

#### HISTORIC TOWN OF EATONVILLE, FLORIDA REGULAR COUNCIL MEETING AGENDA

Tuesday, May 21, 2024, at 7:30 PM

Town Hall - 307 E Kennedy Blvd

Please note that the HTML versions of the agenda and agenda packet may not reflect changes or amendments made to the agenda.

- I. CALL TO ORDER AND VERIFICATION OF QUORUM
- II. INVOCATION AND PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE
- III. APPROVAL OF THE AGENDA
- IV. CITIZEN PARTICIPATION (Three minutes strictly enforced)
- V. PUBLIC HEARING
  - A. Approval of 2<sup>nd</sup> Reading of Ordinance 2024-1 Extending and/or Readopting The Temporary Moratorium (2024-1) on the Issuance Of Building Permits (**Administration**)
  - **B.** Approval of 1<sup>st</sup> Reading of Ordinance 2024-1 Camping on Public Property and Right of Way in the Town of Eatonville (**Legislative**)

#### VI. CONSENT AGENDA

- **1.** Approval of Town Council Meeting Minutes May 7, 2024 (Clerk Office)
- 2. Approval of Resolution #2024-19 Floodplain Management Performance Measures (**Planning**)

#### VII. COUNCIL DECISIONS

3. Approval of Resolution #2024-18 Appointment of TOECRA Chair (**Legislative**)

#### VIII. REPORTS

CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER'S REPORT

TOWN ATTORNEY'S REPORT

TOWN COUNCIL REPORT/DISCUSSION ITEMS

**MAYOR'S REPORT** 

#### IX. ADJOURNMENT

The Town of Eatonville is subject to the Public Records Law. Under Florida law, e-mail addresses are public records. If you do not want your e-mail address released in response to a public records request, do not send electronic mail to this entity. Instead, contact this office by phone or in writing.

#### \*\*PUBLIC NOTICE\*\*

This is a Public Meeting, and the public is invited to attend. This Agenda is subject to change. Please be advised that one (1) or more Members of any of the Town's Advisory Boards/Committees may attend this Meeting and may participate in discussions. Any person who desires to appeal any decision made at this meeting will need a verbatim record of the proceedings and for this purpose may need to ensure that a verbatim record of the proceedings is made which includes the testimony and evidence upon which the appeal is to be based – per Section 286.0105 Florida Statutes. Persons with disabilities needing assistance to participate in any of these proceedings should contact the Town of Eatonville at (407) 623-8910 "at least 48 hours prior to the meeting, a written request by a physically handicapped person to attend the meeting, directed to the chairperson or director of such board, commission, agency, or authority" - per Section 286.26



# HISTORIC TOWN OF EATONVILLE, FLORIDA TOWN COUNCIL MEETING

#### MAY 21, 2024, AT 7:30 PM

#### **Cover Sheet**

\*\*NOTE\*\* Please do not change the formatting of this document (font style, size, paragraph spacing etc.)

**ITEM TITLE:** 

Approval of 2<sup>nd</sup> Reading of Ordinance 2024-1 Extending and/or Readopting The Temporary Moratorium (2024-1) on the Issuance Of

**Building Permits (Administration)** 

#### **TOWN COUNCIL ACTION:**

PROCLAMATIONS, AWARDS, AND PRESENTATIONS		Department: ADMINISTRATION
PUBLIC HEARING 1 <sup>ST</sup> / 2 <sup>ND</sup> READING	YES	Exhibits:
CONSENT AGENDA		- Ordinance 2024-1 - Ordinance 2023-6
COUNCIL DECISION		
ADMINISTRATIVE		

**REQUEST:** For the Town Council's approval of the 2<sup>nd</sup> Reading of Ordinance 2024-1 Extending and/or Readopting The Temporary Moratorium (2024-1) on the Issuance Of Building Permits

<u>SUMMARY:</u> The Town Council desires to enact this extension and/or readoption of the temporary moratorium on the issuance of new building permits for new multi-family, mixed-use, and commercial developments for one hundred eighty (180) days or 90 days after the adoption of an impact fee ordinance in order to temporarily preserve the status quo while the Town completes the Impact Fee Feasibility Study, adopts a new impact fee ordinance and schedule of fees by resolution, and receives input from the public, property owners, consultants and staff. Preserving the status quo will allow the Town to continue the application process for development, such as comprehensive plan and future land use map amendments, re-zoning applications, plats, variances, site plans, and special exceptions, while insuring that public infrastructure and facilities are not unduly burdened through the issuance of significant new building permits that will have an immediate and negative impact on said infrastructure and facilities without the assessment of properly adopted impact fees.

The temporary moratorium was adopted on May 2, 2023 (1st Reading was held on April 18th)

The first reading on extending and/or Readopting the temporary Moratorium (2024-1) took place on Tuesday, May 7, 2024.

**RECOMMENDATION:** Approval of the 2<sup>nd</sup> Reading of Ordinance 2024-1 Extending and/or Readopting The Temporary Moratorium (2024-1) on the Issuance Of Building Permits

#### FISCAL & EFFICIENCY DATA: N/A

#### **ORDINANCE #2024-1**

AN ORDINANCE OF THE TOWN OF EATONVILLE, FLORIDA, AND/OR READOPTING **TEMPORARY EXTENDING** THE MORATORIUM ON THE ISSUANCE OF BUILDING PERMITS FOR **MULTI-FAMILY**, MIXED-USE, **AND** COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENTS FOR ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY (180) DAYS OR 90 DAYS AFTER THE ADOPTION OF AN IMPACT FEE ORDINANCE, WHICHEVER IS EARLIER; PROVIDING LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS; PROVIDING FOR THE EXTENDED TERM: PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; PROVIDING FOR NON-CODIFICATION; PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

**WHEREAS,** on May 2, 2023, the Town Council adopted **Ordinance No. 2023-6**, which imposed a temporary moratorium on the issuance of all new building permits for multi-family, mixed-use, commercial, and single-family residential developments within the jurisdiction; and

**WHEREAS,** the purpose of the moratorium is to allow the Town to complete a comprehensive study to identify the potential impacts of new development on public facilities and services and establish an appropriate fee structure to help defray the costs of new infrastructure necessitated by such development (the "Impact Fee Feasibility Study"); and

**WHEREAS,** due to the complexity of the study and the need for thorough data analysis, the Impact Fee Feasibility Study has not yet been completed; and

**WHEREAS**, the Town finds that additional time is necessary to complete the study and develop a town-wide impact fee program in accordance with state law; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to Ordinance No. 2023-6, the temporary moratorium may be extended upon a finding by the Town Council following public comment that good cause or excusable neglect exists, the harm to the public infrastructure and facilities from the issuance of building permits for new multi-family, mixed-use, and commercial developments continues to exist, and a new impact fee ordinance has not been enacted; and

**WHEREAS,** the Town Council finds that issuing building permits for new multi-family, mixed-use, and commercial developments without a finalized impact fee structure would burden existing infrastructure and harm the community; and

**WHEREAS,** the Town Council also finds that continued responsible development is essential to the Town's future, and there is thus good cause for imposing the moratorium as a vehicle for protecting the public health, safety, and welfare; and

WHEREAS, the Town Council has the authority to adopt this Ordinance by virtue of the Town's home rule authority under Section 166.021(4), Florida Statutes, and its general police power; by virtue of Section 163.31801, Florida Statutes, which recognizes the critical importance of properly adopted impact fee ordinances to offset the impacts on public facilities and

infrastructure from new development; and based on the inherent authority conferred by general law with respect to comprehensive planning.

#### NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE TOWN COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF EATONVILLE:

**SECTION 1. Recitals and legislative findings.** The above recitals and legislative findings are ratified and made a part of this Ordinance.

**SECTION 2. Renewed term.** The moratorium imposed by **Ordinance No. 2023-6** shall be extended and/or readopted and shall remain in effect for a period of <u>one hundred eighty (180) days</u> after the effective date of this Ordinance, or until <u>ninety (90) days</u> after the adoption of a new impact fee ordinance, whichever is earlier.

**SECTION 3. Modification.** This extended and/or readopted moratorium shall not apply to the issuance of building permits for single-family residential developments.

**SECTION 4. Severability.** If any section, subsection, clause, or provision of this Ordinance is deemed invalid or unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction, such portion will become a separate provision and will not affect the remaining provisions of this Ordinance.

**SECTION 5. Non-codification.** The provisions of this Ordinance shall not be included or incorporated within the Code of Ordinances of the Town of Eatonville.

**SECTION 6. Effective date; expiration; repeal.** This Ordinance shall become effective immediately upon approval by the Town Council and shall stand repealed as set forth in Section 2 above. The Town Council may also repeal this Ordinance at any time.

**Upon motion duly made and carried,** the foregoing Ordinance was approved upon its first reading on <u>May 7, 2024</u>.

Upon motion duly made and consecond reading on, 2024	arried, the foregoing Ordinance was approved upon its .
Attest:	TOWN OF EATONVILLE
Veronica King, Town Clerk	Angie Gardner, Mayor
Approved as to Form:	
Clifford R. Shenard, Town Attorney	

#### ORDINANCE #2023-6

AN ORDINANCE OF THE TOWN OF EATONVILLE, FLORIDA, ESTABLISHING A TEMPORARY MORATORIUM ON THE ISSUANCE OF NEW BUILDING PERMITS FOR NEW MULTI-FAMILY, MIXED USE, COMMERCIAL OR SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL FOR A MAXIMUM OF THREE HUNDRED SIXTY-FIVE (365) DAYS OR 90 DAYS AFTER THE ADOPTION OF AN IMPACT FEE ORDINANCE, WHICH EVER IS EARLIER; PROVIDING LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND INTENT; PROVIDING FOR THE TERM OF MORATORIUM; PROVIDING EXEMPTIONS; PROVIDING FOR VESTED RIGHTS AND PROCEDURES; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; PROVIDING FOR NON-CODIFICATION; PROVIDING FOR CONFLICTS; AND PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

#### SECTION 1. Legislative Findings and Intent.

Following are the legislative findings and intent of the Town Council of the Town of Eatonville relative to this Moratorium Ordinance:

- (a) The State of Florida, pursuant to the *Florida Impact Fee Act*, FLA. STAT. § 163.31801(1)-(2), has found "that impact fees are an important source of revenue for a local government to use in funding the infrastructure necessitated by new growth," and "impact fees are an outgrowth of the home rule power of a local government to provide certain services within its jurisdiction." *Id*.
- (b) In accordance with Section 1.01 of the Town Charter, Article VIII of the Florida Constitution, and Chapters 163 and 166, Florida Statutes, as well as Section 163.31801, *Florida Statutes*, the Town Council has the authority to adopt an impact fee ordinance.
- (c) Impact fees are charges assessed on new developments to help offset the costs and impacts on public infrastructure and facilities required to accommodate and maintain levels of service resulting from new developments.
- (d) Impact fees are typically charged and collected in the final states of the development process, at the time a building permit is issued for new development.
- (e) The Town of Eatonville expects substantial growth in new development and new development applications, particularly in multi-family, mixed use, commercial, and single family residential.
- (f) Currently, the Town of Eatonville lacks an enforceable method under Section 163.31801, *Florida Statutes*, for assessing and collecting impact fees on new development.
- (g) Impact fees must be proportional and reasonably connected to, or have a rational nexus with, the need for additional capital facilities and/or infrastructure and the increased impact

generated by the new development. Similarly, impact fees must be proportional and reasonably connected to, or have a rational nexus between the expenditures of the funds collected and the benefits accruing to the new development.

- (h) All impact fees must be calculated based upon the most recent and localized data. Thus, before enacting any impact fee ordinance or resolution, the Town of Eatonville must first commission an impact fee feasibility study.
- (i) On April 4, 2023, the Town Council approved the commission of an Impact Fee Feasibility Study, which is a prerequisite to adopting an impact fee ordinance.
- (j) Once the study is completed, the ordinance adoption process will take at least an additional 90-days, and the Town of Eatonville must provide at least an additional 90-day period after adoption before the effective date of any new impact fee ordinance.
- (k) The impacts of the substantial new development expected in the Town of Eatonville on public facilities and infrastructure needed to serve such new development and maintain levels of service without the ability to offset those costs or having new development share in same will negatively affect the public, health, safety, and welfare of the Town.
- (!) In the period between now and when a new impact fee ordinance is effective, building permits issued for new multi-family, mixed use, commercial, and single family residential development will have a greater negative effect on public facilities and infrastructure than any other form of new development due to their size and strain on existing infrastructure and facilities.
- (m) There is an urgent need for the Town Council to enact this temporary moratorium on the issuance of new building permits for new multi-family, mixed use, commercial, and single family residential development in order to temporarily preserve the status quo while the Town completes the Impact Fee Feasibility Study, adopts a new impact fee ordinance and schedule of fees by resolution, and receives input from the public, property owners, consultants and staff. Preserving the status quo will allow the Town to continue the application process for development, such as comprehensive plan and future land use map amendments, re-zoning applications, plats, variances, site plans, and special exceptions, while insuring that public infrastructure and facilities are not unduly burdened through the issuance of significant new building permits that will have an immediate and negative impact on said infrastructure and facilities without the assessment of properly adopted impact fees.
- (n) The Town Council has the authority to adopt this Ordinance by virtue of the Town's home rule authority under Section 166.021(4), Florida Statutes, and its general police power; by virtue of Section 163.31801, Florida Statutes, which recognizes the critical importance of properly adopted impact fee ordinances to offset the impacts on public facilities and infrastructure from new development; and based on the inherent authority conferred by general law with respect to comprehensive planning.

#### SECTION 2. Temporary Moratorium.

- (a) There is hereby imposed a temporary moratorium on the issuance of all new building permits for new development for multi-family, mixed use, commercial and single-family residential development in the Town of Eatonville.
- (b) During the time this moratorium is in effect, no building permits for new development subject to the provisions of this Ordinance, as set forth in subsection (a), shall be issued or approved within the Town of Eatonville.

#### SECTION 3. Term of Moratorium.

- (a) The provisions of this Ordinance shall terminate upon the **earliest** of two occurrences: (1) 90-days after the adoption of a new impact fee ordinance; or (2) one calendar year at 11:59 p.m. on the 365th day after the effective date of this Ordinance, as set forth in Section 9.
- (b) The provisions of this Ordinance may be extended once by ordinance for a period of not more than six additional months (180) days, upon a finding by the Town Council following public comment that good cause or excusable neglect exists, the harm to the public infrastructure and facilities from the issuance of new building permits for new multi-family, mixed use, commercial and single family residential development continues to exist, and a new impact fee ordinance has not been enacted.

#### **SECTION 4. Exemptions.**

Exemptions from this Ordinance are as follows:

- (a) Building permits for general maintenance, repairs, and/or health and safety improvements on lawfully existing structures or accessory structures, so long as any such altered structures shall remain within the footprint of the original structure. Maintenance, repairs, and improvements, all of which are proposed for health and safety purposes, shall be certified by a professional engineer registered in the State of Florida as repairs which are necessary to correct structural deficiencies which pose a health and safety hazard and shall be approved by the Town Building Official; and
- (b) Building permits for interior remodeling and decorating of currently and lawfully existing structures or accessory structures; and
- (c) Building permits for exterior repainting or reroofing of lawfully existing structures or accessory structures;
- (d) Building permits for the replacement of lawfully existing structures which pose a life, health, and safety hazard, so long as the structure, once replaced, complies with all provisions of the Town's code and comprehensive plan. Building permits for replacement shall be approved, but must be certified by a professional engineer registered in the State of Florida as being necessary to correct structural deficiencies which pose a threat to the public life, health and safety and shall be approved by the Town Building Official; and

- (e) Building permits for landscaping and pavers; and
- (f) Any vested improvements as provided in this Ordinance; and
- (g) Any application for development or a development order that would not result in a building permit being issued; and
- (h) Building permits that are not for new multi-family, mixed use, commercial or single-family residential development.

#### SECTION 5. Vested Rights and Administrative/Quasi-Judicial Review Procedures.

- (a) Owner(s) of real property within the Town or owner(s)' expressly authorized agent may request a determination of vested rights by paying an application fee, provided hereunder, and filing a technically complete application with the Town's Chief Administrative Officer or designee.
  - (b) The application form shall, at a minimum, contain the following information:
    - 1. The name and address of the applicant(s), who must be the owner(s) of the subject parcel(s) or real property, or an agent expressly authorized to apply on behalf of the owner(s).
    - 2. A legal description, current tax parcel identification number and survey or a sketch of the real property that is the subject of the application.
    - 3. The name and address of each owner of the parcel(s) or real property.
    - 4. Any approved site plan or development plans or plat that is applicable to the real property.
    - 5. Identify with particularity with specific reference to any ordinance, resolution or other action of the Town of Eatonville or failure to act by the Town of Eatonville, any statute or other general law, upon which the applicant relied and which the applicant believes supports the applicant's position that a building permit should be issued during the moratorium.
    - 6. A statement of fact that the applicant intends to prove or demonstrate, in support of the application that vested rights exist which warrant the issuance of a building permit during the moratorium.
    - 7. The application shall fully articulate the legal basis for being issued a building permit notwithstanding the moratorium.

- 8. Any other relevant, non-duplicative information that the applicant desires the Town Council to consider.
- 9. Such other relevant information that the Town's Chief Administrative Officer or designee may request so long as it does not impose an undue burden on the applicant.
- (c) The applicant shall provide a sworn statement, executed by all owners of the real property at issue or an authorized agent averring that all factual information set forth in the application is true and accurate.
- (d) The Town's Chief Administrative Officer or designee shall screen each application to determine whether the application is technically complete, as set forth herein. No screening shall take place until an applicant has paid an application processing fee of \$200.00. This sufficiency determination shall be made within fourteen (14) calendar days after receipt of the application. If not technically complete, the application shall be returned to the applicant with written notification identifying the deficiencies in the application and the applicant shall be granted fourteen (14) additional calendar days to complete a technically sufficient application. If a response is not submitted to the Town's Chief Administrative Officer or designee within the time specified in this subsection, the application shall be deemed abandoned.
- (e) Upon the Town's Chief Administrative Officer or designee's acceptance of a technically complete application, for which the application fee has been submitted, the Town Council shall review the application, hold a public hearing, and make a final determination within forty-five (45) calendar days as to whether or not it has been clearly and convincingly demonstrated that the real property at issue has vested status and should be issued a building permit for new development notwithstanding this moratorium.
- (f) Within seven (7) calendar days after making a final determination of vested rights status, the Town Council shall provide the applicant with a written order, notifying the applicant of the determination vested rights status. Notwithstanding the moratorium, if the Town Council determines that vested rights exist, and all other applicable provisions of the Town's code and comprehensive plan have been met, then a building permit for the new development shall issue and the applicant shall have the right to rely upon such written notification that the real property is vested. The Town Council's written notification shall be final and not subject to further appeal to the Town, revocation, or modification.
- (g) The public hearing on the application for vested rights shall be a quasi-judicial hearing before the Town Council. The applicant shall present all the applicant's evidence in support of the application. The technical Florida Rules of Evidence shall not apply to the hearing, but basic notions of due process will be observed, and all testimony of witnesses shall be given under oath.

- (h) The Town Council's decision to grant vested rights status shall be based on common law criteria for vested rights determinations. The Town Council's decision shall be final.
- (i) Any property expressly exempt from this moratorium, as set forth in Section 4 is presumptively vested for purposes of this Ordinance and shall not be required to file an application under this Section.

#### **SECTION 6.** Severability.

If any section, subpart, or part of a section, paragraph, sentence, clause, phrase or word of this Ordinance is for any reason, held or declared to be unconstitutional, inoperative, preempted or void, such provisions may be severed and such holding shall not affect the remaining portions of this Ordinance and shall be construed to have been the legislative intent to pass this Ordinance without such parts therein; and the remainder of this Ordinance, after the exclusion of such part or parts, shall be deemed to be valid as if this Ordinance had been adopted without such unconstitutional, invalid or inoperative part therein. If this Ordinance or any provision or part thereof shall be held unconstitutional, invalid, or inoperative as applied to any person, group, real property, kind of or classification of property, and/or circumstances, such holding shall not affect the application of the Ordinance to any other person, group, real property, kind of or classification of property or circumstances.

#### **SECTION 7.** Conflicts.

Any ordinances or resolutions in conflict herewith are hereby repealed to the extent of such conflict for the effective term of this Ordinance.

#### **SECTION 8.** Non-Codification.

The provisions of this Ordinance shall NOT be included and incorporated within the Code of Ordinances of the Town of Eatonville.

#### SECTION 9. Effective Date; Repeal or Expiration.

This Ordinance shall become effective immediately upon approval by the Town Council and shall stand repealed as set forth in Section 3 above. The Town Council may also repeal this Ordinance at any time and may extend it as set forth in Section 3 above.

**Upon motion duly made and carried,** the foregoing Ordinance was approved and passed and transmitted upon the first reading on the **18** day of **April**, 2023.

Upon motion duly made and carried, the foregoing Ordinance was approved and passed upon the second reading on the 2 day of May, 2023.

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Attest:

Veronica King, Town Clerk

Approved as to Form:

Clifford B. Shepard, Town Attorney

TOWN OF EATONVILLE

Angie Gardner, Mayor



# HISTORIC TOWN OF EATONVILLE, FLORIDA TOWN COUNCIL MEETING

#### MAY 21, 2024, AT 7:30 PM

#### **Cover Sheet**

\*\*NOTE\*\* Please do not change the formatting of this document (font style, size, paragraph spacing etc.)

**ITEM TITLE:** 

Approval of 1st Reading of Ordinance 2024-1 Camping on Public Property

and Right of Way in the Town of Eatonville (Legislative)

#### **TOWN COUNCIL ACTION:**

PROCLAMATIONS, AWARDS, AND PRESENTATIONS		Department: LEGISLATIVE
PUBLIC HEARING 1 <sup>ST</sup> / 2 <sup>ND</sup> READING	YES	Exhibits:
CONSENT AGENDA		- Ordinance 2024-2 Ordinances on Camping on Public Property or ROW in Eatonville
COUNCIL DECISION		
ADMINISTRATIVE		

**REQUEST:** To approve Ordinance 2014-2 on Camping on Public Property and Right of Way within the Town of Eatonville.

**SUMMARY:** The Town of Eatonville has recently been experiencing an increase in misuse and camping on public property and right of way. In a wooded area just barely outside of the Town of Eatonville boundaries, homelessness is prevalent. The individuals were displaced by the owner having equipment to clean up the area. Sources stated that there were approximately 20 or more residing in the wooded area along Forest City Road and business districts living in deplorable and unsanitary conditions. Homelessness has an effect on mental illnesses, crime, and housing. It is important to provide critical resources in understanding the needs and characteristics of people experiencing homelessness in the Town of Eatonville. An ordinance will help our community with addressing related to instability among homeless individuals within the Town.

The topic on Homeless in Eatonville was discussed at the Town Council meeting in May and September of 2023. It is being brough back to further discuss adopting an Ordinance for addressing the homeless situation in the Town. Sample ordinances are being provided for the Council to review and offer feedback on ordinances for the Town. The samples are only a guide and may or may not present language that will not be relevant to the town's needs.

**RECOMMENDATION:** Recommend Town Council approve Ordinance 2024-2 on Camping on Public Property and Right of Way within the Town of Eatonville.

#### FISCAL & EFFICIENCY DATA: N/A

#### **ORDINANCE NO. 2024-2**

AN ORDINANCE OF THE TOWN OF EATONVILLE, FLORIDA, RELATING TO THE PROHIBITION OF CERTAIN CONDUCT IN PUBLIC PLACES; AMENDING CHAPTER 26, "MISCELLANEOUS OFFENSES", OF THE TOWN CODE TO PROHIBIT UNAUTHORIZED CAMPING ON PUBLIC PROPERTY AND RIGHTS-OF-WAY, PUBLIC NUDITY AND INDECENT EXPOSURE, AND PUBLIC URINATION AND DEFECATION; PROVIDING FOR ENFORCEMENT PROCEDURES AND PENALTIES; PROVIDING FOR CODIFICATION, CONFLICTS, SEVERABILITY, AND AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

**WHEREAS**, public property and rights-of-way are intended for the use and enjoyment of all members of the public, and it is essential to maintain these areas in a safe and sanitary condition; and

WHEREAS, sleeping or camping in public spaces that are neither intended nor designed for temporary human habitation creates unsafe conditions for both those engaging in such activities and for other members of the community, including accumulation of hazardous and bio-hazardous waste, exposure to the elements, and obstructed access for pedestrians and emergency vehicles; and

**WHEREAS**, public nudity and indecent exposure can be offensive and disruptive to the enjoyment of public spaces by individuals in the community, and maintaining a standard of public decency is necessary to promote a respectful and orderly society; and

**WHEREAS**, public urination and defecation create unsanitary conditions that pose health and safety risks to the community; and

**WHEREAS**, the Town Council recognizes the needs of individuals experiencing homelessness and is committed to exploring alternative solutions, such as shelters and social service programs, with community partners; and

**WHEREAS,** this Ordinance is not intended to criminalize individuals who are unhoused but rather to ensure the health, safety, and welfare of the entire community by maintaining public spaces that are safe and sanitary for everyone; and

**WHEREAS**, the Town Council finds that the adoption of this Ordinance is necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health, safety, and welfare of the citizens of Eatonville, Florida.

#### NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE TOWN COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF EATONVILLE, FLORIDA, AS FOLLOWS:

[Words in strike through type are deletions; words in <u>underscore</u> type are additions; asterisks (\* \* \* \*) indicate an omission from the existing text which is intended to remain unchanged.]

**SECTION 1. Recitals.** The recitals set forth above are hereby adopted as the legislative findings of the Town Council of the Town of Eatonville, Florida.

**SECTION 2. Amendment.** Chapter 26, "Miscellaneous Offenses", of the Town Code is hereby amended as follows:

#### **ARTICLE I. - IN GENERAL**

\* \* \* \*

#### Sec. 26-3. – Unlawful camping on public property.

#### (a) Prohibition.

- (1) It shall be unlawful for any person to erect, construct, maintain, or use any tent, lean-to, or other temporary shelter customarily used for camping purposes on any public property or right-of-way within the territorial limits of the Town except in an area approved by the Town for such purpose.
- (2) It shall be unlawful for any person to park, leave, or store a motor vehicle, recreational vehicle, tractor trailer, or other similar conveyance or recreational vehicle on any public property or right-of-way within the territorial limits of the Town during nighttime hours for use as sleeping accommodations or for camping, except in an area approved by the Town for such purpose.
- (3) <u>It shall be unlawful for any person to sleep out-of-doors on any public property or right-of-way except as otherwise authorized by the Town by law or permit.</u>
- (b) <u>Assistance</u>; <u>enforcement</u>. No person may be cited or arrested for a violation of this section before a reasonable attempt has been made to ascertain whether the person is in need of shelter or housing assistance services. If such assistance is needed, the enforcing Town official or officer shall direct the person to a lawful alternative place to camp and afford the person an opportunity to relocate. Any person who fails or refuses to relocate shall be guilty of a violation of this section unless the enforcing official or officer determines that lawful alternatives, such as designated campsites and/or shelters, are at maximum capacity and are thus unavailable for relocation.
- (c) <u>Penalty</u>. Any person violating the provisions of this section commits a violation of the Town's municipal Code and commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable by up to sixty (60) days incarceration and up to a \$500 fine.

#### Sec. 26-4. – Nudity and indecent exposure prohibited in public.

#### (a) *Definitions*.

- (1) Nude means to display or expose the male or female genitals, pubic area, or the female breast with no covering or less than a fully opaque covering. A female breast is considered exposed if any part of the areola and nipple is not covered by an opaque covering. For purposes of this definition, body paint, body dye, a tattoo, latex, or any similar substances shall not be considered an "opaque covering."
- (2) <u>Public place</u> means any location open to the common and general use, participation, or enjoyment of the public where the public is present or likely to be present, or any location where the public is invited and is free to go upon special or implied invitation, or any location where a person may reasonably be expected to be observed by the public. A public place includes, but is not limited to, a street, sidewalk, park, business, or commercial establishment.
- (b) <u>Exposure prohibited</u>. It shall be unlawful for any person to appear nude under any one or more of the following conditions:
  - (1) While in or at any public place.
  - (2) While serving any food or beverage in or at any place where the public is admitted or, in the case of a private club, where the members are admitted.
- (c) <u>Procuring or assisting violation</u>. It shall be unlawful for any person to procure, employ, counsel, or aid or assist any person in violating any of the provisions of this section.
- (d) <u>Penalty</u>. Any person violating the provisions of this section commits a violation of the Town's municipal Code and commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable by up to sixty (60) days incarceration and up to a \$500 fine.
- (e) *Exceptions*. This section shall not apply to the following:
  - (1) Nudity during breastfeeding of a child.
  - (2) <u>Nudity in portions of public places specifically set aside for privacy, such as restrooms, locker rooms, motel rooms, and hotel rooms.</u>

#### Sec. 26-5. – Urinating or defecating in public.

(a) <u>Prohibition</u>. It shall be unlawful for any person to urinate or defecate in a public place other than one designated for that particular purpose.

(b) <u>Penalty</u>. Any person violating the provisions of this section commits a violation of the Town's municipal Code and commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable by up to sixty (60) days incarceration and up to a \$500 fine.

**SECTION 3. Codification.** It is the intent of the Town Council that the provisions of this Ordinance shall be codified. The codifier is granted broad and liberal authority in codifying the provision of this Ordinance.

**SECTION 4. Conflicts.** All Town ordinances or parts thereof in conflict with this Ordinance are, to the extent of such conflict, repealed.

**SECTION 5. Severability.** If any section, sentence, phrase, word, or portion of this Ordinance is determined to be invalid, unenforceable, unlawful, or unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction, then all remaining provisions of this Ordinance shall remain in full force and effect.

**SECTION 6. Effective Date.** This Ordinance shall become effective upon its adoption.

<b>Upon motion duly made and carried,</b> the reading on, 2024.	foregoing Ordinance was approved upon its first
<b>Upon motion duly made and carried,</b> the foreading on, 2024.	oregoing Ordinance was approved upon its second
	TOWN OF EATONVILLE
Attest:	Angie Gardner, Mayor
Veronica King, Town Clerk	
Approved as to form:	

Clifford B. Shepard, Town Attorney



#### HISTORIC TOWN OF EATONVILLE, FLORIDA TOWN COUNCIL MEETING

#### MAY 21, 2024, AT 7:30 PM

#### **Cover Sheet**

\*\*NOTE\*\* Please do not change the formatting of this document (font style, size, paragraph spacing etc.)

Approval of Town Council Meeting Minutes – May 7, 2024,

(Clerk Office)

#### **TOWN COUNCIL ACTION:**

PROCLAMATIONS, AWARDS, AND PRESENTATIONS		Department: LEGISLATIVE (CLERK OFFICE)
PUBLIC HEARING 1 <sup>ST</sup> / 2 <sup>ND</sup> READING		Exhibits:
CONSENT AGENDA	YES	- Council Meeting Minutes, May 7, 2024, 7:30 p.m.
COUNCIL DECISION		
ADMINISTRATIVE		

**REQUEST:** Approval of meeting minutes for the Town Council Meeting held on May 7, 2024, at 7:30 p.m.

**<u>SUMMARY:</u>** The Town Council Meeting was held on the 1<sup>st</sup> Tuesday, May 7, 2024, at 7:30 p.m. Minutes were transcribed from the audio archive for approval for the public records.

**RECOMMENDATION:** Approval of May 7, 2024, Town Council meeting minutes.

FISCAL & EFFICIENCY DATA: N/A



# MEETING MINUTES WILL BE FORTHCOMING FOR

MAY 7, 2024



## HISTORIC TOWN OF EATONVILLE, FLORIDA TOWN COUNCIL MEETING

MAY 21, 2024, AT 07:30 PM

#### **Cover Sheet**

\*\*NOTE\*\* Please do not change the formatting of this document (font style, size, paragraph spacing etc.)

**ITEM TITLE:** Approval of Resolution #2024-19 Floodplain Management Performance

Measures (**Planning**)

#### **TOWN COUNCIL ACTION:**

PROCLAMATIONS, AWARDS, AND PRESENTATIONS		Department: ADMINISTRATION
PUBLIC HEARING 1 <sup>ST</sup> / 2 <sup>ND</sup> READING CONSENT AGENDA	YES	<ul> <li>Exhibits:</li> <li>Resolution #2024-19</li> <li>State of Florida, Division of Emergency Management, Floodplain Management Office - Performance Measures</li> </ul>
COUNCIL DECISION		Produptam Management Office - Lefformance Measures
ADMINISTRATIVE		

**REQUEST:** Staff is requesting the Town Council approve Resolution #2024-19 adopting the Floodplain Management Performance Measures

<u>SUMMARY</u>: By adopting by resolution, the Exhibit as part of Town Municipal Code, Chapter 46 Flood Damage Prevention, Article I – Administration, we favorably close the Community Assistance Visit (CAV) Report of Florida's National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) State Coordinating Office. By adopting and implementing the performance measures we maintain compliance with NFIP, ensuring that the Town does not lose Community Rating System (CRS) points.

**RECOMMENDATION:** Staff is recommending the Town Council approve Approval Resolution #2024-19 adopting the Floodplain Management Performance Measures.

**FISCAL & EFFICIENCY DATA:** By adopting and implementing the performance measures we maintain compliance with NFIP, ensuring that the Town does not lose Community Rating System (CRS) points.

#### **RESOLUTION 2024-19**

A RESOLUTION OF THE TOWN COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF EATONVILLE, FLORIDA, ADOPTING AND IMPLEMENTING THE FLORIDA FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT PERFORMANCE MEASURES PROVIDING FOR CONFLICTS, SEVERABILITY, AND EFFECTIVE DATE.

**WHEREAS,** the Town of Eatonville Town Council desires to adopt by resolution, the Florida Floodplain Management Performance Measure as part of the Town of Eatonville Municipal Code, Chapter 46, Flood Damage Prevention, Article I – Administration, and

**WHEREAS,** By adopting and implementing the performance measures, the Town of Eatonville maintain compliance with the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) State Coordinating Office ensuring that the Town does not lose Community Rating System (CRS) points; and

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE TOWN COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF EATONVILLE, THE FOLLOWING:

**SECTION ONE:** The Town Council authorizes by resolution the adoption of the Florida Floodplain Management Performance Measure as part of the Town of Eatonville Municipal Code, Chapter 46, Flood Damage Prevention, Article I – Administration.

**SECTION TWO:** CONFLICTS: All Resolution or parts of Resolutions in conflict with any other Resolution or any of the provisions of this Resolution are hereby repealed.

**SECTION THREE:** <u>SEVERABILITY</u>: If any section or portion of a section of this Resolution is found to be invalid, unlawful, or unconstitutional it shall not be held to invalidate or impair the validity, force or effect of any other section or part of this Resolution.

**SECTION FOUR:** <u>EFFECTIVE DATE</u>: This Resolution shall become effective immediately upon its passage and adoption.

Angie Gardner, Mayor

ATTEST:

Veronica King, Town Clerk

PASSED AND ADOPTED this 21ST day of MAY 2024.

#### **Florida**

# Floodplain Management Performance Measures

Helping Communities Remain Compliant with the NFIP and Retain CRS Points



# FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT PERFORMANCE MEASURES

2018

Bureau of Mitigation

Florida Division of Emergency Management



#### DIVISION OF EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

RICK SCOTT Governor WESLEY MAUL Director

DATE:

January 15, 2018

TO:

Florida NFIP-Participating Communities

FROM:

Steve Martin, State NFIP Coordinator / State Floodplain Manager

**Bureau of Mitigation** 

SUBJECT: Floodplain Management Performance Measures for NFIP Compliance

The Florida Division of Emergency Management is pleased to assist Florida communities with ensuring that their floodplain management procedures are compliant with the NFIP and to help ensure that they do not lose Community Rating System (CRS) credit points. The CRS program helps communities improve flood resiliency and rewards them by offering discounts on flood insurance premiums.

During the past couple of years, the Bureau, FEMA and the Insurance Services Office (ISO) collaborated on a unique *CRS-CAV Pilot Program* aimed at helping communities participate in CRS. Communities must first demonstrate that they have an NFIP-compliant program. Communities currently participating in CRS may lose points if they do not fully enforce their floodplain regulations. These Performance Measures, when implemented, will help ensure communities do not lose CRS credit points, retrograde, or worse, experience FEMA or State enforcement actions for failing to comply with the more frequently observed NFIP compliance issues.

We strongly encourage all communities in Florida to adopt these Performance Measures by resolution, using the example copy enclosed. Adoption of these performance measures accomplishes two important objectives. One, it helps reconnect local policy makers and administrators with some of the basic NFIP regulatory requirements in the local flood ordinance that community staff must enforce. And, two, it affirms that leaders do support community staff activities to enforce the local flood ordinance which is required for communities to participate in the NFIP.

The State Floodplain Management Office (SFMO) stands ready to assist local staff with implementing community floodplain management programs to help ensure flood resilient communities. The SFMO team is readily accessible to provide technical support regarding any NFIP matter. Please contact the SFMO staff 850.815.4556 or at our Floods email account at: Floods@em.myflorida.com for further information.

To visit our SFMO web pages, please go the Bureau of Mitigation's website: <a href="https://www.floridadisaster.org/dem/mitigation/">https://www.floridadisaster.org/dem/mitigation/</a>.

SM/

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#### **State Floodplain Management Office (SFMO)**

#### Floodplain Management Performance Measures

#### What are the Floodplain Performance Measures?

Minimum requirements in the form of guidance and templates or "best floodplain management practices" that NFIP-participating and CRS communities should implement to ensure they do not become non-compliant, or lose credit points or retrograde in CRS.

#### Five performance standards focus on meeting the minimum NFIP requirements:

- 1) inspect floodplains annually,
- 2) use of floodplain permit application forms provided,
- 3) verify accuracy of ECs,
- 4) proactively send letters to tank and HVAC companies explaining the need to elevate or anchor equipment, and
- 5) conduct SI/SD determinations based on the SI/SD Desk Reference (P-758).

The other two measures concern adoption of state model flood ordinance that is coordinated with the Florida Building Code and posting ECs on local websites.

#### Why does the State promote them, and why should communities adopt them?

• To ensure that Florida communities consistently meet the minimum NFIP requirements.

#### Who developed them, and are they mandatory?

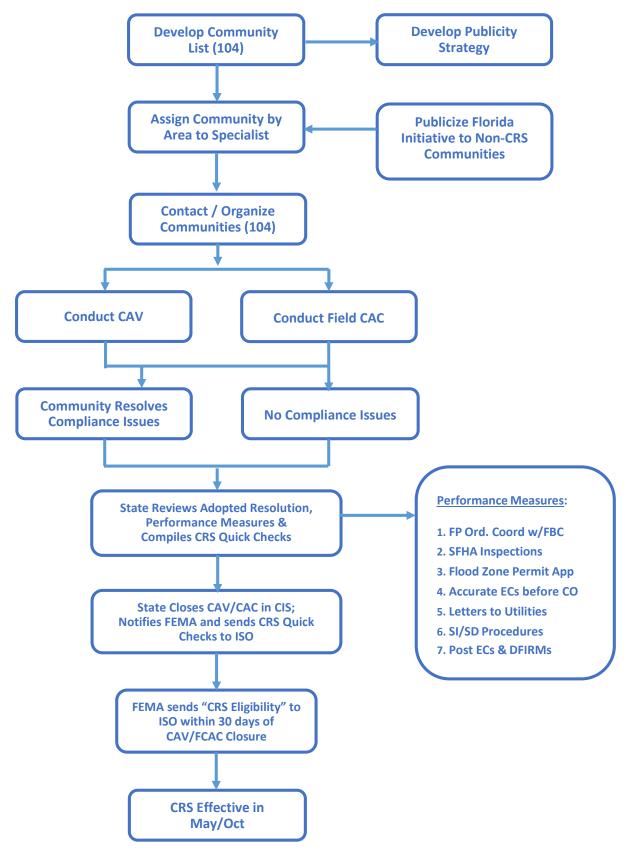
- The *Floodplain Performance Measures* were developed by the SFMO in consultation with national experts in the floodplain management under the NFIP.
- The Floodplain Performance Measures are not mandatory but they that help communities meet minimum NFIP requirements much like FEMA Bulletins and Guidance documents. When communities' governing boards adopt Measures by Resolution, it shows commitment to support staff that implement floodplain management.

#### Communities may download and adopt by resolution, and request further information.

 Communities may request copies in Word so they may tailor them to specific community needs, or in fillable PDF formats, by calling the SFMO at 850.815.4556 or by emailing: floods@em.myflorida.com.

#### Florida CRS Initiative

#### Pilot Program to Enroll Communities in the Community Rating System



#### COMMUNITY SEAL, ADDRESS

## RESOLUTION TO IMPLEMENT PERFORMANCE MEASURES FOR COMPLIANCE WITH THE NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

**WHEREAS**, the (*COMMUNITY*) has been a National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) participant in good standing since (*DATE OF REGULAR ENROLLMENT*), and seeks to maintain and improve its flood resiliency through the NFIP and Community Rating System (CRS); and,

**WHEREAS,** (*COMMUNITY*) has designated special flood hazard areas on NFIP flood insurance rate maps that were adopted on *DATES OF CURRENT FIRMs*, and the community has *NUMBER OF POLICIES*; and,

**WHEREAS**, the (*COMMUNITY*) has reviewed and re-dedicated itself to meeting all requirements for joining the NFIP that it adopted by Resolution when it first joined the voluntary NFIP; and,

**WHEREAS**, the (*COMMUNITY*) re-dedicates itself to be compliant with the NFIP subject to determination by the Florida Division of Emergency Management and/or the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) by virtue of a determination through a *SELECT A CONTACT TYPE* that the community has an NFIP-compliant floodplain management program; and,

**WHEREAS**, the (*COMMUNITY*) has developed and is actively implementing "Performance Measures" to ensure that its floodplain management program meets or exceeds the minimum requirements of the NFIP; and,

**WHEREAS**, it is the intent of this (*COUNCIL or COMMISSION*) to continue participation in the CRS program and strive to exceed the minimum NFIP requirements set forth in Parts 59, 60, and 65 of the National Flood Insurance Program Regulations (Title 44 of the Code of Federal Regulations);

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that this (COUNCIL, or COMMISSIONERs) hereby:

Assures the State of Florida, Division of Emergency Management and the Department of Homeland Security's Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), that it will enact as necessary, and maintain in force in those areas having flood, or flood-related hazards, adequate land use and floodplain regulations with effective enforcement provisions necessary to implement an NFIP-compliant program and to implement the performance measures required to ensure consistency with the NFIP and CRS program as referenced and incorporated herein; and

Vests the (COMMUNITY) floodplain administrator and his/her associates with the responsibility, authority and means to implement the following performance measures which are incorporated

by reference and attached:

- (1) Adopt and maintain a flood damage prevention ordinance based on the State model that is coordinated with the Florida Building Code,
- (2) Conduct annual inspections of development in SFHAs to be reported annually that addresses identified compliance issues to be resolved through enforcement and mitigation to the maximum extent possible,
- (3) Administer a flood zone permit application for regulating all development in SFHAs with procedures and checklists approved by the State and FEMA Region IV,
- (4) Ensure accurate completion of all elevation certificates before vertical construction and prior to issuance of certificates of occupancy,
- (5) Annually disseminate letters to utility companies concerning tanks that must be elevated or anchored and new HVAC equipment that must be elevated above the BFE,
- (6) Administer substantial improvement/damage determination procedures approved by State and FEMA Region IV staff and maintenance of permanent records of determinations,
- (7) Provide DFIRMs or links to DFIRMs and elevation certificates on the community's website where feasible.

The (COMMUNITY) also agrees to take such other official action as may be reasonably necessary to carry out the objectives of the NFIP and CRS programs.

Adopted on _		_, 20, by the ).	
(COMMUNIT	Y GOVERNING BODY	ን.	
Ву:			
•		, Title of Elected (	Official
	Name	, Title of Elected C	Jiliciai
Certified By:			SEAL
		, Clerk	
	Name	,	

#### **Seven Performance Measures**

#### That Must be Adopted to Enroll in CRS Under the Pilot Program

https://www.foridadisaster.org/dem/mitigation/

**Performance Measure 1:** Adopt State model flood damage prevention ordinance coordinated with the Florida Building Code and provide evidence that floodplain staff coordinate with the building official;

**Performance Measure 2:** Conduct annual inspections of development in special flood hazard areas and annually report identified compliance issues resolved through enforcement and mitigation to the maximum extent possible;

**Performance Measure 3:** Adopt and implement a flood zone permit application for regulating all development in special flood hazard areas with procedures and checklists approved by State and FEMA Region IV staff for use by the community;

**Performance Measure 4:** Verify accurate completion of all Elevation Certificates before vertical construction and prior to issuance of certificates of occupancy;

**Performance Measure 5:** Disseminate letters annually to utility companies concerning tanks that must be elevated or anchored, and heating, ventilation and air conditioning (HVAC) equipment that must be elevated above the Base Flood Elevation (BFE);

**Performance Measure 6:** Develop and implement "Substantial Improvement/Substantial Damage" determination procedures approved by State and Region IV staff and retention of permanent records of determinations; and,

**Performance Measure 7:** On community websites, where feasible, provide digital Flood Insurance Rate Maps (DFIRMs) and Elevation Certificates (ECs), or links to DFIRMS and ECs



#### **Performance Measure 1**

#### **Adopt State Model Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance**

To access and download Frequently Asked Questions, Instructions and Notes, and the fillable draft
State Model flood damage prevention ordinances for communities with Zones A and V, and for
communities with Zones A only click on:

https://www.foridadisaster.org/dem/mitigation/

#### Local Ordinance & Building Code Resources

Please review pertinent materials on this page for your local ordinance needs. After reviewing them, if you have questions or need further guidance, please email us at Flood.Ordinance@em.myflorida.com.

#### **UPDATED!** Frequently Asked Questions

Is action required? Are we required to use the FBC-coordinated model ordinance? Will DEM review our existing regulations for sufficiency? What are the most common mistakes communities make when working with the model? What about higher standards? And many more!

Local Ordinance Adoption Resources Final January 15, 2013 Documents

IMPORTANT: Use <track changes> to tailor the model ordinance for you community and send it to <a href="mailto:Flood.Ordinance@em.myflorida.com">Flood.Ordinance@em.myflorida.com</a> well in advance of your first reading.

- Communities with Both Zones A and Zones V
  - Instructions and Notes
  - Model Ordinance and Code Amendments
- Communities with Only Zones A
  - Instructions and Notes
  - Model Ordinance and Code Amendments
- NFIP Checklist (Comparing Model to NFIP Regulations)
- FEMA Approval of State Model Ordinance



#### **Performance Measure 2**

Conduct Annual Inspections in SFHAs, Resolve Compliance Matters and Annually Report Findings

# FLOOD ZONES INSPECTIONS FORM

## **ANNUAL REPORT**

Retain original with your CRS records and submit as part of annual recertification report.

Community Information			
Community Name:	County Name:		
Date(s) of inspection:	Date of last inspection:		
Name and Title of Lead Person Inspecting Flo	od zones:		
Email:	Phone:		
Other inspectors:	Time Allocated for Inspections: (hours)		
Ordinance Citation:	Date of most recent amendments:		
Name and Title of Designated Floodplain	Administrator:		
Email:	Phone:		
FIRM Date:	Panel Numbers:		
Flood Zones on FIRM:  □ Zone A/AE □ Zone AO/AH □ Zone V/VE □ CAZ/LiMWA □ Floodway □ Other			
Higher Standards:	Describe Areas of Community Inspected:		
Freeboard: ☐ No ☐ Yes ( ft)	List neighborhoods, quadrants of community, water		
Cumulative SI: ☐ No ☐ Yes ( yrs)	features or flood prone areas inspected:		
Enclosure Limits: (describe)			
Other:(describe	e)		
Inspection Summary  ☐ Flood maps appear inaccurate (describe):  ☐ Evidence of flooding since last inspection (describe):			
Attached Address Inspection Forms  Number of unpermitted development: structures  Number of development issues resolved: Number of structure issues resolved:  Number of unresolved development issues: Number of structure issues un resolved:			

## STATE OF FLORIDA / LOCAL GOVERNMENT FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

## **ADDRESS INSPECTION FORM**

Property Information								
Date:	Community Name:				Community ID:			
Address:			Тур	e of Deve	lopmer	nt:		
Visual Description of Pro	operty:							
Flood Zone:		FIRM Map Date:		FIRM Panel #				
Requirement				Yes	<u>s</u>	<u>No</u>		N/A
<b>Approx A-ZONE:</b> Is the tigrades?	foundation	2' above lowest adjacent						
<b>AE-ZONE:</b> Is the lowest historic structures Flood		red, or is non-residential or or above the BFE?						
Regulatory Floodway: I check permit files for No		are located in floodway, rminations						
Are electrical and mech	anical equip	oment above BFE?						
Are there flood opening adjacent grades?	gs no more t	than 1' above lowest						
Are there enclosed areas below the BFE?								
Are areas below the BFE used solely for parking, access, or storage?								
		residential finished floor w						
		ove lowest adjacent grade?	?					
Was fill used to elevate home in A or AE zones?								
NON-RESIDENTIAL: Is the structure floodproofed?								
V-ZONE: Is the bottom of the lowest horizontal structural								
member of the lowest floor above the BFE?								
<b>V-ZONE:</b> Are enclosures below the lowest floor constructed with breakaway walls or left open?								
Notes:								

SM Rev. 1/15/2018 13

Photos taken: Y N Number\_



### **Performance Measure 3**

Adopt and implement a flood zone permit application form for regulating all development in special flood hazard areas with procedures and checklists

Section VI. Item #2.

# SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA

### **DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION**

for all development not subject to the Florida Building Code (including buildings and facilities exempt from the FBC)

Permit/Approval Number:				
Identify the Proposed Development, ch	neck al	I that apply:		
Filling  Grading  Road, Watercourse Crossing, Paving  Excavation  Drilling  Mining  Nonresidential farm building on farm  Temporary building or shed for construction  Manufactured Home  Equipment Storage  Materials Storage  Tank Installation  Water or sewer system  Other site improvements/utilities  Placement of Recreational Vehicle  Fence, wall, sidewalk, driveway, deck, walkway, patio  Pool  Watercourse Alteration  Other  Mother  Mother  Mother  Supplement application must be separately permitted under the FBC; use the appropriate Special Flood Hazard Area Building Permit Application Supplement.				
Describe proposed development:				
and flood zones, BFE, existing and propo	sed gr	ound elevations as applicable to the de	evelopment, flood hazard area boundaries evelopment, and existing buildings.  If yes, and if SFHA has no BFE, see XXX.	
For nonresidential farm buildings on farm				
and attach the Building Permit Application				
Property Address:	Owne	er Name & Address:	Cost of Proposed Work: \$	
	Agent Name:			
Section:	Town	ship:	Range:	
Lot:	Block:		Subdivision:	
Contractor Name:	Contr	actor Address:	Contractor Phone:	
Associated Building Permit Application N	umber	if applicable:		
FIRM Panel Number:		FIRM Panel Date:		
Flood Zone Designation:		Base Flood Elevation: feetdatum		
In Floodway? Yes □ No □ If yes, encroachment analysis required.		How determined? FIRM □ FIS Water Surface Elevations □		
In CAZ/seaward of LiMWA? Yes □ No □ If yes, determine if regulated as Zone V.		Unnumbered A Zone* ☐ (BFE = 2 ft above grade unless evidence indicates deeper)		
Seaward of CCCL? Yes $\square$ No $\square$ If yes, require DEP permit.		Applicant Prepared Flood Study (attached) □		
In CoBRA or OPA? Yes □ No □ If yes, Federal flood insurance is not available.		FEMA Letter of Map Change (attached) □ Additional Community Flood Hazard Data? Yes □ No □		
If Compensatory Storage locally adopted, is evidence of compensation attached? Yes □ No □ Not adopted □				

### Agreement by Owner or by Owner's Agent:

The undersigned hereby makes application to develop in a special flood hazard area. The development to be performed is described above and attached hereto. The undersigned agrees that all such work shall be done in accordance with the requirements of the local floodplain management ordinance and with all other applicable local, State and Federal regulations, including the *Florida Building Code*.

Date:	Signature:	
SM Rev. 1/15/2018		Owner/Owner's Agent

# SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA

# DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW CHECKLIST

for all development not subject to the Florida Building Code

Permit/Approval Number:			
Identify the P	Identify the Proposed Development, check all that apply:		
farm building of Materials Stora Placement of I Watercourse A NOTE: Building	age □ Tank Installation □ Water or sewer system □ Other site improvements/utilities □ Recreational Vehicle □ Fence, wall, sidewalk, driveway, deck, walkway, patio □ Pool □		
	Review Steps		
Initial & Date	[See actual requirements in floodplain management ordinance; descriptions below are intended only to guide review and must not be used to determine compliance with the actual requirements.]		
	Verify FIRM, flood hazard area/ floodway boundaries, base flood elevations, <u>and</u> map revisions and LOMRs issued by FEMA. Is flood hazard information in the application correct?		
	☐ NO, make corrections and return the application to applicant.		
	☐ YES, FLOODWAY. Require engineer's "no rise" analysis and supporting hydraulic data in file before continuing review.		
	☐ YES, in unnumbered Zone A (without BFE). Check other sources, use estimating methods, or require applicant to determine. Unless evidence of past flooding indicates otherwise, note BFE = 2 ft above grade. If parcel has more than 50 lots or is larger than 5 acres, has applicant included BFE data prepared in accordance with currently accepted engineering practice? Yes ☐ No ☐ If no, applicant must provide BFE.		
	YES, in SFHA, but applicant has elevation data that shows natural site elevation above DFE. Advise applicant to obtain LOMA and submit copy for the file.		
	☐ YES, in shaded Zone X (500-year floodplain). Flood hazard area review not required; flood-resistance encouraged.		
	☐ YES, continue review.		
	Site plan shows nature and scale of development, size and location of new construction and existing structures on the site, distances from lot lines, the established street grades and the proposed finished grades and, as applicable, flood hazard areas, floodways, LiMWA and design flood elevations. Site plans should be drawn in accordance with an accurate boundary line survey, unless waived.		
	☐ YES, continue review.		
	□ NO, return to applicant to revise application and site plan.		
	Can the proposed development be modified to avoid flood hazard areas?		
	YES, explain flood hazards and make recommendations to modify proposal to minimize flood hazards and damage potential.		
	□ NO, but can impacts be further minimized?  Check compliance with floodplain management regulations:		
	Temporary building or shed for construction anchored? ☐ Yes ☐ No		
	Tanks elevated or anchored compliant? ☐ Yes ☐ No		
	Pools compliant? ☐ Yes ☐ No		
	Has the applicant provided copies of all necessary State and federal permits, e.g., wetlands?		
	□ NO, advise applicant which agencies to contact.		
	☐ YES, require copies for the file.		
	Has the applicant provided amount, type and source of fill material, and location, extent, amount and proposed grades of all filling, grading or excavation? Are fill areas minimized? If Compensatory Storage is required, is it shown on the plans?		

Section VI. Item #2.

Initial &	Review Steps		
Date	[See actual requirements in floodplain management ordinance; descriptions below are intended only to guide review and must not be used to determine compliance with the actual requirements.]		
	□ Not applicable, continue review.		
	☐ YES, continue review.		
	□ NO, return to applicant to revise application.		
	Has the applicant provided the extent of any proposed alteration of sand dunes or mangrove stands, an engineering analysis demonstrating the proposed alteration will not increase the potential for flood damage, and provided evidence of approval of such alteration by the Florida Dept. of Environmental Protection?		
	☐ Not applicable, continue review.		
	☐ YES, continue review.		
	□ NO, return to applicant to revise application.		
	Has the applicant provided the extent of any proposed alteration of a watercourse, engineering analysis as required by the floodplain management ordinance, and evidence of notification of adjacent communities, the Florida Division of Emergency Management, State Floodplain Management Office?		
	☐ Not applicable, continue review.		
	☐ YES, continue review.		
	□ NO, return to applicant to revise application.		
	☐ Record permit in log of flood hazard area permits.		
	☐ Make sure that all necessary documents are in the file.		
	☐ Issue Permit and transfer file to Inspections.		
PERMIT APPI	LICATION REVIEW COMPLETED BY: DATE:		
□ ISSUE PERMIT approved by:			
□ DENY PERMIT approved by:			

SM Ver. 9/15/2015 20

# SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA

## PLAN REVIEW CHECKLIST NEW CONSTRUCTION (FBC, B and FBC, R) ZONE A

Building Permit Number:				
Initial &	Review Steps			
Date	[See actual requirements in FBC; descriptions below are intended only to guide review and must not be used to determine compliance with the actual requirements in the FBC.]			
	Verify FIRM, flood hazard area/ floodway boundaries, base flood elevations, <u>and</u> map revisions and LOMRs issued by FEMA. Is proposal in the flood hazard area and / or floodway?			
	☐ YES, must comply with flood resistant provisions of the Florida Building Code.			
	YES, FLOODWAY. All residential structures (including Manufactured Housing units) must comply with ASCE 24.			
	YES, FLOODWAY. Require engineer's "no rise" analysis and supporting hydraulic data in file before continuing review.			
	☐ YES, in SFHA without BFEs. Check other sources, use estimating methods, or require applicant to determine. If no evidence of deeper flooding, use 2 ft above grade as BFE.			
	<ul> <li>YES, in SFHA, but applicant has elevation data that shows natural site elevation above DFE.</li> <li>Advise applicant to obtain LOMA and submit copy for the file.</li> </ul>			
	☐ YES, in Coastal A Zone (seaward of LiMWA or if designated by community; use Zone V Checklist if Zone V requirements are applied or if 6 <sup>th</sup> Ed. FBC in effect).			
	☐ YES, in 500-year floodplain. Flood hazard area review not required; flood-resistance encouraged.			
	Site plan shows nature of development proposal, showing to scale the size and location of new construction and existing structures on the site, distances from lot lines, the established street grades and the proposed finished grades and, as applicable, flood hazard areas, floodways, and design flood elevations; and it is drawn in accordance with an accurate boundary line survey.			
	☐ YES, continue review.			
	☐ NO, return to applicant to revise application and site plan.			
	Can the proposed development be modified to avoid the flood hazard area?			
	YES, explain flood hazards and make recommendations to modify proposal to minimize flood hazards and damage potential.			
	☐ NO, but can impacts be further minimized? Reduce fill? Site on higher ground?			
	Has the applicant provided copies of all necessary State and federal permits, e.g., wetlands?			
	□ NO, advise applicant which agencies to contact.			
	☐ YES, require copies for the file.			
	Does the proposed development include installation of manufactured home or recreational vehicle, alteration of a watercourse, filling, grading, excavation, storage of equipment/materials, tank installation, land subdivision or other development activities that are not related to the structure, or structures exempt from the FBC?			
	□ NO, continue review.			
	YES, Applicant to complete and submit SFHA Land Development Application. Reviewer to complete SFHA Land Development Checklist.			
	Are new structures proposed to be elevated to the DFE? Give applicant a blank FEMA Elevation Certificate.			
	□ NO – STOP! A permit cannot be issued for non-elevated residential buildings.			
	□ NO, non-residential buildings may be dry floodproofed (see design documentation requirements)			
	☐ YES, on fill. Basements into fill are <u>not</u> allowed.			
	☐ YES, on piers, pilings, or columns.			
	☐ YES, on solid foundation walls (see Enclosed areas below DFE).			

# SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA

## PLAN REVIEW CHECKLIST NEW CONSTRUCTION (FBC, B and FBC, R) ZONE A (continued)

Building Permit Number:		
Initial & Date	Review Steps	
	Check the following for utility support systems:	
	☐ Electrical, mechanical, plumbing, heating / air conditioning components elevated?	
	☐ Sanitary sewage or on-site septic designed to minimize inflow / discharge under flood conditions?	
	☐ On-site water supply designed to minimize inflow under flood conditions?	
	☐ Above-ground tanks are anchored / elevated?	
	☐ Below-ground tanks are designed to resist flotation?	
	If new, non-residential structure is not elevated, will it be dry floodproofed?	
	☐ YES, non-residential building will be dry floodproofed per ASCE 24, and signed and sealed design	
	documentation is in file.	
	□ NO, permit shall not be approved.  Enclosed areas below DFE (stairwells, garages, storage areas, crawl spaces, sheds)?	
	□ NO, continue review.	
	☐ YES, number, total net open area (or engineered openings) and location of flood openings shown	
	on plan.	
	☐ YES, plan shows acceptable use (parking, limited storage, and access).	
	☐ YES, flood damage-resistant materials specified below DFE.	
	☐ YES, utilities, if any, elevated at / above lowest floor.	
	☐ Record permit in log of flood hazard area permits.	
	☐ Make sure that all necessary documents are in the file.	
	•	
	•	
	•	
	☐ Issue Permit and transfer file to Inspections.	
PERMIT APP	LICATION REVIEW COMPLETED BY: DATE:	
□ ISSU	E PERMIT approved by:	
□ DEN,	Y PERMIT approved by:	

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# SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA

## PLAN REVIEW CHECKLIST NEW CONSTRUCTION (FBC, B and FBC, R) ZONE V

Building Permit Number:		
Initial &	Review Steps	
Date	[See actual requirements in FBC; descriptions below are intended only to guide review and must not be used to determine compliance with the actual requirements in the FBC.]	
	Is proposal in Coastal Barrier Resources Area (CoBRA) or Otherwise Protected Area?	
	□ NO, continue review.	
	☐ YES, advise applicant that Federal flood insurance is not available, document to file, continue review (must comply with flood provisions).	
	Verify FIRM, flood hazard area and zone boundaries, base flood elevations, <u>and</u> map revisions or LOMRs issued by FEMA. Is proposal in the Coastal Flood Hazard Area (Zone V)?	
	□ NO, in "Coastal A Zone" (seaward of LiMWA or in area designated CAZ); refer to Zone A checklist if community does not regulate CAZ like Zone V or if 6 <sup>th</sup> Ed. FBC not in effect).	
	□ NO, in Zone A inland of Zone V or riverine Zone A - use Zone A checklist.	
	☐ YES, in Zone V, must comply with flood resistant provisions of the Florida Building Code.	
	Site plan shows development proposal, showing to scale the size and location of new construction and existing structures on the site, distances from lot lines, the established street grades and the proposed finished grades and, as applicable, flood hazard areas, LiMWA, and design flood elevations; and it is drawn in accordance with an accurate boundary line survey.	
	☐ YES, continue review.	
	□ NO, return to applicant to revise application and site plan.	
	Is the proposed building landward of the reach of mean high water?	
	☐ YES, continue review.	
	□ NO, permit shall not be approved.	
	Can the proposed development be modified to avoid SFHA/Zone V or minimize exposure?	
	<ul> <li>YES, explain flood hazards and make recommendations to modify proposal to minimize flood hazards and damage potential.</li> </ul>	
	□ NO, can flood impacts be further minimized? Maximize setback from the water? Site on higher ground?	
	Has the applicant provided copies of all necessary State and federal permits, e.g., wetlands, water management district, Florida Department of Health, Florida Department of Environmental Protection, coastal zone consistency?	
	□ NO, advise applicant which agencies to contact.	
	☐ YES, require copies in the file.	
	Will dunes or mangrove stands be altered?	
	□ NO, continue review.	
	☐ YES, if applicable, require coastal zone consistency / State approval before continuing.	
	☐ YES, require analysis for the file indicating alteration will not increase potential flood damage.	
	Is a pool proposed? Design requirements in ASCE 24.	
	□ NO, continue review.	
	☐ YES, not attached to the building; continue review.	
	☐ YES, attached to the building. Continue review only if included in foundation design.	

# SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA

## PLAN REVIEW CHECKLIST NEW CONSTRUCTION (FBC, B and FBC, R) ZONE V (continued)

Building Permit Number:		
Initial & Date	Review Steps	
	Are new buildings proposed to be elevated? Give applicant a blank FEMA Elevation Certificate.	
	☐ NO – STOP! A permit cannot be issued for non-elevated buildings.	
	☐ YES, on fill. STOP! Structural fill not allowed in Zone V, require redesign.	
	☐ YES, on pilings or columns; signed and sealed design certification submitted?	
	YES, on shear walls (high-rise only if required for lateral loads). Are shearwalls oriented to minimize obstruction of floodwaters? Signed and sealed design certification submitted?	
	Check the following for utility support systems:	
	☐ Electrical, mechanical, plumbing, heating / air conditioning components elevated?	
	☐ Sanitary sewage or on-site septic designed to minimize inflow / discharge under flood conditions?	
	☐ On-site water supply designed to minimize inflow under flood conditions?	
	☐ Above-ground storage tanks are elevated?	
	☐ Below-ground storage tanks are designed to resist flotation / erosion?	
	Enclosed area below DFE proposed (stairwells, garages, storage areas)?	
	☐ NO, area is free of obstructions; continue review.	
	☐ YES, enclosed by insect screening or lattice.	
	YES, applicant has provided signed and sealed documentation of breakaway wall design.	
	<ul> <li>YES, design not documented. Advise applicant to obtain signed and sealed documentation of breakaway wall design from registered design professional.</li> </ul>	
	☐ YES, flood damage-resistant materials specified.	
	☐ YES, utilities <u>not</u> penetrating or attached to breakaway walls.	
	☐ Record permit in log of flood hazard area permits.	
	☐ Make sure that all necessary documents are in the file.	
	•	
	•	
	•	
	☐ Issue Permit and transfer file to Inspections.	
PERMIT APPLICATION	REVIEW COMPLETED BY: DATE:	
	approved by:	
	approved by:	

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# SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA

# INSPECTION CHECKLIST NEW CONSTRUCTION, WORK ON EXISTING BUILDINGS, SI/SD, CONNECTED ADDITIONS (FBC, B and FBC, R)

### **ZONE A**

Building Permit Number:		
Initial & Date	Inspection Steps	
	Before site inspection:	
	☐ REVIEW permit file before going in the field.	
	☐ ASK permit reviewer questions to understand requirements.	
	Measure stake out distances from waterway or landmark. Is development in the right place? Is fill the specified distance from waterway or landmark?	
	□ NO, take enforcement action to correct problems.	
	Foundation / Lowest Floor Inspection: Permittee submitted Elevation Certificate?	
	☐ YES, elevation of lowest floor checked during framing or foundation inspection after lowest floor is in place and prior to further vertical construction.	
	□ NO, require permittee to submit Elevation Certificate.	
	Electrical, mechanical, plumbing, heating / air conditioning components elevated?	
	□ YES.	
	□ NO, take enforcement action to correct problems.	
	For enclosures below the DFE (including crawl spaces): Is enclosure at or above grade on at least one entire side? Are flood damage-resistant materials used? Does use of enclosure appear to be limited to parking, building access, or limited storage (and crawlspace)? Are flood openings no more than 12" above interior / exterior grade? Are there enough flood openings (based on net open area provided by the flood openings or certification of engineered openings), are the openings on at least two sides and do they allow automatic entry / exit of floodwater (air vents disabled in open position and not designed for seasonal covers)?	
	☐ Building does not have enclosure below the lowest floor.	
	□ NO, take enforcement action to correct problems.	
	Final Inspection – Elevated Building: Permittee submitted as-built Elevation Certificate and review of document indicates it is correctly and fully completed?  ☐ YES, perform final inspection; maintain copy of documentation of final elevations in	
	permanent records.	
	□ NO, require permittee to submit as-built Elevation Certificate and perform final inspection.	
	Final Inspection – Dry Floodproofed Building. If removable shields, see ASCE 24 (Section 6.2.3 Limits on human intervention). Shields clearly marked for installation?	
	Other Notes Based on Inspection:	
	Issue Certificate of Occupancy only if final inspection shows compliance with flood hazard requirements. Certificate of Occupancy must contain a statement that documentation of the asbuilt lowest floor elevation has been provided and is retained in the records of the department. Put as-built Elevation Certificate and Floodproofing Certificate (if applicable) in permanent file.	
EINAL INSDECTION CO	MADI ETED BY:	

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## SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA

# INSPECTION CHECKLIST NEW CONSTRUCTION, WORK ON EXISTING BUILDINGS, SI/SD, CONNECTED ADDITIONS (FBC, B and FBC, R)

### **ZONE V**

Building Permit Number:		
Initial & Date	Inspection Steps	
	Before site inspection:	
	☐ REVIEW permit file before going in the field.	
	☐ ASK permit reviewer questions to understand requirements.	
	Measure stake out distances from landmark. Is development in the right place, and landward of the reach of mean high tide?	
	☐ NO, take enforcement action to correct problems.	
	☐ YES.	
	Foundation / Lowest Floor Inspection: Permittee submitted Elevation Certificate?	
	☐ YES, elevation of the bottom of the lowest horizontal structural member of the lowest floor checked during framing or foundation inspection after lowest floor is in place and prior to further vertical construction.	
	☐ NO, require permittee to submit Elevation Certificate.	
	For enclosures below DFE: Is enclosure with insect screening or lattice? Are walls breakaway, and no utilities attached to or penetrate breakaway walls? Are flood damage-resistant materials used? Does use of enclosure appear to be limited to parking, building access, or limited storage?	
	□ YES.	
	☐ Building does not have enclosures.	
	☐ NO, take enforcement action to correct problems.	
	Final Inspection: Permittee submitted as-built Elevation Certificate and review of document indicates it is correctly and fully completed?	
	YES, perform final inspection; maintain copy of documentation of final elevations in permanent records.	
	□ NO, require permittee to submit as-built Elevation Certificate and perform final inspection.	
	Other Notes Based on Inspection:	
	Issue Certificate of Occupancy only if final inspection shows compliance with flood hazard requirements. Certificate of Occupancy must contain a statement that documentation of the as-built lowest floor elevation has been provided and is retained in the records of the department. Put final Elevation Certificate in permanent file with V Zone Certificate.	

FINAL INSPECTION COMPLETED BY: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

## **SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA**

## **BUILDING PERMIT APPLICATION SUPPLEMENT**

Building Permit Number:				
Property Address: Owner Nan		ne:		
,	Agent Nam	e:		
FIRM Panel Number:		FIRM Panel Date:		
Flood Zone Designation:		Base Flood Elevation:feetdatum		
In Floodway? Yes □ No □ If yes, encroachment analysis required.		How determined? FIRM □ FIS Water Surface	Elevations	
In CAZ/seaward of LiMWA? Yes □ No □ If yes, determine if regulated as Zone V.		Unnumbered A Zone* □ (BFE = 2 ft above gradindicates deeper)	de unless evidence	
Seaward of CCCL? Yes □ No □ If yes, more restrictive requirements prevail.		Applicant Prepared Flood Study (attached) □		
In CoBRA or OPA? Yes □ No □ If yes, Federal flood insurance is not available.		FEMA Letter of Map Change (attached) □ Additional Community Flood Hazard Data? Yes	s □ No □	
Community Higher Standards: (refer to	local regu	ulations and FBC amendments)		
Freeboard? Yes □feet				
Enclosure? Yes □			(describe)	
CAZ? Yes □			(describe)	
Other? Yes			(describe)	
□ New Building Use and Occupancy:		Risk Category:	(see ASCE 24)	
☐ Existing Building. <b>Use Substantial Imp</b>	rovement	/ Substantial Damage Worksheet		
	Propose	ed lowest floor elevation (A, AE, AH Zones):	_ feet above datum*	
DESIGN FLOOD ELEVATION:*	(prior to	orm 086-0-33 Elevation Certificate required upon placer further vertical construction) and at final inspection. See 0.3 and Sec. 1612.5, and FBC, R322.1.10.		
FEETDATUM**		ed lowest horizontal structural member (V, VE Zoi : feet above datum*	nes, Coastal A	
*DFE = BFE if the community regulates based on FIRM.  **Datum referenced in all design documents	Certificat and at fir	Florida Zone V Design Certificate required with plans. FEMA Form 086-0-33 Elevation Certificate required upon placement of lowest floor (prior to further vertical construction and at final inspection. See FBC, B Sec. 107.3.5, Sec. 110.3 and Sec. 1612.5, and FB R322.3.6.		
must be the same as FIRM datum (FBC, B Sec. 1603.1.7)	Propose	Proposed dry floodproofed elevation: feet above datum*		
1003.1.7)		orm 086-0-34 Floodproofing Certificate required with pla and Sec. 1612.5.	ans. See. FBC, B Sec.	
compliance with the applicable building	encies iden permit, inclu	nt:  ntified by inspection that are determined to be necleing elevation of the lowest floor, elevation of mapplicable to any enclosures below the elevated but	achinery and	

crawl/underfloor spaces. I agree to have the NFIP Elevation Certificate (FEMA Form 086-0-33) completed and signed by a Florida licensed professional surveyor and to submit it as required by the Florida Building Code. I agree to have any deficiencies in the Elevation Certificate corrected.

Date:	Signature:	
		Owner/Owner's Agent

# SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA

## SUBSTANTIAL IMPROVEMENT / SUBSTANTIAL DAMAGE WORKSHEET

Building	Permit	Number:
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The determination of whether proposed work is Substantial Improvement or repair of Substantial Damage is made based on all proposed work. Complete all fields below that apply.

Documentation to support stated cost estimates may be required.

Check with the Building Department whether the community tracks accumulated repairs, alterations, additions and other improvements over time. Community-specific requirements may apply (e.g. cumulative costs over period of time)

improvements over time. Community-specific requirements may apply (e.g. cumulative costs over period of time).		
STRUCTURE VALUE*	Source: Property Assessment   (includes factor of)  Attached Appraisal   *use market value before improvement or before damage occurred	\$(A)
REPAIRS FBC, EB Ch. 5 Flood Damage? Yes □ No □	Describe work needed to repair to pre-damaged condition:  Cost* to repair to pre-damaged condition:	\$(B)
ALTERATIONS FBC, EB Ch.6-8	Describe alterations:  Cost* of alterations:	\$(C)
ADDITIONS FBC, EB Ch. 11	Describe additions:  Horizontal Addition? Yes □ No □ Structurally interconnected? Yes □ No □  Vertical Addition? Yes □ No □ Cost* of additions:  Foundation work? Yes □ No □	\$(D)
HISTORIC BUILDING FBC, EB, Ch. 11	Does structure currently meet definition at FBC, EB Ch. 11 and Sec. 1102.  Yes □ No □  After the proposed work is completed, will the building continue to meet the definition at FBC, EB Ch. 11? Yes □ No □	If "yes" to both, proposed work is not considered substantial improvement. If "no", complete form.
Cost to correct exis	sting cited health, sanitary, safety code violations (attach citations)	\$(E)
CALCULATING RATIO	$\left(\frac{B+C+D-E}{A}\right) \times 100$	% (F)
DETERMINATION	FOR OFFICE USE ONLY  Check all that apply in accordance with FBC, EB, any technical amendments thereto, floodplain management ordinance.  Building is Historic Structure and will retain historic designation after proposed wowk is not considered "substantial improvement."  Estimates of costs reviewed and accepted  Estimates of costs returned for more information  Appraisal, if provided, reviewed and deemed to represent building  Ratio of costs to market value does not constitute "substantial improvement."  Horizontal addition is not structurally interconnected and does not constitute "substantial improvement" of base building  Addition must be compliant with FBC, EB and FBC, B Section 1612.  Addition must be compliant with FBC, EB and FBC, R Section R322.	ork is completed;

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	☐ Ratio of costs to market value constitutes "substantial improvement."
	☐ Structure has sustained substantial damage and any repairs are considered "substantial improvement."
	☐ Building must be brought into compliance with FBC, EB and FBC, B Section 1612.
	□ Building must be brought into compliance with FBC, EB and FBC, R Section R322.
	☐ Horizontal addition is structurally interconnected or is considered "substantial improvement."
	<ul> <li>□ Building must be brought into compliance with FBC, EB and FBC, B Section 1612.</li> <li>□ Building must be brought into compliance with FBC, EB and FBC, R Section R322.</li> </ul>
	☐ Applicant must submit building permit application demonstrating compliance with flood hazard area requirements.
	Issue letter to owner
	□ Not Substantial Improvement
	□ Substantial Improvement
	<ul> <li>☐ Substantial Damage</li> <li>☐ Substantially Damaged by Flood (may qualify for NFIP ICC insurance payment)</li> </ul>
	Substantially Daniaged by Flood (may qualify for NFIF ICC insurance payment)
	Determination completed by:
	Determination approved by:
	Building Official Date
	Building Official Date
	Building Official Date  Under Worksheet and Letter to Owner put in permit file.
	☐ Worksheet and Letter to Owner put in permit file.  t estimates, to include materials and labor, including value of donated/discounted materials and
owner/volunteer labor	☐ Worksheet and Letter to Owner put in permit file.  t estimates, to include materials and labor, including value of donated/discounted materials and or. Estimate must also include: site prep, demolition, debris disposal, other ordinance or code
owner/volunteer laborequirement costs, o	☐ Worksheet and Letter to Owner put in permit file.  t estimates, to include materials and labor, including value of donated/discounted materials and
owner/volunteer labor requirement costs, conterior finish element e.g.: cleanup/trash	Worksheet and Letter to Owner put in permit file.  t estimates, to include materials and labor, including value of donated/discounted materials and or. Estimate must also include: site prep, demolition, debris disposal, other ordinance or code construction management/contractor profit, sales tax, all structural elements and exterior finishes, all into including paint, and all utility and service equipment. Exclude costs not associated with the building, removal, costs of plans/specs, land surveys, permit fees, carpeting over finished floors, yard
owner/volunteer labor requirement costs, of interior finish elemen	Worksheet and Letter to Owner put in permit file.  t estimates, to include materials and labor, including value of donated/discounted materials and or. Estimate must also include: site prep, demolition, debris disposal, other ordinance or code construction management/contractor profit, sales tax, all structural elements and exterior finishes, all into including paint, and all utility and service equipment. Exclude costs not associated with the building, removal, costs of plans/specs, land surveys, permit fees, carpeting over finished floors, yard
owner/volunteer labor requirement costs, of interior finish element e.g.: cleanup/trash improvements, plug-	Worksheet and Letter to Owner put in permit file.  It estimates, to include materials and labor, including value of donated/discounted materials and or. Estimate must also include: site prep, demolition, debris disposal, other ordinance or code construction management/contractor profit, sales tax, all structural elements and exterior finishes, all into including paint, and all utility and service equipment. Exclude costs not associated with the building, removal, costs of plans/specs, land surveys, permit fees, carpeting over finished floors, yard in appliances.
owner/volunteer labor requirement costs, of interior finish element e.g.: cleanup/trash improvements, plug- Agreement by Prop I agree to correct	Worksheet and Letter to Owner put in permit file.  It estimates, to include materials and labor, including value of donated/discounted materials and or. Estimate must also include: site prep, demolition, debris disposal, other ordinance or code construction management/contractor profit, sales tax, all structural elements and exterior finishes, all into including paint, and all utility and service equipment. Exclude costs not associated with the building, removal, costs of plans/specs, land surveys, permit fees, carpeting over finished floors, yard in appliances.  Derty Owner or by Owner's Agent:  any construction deficiencies identified by inspection that are determined to be necessary to assure
owner/volunteer labor requirement costs, of interior finish element e.g.: cleanup/trash improvements, plug- Agreement by Prop I agree to correct a compliance with the	Worksheet and Letter to Owner put in permit file.  It estimates, to include materials and labor, including value of donated/discounted materials and or. Estimate must also include: site prep, demolition, debris disposal, other ordinance or code construction management/contractor profit, sales tax, all structural elements and exterior finishes, all into including paint, and all utility and service equipment. Exclude costs not associated with the building, removal, costs of plans/specs, land surveys, permit fees, carpeting over finished floors, yard in appliances.
owner/volunteer labor requirement costs, of interior finish element e.g.: cleanup/trash improvements, plug- Agreement by Prop I agree to correct a compliance with the equipment servicing crawl/underfloor s	Worksheet and Letter to Owner put in permit file.  It estimates, to include materials and labor, including value of donated/discounted materials and or. Estimate must also include: site prep, demolition, debris disposal, other ordinance or code construction management/contractor profit, sales tax, all structural elements and exterior finishes, all nts including paint, and all utility and service equipment. Exclude costs not associated with the building, removal, costs of plans/specs, land surveys, permit fees, carpeting over finished floors, yard in appliances.  It including permit, including elevation of the lowest floor, elevation of machinery and ng the building, and provisions applicable to any enclosures below the elevated building, including paces. I agree to have the NFIP Elevation Certificate (FEMA Form 086-0-33) completed and signed
owner/volunteer labor requirement costs, of interior finish element e.g.: cleanup/trash improvements, plug- Agreement by Prop I agree to correct a compliance with the equipment servicing crawl/underfloor si by a Florida licens	Worksheet and Letter to Owner put in permit file.  t estimates, to include materials and labor, including value of donated/discounted materials and or. Estimate must also include: site prep, demolition, debris disposal, other ordinance or code construction management/contractor profit, sales tax, all structural elements and exterior finishes, all into including paint, and all utility and service equipment. Exclude costs not associated with the building, removal, costs of plans/specs, land surveys, permit fees, carpeting over finished floors, yard in appliances.  Derty Owner or by Owner's Agent:  any construction deficiencies identified by inspection that are determined to be necessary to assure the applicable building permit, including elevation of the lowest floor, elevation of machinery and the building, and provisions applicable to any enclosures below the elevated building, including paces. I agree to have the NFIP Elevation Certificate (FEMA Form 086-0-33) completed and signed and professional surveyor and to submit it as required by the Florida Building Code. I agree to have
owner/volunteer laborequirement costs, conterior finish element e.g.: cleanup/trash improvements, plug-  Agreement by Proposition 1 agree to correct a compliance with the equipment servicing crawl/underfloor so by a Florida licensiany deficiencies in	Worksheet and Letter to Owner put in permit file.  It estimates, to include materials and labor, including value of donated/discounted materials and or. Estimate must also include: site prep, demolition, debris disposal, other ordinance or code construction management/contractor profit, sales tax, all structural elements and exterior finishes, all into including paint, and all utility and service equipment. Exclude costs not associated with the building, removal, costs of plans/specs, land surveys, permit fees, carpeting over finished floors, yard in appliances.  Deerty Owner or by Owner's Agent:  any construction deficiencies identified by inspection that are determined to be necessary to assure the applicable building permit, including elevation of the lowest floor, elevation of machinery and the building, and provisions applicable to any enclosures below the elevated building, including paces. I agree to have the NFIP Elevation Certificate (FEMA Form 086-0-33) completed and signed and the Elevation Certificate corrected.
owner/volunteer labor requirement costs, of interior finish element e.g.: cleanup/trash improvements, plug- Agreement by Prop I agree to correct a compliance with the equipment servicing crawl/underfloor si by a Florida licens	Worksheet and Letter to Owner put in permit file.  t estimates, to include materials and labor, including value of donated/discounted materials and or. Estimate must also include: site prep, demolition, debris disposal, other ordinance or code construction management/contractor profit, sales tax, all structural elements and exterior finishes, all into including paint, and all utility and service equipment. Exclude costs not associated with the building, removal, costs of plans/specs, land surveys, permit fees, carpeting over finished floors, yard in appliances.  Derty Owner or by Owner's Agent:  any construction deficiencies identified by inspection that are determined to be necessary to assure the applicable building permit, including elevation of the lowest floor, elevation of machinery and the building, and provisions applicable to any enclosures below the elevated building, including paces. I agree to have the NFIP Elevation Certificate (FEMA Form 086-0-33) completed and signed and professional surveyor and to submit it as required by the Florida Building Code. I agree to have

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### **Performance Measure 4**

Verify accurate completion of all Elevation Certificates <u>before</u> vertical construction and <u>prior</u> to issuance of Certificates of Occupancy

FEMA Elevation Certificate (with instructions and building diagrams): https://www.fema.gov/media-library/assets/documents/160?id=1383

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### **Performance Measure 5**

Disseminate letters annually to utility companies advising that new or replacement tanks must be elevated or anchored, and heating, ventilation and air conditioning (HVAC) equipment must be elevated above the Base Flood Elevation (BFE)

#### INSERT COMMUNITY LETTERHEAD

{DATE}

{NAME OF MANAGER} {COMPANY NAME} {ADDRESS 1} {ADDRESS 2}

RE: Installation of Gas or Liquid Storage Tanks in Special Flood Hazard Areas

Attention: Please read this notice carefully, your cooperation and response is requested.

Our community participates in the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) and enforces a local floodplain management ordinance. The ordinance is intended to require construction practices to minimize flood damage, minimize damage to utilities, and minimize public funds for response to and recovery from flood events. In addition to the ordinance, we enforce the Florida Building Code which governs the construction of flood-prone structures and buildings, as well as associated tanks, and mechanical, electrical and plumbing components.

The {City or County} is providing this notice as a reminder that new and replacement gas or liquid storage tanks installed in SFHAs must be properly elevated to or above the design flood elevation or properly anchored to resist hydrostatic and hydrodynamic forces. This notice advises your company that the {City or County} must issue permits for installation of all new gas or liquid storage tanks in special flood hazard areas in accordance with the {City or County's} floodplain management ordinance. This reminder is intended to provide you with basic information and resources and should not be considered a substitute for complying with the local ordinance or the *Florida Building Code*. Should you have questions, desire additional guidance, or obtain a permit application form, please see our website {website link} or you may contact our department at {contact information}.

Local, State and Federal Tank Installation Requirements: The {NAME OF COMMUNITY} code of ordinance {INSERT LOCAL CODE CITATION, IF ANY}, the 2015 Florida Building Code (FBC, FG 301.11) and the National Flood Insurance Program (44 CFR 60.3) requires that gas or liquid storage tanks, appliances, equipment and system installations shall be located at or above the design flood elevation in Special Flood Hazard Areas (SFHAs) where a base flood elevation number is provided (Zone AE), or at least 2 feet above the highest adjacent grade if a base flood elevation number is not specified on the community's Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs).

Alternatively, gas or liquid storage tanks, appliances, equipment and system installations are permitted to be located below the required flood elevation in Zone A and AE provided that they are designed and installed to prevent water from entering or accumulating within the components and to resist hydrostatic and hydrodynamic loads and stresses, including the effects of buoyancy, during the occurrence of flooding to the base flood elevation.

### Tips for anchoring tanks in Zones A or AE:

- Attach tank to large concrete slab whose weight is great enough to resist the force of flood waters:
- Run straps over the tank and attach them to the concrete slab using turnbuckles;
- Anchor horizontal propane tank with four ground anchors connected across the top of the tank with metal straps;
- Anchor a vertical propane tank with two ground anchors set on opposite sides of the tank. Attach a strap from each anchor to the collar secured around top of the tank. Attach another metal strap connected from one anchor to the other through tank base. This is similar to anchoring a manufactured home and manufactured home installers may make such products available.

### Tanks in Zone V or VE:

Above-ground, elevated tanks below the base flood elevation are not permitted in coastal high hazard areas Zone V or VE. Tanks are considered structures under the FBC, and tank-supporting structures must also meet the structure foundation requirements within that flood zone. Extend vent pipe, inlets or fill openings, and any outlets above the DFE to prevent water from contaminating tank contents, or they can be fitted with covers to prevent inflow or outflow. A threaded fill cap with a tight gasket is recommended for home fuel tanks to prevent outflow. Help protect home and business owners by reminding them to shut off supply lines to equipment when flood or tidal surge warnings are issued.

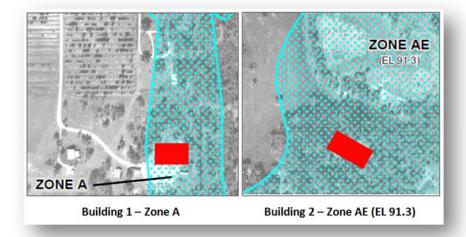
<u>Permits Required</u>: If a structure is located in a SFHA, the contractor or property owner must apply and receive a permit prior to installation of new gas or liquid storage appliances, equipment and system. Applications for a permit can be obtained and submitted at {LOCATION}, or online at {INSERT WEBPAGE}.

Receiving a {City or County} Flood Zone Determination: Contractors or property owners can obtain a flood zone determination and base flood elevations for a property by visiting {COMMUNITY LOCATION}, and {INSERT INSTRUCTIONS}. Alternatively, contractors or property owners may determine required elevations for installation of gas or liquid storage appliances, equipment and systems as described below.

Identifying Required Elevations: FIRMs for {NAME OF COMMUNITY} can be accessed at FEMA's Mapping Service Center Website: <a href="https://msc.fema.gov/">https://msc.fema.gov/</a> or {LOCATION IN COMMUNITY WHERE MAPS ARE AVAILABLE}. Once your company or the contractor has located a specific property on the community's respective FIRM panel, your company or the contractor should determine whether the structure is in a flood zone, and whether a design flood elevation has been provided (freeboard).

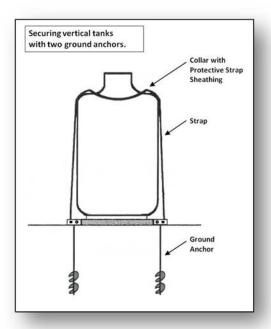
In the example below, Building 1 (outlined in red) is located in a Zone A and Building 2 is located in a Zone AE. Building 1 does not have a specified flood depth number, and Building 2 has an elevation requirement of 91.3 feet above sea level. Since Building 1 does not have a specified elevation number provided on the FIRM, all gas or liquid storage appliances, equipment and system should be installed at least 2 feet above the highest adjacent grade at this building. Since Building 2 does have a specified base flood elevation number, in this case

91.3 feet, all appliances, equipment and systems should be installed at or above an elevation of 91.3 feet above sea level {plus X feet if community has freeboard}.



If your company or property owner is unsure about elevation or anchoring requirements pertaining to a structure or its utilities, your company or the contractor must contact the {City's or County's} {DEPARTMENT NAME} at {INSERT PHONE}, by email at {EMAIL ADDRESS}, or in person at {ADDRESS LOCATION}.

Anchoring Vertical Tanks, example: As shown in the figure below (next page), vertical tanks must be secured with a minimum of two ground anchors. Set each anchor on opposite sides of vertical tanks. Attach a strap from each anchor to the collar secured around top of the tank. Another metal strap should be passed through and under the tanks base connected from one anchor to the other. The ground anchors and straps described below are the same type of products that are required by building codes to tie down mobile homes.



<u>Anchoring Horizontal Tanks, example</u>: The attached guidance document from FEMA (April 2011) entitled "Anchor Fuel Tanks," provides a diagram (see page 2 of 3) of an inexpensive way to secure a horizontal propane tank with four ground anchors connected across the top of the tank with metal straps.

Request Follow-Up Action: The {City or County} requests that your company provide a brief response to this notice, acknowledging that you have received, reviewed and intend to comply with this guidance to ensure compliance with the {City's or County's} floodplain ordinance. Please keep a copy of this notice and your company's response for your records. We thank you in advance for your cooperation and assistance in ensuring that our community is diligent in preventing loss of building equipment due to flood hazards.

Sincerely,

{COMMUNITY OFFICIAL'S SIGNATURE}

{OFFICIAL'S NAME, OFFICIAL'S TITLE} Attachment: FEMA (April 2011) *Anchor Fuel Tanks*.

## **Anchor Fuel Tanks**

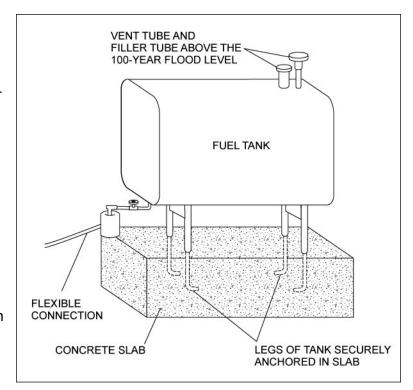


### PROTECTING YOUR PROPERTY FROM FLOODING

Unanchored fuel tanks can be easily moved by flood waters, posing serious threats not only to you, others, and your property, but also to public safety and the environment. An unanchored tank outside your building can be driven into the building walls by flood waters, or it can be swept downstream, damaging other houses. When an unanchored tank in your basement is moved by flood waters, the supply line can tear free and your basement can be contaminated by oil. Even a buried tank can be pushed to the surface by the buoyant effect of soil saturated by water.

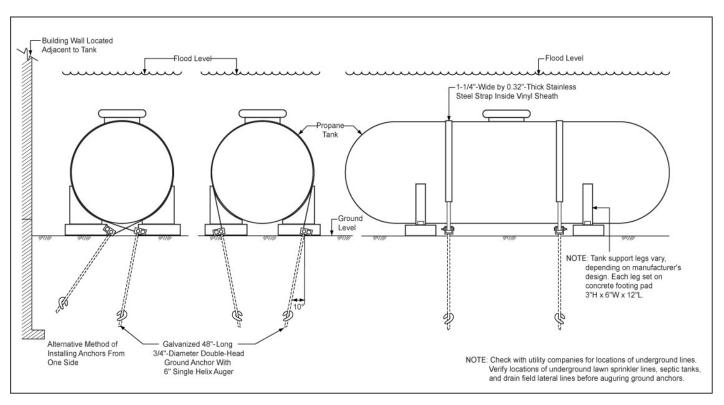
As shown in the first figure, one way to anchor a fuel tank is to attach it to a large concrete slab whose weight is great enough to resist the force of flood waters. This method can be used for all tanks above ground, both inside and outside your property. You can also anchor an outside tank by running straps over it and attaching them to the concrete slab by using turnbuckles.

Propane is stored in pressurized vessels as liquefied petroleum gas (LPG), which can be extremely volatile and potentially explosive if the tank is ruptured and the escaping LPG is ignited by a spark. As shown in the second figure (next page), an inexpensive way to secure a horizontal outside propane tank is to install four ground anchors connected across the top of the tank with metal straps. Secure a vertical tank (120-gallon, 420 lb. size) with two ground anchors. Set each anchor on opposite sides of vertical tank. Attach a strap from each anchor to the collar secured around top of the tank. Attach another metal

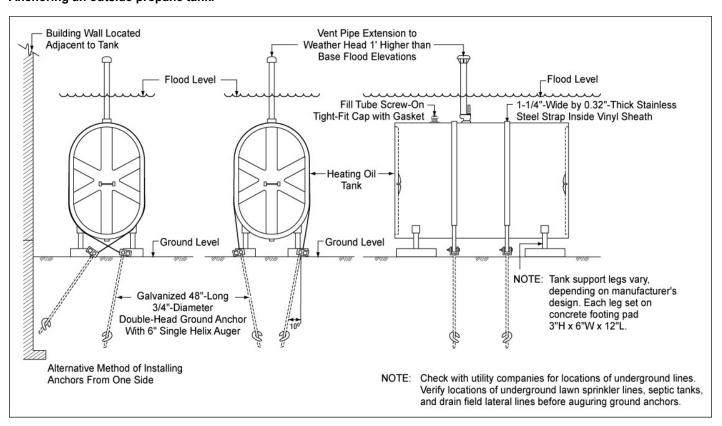


Anchoring a fuel tank.

strap connected from one anchor to the other through tank base. The ground anchors and straps described below are the same products that are required by building codes to tie down mobile homes. These products are available from suppliers and installers that service the manufactured housing industry. Similar products can be used to anchor an outside heating oil tank. As is illustrated in the third figure (next page), one way to secure the oil tank is by running straps over it and attaching them to ground anchors.



### Anchoring an outside propane tank.



Anchoring an outside heating oil tank.

### BENEFITS OF UTILIZING THIS MITIGATION STRATEGY

- Helps to prevent damage and contamination to a structure and neighboring structures
- Helps to protect public health and safety, as well as those of the structure's occupants, in addition to protecting the environment

### **TIPS**

Keep these points in mind when you anchor a fuel tank:

- ✓ If you prefer not to do this work yourself, you can have a handyman or contractor anchor your tank.
- ✓ Extend all filling and ventilation tubes above the 100-year flood level so that flood waters cannot enter the tank.
- Close all connections when flood warnings are issued.

### **ESTIMATED COST**

Anchoring a 1,000-gallon fuel tank to a concrete base will cost approximately \$300 to \$500.

### OTHER SOURCES OF INFORMATION

FEMA 259, Engineering Principles and Practices for Retrofitting Flood Prone Residential Buildings, January 1995, <a href="http://www.fema.gov/library/viewRecord.do?id=1645">http://www.fema.gov/library/viewRecord.do?id=1645</a>. (New FEMA 259 will be available in the Fall of 2011.)

FEMA 348, *Protecting Building Utilities from Flood Damage*, Chapter 3, November 1999, http://www.fema.gov/library/viewRecord.do?id=1750.

FEMA P-499, *Home Builder's Guide to Coastal Construction*, "Protecting Utilities," Technical Fact Sheet No. 8.3, December 2010, http://www.fema.gov/library/viewRecord.do?id=2138.

FEMA 481, Anchoring Home Fuel Tanks (DVD), http://www.fema.gov/library/viewRecord.do?id=2021.

FEMA, Anchoring Home Fuel Tanks (Video), <a href="http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gVTSWXnLmC4">http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gVTSWXnLmC4</a>

To view and download FEMA publications visit the FEMA Library at <a href="http://www.fema.gov/library">http://www.fema.gov/library</a>. To obtain FEMA publications please call 1-800-480-2520 or fax 1-240-699-0525 Monday through Friday 8 a.m. – 5 p.m. EST. You may also email your request to FEMA-Publications-Warehouse@dhs.gov. Please provide the title, item number, short number, and quantity of each publication, along with your name, address, zip code, and daytime telephone number.

#### **INSERT COMMUNITY LETTERHEAD**

{DATE}

{NAME OF MANAGER} {COMPANY NAME} {ADDRESS 1} {ADDRESS 2}

RE: Installation of Mechanical and Electric Systems in Special Flood Hazard Areas

Attention: Please read this notice carefully, your cooperation and response is requested.

Our community participates in the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) and enforces a local floodplain management ordinance. The ordinance is intended to require construction practices to minimize flood damage, minimize damage to utilities, and minimize public funds for response to and recovery from flood events. In addition to the ordinance, we enforce the Florida Building Code which governs the construction of flood-prone structures and buildings, as well as associated mechanical, electrical and plumbing components.

The {City or County} is providing this notice as a reminder that new and replacement air conditioning compressors, ductwork and air handler units installed in SFHAs must be properly elevated to or above the design flood. This notice advises your company that the {City or County} must issue permits for installation of all new air conditioning systems in special flood hazard areas {and may be required to obtain a permit for replacement} in accordance with the {City or County's} floodplain management ordinance. This reminder is intended to provide you with basic information and resources and should not be considered a substitute for complying with the local ordinance or the *Florida Building Code*. Should you have questions, desire additional guidance, or obtain a permit application form, please see our website {website link} or you may contact our department at {contact information}.

<u>Permits Required</u>: If a structure is located in a SFHA, the contractor or property owner must apply and receive a permit prior to installation of a new mechanical, electrical and/or duct system {and may be required for replacement systems}. Applications for a permit can be obtained and submitted at {LOCATION} or online at {WEBPAGE ADDRESS}.

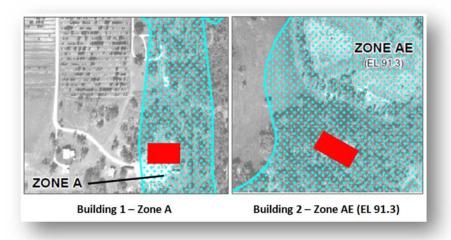
Receiving a {City or County} Flood Zone Determination: Contractors or property owners can obtain a flood zone determination and base flood or design flood elevations for a property by visiting {COMMUNITY LOCATION}, and {INSERT INSTRUCTIONS}. Alternatively, contractors or property owners may determine what elevations must be used for installation of mechanical and electrical systems as described below.

<u>Local, State and Federal Installation Requirements</u>: The {NAME OF COMMUNITY} code of ordinance {INSERT LOCAL CODE CITATION, IF ANY}, the 2015 Florida Building Code (FBC, R322.1.6) and the National Flood Insurance Program (44 CFR 60.3) requires that mechanical, electrical and duct systems shall be located at or above the design flood elevation in Special

Flood Hazard Areas (SFHAs) where a base flood elevation number is provided (Zones V, VE or AE), or at least 2 feet above the highest adjacent grade if a base flood elevation number is not specified on the community's Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) {plus X feet if community has freeboard}.

Identifying Required Elevations: FIRMs for {NAME OF COMMUNITY} can be accessed at FEMA's Mapping Service Center Website: <a href="https://msc.fema.gov/">https://msc.fema.gov/</a> or {LOCATION IN COMMUNITY WHERE MAPS ARE AVAILABLE}. Once the company or contractor has located a specific property on the community's respective FIRM panel, your company or the contractor should determine whether the structure is in a flood zone, and whether a design flood elevation has been provided (freeboard).

In the example below, Building 1 (outlined in red) is located in a Zone A and Building 2 is located in a Zone AE. Building 1 does not have a specified flood depth number, and Building 2 has an elevation requirement of 91.3 feet above sea level. Since Building 1 does not have a specified elevation number provided on the FIRM, all mechanical, electrical and duct systems should be installed at least 2 feet above the highest adjacent grade at this building. Since Building 2 does have a specified base flood elevation number, in this case 91.3 feet, all systems should be installed at or above an elevation of 91.3 feet above sea level.



As a general rule, replacement compressors must be no lower than the Finished Floor Elevation (FFE) of the structure. If your company or the contractor is unsure about elevation requirements pertaining to a structure, your company or the contractor should contact the {City's or County's} {DEPARTMENT NAME} at {INSERT PHONE}, by email at {EMAIL ADDRESS}.

The {City or County} requests that you provide a brief response to this notice, acknowledging that you have received and reviewed it. Please keep a copy of this notice and your company's response for your records. We thank you in advance for your cooperation and assistance in ensuring that our community is diligent in preventing loss of equipment due to flood hazards.

Sincerely,

{COMMUNITY OFFICIAL'S SIGNATURE}

73



### **Performance Measure 6**

Develop and implement "Substantial Improvement/Substantial Damage" determination procedures approved by the State Floodplain Management Office and retain permanent records of determinations

### Florida's Substantial Improvement and Substantial Damage Notice for Property Owners, Contractors, and Design Professionals

[This example is based on the NFIP definition for Substantial Improvement and Substantial Damage. Florida communities that adopt modifications to those definitions should amend this packet to reflect those modifications.]

TO: Property Owners, Contractors, and Design Professionals

FROM: {Local Official, Community}

SUBJECT: Notice for Work on Existing Buildings in Special Flood Hazard Areas

Substantial Improvement / Substantial Damage Worksheets

The Florida Building Code (FBC) requires all new buildings located in Special Flood Hazard Areas (SFHAs) (regulated floodplains) to have their lowest floors elevated to or above the B ase Flood E levation (BFE). The regulations also specify that **substantial improvement** of existing buildings (alterations, remodeling, rehabilitation, improvement, or addition) or buildings that have sustained **substantial damage** must be brought into compliance with the requirements for new construction. Please note that a building may be substantially damaged by any cause, including fire, flood, high wind, seismic activity, land movement, or neglect. It is important to understand all costs of improvements, and all costs to repair a substantially damaged building to its pre-damage condition, must be identified.

There are several aspects that must be addressed to achieve compliance with the flood hazard area requirements of the FBC. The requirements depend on several factors, including the flood zone at the property. The most significant compliance requirement is the lowest floor, as defined in the FBC, must be elevated to or above a specific elevation. Please plan to meet with this department to review your proposed project, to go over the requirements, and to discuss how to bring your building into compliance.

The Florida Building Code defines these terms:

**Substantial damage** means damage of any origin sustained by a structure whereby the cost of restoring the structure to its before-damaged condition would equal or exceed 50 percent of the market value of the structure before the damage occurred.

**Substantial improvement** means any repair, reconstruction, rehabilitation, alteration, addition, or other improvement of a building or structure, the cost of which equals or exceeds 50 percent of the market value of the structure before improvement or repair is started. If the structure has sustained substantial damage, any repairs are considered substantial improvement regardless of the actual repair work performed. The term does not, however, include either:

- (1) Any project for improvement of a structure to correct existing health, sanitary or safety code violations identified by the building official and that are the minimum necessary to assure safe living conditions.
- (2) Any alteration of a "historic structure" provided that the alteration will not preclude the structure's continued designation as a "historic structure."

To make the substantial improvement determination, or the substantial damage determination, this office compares the cost of the proposed improvement or repairs to the market value of the building (excluding land, accessory structures, and landscaping). If the resulting ratio equals or exceeds 50 percent, the existing building must be brought into compliance with the flood hazard area requirements for new buildings.

# Cost of Improvement or Cost to Repair to Pre-Damage Condition Market Value of Building ≥ 50%

#### Please note:

- You must provide an estimate of the costs of all proposed improvements or repairs. If your building has been damaged, the cost estimate must include all work required to repair the building to its before-damage condition. The cost estimate must include all labor and materials. If the work will be done by a contractor, the contractor's overhead and profit must be included. If the work will be done by the owner or volunteers, market rates must be used to estimate the cost of materials and the value of labor. Attached to this notice is a list of costs that must be included and costs that are excluded. After we review the cost estimate, we may require that it be broken down to show all materials and labor estimates.
- We will estimate the market value of the building by using the most recent tax assessment value adjusted to approximate market value by a factor provided by the County Property Appraiser. Alternatively, you may provide an appraisal of the market value prepared by a qualified independent appraiser. The market value must be the value before any improvement are started or before any damage occurred.

If you have any questions regarding this information, please contact {insert contact}.

#### Attachments:

- Requirements for Applications for Permits for Substantial Improvements and Repair of Substantial Damage
- Costs for Substantial Improvements and Repair of Substantial Damage
- Owner's Affidavit
- Contractor's Affidavit

### Requirements for Applications for Substantial Improvement and Repair of Substantial Damage

Please contact \_\_\_\_\_ if you have questions about the S ubstantial Improvement and S ubstantial D amage requirements. Your building may have to be brought into compliance with the floodplain management requirements for new construction.

Applications for permits to work on existing buildings that are located in Special Flood Hazard Areas must include the following:

- Current photographs of the exterior (front, rear, sides)
- If your building has been damaged, include photographs of the interior and exterior; provide pre-damage photos of the exterior, if available
- Detailed description of the proposed improvement (rehabilitation, remodeling, addition, etc.) or repairs
- Cost estimate of the proposed improvement or the cost estimate to repair the damaged building to its before-damage condition
- Elevation certificate or elevation survey
- You may submit a market value appraisal prepared by a licensed professional appraiser or we
  will use the tax assessment value of the building
- Owner's affidavit (signed and dated)
- Contractor's affidavit (signed and dated)

SM Rev. 1/15/2018 51

### Costs for Substantial Improvements Repair of Substantial Damage Items that must be included:

Items that must be included in the costs of improvement or costs to repair are those that are directly associated with the building. The following list of costs that must be included is not intended to be exhaustive, but characterizes the types of costs that must be included:

- Materials and labor, including the estimated value of donated or discounted materials and owner or volunteered labor
- Site preparation related to the improvement or repair (foundation excavation, filling in basements)
- Demolition and construction debris disposal
- Labor and other costs associated with demolishing, moving, or altering building components to accommodate improvements, additions, and making repairs
- Costs associated with complying with any other ordinance or code requirement that is triggered by the work, including costs to comply with the requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)
- Costs associated with elevating a structure to an elevation that is lower than the BFE
- Construction management and supervision
- Contractor's overhead and profit
- Sales taxes on materials
- Structural elements and exterior finishes, including:
  - Foundations (e.g., spread or continuous foundation footings, perimeter walls, chainwalls, pilings, columns, posts, etc.)
  - Monolithic or other types of concrete slabs
  - o Bearing walls, tie beams, trusses
  - Joists, beams, subflooring, framing, ceilings
  - o Interior non-bearing walls
  - Exterior finishes (e.g., brick, stucco, siding, painting, and trim)

- Structural elements and exterior finishes (cont.):
  - Windows and exterior doors
  - o Roofing, gutters, and downspouts
  - o Hardware
  - Attached decks and porches
- Interior finish elements, including:
  - Floor finishes (e.g., hardwood, ceramic, vinyl, linoleum, stone, and wall-to-wall carpet over subflooring)
  - Bathroom tiling and fixtures
  - Wall finishes (e.g., drywall, paint, stucco, plaster, paneling, and marble)
  - Built-in cabinets (e.g., kitchen, utility, entertainment, storage, and bathroom)
  - Interior doors
  - Interior finish carpentry
  - o Built-in bookcases and furniture
  - o Hardware
  - o Insulation
- Utility and service equipment, including:
  - o HVAC equipment
  - o Plumbing fixtures and piping
  - o Electrical wiring, outlets, and switches
  - o Light fixtures and ceiling fans
  - Security systems
  - Built-in appliances
  - o Central vacuum systems
  - Water filtration, conditioning, and recirculation systems

### Items that may be excluded:

Items that can be excluded are those that are not directly associated with the building. The following list characterizes the types of costs that may be excluded:

- Clean-up and trash removal
- Costs to temporarily stabilize a building so that it is safe to enter to evaluate required repairs
- Costs to obtain or prepare plans and specifications
- Land survey costs
- · Permit fees and inspection fees
- Carpeting and recarpeting installed over finished flooring such as wood or tiling
- Outside improvements, including landscaping, irrigation, sidewalks, driveways, fences, yard lights, swimming pools, pool enclosures, and detached accessory structures (e.g., garages, sheds, and gazebos)
- Costs required for the minimum necessary work to correct existing violations of health, safety, and sanitary codes
- Plug-in appliances such as washing machines, dryers, and stoves

# Owner's Affidavit: Substantial Improvement or Repair of Substantial Damage

Building Permit Application No.:	
Property Address:	
Parcel ID Number:	
Owner's Name:	
Owner's Address/Phone:	
Contractor:	
Contractor's License Number:	
Date of Contractor's Estimate:	
I hereby attest the description included in the building permit applicate building that is located at the property identified above is all of the wimprovements, alterations, rehabilitation, remodeling, repairs, additing improvement. I further attest that I requested the above-identified constitutes for all of the work, including the contractor's overhead and	vork that will be done, including all ions and any other form of ontractor to prepare a cost
I acknowledge that if, during the course of construction, I decide to work described, The Building Department will re-evaluate its comparanteet value of the building to determine if the work is Substantial I may require revision of the building permit and may subject the property.	arison of the cost of work to the mprovement. Such re-evaluation
I also understand I am subject to enforcement action and/or fines if I have made or authorized repairs or improvements that were not in and the cost estimate for that work that were the basis for issuance	cluded in the description of work
Owner's Signature:	Date:
Notarized:	

# **Contractor's Affidavit: Substantial Improvement or Repair of Substantial Damage**

Building Permit Application No.:	
Property Address:	
Parcel ID Number:	
Owner's Name:	
Owner's Address/Phone:	
Contractor:	
Contractor's License Number:	
Date of Contractor's Estimate:	
I hereby attest I have personally inspected the building discussed the nature and extent of the work requested alterations, rehabilitation, remodeling, repairs, addition	by the owner, including all improvements,
At the request of the owner, I have prepared a cost es repairs requested by the owner and the cost estimate identified by the Building Department that are appropried repair of damage, I have prepared a cost estimate to racknowledge that if, during the course of construction, of the work described in the application, a revised cost Department, which will re-evaluate its comparison of the building to determine if the work is Substantial Improve of the building permit and may subject the property to	includes, at a minimum, the cost elements late for the nature of the work. If the work is epair the building to its pre-damage condition. If the owner requests more work or modification the estimate must be provided to the Building the cost of work to the market value of the ement. Such re-evaluation may require revision
I also understand I am subject to enforcement action a I have made or authorized repairs or improvements th and the cost estimate for that work used as the basis f	at were not included in the description of work
Owner's Signature:	Date:
Notarized:	

### SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA

### SUBSTANTIAL IMPROVEMENT / SUBSTANTIAL DAMAGE WORKSHEET

The determination of whether proposed work is Substantial Improvement or repair of Substantial Damage is made based on all proposed work. Complete all fields below that apply.

Documentation to support stated cost estimates may be required.

Check with the Building Department whether the community tracks accumulated repairs, alterations, additions and other improvements over time. Community-specific requirements may apply (e.g. cumulative costs over period of time)

improvements over time. Community-specific requirements may apply (e.g. cumulative costs over period of time).		
STRUCTURE VALUE*	Source: Property Assessment  (includes factor of)  Attached Appraisal  *use market value before improvement or before damage occurred	\$(A)
REPAIRS FBC, EB Ch. 5 Flood Damage? Yes □ No □	Describe work needed to repair to pre-damaged condition:  Cost* to repair to pre-damaged condition:	\$(B)
ALTERATIONS FBC, EB Ch.6-8	Describe alterations:  Cost* of alterations:	\$(C)
ADDITIONS FBC, EB Ch. 11	Describe additions:  Horizontal Addition? Yes □ No □ Structurally interconnected? Yes □ No □  Vertical Addition? Yes □ No □ Cost* of additions:  Foundation work? Yes □ No □	\$(D)
HISTORIC BUILDING FBC, EB, Ch. 11	Does structure currently meet definition at FBC, EB Ch. 11 and Sec. 1102.  Yes □ No □  After the proposed work is completed, will the building continue to meet the definition at FBC, EB Ch. 11? Yes □ No □	If "yes" to <b>both</b> , proposed work is not considered substantial improvement. If "no", complete form.
Cost to correct existing cited health, sanitary, safety code violations (attach citations)		\$(E)
CALCULATING RATIO	$\left(\frac{B+C+D-E}{A}\right) \times 100$	% (F)
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY Check all that apply in accordance with FBC, EB, any technical amendments thereto, and the local floodplain management ordinance.  Building is Historic Structure and will retain historic designation after proposed work is completed; work is not considered "substantial improvement."  Estimates of costs reviewed and accepted  Estimates of costs returned for more information  Appraisal, if provided, reviewed and deemed to represent building  Ratio of costs to market value does not constitute "substantial improvement."  Horizontal addition is not structurally interconnected and does not constitute "substantial improvement" of base building  Addition must be compliant with FBC, EB and FBC, B Section 1612.  Addition must be compliant with FBC, EB and FBC, R Section R322.		

Section VI. Item #2.

	□ Ratio of costs to market value constitutes "substantial improvement."	
	☐ Structure has sustained substantial damage and any repairs are considered "substantial	
	improvement."	
	Building must be brought into compliance with FBC, EB and FBC, B Section 1612.	
	☐ Building must be brought into compliance with FBC, EB and FBC, R Section R322.	
	☐ Horizontal addition is structurally interconnected or is considered "substantial improvement."	
	☐ Building must be brought into compliance with FBC, EB and FBC, B Section 1612.	
	☐ Building must be brought into compliance with FBC, EB and FBC, R Section R322.	
	☐ Applicant must submit building permit application demonstrating compliance with flood hazard area	
	requirements.	
	Issue letter to owner	
	□ Not Substantial Improvement	
	☐ Substantial Improvement	
	☐ Substantial Damage	
	☐ Substantially Damaged by Flood (may qualify for NFIP ICC insurance payment)	
	Determination completed by:	
	Determination approved by:	
	Building Official Date	
	☐ Worksheet and Letter to Owner put in permit file.	
	t estimates, to include materials and labor, including value of donated/discounted materials and	
	or. Estimate must also include: site prep, demolition, debris disposal, other ordinance or code	
	construction management/contractor profit, sales tax, all structural elements and exterior finishes, all nts including paint, and all utility and service equipment. Exclude costs not associated with the building,	
	removal, costs of plans/specs, land surveys, permit fees, carpeting over finished floors, yard	
improvements, plug-		
Agreement by Prop	perty Owner or by Owner's Agent:	
I agree to correct any construction deficiencies identified by inspection that are determined to be necessary to assure		
compliance with the applicable building permit, including elevation of the lowest floor, elevation of machinery and		
equipment servicing the building, and provisions applicable to any enclosures below the elevated building, including		
crawl/underfloor spaces. I agree to have the NFIP Elevation Certificate (FEMA Form 086-0-33) completed and signed by a Florida licensed professional surveyor and to submit it as required by the Florida Building Code. I agree to have		
	n the Elevation Certificate corrected.	
Date:	Signature:	
	Owner/Owner's Agent	



### **Performance Measure 7**

On community websites, where feasible, provide digital Flood Insurance Rate Maps (DFIRMs) or links to DFIRMS and Elevation Certificates ECs

FEMA Elevation Certificate (with instructions and building diagrams):

https://www.fema.gov/media-library/assets/documents/160?id=1383

FEMA Map Service Center for link to DFIRMS:

https://msc.fema.gov/portal/advanceSearch

https://msc.fema.gov/portal



## HISTORIC TOWN OF EATONVILLE, FLORIDA TOWN COUNCIL MEETING

MAY 21, 2024, AT 07:30 PM

### **Cover Sheet**

\*\*NOTE\*\* Please do not change the formatting of this document (font style, size, paragraph spacing etc.)

**ITEM TITLE:** Approval of Resolution #2024-18 Appointment of TOECRA Chair

#### **TOWN COUNCIL ACTION:**

PROCLAMATIONS, AWARDS, AND PRESENTATIONS		Department: ADMINISTRATION
PUBLIC HEARING 1 <sup>ST</sup> / 2 <sup>ND</sup> READING CONSENT AGENDA		Exhibits:  • Resolution #2024-18 Appointment of TOECRA Chair
COUNCIL DECISION	YES	
ADMINISTRATIVE		

**REQUEST:** Approval of Resolution 2024-18 appointment of TOECRA Chair.

<u>SUMMARY</u>: A Resolution of the Town Council of the Town of Eatonville, Florida, is being presented authorizing the appointment of the TOECRA Chair. At the Tuesday Town Council meeting held on May 7, 2024, the Town Council rescinded by majority vote Resolution 2024-16 appointing Angie Gardner as TOECRA Chair. The Town Council must appoint a new Chairman for the Town of Eatonville Community Redevelopment Agency (TOECRA), from the Town Council.

The Councilmember recommended as the TOECRA Chair is	
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**RECOMMENDATION:** Approval of Resolution 2024-18 Appointment of TOECRA Chair.

FISCAL & EFFICIENCY DATA: N/A

#### **RESOLUTION #2024-18**

A RESOLUTION OF THE TOWN COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF EATONVILLE, FLORIDA, DESIGNATING A CHAIRMAN, OF THE TOWN OF EATONVILLE COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (TOECRA), PROVIDING FOR CONFLICTS, SEVERABILITY, AND AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

**WHEREAS** The town council by resolution duly adopted on December 16, 1997, approved a community redevelopment agency with respect to the redevelopment of the redevelopment agency; and

**WHEREAS** the Town of Eatonville Town Council is the Governing Body of the Town of Eatonville Community Redevelopment Agency (TOECRA); and

**WHEREAS**, with the election of new councilmember, Taurus Mack replacing the previous councilmember and Chairman of TOECRA, Marlin Daniels, the Chairman position for TOECRA is now vacant; and

**WHEREAS**, the Town Council rescinded Resolution 2024-16 on Tuesday, May 7, 2024, appointing a new Chairman for the Town of Eatonville Community Redevelopment Agency (TOECRA), from the Town Council.

**WHEREAS**, the Town Council must appoint a new Chairman for the Town of Eatonville Community Redevelopment Agency (TOECRA), from the Town Council.

### NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED BY THE TOWN COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF EATONVILLE, FLORIDA THE FOLLOWING:

**SECTION ONE:** With the enactment of Ordinance #2022-1, the Town Council is the Community Redevelopment Agency Board of Directors. Town Council must appoint a Chairman for the Town of Eatonville Community Redevelopment Agency (TOECRA), from the Town Council.

**SECTION TWO:** <u>CHAIRMAN</u>: Upon a vote of a majority of the Town Council at the meeting held on May 21, 2024, \_\_\_\_\_\_ was elected chair of TOECRA.

**SECTION TWO:** CONFLICTS: All Resolution or parts of Resolutions in conflict with any other Resolution or any of the provisions of this Resolution are hereby repealed.

**SECTION THREE:** <u>SEVERABILITY</u>: If any section or portion of a section of this Resolution is found to be invalid, unlawful, or unconstitutional it shall not be held to invalidate or impair the validity, force or effect of any other section or part of this Resolution.

immediately upon its passage and adoption	
PASSED AND ADOPTED this <u>21<sup>ST</sup></u> day of <u>N</u>	<u>MAY</u> 2024.
	Angie Gardner, Mayor
ATTEST:	
Veronica King, Town Clerk	

#### **RESOLUTION #2024-16**

A RESOLUTION OF THE TOWN COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF EATONVILLE, FLORIDA, DESIGNATING A CHAIRMAN, OF THE TOWN OF EATONVILLE COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (TOECRA), PROVIDING FOR CONFLICTS, SEVERABILITY, AND AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

WHEREAS The town council by resolution duly adopted on December 16, 1997, approved a community redevelopment agency with respect to the redevelopment of the redevelopment agency; and

WHEREAS the Town of Eatonville Town Council is the Governing Body of the Town of Eatonville Community Redevelopment Agency (TOECRA); and

WHEREAS, with the election of new councilmember, Taurus Mack replacing the previous councilmember and Chairman of TOECRA, Marlin Daniels, the Chairman position for TOECRA is now vacant; and

WHEREAS, the Town Council must appoint a new Chairman for the Town of Eatonville Community Redevelopment Agency (TOECRA), from the Town Council.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED BY THE TOWN COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF EATONVILLE, FLORIDA THE FOLLOWING:

**SECTION ONE:** With the enactment of Ordinance #2022-1, the Town Council is the Community Redevelopment Agency Board of Directors. Town Council must appoint a Chairman for the Town of Eatonville Community Redevelopment Agency (TOECRA), from the Town Council.

**SECTION TWO:** CHAIRMAN: Upon a vote of a majority of the Town Council at the meeting held on April 16, 2024, Angie Gardner was elected chair of TOECRA.

**SECTION TWO:** CONFLICTS: All Resolution or parts of Resolutions in conflict with any other Resolution or any of the provisions of this Resolution are hereby repealed.

**SECTION THREE: SEVERABILITY:** If any section or portion of a section of this Resolution is found to be invalid, unlawful, or unconstitutional it shall not be held to invalidate or impair the validity, force or effect of any other section or part of this Resolution.

**SECTION FOUR: EFFECTIVE DATE**:

This Resolution shall become effective

immediately upon its passage and adoption.

PASSED AND ADOPTED this 16<sup>TH</sup> day of APRJL 2024.

Ingie Gard

Veronica King, Town Clerk