

#### PUBLIC SAFETY COMMITTEE MEETING AGENDA Commission Chamber Tuesday, July 11, 2023 1:15 PM

## PUBLIC SAFETY

- **1.** Motion to approve acceptance of ARPA State Fiscal Recovery Fund Public Safety and Community Violence Reduction Grant Program.
- **2.** Approve assigning the honorary name designation of Deacon Charlie Griffin Sr Way to Maple Street.
- **<u>3.</u>** Renaming of Hall Street "Honorary Frank Yerby Street". (**Requested by Commissioner Jordan Johnson**)
- **4.** Accept an award in the amount of \$6,000.00 from the Department of Homeland Security for the Richmond County Sheriff's Office Bomb K-9 Unit. The monies will assist RCSO in sustaining the Bomb-K-9 unit.
- 5. Motion to approve the purchase of Downtown Video Security Enhancements
- **<u>6.</u>** Accept an award from Georgia Grants –Public Safety and Community Violence Reduction Grant Program
- 7. Motion to approve the FY2024 Criminal Justice Coordinating Council grant award for the Juvenile Justice Incentive Grant in the amount of \$450,000
- **8.** Motion to approve the minutes of the Public Safety Committee held on June 13, 2023.



# Public Safety Committee

Meeting Date: July 11, 2023

Public Safety and Community Violence Reduction Grant

Department:	Marshal's Office
Presenter:	Capt. Jeff Barrett, Exec. Officer
Caption:	Motion to approve acceptance of ARPA State Fiscal Recovery Fund Public Safety and Community Violence Reduction Grant Program
<b>Background:</b>	In order to meet the immediate court security needs as recommended by the Georgia Standards for the Security of Courthouses and Other Court Facilities written by the Georgia Council of Superior Court Judges and the Georgia Sheriff's Association, we have been preliminarily accepted to receive funds for security screening equipment and technology to mitigate or reduce the possibility of gun crimes in our courts. Some of these measures would include modern walk-through screening systems; X-ray equipment for bags and packages; video monitoring station, and facility access control technologies. We need new equipment for the addition of juvenile court and our existing equipment at our other facilities are dated and don't have the advanced features that are seen across the industry today.
Analysis:	Accepting this grant will provide for greater screening capabilities and improved security at the various court facilities.
Financial Impact:	The grant is for \$1,578,558.30 with no local match.
Alternatives:	None recommended
<b>Recommendation:</b>	Approve accepting grant as outlined
Funds are available in the following accounts:	Fund 220
<b>REVIEWED AND</b>	

<u>REVIEWED AND</u> <u>APPROVED BY:</u>

#### **Craig Eldridge**

From: Sent: To: Subject: noreply@mail.smapply.net Thursday, June 8, 2023 9:02 AM Craig Eldridge [EXTERNAL] Notification of Awarded Grant Application

## **Office of Planning and Budget**

Dear Grantee,

The Governor's Office of Planning and Budget is pleased to inform you that your application has been selected for preliminary funding under the ARPA State Fiscal Recovery Fund Public Safety and Community Violence Reduction Grant Program, pending a final budget review and approval.

You will receive an email from our grants management system, GeorgiaGrants with award follow up and instructions for the next steps. This includes the following:

Step 1. <u>Sign Terms and Conditions (T&C)</u> Step 2. <u>Georgia Grants Portal Access</u> Step 3. <u>Vendor Management Form and W-9</u>

Step 4: Final Budget Approval

You will need to log back into Survey Monkey Apply after Monday 6/12/23 to complete step 3 of the post-award process outlined above. You will have 60 days to complete this task. In the meantime, please take a moment to view our orientation video <u>here.</u> Award amounts were based on the requested ARPA funding amount. Your award budget has been amended to include a 10% contingency line item for approved cost overruns in the event that the actual costs of your project exceed the planned approved budget. To utilize this contingency line for cost overruns, your organization will be required to submit a <u>budget adjustment request</u> with a narrative and supporting documentation to demonstrate the cost overrun. This and other next step action items will be discussed in a mandatory onboarding webinar. The registration for this onboarding webinar is forthcoming and will be emailed to awardees.

For any immediate questions, please contact us at grants@opb.georgia.gov.

We look forward to working with you,

**OPB** Grants

You are receiving this email from Office of Planning and Budget.

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	powered by	
×	is hing anongo tayi ati wa Hanani (Hanamani amana da-dagi) ifi agalan ku Isabarad Anongo tayi ati wa	

[NOTICE: This message originated outside of the City of Augusta's mail system -- DO NOT CLICK on links, open attachments or respond to requests for information unless you are sure the content is safe.]

# My Grants

The Governor's Office of Planning and Budget (OPB) is responsible for distributing and oversight of the Federal grants. If you have any questions, please contact grants@opb.georgia.gov (mailto:grants@opb.georgia.gov).

Grant Application ID	GA-0013862 (/grantopportunities/new-application/?id=ef00e69a-1606 -ee11-8f6d-001dd8068adb)
Grantee	Augusta Richmond Cnty GA Marshal's Office
Grant Application Name	Weapons Reduction Court Security
Grant	Public Safety and Community Violence Reduction
Grant Approval Status	Awarded
Awarded Amount	\$1,578,558.30
Amount Approved	\$0.00
Amount Drawn	\$0.00
	Designed Man Lee Design

**Request Vendor Form** 

#### AUGUSTA, GEORGIA New Grant Proposal/Application

Before a Department/agency may apply for the grant/award on behalf of Augusta Richmond County, they must first obtain approval signature from the Administrator and the Finance Director. The Administrator will obtain information on the grant program and requirements from the funding agency and review these for feasibility to determine if this grant/award will benefit Augusta Richmond County. The Finance Director will review the funding requirement to determine if the grant will fit within our budget structure and financial goals.

Proj	posal	Project ]	No.	<b>Project</b>	Title					
	0417	MARSH	ALS	FY2023-	2026 OPB grt for	r Juvenile Ct				
REQ	UESTIN	NG GRAN	IT F	ROM TH	E GEORGIA GC	VERNOR C	FFICE O	F PLANNING A	ND BUDGET FOR	THE PURPOSE OF
SEC	URITY	EQUIPM	ENT	'IN THE	NEW JUVENILI	E COURT B	JILDINC	TO BE LOCAT	ED AT 1001 4TH A	UGUSTA, GA30901.
/ LC	OCAL M	ATCH R	EQU	IRED (Y	N): N / EEO RE	QUIRED (Y	/N): N / ]	EEO NOTIFIED	(Y/N): N	
Start Date:	02/28/				End Date:	06/30/2020	5			
Submit Date	•			/2022	Department			Marshall	Cash Match?	N
Total Budge	tea Am	ount: 1,4	33,0:	52.77	Total Fundi	ng Agency:		1 <b>,435,052.77</b>	Total Cash Match	0.00
		Sponsor:	GN	/0047	U.S. Dept. of I	reasury				
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	FA	К. 1	LAIV		11/22/20	44	-	-	Sal.	Andala
							Gra	nt Coordinator	Signature:	ypain
1.) I have re	eviewed	the Grant	appl	lication ar	nd enclosed mater	rials and:				0
					e needs of Augus		County			
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Finance	e Directo	WT		mart		Da		JACKE		
2.) I have	reviewed	d the Gran	nt apj	plication a	and enclosed mate	erials and:				
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Administrator

This form will also be used to provide the external auditors with information on all grants for compliance and certification requirements as required by the State and Federal Government.

Date



# **Public Safety Committee**

July 11, 2023

Honorary Name Designation

Department:	Information Technology
Presenter:	Evelyn Chanti, Information Technology GIS Manager
Caption:	Approve assigning the honorary name designation of Deacon Charlie Griffin Sr Way to Maple Street.
Background:	Deacon Darryl R Griffin, on behalf of the family of Charlie W. Griffin Sr, initiated a request for an honorary road name designation for Maple St to honor Deacon Charlie Griffin Sr. The request has been endorsed by Commissioner Stacy Pulliam and Commissioner Francine Scott. Deacon Charlie Griffin Sr was a pillar of the community. He served as a teacher and counselor during his forty-two years of service to Good Samaritan Missionary Baptist Church on Maple St. Deacon Griffin was raised at 1555 Maple St, where he later raised his seven children. The family property, which was purchased in the early 1940s, is still in the Griffin family.
Analysis:	Deacon Charlie Griffin, Sr. was ordained as a Deacon of Good Samaritan Baptist Church in 1963. His wife unexpectedly passed away in 1965 and as a single father was able to raise productive, professional children. In addition to supporting his family and his church, Deacon Griffin was also active in his broader community. He was often called to counsel kids and young adults in the neighborhood. If a child got in trouble with the justice system, Deacon Griffin would go to court with the family to advocate for them and provide assistance. He also advocated for important issues in his community, meeting with Augusta leaders to address needs. He was a founder of the Bethlehem Action Committee (BAC). He also helped seniors in the community by helping them apply for services or taking them to doctor's visits, the grocery store, or to vote. The honorary designation request is for Maple St. because this is where Deacon Charlie Griffin Sr was an active leader of his community. Living Status: deceased.
Financial Impact:	Cost for road signs – Paid
Alternatives:	
<b>Recommendation:</b>	Approve assigning the honorary designation of Deacon Charlie Griffin Sr Way to Maple St.
Funds are available in the following accounts:	Cost for placement of honorary road name signs and application – Paid 2 signs – Beginning and End of Maple St at the intersections with Nicholas St and Sherman St

# **REVIEWED AND**N/A**APPROVED BY:**

Augusta GEORGIA

IT-GIS Division Honorary Road Naming Request

Click here for general guidelines

Honorary Designations allow citizens the opportunity to honor people that have made significant contributions to the Augusta Richmond County community. Honorary designations can be made in memory of an individual. Honorary road names will be displayed for a ten (10) year period. The sign will then be turned over to the individual that applied for the naming, unless renewed. IT-GIS will only accept a maximum of ten (10) designations per calendar year. Road designations will be determined on a case by case basis

#### **Applicant Information**

Date *	5/11/2023		
Applicant*	Commissioners Francine Scott and Stacy	Pulliam for: Darryl Griffin	
Property Owner/Other *	<ul> <li>Property Owner</li> <li>Other</li> </ul>		
Other	Other		
If Other	On behalf of the Griffin Family and Good Samaritan Missionary Baptist Church		
Mailing Address *	Street Address 841 Sparkleberry Rd Address Line 2		
	City	State / Province / Region	
	Evans	GA	
	Postal / Zip Code	Country	
	30809	Columbia	
Phone Number *	706-831-0515		
Email*	drgrif53@comcast.net		
Request Inform	ation		

Road Ownership *	Public Private	ltem 2.
	State	
Current Road Name	Maple St	
Proposed Honorary Road Name <sup>*</sup>	Deacon Charlie Griffin Sr Way	
A) Alternate Honorar Road Name	<b>y</b> Deacon Charlie W Griffin Sr Way	
Number of Honorary Road Name Signs <sup>*</sup>	2	
Location Of Roa	ad	
Point of Beginning	1400 Maple St	
Point of Ending	1561 Maple St	
Reason For Proposed Request		
Reason For Request	Letter submitted to Commissioner Scott prior to this application.	

#### CAPTION

Commissioner Endorsement for the honorary road name of Deacon Charlie Griffin Sr Way to Maple St in Augusta GA 30901.

#### ANALYSIS

Applicant, Darryl Griffin, of Evans, requests Commissioner endorsement for the abovementioned honorary road naming.

#### **Commissioner Endorsement Signatures**

I hereby do approve the Honorary Designation of Deacon Charlie Griffin Sr Way to Maple St.

District 2, Commissioner Stacy Pulliam

Super District 9, Commissioner Francine Scott

5 25 23





Good Samaritan Missionary Baptist Church

1556 Maple Street Augusta, GA 30901 (706) 722-5853 Rev Bruce Bias Sr., Pastor



To: Commissioner Francine Scott & Fellow County Commissioners From: Good Samaritan Missionary Baptist Church

Date: December 29,2022

First, we say "Thank You" for your service to the people of Augusta Richmond County. We appreciate the time, energy and effort you exude into making Augusta a better place to live. It is our prayer that you will continue to keep the best interest of our citizens and city on the forefront.

As we reflect upon devoted and dedicated service to our citizens, we think about the life of the late Chairman Emeritus Deacon Charlie W. Griffin, Sr. He was a real pillar of strength, guidance, support and direction for our community. The immeasurable love for his family, his church and his community still shadow us today. Deacon Griffin served as a teacher and counselor during his forty-two years of public service. His absence has left a void in his family, church and community. Therefore, the Good Samaritan Baptist family, humbly ask The Commission to honorarily name Maple Street for Chairman Emeritus Deacon Charlie W. Griffin Sr. This honor will be very rewarding to the life and legacy of the Late Deacon Charlie Griffin, Sr.

Prayerfully submitted,

The Good Samaritan Church Family,

Rev. Bruce Bias. Sr.

Senior Pastor

Chairman, Board of Deacons

Canmen Battle

# A Profile of Love, Goodwill and Courage

Deacon Charlie W. Griffin Sr.



"An Advocate for Education"

The undersign names, support honorarily naming Maple Street for Deacon Charlie W. Griffin Sr.

Name	Address	Telephone Number
annie gareny	1534 maple	7067246288
annie Dardner	1536 maple	7567746288
annie paraner	1532 martle	7867246288
amie Wight	1523 maple St	706-373-9544
Come Ecuice	1524 maple It	706 373-9544
agine Service	1528 maple St	736-3739544
· Wrane & Ronsig	7537 Maple st	706-231-274e
Joseph Burns	1514	404-427-0067
Sent Cmail	.1525	Sentin Ticker
To Comm. Scott		

## A Profile of Love, Goodwill, and Courage

Deacon Charlie W. Griffin, Sr.



"An Advocate for Education"

#### To: Commissioner Francine, Honorable Mayor and Augusta-Richmond County Commissioners

Subject: Requesting that Maple Street in Augusta, GA be honorarily named for

#### Deacon Charlie W. Griffin, Sr.

In 1936, our grandmother, Mattie Thomas Griffin, moved with four of her nine children to Augusta from McBean, GA after her husband Mills Griffin passed away. She moved into a house in the 1600 block of Old Savannah Road, and then, in the early 1940s, purchased a home at 1555 Maple Street.

After our grandmother passed away, her third youngest, Charlie Griffin, decided to stay and make 1555 Maple Street his home, where he would marry our mother, Gladys Curry Griffin, and raise eight children. This property is still in the Griffin family.

In 1963, Charlie Griffin, Sr. was ordained as a Deacon of Good Samaritan Baptist Church, where he served as Chairman of the Deacon Board for many, many years, training many Deacons to be good Disciples. Deacon Charlie Griffin continued faithfully serving as Chairman Emeritus until his death in 2005.

Our mother unexpectedly passed away in 1965 at the age of 44, leaving our father, who was 46, to raise the five children who were still in the home. There were four boys: Alfred, age 17; Dennis, age 15; Carl, age 13; Darryl, age 11; and one girl: Patricia, age 18 who was in her first year at Savannah State, but still called Augusta home. The other three children (Evelyn, Carolyn, and Charlie, Jr.) were adults and had left home.

Mom left behind a perfect dad; he was heaven sent. From the time of our mom's death on April 26,1965, our dad would cook breakfast every morning before we went to school and before he went to work at Fort Gordon. Our dad would cook dinner every evening after work. Our dad did this for six years until I, his last child, was a senior in high school. Our dad was very active in the PTA until I went to high school. He attended most PTA meetings and stayed involved in our education. Deacon Griffin knew a lot of the principals and teachers in the community through his PTA involvement or through involvement with different churches throughout the Augusta area. We were all raised in the church, not going wasn't an option.

Deacon Griffin was also a Sunday School teacher, the Sunday School Superintendent, and one of the founding members of the Good Samaritan Scholarship Funds Committee. His eighth-grade education did not hold him back. He was an avid reader and a well-spoken gentleman. He loved the spoken word and would read poems in churches all over Augusta. His favorite books of the Bible were Acts and First Timothy, which both speak of the work of a Deacon. Deacon Griffin took his discipleship and his work as a Deacon very seriously.

Good Samaritan Baptist Church was so important to him. He always found ways to contribute and put his faith into action. Deacon Griffin walked up and down Maple, Sherman, and David Streets, selling dinners to help fund the then yet-to-be built Fellowship Hall. His vision was to see the church build a multi-building campus and to enlarge the footprint of the church campus to better serve the community. On July 11, 2005 the Good Samaritan Baptist Church Fellowship Hall was renamed the Boston-Griffin Common.

While raising four boys and training them to be respectful and responsible, Deacon Griffin helped four of his children go through college or technical school. Education and service were values that endured in the Griffin home. Eventually six of the Griffin children went on to the military or to complete college or technical school. All of his children grew up, got married and lived productive professional lives, and had wonderful families and successful children. Three of Deacon Griffin's sons were ordained as Deacons, though one of these is now deceased. Two sons and a son in-law also served as Chairs of their respective Deacon Boards.

In addition, Deacon Griffin's son, Alfred T. Griffin, was the Superintendent of the Highland Avenue Water Filter Plant until his passing in 2007. In August 2009, the Augusta-Richmond County Commission dedicated and named the Highland Avenue Water Treatment Plant Administration Building in his honor.

In addition to supporting his family and his church, Deacon Griffin was also active in his broader community. He was often called to counsel kids and young adults in the neighborhood, as well as men in his church, if they ran into problems and needed help. If a child got in trouble with the justice system, Deacon Griffin would go to court with the family to advocate for them and provide assistance with a path to get them back on the right track.

It must have been hard for a forty-six-year-old widower and single father to stay focused and raise four boys who were under twenty years of age, while working a full-time job, and being active in the church, the PTA, and the wider community. But as you can see, Deacon Griffin's teachings and training paid off for us. Deacon Charlie Griffin was soft spoken but respected.

Again, while raising children, being active with the schools and his church, Deacon Griffin still made time to do other work for his community. He would meet with the Augusta City Council and mayors as far back as Mayor George Sancken to Mayor DeVaney to speak up for the needs of his community. He advocated for many important issues including paving streets, addressing flooding in the Picquet Ave and Dr. MLK Jr. Boulevard area (known as Milledgeville Road back then) and anything else that needed attention called to it. In his later years, Deacon Griffin joined with the late **Addie Powell**, the late **Deacon Wille Cooper Sr**. and **Mrs. Annie Gardner** to continue to lobby for paving streets and placing streetlights in their community. They founded the Bethlehem Action Committee (BAC), later called the Bethlehem Community Association.

After Deacon Griffin retired from Fort Gordon in 1974, after 34 years of service, he was able to help the seniors in the community. Deacon Griffin did everything from helping them apply for Social Security, SSI, or taking them to doctors' visits, to the grocery store and to vote. One of the ladies in the community asked Deacon Griffin to serve as her Power of Attorney and the executor of her estate. Deacon Griffin faithfully carried out his duty in this role, included arranging her homegoing and burial services.

In 1981 after all his children had finished school, gotten married, and started families, Deacon Griffin was united in marriage to Gladys English Griffin. They shared a loving relationship until her death in 1995.

Although Deacon Griffin had dreams and aspirations for a better community and a better Augusta, he did not live to see the reformation of the Bethlehem area that he and other community activists, who were forementioned, started putting in motion many years prior. Still, the evidence is clear that much of what exists today began with the work that he and others set in motion during their time.

By this letter, we, Deacon Charlie W. Griffin's family, request that Maple Street in Augusta, GA be honorarily named in his honor. Deacon Griffin's name brings to mind strength of character, and words like dedication, hardworking, charismatic, fun-loving, unselfish, trustworthy, quiet- spoken, God-fearing, sensitive, humble-spirit, and faithful husband, loving father, grandfather and great-grandfather. All of the traits of this courageous man and servant disciple, will forever be remembered. We respectfully submit this request to honor his name, his social activism, and his humble service to the Augusta-area family that he faithfully served. By doing so, his legacy and his indelible impact will continue to live on.

Thank you for your consideration,

Sincerely,

Darryl R. Griffin,

On Behalf of Deacon Charlie Griffin's loving family:

#### His four living children:

Carolyn Boone

**Dennis Griffin** 

Deacon Carl Griffin

Deacon Darryl Griffin (Lorine)

(Continued...)

 His deceased children: Evelyn Melton
 Deacon Charlie Griffin Jr.
 Patricia Caine
 Alfred Griffin

#### Sons-in-law:

Deacon Alvin Melton Sr. (Evelyn, Deceased)

Deacon Robert Caine (Patricia, Deceased)

William Boone (Deceased) (Carolyn)

#### Daughters-in-law:

Nancy Griffin (Alfred, Deceased) Lorice O. Griffin (Charlie, Jr., Deceased) Yvonne Griffin (Deceased) (Carl) Lorine Griffin

An abundance of grandchildren, great-grandchildren, nieces, nephews, cousins, and friends, and his church and community members, who loved him dearly.

We respectfully and graciously ask for your consideration. Thank you.



# **Public Safety Committee**

July 11, 2023

Renaming of Hall Street

Department:	N/A
Presenter:	N/A
Caption:	Renaming of Hall Street "Honorary Frank Yerby Street". ( <b>Requested by Commissioner Jordan Johnson</b> )
Background:	N/A
Analysis:	N/A
Financial Impact:	N/A
Alternatives:	N/A
<b>Recommendation:</b>	N/A
Funds are available in the following accounts:	
<u>REVIEWED AND</u> <u>APPROVED BY:</u>	N/A

#### Lena Bonner

From:CommissioSent:WednesdayTo:Lena BonneCc:Natasha L.Subject:Agenda Iter

Commissioner Jordan Johnson Wednesday, July 5, 2023 10:55 AM Lena Bonner Natasha L. McFarley; Takiyah A. Douse Agenda Items for next Committee Item 3

19

Hi Ms. Bonner,

Would you add the following to the appropriate committee agendas:

- a. Renaming of Hall Street, "Honorary Frank Yerby Street
- b. Discuss installing park equipment at Eastview Park

In Solidarity,

Jordan Johnson Augusta Commission, District 1 Public Service Committee - Vice Chair Engineering Services - Member Liasion to the Richmond County School System 706-564-9356 augustaga.gov

"Our problems are manmade; therefore, they can be solved by man. No problem of human destiny is beyond human beings." - President John F. Kennedy

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Item 3.



**Public Safety Committee** 

7/11/2023

Accept an award from Georgia Emergency Management Agency (GEMA) in the amount of \$6,000.00 to enhance the Richmond County Sheriff's Office Bomb Canine Unit

Department:	Richmond County Sheriff's Office (RCSO)
Presenter:	N/A
Caption:	Accept an award in the amount of \$6,000.00 from the Department of Homeland Security for the Richmond County Sheriff's Office Bomb K-9 Unit. The monies will assist RCSO in sustaining the Bomb-K-9 unit.
Background:	The Department of Homeland Security through the Georgia Emergency Management Agency (GEMA) has awarded \$6,000.00 to the Richmond County Sheriff's Office Bomb K-9 Unit to assist in sustaining the unit. The RCSO K-9 Unit will use the monies to purchase supplies, food, and medical expenses for the Bomb K-9 dogs.
Analysis:	None
Financial Impact:	This is a 100% reimbursable grant. Upon completion of purchases, RCSO will submit reimbursement request to GEMA.
Alternatives:	None
<b>Recommendation:</b>	Accept the award of \$6,000.00 from the Department of Homeland Security to assist in sustaining the RCSO Bomb K-9 program.
Funds are available in the following accounts:	NA -100% Reimbursable from grant
<u>REVIEWED AND</u> <u>APPROVED BY:</u>	

2022 State Homeland Security Progr...

**Richmond County Sheriff** 

Application - EOD K9 ~ ga.emgrants.com

Account for 2022 (SHSP) - Richmond...

# Project #35: Application - EOD K9

**Routing Complete** 

Application Sumn	nary	Grant
Workflow Summa	ry	2022 State Home Security Program
Current Step:	7) Complete Description: Complete	State Homeland S Program Start Date: Octobe
<b>Recipients:</b>	HSGP Grants Specialist (Full Access (State))	End Date: Septem 2024
Last Advanced:	Jan 11, 2023 at 3:49 PM by Olivia Hollowell	Work Deadline: Se 30, 2024 CFDA Number: 97
Last Note Added:	Jan 11, 2023 at 3:49 PM by Olivia Hollowell	Applicant
Submission:	Jun 6, 2022 at 4:53 PM by Donald McVean	Richmond Count

eland m Security er 1, 2022 nber 30, September 7.067

ity Sheriff Name (Legal): Richmond **County Sheriff's Office Richmond County** UEI: FIPS: 24599245 FEIN #: 58-6000881 Vendor # (Applicant): 000002434 DUNS #: 073438418 Type: SHERIFF DEPARTMENT Physical: 400 Walton Way Augusta, GA, 309012438 Mailing: 400 Walton Way Augusta, 30901-2438 Augusta, GA, 309012438

#### Project

F#S#35 EOD K9 EOD K9 Explosive Ordnance Disposal w/K9 Partner 22

ltem 4.

Project POP Deadline: September 30, 2024 Eligible: \$6,000.00 Un-Expended Eligible: \$6,000.00 6/23/23, 11:55 AM

# Introduction

Summary Information	
Grant:	2022 State Homeland Security Program
Project Discipline Type:	Explosive Ordnance Disposal w/K9 Partner
Title:	EOD K9
	Used to help identify the Project. Ex: "Jurisdiction - Project Name".
Investment:	
Project Capabilities Type:	Sustaining Existing Capabilities
Project Jurisdiction Description:	Law Enforcement - Richmond County
Does the project require an MOU to a State Agency?	Yes

Primary Contact:	Donald McVean - Corporal
	Edit
	Email Address: Dmcvean@augustaga.gov
	Phone: 706-825-3393
Alternate Contact:	Gabriel Garner - Deputy
	Edit
	Email Address: ggarner@augustaga.gov
	Phone: 706-821-1256
Authorized Contact:	Donald McVean - Corporal
	Edit
	Email Address: Dmcvean@augustaga.gov
	Phone: 706-825-3393

6/23/23, 11:55 AM	Application - EOD K9 ~ ga.emgrants.com	
Financial Contact:	Veronica Freeman - Finance Director	n 4.
	Edit	
	Email Address: vfreeman@augustaga.gov Phone: 706-821-1067	
This application contains	Equipment	
Work Activity and Costs in the following areas:	Hold Ctrl key to select multiple areas.	

#### Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act Certification (FFATA)

You shall report the names and total compensation of each of the five most highly compensated executives for the preceding completed fiscal year, if:

a. in the sub-grantee's preceding fiscal year, the sub-grantee received

- i. 80 percent or more of its annual gross revenues from Federal procurement contracts (and subcontracts) and Federal financial assistance subject to the Transparency Act, as defined at 2 CFR 170.320 (and subawards); and
- ii. \$25,000,000 or more in annual gross revenues from Federal procurement contracts (and subcontracts), and Federal financial assistance subject to the Transparency Act (and subawards); and
- b. The public does not have access to information about the compensation of the executives through periodic reports filed under section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m(a), 78o(d)) or section 6104 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. (To determine if the public has access to the compensation information, see the U.S. Security and Exchange Commission total compensation filings at http://www.eco.gov/compensation.com/compensation.

http://www.sec.gov/answers/execomp.htm.)

Are	all	of	the	above
stat	em	en	ts tr	ue?

Yes		

Please provide the details of the 5 most highly compensated executives for the preceeding completed fiscal year

Executive Name	Title	Total Compensatio	<b>Total Compensation</b>	
		\$		
		\$0.00		

Executive means officers, managing partners, or any other employees in management positions. Total Compensation means the cash and noncash dollar value earned by the executive during the recipient's or subrecipient's preceding fiscal year and includes the following (for more information see 17 CFR 229.402(c)(2)):

- a. Salary and Bonus
- b. Awards of stock, stock options, and stock appreciation rights. Use the dollar amount recognized for financial statement reporting purposes with respect to the fiscal year in accordance with the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (Revised 2004) (FAS 123R), Shared Based Payments.
- c. Earnings for services under non-equity incentive plans. This does not include group life, health, hospitalization or medical reimbursement plans that do not discriminate in favor of executives, and are available generally to all salaried employees.
- d. Change in pension value. This is the change in present value of defined benefit and actuarial pension plans.
- e. Above-market earnings on deferred compensation which is not tax-qualified.
- f. Other compensation, if the aggregate value of all such other compensation (e.g. severance, termination payments, value of life insurance paid on behalf of the employee, perquisites or property) for the executive exceeds \$10,000.

Item 4.

Summarize the proposed project, including its purpose and how it aligns with the State's funding priorities for this Grant:

EOD K9 Program Teams are used for the detection of commercial, military, and homemade explosives. K9 sweeps are completed locally and regionally for various concert venues, road races, parades, and special events, including Presidential details. This is in alignment with DHS/FEMA's national priority of safety and security. Core capabilities include physical protective measures and screenings, search, and detection.

Priorities

DHS/FEMA continually assesses changes to the threat landscape to further the National

Preparedness Goal (the Goal) of a secure and resilient nation. This analysis provides a

perspective on critical preparedness trends for whole community partners to use to inform

program priorities, allocate resources, and communicate with stakeholders about issues of

shared concern. DHS/FEMA have identified the following as national priority areas:

- Emerging Threats, including Cybersecurity
- · Lifelines (more information found in this fact sheet and toolkit)
- · Safety and Security
- Food, Water, Sheltering
- Health and Medical
- Energy
- Communications
- Transportation
- Hazardous Material

#### 6/23/23, 11:55 AM

Will the funds being applied for supplant other funding for this project?

Primary Core Capability to be addressed by this Project:

Estimate the amount of funding you are requesting that will be used to strengthen the selected Primary Core Capability:

Secondary Core Capability to be addressed by this Project:

Estimate the amount of funding you are requesting that will be used to strengthen the selected Secondary Core Capability:

\$

\$

these activities.

How much of the funding in the proposed project can be associated with Law Enforcement Terrorism Prevention Activities (LETPA)?

Briefly explain how this project will support LETPA:

EOD K9 Program Teams are used for the detection of commercial, military, and homemade explosives. K9 sweeps are completed locally and regionally for

This could include activities and equipment with a nexus to terrorism that are focused on information sharing and analysis; target hardening; treat recognition; terrorism interdiction; fusion center operation; or training/exercises associated with

various concert venues, road races, parades, and special events, including Presidential details. This is in alignment with DHS/FEMA's national priority of safety and security. Core capabilities include physical protective measures and screenings, search, and detection.

Common - On-Scene Security, Protection and Law Enforcement

Application - EOD K9 ~ ga.emgrants.com

 pplied
 No

 ding for
 Example: SPLOST or other local funds already planned for use to do this project

 lity to be oject:
 Common - Long-Term Vulnerability Reduction

 of
 \$

 6,000.00

6/23/23, 11:55 AM

# **Risk Assessment**

Item 4.

Agency Tax Status?	Other
Please specify:	Goverment
Agency Fiscal Year:	Jan-Dec For example: July-June or Jan-Dec
Legal name of the entity to which the FTIN was assigned:	City of Augusta
Does the Physical Address on file match your address as	Yes
listed on SAM.gov?	400 Walton Way Augusta Georgia 309012438
Is the Mailing Address on file correct?	Yes
	400 Walton Way Augusta, 30901-2438 Augusta Georgia 309012438
Has your organization been audited in the past 12 months?	Yes, by an outside audit firm
Is your organization required to have a single audit conducted in accordance with the Single Audit Act (sub recipient expends \$750,000 or more in federal assistance during its fiscal year)?	Yes

transactions?

Item 4.

Has the A-133 single audit been submitted to primary pass through Party?	Yes
Who was the audit sent to?	Mauldin and Jenkins
What date was the audit sent?	Jul 7, 2021
Did the organization have significant audit findings from your last single audit regarding program non- compliance?	No
If the single audit has not yet been conducted, when will this be completed?	Jul 7, 2021
What type of accounting system do you use?	Automated
Does your organization have written policies and procedures for checks and balances of all fiscal	Yes

Application - EOD K9 ~ ga.emgrants.com

Does your organization
maintain for inspection all the
books, documents, payroll
papers, accounting records
and grant files pertaining to
sub grant agreements and
contracts for a period of three
years after the close of the
sub-grant?

Is the Unique Entity Identifier (UEI) on file for your organization correct?

Yes			Item

UEI:

Select One

Costs

#### **Cost Line Items**

- Cost line items should be listed in the order of descending priority, with the most important item first, then second most important item next, and so on.
- · Costs must be rounded to the nearest whole dollar amount.
- For Equipment items costing \$5,000 or more each it is required to provide a Tangible Property Report. If applicable, please attach to this application prior to submission.

#### 6/23/23, 11:55 AM Application - EOD K9 ~ ga.emgrants.com Description Qty Price Tota Classification Item 4. Area Equipment Туре **Explosive** Ordinance 16AC-04-VETL - Equipment and 1 6,000.00 \$6,000.00 \$ Disposal (EOD) K9 Supplies, Large Animal Veterinary Care AEL Code (List) 16AC-04-VETL-Equipment and Supplies \$6,000.00 **Application Total** \$6,000.00 **Grand Total**

## **Funding Sources**

Method:	By Percent J By Amount	Funding Source / Other Agency
Estimated Federal Share:	100 % \$6,000.00	
Total Allocated:	100 % \$6,000.00	

6/23/23, 11:55 AM

# **Equipment Work Plan**

Provide up to four major milestones and their associated completion dates that will be required to complete the project.

Add an Objective

#### **EHP Review**

Projects that are not classroom training and are not simply (portable) equipment purchases will require an Environmental and Historic Preservation (EHP) Review to be done before work begins. If you wish to review the EHP screening form or program requirements, they can be found at the FEMA EHP site by clicking here.

EHP Review Required:

No

### AUGUSTA, GEORGIA New Grant Proposal/Application

Before a Department/agency may apply for the grant/award on behalf of Augusta Richmond County, they must first obtain approval signature from the Administrator and the Finance Director. The Administrator will obtain information on the grant program and requirements from the funding agency and review these for feasibility to determine if this grant/award will benefit Augusta Richmond County. The Finance Director will review the funding requirement to determine if the grant will fit within our budget structure and financial goals.

Proposal Pro	vject No. Proj	ect Title				
		3 EOD K9 Grant	1.000			
FY 23 K9 Grant required: No E	will provide su EO dept. notifie	pplies for k9 division at the l d: No	Richmond County Sh	criff's Offic	ce. Cash match required	No EEO
Start Date: 10/01/202 Submit Date: Total Budgeted Amoun	04/11/2023	Department: 032	)/2024 ncy:	Sheriff 6,000.00	Cash Match? Total Cash Match:	N 0.00
Sponsor 7	nsor: GM0008 Гуре: рТ розе:	8 US Homeland Securit Pass Hwough Fe	denal	Thru ID:	GM0009 GEMA	
		C	ontacts			
Type I	D Na				Phone	
I G	MI003 Fre	eman, Veronica			(706)821-1	067
<u>Type</u> FA	<u>By</u> R. ROUNDI	<u>Date</u> TREE 04/11/2023			Signature: Mf-Q	4/12/2023
		on and enclosed materials an				
o Find the grant/awar	d to be feasible	to the needs of Augusta Rich	mond County			
<sup>0</sup> Deny the request						
Finance Director	Bire	liams	4-12-20 Date	023		
2.) I have reviewed th	e Grant applicat	tion and enclosed materials a	nd:			
Approve the Depar	tment Agency t	o move forward with the app	lication			
• Deny the request						
Sthe	uar		4/14/2	3		
Administrator			Date			

This form will also be used to provide the external auditors with information on all grants for compliance and certification requirements as required by the State and Federal Government.



# **Public Safety Committee**

Meeting Date: July 11, 2023

Motion to approve the purchase of Downtown Video Security Enhancements

Department:	Richmond County Sheriff's Office
Presenter:	N/A
Caption:	Motion to approve the purchase of Downtown Video Security Enhancements
Background:	On December 8, 2020, SPLOST 8 recommendations were released. On April 5, 2023, RCSO was informed funding was available to move forward with the project. The Richmond County Sheriff's Office has contacted vendors on the approved state contract list for quotes. A3 communication has provided the quote and pricing to move forward with RCSO request for the downtown video security enhancements.
Analysis:	The need for the project is essential for downtown security. Numerous events are held in the downtown area along with the numerous establishments downtown that draw large amounts of patrons. Police are not everywhere all the time; a camera system would greatly assist law enforcement in maintaining order in the downtown area.
Financial Impact:	SPLOST 8 funds are available for this project
Alternatives:	N/A
<b>Recommendation:</b>	RCSO recommends approving A3 communication for the Downtown Camera project. Three quotes were provided per the state contract guidelines.
Funds are available in the following accounts:	330-03-1130/5426120 JL: 223-03-9101
<u>REVIEWED AND</u> APPROVED BY:	N/A

DEPARTMENT NAME	RCSO	PURCHA:	PURCHASING DEPARTMENT	TMENT	REQUISITION			
DEPARTMENT NUMBER	330-03-1130/54.26120	2	REQUISITION		REQUISITION DATE	TE	June 23,	3, 2023
titt	Key Star				PURCHASE ORDER NUMBER	ER NUMBER		
DEPARTMENT HEAD	1	1			PURCHASE ORDER DATE	ER DATE		
			NAME OF BIDDER	BIDDER	NAME OF BIDDER	: BIDDER	NAME OF BIDDER	BIDDER
		VENDOR	A3	3	NetPlanner	NetPlanner	ISO smartcity.com	tcity.com
		PHONE NUMBER QUOTED BY	Steven Coleridge	oleridge	Allison Murphy	Aurphy	Seth Jackson	ackson
ITEM NO	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY	UNIT PRICE	TOTAL PRICE	UNIT PRICE	TOTAL PRICE	UNIT PRICE	TOTAL PRICE
	Intergrated Security and Surveillance Products	-	401059.3700	401,059.37	430109.2900	430,109.29	535884.2500	535,884.25
2 and Services				0.00		0.00		0.00
1		-		00.00	54005.5700	54,005.57		0.00
4 Network Equipment	ant			0.00		0.00		0.00
a N				0.00		00.00		00.00
9				0.00		0.00		0.00
, State C	Contract #			0.00		00.00		00.00
8	172-001			0.00		00.00		0.00
σ				0.00		0.00		0.00
10 JL: 223-03-9101				0.00		00.0		0.00
11				0.00		0.00		0.00
12				0.00		00.00		0.00
13				00.00		00.00		0.00
41				0.00		00.00		0.00
15 Trocure.new	ment has reviewed	-		0.00		00.00		0.00
16 the regu	rents			0.00		00.00		0.00
17 State Co	ľĊ.			0.00		00.00		0.00
18 MOVE BI	ward.			0.00		00.00		0.00
				0.00		0.00		00.00
20	Concorrege			0.00		00.00		0.00
21	6/28/2023			00.0		00.00		0.00
TOTAL BID				\$401,059.37		\$484,114.86		\$535,884.25
SHIPPING CHARGES								
DELIVERY TIME FROM RECEIPT OF PURCHASE ORDER	IPT OF PURCHASE ORDER							
HESTER'S NON-COMMERCIAL PRINTERS	Rs							lten

AUGUSTA-RICHMOND COUNTY GEORGIA

Item 5.

# State of Georgia

# Statewide Standard Contract Form

Solicitation Title Integrated Security and Surveillance Products and Services	Solicitation Number d 99999-SPD0000172	Contract Number 99999-SPD0000172-001				
1. This Contract is entered into between the Agency Agency's Name	and the Contractor named be	elow:				
Department of Administrative Services		(				
Contractor's Name		( hereafter called Agency)				
A3 Communications						
2. Contract to Begin: Date of Com	pletion: Re	(hereafter called Contractor) newals: <b>Five (5)</b>				
3. Performance Bond, if any:	Other Bonds, if	any:				
4. Authorized Person to Receive Contract Notices for A	gency: Authorized Persor	to Receive Contract Notices for Contractor:				
<ol><li>The parties agree to comply with the terms and co the Statewide Contract:</li></ol>	nditions of the following attac	hments which are by this reference made a part of				
Attachment 1: Statewide Contract for Goods and Ancillary Services						
Attachment 2: Solicitation (referenced above)						
Attachment 3: Contractor's Final Response						
Attachment 4: Cost Proposal						
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this Contract has been exercise 6.	ecuted by the parties heret	0.				
Contractor's Name (If other than an individual, state v A3 Communications	whether a corporation, partne	rship, etc.)				
By (Authorized Signature) Brian	d by Brian Date Signed					
Thomas Date: 2020.12.1	<sup>09 15:40:11</sup> 12/09/2020					
Printed Name and Title of Person Signing						
Brian Thomas, President						
	Abbotts Bridge Road, S GA 30097	Suite 140				
7.	Agency					
Agency Name Department of Administrative Services						
By (Authorized Signature)	Date Signed					
Lisa Eason	3/11/20	21				
Printed Name and Title of Person Signing Lisa Eason Deputy Commissioner State Purchasing Division: Department of Administrative Services Address	1					
200 Piedmont Avenue S.E., West Tower, Suite 1804, Atlanta, GA 30334						

## A. DEFINITIONS AND GENERAL INFORMATION

- **1. Definitions.** The following words shall be defined as set forth below:
  - (i) "Agency" means the Department of Administrative Services of the State of Georgia.
  - (ii) "Awarded Item Schedule" means the summarizing document, if any, listing the goods and services as awarded and may also denote the Contractor providing such goods and services.
  - (iii) "Contract" or "Statewide Contract" means the agreement between the Agency and the Contractor as defined by the Statewide Contract Form and its incorporated documents.
  - (iv) "Contractor" means the provider(s) of the goods and services under the Statewide Contract.
  - (v) "Purchase Instrument" means the documentation issued by the Agency or User Agencies to the Contractor for a purchase of goods and services in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Statewide Contract. The Purchase Instrument should reference the Statewide Contract and may include an identification of the items to be purchased, the delivery date and location, the address where the Contractor should submit the invoices, and any other requirements deemed necessary by the Agency or User Agencies.
  - (vi) "Response", "Contractor's Response" or "Final Response" means the Contractor's submitted response to the RFX, including any modifications or clarifications accepted by the Agency.
  - (vii) "RFX" means the Request for Proposal, Request for Bid, or other solicitation document (and any amendments or addenda thereto) specifically identified in the Statewide Contract Form that was issued to solicit the goods and/or services that are subject to the Statewide Contract.
  - (viii) "State" means the State of Georgia, the Agency, User Agencies, and any other authorized state entities issuing Purchase Instruments against the Statewide Contract.
  - (ix) "Statement of Work" Any document in substantially the form of Exhibit A (describing the deliverables, due dates, assignment duration and payment obligations for a specific project, engagement, or assignment that Supplier commits to provide to a User Agency, which, upon signing by both parties shall be issued pursuant to the Contract.
  - (x) "Statewide Contract Form" means the document that contains basic information about the Statewide Contract and incorporates by reference the applicable Contract Terms and Conditions, the RFX, Contractor's Response to the RFX, the final pricing documentation for goods and services and any mutually agreed clarifications, modifications, additions and deletions resulting from final contract negotiations. No objection or amendment by a Contractor to the RFX requirements or the Statewide Contract shall be incorporated by reference into this Statewide Contract unless the

Agency has accepted the Contractor's objection or amendment in writing. The Item 5. Statewide Contract Form is defined separately and referred to separately throughout the Statewide Contract Terms and Conditions as a means of identifying the location of certain information. For example, the initial term of the Statewide Contract is defined by the dates in the Statewide Contract Form.

- (xi) "User Agency" or "User Agencies" means any offices, agencies, departments, boards, bureaus, commissions, institutions, or other entities of the State of Georgia entitled to or required to make purchases from this Statewide Contract.
- 2. Certified Source of Goods and Services. Pursuant to Section 50-5-57 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.), the Agency hereby certifies the Contractor as a source of supply to the User Agencies of the goods and services identified in this Statewide Contract. Orders shall be placed individually and from time to time by the User Agencies. The execution of this Statewide Contract only establishes the Contractor as an authorized source of supply by the Agency and creates no financial obligation on the part of the Agency.
- **3. Priority of Contract Provisions**. Any pre-printed contract terms and conditions included on Contractor's forms or invoices shall be null and void.
- 4. **Reporting Requirements.** Contractor shall provide all reports required by the RFX. In addition, unless otherwise provided in the RFX, Contractor shall keep a record of the purchases made pursuant to the Statewide Contract and shall submit a quarterly written report to the Agency.

# **B. DURATION OF CONTRACT**

- 1. **Contract Term.** The Statewide Contract shall begin and end on the dates specified in the Statewide Contract Form unless terminated earlier in accordance with the applicable terms and conditions. Pursuant to O.C.G.A. Section 50-5-64, this Statewide Contract shall not be deemed to create a debt of the State for the payment of any sum beyond the fiscal year of execution or, in the event of a renewal, beyond the fiscal year of such renewal.
- 2. Contract Renewal. The Agency shall have the option, in its sole discretion, to renew the Statewide Contract for additional terms on a year-to-year basis by giving the Contractor written notice of the renewal decision at least sixty (60) days prior to the expiration of the initial term or renewal term. Renewal will depend upon the best interests of the State, funding, and Contractor's performance. Renewal will be accomplished through the issuance of a Notice of Award Amendment. Upon the Agency's election, in its sole discretion, to renew any part of this Statewide Contract, Contractor shall remain obligated to perform in strict accordance with this Statewide Contract unless otherwise agreed by the Agency and the Contractor.
- 3. Contract Extension. In the event that this Statewide Contract shall terminate or be likely to terminate prior to the making of an award for a new contract for the identified goods and services, the Agency may, with the written consent of Contractor, extend this Statewide Contract for such period as may be necessary to afford the State a continuous supply of the identified goods and services.

# C. DESCRIPTION OF GOODS AND SERVICES

1. **Provision of Goods and Services** The Contractor shall provide all goods, services, and other deliverables in compliance with the specifications contained in the RFX, the Statement of Work, and the terms of the Statewide Contract, plus those equipment, services and deliverables as may additionally be described in the Response.

- 2. Product Shipment and Delivery. All products shall be shipped F.O.B. destination. Destination shall be the location(s) specified in the RFX or any provided Purchase Instrument. All items shall be at the Contractor's risk until they have been delivered and accepted by the receiving entity. All items shall be subject to inspection on delivery. Hidden damage will remain the responsibility of the Contractor to remedy without cost to the User Agencies, regardless of when the hidden damage is discovered.
- 3. Non-Exclusive Rights. The Statewide Contract is not exclusive. The Agency reserves the right to select other contractors to provide goods and services similar to goods and services described in the Statewide Contract during the term of the Statewide Contract. User Agencies may obtain similar goods and services from other contractors upon prior approval of the Agency, which approval shall be made at the sole discretion of the Agency when it is deemed to be in the best interests of the State<sub>7</sub> and shall be conclusive.
- **4. No Minimums Guaranteed.** The Statewide Contract does not guarantee any minimum level of purchases.
- 5. Acceptance. Product shall be deemed accepted when the ordering User Agency determines that such Product successfully operates in accordance with the Requirements. Such User Agency shall commence Acceptance testing within five (5) business days, or within such other period as set forth in the applicable order or SOW, after Receipt/installation of the Product. Acceptance testing will be no longer than ten (10) business days, or such longer period as may be agreed in writing between User Agency and Contractor. Contractor agrees to provide to the User Agency such assistance and advice as the User Agency may reasonably require, at no additional cost, during such Acceptance testing. Should User Agency fail to provide Contractor written notice of successful or unsuccessful Acceptance testing within five (5) business days following the Acceptance testing period, the Product(s) shall be deemed Accepted.

If the Product does not meet the standard of performance during the initial period of Acceptance Testing, User Agency may, at its discretion, continue Acceptance Testing on a day-to-day basis until the standard of performance is met. Upon rejection, the Contractor will have fifteen (15) calendar days to cure the standard of performance issue(s). If after the cure period, the Product still has not met the standard of performance, the User Agency may, at its option: (a) Terminate the Order; (b) demand replacement Product from Contractor at no additional cost to User Agency; or, (c) continue the cure period for an additional time period agreed upon by the User Agency and the Contractor. Contractor shall pay all costs related to the preparation and shipping of Product returned pursuant to the section. No Product shall be deemed Accepted and no charges shall be paid until the standard of performance is met. The warranty period shall begin upon Acceptance.

6. New, Used or Altered Products. All supplies, materials, and equipment supplied to the State must be new and in first-class condition unless the State or User Agencies requests a remanufactured or recycled/refurbished product or if the product is not available as new, such as in some replacement products provided for legacy equipment. If providing refurbished/recycled equipment, the Contractor must clearly indicate to the User Agency that the items being supplied are recycled/refurbished on any quotes, warranties, contracts and invoices provided. In such cases, the Contractor may propose used, recycled or refurbished items. However, the User Agency has the right to accept or not accept the proposed used, recycled or refurbished items. If awarded a contract, the Contractor must clearly indicate to the User Agency that the User Agency that the items being supplied are recycled/refurbished are recycled/refurbished on any quotes, warranties, contracts and invoices provided. In such cases, the contract, the Contractor must clearly indicate to the user, recycled or refurbished items. If awarded a contract, the Contractor must clearly indicate to the User Agency that the items being supplied are recycled/refurbished on any quotes, warranties, contracts and invoices provided.

- 7. Software and Specifications. The Contractor shall provide all software ("Software") in stri compliance with the descriptions and representations as to the Software (including performance, capabilities, accuracy, completeness, characteristics, specifications, configurations, standards, functions and requirements) which appear in the RFX and the terms of the Statewide Contract.
- 8. Software Licenses. Contractor shall provide Software licenses ("Licenses") in compliance with the specifications contained in the RFX and the terms of the Statewide Contract. To the extent permitted and/or required by the Software publishers of any Software provided hereunder, Contractor hereby grants an irrevocable, nonexclusive, worldwide, fully paid up, royalty-free license and/or sublicense to use, execute, maintain, reproduce, modify, display, and perform copies of Software and accompanying documentation in accordance with the licensing capacity (if any) specified in the RFX and or applicable Purchase Instrument. User Agency may copy the Software as necessary to efficiently utilize the Software. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, such rights shall include copying rights granted to "owners of copies" under federal copyright laws of the United States, plus copying:
  - (i) For backup, archive or emergency restart purposes;
  - (ii) For disaster recovery and disaster recovery testing purposes;
  - (iii) To migrate the Software for use on other computers and/or hardware; and
  - (iv) To store the Software at any off-premise location which the User Agencies use for storage purposes.

If the Contractor is acting as a reseller of the Software, the Contractor must provide the Licenses, as required by the Software publishers, to the User Agencies and shall coordinate with any negotiations of such Licenses as may be conducted among the Agency, User Agencies and the Software publishers. All licenses provided hereunder shall remain in effect perpetually until termination of the Statewide Contract. Within thirty (30) days of any termination or expiration of each individual License, the User Agency will destroy all copies of the Software in its possession or control.

- **9. Software Exclusions.** Except as expressly permitted by this Statewide Contract, the User Agencies agree that they will not:
  - (i) Create derivative works based on the Software;
  - (ii) Reverse engineer, disassemble, or decompile the Software; or
  - (iii) Remove any identification or notices contained on the Software.

User Agencies will notify Contractor if the User Agencies become aware of any unauthorized third-party access to, or use of, the Software.

**10. Services and other Deliverables.** Contractor shall provide services and other deliverables ("Services") in compliance with the specifications contained in the RFX and the terms of the Statewide Contract. "Services" shall include administration, distribution, installation, configuration, support and training services as further described in the RFX. Contractor and any employees of Contractor will perform the Services on time, in a workmanlike manner, and consistent with the level of care and skill ordinarily exercised by other providers of similar services at the time such Services are provided.

**11.** Ordering and Technical Assistance. User Agencies may place orders individually from time to time in any manner permitted by applicable state purchasing policy, the RFX, and the Response as accepted by the Agency. The Contractor shall provide technical assistance as reasonably required for the User Agencies to make purchases if online purchases are made utilizing the Contractor's website.

## D. COMPENSATION

- 1. Pricing and Payment. The Contractor will be paid for the goods and services sold pursuant to the Statewide Contract in accordance with the RFX and final pricing documents as incorporated into the Statewide Contract Form and the terms of the Statewide Contract. Unless clearly stated otherwise in the Statewide Contract, all prices are firm and fixed and are not subject to variation. Prices include, but are not limited to freight, insurance, fuel surcharges and customs duties. User Agencies are solely and individually financially responsible for their respective purchases.
- 2. Billings. If applicable, and unless the RFX provides otherwise, the Contractor shall submit, on a regular basis, an invoice for goods and services supplied to the User Agencies under the Statewide Contract at the billing address specified in the Purchase Instrument or Statewide Contract. The invoice shall comply with all applicable rules concerning payment of such claims. User Agencies shall pay all approved invoices in arrears and in accordance with applicable provisions of State law.

Unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Agency and the Contractor, the Contractor shall not be entitled to receive any other payment or compensation from the User Agencies for any goods or services provided by or on behalf of the Contractor under the Statewide Contract. The Contractor shall be solely responsible for paying all costs, expenses and charges it incurs in connection with its performance under the Statewide Contract.

- 3. Delay of Payment Due to Contractor's Failure. If the User Agencies in good faith determine that the Contractor has failed to perform or deliver any service or product as required by the Statewide Contract, the Contractor shall not be entitled to any compensation under the Statewide Contract until such service or product is performed or delivered. In this event, the User Agencies may withhold that portion of the Contractor's compensation which represents payment for services or products that were not performed or delivered. To the extent that the Contractor's failure to perform or deliver in a timely manner causes the User Agencies to incur costs, the User Agencies may deduct the amount of such incurred costs from any amounts payable to Contractor. The User Agencies' authority to deduct such incurred costs shall not in any way affect the Agency's sole authority to terminate the Statewide Contract.
- 4. Set-Off Against Sums Owed by the Contractor. In the event that the Contractor owes the User Agency any sum or the User Agency must obtain substitute performance, the User Agency may set off the sum owed against any sum owed by the User Agency to the Contractor.

## E. TERMINATION

- 1. Immediate Termination. Pursuant to O.C.G.A. Section 50-5-64, any purchase made pursuant to this Statewide Contract will terminate immediately and absolutely if the User Agency determines that adequate funds are not appropriated or granted or funds are de-appropriated such that the User Agency cannot fulfill its obligations under the Statewide Contract, which determination is at the User Agency's sole discretion and shall be conclusive. Further, the Agency may terminate the Statewide Contract for any one or more of the following reasons effective immediately without advance notice:
  - (i) In the event the Contractor is required to be certified or licensed as a condition precedent to providing goods and services, the revocation or loss of such license or certification may result in immediate termination of the Statewide Contract effective as of the date on which the license or certification is no longer in effect;
  - (ii) The Agency determines that the actions, or failure to act, of the Contractor, its agents, employees or subcontractors have caused, or reasonably could cause, life, health or safety to be jeopardized;
  - (iii) The Contractor fails to comply with confidentiality laws or provisions; and/or
  - (iv) The Contractor furnished any statement, representation or certification in connection with the Statewide Contract or the bidding process which is materially false, deceptive, incorrect or incomplete.
- 2. **Termination for Cause.** The occurrence of any one or more of the following events shall constitute cause for the Agency to declare the Contractor in default of its obligations under the Statewide Contract:
  - (i) The Contractor fails to deliver or has delivered nonconforming goods or services or fails to perform, to the Agency's satisfaction, any material requirement of the Statewide Contract or is in violation of a material provision of the Statewide Contract, including, but without limitation, the express warranties made by the Contractor;
  - (ii) The Agency determines that satisfactory performance of the Statewide Contract is substantially endangered or that a default is likely to occur;
  - (iii) The Contractor fails to make substantial and timely progress toward performance of the Statewide Contract;
  - (iv) The Contractor becomes subject to any bankruptcy or insolvency proceeding under federal or state law to the extent allowed by applicable federal or state law including bankruptcy laws; the Contractor terminates or suspends its business; or the Agency reasonably believes that the Contractor has become insolvent or unable to pay its obligations as they accrue consistent with applicable federal or state law;
  - (v) The Contractor has failed to comply with applicable federal, state and local laws, rules, ordinances, regulations and orders when performing within the scope of the Statewide Contract;
  - (vi) The Contractor has engaged in conduct that has or may expose the Agency or the State to liability, as determined in the Agency's sole discretion; or

- (vii) The Contractor has infringed any patent, trademark, copyright, trade dress or any oth Item 5. intellectual property rights of the Agency, the State, or a third party.
- 3. Notice of Default. If there is a default event caused by the Contractor, the Agency shall provide written notice to the Contractor requesting that the breach or noncompliance be remedied within the period of time specified in the Agency's written notice to the Contractor. If the breach or noncompliance is not remedied within the period of time specified in the written notice, the Agency may:
  - (i) Immediately terminate the Statewide Contract without additional written notice; and/or
  - (ii) Procure substitute goods or services from another source and charge the difference between the Statewide Contract and the substitute contract to the defaulting Contractor; and/or,
  - (iii) Enforce the terms and conditions of the Statewide Contract and seek any legal or equitable remedies.
- 4. Termination Upon Notice. Following thirty (30) days' written notice, the Agency may terminate the Statewide Contract in whole or in part without the payment of any penalty or incurring any further obligation to the Contractor. Following termination upon notice, the Contractor shall be entitled to compensation from the User Agency, upon submission of invoices and proper proof of claim, for goods and services provided under the Statewide Contract to the User Agencies up to and including the date of termination.
- **5. Termination Due to Change in Law.** The Agency shall have the right to terminate this Statewide Contract without penalty by giving thirty (30) days' written notice to the Contractor as a result of any of the following:
  - (i) The Agency's authorization to operate is withdrawn or there is a material alteration in the programs administered by the Agency; and/or
  - (ii) The Agency's duties are substantially modified.
- 6. Payment Limitation in Event of Termination. In the event of termination of the Statewide Contract for any reason by the Agency, the User Agencies shall pay only those amounts, if any, due and owing to the Contractor for goods and services actually rendered up to the date specified in the notice of termination for which the User Agencies are obligated to pay pursuant to the Statewide Contract or Purchase Instrument. Payment will be made only upon submission of invoices and proper proof of the Contractor's claim. This provision in no way limits the remedies available to the State under the Statewide Contract in the event of termination. The State shall not be liable for any costs incurred by the Contractor in its performance of the Statewide Contract, including, but not limited to, startup costs, overhead or other costs associated with the performance of the Statewide Contract.
- 7. The Contractor's Termination Duties. Upon receipt of notice of termination or upon request of the Agency, the Contractor shall:
  - (i) Cease work under the Statewide Contract and take all necessary or appropriate steps to limit disbursements and minimize costs, and furnish a report within thirty (30) days of the date of notice of termination, describing the status of all work under the Statewide Contract, including, without limitation, results accomplished, conclusions resulting therefrom, and any other matters the Agency may require;

- (ii) Immediately cease using and return to the State, any personal property or material *Item 5.* whether tangible or intangible, provided by the State to the Contractor;
- (iii) Comply with the State's instructions for the timely transfer of any active files and work product produced by the Contractor under the Statewide Contract;
- (iv) Cooperate in good faith with the Agency, the User Agencies, and their employees, agents and contractors during the transition period between the notification of termination and the substitution of any replacement contractor; and
- (v) Immediately return to the User Agencies any payments made by the User Agencies for goods and services that were not delivered or rendered by the Contractor.

# F. CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

- 1. Access to Confidential Data. The Contractor's employees, agents and subcontractors may have access to confidential data maintained by the State to the extent necessary to carry out the Contractor's responsibilities under the Statewide Contract. The Contractor shall presume that all information received pursuant to the Statewide Contract is confidential unless otherwise designated by the State. If it is reasonably likely the Contractor will have access to the State's confidential information, then:
  - (i) The Contractor shall provide to the State a written description of the Contractor's policies and procedures to safeguard confidential information;
  - (ii) Policies of confidentiality shall address, as appropriate, information conveyed in verbal, written, and electronic formats;
  - (iii) The Contractor must designate one individual who shall remain the responsible authority in charge of all data collected, used, or disseminated by the Contractor in connection with the performance of the Statewide Contract; and
  - (iv) The Contractor shall provide adequate supervision and training to its agents, employees and subcontractors to ensure compliance with the terms of the Statewide Contract.

The private or confidential data shall remain the property of the State at all times. Some services performed for the Agency and/or User Agencies may require the Contractor to sign a nondisclosure agreement. Contractor understands and agrees that refusal or failure to sign such a nondisclosure agreement, if required, may result in termination of the Statewide Contract.

- 2. No Dissemination of Confidential Data. No confidential data collected, maintained, or used in the course of performance of the Statewide Contract shall be disseminated except as authorized by law and with the written consent of the State, either during the period of the Statewide Contract or thereafter. Any data supplied to or created by the Contractor shall be considered the property of the State. The Contractor must return any and all data collected, maintained, created or used in the course of the performance of the Statewide Contract, in whatever form it is maintained, promptly at the request of the State.
- **3. Subpoena.** In the event that a subpoena or other legal process is served upon the Contractor for records containing confidential information, the Contractor shall promptly notify the State and cooperate with the State in any lawful effort to protect the confidential information.

- 4. **Reporting of Unauthorized Disclosure.** The Contractor shall immediately report to the Sta *Item 5.* any unauthorized disclosure of confidential information.
- **5. Survives Termination.** The Contractor's confidentiality obligation under the Statewide Contract shall survive termination of the Statewide Contract.

# G. INDEMNIFICATION

- 1. **Contractor's Indemnification Obligation.** The Contractor agrees to indemnify and hold harmless the State and State officers, employees, agents, and volunteers (collectively, "Indemnified Parties") from any and all costs, expenses, losses, claims, damages, liabilities, settlements and judgments, including reasonable value of the time spent by the Attorney General's Office, related to or arising from:
  - (i) Any breach of the Statewide Contract;
  - (ii) Any negligent, intentional or wrongful act or omission of the Contractor or any employee, agent or subcontractor utilized or employed by the Contractor;
  - (iii) Any failure of goods to comply with applicable specifications, warranties, and certifications under the Statewide Contract;
  - (iv) The negligence or fault of the Contractor in design, testing, development, manufacture, or otherwise with respect to the goods or any parts thereof provided under the Statewide Contract;
  - (v) Claims, demands, or lawsuits that, with respect to the goods or any parts thereof, allege product liability, strict product liability, or any variation thereof;
  - (vi) The Contractor's performance or attempted performance of the Statewide Contract, including any employee, agent or subcontractor utilized or employed by the Contractor;
  - (vii) Any failure by the Contractor to comply with the "Compliance with the Law" provision of the Statewide Contract;
  - (viii) Any failure by the Contractor to make all reports, payments and withholdings required by federal and state law with respect to social security, employee income and other taxes, fees or costs required by the Contractor to conduct business in the State of Georgia or the United States;
  - (ix) Any infringement of any copyright, trademark, patent, trade dress, or other intellectual property right; or
  - (x) Any failure by the Contractor to adhere to the confidentiality provisions of the Statewide Contract.
- 2. Duty to Reimburse State Tort Claims Fund. To the extent such damage or loss as covered by this indemnification is covered by the State of Georgia Tort Claims Fund ("the Fund"), the Contractor (and its insurers) agrees to reimburse the Fund. To the full extent permitted by the Constitution and the laws of the State and the terms of the Fund, the Contractor and its insurers waive any right of subrogation against the State, the Indemnified Parties, and the Fund and insurers participating thereunder, to the full extent of this indemnification.

- 3. Litigation and Settlements. The Contractor shall, at its own expense, be entitled to and shall litem 5. have the duty to participate in the defense of any suit against the Indemnified Parties. No settlement or compromise of any claim, loss or damage entered into by the Indemnified Parties shall be binding upon Contractor unless approved in writing by Contractor. No settlement or compromise of any claim, loss or damage entered into by Contractor shall be binding upon the Indemnified Parties approved in writing by the Indemnified Parties.
- 4. Patent/Copyright Infringement Indemnification. Contractor shall, at its own expense, be entitled to and shall have the duty to participate in the defense of any suit instituted against the State and indemnify the State against any award of damages and costs made against the State by a final judgment of a court of last resort in such suit insofar as the same is based on any claim that any of the software constitutes an infringement of any United States Letters Patent or copyright, provided the State gives the Contractor immediate notice in writing of the institution of such suit, permits Contractor to fully participate in the defense of the same, and gives Contractor all available information, assistance and authority to enable Contractor to do so. Subject to approval of the Attorney General of the State reached by compromise or settlement unless Contractor accepts the compromise or settlement. Contractor shall have the right to enter into negotiations for and the right to effect settlement or compromise of any such action, but no such settlement shall be binding upon the State unless approved by the State.

In case any of the software is in any suit held to constitute infringement and its use is enjoined, Contractor shall, at its option and expense:

- (i) Procure for the State the right to continue using the software;
- (ii) Replace or modify the same so that it becomes non-infringing; or
- (iii) Remove the same and cancel any future charges pertaining thereto.

Contractor, however, shall have no liability to the State if any such patent, or copyright infringement or claim thereof is based upon or arises out of:

- (i) Compliance with designs, plans or specifications furnished by or on behalf of the Agency as to the software;
- (ii) Use of the software in combination with apparatus or devices not supplied by Contractor;
- (iii) Use of the software in a manner for which the same was neither designed nor contemplated; or
- (iv) The claimed infringement of any patent or copyright in which the Agency or any affiliate or subsidiary of the Agency has any direct interest by license or otherwise.
- **5. Survives Termination.** The indemnification obligation of the Contractor shall survive termination of the Statewide Contract.

# H. INSURANCE

Contractor shall provide all insurance as required by the RFX.

### BONDS

Ι.

The Contractor shall provide all required bonds in accordance with the terms of the RFX and as stated in the Statewide Contract Form.

## J. WARRANTIES

- 1. Construction of Warranties Expressed in the Contract with Warranties Implied by Law. All warranties made by the Contractor and/or subcontractors in all provisions of the Statewide Contract and the Contractor's Response, whether or not the Statewide Contract specifically denominates the Contractor's and/or subcontractors' promise as a warranty or whether the warranty is created only by the Contractor's affirmation or promise, or is created by a description of the materials, goods and services to be provided, or by provision of samples to the State shall not be construed as limiting or negating any warranty provided by law, including without limitation, warranties which arise through course of dealing or usage of trade, the warranty of merchantability, and the warranty of fitness for a particular purpose. The warranties expressed in the Statewide Contract are intended to modify the warranties implied by law only to the extent that they expand the warranties applicable to the goods and services provided by the Contractor. The provisions of this section apply during the term of the Statewide Contract and any extensions or renewals thereof.
- 2. Warranty Nonconforming Goods. All goods delivered by Contractor to the User Agencies shall be free from any defects in design, material, or workmanship. If any goods offered by the Contractor are found to be defective in material or workmanship, or do not conform to Contractor's warranty, the User Agencies shall have the option of returning, repairing, or replacing the defective goods at Contractor's expense. Payment for goods shall not constitute acceptance. Acceptance by the User Agencies shall not relieve the Contractor of its warranty or any other obligation under the Statewide Contract.
- 3. Product Warranty. Contractors must guarantee the equipment offered is new equipment with a warranty valid in the United States of America and that no attachment or part has been substituted or applied contrary to manufacturer's recommendations and standard practices. Equipment furnished under the terms of this contract shall be guaranteed against faulty material and workmanship. The warranty shall include all parts, labor, travel and incidental expenses for the duration of the warranty. The warranty that is offered must carry the standard original equipment manufacturers (OEM) warranty or must be at least 1 year in length, whichever is greater.

Products that fail after acceptance and installation shall be covered under warranty. Products that are inoperative at installation or after acceptance shall either be replaced by the Contractor or repaired under warranty (at no charge to the User Agency). If the repaired and/or replaced product proves to be inadequate, or fails of its essential purpose, the Contractor will refund the full amount of any payments that have been made

4. Compliance with Federal Safety Acts. Contractor warrants and guarantees to the State that the goods provided under the Statewide Contract are in compliance with Sections 5 and 12 of the Federal Trade Commission Act; the Fair Packaging and Labeling Act; the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act; the Consumer Product Safety Act; the Federal Environmental Pesticide Control Act; the Federal Hazardous Substances Act; the Fair Labor Standards Act; the Wool Products Labeling Act; the Flammable Fabrics Act; the Occupational Safety and Health Act; the Office of Management and Budget A-110 Appendix A; and the Anti-Kickback Act of 1986.

Statewide Contract.

- 5. Originality and Title to Concepts, Materials, and Goods Produced. Contractor represen *Item 5.* and warrants that all the concepts, materials, goods and services produced, or provided to the State pursuant to the terms of the Statewide Contract shall be wholly original with the Contractor or that the Contractor has secured all applicable interests, rights, licenses, permits or other intellectual property rights in such concepts, materials and works. The Contractor represents and warrants that the concepts, materials, goods and services and the State's use of same and the exercise by the State of the rights granted by the Statewide Contract shall not infringe upon any other work, other than material provided by the Statewide Contract to the Contractor to be used as a basis for such materials, or violate the rights of publicity or privacy of, or constitute a libel or slander against, any person, firm or corporation and that the concepts, materials and works will not infringe upon the copyright, trademark, trade name, trade dress patent, literary, dramatic, statutory, common law or any other rights of any person, firm or corporation or other entity. The Contractor represents and warrants that it is the owner of or otherwise has the right to use and distribute the goods and services contemplated by the
- 6. Conformity with Contractual Requirements. The Contractor represents and warrants that the goods and services provided in accordance with the Statewide Contract will appear and operate in conformance with the terms and conditions of the Statewide Contract.
- **7.** Authority to Enter into Contract. The Contractor represents and warrants that it has full authority to enter into the Statewide Contract and that it has not granted and will not grant any right or interest to any person or entity that might derogate, encumber or interfere with the rights granted to the State.
- 8. Obligations Owed to Third Parties. The Contractor represents and warrants that all obligations owed to third parties with respect to the activities contemplated to be undertaken by the Contractor pursuant to the Statewide Contract are or will be fully satisfied by the Contractor so that the State will not have any obligations with respect thereto.
- **9.** Use of State Vehicles. Contractor warrants that no State vehicles will be used by Contractor for the performance of services under this Statewide Contract. Contractor shall be responsible for providing transportation necessary to perform all services.
- **10. Nonconforming Software.** All Software delivered by Contractor to the User Agencies shall be free from any defects in design, material, or workmanship. In the event that any of the Software is found by the Contractor, the State, any governmental agency, or court having jurisdiction to contain a defect, serious quality or performance deficiency, or not to be in compliance with any standard or requirement so as to require or make advisable that such Software be reworked or recalled, the Contractor will promptly communicate all relevant facts to the Agency and the User Agencies and undertake all corrective actions, including those required to meet all obligations imposed by laws, regulations, or orders, and shall file all necessary papers, corrective action programs, and other related documents, provided that nothing contained in this section shall preclude the State from taking such action as may be required of it under any such law or regulation.

User Agencies shall have the option of returning or replacing the defective Software at Contractor's expense. If the Contractor is the Software publisher, the Contractor shall perform all necessary repairs or modifications at its sole expense provided the State determines the performance of such repairs and modifications is in the State's best interest.

Payment for the Software shall not constitute acceptance. Acceptance by the User Agencie Item 5. shall not relieve the Contractor of its warranty or any other obligation under the Statewide Contract.

**11. Originality and Title to Provided Software and Services**. Contractor represents and warrants that all the concepts, materials, Software and Services produced, or provided to the State pursuant to the terms of the Statewide Contract shall be wholly original with the Contractor or that the Contractor has secured all applicable interests, rights, licenses, permits or other intellectual property rights in such concepts, materials Software and Services. The Contractor represents and warrants that it is the owner of or otherwise has the right to use and distribute the Software and Services contemplated by the Statewide Contract. Contractor or the original Software publisher shall retain all right, title and interest in the Software and any accompanying documentation, including all applicable intellectual property rights.

The Contractor represents and warrants that the concepts, materials, Software and Services and the State's use of same and the exercise by the State of the rights granted by the Statewide Contract shall not infringe upon any other work, other than material provided by the Statewide Contract to the Contractor to be used as a basis for such materials, or violate the rights of publicity or privacy of, or constitute a libel or slander against, any person, firm or corporation and that the concepts, materials, Software and Services will not infringe upon the copyright, trademark, trade name, trade dress patent, literary, dramatic, statutory, common law or any other rights of any person, firm or corporation or other entity.

**12. Title to Property.** The Contractor represents and warrants that title to any Software assigned, conveyed or licensed to the State is good and that transfer of title or license to the State is rightful and that all Software shall be delivered free of any security interest or other lien or encumbrance.

The Contractor represents and warrants that title to any property assigned, conveyed or licensed to the State is good and that transfer of title or license to the State is rightful and that all property shall be delivered free of any security interest or other lien or encumbrance. Title to any supplies, materials, or equipment shall remain in the Contractor until fully paid for by the User Agencies.

- **13. Industry Standards.** The Contractor represents and expressly warrants that all aspects of the Goods, Software and Services provided or used by it shall at a minimum conform to the standards in the Contractor's industry. This requirement shall be in addition to any express warranties, representations, and specifications included in the Statewide Contract, which shall take precedence.
- **14. Contractor's Personnel and Staffing.** Contractor warrants that all persons assigned to perform the Services under this Statewide Contract are either lawful employees of Contractor or lawful employees of a Subcontractor authorized by the Agency as specified in the RFX. All of Contractor or any subcontractor's personnel shall comply with the confidentiality requirements of the Statewide Contract and the security requirements of the applicable Agency or User Agencies while on state property. In the event that any of Contractor or subcontractor's personnel do not comply with such confidentiality and security requirements, the Agency or User Agencies may have the personnel removed from the premises.

All persons assigned to perform the Services under this Statewide Contract shall be qualified to perform such services. Personnel assigned by Contractor shall have all professional licenses required to perform the Services. If the Agency or User Agencies believes that the performance or conduct of any person employed or retained by Contractor to perform any Services hereunder is unsatisfactory for any reason or is not in compliance with the provisions Contractor warrants that an adequate number of appropriately qualified personnel will be employed and available to provide the Services in accordance with the schedule and maintenance requirements set forth in the RFP and this Statewide Contract.

# K. PRODUCT RECALL

In the event that any of the goods are found by the Contractor, the State, any governmental agency, or court having jurisdiction to contain a defect, serious quality or performance deficiency, or not to be in compliance with any standard or requirement so as to require or make advisable that such goods be reworked or recalled, the Contractor will promptly communicate all relevant facts to the Agency and undertake all corrective actions, including those required to meet all obligations imposed by laws, regulations, or orders, and shall file all necessary papers, corrective action programs, and other related documents, provided that nothing contained in this section shall preclude the Agency from taking such action as may be required of it under any such law or regulation. The Contractor shall perform all necessary repairs or modifications at its sole expense except to any extent that the Contractor and the State shall agree to the performance of such repairs by the State upon mutually acceptable terms.

# L. CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION

- 1. Order of Preference. In the case of any inconsistency or conflict among the specific provisions of the Statewide Contract Terms and Conditions (including any amendments accepted by both the Agency and the Contractor attached hereto and the Awarded Item Schedule, if any), the RFX (including any subsequent addenda and written responses to bidders' questions), and the Contractor's Response, any inconsistency or conflict shall be resolved as follows:
  - (i) First, by giving preference to the Statewide Contract Terms and Conditions.
  - (ii) Second, by giving preference to the specific provisions of the RFX.
  - (iii) Third, by giving preference to the specific provisions of the Contractor's Response, except that objections or amendments by a Contractor that have not been explicitly accepted by the Agency in writing shall not be included in this Statewide Contract and shall be given no weight or consideration.
  - (iv) The Statement of Work
- 2. Intent of References to Bid Documents. The references to the parties' obligations, which are contained in this document, are intended to supplement or clarify the obligations as stated in the RFX and the Contractor's Response. The failure of the parties to make reference to the terms of the RFX or the Contractor's Response in this document shall not be construed as creating a conflict and will not relieve the Contractor of the contractual obligations imposed by the terms of the RFX and the Contractor's Response. The contractual obligations imposed by the terms of the RFX and the Contractor's Response. The contractual obligations of the Agency cannot be implied from the Contractor's Response.

- 3. **Compliance with the Law.** The Contractor, its employees, agents, and subcontractors sha comply with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, rules, ordinances, regulations and orders now or hereafter in effect when performing under the Statewide Contract, including without limitation, all laws applicable to the prevention of discrimination in employment and the use of targeted small businesses as subcontractors or contractors. The Contractor, its employees, agents and subcontractors shall also comply with all federal, state and local laws regarding business permits and licenses that may be required to carry out the work performed under the Statewide Contract. Contractor and Contractor's personnel shall also comply with all State, Agency, and User Agency policies and standards in effect during the performance of the Statewide Contract, including but not limited to the Agency and User Agencies' policies and standards relating to personnel conduct, security, safety, confidentiality, and ethics. Further, the provisions of O.C.G.A. Section 45-10-20 et seq. have not and must not be violated under the terms of this Statewide Contract. Contractor certifies that Contractor is not currently engaged in, and agrees for the duration of this Contract not to engage in, a boycott of Israel, as defined in O.C.G.A. §50-5-85.
- 4. Drug-free Workplace. The Contractor hereby certifies as follows:
  - (i) Contractor will not engage in the unlawful manufacture, sale, distribution, dispensation, possession, or use of a controlled substance or marijuana during the performance of this Statewide Contract; and
  - (ii) If Contractor has more than one employee, including Contractor, Contractor shall provide for such employee(s) a drug-free workplace, in accordance with the Georgia Drug-free Workplace Act as provided in O.C.G.A. Section 50-24-1 et seq., throughout the duration of this Statewide Contract; and
  - (iii) Contractor will secure from any subcontractor hired to work on any job assigned under this Statewide Contract the following written certification: "As part of the subcontracting agreement with <u>(Contractor's Name)</u>, <u>(Subcontractor's Name)</u> certifies to the contractor that a drug-free workplace will be provided for the subcontractor's employees during the performance of this Contract pursuant to paragraph 7 of subsection (b) of Code Section 50-24-3."

Contractor may be suspended, terminated, or debarred if it is determined that:

- (i) Contractor has made false certification here in above; or
- (ii) Contractor has violated such certification by failure to carry out the requirements of O.C.G.A. Section 50-24-3(b).

Item 5.

- Item 5. 5. **State Security.** Contractor agrees to comply with all provisions of the then-current State Georgia IT Policies, Standards, and Procedures, including but limited to those which may be found at https://gta.georgia.gov/psg/ or a successor URL(s), as are pertinent to Contractor's Contractor further agrees to comply with all provisions of the relevant User operation. Agency's then-current security procedures as are pertinent to Supplier's operation and which have been supplied to Supplier by such User Agency. For any individual User Agency location, security procedures may include but not be limited to: Background checks, records verification, photographing, and fingerprinting of Contractor's employees or agents. Contractor may, at any time, be required to execute and complete, for each individual Contractor employee or agent, additional forms which may include non-disclosure agreements to be signed by Contractor's employees or agents acknowledging that all User Agency information with which such employees and agents come into contact while at the User Agency site is confidential and proprietary. Any unauthorized release of proprietary or Personal information by the Contractor or an employee or agent of Contractor shall constitute a breach of its obligations under this Section and the Contract. Contractor shall immediately notify Agency and applicable User Agency of any breach of unencrypted and unredacted personal information and other personally identifying information provided by Agency or User Agency to Contractor. Contractor shall provide Agency and applicable User Agency the opportunity to participate in the investigation of the breach.
- 6. Amendments. The Statewide Contract may be amended in writing from time to time by mutual consent of the parties and upon approval by the Agency. All amendments to the Statewide Contract must be in writing and fully executed by duly authorized representatives of the Agency and the Contractor.
- 7. Third Party Beneficiaries. There are no third-party beneficiaries to the Statewide Contract. The Statewide Contract is intended only to benefit the State and the Contractor.
- 8. Choice of Law and Forum. The laws of the State of Georgia shall govern and determine all matters arising out of or in connection with this Statewide Contract without regard to the choice of law provisions of State law. In the event any proceeding of a quasi-judicial or judicial nature is commenced in connection with this Statewide Contract, such proceeding shall solely be brought in a court or other forum of competent jurisdiction within Fulton County, Georgia. This provision shall not be construed as waiving any immunity to suit or liability, including without limitation sovereign immunity, which may be available to the State.
- 9. Parties' Duty to Provide Notice of Intent to Litigate and Right to Demand Mediation. In addition to any dispute resolution procedures otherwise required under this Statewide Contract or any informal negotiations which may occur between the State and the Contractor, no civil action with respect to any dispute, claim or controversy arising out of or relating to this Statewide Contract may be commenced without first giving fourteen (14) calendar days written notice to the State of the claim and the intent to initiate a civil action. At any time prior to the commencement of a civil action, either the State or the Contractor may elect to submit the matter for mediation. Either the State or the Contractor may exercise the right to submit the matter for mediation by providing the other party with a written demand for mediation setting forth the subject of the dispute. The parties will cooperate with one another in selecting a mediator and in scheduling the mediation proceedings. Venue for the mediation will be in Atlanta, Georgia; provided, however, that any or all mediation proceedings may be conducted by teleconference with the consent of the mediator. The parties covenant that they will participate in the mediation in good faith, and that they will share equally in its costs; provided, however that the cost to the State shall not exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00).

All offers, promises, conduct and statements, whether oral or written, made in the course of the mediation by any of the parties, their agents, employees, experts and attorneys, and by the

mediator or employees of any mediation service, are inadmissible for any purpose (includir <sup>*ltem 5.*</sup> but not limited to impeachment) in any litigation or other proceeding involving the parties, provided that evidence that is otherwise admissible or discoverable shall not be rendered inadmissible or non-discoverable as a result of its use in the mediation. Inadmissibility notwithstanding, all written documents shall nevertheless be subject to the Georgia Open Records Act O.C.G.A. Section 50-18-70 et.seq.

No party may commence a civil action with respect to the matters submitted to mediation until after the completion of the initial mediation session, forty-five (45) calendar days after the date of filing the written request for mediation with the mediator or mediation service, or sixty (60) calendar days after the delivery of the written demand for mediation, whichever occurs first. Mediation may continue after the commencement of a civil action, if the parties so desire.

- **10.** Assignment and Delegation. The Statewide Contract may not be assigned, transferred or conveyed in whole or in part without the prior written consent of the Agency. For the purpose of construing this clause, a transfer of a controlling interest in the Contractor shall be considered an assignment.
- **11. Integration.** The Statewide Contract represents the entire agreement between the parties. The parties shall not rely on any representation that may have been made which is not included in the Statewide Contract.
- **12. Headings or Captions.** The paragraph headings or captions used in the Statewide Contract are for identification purposes only and do not limit or construe the contents of the paragraphs.
- **13.** Not a Joint Venture. Nothing in the Statewide Contract shall be construed as creating or constituting the relationship of a partnership, joint venture, (or other association of any kind or agent and principal relationship) between the parties thereto. Each party shall be deemed to be an independent contractor contracting for goods and services and acting toward the mutual benefits expected to be derived herefrom. Neither Contractor nor any of Contractor's agents, servants, employees, subcontractors or contractors shall become or be deemed to become agents, servants, or employees of the State. Contractor shall therefore be responsible for compliance with all laws, rules and regulations involving its employees and any subcontractors, including but not limited to employment of labor, hours of labor, health and safety, working conditions, workers' compensation insurance, and payment of wages. No party has the authority to enter into any contract or create an obligation or liability on behalf of, in the name of, or binding upon another party to the Statewide Contract.
- **14.** Joint and Several Liability. If the Contractor is a joint entity, consisting of more than one individual, partnership, corporation or other business organization, all such entities shall be jointly and severally liable for carrying out the activities and obligations of the Statewide Contract, and for any default of activities and obligations.
- **15. Supersedes Former Contracts or Agreements.** Unless otherwise specified in the Statewide Contract, this Statewide Contract supersedes all prior contracts or agreements between the Agency and the Contractor for the goods and services provided in connection with the Statewide Contract.
- **16. Waiver.** Except as specifically provided for in a waiver signed by duly authorized representatives of the Agency and the Contractor, failure by either party at any time to require performance by the other party or to claim a breach of any provision of the Statewide Contract shall not be construed as affecting any subsequent right to require performance or to claim a breach.

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- 17. Notice. Any and all notices, designations, consents, offers, acceptances or any other communication provided for herein shall be given in writing by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, by receipted hand delivery, by Federal Express, courier or other similar and reliable carrier which shall be addressed to the person who signed the Statewide Contract on behalf of the party at the address identified in the Statewide Contract Form. Each such notice shall be deemed to have been provided:
  - (i) At the time it is actually received; or,
  - (ii) Within one (1) day in the case of overnight hand delivery, courier or services such as Federal Express with guaranteed next day delivery; or,
  - (iii) Within five (5) days after it is deposited in the U.S. Mail in the case of registered U.S. Mail.

From time to time, the parties may change the name and address of the person designated to receive notice. Such change of the designated person shall be in writing to the other party and as provided herein.

- **18. Cumulative Rights.** The various rights, powers, options, elections and remedies of any party provided in the Statewide Contract shall be construed as cumulative and not one of them is exclusive of the others or exclusive of any rights, remedies or priorities allowed either party by law, and shall in no way affect or impair the right of any party to pursue any other equitable or legal remedy to which any party may be entitled as long as any default remains in any way unremedied, unsatisfied or undischarged.
- **19. Severability.** If any provision of the Statewide Contract is determined by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or unenforceable, such determination shall not affect the validity or enforceability of any other part or provision of the Statewide Contract. Further, if any provision of the Statewide Contract is determined to be unenforceable by virtue of its scope, but may be made enforceable by a limitation of the provision, the provision shall be deemed to be amended to the minimum extent necessary to render it enforceable under the applicable law. Any agreement of the Agency and the Contract shall not affect any other part of this Statewide Contract, and the remainder of this Statewide Contract shall continue to be of full force and effect.
- **20.** Time is of the Essence. Time is of the essence with respect to the performance of the terms of the Statewide Contract. Contractor shall ensure that all personnel providing goods and services to the State are responsive to the State's requirements and requests in all respects.
- **21. Authorization.** The persons signing this Statewide Contract represent and warrant to the other parties that:
  - (i) It has the right, power and authority to enter into and perform its obligations under the Statewide Contract; and
  - (ii) It has taken all requisite action (corporate, statutory or otherwise) to approve execution, delivery and performance of the Statewide Contract and the Statewide Contract constitutes a legal, valid and binding obligation upon itself in accordance with its terms.

- 23. Record Retention and Access. The Contractor shall maintain books, records and documents which sufficiently and properly document and calculate all charges billed to the State throughout the term of the Statewide Contract for a period of at least five (5) years following the date of final payment or completion of any required audit, whichever is later. The Contractor should maintain separate accounts and records for the Agency and the User Agencies. Records to be maintained include both financial records and service records. The Contractor shall permit the Auditor of the State of Georgia or any authorized representative of the State, and where federal funds are involved, the Comptroller General of the United States, or any other authorized representative of the United States government, to access and examine, audit, excerpt and transcribe any directly pertinent books, documents, papers, electronic or optically stored and created records or other records of the Contractor relating to orders, invoices or payments or any other documentation or materials pertaining to the Statewide Contract, wherever such records may be located during normal business hours. The Contractor shall not impose a charge for audit or examination of the Contractor's books and records. If an audit discloses incorrect billings or improprieties, the State reserves the right to charge the Contractor for the cost of the audit and appropriate reimbursement. Evidence of criminal conduct will be turned over to the proper authorities.
- 24. Solicitation. The Contractor warrants that no person or selling agency (except bona fide employees or selling agents maintained for the purpose of securing business) has been employed or retained to solicit and secure the Statewide Contract upon an agreement or understanding for commission, percentage, brokerage or contingency.
- **25. Public Records.** The laws of the State of Georgia, including the Georgia Open Records Act, as provided in O.C.G.A. Section 50-18-70 et seq., require procurement records and other records to be made public unless otherwise provided by law.
- 26. Clean Air and Water Certification. Contractor certifies that none of the facilities it uses to produce goods provided under the Statewide Contract are on the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) List of Violating Facilities. Contractor will immediately notify the Agency of the receipt of any communication indicating that any of Contractor's facilities are under consideration to be listed on the EPA List of Violating Facilities.
- 27. Debarred, Suspended, and Ineligible Status. Contractor certifies that the Contractor and/or any of its subcontractors have not been debarred, suspended, or declared ineligible by any agency of the State of Georgia, another state, or as defined in the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 48 C.F.R. Ch.1 Subpart 9.4. Contractor will immediately notify the Agency if Contractor is debarred by the State, another state, or placed on the Consolidated List of Debarred, Suspended, and Ineligible Contractors by a federal entity.
- **28.** Use of Name or Intellectual Property. Contractor agrees it will not use the name or any intellectual property, including but not limited to, State trademarks or logos in any manner, including commercial advertising or as a business reference, without the expressed prior written consent of the State.
- **29.** Taxes. User Agencies are exempt from Federal Excise Taxes, and no payment will be made for any taxes levied on Contractor's employee's wages. User Agencies are exempt from State and Local Sales and Use Taxes on the services. Tax Exemption Certificates will be furnished upon request. Contractor or an authorized subcontractor has provided the Agency with a sworn verification regarding the filing of unemployment taxes or persons assigned by

Contractor to perform services required in this Statewide Contract, which verification *Item 5.* incorporated herein by reference.

- **30.** Certification Regarding Sales and Use Tax. By executing the Statewide Contract the Contractor certifies it is either (a) registered with the State Department of Revenue, collects, and remits State sales and use taxes as required by Georgia law, including Chapter 8 of Title 48 of the O.C.G.A.; or (b) not a "retailer" as defined in O.C.G.A. Section 48-8-2. The Contractor also acknowledges that the State may declare the Statewide Contract void if the above certification is false. The Contractor also understands that fraudulent certification may result in the Agency or its representative filing for damages for breach of contract.
- **31. Delay or Impossibility of Performance.** Neither party shall be in default under the Statewide Contract if performance is delayed or made impossible by an act of God. In each such case, the delay or impossibility must be beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor. If delay results from a subcontractor's conduct, negligence or failure to perform, the Contractor shall not be excused from compliance with the terms and obligations of the Statewide Contract.
- **32.** Limitation of Contractor's Liability to the State. Except as otherwise provided in this Statewide Contract, Contractor's liability to the State for any claim of damages arising out of this Statewide Contract shall be limited to direct damages and shall not exceed the total amount paid to Contractor for the performance under this Statewide Contract.

No limitation of Contractor's liability shall apply to Contractor's liability for loss or damage to State equipment or other property while such equipment or other property is in the sole care, custody, and control of Contractor's personnel. Contractor hereby expressly agrees to assume all risk of loss or damage to any such State equipment or other property in the care, custody, and control of Contractor's personnel. Contractor further agrees that equipment transported by Contractor personnel in a vehicle belonging to Contractor (including any vehicle rented or leased by Contractor or Contractor's personnel) shall be deemed to be in the sole care, custody, and control of Contractor's personnel while being transported. Nothing in this section shall limit or affect Contractor's liability arising from claims brought by any third party.

- **33. Obligations Beyond Contract Term.** The Statewide Contract shall remain in full force and effect to the end of the specified term or until terminated or canceled pursuant to the Statewide Contract. All obligations of the Contractor incurred or existing under the Statewide Contract as of the date of expiration, termination or cancellation will survive the termination, expiration or conclusion of the Statewide Contract.
- **34. Counterparts.** The Agency and the Contractor agree that the Statewide Contract has been or may be executed in several counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original and all such counterparts shall together constitute one and the same instrument.
- **35. Further Assurances and Corrective Instruments.** The Agency and the Contractor agree that they will, from time to time, execute, acknowledge and deliver, or cause to be executed, acknowledged and delivered, such supplements hereto and such further instruments as may reasonably be required for carrying out the expressed intention of the Statewide Contract.
- **36.** Transition Cooperation and Cooperation with other Contractors. Contractor agrees that upon termination of this Statewide Contract for any reason, it shall provide sufficient efforts and cooperation to ensure an orderly and efficient transition of services to the State or another contractor. The Contractor shall provide full disclosure to the State and the third-party contractor about the equipment, software, or services required to perform services for the

State. The Contractor shall transfer licenses or assign agreements for any software or thir party services used to provide the services to the State or to another contractor.

Further, in the event that the State has entered into or enters into agreements with other contractors for additional work related to services rendered under the Statewide Contract, Contractor agrees to cooperate fully with such other contractors. Contractor shall not commit any act, which will interfere with the performance of work by any other contractor.

- **37. Protection of Property.** The Contractor shall assume all costs, risks and liability for any construction related to building or structural modification needed for equipment installation and implementation at no additional cost to the State. The Contractor shall remove, discard, and properly dispose of any unused or otherwise non-operational equipment, materials, supplies and shipping packages, boxes/crates, wooden pallets, other refuse, etc., from the User Agency's premises immediately, at the Contractor's expense and at no additional cost to the User Agency.
- **38. Sexual Harassment Prevention.** The State of Georgia promotes respect and dignity and does not tolerate sexual harassment in the workplace. The State is committed to providing a workplace and environment free from sexual harassment for its employees and for all persons who interact with state government. All State of Georgia employees are expected and required to interact with all persons including other employees, contractors, and customers in a professional manner that contributes to a respectful work environment free from sexual harassment. Furthermore, the State of Georgia maintains an expectation that its contractors and their employees and subcontractors will interact with entities of the State of Georgia, their customers, and other contractors of the State in a professional manner that contributes to a respectful work environment free from sexual harassment.

Pursuant to the State of Georgia's Statewide Sexual Harassment Prevention Policy (the "Policy"), all contractors who are regularly on State premises or who regularly interact with State personnel must complete sexual harassment prevention training on an annual basis.

If the Contractor, including its employees and subcontractors, violates the Policy, including but not limited to engaging in sexual harassment and/or retaliation, the Contractor may be subject to appropriate corrective action. Such action may include, but is not limited to, notification to the employer, removal from State premises, restricted access to State premises and/or personnel, termination of contract, and/or other corrective action(s) deemed necessary by the State.

- (i) If Contractor is an individual who is regularly on State premises or who will regularly interact with State personnel, Contractor certifies that:
  - (a) Contractor has received, reviewed, and agreed to comply with the State of Georgia's Statewide Sexual Harassment Prevention Policy located at <u>http://doas.ga.gov/human-resources-administration/board-rules-policy-andcompliance/jointly-issued-statewide-policies/sexual-harassment-prevention-policy;</u>
  - (b) Contractor has completed sexual harassment prevention training in the last year and will continue to do so on an annual basis; or will complete the Georgia Department of Administrative Services' sexual harassment prevention training located at this direct link <u>https://www.youtube.com/embed/NjVt0DDnc2s?rel=0</u> prior to accessing State premises and prior to interacting with State employees; and on an annual basis thereafter; and,

- (c) Upon request by the State, Contractor will provide documentation substantiating the completion of sexual harassment training.
- (ii) If Contractor has employees and subcontractors that are regularly on State premises or who will regularly interact with State personnel, Contractor certifies that:
  - (a) Contractor will ensure that such employees and subcontractors have received, reviewed, and agreed to comply with the State of Georgia's Statewide Sexual Harassment Prevention Policy located at <u>http://doas.ga.gov/human-resourcesadministration/board-rules-policy-and-compliance/jointly-issued-statewidepolicies/sexual-harassment-prevention-policy;</u>
  - (b) Contractor has provided sexual harassment prevention training in the last year to such employees and subcontractors and will continue to do so on an annual basis; or Contractor will ensure that such employees and subcontractors complete the Georgia Department of Administrative Services' sexual harassment prevention training located at this direct link <u>https://www.youtube.com/embed/NjVt0DDnc2s?rel=0</u> prior to accessing State premises and prior to interacting with State employees; and on an annual basis thereafter: and

Upon request of the State, Contractor will provide documentation substantiating such employees and subcontractors' acknowledgment of the State of Georgia's Statewide Sexual Harassment Prevention Policy and annual completion of sexual harassment prevention training.

# M. USE OF THIRD PARTIES

- 1. Subcontractor Disclosure. The Contractor shall disclose all Subcontractors to Agency. The Contractor shall identify all of its strategic business partners related to services provided under this contract, including but not limited to, all Subcontractors or other entities who may be a party to a joint venture or similar agreement with the Contractor, who will be involved in any application development and/or operations. The Contractor shall notify the Agency of any changes to its strategic business partners related to services provided under this contract, including but not limited to, all Subcontractors or other entities. The Contractor must disclose all Subcontractors in all Statement of Works (SOW) and/or Orders with User Agencies and must receive User Agency approval for any Subcontractor changes.
- 2. Background Checks. The Contractor shall perform background checks on staff including subcontractors. The Contractor shall not use staff that has criminal convictions. The Contractor shall conduct criminal background checks and not utilize any staff, including subcontractors, to fulfill the obligations of the contract who has been convicted of any crime of dishonesty, including but not limited to criminal fraud, or otherwise convicted of any felony. The Contractor shall promote and maintain an awareness of the importance of securing the Agency and/or User Agency's Information among the Contractor's employees and agents.
- **3. Right to Remove individuals:** The Agency and/or User Agency may have the Contractor remove staff directly related to services of this contract. The Agency shall have the right at any time to require that the Contractor remove from interaction with Agency and/or User Agency

Item 5.

any Contractor representative who the Agency believes is detrimental to its workin relationship with the Contractor. The Agency will provide the Contractor with notice of its determination, and the reasons it requests the removal. If the Agency signifies that a potential security violation exists with respect to the request, the Contractor shall immediately remove such Individual. The Contractor shall not assign the person to any aspect of the contract or future work orders without the Agency's consent.

4. Rights and Obligations. No subcontract which Contractor enters into with respect to performance of obligations or work assigned under the Statewide Contract shall in any way relieve Contractor of any responsibility, obligation or liability under this Statewide Contract and for the acts and omissions of all subcontractors, agents, and employees. All restrictions, obligations and responsibilities of the Contractor under the Statewide Contract shall also apply to the subcontractors. Any contract with a subcontractor must also preserve the rights of the Agency. Contractor is responsible for ensuring any third-party personnel performing under the contract adhere to contract terms/conditions and provide the level or quality of service required by the Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) specifications. Third-party personnel must be recognizable by uniform and ID upon providing service for User Agencies.

Item 5.

DEPARTMENT NUMBER 330-03-1130/54.26120 DEPARTMENT HEAD	<u>r</u>			VO NOLLION ICH-			0000
Kr (Kr)				REQUISITION DATE	TE	June 23, 2023	5, 2023
)				PURCHASE ORDER NUMBER	ER NUMBER		
				PURCHASE ORDER DATE	ER DATE		
		NAME OF BIDDER	BIDDER	NAME OF BIDDER	BIDDER	NAME OF BIDDER	BIDDER
	VENDOR	A3	8	NetPlanner	anner	ISO smar	SO smartcity.com
	PHONE NUMBER	803-200-8656 Steven Coleridoe	)-8656 oleridae	770-662-5482 Allison Murphy	2-5482 Murnhv	6/8-885-9210 Seth Jackson	5-9210 ackson
DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY	UNIT PRICE	TOTAL PRICE	UNIT PRICE	TOTAL PRICE	UNIT PRICE	TOTAL PRICE
1 Interorated Security and Surveillance Products	-	401059.3700	401.059.37	430109.2900	430,109,29	535884.2500	535.884.25
2 and Services			00.00		0.00		0.00
	-		00.0	54005.5700	54,005.57		00.00
4 Network Equipment			00.0		0.00		00.0
5			0.00		0.00		00.00
9			0.00		0.00		0.00
7			0.00		0.00		0.00
8 99999-SPD0000172-001			0.00		0.00		00.00
ō			0.00		0.00		00.00
<sup>10</sup> JL: 223-03-9101			0.00		0.00		0.00
11			0.00		0.00		0.00
12			00.00		0.00		0.00
13			0.00		0.00		0.00
14			00.00		0.00		0.00
15			00.00		0.00		0.00
16			00.00		0.00		0.00
17			00.00		00.0		0.00
18			0.00		0.00		0.00
19			00.00		0.00		0.00
20			00.00		00.00		0.00
21			00.00		0.00		0.00
TOTAL BID			\$401,059.37		\$484,114.86		\$535,884.25
SHIPPING CHARGES							
DELIVERY TIME FROM RECEIPT OF PURCHASE ORDER							lte
ER'S NON-COMMERCIAL PRINTERS							m 5



# QUOTE

Item 5.

Number AAAQ57634-04 Date May 17, 2023

A DIVISION OF THE COOK & BOARDMAN GROUP, LLC

Sold To	Ship To		Your C	onsultant
Richmond County Sheriff's Office, GA	Richmond Count Office, GA	ty Sheriff's	Steve	Coleridge
<b>Patrick Clayton</b> 400 Walton Way Augusta, GA 30901 United States	<b>Patrick Clayton</b> 400 Walton Way Augusta, GA 30901 United States		803-20 fax: 8	45000 ext: 5092 00-8656 037316046 ridge@a3communications.co
Phone	Phone			Kinley Road, Irmo, SC 29063
Terms	P.O. Number	Ship Via		Valid Through
NET 30		UPS Ground		6/16/2023

#### Notes

Pricing Based on NASPO - Security and Fire Protection Services - South Carolina Contract #4400018340. All terms and conditions are based on the NASPO master agreement and any state specific terms included in the associated participating Here is the quote you requested.

Qty	Description	Unit Cost	Unit Price	Ext. Price
<b>Richmond County</b>				

Richmond Count Sheriffs Department

Initial Surveillance Deployment

#### Scope of Work:

A3 Communications will be working with Richmond County Sheriffs Department to install an initial instance of City Surveillance. The locations of the cameras are as follows:

- Augusta Common Park;
- In front of the James Brown Statue ( at the front of Augusta Common

Park);

- James Brown and Broad;
- 10th Street and Broad intersection;
- 11th Street and Broad intersection;
- 12th Street and Broad intersection;
- 13th Street and Broad intersection;
- Center light pole in front of Firestone;
- Center light pole in front of Hyatt House;
- 13th and James intersection;
- 6th Street and Ellis:
- 6th Street and Broad Intersection;
- 7th Street and Broad Intersection;
- 5th Street and Broad Intersection; and
- Monument and Broad Street.

Per discussions, A3 Communications will be utilizing existing fiber at the intersection locations receiving new cameras. There are (3) locations that will be utilizing solar poles and will be communicating via cellular

Some products or services may be purchased from The Cook and Boardman group, which is an affiliated entity of A3 Communications. Material will be invoiced to customer when delivered onsite. Projects that are not completed within the first month of starting will be progressed billed for labor and materials each month. Payment terms on progress invoices are net 30 days. In the event of changing market conditions which may impact costs, this quote is valid for the next 30 days.

Unit Price

- communication. These locations are as follows:
- 13th Street and James Intersection;
   Augusta Commons Park; and
- 6th Street and Ellis.

There are several locations that were requested that are not at the intersections. Fiber may be installed depending on funding. We may need to look at installing a NEMA enclosures with Cellular communication and a step down transformer at these locations. If a NEMA enclosure needs to be installed, A3 will need to work with Traffic Engineering to ensure the cosmetic features of the NEMA enclosure are approved. These locations are as follows;

- Center light pole in front of Firestone;
- Center light pole in front of Hyatt House; and
- Monument and Broad.

All other locations are designed to be installed on existing traffic poles and it is the understanding of A3 Communications that all of these locations currently have fiber and an existing switch that can be utilized by A3 for the surveillance cameras to communicate back to the surveillance server. It is the understanding of A3 that Traffic will be providing switch ports at the traffic pole via existing 8 port switches. Existing switches may need to be upgraded based on existing configuration.

All surveillance traffic will be routed back to the IT Buildin/Data Center and A3 Communications will be installing a network switch and firewall. The surveillance communication will then be routed to the Sheriffs department where another switch will be installed as well as the surveillance server. It is the understanding that the Sheriff's Department will be providing a location/dedicated room to set up a Security Operations Center. The standing cabinet and surveillance servers will be located in this room. In addition, A3 will be installing (4) wall hung monitors to display camera views. A new workstation designed for the camera traffic will be installed in the SOC for the purpose of diplaying and handling the camera streams.

A3 will be installing separate microphones at (5) locations to assist with the detection of gunshots. (Please note that this is not true gunshot detection as the ShotSpotter system is a separate system and ShotSpotter only sells directly to end users, not to integrators). The locations that were requested are as follows:

- Augusta Commons Park;
- 12th Street and Broad;
- Center light pole in front of Firestone;
- 13th Street and James; and
- 6th Street and Ellis.

A3 Communications has also included Briefcam analytics in this proposal to assist with accelerated investigations, attaining situational awareness and operational intelligence. A demo can be set up for this for Richmond County to better understand its capabilites.

The Traffic division and A3 Communications/Sheriffs Dept will be working together to provide a WOWZA server that will provide the 125 traffic camera view to the Genetec system. A3 will take the feeds provided by Traffic via the WOWZA server and program them into the Sheriffs Department Genetec surveillance system.

#### PLEASE NOTE:

Fiber pathways will need to be verified prior to installation for all locations including from the data center to the Sheriffs Department;
Network, Switching and port availability at each pole (not including the solar poles) will need to be verified. If the switching is not available or adequate, a new switch may need to be procured;
If any assistance with diverting traffic at the installation locations is

needed, it will be the responsibility of Richmond County to assist (where applicable);

Some products or services may be purchased from The Cook and Boardman group, which is an affiliated entity of A3 Communications. Material will be invoiced to customer when delivered onsite. Projects that are not completed within the first month of starting will be progressed billed for labor and materials each month. Payment terms on progress invoices are net 30 days.

Qty	Description	Unit Cost	Unit Price	Ext. Pr	Item 5.
	- A contingency has been added to this proposal. This contingency will not be used or billed against by A3 Communications unless Richmond County has approved and signed off on any change orders; and - A3 has proposed the SIM cards for the cellular communication. If Richmond County Sheriffs Department currently has a cellular provider, the SIM cards proposed can be removed from this proposal.				
	Site Preparations/Client Responsibilities:				
	To ensure A3 Communications' implementations teams are able to perform all project-related tasks, you are required to prepare the affected site(s) as follows:				
	- Designate one Project Manager who will:				

- Act as the first point-of contact for all communication;
- Define overall installation date goals;
- Verify satisfaction of prerequisites; and
- Provide final acceptance approval.
- Designate individual site contacts who will:
- Coordinate installations;
- Promptly reply to all requests for information; and
- Verify correct network provisioning;
- Provide appropriate installation/rack/wall space for all hardware to be installed;

- Provide IP address and naming convention information to be used for this project;

- Provide all necessary security and user access passwords for existing and new equipment; and

Network cabling to each device that A3 Communications is providing.

#### **Exclusions and Clarifications:**

Unless specifically noted otherwise, this Proposal excludes the following:

- A3 Communications will not be responsible for the functionality or condition of, nor provide warranty for, existing equipment, cabling, and/or systems or new equipment, cabling, and/or systems provided and/or installed by others. Troubleshooting, repair, and/or replacement of said equipment, cabling, or systems is not included in this proposal;

- Integration between different systems;
- Fiber pathways from pole locations to the data center;
- Fiber pathways from the data center to the Sheriffs Department;
- Switching at any of the pole locations (other than the 3 solar
- pole locations that will be receiving cellular communications);
- Any fiber links;
- Permits and any special permit required drawings;
- Shipping cost; and

 Any network, fiber or fiber converters at any existing poles where a surveillance camera is designed to be installed.

#### Notes and Assumptions:

All changes affecting the design, quantity of material or additional labor shall be approved by the A3 Project Manager and Client prior to beginning work. Such changes may require the completion of a Change Order by the Client before any such change order work is performed.

- A3 will not be held responsible for any omissions or oversight due to miscommunications, misrepresentation or lack of information provided by customer in the formulation of this proposal;

Some products or services may be purchased from The Cook and Boardman group, which is an affiliated entity of A3 Communications. Material will be invoiced to customer when delivered onsite. Projects that are not completed within the first month of starting will be progressed billed for labor and materials each month. Payment terms on progress invoices are net 30 days. In the event of changing market conditions which may impact costs, this quote is valid for the next 30 days.

_				(16)
Qty	Description	Unit Cost	Unit Price	Ext. Price Item 5.
	<ul> <li>It is assumed that fiber pathways are existing or an be installed in desired locations;</li> <li>It is assumed that switching at each pole is adequate and available;</li> <li>It is assumed that the space designated for the SOC is adequate enough for the monitors and servers to be installed;</li> <li>A3 Communications will provide all labor, tools, and supervision required to complete this installation, except for what the customer will be responsible for, stated above;</li> <li>Change orders - Must have written approval from customer before any work can proceed; and</li> <li>Cameras will be programmed with static IP addresses unless otherwise noted.</li> </ul>			
	CCTV Head End and Licensing			
1	Genetec Management Server	\$23,692.30	\$33,145.20	\$33,145.20
	<ul> <li>(2) Xeon Silver 4216 - 32GB (4x8GB) (2) 480GB</li> <li>2.5" SATA SSD (2) 1GbE RJ45 (4) 10GbE (2) 550W</li> <li>PSU PSU Windows Server 2019 5YR NBD</li> <li>Warranty <ul> <li>(8) Dell - 16GB - 2RX8 DDR4 RDIMM 3200MHz ECC</li> <li>(3) 960GB SSD SATA Mix Use 6Gbps 512e 2.5in</li> <li>Drive in 3.5in Hybrid Carrier</li> <li>Dual Port Low Profile 1GbE RJ45 PCIe Ethernet</li> <li>Adapter</li> <li>Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Standard - 16</li> <li>Core License</li> <li>(4) Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Standard - 4</li> <li>Core License Add</li> <li>Dell IDRAC Enterprise License 14G Servers</li> <li>(2) Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Standard - 16</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			
1	Genetec Archiving Server (2) Xeon Silver 4216 - 32GB (4x8GB) (2) 240GB M.2 SSD (10) 12TB SAS HDD (4) 1GbE RJ45 (2) 10GbE SFP+ (2) 1100W PSU Windows Server 2019 5YR NBD Warranty (2) 960GB SSD SATA Mix Use 6Gbps 512e 2.5in Drive in 3.5in Hybrid Carrier (8) Dell - 16GB - 2RX8 DDR4 RDIMM 3200MHz ECC Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Standard - 16 Core License (4) Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Standard - 4 Core License Add Dell IDRAC Enterprise License 14G Servers Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Standard - 16 Core License	\$26,302.30	\$38,029.20	\$38,029.20
146	Geneter 1 comparties	++ CO FO	4407 FO	400 00F 00
	Genetec 1 camera connection	\$162.50	\$197.50	\$28,835.00
30	Genete Advantage Renewal for 1 Omnicast Enterprise Camera 1	\$30.60	\$40.29	\$1,208.70

Some products or services may be purchased from The Cook and Boardman group, which is an affiliated entity of A3 Communications. Material will be invoiced to customer when delivered onsite. Projects that are not completed within the first month of starting will be progressed billed for labor and materials each month. Payment terms on progress invoices are net 30 days.

In the event of changing market conditions which may impact costs, this quote is valid for the next 30 days.

Qty	Description	Unit Cost	Unit Price	Ext. Pr
	year			
1	Genetec - Reinstatement Fee for Lapsed Genetec Advantage - Under 1 year	\$229.50	\$302.18	\$302.18
146	Genetec ADV-CAM-E-1Y Advantage for 1 Omnicast Enterprise Camera - 1 year	\$30.60	\$40.29	\$5,882.34
1	GSC AutoVu Standard Base Package. Works with Genetec Security Center	\$971.75	\$1,181.05	\$1,181.05
5	Genetec SDK connection for Briefcam with VS Enterprise (Client). This part number should NOT be sold seperatly from part number GSC-1SDK-BRIEFCAMVSEnterprisS.	\$162.50	\$197.50	\$987.50
1	Genetec SDK connection for Briefcam with VS Enterprise (Server). This part number should NOT be sold seperatly from part number GSC-1SDK-BRIEFCAMVSEnterprisC.	\$162.50	\$197.50	\$197.50
	Security Operations Center			
1	BCD Genetec Video Wall Workstation - (1) Core I9-9900K - (2) 8GB DDR4 RAM - (1) 256GB M.2 SSD - (2) Quadro RTX4000 - (1) 1GbE RJ45 - (1) 10GbE RJ45 - (2) 550W PSU - Windows 10 Pro - 5YR NBD Warranty	\$5,500.00	\$6,380.00	\$6,380.00
4	43" LED Ultra HD Monitor - Supports 4K resolution	\$1,148.28	\$1,332.00	\$5,328.00
4	Chied Medium Fusion Tilt Wall Mount	\$143.15	\$166.05	\$664.20
4	Chief Manufacturing Hardware Kit	\$9.64	\$11.18	\$44.72
	Briefcam Analytics			
1	Insights- Base Package	\$21,375.00	\$24,795.00	\$24,795.00
2	Briefcam RESPOND Pack Insights - Price Per 1 Additional Real-Time Camera Stream	\$712.50	\$826.50	\$1,653.00
1	Briefcam Insights Software SCC - 1st Year	\$4,800.00	\$5,568.00	\$5,568.00
1	BriefCam Basic Service Pack Includes remote installation, LMS-based (remote) User training and Admin training	\$3,500.00	\$4,060.00	\$4,060.00
1	2U Precision 7920 Rackmount Windows Server 2019 IoT Dual 1600W Redundant Power Supply (1+1) 2x Intel Xeon Gold 6226R 384GB RAM 2 x 256GB M2 SSD (OS in RAID1) 3 x RTX A4000 GPU 5 Years Dell Pro-Support	\$26,900.00	\$31,204.00	\$31,204.00
2	8TB 7200RPM Serial ATA 6Gbps 512e 3.5in Hot-Plug Hard Drive	\$520.50	\$603.78	\$1,207.56
1	480GB Mixed-Use (M) SSD	\$1,621.50	\$1,880.94	\$1,880.94
	Networking Equipment			
2	Cisco Catalyst 9300 24-port fixed uplinks PoE+, 4X10G uplinks, Network Essentials	\$2,893.58	\$4,501.12	\$9,002.24
2	1 YR 8X5XNBD C9300L2X	\$396.80	\$460.29	\$920.58
2	Network Plug-n-Play License for zero-touch device deployment			
2	Cisco Catalyst 9300 Network Module Blank Cover			
2	NO NETWORK MODULE SELECTED			
2	715W AC 80+ platinum Config 1 Power Supply			
2	715W AC 80+ plat Config 1 Secondary PS	\$864.99	\$931.52	\$1,863.04
2	Cisco Catalyst 9300L XE 16.12 Universal - NPE			
2	C9300 DNA Essentials, 24-Port Term Licenses			

Some products or services may be purchased from The Cook and Boardman group, which is an affiliated entity of A3 Communications. Material will be invoiced to customer when delivered onsite. Projects that are not completed within the first month of starting will be progressed billed for labor and materials each month. Payment terms on progress invoices are net 30 days.

In the event of changing market conditions which may impact costs, this quote is valid for the next 30 days.

2         0300         DNA Essentials, 24-Port, 3 Year Term License         \$386.03         \$4454.58         \$909         Merch Merch America AC Type A Power Cable         \$1,733.17         \$3,075.77         \$12,303.08           1         106BASE-LR SFP Module         \$1,733.17         \$3,075.77         \$12,303.08           1         Cisco ASA S520-S Threwall Edition - 8 Port - 1 Expansion Slot         \$5,137.33         \$5,959.30         \$5,959.30           1         ASA S520 Strong Encryption License (3DES/AES)         \$6,296.77         \$11,174.54         \$11,174.54           1         ASA S500 Strong Encryption Encense (3DES/AES)         \$6,296.77         \$11,174.54         \$11,174.54           1         Cisco Firepower 1150 ASA Appliance, 1U         \$6,296.77         \$11,174.54         \$11,174.54           1         Cisco Firepower 110 Standard ASA License         \$6,296.77         \$11,174.54         \$11,174.54           1         Cisco Firepower 110 Standard ASA License         \$1,445.22         \$2,090.00         \$14,630.00           1         Cisco Firepower 110 Standard ASA License         \$1,445.22         \$2,090.00         \$14,630.00           2         Traffic Pole Cameras         Multiview Exterior Cameras         \$1,445.22         \$2,090.00         \$14,630.00           3         Alamoha SBP-300FWMI- Net NAX3	Qty	Description	Unit Cost	Unit Price	Ext. Price
4       10GBASE-LR SFP Module       \$1,733.17       \$3,075.77       \$12,303.08         1       Clisco ASA 5525-X Firewall Edition - 8 Port - 1 Expansion Slot       \$5,137.33       \$5,599.30       \$5,599.30         1       ASA 5525 IPS Part Number with which PCB Serial Is associated       \$4,345.500       \$5,599.30       \$5,599.30         1       ASA 5500 Strong Encryption License (3DES/AES)       \$6,296.77       \$11,174.54       \$11,174.54         1       Clisco AF Dower Cord (North America), C13, NEMA 5-159, 2.1m       \$6,296.77       \$11,174.54       \$11,174.54         1       Clisco Firepower 1150 ASA Appliance, 10       \$6,296.77       \$11,174.54       \$11,174.54         1       Clisco Firepower 1000 Encryption (DBES/AES)       \$6,296.77       \$11,174.54       \$11,174.54         1       Clisco Firepower 115 Series Accessory XII for FPR-1120/1140       \$6,296.77       \$11,475.54       \$11,474.54         1       Clisco Firepower 115 Series Accessory XII for FPR-1120/1140       \$1,445.22       \$2,090.00       \$14,630.00         1       Clisco Firepower 1000 Standard ASA License       \$1,445.22       \$2,090.00       \$14,630.00         1       Hamwha 5BP-300-WWX1 - Wax       S0198/96/94/94/95, H265, H264, M2195       \$12,55       \$827.75         1       Hamwha 5BP-300-WWX1 - Wax       S14,630.00	2	C9300 DNA Essentials, 24-Port, 3 Year Term License	\$386.03	\$454.58	\$909.
1       Clsco ASA 5525-X Firewall Edition - 8 Port - 1 Expansion Slot       55,137.33       55,059.30       55,599.30         1       ASA 5500 Strong Encryption License (3DES/AES)       55,137.33       55,599.30       55,599.30         1       ASA 5500 Strong Encryption License (3DES/AES)       55,457.33       55,599.30       55,599.30         1       ASA 5500 AnyConnect Client + Clsco Security       56,296.77       \$11,174.54       \$11,174.54         1       Clsco AFA-SA-51-K8 ASA 9,1 Software Image for ASA 5500-X Series       1       1       Clsco AFA-SA-51-K8 ASA 9,1 Software Image for ASA 5500-X Series         1       Clsco Firepower 1000 Strong Encryption (DDES/AES)       1       1       56,296.77       \$11,174.54       \$11,174.54         1       Clsco Firepower 1100 Strong Encryption (DDES/AES)       1	4	North America AC Type A Power Cable			
1       ASA 5525 IPS Part Number with which PCB Serial is associated         1       ASA 5500 Strong Encryption License (3DES/AES)         1       ASA 5500 AryConnect Client + Clisco Security         1       Clisco SF-ASA-X91-K8 ASA 15 oftware Image for ASA 5500-X Series         1       Clisco Frepower 1000 Strong Encryption (3DES/AES)         1       Clisco Frepower 1100 Strong Encryption (3DES/AES)         2       Mamyha SPM-300EWQ - Camera Species SMP x 4ch multi-directional camera, Motorized PTR2 support, Max. 300ps@SMP(H/225, H.264), 413=-9 4metha 590-300E	4	10GBASE-LR SFP Module	\$1,733.17	\$3,075.77	\$12,303.08
1       ASA 5500 Strong Encryption License (3DES/AES)         1       ASA 5500 AnyConnet Client + Clisco Security         1       Clisco SF-ASA-X-9.1-K8 ASA 9.1 Software Image for ASA 5500-X Series         1       Clisco Torow Cord (North America), C13, NEMA 5-15P, 2.1m         1       Clisco Frepower 1000 Stong Encryption (3DES/AES)         1       Clisco Frepower 1000 Stong Encryption (3DES/AES)         1       Clisco Frepower 11000 Stong Encryption (3DES/AES)         1       Clisco Frepower 11 Series Accessory Kit for FPR-1120/1140         1       Clisco Frepower 1000 Standard ASA License         Traffic Pole Cameras         Multiview Exterior Cameras         Namona SBP-300PWM 2. One Matk         7         Hanwha SBP-300PWM 1. Note Matk         7         Hanwha SBP-300PWM 1. Note Matk         7         Hanwha SBP-300PWM 2. Wall Mount Accessory, 2x knock out         \$81,77       \$118.25         \$82,05       \$43.45       \$204.15         7       Hanwha SBP-300PVMM 2. Nole Mount Adapter	1	•	\$5,137.33	\$5,959.30	\$5,959.30
1       ASA-VPN-CLNT-K9         1       ASA 5500 AnyConnect Client + Clisco Security         1       Clisco FASA-X9-14, M ASA 9.1 Software Image for ASA 5500-X Series         1       Clisco FASA-X9-14, M ASA 9.1 Software Image for ASA 5500-X Series         1       Clisco Firepower 1000 Appliance, 1U       \$6,296,77       \$11,174,54       \$11,174,54         1       Clisco Firepower 1150 ASA Appliance, 1U       \$6,296,77       \$11,174,54       \$11,174,54         1       Clisco Firepower 1150 ASA Appliance, 1U       \$6,296,77       \$11,174,54       \$11,174,54         1       Clisco Firepower 1158 extessory Rith for FPR-1120/1140       1       1       Clisco Firepower 1158 extessory Rith for FPR-1120/1140         1       Clisco Firepower 1158 and Appliances       \$1,445,22       \$2,090,00       \$14,630,00         camera, Motorized varifocal lens, IR viewable length: 30m, H-265, H-264), 4-13-9.4mm(2,33) motorized varifocal lens, IR viewable length: 30m, H-265, H-264, MUE Groee, Multi streaming, Video analytics, WilseStream?, IP66, IK10, NEMA4X       \$81.77       \$118,25       \$827.75         Y Hamwha SBP-300/PWM1 - Pole Mount Accessory, 2x knock out built-in, compatible with all full size outdoor PT2s and all caps, White color       \$31.415       \$30.05       \$43.45       \$304.15         7       Hamwha SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Acapter       \$30.05       \$43.45       \$217.25       \$288.75	1				
1       ASA 5500 AnyConnect Client + Cisco Security         1       Cisco SF-ASA-X9.1-X8 AS A.9.1 Software image for ASA 5500-X Series         1       Cisco AF Dever Cord (North America), CI3, NEMA 5-15P, 2.1m         1       Cisco ASA, 516.2 Software for Firepower 1000 appliances         1       Cisco Firepower 1150 ASA Appliance, 1U       \$6,296.77       \$11,174.54       \$11,174.54         1       Cisco Firepower 100 Strong Encryption (3DES/AES)       1       Cisco Firepower 10X Strong Encryption (3DES/AES)         1       Cisco Firepower 10X Strong Encryption (3DES/AES)       1       Cisco Firepower 10X Strong Encryption (3DES/AES)         1       Cisco Firepower 10X Strong Encryption (3DES/AES)       1       \$1,445.22       \$2,090.00         1       Cisco Firepower 10X Strong Encryption (ASA License       \$1,445.22       \$2,090.00       \$14,630.00         Traffic Pole Cameras         MultiView Exterior Cameras       \$1,445.22       \$2,090.00       \$14,630.00         camera, Notorized Varifocal lens, IR Viewable length : 30m, H265, H264, MIHC Store, Multi streaming, Vieko analytics, WiseStream, Jiefo, IK10, NEMAAX       \$81.77       \$118.25       \$827.75         9       Hanwha SBP-300/WMW - Wall Mount Accessory, Zx knock out built-in, compatible with all full size outdoor FIZs and all caps, White color       \$30.05       \$43.45       \$204.15         7<	1				
1       Clsco SF-ASA-X-91-K8 ASA 9,1 Software Image for ASA 5500-X Series         1       Clsco AF Power Cord (North America), C13, IKBM 5-15P, 2.1m       Clsco ASA 9,16.2 Software for Firepower 1000 appliances         1       Clsco ASA 9,16.2 Software for Firepower 1000 appliances       \$6,296,77       \$11,174,54       \$11,174,54         1       Clsco Firepower 1000 Strong Encryption (3DES/AES)       Clsco Firepower 1000 Strong Encryption (3DES/AES)       \$12,000       \$11,174,54       \$11,174,54         1       Clsco Firepower 11 Series Accessory Kit for FPR-1120/1140       Clsco Firepower 1000 Standard ASA License       \$1,445,22       \$2,090,00       \$14,630,00         Traffic Pole Cameras         Multiview Exterior Cameras         7       Hanwha PNM-9085RQ2 - Camera Specs SMP x 4ch multi-directional camera, Motorized PTRZ support, Max. 307ps@5MP(H,265, H.264,)       \$1,445,22       \$2,090,00       \$14,630,00         amera, Motorized PTRZ support, Max. 307ps@5MP(H,265, H.264,)       \$1,445,22       \$2,090,00       \$14,630,00         Anawha SBP-300-MWA2 - Wall Mount Accessory, 2x knock out       \$81,77       \$118,25       \$827,75         9       Hanwha SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter       \$30,05       \$43,45       \$304,15         7       Hanwha SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Accessory, 2x knock out       \$81,77       \$118,25       \$288,75	1				
1       Cisco AC Power Cord (North America), C13, NEMA 5-15P, 2.1m         1       Cisco Tirepower 1150 ASA Appliance, 1U       \$6,296.77       \$11,174.54       \$11,174.54         1       Cisco ASA 16.2 Software for Firepower 1000 appliances       1       Cisco Firepower 1150 ASA Appliance, 1U       \$6,296.77       \$11,174.54       \$11,174.54         1       Cisco Firepower 1150 ASA Appliance, 1U       \$6,296.77       \$11,174.54       \$11,174.54         1       Cisco Firepower 1150 ASA Appliance, 1U       \$6,296.77       \$11,174.54       \$11,174.54         1       Cisco Firepower 1150 ASA Appliance, 1U       \$6,296.77       \$11,174.54       \$11,174.54         1       Cisco Firepower 1150 ASA Appliance, 1U       \$100 ASA       \$11,174.54       \$11,174.54         1       Cisco Firepower 115 ASA Appliance, 1U       \$100 ASA       \$11,174.54       \$11,174.54         1       Cisco Firepower 115 ASA Appliance, 1U       \$11,174.54       \$11,174.54       \$11,174.54         1       Cisco Firepower 1000 Standard ASA License       \$11,174.54       \$11,174.54       \$11,174.54         1       Cisco Firepower 1000 Standard ASA License       \$14,630.00       \$14,630.00       \$14,630.00         1       Firepower 1000 Standard ASA Applicable Hight 12,01140       \$12,540.41       \$14,630.00       \$14,63	1				
1       Cisco Firepower 1150 ASA Appliance, 1U       \$6,296,77       \$11,174,54       \$11,174,54         1       Cisco ASA 9.16.2 Software for Firepower 1000 appliances       1       1       Cisco Firepower 1000 Strong Encryption (3DES/AES)         1       Cisco Firepower 1000 Strong Encryption (3DES/AES)       1       1       Cisco Firepower 1000 Standard ASA License         Traffic Pole Cameras         Multiview Exterior Cameras       \$1,445.22       \$2,090.00       \$14,630.00         camera, Motorized PTR2 support, Max. 30fps@SMP(H.265, H.264), 4.13-9.4mm(2.3x) motorized varifocal lens, IR viewable length: 30m, H.265, H.264, MJPEC codec, Multi streaming, Video analytics, WiesEtream/JP66, IKIN, NEMAAX       \$81.77       \$118.25       \$827.75         Pultivie, compatible with all full size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White color       \$81.77       \$118.25       \$28.52       \$43.45       \$304.15         P Hanwha SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter       \$30.05       \$43.45       \$304.15       \$28.52       \$41.25       \$28.75         Multi-Directional cameras PNM-9080VQ and PNM-9081VQ (will fit the following accessories: SBP-300WM, SBP-300UM, SBP-300WM1 - Spa.300WM2 - Wall Mount Accessory, 2x knock out built-in, compatible with all full size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White color       \$81.77       \$118.25       \$591.25         S NETWORK VANDAL OUTDOOR C	1	÷			
1       Cisco ASA 9.16.2 Software for Firepower 1000 appliances         1       Cisco Firepower 1100 Strong Encryption (3DES/AES)         1       Cisco Firepower 11K Series 2006B for FPR-1120/1140         1       Cisco Firepower 11K Series Accessory Kit for FPR-1120/1140         1       Cisco Firepower 11K Series Accessory Kit for FPR-1120/1140         1       Cisco Firepower 11K Series Accessory Kit for FPR-1120/1140         1       Cisco Firepower 11000 Standard ASA License         Traffic Pole Cameras         MultiView Exterior Cameras         1       Hanwha PNM-9085RQ2 - Camera Specs 5MP X 4ch multi-directional camera, Motorized PTRZ support, Max. 30fps@5MP(H.265, H.264), 41-5       \$1,445.22       \$2,090.00       \$14,630.00         camera, Motorized PTRZ support, Max. 30fps@5MP(H.265, H.264), 4.13-9.4mm(2.3x) motorized varifocal lens, IR viewable length : 30m, H.265, H.264, MJPEC coder, Multi streaming, Video analytics, WiseStream2, IP66, IK10, NEMAX       \$81.77       \$118.25       \$827.75         Hanwha SBP-302WMW2 - Wall Mount Accessory, 2x knock out bult-in, compatible with all full size outdoor PTzs and all caps, White color       \$81.77       \$118.25       \$288.75         Multi-Directional cameras PNM-908UVQ (Will fit fit the following accessories: SBP-300WM1, SBP-300LM, SBP-300LM, SBP-300CM)       \$81.77       \$118.25       \$591.25         5       NETWORK VANDAL OUTDOOR CAMERA THAT COMBINES       \$2,325.00       \$3,410.00<	1				
1       Cisco Firepower 1000 Strong Encryption (3DES/AES)         1       Cisco Firepower 11K Series Accessory Kit for FPR-1120/1140         1       Cisco Firepower 11K Series Accessory Kit for FPR-1120/1140         1       Cisco Firepower 1000 Standard ASA License         Traffic Pole Cameras         Multiview Exterior Cameras         7       Hanwha PNM-9085RQ2 - Camera Specs 5MP x 4ch multi-directional camera, Motorized PTRZ support, Max. 30fps@5MP(H.265, H.264), 413-9.4mm(2.3x) motorized varifocal lens, IR viewable length : 30m, H.265, H.264, MJPEG codec, Multi streaming, Video analytics, WiseStream?, JP66, IK10, NEMA4X         7       Hanwha SBP-330-WMV2 - Wall Mount Accessory, 2x knock out \$81.77       \$118.25       \$827.75         built-in, compatible with all full size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White color       \$30.05       \$43.45       \$304.15         7       Hanwha SBP-330FWMV - Varge Cap adaptor (indoor)for the the following accessories: SBP-300EVM, SBP-300LM, SBP-300LM, SBP-300LM, SBP-300CM)       \$81.77       \$118.25       \$28.75         5       NETWORK VANDAL OUTDOOR CAMERA THAT COMBINES       \$2.325.00       \$3,410.00       \$17,050.00         MULTI-SENSOR MULTI-DIRECTIONAL CAMER       \$30.05       \$43.45       \$217.25         6       Hanwha SBP-330WMM1 - Pole Mount Adapter       \$30.05       \$43.45       \$217.25         7       Hanwha SBP-300EVM1 - Sene Adaptor OTZ and all caps, Whit	1		\$6,296.77	\$11,174.54	\$11,174.54
1       Cisco Firepower 1K Series 200GB for FPR-1120/1140         1       Cisco Firepower 1K Series Accessory Kit for FPR-1120/1140         1       Cisco Firepower 1000 Standard ASA License         Traffic Pole Cameras         Multiview Exterior Cameras         7       Hanwha PNM-9085RQ2 - Camera Specs 5MP x 4ch multi-directional camera, Motorized PTR2 support, Max, 30769@5MP(H.265, H.264), 4.13-9-4mm(2.3); motorized varifocal lens, IR viewable length : 30m, H.265, H.264, MJPEG codec, Multi streaming, Video analytics, WiseStream?, IP66, IK10, NEMAAX       \$1,445.22       \$2,090.00       \$14,630.00         7       Hanwha SBP-300-WMW2 - Wall Mount Accessory, 2x knock out sites outdoor PTZs and all caps, White color       \$81.77       \$118.25       \$827.75         7       Hanwha SBP-300-WM1 - Pole Mount Adapter       \$30.05       \$43.45       \$304.15         7       Hanwha SBP-317HMW - Large Cap adaptor (Indoor)for the Multi-Directional cameras PNM-9080VQ null PNN-9081VQ (Will fit the following accessories: SBP-300WM1, SBP-300WM, SBP-300LM, SBP-300LM, SBP-300CM)       \$17,050.00         5       NETWORK VANDAL OUTDOOR CAMERA THAT COMBINES White color       \$2,325.00       \$3,410.00       \$17,050.00         6       Null-ti-DIRECTIONAL CAMER       \$81.77       \$118.25       \$591.25         9       NULT-SENS MULL T-DIRECTIONAL CAMER       \$30.05       \$43.45       \$217.25         20       PNM-9320VQP Lens	1				
1       Cisco Firepower 1K Series Accessory Kit for FPR-1120/1140         1       Cisco Firepower 1000 Standard ASA License         Traffic Pole Cameras Multiview Exterior Cameras         7       Hanwha PNM-9085RQ2 - Camera Specs 5MP x 4ch multi-directional camera, Motorized PTRZ support, Max. 30fps@SMP(H.265, H.264), 4.13-9.4mm(2.3x) motorized varifocal lens, IR viewable length : 30m, H.265, H.264, MJPEG codec, Multi streaming, Video analytics, WiseStream?,IP66, IK10, NEMA4X       \$1,445.22       \$2,090.00       \$14,630.00         7       Hanwha SBP-390-WIM2 - Wall Mount Accessory, 2x knock out built-in, compatible with all full size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White color       \$81.77       \$118.25       \$827.75         7       Hanwha SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter       \$30.05       \$43.45       \$304.15         7       Hanwha SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter       \$28.52       \$41.25       \$288.75         7       Hanwha SBP-300PWM1 - Large Cap adaptor (indoor)for the full biller, compatible with all full size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White color       \$17,050.00         5       NETWORK VANDAL OUTDOOR CAMERA THAT COMBINES Hanwha SBP-300-WMV2 - Wall Mount Accessory, 2x knock out built-in, compatible with all full size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White color       \$11,45.25       \$591.25         5       Hanwha SBP-300-WMV2 - Wall Mount Accessory, 2x knock out built-in, compatible with all full size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White color       \$11,825       \$2,750.00         5	1				
1       Cisco Firepower 1000 Standard ASA License         Traffic Pole Cameras         Multiview Exterior Cameras         7       Hanwha PNM-9085RQ2 - Camera Specs SMP x 4ch multi-directional camera, Motorized TRZ support, Max. 30fps@SMP(H.265, H.264), 4.13-9.4mm(2.3x) motorized varifocal lens, IR viewable length : 30m, H.265, H.264, MJPEG codec, Multi streaming, Video analytics, WiseStream?, JP66, IK10, NEMAAX       \$14,630.00       \$14,630.00         7       Hanwha SBP-330-WMW2 - Wall Mount Accessory, 2x knock out built-in, compatible with all full size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White color       \$81.77       \$118.25       \$827.75         7       Hanwha SBP-3300FWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter       \$30.05       \$43.45       \$304.15         7       Hanwha SBP-317HMW - Large Cap adaptor (indoor)for the Multi-Directional cameras PNM-908VQ (Will fit the following accessories: SBP-300WM1, SBP-300LM, SBP-300LM, SBP-300CM)       \$81.77       \$118.25       \$2,325.00       \$3,410.00       \$17,050.00         MULTi-Directional cameras PNM-908VQ and PNM-9081VQ (Will fit the following accessories: SBP-300WM1, SBP-300LM, SBP-300LM, SBP-300CM)       \$81.77       \$118.25       \$591.25         5       NETWORK VANDAL OUTDOOR CAMERA THAT COMBINES       \$2,325.00       \$3,410.00       \$17,050.00         MULTi-DirectTiONAL CAMER       \$81.77       \$118.25       \$591.25         built-in, compatible with all full size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White color       \$33.05 <td< td=""><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	1				
Traffic Pole Cameras         Multiview Exterior Cameras         7       Hanwha PNM-9085RQZ - Camera Specs 5MP x 4ch multi-directional camera, Motorized PTRZ support, Max. 30fps@5MP(H.265, H.264), 413-9-4mm(2.3x) motorized varifical lens, IR viewable length : 30m, H.265, H.264, MJPEG codec, Multi streaming, Video analytics, WiseStream?, JP66, IK10, NEMAAX       \$14,435.22       \$2,090.00       \$14,630.00         7       Hanwha SBP-300-WMV2 - Wall Mount Accessory, 2x knock out built-in, compatible with all full size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White color       \$81.77       \$118.25       \$827.75         7       Hanwha SBP-300-WWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter       \$30.05       \$43.45       \$304.15         7       Hanwha SBP-30DWWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter       \$2,325.00       \$3,410.00       \$17,050.00         7       Hanwha SBP-30DWWM1 - Pole Mount Accessory, 2x knock out built-in, compatible with all full size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White color       \$17,050.00       \$17,050.00         7       Hanwha SBP-30DWWM1 - Pole Mount Accessory, 2x knock out built-in, compatible with all full size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White color       \$11,77       \$118.25       \$591.25         8       NETWORK VANDAL OUTDOOR CAMERA THAT COMBINES       \$2,325.00       \$3,410.00       \$17,050.00         8       MULT-SINSOR MULT-DIRECTIONAL CAMER       \$12,325       \$30.05       \$43.45       \$217.25         8       Hanwha SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter	1	-			
Multiview Exterior Cameras7Hanwha PNM-9085RQZ - Camera Specs 5MP x 4ch multi-directional camera, Motorized PTRZ support, Max. 307ps@5MP(H.265, H.264), 4.13-9.4mm(2.3x) motorized varifocal lens, IR viewable length : 30m, H.265, H.264, MJPEG codec, Multi streaming, Video analytics, WiseStream?,IP66, IK10, NEMAAX\$1,445.22\$2,090.00\$14,630.007Hanwha SBP-300PWM2 - Wall Mount Accessory, 2x knock out built-in, compatible with all full size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White color\$81.77\$118.25\$827.757Hanwha SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter Multi-Directional cameras PNM-9080VQ and PNM-9081VQ (Will fit the following accessories: SBP-300WM1, SBP-300LM, SBP-300CM)\$2,325.00\$3,410.00\$17,050.005NETWORK VANDAL OUTDOOR CAMERA THAT COMBINES MULTI-SENSOR MULTI-DIRECTIONAL CAMER The following accessories: SBP-300WM1, SBP-300LM, SBP-300CM\$2,325.00\$3,410.00\$17,050.006NETWORK VANDAL OUTDOOR CAMERA THAT COMBINES MULTI-DIRECTIONAL CAMER\$2,325.00\$3,410.00\$17,050.007Hanwha SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter built-in, compatible with all full size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White color\$81.77\$118.25\$591.2520PNM-9320VQP Lens module\$93.75\$137.50\$2,750.00\$4,180.0080LAR POLES Multiview Exterior Cameras\$0,557,857\$1,445.22\$2,090.00\$4,180.002Camera Specs SMP X 4ch multi-directional camera, Motorized PTRZ support, Max. 30fps@SMP(H.265, H.264), 4,13-9.4mm(2.3x) motorized varifocal lens, IR viewable length : 30m, H.265, H.264, MI)FEG codec, Multi streaming, Video analytics, WiseStream?,IP66, IKT0, NEM	1	Cisco Firepower 1000 Standard ASA License			
7       Hanwha PNM-9085RQ2 - Camera Specs SMP x 4ch multi-directional camera, Motorized PTRZ support, Max. 30fps@SMP(H.265, H.264), 4.13-9.4mm(2.3x) motorized varifocal lens, IR viewable length : 30m, H.265, H.264, MJRE Godec, Multi streaming, Video analytics, WiseStream?,IP66, IK10, NEMAAX       \$1,445.22       \$2,090.00       \$14,630.00         7       Hanwha SBP-390-WMW2 - Wall Mount Accessory, 2x knock out built-in, compatible with all full size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White color       \$81.77       \$118.25       \$827.75         7       Hanwha SBP-300-WMW2 - Wall Mount Accessory, 2x knock out built-in, compatible with all full size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White color       \$30.05       \$43.45       \$304.15         7       Hanwha SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter       \$30.05       \$44.25       \$28.75         7       Hanwha SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter       \$28.52       \$41.25       \$288.75         7       Hanwha SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter       \$2,325.00       \$3,410.00       \$17,050.00         8       NETWORK VANDAL OUTDOOR CAMERA THAT COMBINES MULTI-SENSOR MULTI-DIRECTIONAL CAMER       \$2,325.00       \$3,410.00       \$17,050.00         5       NETWORK VANDAL OUTDOOR CAMERA THAT COMBINES White color       \$2,325.00       \$3,410.00       \$17,050.00         6       Hanwha SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter       \$2,30.05       \$43.45       \$217.25         5       Hanwha SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter		Traffic Pole Cameras			
camera, Motorized PTRZ support, Max. 30fps@5MP(H.265, H.264), 4.13-9.4mm(2.3x) motorized varifocal lens, IR viewable length : 30m, H.265, H.264, MJPEG codec, Multi streaming, Video analytics, WiseStream?,IP66, IK10, NEMA4X\$81.77\$118.25\$827.75Hanwha SBP-300-WMW2 - Wall Mount Accessory, 2x knock out built-in, compatible with all full size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White color\$30.05\$43.45\$304.15Hanwha SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter\$30.05\$43.45\$304.15Hanwha SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter\$30.05\$43.45\$304.15Hanwha SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter\$28.52\$41.25\$288.75Multi-Directional cameras PNM-9080VQ and PNM-9081VQ (Will fit the following accessories: SBP-300WM1, SBP-300UM, SBP-300LM, SBP-300CM)\$17,050.00MULTI-SENSOR MULTI-DIRECTIONAL CAMER\$2,325.00\$3,410.00\$17,050.00MULTI-SENSOR MULTI-DIRECTIONAL CAMER\$2,325.00\$3,410.00\$17,050.00MULTI-SENSOR MULTI-DIRECTIONAL CAMER\$2,325.00\$3,410.00\$17,050.00Hanwha SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Accessory, 2x knock out built-in, compatible with all full size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White color\$30.05\$43.45\$217.25PNM-9320VQP Lens module\$93.75\$137.50\$2,750.00SOLAR POLES Multiview Exterior Cameras\$0\$14,180.23\$44,180.00Camera Specs SMP x 4ch multi-directional camera, Motorized PTRZ support, Max. 30fps@5MP(H.265, H.264, 4,13~9.4mm(2.3x) motorized varifocal lens, IR viewable length : 30m, H.265, H.264, MIPEG codec, Multi streaming, Video analytics, WiseStream?,IP66, IK10, NEMAAX\$4,180		Multiview Exterior Cameras			
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H.265, H.264, MJPEG codec, Multi streaming, Video analytics, WiseStream2,IP66, IKT0, NEMA4X7Hanwha SBP-390-WMW2 - Wall Mount Accessory, 2x knock out built-in, compatible with all full size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White color\$81.77\$118.25\$827.757Hanwha SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter\$30.05\$43.45\$304.157Hanwha SBP-317HMW - Large Cap adaptor (indoor)for the Multi-Directional cameras PNM-9080VQ and PNM-9081VQ (Will fit the following accessories: SBP-300WM1, SBP-300LM, SBP-300CM)\$28.52\$41.25\$288.755NETWORK VANDAL OUTDOOR CAMERA THAT COMBINES MULTI-SENSOR MULTI-DIRECTIONAL CAMER\$2,325.00\$3,410.00\$17,050.006MULTI-SENSOR MULTI-DIRECTIONAL CAMER\$2,325.00\$3,410.00\$17,050.007Hanwha SBP-390-WMW2 - Wall Mount Accessory, 2x knock out built-in, compatible with all full size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White color\$81.77\$118.25\$591.258Hanwha SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter\$30.05\$43.45\$217.2520PNM-9320VQP Lens module\$93.75\$137.50\$2,750.008SOLAR POLES Multiview Exterior Cameras\$1,445.22\$2,090.00\$4,180.002Camera Specs SMP x 4ch multi-directional camera, Motorized PTRZ support, Max. 30fps@SMP(H.265, H.264), 4.13~9.4mm(2.3x) motorized varifocal lens, IR viewable length : 30m, H.265, H.264, MJPEG codec, Multi streaming, Video analytics, WiseStream?,IP66, IK10, NEMA4X\$4,180.00					
WiseStream?,IP66, IK10, NEMA4X7Hanwha SBP-390-WMW2 - Wall Mount Accessory, 2x knock out built-in, compatible with all full size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White color\$81.77\$118.25\$827.757Hanwha SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter\$30.05\$43.45\$304.157Hanwha SBP-317HMW - Large Cap adaptor (indoor)for the Multi-Directional cameras PNM-9080VQ and PNM-9081VQ (Will fit the following accessories: SBP-300WM1, SBP-300LM, SBP-300CM)\$28.52\$41.25\$288.755NETWORK VANDAL OUTDOOR CAMERA THAT COMBINES MULTI-DIRECTIONAL CAMER\$2,325.00\$3,410.00\$17,050.006NETWORK VANDAL OUTDOOR CAMERA THAT COMBINES MULTI-SENSOR MULTI-DIRECTIONAL CAMER\$81.77\$118.25\$591.256Hanwha SBP-390-WMW2 - Wall Mount Accessory, 2x knock out built-in, compatible with all full size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White color\$81.77\$118.25\$591.255Hanwha SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter\$30.05\$43.45\$217.2520PNM-9320VQP Lens module\$93.75\$137.50\$2,750.00SOLAR POLES Multiview Exterior Cameras2Camera Specs SMP x 4ch multi-directional camera, Motorized PTRZ support, Max. 30fps@SMP(H.265, H.264), 4.13-9.4mm(2.3x) motorized varifocal lens, IR viewable length : 30m, H.265, H.264, MJPEG codec, Multi streaming, Video analytics, WiseStream?,IP66, IK10, NEMA4X\$4,180.00					
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7       Hanwha SBP-317HMW - Large Cap adaptor (indoor)for the Multi-Directional cameras PNM-9080VQ and PNM-9081VQ (Will fit the following accessories: SBP-300WM1, SBP-300LM, SBP-300CM)       \$28.52       \$41.25       \$288.75         5       NETWORK VANDAL OUTDOOR CAMERA THAT COMBINES MULTI-SENSOR MULTI-DIRECTIONAL CAMER       \$2,325.00       \$3,410.00       \$17,050.00         5       NETWORK VANDAL OUTDOOR CAMERA THAT COMBINES MULTI-SENSOR MULTI-DIRECTIONAL CAMER       \$2,325.00       \$3,410.00       \$17,050.00         5       Hanwha SBP-390-WMW2 - Wall Mount Accessory, 2x knock out built-in, compatible with all full size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White color       \$81.77       \$118.25       \$591.25         5       Hanwha SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter       \$30.05       \$43.45       \$217.25         20       PNM-9320VQP Lens module       \$93.75       \$137.50       \$2,750.00         SOLAR POLES Multiview Exterior Cameras       \$00, H.265, H.264, A.13~9.4mm(2.3x) motorized varifocal lens, IR viewable length : 30m, H.265, H.264, MJPEG codec, Multi streaming, Video analytics, WiseStream?,IP66, IK10, NEMA4X       \$1,445.22       \$2,090.00       \$4,180.00					
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the following accessories: SBP-300WM1, SBP-300UM, SBP-300LM, SBP-300CM)5NETWORK VANDAL OUTDOOR CAMERA THAT COMBINES MULTI-SENSOR MULTI-DIRECTIONAL CAMER\$2,325.00\$3,410.00\$17,050.005Hanwha SBP-390-WMW2 - Wall Mount Accessory, 2x knock out built-in, compatible with all full size outdoor PTZs and all caps, 	7		\$28.52	\$41.25	\$288.75
SBP-300CM)         SBP-300CM)         NETWORK VANDAL OUTDOOR CAMERA THAT COMBINES MULTI-SENSOR MULTI-DIRECTIONAL CAMER       \$2,325.00       \$3,410.00       \$17,050.00         MULTI-SENSOR MULTI-DIRECTIONAL CAMER       \$81.77       \$118.25       \$591.25         Hanwha SBP-390-WMW2 - Wall Mount Accessory, 2x knock out built-in, compatible with all full size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White color       \$81.77       \$118.25       \$591.25         Hanwha SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter       \$30.05       \$43.45       \$217.25         PNM-9320VQP Lens module       \$93.75       \$137.50       \$2,750.00         SOLAR POLES       Multiview Exterior Cameras       \$1,445.22       \$2,090.00       \$4,180.00         2       Camera Specs SMP x 4ch multi-directional camera, Motorized PTRZ support, Max. 30fps@SMP(H.265, H.264), 4.13~9.4mm(2.3x) motorized varifocal lens, IR viewable length : 30m, H.265, H.264, MJPEG codec, Multi streaming, Video analytics, WiseStream?,IP66, IK10, NEMA4X       \$1,445.22       \$2,090.00       \$4,180.00					
MULTI-SENSOR MULTI-DIRECTIONAL CAMER         5       Hanwha SBP-390-WMW2 - Wall Mount Accessory, 2x knock out built-in, compatible with all full size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White color       \$81.77       \$118.25       \$591.25         5       Hanwha SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter       \$30.05       \$43.45       \$217.25         20       PNM-9320VQP Lens module       \$93.75       \$137.50       \$2,750.00         SOLAR POLES         Multiview Exterior Cameras         2       Camera Specs 5MP x 4ch multi-directional camera, Motorized PTRZ support, Max. 30fps@5MP(H.265, H.264), 4.13~9.4mm(2.3x) motorized varifocal lens, IR viewable length : 30m, H.265, H.264, MJPEG codec, Multi streaming, Video analytics, WiseStream?,IP66, IK10, NEMA4X       \$1,445.22       \$2,090.00       \$4,180.00					
<ul> <li>Hanwha SBP-390-WMW2 - Wall Mount Accessory, 2x knock out built-in, compatible with all full size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White color</li> <li>Hanwha SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter</li> <li>\$30.05</li> <li>\$43.45</li> <li>\$217.25</li> <li>PNM-9320VQP Lens module</li> <li>\$93.75</li> <li>\$137.50</li> <li>\$2,750.00</li> <li>SOLAR POLES Multiview Exterior Cameras</li> <li>Camera Specs 5MP x 4ch multi-directional camera, Motorized PTRZ support, Max. 30fps@5MP(H.265, H.264), 4.13~9.4mm(2.3x) motorized varifocal lens, IR viewable length : 30m, H.265, H.264, MJPEG codec, Multi streaming, Video analytics, WiseStream?,IP66, IK10, NEMA4X</li> </ul>	5		\$2,325.00	\$3,410.00	\$17,050.00
<ul> <li>built-in, compatible with all full size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White color</li> <li>Hanwha SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter</li> <li>\$30.05</li> <li>\$43.45</li> <li>\$217.25</li> <li>PNM-9320VQP Lens module</li> <li>\$93.75</li> <li>\$137.50</li> <li>\$2,750.00</li> <li>SOLAR POLES</li> <li>Multiview Exterior Cameras</li> <li>Camera Specs 5MP x 4ch multi-directional camera, Motorized PTRZ support, Max. 30fps@5MP(H.265, H.264), 4.13~9.4mm(2.3x) motorized varifocal lens, IR viewable length : 30m, H.265, H.264, MJPEG codec, Multi streaming, Video analytics, WiseStream?,IP66, IK10, NEMA4X</li> </ul>	5		\$81 77	\$118.25	\$591.25
<ul> <li>Hanwha SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter</li> <li>PNM-9320VQP Lens module</li> <li>SOLAR POLES</li> <li>Multiview Exterior Cameras</li> <li>Camera Specs 5MP x 4ch multi-directional camera, Motorized PTRZ support, Max. 30fps@5MP(H.265, H.264), 4.13~9.4mm(2.3x) motorized varifocal lens, IR viewable length : 30m, H.265, H.264, MJPEG codec, Multi streaming, Video analytics, WiseStream?,IP66, IK10, NEMA4X</li> </ul>			+01.77	+110.23	444144
<ul> <li>20 PNM-9320VQP Lens module \$93.75 \$137.50 \$2,750.00</li> <li>SOLAR POLES Multiview Exterior Cameras </li> <li>Camera Specs 5MP x 4ch multi-directional camera, Motorized PTRZ support, Max. 30fps@5MP(H.265, H.264), 4.13~9.4mm(2.3x) motorized varifocal lens, IR viewable length : 30m, H.265, H.264, MJPEG codec, Multi streaming, Video analytics, WiseStream?,IP66, IK10, NEMA4X</li> </ul>					
SOLAR POLES         Multiview Exterior Cameras         2       Camera Specs 5MP x 4ch multi-directional camera, Motorized PTRZ       \$1,445.22       \$2,090.00       \$4,180.00         support, Max. 30fps@5MP(H.265, H.264), 4.13~9.4mm(2.3x)       motorized varifocal lens, IR viewable length : 30m, H.265, H.264,       MJPEG codec, Multi streaming, Video analytics, WiseStream?,IP66,         IK10, NEMA4X		-	\$30.05	\$43.45	\$217.25
Multiview Exterior Cameras         2       Camera Specs 5MP x 4ch multi-directional camera, Motorized PTRZ       \$1,445.22       \$2,090.00       \$4,180.00         support, Max. 30fps@5MP(H.265, H.264), 4.13~9.4mm(2.3x)       motorized varifocal lens, IR viewable length : 30m, H.265, H.264,       MJPEG codec, Multi streaming, Video analytics, WiseStream?,IP66,         IK10, NEMA4X	20	PNM-9320VQP Lens module	\$93.75	\$137.50	\$2,750.00
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MJPEG codec, Multi streaming, Video analytics, WiseStream?,IP66, IK10, NEMA4X	2	support, Max. 30fps@5MP(H.265, H.264), 4.13~9.4mm(2.3x)	\$1,445.22	\$2,090.00	\$4,180.00
IK10, NEMA4X					
2 than mount Accessory, 2x knock out built-in, compatible with an run \$81.77 \$118.25 \$236.50	2		***	**** **	4396 FA
	£	than mount Accessory, 2x knock out built-in, compatible with all full	\$81.77	\$118.25	\$236.50

Some products or services may be purchased from The Cook and Boardman group, which is an affiliated entity of A3 Communications. Material will be invoiced to customer when delivered onsite. Projects that are not completed within the first month of starting will be progressed billed for labor and materials each month. Payment terms on progress invoices are net 30 days.

In the event of changing market conditions which may impact costs, this quote is valid for the next 30 days.

1

Qty	Description	Unit Cost	Unit Price	Item 5.
49	size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White color			
2	Pole Mount Adapter	\$30.05	\$43.45	\$86.90
	Large Cap adaptor (indoor)for the Multi-Directional cameras	\$28.52	\$41.25	\$82.50
-	PNM-9080VQ and PNM-9081VQ (Will fit the following accessories:			
	SBP-300WM1, SBP-300WM, SBP-300LM, SBP-300CM)			
2	Mobile Cell Router	\$248.50	\$288.26	\$576.52
2	Lantronix Power Adapter	\$20.00	\$23.20	\$46.40
2	Accessory Kit	\$62.50	\$72.50	\$145.00
2	Lantronix SIM Card for Cellular Communication	\$3.75	\$4.35	\$8.70
5	Louroe Digifact Microphone - Outdoor Rated	\$504.00	\$584.64	\$2,923.20
1	NETWORK VANDAL OUTDOOR CAMERA THAT COMBINES MULTI-SENSOR MULTI-DIRECTIONAL CAMER	\$2,357.86	\$3,410.00	\$3,410.00
1	Hanwha SBP-390-WMW2 - Wall Mount Accessory, 2x knock out built-in, compatible with all full size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White color	\$81.77	\$118.25	\$118.25
1	Hanwha SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter	\$30.05	\$43.45	\$43.45
-	PNM-9320VQP Lens module	\$93.75	\$137.50	\$550.00
1	Solar Pole Equipment	\$29,887.75	\$34,669.79	\$34,669.79
	(3) - 20ft x 6.5 in Diameter Direct Burial Aluminum Pole;			
	(3) - Solar Panel Mount;			
	(3) - Charge Controller;			
	- Sealed Lead Acid Absorbent Glass Mat Batteries to Provide a			
	Minimum of 5 Days of Battery Backup;			
	<ul> <li>Outdoor rated hinged lockable battery and electronics enclosure;</li> <li>Hinged enclosure battery compartment;</li> </ul>			
	- Solar power system sized for location; and			
	- Includeds a 3 year manufacturers and 1 year performance limited			
	warranty: Solar and battery system guaranteed operation 24/7/365.			
	Spare Parts Requested			62.000.00
1	Hanwha PNM-9085RQZ - Camera Specs 5MP x 4ch multi-directional	\$1,445.22	\$2,090.00	\$2,090.00
	camera, Motorized PTRZ support, Max. 30fps@5MP(H.265, H.264), 4.13~9.4mm(2.3x) motorized varifocal lens, IR viewable length : 30m,			
	H.265, H.264, MJPEG codec, Multi streaming, Video analytics,			
	WiseStream?,IP66, IK10, NEMA4X			
1	NETWORK VANDAL OUTDOOR CAMERA THAT COMBINES	\$2,325.00	\$3,410.00	\$3,410.00
	MULTI-SENSOR MULTI-DIRECTIONAL CAMER			
	Cable / Lift / MISC			
2	General Cable, 4PR23AWG UTP Cat 6 CMP Flooded Blk	\$371.38	\$430.80	\$861.60
1	Hoffman PROLINE S1 Cabinet - 45RU - 42" Deep	\$2,001.19	\$2,321.38	\$2,321.38
100	8-Contact 8-position RJ-45 Modular Plug for Line Cords and Data Applications (BAG of 100)	\$0.51	\$0.59	\$59.00
1	Bucket Truck	\$1,500.00	\$1,740.00	\$1,740.00
1	MISC, Wiremold, Wiremold Fittings, Consumables etc.	\$4,000.00	\$4,640.00	\$4,640.00

#### **A3 Professional Services**

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Qty	Description	11.1.6		
QLY	Description	Unit Cost	Unit Price	Ext. Price Item 5.
100	Physical Security Technician - Installation of solar poles		\$85.00	\$8,500.L_
<b>259</b>	Physical Security Technician		\$85.00	\$22,015.00
242	Physical Security Network Engineer		\$125.00	\$30,250.00
75	Design / Project Management		\$90.00	\$6,750.00
Lonni	e Huffstetler		SubTotal	\$401,059.37
1038	Kinley Road [Bidg. B]		Тах	\$0.00
lrmo,	South Carolina 29063			
Main	(803) 744-5000 Direct (803) 744-5019 Fax (803) 731-6046		Shipping	\$0.00
lf you	have any questions about this proposal, please contact me directly.		Total	\$401,059.37

Thank you for the oppurtunity to work with you!!

Some products or services may be purchased from The Cook and Boardman group, which is an affiliated entity of A3 Communications. Material will be invoiced to customer when delivered onsite. Projects that are not completed within the first month of starting will be progressed billed for labor and materials each month. Payment terms on progress invoices are net 30 days.

In the event of changing market conditions which may impact costs, this quote is valid for the next 30 days.

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99999-SPD0000172-012

May 17, 2023

Veronica Brown Richmond County Sheriff's Office

#### RE: 23002455-SEC - City of Augusta - City Surveillance

Thank you for the opportunity to provide a proposal for this project. NetPlanner Systems has a long history of successfully completing projects of this scope and magnitude for clients nationwide since our founding in 1987.

As one of the Southeast's leading providers of integrated technology solutions, NetPlanner prides itself in delivering best-in-class solutions and services backed by the most technical and certified employees in the industry. Our expertise includes Communications Cabling, Wireless, Distributed Antenna Systems (DAS), Network Services, Access Control, Video Surveillance, Intrusion, A/V, Paging/Intercom, Outside Plant Design and Construction, Data Center Services, and CATV Distribution. We also offer Intelligent Remote Monitoring and Management as well as service agreements that can be customized to meet your specific needs.

We dedicate our efforts to staying on top of the ever-changing world of communications technology to consistently deliver innovative, high performing systems. Our goal is to provide you with the highest quality solutions and a level of customer service that exceeds your expectations. Our commitment to the success of your technology systems will be evident in every project.

Please do not hesitate to contact me if you have any questions about this proposal. Again, thank you for this opportunity. We look forward to working with you.

Please find our pricing to provide and install the following system:

Richmond County Sheriff's Office Initial Surveillance Deployment

Pricing for the above is based on the following:

Camera Request Final 050123

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www.netplanner.com



#### Richmond County Sheriff's Office Initial Surveillance Deployment Quote Request

#### Scope of Work:

NetPlanner will work with the Richmond County Sheriff's Office and Augusta Traffic Engineering to install an initial instance of City Surveillance at the following locations:

- Augusta Common Park, 836 Reynolds St.
- In front of the James Brown Statue (at the front of Augusta Common Park on Broad St.)
- James Brown Blvd and Broad St.
- 10th and Broad St.
- 11th and Broad St.
- 12th and Broad St.
- 13th and Broad St.
- Street Light pole near Firestone
- Street Light pole near Hyatt House
- 13th St. and Jones St.
- 6th and Ellis St.
- 6th and Broad St.
- 7th and Broad St.
- 5th and Broad St.
- Monument St. and Broad

NetPlanner will utilize a combination of existing fiber and the newly installed fiber at the intersection locations to connect new cameras. Three locations that will utilize solar poles and communicate via cellular communication at the following:

- 13th St. and Jones St.
- Augusta Commons Park, 836 Reynolds St.
- 6th and Ellis St.

NetPlanner will provide and install a NEMA enclosure with Cellular communication and a step-down transformer at the following locations.:

- Street Light pole near Firestone
- Street Light pole near Hyatt House
- Monument St. and Broad St.

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NetPlanner will install separate microphones at (5) locations to assist with the detection of gunshots.

The locations that were requested are as follows:

- Augusta Commons Park, 836 Reynolds St.
- 12th and Broad St.

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- Street Light pole near Firestone
- 13th St. and Jones St.
- 6th and Ellis St.

#### This Proposal is based on the following:

- Locations are designed to be installed on existing traffic signal poles,
- These locations currently have fiber and an existing switches that may be utilized by the NetPlanner for the surveillance cameras to communicate back to the surveillance server.
- Traffic Engineering will provide switch ports at the traffic pole via the existing switches.
- Existing switches may need to be upgraded based on the current configuration.
- Existing fiber or the newly installed fiber at the intersection locations is available.
- The customer provided standing cabinet and surveillance servers will be located in the location/dedicated room provided by the Sheriff's Office.
- All Video Surveillance is to be routed back to the IT building/Data Center located at 535 Telfair St where NetPlanner will install a network switch and firewall. The surveillance communication will then be routed to the Sheriff's Office where another switch will be installed as well as the surveillance server.
- NetPlanner will include Brief Cam analytics in this proposal to assist with accelerated investigations, attaining situational awareness, and operational intelligence.
- NetPlanner will install (4) wall-hung monitors and a workstation to display camera views in the SOC.
- If assistance with diverting traffic at the installation locations is needed, it will be the responsibility of Richmond County to assist (where applicable).

#### **Traffic Pole Cameras Multiview Exterior Cameras**

- Provide and install (8) Hanwha PNM-9085RQZ1 4 x 5MP Multi-Sensor, Multi-Directional PTRZ Cameras (Replaces PNM-9085RQZ)
- Provide and install (8) Hanwha SBP-390WMW2 Long Wall-Mount Arms.
- > Provide and install (8) Hanwha SBP-300PM1 Pole Mount Bases.
- > Provide and install (8) Hanwha SBP-317HM Hanging Mounts.
- Provide and install (5) Hanwha SBP-390WMW2 Long Wall-Mount Arms.

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- Provide and install (5) Hanwha SBP-300PM1 Pole Mount Base.
- Provide and install (5) Hanwha PNM-9322VQP 5 Channel 2MP / 5MP X 4 + 2MP 32x PTZ Cameras.
- Provide and install (13) 5MP CMOS 7.0MM FL Lenses.
- Provide and install (13) 5MP CMOS 4.6MM FL Lenses.
- Provide and install (13) 5MP CMOS 3.7MM FL Lenses.
- Provide and install (13) Installation Back Boxes.
- Provide and install (5) Louroe LE-875 DigiFact E Omni-Directional Outdoor Wall Mounted One-Way IP Network Microphones.
- Provide and install surge protection for each camera.

#### **SOLAR POLES Multiview Exterior Cameras**

- Provide and install (1) Hanwha PNM-9322VQP 5 Channel 2MP / 5MP X 4 + 2MP 32x PTZ Camera.
- Provide and install (1) Hanwha SBP-390WMW2 Long Wall-Mount Arm.
- Provide and install (1) Hanwha SBP-300PM1 Pole Mount Base.
- Provide and install (2) Hanwha PNM-9085RQZ1 4 x 5MP Multi-Sensor, Multi-Directional PTRZ Cameras (Replaces PNM-9085RQZ).
- Provide and install (2) Hanwha SBP-390WMW2 Long Wall-Mount Arms.
- Provide and install (2) Hanwha SBP-300PM1 Pole Mount Bases.
- Provide and install (2) Hanwha SBP-317HM Hanging Mounts.
- Provide and install (3) 5 YR Netcloud and CradlePoint IBR 650C Routers No wifi.
- Provide and install (3) Direct Bury Poles 20' x 5" Square with 5' in ground.
- Provide and install (3) Sleeve forms 12" X 48".
- Provide and install (3) Top caps 4 x 4 x 7.5 Top box for fly out mounts.
- Provide and install (3) Anchor bolt kits.
- Provide and install (3) Fly out mounts.
- Provide and install (1) Solar kit, (2) 300W Panels.
- Provide and install (2) Solar Kits with 400W Arrays.
- Provide and install (12) M5-KBC-B12100 100AH Sealed Lead Acid Batteries.
- Provide and install (3) 9-36VDC IN HPOE OUT 3-PRT SWTC.
- Provide and install (3) DC TO DC CONV,24 TO 12VD, 60W.
- Provide and install (12) 5MP CMOS 7.0MM FL Lenses.
- Provide and install (12) 5MP CMOS 4.6MM FL Lenses.
- Provide and install (12) 5MP CMOS 3.7MM FL Lenses.
- Provide and install (12) Installation Back Boxes.
- Provide and install surge protection for each camera.

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#### **Spare Parts**

- Provide and install (1) Hanwha PNM-9322VQP 5 Channel 2MP / 5MP X 4 + 2MP 32x PTZ Camera.
- Provide and install (1) Hanwha PNM-9085RQZ1 4 x 5MP Multi-Sensor, Multi-Directional PTRZ Cameras (Replaces PNM-9085RQZ).

#### **BreifCam Analytics**

- Provide and install (1) BriefCam Insights Base Package.
- Provide and install (2) RESPOND Pack Insights (1-99 cameras).
- Provide and install (1) Insights Software SCC -1st Year.
- Provide and install (1) Implementation Pack -Remote, Single Server.
- Provide and install (1) 2U, 32 Cores, 3 GPUs, 384GB RAM.
- Provide and install (4) 8TB 7200RPM Serial ATA 6Gbps 512e 3.5in Hot-plug Hard Drive.
- Provide and install (1) 480GB Mixed-Use (M) SSD.

#### **Security Operations Center**

- ➢ Provide and install (1) Streamvault<sup>™</sup> 504E Series 5-Bay Tower Workstation 2x NVIDIA Quadro 4000 Series GPU 1x Xeon W-2275 32GB 1x 512GB M.2 SSD 1x 1TB SATA 1x 1GbE RJ45 1x 950W PSU Windows 10. Embedded 5YR NBD KYHD Warranty - Genetec<sup>™</sup> Security Center pre-installed.
- Provide and install (4) Hanwha SMT-4343S 43" 4K Monitors.
- Provide and install (4) Chief MTA1U Medium Fusion Tilt Wall Mounts.

#### **CCTV Head End and Licensing Parts Listing**

- Provide and install (1) Streamvault<sup>™</sup> 7020EX Series 1U 6 SFF Bay Appliance 2x Xeon Silver 4216 32GB RAM 2x 480GB SSD 2x 1GbE RJ45 4x 10GbE SFP+ 2x 750W PSU Windows Server 2019 Standard 5YR NBD KYHD Warranty - Genetec<sup>™</sup> Security Center pre-installed.
- Provide and install (3) Streamvault<sup>™</sup> Server (E) Upgrade Dual Port Low Profile 1GbE RJ45 PCIe Ethernet Adapter - Compatible with R3, R6, R6S, R4 EX, R26.
- Provide and install (1) Streamvault<sup>™</sup> Server (E) Upgrade 8GB RDIMM ECC RAM Upgrade for Xeon Scalable/W Processors.
- Provide and install (12) Streamvault<sup>™</sup> Server (E) Upgrade Enterprise 960GB 2.5" SATA SSD Mixed Use SSD 3.4 DWPD.
- Provide and install (8) Streamvault<sup>™</sup> Server (E) Upgrade 16GB RDIMM ECC RAM Upgrade for Xeon Scalable/W Processors.

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Item 5.

- Provide and install (1) Streamvault<sup>™</sup> Server (E) Upgrade Dual Port Low Profile 1GbE RJ45 PCIe Ethernet Adapter - Compatible with R3, R6, R6S, R4 EX, R26.
- Provide and install (2) Streamvault<sup>™</sup> Server (E) Upgrade Enterprise 960GB 3.5" SATA SSD Mixed Use SSD 3.4 DWPD.
- Provide and install (1) Streamvault<sup>™</sup> 4020EX Series 2U 26-Bay Appliance 120TB Raw RAID 6 2x Xeon Silver 4216 32GB RAM 2x 240GB M.2 SSD 10x 12TB NLSAS 2x 1GbE RJ45 2x 10GbE SFP+ 2x 1100W PSU Windows Server 2019 Standard 5YR NBD KYHD Warranty - Genetec<sup>™</sup> Security Center pre-installed.
- Provide and install (1) Streamvault<sup>™</sup> (E) Upgrade 10GbE RJ45 Dual Port Ethernet Adapter Full Height -Compatible with SV-20XXE-R4,R6, R14, T3, TR3, R2, as well as SVW-50\*-E-T5.
- Provide and install (1) GSC AutoVu<sup>™</sup> Standard Package. Includes Security Center Mapping for 5 client connections.
- > Provide and install (1) Genetec<sup>™</sup> SDK connection for Briefcam with VS Enterprise (Server).
- > Provide and install (5) Genetec<sup>™</sup> SDK connection for Briefcam with VS Enterprise (Client).
- Provide and install (1) Reinstatement Fee for Lapsed Genetec<sup>™</sup> Advantage Over 1 year.
- > Provide and install (30) Advantage coverage renewal 1 Year.
- > Provide and install (146) Advantage coverage 1 Year.
- > Provide and install (146) 1 Enterprise camera connection licenses.

Note: Assumptions were made that total RAM needed to equal 128GB of RAM. AutoVu base license was quoted, however, no LPR cameras were quoted on system. Additional quote was added for the Advantage reinstatement and renewal of existing system. New advantage on new equipment can not be purchased without the purchase of the reinstatement quote for Advantage at the same time.

#### Network

- Provide and Install (2) Cisco Catalyst 9300 Network Essentials switch L3 managed 24 x 10/100/1000 (PoE+) - rack-mountable - PoE+ (445 W).
- > Provide and Install (2) SNTC-8X5XNBD Catalyst 9300 24-port PoE+, Network Essentials.
- > Provide and Install (2) C9300 Network Essentials, 24-port license.
- > Provide and Install (2) Cisco Catalyst 9300 XE 17.6 UNIVERSAL.
- Provide and Install (2) Cisco Config 1 Power supply hot-plug / redundant (plug-in module) 80 PLUS Platinum - AC 100-240 V - 715 Watt - for Catalyst 9300 (715 Watt), 9300 (Higher Scale) (715 Watt), 9300L (715 Watt).
- Provide and Install (2) Cisco Config 1 Secondary Power Supply Power supply hot-plug / redundant (plugin module) - 80 PLUS Platinum - AC 100-240 V - 715 Watt - for Catalyst 9300 (715 Watt), 9300 (Higher Scale) (715 Watt), 9300L (715 Watt).

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- NetPlanner SYSTEMS, INC.® Your Pathway to Connectivity
  - Provide and Install (4) Cisco Power cable IEC 60320 C15 to NEMA 5-15 (M) AC 110 V 8 ft North America - for Catalyst 3850-24, 3850-48, 9200, 9300.
  - Provide and Install (2) Cisco Configuration option for Catalyst 9300.
  - Provide and Install (2) Cisco Type 1 Blank panel for P/N: C9300-24S-1A, C9300-24S-1E.
  - Provide and Install (2) C9300 DNA Essentials, 24-Port Term Licenses.
  - Provide and Install (2) C9300 DNA Essentials, 24-Port, 3 Year Term License.
  - Provide and Install (2) Network Plug-n-Play License for zero-touch device deployment.
  - > Provide and Install (2) SOLN SUPP 8X5XNBD Catalyst 9300 24-port PoE+, Network Esse.
  - Provide and Install (1) Cisco Firepower 1150 ASA Firewall 1U rack-mountable.
  - Provide and Install (1) SNTC-8X5XNBD Cisco Firepower 1150 ASA Appliance, 1U.
  - Provide and Install (1) Cisco Power cable IEC 60320 C13 to NEMA 5-15 (M) 8 ft United States for Catalyst 3560V2-24PS, 3560V2-24TS, 3560V2-24TS-SD, 3560V2-48PS, 3560V2-48TS.
  - > Provide and Install (1) Cisco ASA 9.16.2 Software for Firepower 1000 appliances.
  - Provide and Install (1) Cisco Firepower 1000 Strong Encryption (3DES/AES).
  - Provide and Install (1) Cisco SSD 200 GB internal 2.5 SATA 6Gb/s for P/N: FPR1120-NGFW-K9.
  - Provide and Install (1) Cisco Network device accessory kit for Firepower 1010, 1010 Next-Generation Firewall.
  - > Provide and Install (1) Cisco Firepower 1000 Standard ASA License.
  - Provide and Install (1) Cisco SSD 200 GB internal 2.5 SATA for Firepower 1120 ASA.
  - Provide and Install (1) Cisco Network device accessory kit for Firepower 1010, 1010 Next-Generation Firewall.
  - Provide and Install (4) Cisco SFP+ transceiver module 10 GigE 10GBase-LR LC/PC single-mode up to 6.2 miles - 1310 nm - for Catalyst ESS9300, Switch Module 3012, Switch Module 3110G, Switch Module 3110X; Nexus 5010.

Note: NetPlanner followed the exact Specs provided by the customer. The Cisco ASA 5000 series is an EOL series that is not available for order. It is not in this quote. There were no SFP's listed for the Cisco ASA 1150 Firewall either, so these were also not included.

**PROJECT PRICING** 

 Video Surveillance:
 \$
 430,109.29

 Network Equipment:
 \$
 54,005.57

Total Project Price: \$484,114.86

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#### **PAYMENTS**

NetPlanner Systems, Inc. will invoice Customer for all materials and for mobilization upon approval of proposal. Customer will be invoiced for labor at the end of the project or at the end of the month, whichever comes first, based upon the percentage of the project completed. The Customer agrees to pay any and all payments according to the payment schedule. Should said payment(s) not be made, or if satisfactory arrangements for payment have not been made, NetPlanner Systems, Inc. reserves the right to stop all work until such time as payment is rendered or satisfactory payment arrangements have been made. Standard payment terms are NET 30.

Any required closeout documents, including, but not limited to, as-built drawings, test results, and warranties, will be released to the Customer once 90% of the total project payment has been received by NetPlanner Systems, Inc.

#### **INCLUSIONS**

Pricing includes above described items by NetPlanner Systems, Inc. and applies to regular business hours unless otherwise stated, Monday - Friday 7:30 AM - 4:30 PM.

This bid proposal and the pricing within are valid for 30 days.

#### **EXCLUSIONS**

Overtime labor is not included in this proposal.

#### **CHANGE ORDERS**

Changes to the Scope of Work, delays due to site closings, limited access, or other events which the Customer requests will be handled as part of a Change Order. Customer should contact NetPlanner Systems' Project Manager with any requested changes, modifications, or enhancements to the project. NetPlanner Systems' Project Manager will prepare a Change Order which will address scope functionality changes, detail cost implications, and reflect any necessary equipment changes. The Project Manager must receive the signed Change Order before NetPlanner Systems will proceed with any ordering or changes in the project.

Additional labor resulting from a Change Order will be estimated at the time of request. If overtime or weekend work is required, the labor rate will be subject to a 1.5 multiplier. If holiday work is required, the labor rate will be subject to a 2.0 multiplier. The cost of additional materials and labor will be presented for Customer approval prior to commencing work on the Change Order. Additional charges for the changes will be added to the contract price and billed with the next scheduled contract payment.

The completion date shall be adjusted according to the change(s) mentioned above, and the original completion date shall become null and void. Agreements made by the Customer with other vendors or subcontractors on the job are not recognized.

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#### **CUSTOMER-SUPPLIED ITEMS**

All materials supplied by the Customer are to be on-site by the specified date in the contract. It is the responsibility of the Customer to ensure that customer-supplied items are in proper working condition for installation and that all necessary parts to install such items are present. The Customer bears all responsibility pertaining to the condition, performance, and warranties of customer-supplied items. NetPlanner Systems, Inc. shall install customer-supplied items "as is" and shall bear no responsibility, either explicit or implied, for the item or for its condition, performance, or warranty.

#### **CUSTOMER RESPONSIBILITIES**

To ensure that your project goes smoothly please implement the following:

- A. Designate one person to be the Customer's point of contact. This person shall be kept informed of the job's progress and shall be provided answers to questions as they arise.
- B. Direct all questions to NetPlanner Systems, Inc.'s designated point of contact. Avoid trying to resolve questions or problems with workers, vendors, or other individuals on or off the job site.
- C. Make any and all changes to the original contract in writing and ensure that a "Change Order" form is completed and signed before those changes are made.
- D. NetPlanner Systems, Inc. shall in no way be held responsible for making the proposed system fully operational in the event that the Customer fails to disclose in explicit written terms the features required of the system and where lack of doing so is the cause for such failure to become operational. If such omissions by any third party or the Customer cause the system to be incomplete and unable to function as expected, it is up to the Customer to provide financial resources to correct such omissions.

#### QUALITY

All work shall be performed in a good and workmanlike manner per industry standards. All material is guaranteed to be new, unless otherwise specified.

#### SAFETY

NetPlanner Systems, Inc. shall take all necessary precautions for the safety of persons and the protection of the work and adjoining property. NetPlanner Systems, Inc. shall comply with all applicable provisions of federal, state, and local safety laws and building codes including, without limitation, the provisions of 29 CFR 1910.147 (OSHA Lockout/Tagout Standard).

#### **INDEPENDENT CONTRACTORS**

The relationship of the Customer and NetPlanner Systems, Inc. created by this agreement shall be that of independent contractors and not one of joint venture, partnership, or employment. During the term of this Agreement and for a period of two (2) years following the date of the termination or expiration of this Agreement

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#### Corporate Headquarters:

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(or the date of any subsequent termination of the parties' relationship, whichever is later), Customer covenants and agrees that Customer shall not, directly or indirectly: (i) solicit, recruit, or hire (or attempt to solicit, recruit, or hire) or otherwise assist anyone in soliciting, recruiting, or hiring, any employee of NetPlanner Systems, Inc. who performed work for NetPlanner Systems, Inc. within the last year of Customer's relationship with NetPlanner Systems, Inc. or who was otherwise engaged or employed with NetPlanner Systems, Inc. at the time of termination or expiration of this Agreement and the parties' relationship or (ii) otherwise encourage, solicit, or support any such employee(s) to leave their employment with NetPlanner Systems, Inc., until such employee's employment with NetPlanner Systems, Inc. has been voluntarily or involuntarily terminated or separated for at least six (6) months. In the event the Customer hires a NetPlanner Systems, Inc. employee, the Customer agrees to compensate NetPlanner Systems, Inc. an amount equal to the employee's minimum annual salary.

#### DAVIS BACON ACT

NetPlanner Systems, Inc. is compliant with all State, Federal and local labor and employee relations laws including Davis Bacon and Davis Bacon Related Act regulations and guidelines. Based upon Federal guidelines, it is the contracting agency's and/or contractor's responsibility to (a) notify bidders when a project falls under the Davis Bacon Act and/or Davis Bacon Related Act guidelines, and (b) provide the Prevailing Wage Determination attached to the contract. NetPlanner Systems, Inc. bids its labor based upon criteria and requirements outlined within the RFP; as such, we will not take into consideration Davis Bacon Act/DBRA wage requirements if it has not been designated within the RFP/bid documents as a requirement. If a contract is awarded and later determined to be a Davis Bacon/Davis Bacon Related Act project, NetPlanner Systems, Inc. will issue a change order for the additional labor costs and/or have the right to cancel the contract based upon the contractor's failure to properly notify bidders of the Prevailing Wage requirements. In some instances, the Prevailing Wage Determination provided within an RFP/bid package does not include an employee classification matching the specialized skills required of our employees. Under these circumstances, our quote is based upon the contract be awarded to our company, we would need to submit an SF1444 requesting a wage conformance to include a worker classification for Telecommunications / Voice / Data / Video technicians.

#### **BUILDING CODES**

All work performed under this agreement shall comply with applicable building codes. Any additional work required by the Building Department beyond the agreement of this contract is not the responsibility of NetPlanner Systems, Inc.

#### ASBESTOS AND OTHER HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

It is the obligation of the Customer to determine if the structure covered by this contract contains asbestos and/or other hazardous materials. This proposal and contract does not include any provision (neither monetary provisions nor time-schedule provisions) to cover the unforeseen hazards or additional work necessitated by removal of asbestos and/or other hazardous materials. If asbestos and/or other hazardous materials are discovered after work is already in progress, and if the asbestos and/or other hazardous materials represent a

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changed condition from those described in the plans and specifications, then NetPlanner Systems, Inc. shall be entitled to additional compensation and an increase in time for completion of the project.

#### **EXISTING CONDITIONS**

NetPlanner Systems, Inc. makes no representation of existing conditions and assumes no responsibility of condition for any of the Customer's equipment that may or may not be relocated or affected by NetPlanner Systems, Inc.'s work.

#### **HIDDEN DEFECTS**

It is acknowledged that hidden defects, faulty wiring, or other defective components of existing systems may need to be updated or replaced in order to properly complete the above-quoted work, and further acknowledged that the expense, if any, will be the responsibility of the Customer.

#### **PATHWAYS**

All conduits installed by others are assumed to be passable. NetPlanner Systems, Inc. is not responsible for repairing or replacing pathways installed by others.

Any conduits routing below foundation grade must be identified by the Customer so that NetPlanner Systems, Inc. can properly specify outdoor rated cable. Failure to identify such conduits will result in cable being replaced at additional cost to Customer. Indoor cable routing below foundation grade will not be warranted by NetPlanner Systems, Inc.

#### WARRANTY

NetPlanner Systems, Inc. hereby guarantees that the work shall be free from defects in labor for one (1) year from the date of completion of the project. NetPlanner Systems, Inc.'s liability for breach of warranty or failure or defect in performance of the Contract shall be limited to re-performing corrective services of the type originally performed by NetPlanner Systems, Inc. with its own forces, beginning at final completion and continuing for twelve (12) months thereafter, provided NetPlanner Systems, Inc. receives written notice of defective work within the warranty period. Materials and active hardware are warranted as specified by individual manufacturers and not by NetPlanner Systems, Inc.

NetPlanner Systems, Inc. will exchange any defective equipment at no labor cost for a period of 30 days. After 30 days, the Customer is responsible for exchanging defective equipment. NetPlanner Systems, Inc. can install exchanged equipment on a time and materials basis. NetPlanner Systems, Inc. reserves the right to repair or replace defective items and will not compensate others for repair or replacement services.

Atlanta, GA	•	Augusta, GA	•	Columbus, GA	٠	Savannah, GA	٠	Raleigh, NC	Tampa, FL

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#### LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

#### **Disclaimer of Certain Damages**

NEITHER SERVICE PROVIDER NOR CUSTOMER SHALL BE LIABLE TO THE OTHER FOR ANY INDIRECT, CONSEQUENTIAL, EXEMPLARY, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR PUNITIVE DAMAGES, INCLUDING LOSS OF USE OR LOST BUSINESS, REVENUE, PROFITS, OR GOODWILL, ARISING IN CONNECTION WITH THIS CUSTOMER PURCHASE AGREEMENT, EVEN IF THE PARTY KNEW OR SHOULD HAVE KNOWN OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.

#### **Cap on Liability**

IN NO EVENT SHALL EITHER PARTY'S AGGREGATE LIABILITY UNDER THIS CUSTOMER PURCHASE AGREEMENT EXCEED THE AMOUNT OF THE CHARGES PAID OR PAYABLE BY SERVICE PROVIDER DURING THE TWENTY FOUR (24) MONTHS BEFORE THE EVENT GIVING RISE TO SUCH LIABILITY; PROVIDED THAT IF THE EVENT GIVING RISE TO LIABILITY OCCURS DURING THE FIRST TWENTY FOUR (24) MONTHS AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS CUSTOMER PURCHASE AGREEMENT, THE AMOUNT SHALL BE CALCULATED AS THE AMOUNT ANTICIPATED TO BE PAID BY SERVICE PROVIDER DURING THE FIRST TWENTY FOUR (24) MONTHS AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS CUSTOMER PURCHASE AGREEMENT, OR TWENTY FOUR (24) TIMES THE AVERAGE MONTHLY CHARGES THUS FAR, WHICHEVER IS MORE.

#### **Exclusions and Stipulations**

THE PROVISIONS ABOVE IN THIS LIMITATION OF LIABILITY SECTION SHALL NOT APPLY TO: (A) LOSSES ARISING OUT OF GROSS NEGLIGENCE OR WILLFUL OR INTENTIONAL MISCONDUCT; (B) LOSSES ARISING FROM A PARTY'S BREACH OF SECTION 5 OF THE MSA (CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION); OR (C) LOSSES ARISING OUT OF SERVICE PROVIDER'S OBLIGATIONS TO INDEMNIFY ANY INDEMNITEE. FURTHER, THE TO THE EXTENT THAT A CUSTOMER PURCHASE AGREEMENT CONTAINS REIMBURSEMENT OR INDEMNIFICATION OBLIGATIONS RELATED TO A SERVICE PROVIDER'S BREACH OF ITS DATA SECURITY OR DATA PRIVACY OBLIGATIONS, SUCH REIMBURSEMENTS SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE DIRECT DAMAGES AND NOT ANY OF THE TYPES OF DAMAGES DESCRIBED UNDER LIMITATION OF LIABILITY ABOVE AND SHALL NOT BE GOVERNED BY THE LIABILITY CAP IN THIS SECTION ABOVE.

Atlanta, GA 

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Quote: Integrated Security and Surveillanc Item 5. Products and Services

99999-SPD0000172-012

#### ACCEPTANCE

NetPlanner Systems, Inc. is hereby authorized to perform the work as specified. Payment shall be made as outlined above. Customer agrees this proposal constitutes in its entirety all that will be provided by NetPlanner Systems, Inc.

Customer Authorized Signature:	NetPlanner Systems, Inc. Authorized Signature:
Printed Name:	Printed Name:
Title:	Title:
Date:	Date:

This quote is governed by Terms and Conditions of Georgia State Contract 99999-0000172-012.

Atlanta, GA 

Augusta, GA 

Columbus, GA 

Savannah, GA 

Raleigh, NC 

Tampa, FL

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# IS@smartcity.com

ISO Network LLC QUOTATION www.isosmartcity.com 678-885-9210 2100 Barrett Park Dr Suite 508 Kennesaw, GA 30144

Veronica Brown Richmond County Sheriff's Office 400 Walton Way Augusta Georgia 30901 Seth Jackson 678-885-9210 seth.jackson@isosmartcity.com

 Quote Date:
 06/13/23

 Quote Validity:
 07/14/23

Quote Reference: AAAQ6472 / Richmond County Sheriff's Office - Integrated Security and

Here is the quote you requested.

QUO			
Qty	Description	Unit	Total
1	CCTV Head End and Licensing Parts Listing 1 Genetec Management Server (2) Xeon Silver 4216 – 32GB (4x8GB) (2) 480GB 2.5" SATA SSD (2) 1GbE RJ45 (4) 10GbE (2) 550WPSU Window Server 2019 5YR NBD Warranty (8) Dell - 16GB - 2RX8 DDR4 RDIMM 3200MHz ECC (3) 960GB SSD SATA Mix Use 6Gbps 512e 2.5in Drive in 3.5in Hybrid Carrier Dual Port Low Profile 1GbE RJ45 PCIe Ethernet Adapter Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Standard – 16 Core License (4) Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Standard – 4 Core License Add Dell IDRAC Enterprise License 14G Servers (2) Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Standard – 16 Core License 1 Genetec Archiving Server (2) Xeon Silver 4216 - 32GB (4x8GB) (2) 240GB M.2 SSD (10) 12TB SAS HDD (4) 1GbE RJ45 (2) 10CbE SFP+ (2) 1100W PSU Windows Server 2019 5YR NBD Warranty (2) 960GB SSD SATA Mix Use 6Gbps 512e 2.5in Drive in 3.5in Hybrid Carrier (8) Dell - 16GB - 2RX8 DDR4 RDIMM 3200MHz ECC Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Standard – 16 Core License 44 Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Standard – 16 Core License Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Standard – 16 Core License 146 Genetec 1 camera connection 30 Genetec Advantage Renewal for 1 Omni Cast Enterprise Camera 1 year 1 Genetec ADV-CAM-E-1Y Advantage for 1 Omnicast Enterprise Camera 1 year 1 Genetec ADV-CAM-E-1Y Advantage for 1 Omnicast Enterprise Camera - 1 year 1 Genetec SDK connection for BriefCam with VS Enterprise (Client). This part number should NOT be sold separately from part number GSC-1SDK-BRIEFCAMVSEnterprist 1 Genetec SDK connection for BriefCam with VS Enterprise (Client). This part number should NOT be sold separately from part number GSC-1SDK-BRIEFCAMVSEnterprist 1 Genetec Video Wall Workstation - (1) Core I9-9900K - (2) 8GB DDR4 RAM - (1 266GB M.2 SSD - (2) Quadro RTX4000 - (1) 1GbE RJ45 - (1) 10GbE RJ45 - (2) 550W PSU - Windows 10 Pro - 5YR NBD Warranty 4 43" LED Ultra HD Monitor - Supports 4K resolution. 4 Chief Medium Fusion Tilt Wall Mount 4 Chief Medium Fusion Tilt Wall Mount	5. r 2.	\$116,911.53

85

IS@smartcity.cc Item 5.

Qty	Description	Unit	Total
1	BreifCam Analytics 1 Insights- Base Package 2 BriefCam RESPOND Pack Insights - Price Per 1 Additional Real-Time Camera Stream 1 BriefCam Insights Software SCC - 1st Year 1 BriefCam Basic Service Pack Includes remote installation, LMS-based (remote) User training, and Admin training. 1 2U, 16 Cores, No GPU, 128GB RAM, 2U Precision 7920 Rackmount Windows Server 2019, Dual 1600W Redundant Power Supply (1+1), 2xIntel Xeon Silver 4215R (8 Cores Each), 128 GB RAM, 2x480GB SSD (OS), 5Years Dell Pro-Support. 1 2U Precision 7920 Rackmount Windows Server 2019 Dual 1600W Redundant Power Supply (1+1) 2x Intel Xeon Silver 4215R (8 cores each) 192GB RAM 2 x 480GB SSD (OS) 3 x Quadro RTX 4000 GPU 5 Years Dell Pro-Support 2 8TB 7200RPM Serial ATA 6Gbps 512e 3.5in Hot-Plug Hard Drive 1 480GB Mixed-Use (M) SSD BCD-2-G62-A43-384-19 2U, 32 Cores, 3 GPUs, 384GB RAM 2U Precision 7920 Rackmount Windows Server 2019 IoT Dual 1600W Redundant Power Supply (1+1) 2x Intel® Xeon® Gold 6226R 384GB RAM 2 x 256GB M2 SSD (OS in RAID1) 3 x RTX A4000 GPU 5 Years Dell Pro-Support BC-HDD-8TB 8TB 7200RPM Serial ATA 6Gbps 512e 3.5in Hot-plug Hard Drive 8TB 7200RPM Serial ATA 6Gbps 512e 3.5in Hot-plug Hard Drive 8TB 7200RPM Serial ATA 6Gbps 512e 3.5in Hot-plug Hard Drive 8TB 7200RPM Serial ATA 6Gbps 512e 3.5in Hot-plug Hard Drive 8TB 7200RPM Serial ATA 6Gbps 512e 3.5in Hot-plug Hard Drive 8TB 7200RPM Serial ATA 6Gbps 512e 3.5in Hot-plug Hard Drive 8TB 7200RPM Serial ATA 6Gbps 512e 3.5in Hot-plug Hard Drive 8TB 7200RPM Serial ATA 6Gbps 512e 3.5in Hot-plug Hard Drive 8TB 7200RPM Serial ATA 6Gbps 512e 3.5in Hot-plug Hard Drive 8TB 7200RPM Serial ATA 6Gbps 512e 3.5in Hot-plug Hard Drive 8TB 7200RPM Serial ATA 6Gbps 512e 3.5in Hot-plug Hard Drive 8TB 7200RPM Serial ATA 6Gbps 512e 3.5in Hot-plug Hard Drive 8TB 7200RPM Serial ATA 6Gbps 512e 3.5in Hot-plug Hard Drive 8TB 7200RPM Serial ATA 6Gbps 512e 3.5in Hot-plug Hard Drive 8TB 7200RPM Serial ATA 6Gbps 512e 3.5in Hot-plug Hard Drive 8TB 7200RPM Serial ATA 6Gbps 512e 3	\$72,026.11	\$72,026.11
		Out Tatal #	400 007 04

SubTotal \$188,937.64

IS@smartcity.cc Item 5.

Qty	Description	Unit	Total
1	Networking Equipment 2 Cisco Catalyst 9300 24-port fixed uplinks PoE+, 4X10G uplinks, Network Essentials 2 1 YR 8X5XNBD C9300L2X 2 Network Plug-n-Play License for zero-touch device deployment 2 Cisco Catalyst 9300 Network Module Blank Cover 2 NO NETWORK MODULE SELECTED 2 715W AC 80+ platinum Config 1 Power Supply 2 715W AC 80+ plat Config 1 Secondary PS 2 Cisco Catalyst 9300L XE 16.12 Universal - NPE 2 C9300 DNA Essentials, 24-Port Term Licenses 2 C9300 DNA Essentials, 24-Port 7 Year Term License 4 North America AC Type A Power Cable 4 10GBASE-LR SFP Module 1 Cisco ASA 5525-X Firewall Edition - 8 Port - 1 Expansion Slot 1 ASA 5520 Strong Encryption License (3DES/AES) 1 ASA-VPN-CLNT-K9 1 ASA 5500 AnyConnect Client + Cisco Security 1 Cisco SF-ASA-X-9.1-K8 ASA 9.1 Software Image for ASA 5500-X Series 1 Cisco Firepower 1150 ASA Appliance, 1U 1 Cisco Firepower 1150 ASA Appliance, 1U 1 Cisco Firepower 1000 Strong Encryption (3DES/AES) 1 Cisco Firepower 1150 Strong Encryption (3DES/AES) 1 Cisco Firepower 1150 Strong Encryption (3DES/AES) 1 Cisco Firepower 1150 ASA Appliance, 1U 1 Cisco Firepower 1150 ASA Appliance, 1U 1 Cisco Firepower 1150 ASA Appliance, 1U 1 Cisco Firepower 1150 Strong Encryption (3DES/AES) 1 Cisco Firepower 1150 ASA Appliance, 1U 1 Cisco Firepower 1150 Strong Encryption (3DES/AES) 1 Cisco Firepower 1150 Strong Encryption (3DES/AES) 1 Cisco Firepower 1150 ASA Appliance, 1U 1 Cisco Firepower 1150 Strong Encryption (3DES/AES) 1 Cisco Firepower 1150 Strong Encryption (3DES/AES) 2 Cisco Firepower 1150 Strong Encryption (3DES/AES) 2 Cisco Firepower 1150 Strong Encryption (3DES/AES) 2 Cisco Firepower 1150 S	\$65,558.94	\$65,558.94
1	Subscriptions	\$6,420.43	<b>\$6,420.43</b> Annually
		SubTotal	\$65,558.94
1	Traffic Pole Cameras Multiview Exterior Cameras 7 Hanwha PNM-9085RQZ - Camera Specs 5MP x 4ch multi-directional camera, Motorized PTRZ support, Max. 30fps@5MP(H.265, H.264), 4.13~9.4mm(2.3x) motorized varifocal lens, IR viewable length : 30m, H.265, H.264, MJPEG codec, Multi-streaming, Video analytics, wise Stream, IP66, IK10, NEMA4X 7 Hanwha SBP-390-WMW2 - Wall Mount Accessory, 2x knock-out built-in, compatible with all full-size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White 7 Hanwha SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter 7 Hanwha SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter 7 Hanwha SBP-317HMW - Large Cap adaptor (indoor)for the multi-Directional cameras PNM-9080VQ and PNM-9081VQ (Will fit the following accessories: SBP-300WM1, SBP-300WM, SBP-300LM, SBP-300CM) 5 NETWORK VANDAL OUTDOOR CAMERA THAT COMBINES MULTI-SENSOR MULTI-DIRECTIONAL CAMER 5 Hanwha SBP-390-WMW2 - Wall Mount Accessory, 2x knock-out built-in, compatible with all full-size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White color 5 Hanwha SBP-300PWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter 20 PNM-9320VQP Lens module	\$124,861.44	\$124,861.44

SubTotal \$124,861.44

87

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044	Description		
Qty	Description	Unit	Total
1	<ul> <li>SOLAR POLES Multiview Exterior Cameras</li> <li>2 Camera Specs 5MP x 4ch multi-directional camera, Motorized PTRZ support, Max. 30fps@5MP (H.265, H.264), 4.13~9.4mm (2.3x) motorized varifocal lens, IR viewable length: 30m, H.265, H.264, MJPEG codec, Multi-streaming, Video analytics, wise Stream, IP66, IK10, NEMA4X</li> <li>2 Wall Mount Accessory, 2x knock-out built-in, compatible with all full size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White color</li> <li>2 Pole Mount Adapter</li> <li>2 Large Cap adaptor (indoor)for the multi-Directional cameras PNM-9080VQ and PNM-9081VQ (Will fit the following accessories: SBP-300WM1, SBP-300WM, SBP-300CM)</li> <li>2 Mobile Cell Router</li> <li>2 Lantronix Nower Adapter</li> <li>2 Accessory Kit</li> <li>2 Lantronix SIM Card for Cellular Communication</li> <li>5 Louroe Digifact Microphone - Outdoor Rated</li> <li>1 NETWORK VANDAL OUTDOOR CAMERA THAT COMBINES MULTI-SENSOR MULTI-INRECTIONAL CAMERA</li> <li>1 Hanwha SBP-390-WMV2 - Wall Mount Accessory, 2x knock-out built-in, compatible with all full size outdoor PTZs and all caps, White</li> <li>1 Hanwha SBP-300-PWM1 - Pole Mount Adapter</li> <li>4 PNM-9320VQP Lens module</li> <li>1 Mobile Cell Router</li> <li>1 Lantronix SIM Card for Cellular Communication</li> <li>1 Solar Pole Equipment</li> <li>(3) - 20ft x 6.5 in Diameter Direct Burial Aluminum Pole.</li> <li>(3) - Solar Panel Mount,</li> <li>(3) - Solar Panel Mount,</li> <li>(3) - Coharge Controller.</li> <li>Sealed Lead Acid Absorbent Glass Mat Batteries to Provide a Minimum of 5 Days of Battery Backup.</li> <li>Outdoor-rated Iniged lockable battery and electronics enclosure.</li> <li>Hinged enclosure battery compartment.</li> <li>Solar power system sized for location; and</li> <li>Includes a 3-year manufacturer's and 1-year performance limited warranty: Solar and battery system guaranteed operation 24/7/365.</li> </ul>	\$66,251.70	\$66,251.70
		SubTotal	\$66,251.70
1	Spare Parts 1 Hanwha PNM-9085RQZ - Camera Specs 5MP x 4ch multi-directional mm (mera, Motorized PTRZ support, Max. 30fps@5MP (H.265, H.264), 4.13~9.4mm(2.3x) motorized varifocal lens, IR viewable length: 30m, H.265, H.264, MJPEG codec, Multi-streaming, Video analytics, Wise Stream, IP66, IK10, NEMA4X 1 NETWORK VANDAL OUTDOOR CAMERA THAT COMBINES MULTI-SENSOR MULTI-DIRECTIONAL CAMERA	\$4,560.24	\$4,560.24
		SubTotal	\$4,560.24
1	Labor, Configuration, and Installation	\$85,714.29	\$85,714.29

Running SubTotal \$535,884.25

88

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Qty Description	Ur	nit Total
QUOTE SUMMARY		
		Total
Please contact me if I can be of further assistance.	SubTotal	\$535,884.25
	TAX	\$0.00
	Total	\$535,884.25
		Annual Total
	SubTotal	\$6,420.43
	TAX	\$0.00
	Gross	\$6,420.43
	Рау	ment Options
דנ]	Ferms, [plus \$6	6,420.43 annually]

NORTH CAROLINA Clients: ASLB License #731286-CSA BPN #259842M ASLB 3101 Industrial Drive Suite 104 Raleigh, North Carolina 27609 (919) 788-5:

From:	Timothy Schroer
To:	Veronica M. Freeman
Cc:	Patrick Clayton
Subject:	RE: SPLOST Downtown Camera System
Date:	Wednesday, April 5, 2023 12:42:39 PM
Attachments:	image001.png
	image002.png

As requested

Downtown Video Security Enhancements GL 330-03-1130 JL 223-03-9101

Ledger: IL. Report Dafe: 04/05/2023	JL Budgets and A	ctuals with Encum	F	Fiscal Year: 2023 Fiscal Period: 04 Budget Version: YD		
Object Description 223039101 Downtown Video Security	Badget	Actual	Encumbrance	Balance		
5426120 Safety Equipment Revenue & Transfers In: Expenditure and Transfers Out: Net:	500,000.00 0.00 500,000.00 -300,000.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	500,000.00 0.00 500,000.00 500,000.00		
Grand Total (RV & 11): Grand Total (XP & TO):	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Net:	-500,000.00	0.00	0.00	-500,000.00		

Timothy E. Schroer, CPA, CGMA Deputy Director – Finance

 Augusta Richmond County Georgia | 535 Telfair St., Suite 800 | Augusta, GA 30901

 ⊠ tschroer@augustaga.gov | ☎Office: (706) 821- 1741 | 冯 Fax: (706) 821- 2520

From: Veronica M. Freeman 
Freeman@augustaga.gov>
Sent: Tuesday, April 4, 2023 9:23 AM
To: Timothy Schroer 
TSchroer@augustaga.gov>
Cc: Patrick Clayton 
PClayton@augustaga.gov>
Subject: FW: SPLOST Downtown Camera System

Good morning,

I wanted to follow up in regards to the account number for the Downtown Camera Project for Splost 8

From: Timothy Schroer <<u>TSchroer@augustaga.gov</u>> Sent: Wednesday, March 29, 2023 10:08 AM To: Veronica M. Freeman <<u>VFreeman@augustaga.gov</u>> Subject: RE: SPLOST Downtown Camera System

Good morning

Adopted by Commission on 12-8-2020

## SPLOST 8 RECOMMENDATION

#### **PUBLIC SAFETY**

**QUALITY OF LIFE** 

Vehicles	
Sheriff's Office	\$ 6,000,000
District Attorney's Office	\$ 100,000
Marshal's Department	\$ 600,000
RCCI	\$ 165,000
Coroner's Office	\$ 40,000
Animal Services	\$ 200,000
Solicitor's Office - CVAP	\$ 30,000
Replacement Vehicles	\$ 1,800,000
Air Packs and Cylinders for Augusta Fire	\$ 1,000,000
MDT Replacements for Existing Vehicles	\$ 1,000,000
Downtown Video Security Enhancements	\$ 500,000
RCCI New Facility	\$ 11,000,000

Subtotal: Public Safety

\$ 22,435,000

Dyess Park	\$ 6,000,000	
Cemeteries	\$ 600,000	
Fleming Park	\$ 5,000,000	
Fleming Tennis Center	\$ 3,000,000	
Newman Tennis Center	\$ 4,000,000	
JS Lake Olmstead - Casino	\$ 4,500,000	
Park Improvements		
(Big Oak, Hickman, MM Scott and McBean Parks)	\$ 6,000,000	
Municipal Golf Course	\$ 500,000	
Diamond Lakes	\$ 500,000	
Irrigation Countywide	\$ 3,000,000	
New State of the Art James Brown Arena	\$ 25,000,000	
Waterpark	\$ 5,000,000	
5th Street Bridge	\$ 1,750,000	
Administration	\$ 1,000,000	
Subtotal: Quality of Life		\$ 65,850,000
GENERAL GOVERNMENT PROJECTS		
Program Administration	\$ 5,000,000	
Interest Payments on SPLOST 8 Bonds	\$ 4,000,000	

Subtotal: General Government



## **Public Safety Committee**

7/11/2023

Accept an award from Georgia Grants –Public Safety and Community Violence Reduction Grant Program

Department:	Richmond County Sheriff's Office
Presenter: Caption:	N/A Accept an award from Georgia Grants –Public Safety and Community Violence Reduction Grant Program
Background	Governor's Office of Planning and Budget Public Safety and Community Violence Reduction Grant Program funds offered an open application process in August 2022. The Richmond County Sheriff's Office submitted an application to apply for grant funding and two projects were awarded \$1,255,017.50.
	Information as follows:
	<u>RCSO Axon Body Worn Camera Initiative</u> <u>Awarded: \$970,392.50</u>
	The Richmond County Sheriff's Office will use the funds from this grant to purchase new Body Worn Cameras that will be implemented in an existing comprehensive BWC program. The new BWCs will replace outdated BWCs, expand the department's data storage capabilities, and make videos more accessible for follow-up investigations and as evidence in criminal proceedings.
	RCSO Flock License Plate Readers Initiative
	Awarded: \$284,625.00
	The RCSO will use funds from this grant to purchase and install Flock Automated License Plate Readers (ALPR) along with the alert and evidence collection platforms to enhance an existing program. The ALPRs will improve efficiency in homicide investigations and increase clearance rates for cases that involve violent gun crime.
Analysis: Financial Impact:	$N\!/\!A$ This is a 100% reimbursable grant. Upon completion of purchases, RCSO will submit reimbursement request to Georgia Grants site.
Alternatives:	N/A

**Recommendation:** Accept the award amount \$1,255,017.50 from Governor's Office of Planning and Bu (OPB)

Funds are available in  $N/A\mbox{-}100\%$  Reimbursable from grant the following accounts:

**REVIEWED AND**N/A**APPROVED BY:** 

## AUGUSTA, GEORGIA New Grant Proposal/Application

fore a Departmen /agency may apply for the grant/award on behalf of Augusta Richmond County, they must first obtain approval -gnature from the Administrator and the Finance Director. The Administrator will obtain information on the grant program and requirements from the finance Director will review these for feasibility to determine if this grant/award will benefit Augusta Richmond County. The Finance Director will review the funding requirement to determine if the grant will fit within our budget structure and financial goals.

Proposal Project No. Project Title

PR000410 SHERIFF RCSO Flock License Plate Readers Initiative We request grant funds from the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget to purchase and install 50 Flock Automated License Plate Readers, and the continuous maintenance fee for one year. The purpose of buying cameras is to capture images of vehicles and tags. Investagators can search for the images of vehicles in the data system to identify vehicles used in criminal activity. Prosecutors can also use the recorded images as evidence during criminal proceedings. The annual Maintenance Fee will cover maintenance on the cameras, data storage, and access to the recorded images . No cash match is required. EEO required: No / EEO Department Notified: No

Start Date: Submit Date Total Budge		11/09	9/2022 750.00	End Date: Department: Total Fundin		Sheriff <sup>~</sup> 258,750.00	Cash Match? Total Cash Match:	N 0.00
Sponsor: GM0047 Sponsor Type: PT Purpose: 7			U.S. Dept. of Treasury Pass thru Federal Crime control/Invest		Flow Thru ID: GM0055 Governor O		)ffice Planning & Bu	
	Туре	ID	Name		Contact	S	108	
	I	GMI053	Hal Hite	hcock			<b>Phone</b> (706)261-(	0438
$\bigcirc$	Туре	Bar		- Dete	Approva	ls		
	FA		UNDTREE	<u>_Date</u> 11/09/202	2	Dept. Signature:	ignature:	ts Bote
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o Deny th	e request							
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94

### AUGUSTA, GEORGIA New Grant Proposal/Application

fore a Department/agency may apply for the grant/award on behalf of Augusta Richmond County, they must first obtain approval agnature from the Administrator and the Finance Director. The Administrator will obtain information on the grant program and requirements from the funding agency and review these for feasibility to determine if this grant/award will benefit Augusta Richmond County. The Finance Director will review the funding requirement to determine if the grant will fit within our budget structure and financial goals.

Proposal Project No. Project Title

PR000411 SHERIFF RCSO Axon Body Worn Cameras Initiative

We request grant funds offered by the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget to purchase 350 Axon Body Worn Cameras, to be issued to RCSO Deputies, and 27 docking stations to replace outdated body cameras and the current data storage system. The new data storage system will replace the current data storage system that recently crashed requiring expensive repairs. The Data storage maintenance plan is an annual reoccurring subscription that covers data storage and warranty replacement for broken cameras. Axon wil replace the body cameras with new upgraded cameras in year 2 of the plan. This grant will cover Years 1 and 2. If we continue the annual Maintenance Plan after Year 2, Axon will again replace the cameras with new, upgraded cameras in year 5 at no additional cost. A cash match is not required. EEO required: No / EEO Department Notified: No

Subr	t Date: mit Date: al Budgete	01/01/2 ed Amo	11/09/2	· •	End Date: Department: Total Fundin	12/31/2024 032 g Agency:	Sheriff 882,175.00	Cash Match? Total Cash Match:	N 0.00
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This form will also be used to provide the external auditors with information on all grants for compliance and certification requirements as required by the State and Federal Government.

## Application: 000000421

Harold Hitchcock - hhitchcock@augustaga.gov Public Safety and Community Violence Reduction

#### Summary

ID: 000000421 Last submitted: Nov 18 2022 04:33 PM (EST)

## Application

Completed - Nov 18 2022

## Application

## Organization Information

**Organization Information** 

**Organization Name:** 

Augusta Richmond County Sheriff's Office

#### Address:

Street:	400 Walton Way
City:	Augusta
State:	Georgia
Zip Code:	30901

#### Organization Website:

<u>augustaga.gov</u>

#### **Application Contact Person:**

Full Name:	Harold Hitchcock
Title:	Lieutenant
Email:	hhitchcock@augustaga.gov
Phone:	706-261-0438

#### **Organization Authorized Representative:**

(person with authority to execute grant agreement)

Same as above	×
Full Name:	Hardie Davis
Title:	Mayor
Email:	mayordavis@augustaga.gov
Phone:	706-821-1831

#### Organization's SAMS Number/ Unique Entity Identifier (UEI):

ZH93N1J4TBE8

#### SAM.gov expiration date:

Oct 19 2023

#### Please enter the Tax Identification Number (TIN)/ Employer Identification Number

#### 582204274

1

#### What percentage of the organization's budget is grant funded?

5.8

## **Project Information**

**Project Information** 

#### Which project type best describes your project?

Equipment and Technology

Zip Code Location of project performance

Enter zip code of primary project location

30901

Zip codes for the target neighborhood/project boundaries, population of the target area. Please separate each zip code with a comma.

30901, 30906, 30907, 30909,30815

#### Dollar amount of ARPA grant funds requested

\$ 258,750.00

Item 6.

Continuation

#### How many program staff persons are dedicated to this project?

2

Does the organization have administrative staff (ie. Accountants, Executive Director, Grant Administration) dedicated to this grant?

Yes

#### Has the organization secured funding for administrative staff for this project?

Yes

#### How does your organization intend to sustain this program/project after initial grant funds expire?

The Augusta-Richmond County will provide the funds in the budget to continue the project after the grant funds expire.

## **Proposal Narrative**

**Proposal Narrative** 

#### **Proposal Title:**

Please input the title of your project

Richmond County Sheriff's Office Flock License Plate Readers Initiative

ltem 6.

Jan 1 2023

Anticipated Completion Date: (Please note that projects that will extend beyond the program deadline will not be considered for funding)

Dec 31 2024

#### **Proposal Summary**

A proposal summary (no more than 400 words) summarizing the proposed project including the purpose of the project, primary activities, expected outcomes, the service area, intended beneficiaries. This summary should be written in the third person and will be made publicly available on the OPB website if the project is awarded.

Across the nation, there was a dramatic increase in violent gun crimes and community violence as the nation entered the COVID-19 Pandemic in January 2020. The Richmond County Sheriff's Office will implement public safety technology and proactive policing methods to combat this deadly increase in gun violence. The RCSO will use funds from this grant to purchase 50 Flock Safety Falcon Automated License Plate Readers (ALPRs). The funds from this grant will purchase 25 new ALPRs to enhance our current Flock camera project and purchase the initial 25 ALPRs used during a National Police Foundation study.

The ALPRs will serve two functions: 1) to use the data captured as a lead in an investigation and 2) to alert officers in real-time to vehicles on the "hot list".

With the ALPR system, investigators can search for an image of a suspect's vehicle by using information from witnesses to search by license plate, complete vehicle descriptions, and even partial/incomplete vehicle descriptions. Investigators will have the ability to enter the partial vehicle description and search the captured images and retrieve a complete vehicle description and license plate; providing critical vehicle information that will assist investigators in solving gun-related crimes. The system will allow investigators to track vehicles throughout Augusta-Richmond County or any jurisdiction nationwide that use the same ALPR system. This will provide locations where the suspect often frequents, greatly increasing the chances of capturing the suspect. The RCSO can also enter vehicle descriptions or license plate information into the system and create a "hot list." The hot list can be vehicle information for persons of interest or wanted suspects, and the system will allow the

RCSO to be more proactive in our efforts to reduce gun violence.

The RCSO will use Flock cameras to increase the efficiency in gun crime investigations and to increase guilty verdicts and guilty pleas during criminal proceedings. The vision of the RCSO is to reduce gun violence for the citizens of Augusta-Richmond County and the Cities of Blythe and Hephzibah.

#### **Description of the Issue**

Applicants must describe the project to be implemented with grant funding. This section must include responses to the following:

- State the problem that was caused or exacerbated by the pandemic based on the program category in which you are applying (e.g. gun crime decrease in law enforcement staffing).
- Provide statistics to support the problem statement above;
- Applicants should use January 27, 2020 as the ARPA recognized start of the pandemic.
- Applicant data should demonstrate that the problem began during the pandemic or was exacerbated by it.

After years of decline in violent crimes, the United States saw a dramatic increase in violent gun crimes and community violence as a result of the COVID-19 Pandemic. According to the FBI's Uniform Crime Report, in 2019, there were 14,440 murders nationwide, and those numbers increased to 18,623 in 2020. In 2019 there were 719,350 aggravated assaults, and in 2020 the nation saw and increase to 802,238, which is an 11.5% increase. In 2019 27.6% of aggravated assaults involved a gun, and in 2020 34.9% of aggravated assaults nationwide involved a gun (FBI UCR). Of the murders in 2020, 75% were committed with a gun (Grawert, 2022). According to Grawert, this is the highest percentage of murders committed with guns since 1960. In a report in the Scientific Reports, research revealed there was a 30% higher risk of gun violence during the "pandemic period March 01, 2020, through March 31, 2021" than during the 13-month period before the pandemic (Ssentongo, 2021). In Augusta-Richmond County, Georgia, the number of homicides increased from 36 in 2019 to 40 in 2020, and the number of aggravated assaults increased from 85 in 2019 to 91 in 2020. The number of aggravated assaults with guns slightly decreased from 217 in 2019 to 211 in 2020, but there was a significant increase in 2021 to 276. According to the Gun Violence Archive, the gun violence directly related to the Pandemic continued into 2021. The data reports an increase from 43,690 deaths from gun violence in 2020 to 45,070 in 2021. The gun violence was exacerbated by the Pandemic with a deadly increase in gun violence in Augusta-Richmond County in 2020 that continued into 2021.

A report by the International Association of Chiefs of Police shows that 70% of all crime committed involves a vehicle. According to the report the vehicles are used particularly in gun related crimes such as drive-by shootings. In a study reported to the U.S. Department of Justice, vehicles were used in drive-by shootings in 10% of the homicides involving a gun (Dedel, 2007). Vehicles allow the shooter to quickly approach their intended target conduct their violence and leave before the victims or witnesses can react or before law enforcement can respond (Dedel, 2007). The shooter(s) fire their guns from moving vehicles not only causing injuries to the intended target but to innocent by-standers as well. Dedel goes on to say that drive-by shootings are but one facet of the many gun related issues involving vehicles, and she lists several related problems in the report:

- · Gun trafficking
- Gun possession
- General violence by adult and juvenile offenders
- Gang violence
- Road rage

Guns allow the violent offender to attack their victims from a greater distance. Violent crimes involving guns can offer more of a challenge for investigators than violent crimes such as strangulation or stabbing that force the offender to get closer or make physical contact with the victim thereby leaving more evidence.

Often witnesses are intimidated and less likely to cooperate with law enforcement concerning gun violence. Many fear retaliation from violent offenders, especially gang related gun violence. A personal connection to the violent offender may also prevent a witness from cooperating.

**Proposed Solution** 

The Richmond County Sheriff's Office will use funds from this grant to invest in technology and equipment that will allow the RCSO to respond more efficiently to the gun violence that was exacerbated by the Covid Pandemic. The RCSO will purchase from 50 Falcon Automated License Plate Readers (ALPR) from Flock Safety.

#### References

Dedel, K. (2007). Drive-By Shootings, U.S. Department of Justice Office of Community Oriented Policing Services. Grawert, A. (2022). Myths and Realities: Understanding Recent Trends in Violent Crime. Brennan Center for Justice Ssentongo, P. (2021). Gun Violence Incidence During the COVID-19 Pandemic is Higher Than Before the Pandemic in the United States. Scientific Reports.

https://ucr.fbi.gov/crime-in-the-u.s

https://www.gunviolencearchive.org/past-tolls

Provide a description of the proposed activities and how the activities will engage with the community and any community partners that will be involved, if applicable. Applicants should identify the program objectives and describe the vision for the target population, specifically how this vision will address the problems identified in the Description of the Issue section and the broader impact to communities or jurisdictions. Ensure each objective is measurable and identify strategies to achieve the objectives. State if the proposed approach is evidence-based and, if so, provide supporting research references.

The RCSO will use funds from this grant to purchase and install Flock Automated License Plate Readers (ALPR) along with the alert and evidence collection platforms to enhance an existing program. The ALPRs will improve efficiency in homicide investigations and increase clearance rates for cases that involve violent gun crime. In March of 2022, the RCSO entered into an agreement with Flock Safety to participate in the National Police Foundation LPR study. As participants in the study, the cameras and the platform system were provided with no cost to the department. By May, Flock Safety had installed 25 Flock Safety Falcon LPR Cameras in Augusta-Richmond County. Since the inceptions of this program, the ALPR project has proven to be successful. The RCSO purchased 25 cameras that were installed in additional to the initial 25 cameras. With the funds from this grant, the RCSO will purchase the initial cameras as well as an additional 25 cameras. This will give the RCSO the ability to provide coverage from 75 Flock Safety Falcon ALPR cameras in the areas prone to gun violence in an effort to reduce violent gun crimes and violence in the community. The grant will be used to purchase 50 Flock Safety Falcon ALPRs, 50 solar panels, mounting equipment, poles. The purchase will also include the cloud hosting and analytics, LTE connectivity, user licenses, hotlist integration and alerts, and installation. A reoccurring subscription is included that will provide ongoing software enhancements and maintenance on the system.

The RCSO will utilize the cameras for two primary functions: 1) to use the data captured as a lead in an investigation and 2) to alert officers in real-time to vehicles on the "hot list" that are captured by the cameras. With the ALPR system, investigators can search for an image of a suspect's vehicle by using information from witnesses to search by license plate, complete vehicle descriptions, and even partial/incomplete vehicle descriptions. Investigators will have the ability to enter the partial vehicle description and search the captured images and retrieve a complete vehicle description and license plate; providing critical vehicle information that will assist investigators in solving gun-related crimes. The system will allow investigators to track vehicles throughout Augusta-Richmond County or any jurisdiction nationwide that use the same ALPR system. This will provide locations where the suspect often frequents, greatly increasing the chances of capturing the suspect. The RCSO can also enter vehicle descriptions or license plate information into the system and create a "hot list." The hot list can be vehicle information for persons of interest or wanted suspects, and the system will allow the RCSO to be more proactive in our efforts to reduce gun violence.

#### **Target Population**

The vision for the target population is to reduce violent gun crime and community violence. There is a direct correlation between the COVID-19 Pandemic and the dramatic increase in the violent gun crimes in Augusta-Richmond County and nationwide. This increase had a direct effect on the lives of the citizens of Augusta-Richmond County through the personal tragedies of the victims and their families. Indirectly, we have seen a dramatic increase in the fear of crime as the violence has played out in the news media and on social media. Gun violence not only destroys families, but can wreak havoc in neighborhoods, local schools, and businesses. These communities are labeled as areas of violence which will affect the local businesses, jobs, and property values. Residents and business owners move to other communities that are not riddled with gun violence which leads to a community with concentrated poverty and fewer economic opportunities.

Reducing violent gun crime will make communities and neighborhoods safer and create a better quality of life for our citizens. Reducing gun violence will break the cycle of poverty and disadvantage in the communities that were labeled as violent neighborhoods.

#### Goals and Objectives

It is the goal of the Richmond County Sheriff's Office to utilize Falcon ALPR cameras to reduce violent gun crimes and community violence in Augusta-Richmond County, Blythe, and Hephzibah.

Goal 1

Acquire 25 Falcon license plate recognition cameras and evidence collection platform from Flock Safety. Objective 1

By the end of the first quarter of year 1, RCSO will purchase 25 Falcon cameras and the accompanying evidence collection platform. The purchase will include the ALPR readers, solar panels, mounting equipment, cloud hosting and analytics, and LTE connectivity.

Goal 2

Schedule the installation of the Falcon cameras, mounting poles, and the solar panels.

Objective 2

By the end of the first quarter of year 1, RCSO will schedule Flock Safety to install the 25 Falcon cameras,

mounting poles, and solar panels. Flock Safety will include site and safety assessment, camera setup, and testing for each camera installed under this contract.

Goal 3

Reduce violent gun crimes and community violence in Augusta-Richmond County, Blythe, and Hephzibah.

Objective 3

By the end of the first quarter of year 1, RCSO implement the Falcon cameras to reduce violent gun crimes and community violence in Augusta-Richmond County, Blythe, and Hephzibah.

Goal 4

The contract with Flock Safety will include a maintenance program through a yearly subscription program which will include ongoing software enhancements. Cameras or any equipment in this program will be repaired or replaced to keep the system up and running.

#### **Capabilities and Competencies**

Applicants should demonstrate their capabilities to implement the project and the competencies of the staff assigned to the project to include the financial management of funding. The applicant should detail the level of support for the project, as well as the expertise of the individual(s) who will be responsible for managing the project. Applicants should also demonstrate their experiencing managing projects with federal funding.

The purchase of the Falcon ALPR system includes the Flock Safety Standard Implementation and Professional Services. This service includes the site and safety assessment, camera setup and testing for each camera installation. This service will also include regular maintenance and servicing to all the cameras. Flock Safety will be responsible for managing the project and maintaining the equipment. The RCSO currently has 50 cameras installed throughout Augusta-Richmond County since May of 2022. This grant will purchase an additional 25 and fund 25 of the cameras currently installed. RCSO Staff members and Flock Safety have worked together to manage the project successfully since May.

The staff in the Augusta-Richmond County Finance Department will administer the financial management of the grant. In 2021, Augusta-Richmond County received \$46,351,175.00 in federal grant money, and an independent audit determined Augusta-Richmond County to be in compliance with the requirements for all of the federal programs. As a result of the audit, the Government Finance Officers Association awarded Augusta the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting.

The Sheriff has garnered the support of the District Attorney's Office and the Augusta-Richmond County Commission. The Commission has agreed to fund the Annual Maintenance Subscription after the funds from the grant end. In support of the ALPR Initiative, two neighborhood associations and three apartment complexes in Augusta-Richmond County have installed Flock ALPRs. The owners of these privately owned Flock ALPRs are currently in the process of providing the RCSO with access to their Flock cameras to aid in addressing crime in their specific areas. Applicants should describe the process for measuring project performance, identify who will collect the data, who is responsible for performance measurement, and how the information will be used to guide and assess the program. Successful applicants will demonstrate understanding of <u>performance data to be collected and reported</u>.

For each project goal, applicants should identify the criteria that will determine how and if the objectives have been successfully met and one or more specific measurable outcome(s) and the data sources that will be used to determine whether the outcome was accomplished.

The RCSO implemented the initial stages of this project in May of 2022, for the initial 25 ALPRs. The program proved successful, so in August, the RCSO purchased 25 Falcon ALPRs. The installation began in August and installation was complete in September. At the onset of this program, the RCSO implemented a comprehensive policy on the use of and training for the Automated License Plate Recognition cameras that was thoroughly reviewed by the RCSO Office of Professional Standards and Training. The RCSO implemented a protocol to document the proactive contacts from the hot list alerts and instances where an investigator was able to use the recorded data to get a lead on a case.

#### Measuring Project Performance

The RCSO developed a protocol that requires Road Patrol supervisors and investigators to document on the Flock Safety Camera Activity Log when data captured from the ALPR system is used to initiate a citizen contact or to develop a lead on an ongoing investigation. From May 1, 2022, to October 2, 2022, the ALPR system has captured over 5 million vehicle images. The ALPR system has been utilized to make 47 arrests, 7 of which were connected to violent crimes involving guns. The ALPR system also captured data that provided a lead in a murder case, and in one case, the data that was captured cleared a suspect from a sexual assault charge. The investigator confirmed that the victim filed a false report of a crime. See Appendix 2 for a complete breakdown of arrests.

#### Measuring Goal Outcomes

To measure the outcome of acquiring, ordering, and installing the Falcon ALPRs, the Chief Deputy will set a timeline of accomplishing this in the first quarter of 2023. The Chief will work directly with Flock Safety to ensure this is accomplished in a timely manner.

To measure the outcome of the goal to reduce violent gun crimes and violence in the community, the RCSO Intel Division will continue to create a quarterly Gun Violence Analysis and provide it to the Division and Zone Commanders. The analysis will compare the number of violent gun crimes committed in a quarter to previous quarters. The Intel Division will track the outcome through the quarterly reports to determine the success of the project.

Budget: All budget items must be related to the purpose of addressing the negative impacts of the coronavirus pandemic.

Applicants should submit a budget that is complete, reasonable, cost effective, and is an allowable use of the funding under the chosen category.

The budget must be based on quoted estimates and calculations, not rounded guestimates. (All budget totals will require validation based on the calculation provided in the uploaded version so please ensure that you retain the documentation for the basis of all calculations in the requested budget.

Budget Category	Amount
1. Personnel	\$X
2. Fringe	\$X
3. Travel	\$X
4. Equipment	\$X
5. Supplies	\$X
6. Contracts/Consultants/Subawards	\$X
7. Other	\$X
Total	\$X

Note: The application will also require a detailed budget breakdown using our detailed budget worksheet. Please download the detailed budget worksheet here and upload in the document section of the application. Instructions for the detailed budget worksheet can be found here: <u>https://opb.georgia.gov/document/document/budget-</u>worksheet/download.

#### Personnel

0

Item 6.

### Fringe

ltem	6.
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0
Travel
0
Equipment
125000.00
Supplies
0
Contracts/Consultants/Subawards
0
Other
133750.00
Budget Total
258750.0

#### **Budget Narrative**

A Budget narrative that explains the estimated costs by line item or category in the budget. Budget narratives should explain how the costs associated with each line item or category relate to the implementation of the project as outlined in the proposal being submitted. Budget narratives must explain how the costs associated with each line item or category relate to the implementation of the project as outlined in the proposal being submitted. Budget narratives must explain how the costs associated with each line item or category relate to the implementation of the project as outlined in the proposal being submitted. If your proposal contains multiple projects or sub-awards, you can provide a breakdown per project as well in your budget narrative. Budget narratives must respond to the following: Provide a description of the position, equipment, supply, travel, etc. requested on each line and how it is related to carrying out the objectives and goals of the project. Your narrative must provide granular detail on what the proposal will fund and how it aligns to your project. (Minimum 250 words, Maximum 500 words)

To combat the increase in violent gun crime and community violence demonstrated by the increase in violent gun crimes in Augusta-Richmond County, the RCSO will invest in technological tools that will improve efficiency in investigations to increase the clearance rates that involve violent guns crimes. The RCSO will use funds from this grant to purchase 50 Flock Safety Falcon ALPRs, which will include the following in the cost of each camera: solar panels, mounting equipment, cloud hosting and analytics, LTE connectivity, unlimited user licenses, hotlist integration and alerts, and ongoing software enhancements. The cost for each camera is \$2,500.00 for a total of \$125,000.00.

The contract will also include a Professional Services Standard Implementation Fee for \$350.00 per camera for a total of \$8,750.00. This fee will include site and safety assessment, camera installation and setup for 25 cameras, camera testing, and shipping and handling. The RCSO entered into an agreement with Flock Safety to participate in the National Police Foundation LPR Study, Flock provided the use of 25 ALPRs and access to the evidence collection platform and infrastructure for 12 months for no cost except the cost of installation. The RCSO paid for installation of the 25 cameras involved in the study. This budget does not request the reimbursement for the cost of installation the initial 25 cameras. The Professional Services Standard Implementation Fee is bundled with the cost of installation and setup and will be included in the "Equipment and Technology" category.

15/22

Equipment and Technology

Item Computation Cost Falcon ALPR \$2,500.00 x 50 ALPRs \$125,000.00

Item Computation Cost

One-time Professional Services Fee \$350.00 x 25 \$8,750.00

110

The program will also require an annual subscription that requires reoccurring cost of \$125,000.00 for the program that will provide a maintenance warranty, cloud hosting and analytics, LTE connectivity, unlimited user licenses, hotlist integration and alerts, and ongoing software enhancements. This subscription service will cover all 50 ALPR units. The funds provided from this grant will pay for the subscription for Year 2 and will be included in "Equipment and Technology" category. The RCSO will budget for the cost of the subscription beyond Year 2. The funds from this grant will be expended by December 31, 2024, which will meet the deadline, October 31, 2026, required by the grant.

Equipment and Technology

Item Computation Cost Annual subscription \$2,500.00 x 50 ALPRs \$125,000.00

Total Cost Year 2 \$125,000.00

Budget Information - RCSO Falcon ALPR Project

Grant Program Total Requested Funds

Public Safety and Community Violence Reduction Grant \$258,750.00

Budget Categories Year 1 Year 2

Equipment and Technology \$133,750.00

Equipment and Technology \$125,000.00

Totals \$133,750.00 \$125,000.00

Total Requested Funds \$258,750.00

#### **Match Funds**

Applicants plan for leveraging funds, if any, from other sources to maximize impact. Please include details regarding the total project costs if match is a part of the proposal, the amount of match, and how match funds will be used and a breakdown of grant funds to be used versus total project costs. *If no match is provided, please enter \$0.* 

Example:

OPB Grant Request: \$2,000,000

Local Match: \$1,000,000

Total Project Costs: \$3,000,000

Explanation: Local match will be made up of \$1,000,000 funds from the city's general fund.

0

#### Signature

General expectations include but are not limited to understanding and following the rules and regulations outlined for CSFRF in:

- Department of US Treasury Final Rule;
- Department of US Treasury Final Rule FAQs;
- Policy Requirements including 2CFR 200 ;
- OPB's Program, Reporting, and Compliance Requirements as well as the Terms & Conditions Agreement for the respective grant award; and
- The grantee's own organizational policies and procedures.
- Additionally, as a grantee, you are required to:
- Fulfill the project expectations of your award;
- Ensure financial and performance benchmarks are met; and
- Strictly adhere to your project's objective, budget, and timeline.

By submitting this application, I understand that I am submitting a proposal for a grant that is structured as a reimbursement method of payment for all projects with the exception of water sewer infrastructure and broadband infrastructure. Additionally, I attest that I understand the responsibility to comply with applicable state, local, and federal policy requirements including 2 CFR 200 subpart D competitive procurement requirements.

Please click below to sign.

11

After signing above, please submit your application.

# Pre-pandemic Baseline Form (Required for All Program Category 1 Applications)

#### Incomplete

This form is required for all Category 1 Applications. Applicants who submit the application without completing this will not be deemed eligible for fund.

Please complete the form to calculate Pre-pandemic baseline using the formula prescribed in Treasury's Final Rule.

# Form for "Pre-pandemic Baseline Form (Required for All Progr

This is my form.

#### **Pre-pandemic Baseline From**

SLFRF can be used for salaries and benefits for public employees to restore public sector capacity: SLFRF can be used to pay for salaries and covered benefits of hiring or rehiring public sector employees, including hiring above prepandemic staffing levels to address historic underinvestment in the public sector. SLFRF recipients can use funds to hire staff up to 7.5% above the pre-pandemic baseline number of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) staff on January 27, 2020, when compared with the budgeted FTEs on March 3, 2021, provided that funds must be used for additional budgeted FTEs above the March 3, 2021 level. That means that if a county had, for example, 1,000 staff before the pandemic, and 900 on March 3, 2021, SLFRF Funds can be used to hire up to 175 staff ((1,000\*1.075)-900 = 175).

Recipients should complete the steps described below. Recipients may choose whether to conduct this analysis on a government-wide basis or for an individual department, agency, or authority

Step One: Identify the your budgeted Fulltime Employee (FTE) level on January 27, 2020. This includes all budgeted positions, filled and unfilled. This is called the pre-pandemic baseline.

(No response)

Step Two: Multiply the pre-pandemic baseline by 1.075 (that is, 1 + adjustment factor). This is called the adjusted pre-pandemic baseline.

0.0

Step Three: Identify the recipient's budgeted FTE level on March 3, 2021, which is the beginning of the period of performance for SLFRF funds. Recipients may, but are not required to, exclude FTEs dedicated to responding to the COVID-19 public health emergency. This is called the actual number of FTEs.

(No response)

Step Four: Subtract the actual number of FTEs from the adjusted pre-pandemic baseline to calculate the *Item 6.* number of FTEs that can be hired and covered by SLFRF funds.

0.0

December 31, 2024, and expended by December 31, 2026, up to the number of FTEs calculated in Step Four, consistent with the Uniform Guidance's Cost Principles at 2 CFR Part 200 Subpart E. Recipients may only use SLFRF funds for additional FTEs hired over the March 3, 2021 level of budgeted FTEs (i.e., the actual number of FTEs); note again that recipients may choose whether to conduct the analysis of FTEs that can be covered by SLFRF funds on a governmentwide basis or for an individual department, agency, or authority. These FTEs must have begun their employment on or after March 3, 2021, which is the beginning of the period of performance. For administrative convenience, recipients do not need to demonstrate that the reduction in number of FTEs was due to the COVID-19 pandemic, as Treasury assumes the vast majority of employment reductions during this time were due to pandemic fiscal pressures on state and local budgets. Recipients do not need to hire for the same roles that existed prepandemic.

For illustration, consider a hypothetical recipient with 1000 budgeted FTEs on January 27, 2020 (950 filled FTE positions and 50 unfilled FTE positions). The recipient's pre-pandemic baseline is 1000 FTEs; its adjusted pre-pandemic baseline is 1000 \* 1.075 = 1075 FTEs. Now, assume that on March 3, 2021, the recipient had 800 budgeted FTEs in total (795 filled FTE positions and 5 unfilled FTE positions), with 50 FTEs primarily dedicated to responding to the COVID-19 public health emergency. The recipient would have the option of using either 800 FTEs or 750 FTEs as its actual number of FTEs for the calculation; assuming it chooses the lower number, it would be able to fund up to 325 FTEs with SLFRF funds (that is, 1075 – 750 = 325 FTEs). Specifically, the recipient would be able to use SLFRF to fund payroll and covered benefits for up to 325 FTEs that begin their employment on or after March 3, 2021, for costs obligated by December 31, 2024, and expended by December 31, 2026, consistent with the Uniform Guidance's Cost Principles, as long as SLFRF funds are used for additional FTEs hired over the recipient's 750 FTE level (which is its March 3, 2021 budgeted FTE level).

In hiring new employees, the final rule encourages recipients to ensure a diverse workforce. The final rule also prohibits recipients from using funds to temporarily fill positions. during a labor dispute, as this would not constitute responding to the public health or negative economic impacts of the pandemic. Further, recipients must ensure that its hiring practices do not violate conflict-of-interest policies. Total compensation for a hired employee that is substantially in excess of typical compensation for employees of their experience and tenure within the recipient's government, without a corresponding business case, may indicate a potential conflict-of-interest in fact or appearance.

### **No Responses Selected**

# **Tool for Assessing Risk**

Completed - Nov 14 2022

Please download, complete, and upload the tool for assessing risk found <u>here</u>. (<u>https://opb.georgia.gov/document/document/tool-assessing-risk/download</u>)

Please ensure that you upload a completed version.

### **RSM ARPA Subrecipient Questionnaire**

Filename: RSM\_ARPA\_Subrecipient\_Questionnair\_Sq7nFob.pdf Size: 327.9 kB

# SAM.gov/UEI

Completed - Nov 15 2022

Please upload a screenshot (or pdf file using print to pdf) of your SAM.gov registration with UEI. All applicants are required to be registered in <u>SAM.gov</u> at the time of application.

#### **Registered Organizations**

If your organization is currently registered in SAM.gov with either an active or inactive registration, you have already been assigned a UEI. Your UEI is viewable on your entity's registration record in <u>SAM.gov</u>. To learn how to view your UEI, see this guide: <u>How can I view my Unique Entity ID?</u>.

#### **Create a New Registration**

If you are not registered in <u>SAM.gov</u>, create a new registration by clicking on the "Get Started" link under the "Register Your Entity..." heading in SAM.gov. Grantees, and other entities wanting to do business with the Office of Planning and Budget (e.g., entities applying for a grant or receiving an award), that are not already registered in SAM.gov must complete the "Register Entity" registration option and NOT the "Get a Unique Entity ID" option. The "Get a Unique Entity ID" option, which is not a full registration, is only available to entities for reporting purposes. Failing to complete the "Register Entity" option may result in an incomplete grant application, loss of funding, loss of applicant eligibility, and/or delays in receiving a grant award.

### Pic of Augusta Unique Entity ID and Expiration Date

	Doing Business As:	Purpose of Registration:	Expiration Date
Unique Entity ID: ZH93N1J4TBE8	(blank)	All Awards	Oct 19, 2023
CAGE/NCAGE:	Physical Address:		
3YWL3	535 TELFAIR ST, STE 800 AUGUSTA, GA 30901-2379	USA	

# **Budget Detail Worksheet**

Completed - Nov 16 2022

Applicants must download the Detailed Budget Worksheet template here: <u>https://opb.georgia.gov/document/document/budget-worksheet/download</u>) and upload the completed worksheet before submitting the application

Instructions for the template can be found here: <u>https://opb.georgia.gov/document/document/budget-worksheet-example-infrastructure-or-capital-projects/download</u>.

### **Detailed Budget Worksheet 11-14-22**

Filename: Detailed\_Budget\_Worksheet\_11-14-22.xlsx Size: 36.6 kB

## **Financials**

Completed - Nov 15 2022

Please upload your most recent External Audit or Financial Report (ACFR, audit opinion, and management letter)

### Augusta Single Audit 2021

Filename: Augusta\_Single\_Audit\_2021\_Pr3dQFm.pdf Size: 264.5 kB

### Augusta Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Audit 2021

Filename: Augusta\_Annual\_Comprehensive\_Finan\_gxSObHN.pdf Size: 1.9 MB

# **Project Timeline**

Completed - Nov 17 2022

Please upload a comprehensive timeline that identifies milestones, the funding source for each milestone, numerically lists deliverables, and indicates who is responsible for each activity.

### **RCSO Flock Camera Initiative Timeline**

Filename: RCSO\_Flock\_Camera\_Initiative\_Timeline.pdf Size: 69.3 kB

# **Letters of Support**

#### Incomplete

Letters of support must be submitted at the time of your application. Letters received by mail, email, or any other method other than as an upload to your application will not be accepted or reviewed.

# **Consolidated Application PDF \*For OPB Official Use Only\***

Completed - Nov 15 2022

<u>RCSO Flock ALPR Grant Application for Public Safety and Community Violence Reduction</u> <u>Grant</u>

Filename: RCSO\_Flock\_ALPR\_Grant\_Application\_\_9X37FjG.pdf Size: 278.9 kB





### TOOL FOR ASSESSING PROJECT RISK AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT (ARPA) FUNDS

**Applicability**: This tool is applicable to assessing risk of proposed American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) projects granted by the State of Georgia Governor's Office of Planning and Budget.

Organization Name:	Augusta-Richmond County		
Amount of Requested Funding:	\$258,750.00		
Organization Primary Contact Information (Name, email, phone)	Veronica Freeman Brown, (706) 821-1067, vfreeman@augustaga.gov		
Date:	Monitor: FOR STATE USE		

QU	JESTION	RESPONSE
1.	Has the organization been subjected to an audit of its financial statements in the past 3 years?	
	If so, please attach your latest Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), and a copy of the Certfied Public Accountant's audit opinion. If management letter comments were issued, please attach the management letter, and / or describe the current status of observations and findings included therein.	ACFR report link: https://www.augustaga.gov/D ocumentCenter/View/16088/ FinalAugusta-Georgia-ACFR 21
2.	<ul> <li>Has the organization been subjected to audits or monitoring by any agencies, departments, or divisions of the Federal government in the past 3 years. If so, please provide the following information: <ul> <li>Name of the Federal agency, department, or division</li> <li>General description of how the funds were used</li> <li>Summary or report of findings or observations identified by Federal monitors / auditors</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	No
3.	<ul> <li>Has the organization been subjected to a Single Audit of its federally funded activity in the past 3 years? If so, please provide the following information:</li> <li>What time period was covered by the latest audit? Jan. 1 to Dec. 31, 2021</li> <li>Who was the auditor? Mauldin &amp; Jenkins CPAs &amp; Advisors</li> <li>Where management letter comments issued? If so, please attach the management letter, and / or describe the observations and findings included therein N/A</li> <li>Were any questioned costs identified? If so, please describe. No</li> </ul>	
4.	If this project is being funded by multiple sources, in addition to the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget's ARPA award, please provide the funding sources and amounts.	N/A
5.	Does the organization have documented policies and procedures related to procurement of contractors and payment of expenditures? If so, please provide a copy, or link thereto. Have these policies and procedures been mapped by the subrecipient to conform to 2 CFR 200 guidance?	https://www.augustaga.gov/6 85/Guidelines-Procedures





6.	<ul> <li>Please use the following options to describe the organization's processing environment for the procurement of contractors to be paid for with ARPA funds: <ul> <li>Manual – process is managed largely with paper forms, paper proposal submissions, and through handwritten evaluations and approvals</li> <li>Electronic – use of electronic solicitation and procurement systems and/or websites, including application-based workflow approval of contracts and purchase orders</li> <li>Partially Electronic – a combination of the above, i.e., paper proposals and/or approvals with electronic document retention, etc. Please describe.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
7.	Please identify key technology applications that are used in the procurement of contractors to be paid with ARPA funds. (Advertisement, document control, proposal submission, etc.)	N/A
8.	Have procurement activities already occurred for contractors that the organization intends to pay with ARPA funds? If so, please provide a listing of all commitments made to date, including the contractor's name, date, and contract / PO value.	N/A
9.	<ul> <li>Please use the following options to describe the organization's processing environment for the <u>payment</u> of contractors with ARPA funds: <ul> <li>Manual - paper invoices, emailed invoices, and handwritten reviews and approvals</li> <li>Electronic – web-based contractor requests for payment, use of electronic workflow approval for payments</li> <li>Partially Electronic – a combination of the above, please describe</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
10.	Please identify the primary technology applications used in the payment of contractors with ARPA funds.	Central Square
11.	Have payments already been made to contractors that the subrecipient intends to reimburse through ARPA funds? If so, please provide a listing of all payments made to date, including the contractor's name, date, and payment amount.	N/A
12.	Has the organization identified any incidents of fraud, and / or litigation activity specifically related to the project being funded by ARPA? If so, please describe.	No

SINGLE AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

### SINGLE AUDIT REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

### To the Board of Commissioners of Augusta, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS") and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States ("*Government Auditing Standards*"), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Augusta, Georgia** (the "Government"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Government's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 29, 2022. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Richmond County Department of Health, the Augusta Canal Authority, the Downtown Development Authority, and the Augusta-Richmond County Coliseum Authority, as described in our report on the Government's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Government's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Government's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Government's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2021-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Government's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Government's Response to Findings**

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Government's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Government's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

Macon, Georgia June 29, 2022



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Commissioners of Augusta, Georgia

#### **Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program**

#### **Qualified and Unmodified Opinions**

We have audited **Augusta**, **Georgia's** (the "Government") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Government's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2021. The Government's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

The Government's basic financial statements include the operations of the Richmond County Board of Health and the Augusta Canal Authority, which received \$13,428,827 and \$400,000, respectively, in federal awards which is not included in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards of the Government for the year ended December 31, 2021. Our audit, described below, did not include the operations of the Richmond County Board of Health and the Augusta Canal Authority as the component units engaged other auditors to perform audits in accordance with the *Uniform Guidance*.

#### Qualified Opinion on Emergency Rental Assistance Program

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions section of our report, the Government complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Emergency Rental Assistance Program for the year ended December 31, 2021.

#### Unmodified Opinion on Each of the Other Major Federal Programs

In our opinion, the Government complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its other major federal programs identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs for the year ended December 31, 2021.

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#### Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS"); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States ("*Government Auditing Standards*"); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Government and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Government's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Matter Giving Rise to Qualified Opinion on Emergency Rental Assistance Program.

As described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, the Government did not comply with requirements regarding the Emergency Rental Assistance Program as described in finding number 2021-002 for allowable costs.

Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the Government to comply with the requirements applicable to that program.

#### Responsibility of Management Responsibility for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Government's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Government's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Government's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
  perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
  evidence regarding the Government's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and
  performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Government's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Government's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2021 – 002 to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards require the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Government's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Government's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

#### Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Government as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Government's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated June 29, 2022, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Mauldin & Genkins, LLC

Macon, Georgia June 29, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grant Identification Number	Total Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipient
.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPME	INT			
Direct Awards:				
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-19-MC-13-0003	\$ 1,000	\$
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-20-MC-13-0003	262,125	÷
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-21-MC-13-0003	337,552	
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-20-MC-13-0003	2,953	
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-19-MC-130003	17,009	17,00
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-20-MC-130003	158,503	158,50
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-16-MC-13-0003	277,150	100,00
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-19-MC-13-0003	528,198	
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-20-MC-13-0003	231,534	
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-21-MC-13-0003	57,503	
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-16-MC-13-0003	63,029	
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-19-MC-13-0003	28,100	
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-20-MC-13-0003	10,113	
	14.218	B-21-MC-13-0003		
Community Development Block Grant Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-20-MW-13-0003	300,306 839,250	
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-21-MW-13-0003		
	14.218		45,891	
Community Development Block Grant		B-19-MC-13-0003	34,466	
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-20-MC-13-0003	38,556	
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-19-MC-13-0003	14,937	
Community Dev. Block Grt- program income	14.218	B-20-MC-13-0003	44,958	
Community Dev. Block Grt- program income	14.218	B-20-MC-13-0003	15,875	
Community Dev. Block Grt- program income	14.218	B-20-MC-13-0003	742	
Neighborhood Stabilization Grt- Program income	14.218	B-08-MN-13-0002	272,139	
Neighborhood Stabilization Grt- Program income	14.218	B-11-MN-13-0002	6,512	
Total CDBG Entitlement Grants Cluster			3,588,401	175,51
HOME Grant Program	14.239	M-16-MC-130-206	1,765	
HOME Grant Program	14.239	M-19-MC-130-206	43	
HOME Grant Program	14.239	M-20-MC-130-206	4,999	
HOME Grant Program	14.239	M-21-MC-130-206	25,216	
HOME Grant Program	14.239	M-16-MC-130-206	111,543	
HOME Grant Program	14.239	M-17-MC-130-206	178,400	
HOME Grant Program	14.239	M-18-MC-130-206	555,410	
HOME Grant Program	14.239	M-19-MC-130-206	130,945	
HOME-Program income	14.239	M-13-MC-130-206	3,722	
HOME-Program income	14.239	M-20-MC-130-206	74,457	
HOME-Program income	14.239	M-21-MC-130-206	16,063	
HOME-Program income	14.239	M-13-MC-130-206	555	
HOME-Program income	14.239	M-17-MC-130-206	95,464	
•	14.239	M-18-MC-130-206	93,404 89,467	
HOME-Program income	14.239	M-19-MC-130-206	43,122	
HOME-Program income		M-20-MC-130-206		
HOME-Program income	14.239		458,140	
HOME-Program income	14.239	M-21-MC-130-206	<u>635,371</u> 2,424,682	
Emergency Shelter Grants Program	14.231	E-21-MC-13-0003	3,226	
Emergency Shelter Grants Program	14.231	E-18-MC-13-0003	0,220	
Emergency Shelter Grants Program	14.231	E-19-MC-13-0003	43,215	
Emergency Shelter Grants Program	14.231	E-20-MC-13-0003	19,390	
Emergency Shelter Grants Program	14.231	E-21-MC-130003	701	
Emergency Shelter Grants Program	14.231	E-20-MW-130003	890,613	
	14.251	E-20-10100-150005	957,146	
Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS	14.241	GA-H-17-F0-02	58,135	14,1
Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS	14.241	GA-H-18-F0-02	646,020	44,5
Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS	14.241	GA-H-19-F0-02	461,528	457,8
Housing Opportunition for Descens with AIDS				
Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS	14.241	GA-H-20-F0-02	24,918	
Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS	14.241 14.241	GA-H-20-F0-02 GA-H-21-F0-02	24,918 2,706 1,193,307	516,

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grant Identification Number	Total Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipient
	Number	Number	Experiatures	Subrecipien
J.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN				
DEVELOPMENT (CONTINUED)				
Supportive Housing Program	14.235	GA-0101-L4B-041-912	\$ 21,336	\$
Supportive Housing Program	14.235	GA-0101-L4B-041-912	50,560	
11 5 5			71,896	
Passed through State of Georgia Health Department				
Lead Hazard Reduction Program	14.900	GALHBO-714-19	63,755	
			63,755	
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			8,299,187	692,05
J.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE				
Passed through Criminal Justice Coordinating Council				
· · ·	40 575	010.0.100	00.000	
Victims of Crime Act (VOCA)	16.575	C19-8-103	38,693	
Victims of Crime Act (VOCA)	16.575	C-21-8-001	10,347	
Victims of Crime Act (VOCA)	16.575	C19-8-103	57,880	
Victims of Crime Act (VOCA)	16.575	C-21-8-001	5,614	
Victims of Crime Act (VOCA)	16.575	C19-8-102	30,419	
Victims of Crime Act (VOCA)	16.575	B50-8-128	10,351	
VOCA FY20-SexTrafficked Youth-Juv.	16.575	C19-8-092	69,578	
VOCA FY20-SexTrafficked Youth-Juv.	16.575	C20-8-108	4,775	
VOOAT 120-Dex Hallicked Touti-Suv.	10.373	020-0-100	227,657	
Direct Awards:				
DOL FY20 CompAnti-Gang	16.123	2020-PB-BX-0023	135,462	
DOJ Grt-CARES ATCS-Sheriff	16.034	2020-DV-BX-0275	75,066	
DOJ Grt-JAG FY19-Sheriff	16.738	2019-DJ-BX-0880	31,778	
DOJ FY20 JAG Grt-Sheriff	16.738	2020-DJ-BX-0445	29,994	
			272,300	
Federal Asset Forfeiture Program	16.922	MOU	<u> </u>	
Total U.S. Department of Justice			611,036	
I.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION				
Direct Awards:				
COVID-19	20.106	3-13-0011-45	4,572,989	
COVID-19	20.106	3-13-0011-45	325,784	
Airport Improvement Program Grants	20.106	3-13-0011-43	78,861	
Airport Improvement Program Grants	20.106	3-13-0011-44	5,695,327	
Airport Improvement Program Grants	20.106	3-13-0011-46	879,295	
Airport Improvement Program Grants	20.106	3-13-0011-49	59,361	
Airport Improvement Program Grants	20.106	3-13-0011-47	70,783	
Airport Improvement Program Grants	20.106	3-13-0011-48	2,611,325	
Total Airport Improvement Program Grant			14,293,725	
FAA Passed through From Georgia Department of Transportation				
FAA Study and AZO Update	20.106	AP020-9041-60(245)/ T007086	17,627	
COVID-19	20.106	AP022-90CR-63(245)/ T007634	23,000	
		. ,	40,627	
FEDERAL TRANSPORTATION ADMINISTRATION				
Direct Awards:				
FTA COVID-19 Grant (Sect. 5307)	20.507	GA -2021-004	3,802,633	
Federal Transit Formula Grants X343/Section 5307	20.507	GA-90-X343	6,012	
		GA-2018-016		
Federal Transit Formula Grants 2018-016/Section 5307	20.507		88,426	
FTA COVID-19 Grant (Sect. 5307)	20.507	GA -2021-004	38,005	
Federal Transit Formula Grants /Sect. 5307& 5339	20.507/20.526	GA-2018-023	713,901	
Total Federal Transit Cluster			4,648,977	

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grant Identification Number	Total Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (CONTINUED)				
Passed through South Carolina Department of Transportation				
South Carolina Planning Grant	20.205	N/A	\$ 4,564	\$-
South Carolina Planning Grant	20.205	N/A	15,580	-
Lower Savannah Council of Governments-Section 5303	20.205	N/A	11,083	11,083
Lower Savannah Council of Governments-Section 5303	20.205	N/A	13,073	13,073
Passed through Georgia Department of Transportation				
Metropolitan Transportation Planning Services Grant	20.205	PL-0017153	83,772	-
Metropolitan Transportation Planning Services Grant	20.205	PL-0017893	72,362	-
James Brown Blvd Streetscape Phase III	20.205	PI: 0013707	9,815	-
Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster			210,249	24,156
Federal Transit Grant-Section 5303/5304	20.505	T006013	55,319	-
Federal Transit Grant-Section 5303/5304	20.505	T0060861	47,963	-
			103,282	
Passed through Georgia Department of Transportation				
Federal Transit Grants-Rural Program Section 5311	20.509	Project #: 006376	152,472	-
Federal Transit Grants-Rural Program Section 5311	20.509	Project #: 007176	87,280	-
Federal Transit Grants-Rural Program Section 5311	20.509	Project #: 007176	2,276	-
Total Rural Transportation Assistance Program			242,028	
Passed Through CSRA Regional Commission				
Federal Transit Grant-Section 5310	20.513	N/A	76,216	76,216
Total Transit Services Programs Cluster			76,216	76,216
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			19,615,104	100,372
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY				
Direct Awards:				
Emergency Rental Assistance Program	21.027	ERA-2101070675	11,052,744	-
ARPA-City (CSLFR)	21.203	NA	5,796,729	-
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			16,849,473	
U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY				
Passed-through Georgia Environmental Protection Division				
Section 319H. Water Quality Grant	66.600	751-190004	27,531	-
Section 319H. Water Quality Grant	66.600	751-200117	504	-
			28,035	-
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			28,035	
U.S DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Passed-through Georgia Dept. of Education				
Dept of Education BOOST grant	87.425U	S425U210012	6,881	-
Dept of Education BOOST grant			0,001	

(Continued)

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grant Identification Number	Total Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
J.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES				
Direct Awards:				
DHHS SAMHSA Treatment Grant	93.243	H79TI081058-01	297,879	
DHHS SAMHSA Treatment Grant	93.243	H79TI081058-02	99,909	
Passed through the CSRA Regional Commission				
Special Programs for the Aging:				
Nutrition Services Incentive Program (Title III C2)	93.045	20-0606	209,063	
Nutrition Services Incentive Program (Title III C2)	93.045	22-0089	62,930	
Nutrition Services Incentive Program (Title III C2)	93.045	20-0606	78,143	
Nutrition Services -COVID-19 (Title III C2)	93.045	N/A	30,691	
Nutrition Services -COVID-19 (Title III C2)	93.045	N/A	60,352	
Nutrition Services -COVID-19 (Title III C2)	93.045	N/A	136,667	
Nutrition Services -COVID-19 (Title III C2)	93.045	N/A	7,185	
Nutrition Services Incentive Program (NSI)	93.053	20-0606	207	
Nutrition Services Incentive Program (NSI)	93.053	20-0089	24,109	
Nutrition Services Incentive Program (NSI)	93.053	20-0089	25,605	
Total Aging Cluster	00.000	20 0000	634,952	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	i		634,952	
J.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY				
Direct Award				
Cooperative Agreement Beginning January 1, 2019	97.090	70T02021T6114N013	87,451	
FEMA COVID- 19 Suppl Grt-Fire	97.044	EMW-2020-FG-03174	33,413	
			120,864	
Passed through State of Georgia Emergency management Agen	су			
GEMA-FY21 Performance Partnership Award	97.042	OEM 21-123	50,000	
FEMA COVID-19 Suppl Grt-Fire	97.039	HMGP-438-0025	39,312	
			89,312	
GEMA FY K-9 Grt-Sheriff	97.067	F# S #44	727	
GEMA FY19 Bomb Grt-Sheriff	97.067	F# S #40	11,325	
GEMA FY19 Resp. Team grt-Sheri	97.067	F# S #41	11,200	
GEMA FY20 EOD K-9 grt-Sheriff	97.067	F# S #38	48,690	
GEMA FY20 Bomb Grt-Sheriff	97.067	F# S #12	2,243	
GEMA FY20 CBRN Grt-Sheriff	97.067	F# S #6	12,146	
GEMA FY20 CBRN GR-Sherin GEMA FY20 K-9 Grant	97.067	SHO17-142	10,000	
GEMAT 120 K-3 Grant	57.007	011017-142	96,331	
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			306,507	
otal Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 46,351,175	

(Concluded)

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### NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Augusta, Georgia (the "Government"), and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.* Therefore, some amounts presented in the schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

### NOTE 2. DE MINIMIS INDIRECT COST RATE

The Government chose not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate for the year ended December 31, 2021.

### NOTE 3. NON-CASH AWARDS

Augusta, Georgia did not receive non-cash federal awards during the year ended December 31, 2021.

Item 6.

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

### SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

<i>Financial Statements</i> Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified?	<u>X</u> Yes <u>No</u>
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	<u>X</u> YesNo
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u> No
<u>Federal Awards</u> Internal Control over major programs: Material weaknesses identified?	<u>X</u> Yes No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs	Qualified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance?	<u>X</u> Yes No

Identification of major programs:

CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
14.218	Community Development Block Grant	
20.106	Federal Aviation Administration Airport	
	Improvement	
20.507	Federal Transit Grants	
21.203	Emergency Rental Assistance Program	
21.027	American Rescue Plan Act	

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

### SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS (CONTINUED)

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:

\$1,402,469

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

\_\_\_\_Yes <u>X</u>No

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

### SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

#### 2021-001 – Interfund Management

**Criteria:** Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP"), requires interfund relationships and fund deficits be addressed and reported relative to the capacity and sustainability of each fund.

**Condition**: The Government asset balance was less than the related deferred and unavailable revenue accounts in the Housing and Neighborhood Development Fund. This resulted in a greater deficit and an increase in the interfund payables.

**Context:** The Housing and Neighborhood Development Fund incurred a large interfund payable to the General Fund.

**Effects:** During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, the Housing and Neighborhood Development Fund incurred operating expenditures greater than operating revenues. This resulted in the need for the General Fund to cover excess expenditures. The interfund payable between the Housing and Neighborhood Development Fund and the General Fund grew to an amount beyond the capacity of the Housing and Neighborhood Development Fund to satisfy.

**Cause:** The above condition was caused by allowing the interfund relationships and the fund deficit of the Housing and Neighborhood Development Fund to grow to a non-feasible amount.

**Recommendation:** We recommend the Government better monitor the activities of this respective department and properly address any potential deficits and interfund relationships that may be difficult or impossible to fund.

**Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action:** We concur with the finding. We will continue to review and improve policies and procedures in an effort to eliminate error and identify deficiencies from both operational and financial perspectives. We will also review budgets to assure balanced budgets are adopted.

Item 6.

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

### SECTION III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

#### 2021-002 - Grants Management

Criteria: Federal grant funds are required to be spent on respective and eligible program allowable costs.

**Condition**: The Government was not in compliance with allowable costs over federal funds in the Housing and Community Development Fund.

**Context:** The Government combined various funding sources. One of these sources was the Emergency Rental Assistance Program ("ERAP").

**Effects:** During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, the Government received approximately \$8.9 million of federal funding in the form of ERAP from the U.S. Treasury Department. Of this amount, approximately \$5.7 million was appropriately expended in accordance with program guidelines. Additionally, we noted the fund reported a cash balance of approximately \$2.5 million. Further investigation determined the Government utilized ERAP funds on other programs of approximately \$690,000.

**Cause:** The above condition was caused by a misunderstanding and a lack of checks and balances in the proper use of such funds.

**Recommendation:** We recommend the Government implement effective controls over cash management and allowable costs of federal funds.

**Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action:** We concur with the finding. We will continue to review and improve policies and procedures in an effort to eliminate error and identify deficiencies from both operational and financial perspectives. We will also review budgets to assure balanced budgets are adopted.

ltem 6.

### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

No prior year findings reported.





# **Annual Comprehensive Financial Report**

For the year ended December 31, 2021

Prepared by: The Augusta Georgia Finance Department

> Donna B. Williams, CGFM Director of Finance

Cover page – Augusta Canal of Richmond County, Georgia Courtesy of the Augusta-Richmond County Visitor's Bureau

# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Prepared by:

Augusta, Georgia Finance Department

Donna B. Williams, CGFM Director of Finance

### ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

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# AUGUSTA, GEORGIA

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# INTRODUCTORY SECTION



# **Finance Department**

Donna B. Williams, CGFM Director

Timothy E. Schroer, CPA, CGMA Deputy Director

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the Commission, and Citizens of Augusta, Georgia

In accordance with state law, I am pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of Augusta, Georgia (the Government) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of audited financial statements. These financial statements are prepared and presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as prescribed in pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). To the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of Augusta, Georgia Government. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of Augusta's financial activities have been included.

Management assumes full responsibility for the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the information contained in this report, including all disclosures. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, Augusta, Georgia has established a comprehensive framework of internal controls designed to protect the government's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Since the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

This report and other historical audited financial statements, prior year fiscal operating budgets, and other financial reports may be accessed via Augusta's website at <u>www.augustaga.gov/149/Financial-Statements</u>.

#### Independent Audit

Augusta, Georgia Government's financial statements have been audited by Mauldin and Jenkins, LLC, Certified Public Accountants. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Government for the year ended December 31, 2021 are free of material misstatements. The audit involved performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. Our independent auditors rendered an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the Augusta, Georgia Government's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021. The Independent Auditor's Report is presented as a lead component of the financial section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the Independent Auditor's Report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Item 6.

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### COVID-19 Pandemic

Augusta has been able to maintain a solid financial position throughout the second year of the pandemic. The most significant impact in the prior year was to two major sources of revenue, Local Option Sales Taxes and Hotel-Motel Taxes. Local Option Sales Tax Revenue is used to support operations; in 2020 there was a significant decrease in collections, that trend reversed in 2021 leading to the highest amount of collections to date. Hotel-Motel Taxes in their entirety are remitted to the Coliseum Authority and the Convention and Tourist Bureau. These collections also rebounded in 2021 but not to the same level as sales taxes.

President Biden signed into law the American Rescue Plan Act providing \$1.9 trillion in economic stimulus funding. The American Rescue Plan provided \$350 billion in emergency funding for state, local, territorial and Tribal Governments. Augusta's allocation is \$84 million, which was received in two tranches, the first was received in May of 2021 the second 12 months later. Funds received are restricted to approved expenditures as provided in interim final guidance from the US department of Treasury. Funds must be obliged by December 31, 2024 and expended by December 31, 2026.

## Profile of Augusta, Georgia

The consolidated government of Augusta-Richmond County is a political subdivision created and existing under the laws of the State of Georgia and presently has as its formal or legal name "Augusta, Georgia." The Consolidated Government was created on January 1, 1996 pursuant to Acts of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia. The consolidation of the City of Augusta and Richmond County were separately approved by a majority of the qualified voters of the City and the County at an election held on June 20, 1995. On January 1, 1996, the Consolidated Government became a consolidated city-county government, with territorial limits covering all of what was formerly Richmond County. The cities of Blythe and Hephzibah, small communities with populations of approximately 706 and 3,954, respectively, still hold their own municipal charters within the consolidated territory. The relationship between the Consolidated Government and the Cities of Blythe and Hephzibah is similar to that of counties to municipalities located within the territorial limits of such counties.

Augusta, Georgia, as a consolidated city-county government, has all governmental and corporate powers of both municipal corporations and counties under Georgia law. Under the terms of the Consolidation Act, the Augusta-Richmond County Commission may exercise and is subject to all of the rights, powers, duties, and obligations previously applicable to the governing authorities of the City and the County. As a result of consolidation, the Consolidated Government provides, under one management, public services throughout its territorial limits, which would have been provided separately by the City and the County.

The City was originally chartered in 1789 by the General Assembly of the State of Georgia, making it Georgia's second oldest city. As a city, the Consolidated Government ranks as the third largest, by population, in the State of Georgia. The Consolidated Government is located in the central eastern portion of the State of Georgia on the south bank of the Savannah River, which is the Georgia-South Carolina state boundary, approximately 155 miles east of Atlanta, Georgia and 75 miles southwest of Columbia, South Carolina. Richmond County has a land area of approximately 325 square miles. At its highest point, Richmond County is situated at 520 feet above sea level. Richmond County is located on the Fall Line, which is the natural division of the Piedmont Plateau and the Coastal Plain of Georgia. Its physical features include rolling slopes in the north, transitioning to more level terrain in the south. Average rainfall is 43 inches per year, and average temperatures range from a high of 91 degrees in the summer to a low of 34 degrees in the winter.

Augusta, Georgia is the home to Augusta University, which has a student enrollment of approximately 9,565, and Paine College (a historically black college) with a student enrollment of approximately 252. Augusta, Georgia is the regional center of east central Georgia with a stable economy based on a broad mix of industry, healthcare facilities, service organizations, and governmental institutions.

The Augusta, Georgia Government provides a full range of services for its citizens. The Administrator, who is appointed by a 10-member Board of Commissioners, oversees daily operations. Commissioners hold part-time positions and are elected, in staggered voting cycles, to four-year terms. One member is elected by the commission as Mayor Pro Tem for a two-year term. Augusta has a full-time Mayor also elected to a four-year term. Additional information about current activities of the Government can be obtained at our website, <u>www.augustaga.gov</u>.

In accordance with State Law and the Government's Charter, Augusta, Georgia adopts an Annual Operating and Capital Budget. The budget process provides a professional management approach to establishing priorities and an orderly means of directing the Government's various services. Developed on a line-item basis with a focus on the cost of services, the Government's budget is presented by the Administrator in late October. It is required by local ordinance to be adopted by the Mayor and Commission at the second meeting in November, after a required public hearing and two public notices. The legal level of budgetary control is the department/fund level.

#### **Economic Condition and Outlook**

Augusta, Georgia remains the industrial and retail center for east central Georgia. Trends in the local economy indicate the business outlook continues to improve. Augusta, Georgia's top five industry sectors are Government (Federal, State and Local), Healthcare, Manufacturing, Hospitality and Retail; growth was seen in all sectors. A detailed discussion and analysis of Augusta, Georgia's overall financial condition during the fiscal year 2021 is included as part of the MD&A.

The largest employer in Augusta, Georgia is Fort Gordon with a workforce of over 26,000. Over its 73-year history, Fort Gordon has adapted to new missions, growing to respond to the Army's needs and the world's situations. The installation is widely known as the home of the Signal Corps and U.S. Army Signal Center of Excellence, the Armed Forces' largest information technology and communications training site. The Center not only trains Army students, but also instructs Air Force, Navy and Marine service members in the communications arena. The Signal Center serves as the personnel proponent for Soldiers in Signal careers, including 60,000 Active Army, United States Army Reservists and Army National Guard worldwide. Fort Gordon is now home to the U.S. Army Cyber Center of Excellence: "Where Tradition Meets the Future".

Fort Gordon is a vibrant installation with 18 major military commands and organizations, featuring joint service presence of thousands of sailors, airmen and marines as well as Soldiers. There is a growing synergy between military intelligence, communications and military medical communities. Fort Gordon is also home to the following organizations:

Dwight David Eisenhower Army Medical Center: serves nearly 61,000 beneficiaries (active duty, family members and retirees) within a 40-mile radius; Eisenhower Army Medical Center, which employs the largest number of Fort Gordon civilians (1600+), is one of the Army's most advanced health care and training medical facilities. There is also a Warrior Transition Battalion and campus with nearly 400 'Wounded Warriors.'

NSA-CSS Georgia: one of three joint regional centers that provide global operational intelligence; recently completed construction on a 575,000 sq. ft. facility.

513<sup>th</sup> Military Intelligence Brigade: conducts theater-level, multi-discipline intelligence and security operations during war and military operations other than war.

35<sup>th</sup> Signal Brigade: deploys, installs, operates, manages and maintains and protects theater tactical communications in support of joint and combined operations for all combatant commanders.

U.S. Army Cyber Command: integrates and conducts full-spectrum cyberspace operations, electronic warfare, and information operations, ensuring freedom of action for friendly forces in and through the cyber domain and the information environment, while denying the same to adversaries.

Augusta, Georgia's world-famous golf course, located at the Augusta National Golf Club, hosts the first major golf tournament of each year, the Masters. This tournament is one of the most prestigious in the sport and is one of the four major championships. The best professional and amateur golfers in the world come to Augusta during the first full week of April each year, bringing thousands of visitors and golf patrons to Augusta. As with most events the Masters was affected by the pandemic. The 2020 tournament was held in November 2020 with no patrons, the 2021 tournament was held in the traditional timeframe of April, with limited patrons. The 2022 tournament was held in April with no restrictions.

Augusta, Georgia is also host to the IRONMAN 70.3, the largest half IRONMAN competition east of the Mississippi River. The 2021 race occurred in September 2021.

In 2012 the Transportation Investment Act (TIA) of 2010 was approved in only three of twelve regions established by the legislature. In the Central Savannah River Region, which includes Augusta, Georgia, the referendum was approved by a 54-46% margin. The 1% additional sales tax began on January 1, 2013. Augusta, Georgia has 50 of the 84 projects approved for this region. Collections for this phase will end December 31, 2022. A second phase of TIA funded projects was approved in 2020, collections will start January 1, 2023. Augusta Georgia is allocated \$295 million of the \$555 million in project costs.

Augusta's public protection classification rating was re-evaluated by the Insurance Services Office (ISO) in 2017. The ISO assessment evaluates 911 emergency communications network, fire response capabilities, water supply and other community risk reduction to determine potential loss from fire. Also reviewed are fire personnel, training and overall operations. Based on this review, Augusta was given a rating of Public Protection Classification of 01/1x. Augusta is one of less than 250 communities nationwide and 18 Georgia communities that have achieved this rating.

#### Long-term Financial Planning and Major Initiatives

Financial planning for Augusta, Georgia is a dynamic, interactive effort of the community, small and large business and industry, social and cultural service organizations, various economic development authorities, and the municipal government. Large-scale projects are funded through a variety of financing means such as the Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST), the Transportation Investment Act (TIA), and Tax Allocation Districts (TADS), as well as through traditional bond issuances. See Major Initiatives section for descriptions of sales tax programs approved by voter referendum.

#### **Relevant Financial Policies**

Augusta, Georgia operates under a set of fiscal policies which establishes operational objectives and promotes continuity in fiscal decision-making as well as long-term financial stability of the Government. These policies cover financial areas in operating budget, reserve fund balances, accounting, auditing and financial reporting, and purchasing. Augusta strives to maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance in its General Fund, which is 75 to 90 days of operations based on budgeted expenditures. This minimum fund balance is to protect against cash flow shortfalls related to timing of projected revenue receipts and to maintain a budget stabilization commitment.

Augusta has established a financial and budgetary policy which is reviewed and updated as necessary by approval of the Board of Commissioners. Budgetary control is maintained at the department level. No increase in the overall budget can be made without the approval of the Board of Commissioners and an amendment to the budget. Unencumbered operating appropriations in the annual operating budget lapse at fiscal year-end.

#### **Debt Management**

The primary goal of Augusta, Georgia Government's debt management practices is to maintain its ability to access capital markets at the lowest possible cost (interest rate) without endangering its ability to finance essential services. Augusta, Georgia's conservative financial practices have earned the rating of Aa2 from national rating agency Moody's Investor Service and a rating of AA from national rating agency Standard and Poor's for Augusta's general obligation bonds and revenue bonds. Augusta's ratings were reaffirmed in February 2018.

#### **Major Initiatives**

Transportation Investment Act of 2010 (TIA). On July 31, 2012, voters within the Central Savannah River Area (CSRA) Region, which includes Augusta, approved the TIA, which was created by the Georgia General Assembly in 2010 to provide state-wide funding for transportation needs across the state in the form of a 1% sales tax. This is a regional program with project lists compiled by the county and city governments within each region and approved by the Transportation Roundtable of the region and the Georgia Department of Transportation (GDOT) Program Director. The CSRA region includes 13 counties and the cities therein. Of the total funds collected, 75% is directed to regional projects and 25% is distributed to the local governments for use at their discretion. The discretionary funds will be invaluable in meeting local needs not presently funded due to a lack of GDOT monies. Approval of the TIA has accelerated our ability to meet present and future transportation needs and will provide opportunities not only for better and safer roads, but also for job creation and economic development.

There were 84 projects approved for TIA funding. Fifty of those are within Augusta-Richmond County.

Major road projects include:

Broad Street Improvement (\$25 million) Calhoun Expressway Reconstruction (\$8.8 million) Greene Street Improvements (\$9.9 million) Marks Church Road Widening (\$7.8 million) Riverwatch Parkway Resurfacing (\$10 million) Telfair Street Improvements (\$19.2 million) Berckmans Road Widening (\$16.7 million) 5<sup>th</sup> Street Bridge Restoration (\$9.1 million) Gordon Highway Improvements (\$14 million) 15<sup>th</sup> Street Widening (\$21.4 Million) Riverwatch Parkway Median Barrier Renovation (\$8.6 million) Windsor Spring Road Widening (\$43 million) Wrightsboro Road Widening (\$21.6 million)

Projects will be funded in three phases. Collection of the TIA tax will end in 2022.

Since collections began in 2013, approximately 50.3% of the taxes collected in the region originated in Augusta. Through 2021, approximately \$648 million had been collected region-wide with approximately \$317 million in taxes originating in Augusta.

A second phase of TIA projects and funding was approved in 2020, Augusta was awarded approximately 53% of the \$555 million in total projects.

Transportation Investment Act of 2010 (TIA). On June 9, 2020, voters within the Central Savannah River Area (CSRA) Region, which includes Augusta, approved a second phase of TIA, which was created by the Georgia General Assembly in 2010 to provide state-wide funding for transportation needs across the state in the form of a 1% sales tax. This is a regional program with project lists compiled by the county and city governments within each region and approved by the Transportation Roundtable of the region and the Georgia Department of Transportation (GDOT) Program Director. The CSRA region includes 13 counties and the cities therein. Of the total funds collected, 75% is directed to regional projects and 25% is distributed to the local governments for use at their discretion. The discretionary funds will be invaluable in meeting local needs not presently funded due to a lack of GDOT monies. Approval of the TIA has accelerated our ability to meet present and future transportation needs and will provide opportunities not only for better and safer roads, but also for job creation and economic development.

There were 162 projects approved for TIA phase II funding. Thirty-three of those are within Augusta-Richmond County. Projects cost for the region are budgeted at \$555 million. Project budgets within Augusta-Richmond County total \$302 million.

TIA Phase II projects include:

15<sup>th</sup> Street Improvements (\$8 million) Augusta Regional Airport – Apron Expansion (\$7 million) Augusta Regional Airport – Runway Habitation (\$1.6 million) Augusta Transit Operations (\$23 million) Barton Chapel Road Improvements (\$20 million) Broad Street Improvements Part II (\$20.3 million) Broad Street Over Rae's Creek (\$6.1 million) Daniel Field Improvements (\$6.5 million) Dennis Road Widening (\$6.4 million) Doug Bernard Parkway Improvements (\$11.9 Million) Fulcher Road Improvements (\$3.2 million) Golden Camp Road Resurfacing (\$2 million) Gordon Highway Improvements (\$15 million) Hephzibah McBean Road (\$3.6 million) Highland Avenue Improvements (\$7.1 million) Intelligent Transportation System (\$9.6 million) Laney Walker Road Intersection Improvements (\$3.7 million) Milledgeville Road Improvements (\$17 million) Monte Sano Avenue Improvements (\$8.9 million) New Savannah Bluff Lock & Dam (\$10 million) Emergency Vehicles Preemption System (\$.6 million) Richmond Hill Road Improvements (\$9.3 million) Skinner Mill Road Widening (\$22 million) Story Mill road Resurfacing (\$2.5 million) Tobacco Road Improvements (\$18.6 million) Willis Forman Road Widening (\$23 million) Wrightsboro Road / RA Dent Blvd Intersection Improvements (\$4.9 million) Wheeless Road Improvement (\$6.4 million) ACP Rail Lead Track (\$13 million) 13<sup>th</sup> Street Pedestrian Enhancements (\$5 million)

Projects will be funded in three phases. Collection of the TIA tax will end in 2032.

<u>1% Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST) – 2016-2021</u>. The current SPLOST program was renewed by referendum on November 3, 2015. As part of the SPLOST renewal, a general obligation (GO) bond was approved, not to exceed \$28.5 million, to begin funding the construction of urgently needed projects. Collections ended December 31, 2021 and totaled \$232.5 million

<u>1% Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST) – 2022-2028</u>. The current SPLOST program was renewed by referendum on March 16, 2021. As part of the SPLOST renewal, a general obligation (GO) bond was approved, not to exceed \$30 million, to begin funding the construction of urgently needed projects. The 2022-2028 package reflects anticipated collections of \$250,285,000.

Project categories designated to receive funding include:

Public Safety - \$22.4 million Quality of Life - \$69.5 million General Government - \$9 million Infrastructure – \$78.5 million Government Facilities - \$19 million Economic Development - \$46.5 million

#### Awards and Achievements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Augusta, Georgia for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. This was the sixth year that Augusta achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the Government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Financial Report, which satisfies both Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and applicable program requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and will be submitted to GFOA for consideration.

#### Acknowledgements

The preparation, design and publication of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire finance office staff. We would also like to express our gratitude and appreciation to the firm of Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC for their technical guidance and assistance to make this a quality report.

Sincere appreciation also goes to the various elected officials and department directors for their assistance and positive attitude throughout the year in matters pertaining to the financial affairs of the City.

Finally, credit also must be given to the Mayor, Administrator, and County Commissioners for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Donna Williams

Donna B. Williams, CGFM Director of Finance

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# Augusta, GA

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

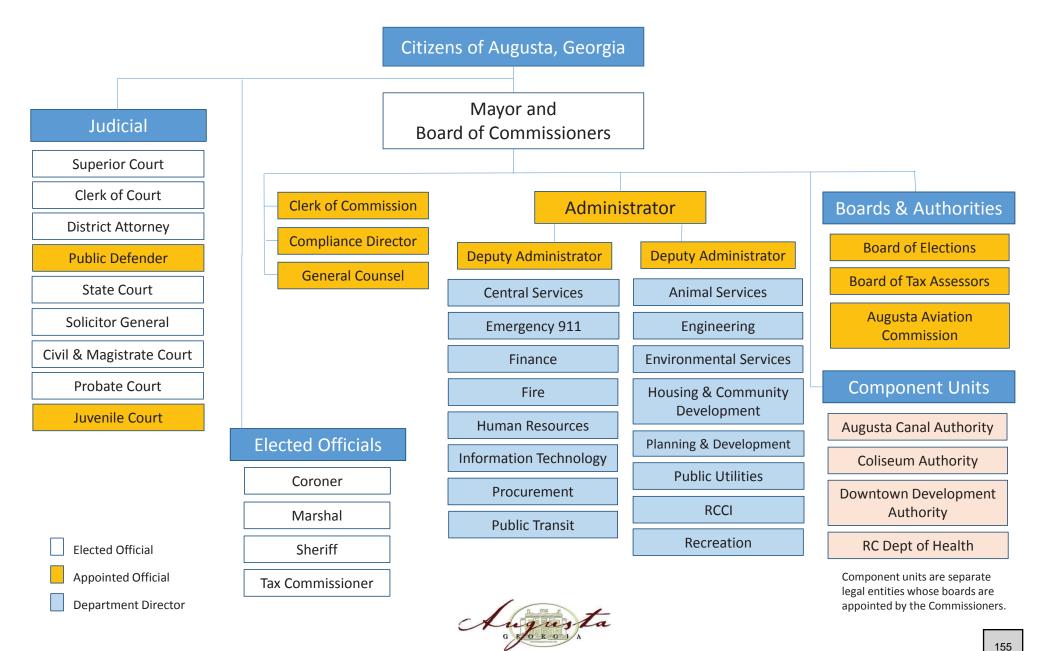
December 31, 2020

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

# **GOVERNMENT STRUCTURE**

Augusta, Georgia is governed by a Mayor and 10-member Board of Commissioners. Members of the Board are part-time and serve staggered four-year terms. An Administrator appointed by the Commissioners, implements board policy and administers the general government.



## AUGUSTA, GEORGIA

## PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

#### **Mayor and Commission**

Mayor
Mayor Pro-Tem, Commissioner - District 5
Commissioner - District 1
Commissioner - District 2
Commissioner - District 3
Commissioner - District 4
Commissioner - District 4 (interim)
Commissioner - District 6
Commissioner - District 7
Commissioner - District 8
Commissioner - District 9
Commissioner - District 10

#### **Elected Officials**

Daniel J. Craig John Flythe Ashley Wright Jesse C. Stone Amanda N. Heath David D. Watkins Patricia W. Booker Kellie K. McIntyre Monique Walker Carletta Sims-Brown Le'Joi N. Williamson Mark Bowen Jared Williams Ramone Lamkin **Richard Roundtree** Omeeka P. Loggins Steven Kendrick Hattie Sullivan

**Chief Judge Superior Court** Judge, Superior Court Judge, Superior Court Judge, Superior Court Judge, Superior Court Chief Judge, State Court Judge, State Court Judge, State Court Judge, State Court Chief Judge, Civil and Magistrate Court Presiding Judge, Civil and Magistrate Court Coroner **District Attorney** Marshal Sheriff State Court Solicitor **Tax Commissioner** Clerk of Court

## AUGUSTA, GEORGIA

## PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

#### **Appointed Officials**

Odie Donald, II **Charles Jackson** Tanikia Jackson Donna B. Williams, CGFM Lena J. Bonner Wayne Brown James Hill Herbert Judon Jr. Lynn Bailey Takiyah A. Douse Scott Rountree Phyllis Johnson Dr. Hameed Malik **Brooks Stayer** Antonio Burden Hawthorne E. Welcher Jr. Anita Rookard Willie M. Saunders Kelli Spencer Chanette A. Lewis Maurice McDowell Carla Delaney Geri Sams Rahmaan Bowick Sharon Dottery Wes Byne Evan A. Joseph

Administrator **Deputy Administrator Deputy Administrator Finance Director** Clerk of Commission General Council Animal Services Director Executive Director, Augusta Regional Airport **Board of Elections Director Central Services Director Chief Appraiser Compliance Director** Engineering Director **Environmental Services Director** Fire Chief / EMA Director Housing & Community Development Director Human Resources Director Chief Judge, Juvenile Court Judge, Juvenile Court Judge, Juvenile Court Parks & Recreation Director Interim Planning & Development Director **Procurement Director** Circuit Public Defender **Director Augusta Public Transit Public Utilities Director** Warden - RC Correctional Institution

# **FINANCIAL SECTION**



# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Board of Commissioners of Augusta, Georgia Augusta, Georgia

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

#### Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregately discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Augusta**, **Georgia** (the "Government"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Government's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Augusta, Georgia, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of Richmond County Department of Health, the Augusta Canal Authority, the Downtown Development Authority, or the Augusta-Richmond County Coliseum Authority, which represent 100% of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Richmond County Department of Health, the Augusta Canal Authority, the Downtown Development Authority, and the Augusta-Richmond County Coliseum Authority, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS") and the standards applicable to financial audits contained *in Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States ("*Government Auditing Standards*"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Government, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Government's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
  the Government's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Government's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (on pages 5 through 19), the Changes in the Government's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (on page 116), the Schedules of Changes in the Government's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (on pages 117 – 122), the Schedules of Government Contributions (on pages 123 through 128), and the Schedules of Pension Investment Returns (on pages 129 and 130) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

We have previously audited the Government's December 31, 2020 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified audit opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, in our report dated July 7, 2021. In our opinion the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which they were derived.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Government's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds, as required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated ("O.C.G.A.") §48-8-121, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 29, 2022, on our consideration of the Government's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Government's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Government's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

Macon, Georgia June 29, 2022

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2021

The Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of the Annual Financial Statements of Augusta, Georgia (the "Government") provides an overall narrative and analysis of the Government's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. This MD&A is designed to look at the Government's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the financial statements with notes, which follow this narrative, to enhance their understanding of the Government's financial performance.

## **Financial Highlights**

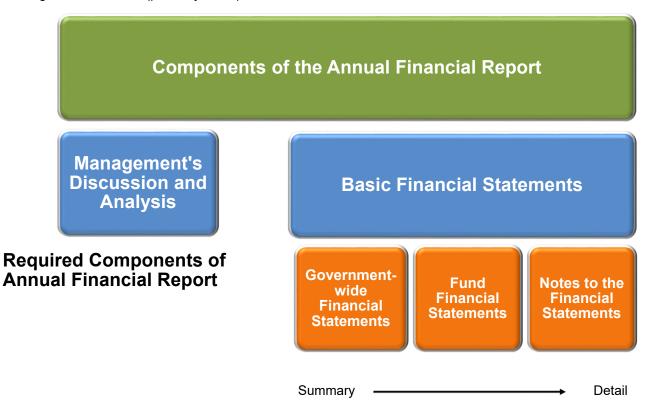
Key financial highlights for the year ended December 31, 2021, are as follows:

- The Government's combined net position totaled \$1.24 billion.
- The Government's total net position increased by \$52.5 million, primarily due to capital spending funded by the Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax ("SPLOST") revenues received in 2021, but will be expended in future years, federal pandemic relief funds (ARPA), federal aviation grants, and sales tax revenue increases.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Government's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$264.8 million, an increase of \$36 million from the prior year. Approximately 14.8% of this total amount, or \$39.7 million, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance for the General Fund was \$45.9 million, or 28.78% of total General Fund expenditures for the fiscal year. Of this amount, \$4.5 million has been assigned for risk management, and \$41 million, or 89.2% of the total General Fund balance, as unassigned.
- Combined revenue totaled \$511 million, of which governmental activities totaled \$322 million and business-type activities totaled \$188 million. Current year revenues increased approximately 5.7% from those of the prior year.
- Overall assets totaled \$2.1 billion of which governmental activities totaled \$1.1 billion and business-type activities totaled \$1 billion. Current year assets increased approximately 3% from those of the prior year.
- Overall deferred outflows totaled \$105.4 million of which governmental activities totaled \$88.4 million and business-type activities totaled \$17 million. Current year deferred outflows decreased approximately 18.6% from those of the prior year.
- Overall liabilities totaled \$949.9 million of which governmental activities totaled \$384.4 million and businesstype activities totaled \$565.5 million. Current year liabilities decreased approximately 5.% from those of the prior year.
- Overall deferred inflows totaled \$51 million of which governmental activities totaled \$37.9 million and businesstype activities totaled \$13.1 million. Current year deferred inflows increased approximately 223.6% from those of the prior year.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## **Financial Highlights (Continued)**

- Overall expenses totaled \$458.6 million of which governmental activities totaled \$284.5 million and businesstype activities totaled \$174.1 million. Current year expenses increased approximately 3.3% from those of the prior year.
- Expenses of governmental activities exceeded program revenues by \$200.5 million, resulting in the use of general revenues (primarily taxes).



## **Basic Financial Statements**

The first two statements in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements** and the **Fund Financial Statements**.

The **Government-wide Financial Statements** provide both short and long-term information about the Government's financial status.

The next statements are the **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; 3) the proprietary fund statements; and 4) the fiduciary fund statements.

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### **Basic Financial Statements (Continued)**

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **Notes to Financial Statements**. The notes to financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements.

After the notes, **Supplementary Information** is provided to show details about the Government's nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds, all of which are added together in one column on the appropriate basic financial statements.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements provide a broad view of the Government's operations in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the Government's financial position, which assists in assessing the economic condition at the end of the fiscal year. These statements are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This means the statements take into account all revenues and expenses connected with the fiscal year even if cash involved has not been received or paid. The government-wide financial statements include the following two statements:

The **Statement of Net Position** presents information on all of the Government's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Government is improving or deteriorating.

The **Statement of Activities** presents information showing how the Government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will not result in cash flows until future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). This statement also presents a comparison between direct expense and program revenues for each function of the Government.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities, 2) business-type activities, and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the Government's basic services such as general administration, judicial services, public safety, public works, health and welfare, culture and recreation, and housing and community development. Property taxes, sales taxes, and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those services that the Government charges a fee to customers in order to provide. These include Water and Sewer, Augusta Regional Airport, Waste Management, Transit, Daniel Field Airport, Garbage Collection, and Stormwater Utility. The final category is component units. The Augusta-Richmond County Board of Health is a public health department. Although legally separate from the Government, the Government appoints a voting majority of the board. Augusta Canal Authority, Downtown Development Authority, and the Augusta-Richmond County Coliseum Authority are also component units for which the Government is fiscally responsible.

## **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Government, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the Government, reporting the Government's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. All of the funds of the Government can be divided into three categories: 1) governmental funds, 2) proprietary funds, and 3) fiduciary funds. These fund categories use different accounting approaches and should be interpreted differently.

#### Governmental Funds

Most of the basic services provided by the Government are financed through governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide statements, these funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash and the amount of funds left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*, which focuses on current financial resources. Such information may be useful in evaluating the government's short-term financing requirements. These statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Government's finances that assists in determining whether there will be adequate financial resources available to meet the Government's current needs. The relationship between government activities in the government-wide financial statements and the governmental funds financial statements is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Government has five governmental fund types: 1) the General Fund, 2) Special Revenue Funds, 3) Debt Service Funds, 4) the Capital Projects Funds, and 5) the Permanent Fund. The Government reported three major governmental funds: 1) the General Fund, 2) Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Fund ("SPLOST") Phase 7, and 3) the Fire Protection Fund.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The Government has two types of proprietary funds used to account for activities that operate similar to commercial enterprises found in the private sector. Funds that charge fees for services provided to outside customers including other local governments are known as Enterprise Funds. These funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Funds that charge fees for services provided to departments within the reporting government are known as Internal Service Funds. Proprietary funds use the accrual basis of accounting, thus there is no reconciliation needed between the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities and the proprietary fund financial statements, except for the allocation of internal service fund activity.

## Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The Government has seven enterprise funds: Water and Sewer, Augusta Regional Airport, Waste Management, Transit, Daniel Field Airport, Stormwater and Garbage Collection. The Government also has seven internal service funds: Risk Management, Fleet Operations, and Workers 'Compensation, Employee Health Benefits, Unemployment, Long-Term Disability Insurance and GMA Leases. The Water and Sewer, Augusta Regional Airport, Stormwater, and Garbage Collection funds are the only funds being considered major funds for presentation purposes.

## Fiduciary Funds

The Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the Government as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and other departments. The Government is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and only by those to whom the assets belong. These funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources are not available to support the Government's operations or programs.

Current and other	G 	iovernmental Activities 2021	siness-type Activities 2021	 Total 2021	( 	Governmental Activities 2020	B 	Activities 2020	 Total 2020
assets	\$	347,203,907	\$ 236,822,019	\$ 584,025,926	\$	282,975,727	\$	226,666,664	\$ 509,642,391
Capital assets		775,738,842	 771,753,684	 1,547,492,526		790,029,672		770,226,439	 1,560,256,111
Total assets		1,122,942,749	 1,008,575,703	 2,131,518,452		1,073,005,399		996,893,103	 2,069,898,502
Deferred outflow s									
of resources		88,432,210	 17,007,202	 105,439,412		107,211,241		22,317,424	 129,528,665
Long-term liabilities		320,531,398	525,628,015	846,159,413		378,306,112		554,599,956	932,906,068
Other liabilities		63,898,298	 39,863,758	 103,762,056	_	39,432,645		27,783,351	 67,215,996
Total liabilities		384,429,696	 565,491,773	 949,921,469		417,738,757		582,383,307	 1,000,122,064
Deferred inflow s of resources		37,891,197	 13,112,474	 51,003,671		9,071,845		6,688,065	 15,759,910
Net position:									
Net investment									
in capital assets		686,754,543	299,740,507	986,495,050		677,467,409		289,203,124	966,670,533
Restricted		199,845,230	69,188,903	269,034,133		173,340,237		67,714,040	241,054,277
Unrestricted		(97,545,707)	 78,049,248	 (19,496,459)		(97,401,608)		73,221,991	 (24,179,617)
Total net position	\$	789,054,066	\$ 446,978,658	\$ 1,236,032,724	\$	753,406,038	\$	430,139,155	\$ 1,183,545,193

## **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

## **Net Position**

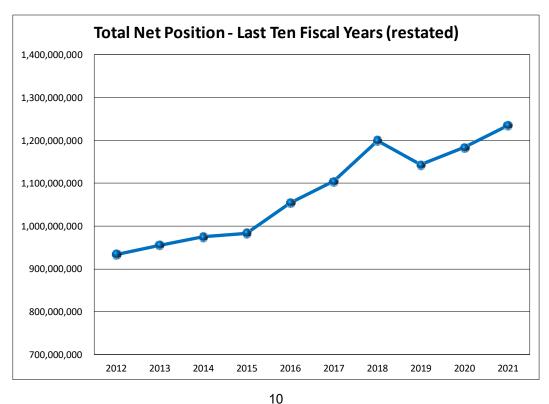
Net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets of the Government exceeded liabilities by \$1.24 billion as of December 31, 2021.

The largest portion of the Government's net position, \$986.5 million, or 79.8%, reflects its investment in capital assets such as land, buildings, equipment and infrastructure (road, bridges, sidewalks, water lines and sewer lines) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Government uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Government's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Government's net position, \$269 million, or 21.8%, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$-19.5 million or -1.6% would be available to meet the Government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Several particular aspects of the Government's financial operations positively influenced the total *unrestricted governmental net position*:

- Continued diligence in the maintenance of 75 90 days unreserved fund balance in the General Fund.
- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a collection percentage of 99% for real and personal property.
- Continued low cost of debt due to the Government's high bond rating.

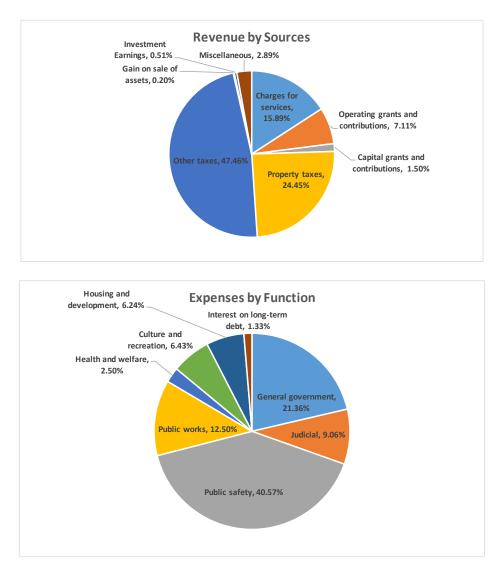


## **Changes in Net Position**

**Governmental activities**. Governmental activities increased the Government's net position by \$35.6 million, thereby accounting for 67.9% of the total growth in the net position of the Government. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

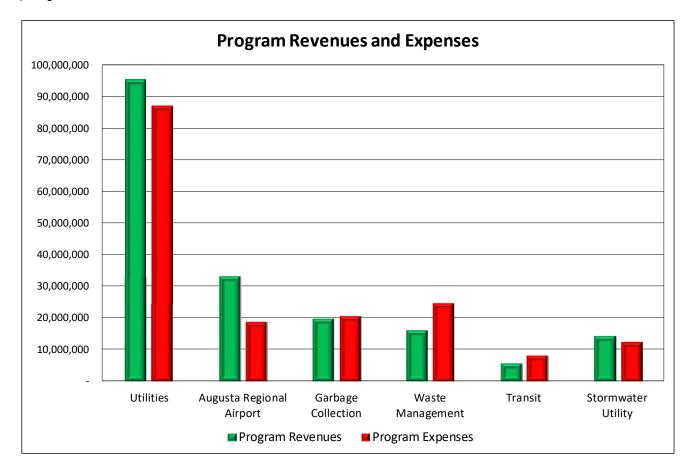
**Governmental revenues.** Property tax (24.5%) and other taxes (47.5%) continue as the main source of revenue of the Government amounting to 72% in 2020, compared to 71.9% in 2020. Sales tax revenues contributed approximately \$92 million to net position.

**Governmental functional expenses.** As reflected in the summary of Changes in Net Position, the Government expended 49.6% of the appropriations for judicial and public safety expenses. The Government continues to commit substantial financial resources for the safety of its citizens. Other expenses accounted for the remaining 50.4%. Other Post-Employment Benefits continue to be a substantial expense for the Government.



## **Changes in Net Position (Continued)**

**Business-type activities.** Business-type activities increased the Government's net position by approximately \$26.8 million. A significant portion of the increase was the result of revenues received from the federal government for airport grants.



# **Changes in Net Position (Continued)**

# The Government's Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	
Revenues:	2021	2021	2021	2020	2020	2020	
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 49,295,402	\$ 168,558,805	\$ 217,854,207	\$ 47,960,533	\$ 163,570,426	\$ 211,530,959	
Operating grants and							
contributions	28,887,944	-	28,887,944	21,452,117	-	21,452,117	
Capital grants and							
contributions	5,820,852	18,525,375	24,346,227	4,523,740	16,921,050	21,444,790	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	80,073,638	-	80,073,638	73,799,695	-	73,799,695	
Other taxes	143,103,467	-	143,103,467	143,287,242	-	143,287,242	
Gain on sale of assets	3,604,273	3,628	3,607,901	605,937	66,864	672,801	
Unrestricted investment							
earnings	956,370	1,017,098	1,973,468	1,542,453	1,129,854	2,672,307	
Miscellaneous	11,210,423	-	11,210,423	8,720,309	-	8,720,309	
Total revenues	322,952,369	188,104,906	511,057,275	301,892,026	181,688,194	483,580,220	
Expenses:							
General government	52,634,825	-	52,634,825	60,438,735	-	60,438,735	
Judicial	25,277,951	-	25,277,951	25,627,408	-	25,627,408	
Public safety	121,616,606	-	121,616,606	114,786,178	-	114,786,178	
Public w orks	28,466,160	-	28,466,160	35,357,616	-	35,357,616	
Health and welfare	6,764,180	-	6,764,180	7,085,587	-	7,085,587	
Culture and recreation	17,621,313	-	17,621,313	18,201,741	-	18,201,741	
Housing and development	27,143,107	-	27,143,107	17,661,016	-	17,661,016	
Interest on long-term debt	4,948,740	-	4,948,740	3,752,568	-	3,752,568	
Waste management	-	25,098,206	25,098,206	-	15,957,669	15,957,669	
Water and sew er	-	87,377,730	87,377,730	-	86,732,918	86,732,918	
Airports	-	19,448,087	19,448,087	-	16,424,640	16,424,640	
Transit	-	8,410,142	8,410,142	-	7,554,751	7,554,751	
Stormw ater	-	12,821,772	12,821,772	-	13,776,667	13,776,667	
Garbage Collection	-	20,940,926	20,940,926	-	20,575,375	20,575,375	
Total expenses	284,472,881	174,096,863	458,569,744	282,910,849	161,022,020	443,932,869	
Increase in net							
position before transfers	38,479,488	14,008,043	52,487,531	18,981,177	20,666,174	39,647,351	
Transfers	(2,831,460)	2,831,460	-	(6,147,600)	6,147,600		
Change in net position	35,648,028	16,839,503	52,487,531	12,833,577	26,813,774	39,647,351	
5				, ,			
Net position, January 1	753,406,038	430,139,155	1,183,545,193	740,572,461	403,325,381	1,143,897,842	
Net position, December 31	\$ 789,054,066	\$ 446,978,658	\$ 1,236,032,724	\$ 753,406,038	\$ 430,139,155	\$ 1,183,545,193	

## Financial Analysis of the Government's Individual Funds

The Government uses fund accounting to demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

## **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the Government's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Government's financial requirements. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The combined fund balance of all the governmental funds is \$264.8 million, of which \$39.7 million, or 15%, is unassigned.

## **General Fund**

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Government. At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance of the General Fund was \$46 million, of which \$41 million, or 89.2%, was unassigned. A portion of the fund balance in the General Fund is designated for risk management, in the amount of \$4.5 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. As of December 31, 2021, total unassigned fund balance represents 26.4% of total general fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$5.7 million, or 14.1%. One key factor to this result was the receipt of American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds. The Government received \$41.2 million in pandemic relief funding. Sales tax collections for the General Fund totaled \$38.2 million in 2021 as opposed to \$34.1 million in 2020, an approximate increase of .12%. During 2021. An increase in Title Ad Valorem Taxes ("TAVT") was another factor. TAVT collections totaled \$10.8 million in 2020 compared to \$9.3 million in 2020, an increase of 16.7%. This resulted in additional revenue in the General Fund available to the Government.

During the year, the Government revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of five categories: 1) amendments to appropriate fund balance for encumbrances from the prior year; 2) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget resolution once exact information is available; 3) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and state grants; 4) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services; and 5) amendments to transfer appropriations between departments. The fifth category has no effect on the final budget and, therefore, is not addressed in this narrative.

## **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The actual operating revenues for the General Fund were lower than the budgeted amount by approximately \$6.3 million, or 3.8%. The individual sources within the revenues fluctuated both positively and negatively.

The 2021 adopted budget (November 17, 2020) projected Ad Valorem tax revenues at 2020 levels with slight projected growth in the tax digest and a slight increase in sales tax revenues. Franchise fee revenues were projected to be basically flat from 2020 to 2021.

#### Special Sales Tax 7 and Fire Protection Funds

Major funds included in the fund financial statements are the Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax ("SPLOST") Fund Phase 7 and Fire Protection Fund. The Government uses Capital Projects Funds to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities that are not financed by Proprietary Funds. The proceeds of the special purpose 1% sales tax are accounted for in Capital Projects Funds until improvement projects are completed. The SPLOST Fund Phase 7's fund balance is \$99.1 million, all of which is held for specific construction and improvement projects and capital acquisitions. The Government uses the Fire Protection Fund mainly to account for receipts and disbursements of tax revenues for fire protection services. Primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes and insurance premium taxes while primary expenditures are for public safety. Revenue is collected from a separate millage rate levied in the former unincorporated area and from a transfer of ad valorem revenue collected from the former City of Augusta's Urban Services District. The Fire Protection Fund's fund balance is \$24.7 million, all of which is held for specific public safety projects. The increase in the fund balance for SPLOST phase 7 is due to the programmed expenditure rate and is over a longer period than the collection period. The collection period for this fund is approximately six years, while expenditures on the capital projects being funded will take place over an extended period of up to 15 years.

## **Proprietary Funds**

The activities of the Government that render services to the general public on a user charge basis, or that require periodic determination of revenues for public policy are accounted for as Enterprise Funds. The Government's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position at the end of the year were as follows: Water and Sewer System Fund, \$47.6 million; Augusta Regional Airport, \$10.5 million; Garbage Collection Fund \$18.5 million; Stormwater Utility Fund \$6.7 million; Nonmajor Enterprise funds, \$-4.4 million. The total growth (reduction) in net position for previously mentioned funds were \$9.4 million, \$16.1 million, \$865 thousand, \$98 thousand, and \$2.0 million, respectively. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the Government's business-type activities.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

## **Capital Assets**

The Government's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2021, amounts to \$1.54 billion (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, equipment, infrastructure and construction in progress. Infrastructure assets are items that are normally immovable and of value only to the Government, such as roads, bridges, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems and other similar items.

## **Capital Assets (Continued)**

Major capital asset transactions during the year included construction of infrastructure, buildings, acquisition of public safety vehicles, construction of water and sewerage systems, and construction of a new airport terminal and building.

	G	overnmental	В	usine <i>s</i> s-type	
		Activities		Activities	Total
Land	\$	25,810,872	\$	20,603,904	\$ 46,414,776
Land and site improvements		11,451,609		10,429,701	21,881,310
Buildings and building improvements		232,346,507		71,195,192	303,541,699
Water and sewerage systems		-		515,649,373	515,649,373
Landfill cells		-		9,616,790	9,616,790
Infrastructure		251,909,117		76,261,067	328,170,184
Vehicles, machinery and equipment		25,258,301		15,561,286	40,819,587
Construction in progress		228,962,436		52,436,371	281,398,807
-	\$	775,738,842	\$	771,753,684	\$ 1,547,492,526

## The Government's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

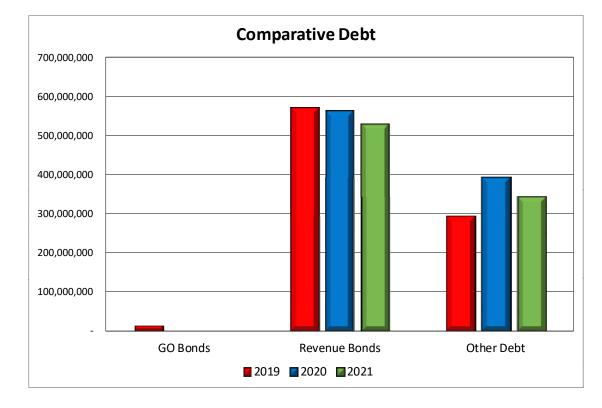
Additional information on the Government's capital assets can be found in Note 6 of the Notes to Financial Statements of this report.

## Long-term Debt

As of December 31, 2021, the Government had a total of \$875.8 million in outstanding long-term debt. Of this amount, \$458.3 million consists of revenue bonds backed by the revenues of the water and sewer system, waste management system and the Augusta Regional Airport. A table of the Government's outstanding debt can be found below.

## The Government's Outstanding Debt General Obligation and Revenue Bonds

	Goveri			Busine		<i>,</i> ,		_		
	 Activ	vities	S	 Activities			Total			
	 2021		2020	 2021		2020		2021		2020
Revenue bonds	\$ 72,683,656	\$	94,276,054	\$ 458,257,250	\$	471,680,103	\$	530,940,906	\$	565,956,157
Other debt	 257,306,510		298,020,882	 86,816,274		96,418,931		344,122,784		394,439,813
Total debt	\$ 329,990,166	\$	392,296,936	\$ 545,073,524	\$	568,099,034	\$	875,063,690	\$	960,395,970



## Long-term Debt (Continued)

The Government's bond rating of Aa2 by Moody's Investor Service and AA by Standard and Poor's ("S&P") was confirmed in February 2018. The Government's bond ratings are clear indications of the sound financial condition of the Government. The high ratings are a primary factor in keeping interest costs low on the Government's outstanding debt.

The State of Georgia limits the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 10% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for the Government is \$539 million based on the 2021 County-wide bond digest of \$5.39 billion.

Additional information regarding the Government's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 of the Notes to the Financial Statements of this report.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the continued stability of the Government:

- The U.S. Army moved the Army Cyber Command headquarters to Fort Gordon as the new home of the Cyber Center of Excellence. The scope and mission of Cyber Center of Excellence continues to expanded, increasing the number of military and civilian personnel required.
- Cape Augusta is renovating the Sibley Mill as a cyber-campus and data center. During 2021, Cape Augusta continued to expand its cyberworks project at the adjacent King Mill by announcing the market rate housing projects.
- The HUB for Community Innovation is a \$33.5 privately fund community resource center is scheduled to open in early 2022.
- Phase two of the Transportation Improvement Act of 201 (TIA) was approved on June 9, 2021. The regional impact is \$555 million, projects based in the County are budgeted at \$302 million. Collections for this phase will begin in 2023
- Phase 8 of the Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST) was approved on March 16, 2021. Collection for the \$250 million list of projects will begin January 1, 2022 and expected to last 7 years.
- The Government has received the following national and state rankings:
  - CNBC: Best City for a starter home.
  - U.S. News & World Report: One of the best places to retire.
  - Digital Journal: Ranked fourth in the top places to live in the U.S.
  - Association of County Commissioners of Georgia County of Excellence award.
  - Forbes Travel Guide: Why Augusta, Georgia, may be the South's best-kept secret.
  - WalletHub.com ranked Augusta #8 recently for Best Cities to Start a Business.
  - Credit.com named Augusta as one of the most affordable housing markets in the United States for first-time homebuyers.
- The Government has an unemployment rate of 3.5%, which is slightly higher than the state average of 3.3%.

#### Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2021

Each year, the Government's overall goal is to provide essential services to our citizens as cost effectively and professionally as possible. Available resources must be allocated in a manner that balances the basic needs of our citizens for public safety and infrastructure with those associated that provide an enhanced quality of life, such as recreation and cultural arts. The Augusta Commission works diligently to plan for the future while ensuring current programs and services are working as smoothly as possible. We continually seek to improve.

**Governmental Activities.** Ad Valorem Taxes as well as Local Option Sales Taxes are projected to increase slightly above the 2020 levels. Other taxes are expected to remain stable. The FY 2021 budget for the general fund is expected to be slightly above the 2020 level, primarily due to increases in salaries as a result of the adoption of a living wage initiative. Also increasing expenditures levels are the costs related to the continuing Covid-19 pandemic. The general economic climate for the City government of 2021 is expected to be stable.

**Business–type Activities.** Water and Sewer charges for services revenue is projected to increase slightly with the anticipation of additional customers.

## **Requests for Information**

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Government's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Finance Director, Augusta, Georgia, 535 Telfair Street, Suite 800, Augusta, Georgia 30901. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report relating to the Richmond County Board of Health should be directed to the Department of Health at 950 Laney Walker Blvd., Augusta, Georgia 30901. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report relating to Augusta Canal Authority should be directed to Augusta Canal Authority, 1450 Greene Street, Suite 400, Augusta, Georgia 30903. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report relating to Downtown Development Authority should be directed to Downtown Development Authority, 922 Ellis Street, Suite 100, Augusta, Georgia 30901.

# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Primary Government				
	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total		
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 245,298,674	\$ 91,557,663	\$ 336,856,337		
Investments	59,720,440	13,594,558	73,314,998		
Taxes receivable	5,709,709	-	5,709,709		
Accounts receivable, net of allowances Interest receivable	9,406,007 23,860	34,715,581 38,554	44,121,588 62,414		
Notes receivable	1,496,052	15,043,405	16.539.457		
Due from other governments	12.408.151	3,443,283	15,851,434		
Due from component units	73,584	3,443,203	73,584		
Internal balances	1.450.791	(1,450,791)	75,504		
Inventories	166,431	2,036,520	2,202,951		
Prepaid expenses	385,984	-	385,984		
Restricted assets, cash and cash equivalents	7,520,952	62,047,922	69,568,874		
Restricted assets, investments		8,031,196	8,031,196		
Non-current - prepaid items	-	7,764,128	7,764,128		
Other assets	3,543,272		3,543,272		
Capital assets:	0,010,212		0,0 10,212		
Non-depreciable	254,773,308	73,040,275	327,813,583		
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	520,965,534	698,713,409	1,219,678,943		
Total assets	1,122,942,749	1,008,575,703	2,131,518,452		
	1,122,012,110	1,000,010,100	2,101,010,102		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	05 077 400	5 007 000	04 404 700		
Pension	25,277,123	5,907,663	31,184,786		
Other post-employment benefit Deferred charge on refunding	62,567,730 587,357	9,541,078	72,108,808		
Total deferred outflows of resources	88,432,210	<u>1,558,461</u> 17,007,202	2,145,818 105,439,412		
	00,432,210	17,007,202	103,439,412		
LIABILITIES		15 000 750	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~		
Accounts payable	10,760,122	15,383,759	26,143,881		
Accounts payable from restricted assets Accrued liabilities	- 8,591,776	-	- 13.626.266		
Unearned revenue	35,083,132	5,034,490	35,083,132		
Due to other governments	4,500	-	4,500		
Claims payable due within one year	1,565,370	-	1,565,370		
Claims payable due in more than one year	391,343	-	391,343		
Payable from restricted assets - current maturities of long-term debt	-	17,385,000	17,385,000		
Note payable due within one year	-	793,540	793,540		
Note payable due in more than one year	-	9,257,019	9,257,019		
Capital leases due within one year	-	292,784	292,784		
Capital leases due in more than one year	-	776,441	776,441		
Bonds payable due within one year	3,207,000	-	3,207,000		
Bonds payable due in more than one year	69,476,656	440,872,250	510,348,906		
Compensated absences due within one year	4,295,055	974,185	5,269,240		
Compensated absences due in more than one year	2,863,370	649,456	3,512,826		
Net pension liability due in more than one year	33,649,079	7,864,323	41,513,402		
Total other post-employment benefit liability due in more than one year	197,654,293	30,140,699	227,794,992		
Landfill post-closure care costs due in more than one year	-	36,067,827	36,067,827		
Certificates of participation due in more than one year	16,888,000		16,888,000		
Total liabilities	384,429,696	565,491,773	949,921,469		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred charge on refunding	-	5,084,819	5,084,819		
Pension	34,347,925	8,027,655	42,375,580		
Other post-employment benefit		-			
Deferred revenue - effective hedge	3,543,272	-	3,543,272		
Deferred inflows relating to capital projects	-				
Total deferred inflows of resources	37,891,197	13,112,474	51,003,671		
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	686,754,543	299,740,507	986,495,050		
Restricted for:					
Judicial	709,992	-	709,992		
Perpetual care:					
Expendable	206,456	-	206,456		
Non-expendable	528,433	-	528,433		
Public safety	30,235,387	-	30,235,387		
Public works	15,170,621	-	15,170,621		
Housing and development	5,656,200	-	5,656,200		
Capital outlay	146,295,502	55,709,547	202,005,049		
Debt service	1,042,639	13,479,356	14,521,995		
Other purposes Unrestricted	- (97,545,707)	- 78,049,248	- (19,496,459)		
	\$ 789,054,066	\$ 446,978,658	\$ 1,236,032,724		
Total net position	φ /09,034,000	ψ 440,970,008	ψ 1,230,032,724		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Component Units									
Depar	nd County tment of ealth		Augusta Canal Authority	[ De	Downtown evelopment Authority				
\$	6,182,244	\$	1,750,110 613,412	\$	24,287	\$	10,357,96		
	-				-		111,35		
	152,660		135,293		5,000		87,15		
	-		-		-				
	- 1,610,128		-		-				
	-		-		-				
	-		-		-		42.50		
	-		31,224 26,368		- 1,260		43,50 397,02		
	-		531,350		849,978		129,92		
	-		-		-				
	-		-		-				
	401,369		33,845		-				
	1,997,997		1,811,191		-		7,674,16		
	5,621,055		15,489,576		516,857		9,463,76		
	15,965,453		20,422,369		1,397,382		28,264,86		
	1,966,185								
	1,204,242		-		-				
	-		-		-				
	3,170,427		-						
	217,977		15,537		2,659		2,193,59		
	-		-		5,000		_,,		
	68,533		20,763		146,990				
	48,638		319,573 -		-				
	-		73,584		-				
	-		-		-		1,555,05		
	-		-		-		1,000,00		
	-		-		-				
	-		-		-				
	-		-		-				
					-				
	336,252 314,469		53,074		-				
	9,112,568		-		-				
	2,362,942		-		-				
	-		-		-				
	12,461,379		482,531		154,649		3,748,65		
	- 2,347,059		-		-				
	2,347,039 3,731		-		-				
	-		-		-				
	2 250 700		-		774,631	<u> </u>			
	2,350,790		<u> </u>		774,631				
	7,619,052		17,300,767		516,857		17,137,93		
	-		-		-				
	-		-		-				
	-		-		-				
	-		-		-				
	-		- 531,350		-		129,92		
	-		-		-		885,71		
	4,502,557 (7,797,898)		۔ 2,107,721		75,347 (124,102)		6,362,64		
	4,323,711	\$	19,939,838	\$	468,102	\$	24,516,21		

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

					Program Revenues						
Functions/Programs	Expenses			Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and ontributions			
Primary government											
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$	52,634,825	\$	17,243,485	\$	3,685,425	\$	231,735			
Judicial		25,277,951		3,611,529		1,575,231		-			
Public safety		121,616,606		12,392,378		11,552,200		1,103,759			
Public works		28,466,160		5,292,057		28,035		4,485,358			
Health and welfare		6,764,180		6,559		727,215		-			
Culture and recreation		17,621,313		3,128,800		2,290		-			
Housing and development		27,143,107		7,620,594		11,317,548		-			
Interest on long-term debt		4,948,740		-		-		-			
Total governmental activities		284,472,881		49,295,402		28,887,944		5,820,852			
Business-type activities:											
Water and sewer system		87,377,730		95,613,743		-		-			
Augusta Regional Áirport		19,073,212		16,190,326		-		18,147,311			
Garbage collection		20,940,926		20,180,972		-		-			
Waste management		25,098,206		16,406,583		-		-			
Transit		8,410,142		5,510,293		-		336,466			
Daniel Field Airport		374,875		138,352		-		41,598			
Stormwater utility		12,821,772		14,518,536		-		-			
Total business-type activities		174,096,863		168,558,805	_	-		18,525,375			
Total primary government	\$	458,569,744	\$	217,854,207	\$	28,887,944	\$	24,346,227			
Component units											
Richmond County Department of Health	\$	25.180.477	\$	6,819,321	\$	19.870.879	\$	-			
Augusta Canal Authority	Ŧ	2,287,099	Ŧ	1,026,045	Ŧ	391.717	Ŧ	415,500			
Downtown Development Authority		297,507				163,700		5,722			
Augusta-Richmond County Coliseum Authority		3,197,465		778,624							
Total component units	\$	30,962,548	\$	8,623,990	\$	20,426,296	\$	421,222			

General revenues: Property taxes Franchise taxes Sales taxes Insurance premium taxes Other Unrestricted investment earnings Gain on sale of capital assets Transfers Total general revenues and transfers Change in net position Net position, beginning of year Net position, end of year

Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities				Total		chmond County Department of Health		Augusta Canal Authority	Devel	ntown opment hority		Augusta- Richmond County Coliseum Authority
(31,474,180)	\$	-	\$	(31,474,180)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$			
(20,091,191)		-		(20,091,191)		-		-		-				
(96,568,269)		-		(96,568,269)		-		-		-				
(18,660,710)		-		(18,660,710)		-		-		-				
(6,030,406)		-		(6,030,406)		-		-		-				
(14,490,223)		-		(14,490,223)		-		-		-				
(8,204,965)		-		(8,204,965)		-		-		-				
(4,948,740)		-		(4,948,740)		-		-		-				
 (200,468,683)				(200,468,683)		-			-	-				
(				()										
-		8,236,013		8,236,013		-		-		-				
-		15,264,425		15,264,425		-		-		-				
-		(759,954)		(759,954)		-		-		-				
-		(8,691,623)		(8,691,623)		-		-		-				
-		(2,563,383)		(2,563,383)		-		-		-				
-		(194,925)		(194,925)		-		-		-				
-		1,696,764		1,696,764		-		-		-				
-		12,987,317		12,987,317				-						
(200,468,683)		12,987,317		(187,481,366)		-				-				
-		-		-		1,509,723		-		-				
-		-		-		-		(453,837)		-				
-		-		-		-		-		(128,085)				
-		-		-		-		-		-		(2,418,84		
-		-		-		1,509,723		(453,837)		(128,085)		(2,418,84		
80,073,638				80,073,638										
21,855,820		-		21,855,820		-		-		-				
		-				-		-		-				
105,002,661		-		105,002,661		-		-		-				
16,244,986		-		16,244,986		-		- 7,069		-		8,947,86		
11,210,423		-		11,210,423		-				-				
956,370		1,017,098		1,973,468		753		9,862		-		21,58		
3,604,273		3,628		3,607,901		-		-		-				
(2,831,460)		2,831,460		-		-		-		-		0.000.44		
236,116,711		3,852,186		239,968,897 52,487,531		753 1,510,476		16,931		(400.005)		8,969,45		
35,648,028		16,839,503						(436,906)		(128,085)		6,550,61		
753,406,038	<u>^</u>	430,139,155	<u>~</u>	1,183,545,193	<u>e</u>	2,813,235	<u>_</u>	20,376,744	¢	596,187	<u>e</u>	17,965,59		
789,054,066	\$	446,978,658	\$	1,236,032,724	\$	4,323,711	\$	19,939,838	\$	468,102	\$	24,516,2		

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

		General		pecial Sales ax Phase 7		Fire Protection	Red	Urban development Agency		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	G	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS								<u> </u>				
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Taxes receivable Accounts receivable, net Interest receivable Notes receivable Due from other governments Due from other funds Due from component units Prepaid expenditures Inventory Restricted cash	\$	38,600,112 4,041,163 5,510,601 3,985,971 6,014,491 73,584 282,796 166,431	\$	94,897,093 - - - - - 4,843,180 - - - - -	\$	4,452,673 20,951,054 578,249 - - 130,059 - 16,092 -	\$	- - 2,762 - 7,129,548	\$	102,845,469 22,443,813 1,090,297 3,302,129 23,860 1,496,052 3,448,941 2,857 - 87,096 - 391,404	\$	240,795,347 43,394,867 5,709,709 8,812,730 23,860 1,496,052 12,408,151 6,020,110 73,584 385,984 166,431 7,520,952
Total assets	\$	58,675,149	\$	99,740,273	\$	26,128,127	\$	7,132,310	\$	135,131,918	\$	326,807,777
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u></u>	, .		<u> </u>	<u></u>		<u> </u>	<u>,                                 </u>
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Due to other governments Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$	4,096,167 5,330,682 1,049,649 - 173,253 10,649,751	\$	616,199 21,380 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$	656,053 450,530 - - - 1,106,583	\$	673 - - 5,738,649 5,739,322	\$	2,571,738 131,765 34,033,483 4,500 743,563 37,485,049	\$	7,940,830 5,934,357 35,083,132 4,500 6,655,465 55,618,284
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue -												
notes receivable Unavailable revenue -		-		-		-		-		2,531,141		2,531,141
property taxes Total deferred inflows		2,071,046		-		333,575	. <u> </u>	-		1,433,536		3,838,157
of resources		2,071,046		-		333,575		-		3,964,677		6,369,298
FUND BALANCES Non-spendable: Prepaid expenditures Inventory Restricted for:		282,796 166,431 -		-		16,092 - -		-		87,096 - 3,324,299		385,984 166,431 3,324,299
General government Judicial Perpetual care:		-		-		-		-		709,992		709,992
Expendable Non-expendable Public safety Public works Housing and development		- - -		- - -		- - 24,671,877 - -		- - - 1,392,988		206,456 528,433 5,563,510 15,170,621 4,263,212		206,456 528,433 30,235,387 15,170,621 5,656,200
Capital outlay Debt service Committed to: Public works - stormwater		-		99,102,694 - -		-		-		47,192,808 1,042,639 82,650		146,295,502 1,042,639 82,650
Housing and development Capital outlay Assigned to:		-		-		-		-		6,097,536 10,661,363		6,097,536 10,661,363
Risk management Unassigned Total fund balances		4,525,000 40,980,125 45,954,352		- - 99,102,694		- - 24,687,969		- - 1,392,988		- (1,248,423) 93,682,192		4,525,000 39,731,702 264,820,195
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	58,675,149	\$	99,740,273	\$	26,128,127	\$	7,132,310	\$	135,131,918	\$	326,807,777
resources, and fully balances	φ	30,073,149	φ	33,140,213	φ	20,120,121	ψ	1,132,310	φ	100,101,010	φ	520,007,777

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 264,820,195
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	775,736,010
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are reported as unavailable revenues in the funds.	6,369,298
Total other post-employment benefit liability and the related deferred inflows are not a financial liability in governmental fund activities and, therefore, is not reported in governmental funds.	(135,086,563)
Net pension liability and the related deferred outflows and inflows included in governmental activities is not a financial liability and, therefore, is not reported in governmental funds.	(42,719,881)
Certain long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(81,556,295)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of fleet management, insurance, and participation in the Georgia Municipal Association Certificates of Participation program to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the	
statement of net position.	 1,491,302
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 789,054,066

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Item 6.

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Special Sales Fire General Tax Phase 7 Protection			Urban Redevelopment Agency	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$ 61,587,181	\$-	\$ 8,458,256	\$-	\$ 10,012,966	\$ 80,058,403	
Franchise taxes	21,855,820	-	-	-	-	21,855,820	
Sales taxes	38,245,679	46,462,675	-	-	20,294,307	105,002,661	
Insurance premium taxes	-	-	16,244,986	-	-	16,244,986	
Other taxes	4,914,829	-	481,760	-	5,813,834	11,210,423	
Licenses and permits	1,049,681	-	-	-	6,477,076	7,526,757	
Intergovernmental	5,748,715	-	-	-	28,813,044	34,561,759	
Charges for services	22,093,003	-	453,312	-	10,370,656	32,916,971	
Fines and forfeitures	3,728,946	-		-	1,036,303	4,765,249	
Interest revenue	511,054	95,232	23.660	63	178,313	808.322	
Other revenues	1,344,766	-	36,579	812,920	1,892,159	4,086,424	
Total revenues	161,079,674	46,557,907	25,698,553	812,983	84,888,658	319,037,775	
Expenditures Current:							
General government	38,248,939				4,146,292	42.395.231	
Judicial	23,877,410	_	_		1,001,909	24,879,319	
Public safety	73,996,506		31,381,139		5,924,259	111,301,904	
Public works	5,679,050	-	51,501,159	-	15,235,529	20,914,579	
Health and welfare	1,577,691	-	-	-	10,200,029	1,577,691	
Culture and recreation	14.428.163	-	-	-	- 1.298.187	15.726.350	
	, .,	-	-	-	, , .	-, -,	
Housing and development	1,860,925	-	-	88,647	25,018,150	26,967,722	
Intergovernmental payments	-	400,000	-	-	8,003,306	8,403,306	
Capital outlay	-	15,713,601	-	-	16,436,198	32,149,799	
Debt service:				07 070 000		10 0 10 000	
Principal	-	-	-	27,679,000	14,640,000	42,319,000	
Interest	-	-	-	6,125,966	456,790	6,582,756	
Fiscal agent fees	-	-	-	2,800	1,400	4,200	
Bond issuance cost		-	-	-	240,000	240,000	
Total expenditures	159,668,684	16,113,601	31,381,139	33,896,413	92,402,020	333,461,857	
Excess (deficiency) of							
revenues over (under)							
expenditures	1,410,990	30,444,306	(5,682,586)	(33,083,430)	(7,513,362)	(14,424,082)	
Other financing sources (uses)							
Issuance of debt		-	-	-	21,795,000	21,795,000	
Proceeds from sale of assets	433,070	-	10,025	31,087,633	-	31,530,728	
Transfers in	7,254,785	1,021,920	7,616,170	3,327,300	10,085,726	29,305,901	
Transfers out	(3,432,979)	(2,201,200)	(1,000,000)	(2,265,000)	(23,238,182)	(32,137,361)	
Total other financing							
sources (uses)	4,254,876	(1,179,280)	6,626,195	32,149,933	8,642,544	50,494,268	
Net change in fund balances	5,665,866	29,265,026	943,609	(933,497)	1,129,182	36,070,186	
Fund balance, beginning of year	40,288,486	69,837,668	23,744,360	2,326,485	92,553,010	228,750,009	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 45,954,352	\$ 99,102,694	\$ 24,687,969	\$ 1,392,988	\$ 93,682,192	\$ 264,820,195	

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 36,070,186
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	13,635,625
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.	(27,926,455)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	15,235
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	22,179,755
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(8,364,430)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of fleet management, insurance, and participation in the Georgia Municipal Association Certificates of Participation program to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	 38,112
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 35,648,028

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Item 6.

#### GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES · BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final	2020
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget	Actual
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 58,784,070	\$ 58,784,070	\$ 61,587,181	\$ 2,803,111	\$ 57,202,322
Franchise taxes	23,296,020	23,296,020	21,855,820	(1,440,200)	24,011,831
Sales taxes	33,698,500	33,698,500	38,245,679	4,547,179	34,068,247
Other taxes	4,465,000	4,465,000	4,914,829	449,829	4,190,882
Licenses and permits	1,661,300	1,661,300	1,049,681	(611,619)	1,721,080
Intergovernmental	6,505,170	7,726,430	5,748,715	(1,977,715)	18,152,761
Charges for services	23,151,790	23,151,790	22,093,003	(1,058,787)	21,071,133
Fines and forfeitures	4,433,360	4,518,210	3,728,946	(789,264)	3,992,597
Interest and penalties	1,250,800	1,250,800	511,054	(739,746)	332,281
Other revenues	8,617,260	8,829,280	1,344,766	(7,484,514)	1,019,675
Total revenues	165,863,270	167,381,400	161,079,674	(6,301,726)	165,762,809
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	40,610,020	43,887,200	38,248,939	5,638,261	46,777,919
Judicial	25,699,160	27,066,290	23,877,410	3,188,880	22,806,046
Public safety	74,114,670	76,653,760	73,996,506	2,657,254	64,580,219
Public works	7,142,470	7,241,350	5,679,050	1,562,300	5,635,259
Health and welfare	1,766,860	1,776,060	1,577,691	198,369	1,614,775
Culture and recreation	17,262,870	17,427,730	14,428,163	2,999,567	14,369,054
Housing and development	2,040,410	2,080,700	1,860,925	219,775	1,867,646
Total expenditures	168,636,460	176,133,090	159,668,684	16,464,406	157,650,918
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(2,773,190)	(8,751,690)	1,410,990	10,162,680	8,111,891
Other financing sources (uses)					
Proceeds from the sale of assets	395.260	395,260	433.070	37.810	460.890
Transfers in	2.655.810	8,044,710	7,254,785	(789,925)	2,596,602
Transfers out	(2,930,280)	, ,	, ,	(502,699)	(10,037,268)
Total other financing sources (uses)	120,790	5,509,690	4,254,876	(1,254,814)	(6,979,776)
Net change in fund balance	(2,652,400)	(3,242,000)	5,665,866	8,907,866	1,132,115
Fund balance, beginning of year	40,288,486	40,288,486	40,288,486		39,156,371
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 37,636,086	\$ 37,046,486	\$ 45,954,352	\$ 8,907,866	\$ 40,288,486

#### FIRE PROTECTION FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Variance with Final		
_	Original	Final	Actual	Budget	Actual	
Revenues Property taxes Insurance premium taxes Other taxes Charges for services	\$ 8,233,070 15,042,240 481,760 1,901,720	\$ 8,233,070 15,042,240 481,760 3,481,720	\$ 8,458,256 16,244,986 481,760 453,312	\$ 225,186 1,202,746 - (3,028,408)	\$ 8,103,090 15,729,725 597,310 1,396,652	
Interest and penalties	100,000	100,000	23,660	(76,340)	129,623	
Other revenues	-		36,579	36,579	40	
Total revenues	25,758,790	27,338,790	25,698,553	(1,640,237)	25,956,440	
Expenditures Current: Public safety	32,037,290	33,954,960	31,381,139	2,573,821	29,502,477	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(6,278,500)	(6,616,170)	(5,682,586)	933,584	(3,546,037)	
<b>Other financing sources</b> Proceeds from the sale of assets Transfers in Transfers out	- 6,278,500 -	7,616,170 (1,000,000)	10,025 7,616,170 (1,000,000)	10,025 - -	10,382 6,278,500 -	
Total other financing sources	6,278,500	6,616,170	6,626,195	10,025	6,288,882	
Net change in fund balances	-	-	943,609	943,609	2,742,845	
Fund balance, beginning of year	23,744,360	23,744,360	23,744,360		21,001,515	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 23,744,360	\$ 23,744,360	\$ 24,687,969	\$ 943,609	\$ 23,744,360	

#### URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		d Amounts		Variance with Final	2020	
_	Original	Final	Actual	Budget	Actual	
Revenues	•	•	<b>^</b>	<b>^</b>	• • • • • • •	
Interest and penalties	\$ -	\$-	\$ 63	\$ 63	\$ 23,500	
Other revenues	876,000	876,000	812,920	(63,080)	1,141,594	
Total revenues	876,000	876,000	812,983	(63,017)	1,165,094	
Expenditures						
Current:						
Housing and development	138,660	138,660	88,647	50,013	3,519,964	
Debt service:						
Principal	3,160,000	3,160,000	27,679,000	(24,519,000)	12,010,000	
Interest	2,055,110	2,055,110	6,125,966	(4,070,856)	2,674,874	
Fiscal agent fees	15,390	15,390	-	15,390	11,223	
Bond issuance costs			2,800	(2,800)	243,500	
Total expenditures	5,369,160	5,369,160	33,896,413	(28,527,253)	18,459,561	
Deficiency of revenues						
under expenditures	(4,493,160)	(4,493,160)	(33,083,430)	(28,590,270)	(17,294,467)	
Other financing sources						
Issuance of debt					12,899,000	
Proceeds from the sale of assets	64,520	64,520	31,087,633	31,023,113	237,097	
Transfers in	6,693,640	6,693,640	3,327,300	(3,366,340)	3,324,470	
Transfers out	(2,265,000)	(2,265,000)	(2,265,000)	-	(50,000)	
Total other financing sources	4,493,160	4,493,160	32,149,933	27,656,773	16,410,567	
Net change in fund balances	-	-	(933,497)	(933,497)	(883,900)	
Fund balance, beginning of year	2,326,485	2,326,485	2,326,485		3,210,385	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 2,326,485	\$ 2,326,485	\$ 1,392,988	\$ (933,497)	\$ 2,326,485	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Item 6.

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	:	ater and Sewer System		Augusta Regional Airport	Garbage Collection	Stormwater Utility
ASSETS						 
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	28,233,620	\$	16,109,568	\$ 18,172,338	\$ 6,444,920
Investments Accounts receivable, net of allowance		23,018,913		1,699,450 977,746	- 3,475,297	- 2,516,247
Notes receivable Interest receivable		15,043,405 -		- 38,512	-	-
Due from other funds Due from other governments		-		- 3,443,283	172,124	-
Inventory		1,950,412		86,108	-	-
Restricted cash		46,365,764		12,020,857	-	-
Restricted investments Total current assets		- 114,612,114		8,031,196 42,406,720	 21,819,759	 - 8,961,167
		114,012,114	·	42,400,720	 21,019,739	 0,901,107
NON-CURRENT ASSETS						
Prepaid bond insurance Prepaid bond interest		1,090,002		-	-	-
Advance to other funds		6,674,126 -		-	-	-
Other assets		-		-	-	-
Capital assets:		00 004 407		40,400,700	004.040	
Non-depreciable Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation		36,024,487 534,277,130		12,433,763 103.699.922	294,342 3.951.291	- 11.590.407
Total non-current assets		578,065,745		116,133,685	 4,245,633	 11,590,407
Total assets		692,677,859		158,540,405	 26,065,392	 20,551,574
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension		3,053,902		1,240,544	173,954	909,835
Other post-employment benefit		5,089,469		2,647,466	- 173,954	909,035
Deferred charges on refunding		1,558,461		-	 -	 -
Total deferred outflows of resources		9,701,832		3,888,010	 173,954	 909,835
LIABILITIES						
CURRENT LIABILITIES Payable from current assets:						
Accounts and retainage payable		6,158,939		1,815,725	2,912,614	440,831
Accrued expenses		4,791,623		125,525	12,823	54,171
Due to other funds		198,993 292,784		2,062,311	-	-
Capital lease payable - current portion Notes payable - current portion		292,784 793,540		-	-	-
Compensated absences - current portion		574,879		214,815	13,772	94,231
		12,810,758		4,218,376	 2,939,209	 589,233
Payable from restricted assets:						
Bonds payable - current portion		16,470,000		445.000	-	-
		16,470,000		445,000	 -	 -
Total current liabilities		29,280,758		4,663,376	 2,939,209	 589,233
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Advance from other funds		45,066		265,406	-	-
Capital lease payable - long-term portion Notes payable - long-term portion		776,441 9,257,019		-	-	-
Compensated absences - long-term portion		9,257,019 383,252		- 143,210	- 9,181	- 62,820
Bonds payable - long-term portion		427,658,408		8,615,363		- 02,020
Net pension liability		4,065,376		1,651,420	231,570	1,211,178
Total other post-employment benefit liability		16,077,863		8,363,466	-	-
Landfill post-closure care costs -						
long-term portion Certificates of participation		-		-	-	-
Total long-term liabilities		458,263,425		19,038,865	 240,751	 1,273,998
Total liabilities		487,544,183		23,702,241	 3,179,960	 1,863,231

(Continued)

Internal Service Funds		Total	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
4 500 007	¢	04 557 000	¢ 00 507 047
4,503,327	\$	5 91,557,663 13 504 558	\$ 22,597,217 11,895,108
16,325,573		13,594,558 34,715,581	
593,277		15,043,405	4,727,378
		38,554	42
730,116		2,767,979	2,595,855
100,110		3,443,283	2,000,000
-		2,036,520	-
-		62,047,922	3,661,301
-		8,031,196	-
22,152,293		233,276,661	45,476,901
-		1,090,002	-
-		6,674,126	-
830,667		6,576,742	6,576,742
3,543,272		-	-
		72 040 275	04 007 600
2,832		73,040,275 698,713,409	24,287,683 45,194,659
4,376,771		786,094,554	76,059,084
26,529,064		1,019,371,215	121,535,985
		.,,	,
		5 007 000	500 400
-		5,907,663	529,428
-		9,541,078	1,804,143
-		<u>1,558,461</u> 17,007,202	2,333,571
		11,001,202	2,000,011
2,819,292		15,383,759	4,055,650
2,312,561		5,034,490	50,348
38,943		2,823,797	562,493
-		292,784	-
-		793,540	-
-		974,185	76,488
5,170,796		25,302,555	4,744,979
-		17,385,000	470,000
- E 170 700		17,385,000	470,000
5,170,796		42,687,555	5,214,979
		7,407,409	7,096,937
-		7,407,409	1,090,931
-			-
-		9,257,019	- 50.000
-		649,456	50,993
-		440,872,250	4,598,479
		7,864,323	704,779
-		30,140,699	5,699,370
-			
-		36,067,827	36,067,827
- - 16,888,000		36,067,827	36,067,827
- - - 16,888,000 16,888,000		36,067,827 - 533,035,424	36,067,827 - 54,218,385

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	 Water and Sewer System	 Augusta Regional Airport	 Garbage Collection	 Stormwater Utility
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred charge on refunding Pension Deferred revenue - effective hedge	\$ 5,084,819 4,149,808 -	\$ ۔ 1,685,718 -	\$ 236,380	\$ - 1,236,333 -
Total deferred inflows of resources	 9,234,627	 1,685,718	 236,380	 1,236,333
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for capital outlay Restricted for debt service Unrestricted	 112,417,282 36,993,392 8,482,157 47,708,050	 107,073,322 18,716,155 1,335,898 9,915,081	 4,245,633 - - 18,577,373	 11,590,407 - - 6,771,438
Total net position	\$ 205,600,881	\$ 137,040,456	\$ 22,823,006	\$ 18,361,845

Adjustment to reflect consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds Net position of business type activities

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Enterprise		
5	- \$	5,084,819		-
7	19,416	8,027,65	5	-
				3,543,272
7	19,416	13,112,474	4	3,543,272
64,4	13,863	299,740,50	7	2,832
	-	55,709,54	7	-
3,6	61,301	13,479,356	6	-
(4,3	58,388)	78,613,554	4	924,164
63,7	16,776	447,542,964	4 \$	926,996

(564,306) 446,978,658 \$

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Water and Sewer System		 Augusta Regional Airport	 Garbage Collection	 Stormwater Utility
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$	94,668,027	\$ 16,103,245	\$ 20,180,972	\$ 14,518,536
Miscellaneous		945,716	87,081	-	-
Total operating revenues		95,613,743	 16,190,326	 20,180,972	 14,518,536
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personnel costs		17,345,298	7,755,133	913,099	4,523,719
Cost of sales and service		13,497,712	2,350,008	16,723,109	6,359,632
Supplies		11,869,919	3,277,090	1,208,157	243,699
Claims and damages		-	-	-	-
Administration		10,542,609	519,319	1,795,395	957,718
Depreciation expense		18,546,517	 4,806,736	 301,962	 735,226
Total operating expenses		71,802,055	 18,708,286	 20,941,722	 12,819,994
Operating income (loss)		23,811,688	 (2,517,960)	 (760,750)	 1,698,542
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Bond issuance expense		(462,663)	-	-	-
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets		(38,773)	-	2,598	450
Interest expense		(15,049,312)	(367,562)	-	-
Interest income		854,950	15,429	17,877	22,269
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		(14,695,798)	 (352,133)	 20,475	 22,719
Income (loss) before contributions and					
transfers		9,115,890	 (2,870,093)	 (740,275)	 1,721,261
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		-	 18,147,311	 -	 -
TRANSFERS					
Transfers in		366,530	216,220	1,064,200	296,120
Transfers out		-		(225,000)	
Total transfers		366,530	 216,220	 839,200	 296,120
Change in net position		9,482,420	15,493,438	98,925	2,017,381
NET POSITION, beginning of year		196,118,461	 121,547,018	 22,724,081	 16,344,464
NET POSITION, end of year	\$	205,600,881	\$ 137,040,456	\$ 22,823,006	\$ 18,361,845

Adjustment to reflect consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds Change in net position of business-type activities

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	 Total	 Internal Service Funds
\$ 16,697,989	\$ 162,168,769	\$ 48,033,407
 5,357,239 22,055,228	 6,390,036 168,558,805	 2,255,154 50,288,561
<u> </u>	 <u> </u>	
4,284,144	34,821,393	701,217
14,485,400	53,415,861	5,710,394
8,563,473	25,162,338	1,583,187
-	-	6,282,312
2,656,290	16,471,331	36,044,973
 3,571,785	 27,962,226	 -
33,561,092	 157,833,149	 50,322,083
(11,505,864)	 10,725,656	 (33,522)
-	(462,663)	-
(102,938)	(138,663)	-
(230,658)	(15,647,532)	(234,679)
106,573	 1,017,098	 295,085
(227,023)	 (15,231,760)	 60,406
<i></i>	<i></i>	
 (11,732,887)	 (4,506,104)	 26,884
378,064	 18,525,375	 -
	0.050.400	
1,113,390	3,056,460	-
1,113,390	 (225,000) 2,831,460	 
(10,241,433)	 16,850,731	 26,884
73,958,209		 900,112
\$ 63,716,776		\$ 926,996

(11,228) \$ 16,839,503

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Water and Sewer System		Augusta Regional Airport	 Garbage Collection	 Stormwater Utility
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$	98,329,806 (33,215,236) (19,306,271)	\$	13,835,930 (5,120,221) (6,856,987)	\$ 20,607,254 (17,999,500) (971,459)	\$ 14,169,009 (7,754,389) (4,778,523)
Net cash provided by operating activities	. <u> </u>	45,808,299		1,858,722	 1,636,295	 1,636,097
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Transfers in Transfers out		366,530		216,220	 1,064,200 (225,000)	 296,120
Net cash provided by non-capital and related financing activities		366,530		216,220	 839,200	 296,120
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Acquisitions of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets		(16,895,872)		(11,230,399)	(244,520) 3,075	- 450
Proceeds from issuance of notes receivable Proceeds from capital leases		(6,217,168) 829,894		-	-	-
Principal payments on capital leases Principal payments on notes payable		(521,111) (770,116)			-	-
Principal payments on bonds payable Payments of bond issuance cost Capital grants received		(9,585,000) (383,236)		(425,000) (78,133) 18,147,311	-	-
Interest paid Net cash provided by (used in) capital		(17,906,955)		(367,562)	 <u> </u>	 -
and related financing activities		(51,449,564)	·	6,046,217	 (241,445)	 450
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of investments		-		-	-	-
Proceeds from sale of investments Interest received Net cash provided by investing		- 854,950		1,541,826 23,951	 - 17,877	 - 22,269
activities		854,950		1,565,777	 17,877	 22,269
Change in cash and cash equivalents		(4,419,785)		9,686,936	2,251,927	1,954,936
Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning of year		79,019,169		18,443,489	15,920,411	4,489,984
End of year	\$	74,599,384	\$	28,130,425	\$ 18,172,338	\$ 6,444,920
Classified as:						
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash	\$	28,233,620 46,365,764	\$	16,109,568 12,020,857	\$ 18,172,338 -	\$ 6,444,920
	\$	74,599,384	\$	28,130,425	\$ 18,172,338	\$ 6,444,920

(Continued)

 Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	 Total	 Internal Service Funds
\$ 25,578,653 (19,730,466)	\$ 172,520,652 (83,819,812)	\$ 50,845,833 (49,291,332)
 (3,672,618)	 (35,585,858)	 (49,291,352) (681,957)
 2,175,569	 53,114,982	 872,544
 1,113,390 -	 3,056,460 (225,000)	 -
 1,113,390	 2,831,460	 
(789,468)	(29,160,259)	
(789,408) 580	4,105	-
-	(6,217,168)	-
-	829,894	-
-	(521,111)	-
- (455,000)	(770,116) (10,465,000)	-
(400,000)	(461,369)	_
378,064	18,525,375	-
 (674,863)	 (18,949,380)	 (234,679)
 (1,540,687)	 (47,185,029)	 (234,679)
100,440	100,440	(860,008)
-	1,541,826	-
 107,046	 1,026,093	 295,085
 207,486	 2,668,359	 (564,923)
1,955,758	11,429,772	72,942
 24,302,760	 142,175,813	 4,430,385
\$ 26,258,518	\$ 153,605,585	\$ 4,503,327
\$ 22,597,217 3,661,301	\$ 91,557,663 62,047,922	\$ 4,503,327
\$ 26,258,518	\$ 153,605,585	\$ 4,503,327

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	,	Water and Sewer System		Augusta Regional Airport	Garbage Collection	Stormwater Utility
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to						
net cash provided by (used in) operating						
activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	23,811,688	\$	(2,517,960)	\$ (760,750)	\$ 1,698,542
Adjustments to reconcile operating						
income (loss) to net cash						
provided by operating activities						
Depreciation		18,546,517		4,806,736	301,962	735,226
Change in assets and liabilities:						
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		3,033,650		568,723	380,618	(177,611)
Decrease in due from other funds		-		-	45,664	-
(Increase) decrease in advance to other funds		-		-	-	-
Increase in due from other governments		-		(2,992,276)	-	-
Decrease in prepaid expenses		-		-	-	-
Decrease in inventory		122,001		123,649	-	-
Decrease in other assets		-		-	-	-
Decrease in deferred outflows of resources-pension		1,850,100		663,504	93,956	445,516
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources-OPEB		1,668,393		(38,088)	-	-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		2,573,003		936,143	1,725,773	(202,677)
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses		57,288		23,901	1,388	9,337
Increase in post-closure liabilities		-		-	-	-
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		(118,594)		175,526	-	(171,916)
Increase (decrease) in advance from other funds		(198,993)		(106,369)	-	-
Increase in deferred inflows of resources-pension		3,621,760		1,480,695	207,532	1,090,392
Decrease in net pension liability		(6,741,221)		(2,544,394)	(358,803)	(1,775,512)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability		(2,202,664)		1,304,901	-	-
Decrease in compensated absences		(214,629)		(25,969)	(1,045)	(15,200)
Net cash provided by			·	· · · · ·	 	 ·
operating activities	\$	45,808,299	\$	1,858,722	\$ 1,636,295	\$ 1,636,097

Nonmajor Enterprise		Internal Service
Funds	 Total	 Funds
\$ (11,505,864)	\$ 10,725,656	\$ (33,522)
3,571,785	27,962,226	-
(1,120,881)	2,684,499	(386,517)
6,047,196	6,092,860	275,681
(1,063,765)	(1,063,765)	685,626
-	(2,992,276)	-
21,402 69,159	21,402 314,809	-
09,109	514,009	- 1,350,202
238,193	3,291,269	1,000,202
49,215	1,679,520	-
1,232,328	6,264,570	612,075
15,441	107,355	(263,290)
3,745,855	3,745,855	-
41,139	(73,845)	(17,509)
510,248	204,886	-
636,761	7,037,140	-
(986,772)	(12,406,702)	-
685,895 (11,766)	(211,868) (268,609)	(1,350,202)
(11,700)	 (200,009)	 -
\$ 2,175,569	\$ 53,114,982	\$ 872,544

#### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Custodial		Pension		Private-purpose Trust Fund		
		Funds		Trust Funds		Joseph R. Lamar	
ASSETS	•	10 000 100	<b>^</b>	4 470 500	•	0.050	
Cash	\$	19,303,193	\$	4,178,586	\$	2,952	
Investments, at fair value: Government securities				7,046,348		E 000	
Common stock		-		, ,		5,000	
Mortgage backed securities		-		64,393,175 3,935,327		-	
Mutual funds		-		10,833,259		-	
Accounts receivable		-		2,770,214		-	
Taxes receivable		18,864,763		2,770,214		_	
Interest receivables				54,841			
Total assets		38,167,956		93,211,750		7,952	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable		5,647,183		2,602,670		-	
Uncollected taxes		18,864,763		-		-	
Total liabilities		24,511,946		2,602,670		-	
NET POSITION							
Restricted for pension benefits		-		90,609,080		-	
Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments		13,656,010				7,952	
Total net position	\$	13,656,010	\$	90,609,080	\$	7,952	

#### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	с	ustodial		Pension		Private-purpose Trust Fund
		Funds		Trust Funds		Joseph R. Lamar
ADDITIONS Contributions:						
Employer	\$		\$	4,605,675	\$	
Employee	φ	-	φ	4,003,073	φ	-
Other receipts				81		
Total contributions		-		4,633,857		-
nvestment earnings: Interest				1,132		310
Net increase in fair value of investments		-		13,505,488		310
Net investment earnings				13,506,620		310
				10,000,020		010
Other:						
Taxes		186,744,198		-		-
Fines and fees		8,414,552		-		-
Criminal and civil bonds		6,921,667		-		-
Land condemnations		3,902,391				
Total additions		205,982,808		18,140,477		310
DEDUCTIONS						
Benefits		-		9,335,514		-
Administrative expenses		-		781,927		-
Faxes and fees paid to other governments		189,288,243		-		-
Payments to Board of Commissioners		3,411,250		-		-
Other custodial disbursements		12,296,737		-		-
Total deductions		204,996,230		10,117,441		
Change in net position		986,578		8,023,036		310
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		12,669,432		82,586,044		7,642
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	13,656,010	\$	90,609,080	\$	7,952

# NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Augusta, Georgia (the "Government") is located in the east central section of the state on the south bank of the Savannah River, which serves as the boundary between Georgia and South Carolina. The Government is on the fall line and has a landscape dotted with foothills which descend to the coastal plain. The Government is the head of the navigation on the Savannah River and is 135 miles east of Atlanta, 127 miles northwest of the port of Savannah, and 72 miles southwest of Columbia, South Carolina. The Government is the trade center for 13 counties in Georgia and five in South Carolina, a section known as the Central Savannah River Area.

The Government was created by legislative act in the State of Georgia in 1995 from the unification of the two governments, the City of Augusta, Georgia and Richmond County, Georgia. On June 20, 1995, the citizens of Richmond County and the City of Augusta voted to consolidate into one government named Augusta, Georgia. The officials for the new government were elected and, based on the charter, took office on January 1, 1996. The unified government combined all functions and began financial operations January 1, 1996.

The Government is governed by a full-time Mayor, with a term of four years, and a 10-member Commission, who serve on a part-time basis and are elected to staggered terms of four years. The Mayor and Commission appoint an Administrator who serves as a full-time administrative officer and is responsible for the daily operations of the Government.

The financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Government's accounting policies are described below.

# A. Reporting Entity

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the Government and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the Government's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the Government.

### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

The **Richmond County Department of Health** (the "RCDH") was established pursuant to an act of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia in 1955. The RCDH is governed by a 12-member board consisting of one member of the Augusta-Richmond County Commission. The Government provides financial support to the RCDH and appoints a majority of the members. The RCDH has a June 30 year-end.

Separate financial statements for the RCDH can be obtained from its administrative office at 950 Laney Walker Blvd., Augusta, Georgia 30901.

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## A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units (Continued)**

Separate financial statements for the RCDH can be obtained from its administrative office at 950 Laney Walker Blvd., Augusta, Georgia 30901.

The **Augusta Canal Authority** (the "Canal Authority") was established pursuant to an act of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia in 1989. The Canal Authority is governed by a 12-member board. The Government provides financial support to the Canal Authority and appoints a majority of the members. Separate financial statements for the Canal Authority can be obtained from its administrative office at 1450 Greene Street, Suite 400, Augusta, Georgia 30903.

The **Downtown Development Authority** (the "DDA") was established pursuant to the Downtown Development Authority Law (Official Code of Georgia Annotated ("O.C.G.A.") §36-42-1, et seq. as amended with the power and authority to issue interest-bearing revenue bonds in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Revenue Bond Law of the State of Georgia O.C.G.A. §38-82-60 through 38-82-85). The DDA is governed by a seven-member board consisting of one member of the Augusta-Richmond County Commission. The Government provides financial support to the DDA and appoints a majority of the members. Separate financial statements for the DDA can be obtained from its administrative office at 936 Broad Street, Suite 107, Augusta, Georgia 30901.

The **Augusta-Richmond County Coliseum Authority** (the "Coliseum Authority") was established pursuant to an act of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia in 1973. The Coliseum Authority is governed by a seven-member board. The Government appoints a majority of the members and the Coliseum Authority is fiscally dependent on the Government. The Coliseum Authority has a June 30 year-end. Separate financial statements for the Coliseum Authority can be obtained from the Civic Center, 601 Seventh St., Augusta, Georgia 30901.

#### **Blended Component Units**

The **Urban Redevelopment Agency** (the "URA") was established pursuant to a resolution adopted by the Augusta-Richmond County Commission April 1, 2010, activating the URA in accordance with the O.C.G.A. Chapter 61 Title 36; §36-61-17(b), "Urban Redevelopment Law". The URA is governed by a five-member board. The Government appoints a majority of the members, the URA is fiscally dependent on the Government and the URA's debt is expected to be repaid almost entirely from the resources of the Government. Separate financial statements for the URA are not prepared.

# A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

## **Blended Component Units (Continued)**

The **Augusta Port Authority** (the "Port Authority") was established pursuant to an act of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia in 1959. The Port Authority provides services exclusively to the Government. The mission of the Port Authority is to manage the resources and assets of the Savannah River and adjacent riverfront, to encourage and promote riverfront development, recreation, and tourism in the City of Augusta by way of economic development activities, events and special programs. The Port Authority is governed by a 12-member board. The Government provides financial support to the Port Authority and appoints a majority of the members. Separate financial statements for the Port Authority are not prepared.

**Richmond County Public Facilities, Inc.** is a non-profit organization, tax exempt under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3). The purpose of this organization is to construct and maintain buildings and equipment to be leased by the Government, the Department of Family and Children Services, and the Richmond County Board of Education. Richmond County Public Facilities, Inc. is part of the reporting entity of Augusta, Georgia, due to the services provided being exclusively to the Government.

Richmond County Public Facilities, Inc. issued Certificates of Participation to provide funds for the Government to refund the 1990 Certificates of Participation issue and for certain capital projects. The related assets are included in the financial statements of the Government as part of governmental activities. The Certificates of Participation were retired during 2001. Separate financial statements for Richmond County Public Facilities, Inc. are not prepared.

## B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

## B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

## C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial* resources measurement focus and the *modified accrual* basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period, if available criteria are met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Government.

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The Government reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the Government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Special Sales Tax Phase 7 Fund* accounts for the receipts and disbarments of the 1% sales tax approved by the taxpayers on November 3, 2015. Collection began April 1, 2016. The Government bonded \$26,115,000 in 2016 of the estimated \$215,550,000. The revenue sources are sales tax, earned interest and expenditures will be primarily for the following: \$41 million for public safety, including \$7.5 million for three new fire stations, \$15 million for public safety vehicles and \$15 million for a new radio system; \$28 million for recreation and quality of life projects; \$11 million for general government projects; \$70.15 million for infrastructure and \$52.5 million for government facilities.

The *Fire Protection Fund* is used to account for the receipts and disbursements of tax revenues restricted for fire protection. The primary revenue sources are insurance premiums and ad valorem taxes, and the primary expenditures are for public safety.

The **Urban Redevelopment Agency ("URA")** is used to account for the use of the related loan funds to assist the Government in alleviating economic deterioration.

The Government reports the following major business-type funds:

The *Water and Sewer System Fund* is used to account for the activity of providing water and sewer services to the residents of the Government. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

The *Augusta Regional Airport Fund* accounts for the operations of Augusta Regional Airport at Bush Field, the only airport within the County from which service from the major airlines is available.

The *Garbage Collection Fund* is used to account for receipt and expenses related to the Government's garbage collection contract.

The **Stormwater Utility Fund** is used to account for receipt and expenses related to the Stormwater Utility.

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Additionally, the Government reports the following fund types:

The **special revenue funds** account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes.

The *capital projects funds* are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

The *debt service funds* are used to account for the accumulation of resources that are restricted and assigned for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt.

The *permanent fund* accounts for the principal originally donated for the sale of perpetual care contracts at government-owned cemeteries after October 1, 1970. The principal must be maintained intact and invested.

The *custodial funds* are used to account for the collection and disbursement of monies by the Government on behalf of other governments and individuals, such as cash bonds, traffic fines, support payments and ad valorem and property taxes.

The *pension trust funds* account for all activities of the Government's employees' pension plans.

The *private purpose trust fund* accounts for resources legally held in trust to finance awards for children attending Joseph R. Lamar School. The principal amount of the gift is to be maintained intact and invested. Investment earnings are used for the awards.

The *internal service funds* account for all activities related to the Government's risk management, employee health benefits, worker's compensation, unemployment, long-term disability insurance, fleet operations, and GMA leases.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services provided. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

## D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Government maintains a cash and investment pool in which the General Fund and all funds share. Each fund's portion of the pool is displayed on its respective balance sheet as cash and cash equivalents and includes non-pooled cash and investments separately held. Funds which have an excess of outstanding checks over bank balance have had these balances reclassified as a due to the General Fund for purposes of financial statement presentation. Interest income is allocated to each fund monthly based on its average monthly balance.

For the purposes of financial statement presentation, the Government considers all highly liquid investments (including funds held by the State Treasurer in the Local Government Investment Pool of the State of Georgia ("Georgia Fund 1") and restricted funds) purchased with an original maturity of three months or less, or with insignificant early withdrawal penalties, to be cash equivalents. The investment in the Georgia Fund 1 represents the Government's portion of a pooled investment account operated by the office of the State Treasurer. The pool consists of U.S. Treasury obligations, securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government or any of its agencies or instrumentalities, bankers' acceptances, overnight and term repurchase agreements with highly rated counterparties, and collateralized bank accounts. The investment in the Georgia Fund 1 is stated at fair value. Exceptions include the Government's pension plans which classify only cash as cash equivalents in order to appropriately report investment activity. Cash equivalents include amounts in certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, and U.S. Treasury bills, and are stated at cost which approximates market. All deposits are stated at cost plus accrued interest, which reasonably estimates fair value.

The State statutes authorize the Government to invest in obligations of the United States government and agencies thereof, general obligations of the State of Georgia or any of its political subdivisions, or banks and savings and loan associations to the extent that they are secured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC").

#### E. Investments

Statutes authorize the Government to invest in U.S. Government obligations, U.S. Government agency obligations, State of Georgia obligations, and the Georgia Fund 1.

Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair values.

In accordance with O.C.G.A. Public Retirement System Investment Authority Law, Public Retirement Systems may invest in: 1) United States or Canadian corporations or their obligations, with limits as to the corporations' size and credit rating; 2) Repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements for direct obligations of the United States government and for obligations unconditionally guaranteed by agencies; 3) FDIC insured cash assets or deposits; 4) Bonds, notes, warrants, loans or other debt issued or guaranteed by the United States government; 5) Taxable bonds, notes, warrants or other securities issued and guaranteed by any state, the District of Columbia, Canada or any province in Canada; 6) Bonds, debentures, or other securities issued, insured or guaranteed by an agency, authority, unit, or corporate body created by the government of the United States of America; 7) Investment grade collateralized mortgage obligations; 8) Obligations issued, assumed or guaranteed by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development or the International Financial Corporation; 9) Bonds, debentures, notes and other evidence of indebtedness issued, assumed, or guaranteed by any solvent institution existing under the laws of the United States of America or of Canada, or any state or province thereof, which are not in default and are secured to a certain level; 10) Secured and unsecured obligations issued by any solvent institution existing under the laws of the United States of America or of Canada, or any state or province thereof, bearing interest at a fixed rate, with mandatory principal and interest due at a specified time with additional limits; 11) Equipment trust obligations or interests in transportation equipment, wholly or in part within the United States of America, and the right to receive determinate portions or related income; 12) Loans that are secured by pledge or securities eligible for investment; 13) Purchase money mortgages or like securities received upon the sale or exchange of real property acquired; 14) Secured mortgages or mortgage participation, passthrough, conventional pass-through, trust certificate, or other similar securities with restrictions; 15) Land and buildings on such land used or acquired for use as a fund's office for the convenient transaction of its own business with restrictions; and 16) Real property and equipment acquired under various circumstances.

Investments in the pension trust funds are reported at fair value. Cash deposits are reported at carrying amount which reasonably estimates fair value.

## F. Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance non-spendable account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

## G. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both governmental-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items are accounted for using the consumption method.

### H. Inventory

Inventory in proprietary funds is valued at the lower of cost (first-in/first-out method) or market. Inventory in the General Fund, which is valued at cost (first-in/first-out method) consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

### I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Government as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to January 1, 2001, consist of the streets network that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to January 1, 1980. The streets network is reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend useful lives are expensed as incurred.

## I. Capital Assets (Continued)

Major outlays for capital assets and major improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Depreciation is provided on the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Primary Government	
Land and site improvements	30 years
Vehicles	5 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Machinery and equipment	10 years
Buildings and improvements	30 years
Water and sewer systems	30 – 70 years
Infrastructure	30 years

## J. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenses in the year the debt is issued.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums on the issue are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

## K. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Government provides for the accumulation of up to 43 days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Government's government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as leave is earned. The Government has assumed a first-in/first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

No accrual has been established for accumulated sick leave of employees since it is the Government's policy to record the cost of sick leave only when it is used.

# L. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Government has four items that qualify for reporting in this category. The *deferred charge on refunding* is reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded debt or the refunding debt. The *contributions* made by the Government's net pension plans before year-end but subsequent to the measurement date of the Government's net pension liability and total OPEB liability are also reported as deferred outflows of resources. Additionally, differences between actual expected and actual experience are amortized into pension expense over the remaining life service lives of plan members.

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## L. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Government has six types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes and other receivables, and these amounts are deferred and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period in which the amounts become available. An effective hedge is reported in the government-wide and internal service fund statements of net position. The effective hedge results from the change in market value of a swap agreement related to the Certificates of participation. The amount is deferred and will mature on June 1, 2028, at the same time as the Certificates of Participation. Deferred charge on refunding is reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded debt or the refunding debt. The other three items relate to the Government's defined benefit pension plans and are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund Statements of Net Position, under the heading Pension. Experience differences result from periodic studies by the Government's actuary, which adjust the net pension liability for actual experience for certain trend information that was previously assumed. These experience differences are recorded as deferred outflows of resources and are amortized into pension expense over the expected remaining service lives of plan members. Changes in the actuarial assumptions which adjust the net pension liability are also recorded as deferred inflows of resources and are amortized into pension expense over the expected remaining service lives of plan members. The difference between expected projected investment return on pension investments and actual return on those investments is also deferred and amortized against pension expense over a five-year period.

### M. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position."

# M. Fund Equity (Continued)

**Fund Balance** – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the assets and liabilities under the current financial resources measurement focus of accounting. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

- **Non-spendable** Fund balances are reported as non-spendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash, or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Government or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- Committed Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Augusta-Richmond County Commission through the adoption of a resolution. Only the Augusta-Richmond County Commission may modify or rescind the commitment or through resolution.
- Assigned Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the Government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Through resolution, the Government has authorized the Administrator and Finance Director to assign fund balances.
- Unassigned Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The Government reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the General Fund. Negative unassigned fund balances may be reported in all funds.

*Flow Assumptions* – When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the Government's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the Government's policy to use fund balance in the following order: 1) committed, 2) assigned, and 3) unassigned.

Item 6.

Item 6.

# NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## M. Fund Equity (Continued)

**Net Position** – Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources in reporting which utilizes the economic resources measurement focus. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used (i.e., the amount that the Government has spent) for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted using the same definition as used for restricted fund balance as described in the section above. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

The Government applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

## N. Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

# NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# A. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance – total governmental funds* and *net position – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "certain long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

Accrued interest payable	\$ (344,858)
Bonds payable	(72,200,000)
Unamortized premium on bonds	(483,656)
Deferred charge on refundings	587,357
Compensated absences	(7,158,425)
Claims and judgements payable	(1,956,713)
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total governmental funds	
to arrive at net position - governmental activities	\$ (81,556,295)

# NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 40,212,130
Depreciation expense	 (26,576,505)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of	
governmental activities	\$ 13,635,625

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position." The details of this difference are as follows:

Issuance of revenue bonds	\$ (21,795,000)
Deferred charge on refundings	587,357
Amortization of bond premiums	1,068,398
Payments on bonds payable	42,319,000
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of	
governmental activities	\$ 22,179,755

# NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities (Continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

Accrued interest	\$ 457,140
Compensated absences	667,793
Claims and judgements	793,893
Net pension liability	8,164,782
Total other post-employment benefit liability	(18,448,038)
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of	 
governmental activities	\$ (8,364,430)

# NOTE 3. LEGAL COMPLIANCE – BUDGETS

### A. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Government generally follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Budgetary hearings are held in August to discuss departmental budgets.
- 2. The Administrator presents the tentative budget to the Commission in October.
- 3. The permanent budget is legally adopted by the Commission prior to the start of the next year.
- 4. All budget revisions or changes must be approved as required by Georgia law and administrative policy. Transfer of budgeted amounts within operating categories within departments can be requested by department directors. Transfer of budget amounts involving capital outlay or salaries require approval of the Augusta-Richmond County Commission. The Augusta-Richmond County Commission must approve revisions that alter the total expenditures of any department or fund. Budgets for capital items may be re-appropriated in the ensuing year's budget. Departments may request for other budget items to be re-appropriated in the form of a budget adjustment, contingent upon the Commission's approval.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service Funds. Capital Projects Funds have project linked budgets.
- 6. Budgets for these funds are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP.

## NOTE 3. LEGAL COMPLIANCE – BUDGETS (CONTINUED)

### A. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

Budget information for expenditures represents the operating budget (as amended) as approved by the Augusta-Richmond County Commission.

### B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds. Encumbrances are recorded when purchase orders are issued, but are not considered expenditures until liabilities for payments are incurred. Encumbrances for outstanding purchase orders do not lapse at year-end.

# C. Excess Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the following funds had excess of actual expenditures over appropriations, which were funded by available fund balance:

	Excess
General Fund	
General government	
Board of elections - salaries	\$ (2,213
Tax commissioner - salaries	(42,372
Tax commissioner - operations	(516,109
Print shop - salaries	(5,29)
Other non-departmental - operations	(187,30)
Judicial	
Civil court - salaries	(42,68)
Jury clerk - salaries	(814
Public safety	
Emergency management - salaries	(8,99
Fire department - operations	(33,38)
Public works	
Traffic engineering - salaries	(32,390
Culture and recreation	
Musuems - operations	(514
ire Protection Fund	
Public safety - operations	(620,96
rban Redevelopmnet Agency	
Housing and development	
Debt service - principal	(24,519,000
Debt service - interest	(4,070,850
Bond issuance costs	(2,800
	(2,00)
Irban Services Distict	(00.00
General government	(82,86)
Jrban Development Action Grant	
Housing and development	(10)
owntown Development	
General government	(25
rug Court	
Public safety	(17,149
uilding Inspection	
General government	(8,723
Conoral govornmont	(0,723

# NOTE 4. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Total deposits and investments as of December 31, 2021, are summarized as follows:

Amounts as presented on the entity-wide statement of net position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 336,856,337
Investments	73,314,998
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	69,568,874
Restricted investments	8,031,196
Amounts as presented on the fiduciary statement of net position:	
Cash and cash equivalents - Custodial Funds	19,303,193
Cash and cash equivalents - Pension Trust Funds	4,178,586
Investments - Pension Trust Funds	86,208,109
Cash and cash equivalents - Private-purpose Trust Fund	2,952
Investments - Private-purpose Trust Fund	5,000
Total	\$ 597,469,245
Cash deposited with financial institutions	\$ 429,909,942
Investments held at financial institutions	 167,559,303
	\$ 597,469,245

As of December 31, 2021, the Government held the following investments (in thousands):

			Investment Maturities (in Years)													
Investment Type	Fa	air Value	Le	ss than 1		1 - 5		6 - 10	11	- 15	16	i - 20	21 - 25	2	26 - 30	_
Entity wide:																
Guaranteed Inv. Contract	\$	15,266	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,266	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	
Certificates of deposit		56,350		56,350		-		-		-		-	-		-	
Government securities		9,624		4,532		5,092		-		-		-	-		-	
Mortgage backed securities		106		36		70		-		-		-	 -		-	
		81,346		60,918		5,162		15,266		-		-	 -		-	
Pension Trust Funds:																
Government securities		7,047		-		5,673		-		-		-	1,374		-	
Common stock		64,393		64,393		-		-		-		-	-		-	
Mortgage backed securities		3,935		-		53		147		73		81	774		2,807	
Mutual funds		10,833		10,833		-		-		-		-	-		-	
		86,208		75,226		5,726		147		73		81	 2,148		2,807	
Private Purpose Trust Fund:																
Government securities		5		-		-		5		-		-	-		-	
		5		-		-		5		-		-	 -		-	
Total fair value	\$	167,559	\$	136,144	\$	10,888	\$	15,418	\$	73	\$	81	\$ 2,148	\$	2,807	

## NOTE 4. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

**Credit Risk.** State statutes authorize the Government to invest in obligations of the State of Georgia or other states; obligations issued by the U.S. government; obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the U.S. government or by a government agency of the United States; obligations of any corporation of the U.S. government; prime bankers' acceptances; the local government investment pool established by state law; repurchase agreements; and obligations of other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia.

**Interest Rate Risk.** The Government's investment policy states that the Government will structure its portfolio to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities prior to their maturity. The policy also emphasizes the purchase of shorter term or more liquid investments. The policy does not place formal limits on investment maturities.

**Fair Value Measurements.** The Government categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Government has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2021:

Investment	Level 1 Level 2		Lev	vel 3	Fair Value		
Equity stocks	\$	64,393,175	\$ -	\$	-	\$	64,393,175
Mutual funds		10,833,259	-		-		10,833,259
Governmental bonds		16,676,360	-		-		16,676,360
Mortgage backed securities		105,635	 3,935,327		-		4,040,962
Total investments measured							
at fair value	\$	92,008,429	\$ 3,935,327	\$		\$	95,943,756
Investments not subject to							
level disclosure: Certicates of deposit							56.349.988
Investments recorded at cost:							30,349,900
Guaranteed Investment Contract							15,265,559
Total investments						\$	167,559,303

The Government's investment in equity stocks, mutual funds, governmental bonds, and mortgage backed securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those investments. The investments in mortgage backed securities classified as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

### NOTE 4. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

**Fair Value Measurements (Continued).** The Guaranteed Investment Contract is a nonparticipating interest-earning investment contract and, accordingly, is recorded at cost.

**Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits.** The Government does not have a formal custodial credit risk policy. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require all deposits and investments (other than federal or state government instruments) to be collateralized by depository insurance, obligations of the U.S. government, or bonds of public authorities, counties, or municipalities. As of December 31, 2021, the Government did not have any balances exposed to custodial credit risk as uninsured and uncollateralized as defined by GASB pronouncements.

**Custodial Credit Risk – Investments.** Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require all investments (other than federal or state government instruments) to be collateralized by depository insurance, obligations of the U.S. government, or bonds of public authorities, counties, or municipalities.

**General Retirement and 1945 Pension Plans – Investments.** The Plan's policy in regard to investments, including the allocation of invested assets, is established and may be amended by the Retirement Plan's Management Committee by a majority vote of its members. The Plan is authorized to invest in obligations of the United States Treasury or its agencies and instrumentalities, collateralized mortgage obligations, asset and mortgage backed securities, taxable bonds that are obligations of any state and its agencies, instrumentalities, and political subdivisions, and in certificates of deposit of national or state banks that are fully insured or collateralized by United States obligations. Additionally, the Plan is authorized to invest in common stocks, money market instruments, and corporate bonds and debentures, which are not in default as to principal and interest.

The Plan's investment policy follows state guidelines for pension plans.

## NOTE 4. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

**General Retirement and 1945 Pension Plans** – **Credit and Interest Rate Risk.** It is the Plan's policy to limit investments in common or preferred stock of a corporation to those corporations listed on one or more of the recognized national stock exchanges in the United States of America, or those traded on the NASDAQ National Market. The policy also limits stock investments to not more than 5% of the assets of any fund in common or preferred stock of any one issuing corporation. Domestic bonds are limited to those with ratings that meet or exceed investment grade as defined by Moody's, S&P, or Fitch. U.S. Government treasuries and agency bonds are not classified by credit quality.

As of December 31, 2021, the General Retirement Plan and the 1945 Plan had \$5,820,548 and \$86,208,109, respectively, invested in the following types of investments as categorized by credit and interest rate risk:

	 Fair Value	Credit Quality	Weighted Average Maturity (years)
Investment			
Common stock	\$ 64,393,175	N/A	N/A
Government securities	7,046,348	AAA	8.41
Mortgage backed securities	3,935,327	AA+	25.16
Mutual funds	10,833,259	N/A	N/A
	\$ 86,208,109		

**General Retirement and 1945 Pension Plans – Concentration.** On December 31, 2021, the Plans did not have debt or equity investments in any one organization, other than those issued by the U.S. Government, which represented greater than 5% of plan fiduciary net position.

**General Retirement and 1945 Pension Plans – Rate of Return.** For the year ended December 31, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense for the General Retirement Plan and the 1945 Plan, was 12.2% and 10.6%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

### NOTE 5. RECEIVABLES

Receivables consisted of the following at December 31, 2021:

		General		pecial Sales ax Phase 7	Р	Fire Protection	P	Fire Protection	G	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Water and Sewer System
Receivables:											
Taxes	\$	4,825,126	\$	-	\$	714,043	\$	-	\$	1,327,549	\$ -
Accounts		5,510,601		-		-		-		3,302,129	23,231,685
Interest		-		-		-		-		23,860	-
Notes		-		-		-		-		1,496,052	15,043,405
Due from other governments		3,985,971		4,843,180		130,059		-		3,448,941	-
Gross receivables	_	14,321,698	_	4,843,180	_	844,102	_	-		9,598,531	 38,275,090
Less allowance											
for uncollectibles		(783,963)		-		(135,794)		-		(237,252)	(212,772)
Net total receivables	\$	13,537,735	\$	4,843,180	\$	708,308	\$	-	\$	9,361,279	\$ 38,062,318
		Augusta Regional		Garbage	St	ormwater		lonmajor Interprise			
		Airport		Collection		Utility		Funds		Total	
Receivables:		•		-		Utility		Funds		Total	
Receivables: Taxes	\$	•	\$	-	\$	Utility -	\$	Funds -	\$	<b>Total</b> 6,866,718	
		•		-		Utility - 3,211,023	\$	Funds - 4,977,714	\$		
Taxes		Airport -		Collection -		-	\$	-	\$	6,866,718	
Taxes Accounts		Airport - 977,746		Collection -		-	\$	- 4,977,714	\$	6,866,718 45,119,857	
Taxes Accounts Interest		Airport - 977,746		Collection -		-	\$	- 4,977,714	\$	6,866,718 45,119,857 62,414	
Taxes Accounts Interest Notes		Airport 977,746 38,512		Collection -		-	\$	- 4,977,714	\$	6,866,718 45,119,857 62,414 16,539,457	
Taxes Accounts Interest Notes Due from other governments		Airport 977,746 38,512 3,443,283		Collection - 3,908,959 - - -		3,211,023 - - -	\$	- 4,977,714 42 - -	\$	6,866,718 45,119,857 62,414 16,539,457 15,851,434	
Taxes Accounts Interest Notes Due from other governments Gross receivables		Airport 977,746 38,512 3,443,283		Collection - 3,908,959 - - -		3,211,023 - - -	\$	- 4,977,714 42 - -	\$	6,866,718 45,119,857 62,414 16,539,457 15,851,434	

Property taxes attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1, 2021. Property taxes were levied on September 23, 2021, and payable on or before November 15, 2021. The Government bills and collects its own property taxes. Property taxes levied for 2021 are recorded as receivables, net of estimated uncollectibles. The net receivables collected during the year ended December 31, 2021, and collected by February 28, 2022, are recognized as revenues in the year ended December 31, 2021. Net receivables estimated to be collected subsequent to February 28, 2022, are recorded as revenue when received. Prior year levies were recorded using substantially the same principles, and remaining receivables are reevaluated annually.

Notes receivable of the primary government consist of the Department of Housing and Urban Development's Housing Rehabilitation Program loans to individuals and owners. Financing has been provided by various federal and state grants.

# NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

# **Primary Government**

Capital asset activity for the Government's governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2021 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Increases Decreases T		Ending Balance
Governmental activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 23,693,492	\$ 58,228	\$ -	\$ 2,059,152	\$ 25,810,872
Construction in progress	342,028,962	25,661,896	-	(138,728,422)	228,962,436
Assets held for sale	27,876,282	-	(27,876,282)	-	-
Total capital assets, not					
being depreciated	393,598,736	25,720,124	(27,876,282)	(136,669,270)	254,773,308
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Land and site improvements	30,511,840	53,000	-	-	30,564,840
Buildings	93,683,061	11,073,525	-	-	104,756,586
Building improvements	253,820,738	764,426	-	-	254,585,164
Vehicles	58,316,271	1,953,160	(1,442,854)	-	58,826,577
Machinery and equipment	25,347,879	418,508	(45,500)	-	25,720,887
Information tech - hardw are	10,153,366	153,888	-	24,250	10,331,504
Information tech - softw are	6,603,668	75,499	-	307,393	6,986,560
Furniture and fixtures	5,868,549	-	-	-	5,868,549
Infrastructure	189,645,898	-	-	136,337,627	325,983,525
<b>Richmond County Public Facilities</b>	15,145,545	-	-	-	15,145,545
Total capital assets,					
being depreciated	689,096,815	14,492,006	(1,488,354)	136,669,270	838,769,737
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Land and site improvements	(17,226,124)	(1,887,107)	-	-	(19,113,231)
Buildings	(93,683,061)	(9,227,298)	-	-	(102,910,359)
Building improvements	(20,915,534)	(3,169,350)	-	-	(24,084,884)
Vehicles	(39,528,563)	(3,441,352)	1,392,681	-	(41,577,234)
Machinery and equipment	(19,245,607)	(1,150,553)	45,500	-	(20,350,660)
Information tech - hardw are	(8,206,704)	(876,860)	-	-	(9,083,564)
Information tech - softw are	(6,352,208)	(151,288)	-	-	(6,503,496)
Furniture and fixtures	(4,401,060)	(559,762)	-	-	(4,960,822)
Infrastructure	(70,368,533)	(6,112,935)	-	-	(76,481,468)
<b>Richmond County Public Facilities</b>	(12,738,485)	-	-	-	(12,738,485)
Total accumulated depreciation	(292,665,879)	(26,576,505)	1,438,181	-	(317,804,203)
Total capital assets, being					i.
depreciated, net	396,430,936	(12,084,499)	(50,173)	136,669,270	520,965,534
Governmental activities capital					
assets, net	\$ 790,029,672	\$ 13,635,625	\$ (27,926,455)	\$	\$ 775,738,842

The above schedule includes the net book value of capital assets related to internal service funds as of December 31, 2021 of \$2,832.

# NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

# **Primary Government (Continued)**

Capital asset activity for the Government's business-type activities for the year ended December 31, 2021 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Business-type activities					
Capital assets, not being					
depreciated:					
Land	\$ 20,578,042	\$ 25,862	\$-	\$-	\$ 20,603,904
Construction in progress	70,334,624	22,385,300		(40,283,553)	52,436,371
Total capital assets, not					
being depreciated	90,912,666	22,411,162		(40,283,553)	73,040,275
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Site improvements	19,532,334	-	-	-	19,532,334
Building improvements	4,434,608	-	-	-	4,434,608
Landfill cells	36,651,471	-	-	-	36,651,471
Buildings	120,762,124	181,391	-	17,891,049	138,834,564
Vehicles	26,171,633	1,048,784	(157,653)	-	27,062,764
Machinery and equipment	50,326,167	858,364	(969,174)	-	50,215,357
Furniture and fixtures	2,543,258	51,817	-	-	2,595,075
Water and sew erage system	885,488,668	-	-	14,727,840	900,216,508
Contributed water and sew erage system	10,563,423	4,570,736	-	-	15,134,159
Infrastructure	98,727,009	-	-	7,664,664	106,391,673
Information tech - hardw are	796,032	38,005	-	-	834,037
Information tech - softw are	1,419,734	-	-	-	1,419,734
Total capital assets,			·		
being depreciated	1,257,416,461	6,749,097	(1,126,827)	40,283,553	1,303,322,284
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Site improvements	(8,368,566)	(734,067)	-	-	(9,102,633)
Building improvements	(2,247,306)	(120,055)	-	-	(2,367,361)
Landfill cells	(25,249,113)	(1,785,568)	-	-	(27,034,681)
Buildings	(67,095,170)	(2,631,602)	20,153	-	(69,706,619)
Vehicles	(20,788,701)	(1,488,763)	663,708	-	(21,613,756)
Machinery and equipment	(40,026,768)	(1,672,377)	772,178	-	(40,926,967)
Furniture and fixtures	(1,907,000)	(161,608)	-	-	(2,068,608)
Water and sew erage system	(373,632,056)	(16,071,108)	-	-	(389,703,164)
Contributed water and sew erage system	(9,830,958)	(167,172)	-	-	(9,998,130)
Infrastructure	(27,167,416)	(2,963,190)	-	-	(30,130,606)
Information tech - hardw are	(765,255)	(28,690)	-	-	(793,945)
Information tech - softw are	(1,024,379)	(138,026)	-	-	(1,162,405)
Total accumulated depreciation	(578,102,688)	(27,962,226)	1,456,039	-	(604,608,875)
Total capital assets, being	· · ·				, ,
depreciated, net	679,313,773	(21,213,129)	329,212	40,283,553	698,713,409
Business-type activities capital					
assets, net	\$ 770,226,439	\$ 1,198,033	\$ 329,212	\$ -	\$ 771,753,684

# NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

# **Primary Government (Continued)**

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	4,258,910
Judicial		1,436,711
Public safety		6,329,049
Public works		6,660,830
Health and welfare		5,216,459
Culture and recreation		2,591,074
Housing and development		83,472
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	26,576,505
Business-type activities: Water and sewer system	\$	18,546,517
Augusta Regional Airport	Ψ	4,806,736
Garbage collection		301,962
Waste management		2,845,823
Transit		525,064
Daniel Field Airport		200,898
Stormwater utility		735,226
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$	27,962,226

# NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

### **Primary Government**

The following is a summary of long-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2021:

	Beginning Balance				Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year		
Governmental activities:									
Revenue bonds	\$	92,724,000	\$	21,795,000	\$	(42,319,000)	\$ 72,200,000	\$	3,207,000
Unamortized premiums		1,552,054	_	-		(1,068,398)	 483,656		-
Total bonds payable		94,276,054		21,795,000		(43,387,398)	72,683,656		3,207,000
Certificates of participation		16,888,000		-		-	16,888,000		-
Compensated absences		7,826,218		3,827,405		(4,495,198)	7,158,425		4,295,055
Claims and judgments		2,750,606		-		(793,893)	1,956,713		1,565,370
Net pension liability		85,510,875		33,297,575		(85,159,371)	33,649,079		-
Total other post-employment									
benefit liability		185,045,183		15,006,868		(2,397,758)	197,654,293		-
Governmental activities									
long-term liabilities	\$	392,296,936	\$	73,926,848	\$	(136,233,618)	\$ 329,990,166	\$	9,067,425
Business-type activities:									
Revenue bonds	\$	444,465,000	\$	-	\$	(10,465,000)	\$ 434,000,000	\$	17,385,000
Deferred amounts									
Unamortized discounts		(537,912)		-		43,803	(494,109)		-
Unamortized premiums		27,753,015		-		(3,001,656)	24,751,359		-
Total bonds payable		471,680,103		-		(13,422,853)	 458,257,250		17,385,000
Notes from direct borrow ings		10,820,675		-		(770,116)	10,050,559		793,540
Financed purchases from direct borrow ings		760,442		829,893		(521,110)	1,069,225		292,784
Compensated absences		1,892,250		1,105,524		(1,374,133)	1,623,641		974,185
Net pension liability		20,271,025		7,782,172		(20,188,874)	7,864,323		-
benefit liability		30,352,567		2,288,427		(2,500,295)	30,140,699		-
Closure/post-closure liability		32,321,972		3,745,855		-	36,067,827		-
Business-type activities							 		
long-term liabilities	\$	568,099,034	\$	15,751,871	\$	(38,777,381)	\$ 545,073,524	\$	19,445,509

For governmental activities, compensated absences, claims and judgments, total OPEB liability, and net pension liability are generally liquidated by the General Fund. For business-type activities, compensated absences, total OPEB liability, and net pension liability are liquidated by the related Proprietary Fund.

# **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### **Governmental Activities Debt**

#### **Revenue Bonds**

The Government issues bonds to provide funds for various projects. The bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

	Interest Rate	-	Balance at ecember 31, 2021
Municipal Building Renovation Project, Series 2014	2% to 5%	\$	23,150,000
Parking Garage Project, Series 2017	3%		12,000,000
Parking Garage Project, Series 2018	3.90%		4,105,000
Laney-Walker and Bethlehem Project, Series 2020	1.18%		12,455,000
Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2021A	1.66%		10,945,000
Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2021B	1.51%		9,545,000
			72,200,000
Add: Unamortized premiums			483,656
		\$	72,683,656

#### **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### **Governmental Activities Debt (Continued)**

#### **Revenue Bonds (Continued)**

In September 2010, the Coliseum Authority issued \$22,120,000 of Augusta-Richmond County Coliseum Authority (Georgia) Revenue Bonds (Coliseum and TEE Center Project), Series 2010 (the "Series 2010 Bonds") to: 1) finance certain capital improvements to the existing multi-use coliseum and civic center-type facility, the Augusta Entertainment Center Complex, to be owned and operated by the Coliseum Authority pursuant to an Intergovernmental Service Agreement between the Coliseum Authority and the Government, and 2) construct a new multi-use coliseum and civic center-type facility to be known as the Augusta Trade, Exhibition, and Event Center ("TEE Center") to be sold by the Coliseum Authority to the Government pursuant to an Agreement of Sale. The Coliseum Authority will use \$5,000,000 of the proceeds from the sales of the Series 2010 Bonds for capital improvements of the Augusta Entertainment Center Complex. The remainder of the proceeds will be used to construct the TEE Center. The Series 2010 Bonds are special limited obligation debt of the Coliseum Authority payable solely from the hotel/motel tax payments made by the Government to the Coliseum Authority under the Intergovernmental Service Agreement and the Agreement of Sale (the "Agreements"). The Series 2010 Bond debt, its proceeds and the corresponding capital improvements to the Augusta Entertainment Center Complex and the TEE Center construction are reflected on the Government's financial statements. Under the terms of the Agreements, the Coliseum Authority will acquire the TEE Center site and authorize the Government to, on its behalf, construct and install the TEE Center Project and acquire equipment in the name of the Coliseum Authority. The real property and other required property interest for the construction of the improvements has been secured subject to revised deeds and related instruments being prepared based on "as built" surveys. Upon the completion of the surveys, final documents will be prepared and the premises will be conveyed to the Coliseum Authority as required by the Agreements. Upon completion of the TEE Center, the Coliseum Authority will sell the TEE Center to the Government for the entire balance of the Series 2010 Bond Obligation. These bonds were refunded during the year ended December 31, 2021 with the Augusta-Richmond County Authority Refunding Revenue Bond, Federally Taxable Series 2021 (the "Series 2021A Bonds") and the Augusta-Richmond County Coliseum Authority Revenue Bond, Series 2021 (the "Series 2021B bonds").

In August of 2014, the Urban Redevelopment Agency issued Revenue Bonds (Municipal Building Renovation Project, Series 2014). The proceeds of these bonds were used to finance the construction, renovation and expansion of various municipal buildings. Interest on the bonds is variable from 2% to 5%. Interest is payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year with principal payable annually beginning October 1, 2018, ranging from \$1,270,000 to \$2,125,000 through October 1, 2034.

#### **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### **Governmental Activities Debt (Continued)**

#### **Revenue Bonds (Continued)**

In July of 2017, the Urban Redevelopment Agency issued Revenue Bonds (Parking Garage Project, Series 2017). The proceeds of these bonds were used to finance the costs of acquiring, constructing and installing a parking facility. Interest on the bonds is 3%. Interest is payable semiannually on April 1 and October 1 of each year with principal payable annually beginning October 1, 2023, ranging from \$770,000 to \$1,095,000 through October 1, 2036.

In October of 2018, the Urban Redevelopment Agency issued Revenue Bonds (CV Foundary Apartment, LLC Project, Series 2018). The proceeds of these bonds were used to finance the costs of acquiring, constructing and installing an apartment complex. Interest on the bonds was variable from 3.875% to 5.00%. Interest was payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year with principal payable annually beginning October 1, 2020, ranging from \$275,000 to \$855,000 through October 1, 2034. In June of 2021, the Authority used resources from the sale of the apartment complex to advance refund the bonds in an in substance defeasance. Securities of \$29,944,565 were purchased and deposited in an irrevocable trust fund with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the above mentioned bonds. The refunding decreased the total debt service payments over the next 27 years by approximately \$13,668,000.

In July of 2018, the Urban Redevelopment Agency issued Revenue Bonds (Parking Garage Project, Series 2018). The proceeds of these bonds were used to finance the costs of acquiring, constructing and installing a parking facility. Interest on the bonds is 3.9%. Interest is payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year with principal payable annually beginning October 1, 2024, ranging from \$226,000 to \$372,000 through October 1, 2037.

In September of 2020, the Urban Redevelopment Agency issued Revenue Bonds (Laney Walker and Bethlehem Project, Series 2020). The proceeds of these bonds were used to refund the Laney Walker and Bethlehem Project, Series 2015 bonds and finance the costs of certain urban redevelopment projects. Interest on the bonds is 1.18% Interest is payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year with principal payable annually beginning October 1, 2021, ranging from \$444,000 to \$11,082,000 through October 1, 2025.

#### Primary Government (Continued)

#### Governmental Activities Debt (Continued)

#### **Revenue Bonds (Continued)**

In January of 2021, the Coliseum Authority issued \$10,945,000 Augusta-Richmond County Authority Refunding Revenue Bond, Federally Taxable Series 2021 (the "Series 2021A Bonds") and \$10,850,000 Augusta-Richmond County Coliseum Authority Revenue Bonds, Series 2020 (the "Series 2021B bonds"). All of the proceeds of the Series 2021B Bonds and a portion of the Series 2021A Bonds were used to advance refund the Augusta-Richmond County Coliseum Authority (Georgia) Revenue Bonds (Coliseum and TEE Center Project), Series 2010 (the "Series 2010 Bonds") in the amount of \$13,335,000. The remaining \$8,000,000 of the Series 2021A bond proceeds is to be used to finance certain costs of the planning and development of a new multi-use Coliseum and Civic Center type facility to replace all or part of the Government's Coliseum facility. The advance refunding of the Series 2010 Bonds resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of approximately \$707,000. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deferred outflow of resources, is being charged to interest expense through the year 2030 using the effective-interest method. The refunding decreased the total debt service payments over the next nine years by approximately \$2,516,000 and produced an economic gain of approximately \$2,245,000. Proceeds of approximately \$13,552,000 from the defeased issues were used to purchase U.S. Government Securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust fund with an escrow agency to provide for all future debt service payments on the above mentioned bonds. The Series 2021A Bonds are due in annual installments of \$135,000 to \$1,570,000 plus interest at 1.660% through December 2040. The Series 2021B Bonds are due in annual installments of \$270,000 to \$1,385,000 plus interest at 1.512% through December 2029.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the revenue bonds as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

Year ending December 31,	 Principal Interest		ipal Interest		Interest		Total
2022	\$ 3,207,000	\$	1,705,440	\$	4,912,440		
2023	3,273,000		1,636,354		4,909,354		
2024	4,334,000		1,565,621		5,899,621		
2025	15,052,000		1,461,337		16,513,337		
2026	4,209,000		1,229,071		5,438,071		
2027 – 2031	21,764,000		4,485,227		26,249,227		
2032 – 2036	16,754,000		1,635,903		18,389,903		
2037 – 2040	3,607,000		149,881		3,756,881		
	\$ 72,200,000	\$	13,868,834	\$	86,068,834		

#### Primary Government (Continued)

#### **Governmental Activities Debt (Continued)**

#### **Certificates of Participation**

In June 1998, the Government entered into a lease pool agreement with the Georgia Municipal Association (the "GMA"). The funding of the lease pool was provided by the issuance of \$150,126,000 Certificates of Participation by the GMA. The GMA passed the net proceeds through to the participating municipalities with the Government's participation totaling \$16,888,000. The lease pool agreement with the GMA provides that the Government owns their portion of the assets invested by the pool and is responsible for the payment of their portion of the principal and interest of the Certificates of Participation. The principal is due in a lump sum payment on June 1, 2028. Interest is payable at a rate of 4.75% each year. The Government draws from the investment to lease equipment from the GMA. The lease pool agreement requires the Government to make lease payments back into its investment account to fund the principal and interest requirements of the 1998 GMA Certificates of Participation.

Annual debt service requirements are as follows:

Year ending December 31,	Principal		 Interest	Total			
2022	\$	-	\$ 802,180	\$	802,180		
2023		-	802,180		802,180		
2024		-	802,180		802,180		
2025		-	802,180		802,180		
2026		-	802,180		802,180		
2027 and 2028		16,888,000	3,208,720		20,096,720		
	\$	16,888,000	\$ 7,219,620	\$	24,107,620		

#### **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### **Governmental Activities Debt (Continued)**

#### **Certificates of Participation (Continued)**

As part of the issuance of the Certificates of Participation, the Government entered into an interest rate Swap Agreement. Under the Swap Agreement, the Government is required to pay: (i) a semiannual (and beginning July 1, 2003, a monthly) floating rate of interest based on the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association ("SIFMA") Municipal Swap Index (plus a 31 basis points spread) to, or on behalf of, the Swap Counterparty (the "Swap Payment"); and the Swap Counterparty will pay to, or on behalf of, the Government a semi-annual payment based on a rate equal to the fixed rate on the Certificates of Participation (4.75%) times a notional amount specified in the Swap Agreement, but generally equal to the outstanding unpaid principal portion of such contract, less the amount originally deposited in the Reserve Fund relating to the contract, and (ii) a one-time swap premium to be paid on the effective date of the Swap Agreement. The semi-annual payments from the Swap Counterparty with respect to the Government are structured, and expected to be sufficient to make all interest payments due under the contract, and related distributions of interest on the certificates. Monthly interest payments between the Government, the holders of the Certificates of Participation, and the Swap Counterparty can be made in net settlement form as part of this agreement. Under the Swap Agreement, the Government's obligation to pay floating payments to the Swap Counterparty in any calendar year may not exceed an amount equal to the SIFMA Municipal Swap Index plus 5% to be determined on the first business day of December in the preceding year. This agreement matures on June 1, 2028, at the same time of the Certificates of Participation. This derivative gualifies as a fair market hedge.

In the unlikely event that the Swap Counterparty becomes insolvent, or fails to make payments as specified in the Swap Agreement, the Government would be exposed to credit risk in the amount of the Swap's fair value. To minimize this risk, the Government executed this agreement with counterparties of appropriate credit strength, with the counterparty being rated Aa3 by Moody's. At December 31, 2021, the floating rate being paid by the Government is 0.40% and the market value of this agreement is \$3,543,272, a decrease of \$1,350,202 from the market value at the end of the previous year. The market value of the hedge was determined using settlement prices at the end of the day on December 31, 2021, based on the derivative contract. This market value is reported as an asset in GMA Leases Fund in the statement of net position. As this derivative is an effective hedge, qualifying for hedge accounting, the inflow from the hedge (any change in fair value from inception until year-end) is deferred and reported as deferred inflow of resources in the statement of net position.

# **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### **Business-type Activities Debt**

#### **Revenue Bonds**

The Government issues bonds to provide funds for various projects. The revenue bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

Water and Sewer, Series 2013       0.70% to 4.85%       14,595,000         Water and Sewer, Series 2014       3.00% to 4.50%       162,750,000         Water and Sewer, Series 2017       3.00% to 5.00%       87,365,000         Water and Sewer, Series 2019       2.35%       21,000,000         Airport, Series 2015       5.00%       8,595,000         Waste Management, Series 2010       3.00% to 4.50%       5,020,000		Interest Rate	Balance at ecember 31, 2021
Water and Sewer, Series 2014       3.00% to 4.50%       162,750,000         Water and Sewer, Series 2017       3.00% to 5.00%       87,365,000         Water and Sewer, Series 2019       2.35%       21,000,000         Airport, Series 2015       5.00%       8,595,000         Waste Management, Series 2010       3.00% to 4.50%       5,020,000	Water and Sewer, Series 2012	3.00% to 5.00%	\$ 134,675,000
Water and Sewer, Series 2017       3.00% to 5.00%       87,365,000         Water and Sewer, Series 2019       2.35%       21,000,000         Airport, Series 2015       5.00%       8,595,000         Waste Management, Series 2010       3.00% to 4.50%       5,020,000	Water and Sewer, Series 2013	0.70% to 4.85%	14,595,000
Water and Sewer, Series 2019         2.35%         21,000,000           Airport, Series 2015         5.00%         8,595,000           Waste Management, Series 2010         3.00% to 4.50%         5,020,000           434,000,000         434,000,000         434,000,000	Water and Sewer, Series 2014	3.00% to 4.50%	162,750,000
Airport, Series 2015         5.00%         8,595,000           Waste Management, Series 2010         3.00% to 4.50%         5,020,000           434,000,000         434,000,000	Water and Sewer, Series 2017	3.00% to 5.00%	87,365,000
Waste Management, Series 2010         3.00% to 4.50%         5,020,000           434,000,000         434,000,000         434,000,000	Water and Sewer, Series 2019	2.35%	21,000,000
434,000,000	Airport, Series 2015	5.00%	8,595,000
	Waste Management, Series 2010	3.00% to 4.50%	5,020,000
			 434,000,000
Less: Unamortized discounts (494,109	Less:	Unamortized discounts	(494,109)
Add: Unamortized premiums 24,751,359	Add:	Unamortized premiums	24,751,359
\$ 458,257,250			\$ 458,257,250

#### **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### Business-type Activities Debt (Continued)

#### **Revenue Bonds (Continued)**

During the year ended December 31, 2007, the Government issued \$177,010,000 in Series 2007 Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds. A portion of the proceeds from the sale of these bonds was used to refund all of the former Series 1996 and 1997 Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$56,875,000. The remaining portion of the bond proceeds of \$120,135,000 was used to advance refund a portion of the Series 2000 and 2002 Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds. The current refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the 1996 and 1997 Bonds of approximately \$4,300,000. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deferred outflow of resources, is being charged to operations through the year 2030 using the effective-interest method. The refunding decreased the total debt service payments over the next 21 years by approximately \$5,600,000 and produced an economic gain of approximately \$3,700,000. The advance refunding of the 2000 and 2002 Bonds resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of approximately \$3,200,000. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deferred outflow of resources, is being charged to interest expense through the year 2030 using the effective-interest method. The refunding decreased the total debt service payments over the next 23 years by approximately \$7,200,000 and produced an economic gain of approximately \$4,600,000. Proceeds of approximately \$126,793,000 from the defeased issues were used to purchase U.S. Government Securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust fund with an escrow agency to provide for all future debt service payments on the above mentioned bonds. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$2,060,000 to \$12,260,000 plus interest at 4.0% to 5.0% through October 2030.

During the year ended December 31, 2012, the Government issued \$138,830,000 in Series 2012 Water and Sewerage Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds for the purposes of: 1) refunding all of the Series 2002 Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds, 2) financing the costs of making additions, extensions and improvements to the water and sewer system, 3) funding a debt service reserve account for the 2012 Series Bonds, and 4) financing the costs of issuing the 2012 Series Bonds. The advance refunding of the 2002 series resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of approximately \$600,000. The difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deferred outflow of resources, is being charged to increase expenses through the year 2033 using the effective-interest method. The refunding decreased the total debt service payments over the next 11 years by approximately \$78 million and produced an economic gain of approximately \$40 million. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$4,155,000 to \$20,095,000 plus interest at 3.0% to 5.0% through October 2042.

#### **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### Business-type Activities Debt (Continued)

#### **Revenue Bonds (Continued)**

During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Government issued \$22,070,000 in Series 2013 Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds for the purposes of: 1) funding, in part, the debt service reserve account for the Prior Lien Bonds, 2) funding a debt service reserve for the Series 2013 Bonds, and 3) paying the costs of issuance of the Series 2013 Bonds. Principal payments are due in annual installments commencing on October 1, 2014 through 2033. Interest payments are due in semi-annual installments on each April 1 and October 1 at varying rates between 0.7% and 4.85%.

During the year ended December 31, 2014, the Government issued \$169,180,000 in Series 2014 Water and Sewerage Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds for the purposes of: 1) refunding all of the Series 2004 Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds, 2) financing the costs of making additions, extensions, and improvements to the water and sewer system, 3) funding a debt service reserve account for the 2014 Series Bonds, and 4) financing the costs of issuing the 2014 Series Bonds. The advance refunding of the 2004 series resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of approximately \$4.9 million. The difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deferred inflow of resources, is being charged to increase expenses through the year 2039 using the effective-interest method. The refunding decreased the total debt service payments over the next 11 years by approximately \$66.3 million and produced an economic gain of approximately \$33.1 million. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$820,000 to \$24,635,000 plus interest at 3.0% to 4.5% through October 2039.

During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Government issued \$94,895,000 in Series 2017 Water and Sewerage Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds for the purposes of: 1) refunding all of the Series 2007 Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds, and 2) paying the costs of issuance of the 2017 Series Bonds. The current refunding of the 2007 series resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of approximately \$3.7 million. The difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deferred inflow of resources, is being charged to increase expenses through the year 2030 using the effective-interest method. The refunding decreased the total debt service payments over the next 13 years by approximately \$37.3 million and produced an economic gain of approximately \$19.8 million. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$7,530,000 to \$11,040,000 plus interest at 5% through October 2030.

#### **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### Business-type Activities Debt (Continued)

#### **Revenue Bonds (Continued)**

During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Government issued \$21,000,000 in Series 2019 Water and Sewerage Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds for the purpose of funding the Fort Gordon Campus Utilities projects. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$700,000 to \$2,630,000 plus interest at 2.35% through October 2031.

The Airport General Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2015A and 2015B are payable through 2035 primarily from Passenger Facility Charge (PPFC") No. 99-01-C-AGS approved by the Federal Aviation Administration in 2004. Should the proceeds of the Passenger Facility Charge not be sufficient to pay when due interest and principal on Series 2015A and 2015B bonds, the interest and principal shortfall will be paid from Airport Net General Revenues, derived by the Government from the ownership and operation of the Airport, remaining after the payment of expenses of operating, maintaining, and repairing the Airport ("Net General Revenues"), and those Passenger Facility Charge revenues that are allocable to the 2005 Project ("PFC Revenues"). The Series 2015A bonds are payable in semi-annually interest only payments of 5.00% beginning January 1, 2016, and principal payable annually beginning January 2026 ranging from \$530,000 to \$825,000 through January 1, 2035. The Series 2015B bonds are payable in semi-annually interest only payments of 5.00% beginning January 2017 ranging from \$350,000 to \$515,000 through January 1, 2025.

#### Primary Government (Continued)

#### Business-type Activities Debt (Continued)

#### **Revenue Bonds (Continued)**

Pursuant to the Bond Resolution, the Augusta Regional Airport is subject to meeting certain financial covenants related to the Airport Revenue Bonds. The financial covenants include requirements to: 1) provide for 100% of the Expenses of Operation and Maintenance and for the accumulation in the Operation and Maintenance Reserve Fund of the Operating Reserve; and 2) produce Net General Revenues, together with other available monies, in each year which will: a) equal at least 125% of the Debt Service Requirement on all General Revenue Bonds then outstanding for the sinking fund year ending on the next January 1 and at least 100% of the debt service or other amounts payable on all Subordinate Bonds and Other Airport Obligations payable from Net General Revenues then outstanding for the year of computation, b) enable the Aviation Commission to make all required payments, if any, into the Debt Service Reserve Account, the PFC Debt Service Reserve Account, the Rebate Fund, the Renewal and Replacement Fund and on any contract or Other Airport Obligation, c) enable the Aviation Commission to accumulate an amount to be held in the Capital Improvement Fund, which in the judgment of the Aviation Commission is adequate to meet the costs of major renewals, replacements, repairs, additions, betterments, and improvements to the Airport, necessary to keep the same in good operating condition or as is required by any governmental agency having jurisdiction over the Airport, and d) remedy all deficiencies in required payments from the Revenue Fund from prior years. As of December 31, 2021, the Airport was in compliance with all covenants.

During the year ended December 31, 2010, the Government issued \$9,165,000 in Series 2010 Solid Waste Management Authority of Augusta Revenue Bonds for the purpose of paying all or a portion of the costs of improvements to the Government's solid waste and recycling facility, including improvements to the gas collection and control system and paying the cost of issuing the Series 2010 Bonds. Payments are due in annual installments of \$250,000 to \$660,000 starting October 1, 2011 through October 1, 2030, plus interest from 3.0% to 4.5% payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1, beginning April 1, 2011. The Government intends to make its payments under the contract from its portion of the revenues generated by a direct annual ad valorem property tax; however, the Government's portion of the revenue from the taxes is not pledged to such payments or to secure the payment of the bonds.

# **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### **Business-type Activities Debt (Continued)**

#### **Revenue Bonds (Continued)**

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the revenue bonds as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

Year ending December 31,	 Principal		Interest		Total
2022	\$ 17,385,000	\$	18,091,423	\$	35,476,423
2023	18,640,000		17,300,358		35,940,358
2024	19,475,000		16,457,913		35,932,913
2025	20,345,000		15,585,330		35,930,330
2026	21,250,000		14,670,520		35,920,520
2027 – 2031	115,005,000		59,118,648		174,123,648
2032 – 2036	106,920,000		37,757,825		144,677,825
2037 – 2041	99,265,000		13,710,075		112,975,075
2042 and 2043	15,715,000		550,025		16,265,025
	\$ 434,000,000	\$	193,242,117	\$	627,242,117

### **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### Business-type Activities Debt (Continued)

#### **Notes from Direct Borrowing**

The Government has entered into financing agreements with the U.S. Army – Fort Gordon Garrison Command for the purchase of the water and sewer system and to the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority ("GEFA") for improvements to the water and sewer system. The outstanding principal on these notes are as follows at December 31, 2021:

Purpose	Original Se Amount		Interest Rate	Due Date			
Water and sewer improvements	\$	8,040,345	3.00%	2031	\$	4,650,944	
Water and sewer improvements		8,250,814	3.00%	2034		5,399,615	
						10,050,559	
			Less current		(793,540)		
					\$	9,257,019	

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows as of December 31, 2021:

Year ending December 31,	Principal		 Interest	Total		
2022	\$	793,539	\$ 290,665	\$	1,084,204	
2023		817,676	266,528		1,084,204	
2024		842,547	241,658		1,084,205	
2025		868,173	216,031		1,084,204	
2026		894,580	189,625		1,084,205	
2027 – 2031		4,897,976	523,047		5,421,023	
2032 – 2034		936,068	23,700		959,768	
	\$	10,050,559	\$ 1,751,254	\$	11,801,813	

### **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### **Business-type Activities Debt (Continued)**

#### **Financed Purchase from Direct Borrowing**

The Government has entered into financed purchase agreements for the acquisition of various equipment. The following is an analysis of assets from financed purchase agreements as of December 31, 2021:

	Bi	usiness-type Activities
Equipment Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$	12,064,484 (9,899,271)
	\$	2,165,213

The above includes current year depreciation expense of \$505,744.

The Government's debt service requirements to maturity for these financed purchase agreement are as of December 31, 2021:

Fiscal year ending December 31,	Business-type Activities				
2022	\$ 335,255				
2023	414,433				
2024	165,465				
2025	248,968				
Total minimum lease payments	 1,164,121				
Less amount representing interest	 (94,896)				
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$ 1,069,225				

### **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### Business-type Activities Debt (Continued)

#### Landfill Post-closure Care Costs

State and Federal laws and regulations require the Government to place a final cover on its landfill when closed and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for 30 years after closure. In addition to operating expenses related to current activities of the landfill, an expense provision and related liability are being recognized based on the future closure and postclosure care costs that will be incurred near or after the date the landfill no longer accepts waste. The recognition of these landfill closure and post-closure care costs is based on the amount of the landfill used during the year. The estimated liability for landfill closure and post-closure care costs has a balance of \$36,067,827 as of December 31, 2021, which is based on 100% usage (filled) of Cell II C and 14.91% usage (filled) of Cell III, which is operating currently, and 100% usage (filled) of Cells II A and II B. This liability is recorded in the Waste Management Enterprise Fund. The estimated total current cost of the landfill closure and post-closure care, \$32,856,500, is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the landfill were acquired as of December 31, 2021. However, the actual cost of closure and post-closure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

The Government expects to finance the costs for the estimated landfill closure and post-closure care costs as they become due during the coming 30 years through the regular operations of the Government.

# NOTE 8. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2021 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount			
Due to/from other funds:					
General	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 77,3	394		
General	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	162,2	<u>2</u> 67		
General	Internal Service Fund - GMA Leases	38,9	943		
General	Urban Redevelopment Agency	5,735,8	387		
Urban Redevelopment Agency	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	2,7	762		
Garbage Collection	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	152,1	161		
Garbage Collection	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	19,9	963		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	2,8	357		
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	General Fund	173,2	253		
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Augusta Regional Airport	1,911,4	451		
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	511,1	151		
Internal Service Fund - GMA Leases	Water and Sewer System	198,9	993		
Internal Service Fund - GMA Leases	Augusta Regional Airport	150,8	360		
Internal Service Fund - GMA Leases	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	380,2	<u>263</u>		
		\$ 9,518,2	205		
Advances to/from other funds:					
Internal Service Fund - GMA Leases	Water and Sewer System	\$ 45,0	)66		
Internal Service Fund - GMA Leases	Augusta Regional Airport	265,4	106		
Internal Service Fund - GMA Leases	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	520,1	195		
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	6,576,7	742		
		\$ 7,407,4	109		
Due to/from component units:					
Receivable Entity	Payable Entity	Amount			
General Fund	Augusta Canal Authority	\$ 73,5	584		

### NOTE 8. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)

These balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that: 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made. Advances to/from other funds represent amounts not expected to be repaid within one year from the date of the financial statements.

The composition of interfund transfers during the year ended December 31, 2021 were as follows:

					Trans	sfer	From				
					Special		Urban			Nonmajor	
			Fire		Sales Tax	Re	edevelopment	Garbage		Governmental	
Transfer To	 General	_	Protection	_	Phase 7	_	Agency	 Collection	_	Funds	 Total
General	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	7,254,785	\$ 7,254,785
Fire Protection	-		-		-		-	-		7,616,170	7,616,170
Special Sales Tax Phase 7	-		1,000,000		-					21,920	1,021,920
Urban Redevelopment Agency	401,100		-		2,201,200		-	-		725,000	3,327,300
Water and Sewer System	-		-		-		-	-		366,530	366,530
Augusta Regional Airport										216,220	216,220
Garbage Collection										1,064,200	1,064,200
Stormwater Utility Nonmajor	-				-			225,000		71,120	296,120
Governmental Funds Nonmajor	3,031,879		-		-		2,265,000	-		4,788,847	10,085,726
Enterprise Funds	-		-		-		-	-		1,113,390	1,113,390
Total	\$ 3,432,979	\$	1,000,000	\$	2,201,200	\$	2,265,000	\$ 225,000	\$	23,238,182	\$ 32,362,361

Transfers are used to: 1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that the statute or budget requires to expend them, 2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, and 3) to transfer funds from Special Sales Tax Phase 7 Fund to Nonmajor Governmental Funds to pay for approved projects in resolution.

### NOTE 9. PENSION PLANS

#### **Primary Government**

#### <u>1945 Plan</u>

#### **Plan Description**

*Plan administration.* The 1945 Plan, a single-employer defined benefit pension plan, was available to all former Richmond County employees hired prior to October 1, 1975, that met the 1945 Plan's age and length of service requirements. The Pension and Audit Committee makes recommendations for changes to the 1945 Plan to the Augusta-Richmond County Commission which has the authority to amend the 1945 Plan document. The committee is comprised of the Augusta-Richmond County Commission Mayor, Mayor Pro-Tem, the Chairman of the Augusta-Richmond County Commission Finance Committee, the Government's Administrator, and the Government's Finance Director.

The 1945 Plan was created by resolution of the Richmond County Board of Commissioners in March 1945. In February 2001, the Augusta-Richmond County Commission, as successor to the Richmond County Board of Commissioners, approved the restatement of the 1945 Plan effective January 1, 1997. This is a closed retirement plan (new employees may not participate in the 1945 Plan). The 1945 Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial statement report.

The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position for the 1945 Plan for the year ended December 31, 2021 is presented below.

	1945 Plan
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 1,071,185
Investments, at fair value:	
Government securities	791,392
Common stock	3,323,258
Mortgage backed securities	496,581
Mutual funds	1,209,317
Accounts receivable	493,140
Interest receivable	 6,338
Total assets	 7,391,211
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	 122
Total liabilities	 122
NET POSITION	
Restricted for pension benefits	\$ 7,391,089

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# **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### 1945 Plan (Continued)

#### Plan Description (Continued)

The Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for the 1945 Plan for the year ended December 31, 2021 is presented below.

	1945				
	Plan				
ADDITIONS					
Contributions:					
Employer	\$ 491,442				
Other receipts	81				
Total contributions	491,523				
Investment earnings:					
Interest	1,132				
Net increase in fair value of investments	817,224				
Net investment earnings	818,356				
Total additions	1,309,879				
DEDUCTIONS					
Benefits	812,482				
Administrative expenses	46,107				
Total deductions	858,589				
Change in net position	451,290				
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	6,939,799				
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 7,391,089				

Plan membership. At December 31, 2021, pension plan membership consisted of the following:

Active participants	-
Retirees and beneficiaries	16
	16

#### Primary Government (Continued)

#### 1945 Plan (Continued)

#### **Plan Description (Continued)**

*Benefits provided.* Participants in the 1945 Plan who retired at or after age 60 are entitled to a monthly benefit equal to 2% of average earnings multiplied by years of service. The 1945 Plan provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements including amendments are established by Government ordinance. The 1945 Plan also provides for reduced benefits if the participant elects to retire after attaining age 50 and completing 15 years of service.

*Contributions.* Employees are required to make contributions to the 1945 Plan equal to 5% of earnings. The Government is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund the 1945 Plan. The contribution amount is determined using actuarial methods and assumptions approved by the trustees and must satisfy the minimum contribution requirement contained in the State of Georgia statutes. Administrative costs of the 1945 Plan are financed through investment income. If a participant terminates employment prior to completion of ten years of credited service, the participant receives a lump-sum amount equal to his/her total contributions to the 1945 Plan, with 5% interest computed from January 1, 1997. After completion of at least ten years of credited service, the benefit computed as for normal retirement multiplied by the percentage based on completed years of credited service, as follows: 50% after ten years, increasing 10% each year to 100% after 15 years of credited service. For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Government's contribution rate was 0.0% of annual payroll.

#### Net Pension Liability of the Government

The Government's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation2.0%Salary increasesN/AInvestment rate of return7.00%, net of pension plan investment expense

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Amount-Weighted Mortality with improvement Scale AA projected to 2022.

### **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### 1945 Plan (Continued)

#### Net Pension Liability of the Government (Continued)

All actuarial assumptions were reviewed prior to the preparation of the December 31, 2021 valuation. As a very significant portion of the actuarial liability is attributable to inactive lives, the two assumptions (investment return and mortality table) that have the most significant impact on the liabilities were revised to reflect the actuary's anticipated future experience of the 1945 Plan.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021 are: Equity Securities -6% and Fixed Income Securities -2.5%.

*Discount rate*. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Government contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### 1945 Plan (Continued)

#### Net Pension Liability of the Government (Continued)

*Changes in the Net Pension Liability of the Government.* The changes in the components of the net pension liability of the Government for the year ended December 31, 2021 were as follows:

	 tal Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances at December 31, 2020	\$ 7,215,297	\$	5,994,268	\$	1,221,029
Changes for the year:					
Interest	478,065		-		478,065
Difference between expected and					
actual experience	134,943		-		134,943
Contributions – employer	-		491,442		(491,442)
Net investment income	-		778,558		(778,558)
Benefit payments, including refunds					
of employee contributions	(771,614)		(771,614)		-
Administrative expense/DB Transfers	-		100,804		(100,804)
Other	12,917		-		12,917
Net changes	 (145,689)		599,190		(744,879)
Balances at December 31, 2021	\$ 7,069,608	\$	6,593,458	\$	476,150

The Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability

93.3%

The required schedule of changes in the Government's net pension liability and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension liability.

#### Primary Government (Continued)

#### 1945 Plan (Continued)

#### Net Pension Liability of the Government (Continued)

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the net pension liability of the Government, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Government's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

1% Decrease (6.00%)		Disc	Current ount Rate 7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)		
\$	991,514	\$	476,150	\$	21,460	

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of December 31, 2021, and the current sharing pattern of costs between employer and employee.

#### Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Government recognized pension expense of \$88,171. At December 31, 2021, the Government reported the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments in the amount of \$552,025 as a deferred inflow of resources, which will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending December 31,		
2022	\$	(78,287)
2023		(253,973)
2024		(122,411)
2025		(97,354)
Total	\$	(552,025)

#### Primary Government (Continued)

#### **General Retirement Plan**

#### **Plan Description**

*Plan administration.* The General Retirement Plan (the "1949 Plan"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan, was available to all former City of Augusta employees hired after March 1, 1949 and before March 1, 1987, whose age did not exceed 35 years at the time of their employment. The Pension and Audit Committee makes recommendations for changes to the 1949 Plan to the Augusta-Richmond County Commission which has the authority to amend the 1949 Plan document. The committee is comprised of the Augusta-Richmond County Commission Mayor, Mayor Pro-Tem, the Chairman of the Augusta-Richmond County Commission Finance Committee, the Government's Administrator, and the Government's Finance Director.

The 1949 Plan was created by an Act of the General Assembly of Georgia (Senate Bill No. 130) on March 1, 1949. In February 2001, the Augusta-Richmond County Commission, as successor to the Richmond County Board of Commissioners, approved the restatement of the 1949 Plan effective January 1, 1997. This is a closed retirement plan (new employees may not participate in the 1949 Plan). The 1949 Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial statement report.

	1	Retirement	
ASSETS			
Cash	\$	3,107,401	
Investments, at fair value:			
Government securities		6,254,956	
Common stock		61,069,917	
Mortgage backed securities		3,438,746	
Mutual funds		9,623,942	
Accounts receivable		2,277,074	
Interest receivable		48,503	
Total assets		85,820,539	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable		2,602,548	
Total liabilities		2,602,548	
NET POSITION			
Restricted for pension benefits	\$	83,217,991	

The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position for the 1949 Plan for the year ended December 31, 2021 is presented below.

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#### NOTE 9. **PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)**

# **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### **General Retirement Plan (Continued)**

#### Plan Description (Continued)

The Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for the 1949 Plan for the year ended December 31, 2021 is presented below.

	General Retirement	
ADDITIONS		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$	4,114,233
Employee		28,101
Total contributions		4,142,334
Investment earnings:		
Net increase in fair value of investments		12,688,264
Net investment earnings		12,688,264
Total additions		16,830,598
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefits		8,523,032
Administrative expenses		735,820
Total deductions		9,258,852
Change in net position		7,571,746
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		75,646,245
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	83,217,991

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE 9. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

### Primary Government (Continued)

#### **General Retirement Plan (Continued)**

#### **Plan Description (Continued)**

Plan membership. At December 31, 2021, pension plan membership consisted of the following:

Active participants	7
Retirees and beneficiaries	190
Vested terminated	5
	202

*Benefits provided.* Pension benefits vest after an employee is 45 years of age and has 15 years of full-time employment. An employee may retire at age 60 with 25 years of service and receive annual pension benefits equal to 2% of the employee's average salary earned during the last three years of employment, multiplied by the number of full-time years of employment. The 1949 Plan provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements including amendments are established by Government ordinance. All full-time employees hired before July 1, 1980, must contribute 8% of gross earnings and employees hired after July 1, 1980, must contribute 5% of gross earnings to the 1949 Plan, with the Government contributing remaining amounts sufficient to provide future pensions.

*Contributions.* Employer contributions for 2021 are determined as part of the January 1, 2021 actuarial valuation using the frozen entry age cost method. The contribution amount is determined using actuarial methods and assumptions approved by the trustees and must satisfy the minimum contribution requirement contained in the State of Georgia statutes. Administrative costs of the 1949 Plan are financed through investment income. The unfunded accrued liability is composed of pieces that are amortized over various periods to comply with Georgia law as a level percentage of payroll. When the actuarial value of assets exceeds 150% of the present value of accrued benefits, the O.C.G.A. states that there is no minimum required contribution. The significant actuarial assumptions used to compute pension contribution requirements are the same as those used to determine the standard measure of the pension obligation. For the year ended December 31, 2021, the active member contribution rate was 7.1% of annual pay, and the Government's contribution rate was 536.43% of annual payroll.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE 9. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

## Primary Government (Continued)

#### **General Retirement Plan (Continued)**

#### Net Pension Asset of the Government

The Government's net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension asset in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.0%
Salary increases	N/A
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of pension plan investment expense

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 50% General Employee and 50% Public Safety Employee Amount-Weighted with Improvement Scale AA projected to 2022.

All actuarial assumptions were reviewed prior to the preparation of the December 31, 2021 valuation. As a very significant portion of the actuarial asset is attributable to inactive lives, the two assumptions (investment return and mortality table) that have the most significant impact on the liabilities were revised to reflect the actuary's anticipated future experience of the 1949 Plan.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021 are: Equity Securities -6% and Fixed Income Securities -2.5%.

## **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### **General Retirement Plan (Continued)**

### Net Pension Asset of the Government (Continued)

*Discount rate*. The discount rate used to measure the total pension asset was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Government contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset.

*Changes in the Net Pension Asset of the Government.* The changes in the components of the net pension asset of the Government for the year ended December 31, 2021 were as follows:

	Total Pension Liability (Asset) (a)				Net Pension iability (Asset) (a) - (b)
Balances at December 31, 2020	\$	85,560,981	\$	77,080,736	\$ 8,480,245
Changes for the year:					
Service cost		7,394		-	7,394
Interest		5,748,425		-	5,748,425
Difference between expected and					
actual experience		(2,353,181)		-	(2,353,181)
Contributions - employer		-		2,256,935	(2,256,935)
Contributions - employee		-		29,936	(29,936)
Net investment income		-		12,160,354	(12,160,354)
Benefit payments, including refunds					
of employee contributions		(6,881,237)		(6,881,237)	-
Administrative expense/DB Transfers		-		1,160,275	(1,160,275)
Assumption change		149,009		-	149,009
Net changes		(3,329,590)		8,726,263	(12,055,853)
Balances at December 31, 2021	\$	82,231,391	\$	85,806,999	\$ (3,575,608)

The Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability

104.3%

## **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### **General Retirement Plan (Continued)**

### Net Pension Asset of the Government (Continued)

*Changes in the Net Pension Asset of the Government (Continued).* The required schedule of changes in the Government's net pension asset and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension asset.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Asset to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the net pension asset of the Government, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Government's net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

Current						
1% Decrease (6.00%)		Dis	Discount Rate (7.00%)		1% Increase (8.00%)	
\$	3,978,753	\$	(3,575,608)	\$	(10,006,380)	

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of December 31, 2021, and the current sharing pattern of costs between employer and employee.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Government recognized pension expense of \$4,849,195. At December 31, 2021, the Government reported the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments in the amount of \$9,908,195 as a deferred inflow of resources, which will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending December 31,	
2022	\$ (1,880,995)
2023	(4,138,400)
2024	(2,255,845)
2025	 (1,632,955)
Total	\$ (9,908,195)

### **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### Georgia Municipal Employees' Benefit System ("GMEBS") Plan

#### **Plan Description**

Employees from the City of Augusta hired after March 1, 1987, and before consolidation on December 31, 1996, and who were not participants in any other employer-sponsored retirement plan, and Augusta Canal Authority employees are covered under the Georgia Municipal Employees' Benefit System (the "GMEBS" Plan), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The GMEBS Plan provides pension benefits, deferred allowances, and death and disability benefits. In 2008, this plan was reopened to participants of the 1998 Defined Contribution Plan who opted to convert to the GMEBS Plan. Participation in this plan is mandatory for all new employees. These benefit provisions and all other requirements including amendments are established by Government ordinance. A participant may retire after reaching the age of 65 or at age 62 with 25 years of service, whichever is earlier. Participating public safety personnel may retire at age 65 or age 55 with 25 years of total credited service, whichever is earlier. Early retirement may be taken at age 55 with ten years of credited service. Benefits vest after five years of service. Employees who, prior to July 1, 2018 or after age 55 with ten or more years of service, are entitled to pension payments for the remainder of their lives equal to 11/4% of their highest five-year average salary times the number of years of which they were employed as a participant in the GMEBS Plan. The GMEBS Plan was amended effective July 1, 2018 changing the multiplier from 1.65% to 2%. The benefit formula is 2% for each year of service times the final highest five-year average salary. The final highest five-year average salary is the average salary of the employee during the final five years of full-time Pension provisions include deferred allowances, whereby an employee may employment. terminate his or her employment with the Government after accumulating five years of service but before reaching the age of 65. If the employee does not withdraw his or her accumulated contributions, the employee is entitled to all pension benefits upon reaching the age of 65. Employees must contribute 5.75% or 6.25% of their gross earnings to the GMEBS Plan. In addition, the Government must provide annual contributions sufficient to satisfy the actuarially determined contribution requirements as amended by GMEBS. The GMEBS Retirement Fund issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Georgia Municipal Employees' Benefit System, 201 Pryor Street, SW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303.

## **Primary Government (Continued)**

### Georgia Municipal Employees' Benefit System ("GMEBS") Plan (Continued)

#### **Plan Description (Continued)**

*Plan membership.* At July 1, 2021, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, pension plan membership consisted of the following:

Active participants	2,323
Retirees and beneficiaries	801
Vested terminated	159
	3,283

*Contributions*. The GMEBS Plan is subject to minimum funding standards of the Georgia Public Retirement Systems Standards law. The Board of Trustees of GMEBS has adopted a recommended actuarial funding policy for the GMEBS Plan which meets state minimum requirements and will accumulate sufficient funds to provide the benefits under the GMEBS Plan. The funding policy for the GMEBS Plan, as adopted by the Commission, is to contribute an amount equal to or greater than the actuarially recommended contribution rate. This rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The Government is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of plan members, as determined by the Commission. For the year ended December 31, 2021, the active member contribution rate was 7.1% of annual pay and the Government's contribution rate was 6.8% of annual payroll. Government contributions to the GMEBS Plan were \$7,180,924 for the year ended December 31, 2021.

#### Net Pension Liability of the Government

The Government's net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as July 1, 2021, with updated procedures performed by the actuary to roll forward to the total pension liability measured as of March 31, 2021.

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the January 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.25%
Salary increases	2.25%, plus service based merit increases
Investment rate of return	7.375%, net of pension plan investment expense, including infla

## **Primary Government (Continued)**

## Georgia Municipal Employees' Benefit System ("GMEBS") Plan (Continued)

## Net Pension Liability of the Government (Continued)

Mortality rates for were based on the gender-distinct Pri-2012 head-count weighted Healthy Retiree Mortality Table with rates multiplied by 1.25.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2015 – June 30, 2019.

Cost of living adjustments were assumed to be 0.00-2.25% although the GMEBS Plan allowance for annual cost of living adjustment is variable, as established by the Commission, in an amount not to exceed 2.75%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of March 31, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term expected real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	rate of return*
Domestic equity	45%	6.40%
International equity	20%	7.05%
Real estate	10%	4.76%
Global fixed income	5%	3.06%
Domestic fixed income	20%	1.96%
Cash	- %	
Total	100%	

\* Rates shown are net of the 2.25% assumed rate of inflation.

## **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### Georgia Municipal Employees' Benefit System ("GMEBS") Plan (Continued)

### Net Pension Liability of the Government (Continued)

*Discount rate*. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.375%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Government contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all of the projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

*Changes in the Net Pension Liability of the Government.* The changes in the components of the net pension liability of the Government for the year ended December 31, 2021 were as follows:

	Total Pension Plan Fiduciary Liability Net Position (a) (b)		•	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)		
Balances at December 31, 2020	\$	253,296,184	\$	157,215,558	\$	96,080,626
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		8,151,764		-		8,151,764
Interest		18,897,509		-		18,897,509
Difference between expected and						
actual experience		6,899,459		-		6,899,459
Contributions - employer		-		7,180,924		(7,180,924)
Contributions - employee		-		7,227,616		(7,227,616)
Net investment income		-		71,443,503		(71,443,503)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(10,421,087)		(10,421,087)		-
Administrative expense		-		(435,545)		435,545
Net changes		23,527,645		74,995,411		(51,467,766)
Balances at December 31, 2021	\$	276,823,829	\$	232,210,969	\$	44,612,860

The Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability

83.9%

## **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### Georgia Municipal Employees' Benefit System ("GMEBS") Plan (Continued)

### Net Pension Liability of the Government (Continued)

The required schedule of changes in the Government's net pension liability and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the Government, calculated using the discount rate of 7.375%, as well as what the Government's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.375%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.375%) than the current rate:

	Current						
		scount Rate (7.375%)	1	% Increase (8.375%)			
\$	82,094,202	\$	44,612,860	\$	13,867,349		

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of March 31, 2021, and the current sharing pattern of costs between employer and employee.

## **Primary Government (Continued)**

### Georgia Municipal Employees' Benefit System ("GMEBS") Plan (Continued)

### Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Government recognized pension expense of \$5,756,421. At December 31, 2021, the Government reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Dutflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 12,899,467	\$ -
Changes in assumptions	11,656,948	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments	-	(31,915,360)
Government contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	 6,628,371	 -
Total	\$ 31,184,786	\$ (31,915,360)

Government contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$6,628,371 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending December 31,	
2022	\$ (1,540,318)
2023	(295,088)
2024	(2,186,109)
2025	(7,640,503)
2026	4,303,073

## **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### City Employees' Pension Plan

The City Employees' Pension Plan covered former City of Augusta employees. Policemen and firemen hired before 1945 are covered under the 1949 Plan. Other former City of Augusta employees hired between 1945 and 1949 are covered by the City Employees' Pension Plan. Pension benefits are being paid under these plans to retired employees and beneficiaries. This retirement plan is closed (new employees may not participate in the plans). During the year ended December 31, 2021, the City Employees' Pension Plan has one participant with Government contributions of \$45,102. The City Employees' Pension Plan does not issue stand-alone financial statement reports.

#### **Retirement Savings Plan**

All full-time employees with more than one month of service and Canal Authority employees were eligible to participate in the Retirement Savings Plan (the "1998 Plan"). The 1998 Plan is a defined contribution plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, and is administered by Nationwide Life Insurance, PPA support. The 1998 Plan was organized and may be amended by a majority vote of the full-body of the governing board, the Augusta-Richmond County Commission. Employees contribution requirements may be amended by a majority vote of the full-body of their salary, and the Government contributes 2% of the employee's salary. Contribution requirements may be amended by a majority vote of the full-body of the governing board, the Augusta-Richmond County Commission. At December 31, 2021, there were approximately 173 plan participants. Participants are considered fully vested in the Government's contributions after completing five years of service. For the year ended December 31, 2021, the employees' contributions were \$271,306 and the Government's contributions were \$100,089. This is a closed retirement plan (new employees may not participate in the 1998 Plan).

#### Aggregate Amounts

The aggregate net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses related to each pension plan established by the Government as of December 31, 2021, is as follows:

	Net Pension Liability (Asset)		Pension Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of Resources			
							Plan Expenses	
1945 Plan	\$	476,150	\$	-	\$	(552,025)	\$	88,171
General Retirement Plan ("1949 Plan")		(3,575,608)		-		(9,908,195)		(4,849,195)
General Municipal Employees' Benefit System Plan		44,612,860		31,184,786		(31,915,360)		6,279,091
	\$	41,513,402	\$	31,184,786	\$	(42,375,580)	\$	1,518,067

## NOTE 10. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

### **Plan Administration and Benefits**

The Government, as authorized by the Commission, administers a single-employer defined benefit Post-Retirement Benefit Plan (the "OPEB Plan"). The OPEB Plan is under the direction of the Augusta-Richmond County Board of Commissioners. The Government provides post-retirement healthcare benefits, as per the requirements of a resolution, for certain retirees. The provisions and obligations to contribute are established and may be amended by the Augusta-Richmond County Board of Commissioners. The Government's Board of Commissioners established and may amend the benefit provisions. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 and a separate report was not issued for the OPEB Plan.

#### Membership

The following schedule (derived from the most recent actuarial valuation report) reflects membership for the post-retirement benefit plan as of the latest actuarial valuation at December 31, 2021:

Active members	1,728
Retired members	545
	2,273

#### Contributions

The Board of Commissioners has elected to fund the OPEB Plan on a "pay as you go" basis. Per a Government resolution, the Government is required to contribute the current year benefit costs of the OPEB Plan which are not paid by the retiree. For the year ended December 31, 2021, the County contributed \$4,898,054 for the pay as you go benefits for the OPEB Plan.

#### **Total OPEB Liability of the County**

The Government's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, with the actuary using standard techniques to roll forward the liability to the measurement date.

## NOTE 10. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

### Total OPEB Liability of the County (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Discount Rate:	2.06%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate:	5.50% graded by 0.50% per year to an ultimate rate of 3.50%
Inflation Rate:	2.06%
Participation Rate:	75.00% pre-65, 50% post-65

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Mortality Table with a blend of 50% of the General Employees Table and 50% of the Public Safety Employees, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2021 fully generational improvement scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 2010 - 2014.

### **Discount rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.06%. This rate was determined using an index rate of 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation ("GO") municipal bonds with an average rating of AA or higher – which was 2.06% as determined by the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index Rate as of December 31, 2021.

### Changes in the Total OPEB Liability of the Government

The changes in the total OPEB liability of the Government for the year ended December 31, 2021 were as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability
Beginning balance	\$ 215,397,751
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	9,356,665
Interest	4,713,144
Assumption changes	3,225,486
Benefit payments	(4,898,054)
Net change	12,397,241
Ending balance	\$ 227,794,992

## NOTE 10. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

### Changes in the Total OPEB Liability of the Government (Continued)

The required schedule of changes in the Government's total OPEB liability and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about the total OPEB liability.

### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Government, as well as what the Government's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.06%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.06%) than the current discount rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	1.06%	2.06%	3.06%	
Total OPEB liability	\$ 278,347,227	\$ 227,794,992	\$ 188,989,046	

#### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Government, as well as what the Government's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Healthcare Cost				
	1% Decrease Trend Rate 1% Increase				
	5.5% to 3.5%	6.5% to 4.5%	7.5% to 5.5%		
Total OPEB liability	\$ 182,969,420	\$ 227,794,992	\$ 287,975,689		

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revisions as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of December 31, 2021, and the current sharing pattern of costs between employer and inactive employees.

## NOTE 10. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

### **OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB**

- - -

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Government recognized OPEB expense of \$24,813,743. At December 31, 2021, the Government reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Other changes in assumptions	\$	12,702,650 59,406,158	
Total	\$	72,108,808	

The above amounts are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending December 31,	
2022	\$ 10,743,934
2023	10,743,934
2024	10,743,934
2025	10,743,934
2026	10,743,934
Thereafter	 18,389,138
Total	\$ 72,108,808

## NOTE 11. RISK MANAGEMENT

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The Government is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The Government purchases commercial insurance to cover employee life, health, property and liability, and disability insurance programs.

There were no significant reductions of insurance coverage compared to the prior year. Settled claims in the past three years have not exceeded the coverages.

## NOTE 11. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The Government records an estimated liability for indemnity workers' compensation claims against the Government. Claim liabilities are based on estimates of the ultimate cost of reported claims (including future claim adjustment expenses). Claims liabilities include specific, incremental claim adjustment expenses and allocated loss adjustment expenses. Because all workers' compensation claims are expected to be settled within one year, the related unpaid claims liability is not discounted and the entire liability is classified as current. Activity is accounted for in the General Fund.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the last two years ended December 31 are as follows:

	December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020		
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year	\$	1,299,606	\$	213,520	
Incurred claims and changes in estimates		4,775,845		4,276,810	
Claim payments		(5,280,592)		(3,190,724)	
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	\$	794,859	\$	1,299,606	

The \$794,859 noted above along with an additional \$1,161,854 in litigation claims payable as discussed in Note 12 are reported in the Government's Statement of Net Position. Total accrued claims and judgments liability amounts to \$1,956,713 as of December 31, 2021.

## NOTE 12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

## Litigation

The Government is involved in several pending lawsuits. The nature of the lawsuits varies considerably. Management and the Government's legal counsel have determined an aggregate liability, which is reasonably possible to arise from the proceedings of up to \$1,161,854. The entire amount is believed by management and legal counsel to be probable and is recorded as claims and judgments payable on the government-wide statement of net position as of December 31, 2021. The Government will continue to assert its position in a defense against these claims.

## **Contractual Commitments**

At December 31, 2021, in addition to the liabilities enumerated on the balance sheet, the Government also had contractual commitments on uncompleted construction contracts in the amount of approximately \$15,744,285 for the completion of various projects.

## NOTE 12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

## **Grant Contingencies**

The Government has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to the disallowance of certain expenditures previously reimbursed by those agencies. Based upon prior experience, Government management believes such disallowances, if any, will not be significant.

## Encumbrances

As discussed in Note 1, encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year-end, the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next year were as follows:

General	\$ 1,787,581
Special Sales Tax Phase 7	7,706,672
Fire Protection	123,319
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	28,589,704
Water and Sewer System	15,165,924
Augusta Regional Airport	1,619,385
Garbage Collection	495,175
Stormwater Utility	2,280,996
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	7,331,478
Internal Service Funds	 111,136
	\$ 65,211,370

## NOTE 13. RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

The Government's governing council is responsible for all of the board appointments of the Housing Authority of the City of Augusta, Georgia. However, the Government's powers with respect to the Housing Authority of the City of Augusta, Georgia do not extend beyond these appointments and, accordingly, the Government has no financial accountability for the Housing Authority of the City of Augusta, Georgia.

## NOTE 14. JOINT VENTURE

Under Georgia law, the Government, in conjunction with the 13 counties and 40 cities in east Georgia known as the Central Savannah River Area (the "CSRA"), is a member of the CSRA Regional Commission (the "CSRA RC") and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During its year ended December 31, 2021, the Government paid \$225,190 in such dues. Membership in a regional commission is required by the O.C.G.A. §50-8-34 which provides for the organizational structure of the CRC in Georgia. The CSRA RC Board membership includes one city official, one county official, and one private sector individual from each county. O.C.G.A. §50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an RC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from the CSRA Regional Commission, 3023 River Watch Parkway, Augusta, Georgia 30907.

## NOTE 15. HOTEL/MOTEL LODGING TAX

The Government has imposed a 6% Hotel/Motel tax on lodging facilities. Revenues collected during the year ended December 31, 2021, were \$5,652,415; \$4,292,415 was paid to the Augusta-Richmond County Coliseum and the Augusta Convention and Visitors Bureau to promote tourism within Richmond County, and \$1,360,000 was used for debt service on the Augusta-Richmond County Coliseum Authority Revenue Bond Series 2010.

## NOTE 16. LEASES

The Government is lessor of terminal space, land and buildings at Augusta Regional Airport at Bush Field and Daniel Field under various operating leases. Revenues and related expenses for Augusta Regional Airport at Bush Field are recorded in the Augusta Regional Airport at Bush Field Fund while the revenue and related expenses for Daniel Field are recorded in the Daniel Field Airport Fund. Some of the leases provide for additional payments based on usage activity in addition to non-cancelable amounts of fixed rates.

During 2021, rental income totaled \$1,353,921 and \$101,479 in the Augusta Regional Airport at Bush Field and Daniel Field Airport Funds, respectively.

## NOTE 17. DEFICIT FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION

The Housing and Neighborhood Development Fund reported a deficit fund balance of \$1,449,881; the Law Library Fund reported a deficit fund balance of \$6,314; the Driving Under the Influence ("DUI") Court Fund reported a deficit fund balance of \$13,146; and the GMA Leases Fund reported deficit net position of \$100,601 at December 31, 2021. The Housing and Neighborhood Development Fund, Law Library Fund, and DUI Court Fund deficits are intended to be eliminated through increased transfers from other funds. The GMA Leases Fund deficit is intended to be eliminated through an increase in user charges.

## NOTE 18. DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY REVENUE

In September 2007, the Government entered into a contract with the Department of Defense (the "DOD") for the privatization of the water and wastewater system for the Army base located at Fort Gordon, Georgia. The contract term is for 50 years with a renewal option. The contract provides for selling the existing infrastructure assets to the Government, paying for renewal and replacement of infrastructure, reimbursing the cost of any new assets added to the water and wastewater system, and paying the Government to operate and maintain the water and wastewater system. Payments from the DOD to the Government are provided for in different ways for each type of payment.

Payment for renewal and replacement of infrastructure – Payments for renewal and replacement of the water and wastewater system were calculated based on an estimated schedule of asset replacement with inflation over the 50-year term of the contract. This estimated cost was then amortized on a present value basis to a monthly amount. This amount, along with the estimated monthly payment for operations and maintenance agreed upon at the contract signing date, are billed monthly to the DOD and are expected to remain constant for the first two years of the contract. After the first two years of the contract and every three years thereafter, the monthly amount of either of these payments may be renegotiated within contractually specified limits. For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Government recognized 8,908,961 and \$7,359,770, respectively, of revenue for these payments as Department of the Army revenue.

<u>Reimburse the cost of any new assets added to the system</u> – Any new assets required for the infrastructure of Fort Gordon are approved by the DOD, contracted by Utilities and reimbursed in full at the completion of the project by DOD. No such payments were made for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

## NOTE 19. TAX ABATEMENT PROGRAMS

As of December 31, 2021, the Government provides tax abatement through two programs: Tax Allocation Districts ("TADs") and Enterprise Zones.

1) TADs were authorized in 1985 under the Redevelopment Powers Law (Art. IX, Sec. II Para. VII of the Georgia Constitution as amended) to finance infrastructure and other redevelopment costs within a tax allocation district. Incremental tax revenue (Ad Valorem and Sales Tax) collected in the district may be used to reimburse a developer in accordance with an approved redevelopment agreement. To be eligible for reimbursement a developer must increase the value of the property above the base year value and/or create the number of jobs as specified in the redevelopment agreement(s). The government collects the taxes and then reimburses to a developer as described in the redevelopment agreement(s), usually quarterly or annually. If there is no incremental growth in taxes, no reimbursement is given. Tax abatements do not begin until all development agreements have been satisfied and, as such, current agreements do not have provisions to recapture previously abated taxes.

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## NOTE 19. TAX ABATEMENT PROGRAMS (CONTINUED)

2) Enterprise Zones are designated geographical areas where Ad Valorem taxes are abated for up to ten years and other incentives to businesses that create five or more new jobs and residential investment with a minimum 5:1 improvement value. In 1997 The Georgia General Assembly enacted the Enterprise Zone Employment Act (O.C.G.A §36.88.1) recognizing the need for revitalization in many areas of Georgia. The State Enterprise Zone program intends to improve geographic areas within cities and counties that are suffering from disinvestment, underdevelopment and economic decline, encouraging private businesses to reinvest and rehabilitate such areas. Augusta has three designated enterprise zones. Tax abatements are calculated using a ten-year sliding scale for increased exemption amounts, there are no provisions for recapturing taxes that have been abated.

<u>Other Government Authorities: Augusta Economic Development Authority ("AEDA") Tax</u> <u>Abatements</u>

Under the agreement entered into by AEDA, County Ad Valorem revenues were reduced by \$8,685,999.

Tax Abatement Program	Amount Abated
TAD 2	
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 1,050,753
Sales Tax	883,601
Total TAD 2	1,934,354
TAD 3	
Ad Valorem Taxes	479,735
TAD 4	
Ad Valorem Taxes	35,265
Enterprise Zones	
Harrisburg	22,911
Laney Walker	33,516
Rocky Creek	13,375
Total Enterprise Zones	69,802
Economic Development Authority	
Ad Valorem Taxes	8,685,999
	, ,,
	\$ 11,205,155

## NOTE 20. NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

As required by the Government Finance Officers Association ("GFOA"), the following schedule provided the details of the net investment in capital assets classification of net position:

	Primary Government			
	G	overnmental Activities	E	Business-Type Activities
Capital assets, non-depreciable				
assets	\$	254,773,308	\$	73,040,275
Capital assets, depreciable				
assets		838,769,737		1,303,323,815
Accumulated depreciation		(317,804,203)		(604,610,406)
Notes payable		-		(10,050,559)
Bonds payable		(69,158,486)		(434,000,000)
Capital lease payable		-		(1,069,225)
Certificates of Participation		(16,888,000)		-
Unspent bond proceeds		-		890,215
Unamortized premiums on				
bonds payable		(3,525,170)		(24,751,358)
Unamortized discounts on				
bonds payable		-		494,108
Unamortized deferred loss				- ,
on refundings		-		(5,084,819)
Unamortized deferred gain				(0,000,000)
on refundings		587,357		1,558,461
Net investment in capital assets	\$	686,754,543	\$	299,740,507
	<b>–</b>	200,101,010	<u> </u>	

## NOTE 20. NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

				Major	Enterpri	se Funds				
	Water and Sewer System		Auç	Augusta Regional Airport		age Collection	Sto	ormwater Utility	Nonr	najor Enterprise Funds
Capital assets, non-depreciable										
assets	\$	36,024,487	\$	12,433,763	\$	294,342	\$	-	\$	24,287,683
Capital assets, depreciable										
assets		1,013,028,237		167,590,674		50,940,407		14,094,510		57,669,987
Accumulated depreciation		(478,751,107)		(63,890,752)		(46,989,116)		(2,504,103)		(12,475,328)
Notes payable		(10,050,559)		-		-		-		-
Bonds payable		(420,385,000)		(8,595,000)		-		-		(5,020,000)
Capital lease payable		(1,069,225)		-		-		-		-
Unspent bond proceeds		890,215		-		-		-		-
Unamortized premiums on										
bonds payable		(24,237,516)		(465,363)		-		-		(48,479)
Unamortized discounts on										
bonds payable		494,108		-		-		-		-
Unamortized deferred loss										
on refundings		(5,084,819)		-		-		-		-
Unamortized deferred gain		(0,001,010)								
on refundings		1,558,461		_		_		-		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	112,417,282	\$	107,073,322	\$	4,245,633	\$	11,590,407	\$	64,413,863
	*		<u>*</u>	.57,070,022	<u>*</u>	4,240,000	¥	11,000,407	¥	04,410,000
						Con	nponent L	Inits		

	Cour	Richmond County Department Augusta Canal of Health Authority				Richmond own Development Authority	Augusta-Richmond County Coliseum Authority		
Capital assets, non-depreciable assets Capital assets, depreciable	\$	1,997,997	\$	1,811,191	\$	-	\$	7,674,168	
assets Accumulated depreciation Net investment in capital assets	\$	12,726,539 (7,105,484) 7,619,052	\$	24,450,391 (8,960,815) 17,300,767	\$	2,615,000 (2,098,143) 516,857	\$	37,545,651 (28,081,887) 17,137,932	

# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE GOVERNMENT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,

	2021		 2020		2019		2018
Total OPEB liability							
Service cost	\$	9,356,665	\$ 4,758,788	\$	3,991,848	\$	3,652,377
Interest on total pension liability		4,713,144	4,199,377		4,530,418		4,393,579
Difference between expected and							
actual experience		4,713,144	16,221,390		-		-
Assumption changes		3,225,486	39,319,907		38,850,154		-
Benefit payments		(4,898,054)	 (4,695,621)		(5,042,836)		(4,364,465)
Net change in total OPEB liability		17,110,385	59,803,841		42,329,584		3,681,491
Total OPEB liability - beginning		215,397,751	 155,593,910		113,264,326		109,582,835
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	232,508,136	\$ 215,397,751	\$	155,593,910	\$	113,264,326
Covered-employee payroll	\$	78,183,877	\$ 80,127,248	\$	76,231,698	\$	76,231,698
Government's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		297.39%	268.82%		204.11%		148.58%

#### Notes to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION 1945 PLAN – SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE GOVERNMENT'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total pension liability	 2021	 2020	 2013	 2010	 2017
Interest on total pension liability	\$ 478,065	\$ 509,803	\$ 479,389	\$ 494,078	\$ 503,500
Difference between expected and	,				
actual experience	134,943	(196,600)	380,696	87,291	(55,608)
Benefit payments, including refunds of					
employee contributions	-	(787,865)	(846,482)	(750,671)	(434,478)
Other	12,917	13,135	627,713	14,600	14,729
Net change in total pension liability	 625,925	 (461,527)	 641,316	 (154,702)	 28,143
Total pension liability - beginning	 7,215,297	 7,676,824	 7,035,508	 7,190,210	 7,162,067
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 7,841,222	\$ 7,215,297	\$ 7,676,824	\$ 7,035,508	\$ 7,190,210
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$ 491,442	\$ 292,280	\$ 221,270	\$ 221,269	\$ 262,938
Contributions - employee	778,558	-	241	5,199	6,154
Net investment income	-	593,105	886,900	(112,787)	751,600
Benefit payments, including refunds of					
member contributions	100,804	(787,865)	(846,482)	(750,671)	(434,478)
Other	 -	 (77,218)	 143,917	 (319,617)	 -
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	1,370,804	20,302	405,846	(956,607)	586,214
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 5,994,268	 5,973,966	 5,568,120	 6,524,727	 5,938,513
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 7,365,072	\$ 5,994,268	\$ 5,973,966	\$ 5,568,120	\$ 6,524,727
Government's net pension liability -				 	
ending (a) - (b)	\$ 476,150	\$ 1,221,029	\$ 1,702,858	\$ 1,467,388	\$ 665,483
Plan fiduciary net position as a					
percentage of the total pension liability	93.9%	83.1%	77.8%	79.1%	90.7%
Covered payroll	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 103,988	\$ 102,730
Net pension liability as a percentage					
of covered payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	1411.1%	647.8%

Notes to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

 2016	 2015	 2014
\$ 586,898	\$ 644,381	\$ 3,063
(388,216)	(656,594)	691,884
(757,676)	(791,036)	(890,165)
(483,086)	557,115	-
(1,042,080)	 (246,134)	 (195,218)
8,204,147	8,450,281	8,645,499
\$ 7,162,067	\$ 8,204,147	\$ 8,450,281
\$ 242,708	\$ 290,565	\$ 299,600
7,121	6,611	6,661
260,609	13,630	521,224
(757,676)	(791,036)	(864,962)
(247,238)	 (480,230)	 (37,477)
6,185,751	6,665,981	6,703,458
\$ 5,938,513	\$ 6,185,751	\$ 6,665,981
\$ 1,223,554	\$ 2,018,396	\$ 1,784,300
 	 	 , ,
82.9%	75.4%	78.9%
\$ 142,642	\$ 132,431	\$ 132,346
857.8%	1524.1%	1348.2%

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GENERAL RETIREMENT PLAN - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE GOVERNMENT'S NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total pension liability	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2010	 2017
Service cost	\$ 7,394	\$ 13,869	\$ 41,403	\$ 71,155	\$ 97,416
Interest on total pension liability	5,748,425	5,922,537	5,939,323	5,950,151	6,017,737
Difference between expected					
and actual experience	(2,353,181)	(1,623,209)	(1,451,011)	578,560	(1,889,699)
Benefit payments, including refunds of					
employee contributions	(6,881,237)	(7,032,172)	(7,035,535)	(6,807,102)	(3,855,295)
Assumption changes	 149,009	 156,198	 5,190,111	 172,108	 173,528
Net change in total pension liability	(3,329,590)	(2,562,777)	2,684,291	(35,128)	543,687
Total pension liability - beginning	 85,560,981	 88,123,758	 85,439,467	 85,474,595	 84,930,908
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 82,231,391	\$ 85,560,981	\$ 88,123,758	\$ 85,439,467	\$ 85,474,595
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$ 2,256,935	\$ 2,275,850	\$ 1,835,100	\$ 1,835,092	\$ 2,110,483
Contributions - employee	29,936	36,602	51,185	84,122	104,343
Net investment income	12,160,354	8,626,403	12,713,117	(3,238,133)	11,337,849
Benefit payments, including refunds of					
member contributions	(6,881,237)	(7,032,172)	(7,035,535)	(6,807,102)	(3,855,295)
Administrative expense/DB transfers	 1,160,275	 (593,098)	 1,161,972	 (2,785,980)	 -
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	8,726,263	3,313,585	8,725,839	(10,912,001)	9,697,380
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 77,080,736	 73,767,151	 65,041,312	 75,953,313	 66,255,933
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 85,806,999	\$ 77,080,736	\$ 73,767,151	\$ 65,041,312	\$ 75,953,313
Government's net pension liability (asset)-	 				
ending (a) - (b)	\$ (3,575,608)	\$ 8,480,245	\$ 14,356,607	\$ 20,398,155	\$ 9,521,282
Plan fiduciary net position as a					
percentage of the total pension liability	104.3%	90.1%	83.7%	76.1%	88.9%
Covered payroll	\$ 420,732	\$ 498,994	\$ 595,418	\$ 899,923	\$ 1,236,533
Net pension liability as a percentage					
of covered payroll	-849.9%	1699.5%	2411.2%	2266.7%	770.0%

#### Notes to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

	2016		2015		2014
\$	213,829	\$	211,811	\$	196,121
Ť	6,511,618	Ť	7,012,898	Ŧ	7,212,710
	392,380		(9,987,646)		-
	(6,718,694)		(6,640,017)		-
	(5,649,139)		8,602,628		(6,390,348)
	(5,250,006)		(800,326)		1,018,483
	90,180,914		90,981,240		89,962,757
\$	84,930,908	\$	90,180,914	\$	90,981,240
\$	2,381,619	\$	2,256,722	\$	2,256,722
	127,008		145,707		185,458
	2,957,821		416,945		4,737,674
	(6,718,694)		(6,640,017)		(6,144,565)
	(1,252,246)		(3,820,643)		1,035,289
	67,508,179		71,328,822		70,293,533
\$	66,255,933	\$	67,508,179	\$	71,328,822
\$	18,674,975	\$	22,672,735	\$	19,652,418
<u> </u>	10,01 1,010	<u> </u>	22,012,100	<u> </u>	10,002,110
	78.0%		74.9%		78.4%
\$	1,614,364	\$	2,173,529	\$	2,906,852
	1156.8%		1043.1%		676.1%

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GEORGIA MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' BENEFIT SYSTEM PLAN - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE GOVERNMENT'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,

		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
Total pension liability										
Service cost	\$	8,151,764	\$	7,073,972	\$	6,842,293	\$	6,210,339	\$	5,963,235
Interest on total pension liability		18,897,509		16,466,663		15,228,178		12,180,253		11,370,569
Difference between expected										
and actual experience		6,899,459		7,060,253		3,177,397		1,003,764		172,585
Changes of assumptions		-		14,856,280		13,090		27,428,256		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of										
employee contributions		(10,421,087)		(9,522,195)		(8,436,793)		(7,250,327)		(6,867,383)
Other		-		118,580		-		56,467		-
Net change in total pension liability		23,527,645		36,053,553		16,824,165		39,628,752		10,639,006
Total pension liability - beginning		253,296,184		217,242,631		200,418,466		160,789,714		150,150,708
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	276,823,829	\$	253,296,184	\$	217,242,631	\$	200,418,466	\$	160,789,714
Plan fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$	7,180,924	\$	6,713,607	\$	5,544,458	\$	5,121,158	\$	4,711,377
Contributions - employee	Ψ	7,227,616	Ψ	7,296,190	Ψ	5,064,217	Ψ	4,324,427	Ψ	4,172,832
Net investment income		71,443,503		(11,968,652)		5,775,317		17,265,417		15,415,658
Benefit payments, including refunds of		,,		(,,)		-,,		,,		,,
member contributions		(10,421,087)		(9,522,195)		(8,436,793)		(7,250,327)		(6,867,383)
Administrative expenses		(435,545)		(467,456)		(442,161)		(428,475)		(429,001)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		74,995,411		(7,948,506)		7,505,038		19,032,200		17,003,483
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		157,215,558		165,164,064		157,659,026		138,626,826		121,623,343
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	232,210,969	\$	157,215,558	\$	165,164,064	\$	157,659,026	\$	138,626,826
Government's net pension liability -	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	,	<u> </u>	,
ending (a) - (b)	\$	44,612,860	\$	96,080,626	\$	52,078,567	\$	42,759,440	\$	22,162,888
Plan fiduciary net position as a		00.00/		00.40/		70.00/		70 70/		00.00/
percentage of the total pension liability		83.9%		62.1%		76.0%		78.7%		86.2%
Covered payroll	\$	113,882,287	\$	107,729,939	\$	104,551,359	\$	97,760,351	\$	97,189,835
Net pension liability as a percentage										
of covered payroll		39.2%		89.2%		49.8%		43.7%		22.8%

Notes to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

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	2016		2015
\$	5,634,438	\$	6,206,501
	10,567,608		10,017,506
	692,737		(769,614)
	-		(2,547,031)
	(6,200,611)		(5,417,945)
	-		-
	10,694,172		7,489,417
	139,456,536		131,967,119
\$	150,150,708	\$	139,456,536
\$	5,375,663	\$	5,710,844
	3,861,596		3,742,322
	469,404		10,245,983
	(6,200,611)		(5,417,945)
	(263,919)		(223,210)
	3,242,133		14,057,994
	118,381,210		104,323,216
\$	121,623,343	\$	118,381,210
\$	28,527,365	\$	21,075,326
	81.0%		84.9%
•	00 101 700	•	07 500 505
\$	93,424,736	\$	87,533,530
	00.5%		04.404
	30.5%		24.1%

#### **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 1945 PLAN SCHEDULE OF GOVERNMENT CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,

		2021		2020		2019	 2018	2017
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	491,442	\$	598,788	\$	292,282	\$ 221,269	\$ 262,938
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		491,442		292,280		221,270	 221,269	 262,938
Contribution deficiency	\$		\$	306,508	\$	71,012	\$ 	\$ 
Covered payroll	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 103,988	\$ 102,730
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A	212.78%	255.95%
Notes to the Schedule: (1) Actuarial Assumptions Valuation Date Cost Method Actuarial Asset Valuation Method Assumed Rate of Return on Investments Projected Salary Increases Cost-of-living Adjustment	Entr Smo 7.00 N/A 2.00	%	value, 5-y	year smoothing	ı period			

Closed level dollar for unfunded liability

5 years

(2) The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

Amortization Method

Remaining Amortization Period

 2016	 2015	2014				
\$ 242,708	\$ 290,565	\$	299,600			
 242,708	 290,565		299,600			
\$ 	\$ -	\$	-			
\$ 142,642	\$ 132,431	\$	132,346			
170.15%	219.41%		226.38%			

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GENERAL RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF GOVERNMENT CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,

		2021	 2020		2019	2019		 2017
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	2,256,935	\$ 2,830,848	\$	2,275,865	\$	1,835,092	\$ 2,110,483
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		2,256,935	 2,275,850		1,835,100		1,835,092	 2,110,483
Contribution deficiency	\$	-	\$ 554,998	\$	440,765	\$	-	\$ 
Covered payroll	\$	420,732	\$ 498,994	\$	595,418	\$	899,923	\$ 1,236,533
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		536.43%	456.09%		308.20%		203.92%	170.68%
Notes to the Schedule: (1) Actuarial Assumptions Valuation Date Cost Method Actuarial Asset Valuation Method Assumed Rate of Return on	En	cember 31, 202 <sup>.</sup> try Age Normal toothed market v	5-year smoothing	perioc	1			

Assumed Rate of Return on	-
Investments	7.00%
Projected Salary Increases	3.00%
Cost-of-living Adjustment	2.00%
Amortization Method	Closed level dollar for unfunded liability
Remaining Amortization Period	5 years

(2) The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

 2016	 2015	 2014
\$ 2,381,619	\$ 2,256,722	\$ 2,256,722
 2,381,619	 2,256,722	 2,256,722
\$ 	\$ -	\$ -
\$ 1,614,364	\$ 2,173,529	\$ 2,906,852
147.53%	103.83%	77.63%

#### **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** GEORGIA MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES BENEFIT SYSTEM PLAN SCHEDULE OF GOVERNMENT CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,

		2021		2020		2019	 2018	 2017
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	8,761,505	\$	8,139,369	\$	6,625,583	\$ 6,250,604	\$ 4,578,726
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		7,180,924		6,713,607		5,544,458	 5,121,158	 4,711,377
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	1,580,581	\$	1,425,762	\$	1,081,125	\$ 1,129,446	\$ (132,651)
Covered payroll	\$	105,821,319	\$	102,745,145	\$	101,155,855	\$ 97,475,093	\$ 95,307,286
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		6.79%		6.53%		5.48%	5.25%	4.94%
Notes to the Schedule: (1) Actuarial Assumptions Valuation Date Cost Method Actuarial Asset Valuation Method	Pr Su du by th	ring the year plus 10% of the amou	lue at s the a unt th end o	t beginning of year assumed investme at the value excee of year. The actua fet value.	ent re eds or	turn, adjusted is less than		
Assumed Rate of Return on Investments Projected Salary Increases Cost-of-living Adjustment Amortization Method	2. 0.	375% 25% plus service 00% - 2.25% osed level dollar		d merit increases nfunded liability				

15 - 20 years

(2) The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

Remaining Amortization Period

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 2016	 2015
\$ 4,617,582	\$ 4,571,313
 5,375,663	 5,710,844
\$ (758,081)	\$ (1,139,531)
\$ 90,479,133	\$ 84,587,927
5.94%	6.75%

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION 1945 PLAN – SCHEDULE OF PENSION INVESTMENT RETURNS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses for the Government's Pension Plan	11.1%	10.6%	17.0%	-2.4%	13.2%	7.1%	-1.8%	7.0%

#### Notes to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GENERAL RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF PENSION INVESTMENT RETURNS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses for the Government's Pension Plan	14.8%	12.2%	20.5%	-5.1%	17.9%	6.2%	-1.2%	8.2%

#### Notes to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGETARY LEVEL OF CONTROL - BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL

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#### GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES · BUDGETARY LEVEL OF CONTROL - BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Amounts	<b>.</b>	Variance with Final
Revenues	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
Property taxes	\$ 58,784,070	\$ 58,784,070	\$ 61,587,181	\$ 2,803,111
Franchise taxes	23,296,020	23,296,020	21,855,820	(1,440,200
Sales taxes	33,698,500	33,698,500	38,245,679	4,547,179
Other taxes	4,465,000	4,465,000	4,914,829	449,829
Licenses and permits	1,661,300	1,661,300	1,049,681	(611,619
Intergovernmental	6,505,170	7,726,430	5,748,715	(1,977,715
Charges for services	23,151,790	23,151,790	22,093,003	(1,058,787
Fines and forfeitures	4,433,360	4,518,210	3,728,946	(1,030,767
Interest and penalties	1,250,800	1,250,800	511,054	(739,746
Other revenues	8,617,260	8,829,280	1,344,766	(7,484,514
Total revenues	165,863,270	167,381,400	161,079,674	(6,301,726
Expenditures				(0,001,12)
General government:				
Council	055 770	070.000	000.004	00 70
Salaries	355,770	373,060	303,264	69,790
Operations	54,570	23,170	21,043	2,12
Mayor				
Salaries	353,340	354,180	302,517	51,663
Operations	168,740	168,740	149,641	19,09
Administrator's office				
Salaries	928,620	953,370	798,312	155,05
Operations	188,570	326,840	177,519	149,32
Board of commissioners				
Salaries	234,880	234,880	237,093	(2,21
Operations	197,180	228,580	187,775	40,80
Board of elections				
Salaries	536,790	549,930	547,191	2,73
Operations	269,060	698,830	654,255	44,57
Finance	,	,	,	
Salaries	1,597,740	1,629,420	1,384,623	244,79
Operations	362,040	362,040	333,242	28,79
Licenses and inspections	002,040	002,040	000,242	20,70
Salaries	825,950	850,010	761,478	88,53
Operations	373,010	376,500	231,157	145,34
Procurement	575,010	370,500	231,137	140,04
	000 070	050.000	045 000	101.10
Salaries	928,670	950,030	815,869	134,16
Operations	138,330	155,330	134,786	20,54
Law department				
Salaries	1,285,820	1,330,970	933,611	397,35
Operations	652,280	1,286,480	1,067,121	219,35
Compliance department				
Salaries	517,230	520,780	482,221	38,55
Operations	141,750	340,900	235,349	105,55
Information technology				
Salaries	3,426,530	3,504,990	3,304,714	200,27
Operations	4,257,520	4,258,100	3,513,908	744,19
Human resources				
Salaries	1,327,400	1,338,620	1,234,801	103,81
Operations	621,630	621,630	617,319	4,31
Tax commissioner	021,000	021,000	011,010	1,01
Salaries	2,692,040	3,025,180	3,067,552	(42,37
Operations	1,222,930	952,930	1,469,039	(516,10
Tax assessor	1,222,000	552,550	1,403,003	(010,10
Salaries	2.515.660	2,576,840	2,540,482	36,35
Operations	420,130	400,130	313,682	86,44
Citizens' service and information				
Salaries	337,310	351,010	326,584	24,42
Operations	38,100	38,880	28,576	10,30
Planning and development				
Salaries	1,042,130	1,057,940	757,237	300,70
Operations	780,960	776,960	337,161	439,79
Print shop				
Salaries	163,950	167,260	172,556	(5,29
Operations	306,430	293,040	217,340	75,70
Facilities management	,100		,	. 5,70
Salaries	336,650	356,180	334,266	21,91
Operations	4,117,920	4,435,710	3,884,623	551,08
Construction shop	4,117,920	4,433,710	3,004,023	551,00
	005 750	007 400	754 570	040 50
Salaries	995,750	997,160	754,579	242,58
Operations	166,280	166,280	141,527	24,75
Other non-departmental		- · · · · · ·		
Salaries	5,062,240	6,186,200	4,619,499	1,566,70
Operations	668,120	668,120	855,427	(187,30

#### GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES · BUDGETARY LEVEL OF CONTROL - BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgata	d Amounts		Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
Expenditures (Continued)				
Judicial:				
Superior court	¢ 510.970	¢ 540.970	¢ 500.600	\$ 2,262
Salaries Operations	\$510,870 3,118,940	\$ 510,870 3,266,980	\$ 508,608 2,802,827	\$ 2,262 464,153
Clerk of superior court	5,110,540	5,200,900	2,002,021	404,155
Salaries	2,730,960	2,689,650	2,605,490	84,160
Operations	304,880	387,500	2,003,430	175,899
District attorney	004,000	001,000	211,001	110,000
Salaries	2,396,150	2,419,750	2,332,292	87,458
Operations	1,156,860	1,241,710	929,697	312,013
State court	· ; · <del> ;</del>	.,,		• -=,• • •
Salaries	1,394,160	1,413,820	1,284,764	129,056
Operations	822,600	842,920	739,894	103,026
Solicitor				
Salaries	1,903,640	1,918,410	1,519,864	398,546
Operations	186,400	188,400	138,200	50,200
Civil court				
Salaries	540,180	541,910	584,597	(42,687
Operations	1,346,040	1,359,300	1,146,517	212,783
Probate court				
Salaries	793,160	849,560	824,218	25,342
Operations	70,340	72,110	71,328	782
Juvenile court				
Salaries	482,900	630,370	618,935	11,435
Operations	1,241,610	1,331,460	1,003,888	327,572
Public defender				
Salaries	141,150	142,860	73,529	69,331
Operations	3,665,960	3,680,300	3,616,916	63,384
Marshal				
Salaries	2,157,060	2,250,190	2,059,181	191,009
Operations	560,460	1,152,230	649,433	502,797
Jury clerk				
Salaries	127,840	128,990	129,804	(814
Operations	47,000	47,000	25,827	21,173
Total judicial	25,699,160	27,066,290	23,877,410	3,188,880
Public safety:				
Investigation				
Salaries	6,360,230	6,535,330	6,500,503	34,827
Operations	3,825,140	3,716,410	3,682,908	33,502
Traffic enforcement				
Salaries	18,407,470	18,783,300	18,564,868	218,432
Operations	7,629,080	8,627,170	8,578,562	48,608
Police training				
Salaries	666,260	698,550	660,193	38,357
Operations	491,370	554,220	500,971	53,249
School patrol				
Salaries	666,980	666,980	358,080	308,900
Sheriff administration				
Salaries	2,291,550	2,511,220	2,461,873	49,347
Operations	1,567,970	1,851,570	1,672,568	179,002
Court services				
Salaries	10,660	12,660	12,189	471
Fugitive investigation				
Salaries	2,331,790	2,259,460	2,198,666	60,794
Operations	188,380	212,480	201,753	10,727
Security				
Salaries	1,361,470	1,352,050	1,261,010	91,040
Operations	45,940	46,820	39,435	7,385
CBW Detention Center				
Salaries	11,865,760	11,301,890	11,078,185	223,705
Operations	7,479,080	8,110,780	7,958,429	152,351
RCCI				
Salaries	4,226,010	4,421,970	4,052,950	369,020
Operations	1,142,140	1,142,680	968,535	174,145
EMS contract				
Operations	650,000	650,000	650,000	-
Coroner				
Salaries	529,240	552,420	503,549	48,871
Operations	335,020	335,020	314,536	20,484
Animal services				
Salaries	1,287,330	1,318,570	1,055,314	263,256
Operations	447,370	607,370	375,047	232,323
-				
Emergency management				
Emergency management Salaries Operations	150,610 135,800	156,360 191,460	165,357 130,897	(8,997 60,563

#### GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES · BUDGETARY LEVEL OF CONTROL - BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		d Amounts		Variance with Final
Expenditures (Continued)	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
Fire department				
Operations	\$ -	\$-	\$ 33,387	\$ (33,387
Drivers license bureau				
Operations	15,000	15,000	9,721	5,279
878 engineering battalion Operations	7,020	22,020	7,020	15,000
Total public safety	74,114,670	76,653,760	73,996,506	2,657,254
Public works:				
Highway and street administration Salaries	773,910	799,280	783,734	15,546
Operations	586,130	586,130	240,920	345,210
Roads and walkways				
Salaries	1,208,360	1,232,530	794,994	437,53
Operations	677,630	690,130	622,382	67,748
Litter patrol	255 420	274.260	265.044	0.240
Salaries Operations	355,430 46,740	374,360 46,740	365,041 43,324	9,31
Traffic engineering	40,740	40,740	43,324	
Salaries	1,441,832	1,642,080	1,674,470	(32,390
Operations	1,876,228	1,695,870	1,052,882	642,988
Riverwalk/Augusta Commons				
Salaries	109,160	111,280	62,324	48,95
Operations	67,050	62,950	38,979	23,97
Total public works	7,142,470	7,241,350	5,679,050	1,558,884
Health and welfare:				
Board of health				
Operations	1,332,560	1,332,560	1,312,560	20,00
DFACS/American Red Cross				
Salaries	· · · · · ·	88,700	88,288	412
Operations	316,460	236,960	59,003	177,957
Child enrichment Operations	117,840	117,840	117,840	
				-
Total health and welfare	1,766,860	1,776,060	1,577,691	198,369
Culture and recreation:				
Recreation administration				
Salaries Operations	780,080 2,003,410	803,180 2,055,260	665,845 1,587,367	137,33 467,89
Recreation	2,003,410	2,055,200	1,567,507	407,09
Salaries	917,050	951,940	769,488	182,45
Operations	499,990	494,990	279,343	215,64
Community centers				.,.
Salaries	1,679,590	1,722,940	1,529,466	193,474
Operations	1,690,510	1,699,540	1,410,436	289,10
Parks				
Salaries	1,515,700	1,569,860	1,285,740	284,12
Operations Senior citizens	3,247,520	3,173,380	2,327,034	846,34
Operations	40,200	44,200	42,490	1,71
Museums	40,200	44,200	42,450	1,7 10
Operations	287,340	287,340	287,854	(51-
Port authority				( -
Salaries	14,100	15,330	14,814	516
Operations	86,490	87,990	51,734	36,25
Trees and landscaping				
Salaries	577,390	600,570	513,334	87,23
Operations	281,570	262,570	180,533	82,03
Cemeteries Salaries	564,310	E01 E00	105 070	06 45
Salaries Operations	564,310 232,200	581,520 231,700	485,070 152,195	96,45 79,50
Historic	232,200	231,700	152,195	79,50
Operations	50,900	50,900	50,900	
Arts	55,000	00,000	00,000	
Operations	178,420	178,420	178,420	
Library				
Operations	2,616,100	2,616,100	2,616,100	

#### GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES · BUDGETARY LEVEL OF CONTROL - BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	 Budgetec	l Amou	unts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Expenditures (Continued)	 ongina		- mai	 Addua	 Dudget
Housing and development:					
Conservation					
Salaries	\$ 176,450	\$	180,680	\$ 166,612	\$ 14,068
Operations	167,980		167,980	161,469	6,511
Forestry					
Salaries	2,480		2,480	2,534	(54)
Operations	13,840		13,840	11,878	1,962
Code enforcement					
Salaries	906,500		930,120	807,592	122,528
Operations	176,570		176,570	108,365	68,205
Industrial development					
Operations	591,590		591,590	591,590	-
Summer youth programs					
Operations	-		12,440	10,885	1,555
Tree commission					
Operations	 5,000		5,000	 -	 5,000
Total housing and development	 2,040,410		2,080,700	 1,860,925	 219,775
Total expenditures	 168,636,460		176,133,090	 159,668,684	 16,460,990
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,773,190)		(8,751,690)	1,410,990	10,159,264
Other financing sources (uses)					
Proceeds from the sale of assets	395,260		395,260	433,070	(37,810)
Transfers in	2.655.810		8,044,710	7,254,785	(789,925)
Transfers out	 (2,930,280)		(2,930,280)	 (3,432,979)	 (502,699)
Total other financing sources (uses), net	 120,790		5,509,690	 4,254,876	 (1,330,434)
Net change in fund balance	(2,652,400)		(3,242,000)	5,665,866	(8,907,866)
Fund balance, beginning of year	 40,288,486		40,288,486	 40,288,486	 -
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 37,636,086	\$	37,046,486	\$ 45,954,352	\$ (8,907,866)

#### FIRE PROTECTION FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGETARY LEVEL OF CONTROL - BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 8,233,070	\$ 8,233,070	\$ 8,458,256	\$ 225,186
Insurance premium taxes	15,042,240	15,042,240	16,244,986	1,202,746
Other taxes	481,760	481,760	481,760	-
Charges for services	1,901,720	3,481,720	453,312	(3,028,408)
Interest and penalties	100,000	100,000	23,660	(76,340)
Other revenues	-	-	36,579	36,579
Total revenues	25,758,790	27,338,790	25,698,553	(1,640,237)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Public safety				
Salaries	28,433,440	29,959,590	26,764,802	3,194,788
Operations	3,603,850	3,995,370	4,616,337	(620,967)
Total expenditures	32,037,290	33,954,960	31,381,139	2,573,821
Deficiency of revenues				
under expenditures	(6,278,500)	(6,616,170)	(5,682,586)	933,584
Other financing sources				
Proceeds from the sale of assets	-	-	10,025	10,025
Transfers in	6,278,500	7,616,170	7,616,170	-
Transfers out	-	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	-
Total other financing sources	6,278,500	6,616,170	6,626,195	10,025
Net change in fund balances	-	-	943,609	943,609
Fund balance, beginning of year	23,744,360	23,744,360	23,744,360	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 23,744,360	\$ 23,744,360	\$ 24,687,969	\$ 943,609

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGETARY LEVEL OF CONTROL - BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Amounts	• • •	Variance with Final
Revenues	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
Interest and penalties	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 63	\$ 63
Other revenues	- 876.000	۔ 876.000	\$ 812.920	(63,080)
Total revenues	876.000	876,000	812,983	(63,000)
	010,000	010,000	012,000	(00,011)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Housing and development				
Operations	138,660	138,660	88,647	50,013
Debt service				
Principal	3,160,000	3,160,000	27,679,000	(24,519,000)
Interest	2,055,110	2,055,110	6,125,966	(4,070,856)
Fiscal agent fees	15,390	15,390	-	15,390
Bond issuance costs	<u> </u>		2,800	(2,800)
Total expenditures	5,369,160	5,369,160	33,896,413	(28,527,253)
Deficiency of revenues				
under expenditures	(4,493,160)	(4,493,160)	(33,083,430)	(28,590,270)
Other financing sources Issuance of debt				
Proceeds from the sale of assets	64,520	64,520	31,087,633	31,023,113
Transfers in	6,693,640	6,693,640	3,327,300	(3,366,340)
Transfers out	(2,265,000)	(2,265,000)	(2,265,000)	-
Total other financing sources	4,493,160	4,493,160	32,149,933	27,656,773
Net change in fund balances	-	-	(933,497)	(933,497)
Fund balance, beginning of year	2,326,485	2,326,485	2,326,485	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 2,326,485	\$ 2,326,485	\$ 1,392,988	\$ (933,497)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

ASSETS		Special Revenue Funds		ot Service Fund Coliseum Authority evenue Bonds		Capital Projects Funds		Permanent Fund Perpetual Care - II	G	Total Nonmajor Sovernmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	58.426.024	\$	652,292	\$	43.238.720	\$	528,433	\$	102.845.469
Investments	Ψ	8,662,958	Ψ		Ψ	13,780,855	Ψ	-	Ψ	22.443.813
Taxes receivable		768,901				321,396				1,090,297
Accounts receivable		3,000,557		_		301,572		_		3,302,129
Interest receivable						23,860		-		23,860
Notes receivable		1,496,052				20,000		-		1,496,052
Due from other governments		2,514,137		_		934,804		_		3,448,941
Due from other funds		2,857		_		- 00+,00+		_		2,857
Prepaid expenditures		87,096						-		87,096
Restricted cash		-		390,347		1,057		-		391,404
Total assets	\$	74,958,582	\$	1,042,639	\$	58,602,264	\$	528,433	\$	135,131,918
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES										
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	1,988,909	\$	-	\$	582,829	\$	-	\$	2,571,738
Accrued liabilities		131,765		-		-		-		131,765
Unearned revenue		34,033,483		-		-		-		34,033,483
Due to other governments		4,500		-		-		-		4,500
Due to other funds		743,563		-		-		-		743,563
Total liabilities		36,902,220		-		582,829		-		37,485,049
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - notes receivable Unavailable revenue - property taxes Total deferred inflows of resources		2,531,141 1,268,272 3,799,413		-		- 165,264 165,264		-		2,531,141 1,433,536 3,964,677
		0,100,110				100,201				0,001,011
FUND BALANCES										
Non-spendable:										
Prepaid expenditures		87,096		-		-		-		87,096
Restricted for:										
General government		3,324,299		-		-		-		3,324,299
Judicial		709,992		-		-		-		709,992
Perpetual care										
Expendable		206,456		-		-				206,456
Nonexpendable				-		-		528,433		528,433
Public safety		5,563,510		-		-		-		5,563,510
Public works		15,170,621		-		-		-		15,170,621
Housing and development		4,263,212		-		-		-		4,263,212
Capital outlay		-		-		47,192,808		-		47,192,808
Debt service		-		1,042,639		-		-		1,042,639
Committed for:										
Public works - stormwater		82,650		-		-		-		82,650
Housing and development		6,097,536		-		-		-		6,097,536
Capital outlay		-		-		10,661,363		-		10,661,363
Unassigned		(1,248,423)		-		-		-		(1,248,423)
Total fund balances		34,256,949		1,042,639		57,854,171		528,433		93,682,192
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	74,958,582	\$	1,042,639	\$	58,602,264	\$	528,433	\$	135,131,918

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	_	Special Revenue Funds		t Service Fund Coliseum Authority evenu Bonds		Capital Projects Funds	Pe	manent Fund rpetual are - II		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Revenues	•	5 407 440	•	000.070	•	4 000 577	•		•	10.010.000
Property taxes	\$	5,407,410	\$	602,979	\$	4,002,577	\$	-	\$	10,012,966
Sales taxes		20,294,307		-		-		-		20,294,307
Other taxes		5,813,834		-		-		-		5,813,834
Licenses and permits		6,477,076		-		-		-		6,477,076
Intergovernmental		23,407,609		-		5,405,435		-		28,813,044
Charges for services		10,262,264		-		108,392		-		10,370,656
Fines and forfeitures		1,036,303		-				-		1,036,303
Interest income		70,005		1,583		106,716		9		178,313
Other revenues		1,852,581		-		39,578		-		1,892,159
Total revenues		74,621,389		604,562		9,662,698		9		84,888,658
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government		4,140,710		-		-		5,582		4,146,292
Judicial		1,001,909		-		-		-		1,001,909
Public safety		5,924,259		-		-		-		5,924,259
Public works		15,235,529		-		-		-		15,235,529
Culture and recreation		1,298,187		-		-		-		1,298,187
Housing and development		25,018,150		-		-		-		25,018,150
Capital projects		-		-		16,436,198		-		16,436,198
Intergovernmental payments		-		8,003,306		-		-		8,003,306
Debt service:										
Principal		-		14,640,000		-		-		14,640,000
Interest		-		456,790		-		-		456,790
Fiscal agent fees		-		1,400		-		-		1,400
Bond issuance cost		-		240,000		-		-		240,000
Total expenditures		52,618,744		23,341,496		16,436,198		5,582		92,402,020
Excess (deficiency)										
of revenues over										
(under) expenditures		22,002,645		(22,736,934)		(6,773,500)		(5,573)		(7,513,362)
Other financing sources (uses)										
Issuance of debt		-		21,795,000		-		-		21,795,000
Transfers in		8,723,272		1,360,000		2,454		_		10,085,726
Transfers out		(23,235,728)		1,000,000		(2,454)				(23,238,182)
		(23,233,720)		<u> </u>		(2,434)				(23,230,102)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(14,512,456)		23,155,000		-		-		8,642,544
Net change in										
fund balances		7,490,189		418,066		(6,773,500)		(5,573)		1,129,182
Fund balances, beginning of year		26,766,760		624,573		64,627,671		534,006		92,553,010
Fund balances, end of year	\$	34,256,949	\$	1,042,639	\$	57,854,171	\$	528,433	\$	93,682,192

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted, committed, or assigned for expenditures of particular purposes.

**Urban Services District Fund** is used to account for revenue primarily from ad valorem taxes from areas within the former city limits and expenditures related to governmental services such as "Urban Street Lights" and "Fire Protection".

**Emergency Telephone System Fund** is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of revenues of the emergency telephone response system.

**Tax Allocation District ("TAD") 2 Fund** is used to account for the receipt of the incremental increase of property taxes over the base years allocated sales tax revenue generated and expenditures committed to economic development in the Village at Riverwatch Tax Allocation District.

**Tax Allocation District ("TAD") 3 Fund** is used to account for the receipt of the incremental increase of property taxes over the base years and expenditures committed to economic development in the Doug Bernard/Dixon Airline Tax Allocation District.

**Tax Allocation District 4 ("TAD") Fund** is used to account for the receipt of the incremental increase of property taxes over the base years and expenditures committed to economic development in the Downtown Tax Allocation District.

**Occupational Tax Fund** is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of tax revenues generated from business licenses.

**Streetlights Fund** is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of street light assessment taxes for the operation of street lights in the Government.

Hotel/Motel Tax and Promotion/Tourism Fund is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of hotel/motel and beer/wine tax revenues to the Augusta-Richmond County Convention and Visitors Bureau and the Augusta-Richmond County Coliseum Authority.

Housing and Neighborhood Development Fund is used to account for the financing and construction of various community development projects from grants received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

**Urban Development Action Grant ("UDAG") Fund** is used to account for loan transactions in relation to urban development action grants. Repayments of initial grant revenue loaned to qualified recipients are restricted to additional financing to qualified applicants.

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Federal Drug Fund is used to account for activities associated with drug education and enforcement.

State Drug Fund is used to account for activities associated with drug education and enforcement.

**Downtown Development Fund** is used to account for excise taxes collected on rental motor vehicles, and debt payments made and appropriations given to the Downtown Development Authority.

**Convention Center Fund** is used to account for activities associated with the operations of the Augusta Convention Center.

**Law Library Fund** is used to account for certain fees received from the various courts of the Government. The resources are restricted by state law for support of the Law Library.

**5% Crime Victim's Assistance Fund** is used to account for the 5% surcharge on certain fines with the proceeds used for a victim's assistance program.

Supplemental Juvenile Services Fund is used to account for supervisory fees collected on juvenile cases.

**Building Inspection Fund** is used to account for building inspection licensing and fees revenue and related expenditures.

**Perpetual Care I Fund** is used to account for monies collected from sale of perpetual care contracts at Government-owned cemeteries after October 1, 1970, as well as receipt of investment earnings on all perpetual care investments and payment of cemetery maintenance expenditures.

**Transportation Investment Act ("TIA") Discretionary Projects Fund** is used to account for the receipts and disbursements from the discretionary (25%) portion of the regional transportation special district local option sales and use tax ("TSPLOST") allocated to Augusta.

National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System ("NPDES") Permit Fees Fund is used to account for a per acre environmental fee charged to all contractors who disturb more than one acre of land at a building site.

**Transportation and Tourism Fund** is used to account for a fee to provide enhanced public transportation services and to enhance the tourism opportunities in the Historic Heritage District. The Government has implemented a \$1.00 per night room fee. In exchange for the transportation fee, payers of the fee shall be entitled to free use of the public transportation systems for the duration of their hotel stay in Augusta. The revenues generated by the transportation fee shall be used to fund and enhance public transportation operations, manage the Augusta Convention Center, and revitalize the Historic Heritage Districts of Augusta to enhance the transportation and tourism services available in Augusta.

Drug Court Fund is used to account for activities associated with drug education and enforcement.

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Driving Under the Influence ("DUI") Court Fund is used to account for activities associated with DUI court.

**Urban Redevelopment Projects Fund** is used to account for the use of the related loan funds to assist the Government in alleviating economic deterioration by means of increasing public and private investments in order to aid in economic recovery to strengthen the economics, employment, and tax base of the Government. More specifically, the proceeds will finance the development of the Laney-Walker and Bethlehem Urban Redevelopment Area.

TIA Projects Fund is used to account for the receipts from the Transportation Investment Act of 2010.

American Rescue Plan Act ("ARPA") Fund is used to account for the receipts from the American Rescue Plan Act.

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

ASSETS		Urban Services District		mergency Felephone System		Tax Allocation District 2		Tax Allocation District 3		Tax Allocation District 4	Occ	upational Tax
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,256,255	\$	998,494	\$	3,329,940	\$	677,674	\$	98,753	\$	417
Investments				2,290,973		-		-		-		-
Taxes receivable		681,543		-		87,358		-		-		-
Accounts receivable		13,056		344,629		-		-		-		-
Notes receivable Due from other governments		- 664.541		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		004,541		-		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	3,615,395	\$	3,634,096	\$	3,417,298	\$	677,674	\$	98,753	\$	417
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)												
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	24,903	\$	101,020	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		-		53,393		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-		-		-
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		2		-		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		24,905		154,413				-		-		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Unavailable revenue - notes receivable		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		266,191		-		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		266,191		-		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)												
Non-spendable:												
Prepaid expenditures		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted for:												
General government		3,324,299		-		-		-		-		-
Judicial		-		-		-		-		-		-
Perpetual care		-		-		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		3,479,683		-		-		-		417
Public works		-		-		-		-		-		-
Housing and development		-		-		3,417,298		677,674		98,753		-
Committed to: Public works												
Public works Public works - stormwater		-		-		-		-		-		-
Housing and development		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total fund balances (deficits)		3,324,299		3,479,683		3,417,298		677,674		98,753		417
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of												
resources and fund balances (deficits)	\$	3,615,395	\$	3,634,096	\$	3,417,298	\$	677,674	\$	98,753	\$	417
	Ψ	0,010,000	Ÿ	0,001,000	Ψ	5,417,200	Ψ	011,014	Ÿ	00,700	Ψ	

St	reetlights	Pi	otel/Motel Tax and romotion/ Tourism	Ne	ousing and ighborhood evelopment	Dev	Urban velopment tion Grant		Federal Drug Fund		State Drug Fund		owntown velopment
\$	555,498	\$	397,481	\$	2,504,198	\$	58,086	\$	523,319	\$	1,294,115	\$	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		
	1,132,803 -		-		1,173,124 1,494,960		- 1,092		-		7,815		144,98
	-		-		- 2,857		-		-		-		
\$	1,688,301	\$	397,481	\$	5,175,139	\$	59,178	\$	523,319	\$	1,301,930	\$	144,985
5	443,929	\$	384,315	\$	149,611	\$	-	\$	33,300	\$	-	\$	
	6,597	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	25,132	Ŷ	-	÷	-	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	
	-		-		3,911,874		-		-		-		
	-		-		4,500 2,762		- 2,857		-		-		144,98
	450,526		384,315	_	4,093,879		2,857	_	33,300		-		144,98
	-		-		2,531,141		-		-		-		
	1,002,081		<u> </u>		2,531,141		<u> </u>					·	
	.,002,001				2,001,111								
	-		-		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		490,019		- 1,301,930		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		
	-		13,166		-		56,321		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		
	235,694		-		(1,449,881)		-		-		-		
	235,694		13,166		(1,449,881)		56,321		490,019		1,301,930		

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

ASSETS	Co	onvention Center		Law Library	% Victim's Crime ssistance	oplemental Juvenile Services		Building Inspection	Perpetual Care - I
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	463,341 -	\$	24,499 18,513	\$ 762,801 -	\$ 58,182 -	\$	3,813,753 -	\$ 216,213
Taxes receivable Accounts receivables		-		- 10,795	- 11,660	- 325		-	-
Notes receivable Due from other governments		-		-	-	-		-	-
Due from other funds		-		-	-	-		-	-
Prepaid expenditures		87,096	_	-	 -	 -	-	-	 -
Total assets	\$	550,437	\$	53,807	\$ 774,461	\$ 58,507	\$	3,813,753	\$ 216,213
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)									
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	35,738	\$	47,264	\$ 35	\$ -	\$	82,132	\$ 9,757
Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue		-		12,857	8,293	-		20,153	-
Due to other governments					-				
Due to other funds		442,379		-	114,648	-		-	-
Total liabilities		478,117		60,121	 122,976	 -		102,285	 9,757
DEFERRED INFLOWS									
OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable revenue - notes receivable		-		-	-	-		-	-
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		-			 -	 -		-	 -
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-	 -	 -		-	 -
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Non-spendable:									
Prepaid expenditures Restricted for:		87,096		-	-	-		-	-
General government		-		-	-	-		-	-
Judicial Perpetual care		-		-	651,485	58,507		-	- 206,456
Public safety				-					200,430
Public works		-		-	-	-		-	-
Housing and development		-		-	-	-		-	-
Committed to:									
Public works - stormwater		-		-	-	-		-	-
Housing and development		-		-	-	-		3,711,468	-
Unassigned		(14,776) 72,320		(6,314)	 - 651,485	 - 58,507		3,711,468	 206,456
Total fund balances (deficits)		12,320		(0,314)	 031,465	 30,307		3,711,408	 200,430
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of									
resources and fund balances (deficits)	\$	550,437	\$	53,807	\$ 774,461	\$ 58,507	\$	3,813,753	\$ 216,213

TIA scretionary Projects		NPDES Permit Fees	Transportation and Tourism		 Drug Court	 DUI Court	Re	Urban development Projects
\$ 5,597,996	\$	82,650	\$	514,439	\$ 288,699	\$ -	\$	1,883,919
6,353,472		-		-	-	-		-
-		-		-	- 2,681	- 33,728		-
-		-		-	2,001			-
458,992		-		-	-	-		-
-		-		-	-	-		-
-		-		-	 -	 -		-
\$ 12,410,460	\$	82,650	\$	514,439	\$ 291,380	\$ 33,728	\$	1,883,919
\$ 164,771	\$	-	\$	6,137	\$ -	\$ 5,604	\$	6,153
-		-		-	-	5,340		-
-				-				
-		-		-	-	35,930		-
164,771		-		6,137	 -	 46,874		6,153
-		-		-	-	-		-
-		-		-	 -	 -		-
	·	-			 	 -		-
-		-		-	-	-		-
-		-		-	-	-		-
-		-		-	-	-		-
-		-		-	-	-		-
- 12,245,689		-		-	291,380	-		-
12,240,009		-		-	-	-		-
-								
-		92 6F0						
-		82,650		- 508.302	-	-		- 1 877 766
-		82,650 - -		- 508,302 -	- -	- - (13,146)		- 1,877,766 -

<u>\$ 12,410,460</u> <u>\$ 82,650</u> <u>\$ 514,439</u> <u>\$ 291,380</u> <u>\$ 33,728</u> <u>\$ 1,883,919</u>

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

ASSETS	TIA Projects	American Rescue Plan Act	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Taxes receivable Accounts receivables Notes receivable Due from other governments Due from other funds Prepaid expenditures	\$ 2,028,568 - - 1,390,604 -	\$ 29,996,734 - 124,956 - - -	\$ 58,426,024 8,662,958 768,901 3,000,557 1,496,052 2,514,137 2,857 87,096
Total assets	\$ 3,419,172	\$ 30,121,690	\$ 74,958,582
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)			
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Due to other governments Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$ 494,240 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ - 30,121,609 - 30,121,609	\$ 1,988,909 131,765 34,033,483 4,500 743,563 36,902,220
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - notes receivable Unavailable revenue - property taxes Total deferred inflows of resources	- 	- 	2,531,141 1,268,272 3,799,413
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Non-spendable: Prepaid expenditures Restricted for:	-	-	87,096
General government Judicial Perpetual care Public safety Public works Housing and development	- - 2,924,932 -	- - 81 -	3,324,299 709,992 206,456 5,563,510 15,170,621 4,263,212
Committed to: Public works - stormwater Housing and development Unassigned Total fund balances (deficits)	2,924,932		82,650 6,097,536 (1,248,423) 34,256,949
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			
resources and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 3,419,172	\$ 30,121,690	\$ 74,958,582

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Revenues         \$ 4,797,519         \$ - \$ 420,878         \$ 153,748         \$ 35,265         \$           Other taxes         6,371,951         -         879,616         -         -         -           Other taxes         161,419         -	Occupational Tax		Tax Ilocation District 4		Tax location strict 3		Tax ocation strict 2		mergency felephone System		Urban Services District		_
Sales taxes       6,371,951       -       879,616       -       -         Other taxes       161,419       -       -       -       -         Intergovernmental       -       -       -       -       -       -         Charges for services       -       4,152,648       -       -       -       -       -         Fines and forfeitures       -			05 005	•	450 740	•	100 070	•		•	4 707 540	<b>^</b>	
Other taxes         161,419         -	; -	\$	35,265	\$	153,748	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	
Licenses and permits       -	-		-		-		879,616		-				
Intergovernmental       -       -       686,681       350,555       -         Charges for services       -       -       -       -       -         Fines and forfeitures       -       -       -       -       -       -         Interest income       10,639       5,671       3,198       281       95         Other revenues       -       -       -       -       -       -         Total revenues       11,341,528       4,204,088       1,990,373       504,584       35,360       -         Expenditures       -       <	-		-		-		-		-		161,419		
Charges for services       -       4,152,648       -       -       -         Fines and forfeitures       10,639       5,671       3,198       281       95         Other revenues       -       45,769       -       -       -       -         Total revenues       11,341,528       4,204,088       1,990,373       504,584       35,360         Expenditures       11,341,528       4,204,088       1,990,373       504,584       35,360         Current:       General government       1,877,821       -       -       -         Judicial       -       -       -       -       -         Public safety       -       4,468,623       -       -       -         Quitre and recreation       -       -       -       -       -         Housing and development       -       1,076,090       455,126       64,480       -         Total expenditures       1,877,821       4,468,623       1,076,090       455,126       64,480       -         Excess (deficiency)       of revenues over       -       1,076,090       455,126       64,480       -         Transfers in       -       -       -       -       - <t< td=""><td>3,348,512</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	3,348,512		-		-		-		-		-		
Fines and forfeitures       10,639       5,671       3,198       281       95         Interest income       45,769       - </td <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>300,000</td> <td></td> <td>000,001</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td>	-		-		300,000		000,001		-		-		
Interest income       10,639       5,671       3,198       281       95         Other revenues       -       45,769       -       -       -         Total revenues       11,341,528       4,204,088       1,990,373       504,584       35,360         Expenditures       -       <	-		-		-		-		4,152,648		-		
Other revenues       -       45,769       -	-		-				-		- E 671		-		
Total revenues       11.341,528       4.204,088       1,990,373       504,584       35,360         Expenditures         Current:       General government       1,877,821       -       -       -         Judicial       -       -       -       -       -       -         Public safety       -       4,468,623       -       -       -       -       -         Cuture and recreation       -	- 28,340		95				3,198		,		10,639		
Expenditures           Current:           General government         1,877,821           Judicial         -           Public safety         -           Public works         -           Current:         -           Quidicial         -           Public works         -           Culture and recreation         -           -         -           Housing and development         -           Total expenditures         1,877,821           4,468,623         1,076,090           455,126         64,480           -         -           Housing and development         -           Total expenditures         1,877,821           4,468,623         1,076,090           455,126         64,480           Excess (deficiency)         of revenues over           (under) expenditures         9,463,707           (264,535)         914,283           49,458         (29,120)           Other financing sources (uses)         -           Transfers out         (8,925,153)           Total other financing sources (uses)         (8,925,153)           Vet change in fund balances (deficits),         538,554	28,340		-										revenues
Current:       General government       1,877,821       -	3,376,852		35,360		504,584		,990,373		4,204,088		11,341,528		al revenues
General government       1,877,821       -       -       -       -         Judicial       -       -       -       -       -       -         Public safety       -       4,468,623       -       -       -       -         Public works       -       -       -       -       -       -       -         Culture and recreation       -       -       -       -       -       -       -         Housing and development       -       -       1,076,090       455,126       64,480       -         Total expenditures       1,877,821       4,468,623       1,076,090       455,126       64,480       -         Excess (deficiency)       of revenues over       1,877,821       4,468,623       1,076,090       455,126       64,480       -         Excess (deficiency)       of revenues over       9,463,707       (264,535)       914,283       49,458       (29,120)       -         Other financing sources (uses)       -													
Judicial       -<	9,460		-		-		-		-		1 877 821		
Public safety       -       4,468,623       -       -       -         Public works       -       -       -       -       -       -         Culture and recreation       -       -       -       -       -       -       -         Housing and development       -       -       1,076,090       455,126       64,480       -         Total expenditures       1,877,821       4,468,623       1,076,090       455,126       64,480       -         Excess (deficiency)       of revenues over       1,877,821       4,468,623       1,076,090       455,126       64,480       -         Other financing sources (uses)       -	-,		-		-		-		-		-		
Public works       - <t< td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>4.468.623</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	-		-		-		-		4.468.623		-		
Housing and development Total expenditures       -       -       1,076,090       455,126       64,480         Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures       1,877,821       4,468,623       1,076,090       455,126       64,480	-		-		-		-		-		-		
Total expenditures       1,877,821       4,468,623       1,076,090       455,126       64,480         Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures       9,463,707       (264,535)       914,283       49,458       (29,120)         Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Total other financing sources (uses)       -       264,550       -       -       -         Net change in fund balances (deficits),       538,554       15       914,283       49,458       (29,120)	-		-		-		-		-		-		ure and recreation
Total expenditures       1,877,821       4,468,623       1,076,090       455,126       64,480         Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures       9,463,707       (264,535)       914,283       49,458       (29,120)         Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Total other financing sources (uses)       -       264,550       -       -       -         Net change in fund balances (deficits),       538,554       15       914,283       49,458       (29,120)	-		64,480		455,126		,076,090		-		-		ising and development
of revenues over       9,463,707       (264,535)       914,283       49,458       (29,120)         Other financing sources (uses)       -       264,550       -       -       -         Transfers out       (8,925,153)       -       -       -       -         Total other financing sources (uses)       (8,925,153)       264,550       -       -       -         Net change in fund balances (deficits)       538,554       15       914,283       49,458       (29,120)	9,460		64,480		455,126		,076,090		4,468,623		1,877,821	_	
(under) expenditures       9,463,707       (264,535)       914,283       49,458       (29,120)         Other financing sources (uses)       -       264,550       -       -       -         Transfers out       (8,925,153)       -       -       -       -         Total other financing sources (uses)       (8,925,153)       264,550       -       -       -         Net change in fund balances (deficits)       538,554       15       914,283       49,458       (29,120)													ess (deficiency)
Other financing sources (uses)     -     264,550     -     -       Transfers in     -     264,550     -     -       Total other financing sources (uses)     (8,925,153)     -     -     -       Net change in fund balances (deficits)     538,554     15     914,283     49,458     (29,120)													f revenues over
Transfers in       -       264,550       -       -       -         Transfers out       (8,925,153)       -       -       -       -         Total other financing sources (uses)       (8,925,153)       264,550       -       -       -         Net change in fund balances (deficits)       538,554       15       914,283       49,458       (29,120)	3,367,392		(29,120)		49,458		914,283		(264,535)		9,463,707		inder) expenditures
Transfers out       (8,925,153)       - <td></td> <td>nancing sources (uses)</td>													nancing sources (uses)
Total other financing sources (uses)         (8,925,153)         264,550         -	-		-		-		-		264,550		-		fers in
sources (uses)         (8,925,153)         264,550         - <th< td=""><td>(3,366,975)</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>(8,925,153)</td><td></td><td>fers out</td></th<>	(3,366,975)		-		-		-		-		(8,925,153)		fers out
Net change in fund balances (deficits)         538,554         15         914,283         49,458         (29,120)           Fund balances (deficits),         538,554         15         914,283         49,458         (29,120)													otal other financing
fund balances (deficits)         538,554         15         914,283         49,458         (29,120)           Fund balances (deficits),	(3,366,975)		-		-		-		264,550		(8,925,153)		sources (uses)
Fund balances (deficits),													nange in
	417	1	(29,120)		49,458		914,283		15		538,554		balances (deficits)
													lances (deficits),
			127,873		628,216		,503,015		3,479,668		2,785,745		
Fund balances (deficits),													llances (deficits),
end of year \$ 3,324,299 \$ 3,479,683 \$ 3,417,298 \$ 677,674 \$ 98,753 \$	<b>417</b>	\$	98,753	\$	677,674	\$	,417,298	\$	3,479,683	\$	3,324,299	\$	f year

Streetlights	Hotel/Motel Tax and Housing and Urban Promotion/ Neighborhood Development ts Tourism Development Action Grant			Federal Drug Fund	State Drug Fund	Downtown Development		
\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -		
-	- 5,652,415	-	-	-	-	-		
-	- 0,002,410	-	-	-	-	-		
-	-	11,317,548	-	-	-	-		
4,356,875	-	-	-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-	2,993 416	480,089 894	-		
10,228	-	1,746,153	900		- 00	-		
4,367,103	5,652,415	13,063,701	900	3,409	480,983			
55,645	-	-	-	-	-	4,341		
-	-	-	-	- 111,079	- 368,434	-		
6,239,634	-	-	-	-		-		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
-	4,292,415	15,530,558	108		-	154,610		
6,295,279	4,292,415	15,530,558	108	111,079	368,434	158,951		
(1,928,176)	1,360,000	(2,466,857)	792	(107,670)	112,549	(158,951		
2,163,870	- (1,360,000)	3,000,921	-	-	-	158,951		
2,163,870	(1,360,000)	3,000,921				158,951		
2,100,070	(1,000,000)	0,000,021				100,001		
235,694	-	534,064	792	(107,670)	112,549	-		
-	13,166	(1,983,945)	55,529	597,689	1,189,381			
\$ 235,694	\$ 13,166	\$ (1,449,881)			\$ 1,301,930			

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	onvention Center	 Law Library	% Victim's Crime Assistance	Ĵ	plemental uvenile ervices	Building Inspection	erpetual Care - I
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Sales taxes	195,000	-	-		-	-	-
Other taxes	-	-	-		-		-
Licenses and permits	-	-	-		-	3,110,676	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-		-	-	-
Charges for services	760,143	96,105	-		3,830	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	166,360		-	-	-
Interest income	9,570	-	990		85	5,084	11,182
Other revenues	 -	 -	 -		-	 7,601	 100
Total revenues	 964,713	 96,105	 167,350		3,915	 3,123,361	 11,282
Expenditures Current:							
General government	-	-	12,030		1,670	164,103	-
Judicial	-	104,012	439,404		-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-		-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-		-	-	-
Culture and recreation	1,247,393	-	-		-	-	50,794
Housing and development	-	-	-		-	1,576,914	-
Fiscal agent fees	-	-	-		-	-	-
Total expenditures	 1,247,393	 104,012	 451,434		1,670	 1,741,017	 50,794
Excess (deficiency)							
(under) expenditures	 (282,680)	 (7,907)	 (284,084)		2,245	 1,382,344	 (39,512)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in	355,000	270	293,360		-	19,870	-
Transfers out	-	-	-		-	-	-
Total other financing			 			 	
sources (uses)	 355,000	 270	 293,360		-	 19,870	 -
Net change in fund balances (deficits)	72,320	(7,637)	9,276		2,245	1,402,214	(39,512)
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year	 	 1,323	 642,209		56,262	 2,309,254	 245,968
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$ 72,320	\$ (6,314)	\$ 651,485	\$	58,507	\$ 3,711,468	\$ 206,456

D	TIA iscretionary Projects	 NPDES Permit Fees	nsportation d Tourism		Drug Court	 DUI Court	Re	Urban development Projects
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
	4,632,814	-	-		-	-		-
	-	- 17,888			-	-		-
	-	-	-		-	-		-
	-	-	892,663		- 99,809	- 287,052		-
	- 16,753	- 108	- 1,271		99,809 447	207,052		-
	-	 -	 -		13,490	 -		-
	4,649,567	 17,996	 893,934		113,746	 287,280		-
	- - 1,289,056	- - 151	- - -		- - 116,439 -	458,493 - -		- - -
	-	-	- 382,734		-	-		- 1,485,115 -
_	1,289,056	 151	 382,734	_	116,439	 458,493		1,485,115
	3,360,511	 17,845	 511,200		(2,693)	 (171,213)		(1,485,115)
	- (625,000)	-	- (743,000)		-	201,480		2,265,000
	(023,000)	 	 (743,000)			 		
	(625,000)	 -	 (743,000)		-	 201,480		2,265,000
	2,735,511	17,845	(231,800)		(2,693)	30,267		779,885
	9,510,178	 64,805	740,102		294,073	 (43,413)		1,097,881
\$	12,245,689	\$ 82,650	\$ 508,302	\$	291,380	\$ (13,146)	\$	1,877,766

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Revenues	TIA Projects	American Rescue Plan Act	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Property taxes	\$ -	\$-	\$ 5,407,410
Sales taxes	پ 8,214,926	φ -	20,294,307
Other taxes		-	5,813,834
Licenses and permits	-	-	6,477,076
Intergovernmental	-	11,052,825	23,407,609
Charges for services	-	-	10,262,264
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	1,036,303
Interest income	3,093	-	70,005
Other revenues	-	-	1,852,581
Total revenues	8,218,019	11,052,825	74,621,389
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government	-	2,015,640	4,140,710
Judicial	-	-	1,001,909
Public safety	-	859,684	5,924,259
Public works	7,706,688	-	15,235,529
Culture and recreation	-	-	1,298,187
Housing and development	-	-	25,018,150
Fiscal agent fees			
Total expenditures	7,706,688	2,875,324	52,618,744
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	511,331	8,177,501	22,002,645
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	-	-	8,723,272
Transfers out	(38,180)	(8,177,420)	(23,235,728)
Total other financing			
sources (uses)	(38,180)	(8,177,420)	(14,512,456)
Net change in			
fund balances (deficits)	473,151	81	7,490,189
Fund balances (deficits),			
beginning of year	2,451,781		26,766,760
Fund balances (deficits),			
end of year	\$ 2,924,932	\$ 81	\$ 34,256,949

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - URBAN SERVICES DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	0	riginal and			2020
	Fi	nal Budget	 Actual	 Variance	 Actual
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$	4,501,650	\$ 4,797,519	\$ 295,869	\$ 4,439,704
Sales taxes		5,489,100	6,371,951	882,851	5,677,899
Other taxes		-	161,419	161,419	85,768
Interest income		7,500	10,639	3,139	48,470
Total revenues		9,998,250	 11,341,528	 1,343,278	 10,251,841
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government		1,794,960	1,877,821	(82,861)	2,087,441
Total expenditures		1,794,960	 1,877,821	 (82,861)	 2,087,441
Excess of revenues over expenditures		8,203,290	 9,463,707	 1,260,417	 8,164,400
Other financing uses					
Transfers out		(8,345,580)	(8,925,153)	(579,573)	(9,338,120)
Total other financing uses		(8,345,580)	 (8,925,153)	 (579,573)	 (9,338,120)
Net change in fund balance		(142,290)	538,554	680,844	(1,173,720)
Fund balance, beginning of year		2,785,745	 2,785,745	 -	 3,959,465
Fund balance, end of year	\$	2,643,455	\$ 3,324,299	\$ 680,844	\$ 2,785,745

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Driginal and			2020
_	F	inal Budget	 Actual	 Variance	 Actual
Revenues					
Charges for services	\$	4,118,980	\$ 4,152,648	\$ 33,668	\$ 4,115,769
Interest income		5,000	5,671	671	24,059
Other revenues		3,000	 45,769	 42,769	 11,248
Total revenues		4,126,980	 4,204,088	 77,108	 4,151,076
Expenditures					
Current:					
Public safety		5,065,030	4,468,623	596,407	4,925,743
Total expenditures		5,065,030	 4,468,623	 596,407	 4,925,743
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(938,050)	 (264,535)	 673,515	 (774,667
Other financing sources					
Transfers in		938,050	264,550	(673,500)	777,190
Total other financing sources		938,050	 264,550	 (673,500)	 777,190
Net change in fund balance		-	15	15	2,523
Fund balance, beginning of year		3,479,668	 3,479,668	 -	 3,477,145
Fund balance, end of year	\$	3,479,668	\$ 3,479,683	\$ 15	\$ 3,479,668

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - TAX ALLOCATION DISTRICT 2 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	iginal and al Budget	Actual	,	Variance	2020 Actual
Revenues	 -				
Property taxes	\$ 353,520	\$ 420,878	\$	67,358	\$ 356,012
Sales taxes	643,750	879,616		235,866	772,029
Intergovernmental	597,280	686,681		89,401	601,491
Interest income	 -	 3,198		3,198	 11,045
Total revenues	 1,594,550	 1,990,373		395,823	 1,740,577
Expenditures					
Current:					
Housing and development	1,594,550	1,076,090		518,460	490,690
Total expenditures	 1,594,550	 1,076,090		518,460	 490,690
Excess of revenues over expenditures	 	 914,283	. <u> </u>	914,283	 1,249,887
Net change in fund balance	-	914,283		914,283	1,249,887
Fund balance, beginning of year	 2,503,015	 2,503,015		<u> </u>	 1,253,128
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 2,503,015	\$ 3,417,298	\$	914,283	\$ 2,503,015

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - TAX ALLOCATION DISTRICT 3 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	 Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance		2020 Actual
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$ 124,980	\$	153,748	\$	28,768	\$	125,857
Intergovernmental	340,440		350,555		10,115		342,841
Interest income	 -		281		281		4,566
Total revenues	 465,420		504,584		39,164		473,264
Expenditures							
Current:							
Housing and development	465,420		455,126		10,294		-
Total expenditures	465,420		455,126		10,294		-
Net change in fund balance	-		49,458		49,458		473,264
Fund balance, beginning of year	 628,216		628,216				154,952
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 628,216	\$	677,674	\$	49,458	\$	628,216

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - TAX ALLOCATION DISTRICT 4 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Or	iginal and					2020
	Final Budget		Actual		Variance		 Actual
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$	70,020	\$	35,265	\$	(34,755)	\$ 70,512
Interest income		-		95		95	 486
Total revenues		70,020		35,360		(34,660)	 70,998
Expenditures							
Current:							
Housing and development		70,020		64,480		5,540	 -
Total expenditures		70,020		64,480		5,540	 -
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		-		(29,120)		(29,120)	 70,998
Net change in fund balance		-		(29,120)		(29,120)	70,998
Fund balance, beginning of year		127,873	. <u> </u>	127,873			 56,875
Fund balance, end of year	\$	127,873	\$	98,753	\$	(29,120)	\$ 127,873

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - OCCUPATIONAL TAX SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance	2020 Actual	
Revenues				710100	Vanance			
Licenses and permits	\$	3,575,000	\$	3,348,512	\$	(226,488)	\$	3,557,555
Interest income		-		-		-		9,471
Other revenues		81,000		28,340		(52,660)		28,565
Total revenues		3,656,000		3,376,852		(279,148)		3,595,591
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		9,460		9,460		-		8,259
Total expenditures		9,460		9,460				8,259
Excess of revenues over expenditures		3,646,540		3,367,392		(279,148)		3,587,332
Other financing uses								
Transfers out		(3,646,540)		(3,366,975)		279,565		(3,587,332)
Total other financing uses		(3,646,540)		(3,366,975)		279,565		(3,587,332)
Net change in fund balance		-		417		417		-
Fund balance, beginning of year								
Fund balance, end of year	\$	-	\$	417	\$	417	\$	-

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - STREETLIGHTS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance		2020 Actual	
Revenues								
Charges for services	\$	5,049,380	\$	4,356,875	\$	(692,505)	\$	4,229,612
Other revenues		-		10,228		10,228		-
Total revenues		5,049,380		4,367,103		(682,277)		4,229,612
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		805,230		55,645		749,585		47,360
Public works		6,408,020		6,239,634		168,386		6,018,477
Total expenditures		7,213,250		6,295,279		917,971		6,065,837
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(2,163,870)		(1,928,176)		235,694		(1,836,225
Other financing sources								
Transfers in		2,163,870		2,163,870		-		4,134,081
Total other financing sources		2,163,870		2,163,870		-		4,134,081
Net change in fund balance		-		235,694		235,694		2,297,856
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year								(2,297,856
Fund balance, end of year	\$	-	\$	235,694	\$	235,694	\$	

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - HOTEL/MOTEL TAX AND PROMOTION/TOURISM SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Original and Final Budget		Actual		ariance	2020 Actual		
Revenues	 							
Other taxes	\$ 5,656,400	\$	5,652,415	\$	(3,985)	\$	3,846,349	
Total revenues	 5,656,400		5,652,415		(3,985)		3,846,349	
Expenditures								
Current:								
Housing and development	 4,296,400		4,292,415		3,985		2,486,349	
Total expenditures	 4,296,400		4,292,415		3,985		2,486,349	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	 1,360,000		1,360,000		-		1,360,000	
Other financing uses								
Transfers out	 (1,360,000)		(1,360,000)		-		(1,360,000)	
Total other financing uses	 (1,360,000)		(1,360,000)		-		(1,360,000)	
Net change in fund balance	-		-		-		-	
Fund balance, beginning of year	 13,166		13,166				13,166	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 13,166	\$	13,166	\$	-	\$	13,166	

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - HOUSING AND NEIGHBORHOOD DEVELOPMENT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Original and					2020
	Final Budget		Actual		 Variance	Actual	
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$	22,960,030	\$	11,317,548	\$ (11,642,482)	\$	2,829,466
Other revenues		830,000		1,746,153	 916,153		1,377,486
Total revenues		23,790,030		13,063,701	 (10,726,329)		4,206,952
Expenditures							
Current:							
Housing and development		25,035,430		15,530,558	 9,504,872		5,826,026
Total expenditures		25,035,430		15,530,558	 9,504,872		5,826,026
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(1,245,400)		(2,466,857)	 (1,221,457)		(1,619,074
Other financing sources							
Transfers in		1,245,400		3,000,921	1,755,521		1,224,420
Total other financing sources		1,245,400		3,000,921	 1,755,521		1,224,420
Net change in fund balance (deficit)		-		534,064	534,064		(394,654
Fund deficit, beginning of year		(1,983,945)		(1,983,945)	 		(1,589,291
Fund deficit, end of year	\$	(1,983,945)	\$	(1,449,881)	\$ 534,064	\$	(1,983,945

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - URBAN DEVELOPMENT ACTION GRANT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance		2020 Actual
Revenues	 		<u> </u>				
Other revenues	\$ -	\$	900	\$	900	\$	-
Total revenues	 -		900		900		-
Expenditures							
Current:							
Housing and development	 -		108		(108)		73
Total expenditures	 -		108	. <u> </u>	(108)		73
Net change in fund balance	-		792		792		(73)
Fund balance, beginning of year	 55,529		55,529				55,602
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 55,529	\$	56,321	\$	792	\$	55,529

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - FEDERAL DRUG FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Or	iginal and			2020
	Fir	al Budget	 Actual	 Variance	 Actual
Revenues					
Fines and forfeitures	\$	200,000	\$ 2,993	\$ (197,007)	\$ 16,026
Interest income		-	 416	 416	 4,143
Total revenues		200,000	 3,409	 (196,591)	 20,169
Expenditures					
Current:					
Public safety		200,000	111,079	88,921	177,138
Total expenditures		200,000	 111,079	 88,921	 177,138
Net change in fund balance		-	(107,670)	(107,670)	(156,969)
Fund balance, beginning of year		597,689	 597,689	 -	 754,658
Fund balance, end of year	\$	597,689	\$ 490,019	\$ (107,670)	\$ 597,689

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - STATE DRUG FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Or	iginal and			2020
	Fir	al Budget	 Actual	/ariance	 Actual
Revenues					
Fines and forfeitures	\$	380,000	\$ 480,089	\$ 100,089	\$ 113,866
Interest income		-	894	894	9,449
Total revenues		380,000	 480,983	 100,983	 123,315
Expenditures					
Current:					
Public safety		380,000	368,434	11,566	232,585
Total expenditures		380,000	 368,434	 11,566	 232,585
Net change in fund balance		-	112,549	112,549	(109,270)
Fund balance, beginning of year		1,189,381	 1,189,381	 	 1,298,651
Fund balance, end of year	\$	1,189,381	\$ 1,301,930	\$ 112,549	\$ 1,189,381

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		iginal and				2020
	Fir	al Budget	 Actual	Va	riance	 Actual
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	\$	4,090	\$ 4,341	\$	(251)	\$ 4,572
Housing and development		154,610	 154,610		-	 401,255
Total expenditures		158,700	 158,951		(251)	 405,827
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(158,700)	 (158,951)		(251)	 (405,827)
Other financing sources						
Transfers in		158,700	 158,951		251	 405,827
Total other financing sources		158,700	 158,951		251	 405,827
Net change in fund balance		-	-		-	-
Fund balance, beginning of year		-	 			 -
Fund balance, end of year	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - CONVENTION CENTER SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	-	jinal and I Budget	Actual	١	/ariance	2020 Actual
Revenues						 
Sales taxes	\$	195,000	\$ 195,000	\$	-	\$ 183,416
Charges for services		850,000	760,143		(89,857)	436,943
Interest income		-	 9,570		9,570	 -
Total revenues		1,045,000	 964,713		(80,287)	 620,359
Expenditures						
Current:						
Culture and recreation		1,400,000	 1,247,393		152,607	 1,078,565
Total expenditures		1,400,000	 1,247,393		152,607	 1,078,565
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(355,000)	 (282,680)		72,320	 (458,206)
Other financing sources						
Transfers in		355,000	 355,000		-	 1,240,500
Total other financing sources		355,000	 355,000		-	 1,240,500
Net change in fund deficit		-	72,320		72,320	782,294
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year			 			 (782,294)
Fund balance, end of year	\$	-	\$ 72,320	\$	72,320	\$ -

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - LAW LIBRARY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		riginal and nal Budget	Actual	N	ariance		2020 Actual
Revenues	FI	nai Buugei	 Actual	V	anance		Actual
Charges for services	\$	120,000	\$ 96,105	\$	(23,895)	\$	103,209
Total revenues		120,000	 96,105	<u> </u>	(23,895)		103,209
Expenditures							
Current:							
Judicial		120,270	 104,012		16,258		152,218
Total expenditures		120,270	 104,012		16,258		152,218
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(270)	 (7,907)		(7,637)	. <u> </u>	(49,009)
Other financing sources							
Transfers in		270	270		-		-
Total other financing sources		270	 270		-		-
Net change in fund balance		-	(7,637)		(7,637)		(49,009)
Fund balance, beginning of year		1,323	 1,323				50,332
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$	1,323	\$ (6,314)	\$	(7,637)	\$	1,323

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - 5% CRIME VICTIM'S ASSISTANCE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	riginal and nal Budget	 Actual	 /ariance	 2020 Actual
Revenues				
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 240,000	\$ 166,360	\$ (73,640)	\$ 222,402
Interest income	 -	 990	 990	 4,147
Total revenues	 240,000	 167,350	 (72,650)	 226,549
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	12,030	12,030	-	12,920
Judicial	 553,380	 439,404	 113,976	 333,968
Total expenditures	 565,410	 451,434	 113,976	 346,888
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	 (325,410)	 (284,084)	 41,326	 (120,339)
Other financing sources				
Transfers in	325,410	293,360	(32,050)	254,000
Total other financing sources	 325,410	 293,360	 (32,050)	 254,000
Net change in fund balance	-	9,276	9,276	133,661
Fund balance, beginning of year	 642,209	 642,209	 	 508,548
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 642,209	\$ 651,485	\$ 9,276	\$ 642,209

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - SUPPLEMENTAL JUVENILE SERVICES SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	ginal and al Budget	Actual	v	ariance		2020 Actual
Revenues	 					
Charges for services	\$ 12,520	\$ 3,830	\$	(8,690)	\$	5,010
Interest income	 -	 85		85		377
Total revenues	 12,520	 3,915		(8,605)	·	5,387
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	1,670	1,670		-		1,380
Judicial	 10,850	 -		10,850		469
Total expenditures	 12,520	 1,670		10,850		1,849
Excess of revenues over expenditures	 -	 2,245		2,245		3,538
Net change in fund balance	-	2,245		2,245		3,538
Fund balance, beginning of year	 56,262	 56,262				52,724
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 56,262	\$ 58,507	\$	2,245	\$	56,262

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - BUILDING INSPECTION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Driginal and inal Budget	 Actual	 Variance	 2020 Actual
Revenues				
Licenses and permits	\$ 2,108,500	\$ 3,110,676	\$ 1,002,176	\$ 2,295,998
Interest income	-	5,084	5,084	15,596
Other revenues	 -	 7,601	 7,601	-
Total revenues	 2,108,500	 3,123,361	 1,014,861	 2,311,594
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	155,380	164,103	(8,723)	192,058
Housing and development	1,972,990	1,576,914	396,076	1,655,928
Total expenditures	 2,128,370	 1,741,017	 387,353	 1,847,986
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	 (19,870)	 1,382,344	 1,402,214	 463,608
Other financing uses				
Transfers in	19,870	19,870	-	-
Total other financing uses	 19,870	 19,870	 -	 -
Net change in fund balance	-	1,402,214	1,402,214	463,608
Fund balance, beginning of year	 2,309,254	 2,309,254	 <u> </u>	 1,845,646
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 2,309,254	\$ 3,711,468	\$ 1,402,214	\$ 2,309,254

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - PERPETUAL CARE - I SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		iginal and				2020
	Fir	nal Budget	 Actual	V	ariance	 Actual
Revenues						
Interest income	\$	19,000	\$ 11,182	\$	(7,818)	\$ 17,502
Other revenues		-	 100		100	 -
Total revenues		19,000	 11,282		(7,718)	 17,502
Expenditures						
Current:						
Culture and recreation		55,150	 50,794		4,356	 41,121
Total expenditures		55,150	 50,794		4,356	 41,121
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(36,150)	 (39,512)		(3,362)	 (23,619
Other financing sources						
Transfers in		36,150	 -		(36,150)	 -
Total other financing sources		36,150	 -		(36,150)	 -
Net change in fund balance		-	(39,512)		(39,512)	(23,619
Fund balance, beginning of year		245,968	 245,968			 269,587
Fund balance, end of year	\$	245,968	\$ 206,456	\$	(39,512)	\$ 245,968

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - TIA DISCRETIONARY PROJECTS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Priginal and			2020
	F	inal Budget	 Actual	 Variance	 Actual
Revenues					
Sales taxes	\$	8,780,160	\$ 4,632,814	\$ (4,147,346)	\$ 4,339,785
Interest income		-	 16,753	16,753	 67,017
Total revenues		8,780,160	 4,649,567	 (4,130,593)	 4,406,802
Expenditures					
Current:					
Public works		8,155,160	 1,289,056	 6,866,104	 3,141,403
Total expenditures		8,155,160	 1,289,056	 6,866,104	 3,141,403
Excess of revenues over expenditures		625,000	 3,360,511	 2,735,511	 1,265,399
Other financing uses					
Transfers out		(625,000)	 (625,000)	 -	 (625,000
Total other financing uses		(625,000)	 (625,000)	 -	 (625,000
Net change in fund balance		-	2,735,511	2,735,511	640,399
Fund balance, beginning of year		9,510,178	 9,510,178	 -	 8,869,779
Fund balance, end of year	\$	9,510,178	\$ 12,245,689	\$ 2,735,511	\$ 9,510,178

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - NPDES PERMIT FEES SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Or	iginal and				2020
	Fin	al Budget	 Actual	V	ariance	 Actual
Revenues						
Licenses and permits	\$	20,000	\$ 17,888	\$	(2,112)	\$ 6,175
Interest income		-	108		108	730
Total revenues		20,000	 17,996		(2,004)	 6,905
Expenditures						
Current:						
Public works		20,000	151		19,849	58,654
Total expenditures		20,000	 151		19,849	 58,654
Net change in fund balance		-	17,845		17,845	(51,749)
Fund balance, beginning of year		64,805	 64,805			 116,554
Fund balance, end of year	\$	64,805	\$ 82,650	\$	17,845	\$ 64,805

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - TRANSPORTATION AND TOURISM SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	riginal and inal Budget		Actual	Variance	2020 Actual
Revenues	 inal Buuget		Actual	 variance	 Actual
Charges for services	\$ 1,393,000	\$	892,663	\$ (500,337)	\$ 701,788
Interest income	 -	·	1,271	 1,271	 7,030
Total revenues	 1,393,000		893,934	 (499,066)	 708,818
Expenditures					
Current:					
Housing and development	650,000		382,734	267,266	65,832
Total expenditures	 650,000		382,734	 267,266	 65,832
Excess of revenues over expenditures	 743,000		511,200	 (231,800)	 642,986
Other financing uses					
Transfers out	(743,000)		(743,000)	-	(747,000)
Total other financing uses	 (743,000)		(743,000)	 -	 (747,000)
Net change in fund balance	-		(231,800)	(231,800)	(104,014)
Fund balance, beginning of year	 740,102		740,102	 	 844,116
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 740,102	\$	508,302	\$ (231,800)	\$ 740,102

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - DRUG COURT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Origi	nal and					2020
	Final	Final Budget			V	ariance	 Actual
Revenues							
Fines and forfeitures	\$	99,290	\$	99,809	\$	519	\$ 50,631
Interest income		-		447		447	2,289
Other revenues		-		13,490		13,490	 -
Total revenues		99,290		113,746		14,456	 52,920
Expenditures							
Current:							
Public safety		99,290		116,439		(17,149)	 100,000
Total expenditures		99,290		116,439		(17,149)	 100,000
let change in fund balance		-		(2,693)		(2,693)	(47,080
und balance, beginning of year		294,073	. <u> </u>	294,073			 341,153
und balance, end of year	\$	294,073	\$	291,380	\$	(2,693)	\$ 294,073

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - DUI COURT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	riginal and nal Budget	Actual	v	ariance	2020 Actual
Revenues	 				
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 275,000	\$ 287,052	\$	12,052	\$ 226,458
Interest income	 -	228		228	 -
Total revenues	 275,000	 287,280	. <u> </u>	12,280	 226,458
Expenditures					
Current:					
Judicial	476,480	458,493		17,987	442,763
Total expenditures	 476,480	 458,493		17,987	 442,763
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	 (201,480)	 (171,213)		30,267	 (216,305
Other financing sources					
Transfers in	201,480	201,480		-	179,710
Total other financing sources	 201,480	 201,480		-	 179,710
Net change in fund balance (deficit)	-	30,267		30,267	(36,595
Fund deficit, beginning of year	 (43,413)	 (43,413)			 (6,818
Fund deficit, end of year	\$ (43,413)	\$ (13,146)	\$	30,267	\$ (43,413

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - TIA PROJECTS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Driginal and Final Budget	Actual	Variance	2020 Actual
Revenues	 	 	 	 
Sales taxes	\$ 25,688,180	\$ 8,214,926	\$ (17,473,254)	\$ 17,029,348
Interest income	-	3,093	3,093	9,246
Total revenues	 25,688,180	 8,218,019	 (17,470,161)	 17,038,594
Expenditures				
Current:				
Public works	 26,025,950	 7,706,688	 18,319,262	 15,010,017
Total expenditures	 26,025,950	 7,706,688	 18,319,262	 15,010,017
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	 (337,770)	 511,331	 849,101	 2,028,577
Other financing sources				
Transfers in	375,950	-	(375,950)	-
Transfers out	 (38,180)	 (38,180)	 -	 (38,180)
Total other financing sources	 337,770	 (38,180)	 (375,950)	 (38,180)
Net change in fund balance (deficit)	-	473,151	473,151	1,990,397
Fund balance, beginning of year	 2,451,781	 2,451,781	 -	 461,384
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 2,451,781	\$ 2,924,932	\$ 473,151	\$ 2,451,781

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Or	iginal and			2020
	Fir	nal Budget	 Actual	 Variance	 Actual
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$	11,693,060	\$ 11,052,825	\$ (640,235)	\$
Total revenues		11,693,060	 11,052,825	 (640,235)	
xpenditures					
Current:					
General government		2,015,640	2,015,640	-	
Public works		859,684	859,684	-	
Total expenditures		2,875,324	 2,875,324	 -	
xcess of revenues over expenditures		8,817,736	 8,177,501	 (640,235)	
Other financing sources					
Transfers out		(8,817,736)	 (8,177,420)	 640,316	
Total other financing sources		(8,817,736)	 (8,177,420)	 640,316	
let change in fund balance		-	81	81	
und balance, beginning of year		-	 	 	
und balance, end of year	\$	-	\$ 81	\$ 81	\$

## NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## **DEBT SERVICE FUNDS**

**Coliseum Authority Revenue Bonds Debt Service Fund** is used to account for the resources accumulated and payments made for the principal and interest on the Augusta-Richmond County Coliseum Authority Revenue Bonds, Series 2010.

#### DEBT SERVICE FUNDS - COLISEUM AUTHORITY REVENUE BONDS DEBT SERVICE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Original and Final Budget		Actual	Varian	ice	2020 Actual
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ 370,000	\$	602,979	\$	232,979	\$ 363,607
Interest income			1,581		1,581	 3,943
Total revenues	370,000		604,560		234,560	 367,550
Expenditures						
Intergovernmental payments	8,010,000		8,003,306		6,694	-
Debt service:						
Principal	14,640,000		14,639,998		2	1,020,000
Interest	638,750		456,790		181,960	707,550
Fiscal agent fees	3,250		1,400		1,850	-
Bond issuance cost	236,000		240,000		(4,000)	 -
Total expenditures	23,528,000		23,341,494		186,506	 1,727,550
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(23,158,000	)	(22,736,934)		421,066	 (1,360,000)
Other financing sources						
Bond proceeds	21,798,000		21,795,000		(3,000)	-
Transfers in	1,360,000		1,360,000		-	1,360,000
Total other financing sources	23,158,000		23,155,000		(3,000)	 1,360,000
Net change in fund balance	-		418,066		418,066	-
Fund balance, beginning of year	624,573		624,573			 624,573
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 624,573	\$	1,042,639	\$	418,066	\$ 624,573

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## **CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS**

**Capital Outlay Fund** is used to account for the disbursement of revenues for all capital expenditures in General Fund departments. Capital expenditures are defined as any non-disposable item over \$5,000 which includes vehicles, office and computer equipment, communications equipment, building renovations and office furniture.

Law Enforcement Fund is used to account for revenue and capital expenditures of the Sheriff's Department and Jail.

**Special Sales Tax Phase II Fund** is used to account for financing and construction of various construction and road improvements, drainage, jail improvements, and museums. Financing is to be provided by receipts from a 1991 special one percent local option sales tax referendum.

**Special Sales Tax Phase III Fund** is used to account for the receipts and disbursements of the 1% sales tax collected from 1996 through 2000. The primary revenue sources are sales taxes, and the primary expenditures are capital outlay projects, primarily for public works, recreation and outside agency projects.

**Special Sales Tax Phase IV Fund** is used to account for expenditures specifically budgeted from revenue from the 1% sales tax (Phase IV) collected from the years 2001 through 2006 to be used primarily for public works, recreation and outside agency projects.

**Special Sales Tax Phase V Fund** is used to account for receipts and disbursements of the 1% sales tax collected began March 2006 and expired December 2010. The revenue sources are sales tax and earned interest, and expenditures will be for capital outlay projects, primarily for public facilities, public works, recreation, and outside agency projects. The funds will also be used to repay \$44 million bonds issued for the expansion at the Webster Detention Center and the construction of the Augusta Convention Center. Additionally, the funds will be used for the repayment of \$8 million bonds issued by the Canal Authority.

**Special Sales Tax Phase VI Fund** accounts for the receipts and disbursements of the 1% sales tax approved by the taxpayers on June 16, 2009. Collections began January 1, 2011. The Government bonded \$30.5 million in 2009 and \$22 million in 2010 of the estimated \$184.7 million SPLOST. The revenue sources are sales tax and earned interest and expenditures will be primarily for the following: \$10 million dollars was returned to the general fund as a reimbursement for the one time use of general fund balance for the purchase and demolition of the Gilbert Manor Housing projects by the Medical College of Georgia ("MCG") for the expansion of MCG's dental school; \$18 million for renovations to the municipal building; \$17 million to replace emergency services vehicles; and \$10.9 million to parks and recreation. Of the estimated \$184.7 million, \$124 million will go towards infrastructure and \$60.7 million will go towards non infrastructure projects.

**Public Roads Fund** is used to account for the receipts and disbursements of projects funded by the local maintenance and improvement grants ("LMIG")

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

ASSETS		Capital Outlay	Er	Law nforcement	ecial Sales x Phase II		oecial Sales ax Phase III
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	918,237	\$	202,797	\$ 83,885	\$	4,076,182
Investments		9,843,455		-	-		-
Taxes receivable		321,396		-	-		-
Accounts receivable		11,816		16,019	-		-
Interest receivable		-		-	-		-
Due from other governments		-		-	-		934,804
Restricted cash		-		-	 -		-
Total assets	\$	11,094,904	\$	218,816	\$ 83,885	\$	5,010,986
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	487,093	\$	-	\$ -	\$	12,426
Total liabilities		487,093		-	 -		12,426
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		165,264		-	 -		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		165,264		-	 -		-
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted for:							
Capital outlay		-		-	83,885		4,998,560
Committed for:							
Capital outlay		10,442,547		218,816	 -		-
Total fund balances		10,442,547		218,816	 83,885		4,998,560
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	•		•	040.040	00.005	•	5 0 10 000
resources and fund balances	\$	11,094,904	\$	218,816	\$ 83,885	\$	5,010,986

	Special Sales Tax Phase IV	Special Sales Tax Phase V		special Sales Fax Phase VI	 Public Roads	Ca	Total Nonmajor pital Projects Funds
5	8,604,980	\$	5,582,035	\$ 22,511,934	\$ 1,258,670	\$	43,238,720
	-		-	-	3,937,400		13,780,855
	- 168		-	- 21,199	- 252,370		321,396 301,572
	- 100		23,860	21,199	202,370		23,860
	-			-	-		934,804
	-		-	1,057	-		1,05
5	8,605,148	\$	5,605,895	\$ 22,534,190	\$ 5,448,440	\$	58,602,264
;	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ <u>83,310</u> 83,310	\$	
		\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 	\$	\$	582,82
		\$		\$ 	\$	\$	582,82
	- - - 8,605,148	\$	- - - 5,605,895	\$ 	\$	\$	582,82 165,26 165,26
	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 83,310 - -	\$	582,82 582,82 582,82 165,26 165,26 47,192,80 10,661,36

<u>8,605,148</u> <u>\$ 5,605,895</u> <u>\$ 22,534,190</u> <u>\$ 5,448,440</u> <u>\$</u>

\$

58,602,264

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Capital Outlay	Law Enforcement	Special Sales Tax Phase II	Special Sales Tax Phase III
Revenues	¢ 4 000 577	¢	¢	¢
Property taxes Intergovernmental	\$ 4,002,577	\$-	\$-	\$- 934,804
Charges for services	-	108.392	-	954,004
Interest income	15,243	311	100	6,070
Other revenues	39,578	-	-	-
Total revenues	4,057,398	108,703	100	940,874
Expenditures				
Capital outlay	3,479,409	178,640	-	6,754
Total expenditures	3,479,409	178,640		6,754
Excess (deficiency)				
of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	577,989	(69,937)	100	934,120
Other financing sources				
Transfers in	2,454	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources	2,454	-	-	
Net change in fund balances	580,443	(69,937)	100	934,120
Fund balances, beginning of year	9,862,104	288,753	83,785	4,064,440
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 10,442,547	\$ 218,816	\$ 83,885	\$ 4,998,560

Special Sales Tax Phase IV		Special Sales Tax Phase V		Special Sales Tax Phase VI	 Public Roads	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 4,002,577
-		-		-	4,470,631	5,405,435
-		-		-	-	108,392
13,355		8,557		56,111	6,969	106,716
-		-		-	 -	 39,578
13,355		8,557		56,111	 4,477,600	 9,662,698
1,308,843		1,141,532		5,062,544	5,258,476	16,436,198
1,308,843		1,141,532	_	5,062,544	 5,258,476	 16,436,198
(1,295,488)	<u> </u>	(1,132,975)		(5,006,433)	 (780,876)	 (6,773,500)
-		-		-	-	2,454
-		-		(2,454)	-	(2,454)
-		-	_	(2,454)	 -	 -
(1,295,488)		(1,132,975)		(5,008,887)	(780,876)	(6,773,500)
9,900,636		6,738,870		27,543,077	 6,146,006	 64,627,671
\$ 8,605,148	\$	5,605,895	\$	22,534,190	\$ 5,365,130	\$ 57,854,171

## NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

**Waste Management Fund** is used to account for the provision of landfill services to residents and industries of the Government. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund including, but not limited to, administration, operations, billing and collection.

**Transit Fund** is used to account for the operations of the Augusta Public Transit which provides scheduled bus service within Augusta.

**Daniel Field Airport Fund** is used to account for revenue and expenses related to Daniel Field Airport, a general aviation airport of Augusta.

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Waste Management	Transit	Daniel Field Airport	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS	<b>*</b> 00.474.400	<b>^</b>	<b>*</b> 100.001	<b>*</b> 00 507 047
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 22,474,126	\$ -	\$ 123,091	\$ 22,597,217
Investments	11,812,199	-	82,909	11,895,108
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	2,633,290	2,082,957	11,131	4,727,378
Interest receivable Due from other funds	2,422,602	-	42 173,253	42 2,595,855
Restricted cash	3,661,301	-	173,255	3,661,301
Total current assets	43,003,518	2.082.957	390,426	45,476,901
Total current assets	45,005,510	2,002,937	530,420	40,470,901
NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
Advance to other funds	6,576,742	-	-	6,576,742
Capital assets:				
Non-depreciable	22,737,972	1,484,607	65,104	24,287,683
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	22,563,750	20,328,904	2,302,005	45,194,659
Total non-current assets	51,878,464	21,813,511	2,367,109	76,059,084
Total assets	94,881,982	23,896,468	2,757,535	121,535,985
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension	449.274	80.154		529.428
Other post-employment benefit	615,108	1,189,035	-	1,804,143
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,064,382	1,269,189		2,333,571
	· · · ·			
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Payable from current assets:				
Accounts payable	2,883,202	1,155,566	16,882	4,055,650
Accounts payable Accrued expenses	43,413	6,935	10,002	4,055,050
Due to other funds	380,262	0,935	- 182,231	562.493
Compensated absences - current portion	50,770	25,718	102,201	76.488
Compensated absences - current portion	3,357,647	1,188,219	199,113	4,744,979
loughle from restricted assets:				
Payable from restricted assets: Bonds payable - current portion	470,000	_	_	470.000
Donus payable - current pontion	470,000	·		470,000
Total current liabilities	3,827,647	1,188,219	199,113	5,214,979
ION-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Advance from other funds	520,195	6,576,742	-	7,096,937
Compensated absences - long-term portion	33,847	17,146	-	50,993
Bonds payable - long-term portion	4,598,479		-	4,598,479
Net pension liability	598,077	106,702	-	704,779
Total OPEB liability	1,943,155	3,756,215	-	5,699,370
Landfill post-closure care costs - long-term portion	36,067,827	-		36,067,827
Total long-term liabilities	43,761,580	10,456,805	-	54,218,385
Total liabilities	47,589,227	11,645,024	199,113	59,433,364
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension	610,498	108,918		719,416
Total deferred inflows of resources	610,498	108,918		719,416
NET POSITION				
	40,233,243	21,813,511	2,367,109	64.413.863
Net investment in capital assets		-	-	3,661.301
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service Unrestricted	3,661,301 3,852,095	(8,401,796)	- 191,313	3,661,301 (4,358,388)

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	N	Waste Ianagement	 Transit	 Daniel Field Airport	tal Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$	16,404,848	\$ 191,662	\$ 101,479	\$ 16,697,989
Miscellaneous		1,735	5,318,631	36,873	5,357,239
Total operating revenues		16,406,583	 5,510,293	 138,352	 22,055,228
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personnel costs		3,486,980	797,164	-	4,284,144
Cost of sales and service		8,484,922	5,851,781	148,697	14,485,400
Supplies		7,890,705	662,703	10,065	8,563,473
Administration		2,177,211	463,729	15,350	2,656,290
Depreciation expense		2,845,823	525,064	200,898	3,571,785
Total operating expenses		24,885,641	 8,300,441	 375,010	 33,561,092
Operating loss		(8,479,058)	 (2,790,148)	 (236,658)	 (11,505,864)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets		(103,518)	580	-	(102,938)
Interest expense		(221,441)	(9,104)	(113)	(230,658)
Interest income		106,573	-	-	106,573
Total non-operating expenses, net		(218,386)	 (8,524)	 (113)	 (227,023)
Loss before contributions and transfers		(8,697,444)	 (2,798,672)	 (236,771)	 (11,732,887)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		-	 336,466	 41,598	 378,064
TRANSFERS					
Transfers in		50,750	1,062,640	-	1,113,390
Total transfers		50,750	 1,062,640	 -	 1,113,390
Change in net position		(8,646,694)	(1,399,566)	(195,173)	(10,241,433)
NET POSITION, beginning of year		56,393,333	 14,811,281	 2,753,595	 73,958,209
NET POSITION, end of year	\$	47,746,639	\$ 13,411,715	\$ 2,558,422	\$ 63,716,776

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	M	Waste anagement	 Transit	 Daniel Field Airport	tal Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$	20,126,373 (13,523,218) (2,999,093)	\$ 5,410,239 (5,995,230) (673,525)	\$ 42,041 (212,018) -	\$ 25,578,653 (19,730,466) (3,672,618)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		3,604,062	 (1,258,516)	 (169,977)	 2,175,569
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in		50,750	1,062,640	-	1,113,390
Net cash provided by non-capital and related financing activities		50,750	 1,062,640	 -	 1,113,390
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Acquisitions of capital assets Proceeds from sales of capital assets		(657,402)	(132,066) 580	-	(789,468) 580
Principal payments on bonds payable Capital grants received		(455,000)	- 336,466	- 41,598	(455,000) 378,064
Interest paid Net cash provided by (used in) capital and		(665,646)	 (9,104)	 (113)	 (674,863)
related financing activities		(1,778,048)	 195,876	 41,485	 (1,540,687)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Proceeds (purchase) of investments		(72,356)		172,796	100,440
Interest received		106,573	 	 473	 107,046
Net cash provided by investing activities		34,217	 -	 173,269	 207,486
Change in cash and cash equivalents		1,910,981	-	44,777	1,955,758
Cash and cash equivalents Beginning of year		24,224,446	 -	 78,314	 24,302,760
End of year	\$	26,135,427	\$ -	\$ 123,091	\$ 26,258,518
Classified as Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash	\$	22,474,126 3,661,301	\$ -	\$ 123,091	\$ 22,597,217 3,661,301
	\$	26,135,427	\$ 	\$ 123,091	\$ 26,258,518

(Continued)

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	N	Waste /anagement		Transit	Dar Fie Airp	ld	tal Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Reconciliation of operating loss to		_	-				
net cash (provided by) used in operating activities							
Operating loss	\$	(8,479,058)	\$	(2,790,148)	\$	(236,658)	\$ (11,505,864)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss							
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities							
Depreciation		2,845,823		525,064		200,898	3,571,785
Change in assets and liabilities:							
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(1,056,628)		(100,054)		35,801	(1,120,881)
Decrease in prepaid expenses		21,402		-		-	21,402
Decrease in inventory		-		69,159		-	69,159
Decrease in due from other funds		6,047,196		-		-	6,047,196
Increase in advance to other funds		(890,512)		-		(173,253)	(1,063,765)
Decrease in deferred outflows of resources-pension		220,886		17,307		-	238,193
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources-OPEB		(198,888)		248,103		-	49,215
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		1,248,384		21,850		(37,906)	1,232,328
Increase in accrued expenses		13,979		1,462		-	15,441
Increase in post-closure liabilities		3,745,855		-		-	3,745,855
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		(2)		-		41,141	41,139
Increase (decrease) in advance from other funds		(380,264)		890,512		-	510,248
Increase in deferred inflows of resources-pension		538,337		98,424		-	636,761
Decrease in net pension liability		(878,707)		(108,065)		-	(986,772)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability		817,248		(131,353)		-	685,895
Decrease in compensated absences		(10,989)		(777)		-	(11,766)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating		<u>, , , , ,</u>					 <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
activities	\$	3,604,062	\$	(1,258,516)	\$	(169,977)	\$ 2,175,569

## INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

**Risk Management Fund** is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of settlement exposure and damage expense claims, commercial insurance premiums and bond on certain employees and elected officials.

**Fleet Operations Fund** is used to account for the operation and maintenance of Government vehicles. The Fund bills other Government funds at amounts that will approximately recover all the cost of the services provided.

Workers Compensation Fund is used to account for the receipt and disbursements of workers compensation claims.

**Employee Health Benefits Fund** is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of employee group health insurance claims.

**Unemployment Fund** is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of unemployment benefits.

Long-term Disability Insurance Fund is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of long-term disability claims.

**GMA Leases Fund** is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of the lease pool agreement with the Georgia Municipal Association.

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	N	Risk lanagement		Fleet Operations	C	Workers ompensation		Employee alth Benefits
ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS								
Corrent ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,121,001	\$	393,920	\$	173,858	\$	2,770,315
Investments	Φ	1, 12 1,00 1	φ	- 393,920	φ		φ	1,060,014
Accounts receivable, net of allowance		-		24,798		-		568,479
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-
Total current assets		1,121,001	·	418,718		173,858	·	4,398,808
NON-CURRENT ASSETS								
Advance to other funds		-		-		-		-
Other assets		-		-		-		-
Capital assets:								
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation		-		2,832		-		-
Total non-current assets		-		2,832		- 472.050		-
Total assets		1,121,001		421,550		173,858		4,398,808
LIABILITIES								
CURRENT LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable		67,724		417,090		173,858		2,116,387
Accrued expenses Due to other funds		25,680		4,460		-		2,282,421
Total current liabilities		93,404		421,550		173,858		4,398,808
		00,101		121,000				1,000,000
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES								
Certificates of participation		-		-		-		-
Total long-term liabilities				-		-		-
Total liabilities		93,404		421,550		173,858		4,398,808
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred revenue - effective hedge		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-				-		-
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)								
Investment in capital assets		-		2,832		-		-
Unrestricted (deficit)		1,027,597		(2,832)		-		-
Total net position (deficit)	\$	1,027,597	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Unemployment		ſ	ong-term Disability nsurance		GMA Leases	Total Internal Service Funds		
\$	19,092	\$	25,141	\$		\$	4,503,327	
φ	19,092	φ	23,141	φ	- 15,265,559	φ	16,325,573	
	_		_		10,200,000		593,277	
	-		-		730,116		730,116	
	19,092		25,141		15,995,675		22,152,293	
			,		, , , , ,		. ,	
	-		-		830,667		830,667	
	-		-		3,543,272		3,543,272	
	-		-		4,373,939		2,832	
	19,092		25,141		20,369,614		26,529,064	
	19,092 - -		25,141 - -		- - 38,943		2,819,292 2,312,561 38,943	
	19,092		25,141		38,943		5,170,796	
	-		-		16,888,000		16,888,000	
	- 19,092		- 25,141		16,888,000		16,888,000	
	19,092		20,141		16,926,943		22,058,796	
	-		-		3,543,272		3,543,272	
	-		-		3,543,272		3,543,272	
							2 0 2 2	
	-		-		- (100,601)		2,832 924,164	

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	N	Risk Management		Fleet Operations		Workers Compensation		Employee Health Benefits	
OPERATING REVENUES									
Charges for services - interfund services	\$	2,495,923	\$	5,188,693	\$	5,289,257	\$	33,589,585	
Miscellaneous		17,171		32,803		-		2,205,180	
Total operating revenues		2,513,094		5,221,496		5,289,257		35,794,765	
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Personnel costs		465,953		235,264		-		-	
Cost of sales and service		940,346		4,744,721		-		25,327	
Supplies		186,755		74,344		-		-	
Claims and damages		848,387		-		5,280,592		-	
Administration		103,524		167,790		7,790		35,764,079	
Total operating expenses		2,544,965		5,222,119	-	5,288,382		35,789,406	
Operating income (loss)		(31,871)		(623)		875		5,359	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)									
Interest expense		-		-		(875)		(5,359)	
Interest income		13,842		623		-		-	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		13,842		623		(875)		(5,359)	
Change in net position (deficit)		(18,029)		-		-		-	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), beginning of year		1,045,626		-		-		-	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), end of year	\$	1,027,597	\$		\$		\$	-	

Unemployment		D	ong-term isability surance	 GMA Leases	Total Internal Service Funds		
\$	153,342	\$	310,813	\$ 1,005,794	\$	48,033,407 2,255,154	
	153,342		310,813	 1,005,794		50,288,561	
	-		-	-		701,217	
	-		-	-		5,710,394	
	-		308,944	1,013,144		1,583,187	
	153,333		-	-		6,282,312	
	-		1,790	 -		36,044,973	
	153,333		310,734	 1,013,144		50,322,083	
	9		79	 (7,350)		(33,522	
	(9)		(79)	(228,357)		(234,679	
			<u> </u>	 280,620		295,085	
	(9)		(79)	 52,263		60,406	
	-		-	44,913		26,884	
	-		-	 (145,514)		900,112	
\$	-	\$	-	\$ (100,601)	\$	926,996	

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	M	Risk anagement		Fleet Operations	c	Workers Compensation	He	Employee alth Benefits
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						-		
Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers	\$	2,517,815 (2,194,537)	\$	5,196,698 (4,968,856)	\$	5,289,257 (5,181,563)	\$	35,428,325 (35,338,149)
Payments to employees		(446,693)		(235,264)		-		-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(123,415)		(7,422)		107,694		90,176
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Purchase of investments Interest received (used in)		- 13,842		- 623		-		(6,494)
Net cash provided by investing activities		13,842		623		-		(6,494)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Interest paid		-		-		(875)		(5,359)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		-		-		(875)		(5,359)
Change in cash and cash equivalents		(109,573)		(6,799)		106,819		78,323
Cash and cash equivalents Beginning of year		1,230,574		400,719		67,039		2,691,992
End of year	\$	1,121,001	\$	393,920	\$	173,858	\$	2,770,315
Classified as Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,121,001	\$	393,920	\$	173,858	\$	2,770,315
	ψ	1,121,001	Ψ	393,920	Ψ	175,650	Ψ	2,110,010
	\$	1,121,001	\$	393,920	\$	173,858	\$	2,770,315
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities								
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by	\$	(31,871)	\$	(623)	\$	875	\$	5,359
(used in) operating activities (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Decrease in due from other funds		4,721		(24,798)		-		(366,440)
Decrease in advance from other funds (Increase) decrease in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses Decrease in due to other funds		(115,525) 19,260 -		17,105 894		106,819 -		- 734,701 (283,444) -
Net cash provided by (used in)	•		•		•	407.004	•	00.470
operating activities	\$	(123,415)	\$	(7,422)	\$	107,694	\$	90,176

Unemplo	yment	Long-term Disability Insurance	 GMA Leases	 Total Internal Service Funds
\$	153,333 (149,257) -	\$ 310,813 (310,629) -	\$ 1,949,592 (1,148,341) -	\$ 50,845,833 (49,291,332) (681,957)
	4,076	 184	 801,251	 872,544
	-	 -	 (853,514) 280,620	(860,008) 295,085
		 	 (572,894)	 (564,923)
	(9)	 (79)	 (228,357)	 (234,679
	(9)	 (79)	 (228,357)	 (234,679)
	4,067	105	-	72,942
	15,025	 25,036	 -	 4,430,385
\$	19,092	\$ 25,141	\$ -	\$ 4,503,327
\$	19,092	\$ 25,141	\$ -	\$ 4,503,327
\$	19,092	\$ 25,141	\$ 	\$ 4,503,327
\$	9	\$ 79	\$ (7,350)	\$ (33,522)
	-	-	275,681 685,626	(386,517 275,681 685,626
	4,067 - -	 105 - -	 (135,197) - (17,509)	 612,075 (263,290 (17,509
	4,076	\$ 184	\$ 801,251	\$ 872,544

## PENSION TRUST FUNDS

**1945 Plan Fund** is used to account for a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that was available to all former Richmond County employees hired prior to October 1, 1975, that met the Plan's age and length of service requirements.

**General Retirement Fund** is used to account for a single-employer defined benefit pension plan for those former City of Augusta employees hired after March 1, 1949 and before March 1, 1987, whose age did not exceed 35 years at the time of their employment and were not participants of the 1977 Plan.

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	 1945 Plan	 General Retirement	 Total Pension Trust Funds
ASSETS			
Cash	\$ 1,071,185	\$ 3,107,401	\$ 4,178,586
Investments, at fair value: Government securities Common stock Mortgage backed securities Mutual funds Accounts receivable Interest receivable Total assets	 791,392 3,323,258 496,581 1,209,317 493,140 6,338 7,391,211	 6,254,956 61,069,917 3,438,746 9,623,942 2,277,074 48,503 85,820,539	 7,046,348 64,393,175 3,935,327 10,833,259 2,770,214 54,841 93,211,750
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	 122	 2,602,548	 2,602,670
Total liabilities	 122	 2,602,548	 2,602,670
NET POSITION			
Restricted for pension benefits	\$ 7,391,089	\$ 83,217,991	\$ 90,609,080

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	1945 Plan	General Retirement	Total Pension Trust Funds
ADDITIONS			
Contributions:			
Employer	\$ 491,442		
Employee	-	28,101	
Other receipts	81		81
Total contributions	491,523	4,142,334	4,633,857
Investment earnings:			
Interest	1,132		1,132
Net increase in fair value of investments	817,224		
Net investment earnings	818,356	12,688,264	13,506,620
Total additions	1,309,879	16,830,598	18,140,477
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefits	812,482	8,523,032	9,335,514
Administrative expenses	46,107	735,820	781,927
Total deductions	858,589	9,258,852	10,117,441
Change in net position	451,290	7,571,746	8,023,036
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	6,939,799	75,646,245	82,586,044
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 7,391,089	\$ 83,217,991	\$ 90,609,080

# **CUSTODIAL FUNDS**

**Tax Commissioner** is used to account for all real, personal and intangible taxes collected and forwarded to the government units.

**Sheriff** is used to account for collection of fees, proceeds from judicial sales, and cash bonds, which are disbursed to other agencies, and individuals.

The following custodial funds are used to account for fines, fees and other moneys collected by the courts and remitted to other parties in accordance with court orders and state law:

Probate Court Clerk of Superior Court Magistrate/Civil Court Item 6.

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

ASSETS	Tax Commissio	nor	Sheriff	s.,	Clerk of perior Court	Probate Court	gistrate and Civil Court	Total
ASSETS	Commissio		 Sherin	3u	perior court	 court	 Sivil Court	 Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,68	88,823	\$ 4,972,673	\$	5,161,995	\$ 250,008	\$ 229,694	\$ 19,303,193
Taxes receivable	18,86	64,763	 -		-	 -	 -	 18,864,763
Total assets	27,55	53,586	 4,972,673		5,161,995	 250,008	 229,694	 38,167,956
LIABILITIES								
Due to others	4,94	4,781	195,716		460,005	19,792	26,889	5,647,183
Uncollected taxes	18,86	64,763	 -		-	 -	 -	 18,864,763
Total liabilities	23,80	9,544	 195,716		460,005	 19,792	 26,889	 24,511,946
NET POSITION								
Restricted for individuals, organizations								
and other governments	\$ 3,74	4,042	\$ 4,776,957	\$	4,701,990	\$ 230,216	\$ 202,805	\$ 13,656,010

Item 6.

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Tax Commissioner	Sheriff	s	Clerk of uperior Court	Probate Court	ľ	Magistrate and Civil Court	Total
ADDITIONS		 Gilcilli			 ooun		onnooun	 lota
Taxes	\$ 186,744,198	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 186,744,198
Fines and fees	-	3,746,669		1,901,743	788,930		1,977,210	8,414,552
Criminal and civil bonds	-	-		6,890,625	-		31,042	6,921,667
Land condemnations		 -		3,902,391	 -		<u> </u>	 3,902,391
Total additions	186,744,198	 3,746,669		12,694,759	 788,930		2,008,252	 205,982,808
DEDUCTIONS								
Taxes and fees paid to other governments	186,405,344	-		2,882,899	-		-	189,288,243
Payments to Board of Commissioners	-	-		1,918,427	527,732		965,091	3,411,250
Other custodial disbursements		 3,067,632		7,937,627	 276,496		1,014,982	 12,296,737
Total deductions	186,405,344	 3,067,632		12,738,953	 804,228		1,980,073	 204,996,230
Change in fiduciary net position	338,854	679,037		(44,194)	(15,298)		28,179	986,578
Net position, beginning of year	3,405,188	 4,097,920		4,746,184	 245,514		174,626	 12,669,432
Net position, end of year	\$ 3,744,042	\$ 4,776,957	\$	4,701,990	\$ 230,216	\$	202,805	\$ 13,656,010

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

)ST se	Project	Original Estimated Cost	 Current Estimated Cost	 Prior Years	 Current Year		 Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
e I	Pineview Drive	\$-	\$ 136,416	\$ 136,416	\$	-	\$ 136,416	100%
e I	Flood Control Feasibility Study	-	20,796	20,796		-	20,796	100%
e I	Small Projects	181,230	181,230	181,230		-	181,230	100%
e I	Adjusting roadway structure	100,289	82,700	82,700		-	82,700	100%
e I	Phinizy Swamp drainage	163,998	58,617	58,617		-	58,617	100%
e I	Stevens Creek /Clausen Road	358,584	361,888	299,329		-	299,329	83%
e I	Jackson Road widening	108,776	108,776	108,776		-	108,776	100%
e I	Berckmans Road	1,793,000	9,441	9,441		-	9,441	100%
e I	Belair Road Extension	666,005	741,074	741,074		-	741,074	100%
e I	Turpin Hill Rdwy.	1,102,076	1,020,879	1,020,879		-	1,020,879	100%
e I	Doug Bernard Parkway	2,170,763	1,874,524	1,874,524		-	1,874,524	100%
e I	Rocky Creek Tributary	130,832	132,038	63,706		-	63,706	48%
e I	Hyde Park Drg	94,945	94,945	94,945		-	94,945	100%
e I	Belair Hills Estate	33,700	33,700	33,700		-	33,700	100%
e l	Windsor Spring Road, Section I	2,780,104	2,780,104	2,780,104		-	2,780,104	100%
e I	Windsor Spring Road, Section II	1,708,213	1,707,397	1,707,396		-	1,707,396	100%
e l	Windsor Spring Road Off-site	69,793	69,793	69,793		-	69,793	100%
e l	Tobacco Road - Phase II	1,591,127	1,511,764	1,511,764		-	1,511,764	100%
e l	Barton Chapel Road, Phase II	1,488,591	963,324	992,624		-	992,624	103%
e l	Pepperidge Drive	4,150	4,150	4,150		-	4,150	100%
e l	Boykin Rd Drainage	62,500	62,500	62,500		-	62,500	100%
e l	Hephzibah-McBean/Brothersville	329,440	364,875	364,874		-	364,874	100%
e l	International Boulevard Extension	340,000	289,800	289,800		-	289,800	100%
e II	Radio Control RR Switches	340,000	100,000	100,000		-	100,000	100%
e II		-	7,334	7,361		_	7,361	100%
e II	Parham Rd Improvement	-	12,343	12,343		_		100%
e II	Camp Angehele Road	-	12,040	12,343		_	12,343	0%
e II	Corridor & Gateway Entrance	-	28,399	-		-	-	
e II	SR 121 @ Wndsor Spring Traffic	85,800	688,025	28,399		-	28,399	100%
e II	Pinnacle Place Drg Imp	-	000,023	688,026		-	688,026	100%
e II	ARC Drainage Imp Phase I	-	- 544,470	-		-	-	0%
e II	Walton Way Extension	-		544,473		-	544,473	100%
	State Rd 121/US25 Windsor	-	886,288	212,244		-	212,244	24%
e II	Traffic Signs Upgrade	-	50,273	50,274		-	50,274	100%
e II	Storm Pipe Replacement	-	143,068	141,146		-	141,146	99%
e II	Warren Lake - Rock Creek	-	13,243	13,243		-	13,243	100%
e II	Winchester Drainage Improvement	-	441,261	220,453		-	220,453	50%
e II	Small projects	417,978	239,172	239,162		-	239,162	100%
e II	NPDES	504,705	515,992	515,378		-	515,378	100%
e II	JLEC	2,000,000	1,886,471	1,809,182		-	1,809,182	96%
e II	Bobby Jones Expressway	284,286	237,618	237,618		-	237,618	100%
e II	Bobby Jones @SR 56	187,000	171,457	171,457		-	171,457	100%
e II	Fury's Ferry Rd	126,500	-	-		-	-	0%
e II	Jackson Road widening	2,537,671	2,318,812	2,318,812		-	2,318,812	100%
e II	Perimeter Parkway Improvements	981,820	870,614	870,614		-	870,614	100%
e II	Wrightsboro Road Operational	251,000	210,210	210,210		-	210,210	100%
e II	Belair Road	555,851	88,600	88,600		-	88,600	100%

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

ST Ə	Project	Original Estimated Cost		Current Estimated Cost	 Prior Years	 Current Year		Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
II	Wheeler Road widening	\$ 1,576,000	) \$	1,015,885	\$ 974,456	\$	- \$	974,456	96%
11	Cane Creek Channel Imp	1,421,720	)	1,105,881	1,105,881		-	1,105,881	100%
11	Rae's Creek Channel Improvement	1,758,382		1,756,878	1,756,878		-	1,756,878	100%
11	Olive Road realignment	134,796		134,796	7,996		-	7,996	6%
11	North Leg Bridge Widening	22,000		-	-		-	-	0%
11	Wheeless Road	819,500	)	819,500	566,348		-	566,348	69%
11	Lakeside Drainage	323,447		265,389	265,389		-	265,389	100%
11	Hyde Park	1,716,000	)	1,048,444	1,048,444		-	1,048,444	100%
11	Apple Valley drainage improvements	769,061		769,061	755,779		-	755,779	98%
11	SR 4/US1	16,500	)	12,413	12,413		-	12,413	100%
11	Windsor Spring Road	1,055,386	i	919,146	919,146		-	919,146	100%
11	Tobacco Road	3,046,858		2,736,545	2,736,545		-	2,736,545	100%
11	Lock & Dam Road	404,522		364,826	364,826		-	364,826	100%
11	Barton Chapel Rd, Phase 1	29,300		29,300	29,300		-	29,300	100%
11	Barton Chapel Road, Phase II	2,036,000		2,769,553	2,769,553		-	2,769,553	100%
11	SR 10/US 223 Gordon Highway	84,500		74,893	74,893		-	74,893	100%
11	Pepperidge Drive Intersection	172,177		156,358	156,358		-	156,358	100%
11	SR 56 at Phinizy	399,425		342,695	342,695		-	342,695	100%
11	Fall Line Freeway	77,000		-			-		0%
II	Paving Various Rd., Phase V	1,200,000		725,423	725,423		-	725,423	100%
II	Boykin Road Drg.	1,466,809		1,367,118	1,367,118		-	1,367,118	100%
1	SR 56 @Old Waynesboro Rd	416,000		461,687	461,686		-	461,686	100%
	Willis Foreman Road Dr.	350,100		440,304	440,302		-	440,302	100%
I	Sand Ridge Storm	341,800		218,682	218,682		-	218,682	100%
I	SR 56 Old Savannah Road	552,500		375,003	375,004		-	375,004	100%
	Walton Way Extension	1,385,000		-	575,004		-	575,004	0%
	Skinner Mill Road Culvert Extension	153,100		11,876	- 11,876		_	- 11,876	100%
				62,064			_		
I	Rocky Creek Hazard Mitigatio	717,860	,	1,358,300	62,064		_	62,064	100%
	Rock Creek / Warren Lake Restoration			1,000,000	1,358,278		_	1,358,278	100%
'' 	Wayfinding Signage Program			1,147,379	1,000,000		_	1,000,000	100%
'' 	East Augusta drainage Council Drive	402.450		102,459	1,147,379		_	1,147,379	100%
'' 		102,459		361,393	102,459		_	102,459	100%
 	General Roadway	361,393		55,477	361,393		-	361,393	100%
	Trees and landscaping	96,000			55,476		-	55,476	100%
	Albion Acres	142,534		142,534	142,534		-	142,534	100%
	5th Street storm sewer improvements	154,250		70,584	70,584		-	70,584	100%
	3rd Level Canal cleaning	700,000		733,559	588,419		-	588,419	80%
	Walton Way Reconstruction	600,000		600,000	600,000		-	600,000	100%
	15th St Utility Relocation	350,000		-	-		-	-	0%
II 	9th Street Parking renovation	50,000		1,736	1,736		-	1,736	100%
	Laney -Walker reconstruction	96,600		180,600	146,923		-	146,923	81%
	Rae's Creek	440,000	)	1,163,167	989,578		-	989,578	85%
 	Eisenhower Emergency Driveway			41,754	14,346		-	14,346	34%
 	Wayfinding Signage Program			200,500	200,500		-	200,500	100%
II 	Delta Cost Sharing	144,267		144,267	144,267		-	144,267	100%
	Sand Hills Park	50,000		48,286	48,286		-	48,286	100%
	Reynolds Park renovation	63,000	)	48,000	47,243		-	47,243	98%

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

г	Project	Original Estimated Cost	 Current Estimated Cost	 Prior Years	 Current Year	 Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
I	Tanglewood Park renovation	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000	\$ 25,849	\$ -	\$ 25,849	86%
I	Wood Park	45,000	45,002	45,002	-	45,002	100%
I	Lake Olmstead Bike Trail	90,000	90,000	90,000	-	90,000	100%
I	Radford Park renovation	34,868	32,679	32,679	-	32,679	100%
I	Katherine Street	145,178	152,855	153,855	-	153,855	101%
I	Georgia Regional	927	7	7	-	7	100%
I	Suburban Forces Capital Equipment II	1,411,000	1,428,614	1,391,675	-	1,391,675	97%
I	Butts Memorial Bridge repair	245,000	184,540	184,899	-	184,899	100%
I	Phinizy swamp drainage improvement I	273,884	1,443	1,443	-	1,443	100%
I	Alexander Drive culvert repair	36,870	34,219	34,219	-	34,219	100%
I	Alexander Drive Culvert Repair II	18,500	18,570	18,597	-	18,597	100%
I	Raes Creek Channelization IV	13,325	13,194	13,194	-	13,194	100%
I	Traffic engineering improvement Phase II	460,000	450,574	454,961	-	454,961	101%
I	Paving various roads	1,026,875	518,021	518,021	-	518,021	100%
1	Paving Various Roads	-	829,506	564,027	-	564,027	68%
1	Lovers Lane Land Acquisition	-	357,111	195,994	-	195,994	55%
1	Resurfacing Hephzibah McBean Road	-	330,088	333,089	-	333,089	101%
	Canal Authority	500,000	501,801	501,801	-	501,801	100%
	Arts Council	100,000	100,000	97,618	-	97,618	98%
	Fore Augusta	100,000	100,000	100,000	-	100,000	100%
	Historic Augusta	100,000	100,000	100,000	-	100,000	100%
1	Museum	200,000	200,000	200,000	-	200,000	100%
	New Hope Community Center	100,000		200,000	-	200,000	N/A
	Imperial Theater	150,000	150,000	150,000	-	150,000	100%
	Augusta Mini Theater	150,000	879,174	879,174	-	879,174	100%
	Riverwalk Playground	40,000	41,353	40,412	-	40,412	98%
	ARC drainage improvements Phase I	116,750	94,260	94,260	-	94,260	100%
	ARC drainage improvements Phase II	53,100	50,729	50,729	-	50,729	100%
	SR 56 @ Goshen Road	88,000	362,718	362,718	-	362,718	100%
	Belair Road improvement	2,361,000	2,889,413	2,876,566	-	2,876,566	100%
	Berckman's Road		14,284	2,870,300	-		100%
		2,713,000 70,805	71,074	69,923	_	14,284 69,923	98%
	Courtney's Detention Pond Emer Rep		368,255		_		
	Travis/ Plantation Road	2,361,000	1,311	183,366	_	183,366	50% 100%
1	Washington Road Sidewalk	276,000	32,233	1,311	-	1,311	
	SR 4/15th @cr 2207(Central Ave)	-	117,645	32,233	-	32,233	100%
	Richmond Hill Rd Sidewalks	-	74,688	117,645	-	117,645	100%
	Alexander Dr Emergency Repair	-		75,077	-	75,077	101%
1	Powell Rd Culvert Replacement	-	234,036	234,464	-	234,464	100%
	Point West Drainage	-	1,023,399	916,292	-	916,292	90%
	Oates Creek Rehab Proj	-	843,266	213,266	-	213,266	25%
	Wilkerson Garden	-	680,543	561,275	6,754	568,029	83%
	Kimberly Clark Industrial Park	2,215,000	2,215,000	2,228,071	-	2,228,071	101%
	Municipal Building	8,721,250	8,610,942	8,623,367	-	8,623,367	100%
	Library (South Richmond)	700,000	709,881	654,985	-	654,985	92%
	Board of Health	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	-	7,000,000	100%
	Augusta Mini Theater	850,000	856,245	816,593	-	816,593	95%

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Project	 Original Estimated Cost	 Current Estimated Cost	 Prior Years	 Current Year		 Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
G	Georgia Golf Hall of Fame	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 4,000,000	\$	-	\$ 4,000,000	100%
В	Bethlehem Community Ctr	27,194	61,320	61,320		-	61,320	100%
A	dministration	182,795	181,816	181,816		-	181,816	100%
W	Varren Rd Renovation	373,249	373,249	373,249		-	373,249	100%
В	ennie Ward	110,000	109,508	109,508		-	109,508	100%
R	Riverfront Pavilion	655,648	655,561	655,561		-	655,561	100%
N	1ay Park	525,000	522,779	522,779		-	522,779	100%
W	Vest Augusta Soccer Field	1,000,000	999,739	999,739		-	999,739	100%
W	VT Johnson renovation	306,500	305,831	305,831		-	305,831	100%
в	elair/Flager Road renovations	112,650	112,602	112,602		-	112,602	100%
D	)yess Park renovation South Augusta Recreation	192,993	192,993	192,773		-	192,773	100%
	Administrative Complex	7,550,000	7,552,419	7,552,419		-	7,552,419	100%
A	quatic Natatorium	5,143,000	5,140,093	5,140,093		-	5,140,093	100%
G	Golden Camp/Belle TERR	929,119	927,295	927,925		-	927,925	100%
В	Selle Terrace Renovation	232,111	233,169	233,169		-	233,169	100%
Е	Illiott Park	100,000	100,089	99,911		-	99,911	100%
н	leath Pool	5,000	-	-		-	-	N/A
J	ones Pool	35,000	35,017	35,017		-	35,017	100%
D	oughty Park	50,000	50,479	50,479		-	50,479	100%
Е	astview Park	227,500	169,161	169,161		-	169,161	100%
н	lephizah/Carroll Park	175,358	175,185	175,185		-	175,185	100%
	amestown Park	112,566	112,566	112,566		-	112,566	100%
	IcBean Park	140,000	140,949	139,735		-	139,735	99%
	/innick Park	55,000	53,849	53,849		-	53,849	100%
	avannah Place	245,000	248,769	244,942		-	244,942	98%
	Blythe Community Center	708,000	703,302	703,302		-	703,302	100%
	Chafee Park Gym renovation	124,889	14,374	14,374		-	14,374	100%
	lillside Park renovation	50,000	47,400	45,894		-	45,894	97%
	ock & Dam renovation	75,000	34,992	34,993		-	34,993	100%
	ulian Smith renovation	742,207	742,182	742,182		-	742,182	100%
	leming Building renovation	100,000	90,884	90,883		-	90,883	100%
	Gracewood Park renovation	152,076	152,242	202,373		-	202,373	133%
	ake Olmstead Park	43,793	43,793	43,793			43,793	100%
	leming Athletic Complex	133,850	133,170	133,170		_	43,793	100 %
			151,500			_		98%
	Chester Avenue renovation	151,500	39,811	147,926		_	147,926	
	Boykin Road Park	40,000	1,476,000	39,811		-	39,811	100%
	isenhower Park Gym	1,477,000		1,476,000		-	1,476,000	100%
	Surburban Forces Widening	150,000	150,570 1,895,070	1,580		-	1,580	1%
	Suburban forces	4,143,317		1,861,072		-	1,861,072	98%
	Suburban Forces	5,000,000	195,598	255,144		-	255,144	130%
	Resurfacing various roads Phase V	633,250	602,707	603,587		-	603,587	100%
	General Easement	50,000	51,046	37,555		-	37,555	74%
	dministration	5,720,000	5,902,501	5,930,993		-	5,930,993	100%
	dministration	1,780,000	1,785,159	1,682,589		-	1,682,589	94%
	lew Savannah Road	1,431,000	7,535	7,535		-	7,535	100%
9	idewalk Contract Phase II	296,000	354,116	354,116		-	354,116	100%

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Project	Original Estimated Cost	Current Estimated Cost	Prior Years	Current Year	Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
Fury's Ferry Road	\$ 22,000	\$ 116	\$ 116	\$-	\$ 116	100%
Alexander Drive	2,022,795	6,805,137	6,648,810	-	6,648,810	98%
Washington Road Sidewalk III	200,000	348	348	-	348	100%
Old Savannah Road/ Twigg Street	2,060,000	5,981,874	5,981,874	-	5,981,874	100%
Stevens Creek/Claussen Road	1,421,250	1,127,009	1,127,009	-	1,127,009	100%
Forest Park Subdivision drainage	815,348	698,269	698,269	-	698,269	100%
Bobby Jones Expressway	165,000	444,049	115,461	-	115,461	26%
Wrightsboro Road	1,984,000	3,325,198	2,996,686	-	2,996,686	90%
Warren Road	1,211,000	3,213,799	2,647,298	-	2,647,298	82%
Miscellaneous	155,425	157,013	157,013	-	157,013	100%
Tanglewood & Kingston s/d drainage	797,500	695,996	695,996	-	695,996	100%
Hillwood Crest/Whitehead Drive	358,856	247,177	247,177	-	247,177	100%
Skinner Mill Road Extension	1,517,311	1,519,459	1,519,459	-	1,519,459	100%
Cook Road & Glendale	2,811,281	1,713,330	1,713,330	-	1,713,330	100%
Sibley Road Railroad Crossing	129,950	130,444	685	-	685	1%
Wylds Road Railroad Crossing	129,950	130,444	685	-	685	1%
Windsor Spring Road	2,133,000	5,906,213	4,546,595	-	4,546,595	77%
Old Savannah Road	961,000	1,171,425	100,275	-	100,275	9%
Richmond Hill Road	1,028,500	784,660	784,660	-	784,660	100%
Bobby Jones Expressway	110,000	36,618	36,618	-	36,618	100%
Dunham Court	127,000	97,178	97,178	-	97,178	100%
Wheeles Road Bridge	13,200	13,250	13,231	-	13,231	100%
Traffic engineering improvements	111,000	91,657	91,657	-	91,657	100%
SR 4/US 1	55,000	290	290	-	290	100%
Marvin Griffin Road	1,375,600	3,209,402	3,209,402	-	3,209,402	100%
Antler Drive West drainage improvement		244,932	245,290	-	245,290	100%
•	1,571,000	5,396,615	4,955,408	_	4,955,408	92%
Morgan Road		923				
Woodcrest /CSX Drainage	175,400	78,613	923		923	100%
Deans Bridge @Tobacco	165,000	290	78,613	_	78,613	100%
Fall Line Freeway Section II	55,000	270,627	290	-	290	100%
Paving various roads Phase IV & V	269,209	176,130	270,627		270,627	100%
Paving various roads Phase VI	950,000	138,533	176,130	-	176,130	100%
Willis Foreman Road	147,751	58	138,533	-	138,533	100%
Birdwell Road Wetlands Bank	11,000		58	-	58	100%
McCombs Road Section I	790,884	712,838	712,838	-	712,838	100%
McCombs Road Section II	961,665	722,511	722,511	-	722,511	100%
Library	1,700,000	1,701,742	1,701,649	-	1,701,649	100%
Animal Control renovation	1,220,946	979,527	979,528	-	979,528	100%
New administrative offices	2,350,000	2,377,325	1,183,514	-	1,183,514	50%
Shiloh Community Center	575,000	575,000	560,948	-	560,948	98%
Springfield Baptist Church	1,300,000	1,275,732	1,275,732	-	1,275,732	100%
New Hope Community Ctr	250,000	250,000	250,000	-	250,000	100%
Beulah Grove	200,000	200,000	200,000	-	200,000	100%
Hyde Park renovation	122,350	97,402	91,955	-	91,955	94%
Central Park renovation	70,000	65,375	65,375	-	65,375	100%
Bayvale Park renovation	26,000	9,021	6,984	-	6,984	77%
Heard Avenue Park renovation	6,000	3,883	3,883	-	3,883	100%

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Project	Original Estimated Cost	Current Estimated Cost	Prior Years	Current Year	Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
Troup St Pk Renovation	\$ 10,000	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	N/A
Hickman Park renovation	100,000	91,044	80,831	-	80,831	89%
McDuffie Woods Park renovation	150,000	148,330	148,330	-	148,330	100%
Meadowbrook Park renovation	45,000	47,554	47,216	-	47,216	99%
Julian Smith BBQ renovation	187,000	186,558	186,558	-	186,558	100%
Blount Park renovation	19,000	2,600	2,600	-	2,600	100%
Augusta Canal Master	100,000	103,312	103,312	-	103,312	100%
Big Oak Park renovation	65,000	65,230	47,118	-	47,118	72%
Wood Street South Ball Field	47,000	47,234	44,858	-	44,858	95%
Wood Lake Park renovation	100,000	100,834	98,963	-	98,963	98%
Royal (Barrett) Park renovation	12,000	5,086	5,086	-	5,086	100%
Garrett	500,000	500,000	500,000	-	500,000	100%
West Vineland Park renovation	20,000	20,119	20,119	-	20,119	100%
Bedford Heights	35,000	35,215	32,262	-	32,262	92%
4 - H Camp Park renovation	20,000	18,830	17,478	-	17,478	93%
Resurfacing various roads Phase VI	1,350,000	1,123,739	1,123,739	-	1,123,739	100%
Suburban Forces Capital Equipment	1,664,000	1,670,778	1,717,688		1,717,688	103%
		33,459		_		103%
Railroad Street slope repair	289,500	7,799	33,459	_	33,459	
Wheeler Road Signal Plan Analysis	10,000	185,783	7,799	-	7,799	100%
Gordon Highway median barrier	185,000	197,329	3,554	-	3,554	2%
Mason Road Bridge @ Claudia	275,000		197,329	-	197,329	100%
Bungalow Road	776,000	3,964,567	3,146,617	-	3,146,617	79%
Woodlake Subdivision	939,000	942,567	43,817	-	43,817	5%
Pepperidge Point Retention Pond	50,000	32,667	32,677	-	32,677	100%
Windsor Spring Rd Sec IV	-	3,643,180	3,643,180	-	3,643,180	100%
Windsor Spring Rd Sec V	-	2,604,840	2,582,625	-	2,582,625	99%
Flood control feasibility	1,637,649	2,778,036	2,778,036	-	2,778,036	100%
Dover-Lyman Project	-	1,998,918	1,916,118	-	1,916,118	96%
Wrightsboro Road Adaptive Traffic Cont	rol -	389,118	62,929	-	62,929	16%
Washington Road Adaptive Traffic Cont	rol -	164,850	119,058	-	119,058	72%
Broad Street Sanitary Sewer	-	240,447	144,004	-	144,004	60%
Interstate Parkway Storm Drainage	-	56,807	56,790	-	56,790	100%
Hyde Park Drainage Improvements	-	1,223,499	1,223,499	-	1,223,499	100%
P and Z Handicap Project	-	154,310	154,310	-	154,310	100%
Frontage Road Resurfacing	-	230,000	229,335	-	229,335	100%
Lake Olmstead Dredging	-	185,600	185,596	-	185,596	100%
NSC Discovery Center	1,500,000	3,000,000	1,500,000	-	1,500,000	50%
P and Z Handicap Access	26,250	52,500	26,250	-	26,250	50%
Augusta Canal - hand rail Laney Walker Boulevard	50,000	50,133 2,486,984	50,133 2,486,984	-	50,133 2,486,984	100% 100%
Adjusting Roadway Structure V	-	72,369	72,369	-	72,369	100%
Discovery Center Ent	353,137	352,954	352,954	-	352,954	100%
St. Sebastian Extension	1,368,969	1,651,504	1,647,366	-	1,647,366	100%
2nd Street Outfall	762,760	1,546,089	1,546,089	-	1,546,089	100%
6th Street Handicap Ramp	517,347	625,358	611,966	-	611,966	98%
Turknett Springs Detention	228,161 1,825,291	337,300 3,652,638	306,132 3,652,638	-	306,132 3 652 638	91% 100%
Augusta Commons CSO	10,500,000	10,546,852	3,652,638 9,629,637	-	3,652,638 9,629,637	91%
Wetlands	10,500,000	10,508,941	9,591,726	-	9,591,726	91%

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

г	Project	Original Estimated Cost	 Current Estimated Cost	 Prior Years	 Current Year		Total	Estimated Percentag of Completio
I	Third Level Canal Cleaning	\$ 491,506	\$ 500,339	\$ 495,478	\$	- \$	495,478	99%
L	Walton Way reconstruction	1,273,638	1,275,936	1,277,021		-	1,277,021	100%
L	Augusta Canal	950,000	1,955,937	1,885,044		-	1,885,044	96%
L	Goodale Landing	124,030	101,706	101,706		-	101,706	100%
L	Resurfacing various streets	3,406,729	214,225	214,225		-	214,225	100%
L	Resurfacing various streets 1996	127,935	128,275	128,275		-	128,275	100%
L	Resurfacing Various Roads	756,500	519,928	519,928		-	519,928	100%
	Street and drainage improvement	694,599	145,550	145,550		-	145,550	100%
	Administration	2,774,251	2,779,256	2,376,389		-	2,376,389	86%
	East Augusta drainage	35,450	-	_,,		-	_,	N/A
	Jackson Road widening	200,000	200,000	200,000		-	200,000	100%
	Perimeter Parkway	25,000	9,458	9,458		-	9,458	100%
	Crane Creek	150,000	399	399		-	399	100%
	Belair Rd Ext	75,000	75,005	75,005		-	75,005	100%
	Rae's Creek Channel Phase II	257,000	683	683		-	683	100%
	Centennial Park Fountain	85,000	85,594	81,443		_	81,443	95%
	Paving various roads	50,000	50,090	133		-	133	93 <i>%</i> 0%
	Rae's Creek Trunk/Sewer Street Drainage Improvement -	-	1,112,325	808,993		-	808,993	73%
	East Augusta	-	1,013,736	883,009		-	883,009	87%
	Berckman Road Sidewalk	-	3,809	3,809		-	3,809	100%
	3rd Ave / Nellieville Guardrail	-	27,320	24,420		-	24,420	89%
	Floyd Creek Drainage Improvement	_	10,180	21,120		-	21,120	0%
	Adjusting Rd/Way Structure	200,000	62,498	62,498		_	62,498	100%
	Immaculate Conception	250,000	503,281	253,281		_	253,281	50%
	Willow Creek	40,000	70	200,201		_	200,201	100%
		,	2,000,000			-		100%
	Georgia Golf Hall of Fame	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000		-	2,000,000	100%
	Laney Walker @ East B	15,000		34		-	34	
	4- H Club Road	41,000	65,480	65,232		-	65,232	100%
	Bob Baurle Boat Landing	150,000	104,069	100,326		-	100,326	96%
	May Park	120,000	130,022	124,773		-	124,773	96%
	Old Government House	120,000	124,100	123,423		-	123,423	99%
	The Boathouse	90,000	105,866	104,537		-	104,537	99%
	Elliot Park	400,000	418,785	403,899		-	403,899	96%
	Savannah Place Park	455,000	860,104	843,553		-	843,553	98%
	Augusta Soccer Complex	120,000	131,890	130,865		-	130,865	99%
	Diamond Lakes Regional Park	5,800,000	1,697,163	1,699,174		-	1,699,174	100%
	McDuffie Woods Center	90,000	7,188	8,161		-	8,161	114%
	Augusta Aquatics Center	180,000	187,263	184,783		-	184,783	99%
	Augusta Golf Course (*1)	1,600,000	1,612,422	1,611,649		-	1,611,649	100%
	Belle Terrace Park	120,000	51,557	51,447		-	51,447	100%
	Blythe Recreation Center	120,000	124,157	110,685		-	110,685	89%
	Brookfield Park	1,200,000	1,254,681	1,252,082		-	1,252,082	100%
	Warren Road Center	120,000	147,228	131,499		-	131,499	89%
·	McBean Community Center	1,020,000	1,161,469	1,161,467		-	1,161,467	100%
	Transit (purchase buses) Additional funds required to build	250,000	385,336	77,681		-	77,681	20%
1	a new Shelter	1,000,000	1,256,184	1,256,183		-	1,256,183	100%
	Board of Health	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000		-	2,000,000	100%
	Materials for new facilities	1,000,000	1,027,405	1,027,404		-	1,027,404	100%
	JLEC (Re-roofing at 401 Walton Way)	395,500	200,666	200,666		-	200,666	100%
/	Phinizy Road Jail, JLEC and 911	282,500	202,034	196,410		-	196,410	97%
/	Records Retention Building Roof	107,400	110,546	110,547		-	110,547	100%
	JLEC (Replace exterior finish)	565,000	632,102	632,102		-	632,102	100%
/	Judicial/Courts Building	20,000,000	28,064,546	26,059,024			26,059,024	93%

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Project	Original Estimated Cost	Current Estimated Cost	Prior Years	Current Year	 Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
CBW Detention Center Renovations	\$-	\$ 559,830	\$-	\$ 170,998	\$ 170,998	31%
Tree replacement	398,000	387,635	387,291	-	387,291	100%
Irrigation automation	102,000	150,782	150,643	-	150,643	100%
Payoff existing leases Construction of Station # 7 (Willis	4,084,637	3,430,393	3,430,388	-	3,430,388	100%
Foreman Road Area) Combine Station # 1and #19	1,500,000	1,510,886	1,410,852	-	1,410,852	93%
(East Boundary and Broad Area)	1,521,000	1,635,180	1,633,737	-	1,633,737	100%
Construction of Station #19	1,479,000	1,489,679	1,425,037	-	1,425,037	96%
County Forces	3,672,500	4,605,514	4,419,638	-	4,419,638	96%
Miscellaneous grading & drainage	4,650,000	3,902,934	3,927,296	-	3,927,296	101%
Resurfacing County Forces	5,975,000	1,543,542	1,538,772	-	1,538,772	100%
Resurfacing	8,500,000	10,716,529	9,293,686	-	9,293,686	87%
Paving various dirt roads	7,000,000	3,450,668	3,392,355	-	3,392,355	98%
Rail Road crossing improvement Downtown traffic signal and street light	750,000	101,238	101,238	-	101,238	100%
upgrades - A (Broad Street Area) Downtown traffic signal and street light	2,656,200	3,151,577	3,151,577	-	3,151,577	100%
upgrades - B (Telfair Street Area)	1,469,000	1,524,760	1,422,100	-	1,422,100	93%
East Boundary improvements	1,318,700	6,497,352	6,318,568	-	6,318,568	97%
Wheeler Road operational	433,600	52,674	52,674	-	52,674	100%
Wrightsboro Road Widening Phase I	3,143,700	3,499,470	1,376,622	35	1,376,657	39%
Washington Road intersection	849,800	1,548,183	1,328,853	-	1,328,853	86%
Hollywood S/D Area	2,640,800	325,163	325,160	-	325,160	100%
Telephone system upgrade	527,082	535,811	535,812	-	535,812	100%
GIS	474,400	482,274	475,060	-	475,060	99%
Document imaging system	418,518	425,586	425,588	-	425,588	100%
Springfield Village	200,000	200,000	200,000	-	200,000	100%
Dyess Park	60,000	65,882	65,743	-	65,743	100%
Newman Tennis Center	120,000	123,020	114,958	-	114,958	93%
South Augusta Branch Library	1,625,000	5,926,028	5,713,015	-	5,713,015	96%
Library - main branch	7,375,000	9,925,122	9,899,693	-	9,899,693	100%
Greene Street Property Purchase	-	1,084,585	1,084,585	-	1,084,585	100%
Construction of Station #8	1,500,000	1,500,957	1,438,500	-	1,438,500	96%
Station 15 (Wrightsboro Road)	1,500,000	1,699,791	1,690,789	_	1,690,789	99%
Engines	3,484,000	3,454,544	3,454,540	-	3,454,540	100%
Aerials	1,300,000	1,312,973	1,311,971	-	1,311,971	100%
(Heph Mcbean Area)	1,500,000	1,341,361	1,275,233	_	1,275,233	95%
Paving various dirt roads	1,000,000	920,725	346,883	_	346,883	38%
East Boundary Street and drainage improvements		203,632		-		84%
•	1,318,700	1,733,383	171,413 1,765,965	-	171,413	84% 102%
Wrightsboro Road improvements Walton Way Extension/Davis Road	1,500,000	1,562,800	1,765,965	-	1,765,965	77%
Windsor Spring Road Section IV Windsor Spring Rd Section V	350,000 1,250,000	1,300,500	307,298	-	1,208,584 307,298	24%
(SR88 Hepzibah	-	1,257,484	7,484	-	7,484	1%
St. Sebastian Way/Greene St/15th Street	t 3,457,800	14,085,185	14,051,417	-	14,051,417	100%
Traffic improvement	621,500	839,626	839,626	-	839,626	100%
ANIC/Hopkins Street Improvements Windsor Spring Road Section IV (Willis	2,000,000	1,333,550	1,074,423	-	1,074,423	81%
Foreman to Tobacco Road)	678,000	869,518	850,639	-	850,639	98%
Rifle Range Road @ Belair Road	62,200	5,981	5,981	-	5,981	100%
Lake Olmstead Park	425,000	456,222	456,221	-	456,221	100%
Bernie Ward	-20,000	106,111	95,267	-	95,267	90%
Fleming Tennis	-	100,195	100,195		100,195	100%
Meadowbrook Park	-	90,899	91,633	-	91,633	100 %
Hepzibah Community Ctr	-	84,885		-		73%
	-	859,248	61,753 796,471	-	61,753 796,471	93%
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## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

_	Project	Original Estimated Cost	 Current Estimated Cost	 Prior Years	 Current Year	 Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
	Belair Hills Est Imp (W&S)	\$-	\$ 112,603	\$ 112,603	\$ -	\$ 112,603	100%
	ARC Drainage	-	1,185,200	1,185,200	-	1,185,200	100%
	Resurfacing PH VIII	-	1,088,851	1,088,852	-	1,088,852	100%
	Lake Aumond Dam Improvements	-	121,204	108,221	-	108,221	89%
	Belair Hills Estate	-	7,147,891	7,085,345	-	7,085,345	99%
	Walton Way Extension/Davis Rd Windsor Spring Rd Section V	-	84,357	84,357	-	84,357	100%
	(SR88 Hepzibah	-	1,202,356	1,202,356	-	1,202,356	100%
	Apple Valley Park	-	34,871	34,104	-	34,104	98%
	Pension Property Purchase	-	1,272,514	1,272,514	-	1,272,514	100%
	Replacement of Old Equipment	-	577,908	579,906	-	579,906	100%
	Remodel Stations 3,4,11,13,14 and 17	-	324,729	324,729	-	324,729	100%
	Remodel Station #4	-	111,629	111,629	-	111,629	100%
	Remodel Station #6	-	1,360,818	1,360,818	-	1,360,818	100%
	Fire Training Center	-	737,607	737,607	-	737,607	100%
	Laney Stadium		3,521,074	3,521,074	-	3,521,074	100%
	Augusta Museum of History		1,140,036	1,132,902	_	1,132,902	99%
	13th Street Streetscape	-	100,125	3,625	_	3,625	4%
	•	-	95,470	95,470	_	95,470	100%
	Barrett Plaza Lighting	-	2,490,068		-		
	Pension Property Cleanup	-		2,490,062	-	2,490,062	100%
	Remodel Station #3	-	238,175	238,175	-	238,175	100%
	Willis Foreman Road Bridge Study	-	241,942	157,708	-	157,708	65%
	Willis Foreman Road Bridge	-	1,558,209	1,558,210	-	1,558,210	100%
	Remodel Station #11	-	106,435	106,435	-	106,435	100%
	Construction Station #10 - Land	-	758,801	732,086	-	732,086	96%
	Training Tower and Burn Simulator	-	1,551,850	1,551,850	-	1,551,850	100%
	Renovation of Administrative Center	-	2,934,271	2,567,798	-	2,567,798	88%
	Paving Various Roads - Phase X	-	1,979,567	1,983,467	-	1,983,467	100%
	Construction Station #10	-	2,152,334	1,993,803	-	1,993,803	93%
	Augusta Levee Certification	-	1,140,520	1,087,232	5,000	1,092,232	96%
	Rocky Creek Drainage Project Broad Street Improvements @	-	3,878,788	1,114,690	-	1,114,690	29%
	Bus Terminal	-	238,159	235,579	-	235,579	99%
	Turknett Springs Detention	-	299,700	141,465	-	141,465	47%
	Bus Barn	-	3,397,379	2,803,907	-	2,803,907	83%
	Industry Infrastructure	-	822,627	785,408	-	785,408	95%
	Bulter Creek Park	-	86,204	86,204	-	86,204	100%
	On Call Construction Services	-	324,500	324,800	-	324,800	100%
	Village West Storm Drainage	-	413,144	409,381	-	409,381	99%
	Gordon Highway Adaptive Traffic Control	-	343,501	342,777	-	342,777	100%
	Frontage Road	-	942,839	927,123	-	927,123	98%
	On Call Appraisal Service		134,000	102,946	-	102,946	77%
	Wrightsboro Road Drainage	_	900,000	875,725	_	875,725	97%
	Dover-Lyman Project	-	2,396,370	2,396,370	_	2,396,370	100%
		-	375,090		-		
	Marvin Griffin Road	-		375,088	-	375,088 1,734,564	100%
	East Augusta - Marion Homes	-	1,781,600	1,734,564	25 202		97%
	Berkmans Road Utilities Relocation	-	767,500	586,948	35,392	622,340	81%
	Tree Removal, Pruning and Replacements	-	241,650	74,521	-	74,521	31%
	St Sebastian Way/Greene St	-	615,600	615,599	-	615,599	100%
	Utilities - Resurfacing Roads	-	250,000	232,585	-	232,585	93%
	Resurfacting Roads	-	2,000,000	1,372,987	489,302	1,862,289	93%
	Traffic Improvements	-	500,000	215,936	233,161	449,097	90%
	Tree Removal and Replacement	-	241,650	119,230	26,608	145,838	60%
	Lake Olmstead Dredging	-	376,200	27,767	348,347	376,114	100%
	Sand Hills Park	1,080,000	2,279,464	1,195,646	-	1,195,646	52%
	Judicial Center - County Court House	40,016,200	40,256,351	38,743,273	-	38,743,273	96%
	Webster Detention Center	36,000,000	41,635,948	41,305,632	-	41,305,632	99%
	Exhibit Hall	20,000,000	32,198,161	32,376,323		32,376,323	101%

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

T	Project	 Original Estimated Cost	 Current Estimated Cost	 Prior Years	 Current Year	 Total	Estimated Percentage of Completior
/	Sheriff Administration Relocation	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 550,000	\$ 518,171	\$ -	\$ 518,171	94%
/	RCCI Renovations	750,000	814,110	813,227	-	813,227	100%
/	Augusta Regional Airport - Helo Base	-	787,550	773,550	-	773,550	98%
/	Main Library	14,700,000	14,727,172	14,727,172	-	14,727,172	100%
/	Augusta Canal Improvements	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	-	2,500,000	100%
/	Augusta Canal Bond Repayment	8,200,555	8,200,555	8,200,555	-	8,200,555	100%
/	Bond Debt Service	5,417,800	5,417,800	-	-	-	0%
/	Redundant Fiber Ring	1,000,000	1,410,632	1,312,600	-	1,312,600	93%
/	Digital Othophotography	286,480	374,721	453,070	-	453,070	121%
/	Pictometry	113,520	117,568	116,645	-	116,645	99%
/	Wireless Access Point	200,000	202,079	202,221	-	202,221	100%
/	Disaster Recovery Plan	400,000	412,635	409,441	-	409,441	99%
	Software Application Consolidation	-	1,024,663	352,652	376,972	729,624	71%
	Flood Land Acquisition	500,000	2,100,000	2,059,152	· -	2,059,152	98%
	Wrightsboro Road Project	4,000,000	6,000,000	5,692,731	-	5,692,731	95%
	D'Antignac Street Flood Avoidance	1,000,000	4,835,490	4,835,482	-	4,835,482	100%
	Lake Olmstead Dredging	-	2,207,300	-,000,102	757,676	757,676	34%
	Warren Lake Dredging	_	1,000,000	-		-	0%
	Administration - Engineering	2,500,000	3,141,780	3,141,774	-	3,141,774	100%
	Marks Church Road Improvement	2,500,000	2,549,990	2,548,733	1,248	2,549,981	100%
	Fire Stations and Training Center	6,000,000	6,000,000	2,040,700	1,240	2,049,901	0%
	Lake Olmstead Stadium	360,000	400,000	399,927		- 399,927	100%
	Augusta Soccer Park	180,000	165,630			,	100 %
	The Boat House		90,000	165,629	-	165,629	
		90,000		90,000	-	90,000	100%
	Apple Valley Park	315,000	315,559	300,554	-	300,554	95%
	WT Johnson Park	67,500	67,500	63,636	-	63,636	94%
	MM Scott Park	270,000	271,999	233,923	-	233,923	86%
	Diamond Lakes Park	720,000	785,020	782,324	-	782,324	100%
	Jamestown Park	135,000	198,989	197,938	-	197,938	99%
	Wood Park	270,000	270,000	270,946	-	270,946	100%
	Valley Park	22,500	13,410	13,407	-	13,407	100%
	Goshen/Brown Road Park	135,000	135,000	-	-	-	0%
	McDuffie Woods Park	90,000	91,982	91,950	-	91,950	100%
	McBean Park	180,000	180,122	179,461	-	179,461	100%
	Fleming Tennis Center	112,500	113,754	112,591	-	112,591	99%
	Lock and Dam Park	49,500	51,709	51,689	-	51,689	100%
	Martin Luther King drainage	273,794	727	727	-	727	100%
	Inter City Arts - Imperial	300,000	300,000	225,000	-	225,000	75%
	May Park	67,500	67,500	67,500	-	67,500	100%
	HH Brigham Park	117,000	117,019	116,684	-	116,684	100%
	Land Acquisition	180,000	253,010	247,575	-	247,575	98%
	Dyess Park	63,000	33,960	33,956	-	33,956	100%
	Brookfield Park	45,000	45,025	41,294	-	41,294	92%
/	Lake Olmstead Park	207,000	207,000	205,849	-	205,849	99%
/	Blythe Park	180,000	266,200	266,183	-	266,183	100%
/	Newman Tennis Center	108,000	108,277	108,870	-	108,870	101%
/	Meadowbrook Park	108,000	81,210	81,203	-	81,203	100%
/	Administration - Recreation	500,000	644,420	644,423	-	644,423	100%
/	Augusta Marina	67,500	67,500	67,103	-	67,103	99%
/	Old Government House	45,000	45,000	40,700	-	40,700	90%
	Doughty Park	27,000	27,216	16,430	-	16,430	60%
	Fleming Park	67,500	67,514	62,882	-	62,882	93%
	Hickman Park	27,000	27,040	4,240	-	4,240	16%
	Aquatics Center	90,000	90,041	86,574	-	86,574	96%
	Boykin Road Park	27,000	27,000	50,074	-		0%
	Eisenhower Park	45,000	45,908	44,405	-	44,405	97%
	Warren Road Park	45,000 31,500	43,908 31,506	44,405 29,976	-	44,405 29,976	97% 95%
	Carrie Mays Park - CNG Remediation	31,500	367,410	367,406	-	367,406	95% 100%
	Game mays rain - ONG Nemeuidlion	-	507,410	507,400	-	004,400	10070

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Project	Original Estimated Cost	Currer Estimat Cost	ted	 Prior Years		Current Year		Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
Jamestowr	n Park	-	\$ 20	4,660	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	0%
Imperial Th		500,000		00,000	500,000	*	-	•	500,000	100%
	ini Theater	500,000		00,000	500,000		-		500,000	100%
•	Laney Museum	200,000		3,036	184,734		-		184,734	91%
The MACH	-	100,000		00,000	100,001		-		100,001	100%
Other Bu		400,000	37	0,010	198,496		5,636		204,132	55%
	tor's Office Renovations	-	3	35,000	-		-		-	0%
Augusta M	useum	400,000	40	0,000	400,000		-		400,000	100%
City of Hep		3,104,000	3,32	5,960	3,325,957		-		3,325,957	100%
City of Blyt		912,000		7,220	977,214		-		977,214	100%
	w Administration Building	6,000,000		00,000	9,789,577		-		9,789,577	100%
	etention Center - Phase IIB	18,000,000		0,000	17,227,817		-		17,227,817	100%
	Community Facility	450,000		50,000	437,464		-		437,464	97%
	tead Casino	500,000		0,000	118,775		1,500		120,275	24%
	tead BBQ Pit	100,000		0,000	51,381		1,500		51,381	24 % 51%
				0,000			-			
Ballor 0101		500,000			854,692		-		854,692	107%
Baurle Boa		55,000		55,000	44,977		-		44,977	82%
Bush Field		8,500,000		0,000	7,609,843		-		7,609,843	90%
Daniel Fiel		2,000,000		0,000	2,000,000		-		2,000,000	100%
	rvest Food Bank Building	250,000		50,000	250,000		-		250,000	100%
Program A Grading ar	dministrations	2,000,000	,	0,000	1,215,812		4,631		1,220,443	61%
•	nd Drainage Projects	3,600,000		2,320	3,617,477		9,184		3,626,661	100%
Marvin Gri	ffin Road	4,000,000	5,82	9,500	5,829,509		-		5,829,509	100%
East Augu	sta St. and Drainage Imp.	3,200,000	3,99	0,120	3,896,146		-		3,896,146	98%
Berckman	Rd. Realignment	400,000	41	5,600	415,596		-		415,596	100%
Old McDuf	fie Rd.	672,000	67	2,000	28,399		-		28,399	4%
Hyde Park	St. and Drg Imp.	1,600,000	4,50	0,000	4,499,905		-		4,499,905	100%
Westside [	Dr. Drg. Imp.	480,000	48	80,000	83,241		-		83,241	17%
Marks Chu	rch Road over Raes Creek	800,000	66	52,100	662,100		-		662,100	100%
	over CSX Railroad	800,000	80	00,000	-		3,230		3,230	0%
-	Rd. over Raes Creek	800,000		4,720	384,714		-		384,714	100%
	y over Raes Creek	800,000		00,000	-		-		-	0%
	esboro Rd. over Spirit Creek	800,000		3,650	983,644		-		983,644	100%
- ,	over Augusta Canal	800,000		0,000	-		-		000,011	0%
	er Utility Implementation Program			6,300	2,816,301		_		2,816,301	100%
	nergency Design Services	108,000	2,01	-	2,010,001		-		2,010,001	N/A
	nergency Appraisal Services	40,000	2	26,602	26,602				26,602	100%
				0,002	641,782		-		641,782	
	nergency Construction Services	800,000		6,179	196,179		-		,	80%
•	n Upgrade Program	240,000					-		196,179	100%
	tead Dredging	3,200,000		1 530	1,092,965		1,770,587		2,863,552	55%
	(Martin Luther King Drive)	1,000,000	,	1,530	2,411,524		-		2,411,524	100%
	ek Drainage Plan	2,800,000	,	0,000	1,449,084		60,520		1,509,604	54%
	Forces-Resurfacing	2,400,000		07,959	1,307,959		-		1,307,959	100%
	oval, Pruning and Replacement	800,000		8,062	1,088,062		-		1,088,062	100%
	Rehab-Replacement	800,000		8,376	578,376		-		578,376	100%
	and Sidewalks	400,000		53,440	653,434		-		653,434	100%
Resurfacin	g - Contracts	2,400,000	2,15	60,000	1,463,098		91,554		1,554,652	72%
	idge Rehab and Maintenance ay Signal Phase 2 and	2,400,000	4,30	0,000	4,238,810		-		4,238,810	99%
Streetlight	Upgrade	640,000	20	5,600	205,593		-		205,593	100%
Gordon Hig	ghway Lighting Upgrade	1,200,000	1,20	5,000	1,205,000		-		1,205,000	100%
	Street Signal Improvements	460,000		8,771	108,771		-		108,771	100%
Signal Upg	•	1,000,000		-	-		-		-	N/A
0 10	n Safety and Operational Initiative		73	3,076	728,151		-		728,151	99%
Woodbine	Road Improvement an Street and Drainage	1,200,000		-	-		-			0%
	ment									

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

r	Project	Original Estimated Cost	 Current Estimated Cost	 Prior Years	 Current Year	 Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
'I	I-20 Eastbound Riverwatch Ramp	\$ 1,100,000	\$ 83,191	\$ 83,183	\$ -	\$ 83,183	100%
Ί	15th Street Pedestrian Improvements	800,000	800,000	750,564	-	750,564	94%
Ί	Intersection Safety Upgrades	-	500,000	192,295	-	192,295	38%
Ί	Street Lighting Upgrades	-	750,000	98,961	12,201	111,162	15%
Ί	Tree Removal, Pruning and Replacement	-	220,900	140,343	23,765	164,108	74%
Ί	Berckmans Road Over Raes Creek	-	991,370	991,369	-	991,369	100%
Ί	Resurfacing Roads	-	1,200,000	204,424	570,519	774,943	65%
Ί	Wilkinson Garden Area	-	2,500,000	779,833	3,154	782,987	31%
Ί	Resurfacing Roads 2020	-	2,128,200	-	1,065,532	1,065,532	50%
Ί	Morningside Stream Bank	-	701,150	-	-	-	0%
Ί	Administration - Engineering	10,770,000	8,216,500	8,216,402	-	8,216,402	100%
1	Garden City Beautification Project	500,000	500,000	252,987	4,327	257,314	51%
'I	Emergency Fleet Replacement	9,500,000	9,500,000	9,500,000	-	9,500,000	100%
ľ	Training Center Infrastructure	2,000,000	2,000,000	55,124	7,678	62,802	3%
'I	Public Safety Vehicles	7,500,000	7,500,000	7,784,825	-	7,784,825	104%
'I	Library - Main Branch	1,000,000	1,000,000	994,131	5,868	999,999	100%
'I	Library - Maxwell Branch	900,000	900,000	875,820	3,022	878,842	98%
Ί	Library - Friedman Branch Historic Augusta - Wilson & Larmar	600,000	847,500	530,798	277,800	808,598	95%
Ί	Historic Sites The Augusta Theatre District Project -	125,000	125,000	113,687	-	113,687	91%
'I	Miller Theatre Pendleton King Park Connectivity	6,000,000	6,000,000	5,142,856	-	5,142,856	86%
1	Improvements	200,000	200,000	200,001	-	200,001	100%
1	Lucy Craft Laney Museum	600,000	600,000	-	570,000	570,000	95%
1	Augusta Museum of History	600,000	600,000	599,927	-	599,927	100%
Ί	Jessye Norman School of the Arts	95,000	95,000	95,000	-	95,000	100%
Ί	Imperial Theater Boys & Girls Club - EW Hegler Club	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	1,000,000	100%
1	Renovations	500,000	500,000	500,000	-	500,000	100%
'I	Augusta Urban Ministries Health Education Activities Learning	175,000	175,000	-	-	-	0%
'I 'I	Complex - Paine College Downtown Infrastructure - Downtown	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	-	2,500,000	100%
1	Development Authority	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,105,925	10,454	1,116,379	93%
'I	Industrial Infrastructure - RDA Canal Improvements - Augusta Canal	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,200,027	-	1,200,027	100%
1	Authority	4,170,000	4,185,160	4,185,154	-	4,185,154	100%
1	Municipal Building Renovations	18,000,000	32,635,680	32,635,850	-	32,635,850	100%
1	Municipal Building Campus - IT Building	-	7,000,000	6,960,006	-	6,960,006	99%
'I	Municipal Building Campus	-	1,114,320	916,668	58,734	975,402	88%
1	Green Space - CSRA Land Trust	500,000	500,000	45,235	10,000	55,235	11%
1	Capital Equipment - Recreation	150,000	185,000	184,602	-	184,602	100%
Ί	Existing Structures Improvements	895,000	595,000	489,357	-	489,357	82%
'I	Augusta Commons	100,000	100,000	104,700	-	104,700	105%
'I	Dyess Park	800,000	297,000	125,984	-	125,984	42%
1	May Park	150,000	150,000	148,620	-	148,620	99%
1	Old Government House	200,000	200,000	34,087	-	34,087	17%
1	Elliot Park	100,000	100,000	50,132	-	50,132	50%
Ί	Fleming Park	250,000	620,000	617,232	-	617,232	100%
ï	Fleming Tennis Center	600,000	250,000	44,544	-	44,544	18%
'I	Augusta Soccer Complex	150,000	28,770	28,769	-	28,769	100%
ï	Diamond Lakes Regional Park	1,350,000	1,297,150	1,295,647	1,500	1,297,147	100%
'I	Mc Duffie Woods Park	200,000	200,000	103,625	-	103,625	52%
'I	Augusta Golf Course	300,000	300,000	271,860	1,500	273,360	91%
'I	H.H. Brigham Park	250,000	750,000	752,095	-	752,095	100%
'I	Valley Park	250,000	250,000	288,254	-	288,254	115%
'I	Wood Park	50,000	50,000		-		0%
	Brookfield Park	100,000	100,000	46,556		46,556	47%

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

SPLOST Phase	Project	Original Estimated Cost	. <u> </u>	Current Estimated Cost	 Prior Years	 Current Year	 Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
Phase VI	Eisenhower Park	\$ 100,000	\$	100,000	\$ 44,080	\$ 37,435	\$ 81,515	82%
Phase VI	Warren Road Park	150,000		150,000	150,257	-	150,257	100%
Phase VI	Blythe Community Center	500,000		500,000	249,108	-	249,108	50%
Phase VI	Jamestown Community Center	200,000		200,000	203,289	-	203,289	102%
Phase VI	Augusta Marina	50,000		50,000	50,708	-	50,708	101%
Phase VI	Lake Olmstead Stadium	100,000		100,000	100,000	-	100,000	100%
Phase VI	4-H Camp	50,000		23,790	23,782	-	23,782	100%
Phase VI	Tennis Courts Resurfacing	150,000		150,000	125,951	-	125,951	84%
Phase VI	Swimming Pool Renovations	900,000		900,000	320,921	25,112	346,033	38%
Phase VI	Jamestown Park	-		165,930	-	-	-	0%
Phase VI	Recreation Master Plan	200,000		200,000	68,825	-	68,825	34%
Phase VI	Recreation Project Administration	1,000,000		1,091,130	1,091,121	-	1,091,121	100%
Phase VI	Historic Structures	-		503,000	485,651	-	485,651	97%
Phase VI	South Augusta Transit Center Augusta Public Transit Facilities -	190,000		190,000	148,868	-	148,868	78%
Phase VI	Renovations	125,000		125,000	-	-	-	0%
Phase VI	Transit Vehicles	420,000		420,000	420,000	-	420,000	100%
Phase VI	City of Hephzibah	4,424,000		4,424,000	4,424,000	-	4,424,000	100%
Phase VI	City of Blythe	1,300,000		1,300,000	1,300,000	-	1,300,000	100%
Phase VI	Network Assessment Remediation	250,000		250,000	250,108	-	250,108	100%
Phase VI	Redundant Fiber Ring	250,000		250,000	-	-	-	0%
Phase VI	Digital Orthophotography	500,000		500,000	408,781	-	408,781	82%
Phase VI	Software Application Consolidation	1,000,000		1,000,000	916,893	5,444	922,337	92%
Phase VI	Carrie Mays Park CNG Remediation	-		300,000	266,138	-	266,138	89%
Phase 7	SPLOST 7 Program Administration	3,500,000		3,500,000	1,780,161	269,773	2,049,934	59%
Phase 7	Interest on SPLOST 7 GO Bonds	4,000,000		4,000,000	3,533,500		3,533,500	88%
Phase 7	P25 Radio System	15,000,000		15,000,000	12,289,768	2,245,940	14,535,708	97%
Phase 7	TAO/TCO software consolidation	3,500,000		3,500,000	2,051,189	1,186,997	3,238,186	93%
Phase 7	MDT Replacement	900,000		900,000	781,884	81,830	863,714	96%
Phase 7	911 Renovations	500,000		500,000	118,871	402,825	521,696	104%
Phase 7	Special Operations Precinct	1,300,000		1,300,000	1,077,146	3,000	1,080,146	83%
Phase 7	Marshal's Operation Center	1,000,000		1,000,000	839,736	51,869	891,605	89%
Phase 7	Training Range Enhancements	2,200,000		2,200,000	498,881	261,167	760,048	35%
Phase 7	Public Safety Vehicles - (Law Enforcement)			9,000,000	5,702,809	1,476,459		80%
Phase 7	New Station 2 - Telfair Street	9,000,000		3,860,000	3,831,297	43,375	7,179,268	
Phase 7	New Station 3 - Gordon Hwy	2,500,000					3,874,672	100%
Phase 7 Phase 7		2,500,000		3,500,000	3,530,569	9,091	3,539,660	101%
Phase 7 Phase 7	New Station - South Augusta	2,500,000		7,140,000	15,433 5,849,637	-	15,433	0%
Phase 7	Emergency Vehicles - Fire Training Center - EOC	6,000,000		6,000,000	5,049,057	-	5,849,637	97%
	5	1,000,000		1,000,000	-	-	-	0%
Phase 7	Fire Station Alerting System	1,100,000		1,100,000	781,000	165,000	946,000	86%
Phase 7	Hyde Park St. and Drg Imp.	6,000,000		5,000,000	5,000,000	-	5,000,000	100%
Phase 7	On Call Construction	2,350,000		1,880,000	1,380,170	35,225	1,415,395	75%
Phase 7	Wrightsboro Road Reconstruction East Augusta Road and drainage -	8,500,000		6,800,000	1,118,502	422,463	1,540,965	23%
Phase 7	Phase III East Augusta Road and drainage -	4,500,000		3,600,000	2,872,635	365,374	3,238,009	90%
Phase 7	Phase V	2,500,000		2,000,000	-	-	-	0%
Phase 7	ADA sidewalk rehab and replacement	2,000,000		1,600,000	1,477,639	-	1,477,639	92%
Phase 7	Machinery and Equipment Rocky Creek Flood Reduction	1,000,000		1,000,000	636,188	41,103	677,291	68%
Phase 7	Improvements East Augusta Road and drainage -	6,650,000		5,320,000	498	-	498	0%
Phase 7	Phase IV Milling and Resurfacing -	2,500,000		2,000,000	76,556	1,290	77,846	4%
Phase 7	Contract/County Forces	1,500,000		1,200,000	921,788	176,370	1,098,158	92%
Phase 7	Monte Sano Ave Improvements	300,000		240,000	-	135,050	135,050	56%

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

PLOST Phase	Project	Original Estimated Cost	 Current Estimated Cost	 Prior Years	 Current Year	 Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
hase 7 hase 7	Martin Luther King Drive Road Diet Skinner Mill Road Widening	\$ 1,000,000 750,000	\$ 800,000 600,000	\$ 76,293 400,018	\$ - 162,309	\$ 76,293 562,327	10% 94%
	Walton Way safety and operational						
hase 7 hase 7	improvements	700,000	560,000 320,000	100,886	86,295	187,181	33% 0%
hase 7	Forest Hill Drainage Improvement Paving Dirt Roads	400,000 1,000,000	800,000	-	- 18,064	- 18,064	0% 2%
nace i	Fort Gordon gate operation	1,000,000	000,000		10,001	10,004	270
hase 7	enhancement	1,000,000	300,000	-	291,345	291,345	97%
hase 7	Grading and Drainage - stormwater	25,000,000	25,000,000	19,141,111	3,959,244	23,100,355	92%
hase 7	Administration - Engineering	2,500,000	10,430,000	5,419,311	1,246,079	6,665,390	64%
hase 7	Fleet Maintenance Facility	1,500,000	1,450,000	195,200	-	195,200	13%
hase 7	Existing Facilities upgrades	5,000,000	3,095,480	1,794,920	938,782	2,733,702	88%
hase 7 hase 7	Probate Court Central Services Renovations	-	49,520 365,000	12,721 313,225	-	12,721	26% 86%
hase 7	Webster Detention Center - HVAC	-	140,000	364,849	-	313,225 364,849	261%
hase 7	RCCI Upgrades	-	50,000	39,680		304,649 39,680	79%
hase 7	Compliance Department Renovations	-	40,000	36,864	-	36,864	92%
hase 7	Judicial Center - HVAC	-	145,000	142,973	-	142,973	99%
hase 7	Animal Services	500,000	500,000	500,249	-	500,249	100%
hase 7	Records Retention Center	2,500,000	1,825,000	1,680,977	126,840	1,807,817	99%
hase 7	JLEC Demolition	1,500,000	1,500,000	57,333	475,957	533,290	36%
hase 7	Public Defender Building	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	-	5,000,000	100%
hase 7	RCCI Upgrades	-	50,000	620	-	620	1%
hase 7	Tobacco Road Pole Barn	-	147,610	205	-	205	0%
hase 7	HCD Relocation	-	183,000	166,749	-	166,749	91%
hase 7	Traffic Engineering Ops Center	-	900,000	-	297,255	297,255	33%
hase 7 hase 7	DFACS Building Judicial Center - Sally Port	-	661,300 115,000	-	-	-	0% 0%
hase 7	Webster Detention Center Renovations.	-	1,239,700	-	-	-	0%
hase 7	Municipal Campus - debt service payoff	35,000,000	35,000,000	6,260,170	2,201,200	8,461,370	24%
hase 7	Museum Asset Management	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	43,880	43,880	4%
hase 7	Library Facilities Renovations	200,000	190,000	157,269	32,731	190,000	100%
hase 7	Maxwell Branch Library	300,000	310,000	309,898	-	309,898	100%
hase 7	Sports Facilities	1,750,000	609,000	-	2,175	2,175	0%
hase 7	Swimming Pools ADA, Reforestation and Cemetery	2,000,000	132,600	53,098	-	53,098	40%
hase 7	Improvements	1,000,000	45,000	-	-	-	0%
hase 7	Community Center Improvements	4,000,000	316,500	-	-	-	0%
hase 7 hase 7	Neighborhood Parks/Urban Parks May Park	4,000,000	60,000 50,000	- 42,020	-	-	0%
hase 7	Bernie Ward Community Center	-	250.000	42,020 245,940	-	42,020 245,940	84% 98%
hase 7	Dyess Park	-	1,000,000	240,940	15,083	15,083	2%
hase 7	Capital Equipment - Recreation	-	50,000	24,550	25,450	50,000	100%
hase 7	Lake Olmstead Park	-	1,700,000	82,500	-	82,500	5%
hase 7	Fleming Park	-	1,000,000	163,064	89,600	252,664	25%
hase 7	Diamond Lakes	-	675,000	664,647	6,195	670,842	99%
hase 7	Jamestown Park	-	442,000	46,550	950	47,500	11%
hase 7	The Boathouse	-	200,000	220,617	-	220,617	110%
hase 7	Hillside Park	-	125,000	100,000	-	100,000	80%
hase 7	Augusta Common	-	125,000	110,420	-	110,420	88%
hase 7	Minnick	-	125,000	125,000	-	125,000	100%
hase 7	Wood Park	-	350,000	324,919	-	324,919	93%
hase 7 hase 7	Hickman Park Augusta Soccer Park	-	125,000 109,000	23,729 94,000	-	23,729 94,000	19% 86%
hase 7	McDuffie Woods	-	125,000	94,000 124,994	-	94,000 124,994	100%
hase 7	Gracewood	-	125,000	124,550	-	124,994	100%
hase 7	Henry Brigham Center		7,100,000	269,071	209,690	478,761	7%
hase 7	Warren Road	-	225,000	209,060	-	209,060	93%
hase 7	Augusta Aquatics Center	-	2,043,330	2,043,330	-	2,043,330	100%
hase 7	Augusta Golf Course	-	50,000	34,405	-	34,405	69%
	Aquatic Center Pool		39,750	43,725	10,302	54,027	136%

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

SPLOST Phase	Project	Origina Estimate Cost		Current Estimated Cost	 Prior Years		rent ear	Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
Phase 7 Phase 7	Brigham Pool Lombard Mill	\$	-	\$ 39,750 490,000	\$ 36,918	\$	- 519,742	\$ 36,918	93%
Phase 7 Phase 7	McBean splash pad		-	490,000 125,000	-		21,448	519,742 121,448	106% 97%
Phase 7	Fleming Complex - Safety Improvements		-	500,000	-		92	92	0%
Phase 7	Eastview - Safety Improvements		-	10,000	9,984		-	9,984	100%
Phase 7	McDuffie - Safety Improvements		-	4,200	4,193		-	4,193	100%
Phase 7	Gracwood Flooring		-	20,000	-		-	-	0%
Phase 7	Boathouse Deck renovations		-	600,000	-		3,540	3,540	1%
Phase 7	Security Cameras		-	375,000	-		-	-	0%
Phase 7	Golf Course - Safety Improvements		-	25,000	-		22,523	22,523	90%
Phase 7	Aquatics Center - Safety Improvements		-	278,040	-		-	-	0%
Phase 7	Recreation - Administration	750,	000	750,000	678,027		57,285	735,312	98%
Phase 7	Public Art Gateway Beautification	1,000,	000	1,000,000	6,000		-	6,000	1%
Phase 7	Augusta Canal Authority	1,500,	000	1,750,000	1,100,000	4	00,000	1,500,000	86%
Phase 7	Modernize James Brown Arena	6,000,	000	6,000,000	6,000,000		-	6,000,000	100%
Phase 7	City of Blythe	1,900,	000	1,900,000	1,900,000		-	1,900,000	100%
Phase 7	City of Hephzibah	6,500,	000	6,500,000	6,500,000		-	6,500,000	100%
Phase 7	Buses	1,350,	000	1,350,000	-		-	-	0%
Phase 7	Bus Shelters	650,	000	1,150,000	 509,583		5,451	515,034	45%
		\$ 887,667,	629	\$ 1,076,162,890	\$ 889,399,020	\$ 25,8	336,928	\$ 915,235,948	

Amounts reported in Special Sales Tax Phase capital outlay are as follows:

Special Sales Tax Phase III	\$ 6,754
Special Sales Tax Phase IV	1,308,843
Special Sales Tax Phase V	1,141,532
Special Sales Tax Phase VI	5,062,544
Special Sales Tax Phase 7	16,113,601
Transfer out to Nonmajor Governmental Funds	2,203,654
	\$ 25,836,928

#### Note:

The transfewrs noted above was a reimbursement to Nonmajor Governmental Funds for approved SPLOST purchases and has been included in the above schedule.

#### Note:

Prior year costs of the following projects were reclassified as noted below. The total prior year costs are unchanged.

		Orginal Prior Year Cost	Current Prior Year Cost
Phase VI	Wilkinson Garden Area	41,952	779,833
Phase 7	Hyde Park St. and Drg Imp.	5,737,881	5,000,000
Phase IV	Resurfacting Roads	1,372,819	1,372,987
Phase IV	Miscellaneous grading & drainage	3,927,464	3,927,296
Phase III	Wilkerson Garden	537,568	561,275
Phase III	Lake Olmstead Dredging	209,303	185,596

# STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Government's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, required supplementary information, and supplementary information says about the Government's overall financial health.

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Financial Trends	215
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	219
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Government's most significant local revenue sources.	
Debt Capacity	224
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Government's current levels of outstanding debt and the Government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	226
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand	
the environment within which the Government's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	231
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how	
the information in the Government's financial report relates to the services the Government	
provides and the activities it performs.	

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#### NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN YEARS

								Fisca	al Ye	ear					
		2012	 2013	 2014		2015		2016		2017	2018	 2019	2020		2021
Governmental activities															
Net investment in															
capital assets	\$	410,460,670	\$ 457,492,341	\$ 476,918,623	\$	547,217,942	\$	557,318,725	\$	562,115,697	\$ 569,871,394	\$ 642,073,006	\$ 677,467,409	\$	686,754,543
Restricted		158,085,479	131,155,017	139,606,663		126,202,046		188,414,660		209,692,863	213,635,313	177,020,019	173,340,237		199,845,230
Unrestricted		41,001,034	34,032,148	26,493,803		(8,595,476)		(21,692,381)		(17,269,467)	(70,221,848)	(78,520,564)	(97,401,608)		(97,545,70
Total governmental activities		, ,	 	 				( <i>'</i> ,		· · · ·					<u> </u>
net position	\$	609,547,183	\$ 622,679,506	\$ 643,019,089	\$	664,824,512	\$	724,041,004	\$	754,539,093	\$ 713,284,859	\$ 740,572,461	\$ 753,406,038	\$	789,054,066
Business-type activities															
Net investment in															
capital assets	\$	217,331,770	\$ 198,731,660	\$ 174,179,647	\$	182,241,232	\$	183,134,044	\$	218,177,114	\$ 259,940,332	\$ 267,815,545	\$ 289,203,124	\$	299,740,50
Restricted		57,373,803	77,570,750	96,536,299		87,266,093		92,929,966		52,996,332	36,915,455	67,475,296	67,714,040		69,188,90
Unrestricted		56,391,657	54,217,810	61,286,639		49,371,035		54,383,554		79,332,506	71,799,025	68,034,540	73,221,991		78,049,24
Total business-type activities			 	 - , ,		-,- ,		- ,,			,,	 	-, ,		-,,
net position	\$	331,097,230	\$ 330,520,220	\$ 332,002,585	\$	318,878,360	\$	330,447,564	\$	350,505,952	\$ 368,654,812	\$ 403,325,381	\$ 430,139,155	\$	446,978,658
Primary government															
Net investment in															
capital assets	\$	627,792,440	\$ 656,224,001	\$ 651,098,270	\$	729,459,174	\$	740,452,769	\$	780,292,811	\$ 829,811,726	\$ 909,888,551	\$ 966,670,533	\$	986,495,05
Restricted	·	215,459,282	208,725,767	236,142,962		213,468,139	•	281,344,626	•	262,689,195	250,550,768	244,495,315	241,054,277	•	269,034,133
Unrestricted		97,392,691	88,249,958	87,780,442		40,775,559		32,691,173		62,063,039	1,577,177	(10,486,024)	(24,179,617)		(19,496,459
Total primary government		. ,,	 ,,	 _ , ,	·	-,,	·	- ,,			,- ,	 ( , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	( , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		( .,,
net position	<b>^</b>	940,644,413	\$ 953,199,726	\$ 975,021,674	\$	983.702.872	\$	1.054.488.568	\$	1.105.045.045	.081.939.671	\$ 1.143.897.842	1,183,545,193		1,236,032,72

Augusta, Georgia audited financial statements.

#### CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN YEARS

	2042	2042	2044	2045		Il Year	2040	2040	2020	2024
<b>F</b>	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Expenses										
Primary government:										
Governmental activities:	\$ 40.330.290	\$ 41,458,672	¢ 25.022.665	\$ 33,802,731	\$ 36,221,517	¢ 20.400.607	\$ 44,509,579	¢ 40.707.405	¢ 60.400.705	¢ 50.604.005
General government										\$ 52,634,825
Judicial	18,348,930	19,689,011	22,277,190	21,323,507	20,818,733	22,041,220	26,000,450	26,945,032	25,627,408	25,277,951
Public safety	86,803,342	88,026,881	94,812,888	73,686,078	92,071,561	94,273,348	103,721,518	111,256,350	114,786,178	121,616,606
Public works	15,463,891	16,339,524	39,378,299	33,487,270	12,391,998	29,930,236	33,668,252	15,005,701	35,357,616	28,466,160
Health and welfare	2,641,832	2,714,636	2,511,207	1,874,971	7,653,264	7,580,316	7,146,751	6,578,374	7,085,587	6,764,180
Culture and recreation	23,493,548	19,823,071	17,135,252	14,958,432	13,619,543	16,909,391	18,444,248	18,748,629	18,201,741	17,621,313
Housing and development	16,186,502	13,871,835	14,161,332	13,488,008	14,427,031	18,523,993	32,569,478	40,830,750	17,661,016	27,143,107
Interest and fiscal changes	1,924,490	1,862,587	2,756,430	2,442,546	2,674,676	2,922,145	4,426,311	4,201,382	3,752,568	4,948,740
Total governmental activities										
expenses	205,192,825	203,786,217	228,055,263	195,063,543	199,878,323	231,371,336	270,486,587	264,273,703	282,910,849	284,472,881
Business-type activities:										
Waste management	7,554,624	9,346,387	10,761,293	14,379,589	11,051,624	15,340,037	14,624,716	19,068,551	15,957,669	25,098,206
Water and sewer	90,703,735	92,625,019	95,538,635	96,512,831	99,080,160	89,029,607	87,825,107	91,327,503	86,732,918	87,377,730
Airports	21,445,366	17,238,488	15,374,725	16,285,059	14,955,310	15,800,633	18,350,954	18,249,992	16,424,640	19,448,087
, Municipal golf course	98,341	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-, -,
Transit	6,185,107	6,268,833	6,107,826	6,021,453	6,326,833	6,584,943	7,259,864	7,005,825	7,554,751	8,410,142
Garbage collection	16,556,393	17,029,002	19,037,942	19,354,476	19,643,236	20,885,939	20,000,481	19,802,464	20,575,375	20,940,926
Stormwater utility				-	9,317,090	13,597,292	14,612,733	12,888,099	13,776,667	12,821,772
Total business-type activities					0,011,000	10,001,202	11,012,100	12,000,000	10,110,001	12,021,112
expenses	142,543,566	142,507,729	146,820,421	152,553,408	160,374,253	161,238,451	162,673,855	168,342,434	161,022,020	174,096,863
							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·	-
Total primary government expenses	347,736,391	346,293,946	374,875,684	347,616,951	360,252,576	392,609,787	433,160,442	432,616,137	443,932,868	458,569,744
Program revenues										
Primary government:										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services										
General government	15,087,632	13,837,610	13,704,521	14,228,615	15,533,080	15,258,251	15,863,867	16,946,067	16,620,504	17,243,485
Judicial	2,915,879	3,113,317	3,666,099	3,428,505	3,288,556	3,532,917	4,232,006	4,504,904	4,429,990	3,611,529
Public safety	12,419,681	11,885,552	11,936,266	13,222,762	12,640,313	11,312,815	12,191,446	12,444,870	13,304,086	12,392,378
Public works	2,138,752	2,192,186	2,185,693	2,285,046	2,500,347	2,240,873	4,209,650	4,322,501	4,398,117	5,292,057
Health and welfare	723,362	723,124	742,055	774,701	756,526	441,170	120,315	121,385	127,108	6,559
Culture and recreation	1,727,183	2,586,807	2,888,268	2,929,943	2,862,414	3,214,232	3,421,447	3,263,631	1,828,922	3,128,800
Housing and development	4,590,419	4,779,030	4,783,737	3,931,995	444,022	4,113,682	10,134,119	5,247,739	7,251,806	7,620,594
Operating grants and	.,000,110	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.,,,,,	3,001,000	111,022	., 110,002	,101,110	0,211,100	.,201,000	.,020,004
contributions	7,877,728	7,354,311	15,984,639	9,416,362	11,506,644	9,950,725	11,431,653	12,086,762	21,452,117	28,887,944
33711100110113	1,710,871	1,197,492	10,004,000	5,410,002	11,000,044	5,555,725	11,401,000	12,000,702	21,702,117	20,007,044

#### CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN YEARS

						ll Year				
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Program revenues (Continued)										
Primary government (Continued):										
Governmental activities (Continued)										
Total governmental activities										
program revenues	\$ 49,191,507	\$ 47,669,429	\$ 58,062,350	\$ 55,134,373	\$ 56,546,483	\$ 54,371,030	\$ 67,494,902	\$ 69,442,072	\$ 73,936,390	\$ 84,004,198
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services										
Waste management	10,659,789	12,636,291	15,225,072	13,240,809	14,868,570	14,082,416	15,687,683	19,125,624	18,379,379	16,406,583
Water and sewer	102,495,912	87,640,826	89,426,724	89,992,145	91,967,807	98,222,525	91,064,507	98,753,729	99,014,724	95,613,743
Airports	19,203,823	15,516,488	13,333,250	13,108,660	14,165,443	14,952,944	16,255,606	18,407,070	11,066,476	16,328,678
Municipal golf course	37,246	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transit	725,087	1,494,073	1,582,611	1,548,387	1,898,118	2,485,108	1,429,908	1,405,461	920,167	5,510,293
Garbage collection	15,877,408	16,415,315	20,107,411	19,255,923	19,448,658	19,173,185	19,508,792	19,806,392	20,310,177	20,180,972
Stormwater utility	-	-	-	-	13,663,554	14,051,864	13,668,076	13,654,122	13,879,503	14,518,536
Capital grants and contributions	6,094,240	5,870,639	3,218,349	4,584,343	5,812,783	13,542,123	20,622,460	23,161,544	16,921,050	18,525,375
Total business-type activities	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u>·</u>		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	<u>_</u>			
program revenues	155,093,505	139,573,632	142,893,417	141,730,267	161,824,933	176,510,165	178,237,032	194,313,942	180,491,476	187,084,180
Total primary government	<u> </u>			<u>,                                 </u>	,	· · · ·	· · · ·	· · ·	<u>, , , ,</u> _	
program revenues	204,285,012	187,243,061	200,955,767	196,864,640	218,371,416	230,881,195	245,731,934	263,756,014	254,427,866	271,088,378
Net (expense) revenue										
Governmental activities	(156,001,318)	(156,116,788)	(169,992,913)	(139,929,170)	(143,331,840)	(177,000,306)	(202,991,685)	(194,831,631)	(208,974,458)	(200,468,683
Business-type activities	12,549,939	(2,934,097)	(3,927,004)	(10,823,141)	1,450,680	15,271,714	15,563,177	25,971,508	19,469,456	12,987,317
Total primary government	(143,451,379)	(159,050,885)	(173,919,917)	(150,752,311)	(141,881,160)	(161,728,592)	(187,428,508)	(168,860,123)	(189,505,002)	(187,481,366
0										
General revenues and other										
changes in net position										
Primary government:										
Governmental activities:	<b>F7 F 1 0 0 0 0</b>	~~~~~~	00 004 754	00 700 757	70.040.040	70.044.005		74 570 000	70 700 005	~~~~~~~~~
Property taxes	57,546,683	60,938,262	69,281,751	69,708,757	72,649,913	72,211,935	64,931,121	74,576,626	73,799,695	80,073,638
Other taxes	117,422,333	115,386,538	122,040,650	132,821,646	138,841,209	136,998,554	153,844,283	149,421,590	152,007,550	154,313,890
Unrestricted investment earnings	617,292	705,910	712,283	691,938	904,567	1,743,856	3,399,837	4,103,264	1,542,453	956,370
Miscellaneous	183,920	1,141,300	226,079	367,735	-	751,333	496,445	93,538	605,937	3,604,273
Transfers	(4,739,380)	(2,056,213)	(4,763,580)	(3,861,383)	(9,847,357)	(4,207,283)	(17,807,201)	(6,075,785)	(6,147,600)	(2,831,460
Total governmental activities										
general revenues and other										
changes in net position	171,030,848	176,115,797	187,497,183	199,728,693	202,548,332	207,498,395	204,864,485	222,119,233	221,808,035	236,116,711

(Continued)

Item 6.

#### CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN YEARS

					Fisca	al Year				
-	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
General revenues and other										
changes in net position (Continued)										
Primary government (Continued):										
Business-type activities:										
Unrestricted investment earnings \$	486,911	\$ 255,147	\$ 309,260	\$ 370,714	\$ 237,285	\$ 565,510	\$ 1,268,970	\$ 2,069,755	\$ 1,129,854	\$ 1,017,0
Miscellaneous	76,320	45,727	336,529	27,579	33,882	13,881	53,330	553,521	66,864	3,62
Transfers	4,739,380	2,056,213	4,763,580	3,861,383	9,847,357	4,207,283	17,807,201	6,075,785	6,147,600	2,831,4
Total business type activities										
general revenues and other										
changes in net position	5,302,611	2,357,087	5,409,369	4,259,676	10,118,524	4,786,674	19,129,501	8,699,061	7,344,318	3,852,18
Total primary government										
general revenues and other										
changes in net position	176,333,459	178,472,884	192,906,552	203,988,369	212,666,856	212,285,069	223,993,986	230,818,294	229,152,353	239,968,8
Change in net position										
Governmental activities	15,029,530	19,999,009	17,504,270	59,799,523	59,216,492	30,498,089	1,872,800	27,287,602	12,833,577	35,648,0
Business-type activities	17,852,550	(577,010)	1,482,365	(6,563,465)	11,569,204	20,058,388	34,692,678	34,670,569	26,813,774	16,839,5
Total primary government		·								
change in net position \$	32,882,080	\$ 19,421,999	\$ 18,986,635	\$ 53,236,058	\$ 70,785,696	\$ 50,556,477	\$ 36,565,478	\$ 61,958,171	\$ 39,647,351	\$ 52,487,5

#### Source:

Augusta, Georgia audited financial statements.

#### Note:

Changes in Net Position from the Statement of Activities increased in this table due to the prior period adjustment.

#### FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS

							Fisca	l Ye	ar						
	_	2012	 2013	 2014		2015	 2016		2017	 2018		2019		2020	 2021
General Fund															
Non-spendable	\$	3,040,708	\$ 6,281,899	\$ 4,903,951	\$	5,109,913	\$ 5,277,675	\$	5,399,406	\$ 1,350,323	\$	355,087	\$	668,339	\$ 449,227
Assigned		4,700,000	4,700,000	1,250,000		2,375,000	3,400,000		4,525,000	4,525,000		4,525,000		4,525,000	4,525,000
Unassigned		24,257,988	 20,238,476	 18,183,857		19,528,768	 21,749,597		21,491,999	 29,855,638		34,276,284		35,095,147	 40,980,125
Total General fund	\$	31,998,696	\$ 31,220,375	\$ 24,337,808	\$	27,013,681	\$ 30,427,272	\$	31,416,405	\$ 35,730,961	\$	39,156,371	\$	40,288,486	\$ 45,954,352
All Other Governmental Funds Non-spendable, reported in:					•			•			•		•		
Special revenue funds Restricted, reported in:	\$	109,727	\$ 112,178	\$ 86,499	\$	183,440	\$ 153,945	\$	26,894	\$ 5,839	\$	2,094	\$	1,655	\$ 87,096
Special revenue funds		4,634,630	5,129,533	8,946,614		15,208,516	17.081.176		29.941.954	45,365,718		20,828,069		26,908,561	30,631,078
Debt service funds		530,030	93,682	309,003		341,037	28,824,599		29,546,721	28,794,483		29,674,662		624,573	1,042,639
Capital projects funds		154,388,725	125,406,460	132,746,404		115,430,811	141,982,775		149,679,823	138,968,778		125,991,488		148,058,842	170,967,379
Permanent fund		532,094	525,342	530,387		517,817	526,110		524,365	506,334		525,800		534,006	528,433
Committed		25,737,955	26,056,346	29,332,706		29,294,058	16,202,352		15,668,958	17,708,613		15,803,873		14,362,899	16,841,549
Unassigned		(516,279)	(629,962)	(2,773,602)		(5,226,587)	(9,851,377)		(11,577,790)	(2,066,208)		(4,678,353)		(2,029,013)	(1,248,423)
Total all other governmental funds	\$	185,416,882	\$ 156,693,579	\$ 169,178,011	\$	155,749,092	\$ 194,919,580	\$	213,810,925	\$ 229,283,557	\$	188,147,633	\$	188,461,523	\$ 218,849,751
Total all governmental funds	\$	217,415,578	\$ 187,913,954	\$ 193,515,819	\$	182,762,773	\$ 225,346,852	\$	245,227,330	\$ 265,014,518	\$	227,304,004	\$	228,750,009	\$ 264,804,103

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#### CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS

						Fiscal	Year					
	2012	2013	2014	2015		2016	2017	201	8	2019	2020	2021
Revenues												
Taxes	\$ 174,530,688	\$ 174,860,877	\$ 191,804,941	\$ 201,850,347	\$	208,663,022	\$ 205,681,506	\$ 225,8	14,297	\$ 224,702,348	\$ 226,458,082	\$ 234,372,293
Licenses and permits	5,313,188	5,880,083	6,102,645	6,179,800		6,475,794	6,760,964	6,6	58,789	6,905,592	7,580,808	7,526,757
Intergovernmental	9,205,100	8,262,173	17,834,482	14,067,609		14,115,299	13,689,861	16,1	73,507	20,897,820	25,413,694	34,561,759
Charges for services	25,978,981	25,054,525	25,760,940	26,286,959		27,886,571	26,412,517	31,3	37,810	32,483,791	32,170,970	32,916,971
Fines and forfeitures	5,826,251	5,632,205	5,793,786	6,973,674		5,962,914	5,080,841	5,1	02,650	4,886,543	4,621,980	4,765,249
Interest revenue	641,285	684,374	658,032	741,597		985,893	1,959,093	4,0	65,515	5,270,619	1,723,250	808,322
Other revenues	2,484,488	2,550,813	2,300,392	1,361,134		1,706,759	1,859,616	7,0	23,601	2,575,171	3,586,775	4,086,424
Total revenues	223,979,981	222,925,050	250,255,218	257,461,120		265,796,252	261,444,398	296,2	26,169	297,721,884	301,555,559	319,037,775
Expenditures												
Current:												
General government	34,880,530	32,432,657	29,330,545	36,675,915		40,264,604	38,055,774	38,8	55,252	37,910,930	49,131,909	42,395,231
Judicial	17,094,781	18,446,705	20,992,374	20,409,781		20,188,432	20,882,160	22,5	36,566	25,201,988	23,735,464	24,879,319
Public safety	85,020,086	84,773,990	90,674,820	89,429,713		90,166,076	90,615,994	95,6	39,648	102,158,904	99,518,162	111,301,904
Public works	11,317,428	11,323,897	35,223,915	30,187,680		31,727,193	24,296,079	27,8	04,279	27,155,533	29,863,810	20,914,579
Health and welfare	2,466,034	2,522,599	2,311,106	2,341,192		2,366,803	2,301,632	2,2	20,323	1,619,919	1,614,775	1,577,691
Culture and recreation	12,274,742	13,605,387	14,761,163	14,708,724		14,904,430	14,538,439	15,6	36,310	16,120,976	15,488,740	15,726,350
Housing and development	16,600,138	13,719,492	14,142,981	13,572,028		14,691,427	18,559,241		48,305	40,507,521	17,127,006	26,967,722
Capital outlay	52,256,806	53,670,920	48,418,409	41,378,739		20,348,505	30,367,619		39,608	55,065,290	43,273,661	32,149,799
Intergovernmental	3,512,000	2,212,000	-	-		4,200,000	6,000,000		00,000	400,000	400,000	8,403,306
Debt service:	-,- ,	, ,				, ,	-,,	,-			,	-,,
Principal	800.000	13.640.000	13.680.000	25.075.000		1,245,000	1,275,000	2.5	75,000	15,794,572	27.086.039	42.319.000
Interest and fiscal charges	2,342,510	2,546,229	2,279,262	2,591,819		1,995,418	3,075,667	,	06,737	4,765,883	4,046,697	6,586,956
Bond issuance costs	_,,	_,	756,596	340,150		366,193	392,090	,	01,298	1,503	243,500	240,000
Total expenditures	238,565,055	248,893,876	272,571,171	276,710,741		242,464,081	250,359,695		53,326	326,703,019	311,529,763	333,461,857
Excess (deficiency) of revenues												
over (under) expenditures	(14,585,074)	(25,968,826)	(22,315,953)	(19,249,621)		23,332,171	11,084,703	(5.0)	37,157)	(28,981,135)	(9,974,204)	(14,424,082)
	(14,565,074)	(23,908,820)	(22,315,953)	(19,249,021)	·	23,332,171	11,004,703	(5,0,	57,157)	(20,901,135)	(9,974,204)	(14,424,062)
Other financing sources (uses)												
Refunding bond proceeds	-	-	29,396,544	11,785,098		26,115,000	12,000,000	30,20	00,000	1,065,611	12,899,000	21,795,000
Bond premium	-	-	-	-		2,763,951	105,439	30	04,100	-	-	-
Transfers in	20,850,338	30,581,799	62,117,741	34,878,705		18,911,427	19,042,126	14,1	55,318	34,113,424	64,819,159	29,305,901
Transfers out	(25,901,838)	(33,913,097)	(66,881,321)	(38,740,088)		(28,758,784)	(23,249,409)	(20,4)	65,683)	(40,189,209)	(70,966,759)	(32,137,361)
Proceeds from the sale of												
capital assets	217,999	1,244,360	449,541	572,860		220,314	897,619	6	30,610	240,260	709,344	31,530,728
Total other financing												
sources (uses)	(4,833,501)	(2,086,938)	25,082,505	8,496,575		19,251,908	8,795,775	24,8	24,345	(4,769,914)	7,460,744	50,494,268
Net change in fund balances	\$ (19,418,575)	\$ (28,055,764)	\$ 2,766,552	\$ (10,753,046)	\$	42,584,079	\$ 19,880,478	\$ 19,7	37,188	\$ (33,751,049)	\$ (2,513,460)	\$ 36,070,186
Debt Service as a Percentage of												
Noncapital Expenditures	1.65%	8.13%	7.07%	13.33%		1.77%	2.04%		2.89%	8.37%	11.74%	16.68%

### GOVERNMENTAL TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

Year Ended	 Property Tax	 Sales Tax	Alcoholic everage Tax	Insurance remium Tax	 Hotel/Motel Tax	 Franchise Tax	 Excise Tax	 Other Taxes	 Total
2012	\$ 57,108,355	\$ 74,530,210	\$ 3,441,585	\$ 9,756,969	\$ 4,500,243	\$ 24,098,240	\$ 585,180	\$ 9,036,914	\$ 183,057,696
2013	59,474,339	74,230,510	3,274,529	10,102,412	4,712,844	22,717,526	586,110	9,329,650	184,427,920
2014	69,764,291	85,008,914	3,321,766	10,562,802	5,449,084	21,800,964	665,843	3,246,578	199,820,242
2015	69,028,701	86,002,017	3,262,384	11,284,618	5,574,471	24,880,891	542,720	1,274,545	201,850,347
2016	69,821,813	91,066,216	3,320,190	12,223,371	5,872,963	24,481,414	610,170	1,266,885	208,663,022
2017	68,682,952	88,985,462	3,383,570	13,015,916	6,094,766	23,758,965	604,890	1,154,985	205,681,506
2018	71,454,664	106,491,038	3,464,350	14,036,609	6,703,918	23,558,110	217,254	1,085,038	227,010,981
2019	75,280,758	98,710,665	3,413,223	14,910,763	6,181,872	24,378,046	596,870	1,230,151	224,702,348
2020	74,450,532	103,545,685	3,228,206	15,729,725	3,846,349	24,011,831	597,310	1,048,444	226,458,082
2021	80,058,403	105,002,661	3,702,666	16,244,986	5,652,415	21,855,820	481,760	1,373,582	234,372,293

#### Source:

Augusta, Georgia finance department.

#### ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)

Year	Real and Personal Property	 Public Utilities	 Motor Vehicles	 Mobile Homes	 Total Assessed Value	0	Less xemptions n Taxable Property	Total Net Taxable sessed Value	 Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated ctual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
2012	\$ 4,895,821	\$ 150,294	\$ 338,312	\$ 18,756	\$ 5,403,183	\$	603,773	\$ 4,799,410	\$ 8.085	\$ 13,507,958	40%
2013	4,799,583	143,797	364,089	18,944	5,326,413		640,327	4,686,086	8.042	13,316,033	40%
2014	4,863,021	150,379	311,398	17,837	5,342,635		627,710	4,714,925	9.788	13,356,588	40%
2015	5,084,542	151,720	222,980	16,850	5,476,092		633,436	4,842,656	9.792	13,690,230	40%
2016	5,349,519	180,602	165,291	16,044	5,711,456		925,908	4,785,548	9.794	14,278,640	40%
2017	5,120,929	163,526	121,656	15,538	5,421,649		705,827	4,715,822	9.786	13,554,121	40%
2018	5,212,896	174,445	90,346	14,687	5,492,374		921,787	4,570,587	9.756	13,730,933	40%
2019	5,323,010	183,615	73,296	13,757	5,593,678		700,276	4,893,402	9.678	13,984,195	40%
2020	5,754,329	199,879	59,685	14,009	6,027,902		747,488	5,280,414	9.045	15,069,755	40%
2021	5,920,864	210,288	49,990	15,341	6,196,483		798,193	5,398,290	9.045	15,491,208	40%

#### Source:

Augusta, Georgia Tax Commissioner

### DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN YEARS (Rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

					Fiscal	Year				
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Augusta-Richmond County:										
Maintenance and operations	8.085	8.042	9.788	9.792	9.794	9.786	9.756	9.678	9.045	9.045
Capital outlay	0.785	0.781	0.781	0.781	0.781	0.780	0.778	0.772	0.772	0.722
Urban service district	8.026	7.987	5.200	5.208	5.216	5.225	5.231	5.162	4.845	4.845
Fire district	2.152	2.140	2.139	2.139	2.139	2.136	2.120	2.112	1.967	1.967
Blythe fire district	3.538	3.349	3.358	3.353	3.384	3.308	3.299	3.300	3.299	3.299
Richmond County Board of Education	19.110	19.982	19.972	19.972	19.754	19.736	19.965	19.794	18.419	19.312
State of Georgia	0.250	0.150	0.100	0.050	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

#### Source:

Augusta, Georgia Tax Commissioner

#### PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	2021				2012		
			% of County				% of County
			Gross				Gross
		Assessed	Assessed			Assessed	Assessed
Rank	Taxpayer	 Valuation	Valuation	Rank	Taxpayer	 Valuation	Valuation
1	Georgia Power Co	\$ 136,617,071	2.27%	1	Georgia Power Co	\$ 80,510,239	1.55%
2	Augusta National Inc	105,675,005	1.75%	2	International Paper Co	62,346,476	0.99%
3	Graphic Packaging International LLC	76,947,940	1.28%	3	Doctors Hospital Of Augusta	43,826,079	0.87%
4	PCS Nitrogen Fertilizer	50,317,313	0.83%	4	Augusta National Inc	35,692,155	0.74%
5	Doctors Hospital Of Augusta LLC	32,704,523	0.54%	5	PCS Nitrogen Fertilizer	71,066,973	0.67%
6	Union Agener	28,915,827	0.48%	6	Augusta Newsprint	26,830,221	0.58%
7	Berckman Residential Properties LLC	26,003,993	0.43%	7	National Life and Accident Insurance	20,413,034	0.48%
8	Passco Grant Oaks Dst	21,814,814	0.36%	8	Augusta Riverfront Limited	15,755,737	0.45%
9	Natl Life & Acc Insur Co	20,413,033	0.34%	9	NutraSweet Co	24,068,135	0.39%
10	Riverwatch Apartments LLC	 19,255,870	0.32%	10	Bellsouth Telecom/AT&T	 13,687,463	0.38%
		\$ 518,665,389	8.60%			\$ 394,196,512	7.10%

Source:

Augusta, Georgia Tax Commissioner

#### PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

	т	axes Levied	Collected wit Fiscal Year of		Co	ollections in	Total Collectior	is to Date
Year Ended <sup>a</sup>		for the Year <sup>d</sup>	 Amount <sup>b</sup>	Percentage of Levy	S	ubsequent Years <sup>c</sup>	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2012	\$	37,238,163	\$ 34,281,485	92.1%	\$	3,389,635	\$ 37,671,120	101.2%
2013		34,596,234	31,092,089	89.9%		3,471,852	34,563,941	99.9%
2014		46,084,688	40,395,089	87.7%		4,232,054	44,627,143	96.8%
2015		46,341,621	39,577,785	85.4%		4,412,365	43,979,901	94.9%
2016		46,638,065	41,837,481	89.7%		4,133,094	45,953,750	98.5%
2017		46,149,029	41,609,385	90.2%		3,982,390	45,574,725	98.8%
2018		46,516,641	42,140,960	90.6%		3,867,281	45,954,750	98.8%
2019		47,358,343	44,683,423	94.4%		2,263,160	44,683,423	94.4%
2020		47,761,345	42,428,315	88.8%		4,558,115	42,428,315	88.8%
2021		48,827,540	44,354,746	90.8%			44,354,746	90.8%

<sup>a</sup> Fiscal year, January through December 31.

<sup>b</sup> Collections as of December 31 of the year of the levy.

<sup>c</sup> Delinquent collections through December 31, 2021.

<sup>d</sup> The 2018 Taxes Levied figure has been updated due to the discovery of an error in prior year tax billing system report.

#### Sources:

Augusta, Georgia Tax Commissioner's Office and Augusta, Georgia Department of Finance.

### **RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE** LAST TEN YEARS

		G	Sove	rnmental Activ	vities	i		Bu	sines	s-type Activit	ies				
Year Ended	 General Obligation Debt <sup>b</sup>	tes able <sup>b</sup>		Guaranteed Revenue Debt <sup>b</sup>		ertificates of articipation <sup>b</sup>	Capital Leases <sup>b</sup>	 Revenue Bonds <sup>b</sup>		Notes Payable <sup>b</sup>		Capital Leases <sup>b</sup>	 Total Outstanding Debt	Percentage of Personal Income <sup>c</sup>	ebt Per Capita <sup>a</sup>
2012	\$ 45,887,288	\$ _	\$	20,610,000	\$	16,888,000	\$ -	\$ 495,899,999	\$	31,197,910	\$	4,412,042	\$ 614,895,239	9.68%	\$ 3,045
2013	32,536,960	-		26,835,000		16,888,000	-	509,534,999		28,004,278		4,947,084	618,746,321	9.72%	3,074
2014	20,267,083	-		54,155,000		16,888,000	-	508,999,999		24,612,564		3,911,198	628,833,844	9.59%	3,123
2015	-	-		60,640,632		16,888,000	-	516,020,255		21,065,845		3,409,665	618,024,397	8.14%	3,055
2016	26,115,000	-		61,943,477		16,888,000	-	502,945,438		17,547,062		2,353,049	627,792,026	8.76%	3,113
2017	26,115,000	-		71,849,939		16,888,000	-	472,185,126		14,060,068		1,644,677	602,742,810	8.32%	2,956
2018	26,115,000	-		98,849,512		16,888,000	-	462,415,583		12,284,567		832,684	617,385,346	8.43%	3,059
2019	13,055,000	-		95,064,934		16,888,000	-	477,488,789		11,197,167		1,064,118	614,758,008	8.39%	3,046
2020	-	-		94,276,054		16,888,000	-	471,680,103		10,820,675		760,442	594,425,274	8.03%	2,949
2021	-	-		72,683,656		16,888,000	-	458,257,250		10,050,559		1,069,225	558,948,690	7.55%	2,773

#### Source:

<sup>(a)</sup> Computed using the population amount from the "Demographic Statistics Schedule".

<sup>(b)</sup> Augusta, Georgia Audited Financial Statements
 <sup>(c)</sup> Computed using the personal income amount from the "Demographic Statistics Schedule".

#### RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT LAST TEN YEARS

Year Ended	 General Obligation Debt <sup>b</sup>	A	s: Amounts vailable in Service Fund <sup>b</sup>	 Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property <sup>°</sup>	Per Capita <sup>a</sup>
2012	\$ 45,887,288	\$	530,030	\$ 45,357,258	0.34%	\$ 225
2013	32,536,960		93,682	32,443,278	0.24%	161
2014	20,267,083		302,690	19,964,393	0.15%	99
2015	-		-	-	0.00%	-
2016	26,115,000		26,115,000	-	0.00%	-
2017	26,115,000		26,115,000	-	0.00%	-
2018	26,115,000		26,115,000	-	0.00%	-
2019	13,055,000		13,055,000	-	0.00%	-
2020	-		-	-	0.00%	-
2021	-		-	-	0.00%	-

#### Source:

<sup>(a)</sup> Computed using the population amount from the "Demographic Statistics Schedule".

<sup>(b)</sup> Augusta, Georgia Audited Financial Statements

<sup>(c)</sup> Computed using the estimated actual taxable value amount from the "Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Schedule".

#### DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Deb	t Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable (1)	0	timated Share If Direct and erlapping Debt
Direct Debt					
Guaranteed revenue debt	\$	72,683,656	100%	\$	72,683,656
Certificates of Participation		16,888,000	100%		16,888,000
Subtotal Direct Debt		89,571,656	100%		89,571,656
Overlapping Debt					
Richmond County School District		40,000,000	0%		-
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$	129,571,656		\$	89,571,656

#### Sources:

Augusta, Georgia financial statements and the Richmond County School District

#### Note:

Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Augusta, Georgia. This process recognizes that, when considering the Government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

(1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the County's taxable assessed value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by the County's total taxable assessed value.

#### Item 6.

# AUGUSTA, GEORGIA

## LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)

	Fiscal Year									
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Legal Debt Limit	\$ 479,94	\$ 468,609	\$ 471,493	\$ 484,266	\$ 478,555	\$ 471,582	\$ 457,059	\$ 489,370	\$ 528,041	\$ 539,829
Net Debt Applicable to Limit	45,35	32,443	19,964				. <u> </u>			. <u> </u>
Legal debt margin	\$ 434,58	\$ 436,165	\$ 451,528	\$ 484,266	\$ 478,555	\$ 471,582	\$ 471,582	\$ 489,370	\$ 528,041	\$ 539,829
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	10.44	6 7.44%	4.42%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
				Legal Debt Margin Calculation for 2021: Assessed Value						\$ 5,398,290
					Debt limit (10% of total assessed value) Debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds Less: Amount set aside for repayment of general obligation debt Total debt applicable to limit Legal debt margin					539,829 - - - \$ 539,829

#### Note:

Under state finance law, the Government's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 10% of total assessed property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

#### PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN YEARS

Year	Operating Revenue <sup>a</sup>	Direct Operating Expenses <sup>b</sup>	A	let Revenue Available for Debt Service	 Principal	Debt Sei	rvice Requirement Interest	ts	Total	Coverage
2012	\$ 122,017,467	\$ 56,610,499	\$	65,406,968	\$ 4,955,000	\$	24,774,198	\$	29,729,198	2.20
2013	103,240,990	54,418,274		48,822,716	8,435,000		23,982,165		32,417,165	1.51
2014	122,941,682	73,206,611		49,735,071	9,715,000		24,044,858		33,759,858	1.47
2015	122,188,877	76,557,121		45,631,756	10,980,000		22,297,556		33,277,556	1.37
2016	125,462,761	80,194,874		45,267,887	11,475,000		21,228,655		32,703,655	1.38
2017	132,214,183	81,826,674		50,387,509	12,335,000		9,509,892		21,844,892	0.35
2018	126,690,901	88,643,395		38,047,506	6,020,000		7,203,460		13,223,460	2.88
2019	134,933,019	87,105,279		47,827,740	2,945,000		18,302,029		21,247,029	2.25
2020	127,882,845	77,524,048		50,358,797	2,835,000		18,607,683		21,442,683	2.35
2021	128,210,652	89,196,906		39,013,746	10,465,000		18,578,973		29,043,973	1.34

#### Source:

<sup>(a)</sup> Operating revenue includes operating revenues and interest of the major business-type funds.

<sup>(b)</sup> Direct operating expenses excludes depreciation.

#### DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

Year Ended	Population <sup>a</sup>	Median Age <sup>b</sup>	er Capita ncome	 Personal Income <sup>a</sup>	Public School Enrollment <sup>c</sup>	Unemployment Rate <sup>d</sup>
2012	201,966	33.0	\$ 31,436	\$ 6,349,054,000	31,738	9.02%
2013	201,276	33.0	31,637	6,367,726,000	31,501	8.03%
2014	201,368	33.4	32,549	6,554,362,000	31,431	7.02%
2015	202,269	33.2	37,557	7,596,617,000	31,997	5.83%
2016	201,647	33.3	35,526	7,163,705,000	30,742	6.30%
2017	201,800	33.5	35,925	7,327,182,000	30,756	5.40%
2018	201,554	33.7	36,292	7,402,065,000	30,854	4.10%
2019	202,518	33.7	38,196	7,698,627,000	30,947	3.63%
2020	204,320	34.7	39,370	7,973,040,000	29,093	5.80%
2021	203,832	34.4	42,343	8,556,598,000	27,350	4.00%

#### Source:

<sup>a)</sup> Bureau of Economic Analysis; estimates for 2015 from the Central Savannah River Area Regional Commission

<sup>b)</sup> US Census Bureau

<sup>c)</sup> Richmond County Board of Education

<sup>d)</sup> U.S. Department of Labor; Not Seasonally Adjusted Annual Averages

#### PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	2021			2012					
Rank	Employer	Number of Employees	Percentage of Employed	Rank	Employer	Number of Employees	Percentage of Employed		
1	US Army Cyber Center/Ft Gordon	29,252	11.42%	1	U.S. Amry Signal Center and Fort Gordon	19,844	8.43%		
2	Augusta University	6,775	2.65%	2	Medical College of Georgia (Augusta University)	4,656	1.98%		
3	Augusta University Hospital	5,341	2.09%	3	Richmond County School System	4,418	1.88%		
4	Richmond County Schools	4,398	1.72%	4	University Hospital	3,200	1.36%		
5	University Hospital	3,000	1.17%	5	Georgia Health Sciences Hospitals	3,054	1.30%		
6	Augusta/Richmond County	2,869	1.12%	6	Augusta-Richmond County	2,380	1.01%		
7	US Dept of Veterans Admin	2,522	0.98%	7	Veteran's Administration Hospital	2,082	0.88%		
8	Doctors Hospital	1,837	0.72%	8	East Central Regional Hospital	1,488	0.63%		
9	East Central Regional Hospital Augusta	1,400	0.55%	9	Doctor's Hospital	1,210	0.51%		
10	Textron EZ-GO	1,350	0.53%	10	Textron EZ-GO	1,277	0.54%		
	Total Employed in Augusta, Georgia	256,087 *			Total Employed in Augusta, Georgia	235,347 *	r		

\* Georgia Department of Labor, Workforce Information & Analysis, Local Area Unemployment Statistics Unit

Source of 2020 and 2011 Top Employers: Employers Human Resources Department

#### FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Governmental Activities										
General government	370	350	338	307	337	348	348	353	360	363
Judicial	233	221	218	213	247	262	271	256	265	269
Public safety	1567	1,514	1,377	1,278	1,296	1,294	1,297	1,311	1,306	1,306
Public works	224	216	206	189	177	161	178	170	177	178
Health and welfare	5	8	8	8	3	2	3	3	3	3
Culture and recreation	206	195	185	163	126	139	141	142	142	141
Housing and development	72	70	64	59	62	62	61	59	60	63
Total Governmental Activities	2,677	2,574	2,396	2,217	2,248	2,268	2,299	2,294	2,313	2,323
Business-Type Activities										
Airport	85	84	82	80	86	88	99	100	104	104
Transit	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Environmental services	49	52	51	50	52	52	54	62	67	67
Water and sewer	302	285	278	254	360	372	389	364	367	372
Total Business-Type Activities	440	425	415	388	502	516	546	530	542	547
Total Primary Government	3,117	2,999	2,811	2,605	2,750	2,784	2,845	2,824	2,855	2,870

Source:

Augusta, Georgia Payroll Data

#### OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN YEARS

					Fiscal `	Year		Fiscal Year							
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021					
Function/Department															
General Government															
Number of registered voters	109,016	110,396	101,480	88,528	105,642	108,863	122,747	131,373	138,000	135,584					
Animals adopted per year	928	824	772	1,110	1,376	1,387	1,573	6,572	4,109	2,063					
Animals sheltered per year	9,651	9,327	7,870	7,322	5,973	6,423	6,181	3,376	2,476	1,179					
Judicial															
Number of gun permits	1,938	2,231	2,563	2,549	3,278	2,982	3,020	3,507	5,397	4,969					
Number of marriage licenses	1,419	1,317	1,385	1,349	1,609	1,558	1,534	1,497	1,446	1,498					
Public Safety															
Total arrests	4,488	4,886	4,404	1,746	3,888	3,295	NA	10,545	7,127	6,490					
Inmates processed	872	812	928	920	923	943	NA	969	961	982					
Female bookings	1,600	1,521	3,379	3,576	2,952	2,659	2,907	2,849	1,825	1,161					
Male bookings	6,880	6,641	11,169	10,860	8,688	7,342	7,692	7,696	5,302	4,829					
Calls received via 911	776,192	717,110	716,613	645,030	595,178	454,941	578,510	582,492	583,183	583,807					
Public Works															
Commercial/residential project approved	84	95	56	107	92	159	191	215	138	40					
Commercial/residential inspection	383	797	379	337	1,471	593	651	1,784	2,189	1,742					
MS4 Inspections	3,568	3,497	9,212	7,377	16,560	6,089	6,217	N/A	N/A	N/A					
Culture and Recreation															
Library book circulation	1,260,817	1,276,600	594,281	463,064	459,089	428,849	438,841	428,606	284,547	197,627					
Library collection size	637,388	588,971	381,149	344,323	347,122	316,759	319,105	319,746	316,101	299,753					
Recreation adult sports															
Participants	1,953	1,732	1,718	1,586	1,472	1,238	824	526	340	567					
Recreation youth sports															
Participants	2,842	2,711	2,470	2,466	2,427	2,353	1,649	1,864	345	1,325					
Housing and Development															
Number of single family															
building permits	360	386	303	317	292	362	441	583	612	612					
Permits Issued per year	10,033	10,289	9,842	9,246	10,306	10,096	11,131	7,253	12,911	12,911					
Business licenses Issued per year	638	749	972	1,162	1,374	1,121	1,557	829	1,225	1,225					

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#### OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN YEARS

					Fisca	Year				
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Function/Department (Continued)										
Transit										
Total ridership	747,718	776,332	831,032	824,267	809,545	737,878	705,538	684,873	663,520	543,034
Total revenue miles	775,100	799,419	852,971	961,639	936,195	944,945	951,156	905,886	826,739	826,467
Airport										
Number of landings	13,930	13,572	269,902	13,036	13,703	14,388	14,873	36,132	24,262	26,688
Gallons of fuel sold	2,831,214	2,809,435	2,413,744	2,407,116	2,519,691	2,658,218	3,336,565	3,972,524	2,488,525	1,962,553
Solid Waste										
Community refuse collected (tons)	323,203	396,752	471,041	368,819	398,676	401,636	468,902	573,741	511,712	449,771
Community recyclables collected	2,412	3,653	3,753	3,159	2,175	1,311	904	743	530	814
Commingled (plastic, paper, glass)	2,111	3,245	3,401	2,466	1,748	626	258	49	74	244
Tires	123	211	116	403	239	307	336	367	172	152
Metal	178	198	231	272	185	193	310	327	281	418
Electronics	N/A	N/A	5	18	3	-	-	-	3	-
Water and Sewer										
Number of sewer customers	48,833	49,167	49,635	50,035	50,524	51,033	51,450	52,114	53,022	53,479
Total gallons (in thousands)	7,287,986	7,352,070	7,345,052	6,757,463	7,106,854	10,603,758	7,582,500	7,388,000	7,672,975	6,216,262
Average gallon/customer	2,676,007	2,687,944	2,625,427	2,425,816	2,939,736	3,520,161	3,786,441	3,219,559	3,123,710	3,026,948
Number of water customers	61,175	61,374	61,861	61,969	62,329	62,745	63,013	63,577	64,519	64,929
Total gallons (in thousands)	978,496	12,031,186	12,304,985	11,112,016	11,646,204	11,600,787	12,325,763	12,285,738	12,012,229	10,745,616
Average gallon/customer	2,968,872	2,895,272	2,546,012	2,410,347	2,442,490	2,669,185	3,768,310	3,340,346	1,844,215	3,254,243

#### Source:

Various government departments.

N/A - Data was not readily available.

#### CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN YEARS (In Thousands)

					Fiscal `	Year				
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
FUNCTION	· · ·			<u> </u>						
General government										
Buildings	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	7
Vehicles	87	90	93	92	92	89	87	89	99	104
Judicial										
Public Defender										
Buildings	1	2	2	4	5	5	6	6	6	6
Vehicles	31	35	35	41	44	50	52	54	56	62
District Attorney										
Vehicles	6	7	7	7	7	9	9	11	12	12
Public safety										
Sheriff Administration										
Buildings	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Vehicles	84	84	84	86	86	89	66	70	59	73
Sheriff										
Vehicles	460	479	555	599	614	642	582	586	594	591
Buildings	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Fire										
Buildings	20	20	20	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Vehicles	50	51	52	52	55	62	66	66	63	63
Fire Trucks	43	44	46	54	54	55	55	58	61	59
Animal Control										
Building	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	-
Vehicles	10	12	15	16	16	15	13	15	15	15
Covered dog runs	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
Emergency Telphone Response										
Buildings	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public works										
Engineering										
Buildings	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Vehicles	116	128	136	145	144	143	126	124	120	119
Water and Sewer										
Buildings	91	92	93	94	94	94	97	97	97	97
Vehicles	202	207	217	223	238	239	244	259	262	262

(Continued)

#### CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

					Fiscal `	Year				
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
FUNCTION (CONTINUED)										
Public works (continued)										
Stormwater Utility						44.00	10	10	10	10
Vehicles	-	-	-	-	-	11.00	13	16	16	16
Waste Management/Garbage Collection						40	40	45	47	10
Vehicles	31	32	36	39	39	42	42	45	47	46
Health and welfare										
Buildings	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
Vehicles	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	-
Culture and recreation										
Leisure Services										
Community Centers	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Tennis Complex	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Greenhouse	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Soccer Complex	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Diamond Lakes Complex	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Pavillion	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Golf Course w/ Buildings	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Aquatics Natatorium	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Main Library	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Old Government and Ezckiel House	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Vehicles	54	58	56	59	62	58	54	55	52	50
Housing and development										
Planning and Zoning										
Building	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	3	3	3	3	8	9	13	12	17	15
Transit										
Transit Administrative Building	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Buses/Vans	51	49	49	43	51	43	44	44	44	44
Augusta Regional Airport										
Vehicles	47	58	59	62	64	65	67	67	70	72

Source:

Augusta, Georgia capital asset records.

## **RCSO Flock Camera Initiative Timeline**

### Milestone 1

By the beginning of the first quarter of Year 1, the Purchasing Director will request a purchasing order for the 50 Flock ALPRs, which will include solar panels, mounting equipment, cloud hosting and analytics, LTE connectivity, unlimited user licenses, hotlist integration and alerts, and ongoing software enhancements. The contract will also include a Professional Services Standard Implementation Fee for the installation of the cameras. The Augusta-Richmond County Finance Department will provide a check for the cost, and the Purchasing Director will pay for and order the ALPRs. The funds to cover the costs will be reimbursed from the funds from this grant.

## Milestone 2

By the end of the first quarter of Year 1, the Chief Deputy and the Project Manager from Flock Safety will conduct a mapping session to determine the ideal locations to install the ALPRs. An Assessment Team from Flock Safety will evaluate each location to finalize each location. Once each location is approved, an Installation Team from Flock Safety will install the ALPRs, mounting poles, and the solar panels.

#### Milestone 3

By the end of the first quarter of Year 1, the RCSO will implement the new ALPRs.

## Milestone 4

Maintain the operational readiness of the Flock ALPRs and evidence collection platform.

The contract with Flock Safety will include a maintenance program through a yearly subscription program which will include ongoing software enhancements. Cameras or any equipment in this program will be repaired or replaced to keep the system up and running.

## Milestone 5

By the end of the fourth quarter of Year 1, the Purchasing Director will request a purchasing order to pay for the Annual Maintenance Subscription for Year 2. This is a reoccurring fee that provides a maintenance warranty, cloud hosting and analytics, LTE connectivity, unlimited user licenses, hotlist integration and alerts, and ongoing software enhancements. The Augusta-Richmond County Finance Department will provide a check for the cost, and the Purchasing Director will pay for the Plan. The funds to cover the costs will be reimbursed from the funds from this grant.

	Staff		Ye	ar 1	
		Q 1	Q 2	Q 3	Q 4
Activity/Benchmark	Persons/Agency Responsible	<mark>Jan-Mar</mark>	<mark>Apr-Jun</mark>	<mark>Jul-Sept</mark>	<mark>Oct-Dec</mark>
Acquire 50 Falcon ALPR cameras and platform	RCSO Purchasing Director and Flock Safety Staff	X			
Map ALPR locations, and schedule the installation of the cameras	RCSO Chief Deputy and Flock Safety Project Manager	X			
Install and implement the Falcon ALPR cameras and platform	Flock Safety Installation Team and the RCSO	X			
Maintain the operational readiness of the equipment through a yearly reoccurring contract.	Flock Safety	X	X	X	X
<i>Purchase the Annual Maintenance Subscription Plan for Year 2.</i>	<i>Finance Department and the Finance Director</i>				X

## THE RCSO ALPRS TIMELINE OF ACTIVITIES

## Governor's Office of Planning and Budget

## **Public Safety and Community Violence Reduction Grant**

## **Richmond County Sheriff's Office Flock Automated License Plate Readers Initiative**

## **DESCRIPTION OF THE ISSUE**

After years of decline in violent crimes, the United States saw a dramatic increase in violent gun crimes and community violence as a result of the COVID-19 Pandemic. According to the FBI's Uniform Crime Report, in 2019, there were 14,440 murders nationwide, and those numbers increased to 18,623 in 2020. In 2019 there were 719,350 aggravated assaults, and in 2020 the nation saw and increase to 802,238, which is an 11.5% increase. In 2019 27.6% of aggravated assaults involved a gun, and in 2020 34.9% of aggravated assaults nationwide involved a gun (FBI UCR). Of the murders in 2020, 75% were committed with a gun (Grawert, 2022). According to Grawert, this is the highest percentage of murders committed with guns since 1960. In a report in the Scientific Reports, research revealed there was a 30% higher risk of gun violence during the "pandemic period March 01, 2020, through March 31, 2021" than during the 13-month period before the pandemic (Ssentongo, 2021).

In Augusta-Richmond County, Georgia, the number of homicides increased from 36 in 2019 to 40 in 2020, and the number of aggravated assaults increased from 85 in 2019 to 91 in 2020. The number of aggravated assaults with guns slightly decreased from 217 in 2019 to 211 in 2020, but there was a significant increase in 2021 to 276. According to the Gun Violence Archive, the gun violence directly related to the Pandemic continued into 2021. The data reports an increase from 43,690 deaths from gun violence in 2020 to 45,070 in 2021. The gun violence was exacerbated by the Pandemic with a deadly increase in gun violence in Augusta-Richmond County in 2020 that continued into 2021.

A report by the International Association of Chiefs of Police shows that 70% of all crime committed involves a vehicle. According to the report the vehicles are used particularly in gun related crimes such as drive-by shootings. In a study reported to the U.S. Department of Justice, vehicles were used in driveby shootings in 10% of the homicides involving a gun (Dedel, 2007). Vehicles allow the shooter to quickly approach their intended target conduct their violence and leave before the victims or witnesses can react or before law enforcement can respond (Dedel, 2007). The shooter(s) fire their guns from moving vehicles not only causing injuries to the intended target but to innocent by-standers as well. Dedel goes on to say that drive-by shootings are but one facet of the many gun related issues involving vehicles, and she lists several related problems in the report:

- Gun trafficking
- Gun possession
- General violence by adult and juvenile offenders
- Gang violence
- Road rage

Guns allow the violent offender to attack their victims from a greater distance. Violent crimes involving guns can offer more of a challenge for investigators than violent crimes such as strangulation or stabbing that force the offender to get closer or make contact with the victim thereby leaving more evidence.

Often witnesses are intimidated and less likely to cooperate with law enforcement concerning gun violence. Many fear retaliation from violent offenders, especially gang related gun violence. A personal connection to the violent offender may also prevent a witness from cooperating.

## **Proposed Solution**

The Richmond County Sheriff's Office will use funds from this grant to invest in technology and equipment that will allow the RCSO to respond more efficiently to the gun violence that was exacerbated by the Covid Pandemic. The RCSO will purchase from 50 Falcon Automated License Plate Readers (ALPR) from Flock Safety.

## PROJECT DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION

The goal of the Richmond County Sheriff's Office is to reduce violent gun crimes and community violence. The RCSO will use public safety technology and proactive policing methods to combat the deadly increase in violent gun crimes that plague Augusta-Richmond County. The RCSO will use funds from this grant to purchase and install automated license plate readers (ALPR) along with the alert and evidence collection platforms to enhance an existing program. The ALPRs will improve efficiency in homicide investigations and increase clearance rates for cases that involve violent gun crime.

In March of 2022, the RCSO entered into an agreement with Flock Safety to participate in the National Police Foundation LPR study. As participants in the study, the cameras and the platform system were provided with no cost to the department. By May, Flock Safety had installed 25 Flock Safety Falcon LPR Cameras in Augusta-Richmond County. Since the inceptions of this program, the ALPR project has proven to be successful. The RCSO purchased 25 cameras that were installed in additional to the initial 25 cameras. With the funds from this grant, the RCSO will purchase the initial cameras as well as an additional 25 cameras. This will give the RCSO the ability to provide coverage from 75 Flock Safety Falcon ALPR cameras in the areas prone to gun violence in an effort to reduce violent gun crimes and violence in the community. The grant will be used to purchase 50 Flock Safety Falcon ALPRs, 50 solar panels, mounting equipment, poles. The purchase will also include the cloud hosting and analytics, LTE connectivity, user licenses, hotlist integration and alerts, and installation. A reoccurring subscription is included that will provide ongoing software enhancements and maintenance on the system.

The cameras are mounted to poles to capture an image of every vehicle that passes the camera. The RCSO Intel Division will determine the locations that the cameras are located according to the locations of the gun crimes. Flock Safety will also assist in identifying the most effective areas for the ALPR locations. The ALPR system will capture an image of the vehicle and license plate, report the geographic location, date, time, and convert the license plate image into usable data.

The RCSO will utilize the cameras for two primary functions: 1) to use the data captured as a lead in an investigation and 2) to alert officers in real-time to vehicles on the "hot list" that are captured by the cameras.

With the ALPR system, investigators can search for an image of a suspect's vehicle by using information from witnesses to search by license plate, complete vehicle descriptions, and even partial/incomplete vehicle descriptions. Investigators will have the ability to enter the partial vehicle description and search the captured images and retrieve a complete vehicle description and license plate; providing critical vehicle information that will assist investigators in solving gun-related crimes. The system will allow investigators to track vehicles throughout Augusta-Richmond County or any jurisdiction nationwide that

use the same ALPR system. This will provide locations where the suspect often frequents, greatly increasing the chances of capturing the suspect.

The RCSO can also enter vehicle descriptions or license plate information into the system and create a "hot list." The hot list can be vehicle information for persons of interest or wanted suspects, and the system will alert officers in real-time when an ALPR camera captures an image of one of the vehicles on the hot list. This will allow the RCSO to be more proactive in our efforts to reduce gun violence.

#### **Evidence Based Solution**

Agencies nationwide are utilizing Automated License Plate Readers as a smart tool to reduce violent gun crimes and community violence. Below are real life success stories of ALPRs:

\*The San Marino, CA Police Dept. had an 80% reduction in burglaries after installing ALPRs.

\*The Lewisville, TX Police Dept. recovered 63 stolen vehicles in one year and a in 20% of the vehicle recoveries an illegal firearm was seized.

\*The Wichita Police Dept. reported that in less than 6 months 174 stolen vehicles were recovered and 26 guns. An illegal gun was recovered in 15% of the recovered stolen vehicles.

\*In 5 months, the Richmond County Sheriff's Office recovered 41 stolen vehicles and made arrests in 30 of the recoveries. The ALPR system has been utilized to make 47 arrests, 7 of which were connected to violent crimes involving guns. The ALPR system also captured data that provided a lead in a murder case, and in one case, the data that was captured cleared a suspect from a sexual assault charge. The investigator confirmed that the victim filed a false report of a crime. See Appendix 2 for a complete breakdown of arrests.

Vehicles enable criminals to commit crime. As stated earlier, a vehicle is used in 70% of all crime committed, especially in violent gun crimes such as drive-by shootings and armed robberies. In many cases the image capture of a suspect's vehicle can lead to a violent gun crime being solved.

## **Target Population**

The vision for the target population is to reduce violent gun crime and community violence. There is a direct correlation between the COVID-19 Pandemic and the dramatic increase in the violent gun crimes in Augusta-Richmond County and nationwide. This increase had a direct effect on the lives of the citizens of Augusta-Richmond County through the personal tragedies of the victims and their families. Indirectly, we have seen a dramatic increase in the fear of crime as the violence has played out in the news media and on social media. Gun violence not only destroys families, but can wreak havoc in neighborhoods, local schools, and businesses. These communities are labeled as areas of violence which will affect the local businesses, jobs, and property values. Residents and business owners move to other communities that are not riddled with gun violence which leads to a community with concentrated poverty and fewer economic opportunities.

Reducing violent gun crime will make communities and neighborhoods safer and create a better quality of life for our citizens. Reducing gun violence will break the cycle of poverty and disadvantage in the communities that were labeled as violent neighborhoods.

A look at the citizens of Augusta-Richmond County. The US Census Bureau reports that in 2021, the estimated population in Augusta-Richmond County as 201,196. Augusta-Richmond County includes the cities of Blythe and Hephzibah. African American citizens make up 57.5% of the population. The remainder of the population are made up of 25.3% white, 5.1% Hispanic, 3.3% two or more races, and 2% Asian. 56.7% of the citizens are between 19-64 years of age, and 51.6% of the population are female.

## **Goals and Objectives**

It is the goal of the Richmond County Sheriff's Office to utilize Falcon ALPR cameras to reduce violent gun crimes and community violence in Augusta-Richmond County, Blythe, and Hephzibah. The ALPR project will start January 2023, and the timeline will be based on that start date.

## Goal 1

Acquire 25 Falcon license plate recognition cameras and evidence collection platform from Flock Safety.

#### Objective 1

By the end of the first quarter of year 1, RCSO will purchase 25 Falcon cameras and the accompanying evidence collection platform. The purchase will include the ALPR readers, solar panels, mounting equipment, cloud hosting and analytics, and LTE connectivity.

The Augusta Finance Dept. will make funds from the grant available to the RCSO Purchasing Dept, and the Purchasing Director will order the ALPRs and related equipment.

Goal 2

Schedule the installation of the Falcon cameras, mounting poles, and the solar panels.

Objective 2

By the end of the first quarter of year 1, RCSO will schedule Flock Safety to install the 25 Falcon cameras, mounting poles, and solar panels. Flock Safety will include site and safety assessment, camera setup, and testing for each camera installed under this contract.

The Chief Deputy will schedule the equipment installation with Flock Safety.

Goal 3

Reduce violent gun crimes and community violence in Augusta-Richmond County, Blythe, and Hephzibah.

Objective 3

By the end of the first quarter of year 1, RCSO implement the Falcon cameras to reduce violent gun crimes and community violence in Augusta-Richmond County, Blythe, and Hephzibah.

Goal 4

Maintain the operational readiness of the Falcon cameras and evidence collection platform.

## Objective 4

The contract with Flock Safety will include a maintenance program through a yearly subscription program which will include ongoing software enhancements. Cameras or any equipment in this program will be repaired or replaced to keep the system up and running.

Flock Safety personnel will schedule routine maintenance and updates to the cameras and equipment. As needed, the Chief Deputy will contact Flock Safety for immediate maintenance issues that need to be addressed.

	Staff		Ye	ar l	
		Q 1	Q 2	Q 3	Q 4
Activity/Benchmark	Persons/Agency Responsible	<mark>Jan-Mar</mark>	Apr-Jun	<mark>Jul-Sept</mark>	<mark>Oct-Dec</mark>
Acquire 25 Falcon ALPR cameras and platform	RCSO Purchasing Director and Flock Safety Staff	X			
Schedule the installation of the cameras	RCSO Chief Deputy and Flock Safety Staff	X			
Install the Falcon ALPR cameras and platform	Flock Safety Staff	X			
Implement the ALPR system to reduce gun violence in Augusta- Richmond Co, Blythe, and Hephzibah	The Richmond County Sheriff's Office	X	X	X	X
Maintain the operational readiness of the equipment through a yearly reoccurring contract.	Flock Safety Staff and the RCSO Chief Deputy	X	X	X	X

## THE RCSO ALPR TIMELINE OF ACTIVITIES

## Deliverables

The RCSO implemented the initial stages of this project in May of 2022, for the initial 25 ALPRs. The program proved successful, so in August, the RCSO purchased 25 Falcon ALPRs. The installation began in August and installation was complete in September. At the onset of this program, the RCSO implemented a comprehensive policy on the use of and training for the Automated License Plate Recognition cameras that was thoroughly reviewed by the RCSO Office of Professional Standards and Training (see Appendix 1). The RCSO implemented a protocol to document the proactive contacts from the hot list alerts and instances where an investigator was able to use the recorded data to get a lead on a case. See Appendix 2 for a breakdown of the stats.

## CAPABILITIES AND COMPETENCIES

The purchase of the Falcon ALPR system includes the Flock Safety Standard Implementation and Professional Services. This service includes the site and safety assessment, camera setup and testing for each camera installation. This service will also include regular maintenance and servicing to all the cameras. Flock Safety will be responsible for managing the project and maintaining the equipment. The RCSO currently has 50 cameras installed throughout Augusta-Richmond County since May of 2022. This grant will purchase an additional 25 and fund 25 of the cameras currently installed. RCSO Staff members and Flock Safety have worked together to manage the project successfully since May.

The staff in the Augusta-Richmond County Finance Department will administer the financial management of the grant. In 2021, Augusta-Richmond County received \$46,351,175.00 in federal grant money, and an independent audit determined Augusta-Richmond County to be in compliance with the requirements for all of the federal programs. As a result of the audit, the Government Finance Officers Association awarded Augusta the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting.

The Sheriff has garnered the support of the District Attorney's Office and the Augusta-Richmond County Commission. In October of this year, the Commissioners approved \$300,000.00 for the purchase of additional Flock cameras and to ensure the continuation of the project.

## **Performance Measures**

## Measuring Project Performance

The RCSO developed a protocol that requires Road Patrol supervisors and investigators to document on the Flock Safety Camera Activity Log when data captured from the ALPR system is used to initiate a citizen contact or to develop a lead on an ongoing investigation. From May 1, 2022 to October 2, 2022, the ALPR system has captured over 5 million vehicle images. The ALPR system has been utilized to make 47 arrests, 7 of which were connected to violent crimes involving guns. The ALPR system also captured data that provided a lead in a murder case, and in one case, the data that was captured cleared a suspect from a sexual assault charge. The investigator confirmed that the victim filed a false report of a crime. See Appendix 2 for a complete breakdown of arrests.

## Measuring Goal Outcomes

To measure the outcome of acquiring, ordering, and installing the Falcon ALPRs, the Chief Deputy will set a timeline of accomplishing this in the first quarter of 2023. The Chief will work directly with Flock Safety to ensure this is accomplished in a timely manner.

To measure the outcome of the goal to reduce violent gun crimes and violence in the community, the RCSO Intel Division will continue to create a quarterly Gun Violence Analysis and provide it to the Division and Zone Commanders. The analysis will compare the number of violent gun crimes committed in a quarter to previous quarters. The Intel Division will track the outcome through the quarterly reports to determine the success of the project.

## BUDGET

To combat the increase in violent gun crime and community violence demonstrated by the increase in violent gun crimes in Augusta-Richmond County, the RCSO will invest in technological tools that will improve efficiency in investigations to increase the clearance rates that involve violent guns crimes. The RCSO will use funds from this grant to purchase 50 Flock Safety Falcon ALPRs, which will include the following in the cost of each camera: solar panels, mounting equipment, cloud hosting and analytics, LTE connectivity, unlimited user licenses, hotlist integration and alerts, and ongoing software enhancements. The cost for each camera is \$2,500.00 for a total of \$125,000.00.

The contract will also include a Professional Services Standard Implementation Fee for \$350.00 per camera for a total of \$8,750.00. This fee will include site and safety assessment, camera installation and setup for 25 cameras, camera testing, and shipping and handling. The RCSO entered into an agreement with Flock Safety to participate in the National Police Foundation LPR Study, Flock provided the use of 25 ALPRs and access to the evidence collection platform and infrastructure for 12 months for no cost except the cost of installation. The RCSO paid for installation of the 25 cameras involved in the study. This budget does not request the reimbursement for the cost of installation the initial 25 cameras. The Professional Services Standard Implementation Fee is bundled with the cost of installation and setup and will be included in the "Equipment and Technology" category.

#### **Equipment and Technology**

Item	<b>Computation</b>	Cost
Falcon ALPR	\$2,500.00 x 50 ALPRs	\$125,000.00
One-time Professional Services Fee	\$350.00 x 25	\$8,750.00

**Total Cost Year 1** 

\$133,750.00

The program will also require an annual subscription that requires reoccurring cost of \$125,000.00 for the program that will provide a maintenance warranty, cloud hosting and analytics, LTE connectivity, unlimited user licenses, hotlist integration and alerts, and ongoing software enhancements. This subscription service will cover all 50 ALPR units. The funds provided from this grant will pay for the subscription for Year 2 and will be included in "Equipment and Technology" category. The RCSO will

\$125,000.00

budget for the cost of the subscription beyond Year 2. The funds from this grant will be expended by 2024, which will meet the deadline, October 31, 2026, required by the grant.

## **Equipment and Technology**

Item	<b>Computation</b>	Cost
Annual subscription	\$2,500.00 x 50 ALPRs	\$125,000.00

## Total Cost Year 2 Budget Information - RCSO Falcon ALPR Project

Grant Program	<b>Total Requested Funds</b>	
Public Safety and		
Community Violence Reduction Grant	¢258 750 00	
Reduction Grant	\$258,750.00	
Budget Categories	Year 1	Year 2
Equipment and Technology	\$133,750.00	
Equipment and Technology		\$125,000.00
Totals	\$133,750.00	\$125,000.00
Total Requested Funds	\$258,750.00	

## **Appendix 1**

## The Richmond County Sheriff's Office Policy on the License Plate Reader System

## POLICY

License plate readers have enhanced law enforcement's ability to detect law violations, recover stolen property, apprehend fugitives, and assist in investigations. Members of the Richmond County Sheriff's Office will use LPRs in accordance with the procedures and guidelines outlined in this policy. Data captured from LPRs will be used appropriately and responsibly as defined herein.

## PROCEDURE

- Deputies will have their accounts set up with the Flock system for security reasons. Usernames and passwords are created by the individual deputy and are not to be shared. Deputies will also undergo training in the use and functionality of the Flock system and its capabilities.
- LPR Data may only be accessed by trained deputies for a legitimate law enforcement purpose.
- Personnel will exercise due care and caution when utilizing an LPR device and operating a vehicle.
- Personnel will ensure they are logged into the LPR system under their username.
- ♦ A deputy may not detain an individual based on an alert from the LPR system unless the deputy has reasonable suspicion that such person is involved in criminal activity. Each incident should be weighed according to the totality of circumstances presented therein. The following are general guidelines only but should assist a deputy in determining when reasonable suspicion exists concerning various types of LPR alerts.
- 1. The deputy will visually verify that the scanned plate matches the alert information concerning plate letters, numbers, and the issuing state.
- 2. Once the state and all characters of the tag have been verified as accurate, a deputy should utilize the following information in determining whether or not reasonable suspicion exists:
  - 1. **Expired Tags, Insurance, and Other Suspensions** Deputies should verify the tag's status on GCIC to establish reasonable suspicion.
  - 2. Stolen Vehicles and Stolen License Plates –An alert alone is sufficient to establish reasonable suspicion.
  - 3. Wanted Person A wanted person alert may be utilized as reasonable suspicion unless the deputy has information that the wanted subject is not inside the vehicle.
  - 4. **BOLO Only** This alert is information only for deputies, and reasonable suspicion may or may not exist based on the alert alone. The narrative of the alert will assist deputies in determining the level of reasonable suspicion. Independent reasonable suspicion may or may not be required to detain.

- 5. **CPIC Data** These alerts contain the Canadian Police Information Centre information. These alerts vary widely and should be read to determine the existence of reasonable suspicion.
- 6. Deputy Safety, Suspected Gang Member, Sexual Offender, Past Offender, Associate Only, and Information Only These alerts are information only for deputies. Reasonable suspicion should be obtained to detain.
- 1. Entry into the Local Hotlist (a database containing Richmond County alerts) will be managed by the Criminal Investigations Division (CID). To enter a tag into the Hotlist, an investigator should have reasonable suspicion to believe the car is directly associated with the person sought (owner, regular driver, regular passenger, driver, or passenger involved in previous criminal activity in said vehicle, etc.), deputy information alert, or unlawful activity.
- 2. Once the investigator has sufficient evidence based on the above, an entry into the local hotlist may be made through the Flock system. If a tag has been entered into the GCIC/NCIC hotlist, it should generally not be entered into the Local Hotlist.
- 3. Once the entering investigator is made aware that the alert is no longer valid, he should immediately remove the entry from the Local Hotlist.

## DATA SECURITY AND ACCESS

LPR devices/databases will be utilized/accessed only for law enforcement.

- 1. Personnel who are granted access to LPR devices and databases will be issued a username and password specific to each individual.
- 2. When conducting investigative queries into the Flock system, a case number (if available) and reason will be entered associated with the search. Questions regarding administrative or auditing purposes will be excluded from the requirement to provide a case number.
- 3. Personnel will not release any information obtained by the LPR devices to non-law enforcement personnel unless required by law.
- 4. Sample audits will be conducted at least annually to ensure compliance with these requirements. The LPR System Administrator or his designee will be responsible for the audit and retention of audit records.

## **OPERATOR TRAINING**

Before using the LPR system, deputies will complete the Department approved training and demonstrate proficiency based on the manufacturer's recommendations.

#### DATA STORAGE, RETENTION, AND SHARING

The database retention period for all data collected will be two years or as state or federal law requires.

- 1. LPR records associated with the ongoing criminal or administrative investigation will be maintained until a final disposition has been reached in the particular case.
- 2. LPR alerts associated with an arrest will be maintained in the criminal case file and retained for the maximum time associated with such record.
- 3. LPR alerts associated with felony investigations will be maintained in the criminal case file and retained for a maximum period associated with such record.
- 4. Deputies will clear using disposition codes 3L, 4L, 5L, 6L, 7L, 8L, 9L, and 10L whenever an LPR alert results in an investigatory stop, citation, or arrest. The agency's CAD will be used to conduct any required audits.
- 5. CID administrators will have the authority to share data with other agencies.

## Appendix 2 Falcon ALPR Activity Log

May 1-October 2, 2022

Crime	Action	Total
Motor Vehicle Thefts	Arrests	30
Armed Robery	Arrests	2
Burglary	Arrest	1
Sexual Assault	Arrest	1
Hit and Run	Arrest	1
Outstanding Warrants	Arrests	7
Reckess Conduct	Arrest	1
Aggravated Assaults	Arrests	2
Murder	Arrests	2
	Total arrests	47
Motor Vehicle Thefts	Revovered w/ no arrests	11
Hit and Run Accident	Leads	1
Hit and Run-fatality	Lead	1
Murder	Lead	1
Sexual Assault	Lead that cleared the suspect	1
	(False report of a crime)	
	Total leads	15

## References

Dedel, K. (2007). Drive-By Shootings, U.S. Department of Justice Office of Community Oriented Policing Services.

Grawert, A. (2022). Myths and Realities: Understanding Recent Trends in Violent Crime. Brennan Center for Justice

Ssentongo, P. (2021). Gun Violence Incidence During the COVID-19 Pandemic is Higher Than Before the Pandemic in the United States. *Scientific Reports*.

https://ucr.fbi.gov/crime-in-the-u.s

https://www.gunviolencearchive.org/past-tolls

# Application: 000000420

Harold Hitchcock - hhitchcock@augustaga.gov Public Safety and Community Violence Reduction

## Summary

ID: 000000420 Last submitted: Nov 18 2022 04:31 PM (EST)

## Application

Completed - Nov 18 2022

# Application

# Organization Information

**Organization Information** 

**Organization Name:** 

Augusta-Richmond County Sheriff's Office

## Address:

Street:	400 Walton Way
City:	Augusta
State:	Georgia
Zip Code:	30901

## Organization Website:

<u>augustaga.gov</u>

## **Application Contact Person:**

Full Name:	Harold Hitchcock
Title:	Lieutenant
Email:	hhitchcock@augustaga.gov
Phone:	706-261-0438

## Organization Authorized Representative:

(person with authority to execute grant agreement)

Same as above	×
Full Name:	Hardie Davis
Title:	Mayor
Email:	mayordavis@augustaga.gov
Phone:	706-821-1831

## Organization's SAMS Number/ Unique Entity Identifier (UEI):

ZH93N1J4TBE8

## SAM.gov expiration date:

Oct 19 2023

## Please enter the Tax Identification Number (TIN)/ Employer Identification Number

7

## What percentage of the organization's budget is grant funded?

5.8

## **Project Information**

**Project Information** 

Which project type best describes your project?

Equipment and Technology

Zip Code Location of project performance

Enter zip code of primary project location

30901

Zip codes for the target neighborhood/project boundaries, population of the target area. Please separate each zip code with a comma.

30901, 30906, 30907, 30909,30815

## Dollar amount of ARPA grant funds requested

\$882,175.00

Continuation

## How many program staff persons are dedicated to this project?

2

Does the organization have administrative staff (ie. Accountants, Executive Director, Grant Administration) dedicated to this grant?

Yes

## Has the organization secured funding for administrative staff for this project?

Yes

## How does your organization intend to sustain this program/project after initial grant funds expire?

The Augusta-Richmond County will provide the funds in the budget to continue the project after the grant funds expire.

# **Proposal Narrative**

**Proposal Narrative** 

## **Proposal Title:**

Please input the title of your project

Richmond County Sheriff's Office Axon Body-worn Camera Initiative

Jan 8 2023

Anticipated Completion Date: (Please note that projects that will extend beyond the program deadline will not be considered for funding)

Dec 31 2024

5/24

#### **Proposal Summary**

A proposal summary (no more than 400 words) summarizing the proposed project including the purpose of the project, primary activities, expected outcomes, the service area, intended beneficiaries. This summary should be written in the third person and will be made publicly available on the OPB website if the project is awarded.

Across the nation, there was a dramatic increase in violent gun crimes and community violence as the nation entered the COVID-19 Pandemic in January 2020. The Richmond County Sheriff's Office will implement public safety technology and proactive policing methods to combat this deadly increase in gun violence more efficiently and effectively.

The Richmond County Sheriff's Office will use the funds from this grant to purchase new body-worn cameras (BWCs) that will be implemented in an existing comprehensive BWC program. In 2015, The RCSO implemented a BWC program and data storage system. This system has faced a major challenge, video storage. Recently, several servers in the current system crashed and were replaced resulting in the department losing BWC videos. This BWC implementation will replace outdated BWCs, expand the department's data storage capabilities, and make videos more accessible for follow up investigations and as evidence in criminal proceedings.

Effective storage and management of the body camera videos requires multiple components, including the body cameras, a method of recording information about the videos (indexing), a means of transferring video from the cameras to a storage device, and the storage device itself. The purchase of the more advanced body camera system will provide more advanced BWCs for officers and provide an effective storage and management system to track videos and make the videos more accessible for prosecutors. With the funds from this grant, the RCSO will purchase 350 new BWCs, 27 charging docks, and access to an unlimited data storage system.

The RCSO will use the video captured on BWCs at crime scenes and while interviewing victims and witnesses to aid investigators during their investigations. The videos will also be used by prosecutors in court to corroborate evidence during a trial. Studies have shown that prosecutors utilizing video recorded evidence from BWCs increases the likelihood of a guilty plea or guilty verdict.

The increase in community violence has directly affected the lives of the citizens of Augusta-Richmond County through the personal tragedies of the victims and their families. Indirectly, there has been a dramatic increase in the fear of crime as the violence has played out in the news media and on social media. It is the goal of the RCSO to equip officers with updated BWCs to allow investigators and prosecutors to respond to gun violence more efficiently and effectively thereby reducing the violence in Augusta-Richmond County.

#### **Description of the Issue**

Applicants must describe the project to be implemented with grant funding. This section must include responses to the following:

- State the problem that was caused or exacerbated by the pandemic based on the program category in which you are applying (e.g. gun crime decrease in law enforcement staffing).
- Provide statistics to support the problem statement above;
- Applicants should use January 27, 2020 as the ARPA recognized start of the pandemic.
- Applicant data should demonstrate that the problem began during the pandemic or was exacerbated by it.

After years of decline in violent crimes, the United States saw a dramatic increase in violent gun crimes and community violence as a result of the COVID-19 Pandemic. According to the FBI's Uniform Crime Report, in 2019, there were 14,440 murders nationwide, and those numbers increased to 18,623 in 2020. In 2019 there were 719,350 aggravated assaults, and in 2020 the nation saw and increase to 802,238, which is an 11.5% increase. In 2019 27.6% of aggravated assaults involved a gun, and in 2020 34.9% of aggravated assaults nationwide involved a gun (FBI UCR). Of the murders in 2020, 75% were committed with a gun (Grawert, 2022). According to Grawert, this is the highest percentage of murders committed with guns since 1960. In a report in the Scientific Reports, research revealed there was a 30% higher risk of gun violence during the "pandemic period March 01, 2020, through March 31, 2021" than during the 13-month period before the pandemic (Ssentongo, 2021). In Augusta-Richmond County, Georgia, the number of homicides increased from 36 in 2019 to 40 in 2020, and the number of aggravated assaults increased from 85 in 2019 to 91 in 2020. The number of aggravated assaults with guns slightly decreased from 217 in 2019 to 211 in 2020, but there was a significant increase in 2021 to 276. According to the Gun Violence Archive, the gun violence directly related to the Pandemic continued into 2021. The data reports an increase from 43,690 deaths from gun violence in 2020 to 45,070 in 2021. The gun violence was exacerbated by the Pandemic with a deadly increase in gun violence in Augusta-Richmond County in 2020 that continued into 2021.

The Global Justice Information Sharing Initiative estimates that video evidence is available in approximately 80% of crimes (Global,2016). Video evidence is available from many sources such as security cameras, traffic signal cameras, automated license plate readers, social media, cell phones and tablets, and body worn cameras (Global, 2016).

To reduce the violent gun crimes and the violence in our communities, the Richmond County Sheriff's Office will use the funds from this grant to implement an upgraded Body Worn Camera (BWC) Program that will provide officers with the technology and equipment to allow them to respond to the rise of gun violence more efficiently and effectively.

#### Solution

The Richmond County Sheriff's Office will use the funds from this grant to purchase new BWCs that will be implemented in an existing comprehensive BWC program. In 2015, The RCSO implemented a body cameras system and data storage system. Currently, an average of 8TB of data is recorded per day, with an average video size of 677MB. This system has faced a major challenge, video storage. Recently, several servers in the current system crashed and were replaced resulting in the department losing BWC videos. This BWC implementation will replace outdated BWCs, expand the department's data storage capabilities, and make videos more accessible for follow up investigations and as evidence in criminal proceedings.

Effective storage and management of the body camera videos requires multiple components, including the body cameras, a method of recording information about the videos (indexing), a means of transferring video from the cameras to a storage device, and the storage device itself. The purchase of the more advanced body camera system will provide more advanced BWCs for officers and provide an effective storage and management system to track videos and make the videos more accessible for prosecutors. With the funds from this grant, the RCSO will purchase 350 new BWCs, 27 charging docks, and access to an unlimited data storage system.

#### References

Bakardjiev, D. (2015). Officer Body-Worn Cameras—Capturing Objective Evidence With Quality Technology And Focused Policies. The Journal of Law, Science & Technology.

Chapman, B. (2019). Body-Worn Cameras: What the Evidence Tells Us. NIJ Journal. Retrieved October 3, 2021, from <a href="https://www.nij.gov/journals/280/pages/body-worn-cameras-whatevidence-tells-us">https://www.nij.gov/journals/280/pages/body-worn-cameras-whatevidence-tells-us</a>.

Gaub, J., Choate, D., Todak, N., Katz, C. and White, M. (2016). Officer Perceptions of Body-Worn Cameras Before And After Deployment: A Study Of Three Departments. Police Quarterly.

Katz, C., Kurtenbach, M., Choate, D., and White, M. (2015) Phoenix, Arizona, Smart Policing Initiative: Evaluating The Impact Of Police Officer Body-Worn Cameras. Bureau of Justice Assistance.

Global Justice Information Sharing Initiative 2016. Video Evidence A Primer For Prosecutors. Justice Information Sharing.

Provide a description of the proposed activities and how the activities will engage with the community and any community partners that will be involved, if applicable. Applicants should identify the program objectives and describe the vision for the target population, specifically how this vision will address the problems identified in the Description of the Issue section and the broader impact to communities or jurisdictions. Ensure each objective is measurable and identify strategies to achieve the objectives. State if the proposed approach is evidence-based and, if so, provide supporting research references.

The Richmond County Sheriff's Office will use the funds from this grant to purchase new BWCs that will be implemented in an existing comprehensive BWC program. The new BWCs will replace outdated BWCs, expand the department's data storage capabilities, and make videos more accessible for follow up investigations and as evidence in criminal proceedings.

The implementation of BWCs have proven very effective in the investigation phase of a criminal case and in the prosecution phase of the criminal case. In an article in the National Institute of Justice, Brett Chapman noted that the implementation of BWCs aided investigators because the cameras greatly increase the capacity to capture and document evidence at the scene (Chapman, 2019). The BWCs have the capability of recording the "detailed conversations, emotions, physical wounds, body languages, and other factual minutiae" during a criminal investigation or officer interactions (Bakardjiev, 2015). Investigators are able to review evidence and the crime scene through reviews of the videos captured on the BWCs. The investment in the BWCs will not only make it easier to document a scene and assist investigators in collecting evidence, but it will allow investigators to respond to the gun violence investigations more efficiently and effectively.

Chapman also found that the BWC aided in the trial phase, the BWCs corroborated evidence that law enforcement presented. The objective evidence collected as audio and visual statements at the crime scene can be presented in court as recorded confessions, still prints for exhibits, provide video/still prints of defendants at the scene, provide in-court identification of defendants, and to corroborate or refute witness testimony. The defendants, witnesses, and victims will have their opportunity to testify in court, but the BWC provides an objective record of the events that transpired at the crime scene (Bakardjiev, 2015). Presenting BWC videos in court will help to remove some of the subjectivity in courtroom testimony thereby avoiding evidentiary challenges and making a greater impact on the judge and jury (Bakardjiev, 2015).

Studies have shown that prosecutors that present BWC evidence in court have an increased chance of gaining a guilty plea or guilty verdict. Researchers conducted a study in domestic violence cases in Phoenix, Arizona, and found that there was an increase in guilty pleas from 1.2% - 4.4%. The study also found that there was an increase in guilty verdicts from 0.9% to 4.4% (Katz et al., 2015).

A study conducted in Renfrewshire, Scotland revealed that 70-80% of cases involving violent crimes resulted in a conviction (Gaub et al., 2016)

It is evident that the BWC videos recorded at crime scenes and during criminal investigations can aid investiga during the investigation phase of a criminal case. It allows investigators to review the audio and video recordings of the crime scene, and to conduct their investigation more efficiently and effectively. The BWC evidence can also be used in court to corroborate evidence presented during a trial and lead to an increased chance of a guilty plea or conviction.

The RCSO has gained support from the prosecutors in the State Solicitor's Office and the District Attorney's Office in the use of BWC recordings as evidence in court. All three departments have found the benefits in using the BWC recordings during the investigation and criminal proceedings. The prosecutors can request and get access to all BWC videos to cases they are prosecuting.

The vision for the target population is to reduce violent gun crime and community violence. This increase had a direct effect on the lives of the citizens of Augusta-Richmond County through the personal tragedies of the victims and their families. Indirectly, we have seen a dramatic increase in the fear of crime as the violence has played out in the news media and on social media. It is the goal of the RCSO to equip officers with updated BWCs to allow investigators and prosecutors to respond to gun violence more efficiently and effectively thereby reducing the violence in Augusta-Richmond County.

Goals and Objectives

It is the goal of the Richmond County Sheriff's Office to equip officers with body worn cameras to allow officers to respond to the rise of violent gun crime and community violence more efficiently and effectively thereby reducing the violence that dramatically increased during the COVID-19 Pandemic in Augusta-Richmond County. Goal 1

Update existing BWC policy to cover the operation and downloading procedures for the new BWCs. Objective 1

By the beginning of the first quarter of year 1, the RCSO Office of Professional Standards and Training will implement an updated BWC policy

Goal 2

Acquire 350 BWCs, 27 docking stations, and a new data storage system.

Objective 2

By the end of the first quarter of year 1, the RCSO will purchase 350 BWCs, 27 docking stations and access to a new data storage system from Axon.

## Goal 3

Conduct training on the new BWCs and data storage system.

Objective 3

By the end of the first quarter of year 1, instructors from Axon will provide in depth training to all RCSO users on the hardware and the software for the BWCs and evidence storage system.

Goal 4

Reduce violent gun crimes and community violence in Augusta-Richmond County, Blythe, and Hephzibah.

By the end of the first quarter of year 1, RCSO will implement the Axon BWCs to allow officers to respond to the rise of violent gun crimes and community violence more efficiently and effectively.

Goal 5

Provide prosecutors access to the BWC data storage.

Objective 5

By the end of the first quarter of year 1, Axon will user licenses to provide access for the State Solicitor's Office and the District Attorney's Office to the BWC data storage. The prosecutors will have access to the BWC videos for evidence to prosecute cases.

Goal 6

Maintain the operational readiness of the BWC data storage system.

Objective 6

By the end of the first quarter of year 1, Axon will dedicate a Customer Service Manager that will provide 24/7 system maintenance and updates.

#### **Capabilities and Competencies**

Applicants should demonstrate their capabilities to implement the project and the competencies of the staff assigned to the project to include the financial management of funding. The applicant should detail the level of support for the project, as well as the expertise of the individual(s) who will be responsible for managing the project. Applicants should also demonstrate their experiencing managing projects with federal funding.

Capabilities to Financial Manage the Project

The staff in the Augusta-Richmond County Finance Department will administer the financial management of the grant. In 2021, Augusta-Richmond County received \$46,351,175.00 in federal grant money, and an independent audit determined Augusta-Richmond County to be in compliance with the requirements for all of the federal programs. As a result of the audit, the Government Finance Officers Association awarded Augusta the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting.

Capabilities to Implement the Project

The Richmond County Sheriff's Office currently has a BWC program in place with clear policies covering the use of the BWCs. The new BWCs will be a significant upgrade from the current outdated BWCs, so the RCSO's Office of Professional Standards and Training will update the policy to cover the procedures for operation and downloading the new BWCs. The current policy is very specific as to when a deputy will record video with a BWC.

The current policy follows Georgia law that covers retention of video recordings from law enforcement sources. Under O.C.G.A. 50-18-96, all video recordings are required to be retained for a minimum of 180 days. The law states, if the video recording is part of a criminal investigation, shows a vehicular accident, shows the detainment or arrest of an individual, or shows a law enforcement officer's use of force, the department will retain the video for 30 months. If the video recording contains evidence that is or can reasonably be necessary for pending litigation the video will be retained for 30 months. If during this period, litigation is commenced, the video will be retained until a final adjudication of such litigation (O.C.G.A. 50-18-96).

The current policy requires anyone requesting a copy of a video captured on a BWC pertaining to the Freedom of Information Act to place his or her request through the Internal Affairs Division. The IAD, following GA law, only redacts documents that contain personal information or video that contains nudity.

Staff Assigned to the Project

A sergeant and two digital techs are assigned to maintain the cameras and the data storage system. It is the duty of the Digital Techs to ensure the proper storage and retention of all BWC recordings in the data storage system. The Digital Techs will ensure that officers are properly tagging each video with the required data such as the incident case number, incident location, units assigned to the call, type of call, and the code status of the call. The Digital Techs will also maintain the spare BWC inventory and replace damaged cameras and other equipment as necessary. The digital techs will also manage the data storage system and purge videos from storage according to the RCSO Policies.

Capabilities to Ensure Project Success

The Office of Professional Standards and Training will develop a clear policy on the process to download vide The RCSO presents new policies to sworn and non-sworn employees through Power DMS, and employees are required to sign into the system and digitally sign that they received and read the new policy. This system tracks which employees received and read the new policy. At required in-service training, the training staff will conduct follow-up training on the new policies.

Currently officers are assigned case numbers for calls for service or officer-initiated interactions by a dispatcher through the computer-aided dispatch (CAD). The information is sent to the officer's mobile computer, or the officer can generate a case number by entering the call or citizen contact directly into the mobile computer. All video recordings are tagged with the appropriate case number; the officer connects the camera via a USB cable to the mobile computer and pairs the labels each video with the appropriate case number.

Supervisory personnel ensure that officers utilize the BWCs in accordance with all policies related to BWCs. On a monthly basis, supervisors conduct a documented random review of BWC recordings to ensure that the equipment is operating properly and that officers are using the devices appropriately and in accordance with policy. Additionally, supervisors review the BWC videos that record an officer's use of force and vehicle pursuits.

Applicants should describe the process for measuring project performance, identify who will collect the data, who is responsible for performance measurement, and how the information will be used to guide and assess the program. Successful applicants will demonstrate understanding of <u>performance data to be collected and reported</u>.

For each project goal, applicants should identify the criteria that will determine how and if the objectives have been successfully met and one or more specific measurable outcome(s) and the data sources that will be used to determine whether the outcome was accomplished.

#### Measuring Project Performance

A successful BWC program requires officers to utilize the BWC as required by policy. It also requires the digital technicians to ensure proper storage and retention of digital files. The Digital Technicians and the supervisor be required to ensure that officers are correctly downloading videos to the cloud storage through the docking stations. It will be the responsibility of the officer's supervisors to ensure that the officers are using the BWCs in accordance with department policy.

The Office of Professional Standards and Training will work with the Richmond County Solicitor's Office and the District Attorney's Office to ensure deputies are utilizing the BWCs properly to record any verbal statements given at the crime scene.

The RCSO is committed to using the new BWCs and data storage system to its fullest potential. The RCSO is also currently working to implement in-car cameras in patrol vehicles to capture vehicle pursuits, accident scenes, and other interactions that the BWC may not record.

#### Measuring Goal Outcomes

To measure the outcome of the goal to reduce violent gun crimes and violence in the community, the RCSO Intel Division will continue to create a quarterly Gun Violence Analysis. The analysis will compare the crime numbers to crime numbers in previous quarters and years. The analysis will also map the crimes based on the areas the crimes occurred as well as crime trends and patterns. The Intel Analysis will be provided to the appropriate Division and Zone Commanders. The Commanders will meet with the Chief Deputy in weekly Crime Strategy meetings and monthly Comp Stat meetings. The meetings will provide the Commanders the opportunity to present the current violent crime trends, the crime reduction tactics they implemented, and the results of their strategies. Violent Crime Investigators will present updates on current investigations. The meetings are based on a performance management system that the RCSO will utilize to reduce violent gun crimes and track our success. Budget: All budget items must be related to the purpose of addressing the negative impacts of the corona *Item 6.* pandemic.

Applicants should submit a budget that is complete, reasonable, cost effective, and is an allowable use of the funding under the chosen category.

The budget must be based on quoted estimates and calculations, not rounded guestimates. (All budget totals will require validation based on the calculation provided in the uploaded version so please ensure that you retain the documentation for the basis of all calculations in the requested budget.

Budget Category	Amount
1. Personnel	\$X
2. Fringe	\$X
3. Travel	\$X
4. Equipment	\$X
5. Supplies	\$X
6. Contracts/Consultants/Subawards	\$X
7. Other	\$X
Total	\$X

Note: The application will also require a detailed budget breakdown using our detailed budget worksheet. Please download the detailed budget worksheet here and upload in the document section of the application. Instructions for the detailed budget worksheet can be found here: <u>https://opb.georgia.gov/document/document/budget-</u>worksheet/download.

### Personnel

0

### Fringe

0

# Travel

0

# Equipment

882175.00

# Supplies

0

### Contracts/Consultants/Subawards

0		
Other		
0		
Budget Total		
882175.0		

#### **Budget Narrative**

A Budget narrative that explains the estimated costs by line item or category in the budget. Budget narratives should explain how the costs associated with each line item or category relate to the implementation of the project as outlined in the proposal being submitted. Budget narratives must explain how the costs associated with each line item or category relate to the implementation of the project as outlined in the proposal being submitted. Budget narratives must explain how the costs associated with each line item or category relate to the implementation of the project as outlined in the proposal being submitted. If your proposal contains multiple projects or sub-awards, you can provide a breakdown per project as well in your budget narrative. Budget narratives must respond to the following: Provide a description of the position, equipment, supply, travel, etc. requested on each line and how it is related to carrying out the objectives and goals of the project. Your narrative must provide granular detail on what the proposal will fund and how it aligns to your project. (Minimum 250 words, Maximum 500 words)

Item 6.

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The Richmond County Sheriff's Office will use the funds from this grant to purchase 350 new BWCs, 27 docking stations, and a new data storage system to replace outdated BWCs and a data storage system riddled with problems. The cost per body-worn camera is \$699.00 for a total of \$244,650.00 for 350 cameras. The cost for each docking station is \$1,495.00 for a total of \$40,365.00 for 27 docking stations. The cost for 10 Pro licenses for supervisors is \$4,680.00. This package is a 5-year contract that will provide basic software licenses for all users, <u>Evidence.com</u> DEMS platform, "pro" licenses for access to <u>Evidence.com</u> platform, 3% hardware spares provided, Axon Capture phone application for evidence capture, Taser auto activation, Fleet compatible auto activation, camera hardware upgrades at year 2 and 5 at no additional cost, and a 5-year warranty/maintenance program. The cost for year 10f the plan is \$281,400.00 for a total cost of \$596,095.00 for the plan and the hardware. Each successive year of the 5-year plan will include the above package for a cost of \$286,080.00. The RCSO will receive new, upgraded body cameras at years 2 and 5 at no cost. The total cost of the 5-year plan is \$1,740,415.00

The RCSO is requesting funds that will cover the cost of the first two years of the contract, this will ensure that the funds from this grant are spent by the deadline, October 31, 2026.

Year 1

Equipment and Technology

Item Computation Cost

Axon body-worn cameras \$699.00 x 350 BWCs \$244,650.00 Docking stations \$1,495.00 x 27 docking stations \$40,365.00 Implementation and training \$25,000.00 one training week \$25,000.00 Pro licenses (annual cost) \$468.00 x 10 licenses \$4,680.00 Data Storage and Maintenance Plan \$281,400.00/year \$281,400.00

Total Cost Year 1 \$596,095.00

## Year 2

Other Costs

Item Computation Cost Data Storage and Upgrade/Maintenance Plan \$286,080.00/year \$286,080.00

Total Cost Year 2 \$286,080.00

### **Match Funds**

Applicants plan for leveraging funds, if any, from other sources to maximize impact. Please include details regarding the total project costs if match is a part of the proposal, the amount of match, and how match funds will be used and a breakdown of grant funds to be used versus total project costs. *If no match is provided, please enter \$0.* 

Example:

OPB Grant Request: \$2,000,000

Local Match: \$1,000,000

Total Project Costs: \$3,000,000

Explanation: Local match will be made up of \$1,000,000 funds from the city's general fund.

0

### Signature

General expectations include but are not limited to understanding and following the rules and regulations outlined for CSFRF in:

- Department of US Treasury Final Rule;
- Department of US Treasury Final Rule FAQs;
- Policy Requirements including 2CFR 200 ;
- OPB's Program, Reporting, and Compliance Requirements as well as the Terms & Conditions Agreement for the respective grant award; and
- The grantee's own organizational policies and procedures.
- Additionally, as a grantee, you are required to:
- Fulfill the project expectations of your award;
- Ensure financial and performance benchmarks are met; and
- Strictly adhere to your project's objective, budget, and timeline.

By submitting this application, I understand that I am submitting a proposal for a grant that is structured as a reimbursement method of payment for all projects with the exception of water sewer infrastructure and broadband infrastructure. Additionally, I attest that I understand the responsibility to comply with applicable state, local, and federal policy requirements including 2 CFR 200 subpart D competitive procurement requirements.

Please click below to sign.

1/

After signing above, please submit your application.

# Pre-pandemic Baseline Form (Required for All Program Category 1 Applications)

#### Incomplete

This form is required for all Category 1 Applications. Applicants who submit the application without completing this will not be deemed eligible for fund.

Please complete the form to calculate Pre-pandemic baseline using the formula prescribed in Treasury's Final Rule.

# Form for "Pre-pandemic Baseline Form (Required for All Progr

This is my form.

### **Pre-pandemic Baseline From**

SLFRF can be used for salaries and benefits for public employees to restore public sector capacity: SLFRF can be used to pay for salaries and covered benefits of hiring or rehiring public sector employees, including hiring above prepandemic staffing levels to address historic underinvestment in the public sector. SLFRF recipients can use funds to hire staff up to 7.5% above the pre-pandemic baseline number of budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) staff on January 27, 2020, when compared with the budgeted FTEs on March 3, 2021, provided that funds must be used for additional budgeted FTEs above the March 3, 2021 level. That means that if a county had, for example, 1,000 staff before the pandemic, and 900 on March 3, 2021, SLFRF Funds can be used to hire up to 175 staff ((1,000\*1.075)-900 = 175).

Recipients should complete the steps described below. Recipients may choose whether to conduct this analysis on a government-wide basis or for an individual department, agency, or authority

Step One: Identify the your budgeted Fulltime Employee (FTE) level on January 27, 2020. This includes all budgeted positions, filled and unfilled. This is called the pre-pandemic baseline.

(No response)

Step Two: Multiply the pre-pandemic baseline by 1.075 (that is, 1 + adjustment factor). This is called the adjusted pre-pandemic baseline.

0.0

Step Three: Identify the recipient's budgeted FTE level on March 3, 2021, which is the beginning of the period of performance for SLFRF funds. Recipients may, but are not required to, exclude FTEs dedicated to responding to the COVID-19 public health emergency. This is called the actual number of FTEs.

(No response)

Step Four: Subtract the actual number of FTEs from the adjusted pre-pandemic baseline to calculate the *Item 6.* number of FTEs that can be hired and covered by SLFRF funds.

0.0

December 31, 2024, and expended by December 31, 2026, up to the number of FTEs calculated in Step Four, consistent with the Uniform Guidance's Cost Principles at 2 CFR Part 200 Subpart E. Recipients may only use SLFRF funds for additional FTEs hired over the March 3, 2021 level of budgeted FTEs (i.e., the actual number of FTEs); note again that recipients may choose whether to conduct the analysis of FTEs that can be covered by SLFRF funds on a governmentwide basis or for an individual department, agency, or authority. These FTEs must have begun their employment on or after March 3, 2021, which is the beginning of the period of performance. For administrative convenience, recipients do not need to demonstrate that the reduction in number of FTEs was due to the COVID-19 pandemic, as Treasury assumes the vast majority of employment reductions during this time were due to pandemic fiscal pressures on state and local budgets. Recipients do not need to hire for the same roles that existed prepandemic.

For illustration, consider a hypothetical recipient with 1000 budgeted FTEs on January 27, 2020 (950 filled FTE positions and 50 unfilled FTE positions). The recipient's pre-pandemic baseline is 1000 FTEs; its adjusted pre-pandemic baseline is 1000 \* 1.075 = 1075 FTEs. Now, assume that on March 3, 2021, the recipient had 800 budgeted FTEs in total (795 filled FTE positions and 5 unfilled FTE positions), with 50 FTEs primarily dedicated to responding to the COVID-19 public health emergency. The recipient would have the option of using either 800 FTEs or 750 FTEs as its actual number of FTEs for the calculation; assuming it chooses the lower number, it would be able to fund up to 325 FTEs with SLFRF funds (that is, 1075 – 750 = 325 FTEs). Specifically, the recipient would be able to use SLFRF to fund payroll and covered benefits for up to 325 FTEs that begin their employment on or after March 3, 2021, for costs obligated by December 31, 2024, and expended by December 31, 2026, consistent with the Uniform Guidance's Cost Principles, as long as SLFRF funds are used for additional FTEs hired over the recipient's 750 FTE level (which is its March 3, 2021 budgeted FTE level).

In hiring new employees, the final rule encourages recipients to ensure a diverse workforce. The final rule also prohibits recipients from using funds to temporarily fill positions. during a labor dispute, as this would not constitute responding to the public health or negative economic impacts of the pandemic. Further, recipients must ensure that its hiring practices do not violate conflict-of-interest policies. Total compensation for a hired employee that is substantially in excess of typical compensation for employees of their experience and tenure within the recipient's government, without a corresponding business case, may indicate a potential conflict-of-interest in fact or appearance.

# **No Responses Selected**

# **Tool for Assessing Risk**

Completed - Nov 15 2022

Please download, complete, and upload the tool for assessing risk found <u>here</u>. (<u>https://opb.georgia.gov/document/document/tool-assessing-risk/download</u>)

Please ensure that you upload a completed version.

# **RSM ARPA Subrecipient Questionnaire**

Filename: RSM\_ARPA\_Subrecipient\_Questionnair\_Q3UykoJ.pdf Size: 328.2 kB

# SAM.gov/UEI

Completed - Nov 15 2022

Please upload a screenshot (or pdf file using print to pdf) of your SAM.gov registration with UEI. All applicants are required to be registered in <u>SAM.gov</u> at the time of application.

### **Registered Organizations**

If your organization is currently registered in SAM.gov with either an active or inactive registration, you have already been assigned a UEI. Your UEI is viewable on your entity's registration record in <u>SAM.gov</u>. To learn how to view your UEI, see this guide: <u>How can I view my Unique Entity ID?</u>.

### **Create a New Registration**

If you are not registered in <u>SAM.gov</u>, create a new registration by clicking on the "Get Started" link under the "Register Your Entity..." heading in SAM.gov. Grantees, and other entities wanting to do business with the Office of Planning and Budget (e.g., entities applying for a grant or receiving an award), that are not already registered in SAM.gov must complete the "Register Entity" registration option and NOT the "Get a Unique Entity ID" option. The "Get a Unique Entity ID" option, which is not a full registration, is only available to entities for reporting purposes. Failing to complete the "Register Entity" option may result in an incomplete grant application, loss of funding, loss of applicant eligibility, and/or delays in receiving a grant award.

# Pic of Augusta Unique Entity ID and Expiration Date

Unique Entity ID:	Doing Business As: (blank)	Purpose of Registration: All Awards	Expiration Date	
ZH93N1J4TBE8			Oct 19, 2023	
CAGE/NCAGE:	Physical Address:			
3YWL3	535 TELFAIR ST, STE 800 AUGUSTA, GA 30901-2379	1154		

# **Budget Detail Worksheet**

Completed - Nov 17 2022

Applicants must download the Detailed Budget Worksheet template here: <u>https://opb.georgia.gov/document/budget-worksheet/download</u>) and upload the completed worksheet before submitting the application

Instructions for the template can be found here: <u>https://opb.georgia.gov/document/document/budget-worksheet-example-infrastructure-or-capital-projects/download</u>.

## RCSO Axon Body Camera Detailed Budget Worksheet

Filename: RCSO\_Axon\_Body\_Camera\_Detailed\_Bu\_cBvs7a8.xlsx Size: 148.1 kB

# **Financials**

Completed - Nov 15 2022

Please upload your most recent External Audit or Financial Report (ACFR, audit opinion, and management letter)

## Augusta Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Audit 2021

Filename: Augusta\_Annual\_Comprehensive\_Finan\_nvGVtKV.pdf Size: 1.9 MB

# Augusta Single Audit 2021

Filename: Augusta\_Single\_Audit\_2021\_4hZQ424.pdf Size: 264.5 kB

# **Project Timeline**

Completed - Nov 17 2022

Please upload a comprehensive timeline that identifies milestones, the funding source for each milestone, numerically lists deliverables, and indicates who is responsible for each activity.

# Axon Body-Worn Camera Initiative Timeline

Filename: Axon\_Body-Worn\_Camera\_Initiative\_Timeline.pdf Size: 128.8 kB

# **Letters of Support**

Completed - Nov 18 2022

Letters of support must be submitted at the time of your application. Letters received by mail, email, or any other method other than as an upload to your application will not be accepted or reviewed.

# List of Support Businessses and Support Letters

Filename: List\_of\_Support\_Businessses\_and\_Su\_CKAgt7G.pdf Size: 108.9 kB

# **Consolidated Application PDF \*For OPB Official Use Only\***

Completed - Nov 17 2022

# RCSO Axon Body Worn Camera Initiative Public Safety and Community Violence Reduction Grant

Item 6.





# TOOL FOR ASSESSING PROJECT RISK AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT (ARPA) FUNDS

<u>Applicability</u>: This tool is applicable to assessing risk of proposed American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) projects granted by the State of Georgia Governor's Office of Planning and Budget.

Organization Name:	Augusta-Richmond County	
Amount of Requested Funding:	\$882,175	
Organization Primary Contact Information (Name, email, phone)	Veronica Freeman Brown, (706) 821-1067, vfreeman@augustaga.gov	
Date:	Monitor: FOR STATE USE	

QU	JESTION	RESPONSE
1.	Has the organization been subjected to an audit of its financial statements in the past 3 years?	
	If so, please attach your latest Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), and a copy of the Certfied Public Accountant's audit opinion. If management letter comments were issued, please attach the management letter, and / or describe the current status of observations and findings included therein.	ACFR report link: https://www.augustaga.gov/D ocumentCenter/View/16088/ FinalAugusta-Georgia-ACFR 21
2.	<ul> <li>Has the organization been subjected to audits or monitoring by any agencies, departments, or divisions of the Federal government in the past 3 years. If so, please provide the following information: <ul> <li>Name of the Federal agency, department, or division</li> <li>General description of how the funds were used</li> <li>Summary or report of findings or observations identified by Federal monitors / auditors</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	No
3.	<ul> <li>Has the organization been subjected to a Single Audit of its federally funded activity in the past 3 years? If so, please provide the following information:</li> <li>What time period was covered by the latest audit? Jan. 1 to Dec. 31, 2021</li> <li>Who was the auditor? Mauldin &amp; Jenkins CPAs &amp; Advisors</li> <li>Where management letter comments issued? If so, please attach the management letter, and / or describe the observations and findings included therein N/A</li> <li>Were any questioned costs identified? If so, please describe. No</li> </ul>	
4.	If this project is being funded by multiple sources, in addition to the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget's ARPA award, please provide the funding sources and amounts.	N/A
5.	Does the organization have documented policies and procedures related to procurement of contractors and payment of expenditures? If so, please provide a copy, or link thereto. Have these policies and procedures been mapped by the subrecipient to conform to 2 CFR 200 guidance?	https://www.augustaga.gov/6 85/Guidelines-Procedures





6.	<ul> <li>Please use the following options to describe the organization's processing environment for the procurement of contractors to be paid for with ARPA funds: <ul> <li>Manual – process is managed largely with paper forms, paper proposal submissions, and through handwritten evaluations and approvals</li> <li>Electronic – use of electronic solicitation and procurement systems and/or websites, including application-based workflow approval of contracts and purchase orders</li> <li>Partially Electronic – a combination of the above, i.e., paper proposals and/or approvals with electronic document retention, etc. Please describe.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
7.	Please identify key technology applications that are used in the procurement of contractors to be paid with ARPA funds. (Advertisement, document control, proposal submission, etc.)	N/A
8.	Have procurement activities already occurred for contractors that the organization intends to pay with ARPA funds? If so, please provide a listing of all commitments made to date, including the contractor's name, date, and contract / PO value.	N/A
9.	<ul> <li>Please use the following options to describe the organization's processing environment for the <u>payment</u> of contractors with ARPA funds: <ul> <li>Manual - paper invoices, emailed invoices, and handwritten reviews and approvals</li> <li>Electronic – web-based contractor requests for payment, use of electronic workflow approval for payments</li> <li>Partially Electronic – a combination of the above, please describe</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
10.	Please identify the primary technology applications used in the payment of contractors with ARPA funds.	Central Square
11.	Have payments already been made to contractors that the subrecipient intends to reimburse through ARPA funds? If so, please provide a listing of all payments made to date, including the contractor's name, date, and payment amount.	N/A
12.	Has the organization identified any incidents of fraud, and / or litigation activity specifically related to the project being funded by ARPA? If so, please describe.	No





# **Annual Comprehensive Financial Report**

For the year ended December 31, 2021

Prepared by: The Augusta Georgia Finance Department

> Donna B. Williams, CGFM Director of Finance

Cover page – Augusta Canal of Richmond County, Georgia Courtesy of the Augusta-Richmond County Visitor's Bureau

# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Prepared by:

Augusta, Georgia Finance Department

Donna B. Williams, CGFM Director of Finance

# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

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# INTRODUCTORY SECTION



# **Finance Department**

Donna B. Williams, CGFM Director

Timothy E. Schroer, CPA, CGMA Deputy Director

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the Commission, and Citizens of Augusta, Georgia

In accordance with state law, I am pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of Augusta, Georgia (the Government) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of audited financial statements. These financial statements are prepared and presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as prescribed in pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). To the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of Augusta, Georgia Government. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of Augusta's financial activities have been included.

Management assumes full responsibility for the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the information contained in this report, including all disclosures. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, Augusta, Georgia has established a comprehensive framework of internal controls designed to protect the government's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Since the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

This report and other historical audited financial statements, prior year fiscal operating budgets, and other financial reports may be accessed via Augusta's website at <u>www.augustaga.gov/149/Financial-Statements</u>.

### Independent Audit

Augusta, Georgia Government's financial statements have been audited by Mauldin and Jenkins, LLC, Certified Public Accountants. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Government for the year ended December 31, 2021 are free of material misstatements. The audit involved performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. Our independent auditors rendered an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the Augusta, Georgia Government's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021. The Independent Auditor's Report is presented as a lead component of the financial section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the Independent Auditor's Report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Item 6.

## COVID-19 Pandemic

Augusta has been able to maintain a solid financial position throughout the second year of the pandemic. The most significant impact in the prior year was to two major sources of revenue, Local Option Sales Taxes and Hotel-Motel Taxes. Local Option Sales Tax Revenue is used to support operations; in 2020 there was a significant decrease in collections, that trend reversed in 2021 leading to the highest amount of collections to date. Hotel-Motel Taxes in their entirety are remitted to the Coliseum Authority and the Convention and Tourist Bureau. These collections also rebounded in 2021 but not to the same level as sales taxes.

President Biden signed into law the American Rescue Plan Act providing \$1.9 trillion in economic stimulus funding. The American Rescue Plan provided \$350 billion in emergency funding for state, local, territorial and Tribal Governments. Augusta's allocation is \$84 million, which was received in two tranches, the first was received in May of 2021 the second 12 months later. Funds received are restricted to approved expenditures as provided in interim final guidance from the US department of Treasury. Funds must be obliged by December 31, 2024 and expended by December 31, 2026.

## Profile of Augusta, Georgia

The consolidated government of Augusta-Richmond County is a political subdivision created and existing under the laws of the State of Georgia and presently has as its formal or legal name "Augusta, Georgia." The Consolidated Government was created on January 1, 1996 pursuant to Acts of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia. The consolidation of the City of Augusta and Richmond County were separately approved by a majority of the qualified voters of the City and the County at an election held on June 20, 1995. On January 1, 1996, the Consolidated Government became a consolidated city-county government, with territorial limits covering all of what was formerly Richmond County. The cities of Blythe and Hephzibah, small communities with populations of approximately 706 and 3,954, respectively, still hold their own municipal charters within the consolidated territory. The relationship between the Consolidated Government and the Cities of Blythe and Hephzibah is similar to that of counties to municipalities located within the territorial limits of such counties.

Augusta, Georgia, as a consolidated city-county government, has all governmental and corporate powers of both municipal corporations and counties under Georgia law. Under the terms of the Consolidation Act, the Augusta-Richmond County Commission may exercise and is subject to all of the rights, powers, duties, and obligations previously applicable to the governing authorities of the City and the County. As a result of consolidation, the Consolidated Government provides, under one management, public services throughout its territorial limits, which would have been provided separately by the City and the County.

The City was originally chartered in 1789 by the General Assembly of the State of Georgia, making it Georgia's second oldest city. As a city, the Consolidated Government ranks as the third largest, by population, in the State of Georgia. The Consolidated Government is located in the central eastern portion of the State of Georgia on the south bank of the Savannah River, which is the Georgia-South Carolina state boundary, approximately 155 miles east of Atlanta, Georgia and 75 miles southwest of Columbia, South Carolina. Richmond County has a land area of approximately 325 square miles. At its highest point, Richmond County is situated at 520 feet above sea level. Richmond County is located on the Fall Line, which is the natural division of the Piedmont Plateau and the Coastal Plain of Georgia. Its physical features include rolling slopes in the north, transitioning to more level terrain in the south. Average rainfall is 43 inches per year, and average temperatures range from a high of 91 degrees in the summer to a low of 34 degrees in the winter.

Augusta, Georgia is the home to Augusta University, which has a student enrollment of approximately 9,565, and Paine College (a historically black college) with a student enrollment of approximately 252. Augusta, Georgia is the regional center of east central Georgia with a stable economy based on a broad mix of industry, healthcare facilities, service organizations, and governmental institutions.

The Augusta, Georgia Government provides a full range of services for its citizens. The Administrator, who is appointed by a 10-member Board of Commissioners, oversees daily operations. Commissioners hold part-time positions and are elected, in staggered voting cycles, to four-year terms. One member is elected by the commission as Mayor Pro Tem for a two-year term. Augusta has a full-time Mayor also elected to a four-year term. Additional information about current activities of the Government can be obtained at our website, <u>www.augustaga.gov</u>.

In accordance with State Law and the Government's Charter, Augusta, Georgia adopts an Annual Operating and Capital Budget. The budget process provides a professional management approach to establishing priorities and an orderly means of directing the Government's various services. Developed on a line-item basis with a focus on the cost of services, the Government's budget is presented by the Administrator in late October. It is required by local ordinance to be adopted by the Mayor and Commission at the second meeting in November, after a required public hearing and two public notices. The legal level of budgetary control is the department/fund level.

### **Economic Condition and Outlook**

Augusta, Georgia remains the industrial and retail center for east central Georgia. Trends in the local economy indicate the business outlook continues to improve. Augusta, Georgia's top five industry sectors are Government (Federal, State and Local), Healthcare, Manufacturing, Hospitality and Retail; growth was seen in all sectors. A detailed discussion and analysis of Augusta, Georgia's overall financial condition during the fiscal year 2021 is included as part of the MD&A.

The largest employer in Augusta, Georgia is Fort Gordon with a workforce of over 26,000. Over its 73-year history, Fort Gordon has adapted to new missions, growing to respond to the Army's needs and the world's situations. The installation is widely known as the home of the Signal Corps and U.S. Army Signal Center of Excellence, the Armed Forces' largest information technology and communications training site. The Center not only trains Army students, but also instructs Air Force, Navy and Marine service members in the communications arena. The Signal Center serves as the personnel proponent for Soldiers in Signal careers, including 60,000 Active Army, United States Army Reservists and Army National Guard worldwide. Fort Gordon is now home to the U.S. Army Cyber Center of Excellence: "Where Tradition Meets the Future".

Fort Gordon is a vibrant installation with 18 major military commands and organizations, featuring joint service presence of thousands of sailors, airmen and marines as well as Soldiers. There is a growing synergy between military intelligence, communications and military medical communities. Fort Gordon is also home to the following organizations:

Dwight David Eisenhower Army Medical Center: serves nearly 61,000 beneficiaries (active duty, family members and retirees) within a 40-mile radius; Eisenhower Army Medical Center, which employs the largest number of Fort Gordon civilians (1600+), is one of the Army's most advanced health care and training medical facilities. There is also a Warrior Transition Battalion and campus with nearly 400 'Wounded Warriors.'

NSA-CSS Georgia: one of three joint regional centers that provide global operational intelligence; recently completed construction on a 575,000 sq. ft. facility.

513<sup>th</sup> Military Intelligence Brigade: conducts theater-level, multi-discipline intelligence and security operations during war and military operations other than war.

35<sup>th</sup> Signal Brigade: deploys, installs, operates, manages and maintains and protects theater tactical communications in support of joint and combined operations for all combatant commanders.

U.S. Army Cyber Command: integrates and conducts full-spectrum cyberspace operations, electronic warfare, and information operations, ensuring freedom of action for friendly forces in and through the cyber domain and the information environment, while denying the same to adversaries.

Augusta, Georgia's world-famous golf course, located at the Augusta National Golf Club, hosts the first major golf tournament of each year, the Masters. This tournament is one of the most prestigious in the sport and is one of the four major championships. The best professional and amateur golfers in the world come to Augusta during the first full week of April each year, bringing thousands of visitors and golf patrons to Augusta. As with most events the Masters was affected by the pandemic. The 2020 tournament was held in November 2020 with no patrons, the 2021 tournament was held in the traditional timeframe of April, with limited patrons. The 2022 tournament was held in April with no restrictions.

Augusta, Georgia is also host to the IRONMAN 70.3, the largest half IRONMAN competition east of the Mississippi River. The 2021 race occurred in September 2021.

In 2012 the Transportation Investment Act (TIA) of 2010 was approved in only three of twelve regions established by the legislature. In the Central Savannah River Region, which includes Augusta, Georgia, the referendum was approved by a 54-46% margin. The 1% additional sales tax began on January 1, 2013. Augusta, Georgia has 50 of the 84 projects approved for this region. Collections for this phase will end December 31, 2022. A second phase of TIA funded projects was approved in 2020, collections will start January 1, 2023. Augusta Georgia is allocated \$295 million of the \$555 million in project costs.

Augusta's public protection classification rating was re-evaluated by the Insurance Services Office (ISO) in 2017. The ISO assessment evaluates 911 emergency communications network, fire response capabilities, water supply and other community risk reduction to determine potential loss from fire. Also reviewed are fire personnel, training and overall operations. Based on this review, Augusta was given a rating of Public Protection Classification of 01/1x. Augusta is one of less than 250 communities nationwide and 18 Georgia communities that have achieved this rating.

### Long-term Financial Planning and Major Initiatives

Financial planning for Augusta, Georgia is a dynamic, interactive effort of the community, small and large business and industry, social and cultural service organizations, various economic development authorities, and the municipal government. Large-scale projects are funded through a variety of financing means such as the Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST), the Transportation Investment Act (TIA), and Tax Allocation Districts (TADS), as well as through traditional bond issuances. See Major Initiatives section for descriptions of sales tax programs approved by voter referendum.

#### **Relevant Financial Policies**

Augusta, Georgia operates under a set of fiscal policies which establishes operational objectives and promotes continuity in fiscal decision-making as well as long-term financial stability of the Government. These policies cover financial areas in operating budget, reserve fund balances, accounting, auditing and financial reporting, and purchasing. Augusta strives to maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance in its General Fund, which is 75 to 90 days of operations based on budgeted expenditures. This minimum fund balance is to protect against cash flow shortfalls related to timing of projected revenue receipts and to maintain a budget stabilization commitment.

Augusta has established a financial and budgetary policy which is reviewed and updated as necessary by approval of the Board of Commissioners. Budgetary control is maintained at the department level. No increase in the overall budget can be made without the approval of the Board of Commissioners and an amendment to the budget. Unencumbered operating appropriations in the annual operating budget lapse at fiscal year-end.

#### **Debt Management**

The primary goal of Augusta, Georgia Government's debt management practices is to maintain its ability to access capital markets at the lowest possible cost (interest rate) without endangering its ability to finance essential services. Augusta, Georgia's conservative financial practices have earned the rating of Aa2 from national rating agency Moody's Investor Service and a rating of AA from national rating agency Standard and Poor's for Augusta's general obligation bonds and revenue bonds. Augusta's ratings were reaffirmed in February 2018.

#### **Major Initiatives**

Transportation Investment Act of 2010 (TIA). On July 31, 2012, voters within the Central Savannah River Area (CSRA) Region, which includes Augusta, approved the TIA, which was created by the Georgia General Assembly in 2010 to provide state-wide funding for transportation needs across the state in the form of a 1% sales tax. This is a regional program with project lists compiled by the county and city governments within each region and approved by the Transportation Roundtable of the region and the Georgia Department of Transportation (GDOT) Program Director. The CSRA region includes 13 counties and the cities therein. Of the total funds collected, 75% is directed to regional projects and 25% is distributed to the local governments for use at their discretion. The discretionary funds will be invaluable in meeting local needs not presently funded due to a lack of GDOT monies. Approval of the TIA has accelerated our ability to meet present and future transportation needs and will provide opportunities not only for better and safer roads, but also for job creation and economic development.

There were 84 projects approved for TIA funding. Fifty of those are within Augusta-Richmond County.

Major road projects include:

Broad Street Improvement (\$25 million) Calhoun Expressway Reconstruction (\$8.8 million) Greene Street Improvements (\$9.9 million) Marks Church Road Widening (\$7.8 million) Riverwatch Parkway Resurfacing (\$10 million) Telfair Street Improvements (\$19.2 million) Berckmans Road Widening (\$16.7 million) 5<sup>th</sup> Street Bridge Restoration (\$9.1 million) Gordon Highway Improvements (\$14 million) 15<sup>th</sup> Street Widening (\$21.4 Million) Riverwatch Parkway Median Barrier Renovation (\$8.6 million) Windsor Spring Road Widening (\$43 million) Wrightsboro Road Widening (\$21.6 million)

Projects will be funded in three phases. Collection of the TIA tax will end in 2022.

Since collections began in 2013, approximately 50.3% of the taxes collected in the region originated in Augusta. Through 2021, approximately \$648 million had been collected region-wide with approximately \$317 million in taxes originating in Augusta.

A second phase of TIA projects and funding was approved in 2020, Augusta was awarded approximately 53% of the \$555 million in total projects.

Transportation Investment Act of 2010 (TIA). On June 9, 2020, voters within the Central Savannah River Area (CSRA) Region, which includes Augusta, approved a second phase of TIA, which was created by the Georgia General Assembly in 2010 to provide state-wide funding for transportation needs across the state in the form of a 1% sales tax. This is a regional program with project lists compiled by the county and city governments within each region and approved by the Transportation Roundtable of the region and the Georgia Department of Transportation (GDOT) Program Director. The CSRA region includes 13 counties and the cities therein. Of the total funds collected, 75% is directed to regional projects and 25% is distributed to the local governments for use at their discretion. The discretionary funds will be invaluable in meeting local needs not presently funded due to a lack of GDOT monies. Approval of the TIA has accelerated our ability to meet present and future transportation needs and will provide opportunities not only for better and safer roads, but also for job creation and economic development.

There were 162 projects approved for TIA phase II funding. Thirty-three of those are within Augusta-Richmond County. Projects cost for the region are budgeted at \$555 million. Project budgets within Augusta-Richmond County total \$302 million.

TIA Phase II projects include:

15<sup>th</sup> Street Improvements (\$8 million) Augusta Regional Airport – Apron Expansion (\$7 million) Augusta Regional Airport – Runway Habitation (\$1.6 million) Augusta Transit Operations (\$23 million) Barton Chapel Road Improvements (\$20 million) Broad Street Improvements Part II (\$20.3 million) Broad Street Over Rae's Creek (\$6.1 million) Daniel Field Improvements (\$6.5 million) Dennis Road Widening (\$6.4 million) Doug Bernard Parkway Improvements (\$11.9 Million) Fulcher Road Improvements (\$3.2 million) Golden Camp Road Resurfacing (\$2 million) Gordon Highway Improvements (\$15 million) Hephzibah McBean Road (\$3.6 million) Highland Avenue Improvements (\$7.1 million) Intelligent Transportation System (\$9.6 million) Laney Walker Road Intersection Improvements (\$3.7 million) Milledgeville Road Improvements (\$17 million) Monte Sano Avenue Improvements (\$8.9 million) New Savannah Bluff Lock & Dam (\$10 million) Emergency Vehicles Preemption System (\$.6 million) Richmond Hill Road Improvements (\$9.3 million) Skinner Mill Road Widening (\$22 million) Story Mill road Resurfacing (\$2.5 million) Tobacco Road Improvements (\$18.6 million) Willis Forman Road Widening (\$23 million) Wrightsboro Road / RA Dent Blvd Intersection Improvements (\$4.9 million) Wheeless Road Improvement (\$6.4 million) ACP Rail Lead Track (\$13 million) 13<sup>th</sup> Street Pedestrian Enhancements (\$5 million)

Projects will be funded in three phases. Collection of the TIA tax will end in 2032.

<u>1% Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST) – 2016-2021</u>. The current SPLOST program was renewed by referendum on November 3, 2015. As part of the SPLOST renewal, a general obligation (GO) bond was approved, not to exceed \$28.5 million, to begin funding the construction of urgently needed projects. Collections ended December 31, 2021 and totaled \$232.5 million

<u>1% Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST) – 2022-2028</u>. The current SPLOST program was renewed by referendum on March 16, 2021. As part of the SPLOST renewal, a general obligation (GO) bond was approved, not to exceed \$30 million, to begin funding the construction of urgently needed projects. The 2022-2028 package reflects anticipated collections of \$250,285,000.

Project categories designated to receive funding include:

Public Safety - \$22.4 million Quality of Life - \$69.5 million General Government - \$9 million Infrastructure – \$78.5 million Government Facilities - \$19 million Economic Development - \$46.5 million

### Awards and Achievements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Augusta, Georgia for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. This was the sixth year that Augusta achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the Government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Financial Report, which satisfies both Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and applicable program requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and will be submitted to GFOA for consideration.

### Acknowledgements

The preparation, design and publication of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire finance office staff. We would also like to express our gratitude and appreciation to the firm of Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC for their technical guidance and assistance to make this a quality report.

Sincere appreciation also goes to the various elected officials and department directors for their assistance and positive attitude throughout the year in matters pertaining to the financial affairs of the City.

Finally, credit also must be given to the Mayor, Administrator, and County Commissioners for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City's finances.

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Respectfully submitted,

Donna Williams

Donna B. Williams, CGFM Director of Finance

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# Augusta, GA

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

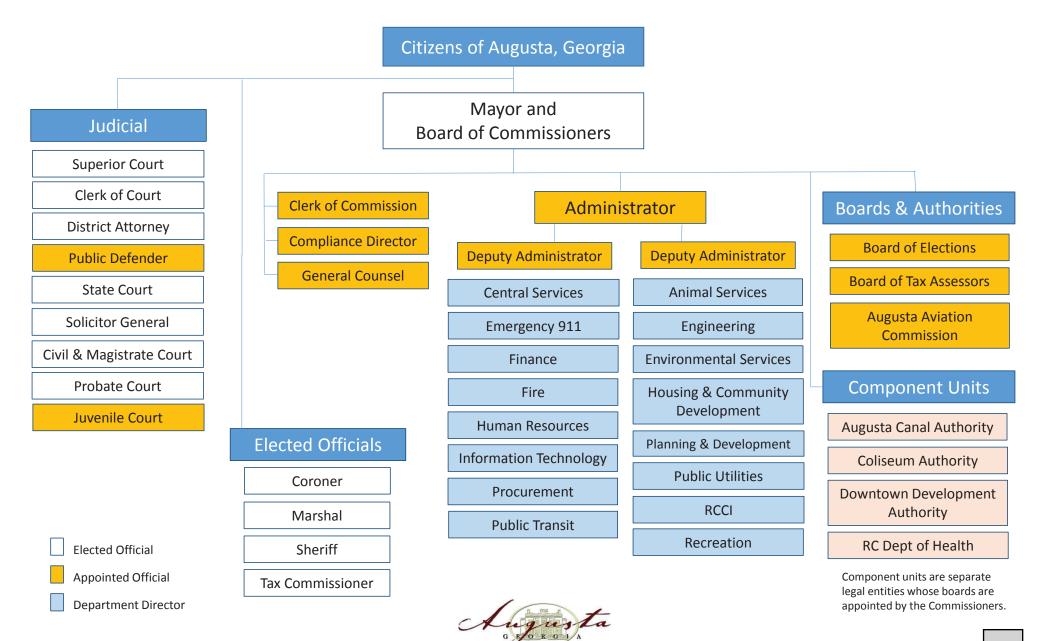
December 31, 2020

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

# **GOVERNMENT STRUCTURE**

Augusta, Georgia is governed by a Mayor and 10-member Board of Commissioners. Members of the Board are part-time and serve staggered four-year terms. An Administrator appointed by the Commissioners, implements board policy and administers the general government.



# PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

### **Mayor and Commission**

Hardie Davis Jr.	Mayor
Bobby Williams	Mayor Pro-Tem, Commissioner - District 5
Jordon Johnson	Commissioner - District 1
Dennis Williams	Commissioner - District 2
Catherine Smith-McKnight	Commissioner - District 3
Sammie Sias	Commissioner - District 4
Alvin Mason	Commissioner - District 4 (interim)
Ben Hasan	Commissioner - District 6
Sean Frantom	Commissioner - District 7
Brandon Garrett	Commissioner - District 8
Francine Scott	Commissioner - District 9
John Clark	Commissioner - District 10

### **Elected Officials**

Daniel J. Craig John Flythe Ashley Wright Jesse C. Stone Amanda N. Heath David D. Watkins Patricia W. Booker Kellie K. McIntyre Monique Walker Carletta Sims-Brown Le'Joi N. Williamson Mark Bowen Jared Williams Ramone Lamkin **Richard Roundtree** Omeeka P. Loggins Steven Kendrick Hattie Sullivan

**Chief Judge Superior Court** Judge, Superior Court Judge, Superior Court Judge, Superior Court Judge, Superior Court Chief Judge, State Court Judge, State Court Judge, State Court Judge, State Court Chief Judge, Civil and Magistrate Court Presiding Judge, Civil and Magistrate Court Coroner **District Attorney** Marshal Sheriff State Court Solicitor **Tax Commissioner** Clerk of Court

# PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

#### **Appointed Officials**

Odie Donald, II **Charles Jackson** Tanikia Jackson Donna B. Williams, CGFM Lena J. Bonner Wayne Brown James Hill Herbert Judon Jr. Lynn Bailey Takiyah A. Douse Scott Rountree Phyllis Johnson Dr. Hameed Malik **Brooks Stayer** Antonio Burden Hawthorne E. Welcher Jr. Anita Rookard Willie M. Saunders Kelli Spencer Chanette A. Lewis Maurice McDowell Carla Delaney Geri Sams Rahmaan Bowick Sharon Dottery Wes Byne Evan A. Joseph

Administrator **Deputy Administrator Deputy Administrator Finance Director** Clerk of Commission **General Council** Animal Services Director Executive Director, Augusta Regional Airport **Board of Elections Director Central Services Director Chief Appraiser Compliance Director** Engineering Director **Environmental Services Director** Fire Chief / EMA Director Housing & Community Development Director Human Resources Director Chief Judge, Juvenile Court Judge, Juvenile Court Judge, Juvenile Court Parks & Recreation Director Interim Planning & Development Director **Procurement Director** Circuit Public Defender **Director Augusta Public Transit Public Utilities Director** Warden - RC Correctional Institution

# **FINANCIAL SECTION**



# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Board of Commissioners of Augusta, Georgia Augusta, Georgia

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

### Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregately discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Augusta**, **Georgia** (the "Government"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Government's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Augusta, Georgia, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of Richmond County Department of Health, the Augusta Canal Authority, the Downtown Development Authority, or the Augusta-Richmond County Coliseum Authority, which represent 100% of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Richmond County Department of Health, the Augusta Canal Authority, the Downtown Development Authority, and the Augusta-Richmond County Coliseum Authority, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS") and the standards applicable to financial audits contained *in Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States ("*Government Auditing Standards*"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Government, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Government's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
  the Government's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Government's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (on pages 5 through 19), the Changes in the Government's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (on page 116), the Schedules of Changes in the Government's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (on pages 117 – 122), the Schedules of Government Contributions (on pages 123 through 128), and the Schedules of Pension Investment Returns (on pages 129 and 130) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

We have previously audited the Government's December 31, 2020 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified audit opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, in our report dated July 7, 2021. In our opinion the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which they were derived.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Government's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds, as required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated ("O.C.G.A.") §48-8-121, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 29, 2022, on our consideration of the Government's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Government's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Government's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

Macon, Georgia June 29, 2022

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2021

The Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of the Annual Financial Statements of Augusta, Georgia (the "Government") provides an overall narrative and analysis of the Government's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. This MD&A is designed to look at the Government's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the financial statements with notes, which follow this narrative, to enhance their understanding of the Government's financial performance.

# **Financial Highlights**

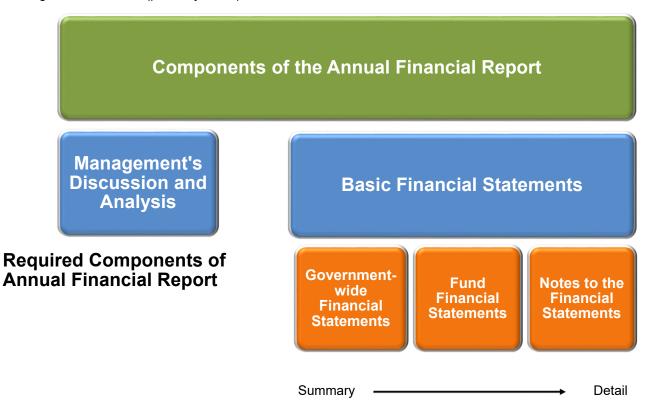
Key financial highlights for the year ended December 31, 2021, are as follows:

- The Government's combined net position totaled \$1.24 billion.
- The Government's total net position increased by \$52.5 million, primarily due to capital spending funded by the Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax ("SPLOST") revenues received in 2021, but will be expended in future years, federal pandemic relief funds (ARPA), federal aviation grants, and sales tax revenue increases.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Government's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$264.8 million, an increase of \$36 million from the prior year. Approximately 14.8% of this total amount, or \$39.7 million, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance for the General Fund was \$45.9 million, or 28.78% of total General Fund expenditures for the fiscal year. Of this amount, \$4.5 million has been assigned for risk management, and \$41 million, or 89.2% of the total General Fund balance, as unassigned.
- Combined revenue totaled \$511 million, of which governmental activities totaled \$322 million and business-type activities totaled \$188 million. Current year revenues increased approximately 5.7% from those of the prior year.
- Overall assets totaled \$2.1 billion of which governmental activities totaled \$1.1 billion and business-type activities totaled \$1 billion. Current year assets increased approximately 3% from those of the prior year.
- Overall deferred outflows totaled \$105.4 million of which governmental activities totaled \$88.4 million and business-type activities totaled \$17 million. Current year deferred outflows decreased approximately 18.6% from those of the prior year.
- Overall liabilities totaled \$949.9 million of which governmental activities totaled \$384.4 million and businesstype activities totaled \$565.5 million. Current year liabilities decreased approximately 5.% from those of the prior year.
- Overall deferred inflows totaled \$51 million of which governmental activities totaled \$37.9 million and businesstype activities totaled \$13.1 million. Current year deferred inflows increased approximately 223.6% from those of the prior year.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### **Financial Highlights (Continued)**

- Overall expenses totaled \$458.6 million of which governmental activities totaled \$284.5 million and businesstype activities totaled \$174.1 million. Current year expenses increased approximately 3.3% from those of the prior year.
- Expenses of governmental activities exceeded program revenues by \$200.5 million, resulting in the use of general revenues (primarily taxes).



#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The first two statements in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements** and the **Fund Financial Statements**.

The **Government-wide Financial Statements** provide both short and long-term information about the Government's financial status.

The next statements are the **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; 3) the proprietary fund statements; and 4) the fiduciary fund statements.

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#### **Basic Financial Statements (Continued)**

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **Notes to Financial Statements**. The notes to financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements.

After the notes, **Supplementary Information** is provided to show details about the Government's nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds, all of which are added together in one column on the appropriate basic financial statements.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements provide a broad view of the Government's operations in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the Government's financial position, which assists in assessing the economic condition at the end of the fiscal year. These statements are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This means the statements take into account all revenues and expenses connected with the fiscal year even if cash involved has not been received or paid. The government-wide financial statements include the following two statements:

The **Statement of Net Position** presents information on all of the Government's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Government is improving or deteriorating.

The **Statement of Activities** presents information showing how the Government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will not result in cash flows until future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). This statement also presents a comparison between direct expense and program revenues for each function of the Government.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities, 2) business-type activities, and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the Government's basic services such as general administration, judicial services, public safety, public works, health and welfare, culture and recreation, and housing and community development. Property taxes, sales taxes, and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those services that the Government charges a fee to customers in order to provide. These include Water and Sewer, Augusta Regional Airport, Waste Management, Transit, Daniel Field Airport, Garbage Collection, and Stormwater Utility. The final category is component units. The Augusta-Richmond County Board of Health is a public health department. Although legally separate from the Government, the Government appoints a voting majority of the board. Augusta Canal Authority, Downtown Development Authority, and the Augusta-Richmond County Coliseum Authority are also component units for which the Government is fiscally responsible.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Government, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the Government, reporting the Government's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. All of the funds of the Government can be divided into three categories: 1) governmental funds, 2) proprietary funds, and 3) fiduciary funds. These fund categories use different accounting approaches and should be interpreted differently.

#### Governmental Funds

Most of the basic services provided by the Government are financed through governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide statements, these funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash and the amount of funds left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*, which focuses on current financial resources. Such information may be useful in evaluating the government's short-term financing requirements. These statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Government's finances that assists in determining whether there will be adequate financial resources available to meet the Government's current needs. The relationship between government activities in the government-wide financial statements and the governmental funds financial statements is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Government has five governmental fund types: 1) the General Fund, 2) Special Revenue Funds, 3) Debt Service Funds, 4) the Capital Projects Funds, and 5) the Permanent Fund. The Government reported three major governmental funds: 1) the General Fund, 2) Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Fund ("SPLOST") Phase 7, and 3) the Fire Protection Fund.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The Government has two types of proprietary funds used to account for activities that operate similar to commercial enterprises found in the private sector. Funds that charge fees for services provided to outside customers including other local governments are known as Enterprise Funds. These funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Funds that charge fees for services provided to departments within the reporting government are known as Internal Service Funds. Proprietary funds use the accrual basis of accounting, thus there is no reconciliation needed between the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities and the proprietary fund financial statements, except for the allocation of internal service fund activity.

#### Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The Government has seven enterprise funds: Water and Sewer, Augusta Regional Airport, Waste Management, Transit, Daniel Field Airport, Stormwater and Garbage Collection. The Government also has seven internal service funds: Risk Management, Fleet Operations, and Workers 'Compensation, Employee Health Benefits, Unemployment, Long-Term Disability Insurance and GMA Leases. The Water and Sewer, Augusta Regional Airport, Stormwater, and Garbage Collection funds are the only funds being considered major funds for presentation purposes.

#### Fiduciary Funds

The Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the Government as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and other departments. The Government is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and only by those to whom the assets belong. These funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources are not available to support the Government's operations or programs.

	G	overnmental Activities 2021	Bu	siness-type Activities 2021	Total		Governmental Activities 2020		Business-type Activities 2020			Total 2020
Current and other	•		•		•		¢	000 075 707	<b>^</b>	000 000 004	•	500 040 004
assets	\$	347,203,907	\$	236,822,019	\$	584,025,926	\$	282,975,727	\$	226,666,664	\$	509,642,391
Capital assets		775,738,842		771,753,684		1,547,492,526		790,029,672		770,226,439		1,560,256,111
Total assets		1,122,942,749		1,008,575,703		2,131,518,452		1,073,005,399		996,893,103		2,069,898,502
Deferred outflow s of resources		88,432,210		17,007,202		105,439,412		107,211,241		22,317,424		129,528,665
Long-term liabilities		320,531,398		525,628,015		846,159,413		378,306,112		554,599,956		932,906,068
Other liabilities		63,898,298		39,863,758		103,762,056		39,432,645		27,783,351		67,215,996
Total liabilities		384,429,696		565,491,773		949,921,469		417,738,757		582,383,307		1,000,122,064
Deferred inflow s												
of resources		37,891,197		13,112,474		51,003,671		9,071,845		6,688,065		15,759,910
Net position:												
Net investment												
in capital assets		686,754,543		299,740,507		986,495,050		677,467,409		289,203,124		966,670,533
Restricted		199,845,230		69,188,903		269,034,133		173,340,237		67,714,040		241,054,277
Unrestricted		(97,545,707)		78,049,248		(19,496,459)		(97,401,608)		73,221,991		(24,179,617)
Total net position	\$	789,054,066	\$	446,978,658	\$	1,236,032,724	\$	753,406,038	\$	430,139,155	\$	1,183,545,193

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

#### **Net Position**

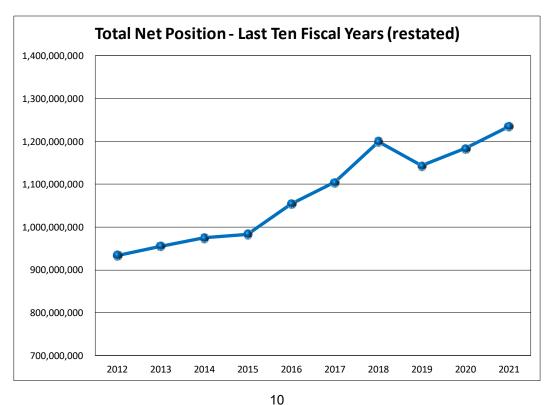
Net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets of the Government exceeded liabilities by \$1.24 billion as of December 31, 2021.

The largest portion of the Government's net position, \$986.5 million, or 79.8%, reflects its investment in capital assets such as land, buildings, equipment and infrastructure (road, bridges, sidewalks, water lines and sewer lines) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Government uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Government's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Government's net position, \$269 million, or 21.8%, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$-19.5 million or -1.6% would be available to meet the Government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Several particular aspects of the Government's financial operations positively influenced the total *unrestricted governmental net position*:

- Continued diligence in the maintenance of 75 90 days unreserved fund balance in the General Fund.
- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a collection percentage of 99% for real and personal property.
- Continued low cost of debt due to the Government's high bond rating.

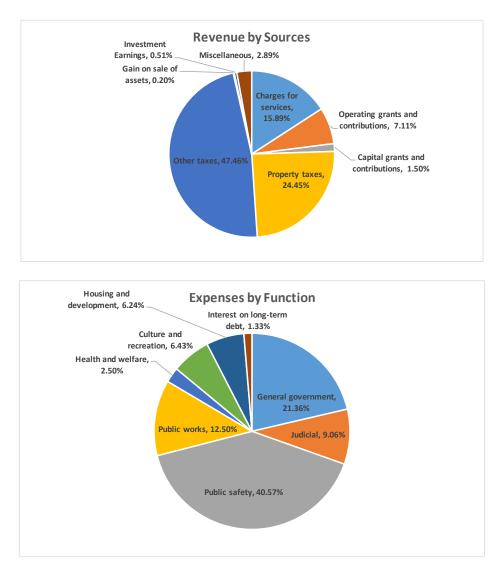


### **Changes in Net Position**

**Governmental activities**. Governmental activities increased the Government's net position by \$35.6 million, thereby accounting for 67.9% of the total growth in the net position of the Government. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

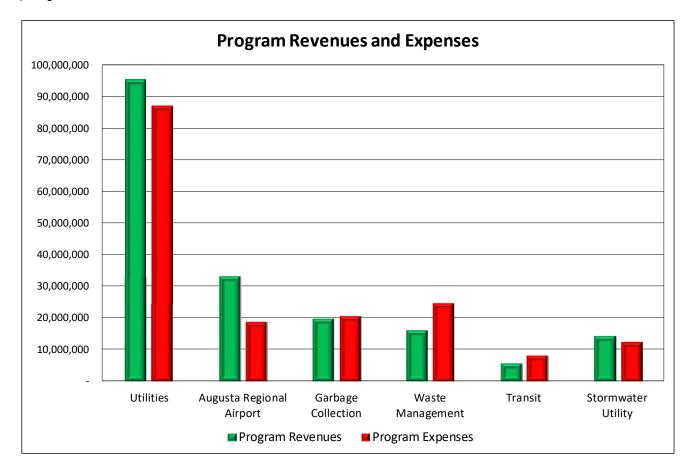
**Governmental revenues.** Property tax (24.5%) and other taxes (47.5%) continue as the main source of revenue of the Government amounting to 72% in 2020, compared to 71.9% in 2020. Sales tax revenues contributed approximately \$92 million to net position.

**Governmental functional expenses.** As reflected in the summary of Changes in Net Position, the Government expended 49.6% of the appropriations for judicial and public safety expenses. The Government continues to commit substantial financial resources for the safety of its citizens. Other expenses accounted for the remaining 50.4%. Other Post-Employment Benefits continue to be a substantial expense for the Government.



## **Changes in Net Position (Continued)**

**Business-type activities.** Business-type activities increased the Government's net position by approximately \$26.8 million. A significant portion of the increase was the result of revenues received from the federal government for airport grants.



# **Changes in Net Position (Continued)**

# The Government's Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Devenues	2021	2021	2021	2020	2020	2020
Revenues: Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 49,295,402	\$ 168,558,805	\$ 217,854,207	\$ 47,960,533	\$ 163,570,426	\$ 211,530,959
Operating grants and	•,===,=	•,,	•,•• .,=•	¢,000,000	¢,	φ 2.1,000,000
contributions	28,887,944	-	28,887,944	21,452,117	-	21,452,117
Capital grants and	- , , -		-,,-	, - ,		, - ,
contributions	5,820,852	18,525,375	24,346,227	4,523,740	16,921,050	21,444,790
General revenues:						
Property taxes	80,073,638	-	80,073,638	73,799,695	-	73,799,695
Other taxes	143,103,467	-	143,103,467	143,287,242	-	143,287,242
Gain on sale of assets	3,604,273	3,628	3,607,901	605,937	66,864	672,801
Unrestricted investment						
earnings	956,370	1,017,098	1,973,468	1,542,453	1,129,854	2,672,307
Miscellaneous	11,210,423	-	11,210,423	8,720,309	-	8,720,309
Total revenues	322,952,369	188,104,906	511,057,275	301,892,026	181,688,194	483,580,220
Expenses:						
General government	52,634,825	_	52,634,825	60,438,735	_	60,438,735
Judicial	25,277,951	_	25,277,951	25,627,408	-	25,627,408
Public safety	121,616,606	_	121,616,606	114,786,178	-	114,786,178
Public w orks	28,466,160	_	28,466,160	35,357,616	-	35,357,616
Health and welfare	6,764,180	_	6,764,180	7,085,587	-	7,085,587
Culture and recreation	17,621,313	-	17,621,313	18,201,741	-	18,201,741
Housing and development	27,143,107	-	27,143,107	17,661,016	-	17,661,016
Interest on long-term debt	4,948,740	_	4,948,740	3,752,568		3,752,568
Waste management		25,098,206	25,098,206		15,957,669	15,957,669
Water and sew er		87,377,730	87,377,730	_	86,732,918	86,732,918
Airports		19,448,087	19,448,087	_	16,424,640	16,424,640
Transit		8,410,142	8,410,142	-	7,554,751	7,554,751
Stormw ater	-	12,821,772	12,821,772	-	13,776,667	13,776,667
Garbage Collection	-	20,940,926	20,940,926	-	20,575,375	20,575,375
Total expenses	284,472,881	174,096,863	458,569,744	282,910,849	161,022,020	443,932,869
-		,,				· <u> </u>
Increase in net	00.470.400	44,000,040	50 407 504	10 004 477	20 666 474	20 6 47 264
position before transfers Transfers	38,479,488	14,008,043	52,487,531	18,981,177	20,666,174	39,647,351
Transfers	(2,831,460)	2,831,460		(6,147,600)	6,147,600	
Change in net position	35,648,028	16,839,503	52,487,531	12,833,577	26,813,774	39,647,351
Net position, January 1	753,406,038	430,139,155	1,183,545,193	740,572,461	403,325,381	1,143,897,842
Net position, December 31	\$ 789,054,066	\$ 446,978,658	\$ 1,236,032,724	\$ 753,406,038	\$ 430,139,155	\$ 1,183,545,193

### Financial Analysis of the Government's Individual Funds

The Government uses fund accounting to demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the Government's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Government's financial requirements. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The combined fund balance of all the governmental funds is \$264.8 million, of which \$39.7 million, or 15%, is unassigned.

### **General Fund**

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Government. At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance of the General Fund was \$46 million, of which \$41 million, or 89.2%, was unassigned. A portion of the fund balance in the General Fund is designated for risk management, in the amount of \$4.5 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. As of December 31, 2021, total unassigned fund balance represents 26.4% of total general fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$5.7 million, or 14.1%. One key factor to this result was the receipt of American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds. The Government received \$41.2 million in pandemic relief funding. Sales tax collections for the General Fund totaled \$38.2 million in 2021 as opposed to \$34.1 million in 2020, an approximate increase of .12%. During 2021. An increase in Title Ad Valorem Taxes ("TAVT") was another factor. TAVT collections totaled \$10.8 million in 2020 compared to \$9.3 million in 2020, an increase of 16.7%. This resulted in additional revenue in the General Fund available to the Government.

During the year, the Government revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of five categories: 1) amendments to appropriate fund balance for encumbrances from the prior year; 2) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget resolution once exact information is available; 3) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and state grants; 4) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services; and 5) amendments to transfer appropriations between departments. The fifth category has no effect on the final budget and, therefore, is not addressed in this narrative.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The actual operating revenues for the General Fund were lower than the budgeted amount by approximately \$6.3 million, or 3.8%. The individual sources within the revenues fluctuated both positively and negatively.

The 2021 adopted budget (November 17, 2020) projected Ad Valorem tax revenues at 2020 levels with slight projected growth in the tax digest and a slight increase in sales tax revenues. Franchise fee revenues were projected to be basically flat from 2020 to 2021.

#### Special Sales Tax 7 and Fire Protection Funds

Major funds included in the fund financial statements are the Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax ("SPLOST") Fund Phase 7 and Fire Protection Fund. The Government uses Capital Projects Funds to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities that are not financed by Proprietary Funds. The proceeds of the special purpose 1% sales tax are accounted for in Capital Projects Funds until improvement projects are completed. The SPLOST Fund Phase 7's fund balance is \$99.1 million, all of which is held for specific construction and improvement projects and capital acquisitions. The Government uses the Fire Protection Fund mainly to account for receipts and disbursements of tax revenues for fire protection services. Primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes and insurance premium taxes while primary expenditures are for public safety. Revenue is collected from a separate millage rate levied in the former unincorporated area and from a transfer of ad valorem revenue collected from the former City of Augusta's Urban Services District. The Fire Protection Fund's fund balance is \$24.7 million, all of which is held for specific public safety projects. The increase in the fund balance for SPLOST phase 7 is due to the programmed expenditure rate and is over a longer period than the collection period. The collection period for this fund is approximately six years, while expenditures on the capital projects being funded will take place over an extended period of up to 15 years.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The activities of the Government that render services to the general public on a user charge basis, or that require periodic determination of revenues for public policy are accounted for as Enterprise Funds. The Government's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position at the end of the year were as follows: Water and Sewer System Fund, \$47.6 million; Augusta Regional Airport, \$10.5 million; Garbage Collection Fund \$18.5 million; Stormwater Utility Fund \$6.7 million; Nonmajor Enterprise funds, \$-4.4 million. The total growth (reduction) in net position for previously mentioned funds were \$9.4 million, \$16.1 million, \$865 thousand, \$98 thousand, and \$2.0 million, respectively. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the Government's business-type activities.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### **Capital Assets**

The Government's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2021, amounts to \$1.54 billion (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, equipment, infrastructure and construction in progress. Infrastructure assets are items that are normally immovable and of value only to the Government, such as roads, bridges, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems and other similar items.

### **Capital Assets (Continued)**

Major capital asset transactions during the year included construction of infrastructure, buildings, acquisition of public safety vehicles, construction of water and sewerage systems, and construction of a new airport terminal and building.

	Governmental		В	Business-type		
		Activities		Activities		Total
Land	\$	25,810,872	\$	20,603,904	\$	46,414,776
Land and site improvements		11,451,609		10,429,701		21,881,310
Buildings and building improvements		232,346,507		71,195,192		303,541,699
Water and sewerage systems		-		515,649,373		515,649,373
Landfill cells		-		9,616,790		9,616,790
Infrastructure		251,909,117		76,261,067		328,170,184
Vehicles, machinery and equipment		25,258,301		15,561,286		40,819,587
Construction in progress		228,962,436		52,436,371		281,398,807
	\$	775,738,842	\$	771,753,684	\$	1,547,492,526

### The Government's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

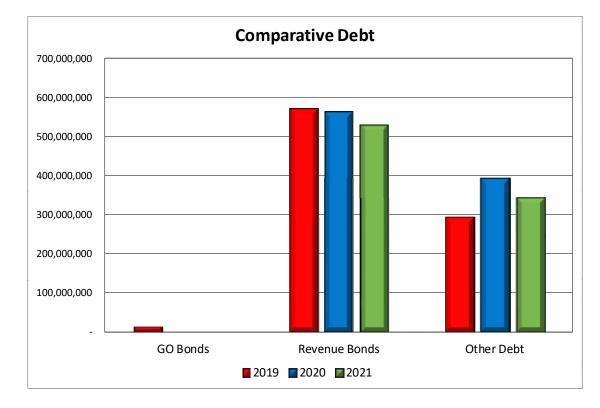
Additional information on the Government's capital assets can be found in Note 6 of the Notes to Financial Statements of this report.

### Long-term Debt

As of December 31, 2021, the Government had a total of \$875.8 million in outstanding long-term debt. Of this amount, \$458.3 million consists of revenue bonds backed by the revenues of the water and sewer system, waste management system and the Augusta Regional Airport. A table of the Government's outstanding debt can be found below.

#### The Government's Outstanding Debt General Obligation and Revenue Bonds

	Goveri			Business-type			,,				4-1		
	 Activ	vities	S		Activities			Total					
	 2021		2020		2021		2020		2021		2020		
Revenue bonds	\$ 72,683,656	\$	94,276,054	\$	458,257,250	\$	471,680,103	\$	530,940,906	\$	565,956,157		
Other debt	 257,306,510		298,020,882		86,816,274		96,418,931		344,122,784		394,439,813		
Total debt	\$ 329,990,166	\$	392,296,936	\$	545,073,524	\$	568,099,034	\$	875,063,690	\$	960,395,970		



#### Long-term Debt (Continued)

The Government's bond rating of Aa2 by Moody's Investor Service and AA by Standard and Poor's ("S&P") was confirmed in February 2018. The Government's bond ratings are clear indications of the sound financial condition of the Government. The high ratings are a primary factor in keeping interest costs low on the Government's outstanding debt.

The State of Georgia limits the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 10% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for the Government is \$539 million based on the 2021 County-wide bond digest of \$5.39 billion.

Additional information regarding the Government's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 of the Notes to the Financial Statements of this report.

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the continued stability of the Government:

- The U.S. Army moved the Army Cyber Command headquarters to Fort Gordon as the new home of the Cyber Center of Excellence. The scope and mission of Cyber Center of Excellence continues to expanded, increasing the number of military and civilian personnel required.
- Cape Augusta is renovating the Sibley Mill as a cyber-campus and data center. During 2021, Cape Augusta continued to expand its cyberworks project at the adjacent King Mill by announcing the market rate housing projects.
- The HUB for Community Innovation is a \$33.5 privately fund community resource center is scheduled to open in early 2022.
- Phase two of the Transportation Improvement Act of 201 (TIA) was approved on June 9, 2021. The regional impact is \$555 million, projects based in the County are budgeted at \$302 million. Collections for this phase will begin in 2023
- Phase 8 of the Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST) was approved on March 16, 2021. Collection for the \$250 million list of projects will begin January 1, 2022 and expected to last 7 years.
- The Government has received the following national and state rankings:
  - CNBC: Best City for a starter home.
  - U.S. News & World Report: One of the best places to retire.
  - Digital Journal: Ranked fourth in the top places to live in the U.S.
  - Association of County Commissioners of Georgia County of Excellence award.
  - Forbes Travel Guide: Why Augusta, Georgia, may be the South's best-kept secret.
  - WalletHub.com ranked Augusta #8 recently for Best Cities to Start a Business.
  - Credit.com named Augusta as one of the most affordable housing markets in the United States for first-time homebuyers.
- The Government has an unemployment rate of 3.5%, which is slightly higher than the state average of 3.3%.

#### Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2021

Each year, the Government's overall goal is to provide essential services to our citizens as cost effectively and professionally as possible. Available resources must be allocated in a manner that balances the basic needs of our citizens for public safety and infrastructure with those associated that provide an enhanced quality of life, such as recreation and cultural arts. The Augusta Commission works diligently to plan for the future while ensuring current programs and services are working as smoothly as possible. We continually seek to improve.

**Governmental Activities.** Ad Valorem Taxes as well as Local Option Sales Taxes are projected to increase slightly above the 2020 levels. Other taxes are expected to remain stable. The FY 2021 budget for the general fund is expected to be slightly above the 2020 level, primarily due to increases in salaries as a result of the adoption of a living wage initiative. Also increasing expenditures levels are the costs related to the continuing Covid-19 pandemic. The general economic climate for the City government of 2021 is expected to be stable.

**Business–type Activities.** Water and Sewer charges for services revenue is projected to increase slightly with the anticipation of additional customers.

#### **Requests for Information**

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Government's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Finance Director, Augusta, Georgia, 535 Telfair Street, Suite 800, Augusta, Georgia 30901. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report relating to the Richmond County Board of Health should be directed to the Department of Health at 950 Laney Walker Blvd., Augusta, Georgia 30901. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report relating to Augusta Canal Authority should be directed to Augusta Canal Authority, 1450 Greene Street, Suite 400, Augusta, Georgia 30903. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report relating to Downtown Development Authority should be directed to Downtown Development Authority, 922 Ellis Street, Suite 100, Augusta, Georgia 30901.

# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Primary Government	
	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 245,298,674	\$ 91,557,663	\$ 336,856,337
Investments	59,720,440	13,594,558	73,314,998
Taxes receivable	5,709,709	-	5,709,709
Accounts receivable, net of allowances Interest receivable	9,406,007 23,860	34,715,581 38,554	44,121,588 62,414
Notes receivable	1,496,052	15,043,405	16.539.457
Due from other governments	12.408.151	3,443,283	15,851,434
Due from component units	73,584	3,443,203	73,584
Internal balances	1.450.791	(1,450,791)	75,504
Inventories	166,431	2,036,520	2,202,951
Prepaid expenses	385,984	2,000,020	385,984
Restricted assets, cash and cash equivalents	7,520,952	62,047,922	69,568,874
Restricted assets, investments	-	8,031,196	8,031,196
Non-current - prepaid items	-	7,764,128	7,764,128
Other assets	3,543,272	-	3,543,272
Capital assets:	- , ,		-,,
Non-depreciable	254,773,308	73,040,275	327,813,583
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	520,965,534	698,713,409	1,219,678,943
Total assets	1,122,942,749	1,008,575,703	2,131,518,452
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension	25.277.123	5,907,663	31,184,786
Other post-employment benefit	62,567,730	9,541,078	72,108,808
Deferred charge on refunding	587,357	1,558,461	2,145,818
Total deferred outflows of resources	88,432,210	17,007,202	105,439,412
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	10,760,122	15,383,759	26,143,881
Accounts payable from restricted assets	-	-	
Accrued liabilities	8,591,776	5,034,490	13,626,266
Unearned revenue	35,083,132	-	35,083,132
Due to other governments	4,500	-	4,500
Claims payable due within one year	1,565,370	-	1,565,370
Claims payable due in more than one year	391,343	-	391,343
Payable from restricted assets - current maturities of long-term debt	-	17,385,000	17,385,000
Note payable due within one year	-	793,540 9,257,019	793,540 9,257,019
Note payable due in more than one year Capital leases due within one year	-	9,257,019 292,784	9,257,019 292,784
Capital leases due in more than one year	_	776,441	776,441
Bonds payable due within one year	3,207,000	-	3,207,000
Bonds payable due in more than one year	69,476,656	440,872,250	510,348,906
Compensated absences due within one year	4,295,055	974,185	5,269,240
Compensated absences due in more than one year	2,863,370	649,456	3,512,826
Net pension liability due in more than one year	33,649,079	7,864,323	41,513,402
Total other post-employment benefit liability due in more than one year	197,654,293	30,140,699	227,794,992
Landfill post-closure care costs due in more than one year	-	36,067,827	36,067,827
Certificates of participation due in more than one year	16,888,000	-	16,888,000
Total liabilities	384,429,696	565,491,773	949,921,469
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred charge on refunding	-	5,084,819	5,084,819
Pension	34,347,925	8,027,655	42,375,580
Other post-employment benefit	-	-	-
Deferred revenue - effective hedge	3,543,272	-	3,543,272
Deferred inflows relating to capital projects	-	-	
Total deferred inflows of resources	37,891,197	13,112,474	51,003,671
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	686,754,543	299,740,507	986,495,050
Restricted for:			
Judicial	709,992	-	709,992
Perpetual care:			
Expendable	206,456	-	206,456
Non-expendable	528,433	-	528,433
Public safety	30,235,387	-	30,235,387
Public works Housing and development	15,170,621 5,656,200	-	15,170,621
Capital outlay	5,656,200 146,295,502	- 55,709,547	5,656,200 202,005,049
Debt service	1,042,639	13,479,356	14,521,995
Other purposes		-	
Unrestricted	(97,545,707)	78,049,248	(19,496,459)
Total net position	\$ 789,054,066	\$ 446,978,658	\$ 1,236,032,724
,		-,,->-	

20

		 Compor	ent Units	S		
Depar	ond County rtment of ealth	 Augusta Canal Authority	[ De	Downtown evelopment Authority	Ricl	Augusta- mond County Coliseum Authority
\$	6,182,244	\$ 1,750,110 613,412	\$	24,287	\$	10,357,96
	-			-		111,35
	152,660	135,293		5,000		87,15
	-	-		-		
	- 1,610,128	-		-		
	-	-		-		
	-	-		-		40.50
	-	31,224 26,368		- 1,260		43,50 397,02
	-	531,350		849,978		129,92
	-	-		-		
	-	-		-		
	401,369	33,845		-		
	1,997,997	1,811,191		-		7,674,16
	5,621,055	 15,489,576		516,857		9,463,76
	15,965,453	 20,422,369		1,397,382		28,264,86
	1,966,185					
	1,204,242	-		-		
	-	 -		-		
	3,170,427	 -				
	217,977	15,537		2,659		2,193,59
	-	-		5,000		_,,
	68,533	20,763		146,990		
	48,638	319,573 -		-		
	-	73,584		-		
	-	-		-		1,555,05
	-	-		-		1,000,00
	-	-		-		
	-	-		-		
	-	-		-		
	<del>-</del>			-		
	336,252 314,469	53,074		-		
	9,112,568	-		-		
	2,362,942	-		-		
	-	-		-		
	12,461,379	 482,531		154,649		3,748,65
	-	-		-		
	2,347,059 3,731	-		-		
	-	-		-		
	-	 -		774,631		
	2,350,790	 -		774,631		
	7,619,052	17,300,767		516,857		17,137,93
	-	-		-		
	-	-		-		
	-	-		-		
	-	-		-		
	-	- 531,350		-		129,92
	-	-		-		885,71
	4,502,557 (7,797,898)	۔ 2,107,721		75,347 (124,102)		6,362,64
	4,323,711	\$ 19,939,838	\$	468,102	\$	24,516,21

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

			Program Revenues					
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and ontributions		Capital Grants and ontributions
Primary government								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	52,634,825	\$	17,243,485	\$	3,685,425	\$	231,735
Judicial		25,277,951		3,611,529		1,575,231		-
Public safety		121,616,606		12,392,378		11,552,200		1,103,759
Public works		28,466,160		5,292,057		28,035		4,485,358
Health and welfare		6,764,180		6,559		727,215		-
Culture and recreation		17,621,313		3,128,800		2,290		-
Housing and development		27,143,107		7,620,594		11,317,548		-
Interest on long-term debt		4,948,740		-		-		-
Total governmental activities		284,472,881		49,295,402		28,887,944		5,820,852
Business-type activities:								
Water and sewer system		87,377,730		95,613,743		-		-
Augusta Regional Áirport		19,073,212		16,190,326		-		18,147,311
Garbage collection		20,940,926		20,180,972		-		-
Waste management		25,098,206		16,406,583		-		-
Transit		8,410,142		5,510,293		-		336,466
Daniel Field Airport		374,875		138,352		-		41,598
Stormwater utility		12,821,772		14,518,536		-		-
Total business-type activities		174,096,863		168,558,805	_	-		18,525,375
Total primary government	\$	458,569,744	\$	217,854,207	\$	28,887,944	\$	24,346,227
Component units								
Richmond County Department of Health	\$	25.180.477	\$	6,819,321	\$	19.870.879	\$	-
Augusta Canal Authority	Ŧ	2,287,099	Ŧ	1,026,045	Ŧ	391.717	Ŧ	415,500
Downtown Development Authority		297,507				163,700		5,722
Augusta-Richmond County Coliseum Authority		3,197,465		778,624				
Total component units	\$	30,962,548	\$	8,623,990	\$	20,426,296	\$	421,222

General revenues: Property taxes Franchise taxes Sales taxes Insurance premium taxes Other Unrestricted investment earnings Gain on sale of capital assets Transfers Total general revenues and transfers Change in net position Net position, beginning of year Net position, end of year

							Augusta-
overnmental Business-Type Activities Activities		Total	Richmond Coun Department of Health	у 	Augusta Canal Authority	Downtown Development Authority	Richmond County Coliseum Authority
(31,474,180)	\$ -	\$ (31,474,180)	\$	- \$	· -	\$-	\$
(20,091,191)	-	(20,091,191)	Ŧ		-	· -	Ŧ
(96,568,269)	-	(96,568,269)		-	-	-	
(18,660,710)	-	(18,660,710)		-	-	-	
(6,030,406)	-	(6,030,406)		-	-	-	
(14,490,223)	-	(14,490,223)		-	-	-	
(8,204,965)	_	(8,204,965)		_	_	_	
(4,948,740)		(4,948,740)					
(200,468,683)		(200,468,683)		<u> </u>			
(200,400,003)	<u>_</u>	(200,400,000)		<u> </u>			
-	8,236,013	8,236,013		-	-	-	
-	15,264,425	15,264,425		-	-	-	
-	(759,954)	(759,954)		-	-	-	
-	(8,691,623)	(8,691,623)		-	-	-	
-	(2,563,383)	(2,563,383)		-	-	-	
-	(194,925)	(194,925)		-	-	-	
-	1,696,764	1,696,764		-	-	-	
-	12,987,317	12,987,317		-	-	-	
(200,468,683)	12,987,317	(187,481,366)			-	<u>-</u>	
-	-	-	1,509,	23	-	-	
-	-	-		-	(453,837)	-	
-	-	-		-	-	(128,085)	
-	-	-		-	-	-	(2,418,84
-	-	-	1,509,	23	(453,837)	(128,085)	(2,418,84
80,073,638	-	80,073,638		-	-	-	
21,855,820	-	21,855,820		-	-	-	
105,002,661	-	105,002,661		-	-	-	
16,244,986	-	16,244,986		-	-	-	0.017.00
11,210,423	-	11,210,423		-	7,069	-	8,947,86
956,370	1,017,098	1,973,468		'53	9,862	-	21,58
3,604,273	3,628	3,607,901		-	-	-	
(2,831,460)	2,831,460	-			-	-	
236,116,711	3,852,186	239,968,897		'53	16,931	-	8,969,45
35,648,028	16,839,503	52,487,531	1,510,4		(436,906)	(128,085)	6,550,61
753,406,038	430,139,155	1,183,545,193	2,813,2		20,376,744	596,187	17,965,59
789,054,066	\$ 446,978,658	\$ 1,236,032,724	\$ 4,323,	'11 \$	5 19,939,838	\$ 468,102	\$ 24,516,21

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

		General		pecial Sales ax Phase 7		Fire Protection	Red	Urban development Agency		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	G	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS								<u> </u>				
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Taxes receivable Accounts receivable, net Interest receivable Notes receivable Due from other governments Due from other funds Due from component units Prepaid expenditures Inventory Restricted cash	\$	38,600,112 4,041,163 5,510,601 3,985,971 6,014,491 73,584 282,796 166,431	\$	94,897,093 - - - - - 4,843,180 - - - - -	\$	4,452,673 20,951,054 578,249 - - 130,059 - 16,092	\$	- - 2,762 - 7,129,548	\$	102,845,469 22,443,813 1,090,297 3,302,129 23,860 1,496,052 3,448,941 2,857 - 87,096 - 391,404	\$	240,795,347 43,394,867 5,709,709 8,812,730 23,860 1,496,052 12,408,151 6,020,110 73,584 385,984 166,431 7,520,952
Total assets	\$	58,675,149	\$	99,740,273	\$	26,128,127	\$	7,132,310	\$	135,131,918	\$	326,807,777
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u></u>	, .		<u> </u>	<u></u>		<u> </u>	<u>,                                 </u>
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Due to other governments Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$	4,096,167 5,330,682 1,049,649 - 173,253 10,649,751	\$	616,199 21,380 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$	656,053 450,530 - - - 1,106,583	\$	673 - - 5,738,649 5,739,322	\$	2,571,738 131,765 34,033,483 4,500 743,563 37,485,049	\$	7,940,830 5,934,357 35,083,132 4,500 6,655,465 55,618,284
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue -												
notes receivable Unavailable revenue -		-		-		-		-		2,531,141		2,531,141
property taxes Total deferred inflows		2,071,046		-		333,575	. <u> </u>	-		1,433,536		3,838,157
of resources		2,071,046		-		333,575		-		3,964,677		6,369,298
FUND BALANCES Non-spendable: Prepaid expenditures Inventory Restricted for:		282,796 166,431 -		-		16,092 - -		-		87,096 - 3,324,299		385,984 166,431 3,324,299
General government Judicial Perpetual care:		-		-		-		-		709,992		709,992
Expendable Non-expendable Public safety Public works Housing and development		- - -		- - -		- - 24,671,877 - -		- - - 1,392,988		206,456 528,433 5,563,510 15,170,621 4,263,212		206,456 528,433 30,235,387 15,170,621 5,656,200
Capital outlay Debt service Committed to: Public works - stormwater		-		99,102,694 - -		-		-		47,192,808 1,042,639 82,650		146,295,502 1,042,639 82,650
Housing and development Capital outlay Assigned to:		-		-		-		-		6,097,536 10,661,363		6,097,536 10,661,363
Risk management Unassigned Total fund balances		4,525,000 40,980,125 45,954,352		- - 99,102,694		- - 24,687,969		- - 1,392,988		- (1,248,423) 93,682,192		4,525,000 39,731,702 264,820,195
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	58,675,149	\$	99,740,273	\$	26,128,127	\$	7,132,310	\$	135,131,918	\$	326,807,777
resources, and fully balances	φ	30,073,149	φ	33,140,213	φ	20,120,121	ψ	1,132,310	φ	100,101,010	φ	520,007,777

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 264,820,195
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	775,736,010
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are reported as unavailable revenues in the funds.	6,369,298
Total other post-employment benefit liability and the related deferred inflows are not a financial liability in governmental fund activities and, therefore, is not reported in governmental funds.	(135,086,563)
Net pension liability and the related deferred outflows and inflows included in governmental activities is not a financial liability and, therefore, is not reported in governmental funds.	(42,719,881)
Certain long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(81,556,295)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of fleet management, insurance, and participation in the Georgia Municipal Association Certificates of Participation program to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the	
statement of net position.	 1,491,302
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 789,054,066

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Item 6.

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	General	Special Sales Tax Phase 7	Fire Protection	Urban Redevelopment Agency	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ 61,587,181	\$-	\$ 8,458,256	\$-	\$ 10,012,966	\$ 80,058,403
Franchise taxes	21,855,820	· ·	-	· ·	· · · · -	21,855,820
Sales taxes	38,245,679	46,462,675	-	-	20,294,307	105.002.661
Insurance premium taxes		-	16,244,986	-		16,244,986
Other taxes	4.914.829	-	481.760	-	5.813.834	11.210.423
Licenses and permits	1,049,681		-	-	6,477,076	7,526,757
Intergovernmental	5,748,715			-	28.813.044	34,561,759
Charges for services	22,093,003		453,312		10,370,656	32,916,971
Fines and forfeitures	3,728,946	_	100,012	_	1,036,303	4,765,249
Interest revenue	511,054	95,232	23,660	63	178,313	808,322
Other revenues	1,344,766	55,252	36,579	812,920	1,892,159	4,086,424
Total revenues	161,079,674	46,557,907	25,698,553	812,920	84,888,658	319,037,775
Total revenues	101,079,074	40,557,907	25,090,555	012,903	04,000,000	319,037,775
Expenditures Current:						
General government	38,248,939	-	-	-	4,146,292	42.395.231
Judicial	23,877,410	-	-	-	1,001,909	24,879,319
Public safety	73.996.506	-	31.381.139	-	5,924,259	111,301,904
Public works	5,679,050		-	-	15,235,529	20,914,579
Health and welfare	1.577.691	_	_	_	10,200,020	1.577.691
Culture and recreation	14,428,163				1,298,187	15,726,350
Housing and development	1,860,925			88,647	25,018,150	26,967,722
Intergovernmental payments	1,000,920	400.000	-	00,047	8.003.306	8.403.306
Capital outlay	-	,	-	-	-,,	-,,
Debt service:	-	15,713,601	-	-	16,436,198	32,149,799
				07 070 000	14 040 000	40.040.000
Principal	-	-	-	27,679,000	14,640,000	42,319,000
Interest	-	-	-	6,125,966	456,790	6,582,756
Fiscal agent fees	-	-	-	2,800	1,400	4,200
Bond issuance cost	-	-	-	-	240,000	240,000
Total expenditures	159,668,684	16,113,601	31,381,139	33,896,413	92,402,020	333,461,857
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over (under)						
expenditures	1,410,990	30,444,306	(5,682,586)	(33,083,430)	(7,513,362)	(14,424,082)
Other financing sources (uses) Issuance of debt	_	_	_	_	21,795,000	21,795,000
Proceeds from sale of assets	433,070	-	10,025	31,087,633	21,100,000	31,530,728
Transfers in	7,254,785	- 1,021,920	7.616.170	3,327,300	- 10.085.726	29,305,901
Transfers out		, ,	,, -		-,, -	, ,
	(3,432,979)	(2,201,200)	(1,000,000)	(2,265,000)	(23,238,182)	(32,137,361)
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,254,876	(1,179,280)	6,626,195	32,149,933	8,642,544	50,494,268
Net change in fund balances	5,665,866	29,265,026	943,609	(933,497)	1,129,182	36,070,186
Fund balance, beginning of year	40,288,486	69,837,668	23,744,360	2,326,485	92,553,010	228,750,009
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 45,954,352	\$ 99,102,694	\$ 24,687,969	\$ 1,392,988	\$ 93,682,192	\$ 264,820,195

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 36,070,186
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	13,635,625
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.	(27,926,455)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	15,235
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	22,179,755
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(8,364,430)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of fleet management, insurance, and participation in the Georgia Municipal Association Certificates of Participation program to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	 38,112
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 35,648,028

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Item 6.

#### GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES · BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgete	Budgeted Amounts		Variance with Final	2020	
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget	Actual	
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ 58,784,070	\$ 58,784,070	\$ 61,587,181	\$ 2,803,111	\$ 57,202,322	
Franchise taxes	23,296,020	23,296,020	21,855,820	(1,440,200)	24,011,831	
Sales taxes	33,698,500	33,698,500	38,245,679	4,547,179	34,068,247	
Other taxes	4,465,000	4,465,000	4,914,829	449,829	4,190,882	
Licenses and permits	1,661,300	1,661,300	1,049,681	(611,619)	1,721,080	
Intergovernmental	6,505,170	7,726,430	5,748,715	(1,977,715)	18,152,761	
Charges for services	23,151,790	23,151,790	22,093,003	(1,058,787)	21,071,133	
Fines and forfeitures	4,433,360	4,518,210	3,728,946	(789,264)	3,992,597	
Interest and penalties	1,250,800	1,250,800	511,054	(739,746)	332,281	
Other revenues	8,617,260	8,829,280	1,344,766	(7,484,514)	1,019,675	
Total revenues	165,863,270	167,381,400	161,079,674	(6,301,726)	165,762,809	
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	40,610,020	43,887,200	38,248,939	5,638,261	46,777,919	
Judicial	25,699,160	27,066,290	23,877,410	3,188,880	22,806,046	
Public safety	74,114,670	76,653,760	73,996,506	2,657,254	64,580,219	
Public works	7,142,470	7,241,350	5,679,050	1,562,300	5,635,259	
Health and welfare	1,766,860	1,776,060	1,577,691	198,369	1,614,775	
Culture and recreation	17,262,870	17,427,730	14,428,163	2,999,567	14,369,054	
Housing and development	2,040,410	2,080,700	1,860,925	219,775	1,867,646	
Total expenditures	168,636,460	176,133,090	159,668,684	16,464,406	157,650,918	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(2,773,190)	(8,751,690)	1,410,990	10,162,680	8,111,891	
Other financing sources (uses)						
Proceeds from the sale of assets	395.260	395.260	433.070	37.810	460.890	
Transfers in	2,655,810	8,044,710	7,254,785	(789,925)	2,596,602	
Transfers out	(2,930,280)	(2,930,280)	(3,432,979)	(502,699)	(10,037,268)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	120,790	5,509,690	4,254,876	(1,254,814)	(6,979,776)	
Net change in fund balance	(2,652,400)	(3,242,000)	5,665,866	8,907,866	1,132,115	
Fund balance, beginning of year	40,288,486	40,288,486	40,288,486		39,156,371	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 37,636,086	\$ 37,046,486	\$ 45,954,352	\$ 8,907,866	\$ 40,288,486	

#### FIRE PROTECTION FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	v	d Amounts		Variance with Final	2020
_	Original	Final	Actual	Budget	Actual
Revenues Property taxes Insurance premium taxes Other taxes Charges for services	\$ 8,233,070 15,042,240 481,760 1,901,720	\$ 8,233,070 15,042,240 481,760 3,481,720	\$ 8,458,256 16,244,986 481,760 453,312	\$ 225,186 1,202,746 - (3,028,408)	\$ 8,103,090 15,729,725 597,310 1,396,652
Interest and penalties	100,000	100,000	23,660	(76,340)	129,623
Other revenues	-		36,579	36,579	40
Total revenues	25,758,790	27,338,790	25,698,553	(1,640,237)	25,956,440
Expenditures Current: Public safety	32,037,290	33,954,960	31,381,139	2,573,821	29,502,477
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(6,278,500)	(6,616,170)	(5,682,586)	933,584	(3,546,037)
<b>Other financing sources</b> Proceeds from the sale of assets Transfers in Transfers out	- 6,278,500 -	7,616,170 (1,000,000)	10,025 7,616,170 (1,000,000)	10,025 - -	10,382 6,278,500 -
Total other financing sources	6,278,500	6,616,170	6,626,195	10,025	6,288,882
Net change in fund balances	-	-	943,609	943,609	2,742,845
Fund balance, beginning of year	23,744,360	23,744,360	23,744,360		21,001,515
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 23,744,360	\$ 23,744,360	\$ 24,687,969	\$ 943,609	\$ 23,744,360

#### URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Budgeted Amounts		Variance with Final	2020	
_	Original	Final	Actual	Budget	Actual	
Revenues						
Interest and penalties	\$ -	\$-	\$ 63	\$ 63	\$ 23,500	
Other revenues	876,000	876,000	812,920	(63,080)	1,141,594	
Total revenues	876,000	876,000	812,983	(63,017)	1,165,094	
Expenditures						
Current:						
Housing and development	138,660	138,660	88,647	50,013	3,519,964	
Debt service:						
Principal	3,160,000	3,160,000	27,679,000	(24,519,000)	12,010,000	
Interest	2,055,110	2,055,110	6,125,966	(4,070,856)	2,674,874	
Fiscal agent fees	15,390	15,390	-	15,390	11,223	
Bond issuance costs			2,800	(2,800)	243,500	
Total expenditures	5,369,160	5,369,160	33,896,413	(28,527,253)	18,459,561	
Deficiency of revenues						
under expenditures	(4,493,160)	(4,493,160)	(33,083,430)	(28,590,270)	(17,294,467)	
Other financing sources						
Issuance of debt					12,899,000	
Proceeds from the sale of assets	64,520	64,520	31,087,633	31,023,113	237,097	
Transfers in	6,693,640	6,693,640	3,327,300	(3,366,340)	3,324,470	
Transfers out	(2,265,000)	(2,265,000)	(2,265,000)	-	(50,000)	
Total other financing sources	4,493,160	4,493,160	32,149,933	27,656,773	16,410,567	
Net change in fund balances	-	-	(933,497)	(933,497)	(883,900)	
Fund balance, beginning of year	2,326,485	2,326,485	2,326,485		3,210,385	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 2,326,485	\$ 2,326,485	\$ 1,392,988	\$ (933,497)	\$ 2,326,485	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Item 6.

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Water and Sewer System	Augusta Regional Airport	Garbage Collection	Stormwater Utility
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS	¢ 00.000.000	¢ 40,400,500	¢ 40.470.000	¢ 0.444.000
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 28,233,620	\$ 16,109,568 1,699,450	\$ 18,172,338	\$ 6,444,920
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	23,018,913	977,746	3,475,297	2,516,247
Notes receivable	15,043,405		-	-
Interest receivable Due from other funds	-	38,512	- 172,124	-
Due from other governments	-	3,443,283		-
Inventory	1,950,412	86,108	-	-
Restricted cash	46,365,764	12,020,857	-	-
Restricted investments	-	8,031,196	-	-
Total current assets	114,612,114	42,406,720	21,819,759	8,961,167
NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
Prepaid bond insurance	1,090,002	-	-	-
Prepaid bond interest	6,674,126	-	-	-
Advance to other funds	-	-	-	-
Other assets Capital assets:	-	-	-	-
Non-depreciable	36,024,487	12,433,763	294,342	-
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	534,277,130	103,699,922	3,951,291	11,590,407
Total non-current assets	578,065,745	116,133,685	4,245,633	11,590,407
Total assets	692,677,859	158,540,405	26,065,392	20,551,574
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension	3.053.902	1.240.544	173.954	909.835
Other post-employment benefit	5,089,469	2,647,466	-	-
Deferred charges on refunding	1,558,461			
Total deferred outflows of resources	9,701,832	3,888,010	173,954	909,835
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Payable from current assets:				
Accounts and retainage payable	6,158,939	1,815,725	2,912,614	440,831
Accrued expenses	4,791,623	125,525	12,823	54,171
Due to other funds	198,993	2,062,311	-	-
Capital lease payable - current portion	292,784	-	-	-
Notes payable - current portion	793,540	-	-	-
Compensated absences - current portion	574,879 12,810,758	<u>214,815</u> 4,218,376	13,772	94,231 589,233
	12,010,700	4,210,010	2,000,200	000,200
Payable from restricted assets:				
Bonds payable - current portion	16,470,000	445,000		<u> </u>
	16,470,000 29,280,758	445,000	2.939.209	- 589.233
Total current liabilities	29,280,758	4,663,376	2,939,209	589,233
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Advance from other funds	45,066	265,406	-	-
Capital lease payable - long-term portion	776,441	-	-	-
Notes payable - long-term portion Compensated absences - long-term portion	9,257,019 383,252	- 143,210	- 9,181	- 62,820
Bonds payable - long-term portion	427,658,408	8,615,363	ਤ, IOI -	02,020
Net pension liability	4,065,376	1,651,420	231,570	- 1,211,178
Total other post-employment benefit liability	16,077,863	8,363,466		-
Landfill post-closure care costs -	. ,	. ,		
long-term portion	-	-	-	-
Certificates of participation	-	-	-	-
Total long-term liabilities	458,263,425	19,038,865	240,751	1,273,998
Total liabilities	487,544,183	23,702,241	3,179,960	1,863,231

(Continued)

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total	Internal Service Funds
\$ 22,597,217	\$ 91,557,663	\$ 4,503,327
11,895,108	13,594,558	16,325,573
4,727,378	34,715,581	593,277
-	15,043,405	-
42	38,554	-
2,595,855	2,767,979	730,116
-	3,443,283	-
-	2,036,520	-
3,661,301	62,047,922	-
-	8,031,196	
45,476,901	233,276,661	22,152,293
-	1,090,002	-
-	6,674,126	-
6,576,742	6,576,742	830,667
-	-	3,543,272
24,287,683	73,040,275	
45,194,659	698,713,409	2,832
76,059,084	786,094,554	4,376,771
121,535,985	1,019,371,215	26,529,064
529,428	5,907,663	-
1,804,143	9,541,078	
-	1,558,461	
2,333,571	17,007,202	-
4,055,650	15,383,759	2,819,292
50,348	5,034,490	2,312,561
562,493	2,823,797	38,943
-	292,784	-
-	793,540	-
76,488	974,185	-
4,744,979	25,302,555	5,170,796
470,000	17,385,000	
470,000	17,385,000	
5,214,979	42,687,555	5,170,796
7,096,937	7,407,409	
-	776,441	-
-	9,257,019	-
50,993	649,456	-
4,598,479	440,872,250	-
704,779	7,864,323	-
5,699,370	30,140,699	-
36,067,827	36,067,827	-
-	-	
36,067,827 - 54,218,385 59,433,364	36,067,827 	- 16,888,000 16,888,000 22,058,796

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	 Water and Sewer System	 Augusta Regional Airport	 Garbage Collection	 Stormwater Utility
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred charge on refunding Pension Deferred revenue - effective hedge	\$ 5,084,819 4,149,808 -	\$ ۔ 1,685,718 -	\$ 236,380	\$ - 1,236,333 -
Total deferred inflows of resources	 9,234,627	 1,685,718	 236,380	 1,236,333
<b>NET POSITION</b> Net investment in capital assets Restricted for capital outlay Restricted for debt service Unrestricted	 112,417,282 36,993,392 8,482,157 47,708,050	 107,073,322 18,716,155 1,335,898 9,915,081	 4,245,633 - - 18,577,373	 11,590,407 - - 6,771,438
Total net position	\$ 205,600,881	\$ 137,040,456	\$ 22,823,006	\$ 18,361,845

Adjustment to reflect consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds Net position of business type activities

Nonmaj Enterpri Funds	se	То	otal		Internal Service Funds
3	- \$		5,084,819	\$	-
7	19,416		8,027,655		-
			-		3,543,272
7	19,416		13,112,474		3,543,272
64,4	13,863	29	99,740,507		2,832
	-	Ę	55,709,547		-
3,6	61,301		13,479,356		-
(4,3	58,388)		78,613,554	-	924,164
63,7	16,776	44	17,542,964	\$	926,996

(564,306) 446,978,658 \$

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	 Water and Sewer System	 Augusta Regional Airport	 Garbage Collection	 Stormwater Utility
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 94,668,027	\$ 16,103,245	\$ 20,180,972	\$ 14,518,536
Miscellaneous	945,716	87,081	-	-
Total operating revenues	 95,613,743	 16,190,326	 20,180,972	 14,518,536
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Personnel costs	17,345,298	7,755,133	913,099	4,523,719
Cost of sales and service	13,497,712	2,350,008	16,723,109	6,359,632
Supplies	11,869,919	3,277,090	1,208,157	243,699
Claims and damages	-	-	-	-
Administration	10,542,609	519,319	1,795,395	957,718
Depreciation expense	 18,546,517	 4,806,736	 301,962	 735,226
Total operating expenses	 71,802,055	 18,708,286	 20,941,722	 12,819,994
Operating income (loss)	 23,811,688	 (2,517,960)	 (760,750)	 1,698,542
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Bond issuance expense	(462,663)	-	-	-
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	(38,773)	-	2,598	450
Interest expense	(15,049,312)	(367,562)	-	-
Interest income	854,950	15,429	17,877	22,269
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	 (14,695,798)	 (352,133)	 20,475	 22,719
Income (loss) before contributions and				
transfers	 9,115,890	 (2,870,093)	 (740,275)	 1,721,261
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	 -	 18,147,311	 -	 -
TRANSFERS				
Transfers in	366,530	216,220	1,064,200	296,120
Transfers out	-		(225,000)	
Total transfers	 366,530	 216,220	 839,200	 296,120
Change in net position	9,482,420	15,493,438	98,925	2,017,381
NET POSITION, beginning of year	 196,118,461	 121,547,018	 22,724,081	 16,344,464
NET POSITION, end of year	\$ 205,600,881	\$ 137,040,456	\$ 22,823,006	\$ 18,361,845

Adjustment to reflect consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds Change in net position of business-type activities

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	 Total		Internal Service Funds
\$ 16,697,989	\$ 162,168,769	\$	48,033,407
 5,357,239 22,055,228	 6,390,036 168,558,805		2,255,154 50,288,561
	 · · ·		
4,284,144	34,821,393		701,217
14,485,400	53,415,861		5,710,394
8,563,473	25,162,338		1,583,187
-	-		6,282,312
2,656,290	16,471,331		36,044,973
3,571,785	 27,962,226		-
33,561,092	 157,833,149	·	50,322,083
(11,505,864)	 10,725,656		(33,522)
-	(462,663)		-
(102,938)	(138,663)		-
(230,658)	(15,647,532)		(234,679)
106,573	 1,017,098		295,085
(227,023)	 (15,231,760)		60,406
(44 700 007)	(4 500 404)		00.004
 (11,732,887)	 (4,506,104)		26,884
378,064	 18,525,375		-
1,113,390	3,056,460		-
-	 (225,000)		-
 1,113,390	 2,831,460		-
(10,241,433)	16,850,731		26,884
73,958,209			900,112
\$ 63,716,776		\$	926,996

(11,228) \$ 16,839,503

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Water and Sewer System		Augusta Regional Airport		Garbage Collection		Stormwater Utility
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$	98,329,806 (33,215,236) (19,306,271)	\$	13,835,930 (5,120,221) (6,856,987)	\$	20,607,254 (17,999,500) (971,459)	\$	14,169,009 (7,754,389) (4,778,523)
Net cash provided by operating activities		45,808,299		1,858,722		1,636,295		1,636,097
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Transfers in Transfers out		366,530		216,220		1,064,200 (225,000)		296,120
Net cash provided by non-capital and related financing activities	. <u> </u>	366,530		216,220		839,200		296,120
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Acquisitions of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets		(16,895,872)		(11,230,399)		(244,520) 3,075		- 450
Proceeds from issuance of notes receivable Proceeds from capital leases		(6,217,168) 829,894		-		-		-
Principal payments on capital leases Principal payments on notes payable Principal payments on bonds payable		(521,111) (770,116) (9,585,000)		- - (425,000)		-		-
Payments of bond issuance cost Capital grants received		(383,236)		(78,133) 18,147,311		-		-
Interest paid Net cash provided by (used in) capital		(17,906,955)		(367,562)		-		-
and related financing activities		(51,449,564)		6,046,217		(241,445)		450
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of investments Proceeds from sale of investments		-		- 1,541,826		-		-
Interest received Net cash provided by investing		- 854,950	·	23,951		- 17,877		- 22,269
activities		854,950		1,565,777		17,877		22,269
Change in cash and cash equivalents		(4,419,785)		9,686,936		2,251,927		1,954,936
Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning of year		79,019,169		18,443,489		15,920,411		4,489,984
End of year	\$	74,599,384	\$	28,130,425	\$	18,172,338	\$	6,444,920
Classified as:	\$	28 222 620	¢	16 100 500	¢	10 170 000	¢	6 444 000
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash	\$	28,233,620 46,365,764	\$	16,109,568 12,020,857	\$	18,172,338 -	\$	6,444,920 -
	\$	74,599,384	\$	28,130,425	\$	18,172,338	\$	6,444,920

(Continued)

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	 Total	 Internal Service Funds
\$ 25,578,653	\$ 172,520,652	\$ 50,845,833
(19,730,466)	(83,819,812)	(49,291,332)
 (3,672,618)	 (35,585,858)	 (681,957)
 2,175,569	 53,114,982	 872,544
1,113,390	3,056,460	-
 -	 (225,000)	 -
 1,113,390	 2,831,460	 <u> </u>
(789,468)	(29,160,259)	-
580	4,105	-
-	(6,217,168)	-
-	829,894	-
-	(521,111)	-
-	(770,116)	-
(455,000)	(10,465,000)	-
-	(461,369)	-
378,064	18,525,375	-
 (674,863)	 (18,949,380)	 (234,679)
 (1,540,687)	 (47,185,029)	 (234,679)
100,440	100,440	(860,008)
-	1,541,826	(000,000)
 107,046	 1,026,093	 295,085
 207,486	 2,668,359	 (564,923)
1,955,758	11,429,772	72,942
 24,302,760	 142,175,813	 4,430,385
\$ 26,258,518	\$ 153,605,585	\$ 4,503,327
\$ 22,597,217	\$ 91,557,663	\$ 4,503,327
 3,661,301	 62,047,922	 -
\$ 26,258,518	\$ 153,605,585	\$ 4,503,327

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	,	Water and Sewer System	Augusta Regional Airport	Garbage Collection	Stormwater Utility
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to		•			
net cash provided by (used in) operating					
activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$	23,811,688	\$ (2,517,960)	\$ (760,750)	\$ 1,698,542
Adjustments to reconcile operating					
income (loss) to net cash					
provided by operating activities					
Depreciation		18,546,517	4,806,736	301,962	735,226
Change in assets and liabilities:					
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		3,033,650	568,723	380,618	(177,611)
Decrease in due from other funds		-	-	45,664	-
(Increase) decrease in advance to other funds		-	-	-	-
Increase in due from other governments		-	(2,992,276)	-	-
Decrease in prepaid expenses		-	-	-	-
Decrease in inventory		122,001	123,649	-	-
Decrease in other assets		-	-	-	-
Decrease in deferred outflows of resources-pension		1,850,100	663,504	93,956	445,516
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources-OPEB		1,668,393	(38,088)	-	-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		2,573,003	936,143	1,725,773	(202,677)
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses		57,288	23,901	1,388	9,337
Increase in post-closure liabilities		-	-	-	-
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		(118,594)	175,526	-	(171,916)
Increase (decrease) in advance from other funds		(198,993)	(106,369)	-	-
Increase in deferred inflows of resources-pension		3,621,760	1,480,695	207,532	1,090,392
Decrease in net pension liability		(6,741,221)	(2,544,394)	(358,803)	(1,775,512)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability		(2,202,664)	1,304,901	-	-
Decrease in compensated absences		(214,629)	 (25,969)	 (1,045)	 (15,200)
Net cash provided by					
operating activities	\$	45,808,299	\$ 1,858,722	\$ 1,636,295	\$ 1,636,097

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Nonmajor Enterprise		Internal Service					
 Funds	 Total		Funds				
\$ (11,505,864)	\$ 10,725,656	\$	(33,522)				
3,571,785	27,962,226		-				
(1,120,881)	2,684,499		(386,517)				
6,047,196	6,092,860		275,681				
(1,063,765)	(1,063,765)		685,626				
-	(2,992,276)		-				
21,402 69,159	21,402 314,809		-				
			1,350,202				
238,193	3,291,269		-				
49,215	1,679,520		-				
1,232,328	6,264,570		612,075				
15,441	107,355		(263,290)				
3,745,855	3,745,855		-				
41,139	(73,845)		(17,509)				
510,248	204,886		-				
636,761	7,037,140		-				
(986,772)	(12,406,702)		-				
685,895 (11,766)	(211,868) (268,609)		(1,350,202)				
\$ 2,175,569	\$ 53,114,982	\$	872,544				

#### AUGUSTA, GEORGIA

#### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Custodial		Pension	Private-purpose Trust Fund			
		Funds		Trust Funds		Joseph R. Lamar		
ASSETS	<u>^</u>	10 000 100	<b>^</b>	4 470 500	•	0.050		
Cash	\$	19,303,193	\$	4,178,586	\$	2,952		
Investments, at fair value: Government securities				7,046,348		E 000		
Common stock		-		, ,		5,000		
Mortgage backed securities		-		64,393,175 3,935,327		-		
Mutual funds		-		10,833,259		-		
Accounts receivable		-		2,770,214		-		
Taxes receivable		18,864,763		2,770,214		_		
Interest receivables				54,841				
Total assets		38,167,956		93,211,750		7,952		
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable		5,647,183		2,602,670		-		
Uncollected taxes		18,864,763		-		-		
Total liabilities		24,511,946		2,602,670		-		
NET POSITION								
Restricted for pension benefits		-		90,609,080		-		
Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments		13,656,010				7,952		
Total net position	\$	13,656,010	\$	90,609,080	\$	7,952		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### AUGUSTA, GEORGIA

#### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Cu	istodial		Pension	Private-purpose Trust Fund			
		Funds		Trust Funds		Joseph R. Lamar		
ADDITIONS Contributions:								
Employer	\$		\$	4,605,675	\$			
Employee	φ	-	φ	4,005,075	φ	-		
Other receipts		_		20,101				
Total contributions				4,633,857				
				1,000,001				
Investment earnings:								
Interest		-		1,132		310		
Net increase in fair value of investments		-		13,505,488		-		
Net investment earnings		-		13,506,620		310		
Dther:								
Taxes		186,744,198		-		-		
Fines and fees		8,414,552		-		-		
Criminal and civil bonds		6,921,667		-		-		
Land condemnations		3,902,391		-		-		
Total additions		205,982,808		18,140,477		310		
DEDUCTIONS								
Benefits		-		9,335,514		-		
Administrative expenses		-		781,927		-		
Taxes and fees paid to other governments		189,288,243		-		-		
Payments to Board of Commissioners		3,411,250		-		-		
Other custodial disbursements		12,296,737				-		
Total deductions		204,996,230		10,117,441		-		
Change in net position		986,578		8,023,036		310		
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		12,669,432		82,586,044		7,642		
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	13,656,010	\$	90,609,080	\$	7,952		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

# NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Augusta, Georgia (the "Government") is located in the east central section of the state on the south bank of the Savannah River, which serves as the boundary between Georgia and South Carolina. The Government is on the fall line and has a landscape dotted with foothills which descend to the coastal plain. The Government is the head of the navigation on the Savannah River and is 135 miles east of Atlanta, 127 miles northwest of the port of Savannah, and 72 miles southwest of Columbia, South Carolina. The Government is the trade center for 13 counties in Georgia and five in South Carolina, a section known as the Central Savannah River Area.

The Government was created by legislative act in the State of Georgia in 1995 from the unification of the two governments, the City of Augusta, Georgia and Richmond County, Georgia. On June 20, 1995, the citizens of Richmond County and the City of Augusta voted to consolidate into one government named Augusta, Georgia. The officials for the new government were elected and, based on the charter, took office on January 1, 1996. The unified government combined all functions and began financial operations January 1, 1996.

The Government is governed by a full-time Mayor, with a term of four years, and a 10-member Commission, who serve on a part-time basis and are elected to staggered terms of four years. The Mayor and Commission appoint an Administrator who serves as a full-time administrative officer and is responsible for the daily operations of the Government.

The financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Government's accounting policies are described below.

## A. Reporting Entity

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the Government and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the Government's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the Government.

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

The **Richmond County Department of Health** (the "RCDH") was established pursuant to an act of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia in 1955. The RCDH is governed by a 12-member board consisting of one member of the Augusta-Richmond County Commission. The Government provides financial support to the RCDH and appoints a majority of the members. The RCDH has a June 30 year-end.

Separate financial statements for the RCDH can be obtained from its administrative office at 950 Laney Walker Blvd., Augusta, Georgia 30901.

#### A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units (Continued)**

Separate financial statements for the RCDH can be obtained from its administrative office at 950 Laney Walker Blvd., Augusta, Georgia 30901.

The **Augusta Canal Authority** (the "Canal Authority") was established pursuant to an act of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia in 1989. The Canal Authority is governed by a 12-member board. The Government provides financial support to the Canal Authority and appoints a majority of the members. Separate financial statements for the Canal Authority can be obtained from its administrative office at 1450 Greene Street, Suite 400, Augusta, Georgia 30903.

The **Downtown Development Authority** (the "DDA") was established pursuant to the Downtown Development Authority Law (Official Code of Georgia Annotated ("O.C.G.A.") §36-42-1, et seq. as amended with the power and authority to issue interest-bearing revenue bonds in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Revenue Bond Law of the State of Georgia O.C.G.A. §38-82-60 through 38-82-85). The DDA is governed by a seven-member board consisting of one member of the Augusta-Richmond County Commission. The Government provides financial support to the DDA and appoints a majority of the members. Separate financial statements for the DDA can be obtained from its administrative office at 936 Broad Street, Suite 107, Augusta, Georgia 30901.

The **Augusta-Richmond County Coliseum Authority** (the "Coliseum Authority") was established pursuant to an act of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia in 1973. The Coliseum Authority is governed by a seven-member board. The Government appoints a majority of the members and the Coliseum Authority is fiscally dependent on the Government. The Coliseum Authority has a June 30 year-end. Separate financial statements for the Coliseum Authority can be obtained from the Civic Center, 601 Seventh St., Augusta, Georgia 30901.

#### **Blended Component Units**

The **Urban Redevelopment Agency** (the "URA") was established pursuant to a resolution adopted by the Augusta-Richmond County Commission April 1, 2010, activating the URA in accordance with the O.C.G.A. Chapter 61 Title 36; §36-61-17(b), "Urban Redevelopment Law". The URA is governed by a five-member board. The Government appoints a majority of the members, the URA is fiscally dependent on the Government and the URA's debt is expected to be repaid almost entirely from the resources of the Government. Separate financial statements for the URA are not prepared.

# A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

#### **Blended Component Units (Continued)**

The **Augusta Port Authority** (the "Port Authority") was established pursuant to an act of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia in 1959. The Port Authority provides services exclusively to the Government. The mission of the Port Authority is to manage the resources and assets of the Savannah River and adjacent riverfront, to encourage and promote riverfront development, recreation, and tourism in the City of Augusta by way of economic development activities, events and special programs. The Port Authority is governed by a 12-member board. The Government provides financial support to the Port Authority and appoints a majority of the members. Separate financial statements for the Port Authority are not prepared.

**Richmond County Public Facilities, Inc.** is a non-profit organization, tax exempt under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3). The purpose of this organization is to construct and maintain buildings and equipment to be leased by the Government, the Department of Family and Children Services, and the Richmond County Board of Education. Richmond County Public Facilities, Inc. is part of the reporting entity of Augusta, Georgia, due to the services provided being exclusively to the Government.

Richmond County Public Facilities, Inc. issued Certificates of Participation to provide funds for the Government to refund the 1990 Certificates of Participation issue and for certain capital projects. The related assets are included in the financial statements of the Government as part of governmental activities. The Certificates of Participation were retired during 2001. Separate financial statements for Richmond County Public Facilities, Inc. are not prepared.

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial* resources measurement focus and the *modified accrual* basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period, if available criteria are met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Government.

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The Government reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the Government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Special Sales Tax Phase 7 Fund* accounts for the receipts and disbarments of the 1% sales tax approved by the taxpayers on November 3, 2015. Collection began April 1, 2016. The Government bonded \$26,115,000 in 2016 of the estimated \$215,550,000. The revenue sources are sales tax, earned interest and expenditures will be primarily for the following: \$41 million for public safety, including \$7.5 million for three new fire stations, \$15 million for public safety vehicles and \$15 million for a new radio system; \$28 million for recreation and quality of life projects; \$11 million for general government projects; \$70.15 million for infrastructure and \$52.5 million for government facilities.

The *Fire Protection Fund* is used to account for the receipts and disbursements of tax revenues restricted for fire protection. The primary revenue sources are insurance premiums and ad valorem taxes, and the primary expenditures are for public safety.

The **Urban Redevelopment Agency ("URA")** is used to account for the use of the related loan funds to assist the Government in alleviating economic deterioration.

The Government reports the following major business-type funds:

The *Water and Sewer System Fund* is used to account for the activity of providing water and sewer services to the residents of the Government. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

The *Augusta Regional Airport Fund* accounts for the operations of Augusta Regional Airport at Bush Field, the only airport within the County from which service from the major airlines is available.

The *Garbage Collection Fund* is used to account for receipt and expenses related to the Government's garbage collection contract.

The **Stormwater Utility Fund** is used to account for receipt and expenses related to the Stormwater Utility.

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Additionally, the Government reports the following fund types:

The **special revenue funds** account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes.

The *capital projects funds* are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

The *debt service funds* are used to account for the accumulation of resources that are restricted and assigned for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt.

The *permanent fund* accounts for the principal originally donated for the sale of perpetual care contracts at government-owned cemeteries after October 1, 1970. The principal must be maintained intact and invested.

The *custodial funds* are used to account for the collection and disbursement of monies by the Government on behalf of other governments and individuals, such as cash bonds, traffic fines, support payments and ad valorem and property taxes.

The *pension trust funds* account for all activities of the Government's employees' pension plans.

The *private purpose trust fund* accounts for resources legally held in trust to finance awards for children attending Joseph R. Lamar School. The principal amount of the gift is to be maintained intact and invested. Investment earnings are used for the awards.

The *internal service funds* account for all activities related to the Government's risk management, employee health benefits, worker's compensation, unemployment, long-term disability insurance, fleet operations, and GMA leases.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services provided. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

## D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Government maintains a cash and investment pool in which the General Fund and all funds share. Each fund's portion of the pool is displayed on its respective balance sheet as cash and cash equivalents and includes non-pooled cash and investments separately held. Funds which have an excess of outstanding checks over bank balance have had these balances reclassified as a due to the General Fund for purposes of financial statement presentation. Interest income is allocated to each fund monthly based on its average monthly balance.

For the purposes of financial statement presentation, the Government considers all highly liquid investments (including funds held by the State Treasurer in the Local Government Investment Pool of the State of Georgia ("Georgia Fund 1") and restricted funds) purchased with an original maturity of three months or less, or with insignificant early withdrawal penalties, to be cash equivalents. The investment in the Georgia Fund 1 represents the Government's portion of a pooled investment account operated by the office of the State Treasurer. The pool consists of U.S. Treasury obligations, securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government or any of its agencies or instrumentalities, bankers' acceptances, overnight and term repurchase agreements with highly rated counterparties, and collateralized bank accounts. The investment in the Georgia Fund 1 is stated at fair value. Exceptions include the Government's pension plans which classify only cash as cash equivalents in order to appropriately report investment activity. Cash equivalents include amounts in certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, and U.S. Treasury bills, and are stated at cost which approximates market. All deposits are stated at cost plus accrued interest, which reasonably estimates fair value.

The State statutes authorize the Government to invest in obligations of the United States government and agencies thereof, general obligations of the State of Georgia or any of its political subdivisions, or banks and savings and loan associations to the extent that they are secured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC").

#### E. Investments

Statutes authorize the Government to invest in U.S. Government obligations, U.S. Government agency obligations, State of Georgia obligations, and the Georgia Fund 1.

Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair values.

In accordance with O.C.G.A. Public Retirement System Investment Authority Law, Public Retirement Systems may invest in: 1) United States or Canadian corporations or their obligations, with limits as to the corporations' size and credit rating; 2) Repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements for direct obligations of the United States government and for obligations unconditionally guaranteed by agencies; 3) FDIC insured cash assets or deposits; 4) Bonds, notes, warrants, loans or other debt issued or guaranteed by the United States government; 5) Taxable bonds, notes, warrants or other securities issued and guaranteed by any state, the District of Columbia, Canada or any province in Canada; 6) Bonds, debentures, or other securities issued, insured or guaranteed by an agency, authority, unit, or corporate body created by the government of the United States of America; 7) Investment grade collateralized mortgage obligations; 8) Obligations issued, assumed or guaranteed by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development or the International Financial Corporation; 9) Bonds, debentures, notes and other evidence of indebtedness issued, assumed, or guaranteed by any solvent institution existing under the laws of the United States of America or of Canada, or any state or province thereof, which are not in default and are secured to a certain level; 10) Secured and unsecured obligations issued by any solvent institution existing under the laws of the United States of America or of Canada, or any state or province thereof, bearing interest at a fixed rate, with mandatory principal and interest due at a specified time with additional limits; 11) Equipment trust obligations or interests in transportation equipment, wholly or in part within the United States of America, and the right to receive determinate portions or related income; 12) Loans that are secured by pledge or securities eligible for investment; 13) Purchase money mortgages or like securities received upon the sale or exchange of real property acquired; 14) Secured mortgages or mortgage participation, passthrough, conventional pass-through, trust certificate, or other similar securities with restrictions; 15) Land and buildings on such land used or acquired for use as a fund's office for the convenient transaction of its own business with restrictions; and 16) Real property and equipment acquired under various circumstances.

Investments in the pension trust funds are reported at fair value. Cash deposits are reported at carrying amount which reasonably estimates fair value.

### F. Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance non-spendable account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

## G. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both governmental-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items are accounted for using the consumption method.

#### H. Inventory

Inventory in proprietary funds is valued at the lower of cost (first-in/first-out method) or market. Inventory in the General Fund, which is valued at cost (first-in/first-out method) consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Government as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to January 1, 2001, consist of the streets network that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to January 1, 1980. The streets network is reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend useful lives are expensed as incurred.

### I. Capital Assets (Continued)

Major outlays for capital assets and major improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Depreciation is provided on the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Primary Government	
Land and site improvements	30 years
Vehicles	5 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Machinery and equipment	10 years
Buildings and improvements	30 years
Water and sewer systems	30 – 70 years
Infrastructure	30 years

## J. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenses in the year the debt is issued.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums on the issue are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

## K. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Government provides for the accumulation of up to 43 days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Government's government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as leave is earned. The Government has assumed a first-in/first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

No accrual has been established for accumulated sick leave of employees since it is the Government's policy to record the cost of sick leave only when it is used.

# L. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Government has four items that qualify for reporting in this category. The *deferred charge on refunding* is reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded debt or the refunding debt. The *contributions* made by the Government's net pension plans before year-end but subsequent to the measurement date of the Government's net pension liability and total OPEB liability are also reported as deferred outflows of resources. Additionally, differences between actual expected and actual experience are amortized into pension expense over the remaining life service lives of plan members.

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### L. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Government has six types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes and other receivables, and these amounts are deferred and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period in which the amounts become available. An effective hedge is reported in the government-wide and internal service fund statements of net position. The effective hedge results from the change in market value of a swap agreement related to the Certificates of participation. The amount is deferred and will mature on June 1, 2028, at the same time as the Certificates of Participation. Deferred charge on refunding is reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded debt or the refunding debt. The other three items relate to the Government's defined benefit pension plans and are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund Statements of Net Position, under the heading Pension. Experience differences result from periodic studies by the Government's actuary, which adjust the net pension liability for actual experience for certain trend information that was previously assumed. These experience differences are recorded as deferred outflows of resources and are amortized into pension expense over the expected remaining service lives of plan members. Changes in the actuarial assumptions which adjust the net pension liability are also recorded as deferred inflows of resources and are amortized into pension expense over the expected remaining service lives of plan members. The difference between expected projected investment return on pension investments and actual return on those investments is also deferred and amortized against pension expense over a five-year period.

### M. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position."

# M. Fund Equity (Continued)

**Fund Balance** – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the assets and liabilities under the current financial resources measurement focus of accounting. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

- **Non-spendable** Fund balances are reported as non-spendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash, or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Government or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- Committed Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Augusta-Richmond County Commission through the adoption of a resolution. Only the Augusta-Richmond County Commission may modify or rescind the commitment or through resolution.
- Assigned Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the Government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Through resolution, the Government has authorized the Administrator and Finance Director to assign fund balances.
- Unassigned Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The Government reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the General Fund. Negative unassigned fund balances may be reported in all funds.

*Flow Assumptions* – When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the Government's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the Government's policy to use fund balance in the following order: 1) committed, 2) assigned, and 3) unassigned.

Item 6.

Item 6.

# NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## M. Fund Equity (Continued)

**Net Position** – Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources in reporting which utilizes the economic resources measurement focus. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used (i.e., the amount that the Government has spent) for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted using the same definition as used for restricted fund balance as described in the section above. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

The Government applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

# N. Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

# NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# A. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance – total governmental funds* and *net position – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "certain long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

Accrued interest payable	\$ (344,858)
Bonds payable	(72,200,000)
Unamortized premium on bonds	(483,656)
Deferred charge on refundings	587,357
Compensated absences	(7,158,425)
Claims and judgements payable	(1,956,713)
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total governmental funds	
to arrive at net position - governmental activities	\$ (81,556,295)

# NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 40,212,130
Depreciation expense	 (26,576,505)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of	
governmental activities	\$ 13,635,625

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position." The details of this difference are as follows:

Issuance of revenue bonds	\$ (21,795,000)
Deferred charge on refundings	587,357
Amortization of bond premiums	1,068,398
Payments on bonds payable	42,319,000
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of	
governmental activities	\$ 22,179,755

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# NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities (Continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

Accrued interest	\$ 457,140
Compensated absences	667,793
Claims and judgements	793,893
Net pension liability	8,164,782
Total other post-employment benefit liability	(18,448,038)
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of	 
governmental activities	\$ (8,364,430)

## NOTE 3. LEGAL COMPLIANCE – BUDGETS

#### A. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Government generally follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Budgetary hearings are held in August to discuss departmental budgets.
- 2. The Administrator presents the tentative budget to the Commission in October.
- 3. The permanent budget is legally adopted by the Commission prior to the start of the next year.
- 4. All budget revisions or changes must be approved as required by Georgia law and administrative policy. Transfer of budgeted amounts within operating categories within departments can be requested by department directors. Transfer of budget amounts involving capital outlay or salaries require approval of the Augusta-Richmond County Commission. The Augusta-Richmond County Commission must approve revisions that alter the total expenditures of any department or fund. Budgets for capital items may be re-appropriated in the ensuing year's budget. Departments may request for other budget items to be re-appropriated in the form of a budget adjustment, contingent upon the Commission's approval.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service Funds. Capital Projects Funds have project linked budgets.
- 6. Budgets for these funds are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP.

## NOTE 3. LEGAL COMPLIANCE – BUDGETS (CONTINUED)

### A. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

Budget information for expenditures represents the operating budget (as amended) as approved by the Augusta-Richmond County Commission.

### B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds. Encumbrances are recorded when purchase orders are issued, but are not considered expenditures until liabilities for payments are incurred. Encumbrances for outstanding purchase orders do not lapse at year-end.

## C. Excess Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the following funds had excess of actual expenditures over appropriations, which were funded by available fund balance:

	Excess
General Fund	
General government	
Board of elections - salaries	\$ (2,213
Tax commissioner - salaries	(42,372
Tax commissioner - operations	(516,109
Print shop - salaries	(5,29)
Other non-departmental - operations	(187,30)
Judicial	
Civil court - salaries	(42,68)
Jury clerk - salaries	(814
Public safety	
Emergency management - salaries	(8,99
Fire department - operations	(33,38)
Public works	
Traffic engineering - salaries	(32,390
Culture and recreation	
Musuems - operations	(514
ire Protection Fund	
Public safety - operations	(620,96
rban Redevelopmnet Agency	
Housing and development	
Debt service - principal	(24,519,000
Debt service - interest	(4,070,850
Bond issuance costs	(2,800
	(2,00)
Irban Services Distict	(00.00
General government	(82,86)
Jrban Development Action Grant	
Housing and development	(10)
owntown Development	
General government	(25
rug Court	
Public safety	(17,149
uilding Inspection	
General government	(8,723
Conoral govornmont	(0,723

# NOTE 4. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Total deposits and investments as of December 31, 2021, are summarized as follows:

Amounts as presented on the entity-wide statement of net position:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	336,856,337
Investments		73,314,998
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		69,568,874
Restricted investments		8,031,196
Amounts as presented on the fiduciary statement of net position:		
Cash and cash equivalents - Custodial Funds		19,303,193
Cash and cash equivalents - Pension Trust Funds		4,178,586
Investments - Pension Trust Funds		86,208,109
Cash and cash equivalents - Private-purpose Trust Fund		2,952
Investments - Private-purpose Trust Fund		5,000
Total	\$	597,469,245
Cash deposited with financial institutions	\$	429,909,942
Investments held at financial institutions	Ψ	167,559,303
	\$	597,469,245

As of December 31, 2021, the Government held the following investments (in thousands):

							l	nvestme	nt Mat	urities (	in Ye	ars)					
Investment Type		Fair Value		Less than 1		1 - 5		6 - 10		11 - 15		16 - 20		21 - 25		26 - 30	Ratin
Entity wide:																	
Guaranteed Inv. Contract	\$	15,266	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,266	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	AA-
Certificates of deposit		56,350		56,350		-		-		-		-		-		-	N/A
Government securities		9,624		4,532		5,092		-		-		-		-		-	AAA
Mortgage backed securities		106		36		70		-		-		-		-		-	AA+
		81,346		60,918	_	5,162	_	15,266		-		-		-	_	-	
Pension Trust Funds:																	
Government securities		7,047		-		5,673		-		-		-		1,374		-	AAA
Common stock		64,393		64,393		-		-		-		-		-		-	N/A
Mortgage backed securities		3,935		-		53		147		73		81		774		2,807	AA+
Mutual funds		10,833		10,833		-		-		-		-		-		-	N/A
		86,208		75,226		5,726		147		73		81	_	2,148		2,807	
Private Purpose Trust Fund:																	
Government securities		5		-		-		5		-		-		-		-	AA+
	_	5		-	_	-		5		-		-	_	-		-	
Total fair value	\$	167,559	\$	136,144	\$	10,888	\$	15,418	\$	73	\$	81	\$	2,148	\$	2,807	

## NOTE 4. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

**Credit Risk.** State statutes authorize the Government to invest in obligations of the State of Georgia or other states; obligations issued by the U.S. government; obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the U.S. government or by a government agency of the United States; obligations of any corporation of the U.S. government; prime bankers' acceptances; the local government investment pool established by state law; repurchase agreements; and obligations of other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia.

**Interest Rate Risk.** The Government's investment policy states that the Government will structure its portfolio to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities prior to their maturity. The policy also emphasizes the purchase of shorter term or more liquid investments. The policy does not place formal limits on investment maturities.

**Fair Value Measurements.** The Government categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Government has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2021:

Investment	Level 1	Level 2	Le	vel 3	Fair Value
Equity stocks	\$ 64,393,175	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 64,393,175
Mutual funds	10,833,259	-		-	10,833,259
Governmental bonds	16,676,360	-		-	16,676,360
Mortgage backed securities	 105,635	 3,935,327		-	 4,040,962
Total investments measured					
at fair value	\$ 92,008,429	\$ 3,935,327	\$		\$ 95,943,756
Investments not subject to					
level disclosure: Certicates of deposit					56,349,988
Investments recorded at cost:					
Guaranteed Investment Contract					 15,265,559
Total investments					\$ 167,559,303

The Government's investment in equity stocks, mutual funds, governmental bonds, and mortgage backed securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those investments. The investments in mortgage backed securities classified as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

## NOTE 4. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

**Fair Value Measurements (Continued).** The Guaranteed Investment Contract is a nonparticipating interest-earning investment contract and, accordingly, is recorded at cost.

**Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits.** The Government does not have a formal custodial credit risk policy. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require all deposits and investments (other than federal or state government instruments) to be collateralized by depository insurance, obligations of the U.S. government, or bonds of public authorities, counties, or municipalities. As of December 31, 2021, the Government did not have any balances exposed to custodial credit risk as uninsured and uncollateralized as defined by GASB pronouncements.

**Custodial Credit Risk – Investments.** Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require all investments (other than federal or state government instruments) to be collateralized by depository insurance, obligations of the U.S. government, or bonds of public authorities, counties, or municipalities.

**General Retirement and 1945 Pension Plans – Investments.** The Plan's policy in regard to investments, including the allocation of invested assets, is established and may be amended by the Retirement Plan's Management Committee by a majority vote of its members. The Plan is authorized to invest in obligations of the United States Treasury or its agencies and instrumentalities, collateralized mortgage obligations, asset and mortgage backed securities, taxable bonds that are obligations of any state and its agencies, instrumentalities, and political subdivisions, and in certificates of deposit of national or state banks that are fully insured or collateralized by United States obligations. Additionally, the Plan is authorized to invest in common stocks, money market instruments, and corporate bonds and debentures, which are not in default as to principal and interest.

The Plan's investment policy follows state guidelines for pension plans.

## NOTE 4. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

**General Retirement and 1945 Pension Plans** – **Credit and Interest Rate Risk.** It is the Plan's policy to limit investments in common or preferred stock of a corporation to those corporations listed on one or more of the recognized national stock exchanges in the United States of America, or those traded on the NASDAQ National Market. The policy also limits stock investments to not more than 5% of the assets of any fund in common or preferred stock of any one issuing corporation. Domestic bonds are limited to those with ratings that meet or exceed investment grade as defined by Moody's, S&P, or Fitch. U.S. Government treasuries and agency bonds are not classified by credit quality.

As of December 31, 2021, the General Retirement Plan and the 1945 Plan had \$5,820,548 and \$86,208,109, respectively, invested in the following types of investments as categorized by credit and interest rate risk:

	Fair Value	Credit Quality	Weighted Average Maturity (years)
Investment			
Common stock	\$ 64,393,175	N/A	N/A
Government securities	7,046,348	AAA	8.41
Mortgage backed securities	3,935,327	AA+	25.16
Mutual funds	10,833,259	N/A	N/A
	\$ 86,208,109		

**General Retirement and 1945 Pension Plans – Concentration.** On December 31, 2021, the Plans did not have debt or equity investments in any one organization, other than those issued by the U.S. Government, which represented greater than 5% of plan fiduciary net position.

**General Retirement and 1945 Pension Plans – Rate of Return.** For the year ended December 31, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense for the General Retirement Plan and the 1945 Plan, was 12.2% and 10.6%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

### NOTE 5. RECEIVABLES

Receivables consisted of the following at December 31, 2021:

	 General		pecial Sales ax Phase 7	Р	Fire Protection	Р	Fire rotection	G	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Water and Sewer System
Receivables:										
Taxes	\$ 4,825,126	\$	-	\$	714,043	\$	-	\$	1,327,549	\$ -
Accounts	5,510,601		-		-		-		3,302,129	23,231,685
Interest	-		-		-		-		23,860	-
Notes	-		-		-		-		1,496,052	15,043,405
Due from other governments	3,985,971		4,843,180		130,059		-		3,448,941	-
Gross receivables	 14,321,698	_	4,843,180	_	844,102		-		9,598,531	 38,275,090
Less allowance										
for uncollectibles	(783,963)		-		(135,794)		-		(237,252)	(212,772)
Net total receivables	\$ 13,537,735	\$	4,843,180	\$	708,308	\$	-	\$	9,361,279	\$ 38,062,318
	Augusta Regional		Garbage	St	ormwater		lonmajor nterprise			
	Airport		Collection	0.	Utility		Funds		Total	
Receivables:	 •		-		Utility		Funds		Total	
Receivables: Taxes	\$ •	\$	-	\$	Utility	\$	Funds	\$	<b>Total</b> 6,866,718	
	 •		-		Utility - 3,211,023	\$	Funds - 4,977,714	\$		
Taxes	 Airport _		Collection -		-	\$	-	\$	6,866,718	
Taxes Accounts	 Airport - 977,746		Collection -		-	\$	- 4,977,714	\$	6,866,718 45,119,857	
Taxes Accounts Interest	 Airport - 977,746		Collection -		-	\$	- 4,977,714	\$	6,866,718 45,119,857 62,414	
Taxes Accounts Interest Notes	 Airport 977,746 38,512		Collection -		-	\$	- 4,977,714	\$	6,866,718 45,119,857 62,414 16,539,457	
Taxes Accounts Interest Notes Due from other governments	 Airport 977,746 38,512 3,443,283		Collection - 3,908,959 - - -		3,211,023 - - -	\$	4,977,714 42 - -	\$	6,866,718 45,119,857 62,414 16,539,457 15,851,434	
Taxes Accounts Interest Notes Due from other governments Gross receivables	 Airport 977,746 38,512 3,443,283		Collection - 3,908,959 - - -		3,211,023 - - -	\$	4,977,714 42 - -	\$	6,866,718 45,119,857 62,414 16,539,457 15,851,434	

Property taxes attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1, 2021. Property taxes were levied on September 23, 2021, and payable on or before November 15, 2021. The Government bills and collects its own property taxes. Property taxes levied for 2021 are recorded as receivables, net of estimated uncollectibles. The net receivables collected during the year ended December 31, 2021, and collected by February 28, 2022, are recognized as revenues in the year ended December 31, 2021. Net receivables estimated to be collected subsequent to February 28, 2022, are recorded as revenue when received. Prior year levies were recorded using substantially the same principles, and remaining receivables are reevaluated annually.

Notes receivable of the primary government consist of the Department of Housing and Urban Development's Housing Rehabilitation Program loans to individuals and owners. Financing has been provided by various federal and state grants.

# NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

# **Primary Government**

Capital asset activity for the Government's governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2021 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 23,693,492	\$ 58,228	\$-	\$ 2,059,152	\$ 25,810,872
Construction in progress	342,028,962	25,661,896	-	(138,728,422)	228,962,436
Assets held for sale	27,876,282	-	(27,876,282)	-	-
Total capital assets, not					
being depreciated	393,598,736	25,720,124	(27,876,282)	(136,669,270)	254,773,308
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Land and site improvements	30,511,840	53,000	-	-	30,564,840
Buildings	93,683,061	11,073,525	-	-	104,756,586
Building improvements	253,820,738	764,426	-	-	254,585,164
Vehicles	58,316,271	1,953,160	(1,442,854)	-	58,826,577
Machinery and equipment	25,347,879	418,508	(45,500)	-	25,720,887
Information tech - hardw are	10,153,366	153,888	-	24,250	10,331,504
Information tech - softw are	6,603,668	75,499	-	307,393	6,986,560
Furniture and fixtures	5,868,549	-	-	-	5,868,549
Infrastructure	189,645,898	-	-	136,337,627	325,983,525
Richmond County Public Facilities	15,145,545	-	-	-	15,145,545
Total capital assets,					
being depreciated	689,096,815	14,492,006	(1,488,354)	136,669,270	838,769,737
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Land and site improvements	(17,226,124)	(1,887,107)	-	-	(19,113,231)
Buildings	(93,683,061)	(9,227,298)	-	-	(102,910,359)
Building improvements	(20,915,534)	(3,169,350)	-	-	(24,084,884)
Vehicles	(39,528,563)	(3,441,352)	1,392,681	-	(41,577,234)
Machinery and equipment	(19,245,607)	(1,150,553)	45,500	-	(20,350,660)
Information tech - hardw are	(8,206,704)	(876,860)	-	-	(9,083,564)
Information tech - softw are	(6,352,208)	(151,288)	-	-	(6,503,496)
Furniture and fixtures	(4,401,060)	(559,762)	-	-	(4,960,822)
Infrastructure	(70,368,533)	(6,112,935)	-	-	(76,481,468)
Richmond County Public Facilities	(12,738,485)	-	-	-	(12,738,485)
Total accumulated depreciation	(292,665,879)	(26,576,505)	1,438,181	-	(317,804,203)
Total capital assets, being					
depreciated, net	396,430,936	(12,084,499)	(50,173)	136,669,270	520,965,534
Governmental activities capital					
assets, net	\$ 790,029,672	\$ 13,635,625	\$ (27,926,455)	\$	\$ 775,738,842

The above schedule includes the net book value of capital assets related to internal service funds as of December 31, 2021 of \$2,832.

# NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

# **Primary Government (Continued)**

Capital asset activity for the Government's business-type activities for the year ended December 31, 2021 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Ir	ncreases	D	ecreases		Transfers	Ending Balance
Business-type activities								
Capital assets, not being								
depreciated:								
Land	\$ 20,578,042	\$	25,862	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 20,603,904
Construction in progress	70,334,624		22,385,300		-		(40,283,553)	 52,436,371
Total capital assets, not								
being depreciated	90,912,666		22,411,162		-		(40,283,553)	 73,040,275
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Site improvements	19,532,334		-		-		-	19,532,334
Building improvements	4,434,608		-		-		-	4,434,608
Landfill cells	36,651,471		-		-		-	36,651,471
Buildings	120,762,124		181,391		-		17,891,049	138,834,564
Vehicles	26,171,633		1,048,784		(157,653)		-	27,062,764
Machinery and equipment	50,326,167		858,364		(969,174)		-	50,215,357
Furniture and fixtures	2,543,258		51,817		-		-	2,595,075
Water and sew erage system	885,488,668		-		-		14,727,840	900,216,508
Contributed water and sew erage system	10,563,423		4,570,736		-		-	15,134,159
Infrastructure	98,727,009		-		-		7,664,664	106,391,673
Information tech - hardw are	796,032		38,005		-		-	834,037
Information tech - softw are	1,419,734		-		-		-	1,419,734
Total capital assets,								
being depreciated	1,257,416,461		6,749,097		(1,126,827)		40,283,553	1,303,322,284
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Site improvements	(8,368,566)		(734,067)		-		-	(9,102,633)
Building improvements	(2,247,306)		(120,055)		-		-	(2,367,361)
Landfill cells	(25,249,113)		(1,785,568)		-		-	(27,034,681)
Buildings	(67,095,170)		(2,631,602)		20,153		-	(69,706,619)
Vehicles	(20,788,701)		(1,488,763)		663,708		-	(21,613,756)
Machinery and equipment	(40,026,768)		(1,672,377)		772,178		-	(40,926,967)
Furniture and fixtures	(1,907,000)		(161,608)		-		-	(2,068,608)
Water and sew erage system	(373,632,056)		(16,071,108)		-		-	(389,703,164)
Contributed water and sew erage system	(9,830,958)		(167,172)		-		-	(9,998,130)
Infrastructure	(27,167,416)		(2,963,190)		-		-	(30,130,606)
Information tech - hardw are	(765,255)		(28,690)		-		-	(793,945)
Information tech - softw are	(1,024,379)		(138,026)		-		-	(1,162,405)
Total accumulated depreciation	(578,102,688)		(27,962,226)		1,456,039		-	 (604,608,875)
Total capital assets, being	· · ·							 
depreciated, net	679,313,773		(21,213,129)		329,212	_	40,283,553	 698,713,409
Business-type activities capital								 
assets, net	\$ 770,226,439	\$	1,198,033	\$	329,212	\$	-	\$ 771,753,684

# NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

# **Primary Government (Continued)**

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	4,258,910
Judicial		1,436,711
Public safety		6,329,049
Public works		6,660,830
Health and welfare		5,216,459
Culture and recreation		2,591,074
Housing and development		83,472
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	26,576,505
Business-type activities: Water and sewer system	\$	18,546,517
Augusta Regional Airport	Ψ	4,806,736
Garbage collection		301,962
Waste management		2,845,823
Transit		525,064
Daniel Field Airport		200,898
Stormwater utility		735,226
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$	27,962,226

# NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

### **Primary Government**

The following is a summary of long-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2021:

	Beginning Balance			Additions Reductions			Ending Balance	Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities:									
Revenue bonds	\$	92,724,000	\$	21,795,000	\$	(42,319,000)	\$ 72,200,000	\$	3,207,000
Unamortized premiums		1,552,054	_	-		(1,068,398)	 483,656		-
Total bonds payable		94,276,054		21,795,000		(43,387,398)	72,683,656		3,207,000
Certificates of participation		16,888,000		-		-	16,888,000		-
Compensated absences		7,826,218		3,827,405		(4,495,198)	7,158,425		4,295,055
Claims and judgments		2,750,606		-		(793,893)	1,956,713		1,565,370
Net pension liability		85,510,875		33,297,575		(85,159,371)	33,649,079		-
Total other post-employment									
benefit liability		185,045,183		15,006,868		(2,397,758)	197,654,293		-
Governmental activities									
long-term liabilities	\$	392,296,936	\$	73,926,848	\$	(136,233,618)	\$ 329,990,166	\$	9,067,425
Business-type activities:									
Revenue bonds	\$	444,465,000	\$	-	\$	(10,465,000)	\$ 434,000,000	\$	17,385,000
Deferred amounts									
Unamortized discounts		(537,912)		-		43,803	(494,109)		-
Unamortized premiums		27,753,015		-		(3,001,656)	 24,751,359		-
Total bonds payable		471,680,103		-		(13,422,853)	 458,257,250		17,385,000
Notes from direct borrow ings		10,820,675		-		(770,116)	10,050,559		793,540
Financed purchases from direct borrow ings		760,442		829,893		(521,110)	1,069,225		292,784
Compensated absences		1,892,250		1,105,524		(1,374,133)	1,623,641		974,185
Net pension liability		20,271,025		7,782,172		(20,188,874)	7,864,323		-
benefit liability		30,352,567		2,288,427		(2,500,295)	30,140,699		-
Closure/post-closure liability		32,321,972		3,745,855		-	36,067,827		-
Business-type activities							 		
long–term liabilities	\$	568,099,034	\$	15,751,871	\$	(38,777,381)	\$ 545,073,524	\$	19,445,509

For governmental activities, compensated absences, claims and judgments, total OPEB liability, and net pension liability are generally liquidated by the General Fund. For business-type activities, compensated absences, total OPEB liability, and net pension liability are liquidated by the related Proprietary Fund.

# **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### **Governmental Activities Debt**

#### **Revenue Bonds**

The Government issues bonds to provide funds for various projects. The bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

	Interest Rate	-	Balance at ecember 31, 2021
Municipal Building Renovation Project, Series 2014	2% to 5%	\$	23,150,000
Parking Garage Project, Series 2017	3%		12,000,000
Parking Garage Project, Series 2018	3.90%		4,105,000
Laney-Walker and Bethlehem Project, Series 2020	1.18%		12,455,000
Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2021A	1.66%		10,945,000
Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2021B	1.51%		9,545,000
			72,200,000
Add: Unamortized premiums			483,656
		\$	72,683,656

#### **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### **Governmental Activities Debt (Continued)**

#### **Revenue Bonds (Continued)**

In September 2010, the Coliseum Authority issued \$22,120,000 of Augusta-Richmond County Coliseum Authority (Georgia) Revenue Bonds (Coliseum and TEE Center Project), Series 2010 (the "Series 2010 Bonds") to: 1) finance certain capital improvements to the existing multi-use coliseum and civic center-type facility, the Augusta Entertainment Center Complex, to be owned and operated by the Coliseum Authority pursuant to an Intergovernmental Service Agreement between the Coliseum Authority and the Government, and 2) construct a new multi-use coliseum and civic center-type facility to be known as the Augusta Trade, Exhibition, and Event Center ("TEE Center") to be sold by the Coliseum Authority to the Government pursuant to an Agreement of Sale. The Coliseum Authority will use \$5,000,000 of the proceeds from the sales of the Series 2010 Bonds for capital improvements of the Augusta Entertainment Center Complex. The remainder of the proceeds will be used to construct the TEE Center. The Series 2010 Bonds are special limited obligation debt of the Coliseum Authority payable solely from the hotel/motel tax payments made by the Government to the Coliseum Authority under the Intergovernmental Service Agreement and the Agreement of Sale (the "Agreements"). The Series 2010 Bond debt, its proceeds and the corresponding capital improvements to the Augusta Entertainment Center Complex and the TEE Center construction are reflected on the Government's financial statements. Under the terms of the Agreements, the Coliseum Authority will acquire the TEE Center site and authorize the Government to, on its behalf, construct and install the TEE Center Project and acquire equipment in the name of the Coliseum Authority. The real property and other required property interest for the construction of the improvements has been secured subject to revised deeds and related instruments being prepared based on "as built" surveys. Upon the completion of the surveys, final documents will be prepared and the premises will be conveyed to the Coliseum Authority as required by the Agreements. Upon completion of the TEE Center, the Coliseum Authority will sell the TEE Center to the Government for the entire balance of the Series 2010 Bond Obligation. These bonds were refunded during the year ended December 31, 2021 with the Augusta-Richmond County Authority Refunding Revenue Bond, Federally Taxable Series 2021 (the "Series 2021A Bonds") and the Augusta-Richmond County Coliseum Authority Revenue Bond, Series 2021 (the "Series 2021B bonds").

In August of 2014, the Urban Redevelopment Agency issued Revenue Bonds (Municipal Building Renovation Project, Series 2014). The proceeds of these bonds were used to finance the construction, renovation and expansion of various municipal buildings. Interest on the bonds is variable from 2% to 5%. Interest is payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year with principal payable annually beginning October 1, 2018, ranging from \$1,270,000 to \$2,125,000 through October 1, 2034.

#### **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### **Governmental Activities Debt (Continued)**

#### **Revenue Bonds (Continued)**

In July of 2017, the Urban Redevelopment Agency issued Revenue Bonds (Parking Garage Project, Series 2017). The proceeds of these bonds were used to finance the costs of acquiring, constructing and installing a parking facility. Interest on the bonds is 3%. Interest is payable semiannually on April 1 and October 1 of each year with principal payable annually beginning October 1, 2023, ranging from \$770,000 to \$1,095,000 through October 1, 2036.

In October of 2018, the Urban Redevelopment Agency issued Revenue Bonds (CV Foundary Apartment, LLC Project, Series 2018). The proceeds of these bonds were used to finance the costs of acquiring, constructing and installing an apartment complex. Interest on the bonds was variable from 3.875% to 5.00%. Interest was payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year with principal payable annually beginning October 1, 2020, ranging from \$275,000 to \$855,000 through October 1, 2034. In June of 2021, the Authority used resources from the sale of the apartment complex to advance refund the bonds in an in substance defeasance. Securities of \$29,944,565 were purchased and deposited in an irrevocable trust fund with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the above mentioned bonds. The refunding decreased the total debt service payments over the next 27 years by approximately \$13,668,000.

In July of 2018, the Urban Redevelopment Agency issued Revenue Bonds (Parking Garage Project, Series 2018). The proceeds of these bonds were used to finance the costs of acquiring, constructing and installing a parking facility. Interest on the bonds is 3.9%. Interest is payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year with principal payable annually beginning October 1, 2024, ranging from \$226,000 to \$372,000 through October 1, 2037.

In September of 2020, the Urban Redevelopment Agency issued Revenue Bonds (Laney Walker and Bethlehem Project, Series 2020). The proceeds of these bonds were used to refund the Laney Walker and Bethlehem Project, Series 2015 bonds and finance the costs of certain urban redevelopment projects. Interest on the bonds is 1.18% Interest is payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year with principal payable annually beginning October 1, 2021, ranging from \$444,000 to \$11,082,000 through October 1, 2025.

#### **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### **Governmental Activities Debt (Continued)**

#### **Revenue Bonds (Continued)**

In January of 2021, the Coliseum Authority issued \$10,945,000 Augusta-Richmond County Authority Refunding Revenue Bond, Federally Taxable Series 2021 (the "Series 2021A Bonds") and \$10,850,000 Augusta-Richmond County Coliseum Authority Revenue Bonds, Series 2020 (the "Series 2021B bonds"). All of the proceeds of the Series 2021B Bonds and a portion of the Series 2021A Bonds were used to advance refund the Augusta-Richmond County Coliseum Authority (Georgia) Revenue Bonds (Coliseum and TEE Center Project), Series 2010 (the "Series 2010 Bonds") in the amount of \$13,335,000. The remaining \$8,000,000 of the Series 2021A bond proceeds is to be used to finance certain costs of the planning and development of a new multi-use Coliseum and Civic Center type facility to replace all or part of the Government's Coliseum facility. The advance refunding of the Series 2010 Bonds resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of approximately \$707,000. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deferred outflow of resources, is being charged to interest expense through the year 2030 using the effective-interest method. The refunding decreased the total debt service payments over the next nine years by approximately \$2,516,000 and produced an economic gain of approximately \$2,245,000. Proceeds of approximately \$13,552,000 from the defeased issues were used to purchase U.S. Government Securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust fund with an escrow agency to provide for all future debt service payments on the above mentioned bonds. The Series 2021A Bonds are due in annual installments of \$135,000 to \$1,570,000 plus interest at 1.660% through December 2040. The Series 2021B Bonds are due in annual installments of \$270,000 to \$1,385,000 plus interest at 1.512% through December 2029.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the revenue bonds as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

Year ending December 31,	 Principal	 Interest	Total		
2022	\$ 3,207,000	\$ 1,705,440	\$	4,912,440	
2023	3,273,000	1,636,354		4,909,354	
2024	4,334,000	1,565,621		5,899,621	
2025	15,052,000	1,461,337		16,513,337	
2026	4,209,000	1,229,071		5,438,071	
2027 – 2031	21,764,000	4,485,227		26,249,227	
2032 – 2036	16,754,000	1,635,903		18,389,903	
2037 – 2040	3,607,000	149,881		3,756,881	
	\$ 72,200,000	\$ 13,868,834	\$	86,068,834	

#### Primary Government (Continued)

#### **Governmental Activities Debt (Continued)**

#### **Certificates of Participation**

In June 1998, the Government entered into a lease pool agreement with the Georgia Municipal Association (the "GMA"). The funding of the lease pool was provided by the issuance of \$150,126,000 Certificates of Participation by the GMA. The GMA passed the net proceeds through to the participating municipalities with the Government's participation totaling \$16,888,000. The lease pool agreement with the GMA provides that the Government owns their portion of the assets invested by the pool and is responsible for the payment of their portion of the principal and interest of the Certificates of Participation. The principal is due in a lump sum payment on June 1, 2028. Interest is payable at a rate of 4.75% each year. The Government draws from the investment to lease equipment from the GMA. The lease pool agreement requires the Government to make lease payments back into its investment account to fund the principal and interest requirements of the 1998 GMA Certificates of Participation.

Annual debt service requirements are as follows:

Year ending December 31,	ecember 31, Principal			Interest	Total		
2022	\$	-	\$	802,180	\$	802,180	
2023		-		802,180		802,180	
2024		-		802,180		802,180	
2025		-		802,180		802,180	
2026		-		802,180		802,180	
2027 and 2028		16,888,000		3,208,720		20,096,720	
	\$	16,888,000	\$	7,219,620	\$	24,107,620	

#### **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### **Governmental Activities Debt (Continued)**

#### **Certificates of Participation (Continued)**

As part of the issuance of the Certificates of Participation, the Government entered into an interest rate Swap Agreement. Under the Swap Agreement, the Government is required to pay: (i) a semiannual (and beginning July 1, 2003, a monthly) floating rate of interest based on the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association ("SIFMA") Municipal Swap Index (plus a 31 basis points spread) to, or on behalf of, the Swap Counterparty (the "Swap Payment"); and the Swap Counterparty will pay to, or on behalf of, the Government a semi-annual payment based on a rate equal to the fixed rate on the Certificates of Participation (4.75%) times a notional amount specified in the Swap Agreement, but generally equal to the outstanding unpaid principal portion of such contract, less the amount originally deposited in the Reserve Fund relating to the contract, and (ii) a one-time swap premium to be paid on the effective date of the Swap Agreement. The semi-annual payments from the Swap Counterparty with respect to the Government are structured, and expected to be sufficient to make all interest payments due under the contract, and related distributions of interest on the certificates. Monthly interest payments between the Government, the holders of the Certificates of Participation, and the Swap Counterparty can be made in net settlement form as part of this agreement. Under the Swap Agreement, the Government's obligation to pay floating payments to the Swap Counterparty in any calendar year may not exceed an amount equal to the SIFMA Municipal Swap Index plus 5% to be determined on the first business day of December in the preceding year. This agreement matures on June 1, 2028, at the same time of the Certificates of Participation. This derivative gualifies as a fair market hedge.

In the unlikely event that the Swap Counterparty becomes insolvent, or fails to make payments as specified in the Swap Agreement, the Government would be exposed to credit risk in the amount of the Swap's fair value. To minimize this risk, the Government executed this agreement with counterparties of appropriate credit strength, with the counterparty being rated Aa3 by Moody's. At December 31, 2021, the floating rate being paid by the Government is 0.40% and the market value of this agreement is \$3,543,272, a decrease of \$1,350,202 from the market value at the end of the previous year. The market value of the hedge was determined using settlement prices at the end of the day on December 31, 2021, based on the derivative contract. This market value is reported as an asset in GMA Leases Fund in the statement of net position. As this derivative is an effective hedge, qualifying for hedge accounting, the inflow from the hedge (any change in fair value from inception until year-end) is deferred and reported as deferred inflow of resources in the statement of net position.

# **Primary Government (Continued)**

## **Business-type Activities Debt**

## **Revenue Bonds**

The Government issues bonds to provide funds for various projects. The revenue bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

Water and Sewer, Series 2013       0.70% to 4.85%       14,595,000         Water and Sewer, Series 2014       3.00% to 4.50%       162,750,000         Water and Sewer, Series 2017       3.00% to 5.00%       87,365,000         Water and Sewer, Series 2019       2.35%       21,000,000         Airport, Series 2015       5.00%       8,595,000         Waste Management, Series 2010       3.00% to 4.50%       5,020,000		Interest Rate	Balance at ecember 31, 2021
Water and Sewer, Series 2014       3.00% to 4.50%       162,750,000         Water and Sewer, Series 2017       3.00% to 5.00%       87,365,000         Water and Sewer, Series 2019       2.35%       21,000,000         Airport, Series 2015       5.00%       8,595,000         Waste Management, Series 2010       3.00% to 4.50%       5,020,000	Water and Sewer, Series 2012	3.00% to 5.00%	\$ 134,675,000
Water and Sewer, Series 2017       3.00% to 5.00%       87,365,000         Water and Sewer, Series 2019       2.35%       21,000,000         Airport, Series 2015       5.00%       8,595,000         Waste Management, Series 2010       3.00% to 4.50%       5,020,000	Water and Sewer, Series 2013	0.70% to 4.85%	14,595,000
Water and Sewer, Series 2019         2.35%         21,000,000           Airport, Series 2015         5.00%         8,595,000           Waste Management, Series 2010         3.00% to 4.50%         5,020,000           434,000,000         434,000,000         434,000,000	Water and Sewer, Series 2014	3.00% to 4.50%	162,750,000
Airport, Series 2015         5.00%         8,595,000           Waste Management, Series 2010         3.00% to 4.50%         5,020,000           434,000,000         434,000,000	Water and Sewer, Series 2017	3.00% to 5.00%	87,365,000
Waste Management, Series 2010         3.00% to 4.50%         5,020,000           434,000,000         434,000,000         434,000,000	Water and Sewer, Series 2019	2.35%	21,000,000
434,000,000	Airport, Series 2015	5.00%	8,595,000
	Waste Management, Series 2010	3.00% to 4.50%	5,020,000
			 434,000,000
Less: Unamortized discounts (494,109	Less:	Unamortized discounts	(494,109)
Add: Unamortized premiums 24,751,359	Add:	Unamortized premiums	24,751,359
\$ 458,257,250			\$ 458,257,250

## **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### Business-type Activities Debt (Continued)

### **Revenue Bonds (Continued)**

During the year ended December 31, 2007, the Government issued \$177,010,000 in Series 2007 Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds. A portion of the proceeds from the sale of these bonds was used to refund all of the former Series 1996 and 1997 Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$56,875,000. The remaining portion of the bond proceeds of \$120,135,000 was used to advance refund a portion of the Series 2000 and 2002 Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds. The current refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the 1996 and 1997 Bonds of approximately \$4,300,000. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deferred outflow of resources, is being charged to operations through the year 2030 using the effective-interest method. The refunding decreased the total debt service payments over the next 21 years by approximately \$5,600,000 and produced an economic gain of approximately \$3,700,000. The advance refunding of the 2000 and 2002 Bonds resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of approximately \$3,200,000. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deferred outflow of resources, is being charged to interest expense through the year 2030 using the effective-interest method. The refunding decreased the total debt service payments over the next 23 years by approximately \$7,200,000 and produced an economic gain of approximately \$4,600,000. Proceeds of approximately \$126,793,000 from the defeased issues were used to purchase U.S. Government Securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust fund with an escrow agency to provide for all future debt service payments on the above mentioned bonds. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$2,060,000 to \$12,260,000 plus interest at 4.0% to 5.0% through October 2030.

During the year ended December 31, 2012, the Government issued \$138,830,000 in Series 2012 Water and Sewerage Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds for the purposes of: 1) refunding all of the Series 2002 Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds, 2) financing the costs of making additions, extensions and improvements to the water and sewer system, 3) funding a debt service reserve account for the 2012 Series Bonds, and 4) financing the costs of issuing the 2012 Series Bonds. The advance refunding of the 2002 series resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of approximately \$600,000. The difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deferred outflow of resources, is being charged to increase expenses through the year 2033 using the effective-interest method. The refunding decreased the total debt service payments over the next 11 years by approximately \$78 million and produced an economic gain of approximately \$40 million. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$4,155,000 to \$20,095,000 plus interest at 3.0% to 5.0% through October 2042.

## **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### Business-type Activities Debt (Continued)

### **Revenue Bonds (Continued)**

During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Government issued \$22,070,000 in Series 2013 Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds for the purposes of: 1) funding, in part, the debt service reserve account for the Prior Lien Bonds, 2) funding a debt service reserve for the Series 2013 Bonds, and 3) paying the costs of issuance of the Series 2013 Bonds. Principal payments are due in annual installments commencing on October 1, 2014 through 2033. Interest payments are due in semi-annual installments on each April 1 and October 1 at varying rates between 0.7% and 4.85%.

During the year ended December 31, 2014, the Government issued \$169,180,000 in Series 2014 Water and Sewerage Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds for the purposes of: 1) refunding all of the Series 2004 Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds, 2) financing the costs of making additions, extensions, and improvements to the water and sewer system, 3) funding a debt service reserve account for the 2014 Series Bonds, and 4) financing the costs of issuing the 2014 Series Bonds. The advance refunding of the 2004 series resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of approximately \$4.9 million. The difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deferred inflow of resources, is being charged to increase expenses through the year 2039 using the effective-interest method. The refunding decreased the total debt service payments over the next 11 years by approximately \$66.3 million and produced an economic gain of approximately \$33.1 million. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$820,000 to \$24,635,000 plus interest at 3.0% to 4.5% through October 2039.

During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Government issued \$94,895,000 in Series 2017 Water and Sewerage Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds for the purposes of: 1) refunding all of the Series 2007 Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds, and 2) paying the costs of issuance of the 2017 Series Bonds. The current refunding of the 2007 series resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of approximately \$3.7 million. The difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deferred inflow of resources, is being charged to increase expenses through the year 2030 using the effective-interest method. The refunding decreased the total debt service payments over the next 13 years by approximately \$37.3 million and produced an economic gain of approximately \$19.8 million. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$7,530,000 to \$11,040,000 plus interest at 5% through October 2030.

## **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### Business-type Activities Debt (Continued)

### **Revenue Bonds (Continued)**

During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Government issued \$21,000,000 in Series 2019 Water and Sewerage Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds for the purpose of funding the Fort Gordon Campus Utilities projects. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$700,000 to \$2,630,000 plus interest at 2.35% through October 2031.

The Airport General Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2015A and 2015B are payable through 2035 primarily from Passenger Facility Charge (PPFC") No. 99-01-C-AGS approved by the Federal Aviation Administration in 2004. Should the proceeds of the Passenger Facility Charge not be sufficient to pay when due interest and principal on Series 2015A and 2015B bonds, the interest and principal shortfall will be paid from Airport Net General Revenues, derived by the Government from the ownership and operation of the Airport, remaining after the payment of expenses of operating, maintaining, and repairing the Airport ("Net General Revenues"), and those Passenger Facility Charge revenues that are allocable to the 2005 Project ("PFC Revenues"). The Series 2015A bonds are payable in semi-annually interest only payments of 5.00% beginning January 1, 2016, and principal payable annually beginning January 2026 ranging from \$530,000 to \$825,000 through January 1, 2035. The Series 2015B bonds are payable in semi-annually interest only payments of 5.00% beginning January 2017 ranging from \$350,000 to \$515,000 through January 1, 2025.

## Primary Government (Continued)

#### Business-type Activities Debt (Continued)

### **Revenue Bonds (Continued)**

Pursuant to the Bond Resolution, the Augusta Regional Airport is subject to meeting certain financial covenants related to the Airport Revenue Bonds. The financial covenants include requirements to: 1) provide for 100% of the Expenses of Operation and Maintenance and for the accumulation in the Operation and Maintenance Reserve Fund of the Operating Reserve; and 2) produce Net General Revenues, together with other available monies, in each year which will: a) equal at least 125% of the Debt Service Requirement on all General Revenue Bonds then outstanding for the sinking fund year ending on the next January 1 and at least 100% of the debt service or other amounts payable on all Subordinate Bonds and Other Airport Obligations payable from Net General Revenues then outstanding for the year of computation, b) enable the Aviation Commission to make all required payments, if any, into the Debt Service Reserve Account, the PFC Debt Service Reserve Account, the Rebate Fund, the Renewal and Replacement Fund and on any contract or Other Airport Obligation, c) enable the Aviation Commission to accumulate an amount to be held in the Capital Improvement Fund, which in the judgment of the Aviation Commission is adequate to meet the costs of major renewals, replacements, repairs, additions, betterments, and improvements to the Airport, necessary to keep the same in good operating condition or as is required by any governmental agency having jurisdiction over the Airport, and d) remedy all deficiencies in required payments from the Revenue Fund from prior years. As of December 31, 2021, the Airport was in compliance with all covenants.

During the year ended December 31, 2010, the Government issued \$9,165,000 in Series 2010 Solid Waste Management Authority of Augusta Revenue Bonds for the purpose of paying all or a portion of the costs of improvements to the Government's solid waste and recycling facility, including improvements to the gas collection and control system and paying the cost of issuing the Series 2010 Bonds. Payments are due in annual installments of \$250,000 to \$660,000 starting October 1, 2011 through October 1, 2030, plus interest from 3.0% to 4.5% payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1, beginning April 1, 2011. The Government intends to make its payments under the contract from its portion of the revenues generated by a direct annual ad valorem property tax; however, the Government's portion of the revenue from the taxes is not pledged to such payments or to secure the payment of the bonds.

# **Primary Government (Continued)**

## **Business-type Activities Debt (Continued)**

## **Revenue Bonds (Continued)**

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the revenue bonds as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

Year ending December 31,	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2022	\$ 17,385,000	\$ 18,091,423	\$ 35,476,423
2023	18,640,000	17,300,358	35,940,358
2024	19,475,000	16,457,913	35,932,913
2025	20,345,000	15,585,330	35,930,330
2026	21,250,000	14,670,520	35,920,520
2027 – 2031	115,005,000	59,118,648	174,123,648
2032 – 2036	106,920,000	37,757,825	144,677,825
2037 – 2041	99,265,000	13,710,075	112,975,075
2042 and 2043	15,715,000	550,025	16,265,025
	\$ 434,000,000	\$ 193,242,117	\$ 627,242,117

## **Primary Government (Continued)**

### Business-type Activities Debt (Continued)

### **Notes from Direct Borrowing**

The Government has entered into financing agreements with the U.S. Army – Fort Gordon Garrison Command for the purchase of the water and sewer system and to the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority ("GEFA") for improvements to the water and sewer system. The outstanding principal on these notes are as follows at December 31, 2021:

Purpose		Original Amount	Interest Rate	Due Date	December 31, 2021		
Water and sewer improvements	\$	8,040,345	3.00%	2031	\$	4,650,944	
Water and sewer improvements		8,250,814	3.00%	2034		5,399,615	
						10,050,559	
			Less current maturities			(793,540)	
					\$	9,257,019	

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows as of December 31, 2021:

Year ending December 31,	 Principal Interest			 Total		
2022	\$ 793,539	\$	290,665	\$ 1,084,204		
2023	817,676		266,528	1,084,204		
2024	842,547		241,658	1,084,205		
2025	868,173		216,031	1,084,204		
2026	894,580		189,625	1,084,205		
2027 – 2031	4,897,976		523,047	5,421,023		
2032 – 2034	936,068		23,700	959,768		
	\$ 10,050,559	\$	1,751,254	\$ 11,801,813		

## **Primary Government (Continued)**

### **Business-type Activities Debt (Continued)**

### **Financed Purchase from Direct Borrowing**

The Government has entered into financed purchase agreements for the acquisition of various equipment. The following is an analysis of assets from financed purchase agreements as of December 31, 2021:

	Bi	usiness-type Activities
Equipment Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$	12,064,484 (9,899,271)
	\$	2,165,213

The above includes current year depreciation expense of \$505,744.

The Government's debt service requirements to maturity for these financed purchase agreement are as of December 31, 2021:

Fiscal year ending December 31,	Business-type Activities			
2022	\$ 335,255			
2023	414,433			
2024	165,465			
2025	248,968			
Total minimum lease payments	 1,164,121			
Less amount representing interest	(94,896)			
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$ 1,069,225			

## **Primary Government (Continued)**

### Business-type Activities Debt (Continued)

### Landfill Post-closure Care Costs

State and Federal laws and regulations require the Government to place a final cover on its landfill when closed and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for 30 years after closure. In addition to operating expenses related to current activities of the landfill, an expense provision and related liability are being recognized based on the future closure and postclosure care costs that will be incurred near or after the date the landfill no longer accepts waste. The recognition of these landfill closure and post-closure care costs is based on the amount of the landfill used during the year. The estimated liability for landfill closure and post-closure care costs has a balance of \$36,067,827 as of December 31, 2021, which is based on 100% usage (filled) of Cell II C and 14.91% usage (filled) of Cell III, which is operating currently, and 100% usage (filled) of Cells II A and II B. This liability is recorded in the Waste Management Enterprise Fund. The estimated total current cost of the landfill closure and post-closure care, \$32,856,500, is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the landfill were acquired as of December 31, 2021. However, the actual cost of closure and post-closure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

The Government expects to finance the costs for the estimated landfill closure and post-closure care costs as they become due during the coming 30 years through the regular operations of the Government.

# NOTE 8. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2021 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount		
Due to/from other funds:				
General	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 77,3	394	
General	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	162,2	<u>2</u> 67	
General	Internal Service Fund - GMA Leases	38,9	943	
General	Urban Redevelopment Agency	5,735,8	387	
Urban Redevelopment Agency	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	2,7	762	
Garbage Collection	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	152,1	161	
Garbage Collection	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	19,9	963	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	2,8	357	
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	General Fund	173,2	253	
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Augusta Regional Airport	1,911,4	451	
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	511,1	151	
Internal Service Fund - GMA Leases	Water and Sewer System	198,9	993	
Internal Service Fund - GMA Leases	Augusta Regional Airport	150,8	360	
Internal Service Fund - GMA Leases	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	380,2	<u>263</u>	
		\$ 9,518,2	205	
Advances to/from other funds:				
Internal Service Fund - GMA Leases	Water and Sewer System	\$ 45,0	)66	
Internal Service Fund - GMA Leases	Augusta Regional Airport	265,4	106	
Internal Service Fund - GMA Leases	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	520,1	195	
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	6,576,7	742	
		\$ 7,407,4	109	
Due to/from component units:				
Receivable Entity	Payable Entity	Amount		
General Fund	Augusta Canal Authority	\$ 73,5	584	

## NOTE 8. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)

These balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that: 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made. Advances to/from other funds represent amounts not expected to be repaid within one year from the date of the financial statements.

The composition of interfund transfers during the year ended December 31, 2021 were as follows:

					Trans	sfer	From				
					Special		Urban			Nonmajor	
			Fire		Sales Tax	Re	edevelopment	Garbage		Governmental	
Transfer To	 General	_	Protection	_	Phase 7	_	Agency	 Collection	_	Funds	 Total
General	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	7,254,785	\$ 7,254,785
Fire Protection	-		-		-		-	-		7,616,170	7,616,170
Special Sales Tax Phase 7	-		1,000,000		-					21,920	1,021,920
Urban Redevelopment Agency	401,100		-		2,201,200		-	-		725,000	3,327,300
Water and Sewer System	-		-		-		-	-		366,530	366,530
Augusta Regional Airport										216,220	216,220
Garbage Collection										1,064,200	1,064,200
Stormwater Utility Nonmajor	-				-			225,000		71,120	296,120
Governmental Funds Nonmajor	3,031,879		-		-		2,265,000	-		4,788,847	10,085,726
Enterprise Funds	-		-		-		-	-		1,113,390	1,113,390
Total	\$ 3,432,979	\$	1,000,000	\$	2,201,200	\$	2,265,000	\$ 225,000	\$	23,238,182	\$ 32,362,361

Transfers are used to: 1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that the statute or budget requires to expend them, 2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, and 3) to transfer funds from Special Sales Tax Phase 7 Fund to Nonmajor Governmental Funds to pay for approved projects in resolution.

## NOTE 9. PENSION PLANS

## **Primary Government**

#### <u>1945 Plan</u>

#### **Plan Description**

*Plan administration.* The 1945 Plan, a single-employer defined benefit pension plan, was available to all former Richmond County employees hired prior to October 1, 1975, that met the 1945 Plan's age and length of service requirements. The Pension and Audit Committee makes recommendations for changes to the 1945 Plan to the Augusta-Richmond County Commission which has the authority to amend the 1945 Plan document. The committee is comprised of the Augusta-Richmond County Commission Mayor, Mayor Pro-Tem, the Chairman of the Augusta-Richmond County Commission Finance Committee, the Government's Administrator, and the Government's Finance Director.

The 1945 Plan was created by resolution of the Richmond County Board of Commissioners in March 1945. In February 2001, the Augusta-Richmond County Commission, as successor to the Richmond County Board of Commissioners, approved the restatement of the 1945 Plan effective January 1, 1997. This is a closed retirement plan (new employees may not participate in the 1945 Plan). The 1945 Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial statement report.

The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position for the 1945 Plan for the year ended December 31, 2021 is presented below.

	1945 Plan
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 1,071,185
Investments, at fair value:	
Government securities	791,392
Common stock	3,323,258
Mortgage backed securities	496,581
Mutual funds	1,209,317
Accounts receivable	493,140
Interest receivable	 6,338
Total assets	 7,391,211
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	 122
Total liabilities	 122
NET POSITION	
Restricted for pension benefits	\$ 7,391,089

# **Primary Government (Continued)**

### 1945 Plan (Continued)

## Plan Description (Continued)

The Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for the 1945 Plan for the year ended December 31, 2021 is presented below.

	1945				
	Plan				
ADDITIONS					
Contributions:					
Employer	\$ 491,442				
Other receipts	81				
Total contributions	491,523				
Investment earnings:					
Interest	1,132				
Net increase in fair value of investments	817,224				
Net investment earnings	818,356				
Total additions	1,309,879				
DEDUCTIONS					
Benefits	812,482				
Administrative expenses	46,107				
Total deductions	858,589				
Change in net position	451,290				
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	6,939,799				
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 7,391,089				

Plan membership. At December 31, 2021, pension plan membership consisted of the following:

Active participants	-
Retirees and beneficiaries	16
	16

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE 9. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

## Primary Government (Continued)

#### 1945 Plan (Continued)

#### **Plan Description (Continued)**

*Benefits provided.* Participants in the 1945 Plan who retired at or after age 60 are entitled to a monthly benefit equal to 2% of average earnings multiplied by years of service. The 1945 Plan provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements including amendments are established by Government ordinance. The 1945 Plan also provides for reduced benefits if the participant elects to retire after attaining age 50 and completing 15 years of service.

*Contributions.* Employees are required to make contributions to the 1945 Plan equal to 5% of earnings. The Government is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund the 1945 Plan. The contribution amount is determined using actuarial methods and assumptions approved by the trustees and must satisfy the minimum contribution requirement contained in the State of Georgia statutes. Administrative costs of the 1945 Plan are financed through investment income. If a participant terminates employment prior to completion of ten years of credited service, the participant receives a lump-sum amount equal to his/her total contributions to the 1945 Plan, with 5% interest computed from January 1, 1997. After completion of at least ten years of credited service, the benefit computed as for normal retirement multiplied by the percentage based on completed years of credited service, as follows: 50% after ten years, increasing 10% each year to 100% after 15 years of credited service. For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Government's contribution rate was 0.0% of annual payroll.

#### Net Pension Liability of the Government

The Government's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation2.0%Salary increasesN/AInvestment rate of return7.00%, net of pension plan investment expense

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Amount-Weighted Mortality with improvement Scale AA projected to 2022.

## **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### 1945 Plan (Continued)

### Net Pension Liability of the Government (Continued)

All actuarial assumptions were reviewed prior to the preparation of the December 31, 2021 valuation. As a very significant portion of the actuarial liability is attributable to inactive lives, the two assumptions (investment return and mortality table) that have the most significant impact on the liabilities were revised to reflect the actuary's anticipated future experience of the 1945 Plan.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021 are: Equity Securities -6% and Fixed Income Securities -2.5%.

*Discount rate*. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Government contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## **Primary Government (Continued)**

### 1945 Plan (Continued)

## Net Pension Liability of the Government (Continued)

*Changes in the Net Pension Liability of the Government.* The changes in the components of the net pension liability of the Government for the year ended December 31, 2021 were as follows:

	 tal Pension Liability (a)	n Fiduciary t Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)			
Balances at December 31, 2020	\$ 7,215,297	\$ 5,994,268	\$	1,221,029		
Changes for the year:						
Interest	478,065	-		478,065		
Difference between expected and						
actual experience	134,943	-		134,943		
Contributions – employer	-	491,442		(491,442)		
Net investment income	-	778,558		(778,558)		
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions	(771,614)	(771,614)		-		
Administrative expense/DB Transfers	-	100,804		(100,804)		
Other	12,917	-		12,917		
Net changes	 (145,689)	599,190		(744,879)		
Balances at December 31, 2021	\$ 7,069,608	\$ 6,593,458	\$	476,150		

The Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability

93.3%

The required schedule of changes in the Government's net pension liability and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension liability.

## Primary Government (Continued)

#### 1945 Plan (Continued)

### Net Pension Liability of the Government (Continued)

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the net pension liability of the Government, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Government's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

1% Decrease (6.00%)		Disc	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)		1% Increase (8.00%)	
\$	991,514	\$	476,150	\$	21,460	

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of December 31, 2021, and the current sharing pattern of costs between employer and employee.

#### Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Government recognized pension expense of \$88,171. At December 31, 2021, the Government reported the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments in the amount of \$552,025 as a deferred inflow of resources, which will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending December 31,		
2022	\$	(78,287)
2023		(253,973)
2024		(122,411)
2025		(97,354)
Total	\$	(552,025)

## Primary Government (Continued)

#### **General Retirement Plan**

#### **Plan Description**

*Plan administration.* The General Retirement Plan (the "1949 Plan"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan, was available to all former City of Augusta employees hired after March 1, 1949 and before March 1, 1987, whose age did not exceed 35 years at the time of their employment. The Pension and Audit Committee makes recommendations for changes to the 1949 Plan to the Augusta-Richmond County Commission which has the authority to amend the 1949 Plan document. The committee is comprised of the Augusta-Richmond County Commission Mayor, Mayor Pro-Tem, the Chairman of the Augusta-Richmond County Commission Finance Committee, the Government's Administrator, and the Government's Finance Director.

The 1949 Plan was created by an Act of the General Assembly of Georgia (Senate Bill No. 130) on March 1, 1949. In February 2001, the Augusta-Richmond County Commission, as successor to the Richmond County Board of Commissioners, approved the restatement of the 1949 Plan effective January 1, 1997. This is a closed retirement plan (new employees may not participate in the 1949 Plan). The 1949 Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial statement report.

	General Retirement	
ASSETS		
Cash	\$	3,107,401
Investments, at fair value:		
Government securities		6,254,956
Common stock		61,069,917
Mortgage backed securities		3,438,746
Mutual funds		9,623,942
Accounts receivable		2,277,074
Interest receivable		48,503
Total assets		85,820,539
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		2,602,548
Total liabilities		2,602,548
NET POSITION		
Restricted for pension benefits	\$	83,217,991

The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position for the 1949 Plan for the year ended December 31, 2021 is presented below.

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#### NOTE 9. **PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)**

# **Primary Government (Continued)**

## **General Retirement Plan (Continued)**

## Plan Description (Continued)

The Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for the 1949 Plan for the year ended December 31, 2021 is presented below.

	General Retirement	
ADDITIONS		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$	4,114,233
Employee		28,101
Total contributions		4,142,334
Investment earnings:		
Net increase in fair value of investments		12,688,264
Net investment earnings		12,688,264
Total additions		16,830,598
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefits		8,523,032
Administrative expenses		735,820
Total deductions		9,258,852
Change in net position		7,571,746
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		75,646,245
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	83,217,991

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE 9. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

## Primary Government (Continued)

#### **General Retirement Plan (Continued)**

### **Plan Description (Continued)**

Plan membership. At December 31, 2021, pension plan membership consisted of the following:

Active participants	7
Retirees and beneficiaries	190
Vested terminated	5
	202

*Benefits provided.* Pension benefits vest after an employee is 45 years of age and has 15 years of full-time employment. An employee may retire at age 60 with 25 years of service and receive annual pension benefits equal to 2% of the employee's average salary earned during the last three years of employment, multiplied by the number of full-time years of employment. The 1949 Plan provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements including amendments are established by Government ordinance. All full-time employees hired before July 1, 1980, must contribute 8% of gross earnings and employees hired after July 1, 1980, must contribute 5% of gross earnings to the 1949 Plan, with the Government contributing remaining amounts sufficient to provide future pensions.

*Contributions.* Employer contributions for 2021 are determined as part of the January 1, 2021 actuarial valuation using the frozen entry age cost method. The contribution amount is determined using actuarial methods and assumptions approved by the trustees and must satisfy the minimum contribution requirement contained in the State of Georgia statutes. Administrative costs of the 1949 Plan are financed through investment income. The unfunded accrued liability is composed of pieces that are amortized over various periods to comply with Georgia law as a level percentage of payroll. When the actuarial value of assets exceeds 150% of the present value of accrued benefits, the O.C.G.A. states that there is no minimum required contribution. The significant actuarial assumptions used to compute pension contribution requirements are the same as those used to determine the standard measure of the pension obligation. For the year ended December 31, 2021, the active member contribution rate was 7.1% of annual pay, and the Government's contribution rate was 536.43% of annual payroll.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE 9. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

## Primary Government (Continued)

#### **General Retirement Plan (Continued)**

### Net Pension Asset of the Government

The Government's net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension asset in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.0%
Salary increases	N/A
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of pension plan investment expense

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 50% General Employee and 50% Public Safety Employee Amount-Weighted with Improvement Scale AA projected to 2022.

All actuarial assumptions were reviewed prior to the preparation of the December 31, 2021 valuation. As a very significant portion of the actuarial asset is attributable to inactive lives, the two assumptions (investment return and mortality table) that have the most significant impact on the liabilities were revised to reflect the actuary's anticipated future experience of the 1949 Plan.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021 are: Equity Securities -6% and Fixed Income Securities -2.5%.

## **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### **General Retirement Plan (Continued)**

## Net Pension Asset of the Government (Continued)

*Discount rate*. The discount rate used to measure the total pension asset was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Government contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset.

*Changes in the Net Pension Asset of the Government.* The changes in the components of the net pension asset of the Government for the year ended December 31, 2021 were as follows:

		tal Pension bility (Asset) (a)	n Fiduciary bility (Asset) (b)	Net Pension iability (Asset) (a) - (b)
Balances at December 31, 2020	\$	85,560,981	\$ 77,080,736	\$ 8,480,245
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		7,394	-	7,394
Interest		5,748,425	-	5,748,425
Difference between expected and				
actual experience		(2,353,181)	-	(2,353,181)
Contributions - employer		-	2,256,935	(2,256,935)
Contributions - employee		-	29,936	(29,936)
Net investment income		-	12,160,354	(12,160,354)
Benefit payments, including refunds				
of employee contributions		(6,881,237)	(6,881,237)	-
Administrative expense/DB Transfers		-	1,160,275	(1,160,275)
Assumption change		149,009	-	149,009
Net changes		(3,329,590)	 8,726,263	(12,055,853)
Balances at December 31, 2021	\$	82,231,391	\$ 85,806,999	\$ (3,575,608)

The Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability

104.3%

## **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### **General Retirement Plan (Continued)**

## Net Pension Asset of the Government (Continued)

*Changes in the Net Pension Asset of the Government (Continued).* The required schedule of changes in the Government's net pension asset and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension asset.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Asset to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the net pension asset of the Government, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Government's net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Current					
1% Decrease (6.00%)		Dis	Discount Rate (7.00%)		1% Increase (8.00%)	
\$	3,978,753	\$	(3,575,608)	\$	(10,006,380)	

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of December 31, 2021, and the current sharing pattern of costs between employer and employee.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Government recognized pension expense of \$4,849,195. At December 31, 2021, the Government reported the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments in the amount of \$9,908,195 as a deferred inflow of resources, which will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending December 31,	
2022	\$ (1,880,995)
2023	(4,138,400)
2024	(2,255,845)
2025	 (1,632,955)
Total	\$ (9,908,195)

## Primary Government (Continued)

#### Georgia Municipal Employees' Benefit System ("GMEBS") Plan

#### **Plan Description**

Employees from the City of Augusta hired after March 1, 1987, and before consolidation on December 31, 1996, and who were not participants in any other employer-sponsored retirement plan, and Augusta Canal Authority employees are covered under the Georgia Municipal Employees' Benefit System (the "GMEBS" Plan), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The GMEBS Plan provides pension benefits, deferred allowances, and death and disability benefits. In 2008, this plan was reopened to participants of the 1998 Defined Contribution Plan who opted to convert to the GMEBS Plan. Participation in this plan is mandatory for all new employees. These benefit provisions and all other requirements including amendments are established by Government ordinance. A participant may retire after reaching the age of 65 or at age 62 with 25 years of service, whichever is earlier. Participating public safety personnel may retire at age 65 or age 55 with 25 years of total credited service, whichever is earlier. Early retirement may be taken at age 55 with ten years of credited service. Benefits vest after five years of service. Employees who, prior to July 1, 2018 or after age 55 with ten or more years of service, are entitled to pension payments for the remainder of their lives equal to 11/4% of their highest five-year average salary times the number of years of which they were employed as a participant in the GMEBS Plan. The GMEBS Plan was amended effective July 1, 2018 changing the multiplier from 1.65% to 2%. The benefit formula is 2% for each year of service times the final highest five-year average salary. The final highest five-year average salary is the average salary of the employee during the final five years of full-time Pension provisions include deferred allowances, whereby an employee may employment. terminate his or her employment with the Government after accumulating five years of service but before reaching the age of 65. If the employee does not withdraw his or her accumulated contributions, the employee is entitled to all pension benefits upon reaching the age of 65. Employees must contribute 5.75% or 6.25% of their gross earnings to the GMEBS Plan. In addition, the Government must provide annual contributions sufficient to satisfy the actuarially determined contribution requirements as amended by GMEBS. The GMEBS Retirement Fund issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Georgia Municipal Employees' Benefit System, 201 Pryor Street, SW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303.

## **Primary Government (Continued)**

### Georgia Municipal Employees' Benefit System ("GMEBS") Plan (Continued)

### **Plan Description (Continued)**

*Plan membership.* At July 1, 2021, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, pension plan membership consisted of the following:

Active participants	2,323
Retirees and beneficiaries	801
Vested terminated	159
	3,283

*Contributions*. The GMEBS Plan is subject to minimum funding standards of the Georgia Public Retirement Systems Standards law. The Board of Trustees of GMEBS has adopted a recommended actuarial funding policy for the GMEBS Plan which meets state minimum requirements and will accumulate sufficient funds to provide the benefits under the GMEBS Plan. The funding policy for the GMEBS Plan, as adopted by the Commission, is to contribute an amount equal to or greater than the actuarially recommended contribution rate. This rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The Government is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of plan members, as determined by the Commission. For the year ended December 31, 2021, the active member contribution rate was 7.1% of annual pay and the Government's contribution rate was 6.8% of annual payroll. Government contributions to the GMEBS Plan were \$7,180,924 for the year ended December 31, 2021.

#### Net Pension Liability of the Government

The Government's net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as July 1, 2021, with updated procedures performed by the actuary to roll forward to the total pension liability measured as of March 31, 2021.

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the January 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.25%
Salary increases	2.25%, plus service based merit increases
Investment rate of return	7.375%, net of pension plan investment expense, including infla

## **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### Georgia Municipal Employees' Benefit System ("GMEBS") Plan (Continued)

## Net Pension Liability of the Government (Continued)

Mortality rates for were based on the gender-distinct Pri-2012 head-count weighted Healthy Retiree Mortality Table with rates multiplied by 1.25.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2015 – June 30, 2019.

Cost of living adjustments were assumed to be 0.00-2.25% although the GMEBS Plan allowance for annual cost of living adjustment is variable, as established by the Commission, in an amount not to exceed 2.75%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of March 31, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term expected real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	rate of return*
Domestic equity	45%	6.40%
International equity	20%	7.05%
Real estate	10%	4.76%
Global fixed income	5%	3.06%
Domestic fixed income	20%	1.96%
Cash	- %	
Total	100%	

\* Rates shown are net of the 2.25% assumed rate of inflation.

## **Primary Government (Continued)**

## Georgia Municipal Employees' Benefit System ("GMEBS") Plan (Continued)

## Net Pension Liability of the Government (Continued)

*Discount rate*. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.375%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Government contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all of the projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

*Changes in the Net Pension Liability of the Government.* The changes in the components of the net pension liability of the Government for the year ended December 31, 2021 were as follows:

		otal Pension Liability (a)	an Fiduciary let Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)		
Balances at December 31, 2020	\$	253,296,184	\$ 157,215,558	\$	96,080,626	
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		8,151,764	-		8,151,764	
Interest		18,897,509	-		18,897,509	
Difference between expected and						
actual experience		6,899,459	-		6,899,459	
Contributions - employer		-	7,180,924		(7,180,924)	
Contributions - employee		-	7,227,616		(7,227,616)	
Net investment income		-	71,443,503		(71,443,503)	
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(10,421,087)	(10,421,087)		-	
Administrative expense		-	(435,545)		435,545	
Net changes		23,527,645	 74,995,411		(51,467,766)	
Balances at December 31, 2021	\$	276,823,829	\$ 232,210,969	\$	44,612,860	

The Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability

83.9%

## **Primary Government (Continued)**

### Georgia Municipal Employees' Benefit System ("GMEBS") Plan (Continued)

## Net Pension Liability of the Government (Continued)

The required schedule of changes in the Government's net pension liability and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the Government, calculated using the discount rate of 7.375%, as well as what the Government's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.375%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.375%) than the current rate:

			Current		
1'	% Decrease (6.375%)	Di	scount Rate (7.375%)	1	% Increase (8.375%)
\$	82,094,202	\$	44,612,860	\$	13,867,349

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of March 31, 2021, and the current sharing pattern of costs between employer and employee.

## **Primary Government (Continued)**

### Georgia Municipal Employees' Benefit System ("GMEBS") Plan (Continued)

## Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Government recognized pension expense of \$5,756,421. At December 31, 2021, the Government reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Dutflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 12,899,467	\$ -
Changes in assumptions	11,656,948	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments	-	(31,915,360)
Government contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	 6,628,371	 -
Total	\$ 31,184,786	\$ (31,915,360)

Government contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$6,628,371 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending December 31,	
2022	\$ (1,540,318)
2023	(295,088)
2024	(2,186,109)
2025	(7,640,503)
2026	4,303,073

## **Primary Government (Continued)**

#### City Employees' Pension Plan

The City Employees' Pension Plan covered former City of Augusta employees. Policemen and firemen hired before 1945 are covered under the 1949 Plan. Other former City of Augusta employees hired between 1945 and 1949 are covered by the City Employees' Pension Plan. Pension benefits are being paid under these plans to retired employees and beneficiaries. This retirement plan is closed (new employees may not participate in the plans). During the year ended December 31, 2021, the City Employees' Pension Plan has one participant with Government contributions of \$45,102. The City Employees' Pension Plan does not issue stand-alone financial statement reports.

#### **Retirement Savings Plan**

All full-time employees with more than one month of service and Canal Authority employees were eligible to participate in the Retirement Savings Plan (the "1998 Plan"). The 1998 Plan is a defined contribution plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, and is administered by Nationwide Life Insurance, PPA support. The 1998 Plan was organized and may be amended by a majority vote of the full-body of the governing board, the Augusta-Richmond County Commission. Employees contribution requirements may be amended by a majority vote of the full-body of their salary, and the Government contributes 2% of the employee's salary. Contribution requirements may be amended by a majority vote of the full-body of the governing board, the Augusta-Richmond County Commission. At December 31, 2021, there were approximately 173 plan participants. Participants are considered fully vested in the Government's contributions after completing five years of service. For the year ended December 31, 2021, the employees' contributions were \$271,306 and the Government's contributions were \$100,089. This is a closed retirement plan (new employees may not participate in the 1998 Plan).

#### Aggregate Amounts

The aggregate net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses related to each pension plan established by the Government as of December 31, 2021, is as follows:

		Net	Deferred	Deferred	
		Pension	Outflows of	Inflows of	Plan
	Lia	bility (Asset)	Resources	Resources	Expenses
1945 Plan	\$	476,150	\$ -	\$ (552,025)	\$ 88,171
General Retirement Plan ("1949 Plan")		(3,575,608)	-	(9,908,195)	(4,849,195)
General Municipal Employees' Benefit System Plan		44,612,860	 31,184,786	 (31,915,360)	 6,279,091
	\$	41,513,402	\$ 31,184,786	\$ (42,375,580)	\$ 1,518,067

## NOTE 10. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

## **Plan Administration and Benefits**

The Government, as authorized by the Commission, administers a single-employer defined benefit Post-Retirement Benefit Plan (the "OPEB Plan"). The OPEB Plan is under the direction of the Augusta-Richmond County Board of Commissioners. The Government provides post-retirement healthcare benefits, as per the requirements of a resolution, for certain retirees. The provisions and obligations to contribute are established and may be amended by the Augusta-Richmond County Board of Commissioners. The Government's Board of Commissioners established and may amend the benefit provisions. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 and a separate report was not issued for the OPEB Plan.

#### Membership

The following schedule (derived from the most recent actuarial valuation report) reflects membership for the post-retirement benefit plan as of the latest actuarial valuation at December 31, 2021:

Active members	1,728
Retired members	545
	2,273

#### Contributions

The Board of Commissioners has elected to fund the OPEB Plan on a "pay as you go" basis. Per a Government resolution, the Government is required to contribute the current year benefit costs of the OPEB Plan which are not paid by the retiree. For the year ended December 31, 2021, the County contributed \$4,898,054 for the pay as you go benefits for the OPEB Plan.

### **Total OPEB Liability of the County**

The Government's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, with the actuary using standard techniques to roll forward the liability to the measurement date.

## NOTE 10. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

## Total OPEB Liability of the County (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Discount Rate:	2.06%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate:	5.50% graded by 0.50% per year to an ultimate rate of 3.50%
Inflation Rate:	2.06%
Participation Rate:	75.00% pre-65, 50% post-65

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Mortality Table with a blend of 50% of the General Employees Table and 50% of the Public Safety Employees, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2021 fully generational improvement scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 2010 - 2014.

## **Discount rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.06%. This rate was determined using an index rate of 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation ("GO") municipal bonds with an average rating of AA or higher – which was 2.06% as determined by the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index Rate as of December 31, 2021.

## Changes in the Total OPEB Liability of the Government

The changes in the total OPEB liability of the Government for the year ended December 31, 2021 were as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability
Beginning balance	\$ 215,397,751
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	9,356,665
Interest	4,713,144
Assumption changes	3,225,486
Benefit payments	(4,898,054)
Net change	12,397,241
Ending balance	\$ 227,794,992

## NOTE 10. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

## Changes in the Total OPEB Liability of the Government (Continued)

The required schedule of changes in the Government's total OPEB liability and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about the total OPEB liability.

## Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Government, as well as what the Government's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.06%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.06%) than the current discount rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	1.06%	2.06%	3.06%
Total OPEB liability	\$ 278,347,227	\$ 227,794,992	\$ 188,989,046

#### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Government, as well as what the Government's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare Cost	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
	5.5% to 3.5%	6.5% to 4.5%	7.5% to 5.5%
Total OPEB liability	\$ 182,969,420	\$ 227,794,992	\$ 287,975,689

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revisions as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of December 31, 2021, and the current sharing pattern of costs between employer and inactive employees.

# NOTE 10. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

## **OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB**

- - -

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Government recognized OPEB expense of \$24,813,743. At December 31, 2021, the Government reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience Other changes in assumptions	\$ 12,702,650 59,406,158			
Total	\$ 72,108,808			

The above amounts are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending December 31,	
2022	\$ 10,743,934
2023	10,743,934
2024	10,743,934
2025	10,743,934
2026	10,743,934
Thereafter	 18,389,138
Total	\$ 72,108,808

## NOTE 11. RISK MANAGEMENT

• •

The Government is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The Government purchases commercial insurance to cover employee life, health, property and liability, and disability insurance programs.

There were no significant reductions of insurance coverage compared to the prior year. Settled claims in the past three years have not exceeded the coverages.

## NOTE 11. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The Government records an estimated liability for indemnity workers' compensation claims against the Government. Claim liabilities are based on estimates of the ultimate cost of reported claims (including future claim adjustment expenses). Claims liabilities include specific, incremental claim adjustment expenses and allocated loss adjustment expenses. Because all workers' compensation claims are expected to be settled within one year, the related unpaid claims liability is not discounted and the entire liability is classified as current. Activity is accounted for in the General Fund.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the last two years ended December 31 are as follows:

	December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020	
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year	\$	1,299,606	\$	213,520
Incurred claims and changes in estimates		4,775,845		4,276,810
Claim payments		(5,280,592)		(3,190,724)
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	\$	794,859	\$	1,299,606

The \$794,859 noted above along with an additional \$1,161,854 in litigation claims payable as discussed in Note 12 are reported in the Government's Statement of Net Position. Total accrued claims and judgments liability amounts to \$1,956,713 as of December 31, 2021.

## NOTE 12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

## Litigation

The Government is involved in several pending lawsuits. The nature of the lawsuits varies considerably. Management and the Government's legal counsel have determined an aggregate liability, which is reasonably possible to arise from the proceedings of up to \$1,161,854. The entire amount is believed by management and legal counsel to be probable and is recorded as claims and judgments payable on the government-wide statement of net position as of December 31, 2021. The Government will continue to assert its position in a defense against these claims.

## **Contractual Commitments**

At December 31, 2021, in addition to the liabilities enumerated on the balance sheet, the Government also had contractual commitments on uncompleted construction contracts in the amount of approximately \$15,744,285 for the completion of various projects.

## NOTE 12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

## **Grant Contingencies**

The Government has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to the disallowance of certain expenditures previously reimbursed by those agencies. Based upon prior experience, Government management believes such disallowances, if any, will not be significant.

## Encumbrances

As discussed in Note 1, encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year-end, the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next year were as follows:

General	\$ 1,787,581
Special Sales Tax Phase 7	7,706,672
Fire Protection	123,319
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	28,589,704
Water and Sewer System	15,165,924
Augusta Regional Airport	1,619,385
Garbage Collection	495,175
Stormwater Utility	2,280,996
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	7,331,478
Internal Service Funds	 111,136
	\$ 65,211,370

## NOTE 13. RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

The Government's governing council is responsible for all of the board appointments of the Housing Authority of the City of Augusta, Georgia. However, the Government's powers with respect to the Housing Authority of the City of Augusta, Georgia do not extend beyond these appointments and, accordingly, the Government has no financial accountability for the Housing Authority of the City of Augusta, Georgia.

### NOTE 14. JOINT VENTURE

Under Georgia law, the Government, in conjunction with the 13 counties and 40 cities in east Georgia known as the Central Savannah River Area (the "CSRA"), is a member of the CSRA Regional Commission (the "CSRA RC") and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During its year ended December 31, 2021, the Government paid \$225,190 in such dues. Membership in a regional commission is required by the O.C.G.A. §50-8-34 which provides for the organizational structure of the CRC in Georgia. The CSRA RC Board membership includes one city official, one county official, and one private sector individual from each county. O.C.G.A. §50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an RC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from the CSRA Regional Commission, 3023 River Watch Parkway, Augusta, Georgia 30907.

### NOTE 15. HOTEL/MOTEL LODGING TAX

The Government has imposed a 6% Hotel/Motel tax on lodging facilities. Revenues collected during the year ended December 31, 2021, were \$5,652,415; \$4,292,415 was paid to the Augusta-Richmond County Coliseum and the Augusta Convention and Visitors Bureau to promote tourism within Richmond County, and \$1,360,000 was used for debt service on the Augusta-Richmond County Coliseum Authority Revenue Bond Series 2010.

## NOTE 16. LEASES

The Government is lessor of terminal space, land and buildings at Augusta Regional Airport at Bush Field and Daniel Field under various operating leases. Revenues and related expenses for Augusta Regional Airport at Bush Field are recorded in the Augusta Regional Airport at Bush Field Fund while the revenue and related expenses for Daniel Field are recorded in the Daniel Field Airport Fund. Some of the leases provide for additional payments based on usage activity in addition to non-cancelable amounts of fixed rates.

During 2021, rental income totaled \$1,353,921 and \$101,479 in the Augusta Regional Airport at Bush Field and Daniel Field Airport Funds, respectively.

## NOTE 17. DEFICIT FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION

The Housing and Neighborhood Development Fund reported a deficit fund balance of \$1,449,881; the Law Library Fund reported a deficit fund balance of \$6,314; the Driving Under the Influence ("DUI") Court Fund reported a deficit fund balance of \$13,146; and the GMA Leases Fund reported deficit net position of \$100,601 at December 31, 2021. The Housing and Neighborhood Development Fund, Law Library Fund, and DUI Court Fund deficits are intended to be eliminated through increased transfers from other funds. The GMA Leases Fund deficit is intended to be eliminated through an increase in user charges.

## NOTE 18. DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY REVENUE

In September 2007, the Government entered into a contract with the Department of Defense (the "DOD") for the privatization of the water and wastewater system for the Army base located at Fort Gordon, Georgia. The contract term is for 50 years with a renewal option. The contract provides for selling the existing infrastructure assets to the Government, paying for renewal and replacement of infrastructure, reimbursing the cost of any new assets added to the water and wastewater system, and paying the Government to operate and maintain the water and wastewater system. Payments from the DOD to the Government are provided for in different ways for each type of payment.

Payment for renewal and replacement of infrastructure – Payments for renewal and replacement of the water and wastewater system were calculated based on an estimated schedule of asset replacement with inflation over the 50-year term of the contract. This estimated cost was then amortized on a present value basis to a monthly amount. This amount, along with the estimated monthly payment for operations and maintenance agreed upon at the contract signing date, are billed monthly to the DOD and are expected to remain constant for the first two years of the contract. After the first two years of the contract and every three years thereafter, the monthly amount of either of these payments may be renegotiated within contractually specified limits. For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Government recognized 8,908,961 and \$7,359,770, respectively, of revenue for these payments as Department of the Army revenue.

<u>Reimburse the cost of any new assets added to the system</u> – Any new assets required for the infrastructure of Fort Gordon are approved by the DOD, contracted by Utilities and reimbursed in full at the completion of the project by DOD. No such payments were made for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

## NOTE 19. TAX ABATEMENT PROGRAMS

As of December 31, 2021, the Government provides tax abatement through two programs: Tax Allocation Districts ("TADs") and Enterprise Zones.

1) TADs were authorized in 1985 under the Redevelopment Powers Law (Art. IX, Sec. II Para. VII of the Georgia Constitution as amended) to finance infrastructure and other redevelopment costs within a tax allocation district. Incremental tax revenue (Ad Valorem and Sales Tax) collected in the district may be used to reimburse a developer in accordance with an approved redevelopment agreement. To be eligible for reimbursement a developer must increase the value of the property above the base year value and/or create the number of jobs as specified in the redevelopment agreement(s). The government collects the taxes and then reimburses to a developer as described in the redevelopment agreement(s), usually quarterly or annually. If there is no incremental growth in taxes, no reimbursement is given. Tax abatements do not begin until all development agreements have been satisfied and, as such, current agreements do not have provisions to recapture previously abated taxes.

## NOTE 19. TAX ABATEMENT PROGRAMS (CONTINUED)

2) Enterprise Zones are designated geographical areas where Ad Valorem taxes are abated for up to ten years and other incentives to businesses that create five or more new jobs and residential investment with a minimum 5:1 improvement value. In 1997 The Georgia General Assembly enacted the Enterprise Zone Employment Act (O.C.G.A §36.88.1) recognizing the need for revitalization in many areas of Georgia. The State Enterprise Zone program intends to improve geographic areas within cities and counties that are suffering from disinvestment, underdevelopment and economic decline, encouraging private businesses to reinvest and rehabilitate such areas. Augusta has three designated enterprise zones. Tax abatements are calculated using a ten-year sliding scale for increased exemption amounts, there are no provisions for recapturing taxes that have been abated.

<u>Other Government Authorities: Augusta Economic Development Authority ("AEDA") Tax</u> <u>Abatements</u>

Under the agreement entered into by AEDA, County Ad Valorem revenues were reduced by \$8,685,999.

Tax Abatement Program	Amount Abated
TAD 2	
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 1,050,753
Sales Tax	883,601
Total TAD 2	1,934,354
TAD 3	
Ad Valorem Taxes	479,735
TAD 4	
Ad Valorem Taxes	35,265
Enterprise Zones	
Harrisburg	22,911
Laney Walker	33,516
Rocky Creek	13,375
Total Enterprise Zones	69,802
Economic Development Authority	
Ad Valorem Taxes	8,685,999
	, ,,
	\$ 11,205,155

## NOTE 20. NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

As required by the Government Finance Officers Association ("GFOA"), the following schedule provided the details of the net investment in capital assets classification of net position:

	Primary Government								
	G	overnmental Activities	E	Business-Type Activities					
Capital assets, non-depreciable									
assets	\$	254,773,308	\$	73,040,275					
Capital assets, depreciable									
assets		838,769,737		1,303,323,815					
Accumulated depreciation		(317,804,203)		(604,610,406)					
Notes payable		-		(10,050,559)					
Bonds payable		(69,158,486)		(434,000,000)					
Capital lease payable		-		(1,069,225)					
Certificates of Participation		(16,888,000)		-					
Unspent bond proceeds		-		890,215					
Unamortized premiums on									
bonds payable		(3,525,170)		(24,751,358)					
Unamortized discounts on									
bonds payable		-		494,108					
Unamortized deferred loss				- ,					
on refundings		-		(5,084,819)					
Unamortized deferred gain				(0,000,000)					
on refundings		587,357		1,558,461					
Net investment in capital assets	\$	686,754,543	\$	299,740,507					
	<b>–</b>	200,101,010	<u> </u>						

## NOTE 20. NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

				Major	Enterpri	se Funds				
	Wat	er and Sewer System	Aug	justa Regional Airport	Gart	age Collection	Sto	ormwater Utility	Nonr	najor Enterprise Funds
Capital assets, non-depreciable			•				•		-	
assets	\$	36,024,487	\$	12,433,763	\$	294,342	\$	-	\$	24,287,683
Capital assets, depreciable										
assets		1,013,028,237		167,590,674		50,940,407		14,094,510		57,669,987
Accumulated depreciation		(478,751,107)		(63,890,752)		(46,989,116)		(2,504,103)		(12,475,328)
Notes payable		(10,050,559)		-		-		-		-
Bonds payable		(420,385,000)		(8,595,000)		-		-		(5,020,000)
Capital lease payable		(1,069,225)		-		-		-		-
Unspent bond proceeds		890,215		-		-		-		-
Unamortized premiums on										
bonds payable		(24,237,516)		(465,363)		-		-		(48,479)
Unamortized discounts on		( , , ,		· · · /						( , ,
bonds payable		494,108		-		-		-		-
Unamortized deferred loss										
on refundings		(5,084,819)		_		_		-		_
Unamortized deferred gain		(0,004,010)								
on refundings		1,558,461								
Net investment in capital assets	¢	112,417,282	¢	107,073,322	¢	4,245,633	¢	11,590,407	¢	64,413,863
Net investment in capital assets	ą	112,417,202	<u>ə</u>	107,073,322	æ	4,245,055	æ	11,390,407	æ	04,413,003
						Con	nponent U	nits		

	Cour	Richmond County Department Augusta Canal of Health Authority				Richmond own Development Authority	Augusta-Richmond County Coliseum Authority		
Capital assets, non-depreciable assets Capital assets, depreciable	\$	1,997,997	\$	1,811,191	\$	-	\$	7,674,168	
assets Accumulated depreciation Net investment in capital assets	\$	12,726,539 (7,105,484) 7,619,052	\$	24,450,391 (8,960,815) 17,300,767	\$	2,615,000 (2,098,143) 516,857	\$	37,545,651 (28,081,887) 17,137,932	

# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE GOVERNMENT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,

	 2021	2020			2019	 2018
Total OPEB liability						
Service cost	\$ 9,356,665	\$	4,758,788	\$	3,991,848	\$ 3,652,377
Interest on total pension liability	4,713,144		4,199,377		4,530,418	4,393,579
Difference between expected and						
actual experience	4,713,144		16,221,390		-	-
Assumption changes	3,225,486		39,319,907		38,850,154	-
Benefit payments	 (4,898,054)		(4,695,621)		(5,042,836)	 (4,364,465)
Net change in total OPEB liability	17,110,385		59,803,841		42,329,584	3,681,491
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 215,397,751		155,593,910		113,264,326	 109,582,835
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 232,508,136	\$	215,397,751	\$	155,593,910	\$ 113,264,326
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 78,183,877	\$	80,127,248	\$	76,231,698	\$ 76,231,698
Government's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	297.39%		268.82%		204.11%	148.58%

#### Notes to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION 1945 PLAN – SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE GOVERNMENT'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total pension liability	 	 	 	 	 
Interest on total pension liability	\$ 478,065	\$ 509,803	\$ 479,389	\$ 494,078	\$ 503,500
Difference between expected and					
actual experience	134,943	(196,600)	380,696	87,291	(55,608)
Benefit payments, including refunds of					
employee contributions	-	(787,865)	(846,482)	(750,671)	(434,478)
Other	12,917	13,135	627,713	14,600	14,729
Net change in total pension liability	 625,925	(461,527)	641,316	 (154,702)	28,143
Total pension liability - beginning	 7,215,297	 7,676,824	 7,035,508	 7,190,210	 7,162,067
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 7,841,222	\$ 7,215,297	\$ 7,676,824	\$ 7,035,508	\$ 7,190,210
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$ 491,442	\$ 292,280	\$ 221,270	\$ 221,269	\$ 262,938
Contributions - employee	778,558	-	241	5,199	6,154
Net investment income	-	593,105	886,900	(112,787)	751,600
Benefit payments, including refunds of					
member contributions	100,804	(787,865)	(846,482)	(750,671)	(434,478)
Other	 -	 (77,218)	 143,917	 (319,617)	 -
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	1,370,804	20,302	405,846	(956,607)	586,214
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 5,994,268	 5,973,966	 5,568,120	6,524,727	 5,938,513
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 7,365,072	\$ 5,994,268	\$ 5,973,966	\$ 5,568,120	\$ 6,524,727
Government's net pension liability -	 			 	
ending (a) - (b)	\$ 476,150	\$ 1,221,029	\$ 1,702,858	\$ 1,467,388	\$ 665,483
Plan fiduciary net position as a					
percentage of the total pension liability	93.9%	83.1%	77.8%	79.1%	90.7%
Covered payroll	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 103,988	\$ 102,730
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	1411.1%	647.8%

Notes to the Schedule:

 2016	 2015	 2014
\$ 586,898	\$ 644,381	\$ 3,063
(388,216)	(656,594)	691,884
(757,676)	(791,036)	(890,165)
(483,086)	557,115	-
(1,042,080)	 (246,134)	 (195,218)
8,204,147	8,450,281	8,645,499
\$ 7,162,067	\$ 8,204,147	\$ 8,450,281
\$ 242,708	\$ 290,565	\$ 299,600
7,121	6,611	6,661
260,609	13,630	521,224
(757,676)	(791,036)	(864,962)
(247,238)	 (480,230)	 (37,477)
6,185,751	6,665,981	6,703,458
\$ 5,938,513	\$ 6,185,751	\$ 6,665,981
\$ 1,223,554	\$ 2,018,396	\$ 1,784,300
 	 <u>,                                 </u>	 , ,
82.9%	75.4%	78.9%
\$ 142,642	\$ 132,431	\$ 132,346
857.8%	1524.1%	1348.2%

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GENERAL RETIREMENT PLAN - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE GOVERNMENT'S NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total pension liability	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2010	 2017
Service cost	\$ 7,394	\$ 13,869	\$ 41,403	\$ 71,155	\$ 97,416
Interest on total pension liability	5,748,425	5,922,537	5,939,323	5,950,151	6,017,737
Difference between expected					
and actual experience	(2,353,181)	(1,623,209)	(1,451,011)	578,560	(1,889,699)
Benefit payments, including refunds of					
employee contributions	(6,881,237)	(7,032,172)	(7,035,535)	(6,807,102)	(3,855,295)
Assumption changes	 149,009	 156,198	 5,190,111	 172,108	 173,528
Net change in total pension liability	(3,329,590)	(2,562,777)	2,684,291	(35,128)	543,687
Total pension liability - beginning	 85,560,981	 88,123,758	 85,439,467	 85,474,595	 84,930,908
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 82,231,391	\$ 85,560,981	\$ 88,123,758	\$ 85,439,467	\$ 85,474,595
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$ 2,256,935	\$ 2,275,850	\$ 1,835,100	\$ 1,835,092	\$ 2,110,483
Contributions - employee	29,936	36,602	51,185	84,122	104,343
Net investment income	12,160,354	8,626,403	12,713,117	(3,238,133)	11,337,849
Benefit payments, including refunds of					
member contributions	(6,881,237)	(7,032,172)	(7,035,535)	(6,807,102)	(3,855,295)
Administrative expense/DB transfers	 1,160,275	 (593,098)	 1,161,972	 (2,785,980)	 -
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	8,726,263	3,313,585	8,725,839	(10,912,001)	9,697,380
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 77,080,736	 73,767,151	 65,041,312	 75,953,313	 66,255,933
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 85,806,999	\$ 77,080,736	\$ 73,767,151	\$ 65,041,312	\$ 75,953,313
Government's net pension liability (asset)-	 				
ending (a) - (b)	\$ (3,575,608)	\$ 8,480,245	\$ 14,356,607	\$ 20,398,155	\$ 9,521,282
Plan fiduciary net position as a					
percentage of the total pension liability	104.3%	90.1%	83.7%	76.1%	88.9%
Covered payroll	\$ 420,732	\$ 498,994	\$ 595,418	\$ 899,923	\$ 1,236,533
Net pension liability as a percentage					
of covered payroll	-849.9%	1699.5%	2411.2%	2266.7%	770.0%

#### Notes to the Schedule:

	2016		2015		2014
\$	213,829	\$	211,811	\$	196,121
Ψ	6,511,618	Ψ	7,012,898	Ψ	7,212,710
	-,- ,		,- ,		, , -
	392,380		(9,987,646)		-
	(6,718,694)		(6,640,017)		-
	(5,649,139)		8,602,628		(6,390,348)
	(5,250,006)		(800,326)		1,018,483
	90,180,914		90,981,240		89,962,757
\$	84,930,908	\$	90,180,914	\$	90,981,240
\$	2,381,619	\$	2,256,722	\$	2,256,722
Ψ	127,008	Ψ	145,707	Ψ	185,458
	2,957,821		416,945		4,737,674
	(6,718,694)		(6,640,017)		(6,144,565)
	- (1,252,246)		(3,820,643)		- 1,035,289
	67,508,179		71,328,822		70,293,533
\$	66,255,933	\$	67,508,179	\$	71,328,822
\$	18,674,975	\$	22,672,735	\$	19,652,418
	78.0%		74.9%		78.4%
\$	1,614,364	\$	2,173,529	\$	2,906,852
	1156.8%		1043.1%		676.1%

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GEORGIA MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' BENEFIT SYSTEM PLAN - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE GOVERNMENT'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total pension liability	 -	 	 	 	 -
Service cost	\$ 8,151,764	\$ 7,073,972	\$ 6,842,293	\$ 6,210,339	\$ 5,963,235
Interest on total pension liability	18,897,509	16,466,663	15,228,178	12,180,253	11,370,569
Difference between expected					
and actual experience	6,899,459	7,060,253	3,177,397	1,003,764	172,585
Changes of assumptions	-	14,856,280	13,090	27,428,256	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of					
employee contributions	(10,421,087)	(9,522,195)	(8,436,793)	(7,250,327)	(6,867,383)
Other	 -	 118,580	 -	 56,467	 -
Net change in total pension liability	23,527,645	36,053,553	16,824,165	39,628,752	10,639,006
Total pension liability - beginning	253,296,184	217,242,631	200,418,466	160,789,714	150,150,708
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 276,823,829	\$ 253,296,184	\$ 217,242,631	\$ 200,418,466	\$ 160,789,714
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$ 7,180,924	\$ 6,713,607	\$ 5,544,458	\$ 5,121,158	\$ 4,711,377
Contributions - employee	7,227,616	7,296,190	5,064,217	4,324,427	4,172,832
Net investment income	71,443,503	(11,968,652)	5,775,317	17,265,417	15,415,658
Benefit payments, including refunds of					
member contributions	(10,421,087)	(9,522,195)	(8,436,793)	(7,250,327)	(6,867,383)
Administrative expenses	 (435,545)	 (467,456)	 (442,161)	 (428,475)	 (429,001)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	74,995,411	(7,948,506)	7,505,038	19,032,200	17,003,483
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	157,215,558	165,164,064	157,659,026	138,626,826	121,623,343
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 232,210,969	\$ 157,215,558	\$ 165,164,064	\$ 157,659,026	\$ 138,626,826
Government's net pension liability -		 	 	 	
ending (a) - (b)	\$ 44,612,860	\$ 96,080,626	\$ 52,078,567	\$ 42,759,440	\$ 22,162,888
Plan fiduciary net position as a					
percentage of the total pension liability	83.9%	62.1%	76.0%	78.7%	86.2%
Covered payroll	\$ 113,882,287	\$ 107,729,939	\$ 104,551,359	\$ 97,760,351	\$ 97,189,835
Net pension liability as a percentage					
of covered payroll	39.2%	89.2%	49.8%	43.7%	22.8%

Notes to the Schedule:

Item 6.

	2016		2015
\$	5,634,438	\$	6,206,501
	10,567,608		10,017,506
	692,737		(769,614)
	-		(2,547,031)
	(6,200,611)		(5,417,945)
	-		-
	10,694,172		7,489,417
	139,456,536		131,967,119
\$	150,150,708	\$	139,456,536
\$	5,375,663	\$	5,710,844
	3,861,596		3,742,322
	469,404		10,245,983
	(6,200,611)		(5,417,945)
	(263,919)		(223,210)
	3,242,133		14,057,994
	118,381,210		104,323,216
\$	121,623,343	\$	118,381,210
\$	28,527,365	\$	21,075,326
	81.0%		84.9%
•	00 101 700	•	07 500 505
\$	93,424,736	\$	87,533,530
	00.5%		04.404
	30.5%		24.1%

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION 1945 PLAN SCHEDULE OF GOVERNMENT CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,

		2021		2020		2019	2018	 2017
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	491,442	\$	598,788	\$	292,282	\$ 221,269	\$ 262,938
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		491,442		292,280		221,270	 221,269	 262,938
Contribution deficiency	\$		\$	306,508	\$	71,012	\$ 	\$ 
Covered payroll	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 103,988	\$ 102,730
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A	212.78%	255.95%
Notes to the Schedule: (1) Actuarial Assumptions Valuation Date Cost Method Actuarial Asset Valuation Method Assumed Rate of Return on Investments Projected Salary Increases Cost-of-living Adjustment	Entr <u>,</u> Smo 7.00 N/A 2.00	%	/alue, 5-y	year smoothing	g period			

Closed level dollar for unfunded liability

5 years

(2) The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

Amortization Method

Remaining Amortization Period

 2016	 2015	 2014
\$ 242,708	\$ 290,565	\$ 299,600
 242,708	 290,565	 299,600
\$ 	\$ -	\$ -
\$ 142,642	\$ 132,431	\$ 132,346
170.15%	219.41%	226.38%

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GENERAL RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF GOVERNMENT CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,

		2021	 2020		2019	 2018	 2017
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	2,256,935	\$ 2,830,848	\$	2,275,865	\$ 1,835,092	\$ 2,110,483
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		2,256,935	 2,275,850		1,835,100	 1,835,092	 2,110,483
Contribution deficiency	\$		\$ 554,998	\$	440,765	\$ 	\$ 
Covered payroll	\$	420,732	\$ 498,994	\$	595,418	\$ 899,923	\$ 1,236,533
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		536.43%	456.09%		308.20%	203.92%	170.68%
Notes to the Schedule: (1) Actuarial Assumptions Valuation Date Cost Method Actuarial Asset Valuation Method Assumed Rate of Return on	En	cember 31, 202 try Age Normal loothed market v	5-year smoothing	period	1		

7.00%
3.00%
2.00%
Closed level dollar for unfunded liability
5 years

(2) The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

592

 2016	 2015	 2014
\$ 2,381,619	\$ 2,256,722	\$ 2,256,722
 2,381,619	 2,256,722	 2,256,722
\$ -	\$ _	\$ -
\$ 1,614,364	\$ 2,173,529	\$ 2,906,852
147.53%	103.83%	77.63%

#### **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** GEORGIA MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES BENEFIT SYSTEM PLAN SCHEDULE OF GOVERNMENT CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,

		2021		2020		2019	 2018	 2017
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	8,761,505	\$	8,139,369	\$	6,625,583	\$ 6,250,604	\$ 4,578,726
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		7,180,924		6,713,607		5,544,458	 5,121,158	 4,711,377
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	1,580,581	\$	1,425,762	\$	1,081,125	\$ 1,129,446	\$ (132,651)
Covered payroll	\$	105,821,319	\$	102,745,145	\$	101,155,855	\$ 97,475,093	\$ 95,307,286
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		6.79%		6.53%		5.48%	5.25%	4.94%
Notes to the Schedule: (1) Actuarial Assumptions Valuation Date Cost Method Actuarial Asset Valuation Method	Pr Su du by th	ring the year plus 10% of the amo	alue a s the unt th t end	t beginning of year assumed investme at the value excee of year. The actua fet value.	ent re eds or	turn, adjusted is less than		
Assumed Rate of Return on Investments Projected Salary Increases Cost-of-living Adjustment Amortization Method	2. 0.	375% 25% plus service 00% - 2.25% osed level dollar		d merit increases nfunded liability				

15 - 20 years

(2) The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

Remaining Amortization Period

Item 6.

 2016	 2015
\$ 4,617,582	\$ 4,571,313
 5,375,663	 5,710,844
\$ (758,081)	\$ (1,139,531)
\$ 90,479,133	\$ 84,587,927
5.94%	6.75%

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION 1945 PLAN – SCHEDULE OF PENSION INVESTMENT RETURNS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses for the Government's Pension Plan	11.1%	10.6%	17.0%	-2.4%	13.2%	7.1%	-1.8%	7.0%

#### Notes to the Schedule:

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GENERAL RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF PENSION INVESTMENT RETURNS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses for the Government's Pension Plan	14.8%	12.2%	20.5%	-5.1%	17.9%	6.2%	-1.2%	8.2%

#### Notes to the Schedule:

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGETARY LEVEL OF CONTROL - BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL

#### GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES · BUDGETARY LEVEL OF CONTROL - BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgetee	<b>.</b>	Variance with Final	
Revenues	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
Property taxes	\$ 58,784,070	\$ 58,784,070	\$ 61,587,181	\$ 2,803,111
Franchise taxes	23,296,020	23,296,020	21,855,820	(1,440,200
Sales taxes	33,698,500	33,698,500	38,245,679	4,547,179
Other taxes	4,465,000	4,465,000	4,914,829	449,829
Licenses and permits	1,661,300	1,661,300	1,049,681	(611,619
Intergovernmental	6,505,170	7,726,430	5,748,715	(1,977,715
Charges for services	23,151,790	23,151,790	22,093,003	(1,058,787
Fines and forfeitures	4,433,360	4,518,210	3,728,946	(1,030,767
Interest and penalties	1,250,800	1,250,800	511,054	(739,746
Other revenues	8,617,260	8,829,280	1,344,766	(7,484,514
Total revenues	165,863,270	167,381,400	161,079,674	(6,301,726
Expenditures				(0,001,12)
General government:				
Council	055 770	070.000	000.004	00 70
Salaries	355,770	373,060	303,264	69,790
Operations	54,570	23,170	21,043	2,12
Mayor				
Salaries	353,340	354,180	302,517	51,663
Operations	168,740	168,740	149,641	19,09
Administrator's office				
Salaries	928,620	953,370	798,312	155,05
Operations	188,570	326,840	177,519	149,32
Board of commissioners				
Salaries	234,880	234,880	237,093	(2,21
Operations	197,180	228,580	187,775	40,80
Board of elections				
Salaries	536,790	549,930	547,191	2,73
Operations	269,060	698,830	654,255	44,57
Finance	,	,	,	,•.
Salaries	1,597,740	1,629,420	1,384,623	244,79
Operations	362,040	362,040	333,242	28,79
Licenses and inspections	002,040	002,040	000,242	20,70
Salaries	825,950	850,010	761,478	88,53
Operations	373,010	376,500	231,157	145,34
Procurement	575,010	370,500	231,137	140,04
	000 070	050.000	045 000	101.10
Salaries	928,670	950,030	815,869	134,16
Operations	138,330	155,330	134,786	20,54
Law department				
Salaries	1,285,820	1,330,970	933,611	397,35
Operations	652,280	1,286,480	1,067,121	219,35
Compliance department				
Salaries	517,230	520,780	482,221	38,55
Operations	141,750	340,900	235,349	105,55
Information technology				
Salaries	3,426,530	3,504,990	3,304,714	200,27
Operations	4,257,520	4,258,100	3,513,908	744,19
Human resources				
Salaries	1,327,400	1,338,620	1,234,801	103,81
Operations	621,630	621,630	617,319	4,31
Tax commissioner	021,000	021,000	011,010	1,01
Salaries	2,692,040	3,025,180	3,067,552	(42,37
Operations	1,222,930	952,930	1,469,039	(516,10
Tax assessor	1,222,000	552,550	1,403,003	(010,10
Salaries	2.515.660	2,576,840	2,540,482	36,35
Operations	420,130	400,130	313,682	86,44
Citizens' service and information				
Salaries	337,310	351,010	326,584	24,42
Operations	38,100	38,880	28,576	10,30
Planning and development				
Salaries	1,042,130	1,057,940	757,237	300,70
Operations	780,960	776,960	337,161	439,79
Print shop				
Salaries	163,950	167,260	172,556	(5,29
Operations	306,430	293,040	217,340	75,70
Facilities management	,100		,	. 5,70
Salaries	336,650	356,180	334,266	21,91
Operations	4,117,920	4,435,710	3,884,623	551,08
Construction shop	4,117,920	4,433,710	3,004,023	551,00
	005 750	007 400	754 570	040 50
Salaries	995,750	997,160	754,579	242,58
Operations	166,280	166,280	141,527	24,75
Other non-departmental		- · · · · · ·		
Salaries	5,062,240	6,186,200	4,619,499	1,566,70
Operations	668,120	668,120	855,427	(187,30

#### GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES · BUDGETARY LEVEL OF CONTROL - BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgata	d Amounts		Variance with Final	
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget	
Expenditures (Continued)					
Judicial:					
Superior court	¢ 510.970	¢ 540.970	¢ 500.600	\$ 2,262	
Salaries Operations	\$510,870 3,118,940	\$ 510,870 3,266,980	\$ 508,608 2,802,827	\$ 2,262 464,153	
Clerk of superior court	5,110,540	5,200,900	2,002,021	404,155	
Salaries	2,730,960	2,689,650	2,605,490	84,160	
Operations	304,880	387,500	2,003,430	175,899	
District attorney	004,000	001,000	211,001	110,000	
Salaries	2,396,150	2,419,750	2,332,292	87,458	
Operations	1,156,860	1,241,710	929,697	312,013	
State court	· ; · <del> ;</del>	.,,		• -=,• • •	
Salaries	1,394,160	1,413,820	1,284,764	129,056	
Operations	822,600	842,920	739,894	103,026	
Solicitor					
Salaries	1,903,640	1,918,410	1,519,864	398,546	
Operations	186,400	188,400	138,200	50,200	
Civil court					
Salaries	540,180	541,910	584,597	(42,687	
Operations	1,346,040	1,359,300	1,146,517	212,783	
Probate court					
Salaries	793,160	849,560	824,218	25,342	
Operations	70,340	72,110	71,328	782	
Juvenile court					
Salaries	482,900	630,370	618,935	11,435	
Operations	1,241,610	1,331,460	1,003,888	327,572	
Public defender					
Salaries	141,150	142,860	73,529	69,331	
Operations	3,665,960	3,680,300	3,616,916	63,384	
Marshal					
Salaries	2,157,060	2,250,190	2,059,181	191,009	
Operations	560,460	1,152,230	649,433	502,797	
Jury clerk					
Salaries	127,840	128,990	129,804	(814	
Operations	47,000	47,000	25,827	21,173	
Total judicial	25,699,160	27,066,290	23,877,410	3,188,880	
Public safety:					
Investigation					
Salaries	6,360,230	6,535,330	6,500,503	34,827	
Operations	3,825,140	3,716,410	3,682,908	33,502	
Traffic enforcement					
Salaries	18,407,470	18,783,300	18,564,868	218,432	
Operations	7,629,080	8,627,170	8,578,562	48,608	
Police training					
Salaries	666,260	698,550	660,193	38,357	
Operations	491,370	554,220	500,971	53,249	
School patrol					
Salaries	666,980	666,980	358,080	308,900	
Sheriff administration					
Salaries	2,291,550	2,511,220	2,461,873	49,347	
Operations	1,567,970	1,851,570	1,672,568	179,002	
Court services					
Salaries	10,660	12,660	12,189	471	
Fugitive investigation					
Salaries	2,331,790	2,259,460	2,198,666	60,794	
Operations	188,380	212,480	201,753	10,727	
Security					
Salaries	1,361,470	1,352,050	1,261,010	91,040	
Operations	45,940	46,820	39,435	7,385	
CBW Detention Center					
Salaries	11,865,760	11,301,890	11,078,185	223,705	
Operations	7,479,080	8,110,780	7,958,429	152,351	
RCCI					
Salaries	4,226,010	4,421,970	4,052,950	369,020	
Operations	1,142,140	1,142,680	968,535	174,145	
EMS contract					
Operations	650,000	650,000	650,000	-	
Coroner					
Salaries	529,240	552,420	503,549	48,871	
Operations	335,020	335,020	314,536	20,484	
Animal services					
Salaries	1,287,330	1,318,570	1,055,314	263,256	
Operations	447,370	607,370	375,047	232,323	
-					
Emergency management					
Emergency management Salaries Operations	150,610 135,800	156,360 191,460	165,357 130,897	(8,997 60,563	

#### GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES · BUDGETARY LEVEL OF CONTROL - BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgetee Original	d Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Expenditures (Continued)	Original	Final	Actual	Budget	
Fire department					
Operations	\$-	\$-	\$ 33,387	\$ (33,387)	
Drivers license bureau	45.000	45.000	0.704	F 070	
Operations 878 engineering battalion	15,000	15,000	9,721	5,279	
Operations	7,020	22,020	7,020	15,000	
Total public safety	74,114,670	76,653,760	73,996,506	2,657,254	
	74,114,070	70,033,700	73,330,300	2,037,234	
Public works: Highway and street administration					
Salaries	773.910	799,280	783,734	15,546	
Operations	586,130	586,130	240,920	345,210	
Roads and walkways	,	,	.,		
Salaries	1,208,360	1,232,530	794,994	437,536	
Operations	677,630	690,130	622,382	67,748	
Litter patrol	055 100	074 000	005.044	0.010	
Salaries	355,430	374,360	365,041	9,319	
Operations Traffic engineering	46,740	46,740	43,324		
Salaries	1,441,832	1,642,080	1,674,470	(32,390)	
Operations	1,876,228	1,695,870	1,052,882	642,988	
Riverwalk/Augusta Commons	400.400	444.000	CO 004	40.050	
Salaries Operations	109,160 67,050	111,280 62,950	62,324 38,979	48,956 23,971	
Total public works	7,142,470	7,241,350	5,679,050	1,558,884	
Health and welfare:					
Board of health					
Operations	1,332,560	1,332,560	1,312,560	20,000	
DFACS/American Red Cross Salaries		88,700	88,288	412	
Operations	316,460	236,960	59,003	177,957	
Child enrichment	010,100	200,000	00,000	11,001	
Operations	117,840	117,840	117,840	-	
Total health and welfare	1,766,860	1,776,060	1,577,691	198,369	
Culture and recreation:					
Recreation administration					
Salaries	780,080	803,180	665,845	137,335	
Operations	2,003,410	2,055,260	1,587,367	467,893	
Recreation					
Salaries	917,050	951,940	769,488	182,452	
Operations Community centers	499,990	494,990	279,343	215,647	
Salaries	1,679,590	1,722,940	1,529,466	193,474	
Operations	1,690,510	1,699,540	1,410,436	289,104	
Parks					
Salaries	1,515,700	1,569,860	1,285,740	284,120	
Operations	3,247,520	3,173,380	2,327,034	846,346	
Senior citizens	40.000	44.000	40,400	4 740	
Operations Museums	40,200	44,200	42,490	1,710	
Operations	287,340	287,340	287,854	(514)	
Port authority	201,010	201,010	201,001	(011)	
Salaries	14,100	15,330	14,814	516	
Operations	86,490	87,990	51,734	36,256	
Trees and landscaping					
Salaries	577,390	600,570	513,334	87,236	
Operations Cemeteries	281,570	262,570	180,533	82,037	
Salaries	564,310	581,520	485,070	96,450	
Operations	232,200	231,700	152,195	79,505	
Historic					
Operations	50,900	50,900	50,900	-	
Arts	170 100	170.100	170 100		
Operations Library	178,420	178,420	178,420	-	
Operations	2,616,100	2,616,100	2,616,100	-	
Total culture and recreation	17,262,870	17,427,730	14,428,163	2,999,567	

#### GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES · BUDGETARY LEVEL OF CONTROL - BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	 Budgetec	l Amou	unts Final	Actual		Variance with Final Budget
Expenditures (Continued)	 ongina		- mai		Addua	 Dudget
Housing and development:						
Conservation						
Salaries	\$ 176,450	\$	180,680	\$	166,612	\$ 14,068
Operations	167,980		167,980		161,469	6,511
Forestry						
Salaries	2,480		2,480		2,534	(54)
Operations	13,840		13,840		11,878	1,962
Code enforcement						
Salaries	906,500		930,120		807,592	122,528
Operations	176,570		176,570		108,365	68,205
Industrial development						
Operations	591,590		591,590		591,590	-
Summer youth programs						
Operations	-		12,440		10,885	1,555
Tree commission						
Operations	 5,000		5,000		-	 5,000
Total housing and development	 2,040,410		2,080,700		1,860,925	 219,775
Total expenditures	 168,636,460		176,133,090		159,668,684	 16,460,990
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,773,190)		(8,751,690)		1,410,990	10,159,264
Other financing sources (uses)						
Proceeds from the sale of assets	395,260		395,260		433,070	(37,810)
Transfers in	2.655.810		8,044,710		7,254,785	(789,925)
Transfers out	 (2,930,280)		(2,930,280)		(3,432,979)	 (502,699)
Total other financing sources (uses), net	 120,790		5,509,690		4,254,876	 (1,330,434)
Net change in fund balance	(2,652,400)		(3,242,000)		5,665,866	(8,907,866)
Fund balance, beginning of year	 40,288,486		40,288,486		40,288,486	 -
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 37,636,086	\$	37,046,486	\$	45,954,352	\$ (8,907,866)

#### FIRE PROTECTION FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGETARY LEVEL OF CONTROL - BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 8,233,070	\$ 8,233,070	\$ 8,458,256	\$ 225,186
Insurance premium taxes	15,042,240	15,042,240	16,244,986	1,202,746
Other taxes	481,760	481,760	481,760	-
Charges for services	1,901,720	3,481,720	453,312	(3,028,408)
Interest and penalties	100,000	100,000	23,660	(76,340)
Other revenues		-	36,579	36,579
Total revenues	25,758,790	27,338,790	25,698,553	(1,640,237)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Public safety				
Salaries	28,433,440	29,959,590	26,764,802	3,194,788
Operations	3,603,850	3,995,370	4,616,337	(620,967)
Total expenditures	32,037,290	33,954,960	31,381,139	2,573,821
Deficiency of revenues				
under expenditures	(6,278,500)	(6,616,170)	(5,682,586)	933,584
Other financing sources				
Proceeds from the sale of assets	-	-	10,025	10,025
Transfers in	6,278,500	7,616,170	7,616,170	-
Transfers out	-	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	-
Total other financing sources	6,278,500	6,616,170	6,626,195	10,025
Net change in fund balances	-	-	943,609	943,609
Fund balance, beginning of year	23,744,360	23,744,360	23,744,360	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 23,744,360	\$ 23,744,360	\$ 24,687,969	\$ 943,609

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGETARY LEVEL OF CONTROL - BUDGET (GAAP) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgetec Original	I Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues				
Interest and penalties	\$ -	\$-	\$ 63	\$ 63
Other revenues	876,000	876,000	812,920	(63,080)
Total revenues	876,000	876,000	812,983	(63,017)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Housing and development				
Operations	138,660	138,660	88,647	50,013
Debt service				
Principal	3,160,000	3,160,000	27,679,000	(24,519,000)
Interest	2,055,110	2,055,110	6,125,966	(4,070,856)
Fiscal agent fees	15,390	15,390	-	15,390
Bond issuance costs	<u> </u>		2,800	(2,800)
Total expenditures	5,369,160	5,369,160	33,896,413	(28,527,253)
Deficiency of revenues				
under expenditures	(4,493,160)	(4,493,160)	(33,083,430)	(28,590,270)
Other financing sources Issuance of debt				
Proceeds from the sale of assets	64,520	64,520	31,087,633	31,023,113
Transfers in	6,693,640	6,693,640	3,327,300	(3,366,340)
Transfers out	(2,265,000)	(2,265,000)	(2,265,000)	-
Total other financing sources	4,493,160	4,493,160	32,149,933	27,656,773
Net change in fund balances	-	-	(933,497)	(933,497)
Fund balance, beginning of year	2,326,485	2,326,485	2,326,485	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 2,326,485	\$ 2,326,485	\$ 1,392,988	\$ (933,497)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

ASSETS		Special Revenue Funds		ebt Service Fund Coliseum Authority Revenue Bonds	Capital Projects Funds			Permanent Fund Perpetual Care - II		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	58.426.024	\$	652.292	\$	43.238.720	\$	528,433	\$	102.845.469	
Investments	•	8,662,958	+	,	•	13,780,855	+		*	22,443,813	
Taxes receivable		768,901		_		321,396		_		1,090,297	
Accounts receivable		3,000,557		_		301,572		_		3,302,129	
Interest receivable		0,000,007		_		23,860		_		23,860	
Notes receivable		1,496,052		_		20,000		_		1,496,052	
Due from other governments		2,514,137		-		934,804				3,448,941	
Due from other funds		2,857		-		334,004				2,857	
Prepaid expenditures		87,096		-		-		-		87,096	
Restricted cash		07,090		- 390,347		- 1.057		-		391,404	
Total assets	\$	74,958,582	\$	1,042,639	\$	58,602,264	\$	528,433	\$	135,131,918	
Total assets	φ	74,950,562	- <del>-</del>	1,042,039	φ	50,002,204	þ	520,433	<u>ф</u>	135,131,910	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES											
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable	\$	1,988,909	\$	-	\$	582,829	\$	-	\$	2,571,738	
Accrued liabilities		131,765		-		-		-		131,765	
Unearned revenue		34,033,483		-		-		-		34,033,483	
Due to other governments		4,500		-		-		-		4,500	
Due to other funds		743,563		-		-		-		743,563	
Total liabilities	_	36,902,220		-		582,829	_	-	_	37,485,049	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Unavailable revenue - notes receivable		2,531,141		-		-		-		2,531,141	
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		1,268,272		-		165,264		-		1,433,536	
Total deferred inflows of resources		3,799,413		-		165,264		-		3,964,677	
FUND BALANCES											
Non-spendable:											
Prepaid expenditures		87,096		-		-		-		87,096	
Restricted for:											
General government		3,324,299		-		-		-		3,324,299	
Judicial		709,992		-		-		-		709,992	
Perpetual care											
Expendable		206,456		-		-		-		206,456	
Nonexpendable		-		-		-		528,433		528,433	
Public safety		5,563,510		-		-		-		5,563,510	
Public works		15,170,621		-		-		-		15,170,621	
Housing and development		4,263,212		-		-		-		4,263,212	
Capital outlay		-		-		47,192,808		-		47,192,808	
Debt service		-		1,042,639		-		-		1,042,639	
Committed for:				,. ,						,- ,	
Public works - stormwater		82,650		-		-		-		82,650	
Housing and development		6,097,536		-		-		-		6,097,536	
Capital outlay		-,,		-		10,661,363		-		10,661,363	
Unassigned		(1,248,423)		_				_		(1,248,423)	
Total fund balances		34,256,949		1,042,639		57,854,171		528,433		93,682,192	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of											

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Fund Coliseum Authority Revenu Bonds			Capital Projects Funds		Permanent Fund Perpetual Care - II		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds	
Revenues	•	5 407 440	•	000.070	•	4 000 577	<b>^</b>		•	40.040.000	
Property taxes	\$	5,407,410	\$	602,979	\$	4,002,577	\$	-	\$	10,012,966	
Sales taxes		20,294,307		-		-		-		20,294,307	
Other taxes		5,813,834		-		-		-		5,813,834	
Licenses and permits		6,477,076		-		-		-		6,477,076	
Intergovernmental		23,407,609		-		5,405,435		-		28,813,044	
Charges for services		10,262,264		-		108,392		-		10,370,656	
Fines and forfeitures		1,036,303		-		-		-		1,036,303	
Interest income		70,005		1,583		106,716		9		178,313	
Other revenues		1,852,581		-		39,578		-		1,892,159	
Total revenues		74,621,389		604,562		9,662,698		9		84,888,658	
Expenditures											
Current:											
General government		4,140,710		-		-		5,582		4,146,292	
Judicial		1,001,909		-		-		-		1,001,909	
Public safety		5,924,259		-		-		-		5,924,259	
Public works		15,235,529		-		-		-		15,235,529	
Culture and recreation		1,298,187		-		-		-		1,298,187	
Housing and development		25,018,150		-		-		-		25,018,150	
Capital projects		-		-		16,436,198		-		16,436,198	
Intergovernmental payments		-		8,003,306		-		-		8,003,306	
Debt service:											
Principal		-		14,640,000		-		-		14,640,000	
Interest		-		456,790		-		-		456,790	
Fiscal agent fees		-		1,400		-		-		1,400	
Bond issuance cost		-		240,000		-		-		240,000	
Total expenditures	_	52,618,744		23,341,496		16,436,198		5,582		92,402,020	
Excess (deficiency)											
of revenues over											
(under) expenditures		22,002,645		(22,736,934)		(6,773,500)		(5,573)		(7,513,362)	
Other financing sources (uses)											
Issuance of debt		-		21,795,000		-		-		21,795,000	
Transfers in		8,723,272		1,360,000		2,454		-		10,085,726	
Transfers out		(23,235,728)		-		(2,454)		-		(23,238,182)	
		(20,200,120)				(2,101)				(20,200,102)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(14,512,456)		23,155,000		-		-		8,642,544	
Net change in											
fund balances		7,490,189		418,066		(6,773,500)		(5,573)		1,129,182	
Fund balances, beginning of year		26,766,760		624,573		64,627,671		534,006		92,553,010	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	34,256,949	\$	1,042,639	\$	57,854,171	\$	528,433	\$	93,682,192	

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted, committed, or assigned for expenditures of particular purposes.

**Urban Services District Fund** is used to account for revenue primarily from ad valorem taxes from areas within the former city limits and expenditures related to governmental services such as "Urban Street Lights" and "Fire Protection".

**Emergency Telephone System Fund** is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of revenues of the emergency telephone response system.

**Tax Allocation District ("TAD") 2 Fund** is used to account for the receipt of the incremental increase of property taxes over the base years allocated sales tax revenue generated and expenditures committed to economic development in the Village at Riverwatch Tax Allocation District.

**Tax Allocation District ("TAD") 3 Fund** is used to account for the receipt of the incremental increase of property taxes over the base years and expenditures committed to economic development in the Doug Bernard/Dixon Airline Tax Allocation District.

**Tax Allocation District 4 ("TAD") Fund** is used to account for the receipt of the incremental increase of property taxes over the base years and expenditures committed to economic development in the Downtown Tax Allocation District.

**Occupational Tax Fund** is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of tax revenues generated from business licenses.

**Streetlights Fund** is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of street light assessment taxes for the operation of street lights in the Government.

Hotel/Motel Tax and Promotion/Tourism Fund is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of hotel/motel and beer/wine tax revenues to the Augusta-Richmond County Convention and Visitors Bureau and the Augusta-Richmond County Coliseum Authority.

Housing and Neighborhood Development Fund is used to account for the financing and construction of various community development projects from grants received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

**Urban Development Action Grant ("UDAG") Fund** is used to account for loan transactions in relation to urban development action grants. Repayments of initial grant revenue loaned to qualified recipients are restricted to additional financing to qualified applicants.

## NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Federal Drug Fund is used to account for activities associated with drug education and enforcement.

State Drug Fund is used to account for activities associated with drug education and enforcement.

**Downtown Development Fund** is used to account for excise taxes collected on rental motor vehicles, and debt payments made and appropriations given to the Downtown Development Authority.

**Convention Center Fund** is used to account for activities associated with the operations of the Augusta Convention Center.

**Law Library Fund** is used to account for certain fees received from the various courts of the Government. The resources are restricted by state law for support of the Law Library.

**5% Crime Victim's Assistance Fund** is used to account for the 5% surcharge on certain fines with the proceeds used for a victim's assistance program.

Supplemental Juvenile Services Fund is used to account for supervisory fees collected on juvenile cases.

**Building Inspection Fund** is used to account for building inspection licensing and fees revenue and related expenditures.

**Perpetual Care I Fund** is used to account for monies collected from sale of perpetual care contracts at Government-owned cemeteries after October 1, 1970, as well as receipt of investment earnings on all perpetual care investments and payment of cemetery maintenance expenditures.

**Transportation Investment Act ("TIA") Discretionary Projects Fund** is used to account for the receipts and disbursements from the discretionary (25%) portion of the regional transportation special district local option sales and use tax ("TSPLOST") allocated to Augusta.

National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System ("NPDES") Permit Fees Fund is used to account for a per acre environmental fee charged to all contractors who disturb more than one acre of land at a building site.

**Transportation and Tourism Fund** is used to account for a fee to provide enhanced public transportation services and to enhance the tourism opportunities in the Historic Heritage District. The Government has implemented a \$1.00 per night room fee. In exchange for the transportation fee, payers of the fee shall be entitled to free use of the public transportation systems for the duration of their hotel stay in Augusta. The revenues generated by the transportation fee shall be used to fund and enhance public transportation operations, manage the Augusta Convention Center, and revitalize the Historic Heritage Districts of Augusta to enhance the transportation and tourism services available in Augusta.

Drug Court Fund is used to account for activities associated with drug education and enforcement.

## NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Driving Under the Influence ("DUI") Court Fund is used to account for activities associated with DUI court.

**Urban Redevelopment Projects Fund** is used to account for the use of the related loan funds to assist the Government in alleviating economic deterioration by means of increasing public and private investments in order to aid in economic recovery to strengthen the economics, employment, and tax base of the Government. More specifically, the proceeds will finance the development of the Laney-Walker and Bethlehem Urban Redevelopment Area.

TIA Projects Fund is used to account for the receipts from the Transportation Investment Act of 2010.

American Rescue Plan Act ("ARPA") Fund is used to account for the receipts from the American Rescue Plan Act.

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

ASSETS		Urban Services District		Emergency Felephone System	Tax Allocation District 2			Tax Allocation District 3		Tax Allocation District 4	Occ	upational Tax
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,256,255	\$	998,494	\$	3,329,940	\$	677,674	\$	98,753	\$	417
Investments		-		2,290,973		-		-		-		-
Taxes receivable Accounts receivable		681,543 13,056		- 344,629		87,358		-		-		-
Notes receivable		13,000		- 544,025						-		
Due from other governments		664,541		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	3,615,395	\$	3,634,096	\$	3,417,298	\$	677,674	\$	98,753	\$	417
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)												
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	24,903	\$	101,020	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		-		53,393		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-		-		-
Due to other governments Due to other funds		- 2		-		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		24,905		154,413				-				<u> </u>
		24,900	_	134,413				-				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Unavailable revenue - notes receivable		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		266,191		-		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	266,191	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-		-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)												
Non-spendable:												
Prepaid expenditures		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted for:		0.004.000										
General government Judicial		3,324,299		-		-		-		-		-
Perpetual care		-		-		-		-		-		-
Public safety				3,479,683						-		417
Public works		-		-		-		-		-		-
Housing and development		-		-		3,417,298		677,674		98,753		-
Committed to:												
Public works		-		-		-		-		-		-
Public works - stormwater		-		-		-		-		-		-
Housing and development		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-		-		-		-				
Total fund balances (deficits)		3,324,299		3,479,683		3,417,298		677,674	. —	98,753		417
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of												
resources and fund balances (deficits)	\$	3,615,395	\$	3,634,096	\$	3,417,298	\$	677,674	\$	98,753	\$	417

St	reetlights	Pi	otel/Motel Tax and romotion/ Tourism	Ne	ousing and ighborhood evelopment		Urban velopment tion Grant		Federal Drug Fund		State Drug Fund		owntown velopment
\$	555,498	\$	397,481	\$	2,504,198	\$	58,086	\$	523,319	\$	1,294,115	\$	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		
	1,132,803		-		1,173,124 1,494,960		- 1,092		-		7,815		144,98
	-		-		-		-		-		-		
\$	1,688,301	\$	397,481	\$	2,857 5,175,139	\$	- 59,178	\$	- 523,319	\$	- 1,301,930	\$	144,985
¢	442.020	¢	204.245	¢	140 014	¢		¢	22.200	¢		¢	
\$	443,929 6,597	\$	384,315 -	\$	149,611 25,132	\$	-	\$	33,300 -	\$	-	\$	
	-		-		3,911,874		-		-		-		
	-		-		4,500		-		-		-		
	450,526		- 384,315		2,762 4,093,879		2,857 2,857		- 33,300		-		144,98 144,98
					,		,		,				,
	-		-		2,531,141		-		-		-		
	1,002,081		-		2,531,141		-		-		-		
	1,002,001		-		2,001,141		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		- 490,019		- 1,301,930		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		
	-		13,166		-		56,321		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		
	- 235,694		-		- (1,449,881)		-				-		
	235,694		13,166		(1,449,881)		56,321		490,019		1,301,930		
6	1,688,301	\$	397,481	\$	5,175,139	\$	59,178	\$	523,319	\$	1,301,930	\$	144,98

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

ASSETS	Co	onvention Center		Law Library	% Victim's Crime ssistance	oplemental Juvenile Services		Building Inspection	Perpetual Care - I
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	463,341 -	\$	24,499 18,513	\$ 762,801 -	\$ 58,182 -	\$	3,813,753 -	\$ 216,213
Taxes receivable Accounts receivables		-		- 10,795	- 11,660	- 325		-	-
Notes receivable Due from other governments		-		-	-	-		-	-
Due from other funds		-		-	-	-		-	-
Prepaid expenditures		87,096	_		 -	 -	-	-	 -
Total assets	\$	550,437	\$	53,807	\$ 774,461	\$ 58,507	\$	3,813,753	\$ 216,213
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)									
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	35,738	\$	47,264	\$ 35	\$ -	\$	82,132	\$ 9,757
Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue		-		12,857	8,293	-		20,153	-
Due to other governments					-				
Due to other funds		442,379		-	114,648	-		-	-
Total liabilities		478,117		60,121	 122,976	 -		102,285	 9,757
DEFERRED INFLOWS									
OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable revenue - notes receivable		-		-	-	-		-	-
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		-			 -	 -		-	 -
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-	 -	 -		-	 -
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Non-spendable:									
Prepaid expenditures Restricted for:		87,096		-	-	-		-	-
General government		-		-	-	-		-	-
Judicial Perpetual care		-		-	651,485	58,507		-	- 206,456
Public safety				-					200,430
Public works		-		-	-	-		-	-
Housing and development		-		-	-	-		-	-
Committed to:									
Public works - stormwater		-		-	-	-		-	-
Housing and development		-		-	-	-		3,711,468	-
Unassigned		(14,776) 72,320		(6,314)	 - 651,485	 - 58,507		3,711,468	 206,456
Total fund balances (deficits)		12,320		(0,314)	 031,465	 30,307		3,711,408	 200,430
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of									
resources and fund balances (deficits)	\$	550,437	\$	53,807	\$ 774,461	\$ 58,507	\$	3,813,753	\$ 216,213

(Continued)

TIA scretionary Projects		NPDES Permit Fees		nsportation d Tourism	 Drug Court		DUI Court	Re	Urban development Projects
\$ 5,597,996	\$	82,650	\$	514,439	\$ 288,699	\$	-	\$	1,883,919
6,353,472		-		-	-		-		-
-		-			2,681		33,728		-
-		-		-	-		-		-
458,992		-		-	-		-		-
-		-		-	-		-		-
-	·	-	-		 	-	-	-	
\$ 12,410,460	\$	82,650	\$	514,439	\$ 291,380	\$	33,728	\$	1,883,919
\$ 164,771	\$	-	\$	6,137	\$ -	\$	5,604	\$	6,153
-		-		-	-		5,340		-
									-
-		-		-	-		35,930		-
164,771		-		6,137	-		46,874		6,153
-		-		-	-		-		-
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	 <u> </u>				<u> </u>
-		-		-	-		-		-
-		-		-	-		-		-
-		-		-	-		-		-
-		-		-	- 291,380		-		-
- 12,245,689		-			231,300		-		-
-		-		-	-		-		-
		00.055							
					_		-		-
-		82,650		-					1 977 766
-		82,050 - -		- 508,302 -	-		- (13,146)		1,877,766 -

<u>\$ 12,410,460</u> <u>\$ 82,650</u> <u>\$ 514,439</u> <u>\$ 291,380</u> <u>\$ 33,728</u> <u>\$ 1,883,919</u>

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

ASSETS	TIA Projects	American Rescue Plan Act	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Taxes receivable Accounts receivables Notes receivable Due from other governments	\$ 2,028,568 - - - 1,390,604	\$ 29,996,734 - 124,956 - -	\$ 58,426,024 8,662,958 768,901 3,000,557 1,496,052 2,514,137
Due from other funds Prepaid expenditures	-	-	2,857 87,096
Total assets	\$ 3,419,172	\$ 30,121,690	\$ 74,958,582
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)			
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Due to other governments Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$ 494,240 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ - 30,121,609	\$ 1,988,909 131,765 34,033,483 4,500 743,563 36,902,220
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - notes receivable Unavailable revenue - property taxes Total deferred inflows of resources			2,531,141 1,268,272 3,799,413
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Non-spendable: Prepaid expenditures	-	-	87,096
Restricted for: General government Judicial Perpetual care Public safety Public works Housing and development	2,924,932	- - 81 -	3,324,299 709,992 206,456 5,563,510 15,170,621 4,263,212
Committed to: Public works - stormwater Housing and development Unassigned Total fund balances (deficits)	2,924,932	- - - 81	82,650 6,097,536 (1,248,423) 34,256,949
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			
resources and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 3,419,172	\$ 30,121,690	\$ 74,958,582

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

_		Urban Services District		mergency Felephone System		Tax Allocation District 2		Tax Allocation District 3		Tax Allocation District 4	Occupational Tax
Revenues	•	4 707 540	•		•	400.070	•	450 740	•	05 005	•
Property taxes	\$	4,797,519	\$	-	\$	- ,	\$	153,748	\$	35,265	\$-
Sales taxes		6,371,951		-		879,616		-		-	-
Other taxes Licenses and permits		161,419		-		-		-		-	- 3,348,512
Intergovernmental		-		-		- 686,681		- 350,555		-	3,348,512
Charges for services		-		- 4,152,648		000,001		350,555		-	-
Fines and forfeitures		-		4,152,040		-		-		-	-
Interest income		10,639		- 5,671		3,198		- 281		- 95	-
Other revenues		10,039		45,769		5,150		- 201			28,340
Total revenues		11,341,528		4,204,088		1,990,373		504,584		35,360	3,376,852
Expenditures Current:											
General government		1,877,821		-		-		-		-	9,460
Judicial		-		-		-		-		-	-
Public safety		-		4,468,623		-		-		-	-
Public works		-		-		-		-		-	-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-		-	-
Housing and development		-		-		1,076,090		455,126		64,480	-
Total expenditures		1,877,821		4,468,623		1,076,090		455,126		64,480	9,460
Excess (deficiency)											
of revenues over											
(under) expenditures		9,463,707		(264,535)		914,283		49,458		(29,120)	3,367,392
Other financing sources (uses)											
Transfers in		-		264,550		-		-		-	-
Transfers out		(8,925,153)		-		-		-		-	(3,366,975)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(8,925,153)		264,550		-		-		-	(3,366,975)
Net change in											
fund balances (deficits)		538,554		15		914,283		49,458		(29,120)	417
Fund balances (deficits),											
beginning of year		2,785,745		3,479,668		2,503,015		628,216		127,873	-
Fund balances (deficits),											
end of year	\$	3,324,299	\$	3,479,683	\$	3,417,298	\$	677,674	\$	98,753	\$ 417

(Continued)

Streetlights	Hotel/Motel Tax and Promotion/ Tourism	Housing and Neighborhood Development	Urban Development Action Grant	Federal Drug Fund	State Drug Fund	Downtown Development
\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ -
-	- 5,652,415	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	11,317,548	-	-	-	-
4,356,875	-	-	-	- 2,993	- 480,089	-
-	-	-	-	2,993	400,009 894	-
10,228		1,746,153	900			-
4,367,103	5,652,415	13,063,701	900	3,409	480,983	
55,645	-	-	_	-	-	4,341
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<del>-</del>	-	-	-	111,079	368,434	-
6,239,634	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	- 4,292,415	- 15,530,558	- 108	-	-	154,610
6,295,279	4,292,415	15,530,558	108	111,079	368,434	158,951
(1,928,176)	1,360,000	(2,466,857)	792	(107,670)	112,549	(158,951
2,163,870	- (1,360,000)	3,000,921	-	-	-	158,951
2,163,870	(1,360,000)	3,000,921				158,951
235,694	-	534,064	792	(107,670)	112,549	
	13,166	(1,983,945)	55,529	597,689	1,189,381	
\$ 235,694	\$ 13,166	\$ (1,449,881)	\$ 56,321	\$ 490.019	\$ 1,301,930	\$ -

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	с	onvention Center	 Law Library	5% Victim's Crime Assistance	Ji	olemental uvenile ervices	Building Inspection	erpetual Care - I
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Sales taxes		195,000	-	-		-	-	-
Other taxes		-	-	-		-		-
Licenses and permits		-	-	-		-	3,110,676	-
Intergovernmental		-	-	-		-	-	-
Charges for services		760,143	96,105	-		3,830	-	-
Fines and forfeitures		-	-	166,360		-	-	-
Interest income		9,570	-	990		85	5,084	11,182
Other revenues		-	 -	 -		-	 7,601	 100
Total revenues		964,713	 96,105	 167,350		3,915	 3,123,361	 11,282
Expenditures Current:								
General government		-	-	12,030		1,670	164,103	-
Judicial		-	104,012	439,404		_	-	-
Public safety		-	-	-		-	-	-
Public works		-	-	-		-	-	-
Culture and recreation		1,247,393	-	-		-	-	50,794
Housing and development		-	-	-		-	1,576,914	-
Fiscal agent fees		-	-	-		-	-	-
Total expenditures		1,247,393	 104,012	 451,434		1,670	 1,741,017	 50,794
Excess (deficiency)								
(under) expenditures		(282,680)	 (7,907)	 (284,084)		2,245	 1,382,344	 (39,512)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in		355,000	270	293,360		-	19,870	-
Transfers out		-	-	-		-	-	-
Total other financing				 				 
sources (uses)		355,000	 270	 293,360		-	 19,870	 -
Net change in fund balances (deficits)		72,320	(7,637)	9,276		2,245	1,402,214	(39,512)
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year			 1,323	 642,209		56,262	 2,309,254	 245,968
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$	72,320	\$ (6,314)	\$ 651,485	\$	58,507	\$ 3,711,468	\$ 206,456

(Continued)

D	TIA iscretionary Projects	 NPDES Permit Fees	nsportation d Tourism		Drug Court	 DUI Court	Re	Urban development Projects
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
	4,632,814	-	-		-	-		-
	-	- 17,888			-	-		-
	-	-	-		-	-		-
	-	-	892,663		- 99,809	- 287,052		-
	- 16,753	- 108	- 1,271		99,809 447	207,052		-
	-	 -	 -		13,490	 -		-
	4,649,567	 17,996	 893,934		113,746	 287,280		-
	- - 1,289,056	- - 151	- - -		- - 116,439 -	458,493 - -		- - -
	-	-	- 382,734		-	-		- 1,485,115 -
_	1,289,056	 151	 382,734	_	116,439	 458,493		1,485,115
	3,360,511	 17,845	 511,200		(2,693)	 (171,213)		(1,485,115)
	- (625,000)	-	- (743,000)		-	201,480		2,265,000
	(023,000)	 	 (743,000)			 		
	(625,000)	 -	 (743,000)		-	 201,480		2,265,000
	2,735,511	17,845	(231,800)		(2,693)	30,267		779,885
	9,510,178	 64,805	740,102		294,073	 (43,413)		1,097,881
\$	12,245,689	\$ 82,650	\$ 508,302	\$	291,380	\$ (13,146)	\$	1,877,766

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Revenues	TIA Projects	American Rescue Plan Act	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Property taxes	\$ -	\$-	\$ 5,407,410
Sales taxes	\$ 8,214,926	÷ -	20,294,307
Other taxes	-,	-	5,813,834
Licenses and permits	-	-	6,477,076
Intergovernmental	-	11,052,825	23,407,609
Charges for services	-	-	10,262,264
Fines and forfeitures		-	1,036,303
Interest income	3,093	-	70,005
Other revenues	<u> </u>		1,852,581
Total revenues	8,218,019	11,052,825	74,621,389
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government	-	2,015,640	4,140,710
Judicial	-	-	1,001,909
Public safety	-	859,684	5,924,259
Public works	7,706,688	-	15,235,529
Culture and recreation	-	-	1,298,187
Housing and development	-	-	25,018,150
Fiscal agent fees	<u> </u>	-	-
Total expenditures	7,706,688	2,875,324	52,618,744
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	511,331	8,177,501	22,002,645
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	-	-	8,723,272
Transfers out	(38,180)	(8,177,420)	(23,235,728)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(38,180)	(8,177,420)	(14,512,456)
sources (uses)	(30,100)	(0,177,420)	(14,312,430)
Net change in	470.464	81	7 400 400
fund balances (deficits)	473,151	81	7,490,189
Fund balances (deficits),			
beginning of year	2,451,781		26,766,760
Fund balances (deficits),			
end of year	\$ 2,924,932	\$ 81	\$ 34,256,949

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - URBAN SERVICES DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	0	riginal and			2020
	Fi	nal Budget	 Actual	 Variance	 Actual
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$	4,501,650	\$ 4,797,519	\$ 295,869	\$ 4,439,704
Sales taxes		5,489,100	6,371,951	882,851	5,677,899
Other taxes		-	161,419	161,419	85,768
Interest income		7,500	10,639	3,139	48,470
Total revenues		9,998,250	 11,341,528	 1,343,278	 10,251,841
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government		1,794,960	1,877,821	(82,861)	2,087,441
Total expenditures		1,794,960	 1,877,821	 (82,861)	 2,087,441
Excess of revenues over expenditures		8,203,290	 9,463,707	 1,260,417	 8,164,400
Other financing uses					
Transfers out		(8,345,580)	(8,925,153)	(579,573)	(9,338,120)
Total other financing uses		(8,345,580)	 (8,925,153)	 (579,573)	 (9,338,120)
Net change in fund balance		(142,290)	538,554	680,844	(1,173,720)
Fund balance, beginning of year		2,785,745	 2,785,745	 -	 3,959,465
Fund balance, end of year	\$	2,643,455	\$ 3,324,299	\$ 680,844	\$ 2,785,745

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		riginal and		• · ·				2020
Revenues	F	inal Budget		Actual		/ariance		Actual
Charges for services	\$	4,118,980	\$	4,152,648	\$	33,668	\$	4,115,769
Interest income	Ψ	5,000	Ψ	5,671	Ψ	671	Ψ	24,059
Other revenues		3,000		45,769		42,769		11,248
Total revenues		4,126,980		4,204,088		77,108		4,151,076
Expenditures								
Current:				4 400 000		500 107		1 005 7 10
Public safety		5,065,030		4,468,623		596,407		4,925,743
Total expenditures		5,065,030		4,468,623		596,407		4,925,743
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(938,050)		(264,535)		673,515		(774,667
Other financing sources								
Transfers in		938,050		264,550		(673,500)		777,190
Total other financing sources		938,050		264,550		(673,500)		777,190
Net change in fund balance		-		15		15		2,523
Fund balance, beginning of year		3,479,668		3,479,668		<u> </u>		3,477,145
Fund balance, end of year	\$	3,479,668	\$	3,479,683	\$	15	\$	3,479,668

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - TAX ALLOCATION DISTRICT 2 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	iginal and al Budget	Actual	,	/ariance		2020 Actual
Revenues	 -					
Property taxes	\$ 353,520	\$ 420,878	\$	67,358	\$	356,012
Sales taxes	643,750	879,616		235,866		772,029
Intergovernmental	597,280	686,681		89,401		601,491
Interest income	 -	 3,198		3,198		11,045
Total revenues	 1,594,550	 1,990,373		395,823		1,740,577
Expenditures						
Current:						
Housing and development	1,594,550	1,076,090		518,460		490,690
Total expenditures	 1,594,550	 1,076,090		518,460		490,690
Excess of revenues over expenditures	 -	 914,283		914,283		1,249,887
Net change in fund balance	-	914,283		914,283		1,249,887
Fund balance, beginning of year	 2,503,015	 2,503,015				1,253,128
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 2,503,015	\$ 3,417,298	\$	914,283	¢	2,503,015

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - TAX ALLOCATION DISTRICT 3 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	ginal and al Budget	Actual	v	ariance	2020 Actual
Revenues		 			
Property taxes	\$ 124,980	\$ 153,748	\$	28,768	\$ 125,857
Intergovernmental	340,440	350,555		10,115	342,841
Interest income	 -	 281		281	 4,566
Total revenues	 465,420	 504,584		39,164	 473,264
Expenditures					
Current:					
Housing and development	465,420	455,126		10,294	-
Total expenditures	 465,420	 455,126		10,294	 -
Net change in fund balance	-	49,458		49,458	473,264
Fund balance, beginning of year	 628,216	 628,216			 154,952
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 628,216	\$ 677,674	\$	49,458	\$ 628,216

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - TAX ALLOCATION DISTRICT 4 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Or	iginal and					2020
	Fir	nal Budget		Actual	<u> </u>	ariance	 Actual
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$	70,020	\$	35,265	\$	(34,755)	\$ 70,512
Interest income		-		95		95	 486
Total revenues		70,020		35,360		(34,660)	 70,998
Expenditures							
Current:							
Housing and development		70,020		64,480		5,540	 -
Total expenditures		70,020		64,480		5,540	 -
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		-		(29,120)		(29,120)	 70,998
Net change in fund balance		-		(29,120)		(29,120)	70,998
Fund balance, beginning of year		127,873	. <u> </u>	127,873			 56,875
Fund balance, end of year	\$	127,873	\$	98,753	\$	(29,120)	\$ 127,873

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - OCCUPATIONAL TAX SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Original Final Buo		Actual	Variano	<b>6</b>	2020 Actual
Revenues			Actual	Varian	<u>,,,                                  </u>	Actual
Licenses and permits	\$ 3,5	575,000 \$	3,348,512	\$ (2	226,488) \$	3,557,555
Interest income		-	-		-	9,471
Other revenues		81,000	28,340		(52,660)	28,565
Total revenues	3,0	656,000	3,376,852	(2	279,148)	3,595,591
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government		9,460	9,460			8,259
Total expenditures		9,460	9,460			8,259
Excess of revenues over expenditures	3,	646,540	3,367,392	(2	279,148)	3,587,332
Other financing uses						
Transfers out	(3,6	646,540)	(3,366,975)		279,565	(3,587,332)
Total other financing uses	(3,0	646,540)	(3,366,975)		279,565	(3,587,332)
Net change in fund balance		-	417		417	-
Fund balance, beginning of year		<u> </u>			<u> </u>	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	- \$	417	\$	417 \$	-

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - STREETLIGHTS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Driginal and inal Budget	Actual	Variance	2020 Actual
Revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 5,049,380	\$ 4,356,875	\$ (692,505)	\$ 4,229,612
Other revenues	 -	 10,228	 10,228	 -
Total revenues	 5,049,380	 4,367,103	 (682,277)	 4,229,612
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	805,230	55,645	749,585	47,360
Public works	 6,408,020	 6,239,634	 168,386	 6,018,477
Total expenditures	 7,213,250	 6,295,279	 917,971	 6,065,837
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	 (2,163,870)	 (1,928,176)	 235,694	 (1,836,225
Other financing sources				
Transfers in	 2,163,870	 2,163,870	 -	 4,134,081
Total other financing sources	 2,163,870	 2,163,870	 -	 4,134,081
Net change in fund balance	-	235,694	235,694	2,297,856
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year	 	 	 	 (2,297,856
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -	\$ 235,694	\$ 235,694	\$

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - HOTEL/MOTEL TAX AND PROMOTION/TOURISM SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	riginal and nal Budget	Actual	v	ariance	2020 Actual
Revenues	 	 			 
Other taxes	\$ 5,656,400	\$ 5,652,415	\$	(3,985)	\$ 3,846,349
Total revenues	 5,656,400	 5,652,415		(3,985)	 3,846,349
Expenditures					
Current:					
Housing and development	 4,296,400	 4,292,415		3,985	 2,486,349
Total expenditures	 4,296,400	 4,292,415		3,985	 2,486,349
Excess of revenues over expenditures	 1,360,000	 1,360,000		-	 1,360,000
Other financing uses					
Transfers out	 (1,360,000)	 (1,360,000)		-	 (1,360,000)
Total other financing uses	 (1,360,000)	 (1,360,000)		-	 (1,360,000)
Net change in fund balance	-	-		-	-
Fund balance, beginning of year	 13,166	 13,166			 13,166
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 13,166	\$ 13,166	\$	-	\$ 13,166

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - HOUSING AND NEIGHBORHOOD DEVELOPMENT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Driginal and		Actual		Variance		2020 Actual
Revenues		inal Budget		Actual		variance		Actual
Intergovernmental	\$	22,960,030	\$	11,317,548	\$	(11,642,482)	\$	2,829,466
Other revenues	Ŷ	830,000	Ŷ	1,746,153	Ψ	916,153	Ψ	1,377,486
Total revenues		23,790,030		13,063,701		(10,726,329)		4,206,952
Expenditures								
Current:								
Housing and development		25,035,430		15,530,558		9,504,872		5,826,026
Total expenditures		25,035,430		15,530,558		9,504,872		5,826,026
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(1,245,400)		(2,466,857)		(1,221,457)		(1,619,074
Other financing sources								
Transfers in		1,245,400		3,000,921		1,755,521		1,224,420
Total other financing sources		1,245,400		3,000,921		1,755,521		1,224,420
Net change in fund balance (deficit)		-		534,064		534,064		(394,654
Fund deficit, beginning of year		(1,983,945)		(1,983,945)				(1,589,291
Fund deficit, end of year	\$	(1,983,945)	\$	(1,449,881)	\$	534,064	\$	(1,983,945

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - URBAN DEVELOPMENT ACTION GRANT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	ginal and al Budget	Actual	Va	riance	2020 Actual
Revenues	 	 <u> </u>			 
Other revenues	\$ -	\$ 900	\$	900	\$ -
Total revenues	 -	 900		900	 -
Expenditures					
Current:					
Housing and development	 -	 108		(108)	 73
Total expenditures	 -	 108	. <u> </u>	(108)	 73
Net change in fund balance	-	792		792	(73)
Fund balance, beginning of year	 55,529	 55,529			 55,602
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 55,529	\$ 56,321	\$	792	\$ 55,529

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - FEDERAL DRUG FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		iginal and			2020
	Fir	al Budget	 Actual	 Variance	 Actual
Revenues					
Fines and forfeitures	\$	200,000	\$ 2,993	\$ (197,007)	\$ 16,026
Interest income		-	 416	 416	 4,143
Total revenues		200,000	 3,409	 (196,591)	 20,169
Expenditures					
Current:					
Public safety		200,000	111,079	88,921	177,138
Total expenditures		200,000	 111,079	 88,921	 177,138
Net change in fund balance		-	(107,670)	(107,670)	(156,969)
Fund balance, beginning of year		597,689	 597,689	 	 754,658
Fund balance, end of year	\$	597,689	\$ 490,019	\$ (107,670)	\$ 597,689

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - STATE DRUG FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		riginal and			2020
	Fi	nal Budget	 Actual	 Variance	 Actual
Revenues					
Fines and forfeitures	\$	380,000	\$ 480,089	\$ 100,089	\$ 113,866
Interest income		-	894	894	9,449
Total revenues		380,000	 480,983	 100,983	 123,315
Expenditures					
Current:					
Public safety		380,000	368,434	11,566	232,585
Total expenditures		380,000	 368,434	 11,566	 232,585
Net change in fund balance		-	112,549	112,549	(109,270)
Fund balance, beginning of year		1,189,381	 1,189,381	 	 1,298,651
Fund balance, end of year	\$	1,189,381	\$ 1,301,930	\$ 112,549	\$ 1,189,381

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		iginal and				2020
	Fir	al Budget	 Actual	Va	riance	 Actual
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	\$	4,090	\$ 4,341	\$	(251)	\$ 4,572
Housing and development		154,610	 154,610		-	 401,255
Total expenditures		158,700	 158,951		(251)	 405,827
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(158,700)	 (158,951)		(251)	 (405,827)
Other financing sources						
Transfers in		158,700	 158,951		251	 405,827
Total other financing sources		158,700	 158,951		251	 405,827
Net change in fund balance		-	-		-	-
Fund balance, beginning of year		-	 			 -
Fund balance, end of year	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - CONVENTION CENTER SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		ginal and al Budget	Actual	,	/ariance	2020 Actual
Revenues		<u> </u>	 			 
Sales taxes	\$	195,000	\$ 195,000	\$	-	\$ 183,416
Charges for services		850,000	760,143		(89,857)	436,943
Interest income		-	 9,570		9,570	 -
Total revenues		1,045,000	 964,713		(80,287)	 620,359
Expenditures						
Current:						
Culture and recreation		1,400,000	 1,247,393		152,607	 1,078,565
Total expenditures	. <u> </u>	1,400,000	 1,247,393		152,607	 1,078,565
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(355,000)	 (282,680)		72,320	 (458,206)
Other financing sources						
Transfers in		355,000	 355,000		-	 1,240,500
Total other financing sources		355,000	 355,000		-	 1,240,500
Net change in fund deficit		-	72,320		72,320	782,294
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year			 <u> </u>		-	 (782,294)
Fund balance, end of year	\$	-	\$ 72,320	\$	72,320	\$ -

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - LAW LIBRARY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		riginal and nal Budget	Actual	N	ariance		2020 Actual
Revenues	FI	nai Buugei	 Actual	V	anance		Actual
Charges for services	\$	120,000	\$ 96,105	\$	(23,895)	\$	103,209
Total revenues		120,000	 96,105	<u> </u>	(23,895)		103,209
Expenditures							
Current:							
Judicial		120,270	 104,012		16,258		152,218
Total expenditures		120,270	 104,012		16,258		152,218
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(270)	 (7,907)		(7,637)	. <u> </u>	(49,009)
Other financing sources							
Transfers in		270	270		-		-
Total other financing sources		270	 270		-		-
Net change in fund balance		-	(7,637)		(7,637)		(49,009)
Fund balance, beginning of year		1,323	 1,323				50,332
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$	1,323	\$ (6,314)	\$	(7,637)	\$	1,323

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - 5% CRIME VICTIM'S ASSISTANCE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	riginal and nal Budget	 Actual	 /ariance	 2020 Actual
Revenues				
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 240,000	\$ 166,360	\$ (73,640)	\$ 222,402
Interest income	 -	 990	 990	 4,147
Total revenues	 240,000	 167,350	 (72,650)	 226,549
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	12,030	12,030	-	12,920
Judicial	 553,380	 439,404	 113,976	 333,968
Total expenditures	 565,410	 451,434	 113,976	 346,888
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	 (325,410)	 (284,084)	 41,326	 (120,339)
Other financing sources				
Transfers in	325,410	293,360	(32,050)	254,000
Total other financing sources	 325,410	 293,360	 (32,050)	 254,000
Net change in fund balance	-	9,276	9,276	133,661
Fund balance, beginning of year	 642,209	 642,209	 	 508,548
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 642,209	\$ 651,485	\$ 9,276	\$ 642,209

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - SUPPLEMENTAL JUVENILE SERVICES SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	ginal and al Budget	ļ	Actual	v	ariance		2020 Actual
Revenues	 						
Charges for services	\$ 12,520	\$	3,830	\$	(8,690)	\$	5,010
Interest income	 -		85		85		377
Total revenues	 12,520		3,915		(8,605)	·	5,387
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government	1,670		1,670		-		1,380
Judicial	 10,850		-		10,850		469
Total expenditures	 12,520		1,670		10,850		1,849
Excess of revenues over expenditures	 -		2,245		2,245		3,538
Net change in fund balance	-		2,245		2,245		3,538
Fund balance, beginning of year	 56,262		56,262				52,724
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 56,262	\$	58,507	\$	2,245	\$	56,262

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - BUILDING INSPECTION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Driginal and inal Budget	 Actual	 Variance	 2020 Actual
Revenues				
Licenses and permits	\$ 2,108,500	\$ 3,110,676	\$ 1,002,176	\$ 2,295,998
Interest income	-	5,084	5,084	15,596
Other revenues	 -	 7,601	 7,601	-
Total revenues	 2,108,500	 3,123,361	 1,014,861	 2,311,594
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	155,380	164,103	(8,723)	192,058
Housing and development	1,972,990	1,576,914	396,076	1,655,928
Total expenditures	 2,128,370	 1,741,017	 387,353	 1,847,986
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	 (19,870)	 1,382,344	 1,402,214	 463,608
Other financing uses				
Transfers in	19,870	19,870	-	-
Total other financing uses	 19,870	 19,870	 -	 -
Net change in fund balance	-	1,402,214	1,402,214	463,608
Fund balance, beginning of year	 2,309,254	 2,309,254	 -	 1,845,646
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 2,309,254	\$ 3,711,468	\$ 1,402,214	\$ 2,309,254

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - PERPETUAL CARE - I SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	iginal and nal Budget	Actual	、	/ariance	2020 Actual
Revenues	 la Budgot	 Addua			 Addu
Interest income	\$ 19,000	\$ 11,182	\$	(7,818)	\$ 17,502
Other revenues	-	100		100	-
Total revenues	 19,000	 11,282		(7,718)	 17,502
Expenditures					
Current:					
Culture and recreation	 55,150	 50,794		4,356	 41,121
Total expenditures	 55,150	 50,794		4,356	 41,121
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	 (36,150)	 (39,512)		(3,362)	 (23,619)
Other financing sources					
Transfers in	 36,150	 -		(36,150)	 -
Total other financing sources	 36,150	 -		(36,150)	 -
Net change in fund balance	-	(39,512)		(39,512)	(23,619)
Fund balance, beginning of year	 245,968	 245,968	. <u> </u>		 269,587
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 245,968	\$ 206,456	\$	(39,512)	\$ 245,968

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - TIA DISCRETIONARY PROJECTS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	0	riginal and			2020
	Fi	nal Budget	 Actual	 Variance	 Actual
Revenues					
Sales taxes	\$	8,780,160	\$ 4,632,814	\$ (4,147,346)	\$ 4,339,785
Interest income		-	 16,753	 16,753	 67,017
Total revenues		8,780,160	 4,649,567	 (4,130,593)	 4,406,802
Expenditures					
Current:					
Public works		8,155,160	 1,289,056	 6,866,104	 3,141,403
Total expenditures		8,155,160	 1,289,056	 6,866,104	 3,141,403
Excess of revenues over expenditures		625,000	 3,360,511	 2,735,511	 1,265,399
Other financing uses					
Transfers out		(625,000)	 (625,000)	 -	 (625,000)
Total other financing uses		(625,000)	 (625,000)	 -	 (625,000)
Net change in fund balance		-	2,735,511	2,735,511	640,399
Fund balance, beginning of year		9,510,178	 9,510,178	 	 8,869,779
Fund balance, end of year	\$	9,510,178	\$ 12,245,689	\$ 2,735,511	\$ 9,510,178

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#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - NPDES PERMIT FEES SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		iginal and				2020
	Fin	al Budget	 Actual	V	ariance	 Actual
Revenues						
Licenses and permits	\$	20,000	\$ 17,888	\$	(2,112)	\$ 6,175
Interest income		-	108		108	730
Total revenues		20,000	 17,996	. <u> </u>	(2,004)	 6,905
Expenditures						
Current:						
Public works		20,000	151		19,849	58,654
Total expenditures		20,000	 151	. <u> </u>	19,849	 58,654
Net change in fund balance		-	17,845		17,845	(51,749)
Fund balance, beginning of year		64,805	 64,805			 116,554
Fund balance, end of year	\$	64,805	\$ 82,650	\$	17,845	\$ 64,805

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - TRANSPORTATION AND TOURISM SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		riginal and nal Budget		Actual		Variance	2020 Actual
Revenues	<u></u>	nai Buugei		Actual		variance	 Actual
Charges for services	\$	1,393,000	\$	892,663	\$	(500,337)	\$ 701,788
Interest income		-	·	1,271	·	1,271	 7,030
Total revenues		1,393,000		893,934		(499,066)	 708,818
Expenditures							
Current:							
Housing and development		650,000		382,734		267,266	65,832
Total expenditures		650,000		382,734		267,266	 65,832
Excess of revenues over expenditures		743,000		511,200		(231,800)	 642,986
Other financing uses							
Transfers out		(743,000)		(743,000)		-	(747,000)
Total other financing uses		(743,000)		(743,000)		-	 (747,000)
Net change in fund balance		-		(231,800)		(231,800)	(104,014)
Fund balance, beginning of year		740,102		740,102			 844,116
Fund balance, end of year	\$	740,102	\$	508,302	\$	(231,800)	\$ 740,102

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - DRUG COURT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Origi	nal and					2020
	Final	Budget		Actual	Va	ariance	 Actual
Revenues							
Fines and forfeitures	\$	99,290	\$	99,809	\$	519	\$ 50,631
Interest income		-		447		447	2,289
Other revenues		-		13,490		13,490	 -
Total revenues		99,290		113,746		14,456	 52,920
Expenditures							
Current:							
Public safety		99,290		116,439		(17,149)	 100,000
Total expenditures		99,290		116,439		(17,149)	 100,000
let change in fund balance		-		(2,693)		(2,693)	(47,080
und balance, beginning of year		294,073	. <u> </u>	294,073			 341,153
und balance, end of year	\$	294,073	\$	291,380	\$	(2,693)	\$ 294,073

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - DUI COURT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	riginal and nal Budget	Actual	v	ariance	2020 Actual
Revenues	 la Duaget	 Actual			 Actual
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 275,000	\$ 287,052	\$	12,052	\$ 226,458
Interest income	 -	 228		228	 -
Total revenues	 275,000	 287,280		12,280	 226,458
Expenditures					
Current:					
Judicial	 476,480	 458,493		17,987	 442,763
Total expenditures	 476,480	 458,493		17,987	 442,763
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	 (201,480)	 (171,213)		30,267	 (216,305
Other financing sources					
Transfers in	 201,480	 201,480		-	 179,710
Total other financing sources	 201,480	 201,480		-	 179,710
Net change in fund balance (deficit)	-	30,267		30,267	(36,595
Fund deficit, beginning of year	 (43,413)	 (43,413)			 (6,818
Fund deficit, end of year	\$ (43,413)	\$ (13,146)	\$	30,267	\$ (43,413

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - TIA PROJECTS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Original and Final Budget	 Actual	_	Variance	_	2020 Actual
Revenues							
Sales taxes	\$	25,688,180	\$ 8,214,926	\$	(17,473,254)	\$	17,029,348
Interest income		-	3,093		3,093		9,246
Total revenues		25,688,180	 8,218,019		(17,470,161)		17,038,594
Expenditures							
Current:							
Public works		26,025,950	 7,706,688		18,319,262		15,010,017
Total expenditures		26,025,950	 7,706,688		18,319,262		15,010,017
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	. <u> </u>	(337,770)	 511,331		849,101		2,028,577
Other financing sources							
Transfers in		375,950	-		(375,950)		-
Transfers out		(38,180)	(38,180)		-		(38,180)
Total other financing sources		337,770	 (38,180)		(375,950)		(38,180)
Net change in fund balance (deficit)		-	473,151		473,151		1,990,397
Fund balance, beginning of year		2,451,781	 2,451,781		-		461,384
Fund balance, end of year	\$	2,451,781	\$ 2,924,932	\$	473,151	\$	2,451,781

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Orig	ginal and				2020
	Fina	I Budget	 Actual	<u> </u>	/ariance	 Actual
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	11,693,060	\$ 11,052,825	\$	(640,235)	\$
Total revenues		11,693,060	 11,052,825		(640,235)	
xpenditures						
Current:						
General government		2,015,640	2,015,640		-	
Public works		859,684	859,684		-	
Total expenditures		2,875,324	 2,875,324		-	
xcess of revenues over expenditures		8,817,736	 8,177,501		(640,235)	
Other financing sources						
Transfers out		(8,817,736)	 (8,177,420)		640,316	
Total other financing sources		(8,817,736)	 (8,177,420)		640,316	
let change in fund balance		-	81		81	
und balance, beginning of year			 			
und balance, end of year	\$	-	\$ 81	\$	81	\$

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# **DEBT SERVICE FUNDS**

**Coliseum Authority Revenue Bonds Debt Service Fund** is used to account for the resources accumulated and payments made for the principal and interest on the Augusta-Richmond County Coliseum Authority Revenue Bonds, Series 2010.

### DEBT SERVICE FUNDS - COLISEUM AUTHORITY REVENUE BONDS DEBT SERVICE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	ginal and al Budget	Actual	v	/ariance	2020 Actual
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 370,000	\$ 602,979	\$	232,979	\$ 363,607
Interest income	 -	 1,581		1,581	 3,943
Total revenues	 370,000	 604,560		234,560	 367,550
Expenditures					
Intergovernmental payments	8,010,000	8,003,306		6,694	-
Debt service:					
Principal	14,640,000	14,639,998		2	1,020,000
Interest	638,750	456,790		181,960	707,550
Fiscal agent fees	3,250	1,400		1,850	-
Bond issuance cost	 236,000	 240,000		(4,000)	 -
Total expenditures	 23,528,000	 23,341,494		186,506	 1,727,550
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	 (23,158,000)	 (22,736,934)		421,066	 (1,360,000)
Other financing sources					
Bond proceeds	21,798,000	21,795,000		(3,000)	-
Transfers in	 1,360,000	 1,360,000		-	 1,360,000
Total other financing sources	 23,158,000	 23,155,000		(3,000)	 1,360,000
Net change in fund balance	-	418,066		418,066	-
Fund balance, beginning of year	 624,573	 624,573			 624,573
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 624,573	\$ 1,042,639	\$	418,066	\$ 624,573

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# **CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS**

**Capital Outlay Fund** is used to account for the disbursement of revenues for all capital expenditures in General Fund departments. Capital expenditures are defined as any non-disposable item over \$5,000 which includes vehicles, office and computer equipment, communications equipment, building renovations and office furniture.

Law Enforcement Fund is used to account for revenue and capital expenditures of the Sheriff's Department and Jail.

**Special Sales Tax Phase II Fund** is used to account for financing and construction of various construction and road improvements, drainage, jail improvements, and museums. Financing is to be provided by receipts from a 1991 special one percent local option sales tax referendum.

**Special Sales Tax Phase III Fund** is used to account for the receipts and disbursements of the 1% sales tax collected from 1996 through 2000. The primary revenue sources are sales taxes, and the primary expenditures are capital outlay projects, primarily for public works, recreation and outside agency projects.

**Special Sales Tax Phase IV Fund** is used to account for expenditures specifically budgeted from revenue from the 1% sales tax (Phase IV) collected from the years 2001 through 2006 to be used primarily for public works, recreation and outside agency projects.

**Special Sales Tax Phase V Fund** is used to account for receipts and disbursements of the 1% sales tax collected began March 2006 and expired December 2010. The revenue sources are sales tax and earned interest, and expenditures will be for capital outlay projects, primarily for public facilities, public works, recreation, and outside agency projects. The funds will also be used to repay \$44 million bonds issued for the expansion at the Webster Detention Center and the construction of the Augusta Convention Center. Additionally, the funds will be used for the repayment of \$8 million bonds issued by the Canal Authority.

**Special Sales Tax Phase VI Fund** accounts for the receipts and disbursements of the 1% sales tax approved by the taxpayers on June 16, 2009. Collections began January 1, 2011. The Government bonded \$30.5 million in 2009 and \$22 million in 2010 of the estimated \$184.7 million SPLOST. The revenue sources are sales tax and earned interest and expenditures will be primarily for the following: \$10 million dollars was returned to the general fund as a reimbursement for the one time use of general fund balance for the purchase and demolition of the Gilbert Manor Housing projects by the Medical College of Georgia ("MCG") for the expansion of MCG's dental school; \$18 million for renovations to the municipal building; \$17 million to replace emergency services vehicles; and \$10.9 million to parks and recreation. Of the estimated \$184.7 million, \$124 million will go towards infrastructure and \$60.7 million will go towards non infrastructure projects.

**Public Roads Fund** is used to account for the receipts and disbursements of projects funded by the local maintenance and improvement grants ("LMIG")

### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

ASSETS		Capital Outlay	Er	Law nforcement	ecial Sales x Phase II		oecial Sales ax Phase III
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	918,237	\$	202,797	\$ 83,885	\$	4,076,182
Investments		9,843,455		-	-		-
Taxes receivable		321,396		-	-		-
Accounts receivable		11,816		16,019	-		-
Interest receivable		-		-	-		-
Due from other governments		-		-	-		934,804
Restricted cash		-		-	 -		-
Total assets	\$	11,094,904	\$	218,816	\$ 83,885	\$	5,010,986
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	487,093	\$	-	\$ -	\$	12,426
Total liabilities		487,093		-	 -		12,426
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		165,264		-	 -		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		165,264		-	 -		-
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted for:							
Capital outlay		-		-	83,885		4,998,560
Committed for:							
Capital outlay		10,442,547		218,816	 -		-
Total fund balances		10,442,547		218,816	 83,885		4,998,560
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	•		•	040.040	00.005	•	5 0 10 000
resources and fund balances	\$	11,094,904	\$	218,816	\$ 83,885	\$	5,010,986

	pecial Sales ax Phase IV	pecial Sales Fax Phase V	special Sales Fax Phase VI	 Public Roads	Ca	Total Nonmajor pital Projects Funds
5	8,604,980	\$ 5,582,035	\$ 22,511,934	\$ 1,258,670	\$	43,238,720
	-	-	-	3,937,400		13,780,855 321,396
	- 168	-	- 21,199	- 252,370		301,572
	-	23,860				23,860
	-	-	-	-		934,804
	-	 -	 1,057	 -		1,057
;	8,605,148	\$ 5,605,895	\$ 22,534,190	\$ 5,448,440	\$	58,602,264
;		\$ -	\$ -	\$ <u>83,310</u> 83,310	\$	,
		\$ 	\$ 	\$	\$	582,82
		\$ 	\$ 	\$	\$	582,82
	- - - - 8,605,148	\$ - - - 5,605,895	\$ - - - 22,534,190	\$	\$	582,82 165,26 165,26
	• • •	\$ - - -	\$ • • •	\$ 83,310 - -	\$	582,82 582,82 165,26 165,26 47,192,80 10,661,36

<u>8,605,148</u> <u>\$ 5,605,895</u> <u>\$ 22,534,190</u> <u>\$ 5,448,440</u> <u>\$</u>

\$

58,602,264

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

_	Capital Outlay	Law Enforcement	Special Sales Tax Phase II	Special Sales Tax Phase III
Revenues	\$ 4,002,577	\$ -	\$ -	\$-
Property taxes Intergovernmental	\$ 4,002,577	ъ -	φ - -	- 934,804
Charges for services	-	108,392	-	- 504,004
Interest income	15,243	311	100	6,070
Other revenues	39,578	-	-	-
Total revenues	4,057,398	108,703	100	940,874
Expenditures				
Capital outlay	3,479,409	178,640	-	6,754
Total expenditures	3,479,409	178,640		6,754
Excess (deficiency)				
of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	577,989	(69,937)	100	934,120
Other financing sources				
Transfers in	2,454	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources	2,454	-	-	-
Net change in fund balances	580,443	(69,937)	100	934,120
Fund balances, beginning of year	9,862,104	288,753	83,785	4,064,440
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 10,442,547	\$ 218,816	\$ 83,885	\$ 4,998,560

Special Sales Tax Phase IV		Special Sales Tax Phase V		Special Sales Tax Phase VI	 Public Roads	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 4,002,577
-		-		-	4,470,631	5,405,435
-		-		-	-	108,392
13,355		8,557		56,111	6,969	106,716
-		-		-	 -	 39,578
13,355		8,557		56,111	 4,477,600	 9,662,698
1,308,843		1,141,532		5,062,544	5,258,476	16,436,198
1,308,843		1,141,532	_	5,062,544	 5,258,476	 16,436,198
(1,295,488)	<u> </u>	(1,132,975)		(5,006,433)	 (780,876)	 (6,773,500)
-		-		-	-	2,454
-		-		(2,454)	-	(2,454)
-		-	_	(2,454)	 -	 -
(1,295,488)		(1,132,975)		(5,008,887)	(780,876)	(6,773,500)
9,900,636		6,738,870		27,543,077	 6,146,006	 64,627,671
\$ 8,605,148	\$	5,605,895	\$	22,534,190	\$ 5,365,130	\$ 57,854,171

# NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

**Waste Management Fund** is used to account for the provision of landfill services to residents and industries of the Government. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund including, but not limited to, administration, operations, billing and collection.

**Transit Fund** is used to account for the operations of the Augusta Public Transit which provides scheduled bus service within Augusta.

**Daniel Field Airport Fund** is used to account for revenue and expenses related to Daniel Field Airport, a general aviation airport of Augusta.

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Waste Management	Transit	Daniel Field Airport	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS	<b>*</b> 00.474.400	<b>^</b>	<b>*</b> 100.001	<b>*</b> 00 507 047
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 22,474,126	\$ -	\$ 123,091	\$ 22,597,217
Investments	11,812,199	-	82,909	11,895,108
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	2,633,290	2,082,957	11,131	4,727,378
Interest receivable Due from other funds	2,422,602	-	42 173,253	42 2,595,855
Restricted cash	3,661,301	-	173,255	3,661,301
Total current assets	43,003,518	2.082.957	390,426	45,476,901
Total current assets	45,005,510	2,002,937	550,420	40,470,901
NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
Advance to other funds	6,576,742	-	-	6,576,742
Capital assets:				
Non-depreciable	22,737,972	1,484,607	65,104	24,287,683
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	22,563,750	20,328,904	2,302,005	45,194,659
Total non-current assets	51,878,464	21,813,511	2,367,109	76,059,084
Total assets	94,881,982	23,896,468	2,757,535	121,535,985
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension	449.274	80.154		529.428
Other post-employment benefit	615,108	1,189,035	-	1,804,143
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,064,382	1,269,189		2,333,571
	· · · ·			
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Payable from current assets:				
Accounts payable	2,883,202	1,155,566	16,882	4,055,650
Accounts payable Accrued expenses	43,413	6,935	10,002	4,055,050
Due to other funds	380,262	0,935	- 182,231	562.493
Compensated absences - current portion	50,770	25,718	102,201	76.488
Compensated absences - current portion	3,357,647	1,188,219	199,113	4,744,979
loughle from restricted associate				
Payable from restricted assets: Bonds payable - current portion	470,000	_	_	470.000
Donus payable - current pontion	470,000	·		470,000
Total current liabilities	3,827,647	1,188,219	199,113	5,214,979
ION-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Advance from other funds	520,195	6,576,742	-	7,096,937
Compensated absences - long-term portion	33,847	17,146	-	50,993
Bonds payable - long-term portion	4,598,479		-	4,598,479
Net pension liability	598,077	106,702	-	704,779
Total OPEB liability	1,943,155	3,756,215	-	5,699,370
Landfill post-closure care costs - long-term portion	36,067,827	-		36,067,827
Total long-term liabilities	43,761,580	10,456,805	-	54,218,385
Total liabilities	47,589,227	11,645,024	199,113	59,433,364
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension	610,498	108,918		719,416
Total deferred inflows of resources	610,498	108,918		719,416
NET POSITION				
	40,233,243	21,813,511	2,367,109	64.413.863
Net investment in capital assets		-	-	3,661.301
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service Unrestricted	3,661,301 3,852,095	(8,401,796)	- 191,313	3,661,301 (4,358,388)

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	N	Waste Ianagement	 Transit	 Daniel Field Airport	tal Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$	16,404,848	\$ 191,662	\$ 101,479	\$ 16,697,989
Miscellaneous		1,735	 5,318,631	 36,873	 5,357,239
Total operating revenues		16,406,583	 5,510,293	 138,352	 22,055,228
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personnel costs		3,486,980	797,164	-	4,284,144
Cost of sales and service		8,484,922	5,851,781	148,697	14,485,400
Supplies		7,890,705	662,703	10,065	8,563,473
Administration		2,177,211	463,729	15,350	2,656,290
Depreciation expense		2,845,823	525,064	200,898	3,571,785
Total operating expenses		24,885,641	 8,300,441	 375,010	 33,561,092
Operating loss		(8,479,058)	 (2,790,148)	 (236,658)	 (11,505,864)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets		(103,518)	580	-	(102,938)
Interest expense		(221,441)	(9,104)	(113)	(230,658)
Interest income		106,573	-	-	106,573
Total non-operating expenses, net		(218,386)	 (8,524)	 (113)	 (227,023)
Loss before contributions and transfers		(8,697,444)	 (2,798,672)	 (236,771)	 (11,732,887)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		-	 336,466	 41,598	 378,064
TRANSFERS					
Transfers in		50,750	1,062,640	-	1,113,390
Total transfers		50,750	 1,062,640	 -	 1,113,390
Change in net position		(8,646,694)	(1,399,566)	(195,173)	(10,241,433)
NET POSITION, beginning of year		56,393,333	 14,811,281	 2,753,595	 73,958,209
NET POSITION, end of year	\$	47,746,639	\$ 13,411,715	\$ 2,558,422	\$ 63,716,776

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	M	Waste anagement	 Transit	 Daniel Field Airport	tal Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$	20,126,373 (13,523,218) (2,999,093)	\$ 5,410,239 (5,995,230) (673,525)	\$ 42,041 (212,018) -	\$ 25,578,653 (19,730,466) (3,672,618)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		3,604,062	 (1,258,516)	 (169,977)	 2,175,569
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in		50,750	1,062,640	-	1,113,390
Net cash provided by non-capital and related financing activities		50,750	 1,062,640	 -	 1,113,390
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Acquisitions of capital assets Proceeds from sales of capital assets		(657,402)	(132,066) 580	-	(789,468) 580
Principal payments on bonds payable Capital grants received		(455,000)	- 336,466	- 41,598	(455,000) 378,064
Interest paid Net cash provided by (used in) capital and		(665,646)	 (9,104)	 (113)	 (674,863)
related financing activities		(1,778,048)	 195,876	 41,485	 (1,540,687)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Proceeds (purchase) of investments		(72,356)		172,796	100,440
Interest received		106,573	 	 473	 107,046
Net cash provided by investing activities		34,217	 -	 173,269	 207,486
Change in cash and cash equivalents		1,910,981	-	44,777	1,955,758
Cash and cash equivalents Beginning of year		24,224,446	 -	 78,314	 24,302,760
End of year	\$	26,135,427	\$ -	\$ 123,091	\$ 26,258,518
Classified as Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash	\$	22,474,126 3,661,301	\$ -	\$ 123,091	\$ 22,597,217 3,661,301
	\$	26,135,427	\$ 	\$ 123,091	\$ 26,258,518

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	N	Waste Ianagement		Transit	Daniel Field Airport		tal Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Reconciliation of operating loss to	-		-				
net cash (provided by) used in operating activities							
Operating loss	\$	(8,479,058)	\$	(2,790,148)	\$ (23	6,658)	\$ (11,505,864)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss							
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities							
Depreciation		2,845,823		525,064	20	0,898	3,571,785
Change in assets and liabilities:							
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(1,056,628)		(100,054)	3	5,801	(1,120,881)
Decrease in prepaid expenses		21,402		-		-	21,402
Decrease in inventory		-		69,159		-	69,159
Decrease in due from other funds		6,047,196		-		-	6,047,196
Increase in advance to other funds		(890,512)		-	(17	3,253)	(1,063,765)
Decrease in deferred outflows of resources-pension		220,886		17,307		-	238,193
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources-OPEB		(198,888)		248,103		-	49,215
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		1,248,384		21,850	(3	7,906)	1,232,328
Increase in accrued expenses		13,979		1,462		-	15,441
Increase in post-closure liabilities		3,745,855		-		-	3,745,855
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		(2)		-	4	1,141	41,139
Increase (decrease) in advance from other funds		(380,264)		890,512		-	510,248
Increase in deferred inflows of resources-pension		538,337		98,424		-	636,761
Decrease in net pension liability		(878,707)		(108,065)		-	(986,772)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability		817,248		(131,353)		-	685,895
Decrease in compensated absences		(10,989)		(777)		-	(11,766)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating		( ,,,,,,,,		<u> </u>			 , ,,
activities	\$	3,604,062	\$	(1,258,516)	\$ (16	9,977)	\$ 2,175,569

# INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

**Risk Management Fund** is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of settlement exposure and damage expense claims, commercial insurance premiums and bond on certain employees and elected officials.

**Fleet Operations Fund** is used to account for the operation and maintenance of Government vehicles. The Fund bills other Government funds at amounts that will approximately recover all the cost of the services provided.

Workers Compensation Fund is used to account for the receipt and disbursements of workers compensation claims.

**Employee Health Benefits Fund** is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of employee group health insurance claims.

Unemployment Fund is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of unemployment benefits.

Long-term Disability Insurance Fund is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of long-term disability claims.

**GMA Leases Fund** is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of the lease pool agreement with the Georgia Municipal Association.

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	N	Risk Ianagement		Fleet Operations	c	Workers ompensation	He	Employee alth Benefits
ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,121,001	\$	393,920	\$	173,858	\$	2,770,315
Investments	φ	1,121,001	φ	- 393,920	φ	173,000	φ	1,060,014
Accounts receivable, net of allowance		-		24,798		-		568,479
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-
Total current assets		1,121,001		418,718		173,858		4,398,808
NON-CURRENT ASSETS								
Advance to other funds		-		-		-		-
Other assets		-		-		-		-
Capital assets:								
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation		-		2,832		-		-
Total non-current assets		-		2,832		- 472.050		-
Total assets		1,121,001		421,550		173,858		4,398,808
LIABILITIES								
CURRENT LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable		67,724		417,090		173,858		2,116,387
Accrued expenses Due to other funds		25,680		4,460		-		2,282,421
Total current liabilities		93,404		421,550		173,858		4,398,808
		00,101		121,000				1,000,000
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES								
Certificates of participation		-		-		-		-
Total long-term liabilities		-		-				-
Total liabilities		93,404		421,550		173,858		4,398,808
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred revenue - effective hedge		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-				-		-
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)								
Investment in capital assets		-		2,832		-		-
Unrestricted (deficit)		1,027,597		(2,832)		-		-
Total net position (deficit)	\$	1,027,597	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Uner	mployment		_ong-term Disability Insurance		GMA Leases		Total Internal Service Funds
\$	19,092	\$	25,141	\$		\$	4,503,327
Φ	19,092	φ	25, 14 1	Φ	- 15,265,559	Φ	4,503,527
	-		-		15,205,559		593,277
					730,116		730,116
	19,092		25,141		15,995,675	-	22,152,293
	10,002		20,111		10,000,010		
	-		-		830,667		830,667
	-		-		3,543,272		3,543,272
	-		-		-		2,832
	-		-		4,373,939		4,376,77 <i>°</i>
	19,092		25,141		20,369,614		26,529,064
	19,092		25,141		-		2,819,292
	-		-		-		2,312,56
	-		-		38,943		38,943
	19,092		25,141		38,943		5,170,79
	-		-		16,888,000		16,888,00
	-		-		16,888,000		16,888,000
	19,092		25,141		16,926,943		22,058,796
	_		-		3,543,272		3,543,272
					3,543,272		3,543,272
					0,010,272		0,040,211
	-		-		-		2,83
	-		-		(100,601)		924,164
\$	-	\$	-	\$	(100,601)	\$	926,996

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	M	Risk anagement	 Fleet Operations		Workers mpensation	Employee Health Benefits	
OPERATING REVENUES							
Charges for services - interfund services	\$	2,495,923	\$ 5,188,693	\$	5,289,257	\$	33,589,585
Miscellaneous		17,171	 32,803		-		2,205,180
Total operating revenues		2,513,094	 5,221,496		5,289,257		35,794,765
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Personnel costs		465,953	235,264		-		-
Cost of sales and service		940,346	4,744,721		-		25,327
Supplies		186,755	74,344		-		-
Claims and damages		848,387	-		5,280,592		-
Administration		103,524	167,790		7,790		35,764,079
Total operating expenses		2,544,965	 5,222,119		5,288,382		35,789,406
Operating income (loss)		(31,871)	 (623)		875		5,359
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Interest expense		-	-		(875)		(5,359)
Interest income		13,842	623		-		-
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		13,842	 623		(875)		(5,359)
Change in net position (deficit)		(18,029)	-		-		-
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), beginning of year		1,045,626	 -		-		-
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), end of year	\$	1,027,597	\$ -	\$		\$	-

Une	mployment	D	ong-term isability surance	 GMA Leases	 Total Internal Service Funds
\$	153,342	\$	310,813	\$ 1,005,794	\$ 48,033,407 2,255,154
	153,342		310,813	 1,005,794	 50,288,561
	-		-	-	701,217
	-		-	-	5,710,394
	-		308,944	1,013,144	1,583,187
	153,333		-	-	6,282,312
	-		1,790	 -	 36,044,973
	153,333		310,734	 1,013,144	 50,322,083
	9		79	 (7,350)	 (33,522
	(9)		(79)	(228,357)	(234,679
			<u> </u>	 280,620	 295,085
	(9)		(79)	 52,263	 60,406
	-		-	44,913	26,884
	-		-	 (145,514)	 900,112
\$	-	\$	-	\$ (100,601)	\$ 926,996

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	м	Risk anagement		Fleet Operations	Co	Workers ompensation	He	Employee alth Benefits
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers	\$	2,517,815 (2,194,537)	\$	5,196,698 (4,968,856)	\$	5,289,257 (5,181,563)	\$	35,428,325 (35,338,149)
Payments to employees		(446,693)		(235,264)		-		-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(123,415)		(7,422)		107,694		90,176
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Purchase of investments Interest received (used in)		- 13,842		- 623		-		(6,494)
Net cash provided by investing activities		13,842		623		-		(6,494)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND								
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Interest paid Net cash used in capital						(875)		(5,359)
and related financing activities		-		-		(875)		(5,359)
Change in cash and cash equivalents		(109,573)		(6,799)		106,819		78,323
Cash and cash equivalents Beginning of year		1,230,574		400,719		67.039		2,691,992
End of year	\$	1,121,001	\$	393,920	\$	173,858	\$	2,770,315
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Classified as Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,121,001	\$	393,920	\$	173,858	\$	2,770,315
	\$	1,121,001	\$	393,920	\$	173,858	\$	2,770,315
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities								
Operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(31,871)	\$	(623)	\$	875	\$	5,359
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Decrease in due from other funds		4,721		(24,798)		-		(366,440)
Decrease in advance from other funds (Increase) decrease in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses Decrease in due to other funds		- (115,525) 19,260 -		17,105 894		- 106,819 - -		734,701 (283,444)
Net cash provided by (used in)	۴	(100 445)	¢	(7.400)	¢	407.004	¢	00.470
operating activities	<u>\$</u>	(123,415)	\$	(7,422)	\$	107,694	\$	90,176

Unemplo	yment	Long-term Disability Insurance	 GMA Leases	 Total Internal Service Funds
\$	153,333 (149,257) -	\$ 310,813 (310,629) -	\$ 1,949,592 (1,148,341) -	\$ 50,845,833 (49,291,332) (681,957)
	4,076	 184	 801,251	 872,544
	-	 -	 (853,514) 280,620	(860,008) 295,085
		 	 (572,894)	 (564,923)
	(9)	 (79)	 (228,357)	 (234,679
	(9)	 (79)	 (228,357)	 (234,679)
	4,067	105	-	72,942
	15,025	 25,036	 -	 4,430,385
\$	19,092	\$ 25,141	\$ -	\$ 4,503,327
\$	19,092	\$ 25,141	\$ -	\$ 4,503,327
\$	19,092	\$ 25,141	\$ 	\$ 4,503,327
\$	9	\$ 79	\$ (7,350)	\$ (33,522)
	-	- -	275,681 685,626	(386,517 275,681 685,626
	4,067 - -	 105 - -	 (135,197) - (17,509)	 612,075 (263,290 (17,509
	4,076	\$ 184	\$ 801,251	\$ 872,544

# PENSION TRUST FUNDS

**1945 Plan Fund** is used to account for a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that was available to all former Richmond County employees hired prior to October 1, 1975, that met the Plan's age and length of service requirements.

**General Retirement Fund** is used to account for a single-employer defined benefit pension plan for those former City of Augusta employees hired after March 1, 1949 and before March 1, 1987, whose age did not exceed 35 years at the time of their employment and were not participants of the 1977 Plan.

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	 1945 Plan	 General Retirement	 Total Pension Trust Funds
ASSETS			
Cash	\$ 1,071,185	\$ 3,107,401	\$ 4,178,586
Investments, at fair value: Government securities Common stock Mortgage backed securities Mutual funds Accounts receivable Interest receivable Total assets	 791,392 3,323,258 496,581 1,209,317 493,140 6,338 7,391,211	 6,254,956 61,069,917 3,438,746 9,623,942 2,277,074 48,503 85,820,539	 7,046,348 64,393,175 3,935,327 10,833,259 2,770,214 54,841 93,211,750
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	 122	 2,602,548	 2,602,670
Total liabilities	 122	 2,602,548	 2,602,670
NET POSITION			
Restricted for pension benefits	\$ 7,391,089	\$ 83,217,991	\$ 90,609,080

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	1945 Plan	General Retirement	Total Pension Trust Funds
ADDITIONS			
Contributions:			
Employer	\$ 491,442		
Employee	-	28,101	
Other receipts	81		81
Total contributions	491,523	4,142,334	4,633,857
Investment earnings:			
Interest	1,132		1,132
Net increase in fair value of investments	817,224		
Net investment earnings	818,356	12,688,264	13,506,620
Total additions	1,309,879	16,830,598	18,140,477
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefits	812,482	8,523,032	9,335,514
Administrative expenses	46,107	735,820	781,927
Total deductions	858,589	9,258,852	10,117,441
Change in net position	451,290	7,571,746	8,023,036
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	6,939,799	75,646,245	82,586,044
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 7,391,089	\$ 83,217,991	\$ 90,609,080

# **CUSTODIAL FUNDS**

**Tax Commissioner** is used to account for all real, personal and intangible taxes collected and forwarded to the government units.

**Sheriff** is used to account for collection of fees, proceeds from judicial sales, and cash bonds, which are disbursed to other agencies, and individuals.

The following custodial funds are used to account for fines, fees and other moneys collected by the courts and remitted to other parties in accordance with court orders and state law:

Probate Court Clerk of Superior Court Magistrate/Civil Court Item 6.

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

ASSETS	Tax Commissioner	She	əriff	Clerk of Superior Court			Probate Court	gistrate and ivil Court	 Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,688,823	\$	4,972,673	\$	5,161,995	\$	250,008	\$ 229,694	\$ 19,303,193
Taxes receivable	18,864,763						-	 	 18,864,763
Total assets	27,553,586		4,972,673		5,161,995		250,008	 229,694	 38,167,956
LIABILITIES									
Due to others	4,944,781		195,716		460,005		19,792	26,889	5,647,183
Uncollected taxes	18,864,763		-		-		-	 -	 18,864,763
Total liabilities	23,809,544		195,716		460,005		19,792	 26,889	 24,511,946
NET POSITION									
Restricted for individuals, organizations									
and other governments	\$ 3,744,042	\$	4,776,957	\$	4,701,990	\$	230,216	\$ 202,805	\$ 13,656,010

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Tax Commissioner		Sheriff	Si	Clerk of uperior Court	Probate Court	Magistrate and Civil Court	Total
ADDITIONS						 	 	 
Taxes	\$ 186,744,198	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 186,744,198
Fines and fees			3,746,669		1,901,743	788,930	1,977,210	8,414,552
Criminal and civil bonds			-		6,890,625	-	31,042	6,921,667
Land condemnations			-		3,902,391	 -	 -	 3,902,391
Total additions	186,744,198	<u> </u>	3,746,669		12,694,759	 788,930	 2,008,252	 205,982,808
DEDUCTIONS								
Taxes and fees paid to other governments	186,405,344	Ļ	-		2,882,899	-	-	189,288,243
Payments to Board of Commissioners			-		1,918,427	527,732	965,091	3,411,250
Other custodial disbursements			3,067,632		7,937,627	 276,496	 1,014,982	 12,296,737
Total deductions	186,405,344	<u> </u>	3,067,632		12,738,953	 804,228	 1,980,073	 204,996,230
Change in fiduciary net position	338,854	Ļ	679,037		(44,194)	(15,298)	28,179	986,578
Net position, beginning of year	3,405,188	<u> </u>	4,097,920		4,746,184	 245,514	 174,626	 12,669,432
Net position, end of year	\$ 3,744,042	<u>\$</u>	4,776,957	\$	4,701,990	\$ 230,216	\$ 202,805	\$ 13,656,010

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

ST se	Project	Original Estimated Cost	 Current Estimated Cost	 Prior Years	 Current Year		 Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
1	Pineview Drive	\$-	\$ 136,416	\$ 136,416	\$	-	\$ 136,416	100%
1	Flood Control Feasibility Study	-	20,796	20,796		-	20,796	100%
	Small Projects	181,230	181,230	181,230		-	181,230	100%
	Adjusting roadway structure	100,289	82,700	82,700		-	82,700	100%
	Phinizy Swamp drainage	163,998	58,617	58,617		-	58,617	100%
1	Stevens Creek /Clausen Road	358,584	361,888	299,329		-	299,329	83%
	Jackson Road widening	108,776	108,776	108,776		-	108,776	100%
1	Berckmans Road	1,793,000	9,441	9,441		-	9,441	100%
	Belair Road Extension	666,005	741,074	741,074		-	741,074	100%
1	Turpin Hill Rdwy.	1,102,076	1,020,879	1,020,879		-	1,020,879	100%
	Doug Bernard Parkway	2,170,763	1,874,524	1,874,524		-	1,874,524	100%
	Rocky Creek Tributary	130,832	132,038	63,706		-	63,706	48%
	Hyde Park Drg	94,945	94,945	94,945		-	94,945	100%
	Belair Hills Estate	33,700	33,700	33,700		-	33,700	100%
1	Windsor Spring Road, Section I	2,780,104	2,780,104	2,780,104		-	2,780,104	100%
1	Windsor Spring Road, Section II	1,708,213	1,707,397	1,707,396		-	1,707,396	100%
	Windsor Spring Road Off-site	69,793	69,793	69,793		-	69,793	100%
	Tobacco Road - Phase II	1,591,127	1,511,764	1,511,764		-	1,511,764	100%
	Barton Chapel Road, Phase II	1,488,591	963,324	992,624		-	992,624	103%
	• •		4,150			_		100%
	Pepperidge Drive	4,150 62,500	62,500	4,150 62,500		_	4,150 62,500	100%
	Boykin Rd Drainage		364,875			_		
	Hephzibah-McBean/Brothersville	329,440	289,800	364,874		_	364,874	100%
	International Boulevard Extension	340,000	100,000	289,800		-	289,800	100%
	Radio Control RR Switches	-	7,334	100,000		-	100,000	100%
1	Parham Rd Improvement	-	12,343	7,361		-	7,361	100%
	Camp Angehele Road	-	12,545	12,343		-	12,343	100%
	Corridor & Gateway Entrance	-	-	-		-	-	0%
	SR 121 @ Wndsor Spring Traffic	85,800	28,399	28,399		-	28,399	100%
	Pinnacle Place Drg Imp	-	688,025	688,026		-	688,026	100%
	ARC Drainage Imp Phase I	-	-	-		-	-	0%
	Walton Way Extension	-	544,470	544,473		-	544,473	100%
	State Rd 121/US25 Windsor	-	886,288	212,244		-	212,244	24%
	Traffic Signs Upgrade	-	50,273	50,274		-	50,274	100%
	Storm Pipe Replacement	-	143,068	141,146		-	141,146	99%
	Warren Lake - Rock Creek	-	13,243	13,243		-	13,243	100%
	Winchester Drainage Improvement	-	441,261	220,453		-	220,453	50%
	Small projects	417,978	239,172	239,162		-	239,162	100%
II	NPDES	504,705	515,992	515,378		-	515,378	100%
II	JLEC	2,000,000	1,886,471	1,809,182		-	1,809,182	96%
П	Bobby Jones Expressway	284,286	237,618	237,618		-	237,618	100%
П	Bobby Jones @SR 56	187,000	171,457	171,457		-	171,457	100%
П	Fury's Ferry Rd	126,500	-	-		-	-	0%
П	Jackson Road widening	2,537,671	2,318,812	2,318,812		-	2,318,812	100%
П	Perimeter Parkway Improvements	981,820	870,614	870,614		-	870,614	100%
П	Wrightsboro Road Operational	251,000	210,210	210,210		-	210,210	100%
11	Belair Road	555,851	88,600	88,600		-	88,600	100%

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

ST 9	Project	Original Estimated Cost	 Current Estimated Cost	 Prior Years	 Current Year		Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
II	Wheeler Road widening	\$ 1,576,000	\$ 1,015,885	\$ 974,456	\$	- \$	974,456	96%
11	Cane Creek Channel Imp	1,421,720	1,105,881	1,105,881			1,105,881	100%
11	Rae's Creek Channel Improvement	1,758,382	1,756,878	1,756,878			1,756,878	100%
11	Olive Road realignment	134,796	134,796	7,996			7,996	6%
11	North Leg Bridge Widening	22,000	-	-			-	0%
11	Wheeless Road	819,500	819,500	566,348			566,348	69%
11	Lakeside Drainage	323,447	265,389	265,389			265,389	100%
11	Hyde Park	1,716,000	1,048,444	1,048,444			1,048,444	100%
11	Apple Valley drainage improvements	769,061	769,061	755,779			755,779	98%
11	SR 4/US1	16,500	12,413	12,413			12,413	100%
11	Windsor Spring Road	1,055,386	919,146	919,146			919,146	100%
11	Tobacco Road	3,046,858	2,736,545	2,736,545			2,736,545	100%
11	Lock & Dam Road	404,522	364,826	364,826			364,826	100%
11	Barton Chapel Rd, Phase 1	29,300	29,300	29,300			29,300	100%
11	Barton Chapel Road, Phase II	2,036,000	2,769,553	2,769,553			2,769,553	100%
II	SR 10/US 223 Gordon Highway	84,500	74,893	74,893			74,893	100%
II	Pepperidge Drive Intersection	172,177	156,358	156,358			156,358	100%
	SR 56 at Phinizy	399,425	342,695	342,695			342,695	100%
	Fall Line Freeway	77,000	-	542,035			542,095	0%
	Paving Various Rd., Phase V	1,200,000	725,423	- 725,423			- 725,423	100%
	Boykin Road Drg.	1,466,809	1,367,118	1,367,118			1,367,118	100%
	, ,		461,687			_		
'' 	SR 56 @Old Waynesboro Rd	416,000	440,304	461,686			461,686	100%
	Willis Foreman Road Dr.	350,100	218,682	440,302		_	440,302	100%
 	Sand Ridge Storm	341,800	375,003	218,682		•	218,682	100%
'' 	SR 56 Old Savannah Road	552,500	575,005	375,004			375,004	100%
	Walton Way Extension	1,385,000	-	-		•	-	0%
	Skinner Mill Road Culvert Extension	153,100	11,876	11,876			11,876	100%
	Rocky Creek Hazard Mitigatio	717,860	62,064	62,064		•	62,064	100%
	Rock Creek / Warren Lake Restoration	-	1,358,300	1,358,278		•	1,358,278	100%
	Wayfinding Signage Program	-	1,000,000	1,000,000		•	1,000,000	100%
	East Augusta drainage	-	1,147,379	1,147,379		•	1,147,379	100%
 	Council Drive	102,459	102,459	102,459			102,459	100%
 	General Roadway	361,393	361,393	361,393			361,393	100%
II 	Trees and landscaping	96,000	55,477	55,476		•	55,476	100%
11	Albion Acres	142,534	142,534	142,534		•	142,534	100%
11	5th Street storm sewer improvements	154,250	70,584	70,584		•	70,584	100%
	3rd Level Canal cleaning	700,000	733,559	588,419		•	588,419	80%
11	Walton Way Reconstruction	600,000	600,000	600,000		•	600,000	100%
	15th St Utility Relocation	350,000	-	-		•	-	0%
	9th Street Parking renovation	50,000	1,736	1,736		•	1,736	100%
11	Laney -Walker reconstruction	96,600	180,600	146,923		•	146,923	81%
11	Rae's Creek	440,000	1,163,167	989,578			989,578	85%
II	Eisenhower Emergency Driveway	-	41,754	14,346			14,346	34%
11	Wayfinding Signage Program	-	200,500	200,500			200,500	100%
II	Delta Cost Sharing	144,267	144,267	144,267			144,267	100%
III	Sand Hills Park	50,000	48,286	48,286			48,286	100%
	Reynolds Park renovation	63,000	48,000	47,243			47,243	98%

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

r	Project	Original Estimated Cost	 Current Estimated Cost	 Prior Years	 Current Year	 Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
ı ·	Tanglewood Park renovation	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000	\$ 25,849	\$ -	\$ 25,849	86%
l I	Wood Park	45,000	45,002	45,002	-	45,002	100%
	Lake Olmstead Bike Trail	90,000	90,000	90,000	-	90,000	100%
	Radford Park renovation	34,868	32,679	32,679	-	32,679	100%
	Katherine Street	145,178	152,855	153,855	-	153,855	101%
1	Georgia Regional	927	7	7	-	7	100%
1	Suburban Forces Capital Equipment II	1,411,000	1,428,614	1,391,675	-	1,391,675	97%
	Butts Memorial Bridge repair	245,000	184,540	184,899	-	184,899	100%
	Phinizy swamp drainage improvement I	273,884	1,443	1,443	-	1,443	100%
	Alexander Drive culvert repair	36,870	34,219	34,219	-	34,219	100%
	Alexander Drive Culvert Repair II	18,500	18,570	18,597	-	18,597	100%
	Raes Creek Channelization IV	13,325	13,194	13,194	-	13,194	100%
	Traffic engineering improvement Phase II	460,000	450,574	454,961	-	454,961	101%
	Paving various roads	1,026,875	518,021	518,021	-	518,021	100%
	Paving Various Roads		829,506	564,027	-	564,027	68%
	Lovers Lane Land Acquisition	_	357,111	195,994	-	195,994	55%
. '	Resurfacing Hephzibah McBean Road	_	330,088	333,089	-	333,089	101%
. '	Canal Authority	500,000	501,801	501,801	-	501,801	100%
	Arts Council	100,000	100,000	97,618	-	97,618	98%
. '	Fore Augusta	100,000	100,000	100,000	_	100,000	100%
. '		100,000	100,000	100,000	_	100,000	100%
. '	Historic Augusta		200,000		_		
. '		200,000	200,000	200,000	_	200,000	100%
	New Hope Community Center	100,000	150,000	450.000		-	N/A
. '	Imperial Theater	150,000	879,174	150,000	-	150,000	100%
. '	Augusta Mini Theater	150,000	41,353	879,174	-	879,174	100%
. '	Riverwalk Playground	40,000		40,412	-	40,412	98%
	ARC drainage improvements Phase I	116,750	94,260	94,260	-	94,260	100%
	ARC drainage improvements Phase II	53,100	50,729	50,729	-	50,729	100%
	SR 56 @ Goshen Road	88,000	362,718	362,718	-	362,718	100%
	Belair Road improvement	2,361,000	2,889,413	2,876,566	-	2,876,566	100%
	Berckman's Road	2,713,000	14,284	14,284	-	14,284	100%
	Courtney's Detention Pond Emer Rep	70,805	71,074	69,923	-	69,923	98%
	Travis/ Plantation Road	2,361,000	368,255	183,366	-	183,366	50%
	Washington Road Sidewalk	276,000	1,311	1,311	-	1,311	100%
	SR 4/15th @cr 2207(Central Ave)	-	32,233	32,233	-	32,233	100%
	Richmond Hill Rd Sidewalks	-	117,645	117,645	-	117,645	100%
	Alexander Dr Emergency Repair	-	74,688	75,077	-	75,077	101%
	Powell Rd Culvert Replacement	-	234,036	234,464	-	234,464	100%
	Point West Drainage	-	1,023,399	916,292	-	916,292	90%
(	Oates Creek Rehab Proj	-	843,266	213,266	-	213,266	25%
l v	Wilkerson Garden	-	680,543	561,275	6,754	568,029	83%
	Kimberly Clark Industrial Park	2,215,000	2,215,000	2,228,071	-	2,228,071	101%
	Municipal Building	8,721,250	8,610,942	8,623,367	-	8,623,367	100%
	Library (South Richmond)	700,000	709,881	654,985	-	654,985	92%
	Board of Health	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	-	7,000,000	100%
I,	Augusta Mini Theater	850,000	856,245	816,593	-	816,593	95%
1	Lucy Craft Laney Museum	800,000	762,295	762,295	-	762,295	100%

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Phase III         Bethiehem Community Ctr         27,194         61,320         16,1320         -         61,320         100           Phase III         Administration         182,735         181,816         111,816         -         181,816         100           Phase III         Bennie Ward         110,000         109,508         0.90,508         -         100,508         100,508           Phase III         May Park         522,079         522,779         -         522,779         -         522,779         100           Phase III         May Park         525,000         252,779         522,779         -         502,779         100           Phase III         Motions nerrovation         112,600         112,602         112,602         112,602         112,602         112,602         100,733         128,773         100,752,739         100,733         100,733         100,733         100,733         100,733         100,730         100,752,734         100,752,734         100,752,734         100,752,734         100,752,734         100,752,734         100,752,734         100,753         100,753         100,753         100,753         100,753         100,753         100,753         100,753         100,752,752,419         7,552,419         7,552,419 <th>PLOST Phase</th> <th>Project</th> <th> Original Estimated Cost</th> <th> Current Estimated Cost</th> <th> Prior Years</th> <th> Current Year</th> <th></th> <th> Total</th> <th>Estimated Percentage of Completion</th>	PLOST Phase	Project	 Original Estimated Cost	 Current Estimated Cost	 Prior Years	 Current Year		 Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
Phase III         Administration         182,795         181,816         182,817         182,812         181,816	hase III G	Georgia Golf Hall of Fame	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 4,000,000	\$	-	\$ 4,000,000	100%
Phase III         Warren Rd Renovation         373,249         373,249         373,249         373,249         100           Phase III         Bernie Ward         110,000         109,508         100,509         120,508         100,508	hase III B	ethlehem Community Ctr	27,194	61,320	61,320		-	61,320	100%
Phase III         Bennie Ward         110,000         109,508         109,508         109,508         109,508           Phase III         Riverfront Pavilon         655,648         655,561         655,561         655,561         555,561         112,652         112,652         112,652         100,773         552,419         7552,419         7552,419         7552,419         7552,419         7552,519         100         7569,725         927,925         100         7569,715         100,773         55,117         100,773         55,117         100,773         55,117         100,773         55,117         100,773         55,117         100,773         55,117         100,773	hase III A	dministration	182,795	181,816	181,816		-	181,816	100%
Baselin         Numericant Pavilian         No.504         Social	hase III 🛛 🕅	Varren Rd Renovation	373,249	373,249	373,249		-	373,249	100%
Hase III         May Park         525,000         522,779         522,779         522,779         522,779         10           Hase III         West Augusta Soccer Field         1,000,000         999,739         999,739         -         999,739         10           Hase III         Balair/Flager Road renovations         112,650         112,602         112,602         -         112,602         100           Hase III         Optes Park renovation         122,993         192,793         -         192,773         10           Hase III         Administrative Camplex         7,550,000         7,552,419         -         7,552,419         -         7,552,419         100           Hase III         Golden CampDelle TERR         922,119         927,295         927,925         100         104           Hase III         Golden CampDelle TERR         922,111         233,169         233,169         -         233,169         100           Hase III         Belle Trace Renovation         232,111         233,169         233,169         100         106           Hase III         Golden CampDelle TERR         920,000         50,479         50,479         -         -         N           Hase III         Heash         100,0	hase III B	ennie Ward	110,000	109,508	109,508		-	109,508	100%
hase III         Mask Augusta Socar Field         1,00000         999,739         999,739         -         999,739         10           hase III         WT Johnson renovation         306,500         305,831         -         305,831         10           hase III         Dyess Park renovation         112,650         112,602         -         112,602         100           hase III         Administative Compoxions         112,650         112,602         -         7,552,419         -         7,552,419         -         7,552,419         -         7,552,419         100           hase III         Administative Compox         7,550,000         7,552,419         7,552,419         -         7,552,419         100           hase III         Aquatic Natatorium         5,143,000         5,140,093         -         -         -         N           hase III         Belte Terrace Renovation         232,111         233,169         -         233,169         -         27,752         100           hase III         Jones Pool         50,000         35,017         35,017         -         0,479         -         N         N           hase III         Jones Pool         35,000         36,479         50,479         -	hase III R	Riverfront Pavilion	655,648	655,561	655,561		-	655,561	100%
hease III         VT Johnson renovation         306,630         305,831         308,831         -         305,831         10           hase III         Desin/Flager Road renovations         112,602         112,602         -         112,202         100           hase III         Administrative Complex         7,550,000         7,552,419         -         7,552,419         -         192,773         100           hase III         Administrative Complex         7,550,000         7,552,419         -         7,552,419         -         7,552,419         100           hase III         Goden CampBelle TERR         922,119         927,295         927,925         927,925         100           hase III         Bele Terace Renovation         232,111         233,169         -         99,111         100           hase III         Jones Pool         5,000         -         -         -         N           hase III         Jones Pool         35,000         35,017         35,017         100           hase III         Hephizah/Carrol Park         12,566         112,566         112,566         110,75,185         -         139,735         99           hase III         Hephizah/Carrol Park         120,566         112,566 <td>hase III 🛛 N</td> <td>lay Park</td> <td>525,000</td> <td>522,779</td> <td>522,779</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>522,779</td> <td>100%</td>	hase III 🛛 N	lay Park	525,000	522,779	522,779		-	522,779	100%
Hase III         WT Johnson renovation         306,500         305,831         305,831         -         305,831         100           hase III         Belair/Flager Road renovations         112,600         112,600         112,600         00           South Augusta Rocreation         192,993         192,773         00         00           South Augusta Rocreation         5,140,093         5,140,093         -         5,140,093         00           Apatel II         Aquatic Natatorium         5,143,000         5,140,093         -         5,040,093         00         102,773         00           hase III         Golden Campfellel TERR         929,119         927,225         927,925         01         93,110         000         100           hase III         Belet Terace Renovation         232,111         233,169         -         233,169         -         93,110         100           hase III         Heath Pool         5,000         36,007         35,017         100         100,911         100           hase III         Jones Pool         35,000         36,017         35,017         100         100,9161         160,9161         100,9161         100,9161         100,9161         100,9161         100,9161         10				999,739			-		100%
Belair/Flager Road renovations         112,602         102,773         102,773         102,773         102,773         102,773         100,752         102,773         102,773         100,752         102,773         102,773         100,752         102,773         102,773         100,752         100,752         100,752         100,752         100,753         100,755		-		305,831			-		100%
base III         Dyess Park renovation         192,993         192,793         192,773         100           hase III         Administrative Complex         7,550,000         7,552,419         7,552,419         7,552,419         7,552,419         100,003           hase III         Golden Camp/Belle TERR         929,111         233,169         223,160         223,160         00           hase III         Ellel Terrace Renovation         232,111         233,169         233,160         233,160         00           hase III         Does Pool         5,000         100,089         99,911         99,911         100           hase III         Does Pool         35,000         35,017         5,017         100           hase III         Doeghty Park         50,000         50,479         50,479         100,479           hase III         Doughty Park         112,566         112,566         112,566         112,566         100,499           hase III         Jamestown Park         112,566         112,566         112,566         112,566         100,499           hase III         McBean Park         140,000         144,049         19,733         19,733         19,373           hase III         McBean Park         150,000<				112,602			-		100%
hase III         Aquatic Natatorium         5,143,000         5,140,093         5,140,093         5,140,093         5,140,093         100           hase III         Golden Camp/belle TERR         929,119         927,295         927,925         -         927,925         100           hase III         Bell Terrace Renovation         232,111         233,169         233,169         -         233,169         99,911         100           hase III         Jones Pool         5,000         35,017         35,017         -         -         N           hase III         Doughy Park         50,000         35,017         35,017         -         50,479         100           hase III         Doughy Park         50,000         50,479         50,479         -         112,566         112,566         112,566         112,566         112,566         -         112,566         100           hase III         Damstown Park         112,566         112,566         112,566         100,73,302         -         73,332         93           hase III         Minck Park         55,000         23,849         23,849         -         243,492         94,494         94,494         94,494         94,494         94,494         94,494	hase III D	yess Park renovation		192,993			-		100%
hase III         Golden Camp/Belle TERR         921,19         927,295         927,925         -         927,925         0         927,925         -         927,925         0         927,925         -         927,925         0         927,925         -         927,925         0         927,925         -         927,925         0         927,925         -         927,925         0         927,925         -         923,169         0         0           hase III         Elliott Park         100,000         100,000         100,000         100,000         -         -         -         N         N           hase III         Jones Pool         35,000         50,479         100,0479         -         100,0479         -         175,185         175,185         175,185         175,185         175,185         100,0149         139,735         -         139,735         99           hase III         Minck Park         50,000         53,849         53,849         53,849         100           hase III         Savannah Place         245,000         248,769         244,942         24,942         98         43,734         14,374         -         14,374         14,374         14,374         14,374         14,	hase III	Administrative Complex	7,550,000	7,552,419	7,552,419		-	7,552,419	100%
Bale         Description         Data (Description)         Description)         Description         Description <thdescription< th="">         Description</thdescription<>	hase III A	quatic Natatorium	5,143,000	5,140,093	5,140,093		-	5,140,093	100%
Labor Markelling         Labor Markelling         Labor Markelling         Labor Markelling         Labor Markelling           hase III         Heath Pool         5,000         -         -         -         N           hase III         Jones Pool         35,000         35,017         -         N           hase III         Doughty Park         50,000         50,479         50,479         -         50,479         100           hase III         Doughty Park         227,500         169,161         169,161         -         199,151         100           hase III         Hephizah/Carrol Park         175,358         175,185         175,185         -         175,185         100           hase III         Manestown Park         112,566         112,566         112,566         100,000         100,949         139,735         -         139,735         99           hase III         Mannick Park         55,000         53,849         53,849         -         703,302         100           hase III         Mannick Park         50,000         47,400         45,894         -         44,374         14,374         14,374         100           hase III         Heake Park commonito Conto         50,000 <t< td=""><td>hase III G</td><td>olden Camp/Belle TERR</td><td>929,119</td><td>927,295</td><td>927,925</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>927,925</td><td>100%</td></t<>	hase III G	olden Camp/Belle TERR	929,119	927,295	927,925		-	927,925	100%
Last M         100,000         -         -         -         -         -         -         N           hase III         Jones Pool         35,000         35,017         35,017         35,017         100           hase III         Doughy Park         50,000         50,479         50,479         -         N           hase III         Doughy Park         50,000         50,479         50,479         -         60,411         100           hase III         Doughy Park         175,358         175,185         175,185         -         175,185         101           hase III         Jamestown Park         112,566         112,566         112,566         100         149,493         53,849         -         53,849         100           hase III         Maxmanh Place         245,000         53,849         244,942         244,942         98           hase III         Chafee Park Gym renovation         124,889         14,374         14,374         14,374         100           hase III         Hilliside Park renovation         760,000         47,400         45,894         -         742,182         144,374         100           hase III         Hilliside Park renovation         75,000	hase III B	elle Terrace Renovation	232,111	233,169	233,169		-	233,169	100%
hase III         Jones Pool         35,000         35,017         35,017         -         35,017         100           hase III         Doughty Park         50,000         50,479         50,479         -         50,479         100           hase III         Eastview Park         227,505         169,161         169,161         -         169,161         100           hase III         Jamestown Park         112,566         112,566         112,566         100           hase III         Minnick Park         50,000         53,849         -         53,849         100           hase III         Minnick Park         50,000         703,302         703,302         -         703,302         100           hase III         Biythe Community Center         708,000         703,302         703,302         -         742,812         14,374         -         14,374         100           hase III         Hillside Park renovation         75,000         34,992         34,993         -         34,993         100           hase III         Heiling Smith renovation         75,000         34,972         742,182         -         202,373         133,70         133,70         133,70         100	hase III E	illiott Park	100,000	100,089	99,911		-	99,911	100%
hase III         Doughty Park         50,000         50,479         50,479         -         50,479         -         50,479         -         50,479         -         50,479         -         50,479         -         50,479         -         50,479         -         50,479         -         50,479         -         50,479         -         50,479         -         50,479         -         50,479         -         50,479         -         50,479         -         109,161         100           hase III         Hephizah/Carroll Park         112,566         112,566         112,566         112,566         100         139,755         -         139,755         99           hase III         Mesen Park         140,000         140,949         139,735         -         139,735         99           hase III         Minnick Park         55,000         53,849         53,849         -         53,849         100           hase III         Blythe Community Center         708,000         773,302         -         742,332         100           hase III         Chafee Park Gym renovation         75,000         34,992         34,993         -         34,993         100           hase III         <	hase III H	leath Pool	5,000	-	-		-	-	N/A
Bolg n, Min	hase III Jo	ones Pool	35,000	35,017	35,017		-	35,017	100%
hase III       Eastview Park       227,500       169,161       169,161       -       169,161       100         hase III       Hephizah/Carroll Park       175,358       175,185       175,185       -       175,185       100         hase III       Jamestown Park       112,566       112,566       -       112,566       100         hase III       McBean Park       140,000       140,949       139,735       -       139,735       99         hase III       Minnick Park       55,000       53,849       53,849       -       53,302       100         hase III       Biythe Community Center       708,000       703,302       703,302       -       14,374       100         hase III       Hillide Park renovation       124,889       14,374       14,374       -       14,374       100         hase III       Lock & Dam renovation       75,000       34,992       34,993       -       34,993       100         hase III       Julian Smith renovation       742,207       742,182       742,182       -       742,182       100         hase III       Julian Smith renovation       150,000       151,500       147,926       -       133,170       100         <	hase III D	oughty Park	50,000	50,479	50,479		-	50,479	100%
hase III       Hephizah/Carroll Park       175,358       175,185       175,185       -       175,185       100         hase III       Jamestown Park       112,566       112,566       112,566       -       112,566       100         hase III       Minnick Park       140,000       140,949       139,735       -       139,735       99         hase III       Savannah Place       245,000       53,849       53,849       -       244,942       98         hase III       Savannah Place       245,000       2703,302       -       703,302       100         hase III       Savannah Place       245,000       7703,302       -       14,374       100         hase III       Chafee Park Gym renovation       124,889       14,374       14,374       -       14,374       100         hase III       Hillside Park renovation       75,000       34,992       34,993       -       742,182       100         hase III       Julian Smith renovation       152,076       152,242       202,373       -       202,373       100         hase III       Gracewood Park renovation       152,076       152,242       202,373       -       147,926       98         hase III	hase III E	astview Park	227,500	169,161			-	169,161	100%
hase III       Jamestown Park       112,566       112,566       112,566       -       112,566       100         hase III       McBean Park       140,000       140,949       139,735       -       139,735       99         hase III       Minnick Park       55,000       53,849       53,849       -       53,849       100         hase III       Savannah Place       245,000       248,769       244,942       -       244,942       98         hase III       Bitythe Community Center       708,000       703,302       -       703,302       100         hase III       Chafee Park Gym renovation       124,889       14,374       14,374       -       14,374       100         hase III       Lock & Dam renovation       75,000       34,992       34,993       -       34,993       100         hase III       Fleming Building renovation       742,207       742,182       742,182       742,182       100         hase III       Fleming Building renovation       100,000       90,884       90,883       -       90,883       100         hase III       Fleming Building renovation       152,076       152,242       202,373       -       43,793       100 <td< td=""><td>hase III H</td><td>lephizah/Carroll Park</td><td></td><td>175,185</td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>100%</td></td<>	hase III H	lephizah/Carroll Park		175,185			-		100%
mase III         McBean Park         140,000         140,949         139,735         -         139,735         99           nase III         Minnick Park         55,000         53,849         53,849         -         53,849         100           nase III         Savannah Place         246,000         248,769         244,942         -         244,942         98           nase III         Biythe Community Center         708,000         703,302         703,302         -         703,302         100           nase III         Chafee Park Gym renovation         124,889         14,374         -         14,374         100           nase III         Hillside Park renovation         750,000         34,992         34,993         -         34,993         100           nase III         Julian Smith renovation         742,207         742,182         742,182         -         742,182         100           nase III         Gracewood Park renovation         152,076         152,242         202,373         -         202,373         133           nase III         Chester Avenue renovation         152,076         152,242         202,373         -         43,793         100           nase III         Stoburban Face Mark		•		112,566			-		100%
mase III       Minnick Park       55,000       53,849       53,849       -       53,849       100         nase III       Savannah Place       245,000       248,769       244,942       -       244,942       98         nase III       Blythe Community Center       708,000       703,302       703,302       -       703,302       100         nase III       Chafee Park Gym renovation       124,889       14,374       14,374       -       14,374       100         nase III       Hillside Park renovation       50,000       47,400       45,894       -       45,894       97         nase III       Lock & Dam renovation       75,000       34,992       34,993       -       43,993       100         nase III       Fleming Building renovation       742,207       742,182       742,182       -       742,182       100         nase III       Fleming Building renovation       152,076       152,242       202,373       -       202,373       130       100         nase III       Fleming Athletic Complex       133,850       133,170       133,170       -       143,98,11       100         nase III       Boykin Road Park       40,000       39,811       39,811       -	nase III 🛛 🕅	IcBean Park		140,949			-		99%
nase IIISavannah Place245,000248,769244,942-244,942-244,94298nase IIIBlythe Community Center708,000703,302703,302-703,302100nase IIIChafee Park Gym renovation124,88914,37414,374-14,374100nase IIIHillside Park renovation50,00047,40045,894-45,89497nase IIILock & Dam renovation75,00034,99234,993-34,993100nase IIIJulian Smith renovation742,207742,182742,182-742,182100nase IIIGracewood Park renovation152,076152,242202,373-202,373133nase IIIGracewood Park renovation151,500151,500147,926-147,92698nase IIIChester Avenue renovation151,500151,500147,926-1,476,000100nase IIIBoykin Road Park40,00039,81139,811-39,811100nase IIISuburban Forces Widening160,000150,5701,580-1,476,000100nase IIISuburban Forces4,143,3171,895,0701,861,072-1,861,07298nase IIISuburban Forces5,000,000195,598255,144-255,144130nase IIISuburban Forces5,000,000195,598255,144-255,144130nase IIISuburba				53,849			-		100%
anase III       Blythe Community Center       708,000       703,302       703,302       -       703,302       100         mase III       Chafee Park Gym renovation       124,889       14,374       14,374       -       14,374       100         mase III       Hillside Park renovation       50,000       47,400       45,894       -       45,894       97         mase III       Lock & Dam renovation       75,000       34,992       34,993       -       34,993       100         mase III       Julian Smith renovation       742,207       742,182       742,182       -       742,182       100         mase III       Gracewood Park renovation       152,076       152,242       202,373       -       202,373       133         mase III       Gracewood Park renovation       152,076       152,242       202,373       -       43,793       100         mase III       Lake OImstead Park       43,793       43,793       43,793       -       43,793       100         mase III       Fleming Athletic Complex       133,850       133,170       133,170       -       133,170       100         mase III       Boykin Road Park       40,000       39,811       39,811       -				248,769			-		98%
Chafee Park Gym renovation       124,889       14,374       -       14,374       -       14,374       1000         mase III       Hillside Park renovation       50,000       47,400       45,894       -       45,894       97         mase III       Lock & Dam renovation       75,000       34,992       34,993       -       34,993       100         mase III       Julian Smith renovation       742,207       742,182       742,182       -       742,182       100         mase III       Gracewood Park renovation       100,000       90,884       90,883       -       90,883       100         mase III       Gracewood Park renovation       152,076       152,242       202,373       -       202,373       133         mase III       Lake Olmstead Park       43,793       43,793       -       43,793       100         mase III       Fleming Athletic Complex       133,850       133,170       133,170       -       133,170       100         mase III       Boykin Road Park       40,000       39,811       39,811       39,811       100         mase III       Boykin Road Park       40,000       150,570       1,476,000       -       1,476,000       100							-		100%
hillside Park renovation50,00047,40045,894-45,89497mase IIILock & Dam renovation75,00034,99234,993-34,993100mase IIIJulian Smith renovation742,207742,182742,182-742,182100mase IIIJulian Smith renovation100,00090,88490,883-90,883100mase IIIGracewood Park renovation152,076152,242202,373-202,373133mase IIILake Olmstead Park43,79343,79343,793-43,793100mase IIIFleming Athletic Complex133,850133,170133,170-133,170100mase IIIFleming Athletic Complex133,850151,500147,926-147,92698mase IIIBoykin Road Park40,00039,81139,811-39,811100mase IIIBoykin Road Park40,00039,81139,811-39,811100mase IIISuburban Forces4,143,3171,895,0701,861,072-1,861,07298mase IIISuburban Forces5,000,000195,598255,144-255,144130mase IIIGeneral Easement50,00051,04637,555-37,55574mase IIIGeneral Easement5,720,0005,920,5015,930,993-5,930,993100mase IIIAdministration1,780,0001,785,1591,682,589							-		100%
name III       Lock & Dam renovation       75,000       34,992       34,993       -       34,993       100         nase III       Julian Smith renovation       742,207       742,182       742,182       -       742,182       100         nase III       Fleming Building renovation       100,000       90,884       90,883       -       90,883       100         nase III       Gracewood Park renovation       152,076       152,242       202,373       -       202,373       133         nase III       Lake Olmstead Park       43,793       43,793       43,793       -       43,793       100         nase III       Chester Avenue renovation       151,500       151,500       147,926       -       147,926       98         nase III       Boykin Road Park       40,000       39,811       39,811       -       39,811       100         nase III       Boykin Road Park       40,000       39,811       39,811       -       1,476,000       100         nase III       Suburban Forces Widening       150,000       150,570       1,580       -       1,580       14         nase III       Suburban Forces       5,000,000       195,598       255,144       255,144       255,144 <td> 0</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>97%</td>	0	-					-		97%
Anase IIIJulian Smith renovation742,207742,182742,182742,182742,182742,182100aase IIIFleming Building renovation100,00090,88490,883-90,883100aase IIIGracewood Park renovation152,076152,242202,373-202,373133aase IIILake Olmstead Park43,79343,79343,793-43,793100aase IIILake Olmstead Park133,850133,170133,170-133,170100aase IIIChester Avenue renovation151,500151,500147,926-147,92698aase IIIBoykin Road Park40,00039,81139,811-39,811100aase IIIEisenhower Park Gym1,477,0001,476,0001,476,000-1,476,000100aase IIISuburban Forces Widening150,000150,5701,580-1,58014suburban Forces5,000,000195,598255,144-255,144133aase IIISuburban Forces5,000,000195,598255,144-255,144133aase IIIGeneral Easement50,0005,902,5015,930,993-37,55574aase IIIAdministration1,780,0001,785,1591,682,589-1,682,58940							-		100%
The field of	-						-		100%
nase III       Gracewood Park renovation       152,076       152,242       202,373       -       202,373       133         nase III       Lake Olmstead Park       43,793       43,793       43,793       -       43,793       100         nase III       Fleming Athletic Complex       133,850       133,170       133,170       -       133,170       100         nase III       Chester Avenue renovation       151,500       151,500       147,926       -       147,926       98         nase III       Boykin Road Park       40,000       39,811       39,811       -       39,811       100         nase III       Boykin Road Park       40,000       39,811       39,811       -       1,476,000       100         nase III       Boykin Road Park       40,000       1,476,000       1,476,000       -       1,476,000       100         nase III       Suburban Forces       4,143,317       1,895,070       1,861,072       -       1,861,072       98         nase III       Suburban Forces       5,000,000       195,598       255,144       -       255,144       -       255,144       -       255,144       -       255,144       -       37,555       74							-		100%
hase III       Lake Olmstead Park       43,793       43,793       43,793       43,793       43,793       43,793       100         hase III       Fleming Athletic Complex       133,850       133,170       133,170       133,170       133,170       133,170       100         hase III       Chester Avenue renovation       151,500       151,500       147,926       -       147,926       98         hase III       Boykin Road Park       40,000       39,811       39,811       -       39,811       100         hase III       Eisenhower Park Gym       1,477,000       1,476,000       1,476,000       -       1,476,000       100         hase III       Suburban Forces Widening       150,000       150,570       1,580       -       1,580       100         hase III       Suburban Forces       4,143,317       1,895,070       1,861,072       -       1,861,072       98         hase III       Suburban Forces       5,000,000       195,598       255,144       -       255,144       130         hase III       General Easement       50,000       51,046       37,555       -       37,555       74         hase III       Administration       5,720,000       5,930,993       -							-		133%
Lake United Link       16,100       16,							-		100%
Anse III       Chester Avenue renovation       151,500       151,500       147,926       -       147,926       98         Anase III       Boykin Road Park       40,000       39,811       39,811       -       39,811       100         Anase III       Eisenhower Park Gym       1,477,000       1,476,000       1,476,000       -       1,476,000       100         Anase III       Surburban Forces Widening       150,000       150,570       1,580       -       1,580       100         Anase III       Suburban Forces       4,143,317       1,895,070       1,861,072       -       1,861,072       98         Anase III       Suburban Forces       5,000,000       195,598       255,144       -       255,144       130         Anase III       Resurfacing various roads Phase V       633,250       602,707       603,587       -       603,587       100         Asse III       General Easement       50,000       51,046       37,555       -       37,555       74         Administration       5,720,000       5,902,501       5,930,993       -       5,930,993       100         Anase III       Administration       1,780,000       1,785,159       1,682,589       -       1,682,589							-		100%
hase III       Boykin Road Park       40,000       39,811       39,811       -       39,811       100         hase III       Eisenhower Park Gym       1,477,000       1,476,000       1,476,000       -       1,476,000       100         hase III       Surburban Forces Widening       150,000       150,570       1,580       -       1,580       100         hase III       Suburban Forces       4,143,317       1,895,070       1,861,072       -       1,861,072       98         hase III       Suburban Forces       5,000,000       195,598       255,144       -       255,144       130         hase III       Resurfacing various roads Phase V       633,250       602,707       603,587       -       603,587       100         hase III       General Easement       50,000       5,902,501       5,930,993       -       5,930,993       100         hase III       Administration       5,720,000       5,902,501       5,930,993       -       5,930,993       100         hase III       Administration       1,780,000       1,785,159       1,682,589       -       1,682,589       94							-		98%
hase III       Eisenhower Park Gym       1,477,000       1,476,000       1,476,000       -       1,476,000       100         hase III       Surburban Forces Widening       150,000       150,570       1,580       -       1,580       1         hase III       Suburban Forces       4,143,317       1,895,070       1,861,072       -       1,861,072       98         hase III       Suburban Forces       5,000,000       195,598       255,144       -       255,144       130         hase III       Resurfacing various roads Phase V       633,250       602,707       603,587       -       603,587       100         hase III       General Easement       50,000       5,902,501       5,930,993       -       5,930,993       100         hase III       Administration       5,720,000       5,902,501       5,930,993       -       5,930,993       100         hase III       Administration       1,780,000       1,785,159       1,682,589       -       1,682,589       94	-						_		100%
hase III       Surburban Forces Widening       150,000       150,570       1,580       -       1,580       1         hase III       Suburban Forces       4,143,317       1,895,070       1,861,072       -       1,861,072       98         hase III       Suburban Forces       5,000,000       195,598       255,144       -       255,144       130         hase III       Resurfacing various roads Phase V       633,250       602,707       603,587       -       603,587       100         hase III       General Easement       50,000       5,902,501       5,930,993       -       5,930,993       100         hase III       Administration       5,720,000       5,932,501       5,930,993       -       5,930,993       100         hase III       Administration       1,780,000       1,785,159       1,682,589       -       1,682,589       94		•					_		
hase III       Suburban forces       4,143,317       1,895,070       1,861,072       -       1,861,072       98         hase III       Suburban Forces       5,000,000       195,598       255,144       -       255,144       130         hase III       Resurfacing various roads Phase V       633,250       602,707       603,587       -       603,587       100         hase III       General Easement       50,000       5,902,501       5,930,993       -       5,930,993       100         hase III       Administration       5,720,000       5,902,501       5,930,993       -       5,930,993       100	–	•					-		100%
hase III       Suburban Forces       5,000,000       195,598       255,144       -       255,144       130         hase III       Resurfacing various roads Phase V       633,250       602,707       603,587       -       603,587       100         hase III       General Easement       50,000       51,046       37,555       -       37,555       74         hase III       Administration       5,720,000       5,902,501       5,930,993       -       5,930,993       100         hase III       Administration       1,780,000       1,785,159       1,682,589       -       1,682,589       94		•		,			-		1%
Abase III         Resurfacing various roads Phase V         633,250         602,707         603,587         -         603,587         100           hase III         General Easement         50,000         51,046         37,555         -         37,555         74           hase III         Administration         5,720,000         5,902,501         5,930,993         -         5,930,993         100           hase III         Administration         1,780,000         1,785,159         1,682,589         -         1,682,589         94							-		98%
hase III         General Easement         50,000         51,046         37,555         -         37,555         74           hase III         Administration         5,720,000         5,902,501         5,930,993         -         5,930,993         100           hase III         Administration         1,780,000         1,785,159         1,682,589         -         1,682,589         94							-		130%
hase III         Administration         5,720,000         5,902,501         5,930,993         -         5,930,993         100           hase III         Administration         1,780,000         1,785,159         1,682,589         -         1,682,589         94							-		100%
hase III Administration 1,780,000 1,785,159 1,682,589 - 1,682,589 94							-		74%
							-		100%
nase III New Savannah Road 1,431,000 7,535 - 7,535 - 7,535 100							-		94%
nase III Sidewalk Contract Phase II 296,000 354,116 - 354,116 100							-		100% 100%

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Project	Original Estimate Cost		Current Estimated Cost	 Prior Years	 Current Year	 Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
Fury's Ferry Road	\$ 22,	000 \$	116	\$ 116	\$ -	\$ 116	100%
Alexander Drive	2,022,	795	6,805,137	6,648,810	-	6,648,810	98%
Washington Road Sidewalk II	I 200,	000	348	348	-	348	100%
Old Savannah Road/ Twigg S	Street 2,060,	000	5,981,874	5,981,874	-	5,981,874	100%
Stevens Creek/Claussen Roa	id 1,421,	250	1,127,009	1,127,009	-	1,127,009	100%
Forest Park Subdivision drain	age 815,	348	698,269	698,269	-	698,269	100%
Bobby Jones Expressway	- 165,	000	444,049	115,461	-	115,461	26%
Wrightsboro Road	1,984,	000	3,325,198	2,996,686	-	2,996,686	90%
Warren Road	1,211,	000	3,213,799	2,647,298	-	2,647,298	82%
Miscellaneous	155,	425	157,013	157,013	-	157,013	100%
Tanglewood & Kingston s/d d	rainage 797,	500	695,996	695,996	-	695,996	100%
Hillwood Crest/Whitehead Dri	-	856	247,177	247,177	-	247,177	100%
Skinner Mill Road Extension	1,517,		1,519,459	1,519,459	-	1,519,459	100%
Cook Road & Glendale	2,811,		1,713,330	1,713,330	-	1,713,330	100%
Sibley Road Railroad Crossin			130,444	685	-	685	1%
Wylds Road Railroad Crossin			130,444	685	-	685	1%
Windsor Spring Road	2,133,		5,906,213	4,546,595	-	4,546,595	77%
Old Savannah Road	_,100,		1,171,425	100,275	-	100,275	9%
Richmond Hill Road	1,028,		784,660	784,660	-	784,660	100%
Bobby Jones Expressway	110,		36,618	36,618	-	36,618	100%
Dunham Court	127,		97,178	97,178	-	97,178	100%
Wheeles Road Bridge		200	13,250	13,231	-	13,231	100%
Traffic engineering improvem			91,657	91,657	-	91,657	100%
SR 4/US 1		000	290	290	-	290	100%
Marvin Griffin Road	1,375,		3,209,402	3,209,402	-	3,209,402	100%
Antler Drive West drainage in			244,932	245,290	-	245,290	100%
Morgan Road	1,571,		5,396,615	4,955,408	-	4,955,408	92%
Woodcrest /CSX Drainage	175,		923	4,900,400	-	4,955,400 923	100%
			78,613		_		100%
Deans Bridge @Tobacco	165,		290	78,613 290	_	78,613 290	
Fall Line Freeway Section II		000	270,627				100%
Paving various roads Phase I			176,130	270,627	_	270,627	100%
Paving various roads Phase	,		138,533	176,130	_	176,130	100%
Willis Foreman Road	147,		58	138,533	-	138,533	100%
Birdwell Road Wetlands Bank		000	712,838	58	-	58	100%
McCombs Road Section I	790,			712,838	-	712,838	100%
McCombs Road Section II	961,		722,511 1,701,742	722,511	-	722,511	100%
Library	1,700,			1,701,649	-	1,701,649	100%
Animal Control renovation	1,220,		979,527	979,528	-	979,528	100%
New administrative offices	2,350,		2,377,325	1,183,514	-	1,183,514	50%
Shiloh Community Center	575,		575,000	560,948	-	560,948	98%
Springfield Baptist Church	1,300,		1,275,732	1,275,732	-	1,275,732	100%
New Hope Community Ctr	250,		250,000	250,000	-	250,000	100%
Beulah Grove	200,		200,000	200,000	-	200,000	100%
Hyde Park renovation	122,		97,402	91,955	-	91,955	94%
Central Park renovation		000	65,375	65,375	-	65,375	100%
Bayvale Park renovation		000	9,021	6,984	-	6,984	77%
Heard Avenue Park renovation	on 6,	000	3,883	3,883	-	3,883	100%

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Project	Original Estimated Cost	Current Estimated Cost	Prior Years	Current Year	Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
Troup St Pk Renovation	\$ 10,000	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	N/A
Hickman Park renovation	100,000	91,044	80,831	-	80,831	89%
McDuffie Woods Park renovation	150,000	148,330	148,330	-	148,330	100%
Meadowbrook Park renovation	45,000	47,554	47,216	-	47,216	99%
Julian Smith BBQ renovation	187,000	186,558	186,558	-	186,558	100%
Blount Park renovation	19,000	2,600	2,600	-	2,600	100%
Augusta Canal Master	100,000	103,312	103,312	-	103,312	100%
Big Oak Park renovation	65,000	65,230	47,118	-	47,118	72%
Wood Street South Ball Field	47,000	47,234	44,858	-	44,858	95%
Wood Lake Park renovation	100,000	100,834	98,963	-	98,963	98%
Royal (Barrett) Park renovation	12,000	5,086	5,086	-	5,086	100%
Garrett	500,000	500,000	500,000	-	500,000	100%
West Vineland Park renovation	20,000	20,119	20,119	-	20,119	100%
Bedford Heights	35,000	35,215	32,262	-	32,262	92%
4 - H Camp Park renovation	20,000	18,830	17,478	-	17,478	93%
Resurfacing various roads Phase VI	1,350,000	1,123,739	1,123,739	-	1,123,739	100%
Suburban Forces Capital Equipment		1,670,778	1,717,688		1,717,688	103%
	1,664,000	33,459				
Railroad Street slope repair	289,500	7,799	33,459		33,459	100%
Wheeler Road Signal Plan Analysis	10,000	185,783	7,799	-	7,799	100%
Gordon Highway median barrier	185,000	197,329	3,554	-	3,554	2%
Mason Road Bridge @ Claudia	275,000		197,329	-	197,329	100%
Bungalow Road	776,000	3,964,567	3,146,617	-	3,146,617	79%
Woodlake Subdivision	939,000	942,567	43,817	-	43,817	5%
Pepperidge Point Retention Pond	50,000	32,667	32,677	-	32,677	100%
Windsor Spring Rd Sec IV	-	3,643,180	3,643,180	-	3,643,180	100%
Windsor Spring Rd Sec V	-	2,604,840	2,582,625	-	2,582,625	99%
Flood control feasibility	1,637,649	2,778,036	2,778,036	-	2,778,036	100%
Dover-Lyman Project	-	1,998,918	1,916,118	-	1,916,118	96%
Wrightsboro Road Adaptive Traffic Cont	rol -	389,118	62,929	-	62,929	16%
Washington Road Adaptive Traffic Cont	rol -	164,850	119,058	-	119,058	72%
Broad Street Sanitary Sewer	-	240,447	144,004	-	144,004	60%
Interstate Parkway Storm Drainage	-	56,807	56,790	-	56,790	100%
Hyde Park Drainage Improvements	-	1,223,499	1,223,499	-	1,223,499	100%
P and Z Handicap Project	-	154,310	154,310	-	154,310	100%
Frontage Road Resurfacing	-	230,000	229,335	-	229,335	100%
Lake Olmstead Dredging	-	185,600	185,596	-	185,596	100%
NSC Discovery Center	1,500,000	3,000,000	1,500,000	-	1,500,000	50%
P and Z Handicap Access	26,250	52,500	26,250	-	26,250	50%
Augusta Canal - hand rail Laney Walker Boulevard	50,000	50,133 2,486,984	50,133 2,486,984	-	50,133 2,486,984	100% 100%
Adjusting Roadway Structure V	-	72,369	72,369	-	72,369	100%
Discovery Center Ent	353,137	352,954	352,954	-	352,954	100%
St. Sebastian Extension	1,368,969	1,651,504	1,647,366	-	1,647,366	100%
2nd Street Outfall	762,760	1,546,089	1,546,089	-	1,546,089	100%
6th Street Handicap Ramp	517,347	625,358	611,966	-	611,966	98%
Turknett Springs Detention Augusta Commons	228,161 1,825,291	337,300 3,652,638	306,132 3,652,638	-	306,132 3,652,638	91% 100%
CSO	10,500,000	10,546,852	9,629,637	-	9,629,637	91%
Wetlands	10,500,000	10,508,941	9,591,726	-	9,591,726	91%

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

г	Project	Original Estimated Cost	 Current Estimated Cost	 Prior Years	 Current Year		Total	Estimated Percentag of Completio
I	Third Level Canal Cleaning	\$ 491,506	\$ 500,339	\$ 495,478	\$	- \$	495,478	99%
L	Walton Way reconstruction	1,273,638	1,275,936	1,277,021		-	1,277,021	100%
L	Augusta Canal	950,000	1,955,937	1,885,044		-	1,885,044	96%
L	Goodale Landing	124,030	101,706	101,706		-	101,706	100%
L	Resurfacing various streets	3,406,729	214,225	214,225		-	214,225	100%
L	Resurfacing various streets 1996	127,935	128,275	128,275		-	128,275	100%
L	Resurfacing Various Roads	756,500	519,928	519,928		-	519,928	100%
L	Street and drainage improvement	694,599	145,550	145,550		-	145,550	100%
	Administration	2,774,251	2,779,256	2,376,389		-	2,376,389	86%
I	East Augusta drainage	35,450	-	_,,		-	_,	N/A
	Jackson Road widening	200,000	200,000	200,000		-	200,000	100%
	Perimeter Parkway	25,000	9,458	9,458		-	9,458	100%
	Crane Creek	150,000	399	399		-	399	100%
	Belair Rd Ext	75,000	75,005	75,005		-	75,005	100%
	Rae's Creek Channel Phase II	257,000	683	683		-	683	100%
	Centennial Park Fountain	85,000	85,594	81,443		_	81,443	95%
	Paving various roads	50,000	50,090	133		-	133	93 <i>%</i> 0%
	Rae's Creek Trunk/Sewer Street Drainage Improvement -	-	1,112,325	808,993		-	808,993	73%
I	East Augusta	-	1,013,736	883,009		-	883,009	87%
	Berckman Road Sidewalk	-	3,809	3,809		-	3,809	100%
	3rd Ave / Nellieville Guardrail	-	27,320	24,420		-	24,420	89%
	Floyd Creek Drainage Improvement	_	10,180	21,120		-	21,120	0%
	Adjusting Rd/Way Structure	200,000	62,498	62,498		_	62,498	100%
	Immaculate Conception	250,000	503,281	253,281		_	253,281	50%
	Willow Creek	40,000	70	200,201		_	200,201	100%
		,	2,000,000	2,000,000		-		100%
	Georgia Golf Hall of Fame	2,000,000	2,000,000			-	2,000,000	100%
	Laney Walker @ East B	15,000		34		-	34	
	4- H Club Road	41,000	65,480	65,232		-	65,232	100%
	Bob Baurle Boat Landing	150,000	104,069	100,326		-	100,326	96%
	May Park	120,000	130,022	124,773		-	124,773	96%
	Old Government House	120,000	124,100	123,423		-	123,423	99%
	The Boathouse	90,000	105,866	104,537		-	104,537	99%
	Elliot Park	400,000	418,785	403,899		-	403,899	96%
	Savannah Place Park	455,000	860,104	843,553		-	843,553	98%
	Augusta Soccer Complex	120,000	131,890	130,865		-	130,865	99%
	Diamond Lakes Regional Park	5,800,000	1,697,163	1,699,174		-	1,699,174	100%
	McDuffie Woods Center	90,000	7,188	8,161		-	8,161	114%
	Augusta Aquatics Center	180,000	187,263	184,783		-	184,783	99%
	Augusta Golf Course (*1)	1,600,000	1,612,422	1,611,649		-	1,611,649	100%
	Belle Terrace Park	120,000	51,557	51,447		-	51,447	100%
	Blythe Recreation Center	120,000	124,157	110,685		-	110,685	89%
	Brookfield Park	1,200,000	1,254,681	1,252,082		-	1,252,082	100%
	Warren Road Center	120,000	147,228	131,499		-	131,499	89%
	McBean Community Center	1,020,000	1,161,469	1,161,467		-	1,161,467	100%
	Transit (purchase buses) Additional funds required to build	250,000	385,336	77,681		-	77,681	20%
	a new Shelter	1,000,000	1,256,184	1,256,183		-	1,256,183	100%
	Board of Health	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000		-	2,000,000	100%
	Materials for new facilities	1,000,000	1,027,405	1,027,404		-	1,027,404	100%
,	JLEC (Re-roofing at 401 Walton Way)	395,500	200,666	200,666		-	200,666	100%
/	Phinizy Road Jail, JLEC and 911	282,500	202,034	196,410		-	196,410	97%
/	Records Retention Building Roof	107,400	110,546	110,547		-	110,547	100%
	JLEC (Replace exterior finish)	565,000	632,102	632,102		-	632,102	100%
/		303,000	502,102	002,102			002,102	10070

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Project	Original Estimated Cost	 Current Estimated Cost	 Prior Years	 Current Year	 Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
CBW Dete	ntion Center Renovations	\$ -	\$ 559,830	\$ -	\$ 170,998	\$ 170,998	31%
Tree replace	ement	398,000	387,635	387,291	-	387,291	100%
Irrigation a		102,000	150,782	150,643	-	150,643	100%
Payoff exis Construction	ting leases on of Station # 7 (Willis	4,084,637	3,430,393	3,430,388	-	3,430,388	100%
	Road Area) tation # 1and #19	1,500,000	1,510,886	1,410,852	-	1,410,852	93%
(East Bo	undary and Broad Area)	1,521,000	1,635,180	1,633,737	-	1,633,737	100%
Constructio	on of Station #19	1,479,000	1,489,679	1,425,037	-	1,425,037	96%
County For	ces	3,672,500	4,605,514	4,419,638	-	4,419,638	96%
Miscellane	ous grading & drainage	4,650,000	3,902,934	3,927,296	-	3,927,296	101%
Resurfacin	g County Forces	5,975,000	1,543,542	1,538,772	-	1,538,772	100%
Resurfacin		8,500,000	10,716,529	9,293,686	-	9,293,686	87%
	ious dirt roads	7,000,000	3,450,668	3,392,355	-	3,392,355	98%
Rail Road	crossing improvement traffic signal and street light	750,000	101,238	101,238	-	101,238	100%
	- A (Broad Street Area) traffic signal and street light	2,656,200	3,151,577	3,151,577	-	3,151,577	100%
upgrades	- B (Telfair Street Area)	1,469,000	1,524,760	1,422,100	-	1,422,100	93%
East Bound	lary improvements	1,318,700	6,497,352	6,318,568	-	6,318,568	97%
Wheeler R	oad operational	433,600	52,674	52,674	-	52,674	100%
	o Road Widening Phase I	3,143,700	3,499,470	1,376,622	35	1,376,657	39%
•	n Road intersection	849,800	1,548,183	1,328,853	-	1,328,853	86%
Hollywood		2,640,800	325,163	325,160	-	325,160	100%
	system upgrade	527,082	535,811	535,812	-	535,812	100%
GIS	oyotom apgrado	474,400	482,274	475,060	-	475,060	99%
	imaging system	418,518	425,586	425,588	-	425,588	100%
Springfield		200,000	200,000	200,000	-	200,000	100%
Dyess Parl	•	60,000	65,882	65,743	-	65,743	100%
	ennis Center	120,000	123,020	114,958	-	114,958	93%
	usta Branch Library	1,625,000	5,926,028	5,713,015	-	5,713,015	96%
Library - m	•	7,375,000	9,925,122	9,899,693	-	9,899,693	100%
	eet Property Purchase	-	1,084,585	1,084,585	-	1,084,585	100%
	on of Station #8	1,500,000	1,500,957	1,438,500	-	1,438,500	96%
	(Wrightsboro Road)	1,500,000	1,699,791	1,690,789	-	1,690,789	99%
Engines	(Winghisboro Road)	3,484,000	3,454,544	3,454,540	-	3,454,540	100%
Aerials		1,300,000	1,312,973	1,311,971	-	1,311,971	100%
	cbean Area)	1,500,000	1,341,361	1,275,233	-	1,275,233	95%
Paving var	ious dirt roads	1,000,000	920,725	346,883	-	346,883	38%
	dary Street and drainage	4 040 700	202.622	474 440		474 440	0.40/
improver		1,318,700	203,632	171,413	-	171,413	84%
•	o Road improvements	1,500,000	1,733,383	1,765,965	-	1,765,965	102%
Windsor S	y Extension/Davis Road oring Road Section IV oring Rd Section V	350,000 1,250,000	1,562,800 1,300,500	1,208,584 307,298	-	1,208,584 307,298	77% 24%
(SR88 H	0		1,257,484	7,484	-	7,484	1%
``	an Way/Greene St/15th Street	- 3,457,800	14,085,185	7,404 14,051,417	-	7,404 14,051,417	100%
Traffic imp		621,500	839,626	839,626		839,626	100%
ANIC/Hopk	ins Street Improvements pring Road Section IV (Willis	2,000,000	1,333,550	1,074,423	-	1,074,423	81%
	Tobacco Road)	678,000	869,518	850,639	-	850,639	98%
	e Road @ Belair Road	62,200	5,981	5,981	-	5,981	100%
Lake Olms		425,000	456,222	456,221	-	456,221	100%
Bernie Wa		+20,000	106,111	450,221 95,267	-	450,221 95,267	90%
Fleming Te		-	100,111	95,207	-	95,207 100,195	90% 100%
Meadowbr		-	90,899	91,633	-	91,633	101%
		-	90,899 84,885		-	91,633 61,753	73%
	Community Ctr	-	04,000	61,753	-	01,703	
DDA			859,248	796,471		796,471	93%

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

r	Project	Original Estimated Cost	. <u> </u>	Current Estimated Cost	 Prior Years	 Current Year	 Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
,	Belair Hills Est Imp (W&S)	\$ -	\$	112,603	\$ 112,603	\$ -	\$ 112,603	100%
/	ARC Drainage	-		1,185,200	1,185,200	-	1,185,200	100%
/	Resurfacing PH VIII	-		1,088,851	1,088,852	-	1,088,852	100%
	Lake Aumond Dam Improvements	-		121,204	108,221	-	108,221	89%
	Belair Hills Estate	-		7,147,891	7,085,345	-	7,085,345	99%
	Walton Way Extension/Davis Rd Windsor Spring Rd Section V	-		84,357	84,357	-	84,357	100%
	(SR88 Hepzibah	-		1,202,356	1,202,356	-	1,202,356	100%
	Apple Valley Park	-		34,871	34,104	-	34,104	98%
	Pension Property Purchase	-		1,272,514	1,272,514	-	1,272,514	100%
	Replacement of Old Equipment	-		577,908	579,906	-	579,906	100%
	Remodel Stations 3,4,11,13,14 and 17	-		324,729	324,729	-	324,729	100%
	Remodel Station #4	-		111,629	111,629	-	111,629	100%
	Remodel Station #6	-		1,360,818	1,360,818	-	1,360,818	100%
	Fire Training Center	-		737,607	737,607	-	737,607	100%
	Laney Stadium	-		3,521,074	3,521,074	-	3,521,074	100%
	Augusta Museum of History	-		1,140,036	1,132,902	-	1,132,902	99%
	13th Street Streetscape	-		100,125	3,625	-	3,625	4%
	Barrett Plaza Lighting	-		95,470	95,470	-	95,470	100%
	Pension Property Cleanup	-		2,490,068	2,490,062	-	2,490,062	100%
	Remodel Station #3	-		238,175	238,175	-	238,175	100%
	Willis Foreman Road Bridge Study	-		241,942	157,708	-	157,708	65%
	Willis Foreman Road Bridge	-		1,558,209	1,558,210	-	1,558,210	100%
	Remodel Station #11	-		106,435	106,435	-	106,435	100%
	Construction Station #10 - Land	-		758,801	732,086	-	732,086	96%
	Training Tower and Burn Simulator	-		1,551,850	1,551,850	-	1,551,850	100%
	Renovation of Administrative Center	-		2,934,271	2,567,798	-	2,567,798	88%
	Paving Various Roads - Phase X	-		1,979,567	1,983,467	-	1,983,467	100%
	Construction Station #10	-		2,152,334	1,993,803	-	1,993,803	93%
	Augusta Levee Certification	-		1,140,520	1,087,232	5,000	1,092,232	96%
	Rocky Creek Drainage Project Broad Street Improvements @	-		3,878,788	1,114,690	-	1,114,690	29%
	Bus Terminal	-		238,159	235,579	-	235,579	99%
	Turknett Springs Detention	-		299,700	141,465	-	141,465	47%
	Bus Barn	-		3,397,379	2,803,907	-	2,803,907	83%
	Industry Infrastructure	-		822,627	785,408	-	785,408	95%
	Bulter Creek Park	-		86,204	86,204	-	86,204	100%
	On Call Construction Services	-		324,500	324,800	-	324,800	100%
	Village West Storm Drainage	-		413,144	409,381	-	409,381	99%
	Gordon Highway Adaptive Traffic Control	-		343,501	342,777	-	342,777	100%
	Frontage Road	-		942,839	927,123	-	927,123	98%
	On Call Appraisal Service	-		134,000	102,946	-	102,946	77%
	Wrightsboro Road Drainage	-		900,000	875,725	-	875,725	97%
	Dover-Lyman Project	-		2,396,370	2,396,370	-	2,396,370	100%
	Marvin Griffin Road	-		375,090	375,088	-	375,088	100%
	East Augusta - Marion Homes	-		1,781,600	1,734,564	-	1,734,564	97%
	Berkmans Road Utilities Relocation	-		767,500	586,948	35,392	622,340	81%
	Tree Removal, Pruning and Replacements	-		241,650	74,521	-	74,521	31%
	St Sebastian Way/Greene St	-		615,600	615,599	-	615,599	100%
	Utilities - Resurfacing Roads	-		250,000	232,585	-	232,585	93%
	Resurfacting Roads	-		2,000,000	1,372,987	489,302	1,862,289	93%
	Traffic Improvements	-		500,000	215,936	233,161	449,097	90%
	Tree Removal and Replacement	-		241,650	119,230	26,608	145,838	60%
	Lake Olmstead Dredging	-		376,200	27,767	348,347	376,114	100%
	Sand Hills Park	1,080,000		2,279,464	1,195,646	-	1,195,646	52%
	Judicial Center - County Court House	40,016,200		40,256,351	38,743,273	-	38,743,273	96%
	Webster Detention Center	36,000,000		41,635,948	41,305,632	-	41,305,632	99%
	Exhibit Hall	20,000,000		32,198,161	32,376,323	-	32,376,323	101%

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Project	Original Estimated Cost	Current Estimated Cost	Prior Years	Current Year	Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
Sheriff Administration Relocation	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 550,000	\$ 518,171	\$-	\$ 518,171	94%
RCCI Renovations	750,000	814,110	813,227	-	813,227	100%
Augusta Regional Airport - Helo Base	-	787,550	773,550	-	773,550	98%
Main Library	14,700,000	14,727,172	14,727,172	-	14,727,172	100%
Augusta Canal Improvements	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	-	2,500,000	100%
Augusta Canal Bond Repayment	8,200,555	8,200,555	8,200,555	-	8,200,555	100%
Bond Debt Service	5,417,800	5,417,800	-	-	-	0%
Redundant Fiber Ring	1,000,000	1,410,632	1,312,600	-	1,312,600	93%
Digital Othophotography	286,480	374,721	453,070	-	453,070	121%
Pictometry	113,520	117,568	116,645	-	116,645	99%
Wireless Access Point	200,000	202,079	202,221	-	202,221	100%
Disaster Recovery Plan	400,000	412,635	409,441	-	409,441	99%
Software Application Consolidation	-	1,024,663	352,652	376,972	729,624	71%
Flood Land Acquisition	500,000	2,100,000	2,059,152	-	2,059,152	98%
Wrightsboro Road Project	4,000,000	6,000,000	5,692,731	-	5,692,731	95%
D'Antignac Street Flood Avoidance	1,000,000	4,835,490	4,835,482	-	4,835,482	100%
Lake Olmstead Dredging	-	2,207,300	-	757,676	757,676	34%
Warren Lake Dredging	-	1,000,000	-	-		0%
Administration - Engineering	2,500,000	3,141,780	3,141,774	-	3,141,774	100%
Marks Church Road Improvement	2,500,000	2,549,990	2,548,733	1,248	2,549,981	100%
Fire Stations and Training Center	6,000,000	6,000,000	2,040,700	1,210	2,040,001	0%
Lake Olmstead Stadium	360,000	400,000	399,927		399,927	100%
Augusta Soccer Park	180,000	165,630	165,629	_	165,629	100%
The Boat House	90,000	90,000	90,000		90,000	100%
		315,559		-		
Apple Valley Park	315,000	67,500	300,554	-	300,554	95% 94%
WT Johnson Park	67,500		63,636	-	63,636	
MM Scott Park	270,000	271,999	233,923	-	233,923	86%
Diamond Lakes Park	720,000	785,020	782,324	-	782,324	100%
Jamestown Park	135,000	198,989	197,938	-	197,938	99%
Wood Park	270,000	270,000	270,946	-	270,946	100%
Valley Park	22,500	13,410	13,407	-	13,407	100%
Goshen/Brown Road Park	135,000	135,000	-	-	-	0%
McDuffie Woods Park	90,000	91,982	91,950	-	91,950	100%
McBean Park	180,000	180,122	179,461	-	179,461	100%
Fleming Tennis Center	112,500	113,754	112,591	-	112,591	99%
Lock and Dam Park	49,500	51,709	51,689	-	51,689	100%
Martin Luther King drainage	273,794	727	727	-	727	100%
Inter City Arts - Imperial	300,000	300,000	225,000	-	225,000	75%
May Park	67,500	67,500	67,500	-	67,500	100%
HH Brigham Park	117,000	117,019	116,684	-	116,684	100%
Land Acquisition	180,000	253,010	247,575	-	247,575	98%
Dyess Park	63,000	33,960	33,956	-	33,956	100%
Brookfield Park	45,000	45,025	41,294	-	41,294	92%
Lake Olmstead Park	207,000	207,000	205,849	-	205,849	99%
Blythe Park	180,000	266,200	266,183	-	266,183	100%
Newman Tennis Center	108,000	108,277	108,870	-	108,870	101%
Meadowbrook Park	108,000	81,210	81,203	-	81,203	100%
Administration - Recreation	500,000	644,420	644,423	-	644,423	100%
Augusta Marina	67,500	67,500	67,103	-	67,103	99%
Old Government House	45,000	45,000	40,700	-	40,700	90%
Doughty Park	27,000	27,216	16,430	-	16,430	60%
Fleming Park	67,500	67,514	62,882	-	62,882	93%
Hickman Park	27,000	27,040	4,240	-	4,240	16%
Aquatics Center	90,000	90,041	86,574	-	86,574	96%
Boykin Road Park	27,000	27,000		-		0%
Eisenhower Park	45,000	45,908	- 44,405	_	- 44,405	97%
Warren Road Park	45,000 31,500	31,506	29,976	-	29,976	97% 95%
	51,500	367,410	367,406	-	367,406	95% 100%
Carrie Mays Park - CNG Remediation						

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Project	Original Estimated Cost	Current Estimated Cost	Prior Years	Current Year	Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
Jamestown Park	\$ -	\$ 204,660	\$ -	\$-	\$-	0%
Imperial Theater	500,000	500,000	500,000	-	500,000	100%
Augusta Mini Theater	500,000	500,000	500,000	-	500,000	100%
Lucy Craft Laney Museum	200,000	203,036	184,734	-	184,734	91%
The MACH Academy Recreation, Historic, Cultural and	100,000	100,000	100,001	-	100,001	100%
Other Buildings	400,000	370,010	198,496	5,636	204,132	55%
Administrator's Office Renovations	-	35,000	-	-	, -	0%
Augusta Museum	400,000	400,000	400,000	-	400,000	100%
City of Hephzibah	3,104,000	3,325,960	3,325,957	-	3,325,957	100%
City of Blythe	912,000	977,220	977,214	-	977,214	100%
Sheriffs New Administration Building	6,000,000	9,800,000	9,789,577	-	9,789,577	100%
Webster Detention Center - Phase IIB	18,000,000	17,230,000	17,227,817	-	17,227,817	100%
Boathouse Community Facility	450,000	450,000	437,464		437,464	97%
Lake Olmstead Casino	500,000	500,000	118,775	1,500	120,275	24%
Lake Olmstead BBQ Pit	100,000	100,000	51,381	1,000	51,381	24 % 51%
Bulter Creek Park	500,000	800,000	854,692			
	,		,	-	854,692	107%
Baurle Boat Ramp	55,000	55,000	44,977	-	44,977	82%
Bush Field	8,500,000	8,500,000	7,609,843	-	7,609,843	90%
Daniel Field	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	-	2,000,000	100%
Golden Harvest Food Bank Building	250,000	250,000	250,000	-	250,000	100%
Program Administrations	2,000,000	2,000,000	1,215,812	4,631	1,220,443	61%
Grading and Drainage Projects	3,600,000	3,642,320	3,617,477	9,184	3,626,661	100%
Marvin Griffin Road	4,000,000	5,829,500	5,829,509	-	5,829,509	100%
East Augusta St. and Drainage Imp.	3,200,000	3,990,120	3,896,146	-	3,896,146	98%
Berckman Rd. Realignment	400,000	415,600	415,596	-	415,596	100%
Old McDuffie Rd.	672,000	672,000	28,399	-	28,399	4%
Hyde Park St. and Drg Imp.	1,600,000	4,500,000	4,499,905	-	4,499,905	100%
Westside Dr. Drg. Imp.	480,000	480,000	83,241	-	83,241	17%
Marks Church Road over Raes Creek	800,000	662,100	662,100	-	662,100	100%
North Leg over CSX Railroad	800,000	800,000	-	3,230	3,230	0%
Berckman Rd. over Raes Creek	800,000	384,720	384,714	-	384,714	100%
Scotts Way over Raes Creek	800,000	800,000	-	-		0%
Old Waynesboro Rd. over Spirit Creek	800,000	983,650	983,644	-	983,644	100%
7th Street over Augusta Canal	800,000	800,000	-	-		0%
Storm water Utility Implementation Program		2,816,300	2,816,301		2,816,301	100%
On-Call Emergency Design Services	108,000	2,010,000	2,010,001		2,010,001	N/A
		26,602	26,602	-	- 26,602	100%
On-Call Emergency Appraisal Services	40,000	800,000	641,782	-	,	
On-Call Emergency Construction Services	800,000			-	641,782	80%
Traffic Sign Upgrade Program	240,000	196,179	196,179	1 770 597	196,179	100%
Lake Olmstead Dredging	3,200,000	5,200,000	1,092,965	1,770,587	2,863,552	55%
Hyde Park (Martin Luther King Drive)	1,000,000	2,411,530	2,411,524	-	2,411,524	100%
Rocky Creek Drainage Plan	2,800,000	2,800,000	1,449,084	60,520	1,509,604	54%
Suburban Forces-Resurfacing	2,400,000	1,307,959	1,307,959	-	1,307,959	100%
Tree Removal, Pruning and Replacement	800,000	1,088,062	1,088,062	-	1,088,062	100%
Sidewalks-Rehab-Replacement	800,000	578,376	578,376	-	578,376	100%
Curb Cuts and Sidewalks	400,000	653,440	653,434	-	653,434	100%
Resurfacing - Contracts	2,400,000	2,150,000	1,463,098	91,554	1,554,652	72%
General Bridge Rehab and Maintenance Walton Way Signal Phase 2 and	2,400,000	4,300,000	4,238,810	-	4,238,810	99%
Streetlight Upgrade	640,000	205,600	205,593	-	205,593	100%
Gordon Highway Lighting Upgrade	1,200,000	1,205,000	1,205,000	-	1,205,000	100%
Reynolds Street Signal Improvements	460,000	108,771	108,771	-	108,771	100%
Signal Upgrades	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	N/A
Intersection Safety and Operational Initiativ	/e 2,040,000	733,076	728,151	-	728,151	99%
Woodbine Road Improvement Dover-Lyman Street and Drainage	1,200,000	-	-	-	-	0%
Improvement	1,600,000	840	_	840	840	0%

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

т	Project	Original Estimated Cost	 Current Estimated Cost	 Prior Years	 Current Year	 Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
/1	I-20 Eastbound Riverwatch Ramp	\$ 1,100,000	\$ 83,191	\$ 83,183	\$ -	\$ 83,183	100%
/I	15th Street Pedestrian Improvements	800,000	800,000	750,564	-	750,564	94%
/1	Intersection Safety Upgrades	-	500,000	192,295	-	192,295	38%
/I	Street Lighting Upgrades	-	750,000	98,961	12,201	111,162	15%
/1	Tree Removal, Pruning and Replacement	-	220,900	140,343	23,765	164,108	74%
/I	Berckmans Road Over Raes Creek	-	991,370	991,369	-	991,369	100%
/1	Resurfacing Roads	-	1,200,000	204,424	570,519	774,943	65%
/I	Wilkinson Garden Area	-	2,500,000	779,833	3,154	782,987	31%
/1	Resurfacing Roads 2020	-	2,128,200	-	1,065,532	1,065,532	50%
/I	Morningside Stream Bank	-	701,150	-	-	-	0%
/1	Administration - Engineering	10,770,000	8,216,500	8,216,402	-	8,216,402	100%
/1	Garden City Beautification Project	500,000	500,000	252,987	4,327	257,314	51%
/1	Emergency Fleet Replacement	9,500,000	9,500,000	9,500,000	-	9,500,000	100%
/1	Training Center Infrastructure	2,000,000	2,000,000	55,124	7,678	62,802	3%
/1	Public Safety Vehicles	7,500,000	7,500,000	7,784,825	-	7,784,825	104%
/1	Library - Main Branch	1,000,000	1,000,000	994,131	5,868	999,999	100%
/1	Library - Maxwell Branch	900,000	900,000	875,820	3,022	878,842	98%
/I	Library - Friedman Branch Historic Augusta - Wilson & Larmar	600,000	847,500	530,798	277,800	808,598	95%
/1	Historic Sites The Augusta Theatre District Project -	125,000	125,000	113,687	-	113,687	91%
/1	Miller Theatre Pendleton King Park Connectivity	6,000,000	6,000,000	5,142,856	-	5,142,856	86%
/1	Improvements	200,000	200,000	200,001	-	200,001	100%
/	Lucy Craft Laney Museum	600,000	600,000		570,000	570,000	95%
/	Augusta Museum of History	600,000	600,000	599,927	-	599,927	100%
/	Jessye Norman School of the Arts	95,000	95,000	95,000	-	95,000	100%
/1	Imperial Theater Boys & Girls Club - EW Hegler Club	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	1,000,000	100%
/1	Renovations	500,000	500,000	500,000	-	500,000	100%
/1	Augusta Urban Ministries Health Education Activities Learning	175,000	175,000	-	-	-	0%
/1	Complex - Paine College Downtown Infrastructure - Downtown	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	-	2,500,000	100%
/1	Development Authority	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,105,925	10,454	1,116,379	93%
/1	Industrial Infrastructure - RDA Canal Improvements - Augusta Canal	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,200,027	-	1,200,027	100%
/1	Authority	4,170,000	4,185,160	4,185,154	-	4,185,154	100%
/1	Municipal Building Renovations	18,000,000	32,635,680	32,635,850	-	32,635,850	100%
/I /I	Municipal Building Campus - IT Building	-	7,000,000	6,960,006	-	6,960,006	99%
4	Municipal Building Campus	-	1,114,320	916,668	58,734	975,402	88%
	Green Space - CSRA Land Trust	500,000	500,000	45,235	10,000	55,235	11%
/1	Capital Equipment - Recreation	150,000	185,000	184,602	-	184,602	100%
/1	Existing Structures Improvements	895,000	595,000	489,357	-	489,357	82%
/1	Augusta Commons	100,000	100,000	104,700	-	104,700	105%
/1	Dyess Park	800,000	297,000	125,984	-	125,984	42%
/1	May Park	150,000	150,000	148,620	-	148,620	99%
/	Old Government House	200,000	200,000	34,087	-	34,087	17%
/1	Elliot Park	100,000	100,000	50,132	-	50,132	50%
/1	Fleming Park	250,000	620,000	617,232	-	617,232	100%
/1	Fleming Tennis Center	600,000	250,000	44,544	-	44,544	18%
/1	Augusta Soccer Complex	150,000	28,770	28,769	-	28,769	100%
/1	Diamond Lakes Regional Park	1,350,000	1,297,150	1,295,647	1,500	1,297,147	100%
/1	Mc Duffie Woods Park	200,000	200,000	103,625	-	103,625	52%
/1	Augusta Golf Course	300,000	300,000	271,860	1,500	273,360	91%
/1	H.H. Brigham Park	250,000	750,000	752,095	-	752,095	100%
/1	Valley Park	250,000	250,000	288,254	-	288,254	115%
/I	Wood Park	50,000	50,000	-	-	-	0%
/1	Brookfield Park	100,000	100,000	46,556	_	46,556	47%

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

ST e	Project	Original Estimated Cost	 Current Estimated Cost	 Prior Years	 Current Year	 Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
VI	Eisenhower Park	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 44,080	\$ 37,435	\$ 81,515	82%
VI	Warren Road Park	150,000	150,000	150,257	-	150,257	100%
VI	Blythe Community Center	500,000	500,000	249,108	-	249,108	50%
VI	Jamestown Community Center	200,000	200,000	203,289	-	203,289	102%
VI	Augusta Marina	50,000	50,000	50,708	-	50,708	101%
VI	Lake Olmstead Stadium	100,000	100,000	100,000	-	100,000	100%
VI	4-H Camp	50,000	23,790	23,782	-	23,782	100%
VI	Tennis Courts Resurfacing	150,000	150,000	125,951	-	125,951	84%
VI	Swimming Pool Renovations	900,000	900,000	320,921	25,112	346,033	38%
VI	Jamestown Park	500,000	165,930		20,112	040,000	0%
VI	Recreation Master Plan	200,000	200,000	68,825	_	68,825	34%
VI					-		
	Recreation Project Administration	1,000,000	1,091,130	1,091,121	-	1,091,121	100%
VI	Historic Structures	-	503,000	485,651	-	485,651	97%
VI	South Augusta Transit Center Augusta Public Transit Facilities -	190,000	190,000	148,868	-	148,868	78%
VI	Renovations	125,000	125,000	-	-	-	0%
VI	Transit Vehicles	420,000	420,000	420,000	-	420,000	100%
VI	City of Hephzibah	4,424,000	4,424,000	4,424,000	-	4,424,000	100%
VI	City of Blythe	1,300,000	1,300,000	1,300,000	-	1,300,000	100%
VI	Network Assessment Remediation	250,000	250,000	250,108	-	250,108	100%
VI	Redundant Fiber Ring	250,000	250,000	-	-	-	0%
VI	Digital Orthophotography	500,000	500,000	408,781	-	408,781	82%
VI	Software Application Consolidation	1.000.000	1,000,000	916,893	5,444	922,337	92%
VI	Carrie Mays Park CNG Remediation	-	300,000	266,138	-	266,138	89%
7	SPLOST 7 Program Administration	3,500,000	3,500,000	1,780,161	269,773	2,049,934	59%
7	Interest on SPLOST 7 GO Bonds		4,000,000	3,533,500	200,110	3,533,500	88%
7		4,000,000		12,289,768	2 245 040		
	P25 Radio System	15,000,000	15,000,000		2,245,940	14,535,708	97%
7	TAO/TCO software consolidation	3,500,000	3,500,000	2,051,189	1,186,997	3,238,186	93%
7	MDT Replacement	900,000	900,000	781,884	81,830	863,714	96%
7	911 Renovations	500,000	500,000	118,871	402,825	521,696	104%
7	Special Operations Precinct	1,300,000	1,300,000	1,077,146	3,000	1,080,146	83%
7	Marshal's Operation Center	1,000,000	1,000,000	839,736	51,869	891,605	89%
7	Training Range Enhancements Public Safety Vehicles - (Law	2,200,000	2,200,000	498,881	261,167	760,048	35%
7	Enforcement)	9,000,000	9,000,000	5,702,809	1,476,459	7,179,268	80%
7	New Station 2 - Telfair Street	2,500,000	3,860,000	3,831,297	43,375	3,874,672	100%
7	New Station 3 - Gordon Hwy	2,500,000	3,500,000	3,530,569	9,091	3,539,660	101%
7	New Station - South Augusta	2,500,000	7,140,000	15,433	-	15,433	0%
7	Emergency Vehicles - Fire	6,000,000	6,000,000	5,849,637	-	5,849,637	97%
7	Training Center - EOC	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	-	-	0%
7	Fire Station Alerting System	1,100,000	1,100,000	781,000	165,000	946,000	86%
7	Hyde Park St. and Drg Imp.	6,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	100,000	5,000,000	100%
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				25 225		
7	On Call Construction	2,350,000	1,880,000	1,380,170	35,225	1,415,395	75%
7	Wrightsboro Road Reconstruction East Augusta Road and drainage -	8,500,000	6,800,000	1,118,502	422,463	1,540,965	23%
7	Phase III East Augusta Road and drainage -	4,500,000	3,600,000	2,872,635	365,374	3,238,009	90%
7	Phase V	2,500,000	2,000,000	-	-	-	0%
7	ADA sidewalk rehab and replacement	2,000,000	1,600,000	1,477,639	-	1,477,639	92%
7	Machinery and Equipment Rocky Creek Flood Reduction	1,000,000	1,000,000	636,188	41,103	677,291	68%
7	Improvements East Augusta Road and drainage -	6,650,000	5,320,000	498	-	498	0%
7	Phase IV Milling and Resurfacing -	2,500,000	2,000,000	76,556	1,290	77,846	4%
7	Contract/County Forces	1,500,000	1,200,000	921,788	176,370	1,098,158	92%
•	Monte Sano Ave Improvements	300,000	240,000	021,700	135,050	135,050	56%

(Continued)

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

PLOST Phase	Project	Original Estimated Cost	 Current Estimated Cost	 Prior Years	 Current Year	 Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
hase 7 hase 7	Martin Luther King Drive Road Diet Skinner Mill Road Widening	\$ 1,000,000 750,000	\$ 800,000 600,000	\$ 76,293 400,018	\$ - 162,309	\$ 76,293 562,327	10% 94%
	Walton Way safety and operational						
hase 7 hase 7	improvements	700,000	560,000 320,000	100,886	86,295	187,181	33% 0%
hase 7	Forest Hill Drainage Improvement Paving Dirt Roads	400,000 1,000,000	800,000	-	- 18,064	- 18,064	0% 2%
nace i	Fort Gordon gate operation	1,000,000	000,000		10,001	10,004	270
hase 7	enhancement	1,000,000	300,000	-	291,345	291,345	97%
hase 7	Grading and Drainage - stormwater	25,000,000	25,000,000	19,141,111	3,959,244	23,100,355	92%
hase 7	Administration - Engineering	2,500,000	10,430,000	5,419,311	1,246,079	6,665,390	64%
hase 7	Fleet Maintenance Facility	1,500,000	1,450,000	195,200	-	195,200	13%
hase 7	Existing Facilities upgrades	5,000,000	3,095,480	1,794,920	938,782	2,733,702	88%
hase 7 hase 7	Probate Court Central Services Renovations	-	49,520 365,000	12,721 313,225	-	12,721	26% 86%
hase 7	Webster Detention Center - HVAC	-	140,000	364,849	-	313,225 364,849	261%
hase 7	RCCI Upgrades	-	50,000	39,680		304,649 39,680	79%
hase 7	Compliance Department Renovations	-	40,000	36,864	-	36,864	92%
hase 7	Judicial Center - HVAC	-	145,000	142,973	-	142,973	99%
hase 7	Animal Services	500,000	500,000	500,249	-	500,249	100%
hase 7	Records Retention Center	2,500,000	1,825,000	1,680,977	126,840	1,807,817	99%
hase 7	JLEC Demolition	1,500,000	1,500,000	57,333	475,957	533,290	36%
hase 7	Public Defender Building	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	-	5,000,000	100%
hase 7	RCCI Upgrades	-	50,000	620	-	620	1%
hase 7	Tobacco Road Pole Barn	-	147,610	205	-	205	0%
hase 7	HCD Relocation	-	183,000	166,749	-	166,749	91%
hase 7	Traffic Engineering Ops Center	-	900,000	-	297,255	297,255	33%
hase 7 hase 7	DFACS Building Judicial Center - Sally Port	-	661,300 115,000	-	-	-	0% 0%
hase 7	Webster Detention Center Renovations.	-	1,239,700	-	-	-	0%
hase 7	Municipal Campus - debt service payoff	35,000,000	35,000,000	6,260,170	2,201,200	8,461,370	24%
hase 7	Museum Asset Management	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	43,880	43,880	4%
hase 7	Library Facilities Renovations	200,000	190,000	157,269	32,731	190,000	100%
hase 7	Maxwell Branch Library	300,000	310,000	309,898	-	309,898	100%
hase 7	Sports Facilities	1,750,000	609,000	-	2,175	2,175	0%
hase 7	Swimming Pools ADA, Reforestation and Cemetery	2,000,000	132,600	53,098	-	53,098	40%
hase 7	Improvements	1,000,000	45,000	-	-	-	0%
hase 7	Community Center Improvements	4,000,000	316,500	-	-	-	0%
hase 7 hase 7	Neighborhood Parks/Urban Parks May Park	4,000,000	60,000 50,000	- 42,020	-	-	0%
hase 7	Bernie Ward Community Center	-	250.000	42,020 245,940	-	42,020 245,940	84% 98%
hase 7	Dyess Park	-	1,000,000	240,940	15,083	15,083	2%
hase 7	Capital Equipment - Recreation	-	50,000	24,550	25,450	50,000	100%
hase 7	Lake Olmstead Park	-	1,700,000	82,500	-	82,500	5%
hase 7	Fleming Park	-	1,000,000	163,064	89,600	252,664	25%
hase 7	Diamond Lakes	-	675,000	664,647	6,195	670,842	99%
hase 7	Jamestown Park	-	442,000	46,550	950	47,500	11%
hase 7	The Boathouse	-	200,000	220,617	-	220,617	110%
hase 7	Hillside Park	-	125,000	100,000	-	100,000	80%
hase 7	Augusta Common	-	125,000	110,420	-	110,420	88%
hase 7	Minnick	-	125,000	125,000	-	125,000	100%
hase 7	Wood Park	-	350,000	324,919	-	324,919	93%
hase 7 hase 7	Hickman Park Augusta Soccer Park	-	125,000 109,000	23,729 94,000	-	23,729 94,000	19% 86%
hase 7	McDuffie Woods	-	125,000	94,000 124,994	-	94,000 124,994	100%
hase 7	Gracewood	-	125,000	124,550	-	124,994	100%
hase 7	Henry Brigham Center		7,100,000	269,071	209,690	478,761	7%
hase 7	Warren Road	-	225,000	209,060	-	209,060	93%
hase 7	Augusta Aquatics Center	-	2,043,330	2,043,330	-	2,043,330	100%
hase 7	Augusta Golf Course	-	50,000	34,405	-	34,405	69%
	Aquatic Center Pool		39,750	43,725	10,302	54,027	136%

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

SPLOST Phase	Project	Origina Estimate Cost		Current Estimated Cost	 Prior Years		rent ear	Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
Phase 7 Phase 7	Brigham Pool Lombard Mill	\$	-	\$ 39,750 490,000	\$ 36,918	\$	- 519,742	\$ 36,918	93%
Phase 7 Phase 7	McBean splash pad		-	490,000 125,000	-		21,448	519,742 121,448	106% 97%
Phase 7	Fleming Complex - Safety Improvements		-	500,000	-		92	92	0%
Phase 7	Eastview - Safety Improvements		-	10,000	9,984		-	9,984	100%
Phase 7	McDuffie - Safety Improvements		-	4,200	4,193		-	4,193	100%
Phase 7	Gracwood Flooring		-	20,000	-		-	-	0%
Phase 7	Boathouse Deck renovations		-	600,000	-		3,540	3,540	1%
Phase 7	Security Cameras		-	375,000	-		-	-	0%
Phase 7	Golf Course - Safety Improvements		-	25,000	-		22,523	22,523	90%
Phase 7	Aquatics Center - Safety Improvements		-	278,040	-		-	-	0%
Phase 7	Recreation - Administration	750,	000	750,000	678,027		57,285	735,312	98%
Phase 7	Public Art Gateway Beautification	1,000,	000	1,000,000	6,000		-	6,000	1%
Phase 7	Augusta Canal Authority	1,500,	000	1,750,000	1,100,000	4	00,000	1,500,000	86%
Phase 7	Modernize James Brown Arena	6,000,	000	6,000,000	6,000,000		-	6,000,000	100%
Phase 7	City of Blythe	1,900,	000	1,900,000	1,900,000		-	1,900,000	100%
Phase 7	City of Hephzibah	6,500,	000	6,500,000	6,500,000		-	6,500,000	100%
Phase 7	Buses	1,350,	000	1,350,000	-		-	-	0%
Phase 7	Bus Shelters	650,	000	1,150,000	 509,583		5,451	515,034	45%
		\$ 887,667,	629	\$ 1,076,162,890	\$ 889,399,020	\$ 25,8	336,928	\$ 915,235,948	

Amounts reported in Special Sales Tax Phase capital outlay are as follows:

Special Sales Tax Phase III	\$ 6,754
Special Sales Tax Phase IV	1,308,843
Special Sales Tax Phase V	1,141,532
Special Sales Tax Phase VI	5,062,544
Special Sales Tax Phase 7	16,113,601
Transfer out to Nonmajor Governmental Funds	2,203,654
	\$ 25,836,928

#### Note:

The transfewrs noted above was a reimbursement to Nonmajor Governmental Funds for approved SPLOST purchases and has been included in the above schedule.

#### Note:

Prior year costs of the following projects were reclassified as noted below. The total prior year costs are unchanged.

		Orginal Prior Year Cost	Current Prior Year Cost
Phase VI	Wilkinson Garden Area	41,952	779,833
Phase 7	Hyde Park St. and Drg Imp.	5,737,881	5,000,000
Phase IV	Resurfacting Roads	1,372,819	1,372,987
Phase IV	Miscellaneous grading & drainage	3,927,464	3,927,296
Phase III	Wilkerson Garden	537,568	561,275
Phase III	Lake Olmstead Dredging	209,303	185,596

# STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Government's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, required supplementary information, and supplementary information says about the Government's overall financial health.

### **Contents**

Financial Trends	15
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	19
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Government's most significant local revenue sources.	
Debt Capacity	24
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Government's current levels of outstanding debt and the Government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	26
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand	
the environment within which the Government's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	31
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how	
the information in the Government's financial report relates to the services the Government	
provides and the activities it performs.	

Page

### NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN YEARS

										Fisca	ıl Y€	ear								
		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
Governmental activities																				
Net investment in																				
capital assets	\$	410,460,670	\$	457,492,341	\$	476,918,623	\$	547,217,942	\$	557,318,725	\$	562,115,697	\$	569,871,394	\$	642,073,006	\$	677,467,409	\$	686,754,543
Restricted		158,085,479		131,155,017		139,606,663		126,202,046		188,414,660		209,692,863		213,635,313		177,020,019		173,340,237		199,845,230
Unrestricted		41,001,034		34,032,148		26,493,803		(8,595,476)		(21,692,381)		(17,269,467)		(70,221,848)		(78,520,564)		(97,401,608)		(97,545,70)
Total governmental activities		, ,		, ,						( , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		<u>, , , , ,</u>						<u>, , , ,</u>		<u>, , ,</u>
net position	\$	609,547,183	\$	622,679,506	\$	643,019,089	\$	664,824,512	\$	724,041,004	\$	754,539,093	\$	713,284,859	\$	740,572,461	\$	753,406,038	\$	789,054,066
Business-type activities																				
Net investment in																				
capital assets	\$	217.331.770	\$	198,731,660	\$	174.179.647	\$	182,241,232	\$	183,134,044	\$	218,177,114	\$	259.940.332	\$	267.815.545	\$	289,203,124	\$	299,740,50
Restricted	Ŷ	57,373,803	Ŷ	77,570,750	Ŷ	96,536,299	Ŷ	87,266,093	Ŷ	92,929,966	Ŷ	52,996,332	Ŷ	36,915,455	Ŷ	67,475,296	Ŷ	67,714,040	Ŷ	69,188,90
Unrestricted		56,391,657		54,217,810		61,286,639		49,371,035		54,383,554		79,332,506		71,799,025		68,034,540		73,221,991		78,049,24
Total business-type activities		00,001,007		54,217,010		01,200,000		43,071,000		04,000,004		10,002,000		11,100,020		00,004,040		10,221,001		10,040,240
net position	\$	331,097,230	\$	330,520,220	\$	332,002,585	\$	318,878,360	\$	330,447,564	\$	350,505,952	\$	368,654,812	\$	403,325,381	\$	430,139,155	\$	446,978,658
	-	001,001,200	<u> </u>	000,020,220	<u> </u>	002,002,000	<u> </u>	0.0,0.0,000	<u> </u>		-		Ŷ		÷	100,020,001	Ŷ	100,100,100	÷	
Primary government																				
Net investment in																				
capital assets	\$	627,792,440	\$	656,224,001	\$	651,098,270	\$	729,459,174	\$	740,452,769	\$	780,292,811	\$	829,811,726	\$	909,888,551	\$	966,670,533	\$	986,495,05
Restricted		215,459,282		208,725,767		236,142,962		213,468,139		281,344,626		262,689,195		250,550,768		244,495,315		241,054,277		269,034,13
Unrestricted		97,392,691		88,249,958		87,780,442		40,775,559		32,691,173		62,063,039		1,577,177		(10,486,024)		(24,179,617)		(19,496,45
Total primary government																		·		
net position	\$	940,644,413	\$	953,199,726	\$	975,021,674	\$	983,702,872	\$	1,054,488,568	¢	1,105,045,045	÷.	1,081,939,671	\$	1,143,897,842	¢	1,183,545,193	¢	1,236,032,72

Augusta, Georgia audited financial statements.

### CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN YEARS

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Expenses										
Primary government:										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 40,330,290	\$ 41,458,672	\$ 35,022,665	\$ 33,802,731	\$ 36,221,517	\$ 39,190,687	\$ 44,509,579	\$ 40,707,485	\$ 60,438,735	\$ 52,634,825
Judicial	18,348,930	19,689,011	22,277,190	21,323,507	20,818,733	22,041,220	26,000,450	26,945,032	25,627,408	25,277,951
Public safety	86,803,342	88,026,881	94,812,888	73,686,078	92,071,561	94,273,348	103,721,518	111,256,350	114,786,178	121,616,606
Public works	15,463,891	16,339,524	39,378,299	33,487,270	12,391,998	29,930,236	33,668,252	15,005,701	35,357,616	28,466,160
Health and welfare	2,641,832	2,714,636	2,511,207	1,874,971	7,653,264	7,580,316	7,146,751	6,578,374	7,085,587	6,764,180
Culture and recreation	23,493,548	19,823,071	17,135,252	14,958,432	13,619,543	16,909,391	18,444,248	18,748,629	18,201,741	17,621,313
Housing and development	16,186,502	13,871,835	14,161,332	13,488,008	14,427,031	18,523,993	32,569,478	40,830,750	17,661,016	27,143,107
Interest and fiscal changes	1,924,490	1,862,587	2,756,430	2,442,546	2,674,676	2,922,145	4,426,311	4,201,382	3,752,568	4,948,740
Total governmental activities	· <u> </u>		. <u> </u>	· <u> </u>	. <u> </u>	· <u>····</u>	. <u> </u>			·
expenses	205,192,825	203,786,217	228,055,263	195,063,543	199,878,323	231,371,336	270,486,587	264,273,703	282,910,849	284,472,881
Business-type activities:										
Waste management	7,554,624	9,346,387	10,761,293	14,379,589	11,051,624	15,340,037	14,624,716	19,068,551	15,957,669	25,098,206
Water and sewer	90,703,735	92,625,019	95,538,635	96,512,831	99,080,160	89,029,607	87,825,107	91,327,503	86,732,918	87,377,730
Airports	21,445,366	17,238,488	15,374,725	16,285,059	14,955,310	15,800,633	18,350,954	18,249,992	16,424,640	19,448,087
Municipal golf course	98,341	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transit	6,185,107	6,268,833	6,107,826	6,021,453	6,326,833	6,584,943	7,259,864	7,005,825	7,554,751	8,410,142
Garbage collection	16,556,393	17,029,002	19,037,942	19,354,476	19,643,236	20,885,939	20,000,481	19,802,464	20,575,375	20,940,926
Stormwater utility	-	-	-	-	9,317,090	13,597,292	14,612,733	12,888,099	13,776,667	12,821,772
Total business-type activities									·	
expenses	142,543,566	142,507,729	146,820,421	152,553,408	160,374,253	161,238,451	162,673,855	168,342,434	161,022,020	174,096,863
Total primary government expenses	347,736,391	346,293,946	374,875,684	347,616,951	360,252,576	392,609,787	433,160,442	432,616,137	443,932,868	458,569,744
Program revenues										
Primary government:										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services										
General government	15,087,632	13,837,610	13,704,521	14,228,615	15,533,080	15,258,251	15,863,867	16,946,067	16,620,504	17,243,485
Judicial	2,915,879	3,113,317	3,666,099	3,428,505	3,288,556	3,532,917	4,232,006	4,504,904	4,429,990	3,611,529
Public safety	12,419,681	11,885,552	11,936,266	13,222,762	12,640,313	11,312,815	12,191,446	12,444,870	13,304,086	12,392,378
Public works	2,138,752	2,192,186	2,185,693	2,285,046	2,500,347	2,240,873	4,209,650	4,322,501	4,398,117	5,292,057
Health and welfare	723,362	723,124	742,055	774,701	756,526	441,170	120,315	121,385	127,108	6,559
Culture and recreation	1,727,183	2,586,807	2,888,268	2,929,943	2,862,414	3,214,232	3,421,447	3,263,631	1,828,922	3,128,800
Housing and development	4,590,419	4,779,030	4,783,737	3,931,995	444,022	4,113,682	10,134,119	5,247,739	7,251,806	7,620,594
Operating grants and										. ,
contributions	7,877,728	7,354,311	15,984,639	9,416,362	11,506,644	9,950,725	11,431,653	12,086,762	21,452,117	28,887,944
Capital grants and contributions	1,710,871	1,197,492	2,171,072	4,916,444	3,014,581	4,306,365	5,890,399	10,504,213	4,523,740	5,820,852

(Continued)

### CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN YEARS

						l Year				
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Program revenues (Continued)										
Primary government (Continued):										
Governmental activities (Continued)										
Total governmental activities										
program revenues	\$ 49,191,507	\$ 47,669,429	\$ 58,062,350	\$ 55,134,373	\$ 56,546,483	\$ 54,371,030	\$ 67,494,902	\$ 69,442,072	\$ 73,936,390	\$ 84,004,198
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services										
Waste management	10,659,789	12,636,291	15,225,072	13,240,809	14,868,570	14,082,416	15,687,683	19,125,624	18,379,379	16,406,583
Water and sewer	102,495,912	87,640,826	89,426,724	89,992,145	91,967,807	98,222,525	91,064,507	98,753,729	99,014,724	95,613,743
Airports	19,203,823	15,516,488	13,333,250	13,108,660	14,165,443	14,952,944	16,255,606	18,407,070	11,066,476	16,328,678
Municipal golf course	37,246	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Transit	725,087	1,494,073	1,582,611	1,548,387	1,898,118	2,485,108	1,429,908	1,405,461	920,167	5,510,293
Garbage collection	15,877,408	16,415,315	20,107,411	19,255,923	19,448,658	19,173,185	19,508,792	19,806,392	20,310,177	20,180,972
Stormwater utility	-	-	-	-	13,663,554	14,051,864	13,668,076	13,654,122	13,879,503	14,518,536
Capital grants and contributions	6,094,240	5,870,639	3,218,349	4,584,343	5,812,783	13,542,123	20,622,460	23,161,544	16,921,050	18,525,375
Total business-type activities	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · ·						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · ·
program revenues	155,093,505	139,573,632	142,893,417	141,730,267	161,824,933	176,510,165	178,237,032	194,313,942	180,491,476	187,084,180
Total primary government									. <u> </u>	· · · · · ·
program revenues	204,285,012	187,243,061	200,955,767	196,864,640	218,371,416	230,881,195	245,731,934	263,756,014	254,427,866	271,088,378
Net (expense) revenue										
Governmental activities	(156,001,318)	(156,116,788)	(169,992,913)	(139,929,170)	(143,331,840)	(177,000,306)	(202,991,685)	(194,831,631)	(208,974,458)	(200,468,683
Business-type activities	12,549,939	(2,934,097)	(3,927,004)	(10,823,141)	1,450,680	15,271,714	15,563,177	25,971,508	19,469,456	12,987,317
Total primary government	(143,451,379)	(159,050,885)	(173,919,917)	(150,752,311)	(141,881,160)	(161,728,592)	(187,428,508)	(168,860,123)	(189,505,002)	(187,481,366
General revenues and other										
changes in net position										
Primary government:										
Governmental activities:										
Property taxes	57,546,683	60,938,262	69,281,751	69,708,757	72,649,913	72,211,935	64,931,121	74,576,626	73,799,695	80,073,638
Other taxes	117,422,333	115,386,538	122,040,650	132,821,646	138,841,209	136,998,554	153,844,283	149,421,590	152,007,550	154,313,890
Unrestricted investment earnings	617,292	705,910	712,283	691,938	904,567	1,743,856	3,399,837	4,103,264	1,542,453	956,370
Miscellaneous	183,920	1,141,300	226,079	367,735	-	751,333	496,445	93,538	605,937	3,604,273
Transfers	(4,739,380)	(2,056,213)	(4,763,580)	(3,861,383)	(9,847,357)	(4,207,283)	(17,807,201)	(6,075,785)	(6,147,600)	(2,831,460
Total governmental activities	(1,700,000)	(2,000,210)	(1,700,000)	(0,001,000)	(0,017,007)	(1,201,200)	(17,007,201)	(0,010,100)	(0,177,000)	(2,001,400
general revenues and other										
changes in net position	171,030,848	176,115,797	187.497.183	199.728.693	202,548,332	207,498,395	204,864,485	222,119,233	221,808,035	236,116,711

(Continued)

### CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN YEARS

_					Fisca	al Year				
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
General revenues and other										
changes in net position (Continued)										
Primary government (Continued):										
Business-type activities:										
Unrestricted investment earnings \$	486,911	\$ 255,147	\$ 309,260	\$ 370,714	\$ 237,285	\$ 565,510	\$ 1,268,970	\$ 2,069,755	\$ 1,129,854	\$ 1,017,098
Miscellaneous	76,320	45,727	336,529	27,579	33,882	13,881	53,330	553,521	66,864	3,628
Transfers	4,739,380	2,056,213	4,763,580	3,861,383	9,847,357	4,207,283	17,807,201	6,075,785	6,147,600	2,831,460
Total business type activities										
general revenues and other										
changes in net position	5,302,611	2,357,087	5,409,369	4,259,676	10,118,524	4,786,674	19,129,501	8,699,061	7,344,318	3,852,186
Total primary government										
general revenues and other										
changes in net position	176,333,459	178,472,884	192,906,552	203,988,369	212,666,856	212,285,069	223,993,986	230,818,294	229,152,353	239,968,897
Change in net position										
Governmental activities	15,029,530	19,999,009	17,504,270	59,799,523	59,216,492	30,498,089	1,872,800	27,287,602	12,833,577	35,648,028
Business-type activities	17,852,550	(577,010)	1,482,365	(6,563,465)	11,569,204	20,058,388	34,692,678	34,670,569	26,813,774	16,839,503
Total primary government	, , , ,		, , ,		,,	,,	,,.		,,	,,.
change in net position \$	32,882,080	\$ 19,421,999	\$ 18,986,635	\$ 53,236,058	\$ 70,785,696	\$ 50,556,477	\$ 36,565,478	\$ 61,958,171	\$ 39,647,351	\$ 52,487,531

#### Source:

Augusta, Georgia audited financial statements.

#### Note:

Changes in Net Position from the Statement of Activities increased in this table due to the prior period adjustment.

### FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS

							Fisca	l Ye	ar						
	_	2012	 2013	 2014		2015	 2016		2017	 2018		2019		2020	 2021
General Fund															
Non-spendable	\$	3,040,708	\$ 6,281,899	\$ 4,903,951	\$	5,109,913	\$ 5,277,675	\$	5,399,406	\$ 1,350,323	\$	355,087	\$	668,339	\$ 449,227
Assigned		4,700,000	4,700,000	1,250,000		2,375,000	3,400,000		4,525,000	4,525,000		4,525,000		4,525,000	4,525,000
Unassigned		24,257,988	 20,238,476	 18,183,857		19,528,768	 21,749,597		21,491,999	 29,855,638		34,276,284		35,095,147	 40,980,125
Total General fund	\$	31,998,696	\$ 31,220,375	\$ 24,337,808	\$	27,013,681	\$ 30,427,272	\$	31,416,405	\$ 35,730,961	\$	39,156,371	\$	40,288,486	\$ 45,954,352
All Other Governmental Funds Non-spendable, reported in:					•			•			•		•		
Special revenue funds Restricted, reported in:	\$	109,727	\$ 112,178	\$ 86,499	\$	183,440	\$ 153,945	\$	26,894	\$ 5,839	\$	2,094	\$	1,655	\$ 87,096
Special revenue funds		4,634,630	5,129,533	8,946,614		15,208,516	17.081.176		29.941.954	45,365,718		20,828,069		26,908,561	30,631,078
Debt service funds		530,030	93,682	309,003		341,037	28,824,599		29,546,721	28,794,483		29,674,662		624,573	1,042,639
Capital projects funds		154,388,725	125,406,460	132,746,404		115,430,811	141,982,775		149,679,823	138,968,778		125,991,488		148,058,842	170,967,379
Permanent fund		532,094	525,342	530,387		517,817	526,110		524,365	506,334		525,800		534,006	528,433
Committed		25,737,955	26,056,346	29,332,706		29,294,058	16,202,352		15,668,958	17,708,613		15,803,873		14,362,899	16,841,549
Unassigned		(516,279)	(629,962)	(2,773,602)		(5,226,587)	(9,851,377)		(11,577,790)	(2,066,208)		(4,678,353)		(2,029,013)	(1,248,423)
Total all other governmental funds	\$	185,416,882	\$ 156,693,579	\$ 169,178,011	\$	155,749,092	\$ 194,919,580	\$	213,810,925	\$ 229,283,557	\$	188,147,633	\$	188,461,523	\$ 218,849,751
Total all governmental funds	\$	217,415,578	\$ 187,913,954	\$ 193,515,819	\$	182,762,773	\$ 225,346,852	\$	245,227,330	\$ 265,014,518	\$	227,304,004	\$	228,750,009	\$ 264,804,103

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### CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS

						Fiscal	Year					
	2012	2013	2014	2015		2016	2017	201	8	2019	2020	2021
Revenues												
Taxes	\$ 174,530,688	\$ 174,860,877	\$ 191,804,941	\$ 201,850,347	\$	208,663,022	\$ 205,681,506	\$ 225,8	14,297	\$ 224,702,348	\$ 226,458,082	\$ 234,372,293
Licenses and permits	5,313,188	5,880,083	6,102,645	6,179,800		6,475,794	6,760,964	6,6	58,789	6,905,592	7,580,808	7,526,757
Intergovernmental	9,205,100	8,262,173	17,834,482	14,067,609		14,115,299	13,689,861	16,1	73,507	20,897,820	25,413,694	34,561,759
Charges for services	25,978,981	25,054,525	25,760,940	26,286,959		27,886,571	26,412,517	31,3	37,810	32,483,791	32,170,970	32,916,971
Fines and forfeitures	5,826,251	5,632,205	5,793,786	6,973,674		5,962,914	5,080,841	5,1	02,650	4,886,543	4,621,980	4,765,249
Interest revenue	641,285	684,374	658,032	741,597		985,893	1,959,093	4,0	65,515	5,270,619	1,723,250	808,322
Other revenues	2,484,488	2,550,813	2,300,392	1,361,134		1,706,759	1,859,616	7,0	23,601	2,575,171	3,586,775	4,086,424
Total revenues	223,979,981	222,925,050	250,255,218	257,461,120		265,796,252	261,444,398	296,2	26,169	297,721,884	301,555,559	319,037,775
Expenditures												
Current:												
General government	34,880,530	32,432,657	29,330,545	36,675,915		40,264,604	38,055,774	38,8	55,252	37,910,930	49,131,909	42,395,231
Judicial	17,094,781	18,446,705	20,992,374	20,409,781		20,188,432	20,882,160	22,5	36,566	25,201,988	23,735,464	24,879,319
Public safety	85,020,086	84,773,990	90,674,820	89,429,713		90,166,076	90,615,994	95,6	39,648	102,158,904	99,518,162	111,301,904
Public works	11,317,428	11,323,897	35,223,915	30,187,680		31,727,193	24,296,079	27,8	04,279	27,155,533	29,863,810	20,914,579
Health and welfare	2,466,034	2,522,599	2,311,106	2,341,192		2,366,803	2,301,632	2,2	20,323	1,619,919	1,614,775	1,577,691
Culture and recreation	12,274,742	13,605,387	14,761,163	14,708,724		14,904,430	14,538,439	15,6	36,310	16,120,976	15,488,740	15,726,350
Housing and development	16,600,138	13,719,492	14,142,981	13,572,028		14,691,427	18,559,241		48,305	40,507,521	17,127,006	26,967,722
Capital outlay	52,256,806	53,670,920	48,418,409	41,378,739		20,348,505	30,367,619		39,608	55,065,290	43,273,661	32,149,799
Intergovernmental	3,512,000	2,212,000	-	-		4,200,000	6,000,000		00,000	400,000	400,000	8,403,306
Debt service:	-,- ,	, ,				, ,	-,,	,-			,	-,,
Principal	800.000	13.640.000	13.680.000	25.075.000		1,245,000	1,275,000	2.5	75,000	15,794,572	27.086.039	42.319.000
Interest and fiscal charges	2,342,510	2,546,229	2,279,262	2,591,819		1,995,418	3,075,667	,	06,737	4,765,883	4,046,697	6,586,956
Bond issuance costs	_,,	_,	756,596	340,150		366,193	392,090	,	01,298	1,503	243,500	240,000
Total expenditures	238,565,055	248,893,876	272,571,171	276,710,741		242,464,081	250,359,695		53,326	326,703,019	311,529,763	333,461,857
Excess (deficiency) of revenues												
over (under) expenditures	(14,585,074)	(25,968,826)	(22,315,953)	(19,249,621)		23,332,171	11,084,703	(5.0)	37,157)	(28,981,135)	(9,974,204)	(14,424,082)
	(14,565,074)	(23,908,820)	(22,315,953)	(19,249,021)	·	23,332,171	11,004,703	(5,0,	57,157)	(20,901,135)	(9,974,204)	(14,424,062)
Other financing sources (uses)												
Refunding bond proceeds	-	-	29,396,544	11,785,098		26,115,000	12,000,000	30,20	00,000	1,065,611	12,899,000	21,795,000
Bond premium	-	-	-	-		2,763,951	105,439	30	04,100	-	-	-
Transfers in	20,850,338	30,581,799	62,117,741	34,878,705		18,911,427	19,042,126	14,1	55,318	34,113,424	64,819,159	29,305,901
Transfers out	(25,901,838)	(33,913,097)	(66,881,321)	(38,740,088)		(28,758,784)	(23,249,409)	(20,4)	65,683)	(40,189,209)	(70,966,759)	(32,137,361)
Proceeds from the sale of												
capital assets	217,999	1,244,360	449,541	572,860		220,314	897,619	6	30,610	240,260	709,344	31,530,728
Total other financing												
sources (uses)	(4,833,501)	(2,086,938)	25,082,505	8,496,575		19,251,908	8,795,775	24,8	24,345	(4,769,914)	7,460,744	50,494,268
Net change in fund balances	\$ (19,418,575)	\$ (28,055,764)	\$ 2,766,552	\$ (10,753,046)	\$	42,584,079	\$ 19,880,478	\$ 19,7	37,188	\$ (33,751,049)	\$ (2,513,460)	\$ 36,070,186
Debt Service as a Percentage of												
Noncapital Expenditures	1.65%	8.13%	7.07%	13.33%		1.77%	2.04%		2.89%	8.37%	11.74%	16.68%

### GOVERNMENTAL TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

Year Ended	 Property Tax	 Sales Tax	Alcoholic everage Tax	Insurance remium Tax	 Hotel/Motel Tax	 Franchise Tax	 Excise Tax	 Other Taxes	 Total
2012	\$ 57,108,355	\$ 74,530,210	\$ 3,441,585	\$ 9,756,969	\$ 4,500,243	\$ 24,098,240	\$ 585,180	\$ 9,036,914	\$ 183,057,696
2013	59,474,339	74,230,510	3,274,529	10,102,412	4,712,844	22,717,526	586,110	9,329,650	184,427,920
2014	69,764,291	85,008,914	3,321,766	10,562,802	5,449,084	21,800,964	665,843	3,246,578	199,820,242
2015	69,028,701	86,002,017	3,262,384	11,284,618	5,574,471	24,880,891	542,720	1,274,545	201,850,347
2016	69,821,813	91,066,216	3,320,190	12,223,371	5,872,963	24,481,414	610,170	1,266,885	208,663,022
2017	68,682,952	88,985,462	3,383,570	13,015,916	6,094,766	23,758,965	604,890	1,154,985	205,681,506
2018	71,454,664	106,491,038	3,464,350	14,036,609	6,703,918	23,558,110	217,254	1,085,038	227,010,981
2019	75,280,758	98,710,665	3,413,223	14,910,763	6,181,872	24,378,046	596,870	1,230,151	224,702,348
2020	74,450,532	103,545,685	3,228,206	15,729,725	3,846,349	24,011,831	597,310	1,048,444	226,458,082
2021	80,058,403	105,002,661	3,702,666	16,244,986	5,652,415	21,855,820	481,760	1,373,582	234,372,293

#### Source:

Augusta, Georgia finance department.

### ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)

Year	Real and Personal Property	 Public Utilities	 Motor Vehicles	 Mobile Homes	 Total Assessed Value	0	Less xemptions n Taxable Property	Total Net Taxable sessed Value	 Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated ctual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
2012	\$ 4,895,821	\$ 150,294	\$ 338,312	\$ 18,756	\$ 5,403,183	\$	603,773	\$ 4,799,410	\$ 8.085	\$ 13,507,958	40%
2013	4,799,583	143,797	364,089	18,944	5,326,413		640,327	4,686,086	8.042	13,316,033	40%
2014	4,863,021	150,379	311,398	17,837	5,342,635		627,710	4,714,925	9.788	13,356,588	40%
2015	5,084,542	151,720	222,980	16,850	5,476,092		633,436	4,842,656	9.792	13,690,230	40%
2016	5,349,519	180,602	165,291	16,044	5,711,456		925,908	4,785,548	9.794	14,278,640	40%
2017	5,120,929	163,526	121,656	15,538	5,421,649		705,827	4,715,822	9.786	13,554,121	40%
2018	5,212,896	174,445	90,346	14,687	5,492,374		921,787	4,570,587	9.756	13,730,933	40%
2019	5,323,010	183,615	73,296	13,757	5,593,678		700,276	4,893,402	9.678	13,984,195	40%
2020	5,754,329	199,879	59,685	14,009	6,027,902		747,488	5,280,414	9.045	15,069,755	40%
2021	5,920,864	210,288	49,990	15,341	6,196,483		798,193	5,398,290	9.045	15,491,208	40%

#### Source:

Augusta, Georgia Tax Commissioner

### DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN YEARS (Rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

					Fiscal	Year				
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Augusta-Richmond County:										
Maintenance and operations	8.085	8.042	9.788	9.792	9.794	9.786	9.756	9.678	9.045	9.045
Capital outlay	0.785	0.781	0.781	0.781	0.781	0.780	0.778	0.772	0.772	0.722
Urban service district	8.026	7.987	5.200	5.208	5.216	5.225	5.231	5.162	4.845	4.845
Fire district	2.152	2.140	2.139	2.139	2.139	2.136	2.120	2.112	1.967	1.967
Blythe fire district	3.538	3.349	3.358	3.353	3.384	3.308	3.299	3.300	3.299	3.299
Richmond County Board of Education	19.110	19.982	19.972	19.972	19.754	19.736	19.965	19.794	18.419	19.312
State of Georgia	0.250	0.150	0.100	0.050	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

#### Source:

Augusta, Georgia Tax Commissioner

### PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	2021		% of County		2012		% of County
Rank	Taxpayer	Assessed Valuation	Gross Assessed Valuation	Rank	Taxpayer	Assessed Valuation	Gross Assessed Valuation
		 Valuation	Valuation			 Valuation	Valuation
1	Georgia Power Co	\$ 136,617,071	2.27%	1	Georgia Power Co	\$ 80,510,239	1.55%
2	Augusta National Inc	105,675,005	1.75%	2	International Paper Co	62,346,476	0.99%
3	Graphic Packaging International LLC	76,947,940	1.28%	3	Doctors Hospital Of Augusta	43,826,079	0.87%
4	PCS Nitrogen Fertilizer	50,317,313	0.83%	4	Augusta National Inc	35,692,155	0.74%
5	Doctors Hospital Of Augusta LLC	32,704,523	0.54%	5	PCS Nitrogen Fertilizer	71,066,973	0.67%
6	Union Agener	28,915,827	0.48%	6	Augusta Newsprint	26,830,221	0.58%
7	Berckman Residential Properties LLC	26,003,993	0.43%	7	National Life and Accident Insurance	20,413,034	0.48%
8	Passco Grant Oaks Dst	21,814,814	0.36%	8	Augusta Riverfront Limited	15,755,737	0.45%
9	Natl Life & Acc Insur Co	20,413,033	0.34%	9	NutraSweet Co	24,068,135	0.39%
10	Riverwatch Apartments LLC	 19,255,870	0.32%	10	Bellsouth Telecom/AT&T	 13,687,463	0.38%
		\$ 518,665,389	8.60%			\$ 394,196,512	7.10%

Source:

Augusta, Georgia Tax Commissioner

### PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

	т	axes Levied	Collected wit Fiscal Year of		Co	ollections in	Total Collectior	is to Date
Year Ended <sup>a</sup>		for the Year <sup>d</sup>	 Amount <sup>b</sup>	Percentage of Levy	S	ubsequent Years <sup>c</sup>	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2012	\$	37,238,163	\$ 34,281,485	92.1%	\$	3,389,635	\$ 37,671,120	101.2%
2013		34,596,234	31,092,089	89.9%		3,471,852	34,563,941	99.9%
2014		46,084,688	40,395,089	87.7%		4,232,054	44,627,143	96.8%
2015		46,341,621	39,577,785	85.4%		4,412,365	43,979,901	94.9%
2016		46,638,065	41,837,481	89.7%		4,133,094	45,953,750	98.5%
2017		46,149,029	41,609,385	90.2%		3,982,390	45,574,725	98.8%
2018		46,516,641	42,140,960	90.6%		3,867,281	45,954,750	98.8%
2019		47,358,343	44,683,423	94.4%		2,263,160	44,683,423	94.4%
2020		47,761,345	42,428,315	88.8%		4,558,115	42,428,315	88.8%
2021		48,827,540	44,354,746	90.8%			44,354,746	90.8%

<sup>a</sup> Fiscal year, January through December 31.

<sup>b</sup> Collections as of December 31 of the year of the levy.

<sup>c</sup> Delinquent collections through December 31, 2021.

<sup>d</sup> The 2018 Taxes Levied figure has been updated due to the discovery of an error in prior year tax billing system report.

#### Sources:

Augusta, Georgia Tax Commissioner's Office and Augusta, Georgia Department of Finance.

### **RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE** LAST TEN YEARS

		G	Sove	rnmental Activ	vities	i		Bu	sines	s-type Activit	ies				
Year Ended	 General Obligation Debt <sup>b</sup>	tes able <sup>b</sup>		Guaranteed Revenue Debt <sup>b</sup>		ertificates of articipation <sup>b</sup>	Capital Leases <sup>b</sup>	 Revenue Bonds <sup>b</sup>		Notes Payable <sup>b</sup>		Capital Leases <sup>b</sup>	 Total Outstanding Debt	Percentage of Personal Income <sup>c</sup>	ebt Per Capita <sup>a</sup>
2012	\$ 45,887,288	\$ _	\$	20,610,000	\$	16,888,000	\$ -	\$ 495,899,999	\$	31,197,910	\$	4,412,042	\$ 614,895,239	9.68%	\$ 3,045
2013	32,536,960	-		26,835,000		16,888,000	-	509,534,999		28,004,278		4,947,084	618,746,321	9.72%	3,074
2014	20,267,083	-		54,155,000		16,888,000	-	508,999,999		24,612,564		3,911,198	628,833,844	9.59%	3,123
2015	-	-		60,640,632		16,888,000	-	516,020,255		21,065,845		3,409,665	618,024,397	8.14%	3,055
2016	26,115,000	-		61,943,477		16,888,000	-	502,945,438		17,547,062		2,353,049	627,792,026	8.76%	3,113
2017	26,115,000	-		71,849,939		16,888,000	-	472,185,126		14,060,068		1,644,677	602,742,810	8.32%	2,956
2018	26,115,000	-		98,849,512		16,888,000	-	462,415,583		12,284,567		832,684	617,385,346	8.43%	3,059
2019	13,055,000	-		95,064,934		16,888,000	-	477,488,789		11,197,167		1,064,118	614,758,008	8.39%	3,046
2020	-	-		94,276,054		16,888,000	-	471,680,103		10,820,675		760,442	594,425,274	8.03%	2,949
2021	-	-		72,683,656		16,888,000	-	458,257,250		10,050,559		1,069,225	558,948,690	7.55%	2,773

#### Source:

<sup>(a)</sup> Computed using the population amount from the "Demographic Statistics Schedule".

<sup>(b)</sup> Augusta, Georgia Audited Financial Statements
 <sup>(c)</sup> Computed using the personal income amount from the "Demographic Statistics Schedule".

### RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT LAST TEN YEARS

Year Ended	 General Obligation Debt <sup>b</sup>	A	s: Amounts vailable in Service Fund <sup>b</sup>	 Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property <sup>°</sup>	Per Capita <sup>a</sup>
2012	\$ 45,887,288	\$	530,030	\$ 45,357,258	0.34%	\$ 225
2013	32,536,960		93,682	32,443,278	0.24%	161
2014	20,267,083		302,690	19,964,393	0.15%	99
2015	-		-	-	0.00%	-
2016	26,115,000		26,115,000	-	0.00%	-
2017	26,115,000		26,115,000	-	0.00%	-
2018	26,115,000		26,115,000	-	0.00%	-
2019	13,055,000		13,055,000	-	0.00%	-
2020	-		-	-	0.00%	-
2021	-		-	-	0.00%	-

#### Source:

<sup>(a)</sup> Computed using the population amount from the "Demographic Statistics Schedule".

<sup>(b)</sup> Augusta, Georgia Audited Financial Statements

<sup>(c)</sup> Computed using the estimated actual taxable value amount from the "Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Schedule".

### DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Deb	t Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable (1)	0	timated Share If Direct and erlapping Debt
Direct Debt					
Guaranteed revenue debt	\$	72,683,656	100%	\$	72,683,656
Certificates of Participation		16,888,000	100%		16,888,000
Subtotal Direct Debt		89,571,656	100%		89,571,656
Overlapping Debt					
Richmond County School District		40,000,000	0%		-
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$	129,571,656		\$	89,571,656

#### Sources:

Augusta, Georgia financial statements and the Richmond County School District

#### Note:

Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Augusta, Georgia. This process recognizes that, when considering the Government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

(1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the County's taxable assessed value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by the County's total taxable assessed value.

#### Item 6.

## AUGUSTA, GEORGIA

### LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)

					Fisca	ıl Yea	ır						
	 2012	 2013	 2014	 2015	 2016		2017		2018		2019	 2020	 2021
Legal Debt Limit	\$ 479,941	\$ 468,609	\$ 471,493	\$ 484,266	\$ 478,555	\$	471,582	\$	457,059	\$	489,370	\$ 528,041	\$ 539,829
Net Debt Applicable to Limit	 45,357	 32,443	 19,964	 	 							 	 
Legal debt margin	\$ 434,584	\$ 436,165	\$ 451,528	\$ 484,266	\$ 478,555	\$	471,582	\$	471,582	\$	489,370	\$ 528,041	\$ 539,829
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	10.44%	7.44%	4.42%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
					I	-	Debt Margin ssessed Valu		culation for 2	021:			\$ 5,398,290
						Debt Ge Le g To	ebt limit (10% applicable to eneral obligat ess: Amount eneral obligat tal debt appl debt margin	limit: tion b set a ation o icable	onds side for repa debt				\$ 539,829 - - - 539,829

#### Note:

Under state finance law, the Government's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 10% of total assessed property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

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### PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN YEARS

Year	Operating Revenue <sup>a</sup>	Direct Operating Expenses <sup>b</sup>	A	let Revenue Available for Debt Service	 Principal	Debt Sei	rvice Requirement Interest	ts	Total	Coverage
2012	\$ 122,017,467	\$ 56,610,499	\$	65,406,968	\$ 4,955,000	\$	24,774,198	\$	29,729,198	2.20
2013	103,240,990	54,418,274		48,822,716	8,435,000		23,982,165		32,417,165	1.51
2014	122,941,682	73,206,611		49,735,071	9,715,000		24,044,858		33,759,858	1.47
2015	122,188,877	76,557,121		45,631,756	10,980,000		22,297,556		33,277,556	1.37
2016	125,462,761	80,194,874		45,267,887	11,475,000		21,228,655		32,703,655	1.38
2017	132,214,183	81,826,674		50,387,509	12,335,000		9,509,892		21,844,892	0.35
2018	126,690,901	88,643,395		38,047,506	6,020,000		7,203,460		13,223,460	2.88
2019	134,933,019	87,105,279		47,827,740	2,945,000		18,302,029		21,247,029	2.25
2020	127,882,845	77,524,048		50,358,797	2,835,000		18,607,683		21,442,683	2.35
2021	128,210,652	89,196,906		39,013,746	10,465,000		18,578,973		29,043,973	1.34

#### Source:

<sup>(a)</sup> Operating revenue includes operating revenues and interest of the major business-type funds.

<sup>(b)</sup> Direct operating expenses excludes depreciation.

### DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

Year Ended	Population <sup>a</sup>	Median Age <sup>b</sup>	er Capita ncome	 Personal Income <sup>a</sup>	Public School Enrollment <sup>c</sup>	Unemployment Rate <sup>d</sup>
2012	201,966	33.0	\$ 31,436	\$ 6,349,054,000	31,738	9.02%
2013	201,276	33.0	31,637	6,367,726,000	31,501	8.03%
2014	201,368	33.4	32,549	6,554,362,000	31,431	7.02%
2015	202,269	33.2	37,557	7,596,617,000	31,997	5.83%
2016	201,647	33.3	35,526	7,163,705,000	30,742	6.30%
2017	201,800	33.5	35,925	7,327,182,000	30,756	5.40%
2018	201,554	33.7	36,292	7,402,065,000	30,854	4.10%
2019	202,518	33.7	38,196	7,698,627,000	30,947	3.63%
2020	204,320	34.7	39,370	7,973,040,000	29,093	5.80%
2021	203,832	34.4	42,343	8,556,598,000	27,350	4.00%

#### Source:

<sup>a)</sup> Bureau of Economic Analysis; estimates for 2015 from the Central Savannah River Area Regional Commission

<sup>b)</sup> US Census Bureau

<sup>c)</sup> Richmond County Board of Education

<sup>d)</sup> U.S. Department of Labor; Not Seasonally Adjusted Annual Averages

### PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	2021				2012		
Rank	Employer	Number of Employees	Percentage of Employed	Rank	Employer	Number of Employees	Percentage of Employed
1	US Army Cyber Center/Ft Gordon	29,252	11.42%	1	U.S. Amry Signal Center and Fort Gordon	19,844	8.43%
2	Augusta University	6,775	2.65%	2	Medical College of Georgia (Augusta University)	4,656	1.98%
3	Augusta University Hospital	5,341	2.09%	3	Richmond County School System	4,418	1.88%
4	Richmond County Schools	4,398	1.72%	4	University Hospital	3,200	1.36%
5	University Hospital	3,000	1.17%	5	Georgia Health Sciences Hospitals	3,054	1.30%
6	Augusta/Richmond County	2,869	1.12%	6	Augusta-Richmond County	2,380	1.01%
7	US Dept of Veterans Admin	2,522	0.98%	7	Veteran's Administration Hospital	2,082	0.88%
8	Doctors Hospital	1,837	0.72%	8	East Central Regional Hospital	1,488	0.63%
9	East Central Regional Hospital Augusta	1,400	0.55%	9	Doctor's Hospital	1,210	0.51%
10	Textron EZ-GO	1,350	0.53%	10	Textron EZ-GO	1,277	0.54%
	Total Employed in Augusta, Georgia	256,087 *			Total Employed in Augusta, Georgia	235,347 *	

\* Georgia Department of Labor, Workforce Information & Analysis, Local Area Unemployment Statistics Unit

Source of 2020 and 2011 Top Employers: Employers Human Resources Department

### FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Governmental Activities										
General government	370	350	338	307	337	348	348	353	360	363
Judicial	233	221	218	213	247	262	271	256	265	269
Public safety	1567	1,514	1,377	1,278	1,296	1,294	1,297	1,311	1,306	1,306
Public works	224	216	206	189	177	161	178	170	177	178
Health and welfare	5	8	8	8	3	2	3	3	3	3
Culture and recreation	206	195	185	163	126	139	141	142	142	141
Housing and development	72	70	64	59	62	62	61	59	60	63
Total Governmental Activities	2,677	2,574	2,396	2,217	2,248	2,268	2,299	2,294	2,313	2,323
Business-Type Activities										
Airport	85	84	82	80	86	88	99	100	104	104
Transit	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Environmental services	49	52	51	50	52	52	54	62	67	67
Water and sewer	302	285	278	254	360	372	389	364	367	372
Total Business-Type Activities	440	425	415	388	502	516	546	530	542	547
Total Primary Government	3,117	2,999	2,811	2,605	2,750	2,784	2,845	2,824	2,855	2,870

Source:

Augusta, Georgia Payroll Data

### OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN YEARS

		Fiscal Year									
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	
Function/Department											
General Government											
Number of registered voters	109,016	110,396	101,480	88,528	105,642	108,863	122,747	131,373	138,000	135,584	
Animals adopted per year	928	824	772	1,110	1,376	1,387	1,573	6,572	4,109	2,063	
Animals sheltered per year	9,651	9,327	7,870	7,322	5,973	6,423	6,181	3,376	2,476	1,179	
Judicial											
Number of gun permits	1,938	2,231	2,563	2,549	3,278	2,982	3,020	3,507	5,397	4,969	
Number of marriage licenses	1,419	1,317	1,385	1,349	1,609	1,558	1,534	1,497	1,446	1,498	
Public Safety											
Total arrests	4,488	4,886	4,404	1,746	3,888	3,295	NA	10,545	7,127	6,490	
Inmates processed	872	812	928	920	923	943	NA	969	961	982	
Female bookings	1,600	1,521	3,379	3,576	2,952	2,659	2,907	2,849	1,825	1,161	
Male bookings	6,880	6,641	11,169	10,860	8,688	7,342	7,692	7,696	5,302	4,829	
Calls received via 911	776,192	717,110	716,613	645,030	595,178	454,941	578,510	582,492	583,183	583,807	
Public Works											
Commercial/residential project approved	84	95	56	107	92	159	191	215	138	40	
Commercial/residential inspection	383	797	379	337	1,471	593	651	1,784	2,189	1,742	
MS4 Inspections	3,568	3,497	9,212	7,377	16,560	6,089	6,217	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Culture and Recreation											
Library book circulation	1,260,817	1,276,600	594,281	463,064	459,089	428,849	438,841	428,606	284,547	197,627	
Library collection size	637,388	588,971	381,149	344,323	347,122	316,759	319,105	319,746	316,101	299,753	
Recreation adult sports											
Participants	1,953	1,732	1,718	1,586	1,472	1,238	824	526	340	567	
Recreation youth sports											
Participants	2,842	2,711	2,470	2,466	2,427	2,353	1,649	1,864	345	1,325	
Housing and Development											
Number of single family											
building permits	360	386	303	317	292	362	441	583	612	612	
Permits Issued per year	10,033	10,289	9,842	9,246	10,306	10,096	11,131	7,253	12,911	12,911	
Business licenses Issued per year	638	749	972	1,162	1,374	1,121	1,557	829	1,225	1,225	

Item 6.

### OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN YEARS

	Fiscal Year										
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	
Function/Department (Continued)											
Transit											
Total ridership	747,718	776,332	831,032	824,267	809,545	737,878	705,538	684,873	663,520	543,034	
Total revenue miles	775,100	799,419	852,971	961,639	936,195	944,945	951,156	905,886	826,739	826,467	
Airport											
Number of landings	13,930	13,572	269,902	13,036	13,703	14,388	14,873	36,132	24,262	26,688	
Gallons of fuel sold	2,831,214	2,809,435	2,413,744	2,407,116	2,519,691	2,658,218	3,336,565	3,972,524	2,488,525	1,962,553	
Solid Waste											
Community refuse collected (tons)	323,203	396,752	471,041	368,819	398,676	401,636	468,902	573,741	511,712	449,771	
Community recyclables collected	2,412	3,653	3,753	3,159	2,175	1,311	904	743	530	814	
Commingled (plastic, paper, glass)	2,111	3,245	3,401	2,466	1,748	626	258	49	74	244	
Tires	123	211	116	403	239	307	336	367	172	152	
Metal	178	198	231	272	185	193	310	327	281	418	
Electronics	N/A	N/A	5	18	3	-	-	-	3	-	
Water and Sewer											
Number of sewer customers	48,833	49,167	49,635	50,035	50,524	51,033	51,450	52,114	53,022	53,479	
Total gallons (in thousands)	7,287,986	7,352,070	7,345,052	6,757,463	7,106,854	10,603,758	7,582,500	7,388,000	7,672,975	6,216,262	
Average gallon/customer	2,676,007	2,687,944	2,625,427	2,425,816	2,939,736	3,520,161	3,786,441	3,219,559	3,123,710	3,026,948	
Number of water customers	61,175	61,374	61,861	61,969	62,329	62,745	63,013	63,577	64,519	64,929	
Total gallons (in thousands)	978,496	12,031,186	12,304,985	11,112,016	11,646,204	11,600,787	12,325,763	12,285,738	12,012,229	10,745,616	
Average gallon/customer	2,968,872	2,895,272	2,546,012	2,410,347	2,442,490	2,669,185	3,768,310	3,340,346	1,844,215	3,254,243	

#### Source:

Various government departments.

N/A - Data was not readily available.

### CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN YEARS (In Thousands)

	Fiscal Year									
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
FUNCTION	· · ·			<u> </u>						
General government										
Buildings	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	7
Vehicles	87	90	93	92	92	89	87	89	99	104
Judicial										
Public Defender										
Buildings	1	2	2	4	5	5	6	6	6	6
Vehicles	31	35	35	41	44	50	52	54	56	62
District Attorney										
Vehicles	6	7	7	7	7	9	9	11	12	12
Public safety										
Sheriff Administration										
Buildings	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Vehicles	84	84	84	86	86	89	66	70	59	73
Sheriff										
Vehicles	460	479	555	599	614	642	582	586	594	591
Buildings	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Fire										
Buildings	20	20	20	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Vehicles	50	51	52	52	55	62	66	66	63	63
Fire Trucks	43	44	46	54	54	55	55	58	61	59
Animal Control										
Building	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	-
Vehicles	10	12	15	16	16	15	13	15	15	15
Covered dog runs	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
Emergency Telphone Response										
Buildings	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public works										
Engineering										
Buildings	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Vehicles	116	128	136	145	144	143	126	124	120	119
Water and Sewer										
Buildings	91	92	93	94	94	94	97	97	97	97
Vehicles	202	207	217	223	238	239	244	259	262	262

(Continued)

### CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

	Fiscal Year									
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
FUNCTION (CONTINUED)										
Public works (continued)										
Stormwater Utility							10	10	10	10
Vehicles	-	-	-	-	-	11.00	13	16	16	16
Waste Management/Garbage Collection						10	10	45	47	10
Vehicles	31	32	36	39	39	42	42	45	47	46
Health and welfare										
Buildings	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
Vehicles	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	-
Culture and recreation										
Leisure Services										
Community Centers	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Tennis Complex	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Greenhouse	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Soccer Complex	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Diamond Lakes Complex	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Pavillion	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Golf Course w/ Buildings	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Aquatics Natatorium	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Main Library	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Old Government and Ezckiel House	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Vehicles	54	58	56	59	62	58	54	55	52	50
Housing and development										
Planning and Zoning										
Building	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	3	3	3	3	8	9	13	12	17	15
Transit										
Transit Administrative Building	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Buses/Vans	51	49	49	43	51	43	44	44	44	44
Augusta Regional Airport										
Vehicles	47	58	59	62	64	65	67	67	70	72

Source:

Augusta, Georgia capital asset records.

SINGLE AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

## SINGLE AUDIT REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

## To the Board of Commissioners of Augusta, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS") and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States ("*Government Auditing Standards*"), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Augusta, Georgia** (the "Government"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Government's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 29, 2022. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Richmond County Department of Health, the Augusta Canal Authority, the Downtown Development Authority, and the Augusta-Richmond County Coliseum Authority, as described in our report on the Government's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Government's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Government's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Government's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2021-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Government's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Government's Response to Findings**

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Government's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Government's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

Macon, Georgia June 29, 2022



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Commissioners of Augusta, Georgia

### **Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program**

### **Qualified and Unmodified Opinions**

We have audited **Augusta**, **Georgia's** (the "Government") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Government's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2021. The Government's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

The Government's basic financial statements include the operations of the Richmond County Board of Health and the Augusta Canal Authority, which received \$13,428,827 and \$400,000, respectively, in federal awards which is not included in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards of the Government for the year ended December 31, 2021. Our audit, described below, did not include the operations of the Richmond County Board of Health and the Augusta Canal Authority as the component units engaged other auditors to perform audits in accordance with the *Uniform Guidance*.

### Qualified Opinion on Emergency Rental Assistance Program

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions section of our report, the Government complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Emergency Rental Assistance Program for the year ended December 31, 2021.

## Unmodified Opinion on Each of the Other Major Federal Programs

In our opinion, the Government complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its other major federal programs identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs for the year ended December 31, 2021.

### Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS"); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States ("*Government Auditing Standards*"); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Government and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Government's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

### Matter Giving Rise to Qualified Opinion on Emergency Rental Assistance Program.

As described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, the Government did not comply with requirements regarding the Emergency Rental Assistance Program as described in finding number 2021-002 for allowable costs.

Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the Government to comply with the requirements applicable to that program.

### Responsibility of Management Responsibility for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Government's federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Government's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Government's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
  perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
  evidence regarding the Government's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and
  performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Government's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Government's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2021 – 002 to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards require the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Government's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Government's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

### Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Government as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Government's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated June 29, 2022, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

Macon, Georgia June 29, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grant Identification Number	Total Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipient
.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPM Direct Awards:				
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-19-MC-13-0003	\$ 1,000	\$
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-20-MC-13-0003	262,125	Ŷ
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-21-MC-13-0003	337,552	
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-20-MC-13-0003	2,953	
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-19-MC-130003	17,009	17,009
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-20-MC-130003	158,503	158,50
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-16-MC-13-0003	277,150	100,00
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-19-MC-13-0003	528,198	
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-20-MC-13-0003	231,534	
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-21-MC-13-0003	57,503	
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-16-MC-13-0003	63,029	
	14.218			
Community Development Block Grant		B-19-MC-13-0003	28,100	
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-20-MC-13-0003	10,113	
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-21-MC-13-0003	300,306	
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-20-MW-13-0003	839,250	
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-21-MW-13-0003	45,891	
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-19-MC-13-0003	34,466	
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-20-MC-13-0003	38,556	
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-19-MC-13-0003	14,937	
Community Dev. Block Grt- program income	14.218	B-20-MC-13-0003	44,958	
Community Dev. Block Grt- program income	14.218	B-20-MC-13-0003	15,875	
Community Dev. Block Grt- program income	14.218	B-20-MC-13-0003	742	
Neighborhood Stabilization Grt- Program income	14.218	B-08-MN-13-0002	272,139	
Neighborhood Stabilization Grt- Program income	14.218	B-11-MN-13-0002	6,512	
Total CDBG Entitlement Grants Cluster			3,588,401	175,51
HOME Grant Program	14.239	M-16-MC-130-206	1,765	
HOME Grant Program	14.239	M-19-MC-130-206	43	
HOME Grant Program	14.239	M-20-MC-130-206	4,999	
HOME Grant Program	14.239	M-21-MC-130-206	25,216	
HOME Grant Program	14.239	M-16-MC-130-206	111,543	
HOME Grant Program	14.239	M-17-MC-130-206	178,400	
HOME Grant Program	14.239	M-18-MC-130-206	555,410	
HOME Grant Program	14.239	M-19-MC-130-206	130,945	
HOME-Program income	14.239	M-13-MC-130-206	3,722	
	14.239	M-20-MC-130-206	3,722 74,457	
HOME-Program income	14.239			
HOME-Program income		M-21-MC-130-206	16,063	
HOME-Program income	14.239	M-13-MC-130-206	555	
HOME-Program income	14.239	M-17-MC-130-206	95,464	
HOME-Program income	14.239	M-18-MC-130-206	89,467	
HOME-Program income	14.239	M-19-MC-130-206	43,122	
HOME-Program income	14.239	M-20-MC-130-206	458,140	
HOME-Program income	14.239	M-21-MC-130-206	<u>635,371</u> 2,424,682	
Emergency Shelter Grants Program	14.231	E-21-MC-13-0003	3,226	
Emergency Shelter Grants Program	14.231	E-21-MC-13-0003 E-18-MC-13-0003	3,220	
5,				
Emergency Shelter Grants Program	14.231	E-19-MC-13-0003	43,215	
Emergency Shelter Grants Program	14.231	E-20-MC-13-0003	19,390	
Emergency Shelter Grants Program	14.231	E-21-MC-130003	701	
Emergency Shelter Grants Program	14.231	E-20-MW-130003	<u> </u>	
Housing Opportunities for Deceme with AIDS	14 044		·	11 4
Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS	14.241	GA-H-17-F0-02	58,135	14,1
Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS	14.241	GA-H-18-F0-02	646,020	44,5
Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS	14.241	GA-H-19-F0-02	461,528	457,8
Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS	14.241	GA-H-20-F0-02	24,918	
Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS	14.241	GA-H-21-F0-02	2,706	. <u></u>
			1,193,307	516,54

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grant Identification Number	Total Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipient
	Number	Number	Experiatures	Subrecipien
J.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN				
DEVELOPMENT (CONTINUED)				
Supportive Housing Program	14.235	GA-0101-L4B-041-912	\$ 21,336	\$
Supportive Housing Program	14.235	GA-0101-L4B-041-912	50,560	
11 5 5			71,896	
Passed through State of Georgia Health Department				
Lead Hazard Reduction Program	14.900	GALHBO-714-19	63,755	
			63,755	
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			8,299,187	692,05
J.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE				
Passed through Criminal Justice Coordinating Council				
· · ·	40 575	010.0.100	00.000	
Victims of Crime Act (VOCA)	16.575	C19-8-103	38,693	
Victims of Crime Act (VOCA)	16.575	C-21-8-001	10,347	
Victims of Crime Act (VOCA)	16.575	C19-8-103	57,880	
Victims of Crime Act (VOCA)	16.575	C-21-8-001	5,614	
Victims of Crime Act (VOCA)	16.575	C19-8-102	30,419	
Victims of Crime Act (VOCA)	16.575	B50-8-128	10,351	
VOCA FY20-SexTrafficked Youth-Juv.	16.575	C19-8-092	69,578	
VOCA FY20-SexTrafficked Youth-Juv.	16.575	C20-8-108	4,775	
VOOAT 120-Dex Hallicked Touti-Suv.	10.373	020-0-100	227,657	
Direct Awards:				
DOL FY20 CompAnti-Gang	16.123	2020-PB-BX-0023	135,462	
DOJ Grt-CARES ATCS-Sheriff	16.034	2020-DV-BX-0275	75,066	
DOJ Grt-JAG FY19-Sheriff	16.738	2019-DJ-BX-0880	31,778	
DOJ FY20 JAG Grt-Sheriff	16.738	2020-DJ-BX-0445	29,994	
			272,300	
Federal Asset Forfeiture Program	16.922	MOU	<u> </u>	
Total U.S. Department of Justice			611,036	
I.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION				
Direct Awards:				
COVID-19	20.106	3-13-0011-45	4,572,989	
COVID-19	20.106	3-13-0011-45	325,784	
Airport Improvement Program Grants	20.106	3-13-0011-43	78,861	
Airport Improvement Program Grants	20.106	3-13-0011-44	5,695,327	
Airport Improvement Program Grants	20.106	3-13-0011-46	879,295	
Airport Improvement Program Grants	20.106	3-13-0011-49	59,361	
Airport Improvement Program Grants	20.106	3-13-0011-47	70,783	
Airport Improvement Program Grants	20.106	3-13-0011-48	2,611,325	
Total Airport Improvement Program Grant			14,293,725	
FAA Passed through From Georgia Department of Transportation				
FAA Study and AZO Update	20.106	AP020-9041-60(245)/ T007086	17,627	
COVID-19	20.106	AP022-90CR-63(245)/ T007634	23,000	
		. ,	40,627	
FEDERAL TRANSPORTATION ADMINISTRATION				
Direct Awards:				
FTA COVID-19 Grant (Sect. 5307)	20.507	GA -2021-004	3,802,633	
Federal Transit Formula Grants X343/Section 5307	20.507	GA-90-X343	6,012	
		GA-2018-016		
Federal Transit Formula Grants 2018-016/Section 5307	20.507		88,426	
FTA COVID-19 Grant (Sect. 5307)	20.507	GA -2021-004	38,005	
Federal Transit Formula Grants /Sect. 5307& 5339	20.507/20.526	GA-2018-023	713,901	
Total Federal Transit Cluster			4,648,977	

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grant Identification Number	Total Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (CONTINUED)				
Passed through South Carolina Department of Transportation				
South Carolina Planning Grant	20.205	N/A	\$ 4,564	\$-
South Carolina Planning Grant	20.205	N/A	15,580	-
Lower Savannah Council of Governments-Section 5303	20.205	N/A	11,083	11,083
Lower Savannah Council of Governments-Section 5303	20.205	N/A	13,073	13,073
Passed through Georgia Department of Transportation				
Metropolitan Transportation Planning Services Grant	20.205	PL-0017153	83,772	-
Metropolitan Transportation Planning Services Grant	20.205	PL-0017893	72,362	-
James Brown Blvd Streetscape Phase III	20.205	PI: 0013707	9,815	-
Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster			210,249	24,156
Federal Transit Grant-Section 5303/5304	20.505	T006013	55,319	-
Federal Transit Grant-Section 5303/5304	20.505	T0060861	47,963	-
			103,282	
Passed through Georgia Department of Transportation				
Federal Transit Grants-Rural Program Section 5311	20.509	Project #: 006376	152,472	-
Federal Transit Grants-Rural Program Section 5311	20.509	Project #: 007176	87,280	-
Federal Transit Grants-Rural Program Section 5311	20.509	Project #: 007176	2,276	-
Total Rural Transportation Assistance Program			242,028	
Passed Through CSRA Regional Commission				
Federal Transit Grant-Section 5310	20.513	N/A	76,216	76,216
Total Transit Services Programs Cluster			76,216	76,216
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			19,615,104	100,372
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY				
Direct Awards:				
Emergency Rental Assistance Program	21.027	ERA-2101070675	11,052,744	-
ARPA-City (CSLFR)	21.203	NA	5,796,729	-
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			16,849,473	
U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY				
Passed-through Georgia Environmental Protection Division				
Section 319H. Water Quality Grant	66.600	751-190004	27,531	-
Section 319H. Water Quality Grant	66.600	751-200117	504	-
			28,035	-
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			28,035	
U.S DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Passed-through Georgia Dept. of Education				
Dept of Education BOOST grant	87.425U	S425U210012	6,881	-
Dept of Education BOOST grant			0,001	

(Continued)

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grant Identification Number	Total Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
J.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES				
Direct Awards:				
DHHS SAMHSA Treatment Grant	93.243	H79TI081058-01	297,879	-
DHHS SAMHSA Treatment Grant	93.243	H79TI081058-02	99,909	-
Passed through the CSRA Regional Commission				
Special Programs for the Aging:				
Nutrition Services Incentive Program (Title III C2)	93.045	20-0606	209,063	-
Nutrition Services Incentive Program (Title III C2)	93.045	22-0089	62,930	-
Nutrition Services Incentive Program (Title III C2)	93.045	20-0606	78,143	-
Nutrition Services -COVID-19 (Title III C2)	93.045	N/A	30,691	-
Nutrition Services -COVID-19 (Title III C2)	93.045	N/A	60,352	-
Nutrition Services -COVID-19 (Title III C2)	93.045	N/A	136,667	-
Nutrition Services -COVID-19 (Title III C2)	93.045	N/A	7,185	-
Nutrition Services Incentive Program (NSI)	93.053	20-0606	207	-
Nutrition Services Incentive Program (NSI)	93.053	20-0089	24,109	-
Nutrition Services Incentive Program (NSI)	93.053	20-0089	25,605	-
Total Aging Cluster			634,952	-
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Service	s		634,952	
J.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY				
Direct Award				
Cooperative Agreement Beginning January 1, 2019	97.090	70T02021T6114N013	87,451	-
FEMA COVID- 19 Suppl Grt-Fire	97.044	EMW-2020-FG-03174	33,413	-
			120,864	
Passed through State of Georgia Emergency management Age	ncy			
GEMA-FY21 Performance Partnership Award	97.042	OEM 21-123	50,000	-
FEMA COVID-19 Suppl Grt-Fire	97.039	HMGP-438-0025	39,312	-
			89,312	-
GEMA FY K-9 Grt-Sheriff	97.067	F# S #44	727	-
GEMA FY19 Bomb Grt-Sheriff	97.067	F# S #40	11,325	-
GEMA FY19 Resp. Team grt-Sheri	97.067	F# S #41	11,200	-
GEMA FY20 EOD K-9 grt-Sheriff	97.067	F# S #38	48,690	-
GEMA FY20 Bomb Grt-Sheriff	97.067	F# S #12	2,243	-
GEMA FY20 CBRN Grt-Sheriff	97.067	F# S #6	12,146	-
GEMA FY20 K-9 Grant	97.067	SHO17-142	10,000	-
			96,331	-
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			306,507	
Fotal Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 46,351,175	
Fotal Federal Awards Passed Through to Subrecipients				\$ 792,424

(Concluded)

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Item 6.

### NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Augusta, Georgia (the "Government"), and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.* Therefore, some amounts presented in the schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

### NOTE 2. DE MINIMIS INDIRECT COST RATE

The Government chose not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate for the year ended December 31, 2021.

### NOTE 3. NON-CASH AWARDS

Augusta, Georgia did not receive non-cash federal awards during the year ended December 31, 2021.

Item 6.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

# SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

<i>Financial Statements</i> Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified?	<u>X</u> Yes <u>No</u>
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	<u>X</u> YesNo
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u> No
<u>Federal Awards</u> Internal Control over major programs: Material weaknesses identified?	<u>X</u> Yes No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs	Qualified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance?	<u>X</u> Yes No

Identification of major programs:

CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
14.218	Community Development Block Grant
20.106	Federal Aviation Administration Airport
	Improvement
20.507	Federal Transit Grants
21.203	Emergency Rental Assistance Program
21.027	American Rescue Plan Act

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

## SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS (CONTINUED)

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:

\$1,402,469

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

\_\_\_\_Yes <u>X</u>No

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

## SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

#### 2021-001 – Interfund Management

**Criteria:** Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP"), requires interfund relationships and fund deficits be addressed and reported relative to the capacity and sustainability of each fund.

**Condition**: The Government asset balance was less than the related deferred and unavailable revenue accounts in the Housing and Neighborhood Development Fund. This resulted in a greater deficit and an increase in the interfund payables.

**Context:** The Housing and Neighborhood Development Fund incurred a large interfund payable to the General Fund.

**Effects:** During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, the Housing and Neighborhood Development Fund incurred operating expenditures greater than operating revenues. This resulted in the need for the General Fund to cover excess expenditures. The interfund payable between the Housing and Neighborhood Development Fund and the General Fund grew to an amount beyond the capacity of the Housing and Neighborhood Development Fund to satisfy.

**Cause:** The above condition was caused by allowing the interfund relationships and the fund deficit of the Housing and Neighborhood Development Fund to grow to a non-feasible amount.

**Recommendation:** We recommend the Government better monitor the activities of this respective department and properly address any potential deficits and interfund relationships that may be difficult or impossible to fund.

**Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action:** We concur with the finding. We will continue to review and improve policies and procedures in an effort to eliminate error and identify deficiencies from both operational and financial perspectives. We will also review budgets to assure balanced budgets are adopted.

Item 6.

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

### SECTION III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

#### 2021-002 - Grants Management

Criteria: Federal grant funds are required to be spent on respective and eligible program allowable costs.

**Condition**: The Government was not in compliance with allowable costs over federal funds in the Housing and Community Development Fund.

**Context:** The Government combined various funding sources. One of these sources was the Emergency Rental Assistance Program ("ERAP").

**Effects:** During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, the Government received approximately \$8.9 million of federal funding in the form of ERAP from the U.S. Treasury Department. Of this amount, approximately \$5.7 million was appropriately expended in accordance with program guidelines. Additionally, we noted the fund reported a cash balance of approximately \$2.5 million. Further investigation determined the Government utilized ERAP funds on other programs of approximately \$690,000.

**Cause:** The above condition was caused by a misunderstanding and a lack of checks and balances in the proper use of such funds.

**Recommendation:** We recommend the Government implement effective controls over cash management and allowable costs of federal funds.

**Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action:** We concur with the finding. We will continue to review and improve policies and procedures in an effort to eliminate error and identify deficiencies from both operational and financial perspectives. We will also review budgets to assure balanced budgets are adopted.

ltem 6.

# SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

No prior year findings reported.

#### **RCSO Axon Body-Worn Camera Initiative Timeline**

The Richmond County Sheriff's Office will purchase 350 new BWCs, 27 new docking stations, and a new data storage system. Year 1 with the program will include the BWCs, docking stations, data storage system, software licenses, access to Evidence.com DEMS platform, user licenses, and warranty replacement. Year 2 will include the data storage and the additional options from Year 1 as wells as a new, upgraded BWCs to replace all BWCs at no additional cost.

#### Milestone 1

By the beginning of the first quarter of Year 1, the RCSO Office of Professional Standards and Training will implement an updated BWC policy for the Axon Body-Worn Cameras and the Axon Data Storage System.

#### Milestone 2

The RCSO Purchasing Director will request a purchasing order for the Axon Body-Worn Cameras, docking stations, training, the Pro User Licenses, and the Data Storage and Maintenance Plan for Year 1. The Augusta-Richmond County Finance Department will provide a check for the costs of Year 1 of the program. The funds to cover the cost of Year 1 of the body-worn initiative will be reimbursed from the funds from this grant.

By the end of the first quarter of Year 1, the RCSO Purchasing Director will purchase 350 BWCs, 27 docking stations and access to a new data storage system from Axon.

#### Milestone 3

By the end of the first quarter of Year 1, the Chief Deputy will communicate with Axon to schedule training that will provide in depth training to all RCSO users on the hardware and the software for the BWCs and evidence storage system. The funds for the cost of training are included in the total cost for Year 1 of the program that will have been paid by the RCSO Purchasing Director.

#### Milestone 4

By the end of the first quarter of Year 1, Axon will ship the new BWCs and docking stations, and the RCSO Digital Techs will issue the Axon BWCs to officers.

#### Milestone 5

By the end of the first quarter of Year 1, Axon will provide access for the State Solicitor's Office and the District Attorney's Office to the BWC data storage on Evidence.com. The prosecutors will have access to the BWC videos as evidence to prosecute cases. This option is included in the total cost for Year 1. The funds will be provided by the Augusta-Richmond County Finance Department, and funds from the grant will reimburse Augusta-Richmond County.

#### Milestone 6

By the end of the first quarter of Year 1, Axon will dedicate a Customer Service Manager that will provide 24/7 system maintenance and updates. This option is included in the total cost for Year 1. The funds will be provided by the Augusta-Richmond County Finance Department, and funds from the grant will reimburse Augusta-Richmond County.

#### Milestone 7

By the end of the fourth quarter of Year 1, the RCSO will submit a purchasing order to pay for the Data Storage and Upgrade/Maintenance Plan for Year 2. The Finance Department will provide funds to cover the cost of the Plan for Year 2. The funds will be reimbursed to Augusta-Richmond County from funds from the grant.

	Staff	Year 1			
		Q 1	Q 2	Q 3	Q 4
Activity/Benchmark	Persons/Agency Responsible	<mark>Jan-Mar</mark>	<mark>Apr-Jun</mark>	<mark>Jul-Sept</mark>	<mark>Oct-Dec</mark>
Update RCSO BWC Policy	The RCSO Office of Professional Standards and Training (OPST)	X			
Acquire BWCs and equipment	Finance Dept, Purchasing Dept, and Axon Staff	X			
<i>Conduct training on new equipment and data storage platform</i>	Chief Deputy and Axon training staff	X			
Issue new BWCs	RCSO Digital Techs	X			
Provide prosecutors with training and access to the BWC data storage and Evidence.com	Axon	X			
<i>Maintain the operational readiness of the BWCs and the data storage system</i>	Axon and RCSO digital techs	X	X	X	X
Pay for the Data Storage and Maintenance Plan for Year 2	Finance Dept and Purchasing Director				X

## **4** THE RCSO BODY-WORN CAMERA IMPLEMENTATION TIMELINE

Item 6.



# **RICHMOND COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE**

Sheriff Richard Roundtree Law Enforcement Center 400 Walton Way Augusta, GA 30901 Phone: 706.821.1000 Fax: 706.821.1064

# **Community Organizations**

# Wright One Paint and Body Collision Center

1848 Gordon Hwy

Augusta, GA 30904

# Seleste's Authentic Kitchen & Catering

2763 Tobacco Rd # J

Hephzibah, GA 30815

# **Universal Plumbing**

2415 Milledgeville Rd

Augusta, GA 30904

# **Creative Moments Catering**

Augusta, GA

706-414-9118

# ADMAX Advertising, Inc.

Evans, GA 30809

706-869-8184

March 25, 2022

Georgia Office 3280 Peachtree Rd. NE Suite 2640 Atlanta, GA 30305

RE: Support Letter in regard to New Body Cameras for the Richmond County Sheriff's Office

Greetings,

I am writing this letter showing my support of new and improved body cameras for the Richmond County Sheriff's Office. The Richmond County Sheriff's Office is the largest full-service Sheriff's Office in Georgia, and thus the office needs innovative and advanced body cameras.

I believe awarding the Richmond County Sheriff's Office funding to support new body cameras would help with their efforts for crime reduction and investigations in Richmond County, Georgia.

As a Citizen's Police Academy graduate, former Sheriff's Assistant, and now Clerk of Court in the Augusta area, I fully support the Richmond County Sheriff's Office's request for funding new body camera equipment.

Hatur Helevin

Hattie Holmes-Sullivan Clerk of Court

3-25-2022

**Georgia Office** 3280 Peachtree Rd. NE Suite 2640 Atlanta, GA 30305

RE: Letter to Support New Body Cameras for the Richmond County Sheriff's Office

I am writing this letter in support of new body cameras for the Richmond County Sheriff's Office. I acknowledge the Richmond County Sheriff's Office is the largest full-service Sheriff's Office in the state of Georgia and therefore the office needs upgraded and advanced body cameras.

In a conversation, with Sheriff Roundtree and his team it was expressed that the agency needs updated body cameras with cloud capabilities. I believe awarding the Richmond County Sheriff's Office funding to support new body cameras would help with crime reduction and investigations in Augusta, Georgia.

As a business owner in the Augusta area, I fully support the Richmond County Sheriff's Office request for funding new body camera equipment.

Sincerely,

Harold Wright, Owner



1848 Gordon Hwy

Augusta, GA 30904

March 25, 2022

Georgia Office 3280 Peachtree Rd. NE Suite 2640 Atlanta, GA 30305

RE: Letter to Support New Body Cameras for the Richmond County Sheriff's Office

It is my pleasure to write a letter in support of new Body Cameras for the Richmond County Sheriff's Office.

I am active member in the Augusta community, and I have served on the Citizen's Advisory Board.

The Richmond County Sheriff's Office has proven over the years that transparency and accountability are an integral part of the agency mission; therefore, I fully support the request for funding for new body cameras.

Sincerely, Norm & Wight

**Adrian Thomas** 

#### **Governor's Office of Planning and Budget**

#### Public Safety and Community Violence Grant Reduction Grant

#### **Richmond County Sheriff's Office Axon Body-Worn Cameras Initiative**

#### **Description of the Issue**

After years of decline in violent crimes, the United States saw a dramatic increase in violent gun crimes and community violence as a result of the COVID-19 Pandemic. According to the FBI's Uniform Crime Report, in 2019, there were 14,440 murders nationwide, and those numbers increased to 18,623 in 2020. In 2019 there were 719,350 aggravated assaults, and in 2020 the nation saw and increase to 802,238, which is an 11.5% increase. In 2019 27.6% of aggravated assaults involved a gun, and in 2020 34.9% of aggravated assaults nationwide involved a gun (FBI UCR). Of the murders in 2020, 75% were committed with a gun (Grawert, 2022). According to Grawert, this is the highest percentage of murders committed with guns since 1960. In a report in the Scientific Reports, research revealed there was a 30% higher risk of gun violence during the "pandemic period March 01, 2020, through March 31, 2021" than during the 13-month period before the pandemic (Ssentongo, 2021).

In Augusta-Richmond County, Georgia, the number of homicides increased from 36 in 2019 to 40 in 2020, and the number of aggravated assaults increased from 85 in 2019 to 91 in 2020. The number of aggravated assaults with guns slightly decreased from 217 in 2019 to 211 in 2020, but there was a significant increase in 2021 to 276. According to the Gun Violence Archive, the gun violence directly related to the Pandemic continued into 2021. The data reports an increase from 43,690 deaths from gun violence in 2020 to 45,070 in 2021. The gun violence was exacerbated by the Pandemic with a deadly increase in gun violence in Augusta-Richmond County in 2020 that continued into 2021.

The Global Justice Information Sharing Initiative estimates that video evidence is available in approximately 80% of crimes (Global,2016). Video evidence is available from many sources such as security cameras, traffic signal cameras, automated license plate readers, social media, cell phones and tablets, and body worn cameras (Global, 2016).

To reduce the violent gun crimes and the violence in our communities, the Richmond County Sheriff's Office will use the funds from this grant to implement an upgraded Body Worn Camera (BWC) Program that will provide officers with the technology and equipment to allow them to respond to the rise of gun violence more efficiently and effectively.

#### **Project Design and Implementation**

The Richmond County Sheriff's Office will use the funds from this grant to purchase new BWCs that will be implemented in an existing comprehensive BWC program. In 2015, The RCSO implemented a body cameras system and data storage system. Currently, an average of 8TB of data is recorded per day, with an average video size of 677MB. This system has faced a major challenge, video storage. Recently, several servers in the current system crashed and were replaced resulting in the department losing BWC videos. This BWC implementation will replace outdated BWCs, expand the department's data storage capabilities, and make videos more accessible for follow up investigations and as evidence in criminal proceedings.

Effective storage and management of the body camera videos requires multiple components, including the body cameras, a method of recording information about the videos (indexing), a means of transferring video from the cameras to a storage device, and the storage device itself. The purchase of the more advanced body camera system will provide more advanced BWCs for officers and provide an effective storage and management system to track videos and make the videos more accessible for prosecutors. With the funds from this grant, the RCSO will purchase 350 new BWCs, 27 charging docks, and access to an unlimited data storage system.

BWCs were initially issued to law enforcement to strengthen officer accountability, reduce citizen complaints, and to promote department transparency, the purpose of our BWC Program is accomplish those objectives as well as the following:

- 1. To document statements and events during the course of an incident
- 2. To preserve detailed visual and audio information for use in current and future investigations
- 3. To provide audio and video recordings as objective evidence that will increase the likelihood of the successful prosecution of criminal cases.

Improve Evidence Collection and Adjudication of Cases

The implementation of BWCs have proven very effective in the investigation phase of a criminal case and in the prosecution phase of the criminal case. In an article in the National Institute of Justice, Brett Chapman noted that the implementation of BWCs aided investigators because the cameras greatly increase the capacity to capture and document evidence at the scene (Chapman, 2019). The BWCs have the capability of recording the "detailed conversations, emotions, physical wounds, body languages, and other factual minutiae" during a criminal investigation or officer interactions (Bakardjiev, 2015). Investigators are able to review evidence and the crime scene through reviews of the videos captured on the BWCs. The investment in the BWCs will not only make it easier to document a scene and assist investigators in collecting evidence, but it will allow investigators to respond to the gun violence investigations more efficiently and effectively.

Chapman also found that the BWC aided in the trial phase, the BWCs corroborated evidence that law enforcement presented. The objective evidence collected as audio and visual statements at the crime scene can be presented in court as recorded confessions, still prints for exhibits, provide video/still prints of defendants at the scene, provide in-court identification of defendants, and to corroborate or refute witness testimony. The defendants, witnesses, and victims will have their opportunity to testify in court, but the BWC provides an objective record of the events that transpired at the crime scene (Bakardjiev, 2015). Presenting BWC videos in court will help to remove some of the subjectivity in courtroom testimony thereby avoiding evidentiary challenges and making a greater impact on the judge and jury (Bakardjiev, 2015).

#### **Evidence Based Solutions**

Studies have shown that prosecutors that present BWC evidence in court have an increased chance of gaining a guilty plea or guilty verdict. Researchers conducted a study in domestic violence cases in Phoenix, Arizona, and found that there was an increase in guilty pleas from 1.2% - 4.4%. The study also found that there was an increase in guilty verdicts from 0.9% to 4.4% (Katz et al., 2015).

A study conducted in Renfrewshire, Scotland revealed that 70-80% of cases involving violent crimes resulted in a conviction (Gaub et al., 2016)

It is evident that the BWC videos recorded at crime scenes and during criminal investigations can aid investigators during the investigation phase of a criminal case. It allows investigators to review the audio and video recordings of the crime scene, and to conduct their investigation more efficiently and effectively. The BWC evidence can also be used in court to corroborate evidence presented during a trial and lead to an increased chance of a guilty plea or conviction.

#### **Community Partners**

The RCSO has gained support from the prosecutors in the State Solicitor's Office and the District Attorney's Office in the use of BWC recordings as evidence in court. All three departments have found the benefits in using the BWC recordings during the investigation and criminal proceedings. The prosecutors can request and get access to all BWC videos to cases they are prosecuting.

#### **Target Population**

The vision for the target population is to reduce violent gun crime and community violence. There is a direct correlation between the COVID-19 Pandemic and the dramatic increase in the violent gun crimes in Augusta-Richmond County and nationwide. This increase had a direct effect on the lives of the citizens of Augusta-Richmond County through the personal tragedies of the victims and their families. Indirectly, we have seen a dramatic increase in the fear of crime as the violence has played out in the news media and on social media.

A look at the citizens of Augusta-Richmond County. The US Census Bureau reports that in 2021, the estimated population in Augusta-Richmond County as 201,196. Augusta-Richmond County includes the cities of Blythe and Hephzibah. African American citizens make up 57.5% of the population. The remainder of the population are made up of 25.3% white, 5.1% Hispanic, 3.3% two or more races, and 2% Asian. 56.7% of the citizens are between 19-64 years of age, and 51.6% of the population are female.

#### **Department Metrics**

There are 385 sworn officers on the RCSO serving in various positions in the department including Field Operations, Community Services, Court Services, and the Civil Division. There are 294 in Field Operations, which includes Road Patrol, Traffic, Investigations, CID, Special Operations and Narcotics, that are involved in patrol activities or engage in daily citizen interactions in the field. The RCSO will purchase 350 BWCs with this grant and assign 294 to Field Operations where each camera will be issued to a sworn officer. Forty-six will be assigned to the Detention Center, where the BWCs will be assigned to shifts and checked by individual deputies during their shift. Ten will be assigned as spares to replace damaged BWCs.

#### Goals and Objectives

It is the goal of the Richmond County Sheriff's Office to equip officers with body worn cameras to allow officers to respond to the rise of violent gun crime and community violence more efficiently and effectively thereby reducing the violence that dramatically increased during the COVID-19 Pandemic in Augusta-Richmond County, Blythe, and Hephzibah.

#### Goal 1

Update existing BWC policy to cover the operation and downloading procedures for the new BWCs.

#### Objective 1

By the beginning of the first quarter of year 1, the RCSO Office of Professional Standards and Training will implement an updated BWC policy

#### Goal 2

Acquire 350 BWCs, 27 docking stations, and a new data storage system.

#### Objective 2

By the end of the first quarter of year 1, the RCSO will purchase 350 BWCs, 27 docking stations and access to a new data storage system from Axon.

#### Goal 3

Conduct training on the new BWCs and data storage system.

#### Objective 3

By the end of the first quarter of year 1, instructors from Axon will provide in depth training to all RCSO users on the hardware and the software for the BWCs and evidence storage system.

#### Goal 4

Reduce violent gun crimes and community violence in Augusta-Richmond County, Blythe, and Hephzibah.

#### **Objective 4**

By the end of the first quarter of year 1, RCSO will implement the Axon BWCs to allow officers to respond to the rise of violent gun crimes and community violence more efficiently and effectively.

Goal 5

Provide prosecutors access to the BWC data storage.

#### Objective 5

By the end of the first quarter of year 1, Axon will user licenses to provide access for the State Solicitor's Office and the District Attorney's Office to the BWC data storage. The prosecutors will have access to the BWC videos for evidence to prosecute cases.

#### Goal 6

Maintain the operational readiness of the BWC data storage system.

#### Objective 6

By the end of the first quarter of year 1, Axon will dedicate a Customer Service Manager that will provide 24/7 system maintenance and updates.

	Staff	Year 1			
		Q 1	Q 2	Q 3	Q 4
Activity/Benchmark	Persons/Agency Responsible	<mark>Jan-Mar</mark>	Apr-Jun	<mark>Jul-Sept</mark>	<mark>Oct-Dec</mark>
<i>Update RCSO BWC Policy</i>	The RCSO Office of Professional Standards and Training (OPST)	X			
Acquire BWCs and equipment	RCSO and Axon Staff	X			
Conduct training on new equipment and data storage platform	Axon training staff	X			
Reduce violent gun crimes and community violence	RCSO	X	X	X	x
Provide prosecutors with training and access to the BWC data storage and Evidence.com	Axon	X			
Maintain the operational readiness of the BWC data storage system	Axon and RCSO digital techs	X	X	X	X

## THE RCSO BODY-WORN CAMERA IMPLEMENTATION PROJECT

1

#### **Capabilities and Competencies**

Capabilities to Financial Manage the Project

The staff in the Augusta-Richmond County Finance Department will administer the financial management of the grant.

#### Capabilities to Implement the Project

The Richmond County Sheriff's Office currently has a BWC program in place with clear policies covering the use of the BWCs. The new BWCs will be a significant upgrade from the current outdated BWCs, so the RCSO's Office of Professional Standards and Training will update the policy to cover the procedures for operation and downloading the new BWCs. The current policy is very specific as to when a deputy will record video with a BWC.

The current policy follows Georgia law that covers retention of video recordings from law enforcement sources. Under O.C.G.A. 50-18-96, all video recordings are required to be retained for a minimum of 180 days. The law states, if the video recording is part of a criminal investigation, shows a vehicular accident, shows the detainment or arrest of an individual, or shows a law enforcement officer's use of force, the department will retain the video for 30 months. If the video recording contains evidence that is or can reasonably be necessary for pending litigation the video will be retained for 30 months. If during this period, litigation is commenced, the video will be retained until a final adjudication of such litigation (O.C.G.A. 50-18-96).

The current policy requires anyone requesting a copy of a video captured on a BWC pertaining to the Freedom of Information Act to place his or her request through the Internal Affairs Division. The IAD, following GA law, only redacts documents that contain personal information or video that contains nudity.

#### Staff Assigned to the Project

A sergeant and two digital techs are assigned to maintain the cameras and the data storage system. It is the duty of the Digital Techs to ensure the proper storage and retention of all BWC recordings in the data storage system. The Digital Techs will ensure that officers are properly tagging each video with the required data such as the incident case number, incident location, units assigned to the call, type of call, and the code status of the call. The Digital Techs will also maintain the spare BWC inventory and replace damaged cameras and other equipment as necessary.

#### Capabilities to Ensure Project Success

The Office of Professional Standards and Training will develop a clear policy on the process to download videos. The RCSO presents new policies to sworn and non-sworn employees through Power DMS, and employees are required to sign into the system and digitally sign that they received and read the new policy. This system tracks which employees received and read the new policy. At required in-service training, the training staff will conduct follow-up training on the new policies.

Currently officers are assigned case numbers for calls for service or officer-initiated interactions by a dispatcher through the computer-aided dispatch (CAD). The information is sent to the officer's mobile computer, or the officer can generate a case number by entering the call or citizen contact directly into the mobile computer. All video recordings are tagged with the appropriate case number; the officer connects the camera via a USB cable to the mobile computer and pairs the labels each video with the appropriate case number.

Supervisory personnel ensure that officers utilize the BWCs in accordance with all policies related to BWCs. On a monthly basis, supervisors conduct a documented random review of BWC recordings to ensure that the equipment is operating properly and that officers are using the devices appropriately and in accordance with policy. Additionally, supervisors review the BWC videos that record an officer's use of force and vehicle pursuits.

#### **Performance Measures**

#### Measuring Project Performance

A successful BWC program requires officers to utilize the BWC as required by policy. It also requires the digital technicians to ensure proper storage and retention of digital files. The Digital Technicians and the supervisor be required to ensure that officers are correctly downloading videos to the cloud storage through the docking stations. It will be the responsibility of the officer's supervisors to ensure that the officers are using the BWCs in accordance with department policy.

The Office of Professional Standards and Training will work with the Richmond County Solicitor's Office and the District Attorney's Office to ensure deputies are utilizing the BWCs properly to record any verbal statements given at the crime scene.

The RCSO is committed to using the new BWCs and data storage system to its fullest potential. The RCSO is also currently working to implement in-car cameras in patrol vehicles to capture vehicle pursuits, accident scenes, and other interactions that the BWC may not record.

#### Measuring Goal Outcomes

To measure the outcome of the goal to reduce violent gun crimes and violence in the community, the RCSO Intel Division will continue to create a quarterly Gun Violence Analysis. The analysis will compare the crime numbers to crime numbers in previous quarters and years. The analysis will also map the crimes based on the areas the crimes occurred as well as crime trends and patterns. The Intel Analysis will be provided to the appropriate Division and Zone Commanders. The Commanders will meet with the Chief Deputy in weekly Crime Strategy meetings and monthly Comp Stat meetings. The meetings will provide the Commanders the opportunity to present the current violent crime trends, the crime reduction tactics they implemented, and the results of their strategies. Violent Crime Investigators will present updates on current investigations. The meetings are based on a performance management system that the RCSO will utilize to reduce violent gun crimes and track our success.

#### **Budget**

The Richmond County Sheriff's Office will use the funds from this grant to purchase 350 new BWCs, 27 docking stations, and a new data storage system to replace outdated BWCs and a data storage system riddled with problems. The cost per body-worn camera is \$699.00 for a total of \$244,650.00 for 350 cameras. The cost for each docking station is \$1,495.00 for a total of \$40,365.00 for 27 docking stations. The cost for 10 Pro licenses for supervisors is \$4,680.00. This package is a 5-year contract that will provide basic software licenses for all users, Evidence.com DEMS platform, "pro" licenses for access to Evidence.com platform, 3% hardware spares provided, Axon Capture phone application for evidence capture, Taser auto activation, Fleet compatible auto activation, camera hardware upgrades at year 2 and 5 at no additional cost, and a 5-year warranty/maintenance program. The cost for year 10f the plan is \$281,400.00 for a total cost of \$596,095.00 for the plan and the hardware.

Each successive year of the 5-year plan will include the above package for a cost of \$286,080.00. The RCSO will receive new, upgraded body cameras at years 2 and 5 at no cost. The total cost of the 5-year plan is \$1,740,415.00

The RCSO is requesting funds that will cover the cost of the first two years of the contract, this will ensure that the funds from this grant are spent by the deadline, October 31, 2026.

### Year 1 Equipment and Technology

Item	<b>Computation</b>	Cost
Axon body-worn cameras	\$699.00 x 350 BWCs	\$244,650.00
Docking stations	\$1,495.00 x 27 docking stations	\$40,365.00
Implementation and training	\$25,000.00 one training week	\$25,000.00
Pro licenses (annual cost)	\$468.00 x 10 licenses	\$4,680.00
Data Storage and Maintenance Plan	\$281,400.00/year	\$281,400.00
	Total Cost Year 1	\$596,095.00

### <u>Year 2</u> Equipment and Technology

Item	<b>Computation</b>	Cost
Data Storage and Upgrade/Maintenance Plan	\$286,080.00/year	\$286,080.00

**Total Cost Year 2** 

\$286,080.00

#### References

Bakardjiev, D. (2015). Officer Body-Worn Cameras—Capturing Objective Evidence With Quality Technology And Focused Policies. *The Journal of Law, Science & Technology*.

Chapman, B. (2019). Body-Worn Cameras: What the Evidence Tells Us. NIJ Journal. Retrieved October 3, 2021, from <u>https://www.nij.gov/journals/280/pages/body-worn-cameras-whatevidence-tells-us</u>.

Gaub, J., Choate, D., Todak, N., Katz, C. and White, M. (2016). Officer Perceptions of Body-Worn Cameras Before And After Deployment: A Study Of Three Departments. *Police Quarterly*.

Katz, C., Kurtenbach, M., Choate, D., and White, M. (2015) Phoenix, Arizona, Smart Policing Initiative: Evaluating The Impact Of Police Officer Body-Worn Cameras. Bureau of Justice Assistance.

Global Justice Information Sharing Initiative 2016. Video Evidence A Primer For Prosecutors. Justice Information Sharing.

# **Public Safety and Community Violence Reduction**

Project Name: RCSO Axon Body Worn Camera Initiative

Awarded: \$970,392.50

**ID:** GA-0013936

Project Start Date: January 1, 2023

Project End Date: December 31, 2024

Funding has been authorized for eligible expenditures incurred by the Grantee during the performance period for this Grant which is between the date of execution of this Agreement and October 31, 2026, or the date of exhaustion of funding for the purpose of this Grant as solely determined by OPB, whichever is earlier ("Performance Period").

## **Project Design:**

The Richmond County Sheriff's Office will use the funds from this grant to purchase new Body Worn Cameras that will be implemented in an existing comprehensive BWC program. The new BWCs will replace outdated BWCs, expand the department's data storage capabilities, and make videos more accessible for follow-up investigations and as evidence in criminal proceedings.

## **Primary Contact:**

Hal Hitchcock <u>hhitchcock@augustaga.gov</u> 706-261-0438 <u>Secondary Contact:</u> Veronica Brown 706-821-1067

vfreeman@augustaga.gov

#### Item 6.

# **Public Safety and Community Violence Reduction**

Project Name: RCSO Flock License Plate Readers Initiative

Awarded: \$284,625.00

**ID:** GA-0013937

Project Start Date: January 1, 2023

Project End Date: December 31, 2024

Funding has been authorized for eligible expenditures incurred by the Grantee during the performance period for this Grant which is between the date of execution of this Agreement and October 31, 2026, or the date of exhaustion of funding for the purpose of this Grant as solely determined by OPB, whichever is earlier ("Performance Period").

## **Project Design:**

The RCSO will use funds from this grant to purchase and install Flock Automated License Plate Readers (ALPR) along with the alert and evidence collection platforms to enhance an existing program. The ALPRs will improve efficiency in homicide investigations and increase clearance rates for cases that involve violent gun crime.

### **Primary Contact:**

Hal Hitchcock

hhitchcock@augustaga.gov

706-261-0438

### **Secondary Contact:**

Veronica Brown

706-821-1067

vfreeman@augustaga.gov



# **Public Safety Committee**

July 11, 2023

FY24 JUVENILE JUSTICE INCENTIVE GRANT

Department:	JUVENILE COURT
Presenter:	DACARA BROWN, PROJECT DIRECTOR
Caption:	Motion to approve the FY2024 Criminal Justice Coordinating Council grant award for the Juvenile Justice Incentive Grant in the amount of \$450,000
Background:	Grant award will help in the continuation of funding for the Juvenile Justice Incentive Program.
Analysis:	N/A
Financial Impact:	Grant award in the amount of \$450,000 no MATCH required
Alternatives:	The grant award will assist in the daily operations of the Juvenile Justice Incentive Program.
<b>Recommendation:</b>	N/A
Funds are available in the following accounts:	Will set up budget in fund 220
REVIEWED AND APPROVED BY:	N/A

From: Stephanie Mikkelsen <<u>SMikkelsen@cjcc.ga.gov</u>> Sent: Friday, June 23, 2023 11:11:35 AM To: Judge Spencer <<u>KSpencer@augustaga.gov</u>>; Willie Saunders <<u>WSaunders@augustaga.gov</u>>; DaCara Brown <<u>DBrown@augustaga.gov</u>>; Audrey Armistad <<u>AArmistad@augustaga.gov</u>> Cc: Laura Oropeza <<u>laura.oropeza@cjcc.ga.gov</u>>; Chelsea Benson <<u>chelsea.benson@cjcc.ga.gov</u>>

Subject: [EXTERNAL] FY24 JJIG Award Notification

Good Morning,

Congratulations. It's my pleasure to inform you that the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council has awarded Richmond County a total of \$450,000 as part of the FY24 Juvenile Justice Incentive Grant Program.

We will be sending a separate email containing the award packet, instructions on how to submit the packet, and additional guidance regarding budgets no later than early next week.

Thank you for your dedication to helping our youth and we look forward to continue working with you all!

Respectfully, Stephanie

#### Stephanie Mikkelsen

Juvenile Justice Program Director <u>Criminal Justice Coordinating Council</u> 104 Marietta St. NW, Suite 440, Atlanta, GA 30303 M: 404.275.6511 | VRI: 404.902.8826



#### OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR CRIMINAL JUSTICE COORDINATING COUNCIL

#### SUBGRANT AWARD

SUBGRANTEE: Richmond County

IMPLEMENTING	FEDERAL FUNDS:	\$	450,000
AGENCY: Augusta/Richmond County	MATCHING FUNDS:	\$	0
PROJECT NAME: Juvenile Justice Incentive Grant	TOTAL FUNDS:	\$	450,000
SUBGRANT NUMBER: Y24-8-021	GRANT PERIOD:	07/0	1/23-06/30/24

This award is made under the State of Georgia Juvenile Justice Incentive Grant (JJIG) program and is subject to the administrative rules established by the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council. The purpose of the JJIG program is to provide funding for juvenile courts to serve youth in the community who would otherwise be committed to Georgia's Department of Juvenile Justice.

This Subgrant shall become effective on the beginning date of the grant period, provided that within forty-five (45) days of the award execution date (below) the properly executed original of this "Subgrant Award" is returned to the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council.

AGENCY APPROVAL

#### SUBGRANTEE APPROVAL

hus that

Jay Neal, Director Criminal Justice Coordinating Council

Date Executed: 06/20/23

Typed Name & Title of Authorized Official

58-2204274-004 Employer Tax Identification Number (EIN)

Signature of Authorized Official

INTERNAL USE ONLY

TRANS CD	REFERENCE	ORDER	EFF DATE	TYPE	PAY DATE	INVOICE	E CONTRACI	: #
102	01	1	07/01/23	9		**	Y24-8-02	1
OVERRIDE	ORGAN	CLASS	PROJECT			VENDOR CODE		
2	46	4	01					
ITEM CODE	DESCRIPTION 25 CHARACTERS				EXPENSE ACCT		AMOUNT	751
1	Juvenile Justice Incentive Grant				624.41		450,000	

Item 7.

Date

# CRIMINAL JUSTICE COORDINATING COUNCIL SPECIAL CONDITIONS

SUBGRANTEE: Richmond County

**PROJECT NAME:** Juvenile Justice Incentive Grant

SUBGRANT NUMBER: Y24-8-021

**SUBGRANT AWARD:** \$450,000

 The subgrantee agrees to take reasonable steps to provide meaningful access to their programs and activities for persons with limited English proficiency (LEP). For more information on the civil rights responsibilities that recipients have in providing language services to LEP individuals, please see the website at http://www.lep.gov.

#### Initials \_\_\_\_\_

2. The subgrantee agrees to comply with the Equal Treatment Regulation (28 C.F.R. part 38) which prohibits recipients from using federal grant funding for inherently religious activities. While faith-based organizations can engage in non-funded inherently religious activities, the activities must be held separately from the grant-funded program, and customers or beneficiaries cannot be compelled to participate in them. The Equal Treatment Regulation makes clear that organizations receiving federal grant funding are not permitted to discriminate when providing services on the basis of a beneficiary's religion.

#### Initials \_\_\_\_\_

3. In accordance with Federal regulations, your organization must comply with the following Equal Employment Opportunity Plan reporting requirements:

If your organization has received an award for \$500,000 or more and has 50 or more employees (counting both full- and part-time employees, but excluding political appointees), then it has to prepare an EEOP and submit it to the Office of Civil Rights (OCR), Office of Justice Programs, and U.S. Department of Justice for review within 60 days from the date of this award. For assistance in developing an EEOP, please consult OCR's website at http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/ocr/eeop.htm. You may also request technical assistance from an EEOP specialist at OCR by dialing (202) 616-3208.

If your organization received an award between \$25,000 and \$500,000

and has 50 or more employees, your organization must prepare an EEOP, but it does not have to submit the EEOP to OCR for review. Instead, your organization has to maintain the EEOP on file and make it available for review on request. In addition, your organization has to complete Section B of the Certification Form and return it to OCR within 60 days from the date of this award. The Certification Form can be found at: http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/about/ocr/eeop.htm.

If your organization received an award for less than \$25,000, or if your organization has less than 50 employees, regardless of the amount of the award; or if your organization is a medical institution, educational institution, nonprofit organization or Indian tribe, then your organization is exempt from the EEOP requirement. However, your organization must complete Section A of the Certification Form and return it to OCR within 60 days from the date of this award. The Certification Form can be found at http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/about/ocr/eeop.htm.

The subgrantee acknowledges that failure to submit an acceptable EEOP (if the subgrantee is required to submit one pursuant to 28 C.F.R. Section 42.302) that is approved by the Office for Civil Rights is a violation of its Certified Assurances and may result in suspension or termination of funding until such time as the subgrantee is in compliance. The subgrantee must maintain proof of compliance with the above requirements and be able to provide such proof to the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council upon request.

#### Initials \_\_\_\_\_

4. The subgrantee agrees to comply with all applicable laws, regulations, policies, and guidance governing the use of federal funds for expenses related to conferences, meetings, trainings, and other events, including the provision of food and/or beverages at such events, and costs of attendance at such events. Information on pertinent laws, regulations, policies, and guidance is available at http://www.ovw.usdoj.gov/grantees.html.

#### Initials

5. The subgrantee agrees to abide by Georgia law regarding the utilization of professional counselors, social workers, and marriage and family therapists. (O.C.G.A. § 43-10A-1, et. seq).

Initials \_\_\_\_\_

6. The subgrantee agrees to abide by Georgia law regarding the utilization of psychologists (O.C.G.A. § 43-39-1, et. seq).

Initials \_\_\_\_\_

- 7. Pursuant to Executive Order 13513, "Federal Leadership on Reducing Text Messaging While Driving," 74 Reg. 51225 (October 1, 2009), the Department of Justice and the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council encourages grantees and subgrantees to adopt and enforce policies banning employees from text messaging while driving any vehicle during the course of performing work funded by this grant, and to establish workplace safety policies and conduct education, awareness, and other outreach to decrease crashes caused by distracted drivers. Initials \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 8. The subgrantee certifies that 1) title to all equipment and/or supplies purchased with funds under this subgrant shall vest in the agency that purchased the property; 2) equipment and/or supplies will be maintained in accordance with established local or state procedures as long as the equipment and/or supplies are used for program-related purposes; and 3) once the project concludes and/or equipment is no longer utilized for its grant-funded purpose, the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council will be informed of the available equipment and determine its future use to assure it is utilized in furtherance of the goals and objectives of the grant program and the State of Georgia.

#### Initials \_\_\_\_\_

9. The subgrantee must submit Subgrant Adjustment Request #1 with the completed award package. The adjustment request must be accompanied by a detailed project budget that itemizes all projected expenditures. The project budget and summary will not be established, or officially approved, until the subgrantee receives a written approval notice from the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council. All project costs and project activities must coincide with the approved budget, summary, and implementation plan unless subsequent revisions are approved by the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council.

#### Initials

10. The subgrantee must submit subsequent requests to revise the budget, project summary, and implementation plan prior to any substantial changes, but no later than 30 days prior to the end of the subgrant period.

#### Initials \_\_\_\_\_

11. All project costs not exclusively related to this approved project must be prorated, and only the costs of project-related activities will be reimbursable under the subgrant award.

Initials \_\_\_\_\_

12. The subgrantee agrees to fully cooperate with any monitoring or evaluation activities, and any related training activities initiated and/or conducted by the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council during and subsequent to the award period.

#### Initials \_\_\_\_\_

13. The subgrantee agrees that consultant/contractor fees in excess of \$450.00 per eight-hour day (\$56.25 per hour) must have prior approval from the Office of Justice Programs and the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council.

#### Initials \_\_\_\_\_

14. If any changes occur in the subgrantee's lobbying status or activities, a revised Disclosure of Lobbying Activities Form must be submitted. The subgrantee further understands and agrees that it cannot use any federal funds, either directly or indirectly, in support of the enactment, repeal, modification, or adoption of any law, regulation, or policy at any level of government without the express prior written approval of the Office of Justice Programs.

#### Initials \_\_\_\_\_

15. The Criminal Justice Coordinating Council will conduct a financial and programmatic review of each grant at the end of the second quarter, and each quarter thereafter. The Criminal Justice Coordinating Council reserves the right to add any conditions to the award and/or retain any unused funds if deemed necessary.

#### Initials

16. The subgrantee must verify Point of Contact (POC), Financial Point of Contact (FPOC), and Authorized Official contact information, including telephone number and e-mail address. If any information is incorrect or has changed, a Subgrant Adjustment Request (SAR) must be submitted in writing to document changes.

#### Initials

17. The subgrantee agrees to comply with the Department of Justice Grants Financial Guide as posted on the OJP website.

#### Initials \_\_\_\_\_

18. The subgrantee understands and agrees that award funds may not be used to discriminate against or denigrate the religious or moral beliefs of students who participate in programs for which financial assistance is provided from those funds, or of the parents or legal guardians of such students.

Initials \_\_\_\_\_

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19. The subgrantee understands and agrees that - (a) No award funds may be used to maintain or establish a computer network unless such network blocks the viewing, downloading, and exchanging of pornography, and (b) Nothing in subsection (a) limits the use of funds necessary for any Federal, State, tribal, or local law enforcement agency or any other entity carrying out criminal investigations, prosecution, or adjudication activities.

#### Initials \_\_\_\_\_

20. All courts must use the Department of Juvenile Justice (DJJ) Detention Assessment Instrument (DAI) for any youth considered for detention, as required by the H.B. 242, as passed in the 2013 legislative session of the Georgia General Assembly. The Predisposition Risk Assessment (PDRA) Instrument should also be used in all instances where the tool is appropriate for the youth being considered for the evidence-based program (in any instances in which the youth is adjudicated). The PDRA score should be entered into the Juvenile Tracking System (JTS), or Juvenile Data Exchange (JDEX) when available. Only youth with a moderate to high PDRA score are eligible for Incentive Grant programming.

#### Initials \_\_\_\_\_

21. All grant funds must be used to serve youth who have come into contact with the juvenile justice system and would not be considered dependency cases. All youth served by the grant must have a new delinquent charge. No CHINS cases should be served.

#### Initials

22. The subgrantee agrees that no funds shall be expensed outside of the approved budget. In addition, any funds spent under this subgrant award must be expended by the grant end date and not encumbered.

#### Initials \_\_\_\_\_

23. This is a reimbursement grant. The subgrantee agrees to submit requests for reimbursement on either a monthly or quarterly basis, as selected by the subgrantee at the time of award. Subgrant Expenditure Reports are due 30 days after the end of the month (if reporting monthly) or 30 days after the end of the quarter (if reporting quarterly).

#### Initials \_\_\_\_\_

24. The subgrantee certifies that state funds will not be used to supplant funds that would otherwise be made available for grantfunded initiatives. State funds must be used to supplement existing funds for program activities and not replace funds appropriated for the same purpose. Potential supplanting will be the subject of application review, as well as pre-award review, post-award monitoring, and audit. If there is a potential presence of supplanting, the subgrantee will be required to document that the reduction in non-state resources occurred for reasons other than the receipt or anticipated receipt of state funds.

### Initials \_\_\_\_\_

25. Statistical and/or evaluation data describing project performance must be submitted to The Carl Vinson Institute of Government and the Department of Juvenile Justice through monthly surveys and quarterly reports using the prescribed format provided to the subgrantee. Failure to submit this data on a timely basis will result in the withholding of grant funds on this grant and/or any other grant administered by the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council until compliance is achieved. If reports are not received, funds for subsequent quarters may be rescinded.

#### Initials \_\_\_\_\_

26. The subgrantee agrees to comply with the guidance contained in the 2024 Juvenile Justice Incentive Grant Program Request for Proposals.

#### Initials \_\_\_\_

27. At minimum, 70% of awarded funds must be used for Evidence-Based Program costs associated with contract and direct services. No more than 30% of awarded grant funds can be used for administrative costs. Any requests to have funds allocated in a manner that does not comply with the 70/30 rule must be justified in a written statement and submitted to the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council with a Subgrant Adjustment Request (SAR). The SAR and justification will be considered on a case-by-case basis.

#### Initials \_\_\_\_\_

28. The subgrantee agrees that at least 25% of the awarded funds will be spent in the first quarter, 50% in the second quarter, and 75% in the third quarter. If this condition is not met, any unused remaining funds from that quarter will be retained and managed by the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council.

#### Initials \_\_\_\_\_

29. Waivers for the above 25% or 50% expenditure requirement will be granted at the discretion of the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council. No waivers will be available for the 75% requirement.

Initials

30. Non-compliance with any of the special conditions contained within this document by the authorized official, project officials, and/or employees of this grant will result in a recommendation to the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council that the award be rescinded.

### Initials \_\_\_\_\_

31. The subgrantee and juvenile court permit access by the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council, or designated entity, to delinquency case information collected, managed, and stored in its JCATS or JTS database.

#### Initials \_\_\_\_\_

32. The subgrantee certifies that any and all subagreements shall follow the reimbursement nature of the grant and shall not include any minimum to serve clause or fixed payment schedule. Payments issued to subcontractors shall be on a reimbursement basis and shall not be processed prior to the rendering of services. All subagreements relating to this grant shall be submitted to the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council prior to the approval and reimbursement of any Subgrant Expenditure Report (SER).

#### Initials \_\_\_\_\_

33. Subgrantee acknowledges that funds provided under this grant award are state and federally-appropriated funds and may not be accessible after the end of the grant period. The final reimbursement request under this award must be received by the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council no later than October 30, 2024. In addition, if the grantee has not received payments for any prior reimbursements, the grantee must notify the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council by October 30, 2024 or risk losing access to those funds.

#### Initials \_\_\_\_\_

Please be advised that failure to comply with any of the Special Conditions will result in material noncompliance with the Subgrant Agreement, thus subjecting the Subgrant Agreement to possible termination by the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council.

### Typed name of Authorized Official:

Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature:

Date:



BRIAN P. KEMP GOVERNOR JAY NEAL DIRECTOR

June 21, 2023

The Honorable Willie M. Saunders Augusta-Richmond County Juvenile Court 535 Telfair Street, Suite 610 Augusta, Georgia 30901

Dear Judge Saunders,

Congratulations! I am pleased to inform you that the Criminal Justice Coordinating Council has awarded a grant to Augusta-Richmond County in the amount of **\$450,000** effective July 1, 2023.

Attached to the email, you will find the award documentation for this state-funded grant award. This year, awardees will need to submit their packet via Formstack. The link for the Formstack is included <u>here</u>. As a reminder, award packets are due 45 days after they are received. Please note, award recipients may begin expending grant funds for FY2024 on July 1, 2023, prior to the grant award being accepted and special conditions agreed to. However, all grant award documents must be approved prior to the first reimbursement.

If you have any questions regarding the execution of the grant award documents or the administration of your project, please feel free to contact Stephanie Mikkelsen, Juvenile Justice Program Director, at <u>smikkelsen@cjcc.ga.gov</u>. I look forward to working with you on this exciting initiative and advancing services for our state's juveniles in a truly meaningful way.

Sincerely,

by that

Jay Neal Executive Director

# AUGUSTA, GEORGIA New Grant Proposal/Application

Before a Department/agency may apply for the grant/award on behalf of Augusta Richmond County, they must first obtain approval signature from the Administrator and the Finance Director. The Administrator will obtain information on the grant program and requirements from the funding agency and review these for feasibility to determine if this grant/award will benefit Augusta Richmond County. The Finance Director will review the funding requirement to determine if the grant will fit within our budget structure and financial goals.

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**Public Safety Committee** 

July 11, 2023

Minutes

Department:	N/A
Presenter:	N/A
Caption:	Motion to approve the minutes of the Public Safety Committee held on June 13, 2023.
Background:	N/A
Analysis:	N/A
Financial Impact:	N/A
Alternatives:	N/A
<b>Recommendation:</b>	N/A
Funds are available in the following accounts:	N/A
REVIEWED AND APPROVED BY:	N/A

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PUBLIC SAFETY COMMITTEE MEETING MINUTES Commission Chamber Tuesday, June 13, 2023 1:20 PM

### PUBLIC SAFETY

PRESENT Mayor Garnett Johnson Commissioner Catherine Smith-McKnight Commissioner Alvin Mason Commissioner Bobby Williams Commissioner Brandon Garrett

1. Motion to approve the minutes of the Public Safety Committee held on May 9, 2023.

Motion to approve.

Motion made by Garrett, Seconded by Williams. Voting Yea: Smith-McKnight, Williams, Garrett Voting Nay: Mason

Motion carries 3-1.

2. Motion to approve Augusta-Richmond County FY24 Capacity Agreement for State Inmates to be housed at the Richmond County Correctional Institution

Motion to approve.

Motion made by Garrett, Seconded by Williams. Voting Yea: Smith-McKnight, Williams, Garrett Voting Nay: Mason

Motion carries 3-1.