

HISTORIC TOWN OF EATONVILLE, FLORIDA REGULAR COUNCIL MEETING AGENDA

Tuesday, September 17, 2024, at 7:30 PM
Town Hall - 307 E Kennedy Blvd

Please note that the HTML versions of the agenda and agenda packet may not reflect changes or amendments made to the agenda.

- I. CALL TO ORDER AND VERIFICATION OF QUORUM
- II. INVOCATION AND PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE
- III. APPROVAL OF THE AGENDA
- IV. PRESENTATIONS AND RECOGNITION
 - A. Recognition of the CMC Designation for the Town Clerk (Administration-Clerk)
- V. CITIZEN PARTICIPATION (Three minutes strictly enforced)
- VI. PUBLIC HEARING
 - **B.** Approval of **First Reading** of Ordinance 2024-6 Creating Chapter 38, Article VIII, Operating Golf Carts on Designated Town Streets (**Administration**)

VII. CONSENT AGENDA

- **1.** Approval of the Town Council Meeting Minutes (**Clerk Office**)
- 2. Approval of Resolution 2024-28 Re-Appointing One (1) Board Member To The Historic Preservation Board (Clerk Office)
- 3. Approval of Resolution 2024-27 Health Services Provided By Grace Medical Home and the Central Florida Black Nurses Association of Orlando (CFBNA) in Partnership with the Town (Councilwoman Randolph)

VIII. COUNCIL DECISIONS

4. Approval of the Town of Eatonville FY 2023 Annual Financial Audit (**Finance**)

IX. REPORTS

CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER'S REPORT TOWN ATTORNEY'S REPORT TOWN COUNCIL REPORT/DISCUSSION ITEMS MAYOR'S REPORT

X. ADJOURNMENT

The Town of Eatonville is subject to the Public Records Law. Under Florida law, e-mail addresses are public records. If you do not want your e-mail address released in response to a public records request, do not send electronic mail to this entity. Instead, contact this office by phone or in writing. **PUBLIC NOTICE**This is a Public Meeting, and the public is invited to attend. This Agenda is subject to change. Please be advised that one (1) or more Members of any of the Town's Advisory Boards/Committees may attend this Meeting and may participate in discussions. Any person who desires to appeal any decision made at this meeting will need a verbatim record of the proceedings and for this purpose may need to ensure that a verbatim record of the proceedings is made which includes the testimony and evidence upon which the appeal is to be based – per Section 286.0105 Florida Statutes. Persons with disabilities needing assistance to participate in any of these proceedings should contact the Town of Eatonville at (407) 623-8910 "at least 48 hours prior to the meeting, a written request by a physically handicapped person to attend the meeting, directed to the chairperson or director of such board, commission, agency, or authority" - per Section 286.26



HISTORIC TOWN OF EATONVILLE, FLORIDA TOWN COUNCIL MEETING

SEPTEMBER 17, 2024, AT 7:30 PM

Cover Sheet

NOTE Please do not change the formatting of this document (font style, size, paragraph spacing etc.)

ITEM TITLE:

Recognition of the CMC Designation for the Town Clerk (Clerk Office)

TOWN COUNCIL ACTION:

PROCLAMATIONS, AWARDS, AND PRESENTATIONS	YES	Department: LEGISLATIVE (CLERK OFFICE)
PUBLIC HEARING 1ST / 2ND READING CONSENT AGENDA COUNCIL DECISION ADMINISTRATIVE		 Exhibits: Digital CMC Certificate Letter of Recognition, Lisa Garcia, MMC (IIMC President) Letter of Recognition, Lori McWilliams, MPA, MMC, IIMC Region 3 Director CMC Certification Badge

REQUEST: Request for the Town Council to acknowledge through a presentation of recognition the CMC designation awarded to the Town Clerk from the International Institute of Municipal Clerks.

<u>SUMMARY:</u> The municipal Town Clerk, along with the Tax Collector, is known as the oldest public servants/officers in local government. The title "Clerk" found its beginning back in 1272 A.D. and traces back to the biblical times (Acts 19:35).

On September 4, 2024, Lisa Garcia, MMC (IIMC President) of the International Institute of Municipal Clerks sent officially notification that the Board of Directors of the International Institute of Municipal Clerks have awarded Veronica L. King the International Institute of Municipal Clerks' designation of Certified Municipal Clerk (CMC). A digital CMC certificate has been given to display proudly until the official CMC pin and hard-earned CMC certificate arrives within 5-6 weeks of the award date of September 4, 2024. A representative of IIMC/FACC (Gwen Peirce, MPA, MMC, FACC Central East District Director) will present the official pin and certificate at a forthcoming date.

IIMC grants the CMC designation only to those Municipal Clerks who complete demanding education requirements; and who have a record of significant contributions to their local government, their community and state. In light of the speed and drastic nature of change these days, lifelong learning is not only desirable, but also necessary for all in local government to keep pace with growing demands and changing needs of the citizens we serve. The IIMC/FACC applaud Veronica L. King for her educational accomplishments and achievement of this milestone and congratulate her on her personal pursuit of professional excellence. Thanks to the leadership for your support of the role Veronica plays in your town.

Section IV. Item #A.

RECOMMENDATION: Recommend for the Town Council to acknowledge through a presentation or recognition the CMC designation awarded to the Town Clerk from the International Institute of Municipal Clerks.

FISCAL & EFFICIENCY DATA: N/A



HEREBY CONFERS THE TITLE OF

Certified Municipal Clerk

Veronica L. King, CMC

WHO HAS COMPLETED THE REQUIREMENTS PRESCRIBED BY THE INTERNATIONAL

INSTITUTE OF MUNICIPAL CLERKS FOR CERTIFICATION.

(YOU MUST REMAIN AN ACTIVE MEMBER FOR HIMC TO RECOGNIZE YOUR CMC)

September 04, 2024

CERTIFIED ON

IIMC PRESIDENT

Bentrice Newser Robiguer, Edy

IIMC DIRECTOR OF PROFESSIONAL

DEVELOPMENT



Veronica King <vking@townofeatonville.org>

Re: IIMC Congratulates Veronica L. King, CMC

Angie Gardner <agardner@townofeatonville.org>

Sun, Sep 8, 2024 at 11:02 PM

To: Iris Hill <iris@iimc.com>

Cc: Veronica King <vking@townofeatonville.org>

Thank you for this email. Mrs. King has shown a high degree of commitment and dedication as the Town's Municipal Clerk. This is definitely something that she should be proud of and she is representing this Town above the standards. I appreciate the work that she has done and continues to do.

Great work, Mrs. King and Congratulations.

Mayor Gardner

On Wed, Sep 4, 2024 at 6:13 PM Iris Hill <iris@iimc.com> wrote:



09/04/2024

Angie Gardner

Mayor

Sent to email: agardner@townofeatonville.org

Dear Angie Gardner,

Veronica L. King, CMC of Town of Eatonville, has earned the designation of Certified Municipal Clerk (CMC), which is awarded by the International Institute of Municipal Clerks (IIMC), Inc.

IIMC grants the CMC designation only to municipal clerks who complete demanding education requirements; and have a record of significant contributions to their local government, community and state.

The International Institute of Municipal Clerks, founded in 1947, has 14,000 members throughout the United States, Canada, and 15 other countries, and the mission of this global non-profit corporation is to enhance the educational opportunities and professional development of its diverse membership.

In light of the speed and drastic nature of change these days, lifelong learning is not only desirable, it is necessary for all in local government to keep pace with the growing demands and changing needs of the citizens we serve. Your city can take immense pride in Veronica's educational accomplishments and achievement of this milestone.

On behalf of the IIMC Board of Directors, I am honored to endorse the conferring of CMC to Veronica L. King, CMC of Town of Eatonville. We share your pride in this achievement and we applaud your support of the role Veronica plays in your city.

Sincerely,

Lisa Garcia, MMC **IIMC President**

IIMC Education Department



International Institute of Municipal Clerks

Professionalism in Local Government through Education

September 5, 2024 Veronica L. King, CMC

Dear Veronica,

As one of your IIMC Region III Directors, I would like to congratulate you on recently earning your **Certified Municipal Clerk** designation. Achieving this milestone requires dedication beyond your normal duties and responsibilities. Receiving your CMC shows your commitment and dedication to continuing education and professional development. Your hard work has paid off and your expertise will undoubtedly make a significant impact in your community.

As you continue your education and involvement in IIMC, I look forward to following your journey towards the next level of certification and professional excellence. I wish you continued success in your career.

Please do not hesitate to call or email me if I can be of assistance.

Sincerely,

Lori McWilliams

Lori McWilliams, MPA, MMC Village Clerk, Village of Tequesta IIMC Region 3 Director Imcwilliams@tequesta.org 561-768-0443

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Visit us on Facebook at the following pages:

- International Institute of Municipal Clerks—https://www.facebook.com/itsmyIIMC
- IIMC Region III—https://www.facebook.com/groups/iimcregion3

Introducing our newest IIMC CERTIFIED MUNICIPAL CLERK

Veronica King
Town of Eatonville, FL



Attainment of this prestigious certificate is a testament to their expertise in local governance. Join us in applauding their dedication, hard work, and commitment to excellence!



HISTORIC TOWN OF EATONVILLE, FLORIDA TOWN COUNCIL MEETING

SEPTEMBER 17, 2024, AT 7:30 PM

Cover Sheet

NOTE Please do not change the formatting of this document (font style, size, paragraph spacing etc.)

ITEM TITLE:

Approval of First Reading of Ordinance 20246 – Creating Chapter 38, Article VIII, Operating Golf Carts on Designated Town Streets

(Administration)

TOWN COUNCIL ACTION:

PROCLAMATIONS, AWARDS, AND PRESENTATIONS		Department: ADMINISTRATION
PUBLIC HEARING 1 ST / 2 ND READING	YES	Exhibits:
CONSENT AGENDA		- Ordinance 2024-6
COUNCIL DECISION		
ADMINISTRATIVE		

REQUEST: For Town Council to Approve the First Reading of Ordinance 20246 – Creating Chapter 38, Article VIII, Operating Golf Carts on Designated Town Streets

<u>SUMMARY:</u> The Town of Eatonville has the authority under Sections 166.221 and 316.212, Florida Statutes, to authorize and regulate the operation of golf carts on designated municipal streets within the jurisdictional boundaries of the Town. Section 316.212(8), Florida Statutes, expressly allows a municipality to enact an ordinance relating to golf cart operation and equipment which is more restrictive than the provisions enumerated in Section 316.212, Florida Statutes.

The Town has considered factors including the speed, volume, and character of motor vehicle traffic using Town streets and has determined that, subject to the restrictions herein, golf carts may safely travel on or cross certain Town streets or roads. Golf carts are a valid form of transportation, commonly used as a mode of mobility from place-to-place, are utilized for utility purposes and are an environmentally friendly mode of transportation. It is the intent of the Town to provide for the orderly operation of golf carts on designated municipal streets and roads and to set standards for the operation and registration of such golf carts. The Town Council desires to amend Chapter 38 of the Town of Eatonville Code of Ordinances to create Article VIII to authorize and regulate the operation of golf carts on designated Town streets, subject to the restrictions and finds the adoption of an Ordinance is in the best interest of the health, safety, and welfare of the public.

The draft ordinance was workshopped on May 7, 2024, 6:30 p.m. at the request of Vice-Mayor Washington

Section VI. Item #B.

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that the Town Council Approve the First Reading of Ordinance 20246 – Creating Chapter 38, Article VIII, Operating Golf Carts on Designated Town Streets.

FISCAL & EFFICIENCY DATA: N/A

ORDINANCE NO. 2024-6

AN ORDINANCE OF THE TOWN OF EATONVILLE, FLORIDA, CREATING CHAPTER 38, ARTICLE VIII, "OPERATION OF GOLF CARTS ON DESIGNATED TOWN STREETS," IN THE CODE OF ORDINANCES; PROVIDING FOR DEFINITIONS, OPERATIONS, RESTRICTIONS, REGISTRATION, AND ENFORCEMENT PROCEDURES; PROVIDING FOR CODIFICATION; PROVIDING FOR CONFLICT; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

WHEREAS, the Florida Constitution, Article VIII, Section 2(b), and Florida Statutes, Section 166.021(1), establish the home rule powers of Florida municipalities and enable municipalities to conduct municipal government, perform municipal functions, render municipal services, and exercise any power for municipal purposes, except as expressly prohibited by law; and

WHEREAS, the Town of Eatonville has the authority under Sections 166.221 and 316.212, *Florida Statutes*, to authorize and regulate the operation of golf carts on designated municipal streets within the jurisdictional boundaries of the Town; and

WHEREAS, Section 316.212(8), *Florida Statutes*, expressly allows a municipality to enact an ordinance relating to golf cart operation and equipment which is more restrictive than the provisions enumerated in Section 316.212, *Florida Statutes*; and

WHEREAS, the Town has considered factors including the speed, volume, and character of motor vehicle traffic using Town streets and has determined that, subject to the restrictions herein, golf carts may safely travel on or cross certain Town streets or roads; and

WHEREAS, the Town hereby finds that golf carts are a valid form of transportation, commonly used as a mode of mobility from place-to-place, are utilized for utility purposes and are an environmentally friendly mode of transportation; and

WHEREAS, it is the intent of the Town to provide for the orderly operation of golf carts on designated municipal streets and roads and to set standards for the operation and registration of such golf carts; and

WHEREAS, the Town Council desires to amend Chapter 38 of the Town of Eatonville Code of Ordinances to create Article VIII to authorize and regulate the operation of golf carts on designated Town streets, subject to the restrictions herein; and

WHEREAS, the Town Council finds the adoption of this Ordinance to be in the best interest of the health, safety, and welfare of the public.

NOW, THEREFORE, be it ordained by the Town Commission of the Town of Eatonville, Florida, as follows:

(Words in strike through type are deletions; words in <u>underscore</u> type are additions; asterisks (* * * *) indicate an omission from the existing text which is intended to remain unchanged.)

SECTION 1. The findings set forth in the recitals above are adopted and fully incorporated herein as legislative findings of the Town Commission pertaining to this Ordinance.

SECTION 2. Chapter 38, Article VIII, "Operation of Golf Carts on Designated Town Streets," is hereby created and reads as follows:

ARTICLE VIII. OPERATION OF GOLF CARTS ON DESIGNATED TOWN STREETS

<u>Sec. 38-256. – Definitions.</u>

Golf cart means a personal, non-commercial use motor vehicle that is designed and manufactured for operation on a golf course for sporting or recreational purposes that is not capable of exceeding speeds of twenty (20 miles per hour).

<u>Designated street</u> means all streets or roads specified in this Article which have been determined by the Town to meet the requirements of § 316.212, *Florida Statutes*.

Sec. 38-257. – Operation of Golf Carts.

- (a) <u>Designation of Town streets</u>. The Town Commission may be resolution designate and approve certain Town streets as streets authorized for golf cart use. Upon such approval, the Town shall install signage identifying where golf carts may be operated. The Town Commission may, at any time and in its sole discretion, revoke the status of any designated Town street by resolution. Nothing in this Article shall be construed to authorize the operation of golf carts on state or county roads or highways.
- (b) <u>Authorization to operate golf carts</u>. In accordance with § 316.212(1), <u>Florida Statutes</u>, golf carts meeting the definition set forth in Section 38-256, above, may be operated within the Town on the streets, alleys, and parking areas open to the public and designated pursuant to this Article and resolution. Golf carts shall not be operated on private property, unless authorized by the property owner, or on sidewalks or bicycle lanes, or any street not designated by Town Council.
- (c) Equipment and minimum standards. All golf carts operated on designated Town streets pursuant to this Article shall meet the minimum equipment standards established by § 316.212, Florida Statutes, and must be appropriately equipped with the following properly functioning items that are in usable and operable condition at all times:

i. Efficient brakes;

- ii. A reliable steering apparatus;
- iii. Safe tires;
- iv. A rearview mirror;
- v. Red reflectorized warning devices in both the front and rear.

Additionally, any golf cart operated in fog, smoke, or rain, or before sunrise or after sunset, must be equipped with properly functioning headlights, brake lights, turn signals, and a windshield.

Sec. 38-258. – Restrictions and Insurance.

Golf carts operating on designated roadways shall be subject to the following restrictions:

- (a) Golf cart operator. A golf cart may not be operated on designated roadways by a person:
 - i. Who is under 18 years of age unless he or she possesses a valid learner's driver license or valid driver license.
 - ii. Who is 18 years of age or older unless he or she possesses a valid form of government-issued photographic identification.
- (b) <u>Modified golf carts</u>. Golf carts that have been modified to exceed the speed of twenty (20) miles per hour shall not be considered golf carts under the provisions of this Article and are not afforded the rights provided herein.
- (c) <u>Compliance with traffic laws</u>. Golf carts shall be operated in accordance with all applicable local and state traffic regulations. A golf cart operator who violates any traffic regulation may be ticketed in the same manner as the operator of a motor vehicle.
- (d) Occupants. The number of occupants in a golf cart operated on designated streets shall be limited to the number of seats on the golf cart, and a standard golf cart bench seat is deemed to allow seating for two occupants. The operator of the golf cart shall be responsible for ensuring that no occupants of a golf cart are standing at any time while the golf cart is in motion.
- (e) <u>Alcohol</u>. All state regulations governing the use and possession of alcoholic beverages while operating a motor vehicle shall apply to the operation of golf carts on designated streets.
- (f) Insurance. Golf carts operated on designated streets must be covered under a valid insurance policy including coverage for personal injury and property damage, with minimum amounts of \$10,000 per occurrence and \$10,000 in the aggregate. Proof of valid

insurance coverage must be in the golf cart at all times of operation on Town designated streets.

Sec. 38-259. – Registration

All golf carts operating on designated streets in the Town shall be registered with the Town as set forth herein.

- (a) Golf carts must be registered annually on a calendar year basis through an application process as determined by the Town in its sole discretion. The initial registration fee shall be \$25.00, with an annual renewal fee of \$15.00. Annual fees may be changed from time to time by the Town in its sole discretion through the adoption of a resolution.
- (b) Upon approval, the golf cart owner will receive an annual registration decal from the Town which shall be affixed to the golf cart.
- (c) The Town reserves the right to reject or not renew a golf cart registration application if the application is incomplete and/or all of the minimum requirements have not been met.
- (d) Prior to issuance of a registration decal, golf cart owners shall be required to provide (i) proof of ownership, (ii) proof of liability insurance, and (iii) a valid form of government-issued photographic identification.

Sec. 38-259. - Enforcement

(a) A violation of this Article shall constitute a noncriminal infraction enforceable either as a code violation to be prosecuted by the Code Enforcement Board or Special Magistrate or shall be classified as a Class I Civil Citation Violation. Uniform Traffic Citations shall only be used for violations that are also violations of the Florida Uniform Traffic Control Law. A first violation of this Article shall result in a fine of \$150.00. A second violation of this Article shall result in a fine of \$250.00. A third violation of this Article shall result in a fine of \$250.00 and the non-renewal the golf cart registration.

SECTION 3. CODIFICATION. The provisions of this Ordinance shall be included and incorporated into the Code of Ordinances of the Town of Eatonville, as additions or amendments thereto.

<u>SECTION 4.</u> SEVERABILITY. Should any word, phrase, sentence, subsection, or section be held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be illegal, void, unenforceable, or unconstitutional, then that word, phrase, sentence, subsection, or section so held shall be severed from this Ordinance and all other words, phrases, sentences, subsections, or sections shall remain in full force and effect.

<u>SECTION 5.</u> CONFLICTING ORDINANCES. All ordinances or part thereof, in conflict herewith are, to the extent of such conflict, repealed.

SECTION 6. EFFECTIVE DATE. This Ordinance and the rules, regulations, provisions, requirements, orders, and matters established and adopted hereby shall take effect and be in full force and effect immediately upon its passage and adoption.

Upon motion duly made and carried, the foregoing Ordinance was approved and passed and transmitted upon the first reading on the <u>17th</u> day of <u>September</u> 2024.

Upon motion duly made and carrisecond reading on the day of	ied, the foregoing Ordinance was approved and passed upon the, 2024.
Attest:	TOWN OF EATONVILLE
Veronica King,	Angie Gardner, Mayor

Town Clerk



HISTORIC TOWN OF EATONVILLE, FLORIDA TOWN COUNCIL MEETING

SEPTEMBER 17, 2024, AT 7:30 PM

Cover Sheet

NOTE Please do not change the formatting of this document (font style, size, paragraph spacing etc.)

ITEM TITLE:

Approval of the Town Council Meeting Minutes (Clerk Office)

TOWN COUNCIL ACTION:

PROCLAMATIONS, AWARDS, AND PRESENTATIONS		Department: LEGISLATIVE (CLERK OFFICE)
PUBLIC HEARING 1 ST / 2 ND READING		Exhibits:
CONSENT AGENDA	YES	 Council Meeting Minutes for the following: September 3, 2024, 5:15 p.m. – Council 1st Budget Hearing
COUNCIL DECISION		 September 3, 2024, 7:30 p.m. – Council Meeting September 16, 2024, 6:00 p.m. – Council 2nd Budget Hearing
ADMINISTRATIVE		(**Will be provided on or before 9-17-24)

REQUEST: Approval of meeting minutes for the Town Council Meeting held on dates below:

- September 3, 2024, 5:15 p.m. Council 1st Budget Hearing
- September 3, 2024, 7:30 p.m. Council Meeting
- September 16, 2024, 6:00 p.m. Council 2nd Budget Hearing (**To be provided on 9-17-2024)

SUMMARY: The Town Council Meetings as listed below were held at the town hall, at 7:30 p.m. Minutes were transcribed from the audio archive for approval for the public records.

RECOMMENDATION: Approval of Town Council meeting minutes for the following:

- September 3, 2024, 5:15 p.m. Council 1st Budget Hearing
- September 3, 2024, 7:30 p.m. Council Meeting
- September 16, 2024, 6:00 p.m. Council 2nd Budget Hearing (**To be provided on 9-17-2024)

FISCAL & EFFICIENCY DATA: N/A



Meeting Minutes for September 3, 2024 (1st Budget Hearing)

September 3, 2024 (Council Meeting)

September 16, 2024 (2nd Budget Hearing)

are Forthcoming



HISTORIC TOWN OF EATONVILLE, FLORIDA TOWN COUNCIL MEETING

SEPTEMBER 17, 2024, AT 7:30 PM

Cover Sheet

NOTE Please do not change the formatting of this document (font style, size, paragraph spacing etc.)

ITEM TITLE:

Approval of Resolution 2024-28 Re-Appointing One (1) Board Member

To The Historic Preservation Board (Clerk Office)

TOWN COUNCIL ACTION:

PROCLAMATIONS, AWARDS, AND PRESENTATIONS		Department: LEGISLATIVE (CLERK OFFICE)
PUBLIC HEARING 1 ST / 2 ND READING		Exhibits:
CONSENT AGENDA	YES	• Resolution 2024-28
COUNCIL DECISION		
ADMINISTRATIVE		

REQUEST: Request for Town Council to Approval of Resolution 2024-28 Re-Appointing Rosa Picketts to the Historic Preservation Board.

SUMMARY: The Town Council of the Town of Eatonville wishes to re-appoint one (1) individual to the Historic Preservation Board as regular board member; the appointments shall be made on the basis of civic pride, integrity, experience, and interest in the field of historic preservation.

The re-appointment of **Rosa Picketts** as board member of the Historic Preservation Board shall be for a term of two (2) years from September 20, 2024, until September 20, 2026.

<u>RECOMMENDATION:</u> Recommend for Town Council to Approval of Resolution 2024-28 Re-Appointing Rosa Picketts to the Historic Preservation Board dates below:

FISCAL & EFFICIENCY DATA: N/A

RESOLUTION #2024-28

A RESOLUTION OF THE TOWN COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF EATONVILLE, FLORIDA, TO RE-APPOINT ONE (1) BOARD MEMBER TO THE HISTORIC PRESERVATION BOARD, PROVIDING FOR CONFLICTS, SEVERABILITY, AND AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

WHEREAS the Town Council of the Town of Eatonville wishes to re-appoint one (1) individual to the Historic Preservation Board as regular board member; and

WHEREAS the appointments shall be made on the basis of civic pride, integrity, experience, and interest in the field of historic preservation. No person may serve more than two consecutive three-year terms. A member whose term expires may continue to serve until a successor is appointed and qualified.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED BY THE TOWN COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF EATONVILLE, FLORIDA THE FOLLOWING:

SECTION ONE: RE-APPOINTMENTS: the person to be re-appointed as board member of the Historic Preservation Board is **Rosa Picketts** for a term of two (2) years from September 20, 2024, until September 20, 2026.

SECTION TWO: CONFLICTS: All Resolution or parts of Resolutions in conflict with any other Resolution or any of the provisions of this Resolution are hereby repealed.

SECTION THREE: <u>SEVERABILITY:</u> If any section or portion of a section of this Resolution is found to be invalid, unlawful, or unconstitutional it shall not be held to invalidate or impair the validity, force or effect of any other section or part of this Resolution.

SECTION FOUR: EFFECTIVE DATE: This Resolution shall become effective immediately upon its passage and adoption.

PASSED AND ADOPTED this 17th day of Sontember 2024

TABBED AND ADOT TED this 17 day	or <u>September</u> 2024.
ATTEST:	Angie Gardner, Mayor
Veronica King, Town Clerk	



HISTORIC TOWN OF EATONVILLE, FLORIDA TOWN COUNCIL MEETING

SEPTEMBER 17, 2024, AT 7:30 PM

Cover Sheet

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ITEM TITLE:

Approval of Resolution 2024-27 Health Services Provided By Grace Medical Home and the Central Florida Black Nurses Association of

Orlando (CFBNA) in Partnership with the Town

(Councilwoman Randolph)

TOWN COUNCIL ACTION:

PROCLAMATIONS, AWARDS, AND PRESENTATIONS		Department: LEGISLATIVE (RANDOLPH)
PUBLIC HEARING 1 ST / 2 ND READING		Exhibits: **Please refer to Workshop Support Documents**
CONSENT AGENDA	YES	Resolution 2024-27VCI Challenge 2024 Eatonville Letter
COUNCIL DECISION		VCI Challenge 2024 Summary Page
ADMINISTRATIVE		

REQUEST: Request for the Town Council to approve Resolution 2024-27 Health Services Provided By Grace Medical Home and the Central Florida Black Nurses Association of Orlando (CFBNA) in Partnership with the Town.

<u>SUMMARY:</u> The Black Nurses and Stephanie Garris, CEO, Grace Medical Health is seeking a collaboration with the Town of Eatonville to serve the community health education, screening and patient care services in the Eatonville Community to those who need it most. The Black Nurses have a history of health-related activities in the town and worked diligently at the former Healthy Eatonville. This is a great opportunity for a healthier community serving those with no insurance and no medical coverage focused on families, youth, homelessness, disadvantage, and behavioral life changes. A zoom meeting was held on August 15, 2024, with CAO Pressley and Councilwoman Randolph to discuss collaboration efforts.

Grace Medical Home staff and Recreation Director Washington were introduced and performed a walkthrough of the Denton Johnson Center to access the location and space. Grace Medical mobile unit will remain on site for one week every other month with the first month in November, then starting again in January or February 2025. These services will be scheduled up to six (6) one week service blocks for one year ending September 2025.

Additionally, October is National Breast Cancer Awareness Month to promote awareness and education to be proactive about overall health to decrease risk of developing breast cancer and other cancers for women and men. Early Detections. Promoting nutritional health.

Section VII. Item #3.

RECOMMENDATION: Recommend that the Town Council approve Resolution 202 +-27 Heatur Services Provided By Grace Medical Home and the Central Florida Black Nurses Association of Orlando (CFBNA) in Partnership with the Town.

FISCAL & EFFICIENCY DATA: N/A

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-27

A RESOLUTION OF THE TOWN COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF EATONVILLE, FLORIDA, APPROVING PARTNERSHIP WITH GRACE MEDICAL HOME AND THE CENTRAL FLORIDA BLACK NURSES ASSOCIATION OF ORLANDO IN PROVIDING HEALTH-RELATED SERVICES AND RESOURCES TO THE TOWN OF EATONVILLE, PROVIDING FOR CONFLICTS, SEVERABILITY, AND AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

WHEREAS the Town of Eatonville desires to partner with Grace Medical Home and the Central Florida Black Nurses Association of Orlando (CFBNA) to serve the community health education, screening and patient care services in the Eatonville Community to those who need it most; and

WHEREAS the partnership with Grace Medical Home and the Central Florida Black Nurses Association of Orlando (CFBNA) is a great opportunity for a healthier community serving those with no insurance and no medical coverage focused on families, youth, homelessness, disadvantage, and behavioral life changes.

WHEREAS the Grace Medical Home will provide a new mobile medical unit to Eatonville for one week, 6 times a year, used during the day to see existing patients who live or work close to Eatonville where it is more convenient to receive services; and

WHEREAS the Central Florida Black Nurses Association of Orlando (CFBNA) will case manage and followup with a Community Health Worker for individuals identified at risk either through blood pressure, weight or family history screenings, connecting clients to the Grace medical home while encouraging further care.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Town Council of the Town of Eatonville, Florida as follows:

SECTION 1. That the Council of the Town of Eatonville hereby approves partnership with Grace Medical Home and the Central Florida Black Nurses Association of Orlando (CFBNA) in providing community health education, screening, and patient care services to the Town of Eatonville.

SECTION 2: <u>CONFLICTS:</u> All Resolutions or parts of Resolutions in conflict with any other Resolution or any of the provisions of the Resolution is hereby repealed.

SECTION 3: SEVERABILITY: If any section or portion of a section of this Resolution is found to be invalid, unlawful or unconstitutional, it shall be held to invalidate or impair the validity, force or effect of any other section or part of this Resolution.

SECTION 4: EFFECTIVE DATE: This Resolution will take effect immediately upon its passage and adoption.

PASSED AND ADOPTED on this 17 th day of September 2024.	TOWN OF EATONVILLE
ATTEST:	Mayor
Town Clerk	



HISTORIC TOWN OF EATONVILLE, FLORIDA TOWN COUNCIL MEETING

SEPTEMBER 17, 2024, AT 7:30 PM

Cover Sheet

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ITEM TITLE: Approval of the Town of Eatonville FY 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Audit By Carr, Riggs, And Ingram CPA (**Finance**)

TOWN COUNCIL ACTION:

PROCLAMATIONS, AWARDS, AND PRESENTATIONS		Department: FINANCE
PUBLIC HEARING 1 ST / 2 ND READING CONSENT AGENDA		Exhibits: • Town of Eatonville Proposed Annual CFRA Report
COUNCIL DECISION	YES	
ADMINISTRATIVE		

REQUEST: Staff requests review and approval of Annual Comprehensive Financial Report completed by Carr, Riggs & Ingram CPA FY 2023 Financial Audit for the Town.

<u>SUMMARY</u>: Attached is the completed independent auditor's report from Carr, Riggs & Ingram for the year ending September 30, 2023. This audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The enterprise fund budgetary comparison schedules are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally under state statutes.

RECOMMENDATION: Staff requests review and approval of the Town's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report completed by Carr, Riggs & Ingram CPA FY 2023 Financial Audit.

FISCAL & EFFICIENCY DATA: N/A

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Town of Eatonville, Florida

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023



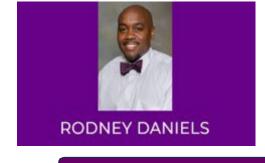
TOWN OF EATONVILLE ELECTED OFFICIALS



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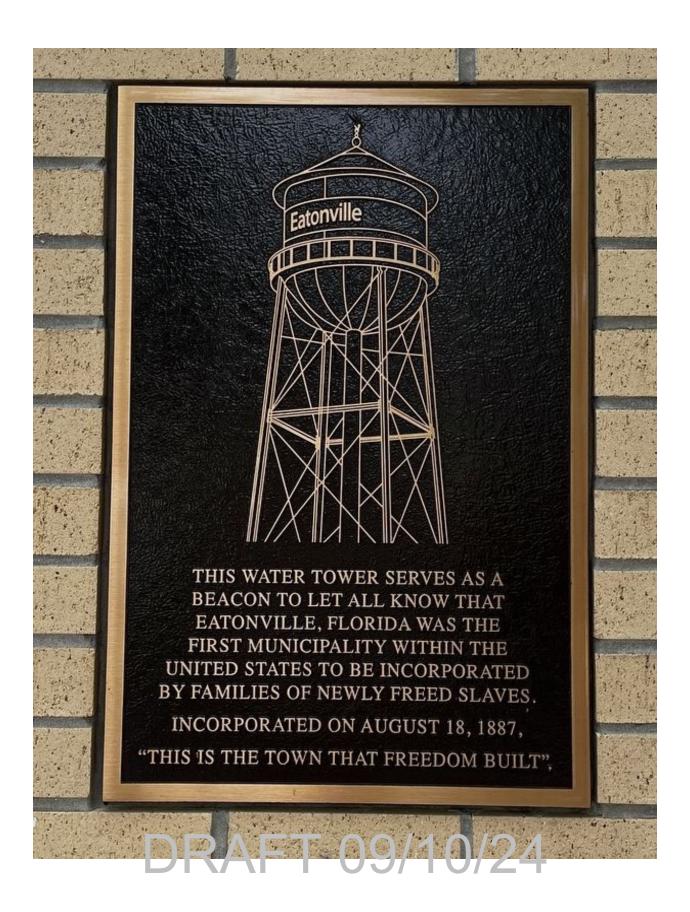
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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Section VIII. Item #4.



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Carr, Riggs

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Eatonville, Florida

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Eatonville, Florida (hereafter the Town) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town, as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in
 the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
 accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
 financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the method of propaging the information and compaging the irr formation for consistency with management's response; to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

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Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The enterprise fund budgetary comparison schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the enterprise fund budgetary comparison schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated REPORT DATE, on our consideration of the Town of Eatonville, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Eatonville, Florida's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Eatonville, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CARR, RIGGS & INGRAM, LLC
Orlando, Florida
REPORT DATE

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS (MD&A)

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

As the Administration of the Town of Eatonville, Florida (the Town), we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. Please read our discussion and analysis of the Town's financial activities for the year ended September 30, 2023, in conjunction with the Town's basic financial statements, which immediately follow the discussion.

Financial Highlights

The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$14,861,049 (net position). The Town's total net position increased by \$549,363 during fiscal year 2023, including a (\$110,910) decrease in business-type activities and a \$660,273 increase in governmental activities.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) Government-wide financial statements, (2) Fund financial statements, and (3) Notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all the Town assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two being reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information that demonstrates how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

The governmental activities of the Town include general government, human services, public safety, community redevelopment, physical environment, economic development, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the Town include water and sewer, solid waste and stormwater opera ion .

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The government-wide financial statements include not only the Town itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA), for which the Town is financially accountable. The CRA, although a legally separate entity, functions for all practical purposes as a department of the Town and, therefore, has been included as an integral part of the primary government.

The Town's government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into three categories: Governmental funds, Proprietary funds, and Fiduciary funds.

Governmental Fund. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds' financial statements focus on nearterm inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Town's nearterm financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Town's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds' Balance Sheet and the governmental funds' Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Town maintains the following two individual governmental funds: General Fund and Community Redevelopment Agency Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet, and in the governmental funds' Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for these funds. The Town adopts an annual appropriated budget for its enterprise funds and its governmental funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided to demonstrate compliance with the budget. The basic governmental funds' financial statements can be found on pages 15-18 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The Town maintains three enterprise funds, which are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer, solid waste, and stormwater operations. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary funds' financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewer, solid waste, and stormwater operations. The basic proprietary funds' financial statements can be found on pages 19-21 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Cidi civry funds are not referted in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements are for the Police Pension Trust Fund and can be found on pages 22-23 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 24-57 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the Town's General Fund's and Community Redevelopment Agency Fund's budget compliance and schedules of changes in the net pension asset and schedules of contributions related to the Town of Eatonville Municipal Police Officers' Retirement Trust Fund (the Plan). Required supplementary information can be found on pages 58-62 of this report.

Additional budgetary information is presented immediately following the required supplementary information and can be found on pages 63-65 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Town's financial position. In the case of the Town, assets plus deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$14,861,049 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The following schedule is a summary of the Statement of Net Position found on page 13 of this report.

	Governmental	Activities	Business-type A	ctivities	Total		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Assets							
Current and other assets	\$ 6,894,733	\$ 6,629,449	\$ (532,384)	\$ (397,687)	\$ 6,362,349	\$ 6,231,762	
Capital assets	6,296,091	6,350,954	7,142,317	7,195,686	13,438,408	13,546,640	
Total assets	13,190,824	12,980,403	6,609,933	6,797,999	19,800,757	19,778,402	
Deferred outflows							
of resources	203,940	336,126	-	-	203,940	336,126	
Liabilities							
Other liabilities	256,176	512,214	1,167,210	1,175,137	1,423,386	1,687,351	
Long-term liabilities	643,921	738,972	1,874,237	1,943,466	2,518,158	2,682,438	
Total liabilities	900,097	1,251,186	3,041,447	3,118,603	3,941,544	4,369,789	
Deferred inflows							
of resources	1,202,104	1,433,053	-	-	1,202,104	1,433,053	
Net Position							
Net investment in							
capital assets	5,760,839	5,737,413	5,278,674	5,261,265	11,039,513	10,998,678	
Restricted	1,050,828	834,640	-	-	1,050,828	834,640	
Unrestricted (deficit)	4,480,896	4,060,237	(1,710,188)	(1,581,869)	2,770,708	2,478,368	
Total net position	\$ 11,292,563	\$ 10,632,290	\$ 3,568,486	\$ 3,679,396	\$ 14,861,049	\$ 14,311,686	

By far the largest portion of the Town's net position, \$11,039,513 reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the tapital assets triemselves can ot be asset at a liquid ite chese liabilities.

\$1,050,828 of the Town's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

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At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town reported a negative unrestricted net position in the business-type activities of \$1,710,188 and positive balances in all other categories of net position for both the governmental activities and business-type activities.

<u>Governmental Activities</u>. Total assets and deferred outflows increased \$78,235 (1%) from the prior year, while total liabilities and deferred inflows decreased \$582,038 (43%) from the prior year. Key elements of these changes are as follows:

- The net pension asset and deferred outflows related to pensions decreased \$107,559, while deferred inflows related to pensions decreased \$230,949. These changes are primarily due to a change in actuarial assumptions and expected to actual experience (see detailed discussion of the pension plan on pages 60-62 of this report).
- Capital assets decreased \$54,863, \$306,161 of which was current year accumulated depreciation, offset by \$251,298 in capital asset additions.
- Long-term liabilities decreased due to \$76,238 of regular payments on notes and capital leases.

<u>Business-type Activities</u>. Total assets decreased \$188,066 (3%) from the prior year while total liabilities decreased \$77,156 (3%) from the prior year. Key elements of these changes are as follows:

- Capital assets decreased \$53,368, primarily due to current year additions of \$346,193, of which \$178,680 were costs for a new water meter system for the Town, offset with accumulated depreciation increase of \$399,561.
- Internal balances that were eliminated in the amount of \$1,951,895 due to amounts owed to the Water and Sewer Fund due from Solid Waste and Stormwater Funds. As well as \$1,877,376 due to the general fund was reported as internal balances, net.

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The following schedule is a summary of the Statement of Activities on page 14 of this report.

	Governmer	ital Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	To	otal	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Revenues							
Program revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$ 490,858	\$ 828,808	\$ 1,631,077	\$ 1,194,487	\$ 2,121,935	\$ 2,023,295	
Operating grants and							
contributions	264,320	259,449	-	231,323	264,320	490,772	
Capital grants and							
contributions	-	105,193	-	-	-	105,193	
General revenues					-	-	
Property taxes	2,284,193	2,184,431	-	-	2,284,193	2,184,431	
Other taxes	1,657,234	1,441,806	-	-	1,657,234	1,441,806	
Other revenues	437,232	33,224	-	-	437,232	33,224	
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total revenues	5,133,837	4,852,911	1,631,077	1,425,810	6,764,914	6,278,721	
Expenses							
General government	2,219,641	2,095,039	-	-	2,219,641	2,095,039	
Public safety	1,718,556	1,702,082	-	-	1,718,556	1,702,082	
Physical environment	371,184	316,749	-	-	371,184	316,749	
Economic environment	6,541	9,101	-	-	6,541	9,101	
Human services	500	-	-	-	500	-	
Culture and recreation	90,650	223,198	-	-	90,650	223,198	
Interest on long-term debt	11,492	22,412	-	-	11,492	22,412	
Water and sewer	-	-	1,333,017	774,453	1,333,017	774,453	
Solid waste	-	-	317,673	487,028	317,673	487,028	
Stormwater	-	-	146,297	128,995	146,297	128,995	
Total expenses	4,418,564	4,368,581	1,796,987	1,390,476	6,215,551	5,759,057	
Increase (decrease) in net							
position before transfers	715,273	484,330	(165,910)	35,334	549,363	519,664	
Transfers	(55,000)	7,544	55,000	(7,544)	-	-	
Change in net position	660,273	491,874	(110,910)	27,790	549,363	519,664	
Net position - beginning	10,632,290	10,140,416	3,679,396	3,651,606	14,311,686	13,792,022	
Net position - ending	\$ 11,292,563	\$ 10,632,290	\$ 3,568,486	\$ 3,679,396	\$ 14,861,049	\$ 14,311,686	

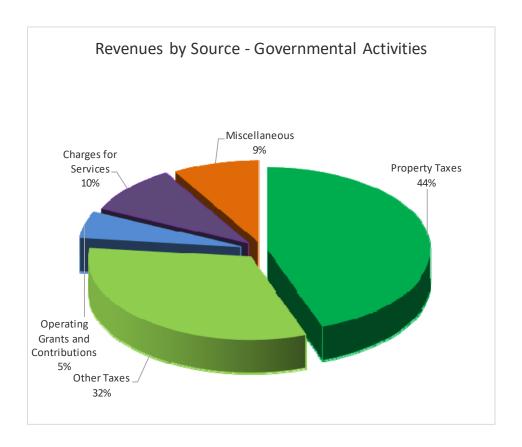
<u>Governmental Activities</u>. Governmental activities increased net position by \$660,273, compared to an increase of \$491,874 in the prior year. Key elements of changes as a result of activities are as follows:

- General government expenses increased \$124,602 (6%) primarily as a result of an increase in salary and wages and contractual services.
- Charges for services revenues decreased \$337,950 (41%) due no new construction being implemented during the year, decreasing permit and site inspection fees.
- Capital grants and contributions decreased \$105,193 primarily due to no residential developments that would have charged impact fees.

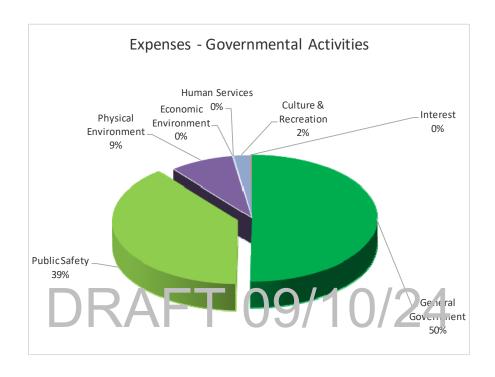
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The following chart shows the composition of revenues for the Town's governmental activities.



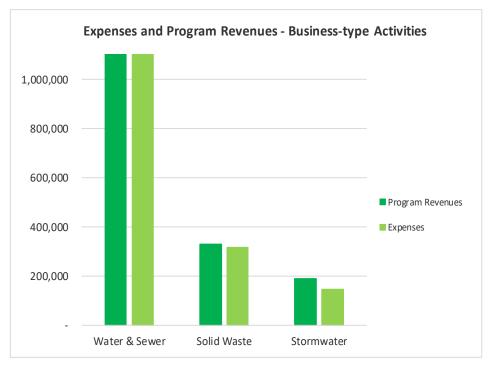
The following chart shows the Town's expenses by category.



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<u>Business-type Activities</u>. Business-type activities decreased net position by \$110,910, compared to a decrease of \$27,790 in the prior year.

The following chart compares expenses and program revenues for the Town's business-type activities.



<u>Financial Analysis of the Town of Eatonville's Funds</u>. As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with the legal requirements for financially related matters.

<u>Governmental Funds</u>. The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, the fund balance serves as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5,313,577, an increase of \$659,684 for the year. Approximately 78% (\$4,155,000) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the Town's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is classified as non-spendable (\$107,749), and restricted (\$1,050,828).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town reported a positive fund balance of \$4,262,749 for the General Fund, an increase of \$443,496 from the prior year. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the unassigned fund balance to total expenditures. As of September 30, 2023, the General Fund's unassigned fund balance represents 97% of total General Fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the Town's CRA Fund decreased \$216,188 from the prior year to \$1,050,828. Operating costs of \$1.2, 87 vithin the CRA enables of \$200,000 per to \$1,050,828.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u>. The Town's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The unrestricted net deficit of the Water and Sewer, Solid Waste and Stormwater Funds at the end of the year amounted to \$1,710,188 with an unrestricted \$3,707,865 deficit in the Water and Sewer Fund offsetting positive balances in the other funds. The Water and Sewer fund decreased net position and the Solid Waste and Stormwater Funds increased net positions by (\$167,600), \$12,970 and \$43,720, respectively.

The Town intends to rebuild the net position of the Water and Sewer Fund through a change to the utility rate structure and increases in overall utility rates. Other factors concerning the finances of these three funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town's business-type activities.

<u>General Fund Budgetary Highlights</u>. During the year, there were \$4,732,497 budgeted expenditures, which were more than actual expenditures by \$465,831 as shown below.

				Variances		
				Final Budget		
	Budget	ed Amounts	Actual	Positive/		
Expenditures	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
General government	\$ 2,030,187	\$ 2,030,187	\$ 2,011,170	\$ 19,017		
Public safety	1,870,595	1,870,595	1,629,137	241,458		
Physical environment	328,834	328,834	249,135	79,699		
Economic environment	6,500	6,500	6,541	(41)		
Human services	27,615	27,615	500	27,115		
Culture/recreation	88,433	88,433	50,251	38,182		
Capital outlay	288,333	288,333	251,298	37,035		
Debt service:	-	-				
Principal	60,000	60,000	57,282	2,718		
Interest	32,000	32,000	11,352	20,648		
Total expenditures	\$ 4,732,497	\$ 4,732,497	\$ 4,266,666	\$ 465,831		

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Long-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town had \$2,403,203 in total long-term debt outstanding. Of this amount, \$538,660 consists of a loan, and the related premium, through the Florida Municipal Loan Council; \$1,611,229 consists of State Revolving Fund loans; \$900 consists of lease liabilities; and the remainder consists of revenue bonds of \$252,414.

The State Revolving Fund loans with the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection are for wastewater facilities improvement projects, with initial draws occurring in fiscal year 2013. Repayments for one of the loans began in fiscal year 2017 and repayments on the second loan began in fiscal year 2018.

Additional information on the Town's long-term liabilities can be found in No. e.2, pages 44-47 of this report.

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<u>Capital Assets.</u> The Town's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2023 amounted to \$13,438,408 (net of accumulated depreciation). Capital assets include land, infrastructure, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, and recreational facilities. Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 2 on pages 42-43 of this report.

Economic Factor. General economic conditions are increasingly positive in recent years. Although the Town's fund balances and cash flows are well below desired levels, recent development has begun on a major planned development project in the Town that will increase tax revenue and help add stability to the General Fund. In addition to development by external sources, the Town has been awarded some major infrastructure grants that will be beneficial to the Capital Improvement Programs associated with Water and Sewer Utilities which will strengthen the utility and add stability also.

<u>Requests for Information</u>. This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, Town of Eatonville, 307 Kennedy Blvd., Eatonville, Florida, 32751.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the financial statements. The government-wide financial statements present financial information about the reporting government as a whole. The fund financial statements present financial information about major funds individually and non-major funds in the aggregate. The notes to the financial statements present information essential for a fair presentation of the financial statements not displayed on the face of the financial statements.

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Town of Eatonville, Florida Statement of Net Position

	Primary Government									
	G	overnmental	В	usiness-type		_				
September 30, 2023		Activities		Activities		Total				
Assats										
Assets Cash and each equivalents	\$	2 271 405	۲	1 120 522	ė	4 400 027				
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net	Ş	3,271,405 218,511	\$	1,138,532 201,726	\$	4,409,937				
•		-		201,720		420,237				
Leases receivable		1,239,871		4 72 4		1,239,871				
Due from other governments		1,864		4,734		6,598				
Prepaid items and other assets		112,056		-		112,056				
Internal balances		1,877,376		(1,877,376)		-				
Net pension asset		173,650		-		173,650				
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation:										
Nondepreciable		1,014,679		2,500		1,017,179				
Depreciable		5,281,412		7,139,817		12,421,229				
Total assets	\$	13,190,824	\$	6,609,933	\$	19,800,757				
Deferred Outflows of Resources										
Deferred outflows related to pensions	\$	203,940	\$	_	\$	203,940				
Deterred outflows related to pensions	<u> </u>	203,540	7		Ψ.	203,540				
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	203,940	\$	-	\$	203,940				
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	114,669	\$	19,021	\$	133,690				
Accrued liabilities	,	66,505	т.	182,856	•	249,361				
Unearned revenues		22,756		860,309		883,065				
Other liabilities		52,246		-		52,246				
Customer deposits		-		105,024		105,024				
Long-term liabilities:				103,024		103,024				
Due within one year		122,260		79,885		202,145				
		-								
Due in more than one year		521,661		1,794,352		2,316,013				
Total liabilities	\$	900,097	\$	3,041,447	\$	3,941,544				
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Deferred inflows related to leases	\$	1,154,990	\$	_	\$	1,154,990				
Deferred inflows related to leases Deferred inflows related to pensions	٦	47,114	ب	_	Ţ	47,114				
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	1,202,104	\$		\$	1,202,104				
Total deferred filliows of resources	Ą	1,202,104	ڔ	_	Ą	1,202,104				
Net Position										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	5,760,839	\$	5,278,674	\$	11,039,513				
Restricted for:										
Economic environment		1,050,828		-		1,050,828				
Unrestricted (deficit)		4,480,896		(1,710,188)		2,770,708				
Total net position	\$	11,292,563	\$	3,568,486	\$	14,861,049				
			7	5,555,100	7	,===,= .5				

Town of Eatonville, Florida Statement of Activities

									Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Ne				Net Position	
For the year ended September 30, 2023				F	Progr	am Revenue	s			Р	rima	ry Governmen	t	
						Operating		Capital						
				Charges for		Grants and		rants and	G	overnmental	В	usiness-type		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	C	ontributions	Con	tributions		Activities		Activities		Total
Primary government:														
Governmental activities:														
General government	\$	2,219,641	\$	412,280	\$	•	\$	-	\$	(1,660,307)	\$	-	\$	(1,660,307)
Public safety		1,718,556		78 <i>,</i> 578		117,266		-		(1,522,712)		-		(1,522,712)
Physical environment		371,184		-		-		-		(371,184)		-		(371,184)
Economic environment		6,541		-		-		-		(6,541)		-		(6,541)
Human services		500		-		-		-		(500)		-		(500)
Culture/recreation		90,650		-		-		-		(90,650)		-		(90,650)
Interest on long-term debt		11,492		-						(11,492)		-		(11,492)
Total governmental activities		4,418,564		490,858		264,320		-		(3,663,386)		-		(3,663,386)
Business-type activities:														
Water and sewer		1,333,017		1,110,417		-		-		-		(222,600)		(222,600)
Solid waste		317,673		330,643		-		-		-		12,970		12,970
Stormwater		146,297		190,017		-				-		43,720		43,720
Total business-type activities		1,796,987		1,631,077		-		-		-		(165,910)		(165,910)
Total primary government	\$	6,215,551	\$	2,121,935	\$	264,320	\$	_		(3,663,386)		(165,910)		(3,829,296)
	Con	eral revenue												
		operty taxes	_							2,284,193		_		2,284,193
	Fra	anchise fees	base	ed on gross re	ceipt	S				479,885		-		479,885
	Sal	les taxes								458,347		-		458,347
	Ut	ility service t	taxes	5						719,002		-		719,002
	Mi	iscellaneous	and	other taxes						375,575		-		375,575
	Un	restricted in	vest	ment earning	S					61,657		-		61,657
	Tran	sfers, net								(55,000)		55,000		
	Tota	ıl general rev	/enu	es and transfe	ers					4,323,659		55,000		4,378,659
	Char	nge in net po	sitic	on						660,273		(110,910)		549,363
r	N. t	p sitio , be	i \ni	ng ot year		00		40		1c 632 , 90		3,679,396		14,311,686
	Ne .	p sitic n, e ic	<i>1</i> 0.	ye r			17		\$.1,2 - 3	\$	3,568,486	\$	14,861,049

Town of Eatonville, Florida Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds

September 30, 2023	General			ommunity development Agency	Total Governmental Funds		
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net Leases receivable Due from other funds	\$	2,313,260 218,511 1,239,871 2,241,769	\$	958,145 - - 92,683	\$	3,271,405 218,511 1,239,871 2,334,452	
Due from other governments Prepaid items		1,864 107,749		-		1,864 107,749	
Total assets	\$	6,123,024	\$	1,050,828	\$	7,173,852	
Liabilities Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Due to other funds	\$	114,669 58,538 22,756 457,076	\$	- - - -	\$	114,669 58,538 22,756 457,076	
Other liabilities		52,246		-		52,246	
Total liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources		705,285		-		705,285	
Deferred inflows-leases		1,154,990		-		1,154,990	
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,154,990		-		1,154,990	
Fund balances Nonspendable Prepaid items Restricted for Community Redevelopment Agency		107,749		1,050,828		107,749 1,050,828	
Unassigned		4,155,000		-		4,155,000	
Total fund balances		4,262,749		1,050,828		5,313,577	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	6,123,024	\$	1,050,828	\$	7,173,852	

Town of Eatonville, Florida Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

September 30, 2023		
Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$	5,313,577
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	12,720,034 (6,423,943)	6,296,091
Net pension asset included in total assets is not available to pay current expenditures and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.		173,650
Governmental funds record bond insurance costs as expenditures when these costs are first incurred. Unamortized bond insurance costs must be included as a prepaid item in the government-wide statements.		4,307
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Notes payable Unamortized premium Lease liabilities Compensated absences	(520,000) (18,660) (900) (104,359)	
Accrued interest on long-term debt	(7,969)	(651,888)
Deferred outflow of resources related to pension earnings are not recognized in the governmental funds; however, they are recorded in the statement of net position under full		
accrual accounting.		203,940
Deferred inflow of resources related to pension earnings are not recognized in governmental		
funds; however, they are recorded in the statement of net position under full accrual accounting.		(47,114)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	11,292,563

Town of Eatonville, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the year ended September 30, 2023		General		ommunity evelopment Agency	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenue						
Ad valorem taxes	\$	1,933,693	\$	350,500	\$	2,284,193
Utility taxes		719,002		-		719,002
Franchise fees		479,885		-		479,885
Sales tax		458,347		-		458,347
Intergovernmental revenues		264,320		_		264,320
Licenses and permits		284,756		-		284,756
Charges for services		97,471		_		97,471
Fines and forfeitures		108,631		-		108,631
Interest income		43,482		18,175		61,657
Rental and other income		375,575		-		375,575
Total revenues		4,765,162		368,675		5,133,837
Expenditures						
Current						
General government		2,011,170		127,195		2,138,365
Public safety		1,629,137		-		1,629,137
Physical environment		249,135		-		249,135
Economic environment		6,541		-		6,541
Human services		500		-		500
Culture/recreation		50,251		5,095		55,346
Capital outlay		251,298		-		251,298
Debt service:		ŕ				•
Principal		57,282		18,956		76,238
Interest and other related charges		11,352		1,241		12,593
Total expenditures		4,266,666		152,487		4,419,153
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		498,496		216,188		714,684
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers out		(55,000)		-		(55,000)
		(//				(,,
Total other financing sources (uses)		(55,000)		-		(55,000)
Net change in fund balances		443,496		216,188		659,684
Fund balance, beginning of vear	Δ.	3 819,2 3	Δ.	8 34 ó 10		4,653,893
Fund balance, end of year	\$	4,262,749	\$	1,050,828	\$	5,313,577

Town of Eatonville, Florida

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –

Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds \$	659,684
	055,064
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and	
reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation (\$306,161) exceeded capitalized capital outlay (\$251,298) in the current period.	(54,863)
Repayment of note principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	76,238
repayment reduces long term habilities in the statement of het position.	70,230
Insurance for governmental debt is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental	
funds. However, in the government-wide statements, this insurance is recorded as a prepaid item and amortized over the life of the policy.	(617)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not provide (or do not	
require) the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
(Increase) in compensated absences payable 16,151	
Decrease in unamortized premium 2,665	
Decrease in accrued interest on long-term debt 1,102	19,918
Pension expense is reported in the Statement of Activities, which differs from pension	
expenditures as reported in governmental funds.	
Increase in net pension asset 24,627	
Decrease in deferred outflows related to pensions (132,186)	
Decrease in deferred inflows related to pensions 67,472	(40,087)
Change in net position of governmental activities \$	660,273

Town of Eatonville, Florida Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds										
September 30, 2023	Water and Sewer	Solid Waste	Stormwater	Total							
Assets											
Current assets											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,033,963	\$ -	\$ 104,569	\$ 1,138,532							
Accounts receivable, net	106,470	64,829	30,427	201,726							
Due from other governments	4,734		-	4,734							
Due from other governments	1,731										
Total current assets	1,145,167	64,829	134,996	1,344,992							
Noncurrent assets											
Due from other funds	-	979,294	972,601	1,951,895							
Capital assets											
Capital assets not being depreciated											
Land	2,500	-	-	2,500							
Total non-depreciable capital assets	2,500	-	-	2,500							
Capital assets being depreciated											
Buildings and improvements	11,832,623	-	-	11,832,623							
Equipment	276,444	-	139,287	415,731							
Total depreciable assets	12,109,067	-	139,287	12,248,354							
Less accumulated depreciation	(4,996,750)	-	(111,787)	(5,108,537)							
Total depreciable capital assets,											
net of accumulated depreciation	7,112,317	-	27,500	7,139,817							
Total noncurrent assets	7,114,817	979,294	1,000,101	9,094,212							
Total assets	\$ 8,259,984	\$ 1,044,123	\$ 1,135,097	\$ 10,439,204							
Liabilities											
Current liabilities											
Accounts payable	\$ 15,593	\$ -	\$ 3,428	\$ 19,021							
Accrued liabilities	35,808	127,011	20,037	182,856							
Unearned revenues	860,309	127,011	20,037	860,309							
Current portion of notes payable	71,483			71,483							
Current portion of notes payable Current portion of compensated absences	5,119	-	3,283	8,402							
Customer deposits	105,024	-	3,203	105,024							
Customer deposits	105,024	<u>-</u> _		105,024							
Total current liabilities	1,093,336	127,011	26,748	1,247,095							
Noncurrent liabilities											
Due to other funds	3,829,271	-	-	3,829,271							
Compensated absences	1,908	-	284	2,192							
Notes payable	1,792,160	-	-	1,792,160							
Total noncurrent liabilities	5,623,339	-	284	5,623,623							
Total liabilities	6,716,675	127,011	27,032	6,870,718							
Net Position											
Net investment in capital assets	5,251,174	_	27,500	5,278,674							
Unrestricted (deficit)	(3,707,865)	917,112	1,080,565	(1,710,188)							
Total net position	\$ 1,543,309	\$ 917,112	\$ 1,108,065	\$ 3,568,486							
וטנמו וופג אַטאונוטוו	ş 1,545,3U9	917,112 ب	2 1,100,005	ع 3,300,480							

Town of Eatonville, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds										
	Water and										
For the year ended September 30, 2023	Sewer Solid Wast		lid Waste	St	ormwater	Total					
On another Bassace											
Operating Revenues	*	_		_		4					
Charges for services	\$ 1,110,417	\$	330,643	\$	190,017	\$ 1,631,077					
Total operating revenues	1,110,417		330,643		190,017	1,631,077					
Operating Expenses											
Personnel services	196,387		-		84,193	280,580					
Operating	738,242		317,673		60,931	1,116,846					
Depreciation expense	398,388		-		1,173	399,561					
Total operating expenses	1,333,017		317,673		146,297	1,796,987					
Operating income (loss)	(222,600)		12,970		43,720	(165,910)					
Operating income before contributions and transfers	(222,600)		12,970		43,720	(165,910)					
Transfers in	55,000		-		-	55,000					
Change in net position	(167,600)		12,970		43,720	(110,910)					
Net position - beginning of year	1,710,909		904,142		1,064,345	3,679,396					
Net position - end of year	\$ 1,543,309	\$	917,112	\$	1,108,065	\$ 3,568,486					

Town of Eatonville, Florida Statement of Cash Flows -Proprietary Funds

	 Busii	ness-	type Activit	ies -	Enterprise F	unds	5	
	 Water and							
For the year ended September 30, 2023	Sewer	Solid Waste		Stormwater			Total	
Operating Activities								
Cash received from customers	\$ 1,089,217	\$	331,528	\$	189,577	\$	1,610,322	
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(748,556)		(317,673)		(67,699)		(1,133,928)	
Cash payments to employees for services	(191,205)		-		(84,193)		(275,398)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	149,456		13,855		37,685		200,996	
Noncapital Financing Activities								
Borrowings from other funds	45,425		-		-		45,425	
Loans and reimbursements to other funds	-		(13,855)		78,542		64,687	
Transfers in from other funds	55,000		-		-		55,000	
Transfers out to other funds			-		-		<u>-</u>	
Net cash provided by (used in)								
noncapital financing activities	100,425		(13,855)		78,542		165,112	
Capital and Related Financing Activities								
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(318,300)		_		(14,100)		(332,400)	
Principal paid on notes payable	(84,570)		-		-		(84,570)	
Net cash used in capital and								
related financing activities	(402,870)		-		(14,100)		(416,970)	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(152,989)		-		102,127		(50,862)	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	1,186,952		-		2,442		1,189,394	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 1,033,963	\$	-	\$	104,569	\$	1,138,532	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to								
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities								
Operating income (loss) before contributions	\$ (222,600)	\$	12,970	\$	43,720	\$	(165,910)	
Adjustment to reconcile operating income (loss) to								
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Depreciation	398,388		-		1,173		399,561	
Change in assets and liabilities								
Accounts receivable	(26,722)		885		(440)		(26,277)	
Accounts payable	(10,314)		_		(2,081)		(12,395)	
Accrued liabilities	3,633		_		(4,687)		(1,054)	
Customer deposits	5,522		_		-		5,522	
Compensated absences	1,549		-		-		1,549	
Total adjustments	372,056		885		(6,035)		366,906	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 149,456	\$	13,855	\$	37,685	\$	200,996	

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Town of Eatonville, Florida Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund

	Police Pension	
September 30, 2023	Trust Fund	
Assets		
Money market mutual funds	\$ 72,923	
Investments, at fair value	2,212,988	
Accrued interest and dividends	7,045	
Accounts receivable	38,417	
Total assets	2,331,373	
Net Position		
Restricted for pension benefits	\$ 2,331,373	

Town of Eatonville, Florida Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund

	Police Pensions Trust Fund	
September 30, 2023		
Additions		
Contributions		
State of Florida	\$	37,066
Town		20,000
Plan members		31,803
Total contributions		88,869
Investment earnings		
Interest		67,301
Unrealized gains on investments		110,255
Investment income, net of investment expense		25,074
Total investment earnings (losses)		202,630
Total additions		291,499
Deductions		
Benefit payments including refunds of contributions		35,752
Administrative expenses		9,900
Total deductions		45,652
Change in net position		245,847
Net position restricted for pension benefits, beginning of year		2,085,526
Net position restricted for pension benefits, end of year	\$	2,331,373

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Town of Eatonville, Florida (the Town) was first incorporated on August 18, 1887. The Town was subsequently abolished and simultaneously recreated on June 14, 1967 under the Laws of Florida Chapter 67-1361 House Bill No. 876. Situated on the northeast corner of Orange County, approximately 10 miles north of Orlando, Eatonville is popularly known as "The first municipality in the United States of America incorporated by persons of African-American descent." The Town operates under a Mayor and Council form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: general government, public safety, public works, culture, recreation, and water works.

The Town maintains its accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), as applied to governmental units, which are promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). A summary of the Town's significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements follows.

The Reporting Entity

The Town is a municipal corporation with a five-member Town Council comprised of the Mayor and four Council persons. As required by GAAP, these financial statements represent the Town of Eatonville (the primary government) and the Town of Eatonville Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA), a component unit, for which the Town of Eatonville is considered to be financially accountable. The CRA is presented as a blended component unit, although a legally separate entity, because it is in substance part of the Town's operations and the Town's Council is its governing body. Therefore, the accounts of the CRA are combined with the accounts of the primary government and are presented as a special revenue fund and issued separate stand-alone audited financial statements. The Town has no component units that require discrete presentation.

Pursuant to the requirements of Chapter 163, Part III of Florida Statutes, the Town, with the consent of Orange County, and through a Town Ordinance, created the CRA to foster improvement activities in Eatonville. The CRA uses future tax increment revenues to fund a variety of improvement projects.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Town and its component unit. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility and timing requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under lease liabilities are reported as other financing sources.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Property taxes, utility taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, charges for services, rental income and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town.

The proprietary and pension trust funds are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the *accrual basis of accounting*.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the Town's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, and fiduciary funds each displayed in a separate column. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General* fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those accounted for in another fund.

The Community Redevelopment Agency fund accounts for all sources and uses of financial resources provided by increased ad valorem tax value in the geographically designated area. Resources are consumed in operations and improvements specifically designated by the CRN.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The Town reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water and Sewer fund accounts for the operating activities related to providing water treatment and distribution services, and sewage treatment to all areas within the Town limits.

The Solid Waste fund accounts for the Town's garbage and recycling pick up and disposal activities.

The *Stormwater* fund accounts for the construction and maintenance of the Town's stormwater systems and pollution from stormwater runoff.

The Town reports the following fiduciary fund:

The *Police Pension Trust* Fund accounts for funds in the same manner as the proprietary funds, using the same measurement focus and basis of accounting. The trust fund accounts for the assets of the police officers' pension plan. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

During the course of operations, the Town has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

Similarly, balances bet ween the funds included in business-type activities as e e.i.: inated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund and the Community Redevelopment Fund.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The Town's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the council. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level.

Appropriations in all budgeted governmental funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to state regulations.

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

Investments for the Town are reported at fair value (generally based on quoted market prices).

Receivables and Payables

Unbilled receivables – An amount for unbilled revenue is recorded in the Water and Sewer, Solid Waste and Stormwater Utility funds for services rendered, but not yet billed as of the end of the fiscal year. The receivable is derived from the cycle billings generated subsequent to fiscal year end and prorated for usage in September.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Leases Receivable - The Town's leases receivable are measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the least term. Under the lease agreement, the Town may receive variable lease payments that are dependent upon the lessee's revenue. The variable payments are recorded as an inflow of resources in the period the payment is received.

Unearned revenue – Unearned revenue recorded on the governmental fund balance sheet represents amounts received before eligibility requirements are met.

Interfund Activities and Transactions

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" within the fund financial statements. Long-term borrowings between funds are classified as "advances to other funds" or "advances from other funds" in the fund financial statements. These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for any residual balance outstanding.

Interfund transactions are reflected as services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Services provided, deemed to be at or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when a fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefitting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or business-type funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and right-to-use assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of the dolaran

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are incurred. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. There was no capitalized interest during the current year.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

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	<u>years</u>
Buildings and structures	7 – 50
Improvements	10 – 15
Machinery and equipment	3
Vehicles	5

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

The Town has one item that qualifies for reporting as deferred outflows of resources, the *deferred* outflows related to pensions, reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The deferred outflows related to pensions are an aggregate of items related to pensions as calculated in accordance with GASB Codification Section P20: Pension Activities – Reporting for Benefits Provided through Trusts That Meet Specified Criteria. The deferred outflows related to pensions will be recognized as either pension expense or a reduction in the net pension liability in future reporting years.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town has two items that qualify for reporting as deferred inflows of resources. The *deferred inflows related to pensions* are an aggregate of items related to pensions, reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The deferred inflows related to pensions are an aggregate of items related to pensions as calculated in accordance with GASB Codification Section P20: *Pension Activities – Reporting for Benefits Provided through Trusts That Meet Specified Criteria*. The deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized as a reduction to pension expense in future reporting years. The deferred inflows related to leases are associated with amounts owed to the Town, as lessor, by entities leasing the Town's assets.

Compensated Absences

The Town's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the Town does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the government. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or business-type activities statement of net position.

Leases

Lease contracts that provide the Town with control of a non-financial asset, such as land, buildings or equipment, for a period of time in excess of twelve months are reported as a leased asset with a related lease liability. The lease liability is recorded at the present value of future lease payments, including fixed payments, variable payments based on an index or fixed rate and reasonably certain residual guarantees.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position, and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Town of Eatonville Municipal Officers' Retirement Trust Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Categories and Classification of Net Position and Fund Balance

Net position flow assumptions – Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Town's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

Fund balance flow assumptions – Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Town's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund balance policies – Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The Town itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, specifies the following classifications:

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Categories and Classification of Net Position and Fund Balance (Continued)

Nonspendable fund balance – Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance – Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Town's highest level of decision-making authority. The governing council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Town that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned fund balance – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Town for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The governing council (council) has by resolution authorized the Town manager to assign fund balance. The council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Unassigned fund balance – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund.

Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

Program revenues - Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as gener. The requirements are program revenues.

Property taxes - The Town levied a millage rate of \$7.2938 per \$1,000 of assessed value for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. Orange County, Florida bills and receives payment for all ad valorem taxes levied by the Town. Payments are then remitted to the Town.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses (Continued)

All property is assessed according to its fair market value on January 1 of each year, and at that time a lien is placed on the property for the taxes. The tax levy of the Town is established by the Town Council prior to October 1 of each year. The Orange County Property Appraiser incorporates the Town's millage into the total tax levy; which also includes Orange County, the Orange County School Board, and the St. John River Water Management District's tax requirement.

All taxes are billed on November 1 of each year or as soon thereafter as the assessment roll is certified and delivered to the Tax Collector. All unpaid taxes become delinquent on April 1 following the year in which they are assessed. Discounts are allowed for early payment at the rate of 4% in the month of November, 3% in the month of December, 2% in the month of January and 1% in the month of February. The taxes paid in March are not discounted.

Proprietary funds operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses – Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water and Sewer Fund, Solid Waste Fund, and Stormwater Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The Water and Sewer Fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for expenditure of monies are recorded as reservations of budget, is employed as an extension of the statutory required budgetary process. At year-end, outstanding encumbrances represent material purchase commitments for goods and services which were ordered, budgeted, and appropriated, but had not been received or completed at date. Although encumbrances lapse at year-end, it is the intention to substantially honor these encumbrances under authority provided in the subsequent year's budget. The town did not have any significant encumbrances outstanding as of September 30, 2023.

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Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make various estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change in the near term are related to allowance for doubtful accounts and pension liability.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, DATE. See Note 4 for relevant disclosure. No subsequent events occurring after this date have been evaluated for inclusion in these financial statements.

Recently Issued and Implemented Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2020, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. Assets and liabilities resulting from SBITAs should be recognized and measured using the facts and circumstances that existed at the beginning of the fiscal year in which this Statement is implemented. Governments are permitted, but are not required, to include in the measurement of the subscription asset capitalizable outlays associated with the initial implementation stage and the operation and additional implementation stage incurred prior to the implementation of this Statement. There were no significant impacts of implementing this Statement.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued statements that will become effective in future years. These statements are as follows:

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Recently Issued and Implemented Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for (a) accounting changes and (b) the correction of an error in previously issued financial statements (error correction). This Statement defines accounting changes as changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, and changes to or within the financial reporting entity and describes the transactions or other events that constitute those changes. This Statement prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for (1) each type of accounting change and (2) error corrections. This Statement requires that (a) changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by restating prior periods, (b) changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period, and (c) changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. This Statement requires disclosure in notes to financial statements of descriptive information about accounting changes and error corrections, such as their nature. In addition, information about the quantitative effects on beginning balances of each accounting change and error correction should be disclosed by reporting unit in a tabular format to reconcile beginning balances as previously reported to beginning balances as restated. Furthermore, this Statement addresses how information that is affected by a change in accounting principle or error correction should be presented in required supplementary information (RSI) and supplementary information (SI). The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

The Town is evaluating the requirements of the above statements and the impact on reporting.

Note 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

Cash Deposits

The cash deposits are held by a bank that qualifies as a public depository under the Florida Security and Public Deposits Act, as required by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes, and are considered fully insured.

Note 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Investments

Florida Statutes authorize the Town to invest in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund administered by the State Board of Administration, obligations of the U.S. Treasury, and interest-bearing time deposits and savings accounts held in Federal or State chartered banks and savings and loan associations doing business in Florida provided that such deposits are secured by collateral as may be prescribed. It is the Town's policy to only invest funds in vehicles specifically authorized by Florida Statutes. The Town does not have formal policies relating to credit risk or interest rate risk aside from the policy of only investing in funds administered by the State Board of Administration and obligations of the U.S. government.

At the close of the fiscal year, the Town did not hold any investments in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (Florida PRIME) external investment pool.

Custodial credit risk — Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution a government may not be able to recover deposits. Monies placed on deposit with financial institutions in the form of demand deposits, time deposits or certificate of deposits are defined as public deposits. The financial institutions in which the Town places its deposits are certified as "qualified public depositories," as required under the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

As of September 30, 2023, the Town's pension investments are held in street name in the form of stock, debt securities and U.S. government bonds through a financial brokerage firms segregated out from the assets and investments held by other clients of the investment firm and their own assets.

Interest rate risk – Interest rate risk is the possibility that interest rates will rise and reduce the fair value of an investment. The Town manages its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates through its adopted investment policies. The Town limits the effective duration of its investment portfolio through the adoption of nationally recognized risk measure benchmarks.

Credit risk — Section I50: Investments of the GASB Codification requires that governments provide information about credit risk associated with their investments by disclosing the credit rating of investments in debt securities as described by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The Town has limited its credit risk by limiting investments to the safest types of securities, primarily government investment pools. The Town's investment objectives are prioritized by safety, liquidity and yield. Time Deposits, including Certificates of Deposit, are collateralized under the State of Florida Qualified Public Depository Program, whereby member institutions are collectively responsible for any individual member's definal.

Note 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Concentration risk — Section I50: Investments of the GASB Codification requires disclosures of investments in any one issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments, excluding investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds, external investments pools and other pooled investments. The Town's investment policy does not address concentration risk.

Foreign currency risk — The Town's pension trust funds' investments are not exposed to foreign currency risk. The Town's investment policy of the Town's pension trust funds do not address foreign currency risk.

Fair Value – GASB Codification Section 3100: Fair Value Measurements establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under the codification are described as follows:

Level 1 (L1): Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Town has the ability to access.

Level 2 (L2): Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Note 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Level 3 (L3): Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

		Credit					N	/laturities	(in Years)	
		Quality				Less				More
Investment Type	Туре	Rating	Carr	ying Amount		Than 1		1 to 5	5 to 10	Than 10
Money market mutual funds	Money Market	NR*	\$	72,923	\$	72,923	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Corporate Bonds	Fixed Income	Aaa		3,475		-		_	_	3,475
Corporate Bonds	Fixed Income	Aa2		3,639		_		1,784	-	1,855
Corporate Bonds	Fixed Income	Aa3		617		-		-	-	617
Corporate Bonds	Fixed Income	A1		33,349		_		14,239	5,689	13,421
Corporate Bonds	Fixed Income	A2		21,085		-		14,457	-	6,628
Corporate Bonds	Fixed Income	A3		13,148		-		13,148	-	-
Corporate Bonds	Fixed Income	Baa1		21,283		-		8,386	7,032	5,865
Corporate Bonds	Fixed Income	Baa2		42,814		9,776		16,442	9,408	7,188
Corporate Bonds	Fixed Income	Baa3		86,548		-		73,756	-	12,792
Corporate Bonds	Fixed Income	NR		60,734		6,932		17,842	27,109	8,851
Municipal Bonds	Fixed Income	Aaa		4,679		-		-	-	4,679
Municipal Bonds	Fixed Income	Aa2		21,451		14,584		-	1,748	5,119
Municipal Bonds	Fixed Income	Aa3		15,669		9,704		-	-	5,965
Municipal Bonds	Fixed Income	NR		4,063		-		-	-	4,063
Government Bonds	Fixed Income	Aaa		106,114		1,947		42,088	53,384	8,695
Government Sponsored Bonds	Fixed Income	Aaa		17,194		-		-	7,945	9,249
Mortgage Pools	Fixed Income	Aaa		268,131		9,659		80,335	10,424	167,713
Mortgage Pools	Fixed Income	NR		1,332		-		-	88	1,244
Total debt securities				725,325		52,602		282,477	122,827	267,419
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					•	•
Common Stock	Equity	NR*		1,487,663	1	L,487,663		-	-	-
Total pension investments			\$	2,285,911	\$ 1	l,613,188	\$	282,477	\$ 122,827	\$ 267,419

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Note 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Town's assets at fair value as of September 30, 2023:

			Fair Value		Amortized	
Investments	Carr	ying Amount	Level 1	Level 2		Cost
Money market mutual funds	\$	72,923	\$ -	\$ -	\$	72,923
U.S. treasury bonds and notes		106,114	-	106,114		-
U.S. government agencies		17,194	-	17,194		-
Asset-backed securities		269,463	-	269,463		-
Muncipial bonds		45,861	-	45,861		-
Corporate bonds and notes		286,693	-	286,693		-
Common stock		1,487,663	1,487,663	-		-
Total Investments	\$	2,285,911	\$ 1,487,663	\$ 725,325	\$	72,923

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at September 30, 2023.

Common stock – Common stock classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using quoted market prices for those securities.

Asset backed securities – Asset backed securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technicque based on the price or yield of similar securities.

Corporate and government bonds – Bonds classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities. This includes basing value on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings.

The methods described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although the Town believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

Note 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Accounts Receivable

For the Water and Sewer, Solid Waste, and Stormwater Utility Funds, operating revenues are generally recognized on the basis of cycle billings rendered monthly. The amount of services delivered for the period from the last billing date to September 30, 2023 (unbilled receivable), is estimated and accrued at year end. The Town deems all amounts over 60 days uncollectable therefore an allowance for doubtful accounts has been established equivalent to the last two months of billing. If payments are not received from customers, services are shut off and deposits are applied against negative balances.

All account receivables are shown net of allowances for uncollectible accounts for governmental funds. The accounts receivable and allowance for uncollectible accounts at September 30, 2023, were as follows:

	(General	٧	Vater and	Solid			
		Fund		Sewer	Waste	Sto	ormwater	Total
Receivables								
Customer receivables								
and unbilled revenues	\$	35,236	\$	293,734	\$ 129,978	\$	57,140 \$	516,088
Franchise and utility		211,918		-	-		-	211,918
Total receivables		247,154		293,734	129,978		57,140	728,006
Less allowance for								
uncollectibles		(28,643)		(187,264)	(65,149)		(26,713)	(307,769)
				·				
Total receivables, net	\$	218,511	\$	106,470	\$ 64,829	\$	30,427 \$	420,237

Property taxes are considered fully collected during and prior to the end of the fiscal year. Therefore, no material amounts of property taxes are receivable as of September 30, 2023. There are no other reserves for receivables recorded by the Town as of September 30, 2023.

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Note 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets during the year ended September 30, 2023:

	Beginning Balance Additions		Deletions	Ending Balance		
Governmental activities Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$	1,014,679	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1	1,014,679
Total capital assets not being depreciated		1,014,679	-	-	1	,014,679
Capital assets, being depreciated Infrastructure Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings Equipment		5,269,416 3,342,152 831,162 1,965,743	- - 66,920 184,378	- - - (9,506)	3	5,269,416 8,342,152 898,082 2,140,615
Total capital assets, being depreciated		11,408,473	251,298	(9,506)	11	,650,265
Less accumulated depreciation for Infrastructure Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings Equipment		(1,651,297) (1,799,854) (724,670) (1,942,989)	(121,916) (76,274) (22,006) (85,357)	- - - 9,506	(1	1,773,213) 1,876,128) (746,676) 2,018,840)
Total accumulated depreciation		(6,118,810)	(305,553)	9,506	(6	5,414,857)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		5,289,663	(54,255)	-	5	5,235,408
Right-to-use lease assets, being amortized Vehicles		55,090	-	-		55,090
Total right-to-use lease assets, being amortized		55,090	-	-		55,090
Less accumulated amortization for Vehicles		(8,478)	(608)			(9,086)
Total accumulated amortization		(8,478)	(608)	-		(9,086)
Right-to-use lease assets being amortized, net		46,612	(608)	-		46,004
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	6,350,954	\$ (54,863)	\$ -	\$ 6	5,296,091

99,476

Town of Eatonville, Florida Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

	Begi	nning Balance	Additions	Deletions	En	ding Balance
Business-type activities Capital assets not being depreciated						
Land	\$	2,500	\$ -	\$ -	\$	2,500
Total capital assets not being depreciated		2,500	-	-		2,500
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings and improvements Equipment		11,504,636 397,875	314,236 31,957	-		11,818,872 429,832
Total capital assets being depreciated		11,902,511	346,193	-		12,248,704
Less accumulated depreciation for Buildings and improvements Equipment		(4,352,714) (356,612)	(393,587) (5,974)	-		(4,746,301) (362,586)
Total accumulated depreciation		(4,709,326)	(399,561)	-		(5,108,887)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		7,193,185	(53,368)	-		7,139,817
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	7,195,685	\$ (53,368)	\$ -	\$	7,142,317

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government

	•	,
Public safety		49,332
Physical environment		122,049
Culture and recreation		35,304
Total	\$	306,161
Business-type activities:		
Water and Sewer	\$	398,388
Stormwater		1,173
Total	\$	399,561

Note 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Long-Term Debt

FMLC Series Note Payable

In fiscal year 2016, the Town entered into an agreement with the Florida Municipal Loan Council to advance refund the Series 2005B through the issuance of FMLC Series 2016. The loan contains certain filing requirements. The loan is payable annually on October 1 through October 2030. The interest is payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 through October 2030, with interest rates from 2.00% to 5.00% over the term of the loan. The loan agreement provides for events of default upon failure to timely make loan payments or other specified payments when due, and failure to observe and perform any covenant, condition or agreement, other than loan payment requirements, for a period of more than 30 days after notice of noncompliance. Covenants beyond timely loan payment requirements include incurrence of additional debt secured by non-ad valorem tax revenues and timely submission of financial information. In the event of default, the lender may call the loan and take other actions to collect amounts due. The Town did not meet the time deadline specified in the loan agreement for submission of audited financial statements; however, this covenant violation was not an event of default. As of September 30, 2023, the principal outstanding on the note was \$520,000.

State Revolving Loan Fund

In 2012, the Town entered into a loan agreement with the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection for the Wastewater Facilities Improvement Projects. Total draws on this loan amounted to \$245,057. The loan was a part of an agreement where a grant paid \$41,663 toward the loan, \$33,937 of which was applied to principal and the rest was applied to interest or other charges. The loan specifies semiannual loan payments of \$6,685, including interest at 2.10%, which is payable semiannually on August 15 and February 15 of each year.

In 2014, the Town entered into another loan agreement with the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection. This loan is part of an agreement that provides principal forgiveness. Of the total \$4,480,117 awarded under this agreement, \$2,885,195 was forgiven and will not be subject to repayment. The principal forgiveness portion was recorded as capital contributions. The remaining \$1,594,922 was recorded as a loan payable. The loan specifies semiannual loan payments of \$32,407 including interest at .932%, which is payable semiannually on November 15 and May 15 of each year.

In 2018, the Town entered into another loan agreement with the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection. This loan is part of an agreement that provides principal forgiveness. Of the total \$165,699 awarded under this agreement, \$82,850 was forgiven and will not be subject to repayment. The principal forgiveness portion was recorded as capital contributions. The amounts disbursed as of Set ten ber 30, 2020 and 2021 wer \$571,0.9 and \$11,831 respectively and have been recorded as a loan payable. The local specifies sen iar nual loan payable semiannually on September 15 and March 15 of each year.

Note 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Long-Term Debt (Continued)

State Revolving Loan Fund (Continued)

Each of the State Revolving Fund Loans contain covenants that provide for a revenue coverage ratio of 1.15 times debt service payments. As of September 30, 2023, the loans were not compliant with this provision, resulting in a loan default. The State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection may seek remedies in the event of default by accelerating loan payments, increasing the financing rate, intercepting delinquent amounts from unobligated funds due to the Town through the State, or applying for a court to appoint a receiver to manage the water and sewer systems, including setting rates, collecting revenues and applying those revenues to the loan balance. The State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection has agreed to forbear acceleration of loan payments providing the Town takes certain curative actions.

The loan agreements also contain a covenant for the Town to file financial statements timely in accordance with Rules of the Auditor General, for which the Town was in noncompliance; however, this noncompliance was not an event of default.

As of September 30, 2023, the principal outstanding on the state revolving loan funds were \$1,611,229.

System Revenue Bond

In 2020, the Town entered into a loan with USDA Rural Development for \$203,000, as part of a replacement project. The loan bears interest at an annual rate of 1.75%, with an annual installment of \$7,099 to begin December 1, 2020. The loan matures on December 6, 2059.

In 2020, the Town entered into a loan with USDA Rural Development for \$79,000 as part of a replacement project. The loan bears interest at an annual rate of 1.75%, with an annual installment of \$2,763 to begin December 1, 2020. The loan matures on December 6, 2059.

As of September 30, 2023, the principal outstanding on the system revenue bonds is \$252,414.

Leases-Lessee

The Town has entered into lease agreements as a lessee for financing the acquisition of vehicles and copiers. Total annual lease payments that the Town paid for the year ended September 30, 2023, was \$21,238. The leases have a 4 year term.

Note 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Long-term liability activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023 as follows:

	eginning Balance	A	dditions	R	eductions	Ending Balance	 ue Within One Year
Governmental activities							
Note payable							
FMLC Series 2017	\$ 575,000	\$	-	\$	(55,000)	\$ 520,000	\$ 55,000
Total notes from direct borrowings	575,000		-		(55,000)	520,000	55,000
Other liabilities:							
Unamortized premium	21,325		-		(2,665)	18,660	2,665
Lease liabilities	22,138		-		(21,238)	900	900
Compensated absences	120,510		77,393		(93,542)	104,361	63,695
Total other liabilities	163,973		77,393		(117,445)	123,921	67,260
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$ 738,973	\$	77,393	\$	(172,445)	\$ 643,921	\$ 122,260

Compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund for governmental activities.

The following table indicates future debt service requirements for Governmental Activities:

For the year ended September 30:	I	Principal	I	Interest		Total
2024	\$	55,000	\$	15,338	\$	70,338
2025		60,000		14,138		74,138
2026		60,000		12,863		72,863
2027		65,000		11,456		76,456
2028		65,000		9,913		74,913
2029-2030		215,000		15,050		230,050
Total	\$	520,000	\$	78 <i>,</i> 758	\$	598,758

The following is a schedule of minimum future lease payments from lease agreements:

For the years ending September 30,	Principal Payments	Interest Expense	Total
2024	\$ 900	\$ 171	\$ 1,071
Total RAFT	-09/19 09	\$ 2171	\$ 1,071

Note 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Long-Term Debt (Continued)

The following table represents debt service of business-type activities:

	Beginning	A. J. Park	B. J. W.	Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Business-type activities					
Notes payable					
SRF Loan WW480200	\$ 166,518	\$ -	\$ (9,925)	\$ 156,593	\$ 10,134
SRF Loan WW480202	1,443,905	-	(60,593)	1,383,312	51,954
SRF Loan WW480240	75,514	-	(4,190)	71,324	4,205
System Revenue Bond 2019A	188,802	-	(7,099)	181,703	3,736
System Revenue Bond 2019B	73,474	-	(2,763)	70,711	1,454
Total notes from direct borrowings	1,948,213	-	(84,570)	1,863,643	71,483
Other liabilities:					
Compensated absences	9,045	8,402	(6,853)	10,594	8,402
Total other liabilities	9,045	8,402	(6,853)	10,594	8,402
Business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$ 1,957,258	\$ 8,402	\$ (91,423)	\$ 1,874,237	\$ 79,885

The following table represents future debt service requirements of business-type activities:

For the year ended September 30:	Principal	Principal Interest		
2024	\$ 71,483	\$ 20,858	\$ 92,341	
2025	73,148	20,059	93,207	
2026	73,976	19,249	93,226	
2027	74,816	18,429	93,245	
2028-2032	381,040	18,421	399,462	
2033-2037	378,155	32,238	410,393	
2038-2042	361,566	66,207	427,773	
2043-2047	278,291	47,951	326,242	
2048-2052	108,241	30,959	139,200	
2053-2057	45,365	7,715	53,080	
2058-2060	17,561	3,946	21,507	
Total	\$ 1,863,643	\$ 286,032	\$ 2,149,676	

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Note 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Pledged Revenues

The Town has notes outstanding at September 30, 2023, for which revenues of the Town have been pledged for repayment. Revenues pledged to repay these obligations are as follows:

	Future	Current	Current Year	Current
Amount	Principal and	Pledged	Principal	Percentage
Issued	Interest	Revenue	and Interest	of Revenue

State Revolving Fund Loans Maturity: 2037-2047

Business-type activities Revenue Notes

Interest rate: 2.50% \$ 1,907,266 \$ 1,811,073 \$ (118,663) \$ 82,519 (69.50%)

Purpose: Wastewater Facility Improvements Pledged revenue: Charges for services

Leases-Lessor

The Town accounts for leases in accordance with GASB 87, *Leases*. The Town's operations consist of agreements for use of a building operating a library branch and cellphone towers.

A lease agreement allows use of the building on the corner of Kennedy Boulevard and College Street for the operation of a library branch. The lease will terminate in 2024, at which time all additions to the property will revert to the Town. Lessee has the option to extend the lease for two additional five (5) year terms.

A lease agreement allows use of a structure for a cell tower. The lease will terminate in 2025, with options to extend for four additional five (5) year terms.

The town recognized \$88,443 for lease revenue principal and \$19,239 of lease interest for the year ended September 30, 2023.

Note 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Net Investment In Capital Assets

The elements of this calculation are as follows:

	Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities Total
Capital assets (net)	\$ 6,296,091 \$ 7,142,317 \$ 13,438,408
Plus unamortized deferred bond cost	4,307 - 4,307
Less outstanding debt related to capital assets	(539,559) (1,863,643) (2,403,202)
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 5,760,839 \$ 5,278,674 \$ 11,039,513

Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of property and other assets; errors and omissions by employees; and natural disasters, particularly during the hurricane season of June through November. The Town has purchased various types of insurance to protect itself. There have been no changes in insurance coverage during the current fiscal year. There were no changes in insurance coverage from the previous year. The Town does not participate in a risk pool and does not retain any of the risks of loss.

Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The government is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Town's counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Town.

Fund Balance Deficit

The Water and Sewer Fund had a deficit balance in unrestricted net position of \$3,707,865 at September 30, 2023. The Water and Sewer Fund deficit is anticipated to be funded through enhanced revenues and reduction of expenses.

Note 3: RETIREMENT PLANS

Employee Retirement Plans and Pension Plans

The Town participates in two public employee retirement plans. These plans are a signal employer defined benefit police officer's pension plan for its sworn police officers (Town of Eatonville Municipal Police Officers' Retirement Trust Fund) (the Plan) and a defined contribution plan for all other Town employees meeting certain age and length of service requirements. The Plan is maintained as a pension trust fund and included as part of the Town's reporting entity. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Defined Contribution Plan

The Town's Defined Contribution Plan and Trust (the Defined Contribution Plan) is an adoption of the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund Defined Contribution Plan and Trust, which is administered by the Florida League of Cities, Inc. The Trustee for the Defined Contribution Plan's assets is the CitiStreet Retirement Service. The Defined Contribution Plan was established effective October 1, 1989 by ordinance. There were no amendments during the year.

All general employees, except police officers, are eligible to participate in the Defined Contribution Plan provided they have completed one (1) year of service. Since this plan qualifies as a defined contribution plan, which is administered in its entirety under a pool arrangement by the Florida League of Cities, Inc., the assets, liabilities, net position and operations are not recorded within the Town's financial statements.

Contributions

The Town Council is responsible for setting the employer's contribution annually during budget adoption. The Town budgets the lesser of \$28,047 or five percent (5%) of eligible compensation. Contributions to the Defined Contribution Plan are discretionary on the part of the Town. Employees may contribute up to a maximum of ten percent (10%) of covered compensation. Under the provisions of the Defined Contribution Plan, employees are eligible for normal retirement at age 65 with 10 years of credited service.

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Note 3: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

An employee who leaves the employment of the Town is entitled to all their contributions and a portion of the Town's contributions based on the following vesting schedule:

	Percentage of
Years of Service	Balance Vested
1 year but less than 5	0%
5 years but less than 6	50%
6 years but less than 7	60%
7 years but less than 8	70%
8 years but less than 9	80%
9 years but less than 10	90%
10 or more years	100%

There were no employee contributions to the Defined Contribution Plan during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. The employer's contributions were \$42,216 for the year ended September 30, 2023.

Pension Plan

The Municipal Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement Trust Funds Office, housed within the Division of Retirement, is the state entity responsible for administrative oversight of the Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund. The Plan was established on December 18, 1972 by Town Ordinance 72-100B, providing for pension, death and disability benefits. It is subject to Provisions of Chapter 185, Florida Statutes.

The Plan, in accordance with the above Statute, is governed by a five-member pension Board. Two police officers who are elected by a majority of the members of the Plan, two current residents of the Town who are appointed by the Town Council, and a fifth member who is elected by the other four members constitute the Pension Board. The Town and the Plan participants are obligated to fund all plan costs based upon actuarial valuations. The Town is authorized to establish benefit levels and the Board of Trustees approves the actuarial assumptions used in determination of contribution levels.

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Note 3: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age, years of service, average final compensation, and credited service. Members are vested after 10 years of credited service and the retirement age is 55 for normal retirement or 50 for early retirement. Non-vested members are entitled to 100% refund of their accumulated contributions, without interest, if they discontinue employment prior to the 10 year vesting period.

As of October 1, 2021, the date of the Plan's latest actuarial valuation, the Plan had 12 active participants.

Plan participants contribute 5% of earnings. The Town contributes the remaining amount necessary for payment of normal costs and amortization of the accrued past service liability as provided for in Part VII of Chapter 112, Florida Statutes. Plan members vest after ten years of service and are eligible for distribution of accrued benefits upon age 52 with 25 years of credited service or age 55 with ten years of credited service.

Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense on Plan investments was 6.5%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

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Note 3: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Pension Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Asset

The following schedule displays the components of the net pension asset as of the Town's measurement date of September 30, 2023.

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Plan Fiduciary N Net Position (b)	et Pension (Asset) (a) - (b)		
Balance at October 1, 2022	\$ 2,085,525 \$	(149,023)		
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	-	83,513		
Interest	-	130,139		
Difference between expected and actual experience	-	-		
Contributions - State	57,066	(57,066)		
Contributions - Employee	31,803	(31,803)		
Net investment income	161,693	(161,693)		
Benefit payments, including				
refunds of employee contributions	(35,752)	-		
Administrative expense	(12,283)	12,283		
Net changes	202,527	(24,627)		
Balance at September 30, 2023	\$ 2,288,052 \$	(173,650)		

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Note 3: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The following is a summary of actuarial assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation:

L, 202	12
ı	., 202

Actuarial method and assumptions:	
Method	Entry Age Normal Cost Method
Investment rate of return	6.50%
Discount Rate	6.50%
Inflation rate	2.50%
Projected salary increases	5.00%
Mortality tables	RP 2000 Table - Sex Distinct

Investments

The long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of Plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2023 are summarized in the following table:

Long-	Гerm	Expe	cted	Real	Rate
-------	------	------	------	------	------

Asset Class		of Return		
Equities		6.04%		
Fixed income		0.97%		
Cash		0.10%		

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Note 3: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Pension Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension asset was 6.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 6.5% as well as what it would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (5.5%) and 1% higher (7.5%) than the current rate:

	1 % Decrease	Curi	rent Discount Rate	1 %	6 Increase
	(5.5%)		(6.5%)		(7.5%)
Net pension (asset)	\$ 95,686	\$	(173,650)	\$	(398,825)

Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to Pension

For the year ended September 30, 2023, the Town recognized a pension expense of \$97,153. At September 30, 2023, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	D	eferred		Deferred
	Ou	itflows of	Ir	nflows of
	R	esources	R	lesources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	47,969	\$	41,517
Changes of assumptions		6,888		5,597
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on plan investments		149,083		_
Total	\$	203,940	\$	47,114

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Note 3: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to Pension (Continued)

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2024	\$ 66,634
2025	29,854
2026	65,301
2027	(4,963)
Total	\$ 156,826

Note 4: INTERFUND BALANCES

General Fund

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from interfund goods and services provided, reimbursements of expenditures, and working capital loans. The following is a summary of interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2023:

Fund	Receivable	Payable	
General Fund	\$ 2,241,769	\$ 457,076	
CRA	92,683	-	
Water and Sewer Fund	-	3,829,271	
Solid Waste Fund	979,294	-	
Stormwater Fund	972,601		
Total	\$ 4,286,347	\$ 4,286,347	

Transfers for the year ended September 30, 2023:

	Transfers in:		
		Community	
	Water and	Redevelopment	
	Sewer	Agency	Total
Transfers out:			

\$

55,000 \$

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55,000

Note 5: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In August, 2024, the Town was awarded \$4,116,279 for Multi-Family Affordable Housing Project.

In August, 2024, the Town was awarded State Revolving Funds of \$34,388,617 for a wastewater project, with 100% loan forgiveness.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Town of Eatonville, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual - General Fund

For the year ended September 30, 2023	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Act	ual Amounts		Variances Final Budget Positive/ (Negative)	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Revenue							_	
Ad valorem taxes	\$	1,912,436	\$	1,912,436	\$	1,933,693	\$	21,257
Utility taxes		686,383		686,383		719,002		32,619
Franchise fees		403,000		403,000		479,885		76,885
Sales tax		330,557		330,557		458,347		127,790
Intergovernmental revenues		195,081		195,081		264,320		69,239
Licenses and permits		466,200		466,200		284,756		(181,444)
Charges for services		115,440		115,440		97,471		(17,969)
Fines and forfeitures		23,500		23,500		108,631		85,131
Interest income		26,848		26,848		43,482		16,634
Rental and other income		126,123		126,123		375,575		249,452
Total revenues		4,285,568		4,285,568		4,765,162		479,594
Expenditures								
General government		2,030,187		2,030,187		2,011,170		19,017
Public safety		1,870,595		1,870,595		1,629,137		241,458
Physical environment		328,834		328,834		249,135		79,699
Economic environment		6,500		6,500		6,541		(41)
Human services		27,615		27,615		500		27,115
Culture/recreation		88,433		88,433		50,251		38,182
Capital outlay		288,333		288,333		251,298		37,035
Debt service:		200,000		200,000				0.,000
Principal		60,000		60,000		57,282		2,718
Interest		32,000		32,000		11,352		20,648
Total expenditures		4,732,497		4,732,497		4,266,666		465,831
Total expellatores		7,732,737		7,732,737		4,200,000		403,031
Excess of revenues over expenditures		(446,929)		(446,929)		498,496		13,763
Other Financing Sources								
Transfers in		446,929		446,929		-		446,929
Transfers out		-		-		(55,000)		55,000
Total other financing sources		446,929		446,929		(55,000)		501,929
Net change in fund balances		-		-		443,496		515,692
Fund balance, beginning of year		3,819,253		3,819,253		3,819,253		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	3,819,253	\$	3,819,253	\$	4,262,749	\$	515,692

Town of Eatonville, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual - CRA Fund

							V	′ariances
								nal Budget
	Budgeted				-			Positive/
For the year ended September 30, 2023	Original			Final	Act	ual Amounts	(1	Negative)
Revenue								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	350,000	Ś	350,000	\$	350,500	\$	500
Interest	Ą	330,000	ڔ	330,000	Ą	18,175	٦	18,175
interest						18,173		10,173
Total revenues		350,000		350,000		368,675		18,675
Expenditures								
General government		257,095		244,554		127,195		117,359
Culture/recreation		7,000		7,000		5,095		1,905
Capital outlay		10,000		2,900		-		2,900
Debt service								
Principal		-		19,641		18,956		685
Interest		-		-		1,241		(1,241)
Total expenditures		274,095		274,095		152,487		121,608
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		75,905		75,905		216,188		140,283
Other financing sources								
Transfers in		-		-		•		
Total other financing sources		-		-		-		_
Net change in fund balance		75,905		75,905		216,188		140,283
Fund balance, beginning of year		521,740		521,740		834,640		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	597,645	\$	597,645	\$	1,050,828	\$	140,283

Town of Eatonville, Florida Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Asset and Related Ratios Police Officers' Pension Fund

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest	\$ 83,513 130,139	\$ 78,416 119,374	\$ 77,649 113,461	\$ 82,509 96,643	\$ 78,742 89,594	\$ 70,718 94,557	\$ 71,173 85,329	\$ 71,173 75,091	\$ 66,517 65,507	\$ 71,395 56,863
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of	(25.752)	(70,151)	105,293	(37,585)	47,668 56,088	(270,949) 62,221	-	-	7,014	-
employee contributions Net change in total pension liability	(35,752) 177,900	(38,792) 88,847	(22,712) 273,691	(19,003) 122,564	(33,112)	(48,446) (91,899)	156,502	146,264	(6,670) 132,368	128,258
Total pension liability, beginning	1,936,502	1,847,655	1,573,964	1,451,400	1,212,420	1,304,319	1,147,817	1,001,553	869,185	740,927
Total pension liability, ending (a)	\$ 2,114,402	\$ 1,936,502	\$ 1,847,655	\$ 1,573,964	\$ 1,451,400	\$ 1,212,420	\$ 1,304,319	\$ 1,147,817	\$ 1,001,553	\$ 869,185
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - Employer Contributions - State Contributions - Employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense	\$ - 57,066 31,803 161,693 (35,752) (12,283)	\$ - 18,876 32,681 (262,910) (38,792) (17,900)	\$ - 29,628 402,281 (22,712) (9,900)	\$ 16,839 - 30,675 (20,267) (19,003) (14,660)	\$ 15,000 17,160 31,598 96,006 (33,112) (24,694)	\$ 15,000 14,803 29,461 106,241 (48,446) (25,168)	\$ 9,000 13,340 28,405 151,725	\$ 6,000 2,484 28,010 138,286	\$ - 10,398 28,874 19,866 (6,670) (10,650)	\$ 16,543 11,688 29,951 105,889
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	202,527	(268,045)	399,297	(6,416)	101,958	91,891	187,320	164,880	41,818	151,913
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning	2,085,525	2,353,570	1,954,273	1,960,689	1,858,731	1,766,840	1,579,520	1,414,640	1,372,822	1,220,909
Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b)	2,288,052	2,085,525	2,353,570	1,954,273	1,960,689	1,858,731	1,766,840	1,579,520	1,414,640	1,372,822
Net pension (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$ (173,650)	\$ (149,023)	\$ (505,915)	\$ (380,309)	\$ (509,289)	\$ (646,311)	\$ (462,521)	\$ (431,703)	\$ (413,087)	\$ (503,637)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	108.21%	107.70%	127.38%	124.16%	135.09%	153.31%	135.46%	137.61%	141.24%	157.94%
Covered payroll	\$ 636,060	\$ 653,620	\$ 592,560	\$ 613,500	\$ 631,956	\$ 589,220	\$ 568,100	\$ 560,200	\$ 577,474	\$ 599,025
Net pension asset as a percentage of covered payroll	(27.30%)	(22.80%)	(85.38%)	(61.99%)	(80.59%)	(109.69%)	(81.42%)	(77.06%)	(71.53%)	(84.08%)

Town of Eatonville, Florida Schedule of Changes in Net Position Asset and Related Ratios (Continued) Police Officers' Pension Fund

NOTES TO SCHEDULE:

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of September 30th. The Town implemented GASB Statement No. 68 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014.

Change of Assumptions:

For measurement date September 30, 2023, there were no changes to assumptions made in the calculations presented above.

PRIOR YEAR NOTES TO SCHEDULE:

For measurement date September 30, 2018, as a result of Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, assumed rates of mortality have been changed to those used in the July 1, 2018 FRS valuation report.

For measurement date September 30, 2020, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from lowering the inflation rate from 3.0% to 2.5% and reducing the salary increase assumptions from 5.5%-10% to 5.0%.

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Town of Eatonville, Florida Schedule of Contributions and Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return Police Officers' Pension Fund

Schedule of Contributions Last 10 Fiscal Years

		Co	ntribution				
		in F	Relation to				Percentage
	Actuarially	A	ctuarially	Co	ntribution		of Covered
Year	Determined	d Required			(Excess)	Covered	Payroll
Ended	Contribution	Co	ontribution Deficiency		Payroll	Contributed	
September 30	(a)		(b)		(a-b)	(c)	(b/c)
2023	\$ -	\$	57,066	\$	(57,066)	\$ 636,060	8.97%
2022	-		18,876		(18,876)	653,620	2.89%
2021	-		-		-	592,560	0.00%
2020	-		16,839		(16,839)	613,500	2.74%
2019	1,896		32,160		(30,264)	631,956	5.09%
2018	1,768		29,803		(28,035)	589,220	5.06%
2017	1,084		22,340		(21,256)	568,100	3.93%
2016	1,084		8,484		(7,400)	560,200	1.51%
2015	9,240		10,398		(1,158)	577,474	1.80%
2014	8,734		28,231		(19,497)	599,025	4.71%

	Annual Money-
Year	Weighted
Ended	Rate of
September 30	Return
2023	4.23%
2022	3.62%
2021	8.11%
2020	(1.03%)
2019	5.19%
2018	9.50%
2017	9.50%
2016	9.72%
2015	1.72%
2014	8.85%

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OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Town of Eatonville, Florida Schedule of Revenues and Expenses Compared to Budget (Budgetary Basis) Enterprise Fund – Water and Sewer Fund

	Water and Sewer							
				/ariance				
	Final			F	Positive/			
For the year ended September 30, 2023	Budget		Actual	(Negative)				
Operating Revenues								
Charges for services	\$ 1,139,511	\$	1,110,417	\$	(29,094)			
Total operating revenues	1,139,511		1,110,417		(29,094)			
Operating Expenses								
Personnel services	253,207		196,387		56,820			
Operating	1,390,051		738,242		651,809			
Total operating expenses	1,643,258		934,629		708,629			
Operating income (loss)	(503,747)		175,788		679,535			
Non operating revenues								
Non-operating revenues	E02 747				E02 747			
Operating grant revenue	503,747		-		503,747			
Transfers	-		55,000		(55,000)			
Total non-operating revenues	503,747		55,000		(55,000)			
Total non operating revenues	303,747		33,000		(33,000)			
Excess of revenues over expenses	\$ -	\$	230,788	\$	624,535			

Note: Depreciation expense of \$398,388 is not budgeted and, therefore, is not included on this schedule.

Town of Eatonville, Florida Schedule of Revenues and Expenses Compared to Budget (Budgetary Basis) Enterprise Fund – Solid Waste Fund

	Solid Waste					
					\	/ariance
		Final			F	ositive/
For the year ended September 30, 2023	Budget		Actual		(Negative)	
Operating Revenues						
Charges for services	\$	360,000	\$	330,643	\$	(29,357)
Total operating revenues		360,000		330,643		(29,357)
Operating Expenses						
Operating		293,550		317,673		(24,123)
						_
Total operating expenses		293,550		317,673		(24,123)
Excess of (deficiency) revenues over (under) expenses	\$	66,450	\$	12,970	\$	(53,480)

Town of Eatonville,

Schedule of Revenues and Expenses Compared to Budget (Budgetary Basis) Enterprise Fund – Stormwater Fund

	Stormwater					
					\	/ariance
		Final			F	Positive/
For the year ended September 30, 2023	Budget		Actual		(Negative)	
Operating Revenues						
Charges for services	\$	219,336	\$	190,017	\$	(29,319)
Total operating revenues		219,336		190,017		(29,319)
Total operating revenues		213,330		130,017		(23,313)
Operating Expenses						
Personnel services		136,198		84,193		52,005
Operating		83,138		60,931		22,207
Total operating expenses		219,336		145,124		74,212
Excess of revenues over expenses	\$	_	\$	44,893	\$	44,893

Note: Depreciation expense of \$1,173 is not budgeted and, therefore, is not included on this schedule.

OTHER AUDITOR'S REPORTS

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1031 West Morse Boulevard Suite 200 Winter Park, FL 32789

Carr, Riggs

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Eatonville, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Eatonville, Florida (the Town), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated DATE.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2023-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

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Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2023-002.

Town's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Town's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings. The Town's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CARR, RIGGS & INGRAM, LLC

Orlando, Florida

DATE

2023-001 Financial Reporting (Repeat material weakness finding)

Criteria: All transactions should be recorded in accordance with GAAP. The financial close process should include evaluation, reconciliations and adjustments to ensure accrual of respective accounts.

Condition: Multiple transactions were not recorded consistently with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Cause of Condition: Transactions inconsistent with GAAP were recorded improperly due to lack of oversight or insufficient knowledge. Transactions were not recorded appropriately as part of the financial close and reconciliation process.

Effect of Condition: The Town's financial statements were materially misstated prior to audit adjustments. The following adjustments were made:

- \$198,000 to correct accounts receivable allowance for bad debt and revenue-Enterprise
- \$318,000 to correct prior year payable entry for impact fees
- \$306,000 to correct accounts receivable for funds received and error in journal entry to estimated revenue-General
- \$26,000 to correct a debit to revenue that should have been recorded as a reduction to liabilities-General
- \$398,388 to adjust depreciation on capital assets-Enterprise
- \$1,525,581 to correctly remove rebate amounts recognized in revenue and adjust cash-CRA
- \$280,900 to correct expenditures and duplicate entries through cash from bank reconciliation process-General
- \$163,000 to record current reduction of deferred inflows and lease receivable of lessor lease balances under GASB 87 implementation-General
- \$1,342,088 to properly account for the balances between the due to/from other funds-General/Enterprise/CRA

Recommendations: We recommend the Finance Department ensure adjustments are made to reflect all activity on the GAAP basis and all filings are timely made as part of the financial close process. We recommend reconciliations be performed through accounts to ensure activity is properly recorded.

Views of Responsible Officials: See page 70-71 for management's response to the finding.

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2023-002 Debt Covenant Compliance (Repeat compliance finding)

Criteria: The Town's State Revolving Fund Loan (SRF) agreements require the Town maintain rates and charges for services furnished by the water and sewer systems, which will be sufficient to provide pledged revenues equal to or exceeding 1.15 times the sum of the Town's semiannual loan payments due in such fiscal year. Pledged revenues are derived from the operation of the water and sewer systems after payment of the operation and maintenance expenses of the system.

Condition: The Town did not meet the pledged revenue coverage covenant required by its SRF loan agreements.

Cause of Condition: The Town has not maintained sufficient water and sewer rates to cover the costs of operating the water and sewer systems.

Effect of Condition: Not meeting compliance requirements is an event of default on the loan, which provides certain remedies allowed to the lender in the loan agreement. Among such remedies are calling the loan, increasing the financing rate, intercepting delinquent amounts from unobligated funds due to the Town through the State, or applying for a court to appoint a receiver to manage the water and sewer systems, including setting rates, collecting revenues and applying those revenues to the loan balance.

Recommendations: We recommend that a rate study be completed and implemented to increase revenue generated from water and sewer charges for services to ensure the pledged revenue coverage covenant is met.

Views of Responsible Officials: See pages 70-71 for management's response to the finding.

Town of Eatonville,

Management's Corrective Action Plan

Management's Corrective Action Plan



TOWN OF EATONVILLE

"THE OLDEST BLACK INCORPORATED MUNICIPALITY IN AMERICA"

2023-001 Financial Reporting (Repeat material weakness finding)

Criteria: All transactions should be recorded in accordance with GAAP. The financial close process should include evaluation and adjustments to ensure accrual of respective accounts.

Condition: Multiple transactions were not recorded consistently with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Cause of Condition: Transactions inconsistent with GAAP were recorded improperly due to lack of oversight or insufficient knowledge. Transactions were not recorded appropriately as part of the financial close and reconciliation process.

Effect of Condition: The Town's financial statements were materially misstated prior to audit adjustments. The following adjustments were made:

- \$198,000 to correct accounts receivable allowance for bad debt-Enterprise
- \$318,000 to correct prior year payable entry for impact fees
- \$306,000 to correct accounts receivable for funds received and error in journal entry to estimate revenue –
 General
- \$26.000 to correct a debit to revenue that should have been recorded as a reduction to liabilities General
- \$398,000 to adjust depreciation on capital assets-Enterprise
- \$1,525,581 to correctly remove rebate amount recognized in revenue and adjust cash-CRA
- \$280,900 to correct expenditures and duplicate entries through cash from bank reconciliation process-General
- \$163,000 to record current reduction of deferred inflows and lease receivable of lessor lease balances under GASB 87 implementation-General
- \$1,342,088 to properly account for the balances between the due to/from other funds-General/Enterprise/CRA

Recommendations: We recommend the Finance Department ensure adjustments are made to reflect all activity on the GAAP basis and all filings are timely made as part of the financial close process. We recommend reconciliations be performed through accounts to ensure activity is properly recorded.

Views of Responsible Officials:

In response the financial reporting repeat material weakness findings, please note several of the findings were attributed to the misstated trial balance mitigated between the old to the new system software, which had to be readjusted (\$280,900 \$306,000 and \$318,000) due to the prior year audit close-out being completed in FY23.

During Fiscal Year 2022, the Town of Eatonville purchased a new financial software system to help alleviate future recording errors to allow us to work more efficiently and effectively. However, due to the data mitigation occurring during the FY22 audit and the current operating of FY23; we still experienced some repeated issues with the material weakness findings.

In addition, the entries finding were a result of the trial balance from the old system not being updated correctly in the new system book balance. This was a result of the prior year (FY22) audit information not being migrated into the new software system upon January 1, 2023. Upon the completion of the FY23 audit, we are expecting that this data will be updated in FY24 and completed prior to the upcoming FY25. Our goal in the Finance Department is to always work in excellence and to ensure we are in compliance with the United States of America (GAAP) accounting principles, which will prevent and minimize any future occurrences.

Town of Eatonville,

Management's Corrective Action Plan

Management's Corrective Action Plan (Continued)



TOWN OF EATONVILLE

"THE OLDEST BLACK INCORPORATED MUNICIPALITY IN AMERICA"

2023-002 Debt Covenant Compliance (Repeat compliance finding)

Criteria: The Town's State Revolving Fund Loan (SRF) agreements require the Town maintain rates and charges for services furnished by the water and sewer systems, which will be sufficient to provide pledged revenues equal to or exceeding 1.15 times the sum of the Town's semiannual loan payments due in such fiscal year. Pledged revenues are derived from the operation of the water and sewer systems after payment of the operation and maintenance expenses of the system.

Condition: The Town did not meet the pledged revenue coverage covenant required by its SRF loan agreements.

Cause of Condition: The Town has not maintained sufficient water and sewer rates to cover the costs of operating the water and sewer systems.

Effect of Condition: Not meeting compliance requirements is an event of default on the loan, which provides certain remedies allowed to the lender in the loan agreement. Among such remedies are calling the loan, increasing the financing rate, intercepting delinquent amounts from unobligated funds due to the Town through the State, or applying for a court to appoint a receiver to manage the water and sewer systems, including setting rates, collecting revenues and applying those revenues to the loan balance.

Recommendations: We recommend that a rate study be completed and implemented to increase revenue generated from water and sewer charges for services to ensure the pledged revenue coverage covenant is met.

Views of Responsible Officials:

The Town of Eatonville is currently and over the past years been adhering to the requirements of the SRF loan agreements; we are still working with Florida Rural Water Association to complete the Water Rate Study. The Town has completed the asset management part of this study, and it will be presented at the September 3, 2024, Town Council Meeting.

Please note, we are diligently working and during October 2024, we will host a first and second reading to the Town Council and residents for approval and implementation of the new water rate structure. In addition, between the two scheduled Town Council meetings our goal is to host a community meeting to inform the residents and answer any questions in regard to the final water rate study and upcoming rate changes.

Once the new rate structure is implemented, this will allow us to increase and support the rates and charges for services offered by the water and sewer systems, which will ensure we are able to meet the pledged revenue coverage covenant.



Carr. Riggs Section VIII. Item #4.

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MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Eatonville, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Town of Eatonville, Florida (the Town) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated DATE.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated DATE, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Audit findings 2023-001 and 2023-002 are repeat findings from the preceding two annual financial audit reports.

Tabulation of Uncorrected Audit Findings						
Current Year Finding #	2022-2021 FY Finding #	2021-2020 FY Finding #				
2023-001	2022-001	2021-001				
2023-002	2022-002	2021-002				

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority of the Town of Eatonville, Florida and its component unit are disclosed in the footnotes.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the Town has met one of more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Town did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Town's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Special Information

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we did not note any special district component units that failed to provide the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we noted the following noncompliance.

DC 2023-003 Debt Covenant

Criteria: Pursuant to SRF loan agreements, the audit report is to be completed within nine months of the fiscal year end in accordance with Rules of the Auditor General.

Condition: Audit report for fiscal year September 30, 2023, was not completed within nine months of the fiscal year in accordance with index of the flucitor fiener. I.

Cause of Condition: The audit report was not completed within required timeline due to delays in audit support and information.

Potential Effect of Condition: The Town is not in compliance with the debt covenant to complete their audit within nine months of the fiscal year.

Recommendations: We recommend that procedures be put in place to prepare reconciliations and schedules to facilitate a timely audit that would be completed within nine months of fiscal year in accordance with Rules of the Auditor General.

Management's Response: We concur with the finding. There were delays due to staffing shortage in the finance department as well as new system migration. We are hiring additional staff to ensure that all future reporting deadlines are met.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CARR, RIGGS & INGRAM, LLC

Orlando, Florida

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH LOCAL GOVERNMENT INVESTMENT POLICIES

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Eatonville, Florida

We have examined the Town of Eatonville, Florida's (the Town) compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, during the year ended September 30, 2023. Management of the Town is responsible for the Town's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Town's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Town complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Town complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and to meet our ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the examination engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Town's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Town complied, in all material respects, with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, for the year ended September 30, 2023.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Town's Council, management and the State of Florida Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Orlando, Florida

DATE