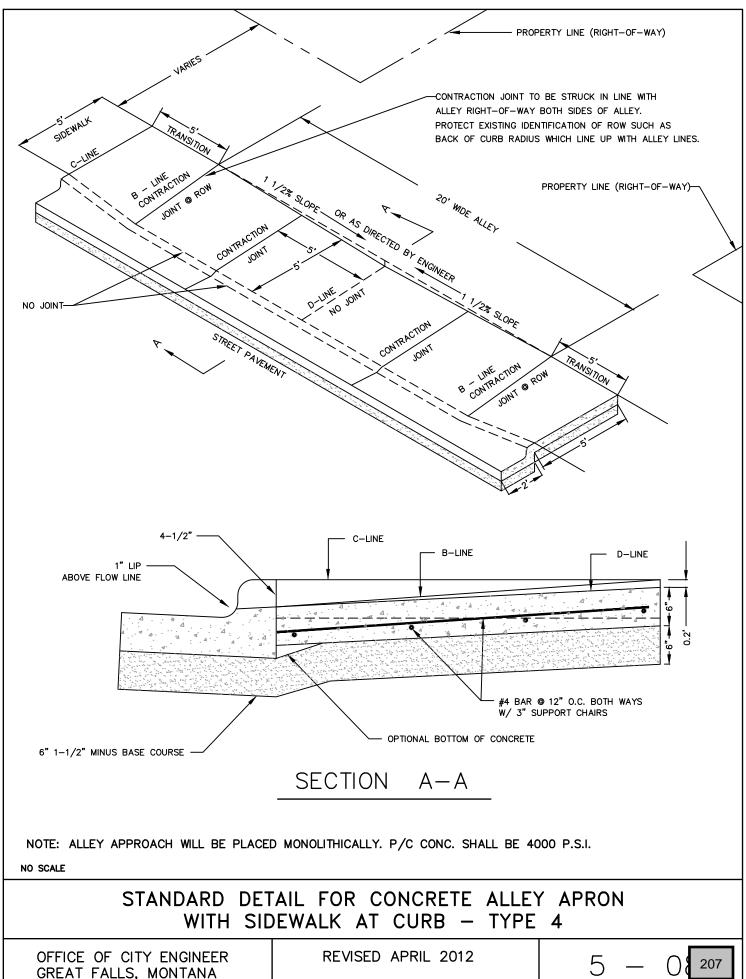
REVISED: MARCH 2018

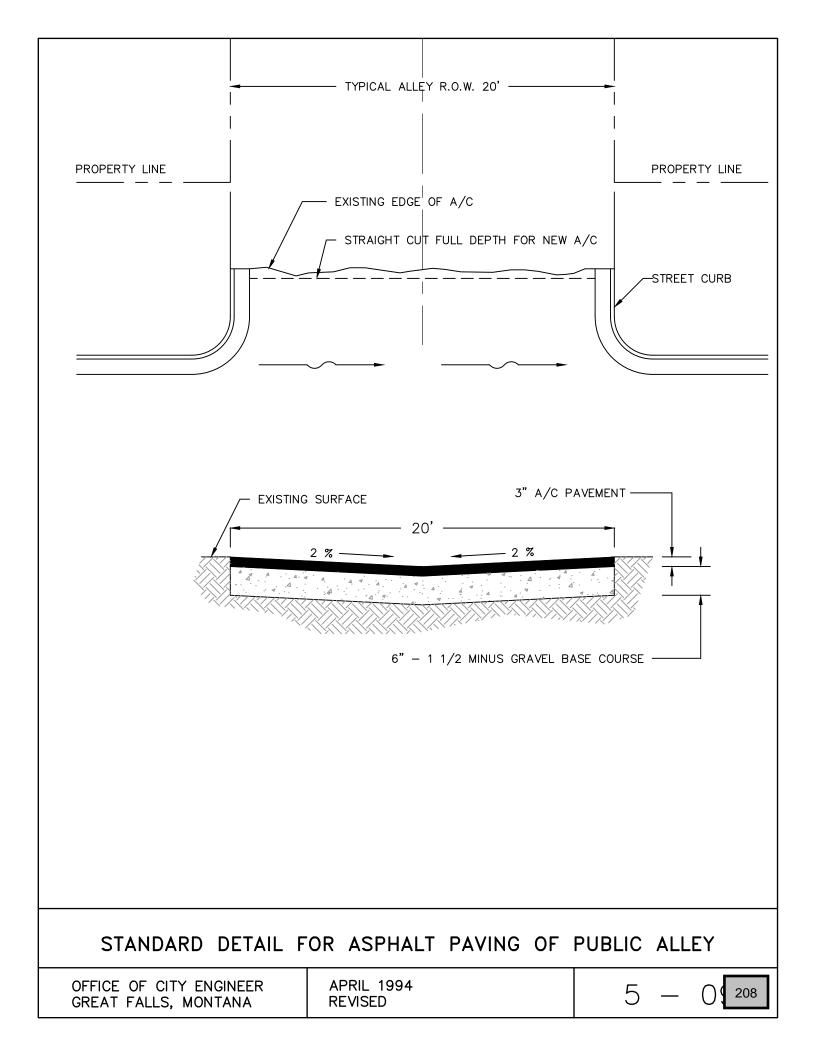
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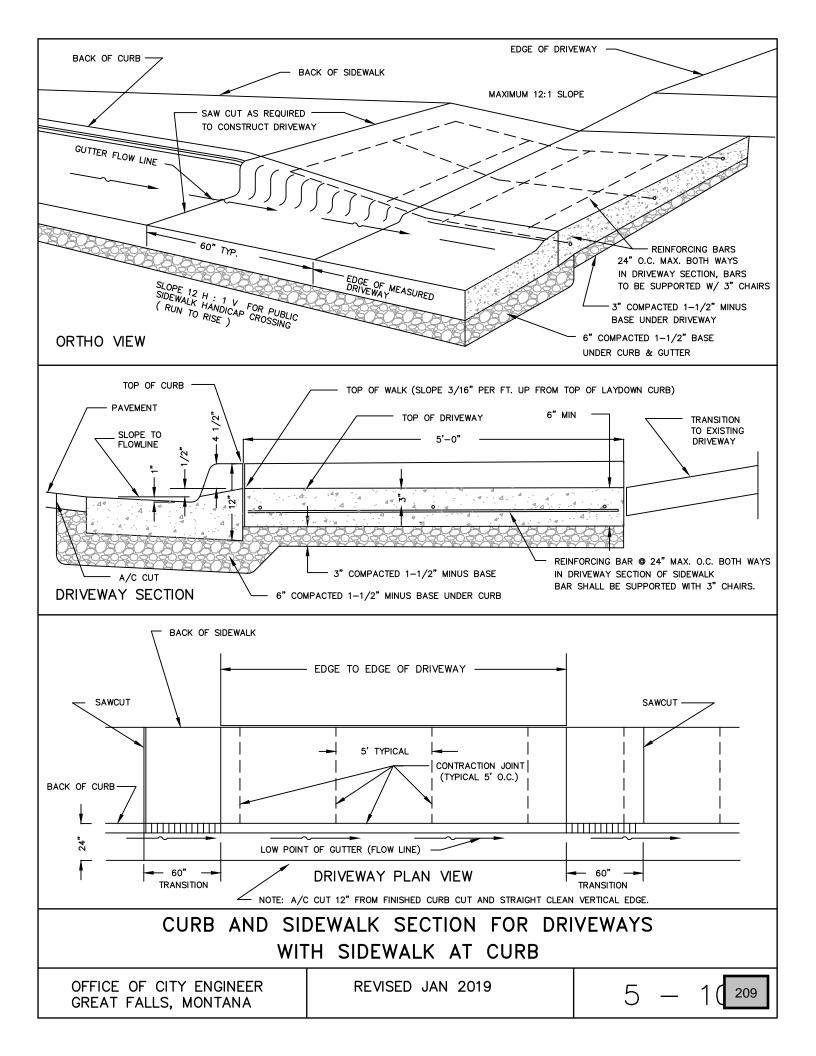


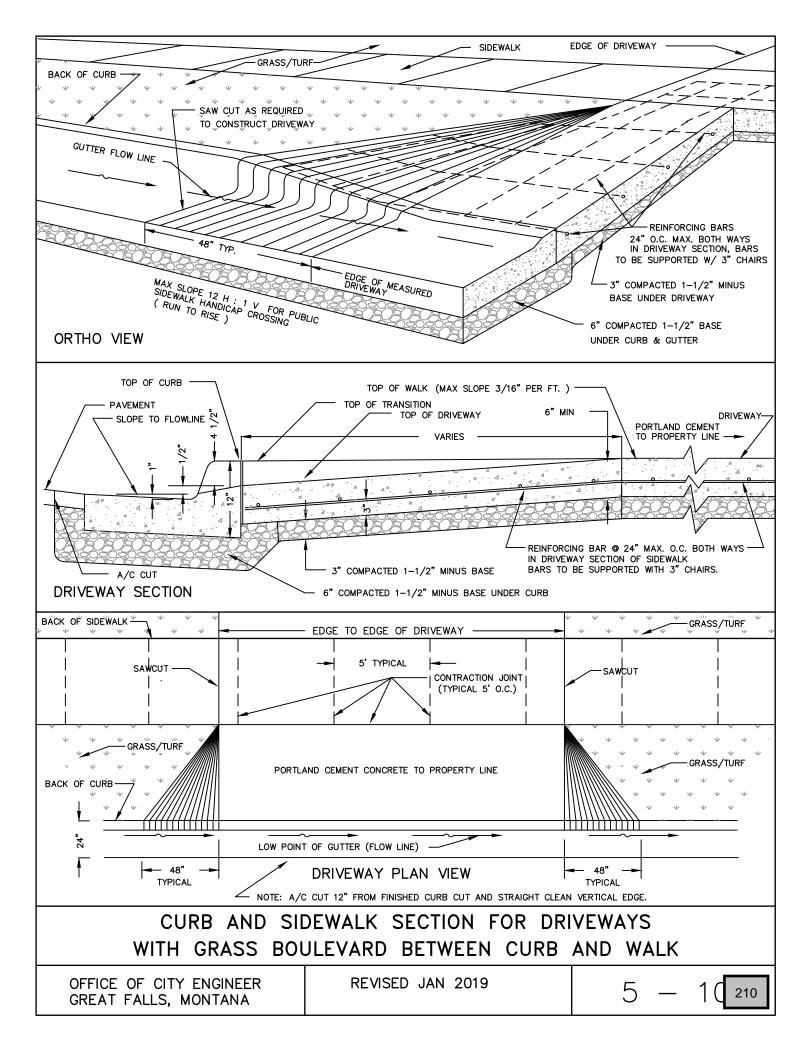


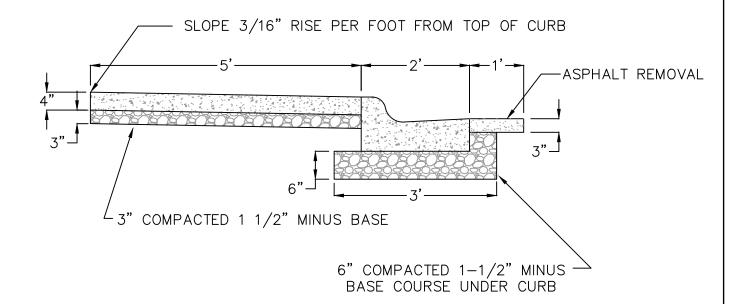






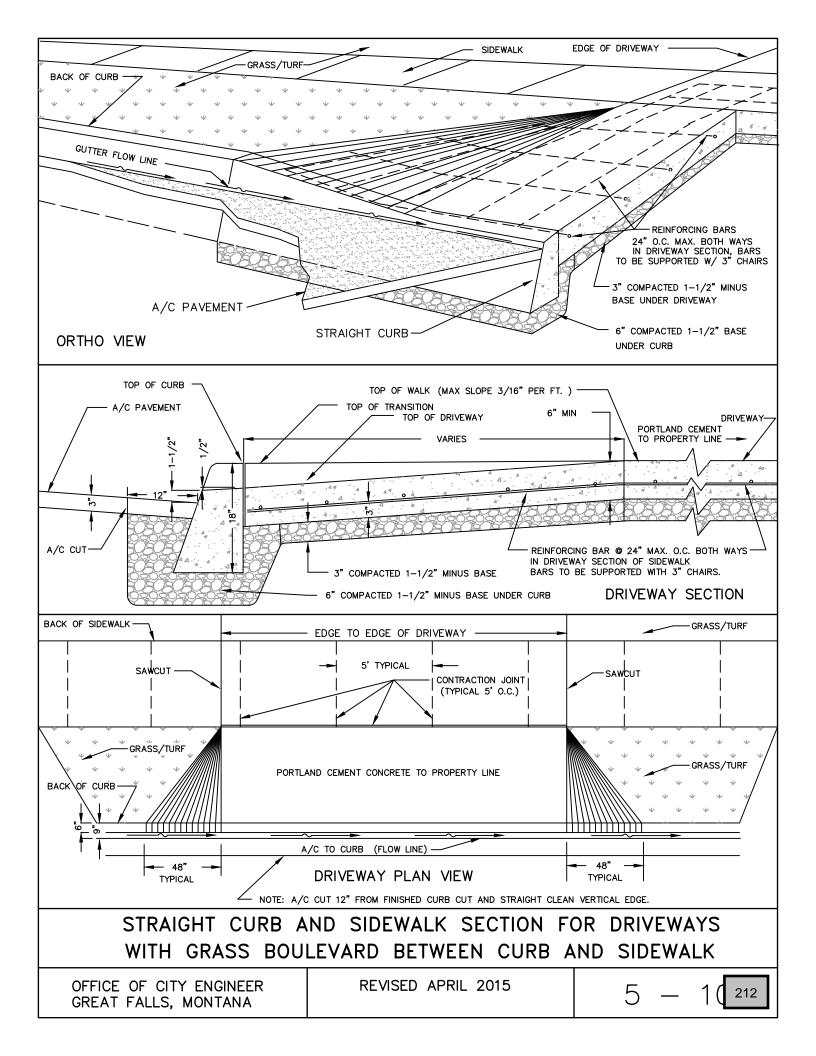


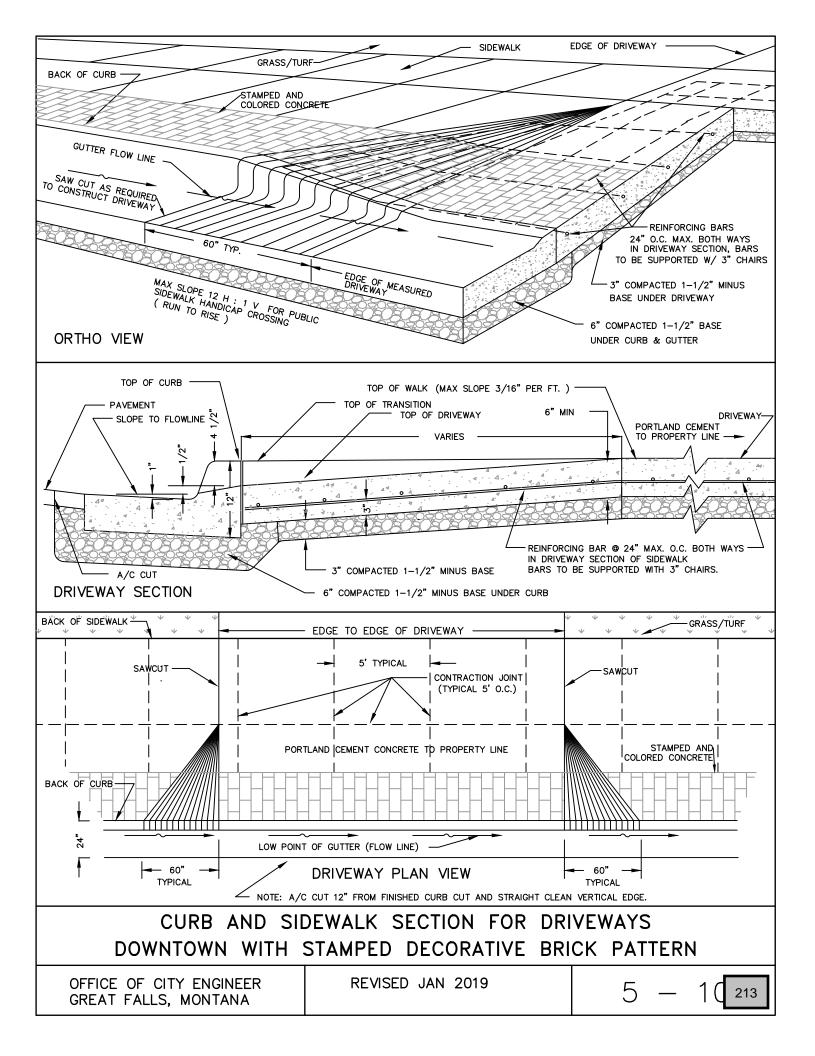


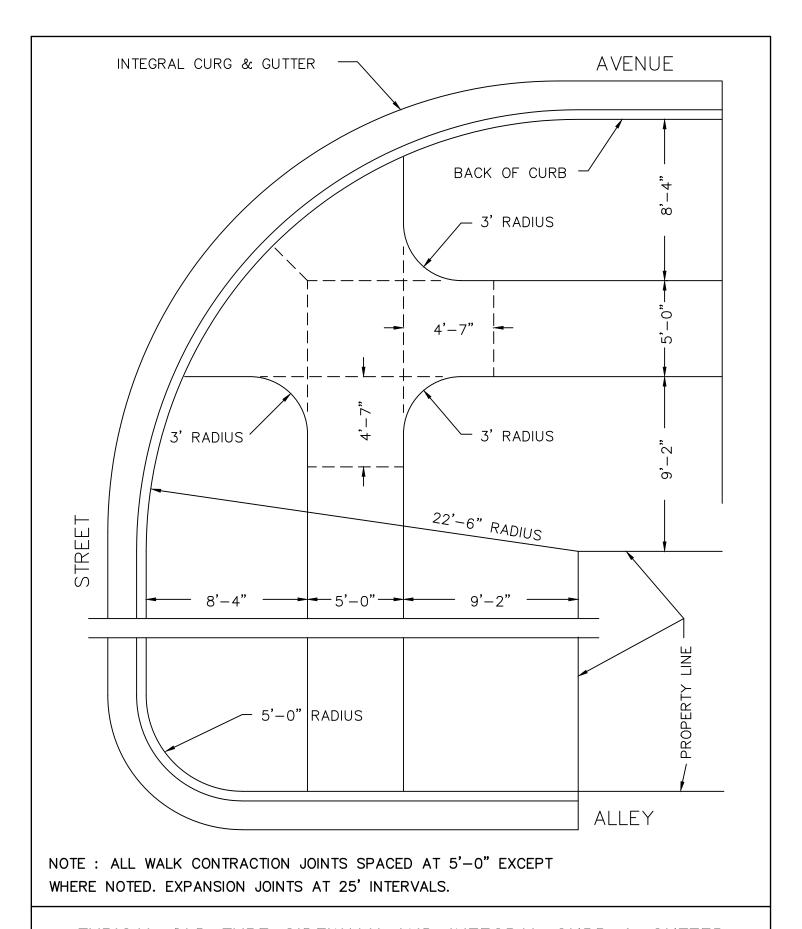


- 1. CURB & GUTTER SHALL HAVE A TOOLED CONTRACTION JOINT EVERY 10' AND BE SCORED A MIN. DEPTH OF 3\4"
- 2. CURB & GUTTER AND SIDEWALK SHALL HAVE 1\2" EXPANSION JOINT AT PC's, D.T's AND CURB TURNS
- 3. SIDEWALK SHALL HAVE A TOOLED CONTRACTION JOINT EVERY 5' AND BE SCORED A MIN. DEPTH OF 3\4"
- 4. ALL CONCRETE POURED INSIDE CITY R.O.W. SHALL BE 6 1\2 SACK AND 4000 PSI MIX DESIGN
- 5. PLACE GRAVEL BASE COURSE AS REQUIRED IN SPECIFICATIONS

CURB AND SIDEWALK SECTION







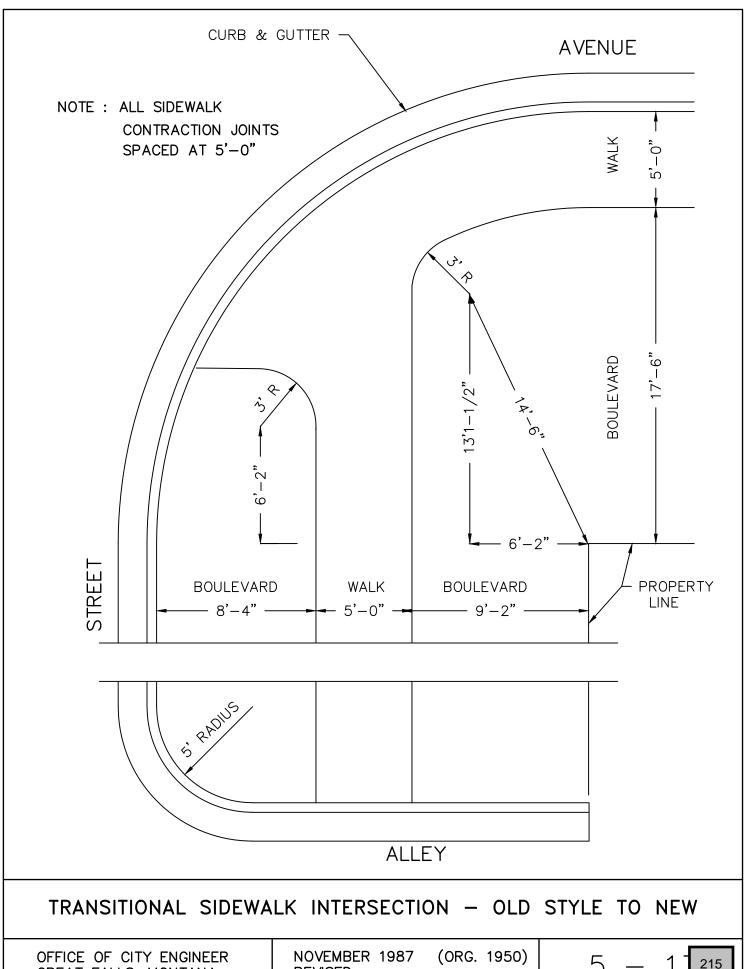
TYPICAL OLD TYPE SIDEWALK AND INTEGRAL CURB & GUTTER

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

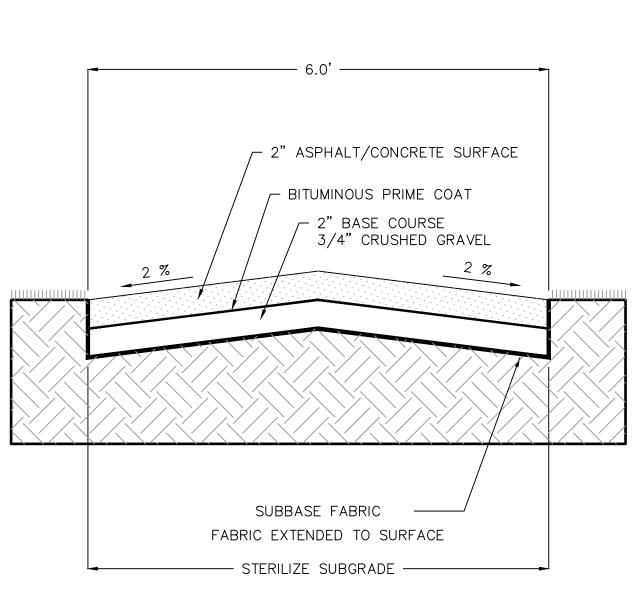
NOVEMBER 1987 (ORG. 1950) **REVISED**

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5 215 GREAT FALLS, MONTANA **REVISED**



NOTE: 2% GRADE IS EQUAL TO 1/4" PER FOOT.

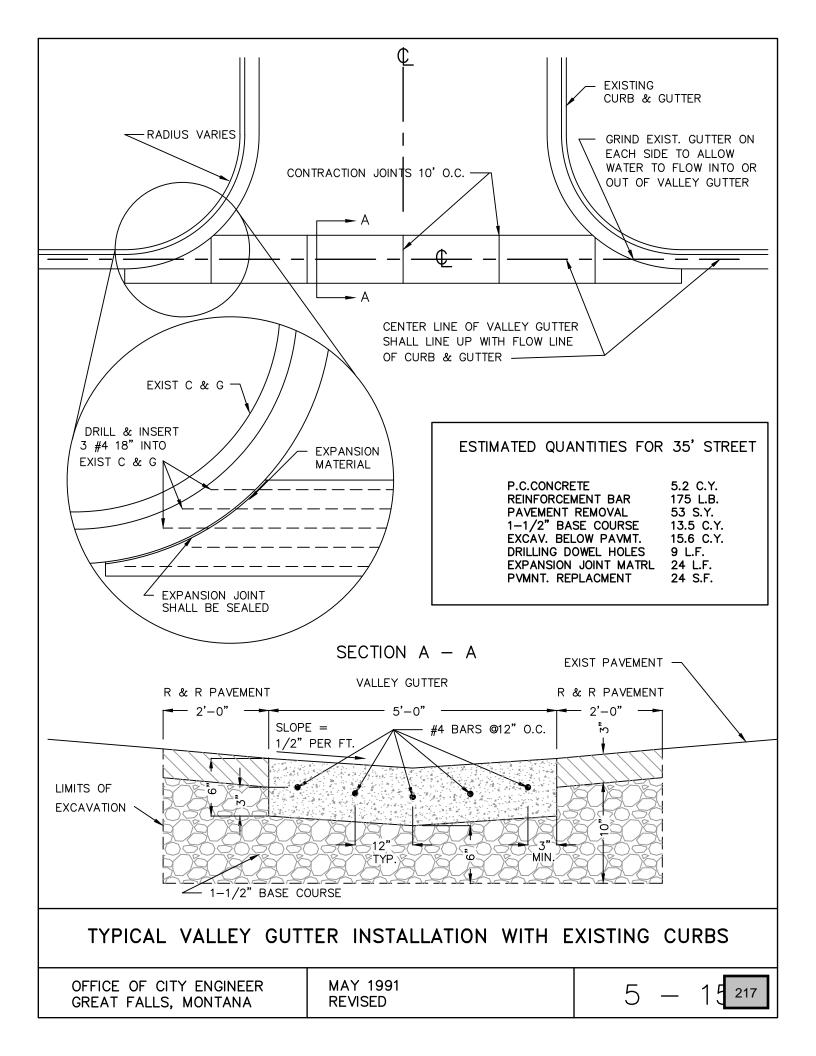
TYPICAL PARK PATH CROSS-SECTION

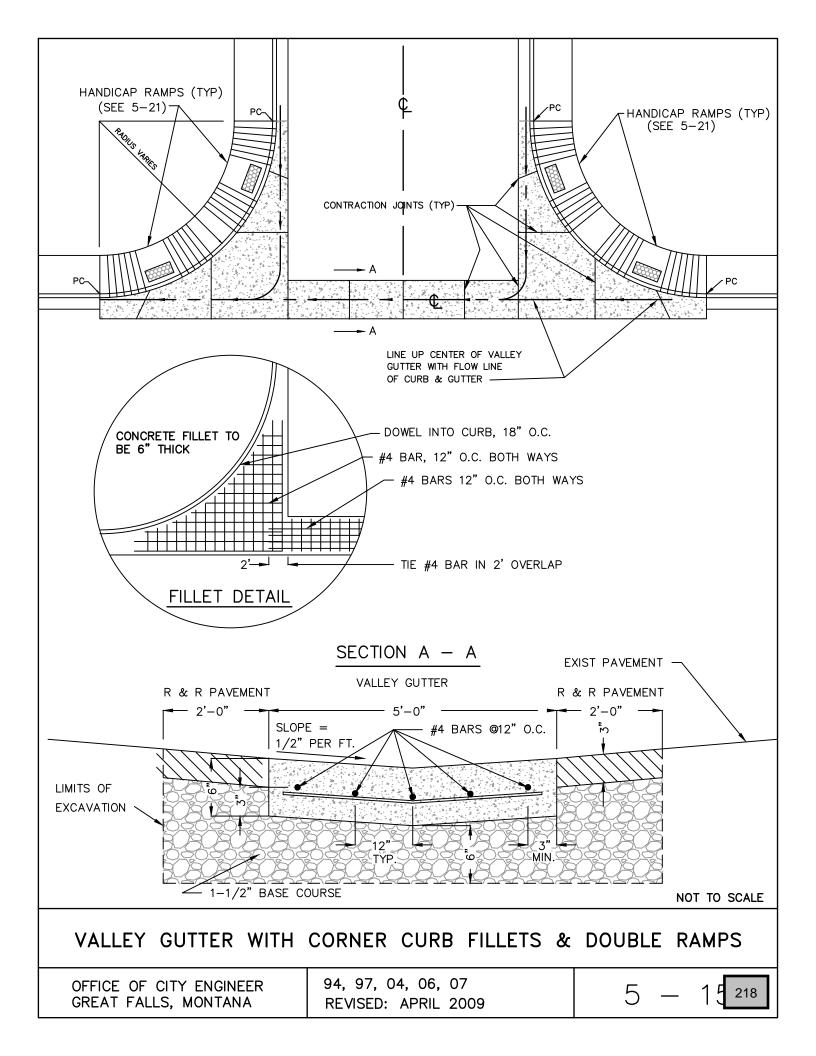
OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

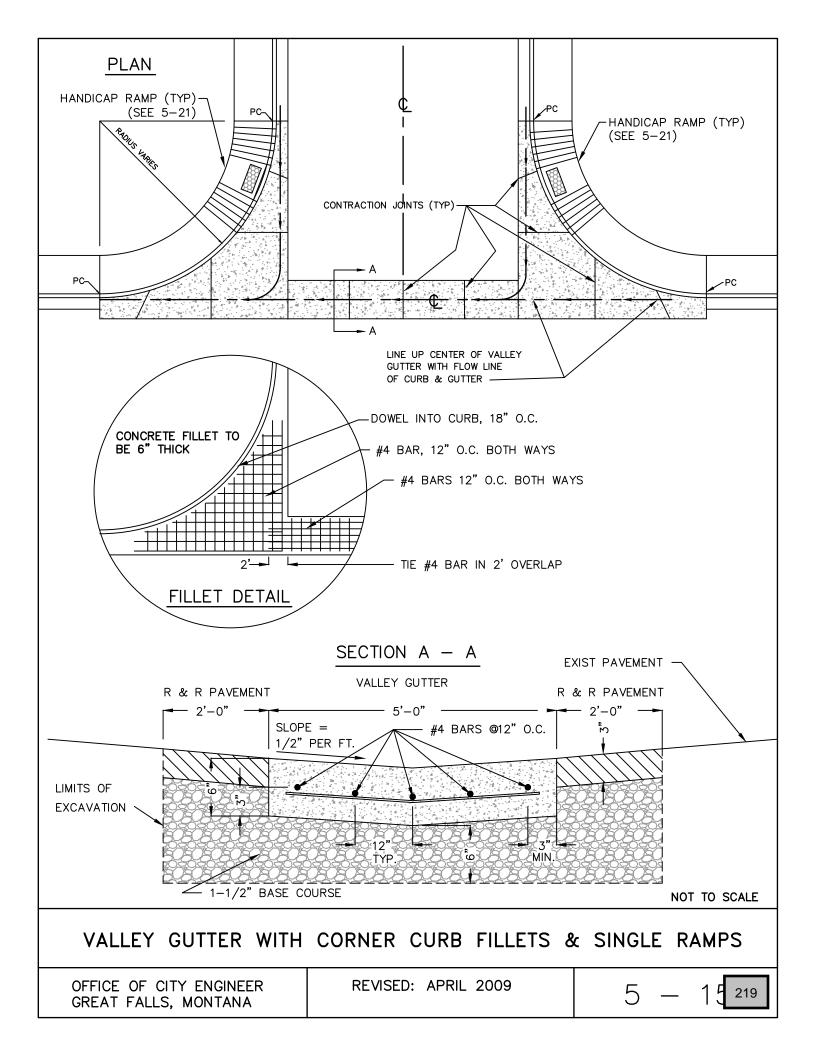
JANUARY 1988 REVISED

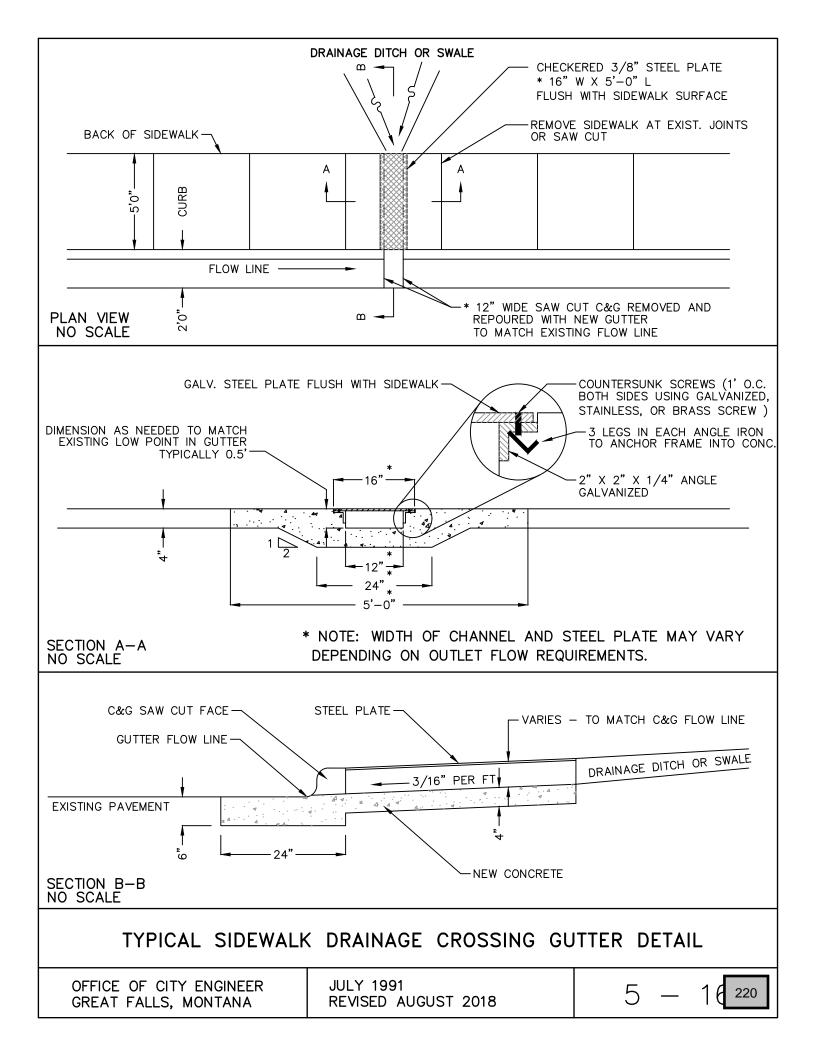
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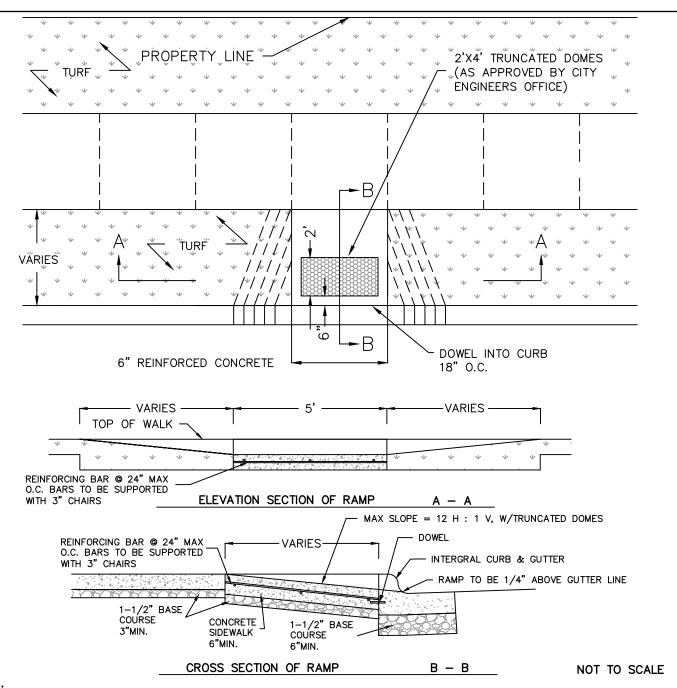
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- 1. SURFACE TEXTURE OF RAMP SHALL BE THAT OBTAINED BY A COARSE BROOMING TRAVERSE TO THE SLOPE OF THE RAMP.
- CARE SHALL BE TAKEN TO ASSURE A UNIFORM GRADE ON THE RAMP, FREE OF SAGS AND SHORT GRADE CHANGES.
- DRAINAGE STRUCTURES SHOULD NOT BE PLACED IN LINE WITH THE RAMP. LOCATION OF THE HANDICAP RAMP SHOULD TAKE PRECEDENCE OVER LOCATION OF NEW STORM DRAINAGE STRUCTURE INSTALLATIONS.
- 4. THE NORMAL GUTTER LINE PROFILE SHALL BE MAINTAINED THROUGH THE AREA OF THE RAMP. RAMP LIP TO BE $1/4^{\circ}$ ABOVE THE GUTTER LINE.
- 5. CROSSWALK AND STOP LINE MARKINGS , IF USED , SHALL BE SO LOCATED TO STOP TRAFFIC SHORT OF RAMP CROSSINGS.

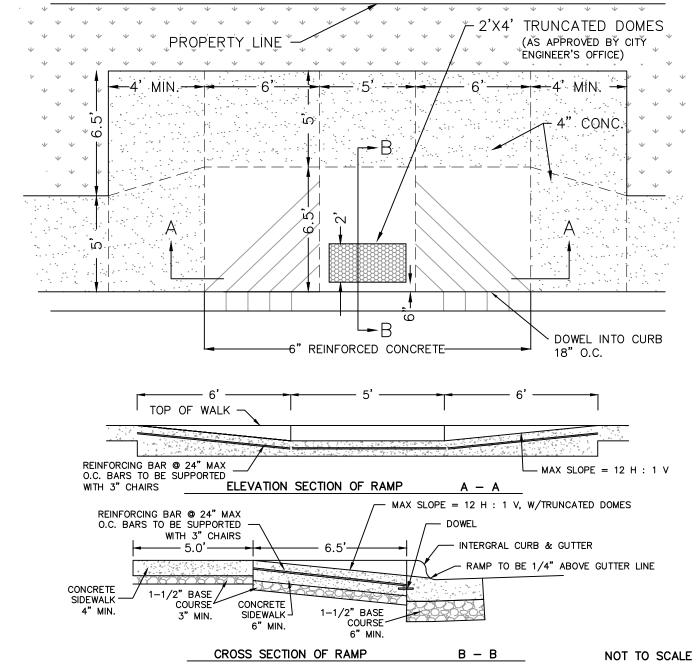
- 6. TRUNCATED DOMES SHALL BE INSTALLED AT THE BOTTOM 2' OF RAMPS, LOCATE THE EDGE OF THE PANEL NO MORE THAN 6" FROM THE BACK OF CURB. RED BRICK COLOR ONLY ON TRUNCATED DOMES.
- 7. CONCRETE IN RAMP AREAS SHALL BE 6" REINFORCED (24" O.C) USING 4,000 PSI MIX (6.5 SACK).
- 8. ALL 6" REINFORCED CONCRETE IN RAMP AREAS SHALL BE DOWELED INTO CURB AND GUTTER (18" O.C.)
- DOWEL INTO EXISTING CONCRETE AS DIRECTED BY CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE.
- 10. DOWELS SHALL BE #3 STRAIGHT (SMOOTH) BAR WITH A MIN. LENGTH OF 12" MIN. EMBED DEPTH SHALL BE 3"

HANDICAP RAMP - MID BLOCK (BOULEVARD)

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

REVISED MAY 2016

 $5 - 17^{221}$



- 1. SURFACE TEXTURE OF RAMP SHALL BE THAT OBTAINED BY A COARSE BROOMING TRAVERSE TO THE SLOPE OF THE RAMP.
- CARE SHALL BE TAKEN TO ASSURE A UNIFORM GRADE ON THE RAMP, FREE OF SAGS AND SHORT GRADE CHANGES.
- DRAINAGE STRUCTURES SHOULD NOT BE PLACED IN LINE WITH THE RAMP. LOCATION OF THE HANDICAP RAMP SHOULD TAKE PRECEDENCE OVER LOCATION OF NEW STORM DRAINAGE STRUCTURE INSTALLATIONS.
- 4. THE NORMAL GUTTER LINE PROFILE SHALL BE MAINTAINED THROUGH THE AREA OF THE RAMP. RAMP LIP TO BE $1/4^{\circ}$ ABOVE THE GUTTER LINE.
- 5. CROSSWALK AND STOP LINE MARKINGS , IF USED , SHALL BE SO LOCATED TO STOP TRAFFIC SHORT OF RAMP CROSSINGS.

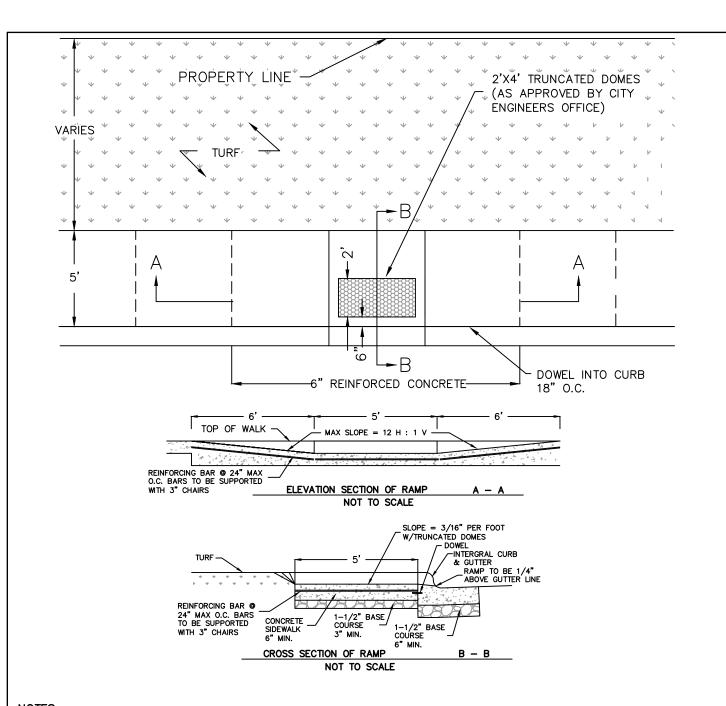
- TRUNCATED DOMES SHALL BE INSTALLED AT THE BOTTOM 2' OF RAMPS. WIDTH OF RAMPS MAY VARY. BRICK RED COLOR ONLY ON CONCRETE TRUNCATED DOMES.
- CONCRETE IN RAMP AREAS SHALL BE 6" REINFORCED (24" O.C) USING 4,000 PSI MIX (6.5 SACK).
- 8. ALL 6" REINFORCED CONCRETE IN RAMP AREAS SHALL BE DOWELED INTO CURB AND GUTTER (18" O.C.)
- DOWEL INTO EXISTING CONCRETE AS DIRECTED BY CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE.
- 10. DOWELS SHALL BE #3 STRAIGHT (SMOOTH) BAR WITH A MIN. LENGTH OF 12" MIN. EMBED DEPTH SHALL BE 3"

HANDICAP RAMP - MID BLOCK (SIDEWALK ADJACENT TO CURB, OFFSET LANDING)

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

JUNE 2016

 $5 - 1 \sqrt{222}$



- 1. SURFACE TEXTURE OF RAMP SHALL BE THAT OBTAINED BY A COARSE BROOMING TRAVERSE TO THE SLOPE OF THE RAMP.
- CARE SHALL BE TAKEN TO ASSURE A UNIFORM GRADE ON THE RAMP, FREE OF SAGS AND SHORT GRADE CHANGES.
- DRAINAGE STRUCTURES SHOULD NOT BE PLACED IN LINE WITH THE RAMP. LOCATION OF THE HANDICAP RAMP SHOULD TAKE PRECEDENCE OVER LOCATION OF NEW STORM DRAINAGE STRUCTURE INSTALLATIONS.
- 4. THE NORMAL GUTTER LINE PROFILE SHALL BE MAINTAINED THROUGH THE AREA OF THE RAMP. RAMP LIP TO BE $1/4^{\prime\prime}$ ABOVE THE GUTTER LINE.
- 5. CROSSWALK AND STOP LINE MARKINGS , IF USED , SHALL BE SO LOCATED TO STOP TRAFFIC SHORT OF RAMP CROSSINGS.

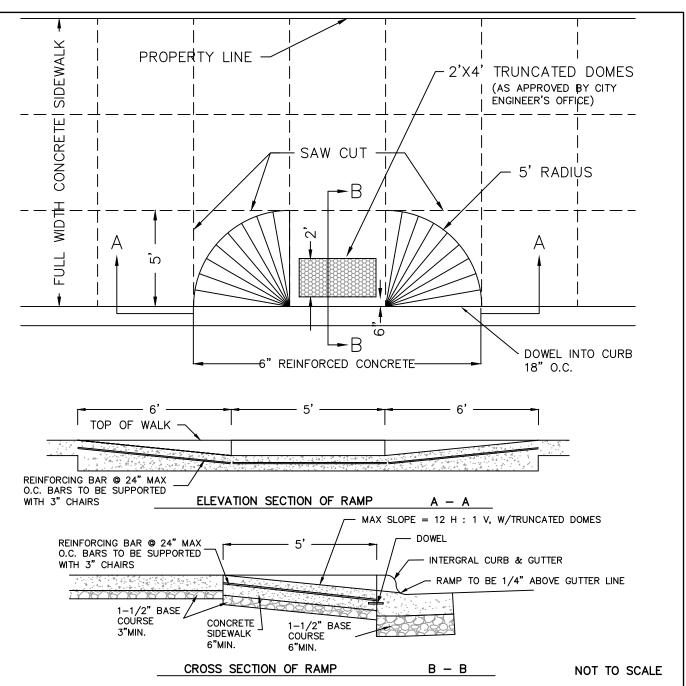
- 6. TRUNCATED DOMES SHALL BE INSTALLED AT THE BOTTOM 2' OF RAMPS, LOCATE THE EDGE OF THE PANEL NO MORE THAN 6" FROM THE BACK OF CURB. RED BRICK COLOR ONLY ON TRUNCATED DOMES.
- 7. CONCRETE IN RAMP AREAS SHALL BE 6" REINFORCED (24" O.C) USING 4,000 PSI MIX (6.5 SACK).
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- DOWEL INTO EXISTING CONCRETE AS DIRECTED BY CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE.
- DOWELS SHALL BE #3 STRAIGHT (SMOOTH) BAR WITH A MIN. LENGTH OF 12" MIN. EMBED DEPTH SHALL BE 3"

HANDICAP RAMP - MID BLOCK (SIDEWALK ADJACENT)

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

JUNE 2016

5 - 17



- 1. SURFACE TEXTURE OF RAMP SHALL BE THAT OBTAINED BY A COARSE BROOMING TRAVERSE TO THE SLOPE OF THE RAMP.
- CARE SHALL BE TAKEN TO ASSURE A UNIFORM GRADE ON THE RAMP, FREE OF SAGS AND SHORT GRADE CHANGES.
- 3. DRAINAGE STRUCTURES SHOULD NOT BE PLACED IN LINE WITH THE RAMP. LOCATION OF THE HANDICAP RAMP SHOULD TAKE PRECEDENCE OVER LOCATION OF NEW STORM DRAINAGE STRUCTURE INSTALLATIONS.
- 4. THE NORMAL GUTTER LINE PROFILE SHALL BE MAINTAINED THROUGH THE AREA OF THE RAMP. RAMP LIP TO BE $1/4^{\circ}$ ABOVE THE GUTTER LINE.
- 5. CROSSWALK AND STOP LINE MARKINGS , IF USED , SHALL BE SO LOCATED TO STOP TRAFFIC SHORT OF RAMP CROSSINGS.

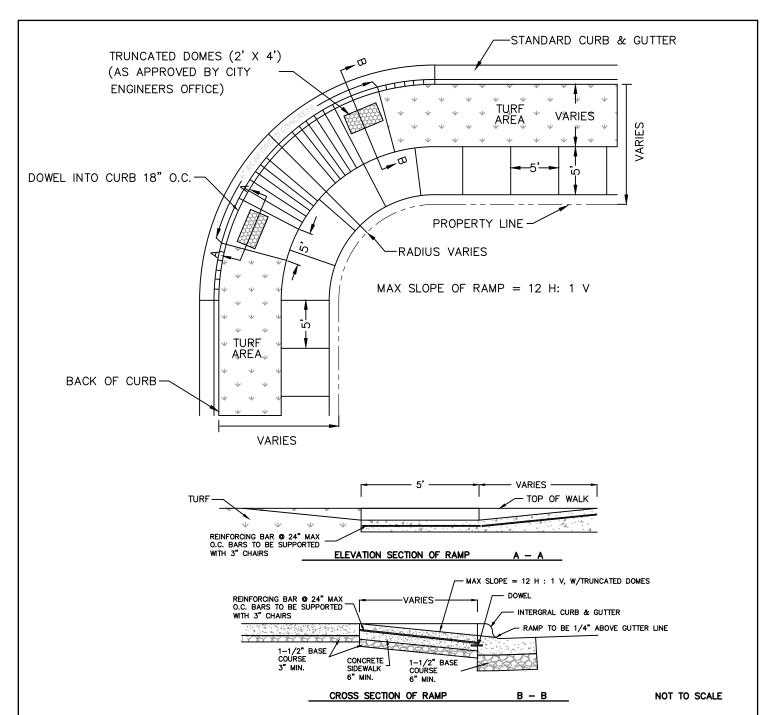
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HANDICAP RAMP - MID BLOCK

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

REVISED MAY 2016

 $5 - 18^{224}$



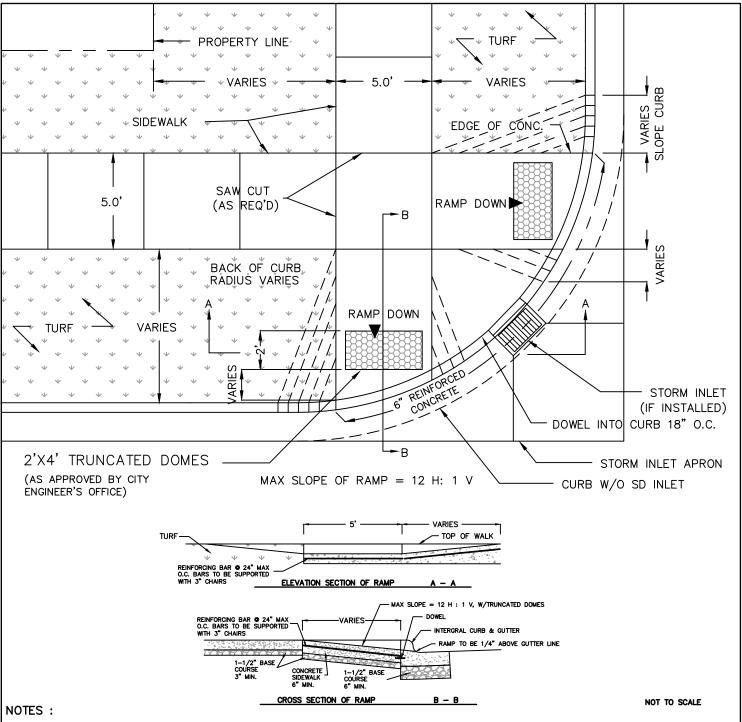
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DOUBLE HANDICAP RAMPS AT ROUNDED SIDEWALK BOULEVARD AREAS

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

REVISED MAY 2016

 $5 - 19^{225}$



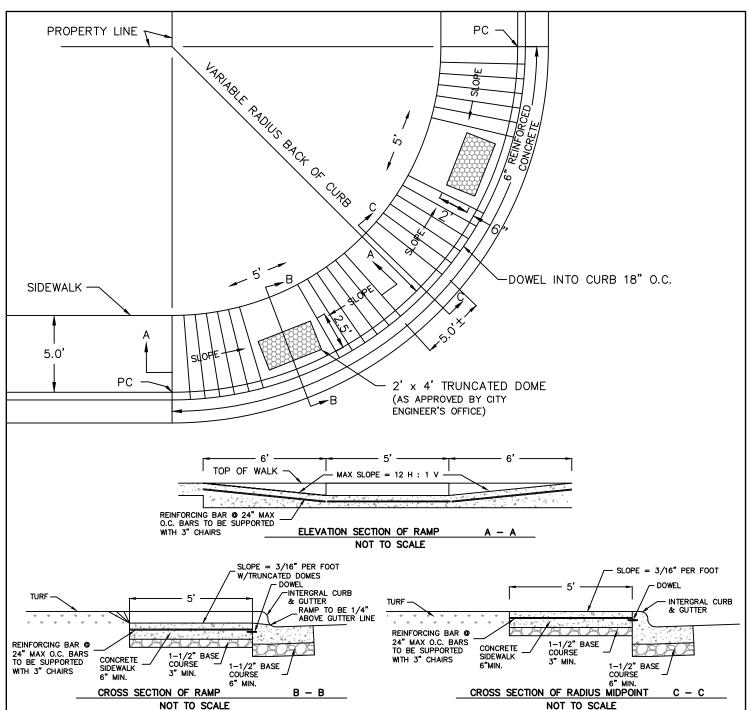
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- 10. DOWELS SHALL BE #3 STRAIGHT (SMOOTH) BAR WITH A MIN. LENGTH OF 12" MIN. EMBED DEPTH SHALL BE 3"

DOUBLE HANDICAP RAMPS AT CORNERS IN BOULEVARD AREAS

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

REVISED MAY 2016

5 - 2(226)



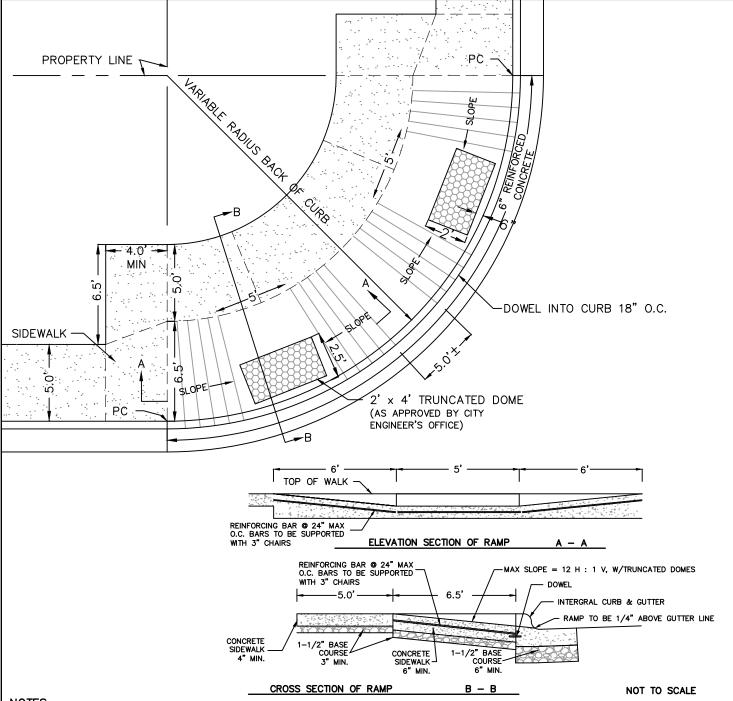
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DOUBLE HANDICAP RAMPS WITH SIDEWALK ADJACENT TO CURB

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

REVISED MAY 2016

5 - 2 2 227

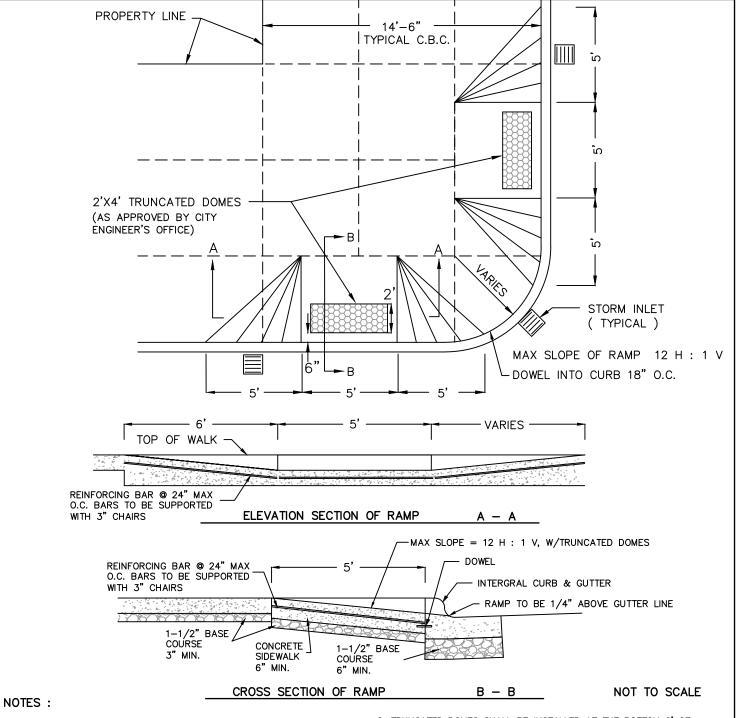


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- 4. THE NORMAL GUTTER LINE PROFILE SHALL BE MAINTAINED THROUGH THE AREA OF THE RAMP. RAMP LIP TO BE $1/4^{\prime\prime}$ ABOVE THE GUTTER LINE.
- 5. CROSSWALK AND STOP LINE MARKINGS , IF USED , SHALL BE SO LOCATED TO STOP TRAFFIC SHORT OF RAMP CROSSINGS.
- 6. TRUNCATED DOMES SHALL BE INSTALLED AT THE BOTTOM 2' OF RAMPS. WIDTH OF RAMPS MAY VARY. BRICK RED COLOR ONLY ON CONCRETE TRUNCATED DOMES.
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DOUBLE HANDICAP RAMPS WITH SIDEWALK ADJACENT TO CURB

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

REVISED JUNE 2016



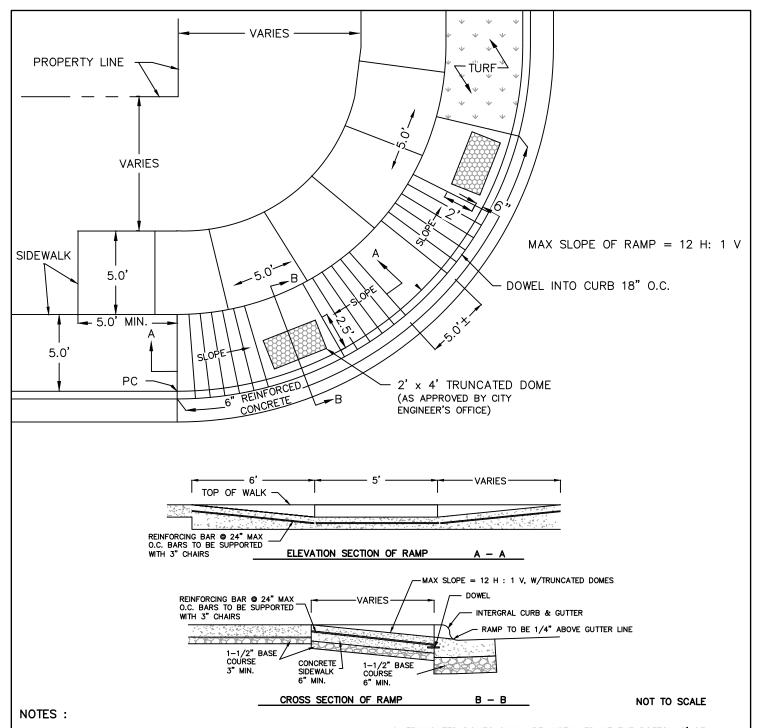
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HANDICAP RAMPS - CENTRAL BUSINESS DISTRICT

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

REVISED MAY 2016

 $5 - 2^{229}$



- 1. SURFACE TEXTURE OF RAMP SHALL BE THAT OBTAINED BY A COARSE BROOMING TRAVERSE TO THE SLOPE OF THE RAMP.
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DOUBLE HANDICAP RAMPS WITH SIDEWALK ADJACENT TO CURB AND BOULEVARD AREAS

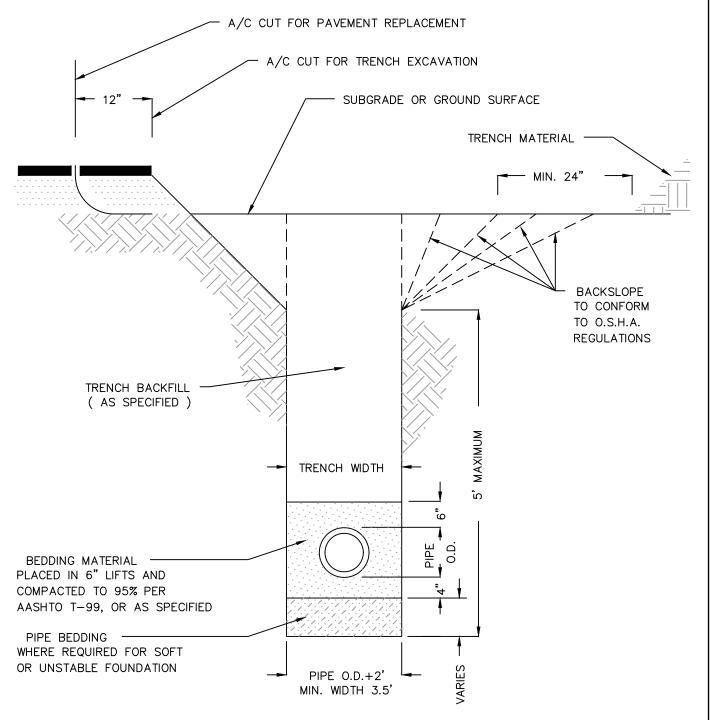
OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

REVISED MARCH 2017

 $5 - 24^{230}$

NOTE: WHERE TRENCH PASSES THROUGH EXISTING PAVEMENT
THE PAVEMENT SHALL BE CUT ALONG A NEAT VERTICAL LINE
12" FROM THE A/C CUT AT THE EDGE OF THE TRENCH OPENING
AFTER RESTORATION OF THE TRENCH BACKELL

AFTER RESTORATION OF THE TRENCH BACKFILL.



NOTE: WHEN IN UNSTABLE OR SOFT MATERIAL, TRENCH WALLS
SHALL BE BACKSLOPED FROM THE BOTTOM OF THE TRENCH

TYPICAL TYPE 1 TRENCH DETAIL

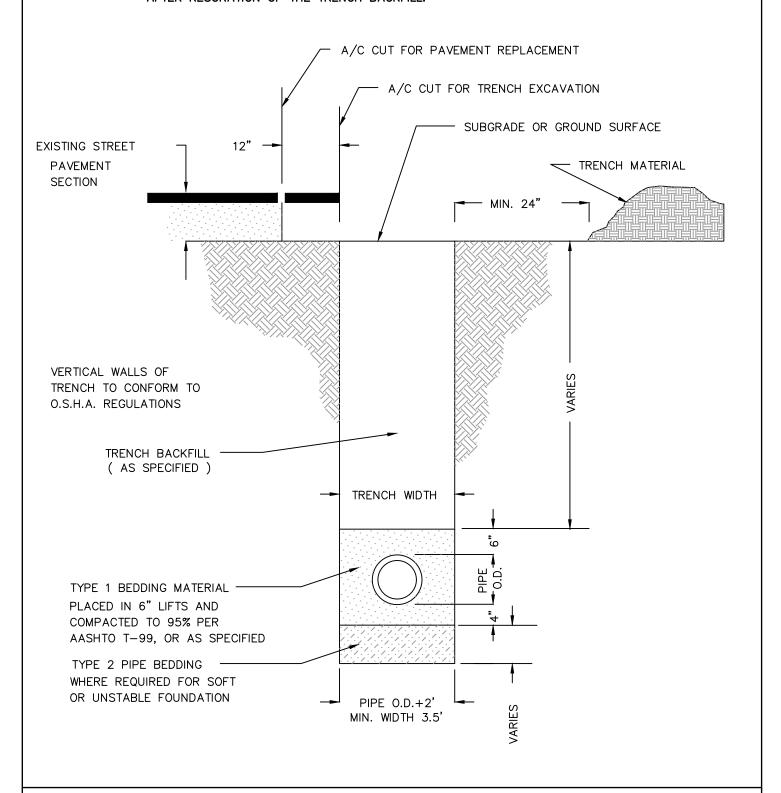
OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

NOVEMBER 1987 REVISED

5 - 3



NOTE: WHERE TRENCH PASSES THROUGH EXISTING PAVEMENT
THE PAVEMENT SHALL BE CUT ALONG A NEAT VERTICAL LINE
12" FROM THE A/C CUT AT THE EDGE OF THE TRENCH OPENING
AFTER RESORATION OF THE TRENCH BACKFILL.

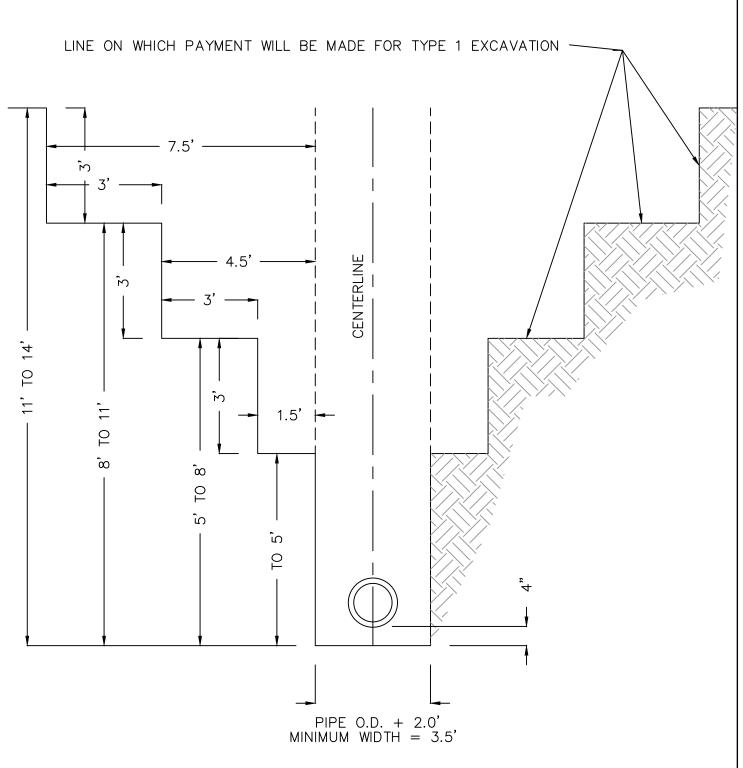


TYPICAL TYPE 2 TRENCH DETAIL

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

NOVEMBER 1987 REVISED APR 1999

 $5 - 3^{\circ}$



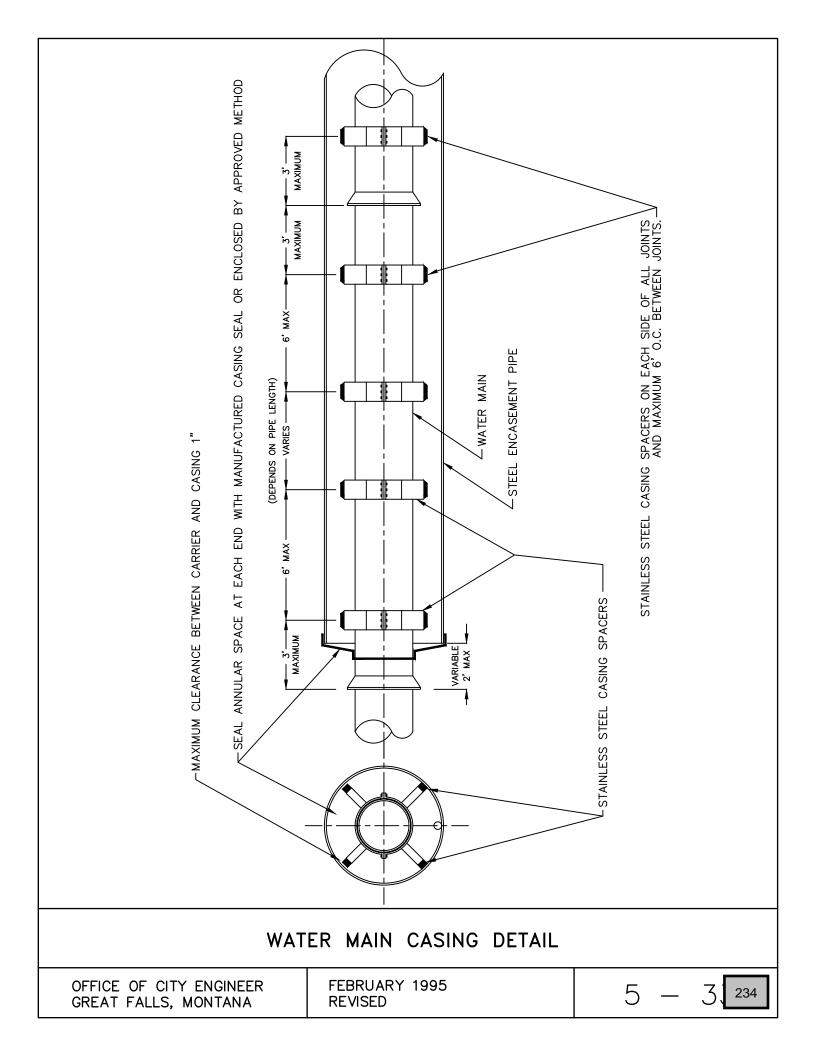
TRENCH DEPTH WILL BE MEASURED ALONG THE CENTERLINE OF THE TRENCH AT DEPTHS EQUAL TO THE VERTICAL DISTANCE FROM THE FINISHED GROUND SURFACE, OR TOP OF PAVEMENT, TO THE FLOW (INVERT) LINE OF THE PIPE PLUS THE THICKNESS OF THE PIPE BARREL AND BEDDING MATERIAL.

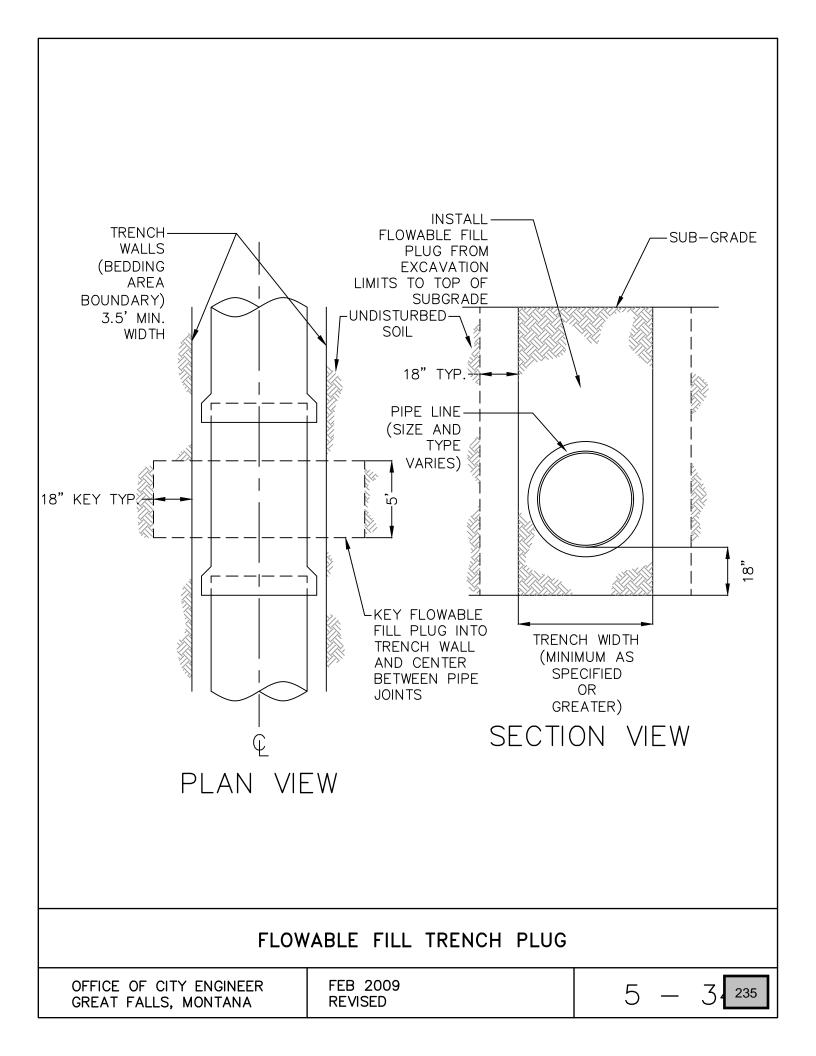
TYPE 1 TRENCH - METHOD OF PAYMENT

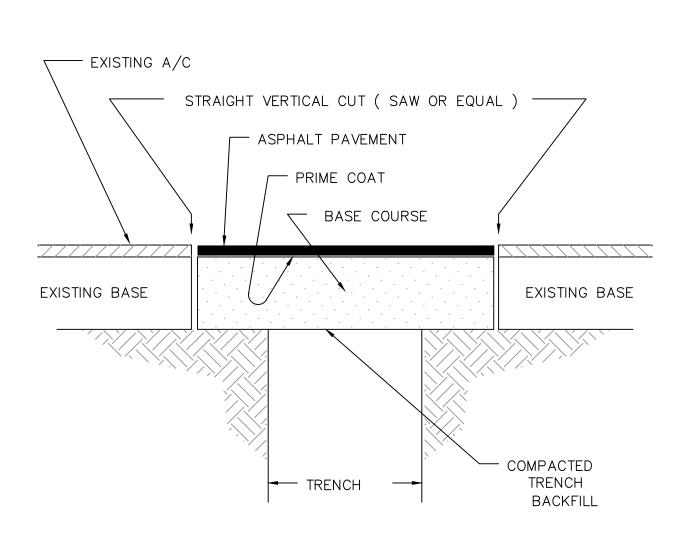
OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

NOVEMBER 1987 REVISED

5 - 3 233







PAVEMENT TO BE 2'-0" WIDER THAN PAY WIDTH OF TRENCH EXCAVATION.

PAVEMENT SHALL BE ASPHALTIC CONCRETE ,UNLESS SPECIFIED OTHERWISE.

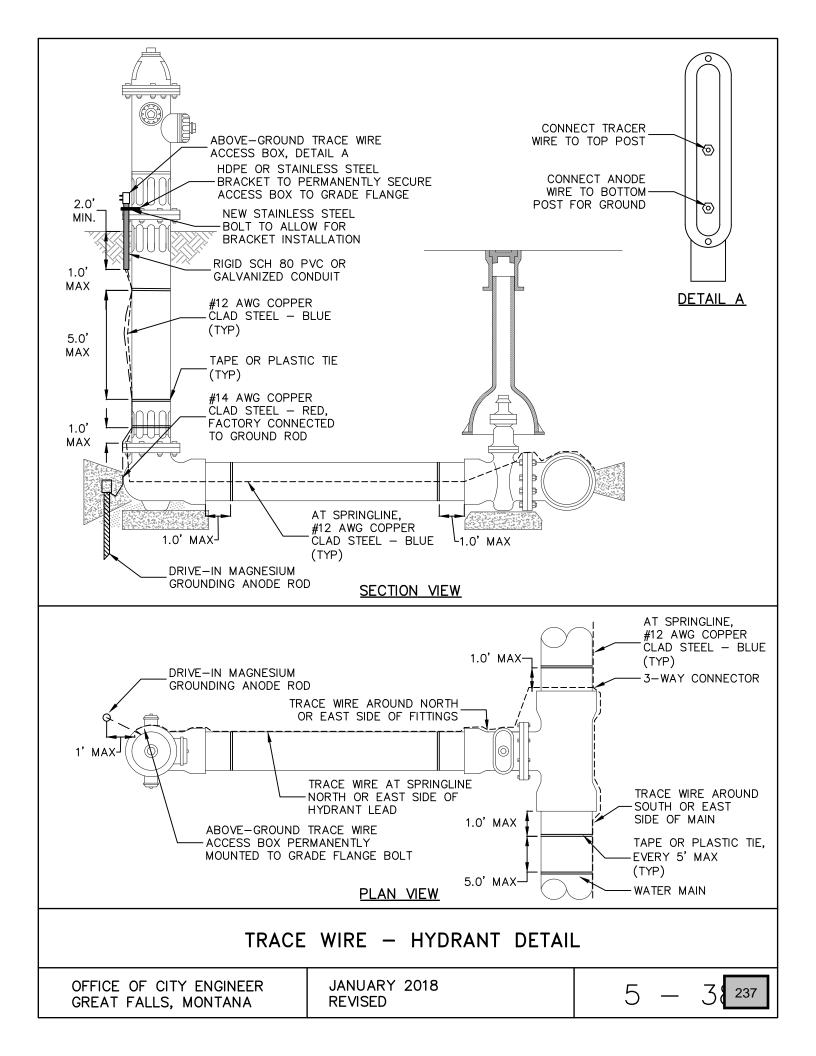
ASPHALTIC CONCRETE AND BASE COURSE MATERIALS SHALL BE PLACED AS CALLED FOR IN SPECIFICATIONS.

PAY WIDTH OF PAVEMENT REPLACEMENT EQUALS WIDTH OF TRENCH EXCAVATION PLUS 2'-0".

TYPICAL TRENCH PAVEMENT REPLACEMENT

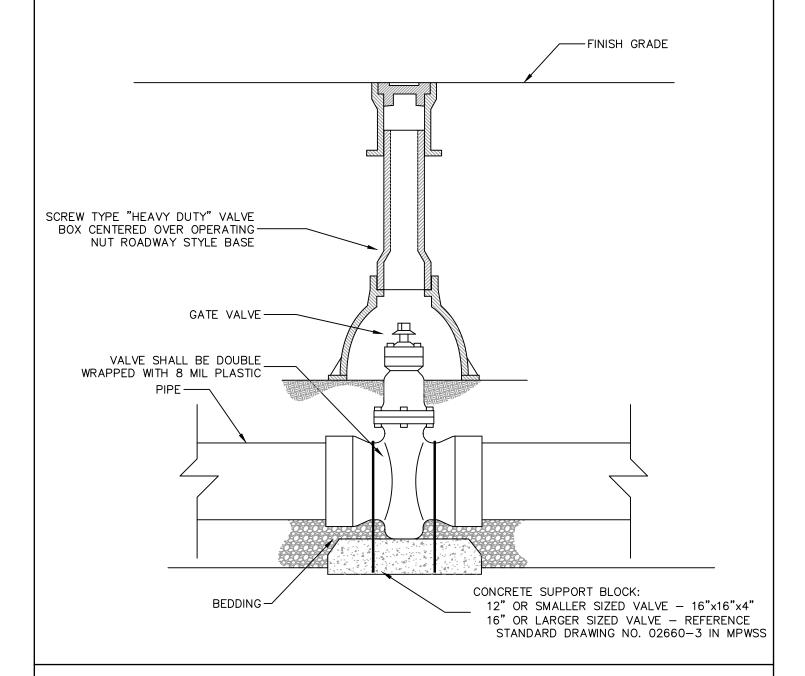
OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

NOVEMBER 1987 REVISED 5 - 3(236)

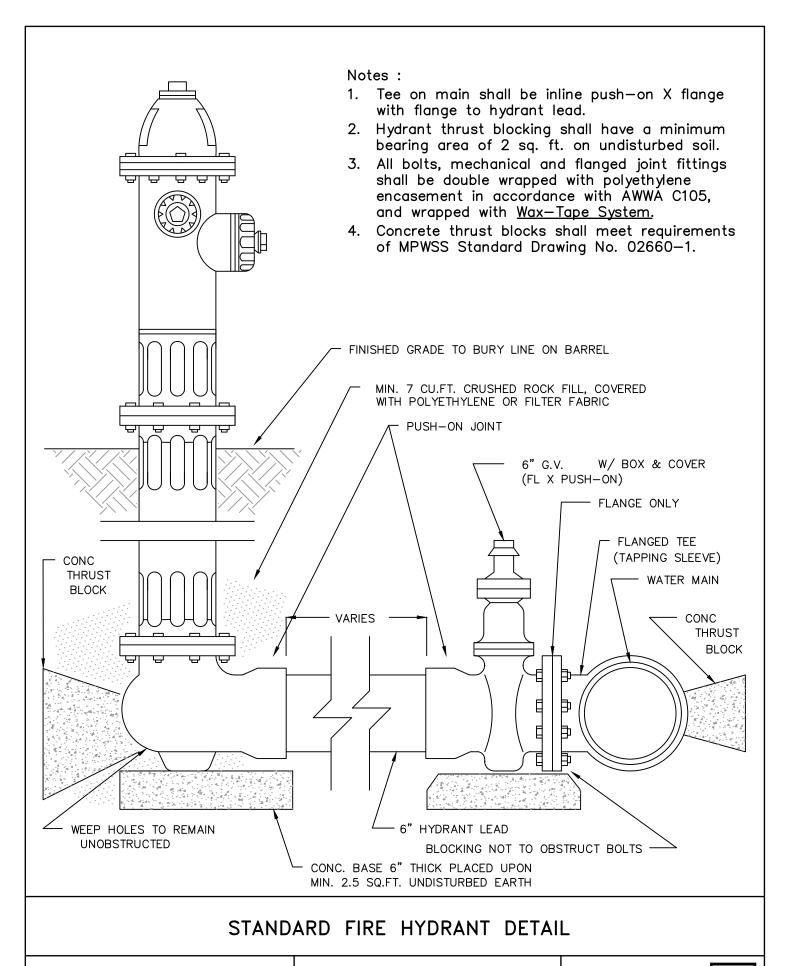


Notes:

- 1. The use of "Drop In" risers to achieve final grade is not allowed.
- 2. Three piece riser shall be used. A four piece riser with upward adjustment shall be allowed for deeper valves.
- 3. Engineer may require additional support and rebar anchor system for valves 12" and smaller depending on location and project conditions.
- 4. All bolts, mechanical and flanged joint fittings shall be double wrapped with polyethylene encasement in accordance with AWWA C105, and wrapped with <u>Wax-Tape System</u>.
- 5. 16" or larger sized valves shall be butterfly valves. Operating nut shall be on south or east side of water main. Rebar anchor system required.

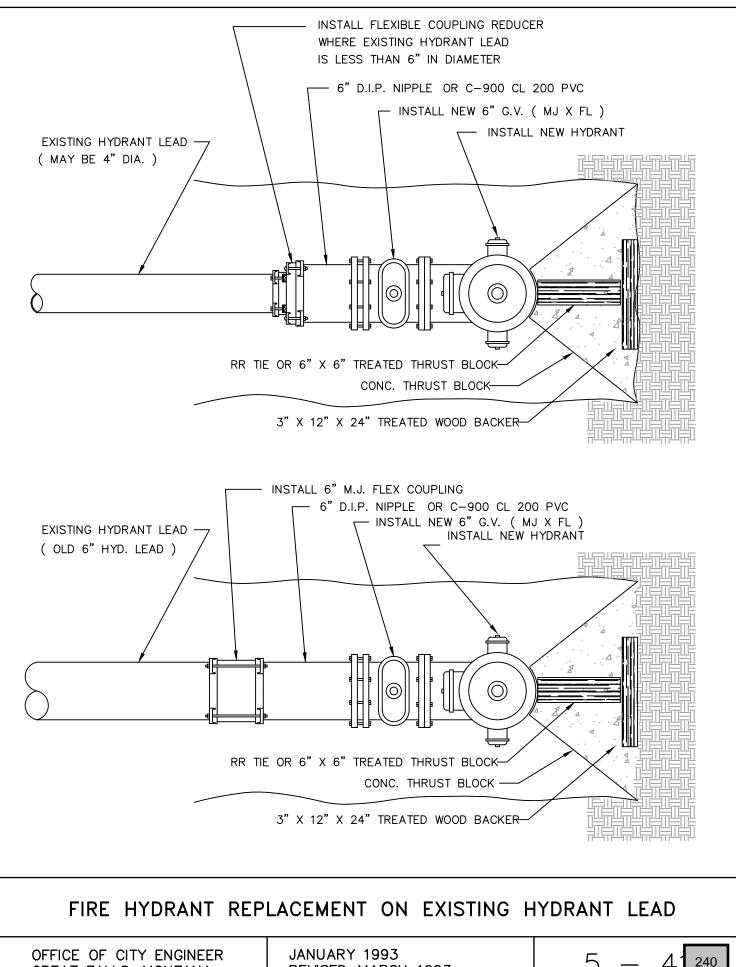


STANDARD GATE VALVE DETAIL



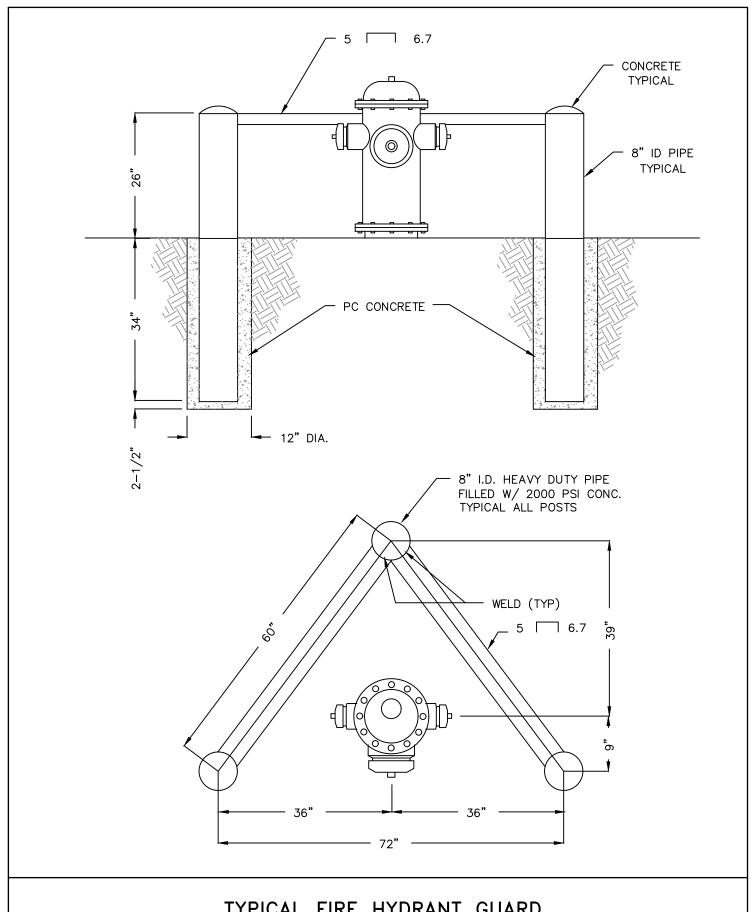
OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

NOVEMBER 1987 REVISED MARCH 2018 5 - 4(239)



OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

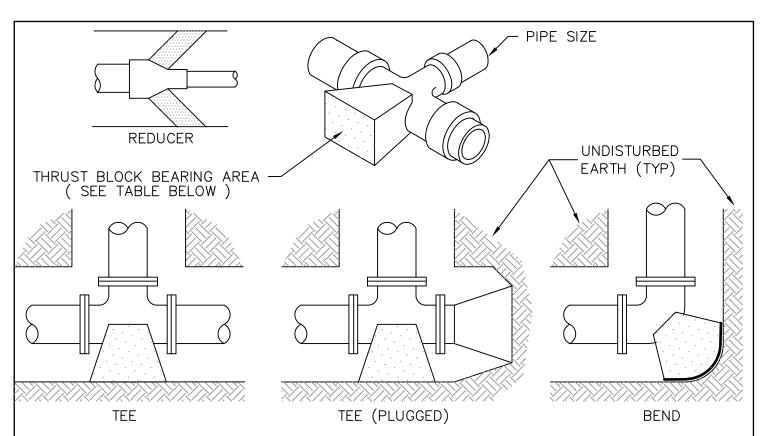
JANUARY 1993 **REVISED MARCH 1993**



TYPICAL FIRE HYDRANT GUARD

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

NOVEMBER 1987 **REVISED**



* Blocking for tapping sleeves shall be the same as tee.

Blocking is required on reducer (or increaser) if reducing over one pipe size.

MINIMUM THRUST BLOCK BEARING AREA (SQUARE FEET)					
PIPE SIZE	TEES * & PLUGS	90 Deg BEND	45 Deg & WYES	22-1/2 BEND & REDUCER #	VALVES
4"	1.8	2.6	1.4	0.8	4.0
6"	3.8	5.2	2.9	1.5	4.0
8"	6.7	9.5	5.0	2.6	4.0
10"	10.8	15.3	8.3	4.2	6.25
12"	15.3	21.8	11.9	5.8	9.0
14"	20.8	28.8	16.2	8.3	10.5
16"	27.4	37.7	20.9	10.8	16.0
18"	34.7	47.7	26.6	13.6	16.25
20"	42.8	58.9	32.7	16.8	
24"	61.7	84.8	47.1	24.2	32.5
30"	96.4	123.5	73.6	37.9	

NOTE:

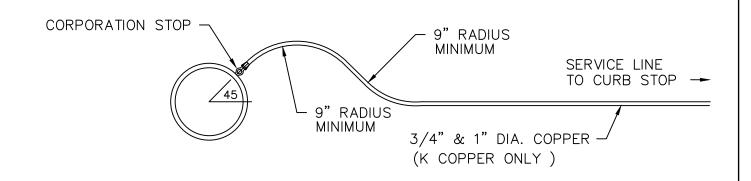
- 1. This table is based on 150# PSI main pressure & 2000 # soil pressure.
- 2. Wrap all fittings with polyethlene.
- 3. Blocking for valves where determined by Engineer.
- 4. Concrete used for thrust blocks shall be allowed to 'CURE' for approx. 24 hours.

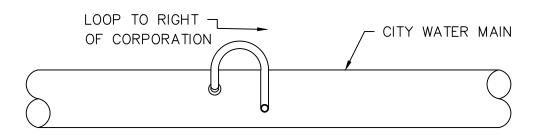
THRUST BLOCKING DETAILS FOR WATER MAIN FITTINGS

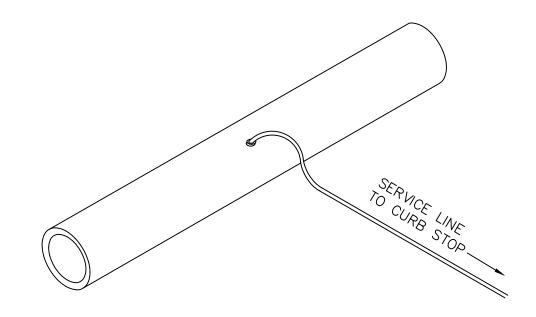
OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

DECEMBER 1987 REVISED

5 -







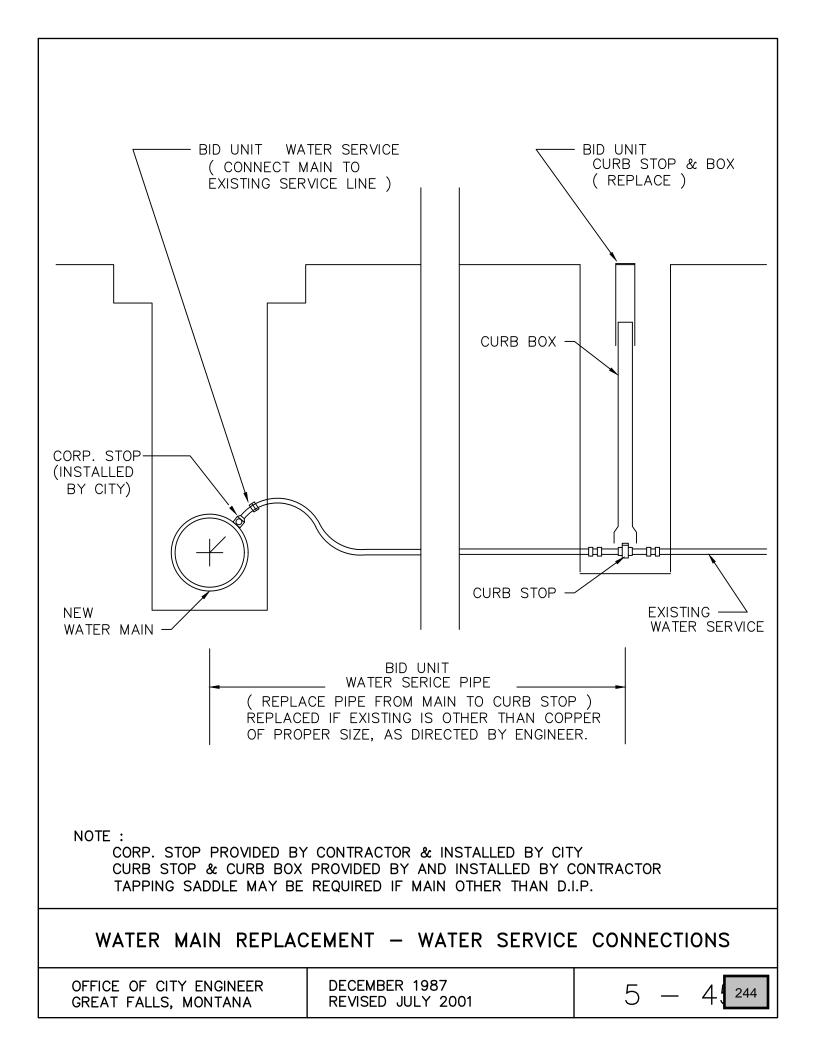
NOTE: CORPORATION STOP PROVIDED & INSTALLED BY CITY.

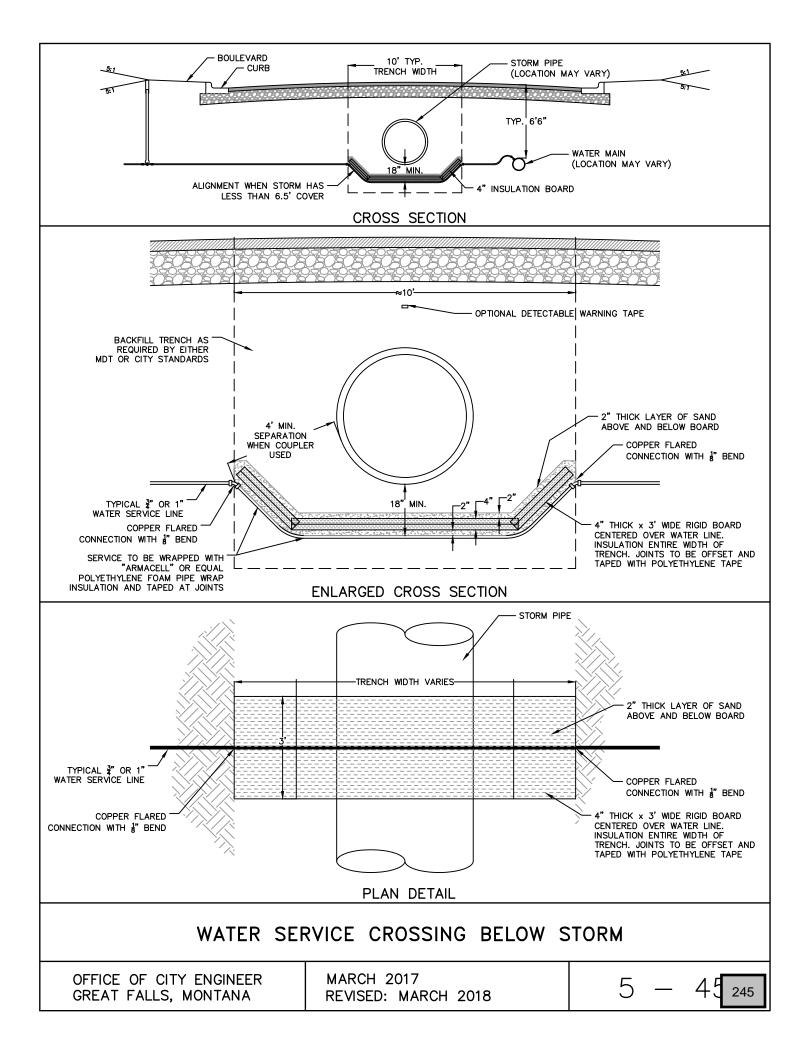
TAP MAY REQUIRE SADDLE ON ACP OR PVC MAINS.

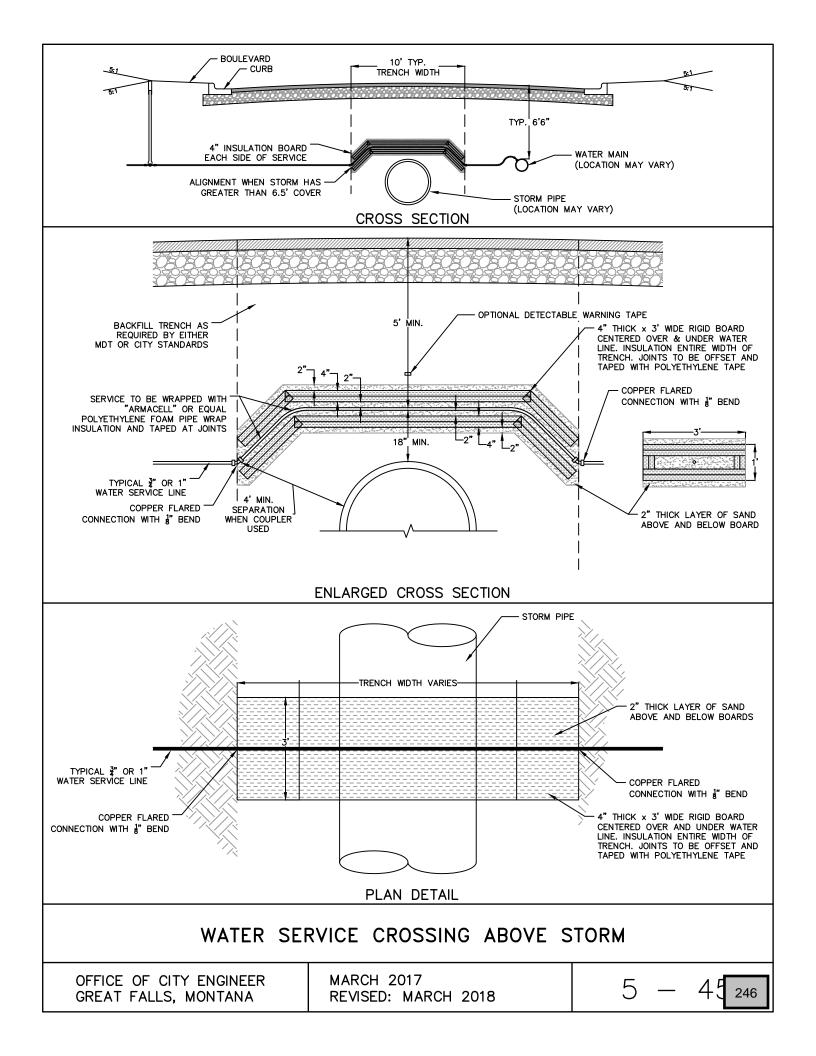
EXPANSION LOOP - WATER SERVICE LINE CONNECTION AT MAIN

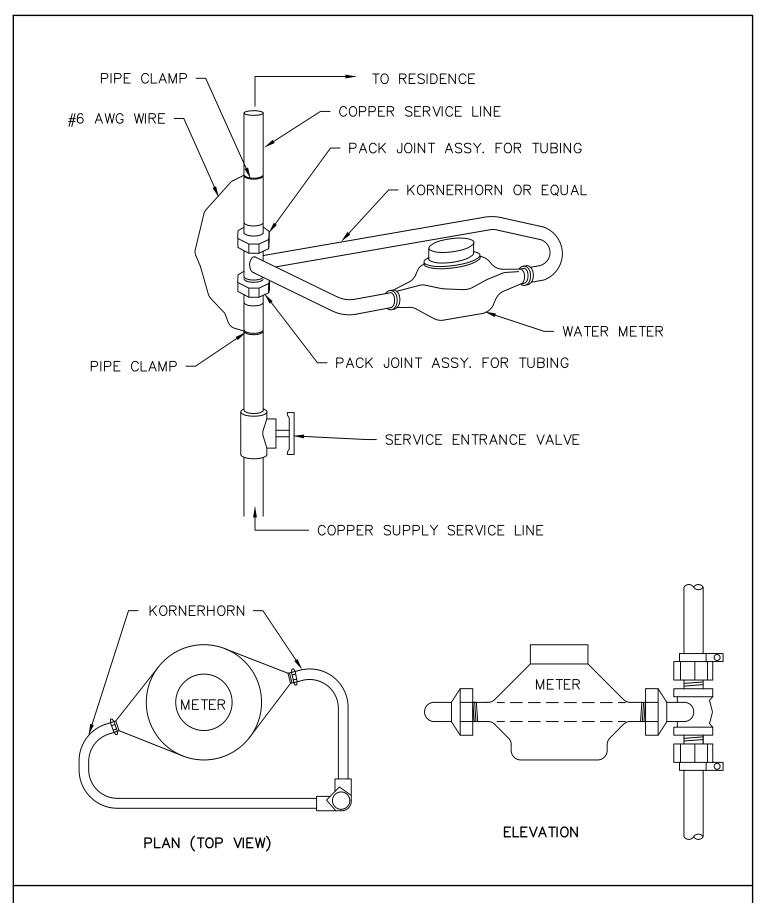
OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

NOVEMBER 1987 REVISED $5 - 4^{243}$







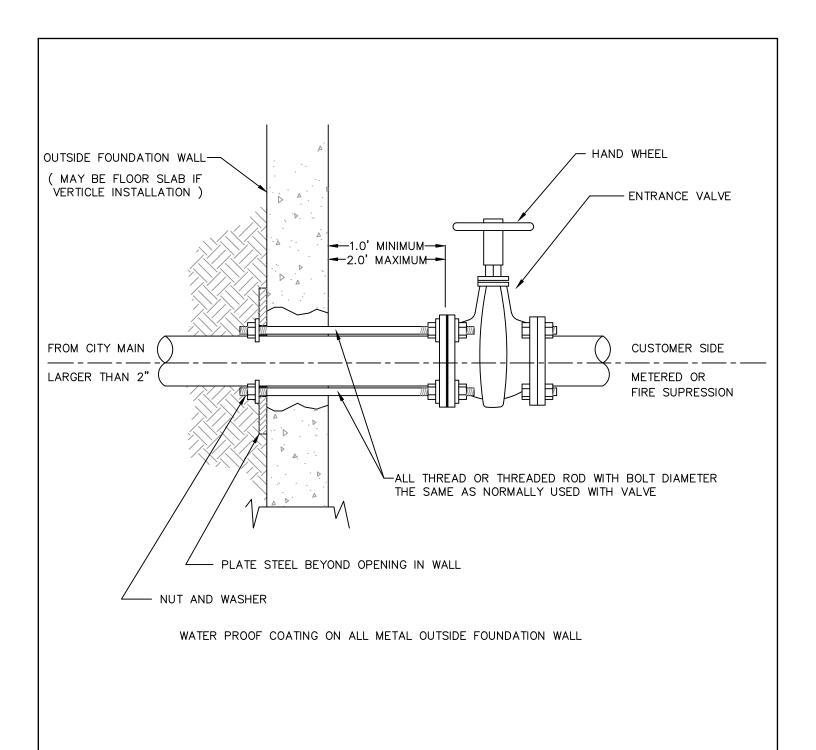


TYPICAL WATER METER INSTALLATION

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

NOVEMBER 1987 REVISED

5 - 4(247)



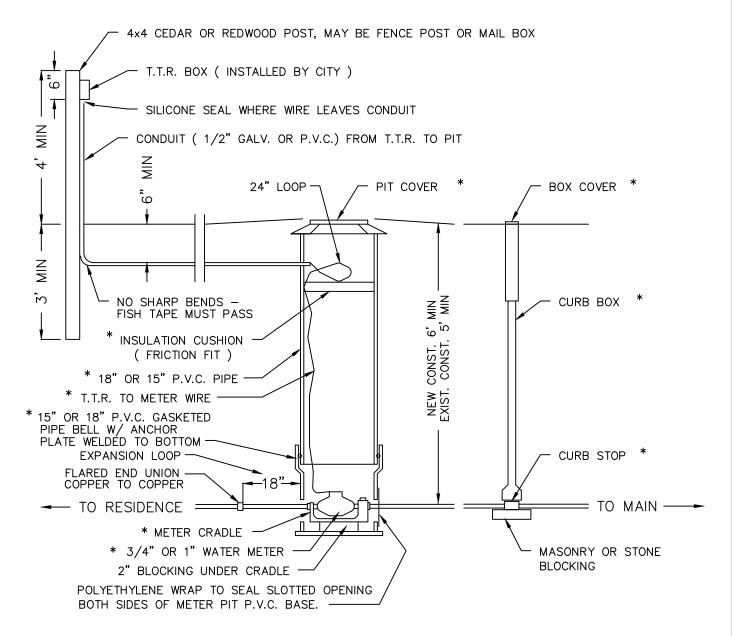
WATER SERVICE ENTRANCE OVER 2" DIAMETER

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

FEBRUARY 1995 REVISED

5 - 41

CURB BOX SHALL BE LOCATED IMMEDIATELY BEHIND CURB OR SIDEWALK METER PIT SHALL BE PLACED ADJACENT TO DISCHARGE SIDE OF CURB BOX.



* = PARTS SUPPLIED BY CITY TO CONTRACTOR

NOTE:

PLUMBER SHALL SEAL METER REGISTER WITH DOW-CORNING SILICONE SEALANT OR APPROVED EQUAL. (BLACK IN COLOR)

RESIDENTIAL WATER METER PIT

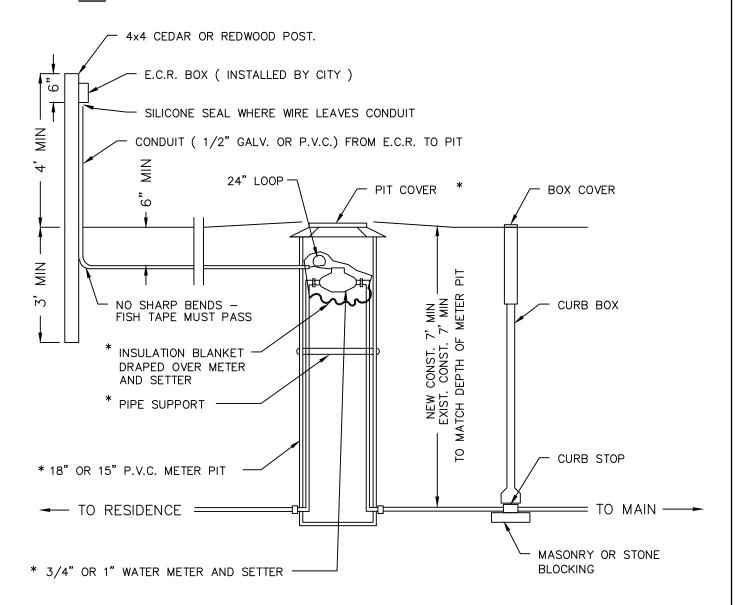
OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

DECEMBER 1987 REVISED 5 - 4 249

CURB BOX SHALL BE LOCATED IMMEDIATELY BEHIND CURB OR SIDEWALK METER PIT SHALL BE PLACED ADJACENT TO DISCHARGE SIDE OF CURB BOX.

METER PIT DEPTH IS APPROXIMATELY 7' WITH LID. MAKE DEPTH ADJUSTMENTS ON SERVICE LINES OUTSIDE PIT BY RAISING OR LOWERING SERVICE LINE.

DO NOT CUT METER PIT TO MATCH DEPTH OF SERVICE LINE.



* = PARTS SUPPLIED BY CITY TO CONTRACTOR ON EXIST. USED SERVICE LINES

NOTE:

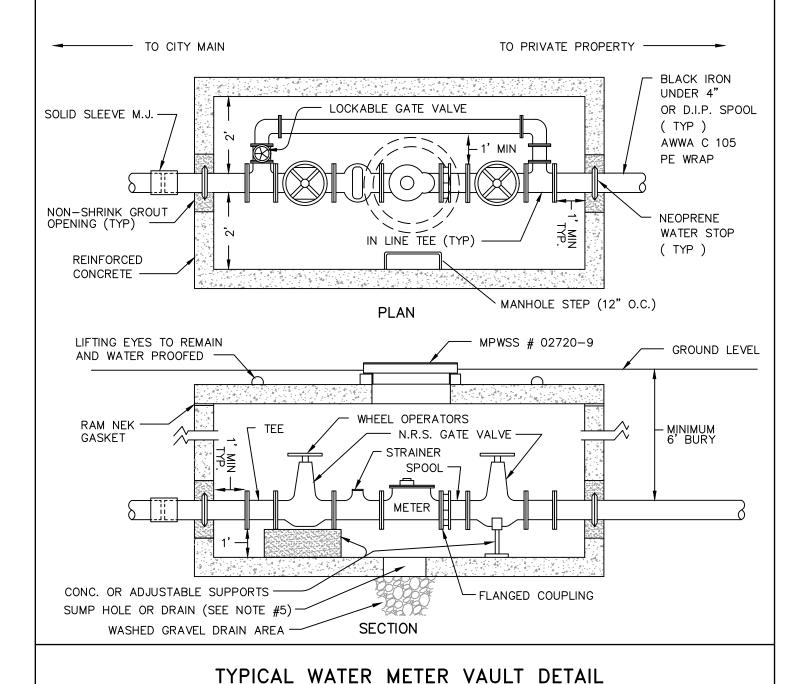
PLUMBER SHALL SEAL METER REGISTER WITH DOW-CORNING SILICONE SEALANT OR APPROVED EQUAL.

RESIDENTIAL WATER METER PIT

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER

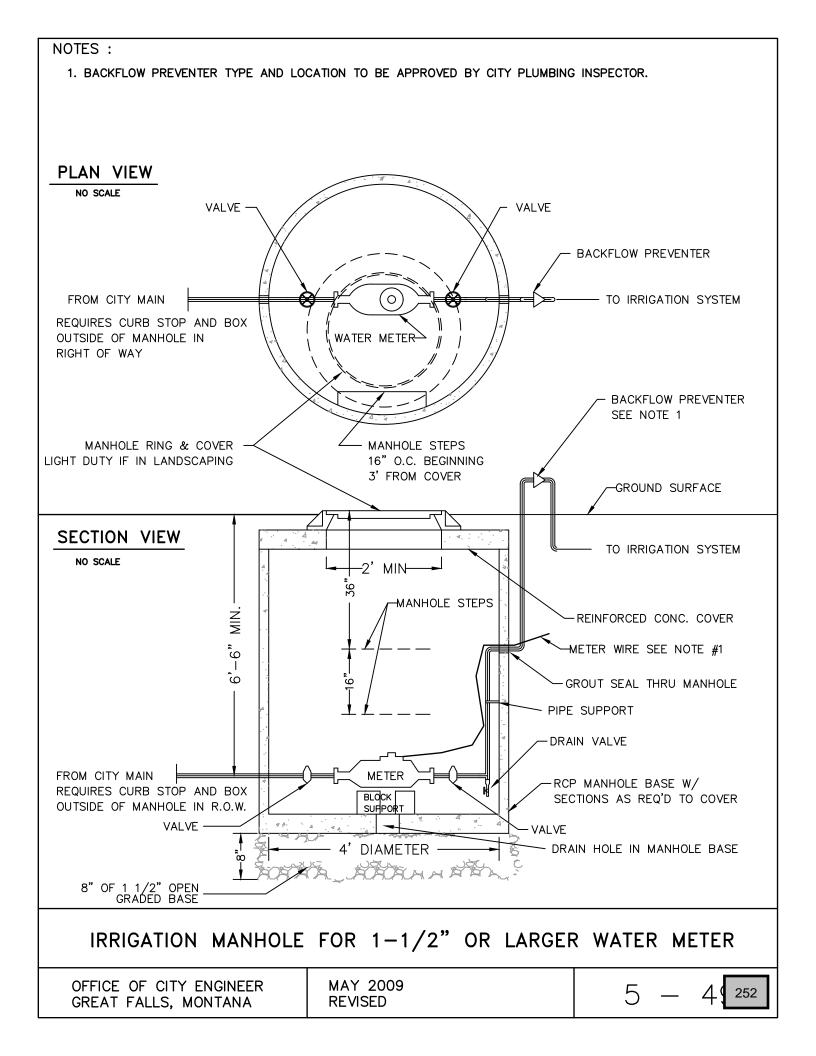
GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

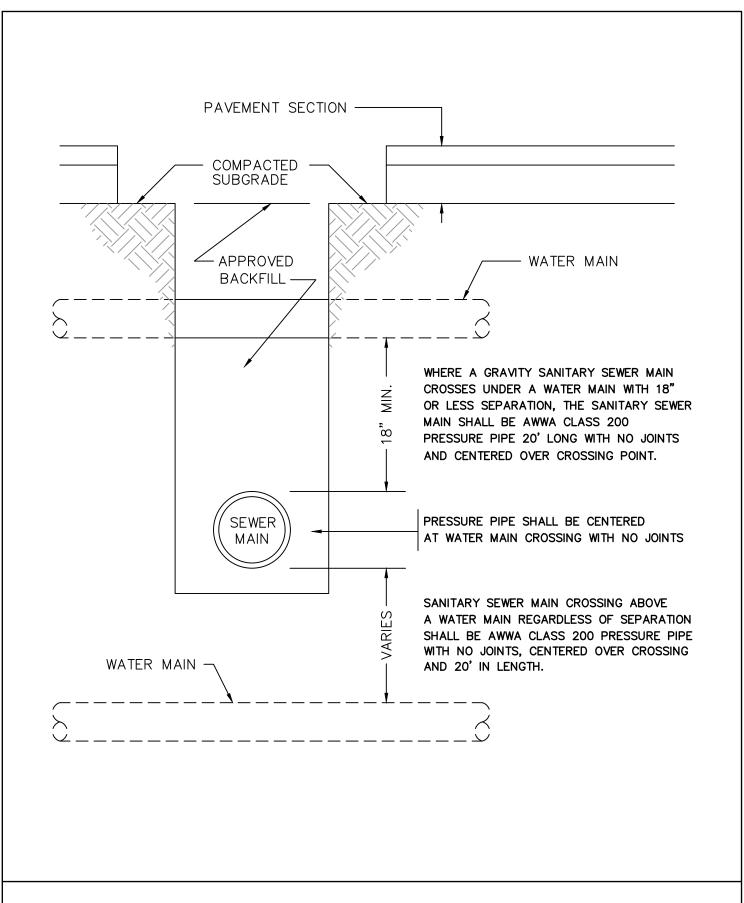
- 1. THE SIZE OF BYPASS LINE TO BE DETERMINED BY FIRE FLOW REQUIREMENTS, HOWEVER, IN NO CASE SHALL A BYPASS LINE BE MORE THAN ONE (1) PIPE SIZE SMALLER THAN THE PRIMARY FEED. ALL FITTINGS ON 4" AND LARGER PIPE SHALL BE FLANGED, LESS THAN 4" MAY BE THREADED.
- 2. A CHECK VALVE SHALL BE INSTALLED ON DISCHARGE SIDE OF VALVING IF ON A LOOPED SYSTEM OR WHERE HIGHER HEADS MAY BE DEVELOPED ON DISCHARGE SIDE.
- 3. VAULT SHALL NOT BE PLACED IN AN AREA ACCESSIBLE TO VEHICLE TRAFFIC. ACCESS HATCH TO BE CENTERED OVER WATER METER AND SIZED TO ALLOW REMOVAL OF METER, MINIMUM SIZE OF HATCH MUST ALLOW PERSONNEL TO ENTER AND EXIT VAULT. HATCH SHALL BE APPROVED BY CITY PRIOR TO INSTALLATION.
- 4. RIGID INSULATION SHALL BE APPLIED TO OUTSIDE OF VAULT TO A DEPTH OF 3' BELOW GROUND SURFACE. MANHOLE FRAME AND COVER SHALL BE INSULATED WITH ADHESIVE TYPE FOAM INSULATION.
- 5. IF VAULT IS NEAR GROUND WATER, WATER PROOFING SHALL BE APPLIED TO THE OUTSIDE OF VAULT, NO DRAIN HOLE.
- 6. REMOTES FOR REMOTE READ METERS SHALL BE MOUNTED ON A 4X4 POST 42" ABOVE GROUND. WIRE SHALL BE RAN INSIDE CONDUIT FROM VAULT TO THE 4X4 POST.



1987, 1991,

REVISED: JULY 2006



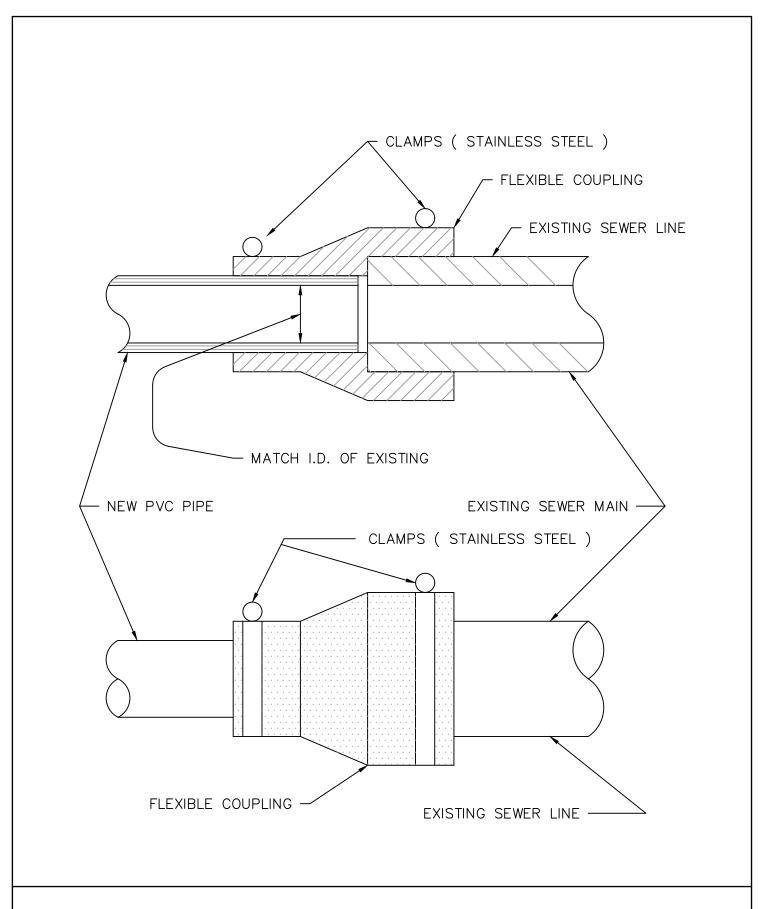


SANITARY SEWER MAINS AT WATER MAIN CROSSINGS

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

DECEMBER 1987 REVISED AUGUST 1993

5 - 5(253)

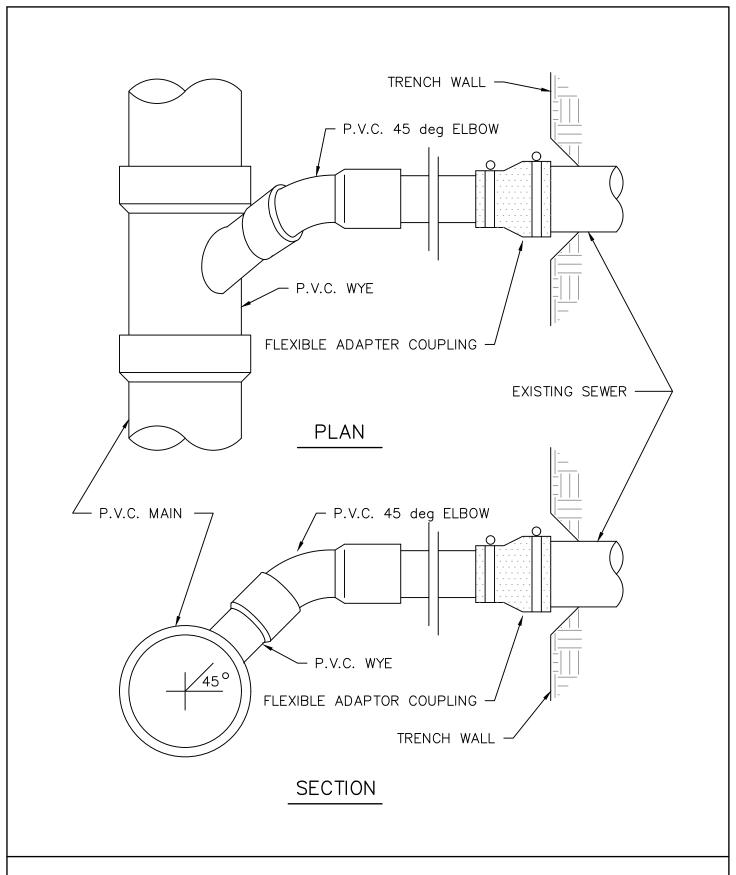


SEWER REPAIR COUPLING - PVC TO CONCRETE, CLAY OR IRON

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

DECEMBER 1987 REVISED

5 - 5 254

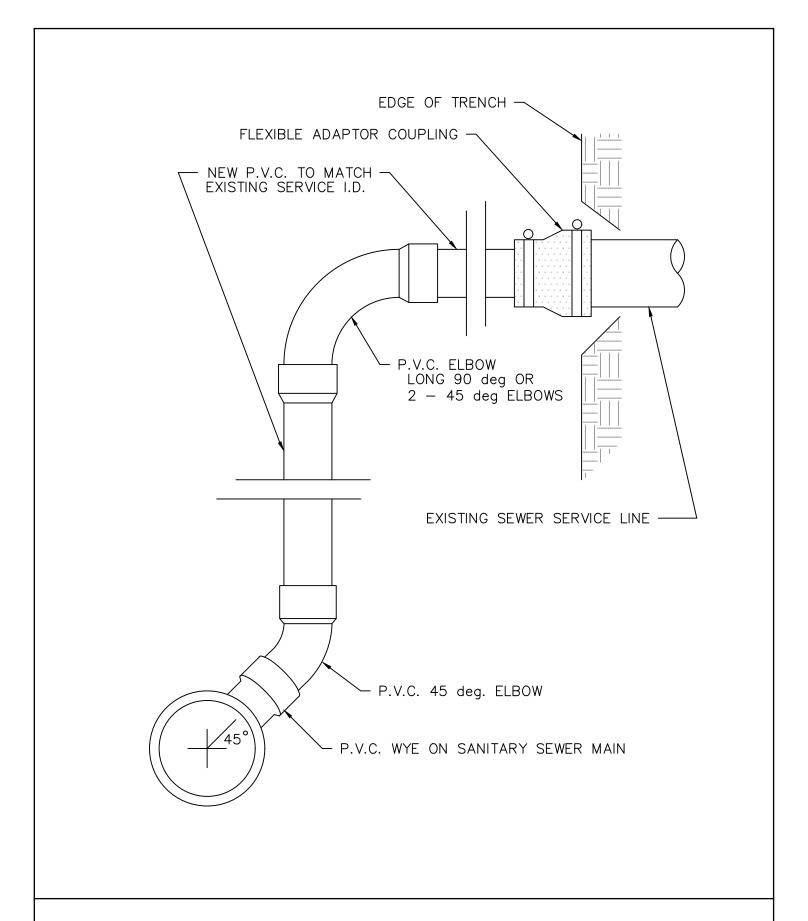


PVC LATERAL TO EXISTING SEWER SERVICE LINE

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

DECEMBER 1987 REVISED

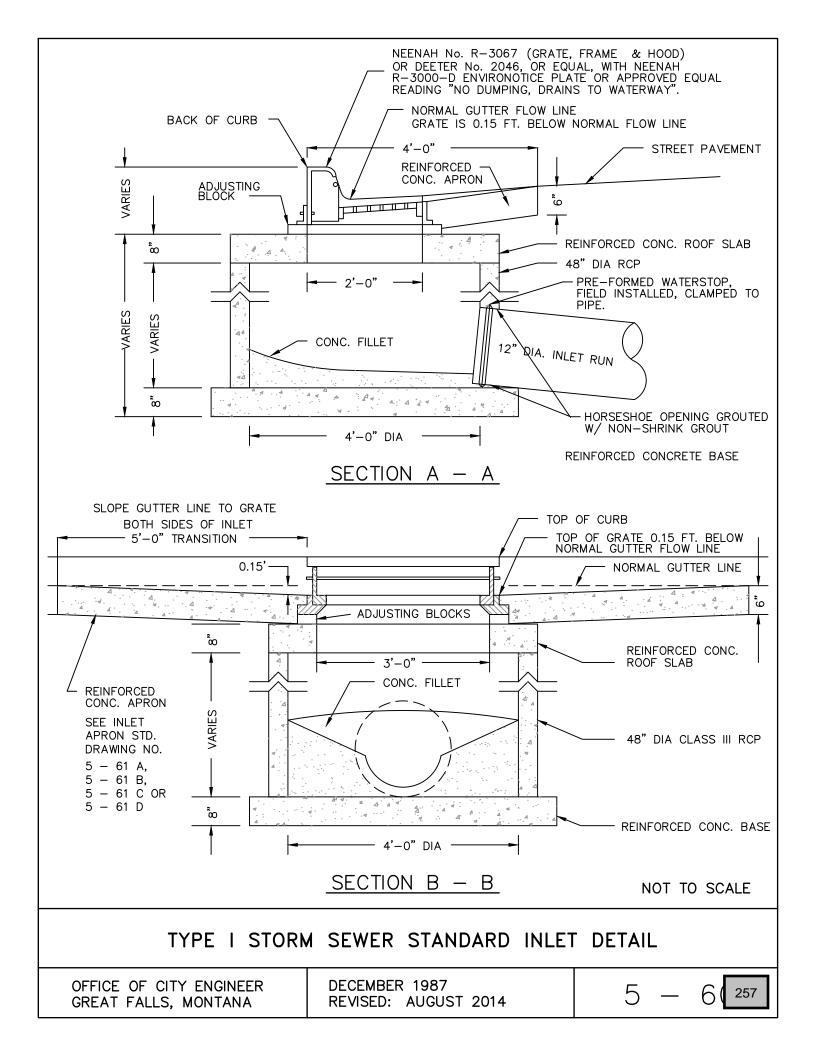
 $5 - 5\overline{)}_{255}$

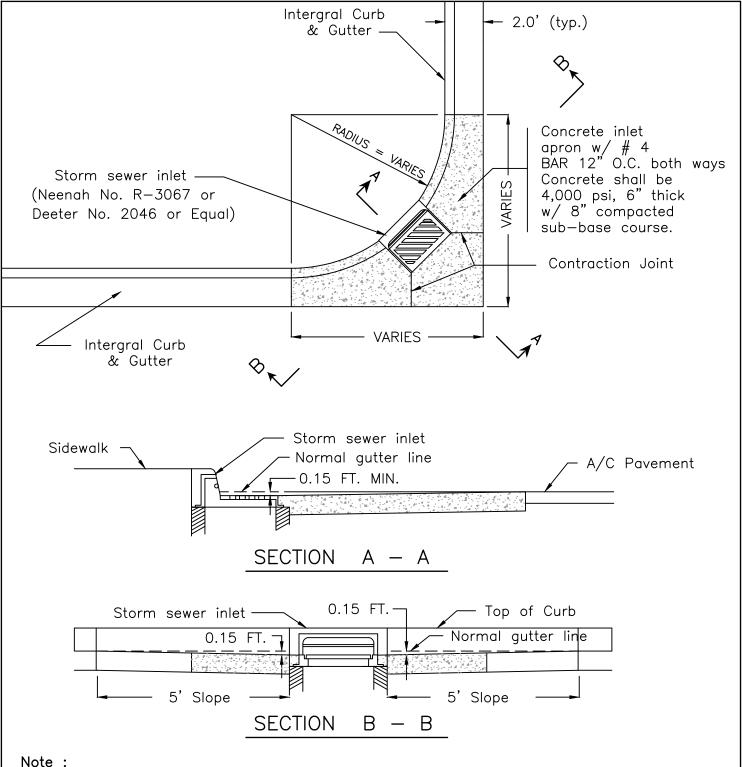


PVC RISER LATERAL WITH RISER TO EXISTING SERVICE LINE

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

DECEMBER 1987 REVISED $5 - 5^{256}$





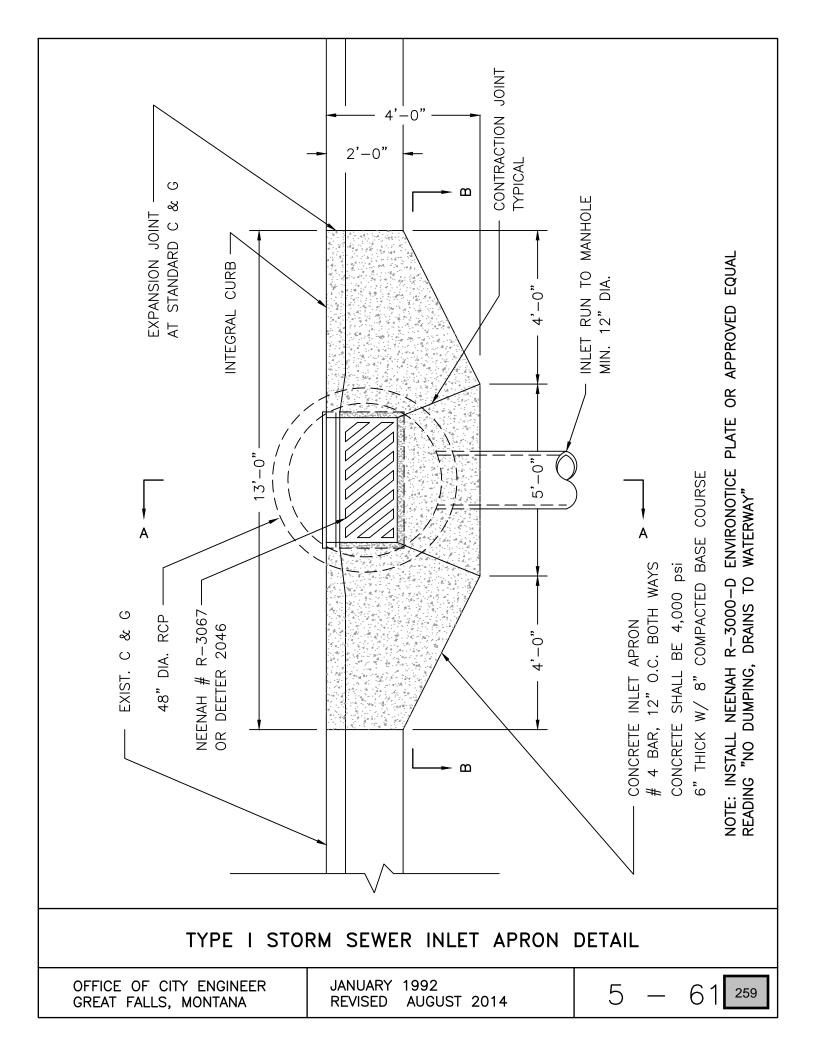
- 1. Inner two ft.(2') of apron shall match TYPICAL BARRIER INTERGRAL CURB & GUTTER cross—section except for the additional slope to gutter depression at grate.
- 2. Slope outer portion of apron to match grade at pavement cut.
- 3. Install Neenah R-3000-D environotice plate or approved equal reading "NO DUMPING, DRAINS TO WATERWAY"

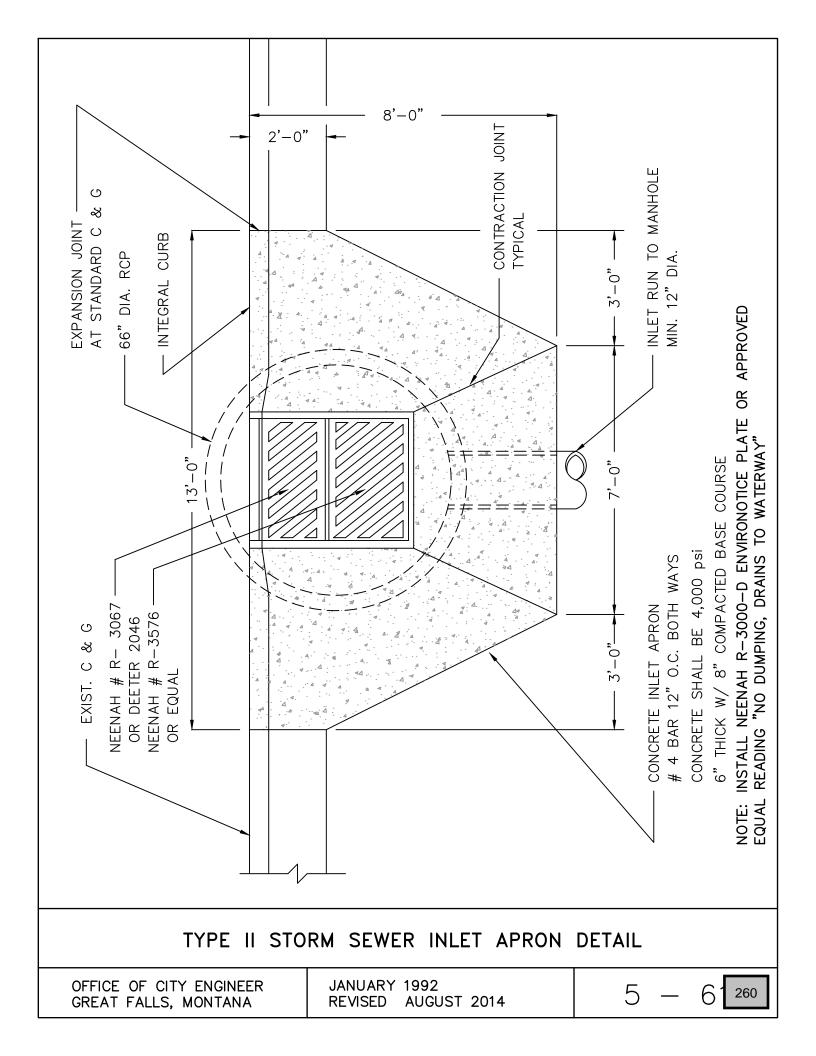
TYPE I TYPICAL CORNER INLET APRON DETAIL

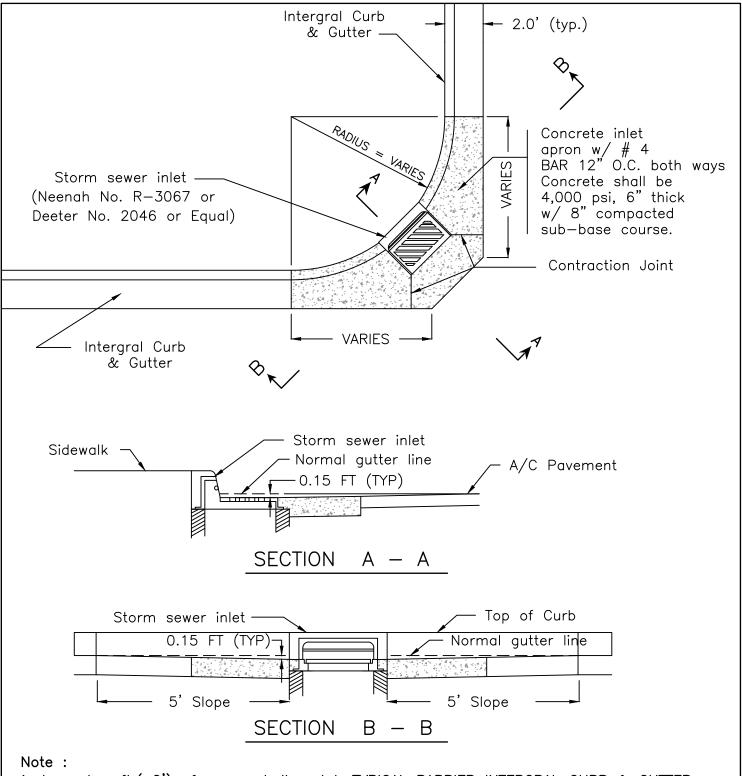
OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

AUGUST 1987 REVISED: MAY 2017

258 61





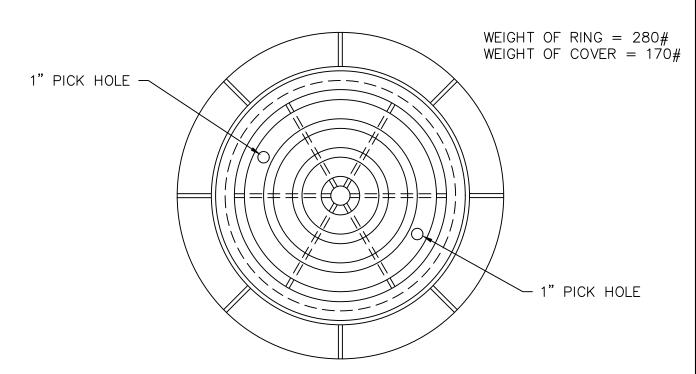


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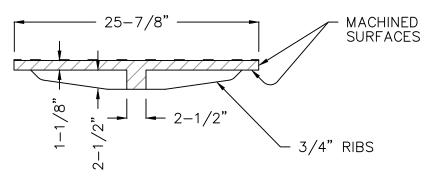
TYPE I TYPICAL CORNER INLET APRON DETAIL

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

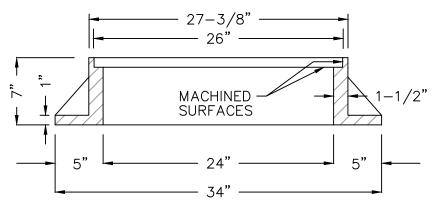
AUGUST 1987 REVISED: AUGUST 2014 $5 - 61^{261}$



MANHOLE RING & COVER PLAN



MANHOLE COVER SECTION



MANHOLE RING (FRAME) SECTION

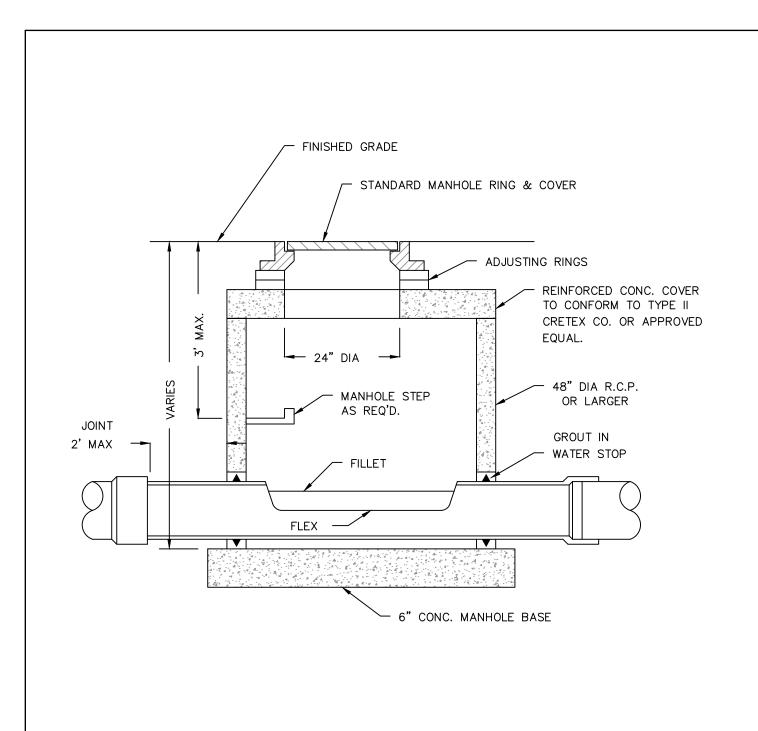
SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE RING & COVER

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

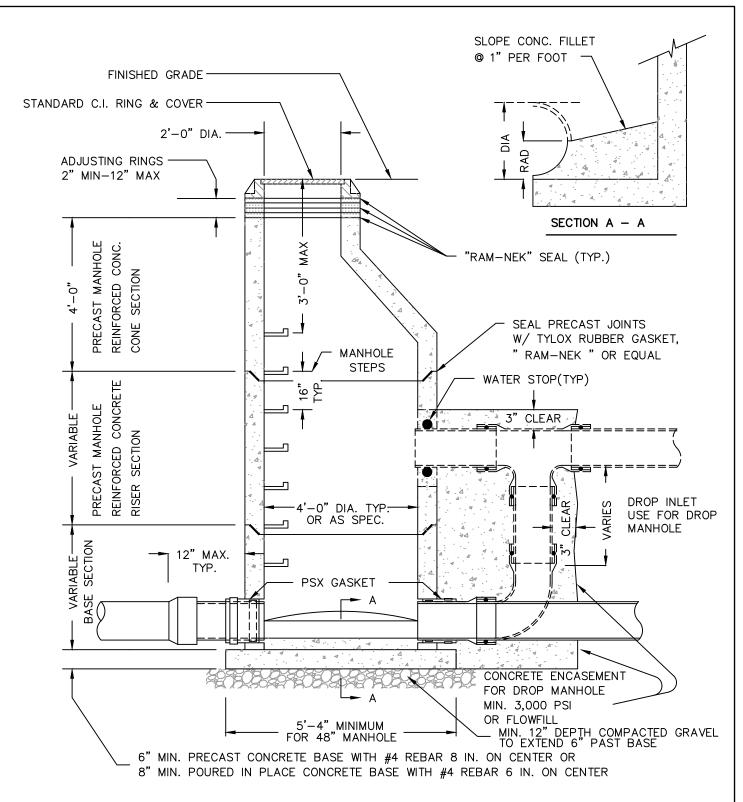
DECEMBER 1987 REVISED

5 - 6





SHORT SEWER MANHOLE



NOTE: ALL JOINTS BETWEEN MANHOLE SECTIONS, ADJUSTING RINGS, MANHOLE RING AND TOP SECTION, AND AROUND SEWER PIPE INTO MANHOLE SHALL BE WATERTIGHT.

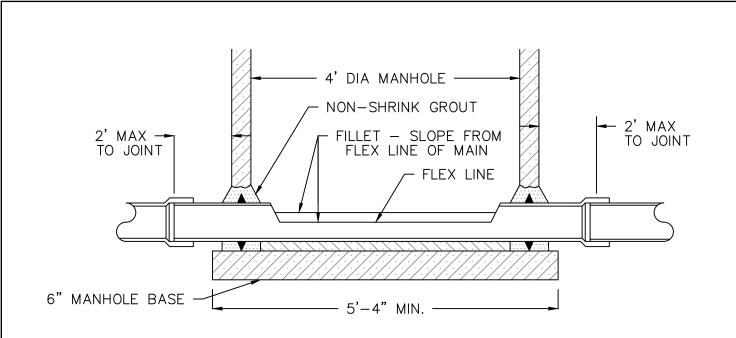
FOR CONNECTION TO NEW MANHOLES USE PSX OR EQUIVALENT GASKET AT ALL PIPE PENETRATIONS. FOR CONNECTIONS TO EXISTING MANHOLES USE WATERSTOP.

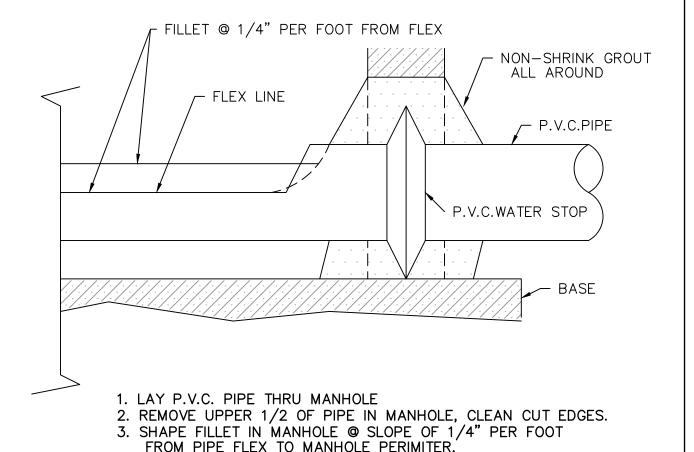
MANHOLE CONSTRUCTION TO ADHERE TO ASTM C-478.

STANDARD SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE (AND DROP INLET MH)

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

DEC 1987, AUG 1993 REVISED MAY 2010 5 - 6 264

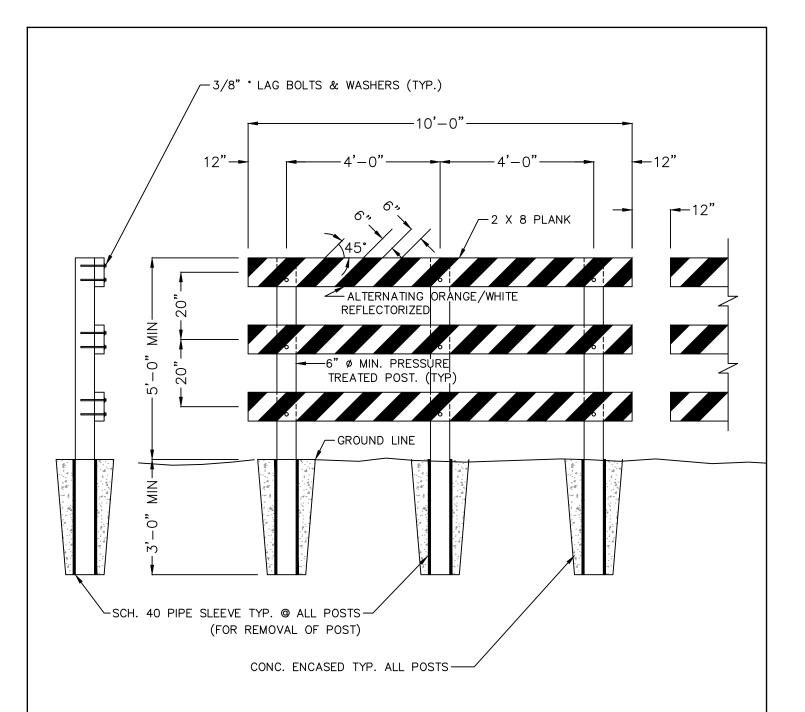




OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

DECEMBER 1987 REVISED

5 - 69265



- 1. STRIPES SHALL SLOPE DOWNWARD IN THE DIRECTION TOWARD WHICH TRAFFIC MUST TURN.
- 2. USE 3/8" LAG BOLTS AND WASHERS. (6 EA PER BOARD)
- 3. ALL BARRICADES SHALL BE PAINTED WITH TWO COATS OF WHITE PAINT IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION M-280.02, (4) AND (8) OF THE STANDARD SPECIFICATION MANUAL, STATE OF MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS.
- 4. ALL BARRICADES SHALL BE REFLECTORIZED WITH SHEETING MOUNTED ON A SHEET ALUMINUM BACKING AT LEAST 0.019" THICK. THIS REFLECTIVE ALUMINUM SHEETING SHALL BE SECURED WITH ALUMINUM WOOD SCREWS AND SHEETS SHALL BE THE SAME WIDTH AS 2 X 8.

STANDARD FIXED BARRICADE

