

### CITY COUNCIL MEETING

City Hall – Council Chamber 405 Bagshaw Way, Edgewood, Florida Wednesday, August 21, 2024 at 6:30 PM

### **AGENDA**

Welcome! We are very glad you have joined us for today's Council meeting. If you are not on the agenda, please complete an appearance form and hand it to the City Clerk. When you are recognized, state your name and address. The Council is pleased to hear relevant comments; however, a five (5) minute limit has been set by Council. Large groups are asked to name a spokesperson. Robert's Rules of Order guide the conduct of the meeting. Please silence all cellular phones and pagers during the meeting. Thank you for participating in your City Government.

- A. CALL TO ORDER, INVOCATION, & PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE
- **B. ROLL CALL & DETERMINATION OF QUORUM**
- C. PRESENTATIONS AND PROCLAMATIONS
- D. CONSENT AGENDA

Items on the consent agenda are defined as routine in nature, therefore, do not warrant detailed discussion or individual action by the Council. Any member of the Council may remove any item from the consent agenda simply by verbal request prior to consideration of the consent agenda. The removed item(s) are moved to the end of New Business for discussion and consideration.

1. July 16, 2024 City Council Meeting Minutes

### E. ORDINANCES (FIRST READING)

Ordinance 2024-06: Tattoo Establishments

Ordinance 2024-07: Awnings

### F. PUBLIC HEARINGS (ORDINANCES – SECOND READINGS & RELATED ACTION)

1. Ordinance 2024-05: Sign Regulations

### G. UNFINISHED BUSINESS

### H. NEW BUSINESS

1. Approval of Traffic Enforcement Agreement with Legacy at Lake Jessamine Homeowners Association

### I. GENERAL INFORMATION

### J. CITIZEN COMMENTS

### **K. BOARDS & COMMITTEES**

### L. STAFF REPORTS

City Attorney Smith

Police Chief DeSchryver

1. Chief's Report July 2024

City Clerk Riffle

### M. MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL REPORTS

**Mayor Dowless** 

1. Budget Discussion

Council Member Lomas

Council Member McElroy

Council Member Rader

Council Member Steele

Council President Horn

### N. ADJOURNMENT

### **UPCOMING MEETINGS**

Monday, September 9, 2024	1st Budget Hearing 6:30pm
Tuesday, September 10, 2024	Planning & Zoning Meeting 6:30pm
Tuesday, September 17, 2024	City Council Meeting 6:30pm
Friday, September 27, 2024	Final Budget Hearing 6:30pm

### **Meeting Records Request**

You are welcome to attend and express your opinion. Please be advised that **Section 286.0105**, Florida Statutes state that if you decide to appeal a decision made with respect to any matter, you will need a record of the proceedings and may need to ensure that a verbatim record is made.

### **Americans with Disabilities Act**

In accordance with the American Disabilities Act (ADA), if any person with a disability as defined by the ADA needs special accommodation to participate in this proceeding, he or she should telephone the **City Clerk at (407) 851-2920**.

## CALL TO ORDER, INVOCATION, & PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

# ROLL CALL & DETERMINATION OF QUORUM

### PRESENTATIONS & PROCLAMATIONS

### CONSENT AGENDA



### CITY COUNCIL MEETING

City Hall – Council Chamber 405 Bagshaw Way, Edgewood, Florida Tuesday, July 16, 2024 at 6:30 PM

### **DRAFT MINUTES**

### A. CALL TO ORDER, INVOCATION, & PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

Council President Horn called the meeting to order at 6:31 pm.

### **B. ROLL CALL & DETERMINATION OF QUORUM**

City Clerk Riffle confirmed that a quorum was present. Councilmember Steele requested to be excused as she could not attend.

Council President Horn voted to excuse Councilmember Steele's absence; seconded by Councilmember Lomas. Motion approved by voice vote (4/0).

The following elected officials and staff were present:

### **Elected Officials:**

John Dowless, Mayor Richard A. Horn, Council President Chris Rader, Council President Pro-Tem Susan Lomas, Councilmember Casey McElroy, Councilmember

### Absent:

Beth Steele, Councilmember

### Staff:

Sandra Riffle, City Clerk
Dean DeSchryver, Police Chief
Miguel Garcia, Deputy Police Chief
Shannon Patterson, Chief of Staff
Stacey Salemi, Code Enforcement Officer
Ellen Hardgrove, City Planner
Drew Smith, City Attorney

### C. PRESENTATIONS AND PROCLAMATIONS

Proclamation

Mayor Dowless presented a Proclamation in appreciation of Shannon Patterson for her service to Edgewood and to the Police Department upon her retirement.

### D. CONSENT AGENDA

- June 18, 2024 City Council Meeting Minutes
- July 10, 2024 1st Budget Workshop Meeting Minutes

Councilmember Rader suggested removing "more designated fund lines" to "added designated fund lines" on page two of the minutes.

Councilmember Rader made a motion to approve the Consent Agenda as amended; seconded by Councilmember Lomas. Motion approved by voice vote (4/0).

### E. ORDINANCES (FIRST READING)

### Ordinance 2024-06: Tattoo Establishments

Attorney Smith said that the ordinance was presented for discussion, not first reading, as display advertisements will need to be placed. The request to consider allowing tattoo establishments in the ECD came from a request from an existing salon in the ECD.

Discussion ensued regarding allowable locations for tattoo establishments. Attorney Smith pointed out that the proposed 500-foot distance restriction from churches, schools, and daycare would eliminate this use from shopping centers.

Council President Horn expressed concern that the legislation would not benefit the community. He stated that legislation should not be based on a single request. Councilmembers Lomas and Rader agreed. Councilmember Rader added that he did not have an issue with tattoo establishments, as they are very different now from how they used to be.

Mayor Dowless said he was frustrated because at the last discussion, Council seemed to be okay with the use now they are not.

Attorney Smith said the issue is that the separation requirement would not allow the requestor to operate a tattoo establishment from their location and suggested removing the 500-foot separation language to make the use more accessible.

In response to Councilmember Lomas, Attorney Smith said there is an evolution in cities and codes are relaxing.

Attorney Smith said he was looking for direction on whether this proposed ordinance should go for first reading.

### **Public Comment:**

Tina Demostene, an Edgewood resident, said she understands the use is becoming more common, but she would want some requirements. She also did not agree with spending taxpayer money on consultants for a single applicant. She made several suggestions to incorporate into the code.

Attorney Smith said that legislative change usually originates from a small number of interested people. Another interested person may ask to change the code to prohibit the use.

The ordinance will go for first reading at the next Council meeting.

### F. PUBLIC HEARINGS (ORDINANCES – SECOND READINGS & RELATED ACTION)

### Ordinance 2024-05 - Sign Regulations

Attorney Smith read ordinance 2024-05 in title only.

Planner Hardgrove provided a recap of the proposed changes to the sign code. The purpose of the changes is to clarify the code, eliminate sign clutter, and protect the health, safety and welfare of the city's citizens, businesses, and visitors.

She said that signage is important for providing marketing, identification, and location of a business. Ground and wall signage are tailored for people in vehicles, and window signs are geared for pedestrians.

The 2018 sign regulations allow up to 25% coverage of all windows, and it has created a lot of clutter. This was not achieving the City's ECD vision for Orange Avenue. She noted that there is a correlation between property value and aesthetics.

Planner Hardgrove reviewed current window sign regulations, which allow one five-square-foot sign or two identical signs for a total of seven square feet. She proposed allowing one sign of a maximum of six square feet, which is a standard size.

She said staff member Brett Sollazzo suggested offering everyone six square feet to make it easier for code enforcement to identify whether signage is in compliance.

In addition, businesses would be allowed an area for decals, one neon sign per façade, and one large window sign in lieu of a wall sign.

In response to Mayor Dowless, Planner Hardgrove confirmed that the code can aid the uniformity within shopping centers but that it is a landlord issue. Mayor Dowless said that uniformity would help the plazas look better. Attorney Smith noted that leases are already in place at the shopping centers, and the City cannot interfere with existing contracts.

Mayor Dowless suggested making the option available to the shopping center, not to the tenants.

Planner Hardgrove said that single-occupant businesses are allowed a ground sign, a wall sign, and window signage that faces the parking lot. Multi-tenant parcels are permitted the owner's ground sign, a window sign, and a wall sign.

Further conversation ensued regarding what signage and banners should be available for each business.

### **Public Comment:**

Tina Demostene suggested implementing standards to prevent a new wall sign from covering an entire wall face. She also recommended not exempting or grandfathering those businesses with big window signs and no wall signs but allowing them to get a two-year extension.

Attorney Smith suggested tabling the ordinance to a date certain.

Councilmember Lomas motioned to table the second reading of Ordinance 2024-05 to August 21st at 6:30 pm; seconded by Council President Horn. Motion approved by voice vote (4/0).

### G. UNFINISHED BUSINESS

### H. NEW BUSINESS

### Mutual Aid Agreement

Chief DeSchryver discussed the mutual aid agreement with the Orange County Sheriff's Office. He said the previous agreement did not address that the DUI center is outside of the city boundaries. The updated agreement has language allowing the Edgewood Police Department to take someone outside of the city limits to gather evidence.

There was no public comment.

Council President Horn made a motion to approve the mutual aid agreement; seconded by Councilmember Lomas. Motion approved by roll call vote (4/0).

Councilmember McElroy	Favor	
Councilmember Lomas	Favor	
Councilmember Rader	Favor	
Council President Horn	Favor	
Councilmember Steele	Absent	

### Set Tentative Millage Rate and Public Hearing Date for Proposed FY 2024/2025 Budget

City Clerk Riffle reminded the Council that the tentative millage rate should be set higher rather than lower, as they will not be able to raise it at the final hearing. However, they will be able to lower it. The current rate is 5.25 mills.

She explained that Orange County Fire and Rescue's rate is projected to increase significantly from \$970,143 to \$1,325,120.

Mayor Dowless said that he spoke to Orange County about forming an MSTU; but was turned down.

Discussion followed about the projected budget and how to offset the unexpected increase. Council President Horn suggested adding fire as non-ad valorem. Attorney Smith said the cost would be the same. Councilmember Rader added that it is a direct pass-through and the City is not making money from it.

Attorney Smith said that Orange County has financial control over Edgewood for not having its own fire department. He suggested that the City might want to talk to Belle Isle about a joint

fire department. Council President Horn said that would provide control. Councilmember Rader said the mutual aid agreement would still be in place.

In response to Councilmember Lomas, Attorney Smith said a tentative millage rate of 5.75 would put the ad valorem collection close to where the City needs to be.

Councilmember Lomas moved to set the City's millage rate at 5.75 mills and direct the City Clerk to complete the DR420 and DR420MMP forms to provide to the Orange County Property Appraiser on or before noon on August 4, 2024. The motion was seconded by Councilmember McElroy.

The motion was approved (3/1) by roll call vote.

Councilmember McElroy	Favor
Councilmember Rader	Favor
Councilmember Lomas	Favor
Council President Horn	Oppose
Councilmember Steele	Absent

### Discussion Item - 5028 S. Orange Avenue Bell Rentals

Councilmember Rader said he wants action, specifically regarding the use of the Bell Rental property. He said storing RVs and other vehicles is not an acceptable use in the ECD or in the past when it was C-3. In the 2001 meeting minutes, when Orange Avenue beautification was discussed, storage was an accessory for the use of their own equipment and now they are outsourcing their parking lot.

Planner Hardgrove showed the progression of the property from 2001 and the addition of RV storage. Overnight storage was not permitted in 2001. She added that a nonconforming use cannot be expanded.

Attorney Smith said the use was a violation of the code, and code enforcement was in attendance to hear the direction.

### Discussion Item - Personnel Policy

Police Department Chief of Staff Shannon Patterson addressed the City Council and said that the current personnel policy was written in 2012. She would like to propose a new bracket of longevity for employees who have been with the City for more than 14 years, which is where the policy ends.

Chief of Staff Patterson said they she proposes to raise the available hours of PTO for civilian employees to 480 hours but to keep the payout the same as it is now for employees who leave the City. At this time, employees can accrue six weeks of PTO. Any additional hours are dropped on the 1st of October each year.

Attorney Smiths suggested a shared bank

Councilmember Rader said he is in support for medical needs but not a blanket payout.

Attorney Smith suggested offering a personal catastrophic leave and having a definition within the policy to define what is catastrophic.

A work group will meet to discuss ideas.

### I. GENERAL INFORMATION

### J. CITIZEN COMMENTS

### **K. BOARDS & COMMITTEES**

### Special Exception 2024-01: 220 Verzon Ct. - Guest Cottage

Note: This item was moved to be heard after the Consent Agenda.

Planner Hardgrove said the applicant proposes to add a guest cottage on the property, which is zoned R-1A. She gave the definition for a guest cottage and explained the criteria for a special exception

She said that the property is a half-acre acre and there is room for the open space requirement. The only property impacted is to the morth and they received a public notice letter. Parking should not be a problem because the driveway is long.

In response to Councilmember Lomas, Planner Hardgrove said the special exception would go with the land. Attaching the cottage would not work with the flow of the house.

In response to Councilmember Rader, Planner Hardgrove said it is similar to a cabana, and he responded that perhaps a pool house should require a special exception. Attorney Smith clarified that a guest cottage is meant to be habitable, which makes it a special exception. Attaching the cottage would not change the need for a special exception.

Alex Maldonado, the property owner, addressed the council and said they are asking for an addition to his home to care for a family member as they are elderly.

In response to Councilmember Rader, Attorney Smith said a separate address would not be assigned to the cottage.

Councilmember Lomas said her concern is for future owners and Attorney Smith said her concern would apply to any special exception.

### **Public Comment:**

Edgewood resident Tina Demostene said that prohibiting 220V outlets would prevent a range from going in and making a kitchen.

In response to Council President Horn, Attorney Smith Drew said the code already prohibits a second kitchen. The City Clerk can record an order to go with the land.

Councilmember Rader made a motion for approval of a guest cottage at 220 Verzon Court with the following conditions: no installation of internal 220V outlets for kitchen use and remaining consistent with requirements of Code Section 134-1 that guest cottages shall not be rented or otherwise be used as a separate dwelling. Seconded by Councilmember McElroy. Motion approved by roll call vote (3/1).

Councilmember Rader	Favor
Councilmember Lomas	Oppose
Councilmember McElroy	Favor
Council President Horn	Favor
Councilmember Steele	Absent

### L. STAFF REPORTS

### **City Attorney Smith**

First Amendment Audits

Attorney Smith explained the purpose of First Amendment auditors and that it is important to be clear that they are permitted to be in public areas but not in office areas. City Clerk Riffle and City Attorney Smith will work on writing a policy.

### **Police Chief DeSchryver**

- Chief's Report June 2024
  - Chief DeSchryver said he looked at signage and the City ordinance for no-thru trucks on Holden Avenue. He said the ordinance has no teeth because the violation is by the traffic control device and officers cannot go after the owner of the truck company.

To go beyond a standard 316 violation, an officer would have to be location on South Orange Blossom Trail and watch the truck go to Orange Avenue and vice versa.

Attorney Smith said the police would also have to verify that there wasn't a valid reason to travel that route.

Councilmember Lomas asked if Councilmembers could meet with Boise to discuss the truck traffic or send a letter alerting them of options. Councilmember Rader added that there are multiple 4-lane road alternatives to Holden Ave.

Chief DeSchryver said there is a coalition of big trucks, and it might be helpful to know more.

• Chief DeSchryver said they are compiling the historic list of Edgewood Police Chiefs and asked if anyone has any information.

• City Clerk Riffle- no report

### M. MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL REPORTS

Mayor Dowless – no report

Council Member Lomas – no report

Council Member McElroy- no report

Council Member Rader – no report

Council Member Steele- no report

Council President Horn- no report

### N. ADJOURNMENT

Councilmember Rader made a motion to adjourn at 10:10 pm.

	Richard A. Horn, Council President	-
Attest:		
Sandra Riffle, City Clerk		
	A 1: 11	

### ORDINANCES (FIRST READING)



### Memo

**To:** Mayor Dowless, Council President Horn,

Council Members Lomas, McElroy, Rader, and Steele

From: Brett Sollazzo, Administrative & Permitting Manager

**Date:** 8/15/2024

Re: Planning & Zoning Ordinance Report

The following ordinances were reviewed by the Planning and Zoning Board at the August 12, 2024 meeting:

1. Ordinance 2024-06: Tattoo Establishments

The following motion was made by the Planning and Zoning Board:

Chair Santurri made a motion to recommend approval of Ordinance 2024-06 with the following changes:

- 1) Change the allowable business hours on the property from 12 AM-8 AM to 9 PM-8 AM.
- 2) Remove the requirement that a tattoo establishment shall not be established on any parcel located adjacent to an existing single family zoning district.
- 3) Incorporate a direct-line distance measurement "as the crow flies" to determine if tattoo establishments are located within 1,500 feet of each other.

The motion was seconded by Vice Chair Nelson. Approved (5/0) by roll call vote.

The motion was approved by roll call vote.

Chair Santurri	Favor
Vice Chair Nelson	Favor
Board Member Gragg	Favor
Board Member Nolan	Favor
Board Member Phillips	Favor

2. Ordinance 2024-07: Awning Definition

The following motion was made by the Planning and Zoning Board:

Chair Santurri made a motion to recommend approval of Ordinance 2024-07 with the following change:

1) Remove the last sentence that states the minimum vertical clearance for awnings from the underlying floor or ground level shall be 7'6".

The motion was seconded by Board Member Gragg. Approved (5/0) by roll call vote.

The motion was approved by roll call vote.

Chair Santurri	Favor
Vice Chair Nelson	Favor
Board Member Gragg	Favor
Board Member Nolan	Favor
Board Member Phillips	Favor

### **ORDINANCE 2024-06:**

### **Tattoo Establishments**

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3	ORDINANCE NO 2024-06
4	AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF EDGEWOOD, FLORIDA,
5	AMENDING CHAPTER 134 OF THE CODE OF ORDINANCES TO
6	PROVIDE THAT TATTOO ESTABLISHMENTS MAY BE PERMITTED
7	ON A CASE-BY-CASE BASIS AS A SPECIAL EXCEPTION USE WITHIN
8	THE C-1, C-2, C-3, AND EDGEWOOD CENTRAL DISTRICT ZONING
9	DISTRICTS; ESTABLISHING CRITERIA SPECIFIC TO TATTOO
10	ESTABLISHMENTS FOR CONSIDERATION DURING ANY REVIEW OF
11	AN APPLICATION FOR A SEPCIAL EXCEPTION; PROVIDING FOR
12	SEVERABILITY; PROVIDING FOR CODIFICATION, CONFLICTS, AND
13	AN EFFECTIVE DATE.
14	WHEREAS, the City currently prohibits tattoo establishments with the C-1, C-2, C-3, and
15	Edgewood Central District Zoning Districts; and
16 17	<b>WHEREAS</b> , the City has previously distinguished between tattoo establishments and salons that apply permanent makeup; and
18 19	<b>WHEREAS</b> , the City also recognizes that tattoo establishments and public perception of them have evolved over the last twenty years; and
20 21 22	WHEREAS, the City recognizes that the Supreme Court of the United States has found that there are First Amendment rights involved in issues dealing with tattooing and tattoo establishments; and
23 24 25 26	<b>WHEREAS</b> , in order to balance the competing interests and considerations on this topic, the City Council has determined moving tattoo establishments into the category of Special Exception Use within the C-1, C-2, C-3, and Edgewood Central District Zoning Districts to be reasonable and appropriate.
27 28 29	<b>WHEREAS</b> , the City Council finds that adding criteria for consideration specific to this subject for use during a Special Exception review of a tattoo establishment to be in the best interest of the City, its residents, businesses, and visitors; and
30 31 32	<b>WHEREAS</b> , in this Ordinance additions to the Code of Ordinances are indicated by underline, deletions are indicated by strikethrough, and portions of the Code that remain unchanged and which are not reprinted here are indicated by ellipses (***).
33 34	NOW THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF EDGEWOOD, FLORIDA, AS FOLLOWS:
35 36	<b>SECTION ONE.</b> The findings set forth in the recitals above are hereby adopted as legislative findings of the City Council pertaining to this Ordinance.

**SECTION TWO**. Chapter 134, "Zoning" is hereby amended as follows: 37 \* \* \* 38 Sec. 134-1. – Definitions. 39 40 Tattoo establishment means any permanent location, place, area, structure, or business where 41 tattooing is performed; provided, however, that beauty salons at which permanent makeup only is 42 applied shall not be considered tattoo establishments. For purposes of professional suites where 43 studio suites or chairs are rented, if tattooing is performed at such location, the entire location shall 44 be considered a single tattoo establishment regardless of the number of chairs rented to different 45 professionals. 46 \*\*\* 47 Sec. 134-346. - Special exceptions. 48 (a) The following uses may be permitted as a special exception in the C-1 district, provided 49 that any review and hearing of an application for a special exception shall consider the 50 character of the neighborhood in which the proposed use is to be located, its effect on the 51 value of surrounding lands, and the area of the site as it relates to the required open spaces 52 and off-street parking facilities. 53 (b)In addition, for any application for a special exception, the planning and zoning board 54 and the city council shall consider the following criteria: 55 (1)Compatibility of the proposed facility with the surrounding uses. 56 (2) The size of the lot on which the proposed facility will be located. 57 (3) The number of persons to be residing in the proposed facility. 58 59 (4) The amount of traffic generated by the proposed facility. (5) The availability of adequate water and sewer facilities. 60 (6) Whether the location of the proposed facility will maintain the stability of residential 61 areas. 62 (7) The general health, safety and welfare of the community. 63 (c) Each application for a special exception shall be accompanied by a site plan 64 incorporating the regulations established herein. As part of the application, the site plan 65 shall include a simple plan drawn to an appropriate scale, including legal description, lot 66

area, site dimensions, right-of-way location and width, parking areas and number of

parking spaces, proposed building location and setbacks from lot lines, total floor area

proposed for any building, proposed points of access, location of signs, location of existing

easements and a general plan of proposed landscaping. Said site plan shall be submitted to

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71 and considered by the city council after recommendation by the planning and zoning board 72 as provided for in article II of this chapter prior to the granting of a building permit. Upon 73 such approval, said site plan becomes part of the building permit and may be amended only by the city council after recommendation by the planning and zoning board. Development 74 under the special exception shall comply with all applicable city codes and ordinances. 75 76 (1)Hotel and motels. 77 (2) Churches and schools. (3) Day nurseries, kindergartens, and other child care centers. 78 79 (4) Hospitals, including veterinary hospitals. (5)Clinics. 80 (6)Laundromats. 81 (7)One single-family dwelling which is accessory and attached to a permitted principal 82 building. 83 (8)Open air fruit, vegetable and farmers markets. 84 85 (9)Pet grooming establishments. (10)Bowling alley. 86 (11)Civic clubs and fraternal lodges. 87 (12)Thrift stores or other similar uses. 88 (13)Christmas tree lots. 89 (14) Theaters, except drive-in theaters which shall be prohibited. 90 (15) Any retail commercial establishment occupying more than 50,000 square feet and less 91 than 100,000 square feet. 92 (16) Tattoo establishments. 93 Sec. 134-347. - Uses prohibited. 94 The following uses shall be prohibited in any C-1 retail commercial district: 95 96 (1) Title loan stores. 97 (2) Check cashing, payday advance stores, or other similar businesses. (3) Labor pool offices. 98 (4) Bail bond offices. 99 (5) Tattoo, b Body piercing, massage parlors and fortunetelling shops. 100

101	(6) Soup kitchens.
102	(7) Runaway and related emergency shelters; homeless shelters.
103	(8) Convalescent facilities.
104 105	(9) Residential social service facilities; welfare, food stamp, and other social service offices and institutional facilities.
106	(10) Treatment and recovery facilities.
107	(11) New and used automobile and boat sales.
108	(12) Medical marijuana dispensaries.
109	(13) Non-medical marijuana sales.
110	(14) Cannabis farm.
111	(15) Other similar uses consistent with this section.
112 113	(16) Any use or activity which is not in full compliance with all the requirements and standards set forth in this division.
114 115	(17) Uses listed in section 134-403, except uses listed at subsection 134-403(1), or section 134-404 of the C-3, wholesale commercial district (article IV, division 9 of this chapter).
116	(18) Pain management clinics.
117	***
118	Sec. 134-374 Prohibited uses.
119	The following uses shall be prohibited in any C-2 general commercial district:
120	(1) Any use prohibited in the C-1 district.
121	(2) Title loan stores.
122	(3) Check cashing, payday advance stores, or other similar businesses.
123	(4) Labor pool offices.
124	(5) Bail bond offices.
125	(6) Tattoo, bBody piercing, massage parlors and fortunetelling shops.
126	(7) Soup kitchens.
127	(8) Runaway and related emergency shelters; homeless shelters.
128	(9) Convalescent facilities.
129 130	(10) Residential social service facilities; welfare, food stamp, and other social service offices and institutional facilities.

- 131 (11) Treatment and recovery facilities.
- 132 (12) Other similar uses consistent with this section.
- 133 (13) New and used automobile and boat sales.
- 134 (14) Pain management clinics.

### Sec. 134-375. - Special exceptions.

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- (a) The following uses may be permitted as a special exception, provided that any review and hearing of an application for a special exception shall consider the character of the neighborhood in which the proposed use is to be located, its effect on the value of surrounding lands, and the area of the site as it relates to the required open spaces and off-street parking facilities.
- (b)Each application for a special exception shall be accompanied by a site plan incorporating the regulations established herein. As a part of the application, the site plan shall include a simple plan drawn to an appropriate scale, including legal description, lot area, site dimensions, right-of-way location and width, parking areas and number of parking spaces, proposed building location and setbacks from lot lines, total floor area proposed for any building, proposed points of access, location of signs, location of existing easements, and a general plan of proposed landscaping. Said site plan shall be submitted to and considered by the city council after recommendation by the planning and zoning board as provided for in article II of this chapter prior to the granting of a building permit. Upon such approval, said site plan becomes part of the building permit and may be amended only by the city council after recommendation by the planning and zoning board. Development under the special exception shall comply with all applicable city codes and ordinances.
- (1) Miniwarehouses for dry storage only.
- 155 (2) Open-air flea markets.
- 156 (3) Auctions.
- 157 (4) Living quarters in conjunction with a commercial use to be occupied by the owner of the business or an employee.
- (5) Institutional uses, public or private, such as churches, schools, hospitals, nursing homes,
   libraries, community centers and universities.
- 161 (6) Zero lot line commercial developments.
- (7) Radio broadcasting and telecasting stations, studios and offices.
- 163 (8) Car washes. (No fuel services provided.)
- 164 (9) Christmas tree lots.

165		(10) New car and boat sales and services.
166		(11) Adult congregate living facilities.
167 168		(12) Any general commercial establishment occupying more than 50,000 square feet and less than 100,000 square feet.
169		(13) Tattoo establishments.
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171	Sec. 1	34-404 Prohibited uses.
172		The following uses shall be prohibited in the C-3 wholesale commercial district:
173 174		(1)Any use or activity which is not in full compliance with all the requirements and standards set forth in this article.
175 176		(2)Animal slaughtering, or the confinement of animals for feeding, finishing and preparation for slaughter, including stockyards and feeding pens.
177 178		(3)Asphalt manufacturing or refining, or any similar petroleum or petrochemical refining or manufacturing process.
179		(4)Asphalt or concrete paving, mixing or batching plant.
180 181		(5)Corrosive acid manufacture or bulk storage including, but not limited to, hydrochloric, nitric, sulphuric or similar acids.
182 183		(6)Bone distillation or the reduction, rendering, incineration or storage of garbage, offal, animals or animal waste, fats, fish or similar materials or products.
184 185		(7)Blast furnace, or similar heat or glare generating operations or incinerator or crematorium.
186 187		(8)Cement, lime, gypsum or Plaster-of-Paris manufacture, or the open storage of raw materials or finished products related to such manufacture.
188 189		(9)Glue, size or gelatin manufacture where the processes involve the refining or recovery of such products from fish, animal or refuse materials.
190		(10)Tallow, grease, lard or vegetable oil refining.
191 192 193		(11)Junkyard, salvage yard, recycling or wrecking yard or structure wherein motor vehicles, appliances or similar used equipment or material is stored, dismantled, or sorted for display, sale or packing.
194		(12)New and used automobile and boat sales.
195		(13)Mobile and modular homes.

(14)Other uses which are similar to those listed above which are not specifically permitted in section 134-403, the prohibition of which would promote the intent and purposes of this district. Determination shall be made by authority and directive of the city council which shall be after public notice and public hearing.

(15)Title loan stores; check cashing, payday advance stores, or other similar businesses; labor pool offices; bail bond offices; tattoo, body piercing, massage parlors; fortunetelling shops; soup kitchens; runaway and related emergency shelters; homeless shelters; convalescent facilities; residential social service facilities; addiction treatment and recovery facilities; welfare, food stamp, and other social service offices and institutional facilities; other similar uses consistent with this subsection.

(16)Any individual, specific use whether or not contained within a shopping center, which is not otherwise expressly permitted as an individual use pursuant to this section or sections 134-345, 134-373 and 134-403, as these sections may be amended or replaced from time to time, or which is not expressly listed as a special exception pursuant to sections 134-346, 134-375 or 134-405, as those sections may be amended or replaced from time to time.

- (17) Any commercial establishment occupying more than 100,000 square feet.
- 212 (18)Any other use specifically prohibited in the C-1, C-2 or C-3 commercial districts.
- 213 (19)Professional auction houses.

- 214 (20)Dyeing, dry cleaning and laundering; this prohibition shall not include drop-off facilities where the dyeing, dry cleaning or laundering occurs at an off-site location.
  - (21)Pain management clinics.

### Sec. 134-405. - Special exceptions.

(a)The following uses may be permitted as a special exception, provided that any review and hearing of an application for a special exception shall consider the character of the neighborhood in which the proposed use is to be located, its effect on the value of surrounding lands, and the area of the site as it relates to the required open spaces and off-street parking facilities.

(b)Each application for a special exception shall be accompanied by a site plan incorporating the regulations established herein. As a part of the application, the site plan shall include a simple plan drawn to an appropriate scale, including legal description, lot area, site dimensions, right-of-way location and width, parking areas and number of parking spaces, proposed building location and setbacks from lot lines, total floor area proposed for any building, proposed points of access, location of signs, location of existing easements and a general plan of proposed landscaping. Said site plan shall be submitted to and considered by the city council after recommendation by the planning and zoning board as provided for in article II of this chapter prior to the granting of a building permit. Upon such approval, said site plan becomes part of the building permit and may be amended only

	by the city council after recommendation by the planning and zoning board. Development under the special exception shall comply with all applicable city codes and ordinances.		
	(1)Dwelling unit in conjunction with a commercial use to be occupied by the owner, operator or employee of the business.		
	(2)Institutional uses, public or private, such as churches, schools, hospitals, nursing homes, libraries, community centers and universities.		
	(3)Zero lot line commercial developments.		
	(4)Bus, cab, light truck repair.		
	(5)Meat storage, cutting and distribution.		
	(6)Wholesale products distribution.		
	(7)Christmas tree lots.		
	(8)Any wholesale commercial establishment occupying more than 50,000 square feet and less than 100,000 square feet.		
	(9)Machinery sales, rental and storage.		
	(10)Outdoor storage of merchandise, parts or other equipment.		
	(11)Building material storage and sales (new, no junk or used material).		
	(12)Contractors' storage and equipment yards, including well drilling equipment and land clearing equipment.		
	(13)Miniwarehouses.		
	(14)Storage and wholesale distribution warehouse adjacent to a residential zoning district or property with a residential future land use designation, including those across a right-of-way.		
	(15) Tattoo establishments.		
Sec. 13	34-467 Permitted uses within the Edgewood Central District.		
* * *			

proposed use is to be located, its effect on the value of surrounding lands, availability of public

services and facilities, and the area of the site as it relates to the required open spaces and offstreet parking facilities. Each application for a special exception shall be accompanied by a site plan incorporating the regulations established herein. The site plan shall be drawn to an appropriate scale, and include the property's legal description, lot area, site dimensions, adjacent right-of-way location and width, existing and/or proposed parking areas and number of parking spaces, existing and/or proposed building location and setbacks from lot lines, total floor area existing and/or proposed for any building, proposed points of access, location of signs, location of existing easements and a proposed landscaping plan. A special exception shall not be recommended by the Planning and Zoning Board (Board) nor approved by the City Council unless and until the Board and City Council make a finding that the granting of the special exception is consistent with the comprehensive plan and ECD Vision, the use is similar and compatible with the surrounding area, and will not act as a detrimental intrusion into the surrounding area nor negatively impact the level of service of public services and facilities. Upon such approval, said site plan becomes part of the building permit and may be amended only by the city council after recommendation by the planning and zoning board. Development under the special exception shall comply with all applicable city codes and ordinances.

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### 134-527 Tattoo Establishments

In zoning districts where tattoo establishments are permitted as a special exception, the following additional criteria must be complied with:

- 1) All activities conducted at the establishment shall be in accordance with applicable state statutes and regulations;
- 2) <u>Tattoo Establishments shall not have operating hours or be open to customers between</u> the hours of 9:00 p.m. and 8:00 a.m.;
- 3) <u>Tattoo establishments shall not be established within 1,500 feet of an existing tattoo establishment as measured in a straight line from the nearest point of each lot or parcel.</u>

**SECTION THREE.** Severability. If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, word or provision of this Ordinance is for any reason held invalid or unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, whether for substantive, procedural, or any other reason, such portion shall be deemed a separate, distinct and independent provision, and such holding shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this Ordinance.

**SECTION FOUR.** Conflicts. In the event of a conflict or conflicts between this Ordinance and any other ordinance or provision of law, this Ordinance controls to the extent of the conflict, as allowable under the law.

**SECTION FIVE.** Codification. It is the intent of the City Council of the City of Edgewood that the provisions of this Ordinance shall be codified. The codifier is granted broad and liberal authority in codifying the provisions of this Ordinance.

**SECTION SIX.** Effective date. This Ordinance shall take effect immediately upon adoption as provided by the Charter of the City of Edgewood.

302	PASSED ON FIRST READING THIS _	DAY OF	2024.
303	PASSED AND ADOPTED THIS	_ DAY OF	2024.
		CITY OF EI CITY COU	DGEWOOD, FLORIDA NCIL
	ATTEST:	Richard A. I	Horn, Council President
	Sandra Riffle, City Clerk		

### **ORDINANCE 2024-07:**

### **Awnings**

### ORDINANCE NO. 2024-07 1 AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF 2 EDGEWOOD, FLORIDA AMENDING 134. CHAPTER 3 SECTION 134-1. "DEFINITIONS," **CREATING** 4 "AWNING:" **DEFINITION FOR PROVIDING** 5 CODIFICATION, SEVERABILITY, CONFLICTS, AND AN 6 EFFECTIVE DATE. 7 8 WHEREAS, the City's Code of Ordinances does not currently include a definition for the 9 term "Awning;" and 10 **WHEREAS**, awnings are referenced in the Code of Ordinances, particularly in the context 11 12 of "awning signs;" and WHEREAS, in order to provide clarity and avoid confusion the City Council finds it in 13 the best interest of the City to adopt a definition for the term "Awning." 14 NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ENACTED by the City Council of the City of Edgewood, 15 Florida as follows: 16 NOTE: Underlined words constitute additions to the City of Edgewood Code of 17 Ordinances, strikethrough constitutes deletions from the original Code of Ordinances, and asterisks 18 (\*\*\*) indicate an omission from the existing text which is intended to remain unchanged. 19 Section 1. Legislative Findings and Intent. The findings set forth in the recitals above are 20 hereby adopted as legislative findings pertaining to this ordinance. 21 Chapter 134, Article I, Section 134-1 "Definitions" of the City of Edgewood Code 22 Section 2. of Ordinances shall be amended as follows: 23 Sec. 134-1. - Definitions.

25	* *	*	
26	Awning mean	ns a shelter above a door or window, projecting from and supported by the exterior	
27	wall of a building constructed of rigid or non-rigid durable, weather-resistant materials on a		
28	supporting fr	ramework that may include a type that can be retracted, folded or collapsed against	
29	the wall of a supporting building.		
30	* *	*	
31	Section 3.	The provisions of this Ordinance shall be codified as and become and be made a	
32	part of the Co	ode of Ordinances of the City of Edgewood.	
33	Section 4.	Severability. If any section, sentence, phrase, word or portion of this ordinance is	
34	determined to	o be invalid, unlawful or unconstitutional, said determination shall not be held to	
35	invalidate or impair the validity, force or effect of any other section, sentence, phrase, word or		
36	portion of thi	s Ordinance not otherwise determined to be invalid, unlawful or unconstitutional.	
37	Section 5.	Conflicts. All ordinances that are in conflict with this Ordinance are hereby	
38	repealed.		
39	Section 6.	Effective Date. This Ordinance shall become effective immediately upon its	
40	passage and a	adoption.	
41 42	PASSED AND ADOPTED this day of, 2024, by the Ci Council of the City of Edgewood, Florida.		
43			
44 45	PASSED ON	I FIRST READING:	
46 47	PASSED ON	SECOND READING:	
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49		Richard Horn, Council President
50		
51	ATTEST:	
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53		
54	Sandra Riffle	

City Clerk

# PUBLIC HEARINGS (ORDINANCES – SECOND READINGS & RELATED ACTION)

### **ORDINANCE 2024-05:**

### **Sign Regulations**



Date: August 15, 2024 To: City Council

From: Ellen Hardgrove, City Planning Consultant

XC: Sandy Riffle, City Clerk
Drew Smith, City Attorney

This agenda item is the continuation of the second reading of proposed changes to the City's sign regulation. To recap, the proposed ordinance reflects a full review of the regulation including changes proposed by staff, the Planning and Zoning Board, and City Council with the goals of clarity for all users, including code enforcement; elimination of sign clutter; and protection of the health and safety and welfare of the city's citizens, businesses, and visitors. The highlighted text in the ordinance indicates changes that have been made based on the discussion at the July Council meeting. These changes are summarized below.

Line 263: "corrugated plastic" was added to the definition of Temporary sign.

Line 322: Allowable window signs are now exempt from permitting except for Window Signs in Lieu of Attached Signs. As such, a change was made to reflect the allowable copy area on nonresidential property is distributed amongst the ground sign and attached sign (Line 575) and the proposed waiver of the permitting fee when businesses were to bring their window signs into conformance with the new window sign regulations was deleted (Line 935).

Line 480: Related to the new category New Business Sign banners, the 30 day display period will begin when the business opens, not when the BTR is issued.

Line 688: Window Sign in Lieu of Attached Sign as modified at Council meeting.

Line 742: A new change proposed by staff since last Council meeting: an additional criteria for multi-occupant building wall signs - to not extend beyond the horizontal limits of the leased/owned space.

Line 927: Existing window signs on businesses that do not have an attached sign are allowed to continue even if they do not meet the Window Sign in Lieu of Attached Sign criteria.

The following summarizes the new sign regulation. The described signage has not changed since the last meeting. Nonresidential Permanent Signage

- Single occupant building one ground sign, one wall sign, one sign on glass (with option for two), one neon-like window sign, and one area for decals
- Multi-occupant building For each business: one wall sign, one sign on glass (with the option for two), one neon-like window sign, and one area for decals; the owner of the parcel is allowed one ground sign where the multi-occupant business may be able to advertise
- For both A larger window sign is an option instead of a wall sign, providing flexibility for businesses The regulations apply to each facade facing a public road (and parking lot for window signs).

### Nonresidential Temporary Signage

- One freestanding sign per parcel for when the business/property is for sale/lease or under construction
- Three freestanding signs per parcel 60 days prior to an election
- One free speech window sign permitted year-round
- One banner maximum 30 consecutive days, with a 60 day annual maximum One banner for new businesses maximum 30 consecutive days, not counted toward other banner limit

1	ORDINANCE NO. 2024-05			
2	AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF EDGEWOOD, FLORIDA,			
3 4	RELATING TO SIGNS; AMENDING CHAPTER 122 OF THE CITY OF			
5	EDGEWOOD CODE OF ORDINANCES RELATING TO SIGNS;			
6	AMENDING AND UPDATING PROVISIONS AND REGULATIONS			
7	RELATED TO ALLOWED AND PROHIBITTED SIGNS AND SIZE AND			
8	LOCATION OF SIGNS; PROVIDING FOR CODIFICATION,			
9	CONFLICTS, AND EFFECTIVE DATE.			
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11 12	<b>WHEREAS</b> , the City Council desires to preserve the aesthetic beauty of the City of Edgewood; and			
13 14	<b>WHEREAS</b> , the regulation of signage for purposes of aesthetics has long been recognized as advancing the public welfare; and			
15	WHEREAS, as far back as 1954, the United States Supreme Court recognized that "the			
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17	well as physical, aesthetic as well as monetary," and that it is within the power of the legislature			
18	"to determine that the community should be beautiful as well as healthy, spacious as well as clean			
19	well balanced as well as carefully patrolled." [Justice Douglas in <i>Berman v. Parker</i> , 348 U.S. 26,			
20	33 (1954); and			
21 22	<b>WHEREAS</b> , the Florida Constitution provides that it shall be the policy of the state to conserve and protect its scenic beauty; and			
23 24	<b>WHEREAS</b> , the regulation of signage for purposes of aesthetics directly serves the policy of this state by conserving and protecting its scenic beauty; and			
25 26	WHEREAS, sign clutter can contribute to driver distraction and other traffic safety concerns; and			
	WHERE AC the City designs to minimize the impacts signed a hos on traffic sofety in order			
27 28	<b>WHEREAS</b> , the City desires to minimize the impacts signage has on traffic safety in order to protect the public health, safety, and welfare; and			
20	to protect the public health, safety, and werrare, and			
29	WHEREAS, the City recognizes that attached signage is typically vehicular oriented and			
30	desires to modify window sign standards to encourage window signage that is more pedestria			
31	oriented; and			
32	WHEREAS, the regulation of signage was originally mandated by Florida's Local			
33	Government Comprehensive Planning and Land Development Regulation Act in 1985 (see			
34	Chapter 85-55; §14, Laws of Florida), and this requirement continues to apply to the City through			
35	Section 163.3202(2)(f), Florida Statutes; and			

**WHEREAS**, the regulation of signs is necessary to protect the public health, safety and welfare of the citizens, businesses and visitors to the City of Edgewood; and

**WHEREAS,** during the implementation of new sign regulations, the City has monitored the effectiveness and efficiency of said regulations; and

**WHEREAS,** in order to optimize the effectiveness and efficiency of its sign regulation program, the City Council finds it appropriate to amend certain definitions and regulations to better address the needs of the community and provide greater clarity to applicants; and

**WHEREAS**, the City Council finds that this Ordinance is limited to the secondary effects of speech including aesthetics and traffic safety, and is not intended to regulate viewpoints or censor speech, and for those and other reasons that the foregoing provisions are not subject to, or would not fail, a "prior restraint" analysis.

### NOW THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF EDGEWOOD, FLORIDA, AS FOLLOWS:

**SECTION ONE.** The findings set forth in the recitals above are hereby adopted as legislative findings of the City Council pertaining to this Ordinance.

**SECTION TWO.** Chapter 122, "Signs," of the City of Edgewood Code of Ordinances is hereby amended as set forth as follows (note: additions are indicated by <u>underline</u>, deletions are indicated by <u>strikethrough</u>, and portions of the Code that remain unchanged and which are not reprinted here are indicated by ellipses (\*\*\*):

\* \* \*

### Sec. 122-2. Definitions.

Abandoned sign: A sign which for a period of a least 90 days no longer correctly relates to a bona fide business, lessee, owner, or activity conducted on the premises where the sign is displayed; and/or a sign that has been damaged when repairs and restoration are not started within 90 days of the date the damage occurred, or when repairs are not diligently pursued, once started.

Alter: To make a change to a sign or sign structure, including but not limited to, changes in size, sign copy area to signs other than manual changeable copy signs, height, projection, illumination, shape, materials, placement and location on a site. Altering a sign does not include ordinary maintenance, repair or repainting an existing sign surface provided the sign copy area is not increased.

Anchor tenant: The major store(s) upon a multiple-occupant parcel that occupies building square footage on-site with a minimum area of 10,000 square feet.

Animated sign: A sign which has any visible moving part, color change, flashing or oscillating lights, visible mechanical movement of any description, or other apparent visible movement achieved by any means that move, change, flash, oscillate or visibly alters in appearance. The term may include, but is not limited to, electronic changeable signs with optical illusion of movement, color change, or change of lighting, to depict action or create a special effect or scene; and signs using electronic ink, signs set in motion by wind or other movement of the atmosphere, any sign set in motion by intentional movement by a person, any type of screen using animated or scrolling displays, such as an LED (light emitting diode) screen or any other type of video display.

Attached sign: A sign permanently attached to a building or structure.

Awning: A shelter projecting from and supported by the exterior wall of a building constructed of rigid or non-rigid materials on a supporting framework that may include a type that can be retracted, folded or collapsed against the wall of a supporting building.

Awning sign: A sign incorporated into an onto the material of an awning.

*Banner:* A sign applied to cloth, plastic, paper, fabric or other light pliable material of any kind either with or without frames; and which is suspended, mounted or attached across its longest side to a buildings or attached at two ends to building, poles or natural elements.

*Beacon:* A stationary or revolving light which flashes or projects illumination, single color or multicolored, in any manner which has the effect of attracting or diverting attention, except, however, this term does not include any kind of lighting device which is required or necessary under the safety regulations of the Federal Aviation Administration or other similar agency. This definition does not apply to any similar type of lighting device contained entirely within a structure and which does not project light to the exterior of the structure.

Bench sign: A sign on an outdoor bench.

Billboard: Any off-site sign or sign structure.

Building frontage: With the exception of the term building frontage used in the Code section related to attached signage on multi-occupant parcels, The vertical side of a building which faces a public right of way and is built to the principle plane. building frontage is the part of the principal building's facade that faces and is parallel to a street. For irregular wall surfaces, a single straight line is used to determine the frontage length.

*Changeable copy sign:* A non-electronic sign, or portion thereof, that is designed so that characters, letters or illustrations can be manually changed or rearranged without altering the sign face.

*Clearance:* The distance between the finished grade to the lower-most portion of the sign cabinet or face.

Cold air inflatable sign: A balloon-type sign with a blower (fan) system which runs to keep the sign inflated.

*Commercial message:* Any sign wording, logo, or other representation or image that directly or indirectly names, advertises, or calls attention to a product, service, sale or sales event or other commercial activity.

Construction sign: A temporary on-site sign identifying the ongoing construction activity during the time that a building permit is active and prior to completion of the work for which the permit was issued, and containing sign copy that is limited to the ongoing construction activity and identifying the contractor, professionals and/or any subcontractor engaged to perform construction activity on the site.

*Copy:* The combination of individual letters, numbers, symbols, depictions and the like, which are intended to inform, direct or otherwise transmit information.

Copy area: The entire area of the sign which could be used for copy. For wall signs and window signage, copy area is measured by enclosing by one continuous perimeter line the extreme limits of the sign which contains copy, including all ornamental attachments, insignias, symbols, logos, trademarks, interconnecting links and the like, and any stripe, frame or border, with such perimeter forming any regular geometric figure which would enclose all parts of the copy. For other signs (e.g., ground signs and hanging signs), the copy area is synonymous with "sign face" and includes all features, decorative glass, plastic, masonry, or other materials. Copy area does not include the main support structure of the sign unless it contains copy. The calculation for a double-faced sign shall be the area of one face only. When signs are enclosed in a cabinet or border, the internal perimeter of such cabinet or border will be used to calculate copy area.

*Display time:* The time interval that a static message or frame remains on an electronic changeable message sign before transitioning to the next message or frame.

*Dissolve:* A mode of message transition on an electronic changeable message sign accomplished by varying the light intensity or pattern, where the first message gradually appears to dissipate and lose legibility simultaneously with the gradual appearance and legibility of the second message.

Electronic changeable message sign: A sign that uses changing lights or an electronic medium to form an image, picture, or message of any kind, whether the image, picture, or message is moving or stationary, wherein the sequence of the messages and the rate of change are electronically programmed and can be modified by electronic processes. Electronic changeable signs include LED signs (light emitting diode technology or other similar semiconductor technology), OLED signs (transmissive, organic light emitting diodes), LEP signs (light emitting polymer), OEL signs (organic electro luminescence), or any similar technology.

*Erect:* To construct, assemble, attach, hang, place, suspend, affix or alter a sign. Does not include ordinary maintenance, repair or repainting of an existing sign surface provided the copy area is not increased.

- 147 Fade: A mode of message transition on an electronic changeable message sign accomplished 148 by varying the light intensity, where the first message gradually reduces intensity to the point of 149 not being legible and the subsequent message gradually increases intensity to the point of legibility.
- 150 <u>Feather Flag</u>: A freestanding vertical sign with a tapered, blade-shaped copy area that is
  151 designed to be displayed outdoors attached to a flexible pole inserted securely into the ground.
- Flag: A piece of fabric of distinctive design of which the narrowest side is attached to a permanent staff, halyard, structure, or flag pole. Flags are not banners.
- Flashing: A rapid on and off display of messages, also defined as a message being displayed for less than the identified display time in the regulation.
- 156 Frame: A complete, static display screen on an electronic changeable message sign.
- 157 Freestanding sign: Any sign supported by structures or supports that are placed on or anchored 158 in the ground and that are independent of any building or other structure.
- Fuel pump sign: A sign located upon or integrated into a fuel pump.
- 160 Governmental right-of-way signs: A sign erected by a governmental agency upon a public right-of-way.
- Ground sign: A freestanding sign placed in or upon the ground, specifically a Low Profile
   Sign, Tall Profile Sign, or, if qualified, a Large Parcel Sign.
- *Hanging sign:* An attached sign that hangs or projects below the underside of an awning, canopy, arcade, eave, overhang, or other covering that projects outward from the face of a building.
- 166 *Illuminance:* The amount of light striking a lit object at a given distance (in this case a passersby eye), measured in footcandles.
  - *Illuminated sign:* A sign illuminated by an internal light source or an external light source primarily designed to illuminate the sign.
- *Interactive sign:* A sign that has the ability to change the display based on the person or vehiclepassing by.
  - Large parcel sign: A freestanding sign with sign height no greater than 16 feet with a solid appearing base located on the ground with no airspace between the base and the sign cabinet. Large parcel signs are only allowed upon multi-occupant parcels at least five acres in size that have a parcel depth of at least 375 feet measured from the front property line to the rear property line.
  - Low-profile sign: A freestanding sign, erected on and permanently attached to a concrete foundation, with a sign height no greater than 8½ feet that either has: 1) a solid appearing base located on the ground with no more than two feet of airspace between the base and the sign cabinet or sign face; or 2) is supported by one or more vertical supports with no more than two feet of airspace between the ground or base and the bottom of the sign cabinet or sign face.
- Maintenance: The repairing or repainting of a portion of a sign or sign structure when neither the sign size nor copy area are altered; or manually changing changeable copy or renewing the

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- copy for signs which have been made unusable by ordinary wear provided neither the sign size nor copy area are altered.
- Multi-occupant parcel: A tax parcel that contains two or more distinct occupants internally separated by firewalls or demising walls, or in separate buildings.
- 187 *Non-commercial message:* Any message that is not a commercial message.
- Nonconforming sign: Any sign that was lawful when it was erected but does not meet the requirements of this chapter at the time of its effective date.
- 190 Off-site sign: A sign that identifies activities conducted or products or services that are not available on the premises on which the sign is located.
- On-site sign: A sign that: (1) is located on the premises to which the sign pertains; (2) identifies an activity conducted or products or services available on the premises where the sign is located; (3) displays a non-commercial message; or (4) is any combination of the first three.
  - Permanent sign: Any sign which, when installed, is intended for permanent use. The materials and installation method are intended for long-term use, able to withstand weather conditions and not designed to be easily moved or removed. For the purposes of this chapter, any sign with an intended use in excess of 90 days from the date of installation shall be deemed a permanent sign unless otherwise indicated elsewhere in this chapter.
- 200 *Person:* Any person or persons, individual or groups of individuals, company, firm, corporation, partnership, organization or association.
  - *Pole sign:* A freestanding sign that is supported from the ground up by one or more vertical supports and which does not meet the definition of a low-profile sign or tall-profile sign. The definition of pole sign does not include flags, traffic control device signs, or parking space identifications signs.
  - *Portable sign:* A sign that is not permanently affixed to or planted in the ground or permanently affixed to a permanent structure utilizing standard construction procedures and materials that will not deteriorate.
    - *Premises:* A lot together with all buildings and structures if any.
- 210 <u>Principal Building:</u> The main building in which the principal use(s) on a lot is conducted; the 211 <u>term excludes accessory buildings and structures.</u>
- 212 *Projecting sign:* An attached sign permanently affixed to a building or other structure in such a manner that the sign face is not parallel with the wall or structural component to which it is attached.
- 215 *Roof signs:* Any sign erected, constructed and maintained wholly upon or above the edge of the roof eave of any building with the principal support along or atop the roof structure.
- 217 Safety sign: See Warning signs.

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*Scrolling:* A mode of message transition on an electronic changeable message sign where the message appears to move vertically down or up the display surface.

Sign: Any surface, fabric, device or display which bears lettered, pictorial or sculptured matter, including forms shaped to resemble any human, animal or product designed to convey information to the public and is visible from an abutting property, from a public street, sidewalk or right-of-way, or from a body of water. For the purpose of this development code, the term "sign" shall include all structural members including the base. A sign shall be construed to form a single unit. In cases where matter is displayed in a random or unconnected manner without organized relationship of the components, each such component shall be considered a single sign. The term sign shall not include: holiday or seasonal decorations, merchandise displays located within a building, cemetery markers, or machinery or equipment signs.

Sign cabinet: A frame or external structure that encloses the edges of one or more sign panels.

*Sign face:* The part of the sign that is or can be used to identify, display, advertise, communicate information, or for visual representation which attracts or intends to attract the attention of the public for any purpose.

*Sign height:* The vertical distance measured from the natural contour of the parcel to the topmost point of the sign structure.

*Sign panel:* A single surface upon which copy is printed which can be installed in a sign cabinet or attached to a sign structure.

*Sign structure:* Any structure which is designed specifically for the purpose of supporting a sign, has supported, or is capable of supporting a sign. This definition shall include any decorative covers, braces, wires, supports, or components attached to or placed around the sign structure.

<u>Single Occupant Parcel:</u> A tax parcel with a building(s) occupied by only one business or tenant who leases the entire space. There are no other businesses or individuals renting portions of the property.

*Snipe sign:* Any sign tacked, nailed, fastened, affixed to, painted, posted, pasted, glued or otherwise attached to trees or other vegetation (living or dead), telephone poles, utility poles, or fences, with the message appearing thereon not applicable to the owner of utility poles or present use of the premises upon which the sign is located.

Static: Motionless.

- Statutory sign: A sign required by any statute of the State of Florida or the United States.
- Street address sign: Any sign denoting the street address of the premises on which it is attached or located.

Tall-profile sign: A freestanding sign, erected on and permanently attached to a concrete foundation, that has a sign height no greater than 16 feet and the bottom of the sign cabinet or sign face no lower than seven feet above ground and which has the appearance of a single vertical support that is at least one-fifth the width of the sign face or 12 inches in width, whichever is greater, and no more than one-third of the width of the sign face. Vertical supports or support casings shall be constructed of durable non-corrosive material, permanently affixed to the ground and sign face or sign cabinet and shall be either be monotone or utilize brick or stone of a single color.

Temporary sign: A sign which is not designed, constructed, or intended to be placed for a period of 60 days or fewer. Any sign that is not permanently affixed to any structure, window, door, or building, or permanently installed in the ground. Temporary signs are intended for a limited period of use and are typically constructed of non-durable, lightweight materials such as corrugated plastic, fabric, or wood.

Traffic control device sign: Any sign located within the right-of-way or on private property that is used as a traffic control device and that is described and identified in the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) and approved by the Federal Highway Administrator as the national standard. A traffic control device sign includes those signs that are classified and defined by their function as regulatory signs (that give notice of traffic laws or regulations), warning signs (that give notice of a situation that might not readily be apparent), and guide signs (that show route designations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, or cultural information). Some traffic control device signs may be portable.

*Transition:* A visual effect used on an electronic changeable message sign to change from one message to another.

*Traveling:* A mode of message transition on an electronic changeable message sign where the message appears to move horizontally across the display surface.

Vehicle sign: One or more signs on any vehicle or trailer which have a total sign area in excess of ten square feet, when the vehicle or trailer is not regularly used in the conduct of the business or activity advertised on the vehicle, and: (a) is visible from a street right-of-way within 100 feet of the vehicle; and (b) is parked for more than five consecutive hours within 100 feet of any street right-of-way; for the purposes of this definition, a vehicle shall not be considered "regularly used in the conduct of the business or activity" if the vehicle is used primarily for advertising.

Wall sign: An attached sign permanently affixed to a building or other structure in such a manner that the sign face is flush against and parallel with the wall or structural component to which it is attached.

Warning sign or safety sign: A sign that provides warning of a dangerous condition or situation that might not be readily apparent or that poses a threat of serious injury (e.g., gas line, high voltage, condemned building, etc.) or that provides warning of a violation of law (e.g., no trespassing, no hunting allowed, etc.).

Window sign: Any sign attached to, suspended behind, placed or painted upon, the window or glass door of a building, which is intended for viewing from the exterior of the building.

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### Sec. 122-9. Exemptions from sign permitting.

The following signs are exempt from permitting under this chapter 122:

- (1) A sign, other than a window sign, located entirely inside the premises of a building or enclosed space.
- (2) Governmental right-of-way signs.
- Decals or insignia normally associated with equipment, machinery, or vehicles which are affixed to or painted on equipment, machinery or vehicles.
  - (4) Temporary on-site signs erected pursuant to and in accordance with section 122-12, excluding banners, which require permits.
    - (5) Traffic control devices <u>signs</u>.
    - (6) For 911 and emergency response purposes, street address signs with copy between four inches and 12 inches in height located in a place that is clearly visible from the right-of-way.
    - (7) Up to three flags meeting the following criteria. For one flag on a parcel, the flag shall be located so the flag when fully extended is at least ten feet from any right-of-way the front property line and at least 20 feet from side property lines, mounted on hardware permanently attached to a structure or pole not exceeding 35 feet in height and that is permanently anchored within the ground with concrete or a pole attached to a building in a permanent anchor. When more than one flag is located on a parcel, the flags, when fully extended, shall be at least 20 feet from side property lines; the flag poles or wall anchors shall be clustered to be no further apart than the flag width when completely extended; and located within 15 feet of the front of the principal building or at least 30 feet from a right-of-way, whichever is furthest from the right-of-way. On a parcel zoned for residential purpose, the highest point of the flag or flag pole shall be a maximum of 20 feet above the natural ground elevation and the flag shall be a maximum of the flag/flag pole shall be a maximum of 35 feet above the natural ground elevation and the flag shall be a maximum of feet x 10 feet.
    - (8) Warning/Safety Signs
  - (9) Statutory Signs
- 322 (10) Allowable Window/Glass Door signs (See Sections 122-13(b)(1)d. and 122-323 (13(b)(2)c.), except Window Signs in Lieu of Attached Signs

### Sec. 122-10. Prohibited signs.

- The following types of signs are prohibited:
- 326 (1) Abandoned signs.

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- 327 (2) Balloons, cold air inflatables, streamers and pennants.
- 328 (3) Banner signs except as expressly allowed in section 122-12 herein.
- 329 (4) Bench signs, other than the identification of the transit company or its route schedule.
- 330 (5) Billboards.
- Electronic changeable message signs except as specifically allowed in subsection 122-13(b)(4)a.5, herein.
- Pavement markings, except street addresses and vehicle directional arrows.
- 334 (8) Portable signs except as expressly authorized in section 122-12 herein.
- 335 (9) Pole signs.
- 336 (10) Roof signs.
- 337 (11) Signs in or upon any lake or other body of water.
- 338 (12) Signs erected by other than a governmental entity on or extending into publicly-owned land, easements or rights-of-way.
- 340 (13) Signs that emit sound, vapor, smoke, odor, particles or gaseous matter.
- 341 (14) Signs that have unshielded illuminating devices or which reflect lighting onto public rights-of-way thereby creating a potential traffic or pedestrian hazard.
  - (15) Animated signs or signs that appear to display motion in any way whatsoever, including beacons.
  - (16) Signs that obstruct, conceal, hide, or otherwise obscure from view any traffic control device sign or official traffic signal.
  - (17) Snipe signs. Any sign tacked, nailed, fastened, affixed to, painted, posted, pasted, glued or otherwise attached to trees or other vegetation (living or dead), telephone poles, utility poles, or fences, with the message appearing thereon not applicable to the owner of utility poles or present use of the premises upon which the sign is located, includes, but is not limited to, snipe signs.
- 352 (18) Obscene signs.
- 353 (19) Hazardous signs.
- 354 (20) Vehicle signs.
- 355 (21) Any sign that is not specifically described or enumerated as permitted.

- 356 (22) Signs attached to temporary structures, except as expressly allowed within this chapter.
- Window signage except as expressly allowed within this chapter. Window signage lawfully existing as of June 21, 2022, shall be allowed to remain until the earlier of: 1) voluntary removal of the window signage; or 2) a change of occupancy in the unit upon which the window signage is located.
  - (24) Signs projected on building façades or other structures, also may be known as hologram signs, projection mapping signs, video projection, or outdoor building projection signs.
  - (25) Any sign bordered or containing string lights or light strips, including LED strips, except as expressly allowed in this chapter.
  - (26) More than three flags on one parcel.
  - (27) Changeable copy on any sign
- 367 (28) Feather flags

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### Sec. 122-11. General standards.

- (a) *Distance requirements*. Except as otherwise provided herein, no sign shall be located within 20 feet of any side property line of a parcel and at least 20 feet from existing public road curbs or pavement. No freestanding sign shall be located within 50 feet of any other permanent freestanding sign, including those on adjacent property.
- 373 \* \* \*
- 374 (g) *Sight visibility triangles*. No sign shall be located within a sight visibility triangle as defined below:
  - (1) *Driveway/road corner:* The area on both sides of a driveway formed by the intersection of the driveway and the public <u>or private</u> right-of-way line with two sides of each triangle being ten feet in length from the point of intersection and the third side being a line connecting the ends of the other sides. The driveway measurement shall be along the driveway curb front, or pavement if no curb exists. The right-of-way length shall be measured along the right-of-way line.
  - (2) *Road/road corner:* The area of property located at a corner formed by the intersection of two <del>public</del> rights-of-way, <u>public or private</u>, with two sides of the triangular area being measured 30 feet in length along the right-of-way lines from their point of intersection, and the third being a line connecting the ends of the other two lines.
  - A larger sight visibility triangle may be required, or reduced, by the city's engineer where necessary or appropriate because of roadway alignments or design, traffic patterns and volume, traffic control devices, site features, or project design features.

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390	Sec. 122-12. Supplemental temporary sign standards. Temporary sign standards.
391 392	In addition to any other applicable provision of this article and chapter, the following minimum standards shall apply to all temporary signs:
393 394	(1) Temporary signs shall be removed within three days after the date upon which the signassign has fulfilled its purpose (e.g., a scheduled event or occurrence has concluded).
395	(2) On property zoned residential:
396 397	a. One temporary freestanding sign no greater than six square feet in copy area with sign height no greater than three feet shall be allowed on the premises at any time
398 399 400 401	b. In addition to the sign allowed in subsection (2)a., above, one temporar freestanding sign no greater than nine square feet in copy area with sign height no greater than six feet shall be allowed on the premises during any period in which the property upon which such sign is located is listed for sale or lease.
402 403 404 405 406	c. In addition to the signs allowed in subsections (2)a. and b., above, two temporar freestanding signs no greater than six square feet in copy area with sign height no greater than three feet shall be allowed on the premises during any period beginning 60 days prior to any local, state or federal election and lasting until three days after such election.
407	(3) On property zoned other than residential:
408 409	a. One temporary banner sign no greater than 40 square feet in copy area attached to a building and subject to the following conditions:
410 411	<ol> <li>Any banner sign may not be displayed on any premises for more than 3 consecutive days;</li> </ol>
412 413	<ol> <li>Any banner sign may not be displayed on any premises for more than 6 cumulative days in a calendar year;</li> </ol>
414 415 416 417	3. Prior to display of any banner sign, the party erecting such sign must provid notice to the city clerk's office on a form provided by the city including at minimum, the property address, dates the banners sign will displayed, an dimensions of the banner sign.
418 419 420 421	b. One temporary sign no greater than 18 square feet in copy area with sign height n greater than six feet shall be allowed on the premises during any period in which any portion of the property upon which the sign is located is for sale or lease of during any period in which any portion of the property is under construction.

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c. In addition to the signs allowed in subsections (3)a., and b., one temporary

freestanding sign per 75 linear feet of any property line of the parcel which abuts a

- public road right-of-way; provided, however, no more than four temporary signs of any category provided in this section shall be allowed on a tax parcel at any one time: said signs shall be no greater than six square feet in copy area with sign height no greater than three feet.
  - d. In addition to the signs allowed in subsections (3)a. and b., above, three temporary signs no greater than six square feet each in copy area with sign height no greater than three feet shall be allowed on the premises during any period beginning 60 days prior to any local, state or federal election and lasting until three days after such election.
  - (4) Temporary signs must be at least five feet from any right-of-way and at least ten feet from the side and rear property lines.
  - (5) Temporary signs shall not be illuminated.
  - (6) Temporary signs shall be repaired or removed immediately if they become faded, worn, broken, decayed, or otherwise fall into poor repair.

### (a) General Rules:

- (1) <u>Temporary signs shall be removed within three days after the date upon which the sign has fulfilled its purpose (e.g., a scheduled event or occurrence has concluded) or on the regulatory deadline expressly stated in this chapter. The City will acquire a temporary sign that remains after the allowable time limit.</u>
- (2) <u>Temporary signs shall not be illuminated.</u>
- (3) <u>Temporary signs shall be repaired or removed immediately if they become faded, worn, broken, decayed, or otherwise fall into poor repair.</u>
- (b) On property in a residential zoned district, except property occupied by a place of worship that has been authorized by special exception approval, the following signs shall be allowed provided the signs are not located in or extend into any right-of-way, driveway, or sidewalk.
  - (1) One temporary freestanding sign no greater than six square feet in copy area with sign height no greater than three feet shall be allowed on the premises at any time.
  - (2) <u>In addition to the sign allowed in subsection (b)(1) above, one temporary freestanding sign no greater than nine square feet in copy area with sign height no greater than six feet shall be allowed on the premises during any period in which the property upon which such sign is located is listed for sale or lease.</u>
  - (3) In addition to the signs allowed in subsections (b)(1) and (2) above, two temporary freestanding signs no greater than six square feet in copy area with sign height no greater than three feet shall be allowed on the premises during any period beginning 60 days prior to any local, state or federal election and lasting until three days after such election.

- (c) On property in a non-residential zoned district or occupied by a place of worship that has been authorized by special exception approval in a residential zoned district, the following temporary signs shall be allowed along each public road frontage.
  - (1) <u>Banner Signs</u>: One banner sign no greater than 40 square feet in copy area attached to a building <del>and</del> subject to the following conditions:
    - a. The banner sign shall not be displayed on any premises for more than 30 consecutive days;
    - b. The banner sign may not be displayed on any premises for more than 60 cumulative days in a calendar year with the exception of new business banners as described herein;
    - c. Prior to display of any banner sign, the party erecting such sign must provide notice to the city clerk's office on a form provided by the city, which includes at a minimum, the property address, dates the banner sign will be displayed, and dimensions of the banner sign.
    - d. Banner signs shall not cover a building address or hung in a manner that would impede pedestrian travel; the minimum vertical clearance for a banner positioned over a pedestrian path shall be 7'6".
    - e. Notwithstanding the aforementioned regulations regarding banner signs, a newly established business, or an existing business relocating to a completely new address (as evidenced by a new Business Tax Receipt [BTR]), may display a temporary banner sign that complies with the established banner sign requirements outlined herein. This temporary display shall be permitted for a maximum duration of thirty (30) consecutive days, commencing on a date substantially contemporaneous with the business opening; such date must be registered with the City of Edgewood at the time of permit application. This temporary allowance does not contribute to the previously mentioned time limitations on banner displays.
  - (2) <u>Freestanding Signs</u>: The following freestanding signs shall be allowed provided the signs are at least five feet from any right-of-way, at least ten feet from the side and rear property lines, outside all Sight Visibility Triangles, and do not extend into any drive aisle, sidewalk, or parking space.
    - a. One temporary sign no greater than 18 square feet in copy area with sign height no greater than six feet shall be allowed on the premises during any period in which any portion of the property upon which the sign is located is for sale or lease or during any period in which any portion of the property is under construction.
    - b. In addition to other allowable temporary signs, three temporary signs no greater than six square feet each in copy area with sign height no greater than three feet shall be allowed on the premises during any period beginning 60 days prior to any local, state or federal election and lasting until three days after such election.

### Sec. 122-13. Signs subject to permitting Permanent Signs.

- (a) Residential. The following signs shall be permitted in all residential zoning districts:
  - (1) One permanent freestanding sign up to 64 square feet of total copy area and up to eight feet in height may be erected at each entrance into a single-family subdivision or multifamily development. In lieu of one 64 square foot sign, two permanent single faced signs not exceeding 32 square feet in total sign face area each may be located at each entrance, provided that such signs are placed in a symmetrical manner, are located on opposite sides of the entrance to which they are oriented, and will not conflict with the principal permitted use of the site or adjoining sites. Such signs shall only be erected on privately owned property. All such signs shall be installed in a landscaped and irrigated area consisting of shrubs and/or ground cover not less than three feet in width around the entire base of the sign. Notwithstanding the above, existing permanent freestanding signs located at the entrance into a single-family subdivision or multifamily development are hereby grandfathered and may be replaced with new signage of the same dimensions and in the same footprint of such existing signage.
  - (2) Governmental right-of-way signs.
- (b) Non-residential.

- (1) Unless otherwise specified, including copy area limitations of the ECD, a maximum total copy area of two square feet for each linear foot of building frontage or 100 square feet, whichever is less, shall be allowed per parcel. The allowable copy area may be distributed amongst the ground sign, attached sign, and window signage at the owner's discretion provided such is consistent with chapter 122.
- (2) Multi-occupant parcels at least five acres in size with at least 375 feet of parcel depth measured from the front property line to the rear property line shall be allowed a maximum total copy area of two square feet for each linear foot of building frontage or 200 square feet, whichever is less.
- (3) For parcels abutting multiple rights of way, an additional maximum total copy area of one square foot for each linear foot of building frontage along each additional right of way or 100 square feet, whichever is less, shall be allowed. Any additional copy area allowed pursuant to this paragraph must be utilized along and directed toward the additional public rights of way.
- (4) Subject to the maximum total copy area, the following signs shall be permitted in all non-residential zoning districts:
  - a. Ground signs. Ground signs shall be permitted pursuant to the following:
    - 1. One low-profile sign, one tall-profile sign, consistent with the definitions for same, or one electronic changeable message sign consistent with the

- requirements in subsection 122-13(b)(4)a.5 below, shall be allowed along each public road right of way the parcel abuts.
  - 2. On multi-occupant parcels at least five acres in size with at least 375 feet of parcel depth measured from the front property line to the rear property line, one large parcel sign, consistent with the definition for same, shall be allowed in lieu of a low profile, tall profile, or electronic changeable message sign.
  - 3. On parcels abutting multiple public road rights-of-way, one additional ground sign shall be allowed per secondary road frontage. The sign location along the secondary frontage shall be at least 100 feet from the point of road intersection with the primary road, as measured along the right-of-way. The secondary frontage shall be the road with the lowest traffic count.
  - 4. With the exception of electronic changeable message signs, ground signs may include multiple sign panels subject to the following:
    - i. No airspace shall exist between sign panels or sign cabinets;
    - ii. Sign panels located on the same horizontal plane shall be of the same height and configured so that the top and bottom edge of each panel is aligned; and
    - iii. When multiple sign panels are located on the same horizontal plane immediately above or below another row of multiple sign panels, all sign panels in such rows shall be of equal width and aligned so that the left and right edge of each panel is aligned.
  - (a) Residential Communities. The following signs shall be permitted to identify a residential community.

One permanent freestanding sign up to 64 square feet of total copy area and up to eight feet in height may be erected at each entrance into a single-family subdivision or multi-family development. In lieu of one 64 square foot sign, two permanent single-faced signs each not exceeding 32 square feet in total sign face area may be located at each entrance, provided that such signs are placed in a symmetrical manner, are located on opposite sides of the entrance road to which they are oriented and outside all sight visibility triangles. Such signs shall only be erected on privately-owned property. All such signs shall be installed in a landscaped and irrigated area consisting of shrubs and/or ground cover not less than three feet in width around the entire base of the sign. Notwithstanding the above, existing permanent freestanding signs located at the entrance into a single-family subdivision or multifamily development are hereby grandfathered and may be replaced with new signage of the same dimensions and in the same footprint of such existing signage.

(b) Uses on property in a non-residential zoned district or a place of worship that has been authorized by special exception approval in a residential zoned district. Signage shall be allowed as noted below.

### (1) Single Occupant Parcel

### a. Allowable Copy Area:

- i. Unless otherwise specified, a single occupant parcel shall be allowed a maximum total copy area of 1.5 square feet for each linear foot of building frontage when the parcel abuts one public right-of-way or 100 square feet, whichever is less. The allowable copy area may be distributed amongst the ground sign and attached sign at the owner's discretion provided such is consistent with Chapter 122.
- ii. Parcels abutting more than one public right-of-way (secondary frontage) shall be eligible for additional copy area to be used exclusively for signage oriented toward the secondary frontage. This allowance is calculated as the lesser of either 1.0 square foot of copy area for each linear foot of building frontage along the secondary right-of-way, or 100 square feet. The secondary frontage shall be the road with the lowest traffic count. The secondary frontage signage shall be consistent with the same standards as for the primary frontage signage as well as Section 122-13(b)(1)b.ii.

### b. Ground Sign:

- i. One Low Profile or Tall Profile Sign ground sign shall be allowed with a maximum ground sign face of 72 square feet.
- ii. The ground sign shall be located at least 20 feet from any side property line; setback at least 20 feet from the existing back of road curb or edge of pavement, if no curb exists; outside any Sight Visibility Triangle; and separated at least 50 feet from any other permanent freestanding sign, including those on adjacent property.
- iii. For parcels eligible for a secondary ground sign pursuant to a.ii., above, the ground sign face shall not exceed 32 square feet or 50% of the square footage of the ground sign along the primary road right of way, whichever is greater. The sign location along the secondary frontage shall meet all ground sign location criteria. In addition, the sign shall be at least 100 feet from the point of road intersection with the primary road, as measured along the rights-of-way. The secondary frontage shall be the road with the lowest traffic count.

### c. Attached Sign:

i. General: One Attached Sign shall be allowed per principal building façade facing a public road right-of-way for each principal building located on a parcel; such sign or signs allowed herein do not have to be located on the building façade facing the public road right-of-way, but only one such sign shall be

606	allowed per building façade. The Attached Sign(s) can be a wall sign,
607	projecting sign, hanging sign, or awning sign. See Allowable Window and
608	Glass Door Signs for option to forego an Attached Sign; i.e., Window Sign in
609	Lieu of Attached Sign.
610	ii. Types of Allowable Attached Signs
611	1. Wall Sign: A wall sign and its supporting structure shall meet the following.
612	• Shall not project more than twelve (12) inches from the building wall.
613	• Shall not disrupt the architectural features of the building such as block a
614	door or window opening.
615	• Shall not extend above the building's roofline or the top of an exterior
616	parapet wall that projects above the roofline.
617	• The horizontal width of the sign shall not extend beyond the limits of the
618	leased/owned frontage.
619	<ul> <li>Shall not extend over any public right-of-way.</li> </ul>
620	• Shall be architecturally compatible and consistent with the building's
621	overall design.
622	2. Projecting Sign: No projecting sign shall extend more than three feet beyond
623	the face of the building. No sign face of any projecting sign may be greater
624	than six square feet in area. A projecting sign shall be hung at a 90-degree
625	angle from the face of the building and the bottom of the projecting sign
626	shall be at least seven feet six inches above grade.
627	3. Hanging Sign: The edge of any hanging sign furthest from the building shall
628	not extend beyond the edge of the roofline. No sign face of any hanging
629	sign may be greater than six square feet in area. A hanging sign shall be
630	hung either parallel to or at a 90-degree angle from the face of the building.
631	The bottom of the hanging sign shall be at least seven feet six inches above
632	grade.
633	4. Awning Sign: One awning sign shall be allowed to be installed upon an
634	awning on the principal building located upon the premises. The maximum
635	copy area on the awning shall be one-half of a square foot for each linear
636	foot of awning parallel to the public right-of-way or drive aisle as measured
637	along the lower edge of the awning parallel to the ground; the copy area
638	shall not exceed a height of 1.5 feet.
639	d. Window and Glass Door Signs.
640	i. General:
641	(a) With the exception of signage expressly permitted under these regulations,
642	all windows and glass doors of the building shall be transparent; superfluous

643	signs, such as but not limited to signs hanging in the window on hooks or
644	suction cups not identified as window or door signs, are prohibited.
645	(b) Window and glass door signs shall be allowed only on the ground floor of
646	<u>a building.</u>
647	(c) Interior window coverings for privacy or sun protection are permitted
648	provided they are constructed from a uniform material and presented in a
649	uniform solid color. This does not require all windows to be covered.
650	(d) Copy area is the area within the rectangular perimeter of the extreme limits
651	of copy, including, but not necessarily limited to text, numbers, ornamental
652	attachments, insignias, symbols, logos, trademarks, any stripe, frame or
653	border, and solid color background.
654	(e) The term window used herein is defined as individual panes of glass, and
655	not the entire glass area across the façade.
656	ii. Allowable Window and Glass Door Signage:
657	(a) Permanently Adhered to or Painted on Door/Window Signage
658	Either one sign not exceeding six square feet in copy area permanently
659	adhered to or painted on the glass of a business; or two signs with a
660	cumulative total of six square feet permanently adhered to or painted on
661	adjacent windows or glass doors, or an adjacent window and glass door. For
662	businesses with windows/glass doors on more than one side of the building,
663	possibly due to their corner location, the permanently adhered to or painted
664	on the glass sign regulation applies to each side.
665	(b) Hung Neon Tubing/LED Tubing Sign
666	One traditional neon or LED neon tubing shall be allowed to be displayed
667	in one ground floor window along each building frontage that faces a right-
668	of-way or parking lot conditioned that such sign meets all of the following.
669	* must not be attached to the window
670	shall not be in a window that faces a residential zoning district,
671	regardless if the residential zoning is across a road
672	shall not exceed 2 square feet in total sign copy area as measured by
673	forming a rectangle enclosing all parts of the sign
674	shall not blink, flash, twinkle, flicker, pulse, rotate, or otherwise display
675	movement
676	shall not change colors within a 24 hour period
677	shall be clear/non-colored/transparent except for the illuminated tubing
678	of the sign
679	(c) Small Decals on Doors and Windows
680	One 9"x 9" area of one door or one window adjacent to the door can be used
681	for decals. Use of multiple decals shall be either stacked or positioned side
682	by side in a linear manner.

- Stacking: When decals are positioned one above the other, the left or right edges of the decals shall be aligned,
- Side-by-Side Placement: For decals applied next to each other, the tops or bottoms of the decals shall be aligned.

These decals shall not be counted as window signs.

### (d) Window Sign in Lieu of Attached Sign

Businesses without an Attached Sign may utilize one window sign to substitute for the primary purpose of an Attached Sign. In these cases, one window sign is permitted per building facade facing a public right-of-way, with a maximum copy area of 12 square feet. Font size shall be between 8 and 12 inches in height. One Permanently Attached or Painted on Door/Window sign not exceeding three square feet is allowed with this option. Other Permanently Attached or Painted on Door/Window Signage is prohibited.

### (2) Multi-Occupant Parcel.

### a. Ground Signs:

- i. A multi-occupant tax parcel shall be allowed one Low Profile, Tall Profile, or Large Parcel, if qualified. The maximum total sign face for a ground sign shall be equal to 1.5 square feet for each linear foot of building frontage or 72 square feet, whichever is less, unless the tax parcel qualifies for a Large Parcel Sign, then the maximum ground sign face shall be 200 square feet. The building frontage for this specific code section shall include all sides that have the primary business entrances regardless if the sides face different roads or the parking lot. A single occupant building existing on a multi-occupant parcel shall be treated as part of the calculation as if the building was connected to the multioccupant structure.
- ii. The ground sign shall be located at least 20 feet from any side property line; setback at least 20 feet from the existing back of road curb or pavement, if no curb exists; outside any Site Visibility Triangle; and separated at least 50 feet from any other permanent freestanding sign, including those on adjacent property.
- iii. For any parcel abutting multiple public road rights-of-way, one additional ground sign shall be allowed per secondary road frontage. The additional ground sign face shall not exceed 32 square feet or 50% of the square footage of the sign face along the primary road right of way, whichever is greater. The sign location along the secondary frontage shall meet all ground sign location criteria in addition to being located at least 100 feet from the point of road intersection with the primary road, as measured along the right-of-way. The secondary frontage shall be the road with the lowest traffic count.

722	iv.	Gro	ound signs on multi-occupant parcels may include multiple sign panels
723		<u>sub</u>	eject to the following:
724		1.	No airspace shall exist between sign panels or sign cabinets;
725		2.	Sign panels located on the same horizontal plane shall be of the same height
726			and configured so that the top and bottom edge of each panel is aligned; and
727		3.	When multiple sign panels are located on the same horizontal plane
728			immediately above or below another row of multiple sign panels, all sign
729			panels in such rows shall be of equal width and aligned so that the left and
730			right edge of each panel is aligned.
731	b. Atta	iche	ed Sign:
732	<u>i.</u>	Gei	<u>neral:</u>
733		1.	In addition to the ground sign, each business location with an individual
734			exterior entrance location within a building on a multiple occupant parcel,
735			shall be permitted one of the following attached signs: Wall Sign, Projecting
736			Sign, Hanging Sign, Awning Sign, or Anchor Tenant Sign, if applicable.
737			See Allowable Window and Glass Door Signs for option to forego an
738			Attached Sign; i.e., Window Sign in Lieu of Attached Sign.
739		2.	The type of attached signs shall be consistent within the development (e.g.,
740			all tenants use only wall signs).
741		3.	Such signs shall be located proximate to the primary entrance of the
742			business location. Attached signage shall not extend beyond the horizontal
743			limits of the leased/owned space.
744		4.	The total maximum copy area for the attached signs available for each
745			occupant shall be based on a formula of 1.5 square feet of copy area for each
746			<u>linear foot of building frontage on the multi-occupant parcel. Each occupant</u>
747			of the building(s) shall then be allocated sign copy area square footage
748			based on their rental (or owned) gross square footage percentage of the total
749			available gross square footage in the building(s). In no event, however, may
750			any one business location attached sign exceed a maximum of 72 square
751			feet of total copy area except as otherwise authorized for an anchor tenant.
752			The building frontage for this specific code section shall include all sides
753			$\underline{\text{that have the primary business entrances regardless if the sides face different}}$
754			roads or the parking lot. A single occupant building existing on a multi-
755			occupant parcel shall be treated as part of the calculation as if the building
756			was connected to the multi-occupant structure.
757	<u>ii.</u>	Ty	pes of Allowable Attached Signs
758		1.	Wall Sign: A wall sign and its supporting structure shall meet the following.
759			• Shall not project more than twelve (12) inches from the building wall.

760				• Shall not disrupt the architectural features of the building such as block a
761				door or window opening.
762				• Shall not extend above the building's roofline or the top of an exterior
763				parapet wall that projects above the roofline.
764				• The horizontal width of the sign shall not extend beyond the limits of the
765				leased/owned frontage.
766				• Shall not extend over any public right-of-way.
767				• Shall be architecturally compatible and consistent with the building's
768				overall design.
769			2.	Projecting Sign: No projecting sign shall extend more than three feet
770				beyond the face of the building. No sign face of any projecting sign may be
771				greater than six square feet in area. A projecting sign shall be hung at a 90-
772				degree angle from the face of the building and the bottom of the projecting
773				sign shall be at least seven feet six inches above grade.
774			<i>3</i> .	Hanging Sign: The edge of any hanging sign furthest from the building shall
775				not extend beyond the edge of the roofline. No sign face of any hanging
776				sign may be greater than six square feet in area. A hanging sign shall be
777				hung either parallel to or at a 90-degree angle from the face of the building.
778				The bottom of the hanging sign shall be at least seven feet six inches above
779				grade.
780			<u>4</u> .	Anchor Tenant Sign: The attached sign for an anchor tenant shall be allowed
781				an additional one square foot of attached sign copy area for each linear foot
782				of building frontage of that portion of the building occupied by the anchor
783				tenant over 100 linear feet. Said additional copy area shall not exceed 120
784				square feet of copy area per anchor.
785			5.	Awning Sign: One awning sign shall be allowed to be installed upon an
786				awning on the principal building. The maximum copy area permitted on the
787				awning shall be one-half of a square foot for each linear foot of awning
788				parallel to the public right-of-way or drive aisle, as measured along the
789				lower edge of the awning parallel to the ground; the copy area shall not
790				exceed a height of 1.5 feet.
791	<u>C.</u>	W	indov	w and Glass Door Signs.
792		i.	Gene	<u>eral:</u>
793			<u>(a)</u>	With the exception of signage expressly permitted under these regulations,
794				all windows and glass doors of the building shall be transparent; superfluous
795				signs, such as but not limited to signs hanging in the window on hooks or
796				suction cups not identified as window or door signs, are prohibited.
797			<u>(b)</u>	Window and glass door signs shall be allowed only on the ground floor of
798				a building. Other than the allowable signage, all windows and glass doors

799	of the building shall be transparent; superfluous signs, such as but not
800	limited to, signs hanging in the window on hooks or suction cups not
801	identified as window or glass door signs are prohibited.
802	(c) Interior window coverings for privacy or sun protection are permitted
803	provided they are constructed from a uniform material and presented in a
804	uniform solid color. This does not require all windows to be covered.
805	(d) Copy area is the area within the rectangular perimeter of the extreme limits
806	of copy, including, but not necessarily limited to text, numbers, ornamental
807	attachments, insignias, symbols, logos, trademarks, any stripe, frame or
808	border, and solid color background.
809	(e) The term window used herein is defined as individual panes of glass, and
810	not the entire glass area across the façade.
811	ii. Allowable Window and Glass Door Signage:
812	(a) Permanently Adhered to or Painted on Door/Window Signage
813	Either one (1) sign not exceeding six (6) square feet in copy area
814	permanently adhered to or painted on the glass of a business; or two (2)
815	signs with a cumulative total of six (6) square feet permanently adhered to
816	or painted on adjacent windows or glass doors, or an adjacent window and
817	glass door. For businesses with windows/glass doors on more than one side
818	of the building, possibly due to their corner location, the permanently
819	adhered to or painted on the glass sign regulation applies to each side.
820	(b) Hung Neon Tubing/LED Tubing Sign:
821	One traditional neon or LED neon tubing shall be allowed to be displayed
822	on the inside of one ground floor window along each building frontage that
823	faces a right-of-way or parking lot conditioned such sign meets all of the
824	following.
825	• must not be attached to the window
826	shall not be in a window that faces a residential zoning district,
827	regardless if the residential zoning is across a road
828	shall not exceed 2 square feet in total sign copy area as measured by
829	forming a rectangle enclosing all parts of the sign
830	shall not blink, flash, twinkle, flicker, pulse, rotate, or otherwise display
831	<u>movement</u>
832	shall not change colors within a 24 hour period
833	shall be clear/non-colored/transparent except for the illuminated tubing
834	of the sign
835	(c) Small Decals on Doors and Windows:
836	One 9"x 9" area of one door or one window adjacent to the door can be used
837	for decals. Use of multiple decals shall be either stacked or positioned side
838	by side in a linear manner.

839		• Stacking: When decals are positioned one above the other, the left or
840		right edges of the decals shall be aligned,
841		• Side-by-Side Placement: For decals applied next to each other, the tops
842		or bottoms of the decals shall be aligned.
843		These decals shall not be counted as window signs.
844		(d) Window Sign in Lieu of Attached Sign:
845		Businesses without an Attached Sign may utilize one window sign to
846		substitute for the primary purpose of an Attached Sign. In these cases, one
847		window sign is permitted per building facade facing a public right-of-way,
848		with a maximum copy area of 12 square feet. Font size shall be between 8
849		and 12 inches in height. One Permanently Attached or Painted on
850		Door/Window sign not exceeding three square feet is allowed with this
851		option. Other Permanently Attached or Painted on Door/Window Signage
852		is prohibited.
853		(4) Gas Stations
854		One fuel pump sign with copy area no greater than two square feet located upon a
855		functional and properly licensed fuel pump. Fuel pump signs shall not be included in
856		the calculation of maximum total copy area.
857		(5)5. Electronic changeable message signs shall be subject to the following requirements
858	*	* *
859		b. Attached signs. The following attached signs shall be permitted:
860		1. One wall sign, one projecting sign, or one hanging sign shall be allowed per
861		principal building façade facing a public road right-of-way for each principal
862		building located on a parcel; such sign or signs allowed herein do not have to
863		be located on the building façade facing the public road right-of-way, but only
864		one such sign shall be allowed per building façade.
865		i. No wall sign or supporting structure for a wall sign shall project
866		more than 12 inches from the wall of a building nor over any public
867		right-of-way. Wall signs may not disrupt architectural features of the
868		building and must be architecturally compatible and consistent with
869		the building. Further, no wall sign shall extend above the roofline
870		except where an exterior parapet wall projects above the roofline, in
871		which case such sign may extend to the top of such wall.
872		ii. No projecting sign shall extend beyond three feet beyond the face of
873		the building. No sign face of any projecting sign may be greater than
874		six square feet in area. A projecting sign shall be hung at a 90-degree
875		angle from the face of the building and the bottom of the projecting
876		sign shall be at least seven feet above grade.

iii. The edge of any hanging sign furthest from the building shall not 877 extend beyond the edge of the roofline. No sign face of any hanging 878 sign may be greater than six square feet in area. A hanging sign shall 879 be hung either parallel to or at a 90-degree angle from the face of the 880 building. The bottom of the hanging sign shall be at least seven feet 881 above grade. 882 2. One awning sign shall be allowed per awning installed upon the principal 883 buildings located upon the premises. The maximum copy area permitted on 884 any awning shall be one-half of a square foot for each linear foot of awning 885 parallel to the public right-of-way, as measured along the lower edge of the 886 awning parallel to the ground; the copy area shall not exceed a height of 1.5 887 feet. 888 Window signs. Window signs shall be allowed only on the ground floor of a 889 building. One window sign not exceeding five square feet in copy area or two 890 matching window signs with each sign located on a different window in a 891 symmetrical manner not exceeding a cumulative seven square feet in copy area 892 shall be allowed. Window signs shall be counted in the total copy area allowed. The 893 remaining windows shall remain transparent. A glass door shall be categorized as a 894 window for this regulation. 895 d. One fuel pump sign with copy area no greater than two square feet located upon a 896 functional and properly licensed fuel pump. Fuel pump signs shall not be included 897 in the calculation of maximum total copy area. 898 Governmental right-of-way signs. 899 (5) In addition to the maximum number of signs and total square footage allowed per parcel, 900 each business location located within a multiple-occupant building with an individual 901 exterior entrance location, shall be permitted one attached sign consistent with 902 subsection 122-13(b)(4)b. and window signage consistent with subsection 122-903 13(b)(4)c., which signs shall be located proximate to the primary entrance to such 904 business location. Such multiple-occupant signage shall be subject to the following: 905 a. The total maximum copy area available for such multiple occupant signage per 906 parcel shall be two square feet of copy area for each linear foot of building frontage 907 of the building. Each occupant of the building shall then be allocated sign square 908 footage based on their rental (or owned) square footage percentage of the total 909 available square footage in the building. In no event, however, may any one 910 business location exceed a maximum of 100 square feet of total copy area except 911 as otherwise authorized for an anchor tenant. 912 b. Anchor tenants upon a multiple-occupant parcel shall be allowed an additional one 913

914

square foot of copy area for each linear foot of building frontage of that portion of

the building occupied by the anchor tenant over 100 linear feet. Said additional copy area shall not exceed 200 square feet of copy area per anchor. The copy area allowed within this paragraph shall be wall signage, awning signage, or a combination thereof.

919 \* \* \*

### Sec. 122-15. Nonconforming signs.

921 \* \* \*

(e) Elimination of nonconforming signs.

923 \* \* \*

- (4) Temporary signs, including window signs, shall be brought into compliance with the provisions of this chapter no later than March 31, 2018. Effective December 31, 2024, all window signs must comply with the Window/Glass Door sign regulations set forth herein except for businesses without a wall sign as of the effective date of this ordinance. Such businesses may be granted an exception to retain their existing window signage. However, such signs must remain unaltered or unmodified, except for adjustments necessary to achieve full compliance with the "window sign in lieu of attached sign" option allowed herein.
- (5) Nothing provided herein shall limit the authority of the City of Edgewood to require removal or remove unsafe signs, abandoned signs, signs erected without permits, or signs unlawfully located on city property.
- (6) Sign permit application fees shall be waived for any application made prior to July 31, 2018 to bring any existing nonconforming sign into compliance with this chapter.
- (7) A party adversely affected by this section 122-15 may petition the city council for relief from its strict application as follows:
  - a. A petition for relief shall: 1) state the specific subsection or subsections claimed to adversely affect the party; 2) identify the sign or signs at issue; 3) state the date of construction of the sign or signs at issue; 4) include a copy of all permits related to the sign or signs at issue or a statement as to why copies of such permits are not available; 5) include the cost or approximate cost of the sign or signs when originally constructed or a statement as to why such cost or approximation of cost cannot be provided; 6) include an estimate of the depreciated value of the sign structure; 7) provide an estimate of the cost to modify the sign or signs in a manner consistent with this chapter or state the reasons why the sign or signs cannot be modified in a manner consistent with this chapter; 8) provide an estimate of the cost to replace the sign or signs in a manner consistent with this chapter; 9) include a statement of the relief requested; and 10) include a non-refundable filing fee in the amount of \$250.00.

b. Upon receipt of a petition for relief, the city shall schedule a public hearing before 952 the city council. Any pending action by the city related to the sign or signs at issue 953 in the petition shall be abated until after the hearing and determination on the 954 petition by the city council. 955 c. At the hearing on the petition, the city council shall consider all competent, 956 substantial evidence presented and shall, at a minimum, consider the following 957 factors: 958 1. The age of the sign or signs at issue; 959 The condition of the sign or signs at issue; 960 The value of the sign structure or structures at issue; 961 4. Any other value claimed intrinsic to the sign or signs at issue; 962 5. The adverse impact claimed by the petitioner and how such impacts would be 963 caused by strict application of this section 122-15; 964 6. How strict application of this section 122-15 would deprive the petitioner of 965 rights enjoyed by similarly situated parties subject to this chapter; 966 7. The available methods and estimated costs of bringing the sign or signs into 967 compliance with this chapter; 968 8. The available methods; estimated costs; and potential impacts of mitigating 969 any nonconformities in ways that may not fully comply with the terms of this 970 chapter. 971 At the conclusion of the public hearing and after reviewing the evidence and 972 testimony placed before it, the city council shall act upon the request either to 973 approve, deny, or approve in part and deny in part the request for relief made by the 974 975 applicant. 976 **SECTION THREE.** If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, word or 977 provision of this Ordinance is for any reason held invalid or unconstitutional by any court of 978 competent jurisdiction, whether for substantive, procedural, or any other reason, such portion shall 979 be deemed a separate, distinct and independent provision, and such holding shall not affect the 980

**SECTION FOUR.** It is the intent of the City Council of the City of Edgewood that the provisions of this Ordinance shall be codified. The codifier is granted broad and liberal authority in codifying the provisions of this Ordinance.

validity of the remaining portions of this Ordinance.

August 15, 2024

981 982 983

984

987	SECTION FIVE. This Ordinance shall take effect immediately upon adoption as
988 989	provided by the Charter of the City of Edgewood.
990	PASSED ON FIRST READING THIS 18th DAY OF June, 2024.
991	
992	PASSED AND ADOPTED THIS DAY OF, 2024.
993	
994	CITY OF EDGEWOOD, FLORIDA
995	CITY COUNCIL
996	
997	
998	Richard A. Horn, Council President
999	ATTEST:
1000	
1001	
1002	Sandra Riffle, City Clerk

## UNFINISHED BUSINESS

### NEW BUSINESS

# Approval of Traffic Enforcement Agreement with Legacy at Lake Jessamine Homeowners Association

### AGREEMENT FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL ON PRIVATE ROADS

This Agreement for Traffic Control on Private Roads is entered into by and between the City of Edgewood (hereinafter referred to as the "City"), and the Legacy at Lake Jessamine Homeowners Association, Inc., a Florida Not for Profit Corporation (hereinafter referred to as the "Association") this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, 2024.

### WITNESSETH:

- **WHEREAS**, the Association owns fee simple title to all the private roadways lying within a gated community (hereinafter "Private Roads") which are more specifically described in Exhibit "A" attached hereto; and
- **WHEREAS**, Section 316.006(2)(b), *Florida Statutes*, provides that a city may exercise jurisdiction over any private roads if the city and the party owning such roads provide for city traffic control jurisdiction by a written agreement approved by the City Council; and
- **WHEREAS**, the Association wants the City to exercise traffic control jurisdiction upon the Private Roads; and
- **WHEREAS**, the City of Edgewood Police Department is willing to exercise traffic control jurisdiction upon the Private Roads; and
- WHEREAS, the Association, at a duly called meeting of the Board of Directors, has approved this Agreement and authorized its undersigned representative to execute this Agreement; and
- **WHEREAS**, the parties desire to set forth the terms and conditions required for such an agreement.
- **NOW, THEREFORE**, in consideration of the covenants and conditions herein, the City and the Association hereby agree as follows:
- 1. **INCORPORATION OF RECITALS**. The above recitals are true and correct, and are incorporated herein by reference and form a material part of this Agreement.
- 2. **JURISDICTION.** The Association authorizes the City to exercise jurisdiction over traffic control upon the Private Roads pursuant to the terms and conditions expressed in Sections 316.006(2)(b) and 316.008(1)(b), *Florida Statutes*, and as amended.
- 3. **SIGNAGE**. All traffic signage must comply with Department of Transportation requirements prior to any enforcement action related to signage.
- 4. **AUTHORITY IN ADDITION TO EXISTING AUTHORITY**. The City's exercise of traffic control jurisdiction pursuant to this Agreement shall be in addition to any other authority presently exercised by the City over the Private Roads, and nothing herein shall

be construed to limit or remove any such authority. The City agrees to continue to provide such police services as are required by law.

- 5. **MEANS AND METHODS OF ENFORCEMENT**. The City shall have sole discretion for the means and methods of enforcement including and not limited to the scheduling of patrols and the use of enforcement devices. The Association may provide input relating to desired scheduling of patrols, all subject to the City's sole determinations as to time and frequency of patrols and the use of radars.
- 6. **CITY TO RETAIN REVENUES**. All revenue from the fines, costs and penalties imposed by the traffic citations issued for violation of traffic laws on the Private Roads shall be retained by the City and apportioned in the manner set forth in applicable statutes.
- 7. **LIABILITY NOT INCREASED**. Neither the existence of this Agreement nor anything contained herein shall limit the City's or its employees sovereign immunity nor shall it give rise to any greater liability on the part of the City than that which the City would ordinarily be subjected to when providing its normal police services.
- 8. **INDEMNIFICATION.** To the fullest extent permitted by law, the Association shall indemnify, defend, and hold the City harmless from any loss, cost, damage or expense, including attorney's fees, for any action arising out of, related to, or stemming from, either directly or indirectly, the maintenance, repair and/or reconstruction of any roads, road drainage or signage or any matter related to providing traffic control enforcement pursuant to this Agreement. To ensure its ability to fulfill its obligation under this paragraph, the Association shall provide, pay for and maintain in full force at all times during the term of this Agreement a General Liability insurance in the minimum amount of One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00), and shall file with the City current certificates of the required insurance providing a 30-day advance written notice of cancellation. Such insurance shall (a) name the City as an additional insured as it relates to activities conducted pursuant to this contract and (b) be issued by companies authorized to do business under the laws of the State of Florida and acceptable to the City.
- 9. **ROAD MAINTENANCE**. Neither the existence of the Agreement nor anything contained herein is intended to create any obligation or duty upon the City to provide maintenance on and/or drainage of the Private Roads. The maintenance, repair, and construction or reconstruction of all roads, drainage and signage located upon the property of the Association shall at all times be solely and exclusively the responsibility of the Association.
- 10. **TERM**. The term of this Agreement shall commence on the date of this Agreement and continue for a period of one (1) year, and shall thereafter automatically continue for successive one year terms unless terminated by either party by thirty (30) days written notice; provided. The provisions of Paragraph 8 herein shall survive the termination of this Agreement.
- 11. **ENTIRE AGREEMENT**. This Agreement, including the Exhibit attached hereto, constitutes the entire understanding and agreement between the parties and may not be

changed, altered, or otherwise modified except when reduced to writing and executed in the same manner, with the approval of the City Council.

12. **NOTICE.** All notices to be given shall be in writing and sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the following: TO THE CITY: Mayor City of Edgewood 405 Bagshaw Way Edgewood, Florida 32809 TO THE ASSOCIATION: SRK Residential Communities, LLC 7800 Southland Blvd. Suite 104 Orlando, FL 32809 IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Agreement on the dates indicated below. CITY OF EDGEWOOD ATTEST: By: \_ John Dowless, Mayor Sandy Riffle, City Clerk

HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC.
By:

LEGACY AT LAKE JESSAMINE

, President

## GENERAL INFORMATION

## CITIZEN COMMENTS

## BOARDS AND COMMITTEES

# STAFF REPORTS

# **City Attorney Smith**

# Police Chief DeSchryver

### Edgewood Police Department City Council Report July 2024

	June	July
Residential Burglaries	0	0
Commercial Burglaries	1	0
Auto Burglaries	1	1
Theft	2	1
Assault/Battery	0	3
Sexual Battery	0	0
Homicides	0	0
Robbery	0	0
Traffic Accident	5	16
Traffic Citations	119	61
Traffic Warnings	82	49
Felony Arrests	3	0
Misdemeanor Arrests	1	3
Warrant Arrests	1	0
Traffic Arrests	1	0
DUI Arrests	0	0
Code Compliance	14	7
Reports		

### **Department Highlights:**

- From July 15<sup>th</sup> through July 20<sup>th</sup>, the Edgewood Police Department participated in Operation Sothern Slow Down where Florida, Georgia, Alabama South Carolina and Tennessee conduct a week long speed and aggressive driving enforcement campaign.
- On July 30<sup>th</sup> a manhole cover on S. Orange Avenue at Jamaica Lane was driven over by a semi-truck who crack the cover unknowingly. This incident let Officers to preform traffic detours until the cover could be replaced. Once replaced Officer left the scene. Moments later another semi-truck ran over the newly replaced cover and it broke again and this time caused damage to the gas tank of the vehicle. This incident resulted in a large gas spill across all of Orange Avenue closing the road completely for hours of clean up and to reset the entire manhole cover and setting. No one was injured during this incident.
- Trainings during July -

NIBRS training: Stacey Salemi

eAgent Training: Stacey Salemi

Blue to Gold Hot and Fresh Pursuit: Chief DeSchryver, Officer Meade, Officer

#### Barreto

Surviving the Legal Aftermath of a shooting: Officer Meade, Officer Barreto Glock Armor Recertification: Sgt. Fraticelli, Officer Meade

Reporting Dates: July 1st - July 31st

### Edgewood Police Department City Council Report July 2024

Taser Instructor Recertification: Sgt. Fraticelli, Officer Meade

Instructor Techniques: Sgt. Fraticelli First Aid Instructor: Detective Crock

Reporting Dates: July 1st – July 31st

# **City Clerk Riffle**

# MAYOR & CITY COUNCIL REPORTS

# **Mayor Dowless**

# Budget Discussion

### **Council Member Lomas**

## **Council Member Rader**

## **Council Member Steele**

## **Council President Horn**

## **ADJOURN**