



PLANNING & ZONING COMMISSION

July 9th, 2024, at 7:00 PM
250 River Circle - Alpine, WY 83128

REGULAR AGENDA

1. CALL TO ORDER:

2. ROLL CALL & ESTABLISH QUORUM:

3. TONIGHT'S APPOINTMENTS/ NEW BUSINESS:

4. TABLED ITEMS:

- DIAMOND, JOHN: Lot #711 Lakeview Estates, 184 Trail Drive Road (#R1-06-24) - Single Family Residential Structure
- TIENDA LA MEXICANA (SALOMAN MARQUINA): Lot 608 Lakeview Estates "C", 141 US Highway 89 (#RE-05-23) – Interior Remodel

5. DISCUSSION AND/OR CORRESPONDENCE ITEMS:

- Planning/Zoning Correspondence:
 - Lincoln County PUD Review – Alpine Trailhead
- Planning/Zoning Discussion Items:
 - LUDC Proposed Changes
 - Public Comments and/or Concerns

6. UNFINISHED/ONGOING BUSINESS:

- Active Permits List

7. APPROVAL OF MINUTES:

- P&Z Meeting Minutes for June 26th, 2024

8. ADJOURN MEETING:

JUN 03 2024



RESIDENTIAL BUILDING

RECEIVED

Permit Application

INFORMATION TO BE PROVIDED BY APPLICANT ~ PLEASE FILL IN ALL BLANKS

PROJECT NAME: Diamond Residence

Physical Address:			
184 Trail Dr.			
Legal Description (Lot # and Subdivision):			
711 Lakeview Estates			
Description of Work:			
Home Build			
Proposed Building Use:			
Residential			
Estimated Valuation of Work:			
\$320,000			
Floor Area:			
First Flr:	Second Flr.	Third Flr:	Basement:
888	562		888
Total Square Footage:			
2338			

APPLICANT/CONTRACTORS AND/OR CONSULTANTS:

Owner:		Phone:	
John Diamond		801-949-8744	
Mailing Address:			
2536 E. 6500 S. Uintah, UT 84405			
Contractor:		Phone:	
Lenny East (Invasion Homes)		801-710-1908	
Mailing Address:			
3542 W. Grey Crown Crane Ln, Clinton UT, 84015			
Excavating Contractor:		Phone:	
Saunders Excavation		435-230-3895	
Mailing Address:			
2745 W. 500 N. Tremonton UT 84337			
Electrical Contractor:		Phone:	
Sleeping Indian Electric		307-880-8181	

Project Narrative/Notes/Revisions

- 05/23/2024 ZD - COMPLETED DESIGN FOR CLIENT & CITY REVIEW.
- 06/13/2024 KH - REVISED PER CITY SITE PLAN COMMENTS.

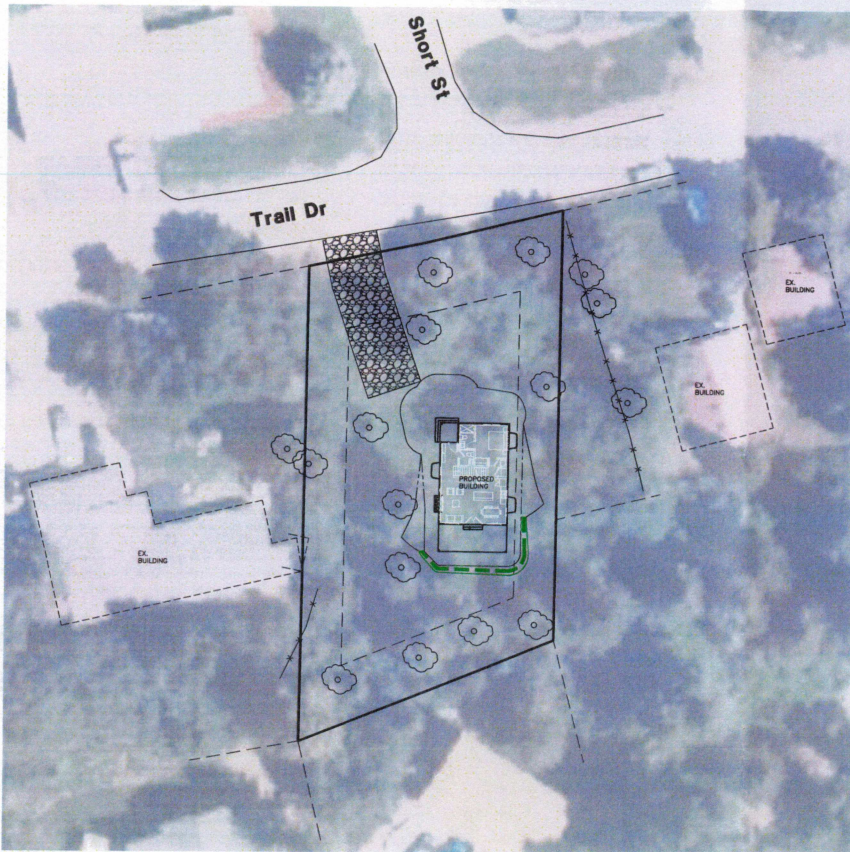
DIAMOND RESIDENCE

184 Trail Dr

Improvement Plans

ALPINE, LINCOLN COUNTY, WYOMING
MAY, 2024

Section 4, Itema.



PARCEL #:
PROJECT ADDRESS:
ZONING:
PARCEL AREA:
BUILDING AREA:
LANDSCAPE AREA:

Sheet Index

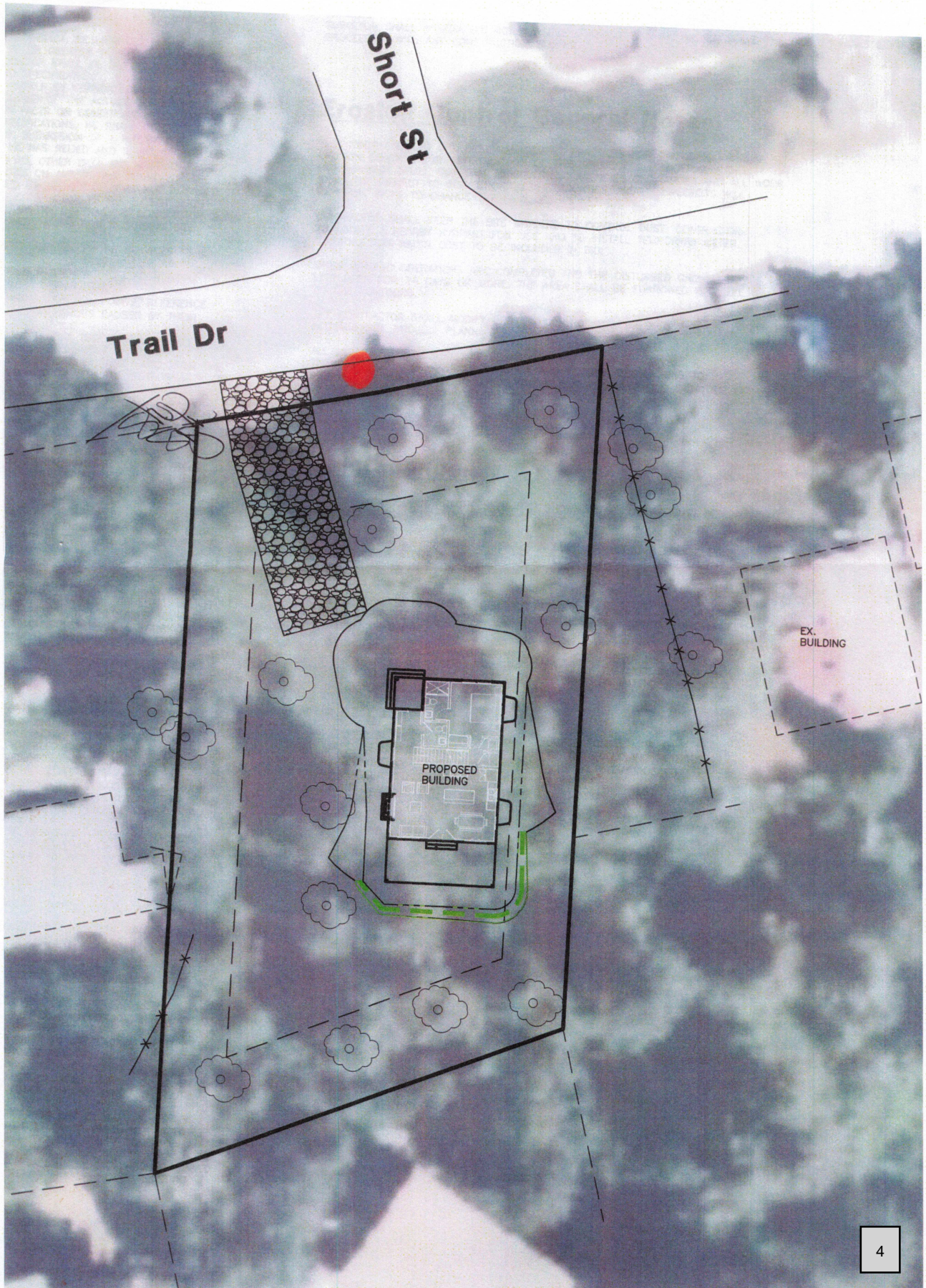
- Sheet 1 - Cover/Intro
- Sheet 2 - Notes/Details
- Sheet 3 - Existing
- Sheet 4 - Grading

Engineer's Notice
THE EXISTENCE AND LOCATION OF SHOWN ON THESE PLANS WERE, BY THE CONTRACTOR, SO THAT A AND/OR GRADE OF THE PROPOSED CONTACT THE UTILITY COMPANIES UTILITY LINES SHOWN, AND ANY C AND OTHERS NOT OF RECORD OF

Surveyor:
Jason Felt
Reeve & Associates, Inc.
5160 South 1500 West
Riverside, Utah, 84405
PH:(801) 621-3100

Developer Contact
John Diamond
2535 E. 6500 S
Utah, Utah, 84008
PH: (801) 949-8744

THESE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS ARE THE PROPERTY OF REEVE & ASSOCIATES, INC., 5160 SOUTH 1500 WEST, RIVERSIDE, UTAH 84405, AND SHALL NOT BE PHOTOCOPIED, RE-DRAWN, OR USED ON ANY PROJECT OTHER THAN THE PROJECT SPECIFICALLY DESIGNED FOR, WITHOUT THEIR WRITTEN PERMISSION. THE OWNERS AND ENGINEERS OF REEVE & ASSOCIATES, INC. DISCLAIM ANY LIABILITY FOR ANY CHANGES OR MODIFICATIONS.



TOWN OF ALPINE - PLAN REVIEW RECORD

PERMIT #:

21-06-24

APPLICATION DATE: 3 JUNE 24

TYPE OF REVIEW COMPLETED:

INSPECTOR: DAN HALSTEAD

(Circle One): COMMERCIAL RESIDENTIAL

OWNER: DIAMOND

CONTRACTOR: Division Home

JOB ADDRESS: 184 TRAIL DRIVE

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: Single Family Home

Date Received: 3 JUNE 24

Date Completed: 4 JUNE 24

YES	NO	TO BE COMPLETED BY TOWN BUILDING OFFICIAL	
		PRELIMINARY SITE PLAN REVIEW - LOCATION OF PROJECT, PROPOSED VEHICULAR ACCESS, WATER/SEWER CONNECTION LOCATIONS, PROPOSED UTILITY'S LOCATIONS, PROPANE TANK LOCATION, DRIVEWAY (CULVERTS, if required), SETBACKS, ONSITE DRAINAGE FACILITIES {Commercial Only}	
X		COMPLIANT WITH 2021 INTERNATIONAL BUILDING AND/OR RESIDENTIAL CODE	
		THREE {3} COMPLETE SET OF SCALED CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS STAMPED BY A STATE OF WYOMING LICENSED ENGINEER:	
X		a.	FOUNDATION
X		b.	FLOOR PLAN
X		c.	WALL SECTIONS
X		d.	ROOF SYSTEM
X		e.	BUILDING ELEVATIONS {Including Building Height from Finished Grade}
X		f.	EXTERIOR MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS
X		g.	ELECTRIAL PLAN
X		h.	PLUMBING PLAN {Fixture Locations}
X		i.	HVAC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION
X		j.	INSULATION SCHEDULE: {ENERGY CODE, RESCHECK OR COMCHECK USED}
X		k.	RADON IDENTIFICATION
		l.	TYPE OF OCCUPANCY IDENTIFIED
		M	ENGINEERING REVIEW NOTES/NEEDED
		RESIDENTIAL	

CORRECTIONS IDENTIFIED:

[illegible]

ADDITIONAL NOTES:

Window Wells = Set back area;
= Eaves all used in Set back Area;

BUILDING OFFICIAL REVIEW DEEMED:

ACCEPTABLE

UNACCEPTABLE

SIGNATURE OF BUILDING INSPECTOR REVIEWED BY:

RECEIVED
DIRECTOR REVIEWED BY:

TOWN OF ALPINE - SITE PLAN REVIEW

PERMIT #:

R1-06-24

Stage 1 - Inspection Record

APPLICATION DATE:

6/3/2024

TYPE OF REVIEW COMPLETED:

REVIEWER:

[Signature]

(Circle One): COMMERCIAL - RESIDENTIAL

OWNER:

John Diamond

CONTRACTOR:

Division Home

JOB ADDRESS:

184 Daniel Drive Rd,

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Single Family Home

YES	NO	TO BE COMPLETED BY PLANNING & ZONING COMMISSION
		COMPLETED, SIGNED AND DATED THE APPLICATION AND APPLICATION CHECKLIST
		ACTION TAKEN: Was the application and/or check list returned to the applicant

2nd Plot = 6.4 x 7.0 = 44.80

		COMPLETED AND ATTACHED SITE PLAN - IT MUST INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS:	
✓		a.	NORTH ARROW
✓		b.	SITE PLAN NAME Diamond Residence - Existing Plot
	✓	c.	ALL PROPERTY BOUNDARIES AND DIMENSIONS
		Lot Dimensions:	
		Lot Size:	15,246 Sq ft = 0.35 Acre
		d.	LOCATION OF EXISTING AND/OR PROPOSED STRUCTURES, UTILITY LINES (WATER/SEWER AND POWER), DRIVEWAYS, YARD HYDRANTS, PROPANE TANKS, ETC.,
✓		e.	IDENTIFICATION OF SETBACKS (HAVE MINIMUM SETBACK REQUIREMENTS BEEN MET?)
✓		f.	LOCATION/DIMENSIONS OF PARKING AREAS, DRIVEWAY, ETC.,
		Garage Identified:	NO garage
		Number of Units:	0
		Size Identified:	20 x 50 = 1000 Sq ft
		Number Provided:	1,000 - Drive Way
✓		g.	LOCATION OF ACCESS ROAD(S):
		Road Name:	Daniel Drive Road

✓		h. IDENTIFICATION OF ANY PROPERTY EASEMENTS SUCH AS ELECTRICAL LINES (OVERHEAD AND/OR UNDERGROUND) TELEPHONE, ETC. Specify: <u>Overhead Power</u>
✓		i. DRAINAGE PLAN - INDICATED LOCATION OF EXISTING AND/OR PROPOSED CULVERTS, DITCHES OR FLOW OF WATER ACROSS THE SITE, Specify: <u>See Notes - Grading Plan</u>
N/A		j. LOCATION OF IRRIGATION DITCHES (EXISTING IRRIGATION DITCHES PRESERVED), if any: <u>Grading plan</u>
✓		k. WINDOWS & ENTRYWAY - AT LEAST 15% OF THE AREA OF A STREET-FACING FACADE SHALL INCLUDE WINDOWS OR MAIN ENTRYWAYS. {Single Family Residential Only}
75 ft	Amount Needed:	3.75 Sq ft
	Amount Identified:	75 Sq ft
✓		l. MAXIMUM BUILDING HEIGHT VERIFICATION:
	Height Identified:	26 ft, 24"
✓		m. SNOW STORAGE AREAS IDENTIFIED: {All Districts}
	Amount Needed:	120 Sq ft
	Amount Identified:	Not provided
N/A		FUTURE THOUGHTS TO FENCING, AND/OR STORAGE SHED (Residential Projects)
N/A		FUTURE THOUGHTS TO FENCING, AND/OR STORAGE SHED AND/OR SIGN INSTALLATION (Commercial Projects)
✓		ATTACHED A COPY OF THE RECORDED DEED
ACTION TAKEN: Was the site plan returned to the applicant		

APPLICATION REVIEW DEEMED:

ACCEPTABLEUNACCEPTABLE

PLANNING & ZONING REVIEW & PERMIT MEETING DATE: _____

ADDITIONAL NOTES AND/OR ITEMS NEEDED:

3 levels = Unfinished Basement;
 Windows = 2@ 3080 Entry, 2@ 3080 Upper level
 Door = 1@ 3080 Entry = 24' x 18' x 24' = 78 Sq ft.
 * Snow Storage Number not provided; appears to be enough; but number is needed

SIGNATURE OF REVIEWER:





Minor Construction Permit Application

INFORMATION TO BE PROVIDED BY APPLICANT - ALL BLANKS MUST BE FILLED IN

PROJECT NAME:

Physical Address:	141 US 89
Legal Description (Lot # and Subdivision):	lot # 609 C of the lakeview Estates Subdivision
Estimated Valuation of Work:	3 Thousand
Description (Intent of Permit):	we added a Gas tank for our kitchen, need to place four metal / concrete Posts around it.

APPLICANT/CONTRACTOR/CONSULTANTS:

Owner: B Don Uchik	Phone: (818) 807-3882
Mailing Address:	
Contractor: MR MR. Pedro	Phone: (702) 350-0756
Mailing Address:	
Electrical Contractor:	Phone:
Mailing Address:	
Plumbing Contractor:	Phone:
Mailing Address:	
Mechanical Contractor:	Phone:
Mailing Address:	
Authorized Representative if different from Owner:	
Signature of Owner or Authorized Representative:	Date:

FOR USE BY TOWN:

Date Received:	Permit #:	Use Zone:
Permit Fees:	Paid Fees: (Check# / Cash)	Date Paid:







Office of Planning and Development Lincoln County, Wyoming

www.lincolncountywy.gov

Kemmerer Office
925 Sage Avenue Suite 201
Kemmerer, WY 83101
307-877-9056
fax 307-877-6439

Afton Office
61 E 5th Avenue
Mail: 421 Jefferson St, Ste 701
Afton, WY 83110
307-885-31

NOTICE

Tentative Planning & Zoning Commission Meeting

HEARING DATE: July 24, 2024

TIME: 6:00 p.m.

LOCATIONS: Video Conference between the following locations:

Lincoln County Courthouse, Commissioner Boardroom, 925 Sage Avenue 3rd Floor, Kemmerer, WY &
Afton Planning & Engineering Office, Conference Room, 61 East 5th Avenue, Afton, WY

The Project is tentatively scheduled for the County Commissioners Meeting, which will be held in the Commissioners Board Room, on August 14, 2024 at 10:00 a.m. in Kemmerer WY.

All interested citizens are invited to attend the public hearing and to provide input. Those planning on attending should call the day before to see if the meeting is still scheduled as noted above or if changes have taken place.

APPLICANT: Star Valley Development, LLC

FILE NUMBER: 106 CUP 24

COMMUNITY PLAN AREA: Alpine

PROJECT NAME: Alpine Trailhead

PLANNER: Elizabeth Williams

PROJECT: A Planned Unit Development (PUD) to create 105 rental units on 16 +/- acres in the Mixed Zone. The units will be served by Alpine Water and Sewer.

LOCATION: Located 1.2 miles south of the Town of Alpine, Wyoming in T36N R119W Section 3.

THIS APPLICATION WILL BE REVIEWED ACCORDING TO STANDARDS AND PROCEDURES OF THE LINCOLN COUNTY LAND USE REGULATIONS (see Planning website at www.lincolncountywy.gov). Please respond with your written, faxed, or email (planning@lincolncountywy.gov) comments by July 15, 2024 no later than 5:00 pm to be included in planning staff report.

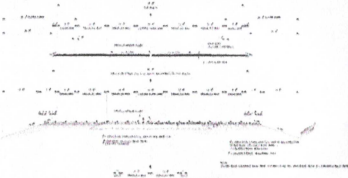
The Staff Report for this project will be available on July 17, 2024 at 5:00 p.m. for your perusal on the Planning website address:

<https://weblink.lcwy.org/WebLink/Browse.aspx?id=161128&dbid=0&repo=LincolnCounty>
Projects for Planning, and then click on the corresponding File Number noted above.



CURVE TABLE

CURVE	RADIUS	ABC	LTH	CHD	LTH	CHD	BEARING	DELTA
C1	2270.00'	883.67'	878.10'				N20°49'58"W	22°18'19"

HWY. 89 STREET SECTION

BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

PART OF NW 1/4 OF SECTION 3, T.28N., R.119W., LINCOLN COUNTY, WYOMING
MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

BEGINNING AT A POINT, SAID POINT BEING 89931.00 FEET 568.63 FEET AND
50009.00' W 227.81' FEET FROM THE NORTH EAST CORNER OF SAID SECTION 3;
3; THENCE NORTH 58°01'00" EAST 565.84 FEET; THENCE SOUTH 22°36'58" EAST
1221.61 FEET; THENCE SOUTH 05°09'14" EAST 668.98 FEET; THENCE
NORTH 17°50'58" WEST 441.21 FEET; THENCE SOUTH 09°12'03" WEST 702.24 FEET
THENCE NORTH 08°41'18" WEST 83.27 FEET; THENCE ALONG A
CHORD CURVE TO THE NORTH WEST CORNER OF SAID SECTION 300.00 FEET
FOR AN ARC LENGTH OF 885.67 FEET, A DELTA ANGLE OF 22°15'15", A CHORD
BEARING OF NORTH 20°49'56" WEST, AND A CHORD LENGTH OF 878.10 FEET;
THENCE NORTH 31°59'04" WEST 1030.21 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING.

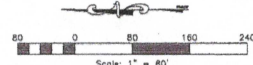
CONTAINING 693232 SQUARE FEET OR 15.928 ACRES.

NOTES

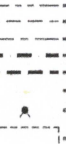

















1. PROPERTY IS IN ZONE X FLOOD PLAIN
2. EACH UNIT WILL HAVE INDIVIDUAL TRASH RECEPTACLES
3. SEWER AND CULINARY WATER WILL CONNECT TO EXISTING UTILITIES IN ALPINE TOWN
4. PROPERTY CURRENT ZONE: MIXED USE
5. UNITS WILL BE FIRE SPRINKLED
6. TOTAL ROADWAY/DRIVEWAY ACREAGE: 4.35
TOTAL OPENSPACE ACREAGE USED FOR SNOW STORAGE:
6.21 AC
7. NO GEOLOGICAL OR PHYSICAL FEATURES WERE IDENTIFIED ON THIS SITE

DESIGN SPECS.

TOTAL AREA.....	15.93 AC.
DENSITY.....	100 UNITS-6.3 UNITS/AC
REQUIRED OPEN SPACE.....	4.757 AC. OR 29.9%
PROVIDED OPEN SPACE.....	6.87 AC. (41.9%)
TOTAL PARKING.....	412
GARAGE PARKING.....	173
DRIVEWAY PARKING.....	200
ON-STREET PARKING.....	36
RV PARKING.....	3
*ADDITIONAL GRAVEL PARKING PROVIDED FOR RV/TRAILERS	



LEGEND

- 
 -  SECTION CORNER
 -  BOUNDARY LINE
 -  SECTION TIE LINE
 -  ADJOINING PROPERTY
 -  ROAD CENTERLINE
 -  EXISTING TRAIL
 -  PROPOSED TRAIL
 -  DRAINAGE FLOW ARROW
 -  PROPOSED FIRE HYDRANT
 -  EXISTING STRUCTURE
 -  PROPOSED PAVEMENT
 -  PROPOSED CONCRETE
 -  INDIVIDUAL COURT YARD
 -  MULTI-PLEX W/ ATTACHED GARAGE
 -  MULTI-PLEX W/ DETACHED GARAGE
 -  LIMITED COMMON AREA
 -  PRIVATE COURTYARD

Developer:

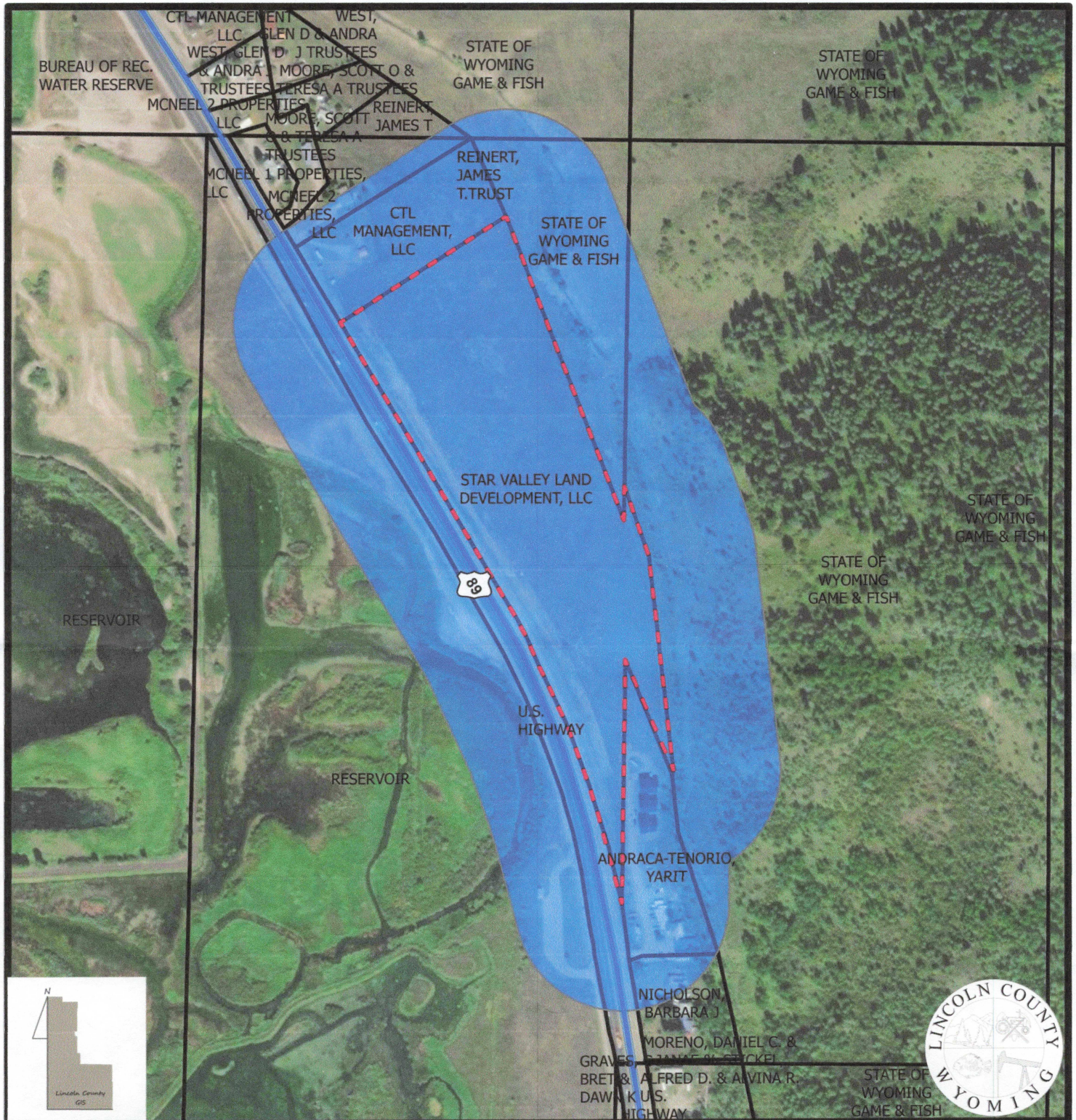
Great Lakes Capital
Ryan Rans
112 W. Jefferson Blvd., Suite 200
South Bend, IN. 46601
(574) 251-4400

Alpine Trailhead

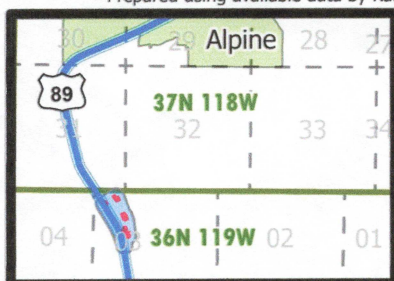
Lincoln County, Wyoming

Conditional Use Permit Application

Section 5, Itema.



Prepared using available data by Katie Gipson on 26 June 2024. Map is for informational purposes only and in no way represents an official survey of land.



Roads
Road_Type
US Highways
WY Highways
Projects
Township & Range
Sections
Municipalities
Public Noticing

File No 106 CUP 24
Alpine Trailhead
Star Valley Land
Development, LLC



Discussion on LUDC Proposed Changes:

Part 2 – Procedures

Part 3 – Zoning Ordinance

Part 6 – Rules of Interpretation and Definitions

PART 2 - PROCEDURES

ARTICLE 2.1 GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section 2-101. Purpose

Part 2 of the Alpine Land Use and Development Code outlines the procedures for filing and processing applications for the development of lands in the Town of Alpine. These procedures are intended to establish a consistent and transparent process for the evaluation and approval of applications for land subdivisions, land use plan amendments, planned unit development projects, zone changes, variances, as well as building and sign permits.

The process of reviewing private and public land use proposals is the method used by the Town of Alpine to:

- (a) Ensure the public health, safety, and welfare of Town residents; and
- (b) Evaluate the consistency of proposed land uses with the community land use plan contained in the Town of Alpine Municipal Master Plan.

ARTICLE 2.2 GENERAL DEVELOPMENT REVIEW AND APPROVAL PROCESS

Section 2-201. General Requirements

- (a) No development or construction activity is permitted until all applicable development approvals are issued by the Town of Alpine in accordance with Part 2 of the Alpine Land Use and Development Code. If a property is to be annexed into the incorporated boundaries of the Town a planned unit development concept with zone identification is required to accompany the annexation petition/application.
- (b) Development approvals are required for all development projects to ensure compliance with codes and standards adopted by the Town of Alpine, as well as consistency with the Town of Alpine Municipal Master Plan. All annexation petition/applications will be reviewed for consistency with the Town of Alpine Master Plan.
- (c) Any development on a parcel and/or a piece of land that is larger than one (1) acre will be required to follow the planned unit development process. Development approvals are required for all development projects to ensure compliance with codes and standards adopted by the Town of Alpine, as well as consistency with the Town of Alpine Municipal Master Plan. All annexation petition/applications will be reviewed for consistency with the Town of Alpine Master Plan.
- (d) General land use application requirements are summarized in Table 2-1 and described more fully in later sections of Part 2.
- (e) Decisions by the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission, Alpine Board of Adjustments, and Alpine Town Council concerning applications for land use plan map amendments, planned unit developments, zone changes, variances, subdivisions, buildings, and signs shall be transmitted to applicants in writing. Approvals may contain specific stipulations or conditions which modify the original application. Denials of any application shall be accompanied with documentation of the rationale used by the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission, Alpine Board of Adjustments, and/or the Alpine Town Council to make its determination.
- (f) Any construction activity shall be subject to inspections by the Town of Alpine Building Official, or its designated representative, until the Certificate of Occupancy or Certificate of Completion has been issued.

- (g) All completed land use permit applications must contain documented approval of the landowner(s) of the subject property.
- (h) If the property is located in an established subdivision, with an active architectural review committee and/or homeowner association, project approval shall accompany the permit application.
- (i) Upon inspection and final approval of all construction that is authorized via municipal building permits, the Town of Alpine shall issue a Certificate of Occupancy to the owner(s).
- (j) No new building shall be used or occupied until a Certificate of Occupancy and/or a Temporary Certificate of Occupancy has been issued by the Town of Alpine.

TABLE 2-1 LAND USE DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS TOWN OF ALPINE					
<i>Land Use Permit</i>	<i>Information Accompanying Application Form</i>	<i>Public Hearing</i>	<i>Notice Prior to Public Hearing</i>	<i>Decision Process</i>	<i>Appeals</i>
Land Use Plan Amendment	Rationale for plan amendment; proposed changes in land use plan map designations	Planning and Zoning Commission	30 days	Planning and Zoning Commission makes recommendation to Town Council for final action	District Court as outlined in Part 5
Planned Unit Development	Conceptual site plan of proposed land use development; proposed changes in zoning designations; legal property description; authorization of landowner	Planning and Zoning Commission	30 days	Planning and Zoning Commission makes recommendation to Town Council for final action	District Court as outlined in Part 5
Zone Change	Conceptual site plan of proposed land use development; proposed changes in zoning designations; legal property description; authorization of landowner	Planning and Zoning Commission	30 days	Planning and Zoning Commission makes recommendation to Town Council for final action	District Court as outlined in Part 5
Variance	Plot plan, description and rationale for deviation from ordinance	Board of Adjustment	30 days	Board of Adjustment makes final decision.	Town Council
Subdivision Approval	Generally, include master plan report, preliminary plat, and final plat drawings. But variable requirements for simple, minor and major subdivisions.	Planning and Zoning Commission	30 days	Planning and Zoning Commission makes recommendation to Town Council for final action	District Court as outlined in Part 5

- (j) The Alpine Town Clerk and/or their representative shall not issue a business license to any business being conducted in any building or temporary structure (constructed or placed after the effective date of the ordinance) that does not comply with any provision of the Alpine Land Use and Development Code.

Section 2-202. General Evaluation Criteria

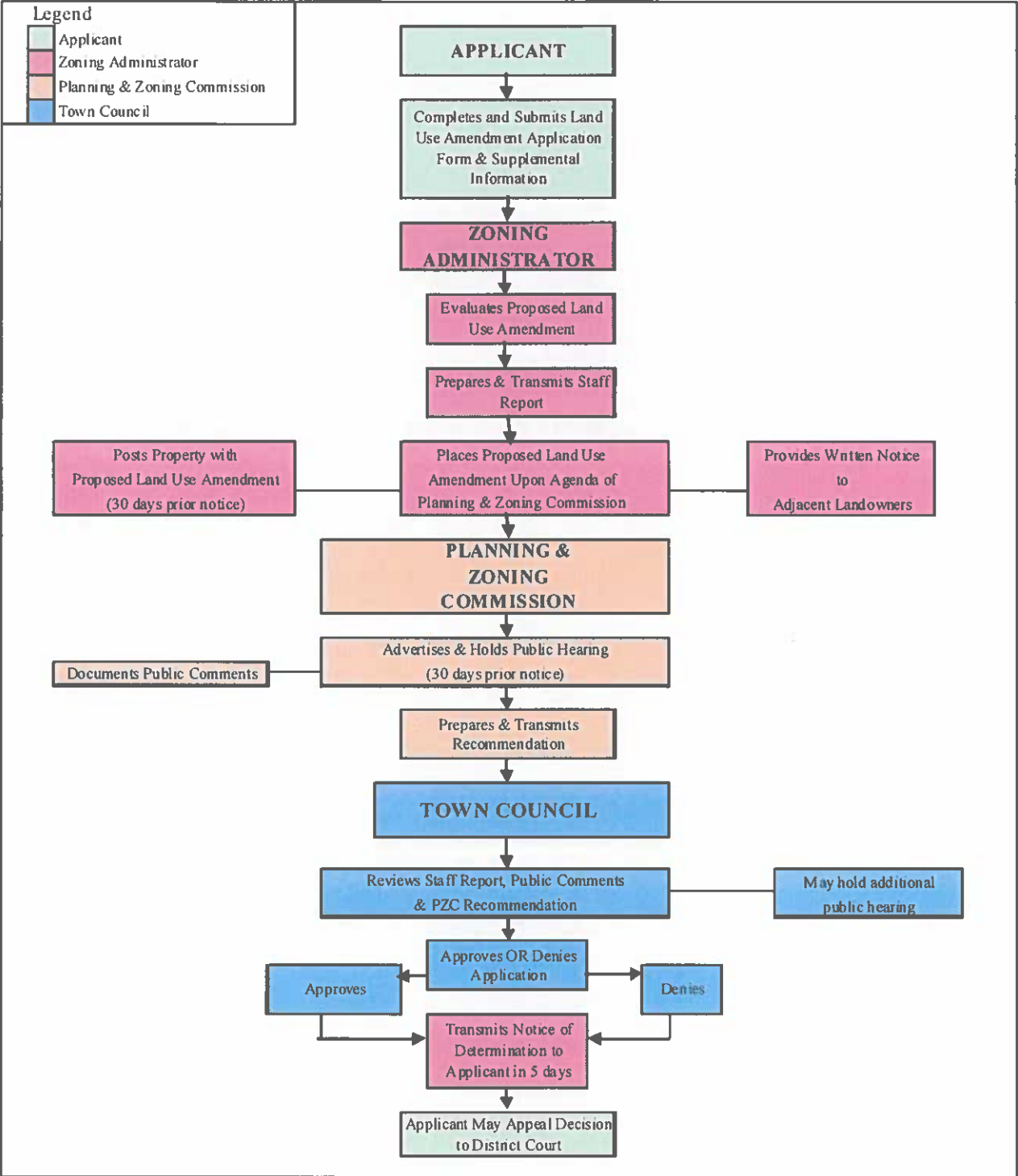
- (a) The development review process shall generally involve the Town of Alpine's consideration and evaluation of, at least, the following issues:
 - (1) Consistency of proposed land uses with the community land use plan map contained in the Alpine Municipal Master Plan.
 - (2) Consistency of proposed land uses to permit uses, minimum lot sizes, densities, and accessory uses outlined in the Alpine Zoning Ordinance (Part 3) and related Alpine Zoning Map.
 - (3) Potential project stipulations or conditions for a land use plan map amendment, zone change, variance or subdivision that may be required to ensure the compatibility of the project with adjacent land uses and protect the health, safety, and welfare of the general public.
 - (4) Long-term operation and maintenance of subdivisions, multi-use residential complexes, community facilities, public facilities, and on-site amenities.
 - (5) Conformance of proposed buildings and structures to required building setbacks, building heights, and signage limitations outlined in the Alpine Land Use and Development Code.
 - (6) Conformance of proposed buildings and structures to building code requirements adopted by the Town of Alpine and outlined in Parts 3 and 4 of the Alpine Land Use and Development Code.
 - (7) Conformance of proposed land uses to vehicular parking requirements outlined in Parts 3 and 4 of the Alpine Land Use and Development Code.
 - (8) Connection of primary structures to municipal water and sewer systems.
 - (9) Conformance of proposed site development to onsite drainage, snow storage and landscaping requirements outlined in Parts 3 and 4 of the Alpine Land Use and Development Code.

Section 2-203. Land Use Plan Amendment Process

- (a) A proposed amendment to the adopted community land use plan map contained within the Alpine Municipal Master Plan may be initiated by the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission, Alpine Town Council, or other residents of the Town of Alpine, (Figure 2-1).
- (b) Applicants must complete a land use amendment form that shall request, at least, the following information:
 - (1) Name, address, telephone number, e-mail address, and fax number of the applicant.
 - (2) Proposed changes in land use plan map designations.
 - (3) Rationale for the proposed land use amendment.
 - (4) A scaled illustration depicting the location of the proposed land use amendment.
- (c) The Zoning Administrator shall evaluate the merits, disadvantages, and potential impacts of the proposed land use amendment upon community residents, municipal infrastructure, community land use relationships,

and the economy of Alpine. Subsequently, the Zoning Administrator shall prepare and transmit a documented staff report containing these analyses and related recommendations to the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission.

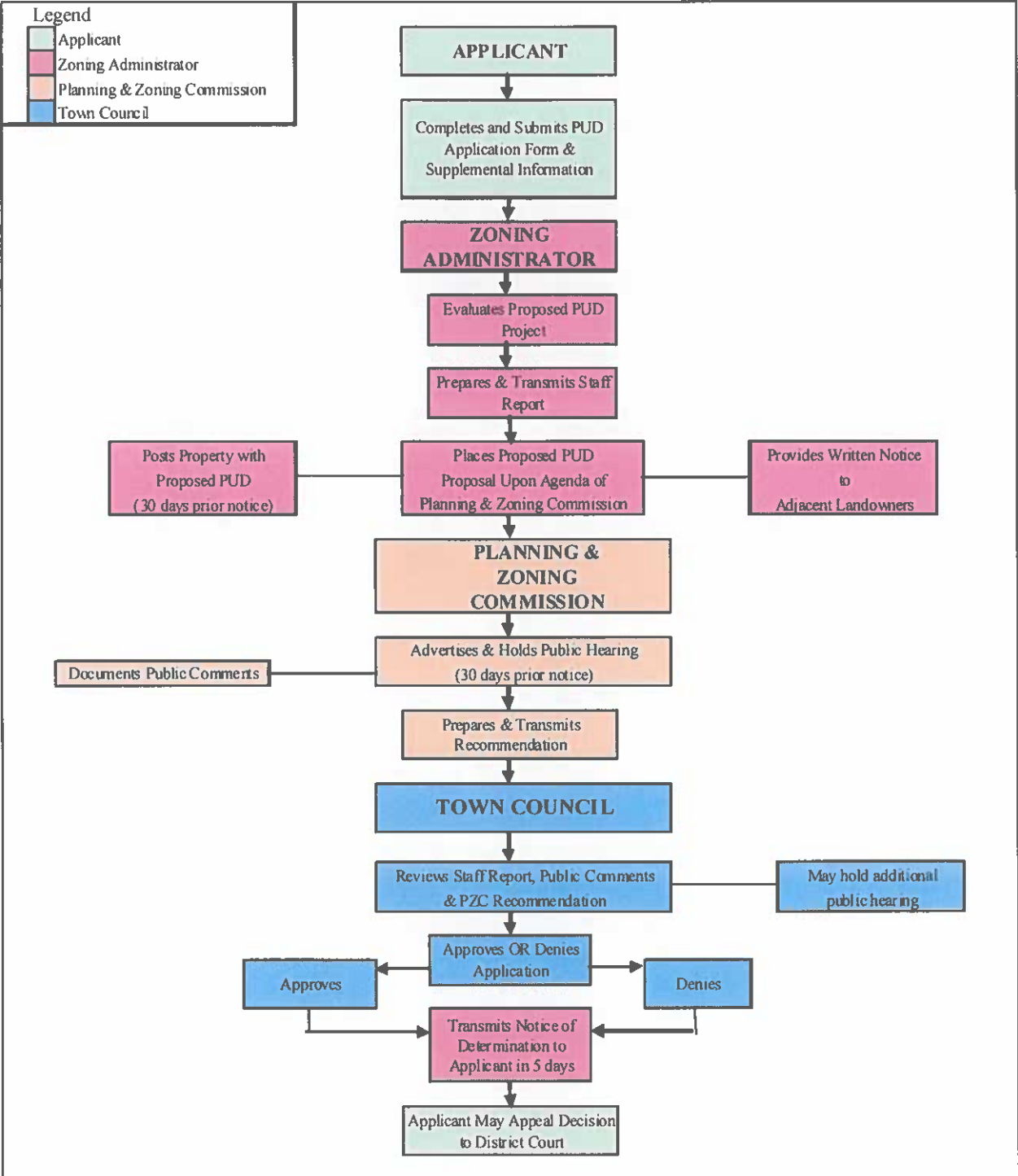
- (d) The Zoning Administrator shall as soon as practical, place the proposed land use amendment upon the agenda of the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission.
- (e) Before any decision is reached by the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission.
 - (1) The Zoning Administrator shall post a copy of the proposed land use amendment upon the property where the zone change is requested. This public notice shall be made, at least, thirty (30) days before the proposed land use amendment is considered publicly by the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission.



- (2) The Zoning Administrator shall provide written notice to all owners of property within five hundred (500) feet of the property or properties under consideration for a land use amendment. The written notice shall also include the date, time, and place when the proposed land use amendment will be considered by the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission.
- (3) The Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission shall hold one (1) public hearing at a public facility within the Town of Alpine. Town residents and the general public shall receive at least thirty (30) days' notice of the public hearing. Public notice shall be advertised in one (1) newspaper of general circulation throughout Lincoln County. Public comments received during the meeting shall be documented for subsequent reference during the land use plan amendment process.
- (f) Upon consideration of a staff report from the Zoning Administrator for public comment, the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission shall make a written recommendation to the Alpine Town Council. The recommendation shall state the rationale for its decision.
- (g) The Town Council shall review the staff report from the Zoning Administrator, for public comments, and the recommendation of the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission. In the course of its review, the Town Council may hold an additional public hearing to provide an expanded opportunity for public comment.
- (h) The Town Council shall approve, approve with conditions, or deny the proposed land use amendment by ordinance. In the event that further information is required by the Town Council to complete its evaluation, the Town Council may table the proposed land use amendment until desired information is obtained and reviewed by the Town Council.
- (i) The Zoning Administrator shall issue a written notice of determination to the applicant within five (5) business days of the decision of the Town Council. The notice shall indicate the decision made and, when appropriate, stipulations that may accompany the approval of a specific application.
- (j) Any appeal of the decisions by the Alpine Town Council may be reviewed by the District Court pursuant to Rule 12 of the Wyoming Rules of Appellate Procedure.

Section 2-204. Planned Unit Development Process

- (a) The purpose of the planned unit development process (Figure 2-2) is to:
 - (1) Permit and encourage the development of a combination of land uses that would not be possible via the permitted uses authorized within each zoning district where there is a demonstrable benefit to the town.
 - (2) Permit and encourage the creative design of new residential areas that may vary from residential subdivisions of standard lot sizes and standard street systems; and
 - (3) Permit the creative design of new buildings associated with residential, commercial, industrial, community facility and public facility land uses; open space areas; bicycle and pedestrian access; vehicular access and parking; and landscaping which may vary, in part, from the development and building standards outlined in Parts 2 and 3 of the Alpine Land Use and Development Code.



Town of Alpine

Land Use & Development Code

Planned Unit Development Process

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Figure 2-2

Town of Alpine Land Use and Development Code
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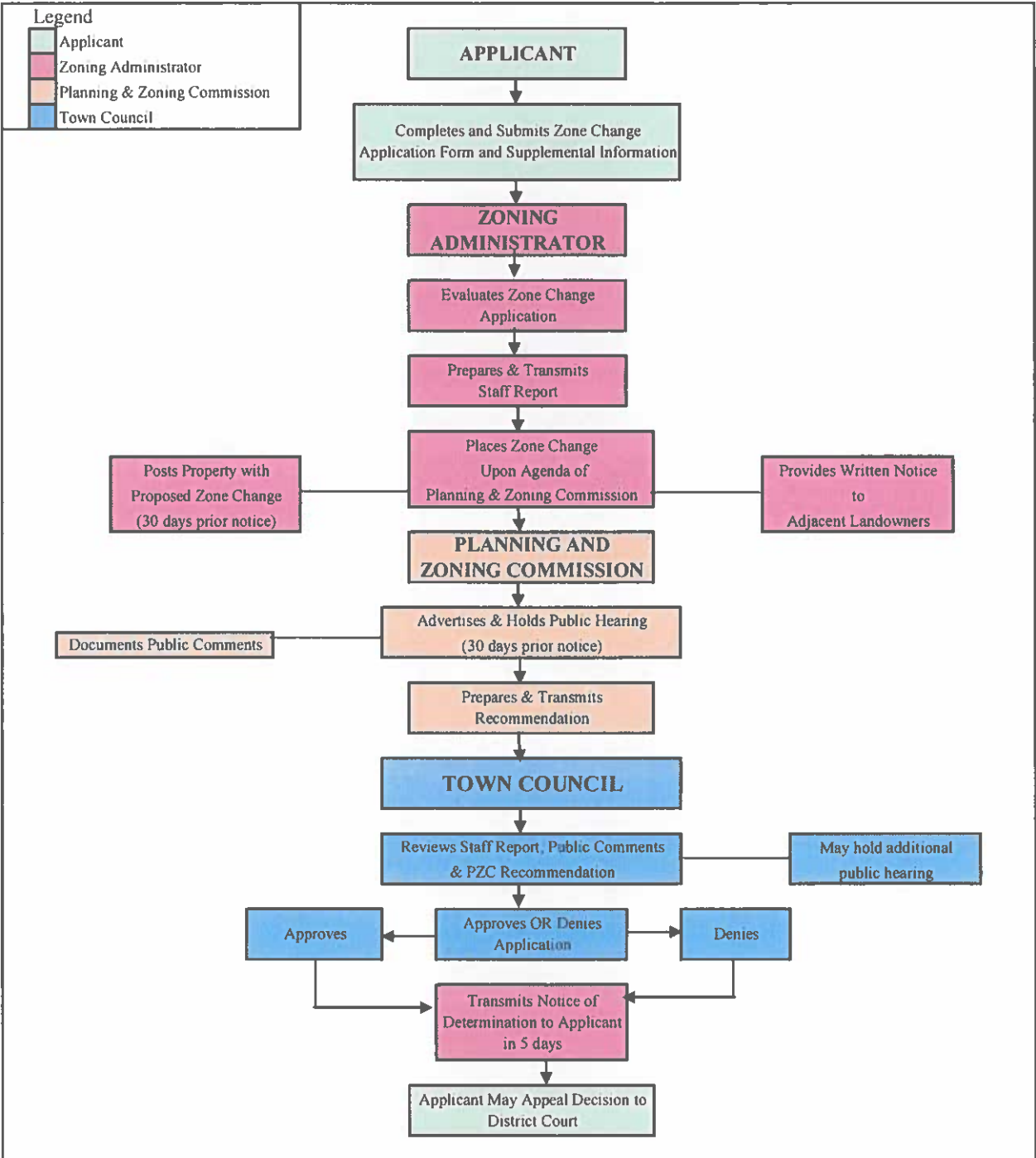
- (b) Owners and/or prospective developers of one or more lots or parcels, which comprise more than one (1) acre of land area, may make application for a planned unit development in any single family residential, multi-unit residential, mixed residential and commercial, or general commercial zoning district. Owners may gain somewhat greater flexibility in site design and development in exchange for a more detailed site, building plan review, development stipulations, and impact fees.
- (c) Applicants must complete a planned unit development application form that shall request at least the following information:
 - (1) Name, address, telephone number, e-mail address, and fax number of the applicant.
 - (2) When the applicant is not the landowner, the applicant shall furnish a written letter from the landowner, which authorizes the application and endorses the proposed project.
 - (3) Name, address, telephone number and e-mail address of the person or company responsible for preparation of the conceptual site plan, which supports the application.
 - (4) Legal description and total land area of the lands incorporated into the proposed planned unit development.
 - (5) Impact fees shall be assessed at the time of application. Before final approval impact fees must be paid.
- (d) Applicants shall also provide the following additional information, which shall supplement a completed application form.
 - (1) Location map of project site and properties immediately adjacent to the proposed planned unit development.
 - (2) A scaled illustration of the existing properties within the proposed planned unit development site. This illustration shall locate all existing utility systems, easements, roads and streets, drainage areas and facilities, existing zoning, existing buildings, and topography.
 - (3) A conceptual site plan of the proposed land use development concept.
 - (4) A schedule for the proposed development project.
 - (6) A project narrative describing proposed land uses, proposed site design and construction criteria, as well as any proposed covenants and restrictions of record.
 - (7) A description of the benefits that shall be provided to the town.
- (e) The Zoning Administrator shall make a careful plan review of the proposed development project. The Zoning Administrator, or his or her authorized representative, shall evaluate the merits, disadvantages, and potential impacts of the proposed project upon adjoining land uses, municipal infrastructure, vehicular and pedestrian access, drainage and snow storage, public health and safety, and community land use relationships. Subsequently, the Zoning Administrator shall prepare and transmit a documented staff report containing these analyses and related recommendations to the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission.
- (f) The Zoning Administrator shall, as soon as practical, place the proposed planned unit development application on the agenda of the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission.
- (g) Before any decision is reached by the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission:

- (1) The Zoning Administrator shall post a copy of the proposed planned unit development application upon the property where the planned unit development is requested. This public notice shall be made, at least, thirty (30) days before the planned unit development application is considered publicly by the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission.
- (2) The Zoning Administrator shall provide written notice to all owners of property within five hundred (500) feet of the property or properties under consideration for a planned unit development. The written notice will also include the date, time and place when the proposed planned unit development shall be considered by the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission.
- (3) The Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission shall hold one (1) public hearing at a public facility within the Town of Alpine. Town residents and the general public will receive at least thirty (30) days' notice of the public hearing. Public notice shall be advertised in one (1) newspaper of general circulation throughout Lincoln County. Public comments received during the meeting shall be documented for subsequent reference during the zone change process.
- (h) Upon consideration of a staff report from the Zoning Administrator, and public comment, the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission shall make a written recommendation to the Alpine Town Council. The recommendation shall state the rationale for its decision. When necessary, the recommendation from the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission may include project stipulations that may be imposed to mitigate potential impacts upon neighboring properties and the general community.
- (i) The Town Council shall review the staff report from the Zoning Administrator, for public comments, and the recommendation of the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission. In the course of its review, the Town Council may hold an additional public hearing to provide an expanded opportunity for public comment.
- (j) The Town Council shall approve, approve with conditions, or deny the proposed planned unit development project by ordinance. In the event that further information is required by the Town Council to complete its evaluation, the Town Council may table its consideration of the proposed planned unit development project until desired information is obtained and reviewed by the Town Council.
- (k) The Zoning Administrator shall issue a written notice of determination to the applicant within five (5) business days of the decision of the Town Council. The notice shall indicate the decision made and, when appropriate, stipulations that may accompany the approval of a specific application.
- (l) No statement of covenants and restrictions shall be filed at the Lincoln County Courthouse until the Alpine Town Council first approves the planned unit development by Ordinance.
- (m) Any appeal of the decisions by the Alpine Town Council may be reviewed by the district court pursuant to Rule 12 of the Wyoming Rules of Appellate Procedure.

Section 2-205. Zone Change Process

- (a) The purpose of the zone change process (Figure 2-3) is to provide landowners and/or prospective developers with the potential opportunity to modify zoning district boundaries depicted on the Alpine Zoning map. This process is required for those landowners and/or prospective developers who wish to establish land uses on one (1) or more lots or land parcels that are inconsistent with the permitted land uses authorized under existing zoning.

- (b) Owners and/or prospective developers of any lots or parcels may make application for a zone change in any zoning district.



Town of Alpine
Land Use & Development Code

Zone Change Process

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Figure 2-3

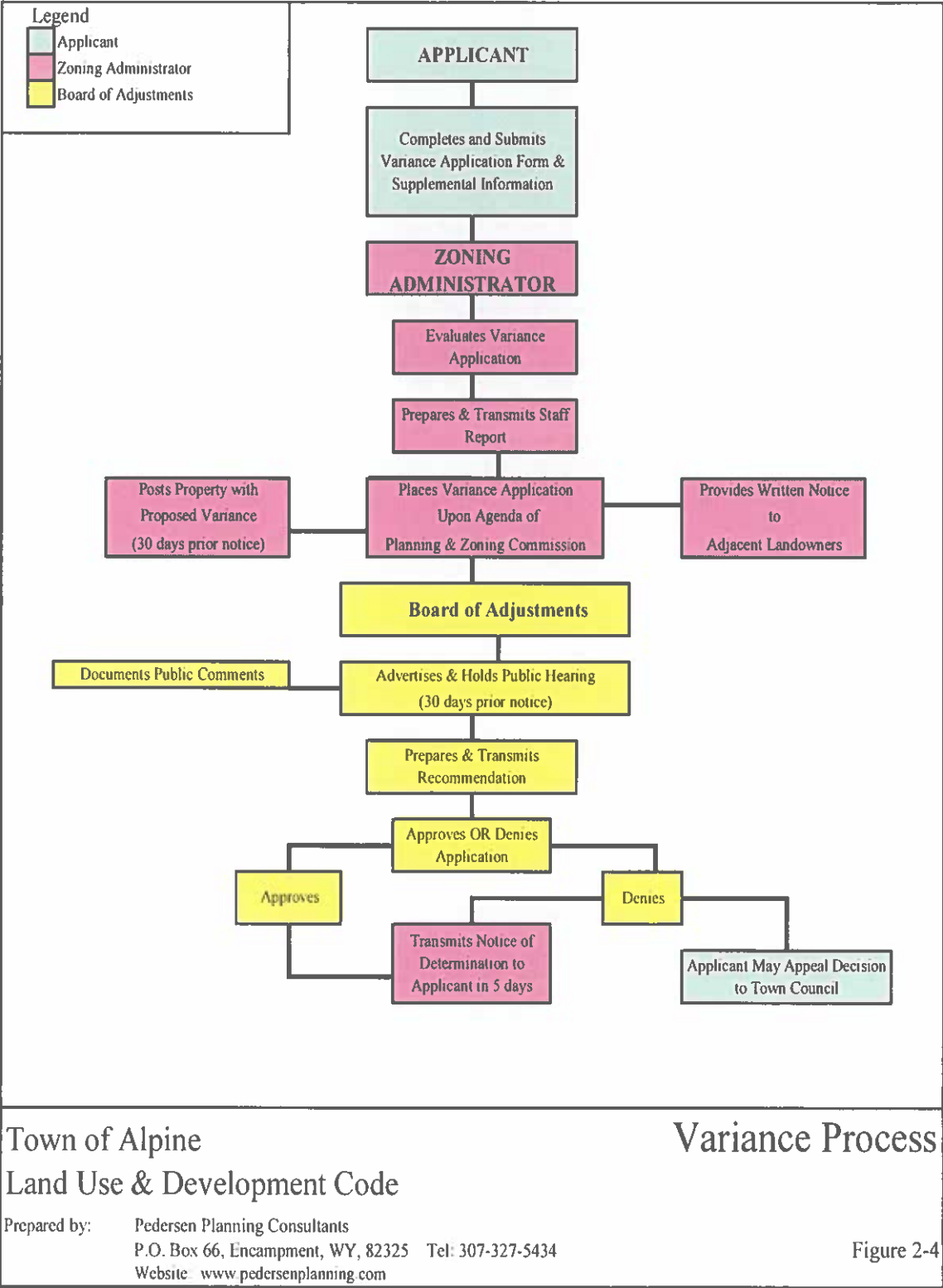
- (c) Applicants must complete a zone change application form that shall request at least the following information:
 - (1) Name, address, telephone number, e-mail address, and fax number of the applicant.
 - (2) When the applicant is not the landowner, the applicant shall furnish a written notarized letter from the landowner which authorizes the application and endorses the proposed zone change.
 - (3) Name, address, telephone number and e-mail address of the person or company responsible for preparation of the conceptual site plan supporting the application.
 - (4) Legal description and total land area of the lands proposed for a zone change.
- (d) Applicants shall also provide the following additional information, which shall supplement a completed application form.
 - (1) Location map of the lots or land parcels being considered for a zone change.
 - (2) A conceptual site plan of the proposed land use development concept.
 - (3) A development schedule for proposed land use.
 - (4) A description of how the zone changes shall impact the surrounding area.
- (e) The Zoning Administrator, or his or her authorized representative, shall make a careful plan review of the proposed zone change and related land use development proposal. The Zoning Administrator, or his or her authorized representative, shall evaluate the merits, disadvantages, and potential impacts of the proposed zone change upon adjoining land uses, municipal infrastructure, public health and safety, and community land use relationships. Subsequently, the Zoning Administrator shall prepare and transmit a documented staff report containing these analyses and related recommendations to the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission.
- (f) The Zoning Administrator shall, as soon as practical, place the proposed zone change application on the agenda of the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission.
- (g) Before any decision is reached by the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission:
 - (1) The Zoning Administrator shall post a copy of the proposed zone change upon the property where the zone change is requested. This public notice shall be made, at least, thirty (30) days before the zone change is considered publicly by the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission.
 - (2) The Zoning Administrator shall provide written notice to all owners of property within five hundred (500) feet of the property or properties under consideration for a proposed zone change. The written notice shall also include the date, time and place when the proposed zone change shall be considered by the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission.
 - (3) The Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission shall hold one (1) public hearing at a public facility within the Town of Alpine. Town residents and the general public shall receive at least thirty (30) days' notice of the public hearing. Public notice shall be advertised in one (1) newspaper of general circulation throughout Lincoln County. Public comments received during the meeting shall be documented for subsequent reference during the zone change process.

- (h) Upon consideration of a staff report from the Zoning Administrator for public comment, the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission shall make a written recommendation to the Alpine Town Council. The recommendation shall state the rationale for its decision. When necessary, the recommendation from the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission may include project stipulations or conditions that may be imposed to mitigate potential impacts upon neighboring properties and the general community.
- (i) The Town Council shall review the staff report from the Zoning Administrator for public comments, and the recommendation of the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission. In the course of its review, the Town Council may hold an additional public hearing to provide an expanded opportunity for public comment.
- (j) The Town Council shall approve, approve with conditions, or modifications, or deny the proposed zone change by the third reading. In the event that further information is required by the Town Council to complete its evaluation, the Town Council may table the proposed zone change until desired information is obtained and reviewed by the Town Council. The approved zone change will be adopted by ordinance after the passing of the third and final ordinance reading.
- (k) The Zoning Administrator shall issue a written notice of determination to the applicant within five (5) business days of the decision of the Town Council. The notice shall indicate the decision made and, when appropriate, stipulations that may accompany the approval of a specific application.
- (l) Any appeal of the decisions by the Alpine Town Council may be reviewed by the district court pursuant to Rule 12 of the Wyoming Rules of Appellate Procedure.

Section 2-206. Variance Process

- (a) The purpose of the variance process (Figure 2-4) is to modify the strict application of the requirements of the Alpine Zoning Ordinance. A variance can be granted by the Alpine Board of Adjustments where it can be shown that unusual site or building characteristics, extraordinary circumstances, or other relevant factors, prevent a landowner from using a lot or land parcel for purposes permitted in the zoning district where the property is located.
- (b) Each authorized variance shall apply to a specific use or structure and shall continue in perpetuity regardless of future changes in land ownership.
- (c) Owners and/or prospective developers of any lots or parcels may make application for a variance in any zoning district.
- (d) Applicants must complete a variance application form that shall request at least the following information:
 - (1) Name, address, telephone number, e-mail address, and fax number of the applicant.
 - (2) When the applicant is not the landowner, the applicant shall furnish a written, notarized letter from the landowner, which authorizes the application and endorses the proposed variance.
 - (3) Legal description and total land area of the land and/or the total floor area of the building(s) where the proposed variance would be located.
- (e) Applicants shall also provide the following additional information, which shall supplement a completed application form.
 - (1) Location map of the lots or land parcels being considered for a variance.

- (2) A plot plan of the site and buildings where the proposed variance would occur.



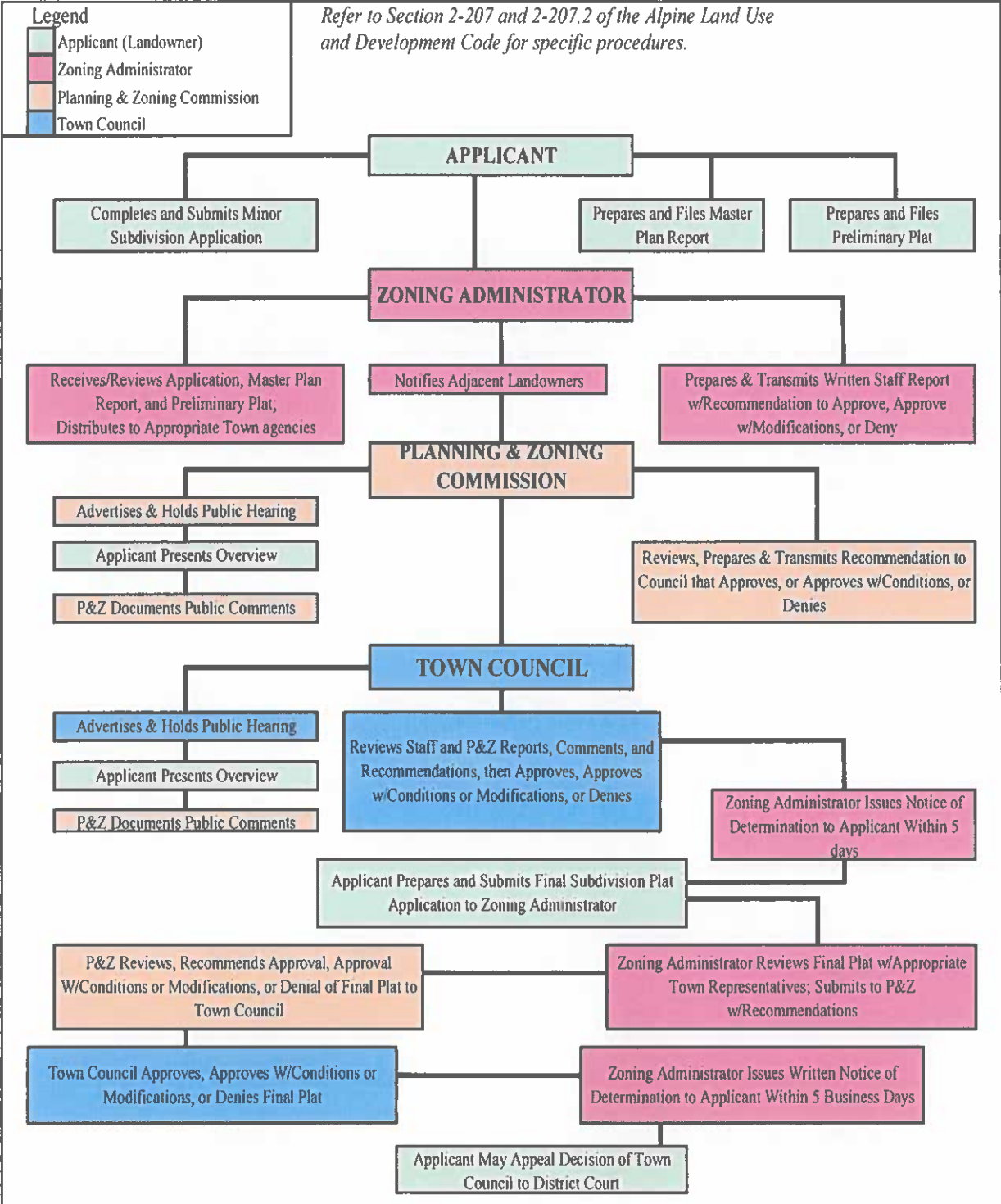
- (3) The limitations in the dimensions of the lot and/or buildings under consideration that prevent the applicant from developing or pursuing the type of land uses permitted in the zoning district where the property is located.
- (f) The Zoning Administrator, or his or her authorized representative, shall make a review of the proposed variance in the context of the three considerations outlined in Section 2-206 (j). This evaluation and a related recommendation shall be documented and transmitted to the Alpine Board of Adjustments.
- (g) The Zoning Administrator shall, as soon as practical, place the proposed variance on the agenda of the Alpine Board of Adjustments.
- (h) Before any decision is reached by the Alpine Board of Adjustments:
 - (1) The Zoning Administrator shall post a copy of the proposed variance upon the property where the variance is requested. This public notice shall be made, at least, thirty (30) days before the proposed variance is considered publicly by the Alpine Board of Adjustments.
 - (2) The Zoning Administrator shall provide written notice to all owners of property within five hundred (500) feet of the property or properties under consideration for a variance. The written notice shall also include the date, time and place when the proposed variance shall be considered by the Alpine Board of Adjustments.
 - (3) The Alpine Board of Adjustments shall hold one (1) public hearing at a public facility within the Town of Alpine. Town residents and the general public shall receive at least thirty (30) days' notice of the public hearing. Public notice shall be advertised in one (1) newspaper of general circulation throughout Lincoln County. Public comments received during the meeting will be documented for subsequent reference during the variance process.
- (i) Upon consideration of a staff report from the Zoning Administrator, for public comments made during a scheduled public hearing concerning the proposed variance, the Alpine Board of Adjustments shall make its decision concerning the variance request. Any affirmative decision may contain specific stipulations which may modify the specific variance request.
- (j) In determining whether to approve, approve with conditions, or deny a variance application, the Alpine Board of Adjustments shall use and address the following considerations. No variance shall be authorized unless the Alpine Board of Adjustments determines that it is pursuant to §15-1-608 of the Wyoming State Statutes, no adjustment in the strict application of any provision of an ordinance may be granted unless:
 - (1) There are special circumstances or conditions, fully described in the board's findings, which are peculiar to the land or building for which the adjustment is sought and do not apply generally to land or buildings in the neighborhood, and have not resulted from any act of the applicant subsequent to the adoption of the ordinance;
 - (2) For reasons fully set forth in the board's findings, the circumstances or conditions are such that the strict application of the provisions of the ordinance would deprive the applicant of the reasonable use of the land or building, the granting of the adjustment is necessary for the reasonable use thereof and the adjustment as granted is the minimum adjustment that will accomplish this purpose;
 - (3) The granting of the adjustment is in harmony with the general purposes and intent of the ordinance and will not be injurious to the neighborhood or otherwise detrimental to the public welfare;
 - (4) The special circumstances or conditions have not resulted from any act of the applicant that was intended to circumvent the Land Use and Development Code;

- (k) A notice of determination of the Alpine Board of Adjustments will be prepared by the Zoning Administrator and transmitted to the applicant within five (5) business days of the decision of the Board of Adjustments. The notice of determination shall state the rationale for approval or disapproval for the proposed variance and outline any required stipulations to any approved variance application; and
- (l) Any appeal of the decisions by the Alpine Board of Adjustments shall be made to the Alpine Town Council.

Section 2-207. Subdivision Process

- (a) The intent of the subdivision review and approval process is to encourage the development of attractive neighborhoods, commercial areas, and public spaces that shall represent healthy and safe places to live and work.
- (b) The Town of Alpine shall establish separate review and approval processes for simple, minor and major lands subdivisions (Figures 2-5, 2-6 and 2-7).
- (c) Simple subdivision requirements shall apply to subdivisions that:
 - (1) create only one (1) additional lot or parcel; or,
 - (2) consolidate one (1) or more lots; or,
 - (3) change a boundary line between two (2) adjoining lots or parcels; or,
 - (4) change a subdivision plat to correct errors in legal descriptions or monument locations; and,
 - (5) require no change in zoning.
- (d) Minor subdivision requirement shall apply to subdivision that:
 - (1) create two (2) to five (5) lots or parcels;
 - (2) may or may not conform to existing zoning; and,
 - (4) shall not require the construction of new municipal streets, the extension of municipal water and wastewater systems, or the development of other public improvements.
- (e) Major subdivision requirements shall apply to subdivisions that:
 - (1) create six (6) or more lots or parcels;
 - (2) may or may not conform to existing zoning; and,
 - (3) shall require the construction of new municipal streets, the extension of municipal water and wastewater systems, or the development of other public improvements; and,
 - (4) generate significant impacts upon existing public improvements and facilities.



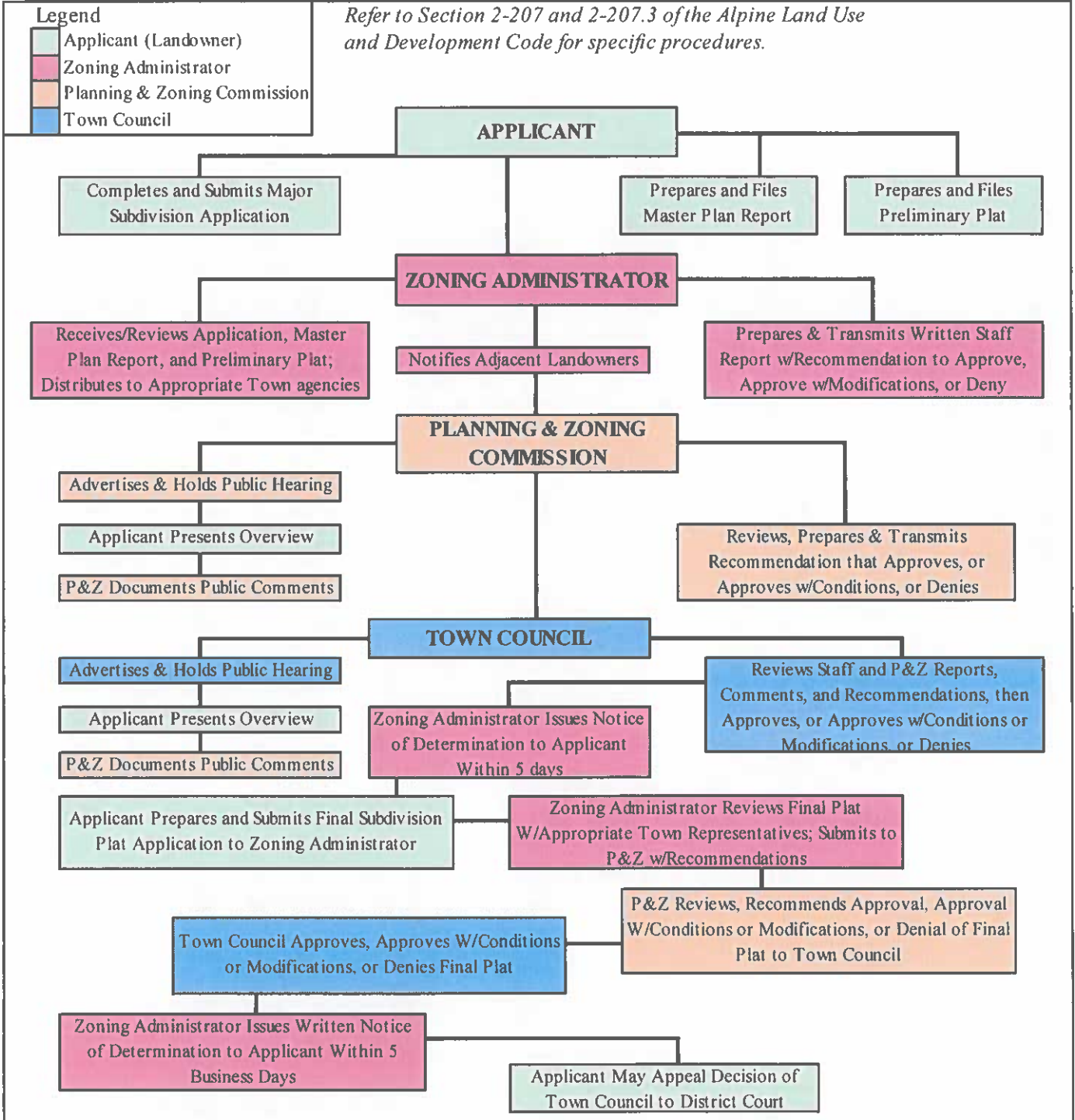


Town of Alpine
Land Use & Development Code

Minor Subdivision
Review Process

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Figure 2-6



Town of Alpine Land Use & Development Code

Major Subdivision Review Process

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Figure 2-7

Town of Alpine Land Use and Development Code

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Section 2-207.1 Simple Subdivision Review and Approval Process (Figure 2-5)

- (a) The landowner and/or his designated representative shall meet with the Zoning Administrator in a pre-application conference. The intent of this conference is to gain a mutual understanding of:
 - (1) the scope of the proposed project and the applicant's specific development objectives;
 - (2) the applicant's anticipated project schedule;
 - (3) approvals required by the Town of Alpine before any development can occur;
 - (4) the documents, plans, drawings, fees, and other materials that shall be needed to process a complete subdivision application; and,
 - (5) potential issues associated with the subdivision.
- (b) Applicant shall complete and file a simple subdivision application form, and related filing fees, to the Zoning Administrator. The simple subdivision application shall include the name, address, telephone number and e-mail address of the owner(s) and applicant, a legal description of the property to be subdivided, and a copy of the deed and easements pertaining to the property. The owner(s) of the property, or his legal representative, shall authorize the subdivision application via his or her signature on the application.
- (c) Applicant shall prepare and file a preliminary plat with the Zoning Administrator that contains, at least, the following information:
 - (1) Proposed name of subdivision, the size of property to be subdivided (in acres), and the size of the lot or parcel being created;
 - (2) Name and address of the subdivision applicant, professional engineer or professional land surveyor registered in the State of Wyoming who prepared the plat, and owners of subject property;
 - (3) Location and boundaries of the subdivision that are tied to two (2) legal survey monuments;
 - (4) Date of drawing preparation and all subsequent revisions, as well as a scale (not less than one {1} inch = two hundred {200} feet) and north arrow;
 - (5) Boundary lines of subdivision, the location and dimensions of all existing streets, alleys, trails, paths, easements, watercourses and irrigation ditches, and structures on and within two hundred (200) feet of the subdivision;
 - (6) Location of existing water distribution and wastewater collection lines on and within two hundred (200) feet of the subdivision;
 - (7) Two (2) foot contours where ground slopes are less than ten (10) percent and five (5) foot contours where ground slopes exceed ten (10) percent.
- (d) The Zoning Administrator shall review the application and preliminary plat for completeness and conformance to the procedural requirements outlined in Part 2 of the Alpine Land Use and Development Code, as well as the plat's consistency with subdivision development standards and design criteria outlined in Part 3 of the Alpine Land Use and Development Code. Based upon this review, the Zoning Administrator shall provide a written staff report to the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission that confirms the completeness of the subdivision application, the receipt of required filing fees, and no requirements for a change in zoning. If necessary, this report may also recommend possible modifications to the plat or provide rationale for denial of the subdivision application.

- (e) The Zoning Administrator shall notify, in writing, all landowners of properties that are located within five hundred (500) feet of the proposed simple subdivision.
- (f) The Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission shall review and discuss the recommendations of the Zoning Administrator. Although no public hearing will be required all notified property owners shall have fifteen (15) business days to submit their comments. Subsequently, the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission shall approve, approve with conditions or modifications, or deny the proposed subdivision.
- (g) The Zoning Administrator shall issue a written notice of determination to the applicant within five (5) business days of the decision of the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission. The notice shall indicate the decision made and, when appropriate, conditions that may accompany the approval of a specific application, or reasons why the application was denied.
- (h) If approved by the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission, the preliminary plat of the simple subdivision shall be deemed and accepted as a final plat. If approved with modifications, the preliminary plat shall be revised and filed by the applicant as a final plat with the Zoning Administrator.
- (i) Any appeal of the decisions by the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission shall be made to the Alpine Town Council.
- (j) If the approved final plat is not recorded within one (1) year from the date of plat approval, or upon expiration of any time extension that may have been granted by the Planning & Zoning Commission the approval of such plat shall expire. Should the applicant thereafter desire to record the final plat, a new application for a new simple subdivision shall be required.

Section 2-207.2 Minor Subdivision Review and Approval Process (Figure 2-6)

- (a) The landowner and/or his designated representative shall meet with the Zoning Administrator, in a pre-application conference. The intent of this conference is to gain a mutual understanding of:
 - (1) the scope of the proposed project and the applicant's specific development objectives;
 - (2) the applicant's anticipated project schedule;
 - (3) approvals required by the Town of Alpine before any development can occur;
 - (4) the documents, plans, drawings, fees, and other materials that shall be needed to process a complete subdivision application; and,
 - (5) potential issues associated with the subdivision.
- (b) Applicant shall complete and file a minor subdivision application form, and related filing fees, with the Zoning Administrator. The minor subdivision application form shall include, the name and address of the owner(s) and applicant, a legal description of the property to be subdivided, a copy of the deed and easements pertaining to the property, existing zoning designations associated with the property, and the intended use of the subdivision. The owner(s) of the property, or his legal representative, shall authorize the subdivision application via his or her signature on the application.
- (c) Applicant shall complete and file three (3) hardcopies and one (1) digital copy of a master plan report for the proposed subdivision with the Zoning Administrator. The master plan shall address what municipal services the subdivision intends to use, as well as the potential impact of the proposed subdivision upon the Town of Alpine and the community. The master plan, which shall contain a combination of technical narrative, statistical tables, and illustrations, will address, at least, the following issues:

- (1) The purpose of the subdivision and proposed land uses.
 - (2) A development schedule for proposed land uses.
 - (3) The number of lots being created and, if applicable, the zoning designations requested for each lot.
 - (4) Planned water system, as well as anticipated average day and maximum day water demand.
 - (5) Planned wastewater system, as well as anticipated average daily flows.
 - (6) Planned points of access to municipal roads, Lincoln County roads, and U.S. Highway 89, as well as anticipated average and peak day traffic volumes
 - (7) Planned storm water management plan and anticipated storm water flows for ten (10) year storm event.
 - (8) Planned snow storage areas.
 - (9) Planned easements and facilities to accommodate access to, or the extension of, the Town of Alpine's planned community trail system.
 - (10) Landscape Plan.
- (d) Applicant shall prepare and file three (3) hardcopies and one (1) digital copy of a preliminary plat with the Zoning Administrator that contains, at least, the following information:
- (1) Proposed name of subdivision, the size of property to be subdivided (in acres), and the size of the lots or parcels being created;
 - (2) Name and address of the subdivision applicant, professional engineer or professional land surveyor registered in the State of Wyoming who prepared the plat, and owners of subject property;
 - (3) Location and boundaries of the subdivision that are tied to two (2) legal survey monuments;
 - (4) Date of drawing preparation and all subsequent revisions, as well as a scale (not less than one {1} inch = two hundred {200} feet) and north arrow;
 - (5) Boundary lines of subdivision, the location and dimensions of all existing streets, alleys, trails, paths, easements, watercourses and irrigation ditches, and structures on and within two hundred (200) feet of the subdivision;
 - (6) Location of existing water distribution and wastewater collection lines on and within two hundred (200) feet of the subdivision;
 - (7) Two (2) foot contours where ground slopes are less than ten (10) percent and five (5) foot contours where ground slopes exceed ten (10) percent.
- (e) The Zoning Administrator shall review the application, master plan report and preliminary plat for completeness and conformance to the procedural requirements outlined in Part 2 and Part 3 of the Alpine Land Use and Development Code. The master plan report shall also be distributed to the Alpine Public Works Director, Town Engineer, Town Surveyor and Alpine Fire District for their review. These municipal representatives shall provide written comments to the Zoning Administrator.
- (f) The Zoning Administrator shall provide a written staff report to the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission and the Alpine Town Council.
- (1) The written staff report shall confirm the completeness of the subdivision application, the receipt of required filing fees, and potential changes in zoning. Based upon comments

received from the Alpine Public Works Director, Town Engineer, Town Attorney and Alpine Fire District, this report shall concurrently evaluate the following:

- (aa) Consistency of the proposed subdivision with the Town of Alpine Municipal Master Plan;
 - (bb) Consistency of the proposed subdivision with subdivision development standards and design criteria outlined in Part 4 of the Alpine Land Use and Development Code;
 - (cc) Compatibility and potential impacts of the proposed subdivision and related zone change upon adjoining land uses;
 - (dd) Potential impacts of the proposed subdivision upon the Town of Alpine, e.g., municipal roads, water system, wastewater system, storm water management, and other public services; and,
 - (ee) Compatibility of the proposed subdivision with adjoining land uses.
- (2) The staff report shall also recommend approval of the subdivision as proposed, approval with some possible modifications to the preliminary plat, or provide rationale for denial of the preliminary plat and, when applicable, the related re-zoning request.
- (g) The Zoning Administrator shall notify, in writing, all landowners of properties that are located within five hundred (500) feet of the proposed minor subdivision.
 - (h) A public hearing shall be required during a regular or special meeting of the Planning and Zoning Commission. The time and place of the hearing shall be advertised in a regional newspaper serving Star Valley, at least, thirty (30) days in advance of the hearing. During the public hearing, the applicant will provide a brief overview of the proposed subdivision and, when applicable, the related re-zoning request. Subsequently, the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission shall receive public comments concerning the proposed subdivision.
 - (i) Based upon its evaluation of the master plan, preliminary plat, review comments from municipal representatives, the staff report, and public comments, the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission shall discuss the merits, disadvantages, and potential issues associated with the proposed subdivision and, when applicable, the related re-zoning request. In the event that further information is desired by the Planning and Zoning Commission, any decision of the Planning and Zoning Commission may be tabled until members of the Planning and Zoning Commission have had sufficient opportunity to review and evaluate any new information.
 - (j) The Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission shall recommend approval, approval with conditions or modifications, or denial of the proposed subdivision to the Alpine Town Council. The decision to approve or deny the preliminary subdivision plat and any related re-zoning request shall be concurrent.
 - (k) A public hearing shall be required during a regular or special meeting of the Alpine Town Council. The time and place of the hearing shall be advertised in a regional newspaper serving Star Valley, at least, thirty (30) days in advance of the hearing. During the public hearing, the applicant shall provide a brief overview of the proposed subdivision. Subsequently, the Alpine Town Council shall receive public comments concerning the proposed subdivision and, when applicable, the related re-zoning request.
 - (l) The Alpine Town Council shall review and discuss comments from various municipal representatives, the recommendations of the Zoning Administrator and the recommendations of the Planning and Zoning Commission. Subsequently, the Alpine Town Council shall approve, approve with conditions or modifications, or deny the preliminary subdivision plat and, when applicable, the proposed re-zoning request. In the event that further information is desired by the Town Council, any decision of the Town Council may be tabled until members of the Town Council have had sufficient opportunity to review and evaluate any new information.

- (m) The Zoning Administrator shall issue a written notice of determination to the applicant within five (5) business days of the decision of the Alpine Town Council. The notice shall indicate the decision made and, when appropriate, conditions that may accompany the approval of the preliminary subdivision plat and, when applicable, related re-zoning request, or reasons why the plat and re-zoning requests were denied.
- (n) The applicant shall prepare and file three (3) hard copies and one (1) digital copy of a final subdivision plat application, and related filing fees, with the Zoning Administrator. The final subdivision plat application shall include the final subdivision plat, a signed copy of a subdivision improvement agreement, a payment of all design costs for public improvements, and performance security.
- (o) The final plat shall conform to the approved preliminary plat, as well as incorporate revisions or modifications requested by the Town of Alpine. Any deviation from the approved preliminary plat shall require additional review and approval by the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission and Alpine Town Council.
- (p) The performance surety shall be in an amount that reflects one hundred twenty-five (125) percent of the anticipated cost of improvements in the approved subdivision plan and shall be sufficient to cover all promises and conditions contained in the subdivision improvement agreement. **The issuer of any performance bond shall be subject to the approval of the Alpine Town Attorney.**
- (q) The Zoning Administrator shall review the final plat to confirm the completeness of the final plat subdivision application and its consistency with subdivision development standards and design criteria outlined in Part 4 of the Alpine Land Use and Development Code. This review may include some additional coordination with the Alpine Public Works Director, Town Engineer, and other municipal representatives. If the final plat is determined to be complete and consistent with development standards, the Zoning Administrator will transmit a copy of the final subdivision plat application and any related recommendations to the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission for their consideration.
- (r) The Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission shall recommend approval, approval with conditions or modifications, or denial of the final subdivision plat to the Alpine Town Council.
- (s) Upon receipt of the Planning and Zoning Commission recommendation, the Alpine Town Council shall approve, approve with conditions or modifications, or deny the final subdivision plat application.
- (t) The Zoning Administrator shall issue a written notice of determination to the applicant within five (5) business days of the decision of the Alpine Town Council. The notice shall indicate the decision made and, when appropriate, conditions that may accompany the approval of the final subdivision application, or reasons why the application was denied.
- (u) Any appeal of the decisions by the Alpine Town Council may be reviewed by the district court pursuant to Rule 12 of the Wyoming Rules of Appellate Procedure.
- (v) If the approved final plat is not recorded within one (1) year from the date of plat approval, or upon expiration of any time extension that may have been issued, the approval of such plat shall expire. Should the applicant thereafter desire to record the final plat, a new application for a new minor subdivision shall be required.

Section 2-207.3 Major Subdivision Review and Approval Process (Figure 2-7)

- (a) A Development Agreement shall be required in which the developer shall agree to reimburse the Town expenses for review of permitting the development and provide letters of credit of bonds where applicable.

- (b) The landowner and/or his designated representative shall meet with the Zoning Administrator in a pre-application conference. The intent of this conference is to gain a mutual understanding of:
 - (1) The scope of the proposed project and the applicant's specific development objectives;
 - (2) The applicant's anticipated project schedule;
 - (3) Approvals required by the Town of Alpine before any development can occur;
 - (4) The documents, plans, drawings, fees, and other materials that shall be needed to process a complete subdivision application, performance surety or letter of credit, and;
 - (5) Potential issues associated with the subdivision.
- (c) Applicant shall complete and file a major subdivision application form, and related filing fees, to the Zoning Administrator. The major subdivision application form shall include, the name, address, telephone number and e-mail address of the owner(s) and applicant, a legal description of the property to be subdivided, a copy of the deed and easements pertaining to the property, existing zoning designations associated with the property, and the intended use of the subdivision. The owner(s) of the property, or his legal representative, shall authorize the subdivision application via his or her signature on the application.
- (d) Applicant shall complete and file three (3) hardcopies and one (1) digital copy of a master plan report for the proposed subdivision with the Zoning Administrator. The master plan shall address what municipal services the subdivision intends to use, as well as the potential impact of the proposed subdivision upon the Town of Alpine and the community. The master plan, which shall contain a combination of technical narrative, statistical tables, and illustrations, shall address, at least, the following issues:
 - (1) The purpose of the subdivision and proposed land uses.
 - (2) A development schedule for proposed land uses.
 - (3) The number of lots being created and, if applicable, the zoning designations requested for each lot, and densities associated with residential and commercial land uses.
 - (4) Suitability of soils to support future land use expansion.
 - (5) Compatibility of proposed land uses with adjacent land uses.
 - (6) When applicable, the potential need for new housing in the context of anticipated housing demands for Alpine.
 - (7) Planned water system, as well as anticipated average day and maximum day water demand.
 - (8) Planned wastewater system, as well as anticipated average daily flows.
 - (9) Planned points of access to municipal roads, Lincoln County roads, and U.S. Highway 89, anticipated average and peak day traffic volumes.
 - (10) Vehicular circulation plan.
 - (11) Planned storm water management plan and anticipated storm water flows for ten (10) year storm event.
 - (12) Snow storage areas.
 - (13) Landscaping plan.

- (14) Planned easements and facilities to accommodate access to, or the extension of, the Town of Alpine's planned community trail system.
 - (15) When applicable, planned covenants, contracts or deed restrictions that may be associated with a common interest development.
- (e) Applicant shall prepare and file three (3) hardcopies and one (1) digital copy of a preliminary plat with the Zoning Administrator that contains, at least, the following information:
- (1) Proposed name of subdivision, the size of property to be subdivided (in acres), and the size of the lots or parcels being created;
 - (2) Name and address of the subdivision applicant, professional engineer or professional land surveyor registered in the State of Wyoming who prepared the plat, and owners of subject property;
 - (3) Location and boundaries of the subdivision that are tied to two (2) legal survey monuments;
 - (4) Date of drawing preparation and all subsequent revisions, as well as a scale (not less than one {1} inch = two hundred {200} feet) and north arrow;
 - (5) Boundary lines of subdivision, the location and dimensions of all existing streets, alleys, trails, paths, easements, watercourses and irrigation ditches, and structures on and within two hundred (200) feet of the subdivision;
 - (6) Location of existing water distribution and wastewater collection lines on and within two hundred (200) feet of the subdivision;
 - (7) Two (2) foot contours where ground slopes are less than ten (10) percent and five (5) foot contours where ground slopes exceed ten (10) percent.
- (f) The Zoning Administrator shall review the application, master plan report and preliminary plat for completeness and conformance to the procedural requirements outlined in Part 2 and Part 3 of the Alpine Land Use and Development Code. The master plan report shall also be distributed to the Alpine Public Works Director, Town Engineer, Town Surveyor and Alpine Fire District for their review. These municipal representatives shall provide written comments to the Zoning Administrator.
- (g) The Zoning Administrator shall provide a written staff report to the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission and Alpine Town Council.
- (1) The written staff report shall confirm the completeness of the subdivision application, the receipt of required filing fees, and potential changes in zoning. Based upon comments received from the Alpine Public Works Director, Town Engineer and Alpine Fire District, this report shall concurrently evaluate the following:
 - (aa) Consistency of the proposed subdivision with the Town of Alpine Municipal Master Plan;
 - (bb) Consistency of the proposed subdivision with subdivision development standards and design criteria outlined in Part 3 of the Alpine Land Use and Development Code;
 - (cc) Compatibility and potential impacts of the proposed subdivision and related zone change upon adjoining land uses;
 - (dd) Potential impacts of the proposed subdivision upon the Town of Alpine, e.g., municipal roads, water system, wastewater system, storm water management, and other public services;

- (ee) When applicable, potential land use management issues that may arise with the establishment of planned covenants, contracts or deed restrictions via common-interest development.
- (2) The written staff report shall also recommend approval of the subdivision as proposed, approval with some possible modifications to the preliminary plat, or provide rationale for denial of the preliminary plat and, when applicable, the related re-zoning request.
- (h) The Zoning Administrator shall notify, in writing, all landowners of properties that are located within five hundred (500) feet of the proposed major subdivision.
- (i) A public hearing shall be required during a regular or special meeting of the Planning and Zoning Commission. The time and place of the hearing shall be advertised in a regional newspaper serving Star Valley, at least, thirty (30) days in advance of the hearing. During the public hearing, the applicant will provide a brief overview of the proposed subdivision and, when applicable, the related re-zoning request. Subsequently, the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission shall receive public comments concerning the proposed subdivision.
- (j) Based upon its evaluation of the master plan, preliminary plat, review comments from municipal representatives, the staff report, and public comments, the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission shall discuss the merits, disadvantages, and potential issues associated with the proposed subdivision and, when applicable, the related re-zoning request. In the event that further information is desired by the Planning and Zoning Commission, any decision of the Planning and Zoning Commission may be tabled until members of the Planning and Zoning Commission have had sufficient opportunity to review and evaluate any new information.
- (k) The Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission shall recommend approval, approval with conditions or modifications, or denial of the proposed subdivision to the Alpine Town Council. The decision to approve or deny the preliminary subdivision plat and any related re-zoning request shall be concurrent.
- (l) A public hearing shall be required during a regular or special meeting of the Alpine Town Council. The time and place of the hearing shall be advertised in a regional newspaper serving Star Valley, at least, thirty (30) days in advance of the hearing. During the public hearing, the applicant shall provide a brief overview of the proposed subdivision. Subsequently, the Alpine Town Council shall receive public comments concerning the proposed subdivision and, when applicable, the related re-zoning request.
- (m) The Alpine Town Council shall review and discuss comments from various municipal representatives, the recommendations of the Zoning Administrator, and the recommendations of the Planning and Zoning Commission. Subsequently, the Alpine Town Council shall approve, approve with conditions or modifications, or deny the preliminary subdivision plat and, when applicable, the proposed re-zoning request. In the event that further information is desired by the Town Council, any decision of the Town Council may be tabled until members of the Town Council have had sufficient opportunity to review and evaluate any new information.
- (n) The Zoning Administrator shall issue a written notice of determination to the applicant within five (5) business days of the decision of the Alpine Town Council. The notice shall indicate the decision made and, when appropriate, conditions that may accompany the approval of the preliminary subdivision plat and, when applicable, related re-zoning request, or reasons why the plat and re-zoning requests were denied.
- (o) The applicant shall prepare and file three (3) hardcopies and one (1) digital copy of a final subdivision plat application, and related filing fees, with the Zoning Administrator. The final subdivision plat application shall include the final subdivision plat, a signed copy of a subdivision improvement agreement, a payment of all design costs for public improvements, and performance surety.

- (p) The final plat shall conform to the approved preliminary plat, as well as incorporate revisions or modifications requested by the Town of Alpine. Any deviation from the approved preliminary plat shall require additional review and approval by the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission and Alpine Town Council.
- (q) The performance surety shall be in an amount that reflects one hundred twenty-five (125) percent of the anticipated cost of improvements in the approved subdivision plan and shall be sufficient to cover all promises and conditions contained in the subdivision improvement agreement. The issuer of any performance security shall be subject to the approval of the Alpine Town Attorney. A performance bond shall also be set in place. The amount of the performance bond shall be equal to the amount of money necessary for the completion of all infrastructure and landscaping costs of the proposed subdivision. Portions of the bond may be released to developers as stages are completed.
- (r) The Zoning Administrator shall review the final plat to confirm the completeness of the final plat subdivision application and its consistency with subdivision development standards and design criteria outlined in Part 4 of the Alpine Land Use and Development Code. This review may include some additional coordination with the Alpine Public Works Director, Town Engineer, and other municipal representatives. If the final plat is determined to be complete and consistent with development standards, the Zoning Administrator will transmit a copy of the final subdivision plat application and any related recommendations to the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission for their consideration.
- (s) The Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission shall recommend approval, approval with conditions or modifications, or denial of the final subdivision plat to the Alpine Town Council.
- (t) Upon receipt of the Planning and Zoning Commission recommendation, the Alpine Town Council shall approve, approve with conditions or modifications, or deny the final subdivision plat application.
- (u) The Zoning Administrator shall issue a written notice of determination to the applicant within five (5) business days of the decision of the Alpine Town Council. The notice shall indicate the decision made and, when appropriate, conditions that may accompany the approval of the final subdivision application, or reasons why the application was denied.
- (v) Any appeal of the decisions by the Alpine Town Council may be reviewed by the district court pursuant to Rule 12 of the Wyoming Rules of Appellate Procedure.
- (w) If the approved final plat is not recorded within one (1) year from the date of plat approval, or upon expiration of any time extension that may have been issued, the approval of such plat shall expire. Should the applicant thereafter desire to record the final plat, a new application for a new major subdivision shall be required.

Section 2-208 Development Fees

- (a) Processing Fees are based on an average cost for the Planning & Zoning Administrator, Planning and Zoning Commission, Board of Adjustment, Town Council, Town Engineer, Town Building Official, Town Clerk, and Planning and Zoning Secretary.
- (b) The person requesting permit shall also pay for any and all advertising separately. Advertising costs shall be billed directly to the client along with any and all other out of the ordinary expenses.
- (c) Fees are established by Town Ordinance; (refer to the most current version of the Town of Alpine Building Department Fee Schedule). All fees are due at time of submittal. All fees are non-refundable. There will be no waiver of fees.
- (d) Deposits and/or performance bonds shall be required by the Town of Alpine, Planning & Zoning Commission for the landscaping and parking requirements along with the associated building and/or

improvements. The deposit shall be determined by the insurance/bonding company in an amount not to exceed One Hundred Twenty-Five (125) percent of the anticipated costs of all improvements for the project. The deposit and/or performance bond(s) shall be held by the Town and shall be refunded when the project is completed and/or inspected. If the total project is not completed in a timely manner as agreed upon by the Planning & Zoning Commission and owner, the deposit shall not be refunded.

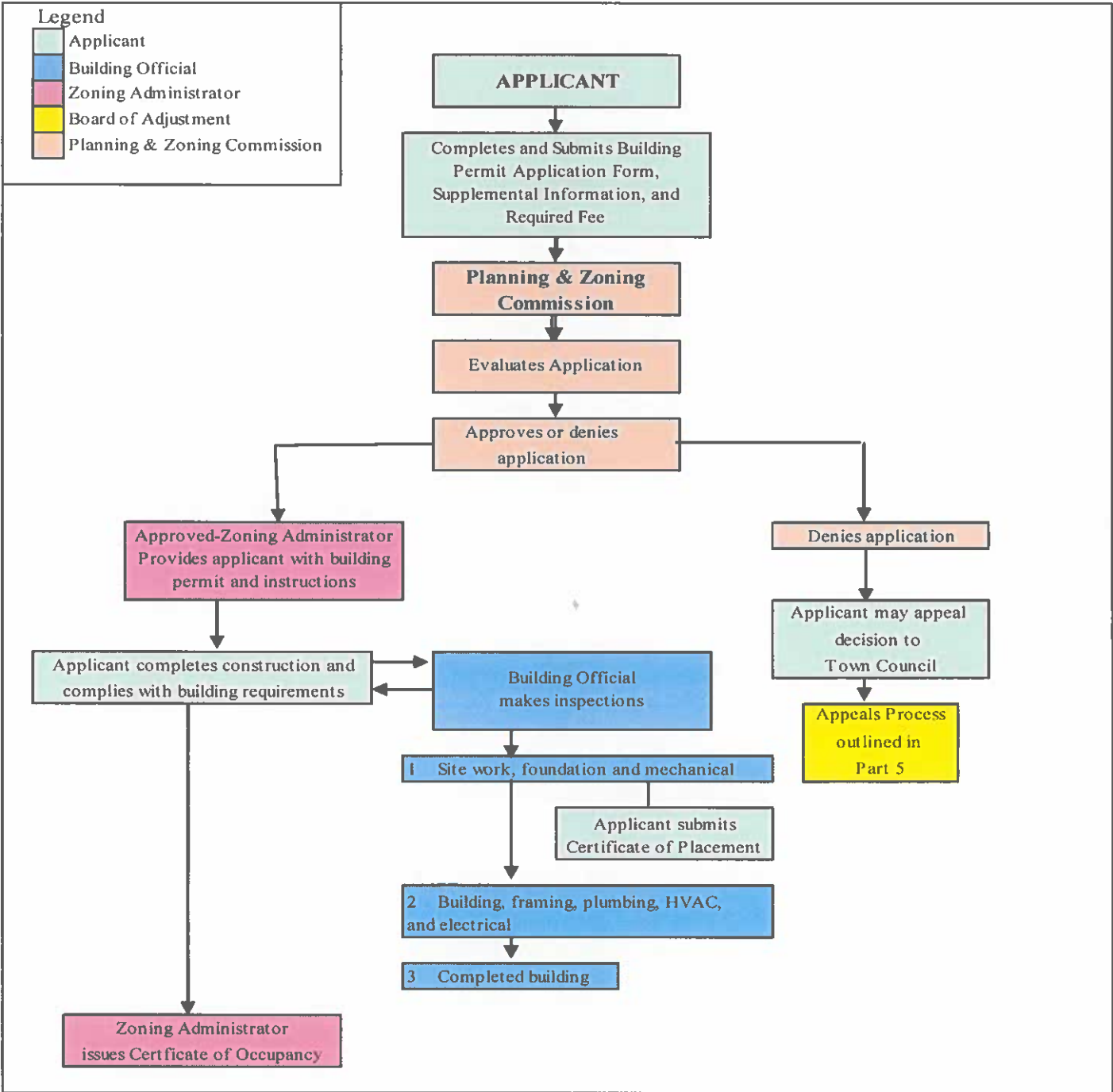
- (e) Plats must be filed with Lincoln County within (1) year with a one (1) time, one (1) year extension. If the project is not completed within two (2) years, applicant shall have to start the process over with all new fees, filings, meetings, etc.
- (f) Applications are valid for ninety (90) days, from submittal date; with a one (1) time, ninety (90) day extension upon showing of justifiable cause. If the missing items are not submitted within the allowed time frame, the applicant shall have to start the process over with all new fees, filings, etc.
- (g) Fees do not reflect the cost of the Town engineer, attorney, or surveyor's reviews (those are considered out of the ordinary expenses). These costs shall be assessed on a case-by-case basis based on the time spent during the review process.
- (h) Planned Unit Development Applications shall be determined on a case-by-case basis, number of lots, etc.
- (i) No approval shall be granted and/or formalized until all fees have been paid in full.

ARTICLE 2.3 BUILDING PERMIT REQUIREMENTS

Section 2-301. Building Permit Requirements

- (a) No construction, alteration, or expansion of any site, building or structure shall be initiated or completed by any private landowner, contractor, or a public agency before receiving an approved building permit application from the Town of Alpine (Figure 2-8).
 - 1. Before any site work or construction commences, the Town of Alpine Building Permit/Posting shall be displayed at the front of the lot.
- (b) A building permit is required for all of the following:
 - (1) Any new buildings:
 - a. Buildings that contains equal to or greater than three hundred (300) square feet, will be issued under Residential, Commercial, Addition and/or Garage Permits.
 - b. Anything under three hundred (300) square feet, shall be issued under affidavits; refer Affidavit Process, located under Section 2-303.
 - c. Sanitary facilities shall be provided during construction, remodeling or demolition activities in accordance with the International Plumbing Code. Such facilities shall be maintained in a sanitary condition. Construction worker toilet facilities of the non-sewer type shall conform to PSAI Z4.3.
 - (2) Additions to all existing structures (Such as carports, shed roof's, etc.);
 - (3) Remodel with structural changes to or in an existing structure;
 - (4) Utility line installations and replacements, and other mechanical improvements;
 - (5) The demolition or relocation of an existing building and/or shed on an existing property;

- (6) A change in the type of occupancy of a building;
 - (7) Accessory buildings with or without a permanent foundation, with square footage greater than three hundred (300) square feet, with or without roof eave heights greater than ten (10) feet;
- (c) The Town of Alpine shall make available a building permit application and/or affidavit forms to applicants that shall require, at least, the following information from the applicant:
- (1) Name of applicant;
 - (2) Authorization by landowner (if not the applicant);
 - (3) Mailing address;
 - (4) Contact information for telephone, fax, and e-mail address;
 - (5) Legal description and size of land parcel where proposed construction shall take place;
 - (6) Scope of proposed site and facility improvements;
 - (7) Existing zoning designation and related permitted uses;
 - (8) A site/plot plan indicating the location of proposed buildings and the distances from the property line to the front, back and sides of proposed buildings, **also known as the building envelope;**
 - (9) Three (3) sets of scaled construction drawings (see application checklist) that illustrate the *proposed foundation, floor plan, typical wall section, roof system, building elevations, exterior material specifications, as well as electrical, plumbing, radon and HVAC systems*. All construction drawings for structures submitted with a permit application shall be designed, stamped and certified by a civil or structural engineer licensed in the State of Wyoming; **(Stamped engineering is required on structures greater than three hundred (300) square feet in size.)** {See permit checklist for complete details};
 - (10) Three (3) sets of a scaled site/plot plan that depict the location of, proposed vehicular access, the finish grade of the project site, septic system or sewer connection location, water connection location, denoting all above ground and below ground utilities (power, propane) to be located on the property, vehicle parking (garage square footage and driveway dimensions {square footage}), setbacks, onsite drainage facilities and snow storage areas (snow storage dimensions {square footage}) needs to be clearly identified. {See permit checklist for complete details}.
 - (a) **Properties located within the Multi-Unit Residential District (R-2), Mixed Residential and Commercial District (MRC), Commercial District (C) and Light Industrial District (LI) must have their site plan prepared by a certified civil or structural engineer licensed in the State of Wyoming, site plan requirements are listed in sub-section (8) and (10) above. (Please note that additional information may be required, depending on the complexity of the project.)**
 - (11) Three (3) sets of other construction documents and/or other data that the applicant may consider relevant to the building permit application shall be submitted with the building permit application. All construction documents and/or other requested documents shall be stamped and certified by a civil or structural engineer licensed in the State of Wyoming; **(Stamped engineering is required on all structures greater than three hundred (300) square feet in size.)**
 - (12) A digital file copy to be submitted of the complete plan set, site plan, along with all the associated construction documents shall be filed at the time of application submittal.



Town of Alpine
Land Use & Development Code

Building Permit Process

Prepared by: Pedersen Planning Consultants
P.O. Box 66, Encampment, WY, 82325 Tel: 307-327-5434
Website: www.pedersenplanning.com

Figure 2-8

Section 2-302. Minor Construction Permit

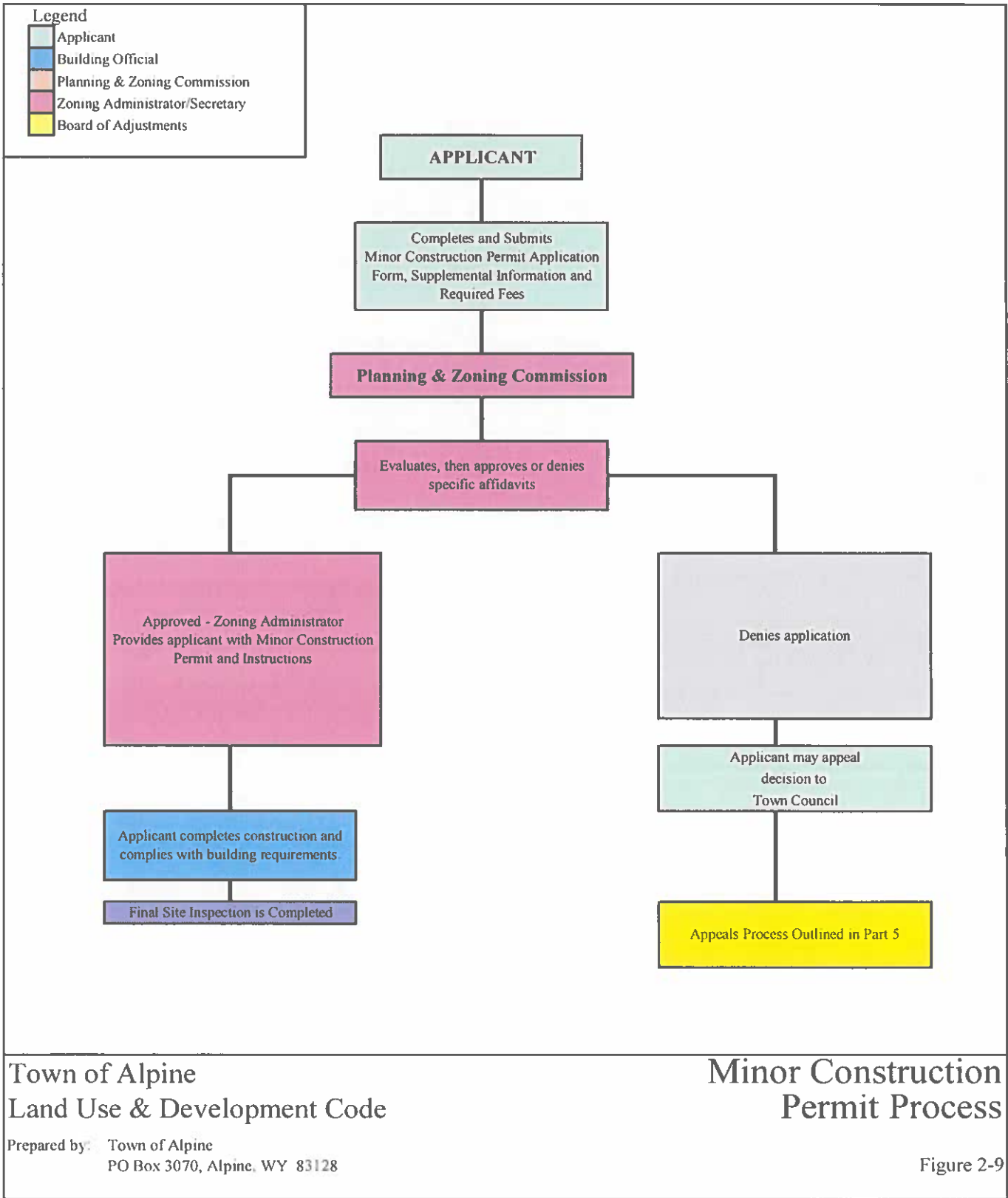
(a) A minor construction permits shall not require a Wyoming Engineered Stamp; **UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.**

(b) A minor construction permit (Figure 2-9) shall be required for:

- (1) Storage Sheds, with or without a permanent foundation {more than three hundred (300) square feet in floor area, but no larger than four hundred (400) square feet}, constructed with or without plumbing and/or electricity.
- (2) The following roofing applications:
 - i. Change and/or Addition of roofing materials {increase or decrease weight};
 - ii. Replacement of any or all roofing materials, with no increase in weight; **Refer to the Affidavit Process;**
 - iii. Addition of any roofing layers;
 - iv. Change in any under sheeting materials;
- (3) Construction of any attached or detached decks, must follow the Town of Alpine adopted International Building and Residential Code:
 - i. Addition of stairs to an existing deck;
 - ii. Change in dimensions and/or alterations to any existing deck
- (4) Plumbing improvements on commercial facilities.
- (5) Electrical improvements on commercial facilities.
- (6) Replacement of doors and/or windows when rough opening of header is increased in width or height. Note - A Wyoming Certified Engineered stamped drawing shall be required. Engineered stamps shall be certified by a civil or structural engineer licensed in the State of Wyoming.
- (7) Utility improvements or changes. Including, but not limited to, fireplaces, wood stoves and/or heating appliances (propane) installations; after the initial construction/building process.
- (8) Demolition of an existing building/structure and/or storage shed over three hundred (300) square feet, on an existing property.

(c) The Town of Alpine shall make available a minor construction permit application form to applicants that shall require, at least, the following information from the applicant:

- (1) Name of applicant;
- (2) Authorization by landowner (if not the applicant);
- (3) Mailing address;
- (4) Contact information for telephone, fax, and e-mail address;
- (5) Legal description and size of land parcel where proposed construction shall take place;
- (6) Scope of proposed site and facility improvements;
- (7) Existing zoning designation and related permitted uses;
- (8) A site/plot plan indicating the general location of proposed improvements and the distances from the property line to the front, back and sides of proposed buildings.



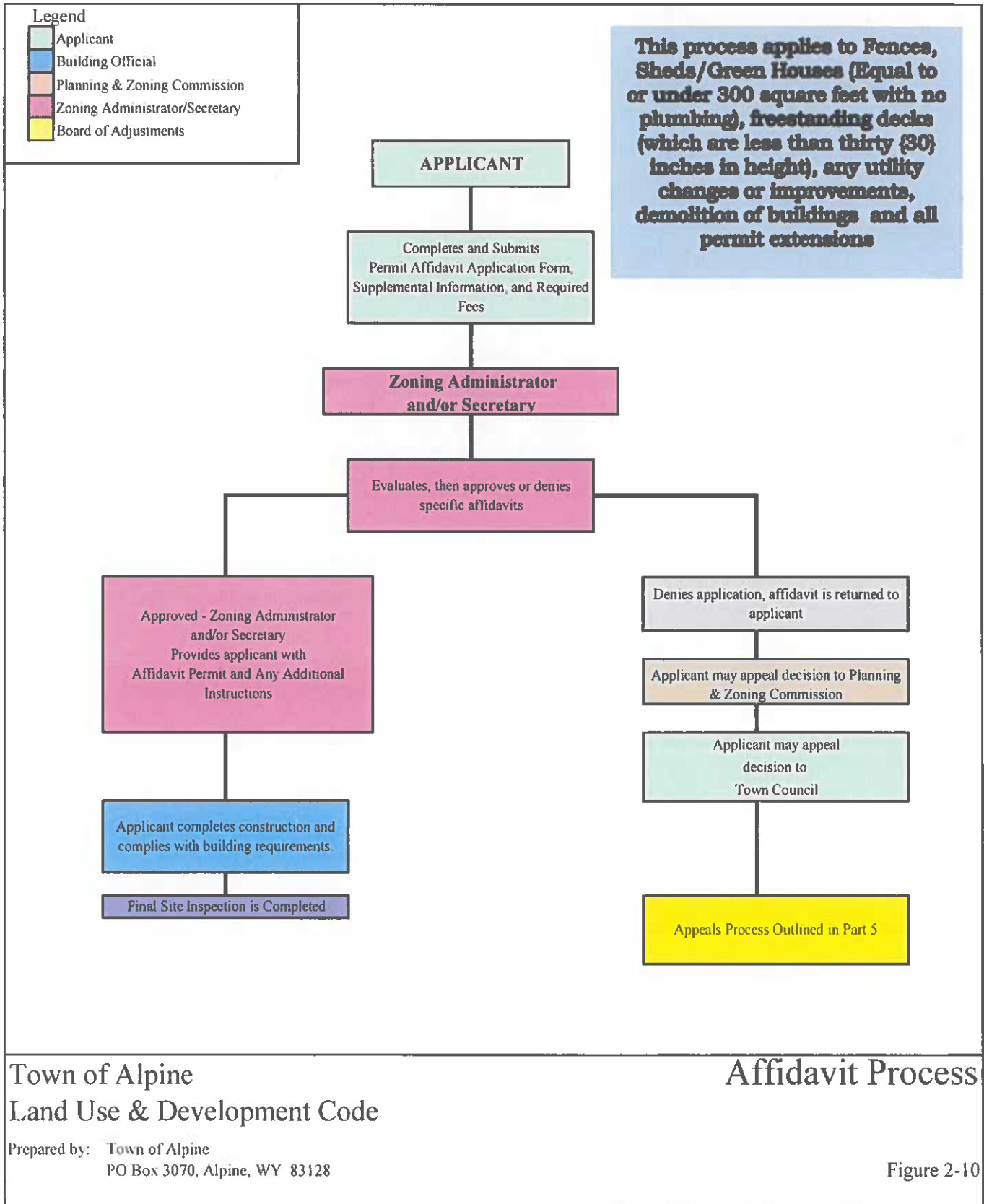
Section 2-303. Affidavit Process**SOME AFFIDAVITS COULD HAVE A TURNAROUND TIME OF THREE {3} BUSINESS DAYS.**

(a) An affidavit permit (Figure 2-10) shall be required for:

- (1) Construction of perimeter fences.
- (2) Construction of sheds/green houses equal to or under Three Hundred (300) square feet, may be constructed with electricity, but no plumbing or kitchen elements.
- (3) Construction of freestanding decks (less than thirty {30} inches in height) must follow the Town of Alpine adopted International Building and Residential Codes: **This affidavit could have a turnaround time of three {3} business days.**
- (4) Construction of any and all attached decks must follow the Town of Alpine adopted International Building and Residential Codes; **This affidavit could have a turnaround time of three {3} business days.**
- (5) Location of any new propane tanks after the initial construction of a primary structure. (Tanks will be inspected by the Town Building Inspector.)
- (6) The following roofing applications:
 - v. Replacement of any roofing materials (all like kind materials);
- (7) The demolition of an existing building and/or storage sheds under over three hundred (300) square feet, on an existing property;
- (8) Permit Extensions for previously approved Building Permits, **provided no changes and/or alterations have been made to the permitted project.**

(b) The Town of Alpine shall make available a affidavit application form to applicants that shall require, at least, the following information from the applicant:

- (1) Date of Application;
- (2) Name of Applicant;
- (3) Authorization by landowner (if not the applicant);
- (4) Mailing address;
- (5) Contact information for telephone, fax, and e-mail address;
- (6) Legal description of the land parcel where proposed construction shall take place;
- (7) Physical description of the land parcel where proposed construction shall take place;
- (8) Type of Project and/or scope of the proposed site and facility improvements;
- (9) Name of Contractor;
- (10) Existing zoning designation and related permitted uses;
- (11) A site/plot plan indicating the general location of proposed improvements and the distances from the property line to the front, back and sides of proposed buildings, etc.



Section 2-304. Required Building and Site Inspections

- (a) Any authorized construction activity shall be subject to inspections by the Town of Alpine Building Official, or its designated representative, during the construction process.
- (b) **Conformance to the International Building Code, International Residential Code, International Plumbing Code, International Mechanical Code, International Fuel Gas Code, International Fire Code and National Electrical Code standards, as adopted by the Town of Alpine shall be ensured throughout the required inspection process.**
- (c) Applicant to supply the Town of Alpine with an "Exhibit to Accompany Affidavit of Surveyor" from a land surveyor, licensed in the State of Wyoming that is retained by the building owner. The exhibit depicts property corners, setback lines and house placement.
- (d) Upon completion of the forming of any foundation walls of the structure, a Certificate of Placement shall be issued and submitted to the Zoning Administrator of the Town of Alpine. The Certificate of Placement verifies the location of the structure and the compliance, or lack of compliance, with the plot/site plan submitted with the approved building permit application. **The Certificate of Placement shall be completed by a land surveyor, licensed in the State of Wyoming that is retained by the building owner; the certificate is to be submitted to the Town office prior to moving forward with the project. Work will be removed.**
- (e) The Municipal Building Official shall make at the following stages:
 - (1) Concrete forms, re-bar, reinforcing rods or pins are in place prior to the placement of concrete for concrete slab foundations or concrete footings.
 - (2) When concrete forms are in place for foundation/stem walls prior to the placement of concrete.
 - (3) When exterior damp/water proofing has been completed, {prior to foundation backfilling}.
 - (4) Foundation vents are in place for crawlspace foundations, all mechanical piping and conduit is in place (including radon mitigation), all fittings are properly connected, and all work is adequately supported prior to the placement of utilities, e.g., sewer line, within a concrete foundation.
 - (5) When all building framing, plumbing, mechanical (ventilation and air conditioning {HVAC}) is completed and properly nailed, bolted or secured. Prior to any coverings, e.g., Tyvek, roof coverings and/or insulation.
 - (6) Exterior nailing of roof and walls.
 - (7) Insulation inspection prior to covering of walls and/or ceilings.
 - (8) Sheet rock inspection, prior to taping and/or mudding.
 - (9) When all construction work is completed, (plumbing, mechanical, etc).
- (f) The Town of Alpine shall inspect all improvements, authorized via an issued construction permit, following the construction of all proposed improvements.
- (g) **Any inspections that need to be repeated by the Building Inspector/Official are subject to additional costs to be paid at the property owners expense. Failure to notify the town/inspector of a required inspection; shall result in fines, and/or penalties issued to the property owner; with the removal of work to be uncovered for all items to be inspected properly, at their own expense.**

NOTE* STATE TO COMPLETE ALL ELECTRICAL INSPECTIONS*Section 2-305. Issuance of Certificate of Occupancy**

Once all required building inspections have been made and approved by the Municipal Building Official, the Town of Alpine shall issue a Certificate of Occupancy to the applicant. The Certificate of Occupancy represents a formal notification by the Town of Alpine that the building can **legally be occupied** by the applicant. The Certificate of Occupancy shall be signed by the Town of Alpine Building Inspector/Official.

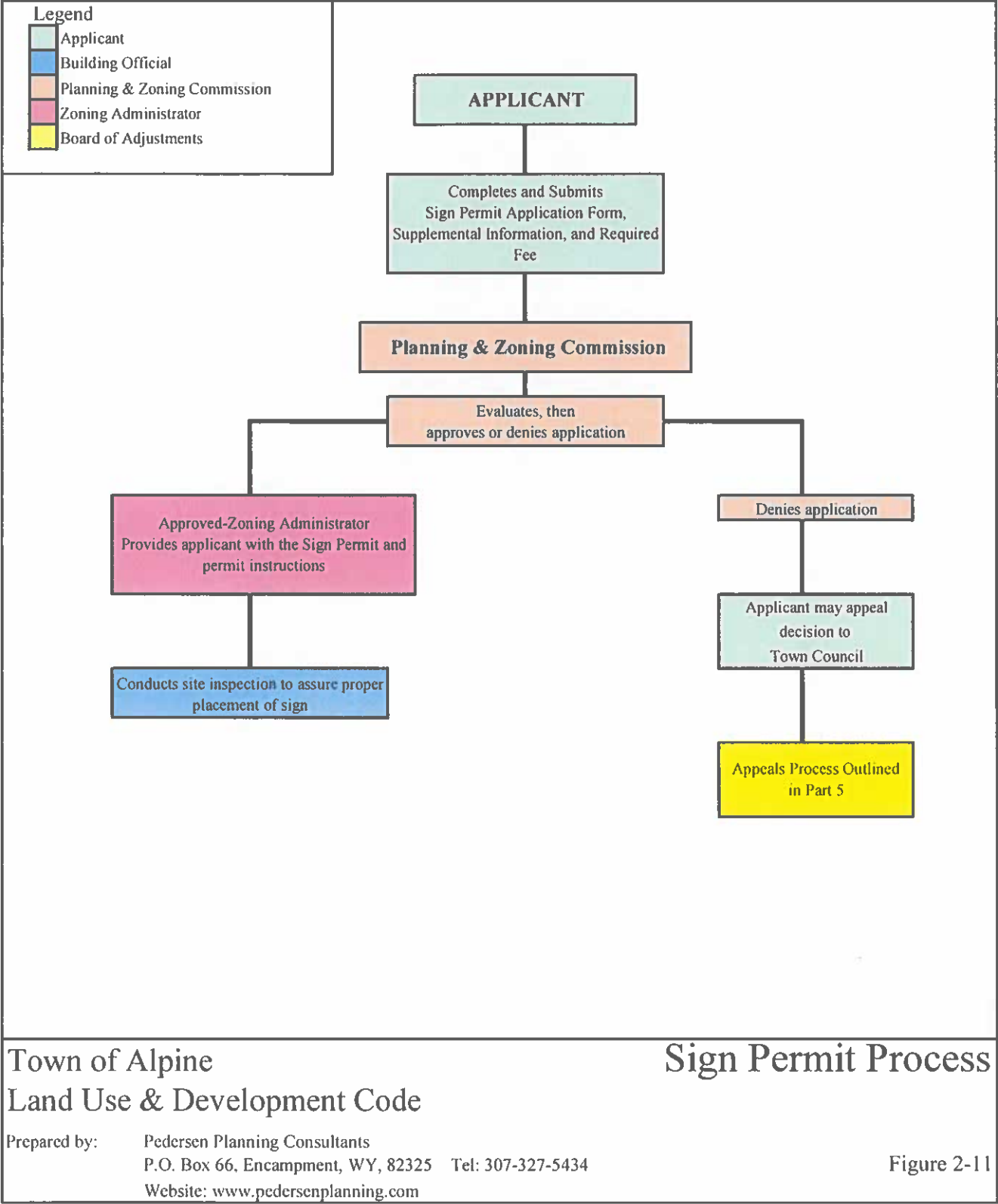
Section 2-306. Issuance of Certificate of Completion

Once all required building inspections have been made and approved by the Municipal Building Official, the Town of Alpine shall issue a Certificate of Completion to the applicant. The Certificate of Completion represents a formal notification by the Town of Alpine that requirements of the addition, garage, minor construction and remodeling permits, and sign permits regulations have been met. The Certificate of Completion shall be signed by the Town of Alpine Building Inspector/Official.

ARTICLE 2.4 SIGN PERMIT PROCESS

Section 2-401. Sign Permit Process

- (a) A sign permit (Figure 2-11) will be required for:
 - (1) New signs.
 - (2) Sign Dimension Amendments and/or enlargements.
 - (3) Directional Signage.
- (b) Temporary Signs, such as: Banner Installations. See Table 4-12;
 - (1) All others identified in Table 4-12 do not require permit and/or affidavit application. **Note** specific timelines and/or requirements are identified in Table 4-12.
- (c) The Town of Alpine shall make available an application form to applicants that shall require, at least, the following information:
 - (1) Name of applicant;
 - (2) Authorization by landowner (if not the applicant);
 - (3) Mailing address;
 - (4) Contact information for telephone, fax, and e-mail address;
 - (5) Legal description and size of land parcel where proposed construction shall take place;
 - (6) Scope of proposed site and facility improvements;
 - (7) Existing zoning designation and related permitted uses;
 - (8) A site/plot plan indicating the general location of all utility locations, any improvements; existing or future (i.e., buildings) on the subject property, vehicle parking, onsite drainage facilities and snow storage areas, as it relates to the sign installation.
- (d) A final sign inspection shall be conducted by the Town of Alpine Building Official, or a designated representative, in order to assure permit compliance.



ARTICLE 2.5 BUILDING APPLICATION PROCESSING SCHEDULE

Section 2-501. Building Application Processing Schedule

- (a) Processing fees for building applications, permits and affidavit applications are based on an average cost for the Planning and Zoning Administrator, Planning and Zoning Commission, Town Engineer, Town Building Official, Town Attorney, Town Clerk, and the Planning and Zoning Secretary.
- (b) With the application process and before a building permit is issued, all new water and sewer connect fees **must be paid in full**. All Fees
- (c) Fees are established by Town Ordinance; (refer to the most current version of the Town of Alpine Building Department Fee Schedule). **All fees (Building Permit, Water/Sewer Connection Fees) are due at time of submittal. All fees are non-refundable. There will be no waiver of fees.**
- (d) Applications are valid for ninety (90) days, from submittal date; with a one (1) time, ninety (90) day extension upon showing of justifiable cause. If the missing items are not submitted within the allowed time frame, the applicant shall have to start the process over with new fees, filings, etc.
- (e) Issued Commercial permits are good for one (1) year with a one (1) time, one (1) year extension upon showing of justifiable cause. If the project is not completed within two (2) years, applicant shall have to start the process over with all new fees, filings, meetings, etc.
- (f) Issued Residential permits are good for one (1) year with two (2), one (1) year extensions (available) upon showing of justifiable cause. If the project is not completed within three (3) years, the applicant shall have to start the process over with all new fees, filings, meetings, etc. This will be evaluated on a year-by-year basis.
- (g) Issued Remodel, Addition and Garage permits are good for one (1) year with two (2), one (1) year extensions (available) upon showing of justifiable cause. If the project is not completed within three (3) years, the applicant shall have to start the process over with all new fees, filings, meetings, etc. This will be evaluated on a year-by-year basis.
- (h) Issued Affidavits are good for six (6) months with one (1) allowable six (6) month extension (available) upon showing of justifiable cause.
- (i) If any of the above fees do not fully cover the total costs of processing any application, additional fees may be assessed on a case-by-case basis.
- (j) If a person commences building development or remodeling for which a permit is required without having first obtained a permit, they are in violation of this Land Use and Development Code. **Such person shall pay twice the fee for said permit, costs associated with the Town's investigation of the violation, any hearings to abate, and including reasonable attorney, engineer, inspector and surveyor's fees.** The payment of such fees shall not relieve the person from fully complying with the requirements of the Land Use and Development Code, nor does it automatically secure the permit or preclude a violation for a given infraction. *The provisions of this article do not apply to emergency work, {as identified in Article 3.3 – Section 3-303 – Facility Repairs} only if there is or would have been an unreasonable delay in obtaining the permit.*
- (k) Permit fees are transferable as long as the application and/or the permit has not expired.

PART 3 - ZONING ORDINANCE

ARTICLE 3.1 GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section 3-101. Short Title

Part 3 of the Alpine Land Use and Development Code shall be known, cited and referred to as the Alpine Zoning Ordinance.

Section 3-102. Purpose

The Alpine Zoning Ordinance has been prepared and adopted to encourage an orderly development pattern within the Town of Alpine, Wyoming. The Alpine Zoning Ordinance represents an important planning tool that will be used by the Town of Alpine to help implement its Community Land Use Plan. The Town of Alpine Municipal Master Plan, which was adopted by the Alpine Town Council on December 19, 2006, contains, in part, a general community land use plan (recommended option 3) that expresses a vision for future land uses within the community.

Section 3-103. Authority

This Ordinance is adopted in accordance with the authority vested in the Town Council of the Town of Alpine, Wyoming, by Wyoming Statutes 15-1-601 through 15-1-611.

Section 3-104. Applicability of Ordinance

This ordinance shall apply to all private and public lands within the corporate limits of the Town of Alpine, Wyoming. All land use development projects will be subject to the required land use development review and approval process that is outlined in Article 2.2 of the Alpine Land Use and Development Code.

Existing land uses, buildings, and structures authorized by the Town of Alpine before the enactment of this ordinance will be considered legal land uses even if such uses are contrary to the current Alpine Zoning Ordinance.

Restrictive covenants or agreements associated with land subdivisions or other land sales will not supersede the Alpine Zoning Ordinance. Further, the Town of Alpine will not use the Alpine Zoning Ordinance as a tool for enforcing private restrictive covenants or agreements.

Section 3-105. Zoning Districts

In order to carry out the provisions of this ordinance, the municipality is divided into the following zoning districts:

- R-1 Single-Family Residential District
- R-2 Multi-Unit Residential District
- MRC Mixed Residential and Commercial District
- C Commercial District
- LI Light Industrial District
- PCF Public and Community Facilities District
- RC Recreation and Conservation District

Section 3-106. Zoning Map

The Alpine Zoning Map (Appendix A) depicts the location and boundaries of zoning districts that were established by the Alpine Town Council at the time of ordinance adoption.

ARTICLE 3.2 DISTRICT REGULATIONS

Section 3-201. General

- a) The following regulations outline the type of land use permitted within various zoning districts established under Section 3-105 of this ordinance. Permitted land uses are also subject to various requirements such as the type of allowable structures, setbacks, building height, signage, fencing, vehicular parking requirements and snow storage identification.
- b) Prior to the issuance of a building permit, some permitted uses also require a more detailed plan review by the Commission to ensure that specific project issues are adequately addressed by the owner(s) of the project. In some cases, stipulations or conditions may be attached to a building permit to address the specific concerns of the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission.

Section 3-202. R-1 Single-Family Residential District

- (a) Intent and Purpose of District: This zoning district designation is intended to encourage the development and maintenance of low-density residential areas. These regulations are intended to provide a diverse and compatible housing stock, limit the density of the resident population, provide adequate open space around buildings and accessory structures, provide accessibility to community utility systems and community open space areas, as well as encourage a safe and attractive living environment for community residents.
- (b) Permitted Uses:
Structures are limited to stick-built, manufactured, or modular units.
 - (1) One (1) single-family dwelling unit.
 - (2) One (1) family or non-family household will primarily occupy the single-family dwelling unit. However, owners may provide room and board for up to three (3) persons who are not related by blood or marriage; provided there is no separate kitchen unit attached or detached to the primary and/or accessory structure.
 - (3) Bed-and-breakfast operation in the principal residence on the property that is operated by the property owner.
 - (4) Home occupations operated by the occupants of a single-family residence and not more than two (2) non-household employees.
 - (5) Childcare home service authorized by the Wyoming Department of Family Services that is operated by the occupants of a single-family residence and not more than two (2) non-household employees.
 - (6) Structures supporting regional and community utility systems.
 - (7) Primary structures will be constructed out of new materials. The relocation and/or moving in of old or used buildings are prohibited.
- (c) Residential Building Standards:
 - (1) Required building standards for residential structures in the “R-1” residential district is presented in Part 4, Section 501 of the Alpine Land Use and Development Code.

- (2) All buildings in the “R-1” Single-Family Residential District will require a plan review by the Town Building Official – Building Inspector, the Planning & Zoning Commission, and/or their representative, prior to the issuance of a building permit.

(d) Minimum Lot Area:

20,000 square feet in the following subdivisions:

Alpine Estates #1 & #2;
Forest Meadows;
Grey’s River Valley;
Griest Addition; and
Three Rivers Meadows Est.

15,000 square feet in the following subdivisions:

Grey’s River Village #1;
Lakeview Estates, 6th Addition;
Bridger Homes; and,
Alpine Meadows.

10,000 square feet in the following subdivisions:

Grey’s River Village #2.
Lakeview Estates, 3rd and 7th Additions;
Palis Park, 2nd Addition; and
River View Meadows.

9,900 square feet in all other subdivisions.

(e) Minimum Setbacks: (Measurements are taken from the foundation of the structure to the property line.)

- (1) Front Yard: Primary residential structure will be setback not less than twenty-five (25) feet from the front property line. Detached accessory buildings will not be located beyond the front line of any primary residential structure. **Both street frontages of corner lots shall be considered front yards.**
- (2) Side Yards: Primary residential structures will be setback not less than fifteen (15) feet from side property lines. Detached accessory buildings/structures, equal to or under Three Hundred (300) square feet, can have a setback of not less than ten (10) feet from side property lines. Detached accessory buildings/structures, with a total square footage of over Three Hundred (300) square feet, will have a setback of not less than fifteen (15) feet from side property lines. **Please Note: Should a structure be placed within a recorded property/utility easements, the Town of Alpine assumes no responsibility for damage and/or any replacement costs of any structure or property damage; owner will accept full responsibility for any and all costs for repairs.**
- (3) Rear Yard: Primary residential structures will be setback not less than twenty (20) feet from the rear property line. Detached accessory buildings/structures, equal to or under Three Hundred (300) square feet, can have a setback of not less than ten (10) feet from rear property lines. Detached accessory buildings/structures, with a total square footage of over Three Hundred (300) square feet, will have a setback of not less than twenty-five (25) feet from rear property lines. **Please Note: Should a structure be placed within a recorded property/utility easements, the Town of Alpine assumes no responsibility for damage and/or any replacement costs of any structure or property damage; owner will accept full responsibility for any and all costs for repairs.**
- (4) Properties with less than ten thousand (10,000) square feet will be allowed to have a front yard setback of twenty (20) feet and side yard and rear yard setbacks of ten (10) feet, for primary residential structures. Detached accessory buildings/structures, equal to or under Three Hundred (300) square feet, can have a setback of not less than ten (10) feet from rear

property lines. Detached accessory buildings/structures, with a total square footage of over Three Hundred (300) square feet, will have a setback of not less than ten (10) feet from rear property lines. **Please Note: Should a structure be placed within a recorded property/utility easements, the Town of Alpine assumes no responsibility for damage and/or any replacement costs of any structure or property damage; owner will accept full responsibility for any and all costs for repairs.**

- (5) **Setbacks are required specifically for safety, legal and aesthetic reasons. The only items allowed in the established setback area is landscaping.**
- (6) Corner Lots and Irregular Lots will have all street front setback guidelines and remaining sides will be considered side setbacks.
- (7) Any deviations from setback requirements will require a plan review and approval of a variance unless a lesser setback is identified in the recorded plat of the approved residential subdivision.
- (e) **Landscaping Requirements:** At least five (5) percent of each residential site will be landscaped and maintained with grasses, shrubs, and/or trees to increase compatibility with adjoining land uses, increase the attractiveness of the site, and enhance the general aesthetics of the community. This requirement may be made within setback areas, designated easements.
- (f) **Maximum Building Height:**
 - (1) Primary residential structures will be thirty-five (35) feet or less in height.
 - (2) The height of detached accessory structures will be twenty-six (26) feet or less, this height restriction is applicable to structures that are set back from the property line of not less than fifteen (15) feet from the side property line and not less than twenty (20) feet from the rear property line. All detached accessory structures will be placed behind the front plane of the existing residential structure.
 - aa. Detached accessory structures of with a total square footage equal to or under Three Hundred (300) square feet and are placed within the allowable ten (10) foot rear setback and ten (10) foot side setback; will have a height restriction of fourteen (14) feet in height or less. Special consideration for setback is made for properties that have a total square footage under Ten Thousand (10,000) square feet.
 - (3) Roof eaves for non-sprinkled buildings will be twenty-eight (28) feet or less; measuring the pitch end of the roof eaves, from the finished grade elevation.
- (g) **Vehicular Parking and Storage:**
 - (1) A minimum of six hundred (600) square feet of off-street parking will be provided for each single-family dwelling unit; either by driveways associated with the dwelling unit, and/or private garages. The parking area will not extend into the municipal street right-of-way.
 - (2) Recreational vehicles (RVs), recreational watercrafts and travel trailers shall be parked as not to obstruct the view of traffic and must follow guidelines set forth by the Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions (CCRs) established by the residential unit and/or subdivision, if applicable. All vehicles, boats and/or trailers are to be parked on the property owners, private property.

- (3) Recreational vehicles (RVs) and/or travel trailers used during construction or maintenance activities; these vehicles are to be parked on the private property that the activity is taking place on and will be removed promptly when construction and/or the maintenance has been completed.
- (4) Parking of any vehicle which has a gross vehicle weight (GVW) of greater than twenty-six thousand (26,000) pounds, is prohibited along any public street that adjoins an “R-1” District, except for the following:
 - (aa) Vehicles temporarily parked (**less than twenty four {24} hours**) for loading or unloading passengers, materials, and merchandise.
 - (bb) Vehicles temporarily parked (**less than twenty four {24} hours**) engaged in performing a service activity on the residential lot and/or parcel of land in which the service is being performed (**less than twenty four {24} hours**).
 - (cc) One (1) vehicle that is owned, operated and licensed by the resident of the property on where it is parked and must follow guidelines set forth by the Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions (CCRs) established by the residential unit and/or subdivision, if applicable. Vehicle must be parked as not to obstruct the view of traffic and must be parked on resident’s private property.
- (5) One (1) unlicensed or inoperable vehicle will be permitted within the confines of any residential lot.
- (h) Fencing:
 - (1) Fences shall be no more than four (4) feet high between the **front building line and the front property line**. Structural posts associated with this fencing will be situated on the interior side of the fence.
 - (2) Perimeter fences along side or rear property lines shall be no more than seven (7) feet high and not constructed on top of property lines. Structural posts associated with all perimeter fences will be situated on the interior side of the fence.
 - (3) Electric and barbed wire fencing is prohibited except for seasonal fencing around gardens.
 - (4) Fencing and walls may be placed within drainage and utility easements, locates will be required by utility companies. **If fencing or walls are damaged due to utility improvements, repairs, snow removal, etc., the owner will accept full responsibility for any and all costs for repairs.**
 - (5) Construction fences are allowed during initial construction of a primary structure. It will be constructed on the property of the primary building site. The permit is issued along with the Residential Building Permit. The Certificate of Occupancy will not be issued until the construction fence is removed.
 - (6) Snow fences are allowed between the months of October and May of the following year. A snow fence will not impede the removal of snow from the public rights of way, must maintained and preferably of a neutral or black color.
- (i) Accessory Uses and Buildings:
 - (1) Accessory buildings such as pole barns, garages, workshops, and sheds of any sort. **These structures will only be permitted on the same lot with an existing primary residential structure.**

- (2) Accessory buildings will be no larger than allowed by setbacks and will contain no more than a total of twelve hundred (1200) square feet of floor area, this regulation will apply for properties that have a total amount of land under 0.70 acres.
 - (3) Properties that have a total land area of 0.70 acres or greater can have an accessory building that could contain no more than a total of two thousand (2000) square feet of floor area.
 - (4) Steel Shipping Containers and/or Cargo/Semi Trailer Containers are prohibited in this zoning district.
- (j) Authorized Signs: Sign Standards for the “R-1” Single-Family Residential District are presented in Part 4 Development Standards, (See Section 4-801 and 4-802).
- (k) Fuel Storage Tanks: Class I and Class II liquids in above ground tanks is prohibited unless temporarily stored in licensed and operative commercially used vehicles in an accumulative amount over one hundred fifty (150) gallons.
- (l) Fire Protection:
- (1) Homeowners will prepare a defensible space plan for residential properties located in potential wildfire hazard areas (Figure 3-1). The defensible space plan will address how the homeowner will manage vegetation within a one hundred (100) foot radius of the home, or the maximum radius allowed within the residential property owned by the homeowner.
 - (2) The defensible space plan will be reviewed and approved by an authorized representative of the Alpine Fire District and submitted with any building permit application.



Section 3-203. R-2 Multi-Unit Residential District

- (a) **Intent and Purpose of District:** The purpose of this district is to encourage the development of duplexes, townhouses, apartments and other multi-unit residential facilities which can provide housing for both short and long-term residents. The “R-2” Multi-Unit Residential District regulations are intended to ensure that new multi-unit housing structures are developed with reasonable building heights and setbacks, adequate vehicular parking, landscaping and/or other screening, and attractive signage to ensure their compatibility with adjoining single-family residential districts, as well as their accessibility to community utility systems and community recreational facilities.
- (b) **Permitted Uses:**
- Structures are limited to stick-built, manufactured or modular units.**
- (1) Residential duplexes, apartment units, townhouses or multi-unit complexes.
 - (2) One (1) family or non-family household will primarily occupy the single-family dwelling unit. However, owners may provide room and board for up to three (3) persons who are not related by blood or marriage; **provided** there is no separate kitchen attached or detached to the primary and/or accessory structure.
 - (3) Assisted-living and/or nursing home facilities.
 - (4) Structures supporting regional and community utility systems.
 - (5) Home occupations operated by the occupants of a multi-family residential unit and not more than two (2) non-household employees.
 - (6) Primary structures will be constructed out of new or recycled materials. The relocation and/or moving in of old or used structures are prohibited.
- (c) **Residential Building Standards:**
- (1) Required building standards for residential structures in the “R-2” residential district is presented in Part 4, Section 504 of the Alpine Land Use and Development Code.
 - (2) All buildings in the “R-2” Multi-Unit Residential District will require a plan review of the Town Building Official – Building Inspector, the Planning & Zoning Commission, and/or their representative, prior to the issuance of a building permit.
- (d) **Architectural Guidelines:** Architectural Guidelines for the “R-2” Multi-Unit Zoning District are presented in Part 4 Development Standards. See Section 4-504(f).
- (e) **Minimum Lot Area:**
- 10,000 - square feet per unit in Palisade Heights subdivision;
 7,000 - square feet per unit in Palis Park subdivision;
 7,500 - square feet per unit in all other subdivisions.
- (f) **Minimum Setbacks:**
- (1) **Front Yard:** Primary residential structure will be setback not less than twenty-five (25) feet from the front property line. Detached accessory buildings will not be located beyond the front line of any primary residential structure. **Both street frontages of corner lots shall be considered front yards.**
 - (2) **Side Yards:** Primary residential structures will be setback not less than fifteen (15) feet from side property lines. Detached accessory buildings/structures, equal to or under

Three Hundred (300) square feet, can have a setback of not less than ten (10) feet from side property lines. Detached accessory buildings/structures, with a total square footage of over Three Hundred (300) square feet, will have a setback of not less than fifteen (15) feet from side property lines. **Please Note: Should a structure be placed within a recorded property/utility easements, the Town of Alpine assumes no responsibility for damage and/or any replacement costs of any structure or property damage; owner will accept full responsibility for any and all costs for repairs.**

- (3) **Rear Yard:** Primary residential structures will be setback not less than twenty (20) feet from the rear property line. Detached accessory buildings/structures, equal to or under Three Hundred (300) square feet, can have a setback of not less than ten (10) feet from rear property lines. Detached accessory buildings/structures, with a total square footage of over Three Hundred (300) square feet, will have a setback of not less than twenty-five (20) feet from rear property lines. **Please Note: Should a structure be placed within a recorded property/utility easements, the Town of Alpine assumes no responsibility for damage and/or any replacement costs of any structure or property damage; owner will accept full responsibility for any and all costs for repairs.**
- (4) Properties with less than ten thousand (10,000) square feet will be allowed to have a front yard setback of twenty (20) feet and side yard and rear yard setbacks of ten (10) feet, for primary residential structures. Detached accessory buildings/structures, equal to or under Three Hundred (300) square feet, can have a setback of not less than ten (10) feet from rear property lines. Detached accessory buildings/structures, with a total square footage of over Three Hundred (300) square feet, will have a setback of not less than ten (10) feet from rear property lines. **Please Note: Should a structure be placed within a recorded property/utility easements, the Town of Alpine assumes no responsibility for damage and/or any replacement costs of any structure or property damage; owner will accept full responsibility for any and all costs for repairs.**
- (5) Setbacks are required specifically for safety, legal and aesthetic reasons. They provide a buffer that is meant to prevent encroachment over property lines, safety from possible traffic accidents flying into your property, snow removal, buffers from other land uses such as industrial and commercial, and incidentally provide open area around your structures. Setbacks establish the permitted location of structures and other improvements on a site. The Residential Use Building permit is a contract that you will put your structures where your site plan indicates. Inside these setback lines is referred to as the build-able area, development area and/or building envelope. A build-able area is the space created by the designated setback and height restrictions. It can be considered the specific area free from easements, property lines and other restrictions on where you can situate your structure on your property. The entire structure must fit within the build-able area, and all structures whether primary or accessory must be within the build-able area. It is important to note that a build-able area may be designated on your lot if it falls within a platted subdivision and may differ in size from the designed setbacks. **No development in the established setback area is allowed.**
- (6) Corner Lots and Irregular Lots will have all street front setback guidelines and remaining sides will be considered side setbacks.
- (7) Any deviations from setback requirements will require a plan review and approval of a variance unless a lesser setback is identified in the recorded plat of the approved subdivision.
- (g) **Landscaping Requirements:** At least five (5) percent of each residential site will be landscaped and maintained with grasses, shrubs, and/or trees to increase compatibility with adjoining land uses, increase the attractiveness of the site, and enhance the general aesthetics of the community. This requirement may be made within setback areas, designated easements.

(h) Maximum Building Height:

- (1) Primary residential structures will be thirty-five (35) feet or less in height.
- (2) The height of detached accessory structures will be twenty-six (26) feet or less, this height restriction is applicable to structures that are set back from the property line of not less than fifteen (15) feet from the side property line and not less than twenty (20) feet from the rear property line. All detached accessory structures will be placed behind the front plane of the existing multi-unit residential structure.
 - aa. Detached accessory structures of with a total square footage equal to or under Three Hundred (300) square feet and are placed within the allowable ten (10) foot rear setback and ten (10) foot side setback; will have a height restriction of fourteen (14) feet in height or less. Special consideration for setback is made for properties that have a total square footage under Ten Thousand (10,000) square feet.
- (3) Roof eaves for non-sprinkled buildings will be twenty-eight (28) feet or less from the finished grade elevation.

(i) Vehicular Parking and Storage:

- (1) A minimum of six hundred (600) square feet of off-street parking will be provided for each dwelling unit located on the property; parking requirements will be met through construction and use of centralized vehicular parking areas, driveways associated with each dwelling unit, and/or private garages. The parking area will not extend into the municipal street right-of-way.
- (2) Centralized vehicular parking areas will be designed and constructed in accordance with the vehicular parking standards outlined in Part 4, Article 4.6 of the Alpine Land Use and Development Code. The parking area and/or driveways will not extend from the edge of pavement or improved road surface of any municipal street. In the event that no improved road surface exists, the parking area will extend from the edge of the municipal street right-of-way.
- (3) One (1) designated parking space will be required for each single bedroom dwelling unit. Multi-bedroom, multi unit residential buildings will require a minimum of two (2) parking spaces per unit. Multi-unit residential buildings containing more than four (4) dwelling units will also have one (1) designated guest parking space for every two (2) dwelling units; these parking spaces will be located on the property.
- (4) Recreational vehicles (RVs), recreational watercrafts and travel trailers shall be parked as not to obstruct the view of traffic and must follow guidelines set forth by the Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions (CCRs) established by the residential unit and/or subdivision, if applicable. All vehicles, boats and/or trailers are to be parked on the property owners, private property.
- (5) Recreational vehicles (RVs) and/or travel trailers used during construction or maintenance activities; these vehicles are to be parked on the private property that the activity is taking place on and will be removed promptly when construction and/or the maintenance has been completed.
- (6) Additional parking spaces within a centralized parking area will be provided to park recreational vehicles (RVs) and travel trailers. These vehicles are to be parked on the property owners, private property.

- (7) Parking of any vehicle, which has a gross vehicle weight (GVW) of greater than twenty-six thousand (26,000) pounds, is prohibited along any public street that adjoins an “R-2” District, except for the following:
- (aa) Vehicles temporarily parked (less than twenty four {24} hours) for loading or unloading passengers, materials, and merchandise.
 - (bb) Vehicles temporarily parked (less than twenty four {24} hours) engaged in performing a service activity on the residential lot and/or parcel of land in which the service is being performed (less than twenty four {24} hours).
 - (cc) Vehicles used in association with construction or maintenance activities; this vehicle is to be parked on the private property that the activity is taking place on and will be removed when construction and/or the maintenance has been completed.
 - (dd) One (1) vehicle that is owned, operated and licensed by the resident of the property on where it is parked. Vehicle will be parked as not to obstruct the view of traffic and must be parked on resident’s private property.
- (8) No unlicensed or inoperable vehicles will be permitted on any multi-residential lot.
- (j) Fencing:
- (1) Fences shall be no more than four (4) feet high between the front building line and front property line. Structural posts associated with this fencing will be situated on the interior side of the fence.
 - (2) Perimeter fences along side or rear property lines shall be no more than seven (7) feet high and not constructed on top of property lines. Structural posts associated with all perimeter fences will be situated on the interior side of the fence.
 - (3) Electric and barbed wire fencing is prohibited except for seasonal fencing around gardens.
 - (4) Fencing and walls may be placed within drainage and utility easements, locates will be required by utility company. **If fencing or walls are damaged due to utility improvements, repairs, snow removal, etc., the owner will accept full responsibility for any and all costs for repairs.**
 - (5) Construction fences are allowed during initial construction of a primary structure. It will be constructed on the property of the primary building site. The permit is issued along with the Residential Building permit. The Certificate of Occupancy will not be issued until the construction fence is removed.
 - (6) Snow fences are allowed between the months of October and May of the following year. A snow fence will not impede the removal of snow from the public rights of way, must maintained and preferably of a neutral or black color.
- (j) Accessory Uses and Buildings:
- (1) Accessory buildings such as pole barns, garages, workshops and sheds of any sort. **These structures will only be permitted on the same lot with an existing primary residential structure.**
 - (2) Accessory buildings will be no larger than allowed by setbacks and will contain no more than a total of twelve hundred (1200) square feet of floor area.
 - (3) Steel Shipping Containers and/or Cargo/Semi Trailer Containers are prohibited in this zoning district.
- (k) Authorized Signs: Sign Standards for the “R2” Multi-Unit Residential District are presented in Part 4 Development Standards, see Section 4-801 and 4-802.

- (l) Fuel Storage Tanks: Class I and Class II liquids in above ground tanks are prohibited unless temporarily stored in licensed and operative commercially used vehicles in an accumulative amount over one hundred fifty (150) gallons.
- (m) Fire Protection: All buildings that reach the maximum allowable building height for this zoning district will be required to install automatic sprinkler systems. The installation of these systems will be made in accordance with National Fire Protection Association requirements outlined in NFPA 13.

Section 3-204. MRC Mixed Residential and Commercial District

- (a) Intent and Purpose of District:
This district is intended to accommodate a combination of residential multi-unit housing, retail commercial facilities, commercial offices, and other commercial services within selected areas of the community that are immediately accessible to primary roadways and near other residential districts in the community. The purpose of the "MRC" District is to establish viable commercial expansion areas that can serve and be accessible to the entire community, as well as those residing in multi-unit housing within the "MRC" District. It is envisioned that multi-unit residential uses will, in some cases, be combined with approved commercial uses within one structure.
- (b) Permitted Uses:
Structures are limited to stick-built, manufactured or modular units.
 - (1) Residential duplexes, apartment units, townhouses, multi-unit complexes, or mixed commercial-residential buildings.
 - (2) One (1) family or non-family household will primarily occupy the single-family dwelling unit. However, owners may provide room and board for up to three (3) persons who are not related by blood or marriage; **provided** there is no separate kitchen attached or detached to the primary and/or accessory structure.
 - (3) Bed-and-breakfast operation in the principal residence on the property that is operated by the property owner.
 - (4) Home occupations operated by the occupants of a multi-family residential unit and not more than two (2) non-household employees.
 - (5) Commercial retail stores and commercial offices.
 - (6) Banks and other financial institutions.
 - (7) Eating and drinking establishments such as cafes and restaurants; not including mobile food dispensaries.
 - (8) Visitor accommodations such as motels, lodges, **bed-and-breakfast facilities and RV campgrounds/parks.**
 - (9) Conference facilities.
 - (10) Commercial entertainment facilities such as theatres.
 - (11) Medical and veterinary clinics.
 - (12) Assisted-living and/or nursing home facilities.
 - (13) Cabinet, plumbing, welding, and fabrication shops.
 - (14) Structures supporting regional and community utility systems.
 - (15) Primary structures will be constructed out of new materials. The relocation and/or moving in of old or used buildings are **prohibited**.

- (c) Residential and Commercial Building Standards:
- (1) Required building standards for residential structures in the “MRC” District are presented in Part 4, Section 505 of the Alpine Land Use and Development Code.
 - (2) All buildings in the “MRC” Mixed Residential and Commercial District will require a plan review of the Town Building Official – Building Inspector, the Planning & Zoning Commission, and/or their representative, prior to the issuance of a building permit.
 - (3) Residential and Commercial structures roof style shall balance compatibility with the character of the area and snow shed considerations. Where pitched roofs are used, steeper roof pitches are preferred, but flatter pitches are permitted. Provided the engineering standards are met. The choice of roof pitch shall include consideration if and where the roof will hold or release snow and where roof drainage will occur. No snow shall deposit on adjacent properties.
- (d) Architectural Standards and Guidelines: Architectural standards and guidelines for the “MRC” Mixed Residential and Commercial Zoning District are presented in Part 4 Development Standards. See Section 4-505.
- (e) Minimum Lot Area:
- 300 - square feet in Original Town Plat (Grid);
 - 4,000 - square feet in Lake View Estates Tract C for Lost Elk Townhomes only;
 - 8,000 - square feet in Lakeview Estates, Tracts A, B, and C;
 - 8,700 - square feet in Strout Subdivision;
 - 9,000 - square feet in Palis Park Subdivision;
 - 10,000 – square feet in Lazy B Subdivision (Lot #12);
 - 10,800 - square feet in Greys River Cove Subdivision;
 - 20,000 – square feet in Elk Meadows Addition
 - 34,850 - square feet in Palisades Heights;
 - 1.0 acre on lots 184-186 in Alpine Meadows Subdivision; and
 - 1.0 acre on all other mixed residential and commercial properties.
- (f) Minimum Setbacks:
- (1) Front Yard: Primary residential structure will be setback not less than twenty-five (25) feet from the front property line. Detached accessory buildings will not be located beyond the front line of any primary residential structure. **Both street frontages of corner lots shall be considered front yards.**
 - (2) Side Yards: Primary residential structures will be setback not less than fifteen (15) feet from side property lines. Detached accessory buildings/structures, equal to or under Three Hundred (300) square feet, can have a setback of not less than ten (10) feet from side property lines. Detached accessory buildings/structures, with a total square footage of over Three Hundred (300) square feet, will have a setback of not less than fifteen (15) feet from side property lines. **Please Note: Should a structure be placed within a recorded property/utility easements, the Town of Alpine assumes no responsibility for damage and/or any replacement costs of any structure or property damage; owner will accept full responsibility for any and all costs for repairs.**
 - (3) Rear Yard: Primary residential structures will be setback not less than twenty (20) feet from the rear property line. Detached accessory buildings/structures, equal to or under Three Hundred (300) square feet, can have a setback of not less than ten (10) from rear property lines. Detached accessory buildings/structures, with a total square footage of over Three Hundred (300) square feet, will have a setback of not less than twenty (20) from rear property lines. **Please Note: Should a structure be placed within a recorded property/utility easements, the Town of Alpine assumes no responsibility**

for damage and/or any replacement costs of any structure or property damage; owner will accept full responsibility for any and all costs for repairs.

- (4) Properties with less than ten thousand (10,000) square feet will be allowed to have a front yard setback of twenty (20) feet and side yard and rear yard setbacks of ten (10) feet, for primary residential structures. Detached accessory buildings/structures, equal to or under Three Hundred (300) square feet, can have a setback of not less than ten (10) from rear property lines. Detached accessory buildings/structures, with a total square footage of over Three Hundred (300) square feet, will have a setback of not less than ten (10) feet from rear property lines. **Please Note: Should a structure be placed within a recorded property/utility easements, the Town of Alpine assumes no responsibility for damage and/or any replacement costs of any structure or property damage; owner will accept full responsibility for any and all costs for repairs.**

PROPOSED PLACEMENT:

- (5) **Setbacks are required specifically for safety, legal and aesthetic reasons. They provide a buffer that is meant to prevent encroachment over property lines, safety from possible traffic accidents flying into your property, snow removal, buffers from other land uses such as industrial and commercial, and incidentally provide open area around your structures. Setbacks establish the permitted location of structures and other improvements on a site. The Residential Use Building permit is a contract that you will put your structures where your site plan indicates. Inside these setback lines is referred to as the build-able area, development area and/or building envelope. A build-able area is the space created by the designated setback and height restrictions. It can be considered the specific area free from easements, property lines and other restrictions on where you can situate your structure on your property. The entire structure must fit within the build-able area, and all structures whether primary or accessory must be within the build-able area. It is important to note that a build-able area may be designated on your lot if it falls within a platted subdivision and may differ in size from the designed setbacks. No development in the established setback area is allowed.**
- (6) Corner Lots and Irregular Lots will have all street front setback guidelines and remaining sides will be considered side setbacks.
- (7) Any deviations from setback requirements will require a plan review and approval of a variance unless a lesser setback is identified in the recorded plat of the approved residential subdivision.
- (g) Maximum Building Height:
- (1) Multi-unit residential structures in the “MRC” Mixed Residential and Commercial District can be thirty-five (35) feet or less in height.
- (2) Multi-Unit Residential and Commercial building structures in the “MRC” Mixed Residential and Commercial District can be forty-five (45) feet or less. Buildings with a mixture of residential and commercial use must have a minimum amount of thirty-three (33%) percent of the building use allocated for the commercial businesses. The Residential/Commercial buildings in this zoning will not exceed three (3) stories.
- (3) Commercial building structures in the “MRC” Mixed Residential and Commercial District can be forty-five (45) feet or less. Buildings with a mixture of residential and commercial use must have a minimum amount of thirty-three (33%) percent of the building use allocated for the commercial businesses. The Residential/Commercial buildings in this zoning will not exceed three (3) stories.
- (4) The height of detached accessory structures will be twenty-six (26) feet or less, this height restriction is applicable to structures that are set back from the property line of not less than fifteen (15) feet from the side property line and not less than twenty (20) feet

from the rear property line. All detached accessory structures will be placed behind the front plan of the existing residential/commercial structure.

- aa. Detached accessory structures of with a total square footage equal to or under Three Hundred (300) square feet and are placed within the allowable ten (10) foot rear setback and ten (10) foot side setback; will have a height restriction of fourteen (14) feet in height or less. Special consideration for setback is made for properties that have a total square footage under Ten Thousand (10,000) square feet.

- (8) Roof eaves for non-sprinkled buildings will be twenty-eight (28) feet or less from the finished grade elevation.

(h) Vehicular Parking and Storage:

- (1) A minimum of six hundred (600) square feet of off-street parking will be provided for each dwelling unit located on the property, parking requirements for multi-unit residential structures will be met through the construction and use of centralized vehicular parking areas, driveways associated with each dwelling unit, and/or private garages.
- (2) Recreational vehicles (RVs), recreational watercrafts and travel trailers shall be parked as not to obstruct the view of traffic and must follow guidelines set forth by the Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions (CCRs) established by the residential unit and/or subdivision, if applicable. All vehicles, boats and/or trailers are to be parked on the property owners, **private property**.
- (3) Recreational vehicles (RVs) and/or travel trailers used during construction or maintenance activities; these vehicles are to be parked on the private property that the activity is taking place on and will be removed promptly when construction and/or the maintenance has been completed.
- (3) Mixed Residential Commercial buildings require at least one (1) designated parking space will be required for each single bedroom dwelling unit and a minimum of two (2) parking spaces per multi bedroom unit. "MRC" buildings containing more than four (4) dwelling units will also have one (1) designated guest parking space for every two (2) dwelling units. In addition, designated parking spaces for the mixed residential/commercial buildings will provide for additional parking spaces as outlined in Table 3-1 – Minimum Off-Street Parking Requirements.
- (4) Off-street parking areas supporting commercial facilities or mixed residential-commercial facilities will consist of designated parking spaces and/or centralized parking areas within the building site. The minimum number of required off-street parking spaces will be calculated by the Zoning Administrator and/or Planning & Zoning Commission based upon the criteria presented in Table 3-1.
- (4) Structures that include a combination of residential and commercial facilities will meet the cumulative requirements for both multi-unit residential structures and commercial facilities.
- (5) Centralized vehicular parking areas will be designed and constructed in accordance with the vehicular parking standards outlined in Part 4, Article 4.6 of the Alpine Land Use and Development Code. The parking area and/or driveways will extend from the edge of pavement or improved road surface of any municipal street. In the event that no improved road surface exists, the parking area will extend from the edge of the municipal street right-of-way.

- (6) Parking of any vehicle, which has a gross vehicle weight (GVW) of greater than twenty-six thousand (26,000) pounds, is prohibited along any public street that adjoins an "MRC" District, except for the following:
- (aa) Vehicles temporarily parked (less than twenty four {24} hours) for loading or unloading passengers, materials, and merchandise.
 - (bb) Vehicles temporarily parked (less than twenty four {24} hours) engaged in performing a service activity on the residential lot and/or parcel of land in which the service is being performed (less than twenty four {24} hours).
 - (cc) Vehicles used in association with construction or maintenance activities; this vehicle is to be parked on the private property that the activity is taking place on and will be removed when construction and/or the maintenance has been completed.
 - (dd) One (1) vehicle that is owned, operated and licensed by the resident of the property on where it is parked. Vehicle will be parked as not to obstruct the view of traffic and must be parked on resident's private property.
- (7) No unlicensed or inoperable vehicle will be permitted on any multi-residential lot.
- (8) Shared Parking is permitted provided the Planning and Zoning Commission has received, reviewed, and approved the written contract agreement between landowners. The agreement will be recorded in the Lincoln County Registration of Deeds and is in effect for as long as this ordinance requires.
- (9) All commercial overnight street parking is prohibited.

TABLE 3-1 MINIMUM OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS MRC DISTRICT	
<i>Type of Use</i>	<i>Standard</i>
Multi-Unit Residential	2 parking spaces per dwelling unit; multi-unit buildings with more than 4 dwelling units will also have one guest parking space for every two dwelling units
Motel/Hotel	1 parking space per guest room
Inns or Lodges	1 per guest room; 35% of total seating capacity of associated café & restaurant operations
Medical and Veterinary Clinics	1 per 600 square feet of floor space
Commercial Offices	1 per 600 square feet of retail floor space
Cafes and Restaurants (including fast-food outlets with seating)	Number of parking spaces will equal 35% of total seating capacity
Fast-food Outlets (with no seating)	1 per number of employees for average work shift
Retail Stores	1 per 600 square feet of retail floor space
Self-Storage Facilities	1 per every 2,000 square feet of storage space
Commercial Services	1 per 600 square feet of retail floor space
Service and Repair Establishments	4 per service bay plus 1 per employee.
Cabinet, plumbing, welding, and steel fabrication shops	One parking space every 800 square feet of floor space plus 1 per employee.
Commercial Recreational Facilities	1 parking space for 25% of the total number of customers that can be served at any given time
Mixed Residential and Commercial Building	Cumulative parking requirements for both multi-unit residential structures and commercial facilities

- (i) Fencing:
- (1) Fences shall be no more than four (4) feet high between the front building line and front property line. Structural posts associated with this fencing will be situated on the interior side of the fence.
 - (2) Perimeter fences along side or rear property lines shall be no more than seven (7) feet high for residential lots and no more than eight (8) feet high for commercial lots. Fences will not be constructed on top of property lines. Structural posts associated with all perimeter fences will be situated on the interior side of the fence.
 - (3) Electric and barbed wire fencing is **prohibited** below six (6) feet.
 - (4) Fencing and walls may be placed within drainage and utility easements, locates will be required by utility company. **If fencing or walls are damaged due to utility improvements, repairs, snow removal, etc., the owner will accept full responsibility for any and all costs for repairs.**
 - (5) Construction fences are allowed during initial construction of a primary structure. It will be constructed on the property of the primary building site. The permit is issued along with the Residential Building permit. The Certificate of Occupancy will not be issued until the construction fence is removed.
 - (6) Snow fences are allowed between the months of October and May of the following year. A snow fence will not impede the removal of snow from the public rights of way, must maintained and preferably of a neutral or black color.
- (j) Accessory Uses and Buildings:
- (1) Accessory buildings such as pole barns, garages, workshops and sheds of any sort. **These structures will only be permitted on the same lot with an existing primary residential structure.**
 - (2) Accessory buildings will be no larger than allowed setbacks and will contain no more than a total of twelve hundred (1200) square feet of floor area.
 - (3) Steel Shipping Containers and/or Cargo/Semi Trailer Containers are **prohibited** in this zoning district.
- (k) Authorized Signs: Sign Standards for the “MRC” Mixed Residential and Commercial District are presented in Part 4 Development Standards, see Section 4-801, 4-802 and 4-803.
- (l) Fuel Storage Tanks: Class I and Class II liquids in above ground tanks is prohibited unless temporarily stored in licensed and operative commercially used vehicles in an accumulative amount over one hundred fifty (150) gallons.
- (m) Fire Protection: All buildings that reach the maximum allowable building height for this zoning district will be required to install automatic sprinkler systems. The installation of these systems will be made in accordance with National Fire Protection Association requirements outlined in NFPA 13.

Section 3-205. C Commercial District

- (a) Intent and Purpose of District: This district is intended to provide and encourage potential locations for commercial retail facilities, commercial offices, and other commercial services. The Commercial District regulations are intended to provide adequate vehicular parking, setbacks, landscaping and/or other screening to ensure the compatibility of commercial establishments with

adjoining land uses, as well as their accessibility to community utility systems and community open space areas.

(b) Permitted Uses:

All structures are limited to stick-built, manufactured or modular units.

- (1) Visitor accommodations such as motels, hotels, inns, lodges, bed-and-breakfast facilities and RV campgrounds.
- (2) Medical and veterinary clinics.
- (3) Commercial offices and office complexes.
- (4) Banks and other financial institutions.
- (5) Eating and drinking establishments including cafes and restaurants; including mobile food dispensaries.
- (6) Commercial retail establishments such as agricultural supply stores, convenience stores, mercantile stores, gas stations, automobile part stores, computer stores, grocery stores, hardware stores, pharmacies, automated teller machine operations, barber shops and hair salons, boot and shoe repair shops, and building supply centers.
- (7) Commercial contracting establishments, such as; rental facilities, landscaping services and supplies, excavation equipment and vehicles associated with said businesses.
- (8) Service and repair establishments such as video production, self-storage facilities, auto repair shops, auto lubrication services and car wash facilities.
- (9) Cabinet, plumbing, welding, and fabrication shops.
- (10) Conference center facilities.
- (11) Commercial entertainment facilities such as theatres.
- (12) Structures supporting regional and community utility systems.
- (13) Structures will be constructed out of new or recycled materials. The relocation and/or moving in of old or used structures are **prohibited**.

(c) Commercial Building Standards:

- (1) Required building standards for commercial structures in the “C” Commercial District are presented in Part 4, Section 505 of the Alpine Land Use and Development Code.
- (4) All buildings in the “C” Commercial District will require a plan review of the Town Building Official – Building Inspector, the Planning & Zoning Commission, and/or their representative, prior to the issuance of a building permit.
- (5) Residential and Commercial structures roof style shall balance compatibility with the character of the area and snow shed considerations. Where pitched roofs are used, steeper roof pitches are preferred, but flatter pitches are permitted. Provided the engineering standards are met. The choice of roof pitch shall include consideration if and where the roof will hold or release snow and where roof drainage will occur.

(d) Architectural Guidelines: Architectural guidelines for the “C” Commercial Zoning District are presented in Part 4 Development Standards of the Land Use and Development Code.

(e) Minimum Lot Area:

- 8,000 - square feet in Palisades Heights;
- 8,500 - square feet in Lakeview Estates, Tract C; and, Lakeview Estates, 7th Addition;
- 10,000 - square feet in Lakeview Estates, 2nd Addition; and Grey’s River Valley;
- 11,000 - square feet in Kilroy Addition;

13,000 - square feet in Palis Park, 3rd Addition;
 16,000 - square feet in Riverview Meadows Subdivision;

(f) Minimum Setbacks:

- (1) Front Yard: Commercial buildings will be located, at least, twenty-five (25) feet from the front property line. Detached accessory buildings will not be located beyond the front line of any primary commercial structure. **Both street frontages of corner lots shall be considered front yards.**
- (2) Side Yard: Commercial buildings a Zero Setback will be allowed; however, property owners are required to make available space to accommodate parking and snow storage/removal. When a lot adjoins a lot in an MRC zoning district the setback shall be ten (10) feet from the property line. When a lot adjoins a R-2 or R-1 zoning districts the setback shall be fifteen (15) feet from the property line. Detached accessory buildings/structures, equal to or under Three Hundred (300) square feet, can have a setback of not less than ten (10) feet from side property lines. Detached accessory buildings/structures, with a total square footage of over Three Hundred (300) square feet, will have a setback of not less than ten (10) feet from side property lines. **Please Note: Should a structure be placed within a recorded property/utility easements, the Town of Alpine assumes no responsibility for damage and/or any replacement costs of any structure or property damage; owner will accept full responsibility for any and all costs for repairs.**
- (3) Rear Yard: Commercial buildings a Zero Setback will be allowed; however, property owners are required to make available space to accommodate parking and snow storage/removal. When a lot adjoins a lot in an MRC zoning district the setback shall be ten (10) feet from the property line. When a lot adjoins a R-2 or R-1 zoning districts the setback shall be fifteen (15) feet from the property line. Detached accessory buildings/structures, equal to or under Three Hundred (300) square feet, can have a setback of not less than ten (10) feet from side property lines. Detached accessory buildings/structures, with a total square footage of over Three Hundred (300) square feet, will have a setback of not less than ten (10) feet from side property lines. **Please Note: Should a structure be placed within a recorded property/utility easements, the Town of Alpine assumes no responsibility for damage and/or any replacement costs of any structure or property damage; owner will accept full responsibility for any and all costs for repairs.**
- (4) Properties with less than ten thousand (10,000) square feet will be allowed to have a front yard setback of twenty (20) feet and side yard and rear yard setbacks of ten (10) feet, for primary structures. Detached accessory buildings/structures, equal to or under Three Hundred (300) square feet, can have a setback of not less than ten (10) from rear property lines. Detached accessory buildings/structures, with a total square footage of over Three Hundred (300) square feet, will have a setback of not less than ten (10) feet from rear property lines. **Please Note: Should a structure be placed within a recorded property/utility easements, the Town of Alpine assumes no responsibility for damage and/or any replacement costs of any structure or property damage; owner will accept full responsibility for any and all costs for repairs.**
- (5) Corner Lots and Irregular Lots will have all street front setback guidelines and the remaining sides will be considered side setbacks.
- (6) Any deviations from setback requirements will require a plan review and approval of a variance unless a lesser setback is identified in the recorded plat of the approved subdivision.

(g) Maximum Building Height:

- (1) Commercial buildings will not exceed three (3) stories or forty-five (45) feet in height.
- (2) The height of detached storage/accessory structures will be thirty-five (35) feet or less, all detached accessory structures will be placed behind the front plane of the existing

commercial structure. This height restriction is applicable to structures that are set back from the property line of not less than fifteen feet from the side property line and not less than twenty feet from the rear property line.

aa. Detached accessory structures, with a total square footage of less than Three Hundred (300) square feet and are placed within the allowable ten (10) foot rear setback and ten (10) foot side setback shall have a height restriction of fourteen (14) feet in height or less.

(3) Roof eaves for non-sprinkled buildings will be twenty-eight (28) feet or less from the finished grade elevation.

(h) Vehicular Parking and Storage:

(1) Off-street parking areas will consist of designated parking spaces and/or centralized parking areas within the commercial building site. The minimum number of required off-street parking spaces will be calculated by the Zoning Administrator and/or Planning and Zoning Commission based upon the criteria presented in Table 3-2 (Below).

TABLE 3-2 MINIMUM OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS COMMERCIAL FACILITIES	
<i>Type of Commercial Use</i>	<i>Standard</i>
Motel/Hotel	1 parking space per guest room
Inns or Lodges	1 per guest room; 35% of total seating capacity of associated cafe & restaurant operations.
Medical and Veterinary Clinics	1 per 600 square feet of floor space
Commercial Offices	1 per 600 square feet of retail floor space
Cafes and Restaurants (including fast-food outlets with seating)	Number of parking spaces will equal 35% of total seating capacity
Fast-food Outlets (with no seating)	1 per number of employees for average work shift
Retail Stores	1 per 600 square feet of retail floor space
Self-Storage Facilities	1 per every 2,000 square feet of storage space
Commercial Services	1 per 600 square feet of retail floor space
Service and Repair Establishments	4 per service bay plus 1 per employee.
Cabinet, plumbing, welding, and steel fabrication shops	One parking space every 800 square feet of floor space plus 1 per employee.
Commercial Recreational Facilities	1 parking space for 25% of the total number of customers that can be served at any give time

(2) Centralized vehicular parking areas will be designed and constructed in accordance with the vehicular parking standards outlined in Article 4.6 of the Alpine Land Use and Development Code. The parking area and/or driveways will extend from the edge of pavement or improved road surface of any municipal street. In the event that no improved road surface exists, the parking area will extend from the edge of the municipal street right-of-way.

(3) Recreational vehicles (RVs), recreational watercrafts and travel trailers shall be parked as not to obstruct the view of traffic and must follow guidelines set forth by the Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions (CCRs) established by the residential unit and/or subdivision, if applicable. All vehicles, boats and/or trailers are to be parked on the property owners private property.

- (4) Recreational vehicles (RVs) and/or travel trailers used during construction or maintenance activities; these vehicles are to be parked on the private property that the activity is taking place on and will be removed promptly when construction and/or the maintenance has been completed.
- (5) Shared Parking is permitted provided the Planning and Zoning Commission has received, reviewed and approved the written contract agreement between landowners. The agreement will be recorded in the Lincoln County Registration of Deeds and is in effect for as long as this ordinance requires.
- (6) Parking of any vehicle, which has a gross vehicle weight (GVW) of greater than twenty-six thousand (26,000) pounds, is prohibited along any public streets; except for the following:
 - (aa) Vehicles temporarily parked (**less than** twenty four {24} hours) for loading or unloading passengers, materials, and merchandise.
 - (bb) Vehicles temporarily parked (less than twenty four {24} hours) engaged in performing a service activity on the commercial lot and/or parcel of land in which the service is being performed (less than twenty four {24} hours).
 - (cc) Vehicles used in association with construction or maintenance activities; this vehicle is to be parked on the commercial property that the activity is taking place on and will be removed when construction and/or the maintenance has been completed.
- (7) All overnight street parking is prohibited.
- (i) Fencing:
 - (1) Fences shall be no more than four (4) feet high between the front building line and front property line. Structural posts associated with this fencing will be situated on the interior side of the fence.
 - (2) Perimeter fences along side or rear property lines shall be no more than eight (8) feet high for commercial lots. Fences will not be constructed on top of property lines. Structural posts associated with all perimeter fences will be situated on the interior side of the fence.
 - (3) Electric and barbed wire fencing is prohibited below six (6) feet.
 - (8) Fencing and walls may be placed within drainage and utility easements, locates will be required by utility company. **If fencing or walls are damaged due to utility improvements, repairs, snow removal, etc., the owner will accept full responsibility for any and all costs for repairs.**
 - (9) Construction fences are allowed during initial construction of a structure. It will be constructed on the property of the primary building site. The Certificate of Occupancy will not be issued until the construction fence is removed.
- (j) Accessory Uses and Buildings:
 - (1) Storage/Accessory buildings will be permitted with a primary commercial structure on a commercial lot. These structures will only be permitted on the same lot with a primary commercial structure.
 - (2) Storage/Accessory buildings will be no larger than allowed by the setbacks, vehicular parking and landscaping requirements.
 - (3) Steel Shipping Containers and/or Cargo/Semi Trailer are allowed in this zoning district, so long as they are placed behind the primary structure and meet the allowable setback requirements. Stacking of containers is prohibited.

- (k) Authorized Signs:
 - (1) Sign standards for the “C” Commercial Zoning District are presented in Part 4 Development Standards, see Section 4-801 and 4-803.
- (l) Fire Protection:
 - (1) All buildings that reach the maximum allowable building height for this zoning district will be required to install automatic sprinkler systems. The installation of these systems will be made in accordance with National Fire Protection Association requirements outlined in NFPA 13.
 - (2) A defensible space plan will be prepared for commercial properties located in potential wildfire hazard areas (Figure 3-1). The defensible space plan will address how the landowner will manage vegetation within a one hundred (100) foot radius of the commercial facility, or the maximum radius allowed within the property owned by the landowner.
 - a. The defensible space plan will be reviewed and approved by an authorized representative of the Alpine Fire District and submitted with any building permit application.

Section 3-206. LI Light Industrial District

- (a) Intent and Purpose of District: This district is intended to encourage the development of smaller manufacturing facilities which produce finished products and/or parts from previously prepared materials. The Light Industrial District is also to provide area within the community for the storage and distribution of finished products, the storage of heavy equipment, industrial service and repair operations, as well as laboratory and administrative facilities supporting light industrial operations. The Light Industrial District regulations are intended to provide adequate vehicular parking, setbacks, landscaping and/or other screening to ensure compatibility with adjoining land uses, as well as accessibility to community utility systems and community open space areas.
- (b) Permitted Uses:

All structures are limited to stick-built, manufactured or modular units.

 - (1) Manufacturing of finished products, or parts, including processing, fabrication, assembly, treatment, packaging, canning and/or bottling, incidental storage, as well as the wholesale distribution of such products.
 - (2) Light industrial parks.
 - (3) Regional warehouse and distribution facilities.
 - (4) Construction and maintenance equipment yards.
 - (5) Cabinet, plumbing, welding, and fabrication shops.
 - (6) Industrial service and repair operations.
 - (7) Storage yards for heavy equipment and industrial materials.
 - (8) Truck terminals.
 - (9) Solid waste collection or transfer facilities.
 - (10) Eating/drinking establishments, specific to the distribution business, which could include: cafes/restaurants tap and/or tasting rooms, branded merchandise.

- (11) Mobile food dispensaries.
 - (12) Structures supporting regional and community utility systems.
 - (13) Structures will be constructed out of new or recycled materials. The relocation and/or moving in of old or used structures are **prohibited**.
- (c) Light Industrial Building Standards:
- (1) Required building standards for light industrial structures in the “LI” Light Industrial District are presented in Part 4, Section 506 of the Alpine Land Use and Development Code.
 - (2) All buildings in the “LI” Light Industrial District will require a plan review by the Building Official – Building Inspector, Zoning Administrator, or his or her representative, prior to the issuance of a building permit.
- (d) Architectural Guidelines: Architectural Guidelines for the “LI” Light Industrial Zoning District are presented in Part 4, Section 507 of the Land Use and Development Code.
- (e) Minimum Lot Area: 0.9 acre in Alpine Meadows Subdivision.
- (f) Minimum Setbacks:
- (1) Front Yard: Industrial buildings will be located, at least, twenty-five (25) feet from the front property line. Detached accessory buildings will not be located beyond the front line of any primary light industrial structure. **Both street frontages of corner lots shall be considered front yards.**
 - (2) Side Yards: Primary structures will be setback not less than fifteen (15) feet from side property lines. Detached accessory buildings/structures, equal to or under Three Hundred (300) square feet, can have a setback of not less than ten (10) feet from side property lines. Detached accessory buildings/structures, with a total square footage of over Three Hundred (300) square feet, will have a setback of not less than fifteen (15) feet from side property lines. **Please Note: Should a structure be placed within a recorded property/utility easements, the Town of Alpine assumes no responsibility for damage and/or any replacement costs of any structure or property damage; owner will accept full responsibility for any and all costs for repairs.**
 - (3) Rear Yard: Primary structures will be setback not less than twenty (20) feet from the rear property line. Detached accessory buildings/structures, equal to or under Three Hundred (300) square feet, can have a setback of not less than ten (10) from rear property lines. Detached accessory buildings/structures, with a total square footage of over Three Hundred (300) square feet, will have a setback of not less than twenty (20) from rear property lines. **Please Note: Should a structure be placed within a recorded property/utility easements, the Town of Alpine assumes no responsibility for damage and/or any replacement costs of any structure or property damage; owner will accept full responsibility for any and all costs for repairs.**
 - (4) Properties with less than ten thousand (10,000) square feet will be allowed to have a front yard setback of twenty (20) feet and side yard and rear yard setbacks of ten (10) feet, for primary residential structures. Detached accessory buildings/structures, equal to or under Three Hundred (300) square feet, can have a setback of not less than ten (10) from rear property lines. Detached accessory buildings/structures, with a total square footage of over Three Hundred (300) square feet, will have a setback of not less than ten (10) feet from rear property lines. **Please Note: Should a structure be placed within a**

recorded property/utility easements, the Town of Alpine assumes no responsibility for damage and/or any replacement costs of any structure or property damage; owner will accept full responsibility for any and all costs for repairs.

- (5) Corner Lots and Irregular Lots will have all street front setback guidelines and remaining sides will be considered side setbacks.
- (6) Any deviations from setback requirements will require a plan review and approval of a variance unless a lesser setback is identified in the recorded plat of the approved subdivision.
- (g) **Maximum Building Height:**
 - (1) Industrial buildings will not exceed three (3) stories or forty-five (45) feet.
 - (2) The height of detached accessory structures will be twenty-six (26) feet or less, this height restriction is applicable to structures that are set back from the property line of not less than fifteen (15) feet from the side property line and not less than twenty (20) feet from the rear property line.
 - aa. Detached accessory structures, with a total square footage equal to or under Two Hundred (200) square feet and are placed within the allowable five (5) foot rear setback and five (5) foot side setback shall have a height restriction of fourteen (14) feet in height or less.
 - (3) Roof eaves for non-sprinkled buildings will be twenty-eight (28) feet or less from the finished grade elevation.
- (h) **Vehicular Parking and Storage:**
 - (1) Off-street parking areas will consist of designated parking spaces and/or centralized parking areas within the building site. The minimum number of required off-street parking spaces will be calculated by the Zoning Administrator based upon the criteria presented in Table 3-3.
 - (2) Centralized vehicular parking areas will be designed and constructed in accordance with the vehicular parking standards outlined in Article 4.6 of the Alpine Land Use and Development Code. The parking area and/or driveways will extend from the edge of the pavement or improved road surface of any municipal street. In the event that no improved road surface exists, the parking area will extend from the edge of the municipal street right-of-way.

TABLE 3-3 MINIMUM OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS LIGHT INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES	
<i>Type of Light Industrial Use</i>	<i>Standard</i>
Manufacturing	1 parking space for each person employed, or intended to be employed, on the largest work shift.
Warehouse and Distribution Facilities	1 parking space for every 1,000 square feet of floor area.
Construction and Maintenance Equipment Yards	1 parking space for each two persons employed.
Cabinet, plumbing, welding, and steel fabrication shops	1 parking space every 800 square feet of floor space plus 1 per employee.
Industrial Service and Repair Operations	1 parking space for each two persons employed.
Truck Terminals	1 parking space for every semi truck and trailer anticipated during peak use of the truck terminal. 1 automobile

	parking space for each 2 persons employed.
Solid Waste Collection or Transfer Facilities	1 parking space for each 2 persons employed.
Light Industrial Parks	1 parking space for each employee.

- (3) Parking of any vehicle, which has a gross vehicle weight (GVW) of greater than twenty-six thousand (26,000) pounds, is prohibited along any public streets; except for the following:
- (aa) Vehicles temporarily parked (less than twenty four {24} hours) for loading or unloading passengers, materials, and merchandise.
 - (bb) Vehicles temporarily parked (less than twenty four {24} hours) engaged in performing a service activity on the commercial lot and/or parcel of land in which the service is being performed (less than twenty four {24} hours).
 - (cc) Vehicles used in association with construction or maintenance activities; this vehicle is to be parked on the commercial property that the activity is taking place on and will be removed when construction and/or the maintenance has been completed.
- (4) All overnight street parking is prohibited
- (i) Fencing:
- (1) Fences shall be no more than four (4) feet high between the front building line and front property line. Structural posts associated with this fencing will be situated on the interior side of the fence.
 - (2) Perimeter fences along side or rear property lines shall be no more than eight (8) feet high and not constructed on top of property lines. Structural posts associated with all perimeter fences will be situated on the interior side of the fence.
 - (3) Electric and barbed wire fencing is prohibited below six (6) feet.
 - (4) Fencing and walls may be placed within drainage and utility easements, locates will be required by utility company. If fencing or walls are damaged due to utility improvements, repairs, snow removal, etc., owner will accept full responsibility for any and all costs for repairs.
 - (5) Fencing is required where "L-1" is adjacent to "R-1", "R-2", "MRC", "PCF" or "RC" lots.
- (j) Accessory Uses and Buildings:
- (1) Offices, storage buildings, repair and maintenance shops and other structures directly associated with the operation of a light industrial complex, facility, or operation are permitted. These uses will only be permitted on the same lot with a primary light industrial structure.
 - (2) Accessory buildings will be no larger than allowed by setbacks.
 - (3) Steel Shipping Containers and/or Cargo/Semi Trailer are allowed in this zoning district, so long as they are placed behind the primary structure and meet the allowable setback requirements. Stacking of containers is prohibited.
- (k) Authorized Signs: Sign Standards for the "LI" Light Industrial Zoning District are presented in Part 4 Development Standards, see Section 4-801 and 4-803.
- (l) Fire Protection:

All buildings that reach the maximum allowable building height for this zoning district will be required to install automatic sprinkler systems. The installation of these systems will be made in accordance with National Fire Protection Association requirements outlined in NFPA 13.

Section 3-207. PCF Public and Community Facilities District

- (a) **Intent and Purpose of District:** The purpose of this district is to encourage and provide areas for the development of municipal, county, state, federal, and quasi-public facilities. This district is also intended to encourage the development of churches, community visitor centers, private membership clubs, and other privately-owned facilities that are generally available for public use.
- (b) **Permitted Uses:**
All structures are limited to stick-built, manufactured or modular units.
 - (1) Government administrative facilities
 - (2) Public works shops and equipment base yards
 - (3) Public multi-purpose facilities
 - (4) Public safety facilities for law enforcement, fire suppression and/or Fire Station, and emergency medical services, and/or Ambulance Station.
 - (5) Public schools, educational facilities, and related administrative offices
 - (6) Public recreation centers, public parks and playgrounds, community trails for pedestrians, bikes and snow machines, and other recreational facilities
 - (7) Public medical clinics
 - (8) Public libraries and other cultural facilities
 - (9) Public conference centers
 - (10) Churches and other places of worship
 - (11) Visitor centers
 - (12) Childcare centers and early childhood development facilities
 - (13) Museums and exhibition halls
 - (14) Private membership club facilities
 - (15) Bus transportation facilities
 - (16) Private recreational or educational facilities that is accessible to the general public
 - (17) Community trails for bikes, pedestrians and snow machines
 - (18) Solid waste collection and transfer facilities
 - (19) Structures supporting regional and community utility systems
 - (20) Primary structures will be constructed out of new materials. The moving in of old or used buildings are prohibited.
- (c) **Public Facility Building Standards:**
 - (1) Required building standards for structures in the Public and Community Facilities District are presented in Part 4, Section 508 of the Alpine Land Use and Development Code.

- (2) All buildings in the Public and Community Facilities District will require a plan review of the Town Building Official – Building Inspector, the Planning & Zoning Commission, and/or their representative, prior to the issuance of a building permit.
- (3) Public Facility structures roof style shall balance compatibility with the character of the area and snow shed considerations. Where pitched roofs are used, steeper roof pitches are preferred, but flatter pitches are permitted. Provided the engineering standards are met. The choice of roof pitch shall include consideration if and where the roof will hold or release snow and where roof drainage will occur.
- (d) Architectural Guidelines: Architectural guidelines for the “PCF” Public and Community Facilities Zoning District are presented in Part 4 Development Standards.
- (e) Landscaping Requirements: At least ten (10) percent of each public or private facility site, or complex, will be landscaped and maintained with grasses, shrubs, and/or trees to increase compatibility with adjoining land uses, increase the attractiveness of the site, and enhance the general aesthetics of the community. This requirement may be made within setback areas, designated easements.
- (f) Minimum Lot Area: None.
- (g) Minimum Setbacks:
 - (1) Front Yard: Public and community facility structures will be located, at least, twenty-five (25) feet from the front property line. Detached accessory buildings will not be located beyond the front line of any primary public or community facility. **Both street frontages of corner lots shall be considered front yards.**
 - (2) Side Yards: Primary residential structures will be setback not less than fifteen (15) feet from side property lines. Detached accessory buildings/structures, equal to or under Two Hundred (200) square feet, can have a setback of not less than five (5) feet from side property lines. Detached accessory buildings/structures, with a total square footage of over Two Hundred (200) square feet, will have a setback of not less than fifteen (15) feet from side property lines. **Please Note: Should a structure be placed within a recorded property/utility easements, the Town of Alpine assumes no responsibility for damage and/or any replacement costs of any structure or property damage; owner will accept full responsibility for any and all costs for repairs.**
 - (3) Rear Yard: Primary residential structures will be setback not less than twenty (20) feet from the rear property line. Detached accessory buildings/structures, equal to or under Two Hundred (200) square feet, can have a setback of not less than five (5) feet from rear property lines. Detached accessory buildings/structures, with a total square footage of over Two Hundred (200) square feet, will have a setback of not less than twenty (20) feet from rear property lines. **Please Note: Should a structure be placed within a recorded property/utility easements, the Town of Alpine assumes no responsibility for damage and/or any replacement costs of any structure or property damage; owner will accept full responsibility for any and all costs for repairs.**
 - (4) Properties with less than ten thousand (10,000) square feet will be allowed to have a front yard setback of twenty (20) feet and side yard and rear yard setbacks of ten (10) feet, for primary residential structures. Detached accessory buildings/structures, equal to or under Two Hundred (200) square feet, can have a setback of not less than five (5) feet from rear property lines. Detached accessory buildings/structures, with a total square footage of over Two Hundred (200) square feet, will have a setback of not less than ten (10) feet from rear property lines. **Please Note: Should a structure be placed within a recorded property/utility easements, the Town of Alpine assumes no responsibility for damage and/or any replacement costs of any structure or property damage; owner will accept full responsibility for any and all costs for repairs.**

- (5) Any deviations from setback requirements will require a plan review and approval of a variance unless a lesser setback is identified in the recorded plat of the approved subdivision plat.
- (h) Maximum Building Height:
- (1) Public and community facilities will not exceed three (3) stories or forty-five (45) feet.
 - (2) The height of detached accessory structures will be twenty-six (26) feet or less, this height restriction is applicable to structures that are set back from the property line of not less than ten (10) feet from the side property line and not less than ten (10) feet from the rear property line.
 - aa. Detached accessory structures, with a total square footage of equal to or under Two Hundred (200) square feet and are placed within the allowable five (5) foot rear setback and five (5) foot side setback shall have a height restriction of fourteen (14) feet in height or less.
 - (3) Roof eaves for non-sprinkled buildings will be twenty-eight (28) feet or less from the finished grade elevation.
- (i) Accessory Uses and Buildings:
- (1) Office and storage buildings directly associated with the operation of public and community facilities are permitted. These uses will only be permitted on the same lot with a primary public or community facility, or on an adjacent lot associated with the primary public or community facility.
 - (2) Accessory buildings will contain no more than six hundred (600) square feet of floor area.
 - (3) Steel Shipping Containers and/or Cargo/Semi Trailer are allowed in this zoning district, so long as they are placed behind the primary structure and meet the allowable setback requirements. Stacking of containers is prohibited.
- (j) Fencing:
- (1) Fences shall be no more than four (4) feet high between the front building line and front property line. Structural posts associated with this fencing will be situated on the interior side of the fence.
 - (2) Perimeter fences along side or rear property lines shall be no more than eight (8) feet high and not constructed on top of property lines. Structural posts associated with all perimeter fences will be situated on the interior side of the fence.
 - (3) Electric and barbed wire fencing is **prohibited** below six (6) feet.
 - (4) Fencing and walls may be placed within drainage and utility easements, locates will be required by utility company. **If fencing or walls are damaged due to utility improvements, repairs, snow removal, etc., the owner will accept full responsibility for any and all costs for repairs.**
 - (5) Construction fences are allowed during initial construction of a structure. It will be constructed on the property of the primary building site. The Certificate of Occupancy will not be issued until the construction fence is removed.
- (k) Vehicular Parking and Storage:
- (1) Off-street parking areas will consist of designated parking spaces and/or centralized parking areas within the building site. The minimum number of required off-street parking spaces will be calculated by the Zoning Administrator and/or Planning and Zoning Commission based upon the criteria presented in Table 3-4.

- (2) Centralized vehicular parking areas will be designed and constructed in accordance with the vehicular parking standards outlined in Article 4.6 of the Alpine Land Use and Development Code. The parking area and/or driveways will extend from the edge of the pavement or improved road surface of any municipal street. In the event that no improved road surface exists, the parking area will extend from the edge of the municipal street right-of-way.
- (3) Shared Parking is permitted provided the Planning and Zoning Commission has reviewed and approved the written contract agreement between landowners. The agreement will be recorded in the Lincoln County Registration of Deeds and is in effect for as long as this ordinance requires.
- (4) No unlicensed or inoperable vehicle will be permitted on any public or community facility lot unless the vehicle is used for training purposes approved by the Alpine Planning & Zoning Commission.
- (5) Parking of any vehicle, which has a gross vehicle weight (GVW) of greater than twenty-six thousand (26,000) pounds, is prohibited along any public street, except for the following:
 - (aa) Vehicles temporarily parked (less than twenty four {24} hours) for loading or unloading passengers, materials, and merchandise.
 - (bb) Vehicles temporarily parked (less than twenty four {24} hours) engaged in performing a service activity on the commercial lot and/or parcel of land in which the service is being performed (less than twenty four {24} hours).
 - (cc) Vehicles used in association with construction or maintenance activities; this vehicle is to be parked on the commercial property that the activity is taking place on and will be removed when construction and/or the maintenance has been completed.
- (6) All overnight street parking is prohibited.
- (l) Authorized Signs: Sign Standards for the Public and Community Facilities District are presented in Part 4 Development Standards, see Section 4-801 and 4-803.
- (m) Fuel Storage Tanks: Class I and Class II liquids in above ground tanks is prohibited unless temporarily stored in licensed and operative commercially used vehicles in an accumulative amount over one hundred fifty (150) gallons.
- (n) Fire Protection: All buildings that reach the maximum allowable building height for this zoning district will be required to install automatic sprinkler systems. The installation of these systems will be made in accordance with National Fire Protection Association requirements outlined in NFPA 13.

TABLE 3-4 MINIMUM OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS PUBLIC AND COMMUNITY FACILITIES	
Type of Public or Community Facility Use	Standard
Government administrative facilities	1 parking space per 600 square feet of floor space
Public works centers and base yards	1 parking space for each person employed on largest work shift.

Public multi-purpose facilities	The number of parking spaces will equal 35 percent of the total seating capacity.
Public safety facilities for law enforcement, fire protection (fire departments), and emergency medical services (ambulance stations)	To be determined by Zoning Administrator and Planning and Zoning Commission during project review.
Educational facilities, and related administrative offices	The number of parking spaces will include 1 parking space for each employee, school bus parking to accommodate peak bus traffic or loading zones, parking spaces for 50 percent of anticipated school enrollment for high schools, and visitor parking adequate to support events at the facility.
Public recreation centers and recreational facilities	The number of parking spaces will equal 35 percent of the peak number of adult recreational users during any one period.

**TABLE 3-4
MINIMUM OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS
PUBLIC AND COMMUNITY FACILITIES
(CONTINUED)**

Public medical clinics	1 parking space for each employee, 1 reserved parking space for each anticipated paramedic van or ambulance serving the facility in one 8-hour period, 2 reserved parking spaces for law enforcement, 1 parking space for the maximum number of patients served by the facility at any given time.
Public libraries	1 parking space for each employee; 1 parking space for each anticipated facility user during an anticipated peak hour of facility use.
Public cultural facilities	The number of parking spaces will equal 35 percent of the total seating capacity
Public conference facilities	The number of parking spaces will equal 35 percent of the total seating capacity
Operations centers, administrative offices, and facilities supporting quasi-public utilities	1 parking space per 200 square feet of floor space for administrative areas and workshop areas. 2 parking spaces at each facility, e.g., water storage tank.
Solid waste collection and transfer facilities	1 parking space for employee(s) working at solid waste site; one parking space/loading area for incoming trucks used for collection and transfer.
Structures supporting regional and community utility systems.	1 parking space for maintenance personnel.
Churches and other places of worship	The number of parking spaces will equal 35 percent of the seating capacity of the primary sanctuary at each church.
Museums	1 parking space for each two persons employed. 1 parking space for every two visitors during peak hour of visitation.
Private membership club facilities	1 parking space for every 1.5 persons as rated by the maximum capacity of the building defined by the fire code.
Community visitor centers	1 parking space for every employee, as well as 10 spaces for visitors.
Other private or educational facilities accessible to the general public	1 parking space for every two persons employed. The Total parking spaces for facility users will equal 50 percent of the peak user capacity.

Section 3-208. RC Recreation and Conservation District

- (a) **Intent and Purpose of District:** The purpose of this district is intended to encourage the conservation of sensitive natural resources and enhance the aesthetics of the community via the provision of community parks and other open space. The intent of this district also includes the development of recreational facilities to support outdoor recreational activities such as walking, biking, cross-country skiing, snowmobiling, and picnicking. The recreation and conservation

district regulations are established to ensure compatibility with adjoining land uses, as well as accessibility to residential and commercial areas.

(b) Permitted Uses:

All structures are limited to stick-built, manufactured or modular units.

- (1) Outdoor public parks, pavilions, outdoor cooking and picnic facilities, and recreational equipment.
- (2) Pedestrian, bicycle, cross-country ski, and snow machine trails.
- (3) Outdoor courts for basketball, volleyball, tennis, and other activities.
- (4) Hockey rinks and ice-skating facilities.
- (5) Recreational areas for soccer, baseball, football, skateboarding, and other outdoor recreational activities.
- (6) Historical sites and related interpretation facilities.
- (7) Wellhead protection areas.
- (8) Undeveloped lands.
- (9) Primary structures will be constructed out of new materials. The moving in of old or used buildings are prohibited.

(c) Recreation and Conservation Building Standards:

- (1) Required building standards for all structures in the Recreation and Conservation District are presented in Part 4, of the Alpine Land Use and Development Code.
- (2) All buildings in the Recreation and Conservation District will require a plan review of the Town Building Official – Building Inspector, the Planning & Zoning Commission, and/or their representative, prior to the issuance of a building permit.
- (3) Recreation and Conservation structures roof style shall balance compatibility with the character of the area and snow shed considerations. Where pitched roofs are used, steeper roof pitches are preferred, but flatter pitches are permitted. Provided the engineering standards are met. The choice of roof pitch shall include consideration if and where the roof will hold or release snow and where roof drainage will occur.

(d) Architectural Guidelines: Architectural guidelines for the Recreation and Conservation District are presented in Part 4 Development Standards.

(e) Landscaping Requirements: At least ten (10) percent of each recreational and conservation lot will be landscaped and maintained with grasses, shrubs, and/or trees to increase the compatibility with adjoining land uses, increase the attractiveness of the residential site or complex, and enhance the general aesthetics of the community. This requirement may be satisfied within setback areas, designated easements, or any portion of the site.

(f) Minimum Lot Area: None.

(g) Minimum Setbacks:

- (1) Twenty-five (25) feet from adjoining properties and land uses in other zoning districts. Detached accessory buildings/structures, with a total square footage equal to or under Two Hundred (200) square feet, can have a setback of not less than five (5) feet from side property lines. Detached accessory buildings/structures, with a total square footage of over Two Hundred (200) square feet, will have a setback of not less than twenty-five (25) feet from side and rear property lines.

- (2) Side Yards: Primary residential structures will be setback not less than fifteen (15) feet from side property lines. Detached accessory buildings/structures, equal to or under Two Hundred (200) square feet, can have a setback of not less than five (5) feet from side property lines. Detached accessory buildings/structures, with a total square footage of over Two Hundred (200) square feet, will have a setback of not less than fifteen (15) feet from side property lines.
 - (3) Rear Yard: Primary residential structures will be setback not less than twenty (20) feet from the rear property line. Detached accessory buildings/structures, equal to or under Two Hundred (200) square feet, can have a setback of not less than five (5) feet from rear property lines. Detached accessory buildings/structures, with a total square footage of over Two Hundred (200) square feet, will have a setback of not less than twenty (20) feet from rear property lines.
 - (4) Properties with less than ten thousand (10,000) square feet will be allowed to have a front yard setback of twenty (20) feet and side yard and rear yard setbacks of ten (10) feet, for primary residential structures. Detached accessory buildings/structures, equal to or under Two Hundred (200) square feet, can have a setback of not less than five (5) feet from rear property lines. Detached accessory buildings/structures, with a total square footage of over Two Hundred (200) square feet, will have a setback of not less than ten (10) feet from rear property lines.
 - (5) Any deviations from setback requirements will require a plan review and approval of a variance unless a lesser setback is identified in the recorded plat of the approved subdivision.
- (h) Maximum Building Height:
- (1) Thirty-five (35) feet.
 - (2) The height of detached accessory structures will be twenty-six (26) feet or less, this height restriction is applicable to structures that are set back from the property line of not less than twenty-five (25) feet from the side property line and not less than twenty-five (25) feet from the rear property line.
 - aa. Detached accessory structures, with a total square footage of less than Two Hundred (200) square feet and are placed within the allowable five (5) foot rear setback and five (5) foot side setback shall have a height restriction of fourteen (14) feet in height or less.
- (i) Vehicular Parking and Storage:
- (1) Off-street parking areas will consist of designated parking spaces and/or centralized parking areas within the building site. The minimum number of required off-street parking spaces will be calculated by the Zoning Administrator based upon the criteria presented in Table 3-5.
 - (2) Centralized vehicular parking areas will be designed and constructed in accordance with the vehicular parking standards outlined in Article 4.6 of the Alpine Land Use and Development Code. The parking area and/or driveways will extend from the edge of the pavement or improved road surface of any municipal street. In the event that no improved road surface exists, the parking area will extend from the edge of the municipal street right-of-way.
 - (3) No unlicensed or inoperable vehicle will be permitted on any recreational or conservation area facility lot.
 - (4) Shared Parking is permitted provided the Planning and Zoning Commission has reviewed and approved the written contract agreement between landowners.

TABLE 3-5 MINIMUM OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS RECREATION AND CONSERVATION AREA FACILITIES	
<i>Type of Public or Community Facility Use</i>	<i>Standard</i>
Football, soccer, and baseball fields	The number of parking spaces will equal 35 percent of the anticipated peak number of adult recreational users and spectators during any one period.
Hockey and ice-skating rinks	The number of parking spaces will equal 35 percent of the anticipated peak number of adult recreational users and spectators during any one period.

TABLE 3-5 MINIMUM OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS RECREATION AND CONSERVATION AREA FACILITIES (CONTINUED)	
Basketball, volleyball, and tennis courts	The number of parking spaces will equal 50 percent of the anticipated peak number of adult recreational users and spectators during any one period.
Historical sites and interpretative facilities	None
Structures supporting regional & community utility systems.	1 parking space for maintenance personnel.

- (5) Parking of any vehicle, which has a gross vehicle weight (GVW) of greater than twenty-six thousand (26,000) pounds, is prohibited along any public street; except for the following:

(aa) Vehicles temporarily parked (less than twenty four {24} hours) for loading or unloading passengers, materials, and merchandise.

(bb) Vehicles temporarily parked (less than twenty four {24} hours) engaged in performing a service activity on the commercial lot and/or parcel of land in which the service is being performed (less than twenty four {24} hours).

(cc) Vehicles used in association with construction or maintenance activities; this vehicle is to be parked on the commercial property that the activity is taking place on and will be removed when construction and/or the maintenance has been completed.

- (6) All overnight street parking is **prohibited**.

(j) Fencing:

- (1) Fences shall be no more than four (4) feet high between the front building line and front property line. Structural posts associated with this fencing will be situated on the interior side of the fence.
- (2) Perimeter fences along side or rear property lines shall be no more than six (6) feet high and not constructed on top of property lines. Structural posts associated with all perimeter fences will be situated on the interior side of the fence.
- (3) Electric and barbed wire fencing is **prohibited**.
- (4) Fencing and walls may be placed within drainage and utility easements, locates will be required by utility company. **If fencing or walls are damaged due to utility**

improvements, repairs, snow removal, etc., owner will accept full responsibility for any and all costs for repairs.

- (5) Construction fences are allowed during initial construction of a structure. It will be constructed on the property of the primary building site. The Certificate of Occupancy will not be issued until the construction fence is removed.

(k) Accessory Uses and Buildings:

- (1) Storage buildings, tool sheds, and other structures directly associated with the operation and maintenance of community parks, recreational facilities, historic sites, and conservation areas are permitted. These uses will only be permitted on the same lot with a primary recreational structure or conservation area facility, or on an adjacent lot associated with the primary facility.

- (2) Accessory buildings will contain no more than six hundred (600) square feet of floor area.

- (3) Accessory buildings will not be located beyond the front line of any primary recreational structure.

- (l) Authorized Signs: Sign Standards for the "RC" Recreational and Conservation District are presented in Part 4 Development Standards, see Section 4-801 and 4-802.

- (m) Fuel Storage Tanks: Class I and Class II liquids in above ground tanks is prohibited unless temporarily stored in licensed and operative commercially used vehicles in an accumulative amount over one hundred fifty (150) gallons.

- (n) Fire Protection: All buildings that reach the maximum allowable building height for this zoning district will be required to install automatic sprinkler systems. The installation of these systems will be made in accordance with National Fire Protection Association requirements outlined in NFPA 13.

Article 3.3 NONCONFORMING USES AND STRUCTURES

Section 3-301. Nonconforming Uses

- (a) A nonconforming use may be continued on the same land lot or land parcel, as well as within the same floor area, which existed on the date when the use initially became nonconforming, subject to the conditions below.
- (b) If active and continuous operation of a nonconforming use is discontinued for a period of twelve (12) consecutive months, the structure or tract of land shall subsequently be used only for a conforming use. A stated intent to resume operations shall not affect this provision.
- (c) In the event of catastrophic loss, e.g., fire, an existing non-conforming structure may be re-established within twelve (12) months of the date the loss occurred. Any reconstruction of a structure shall be the same dimensions of the structure prior to the catastrophic loss and follow the then current version of the building codes adopted by the Town of Alpine.

Section 3-302. Nonconforming Structures

- (a) A nonconforming structure may be enlarged or expanded an accumulative amount of twenty (20) percent of the existing structure. However, no enlargement or expansion may encroach any

further into setbacks than the existing structure encroaches. The cumulative total is the sum of all expansions or enlargements from the date the structure became nonconforming.

- (b) Notwithstanding the limitations stated above, expansions to buildings such as covered wheelchair ramps, lifts and handicap accessible restrooms need to meet the requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) shall be exempt from the twenty (20) percent limitation above.

Section 3-303. Facility Repairs

Emergency (acts of nature), ordinary repairs and maintenance of a nonconforming building shall be permitted, with the appropriate permits on file with the Planning and Zoning Commission, Town of Alpine.

PART 6 – RULES OF INTERPRETATION AND DEFINITIONS

ARTICLE 6.1 RULES OF INTERPRETATION

Some of the words, phrases, and terms used in the Alpine Land Use and Development Code have specific meanings that are defined within Article 6.2. Words, phrases, and terms not defined in the Land Use and Development Code shall be given their usual and customary meanings except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning.

The word “shall” requires mandatory action. The words “may” and “should” are discretionary.

Within the Land Use and Development Code, various sections identified as “Intent” are provided as an official statement of legislative purpose. These sections are intended as a guide to the administration and interpretation of the Land Use and Development Code. However, they are not binding standards.

ARTICLE 6.2 DEFINITIONS

General Comments:

The code user should be familiar with the terms in this section because:

- 1. The definitions are essential to the correct interpretation of the International Building (IBC) and/or International Residential Code (IRC);
- 2. The user might not be aware that a particular term encountered in the text has the special definition found herein; and
- 3. Terms not defined: Where terms are not defined through the methods authorized by the section, such terms shall have ordinarily accepted meanings such as the contest implies.

Words with specific defined meanings are as follows:

Accessory Building/Structure. A detached building/structure located on a parcel of land that is used to support the primary use of a principal building, located on the same lot as the primary structure/building.

Accessory Use. A secondary use of a parcel of land that is secondary to the primary use of the property.

Alley. A public thoroughfare which affords only a secondary means of access to an abutting property.

Ambulance Station. A structure or facility for storage of ambulance vehicles and their medical equipment are stationed, as well as working, living and sleeping space for their staff/crew, including a kitchen and showers, while they are on duty (transient).

Apartment. A dwelling unit within a multi-unit residential facility.

Appliance. A device or apparatus that is manufactured and designed to utilize energy and for which this code provides specific requirements.

Attach. To make fast; permanently fixed.

Attached/Attachment. To make fast, permanently fixed; must have contiguous foundation wall; can include a covered walkway. Roof of addition and/or walkway, must be attached to the principal building.

Authorized Representative. An individual appointed by the Town Council to enforce the provisions of the International Building Code (IBC), International Residential Code (IRC), International Mechanical Code (UMC), International Plumbing Code (UPC), National Electric Code, and the Alpine Zoning Ordinance.

Banners. Signs that are made out of a fabric weight or material that indicates temporary activities or welcomes.

Bed-and-Breakfast Operation. An owner-occupied single-family dwelling with a maximum of five (5) guest bedrooms within the dwelling. Guest bedrooms used to provide short-term overnight accommodations are rented for periods less than thirty (30) days. Only breakfast meals are served to guests of the bed-and-breakfast operation.

Breezeway. A roofed, often open passage connecting two buildings (as a house or garage) or halves of a building.

Building. Any permanent structure built for the shelter or enclosure of persons, animals, chattels, or property of any kind.

Building Eave Projections and/or Overhangs. The eaves are the edges of the roof which overhang the face of a wall and normally project beyond the side of a building

Building Envelope: The building envelope includes all the building components that separate the indoors from the outdoors as to the perimeter of the building itself; specific to placement of structure on lot within setback parameters and lot lines.

Building, Principal. A building which represents the primary use of a property.

Carport. A roofed, wall-less shed, usually projecting from the side of a building, used as a shelter for an automobile.

Commercial Frontage. Is the full length of a plot of land or a building measured alongside the road on to which the plot or building fronts. In the case of contiguous buildings, individual frontages are usually measured to the middle of any party wall.

Community Land Use Plan Map. An illustration that depicts a general community vision regarding the type and location of various land uses in Alpine. This map is presented as Figure 8-4 within the Alpine Municipal Master Plan report dated October 25, 2006.

Conceptual Site Plan. An illustration of a general land use development concept for one or more parcels of land which provides an identified map scale, identifies the boundaries of project development site, and locates all proposed buildings and other land uses, vehicular parking areas and access to the project development site, utility distribution systems, and primary site development features.

Condominium. A living unit in a multi-unit residential facility that is owned in fee simple. The use of the living unit, as well as shared common space areas and facilities, are subject to covenants, conditions, and restrictions that are enforced by a homeowner's association.

Construction Fences. A temporary fence constructed to preserve the safety of the building site during construction of a building.

Deck. An exterior floor supported on at least two (2) opposing sides by an adjacent structure, and/or posts, piers or other independent supports. Decks with heights of thirty (30) inches or greater need guard rails.

Drainage. The process by which water or other liquids flow away into pipes or into the ground. Such as: Final Grade shall be sloped away from the structure.

Development Fee. Total of all costs incurred from initiation to implementation of a project.

Driveway. A private road connecting a house, garage, or other building with the street.

Due Dilligence: The investigation or exercise of care that a reasonable business or person is normally expected to take **BEFORE** entering into an agreement or contract with another party or an act with a certain standard of care, i.e. vetting issues thoughtfully and carefully.

Dwelling. Any building that contains one or two dwelling units, used, intended, or designed to be built, used, rented, leased, let or hired out to be occupied, or that are occupied for living purposes.

Dwelling, Single-Family. A residential structure limited to a stick-built home, manufactured home, modular home, or factory-built home, which is physically arranged to create an independent housekeeping establishment for occupancy by one (1) family or one (1) household. The structure is characterized by separate facilities for wastewater disposal, cooking and sleeping.

Dwelling, Multi-Unit. A residential building occupied by two (2) or more families or households living independently of each other.

Dwelling Unit. A single unit providing complete independent living facilities for one or more persons, including permanent provisions for living, sleeping, eating, cooking and sanitation.

E-Mail. A system for sending and receiving messages electronically over a computer network.

Easement: An agreed upon use of land, usually of record, by someone other than the landowner for a specific purpose (i.e. utilities).

Emergency Care Facility. A physician's office, clinic, or other health care center which provides emergency medical care in conjunction with other primary care services.

Emergency Medical Facility. A freestanding emergency center or trauma center, such as hospital or any other institution licensed by the cabinet for Health and Family Services that furnishes emergency medical services.

Emergency Medical Services (EMS). Also known as ambulance services or paramedic services, are emergency services that provide urgent pre-hospital treatment and stabilization for serious illness and injuries and transport to definitive care.

Factory-built Home. Any residential dwelling that is wholly, or in substantial part, made, fabricated, formed, or assembled in manufacturing facilities for installation or assembly on a building site. Factory-built homes shall include, but not be limited to, manufactured homes, modular homes, and mobile homes.

Family Household. A single-family dwelling or multi-unit dwelling that is occupied by a family that is comprised by any number of persons related by blood, marriage, or adoption.

Floor Area. Area contained within the building measured to the external face of the external walls.

Frontage. The direction in which a building faces; the front of a building or lot; the lineal extent of this front; the land between a building and the street; body of water etc.

Front Yard. Portion of a property that is adjacent to the street frontage where the primary structure's driveway exits and enters.

Fireplace. An assembly consisting of a hearth and fire chamber of noncombustible material and provided with a chimney, for use with solid fuels.

Factory-built fireplace. A listed and labeled fireplace and chimney system composed of factory-made components and assembled in the field in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and the conditions of the listing.

Masonry chimney. A field constructed chimney composed of solid masonry units, bricks, stones or concrete.

Masonry fireplace. A field constructed fireplace composed of solid masonry unit, bricks, stone or concrete.

Fire Station. A structure or facility for storage of firefighting vehicles and equipment are stationed, as well as working, living and sleeping space for their staff/crew, including a kitchen and showers, while they are on duty (transient). Also called firehouse or fire hall.

Full-Time Employees. Full-time employees are those employees working forty (40) hours or more per week, or those individuals that have been deemed by the Governing Body as full-time employees.

Governing Body. The Alpine Town Council.

Grade. The average finished ground elevation around a building.

Gross Floor Area. The total floor area contained within the building measured to the external face of the external walls.

Gross Internal Area. The floor area contained within the building measured to the internal face of the external walls.

Guard. A building component or a system of building components located at or near the open side of elevated walking surfaces that minimizes the possibility of a fall from the walking surface to a lower level.

Habitable Space. A space in a building for living, sleeping, eating or cooking. Bathrooms, toilet rooms, closets, halls, storage or utility spaces and similar areas are not considered habitable spaces.

Handrail. A horizontal or sloping rail intended for grasping by the hand for guidance or support.

Hardship: A condition that is difficult to endure *and can be proven, i.e. especially financial/economic.*

Height of Buildings. The vertical distance from the average finished ground elevation that adjoins a building at all exterior walls. Where the finished ground elevation slopes away from the exterior walls, a grade plane will be established by the lowest points within the area between the building and the lot line. Where the lot line is more than six (6) feet from the building, a grade plane will be established between the structure and a point six (6) feet from the building.

Historical Buildings. Buildings that are listed in or eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places or designated as historical under an appropriate state or local law.

Home Occupation. A professional, technical or retail service operated by the occupants of a single-family residence and not more than two (2) non-household employees. However, such enterprises will generate limited vehicular traffic and vehicular parking along residential streets, as well as limited noise within residential neighborhoods.

Hotel. Any building containing six (6) or more guest rooms used to provide short-term overnight accommodations, which are rented, for less than thirty (30) days. This facility may also include commercial food preparation and dining facilities, as well as other onsite amenities.

Household. A household consists of all the people who occupy a single-family or multi-unit dwelling but does not include more than three (3) persons who are not related by blood or marriage.

Impact Fee. A fee imposed on a new or proposed development project to pay for all or a portion of the costs of providing public services to the new development.

Impervious: A hard surface that does NOT let runoff/water soak into the ground or greatly reduces the amount of runoff/water that soaks into the ground.

Irregular Lot. Not even or balanced in shape or arrangement; contrary to the rules or to that which is normal or established. Such as: lots with multiple street frontages.

Jurisdiction: The governmental unit that adopts and enforces the IBC/IRC is the “Jurisdiction.”

Kitchen. Kitchen shall mean an area used, or designated to be used, for the preparation of food and shall contain permanent provisions for the cooking, storage and preparation of food consisting of a sink, refrigerator oven and/or a cook top.

Land Use Plan Map. The definition of land use plan map is synonymous with the definition for “community land use plan map”.

Live/Work Unit: A dwelling unit or sleeping unit in which a significant portion of the space includes a non-residential use that is operation by the tenant.

Live Loads. Those loads produced by the use and occupancy of the building or other structure and do not include constructions or environmental loads such as wind load, snow load, rain load, earthquake load, flood load or dead load.

Loads. Forces or other actions that result from the weight of building materials, occupants and their possessions, environmental effects, differential movement and restrained dimensional changes

Lot. A parcel of land within the Town of Alpine which may be vacant, occupied by a building or a group of buildings, as well as contain utility systems and/or accessory buildings.

Lot Area. The total land area contained within a parcel of land.

Maintenance. The cleaning, painting, repair of a building, or the replacement of defective materials and fixed equipment within a building, in a manner that does not alter the basic design of the structure.

Manufactured Home. A single-family dwelling structure which:

- (a) Is partially or entirely manufactured in an offsite factory facility.
- (b) Will adhere to the building standards outlined in Part 4, Section 4-502 of the Alpine Land Use and Development Code.

Master Plan: A comprehensive project plan that define project scope, cost, planning, activities and resources. Reflects a vision set in the early stages of a project and moves everyone in the same direction.

Mean Roof Height. The average of the roof eave height and the height to the highest point on the roof surface.

Membership Club. A private group of people organized in association with a national, state, or local non-profit organization.

Mobile Home. A single-family dwelling that does not meet the definition of a manufactured home of this ordinance, and has the following characteristics:

- (a) It is designed for long or short-term occupancy; and
- (b) It contains sleeping accommodations, a flush toilet, a tub or shower bath, and kitchen facilities; and
- (c) It contains plumbing and electrical connections to local utility systems; and
- (d) It is designed to be transported after fabrication, on its own wheels, a flatbed truck or other trailers, or on detachable wheels; and

- (e) It arrives at the building site where it is to be occupied as a complete unit and is ready for occupancy except for minor and incidental unpacking and assembly operations, installed on foundation supports or jacks, underpinned, and connected to utilities.

Modular Home. A residential dwelling, which:

- (a) Is constructed in a factory in accordance with the most current version of the International Building Code.
- (b) Will adhere to the building standards outlined in Section 4-503 of the Alpine Land Use and Development Code.

Motel. Any building or complex containing six (6) or more guestrooms used to provide short-term overnight accommodations, which are rented, for usually less than thirty (30) days.

Multi-Unit Complex. A residential development that includes a group of multi-unit residential facilities that are owned by one landowner.

Multi-Unit Residential Facility. A group of dwelling units within one building that contains separate living units for three or more families who may share supporting services and facilities.

Nonconforming Building/Structure. An existing structure which, on the effective date of this ordinance, does not comply with the provision of this ordinance for the zoning district where the building is located.

Nonconforming Sign. All signs in existence before the effective date of this ordinance.

Nonconforming Use. A legal use of land which, on the effective date of this ordinance, does not conform to the permitted uses established for the zoning district where the existing land use is located.

Nonfamily Household. A nonfamily household consists of a householder living alone (a one {1} person household) or where the householder shares the home exclusively with not more than three (3) persons to whom he or she is not related.

Non-Permanent: Not existing or intended to exist for an indefinite time, i.e. can be easily removed by whatever means necessary to comply with code, public safety, and Town requirements.

Occupied. The use of a developed property for one (1) or more purposes.

Parapet. A low wall or railing to protect the edge of a platform, roof or bridge.

Party Wall: Any wall located on a lot line between adjacent buildings, which is used to adopted for joint service between the two buildings.

Pavement Structures. The implementation of a sub-base, base and surface material, to accommodate the needs of traffic and load bearings.

Permanent: Lasting or intended to last or remain unchanged indefinitely.

Permanent Foundation. A system of supports, including piers, either partially or entirely below grade which is:

- (a) Capable of transferring all design loads imposed by or upon the structure into soil or bedrock without failure;
- (b) Placed at an adequate depth below grade to prevent frost damage;
- (c) Constructed of concrete, metal, treated lumber or wood, or grouted masonry; and
- (d) In accordance with manufacturer specifications and applicable sections of the International Building Code (IBC).

Pervious: A surface that allows for the penetration of runoff/water through the surface and into underlying soils.

Planned Unit Development. A development of one (1) or more parcels of land that is planned and developed as a single development project and/or programmed for development over a series of incremental development stages. This development approach integrates site development considerations for proposed land uses, vehicular access, parking and circulation, supporting utility systems, landscaping, site constraints and development opportunities, and zoning requirements.

Plot Plan. An illustration depicting a proposed land use which shall be prepared to a defined map scale, identifies the general location of the project site, project development site boundaries, locates the proposed vehicular access to the project development site, as well as identifies and locates proposed land uses.

Pole Barn. Structure/Building built for animal shelter, equipment and/or storage of open at the sides and/or ends.

Primary Structure. The structure from which the principal use of a property is conducted.

Project Stipulations. Potential requirements which may accompany decisions by the Alpine Planning and Zoning Commission, Board of Adjustment, and Alpine Town Council concerning proposed planned unit developments, zone changes, and variances.

Public Way. Any street, alley or other parcel of land open to the outside air leading to a public street, which has been deeded, dedicated or otherwise permanently appropriated to the public for public use.

Ramp. A walking surface that has a running slope steeper than one unit vertical in twenty (20) units horizontal (five {5} percent slope).

Rear Yard. Portion of a property that is opposite the front yard.

Right-Of-Way: Establishes use of property for town matters without conferring ownership (i.e. snow storage).

Road Grade. Grade is the rate of change of the vertical alignment, at the center of the road.

RV (Recreational Vehicle). A vehicle, such as a Class A, B, or C RV, a RV Folding Trailer, RV Travel Trailer, Fifth Wheel Travel Trailer, or a truck camper mounted or un-mounted inside of a truck bed, primarily used for leisure activities, traveling and recreational activities.

Sandwich Board. Signboard consisting of two (2) hinged boards that hang and/or sit front and back from the shoulders of a walker and/or are placed on the ground, that are used to display advertisements.

Setback. The minimum horizontal distance between the lot or property line and the nearest front, side or rear building line. (Current Definition)

Setback: The areas, measured from the property line to any structure or impervious surface, within which building is prohibited, but which may include driveway area/s as designated (i.e. the distance a building or impervious surface must be from the street as required by Zoning laws and/or the minimum horizontal distance between the lot or property line and the nearest front, side, or rear building line).

Shed. A structure/building for storage.

Side Yard. Portion of a property that runs perpendicular to the front and side yards.

Silt Fence. Temporary sediment control device typically used in combination with sediment basins and sediment traps, as well as erosion controls, which are designed to retain sediment in place where soil is being disturbed by construction processes. A typical fence consists of a piece of synthetic filter fabric stretched between a series of wooden or metal stakes.

Single Family Dwelling Unit. One (1) family or non-family household occupies the single-family dwelling unit; limited to stick-built homes, manufactured homes and modular homes. However, owners may provide room and board for up to three (3) persons who are not related by blood or marriage; provided no separate kitchen is provided.

Site Plan. An illustration or construction document submitted with the application for *permit* depicting a proposed land use which shall be prepared to a defined map scale, identifies the general location of the project site, project development site boundaries showing the size and location of new construction and/or existing structures, utilities, snow storage, proposed vehicular access to the project development site, as well as identifies and locates the proposed land uses.

Snow Fence. A temporary fence to prevent blowing and drifting snow.

Stair. A change in elevation, consisting of one or more risers.

Storage Building. A detached building located on a parcel of land that is used to support the primary use of a principal building, located on the same lot as the primary structure/building.

Street. A public or private transportation facility which affords public access to adjacent properties and/or other parts of the community.

Street – Right of Way. The legal right established by usage or grant, to pass along a specific route through grounds or property belonging to another.

Structure. A new, extended, expanded, or renovated building constructed on a property.

- (a) **Permanent:** A structure fixed to the ground by any of the various types of foundations, slabs, piers, poles, or other means allowed by building codes.
- (b) **Temporary:** A type of building, tent and/or greenhouse that is used for a limited period of time – this could be for an event, or a warehouse needed to store seasonal stock for a retail shop.

Townhome: An attached single-family home that has a common wall with an adjacent single-family home. This type of housing is sometimes referred to as a duplex or twinhome.

Townhouse: A single-family dwelling unit constructed in a group of three or more attached units in which each unit extends from foundation to roof with open space on at least two sides.

Transient. Occupancy of a dwelling unit or facility with 10 or fewer occupants staying or working in a place for only a short period of time, time not to exceed five (5) consecutive days.

Utility Systems. Means any of the following: A system for the treatment or supply of water. A system for the collection or treatment of wastewater. A system for the generation or supply of steam, hot water, and chilled water. A system for the supply of natural gas. A system for the transmission of telecommunications.

Use. The purpose for which a parcel of land or building is utilized.

Vehicular Parking Area. An off-street area containing a paved surface designated parking stall, and appropriate signage for the parking of motor vehicles.

Violations: The act of doing something that is not allowed by a law/ordinance, or rule.

Wall.

- (a) **Retaining.** A wall not laterally supported at the top, that resists lateral soil load and other imposed loads.
- (b) **Load bearing.** A wall supporting any vertical load in addition to its own weight.
- (c) **Nonbearing.** A wall which does not support vertical loads other than its own weight.

Water-Resistive Barrier. A material behind an exterior wall covering that is intended to resist liquid water that has penetrated behind the exterior covering from further intruding into the exterior wall assembly.

Xeriscaping. A landscaping method that makes routing irrigation unnecessary. It uses drought-adaptable and low-water plants as well as soil amendments such as compost and mulches to reduce evaporation.

Yard, Front, Side, or Rear. Required open space area on an occupied lot which is defined via minimum setback requirements from property lines.

Zoning Administrator. A person who is an authorized individual (and/or their representative) to manage the practices, policies and regulations of the operations of the Zoning Commission.

Zoning District. A land use zoning designation for selected geographical areas within the Town of Alpine.

Town of Alpine
Planning Zoning Commission
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Owner	Permit #	Type of Permit	Date Issued	Expiration Date	Extension # & New Expiration Date
Alpine Branch Library Lincoln County Library System Lot #3 - Alpine West Addition 243 Elk Run	MC-13-23	Parking Lot Light Poles Installation	9/12/2023	9/12/2024	
Sonotubes are installed					
Alpine Community Post Office: Lot # 102 Alpine Grid Area 102 US Highway 89	MC-12-23	Storage Container Installation	7/11/2023	7/11/2024	
The container has not been installed					
Alpine Flats, LLC Alpine Flats East Tract 303 US Highway 26 Building #1	R2-08-22 EA - 04-23	Multi Unit Apartment Complex	3/24/2022	3/24/2023	3/24/2025
Alpine Flats, LLC Alpine Flats East Tract 303 US Highway 26 Building #2	R2-12-22	Multi Unit Apartment Complex	9/13/2022	9/13/2023	9/13/2024
Alpine Ace Hardware {Robert Broulim} Lot #716 "C" - Lakeview Estates 100 Greys River Road	MC-02-24	Temporary Green House Installation	4/9/2024	<u>10/1/2024</u>	Temporary Installation
the green house is up and being used.					
Armington/Lethbridge: Lot #11 - Greys River Valley 337 East Mill Road	R1-01-23	Single Family Home	8/8/2023	8/8/2024	

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framing and sheeting is done.					
Aud & Di Campground Services: Lot #332 - Alpine Grid Area 332 Meadows Drive	MC-18-23	Interior Office Completion & Deck Repair	9/12/2023	9/12/2024	
no update					
Blacker, Danielle Lot #43 - Palis Park 189 West Mill Circle	RE-02-23	Detached Assessory Structure & Garage Stairs	4/11/2023	4/11/2024	4/11/2025
no update C of O should be soon					
Christie, David Lot # 56 - 3 Rivers Meadows 445 Meadows Drive	RE/A - 04-22	Garage Remodel & Room Addition	5/24/2023	5/24/2024	5/24/2025
no update					
Cornelius, Ernest Lot #13 - Palis Park 225 River Bench Road	R1-02-23	Single Family Home	8/8/2023	8/8/2024	
C of O issued					
Creative Properties Lot #12 Palisades Heights 160 US Highway 89	A-01-24	Roof & Deck Replacement	4/9/2024	4/29/2025	
Esperson, William Lot #16 - 3 Rivers Meadows 426 Meadows Drive	RE/A - 01-23 {A-02-19}	Addition - Remodel	1/10/2023	1/10/2024	1/10/2025
Please remove					

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Flynn, Jeff & Yulia: Lot #146 - Alpine Meadows 134 Sweetgrass Trail	R1-02-22 EA - 03-23	Single Family Home	1/11/2022	1/11/2024	1/11/2025
rough plubing and electrical is done					
Gayhart, Tiphany & Kennis Lutz: Lot #25 - Forest Meadows 507 Three Rivers Drive	RE/A - 04-23	House Addition with Roof Pitch Change	7/11/2023	7/11/2024	
no update					
Lees, Brian #856 Lakeview Estates 791 Terrace Drive	G-01-22/23 E 01-23 & EA -01-24	Garage Installation	4/15/2023	4/15/2024	4/15/2025
no update					
McDonald, Colton & Lee Ann: Lot #36 Palis Park 197 Canyon View Drive	R1-12-22	Single Family Home	9/13/2022	9/13/2023	9/24/2024
Temporary Certificate of Occupancy has been issued - Spring/Summer time concrete work to be completed					
Miles, Ellie Lot #17 Forest Meadows 522 Three Rivers Drive	MC-19-23	Add Roof - Front Porch	10/10/2023	10/10/2024	
done please remove					
Ridge Creek Investment: Lot #7 Alpine Business Center 650 Highway 26 Bldg #9	C-01-23	Heated Warehouse Storage Bldg.	9/26/2023	9/26/2024	
Riverview West HOA: Riverview West Townhomes 504 Snake River Drive	MC-24-23	Re-Roof Buildings - Units B	10/10/2023	10/10/2024	

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no update					
Riverview West HOA: Riverview West Townhomes 504 Snake River Drive	MC-27-23	Re-Roof Buildings - Units E	10/10/2023	10/10/2024	
no update					
Riverview West HOA: Riverview West Townhomes 504 Snake River Drive	MC-28-23	Re-Roof Buildings - Units F	10/10/2023	10/10/2024	
no update					
Snake River MEP Alpine Sure Stay Lot #2 - Hafeez Addition 100 Wintergreen Drive	C-01-24	Extended Stay Hotel Structure	3/12/2024	3/12/2025	
Star Valley Health: Lot #186 - Alpine Meadows 37 Wintergreen Drive	RE-06-23	Remodel/ Addition Interior Emergency Room	12/12/2023	12/12/2024	
Star Valley Health: Lot #186 - Alpine Meadows 37 Wintergreen Drive	A - 02-24	Garage - Ambulance Bay	5/14/2024	5/14/2025	
Stuns, Doug & Catheryn: Lot #2 Grand Lake 707 Sunset Drive	R1-07-22	Single Family Home	5/24/2022	5/24/2023	8/20/2024
C of O soon					

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Thomas, William {125 Greys River LLC} Lot #309 Palis Park 125 Greys River Road	R2-10-22	Multi Family Residential Unit	5/24/2022	5/24/2023	8/1/2024
Not started					
TOA - {Pre-Treatment Facility} Western Portion of Lot #9 Alpine West 291 Buffalo Drive	C-03-22	Addition to Existing Pretreatment Plant	11/8/2022	11/8/2023	11/8/2024
TOA - {Town Hall Building/Property} Lot #1 Alpine West West 250 River Circle	MC-17-23	Flag Pole Installation	8/22/2023	8/22/2024	
no update					
TOA - {Alpine Civic Center - Donn Wooden Civic Center} Lot #844 Lakeview Estates 121 US Highway 89	MC-01-24	Gazebo Structure Re-Roof	4/9/2024	4/9/2025	
		almost done			
Last Discussed on 6/25/2024					

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no update					
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Active Permits - 7/9/2024

Section 6, Itema.

Thomas, William {125 Greys River LLC} Lot #309 Palis Park 125 Greys River Road	R2-10-22	Multi Family Residential Unit	5/24/2022	5/24/2023	8/1/2024
Not started					
TOA - {Pre-Treatment Facility} Western Portion of Lot #9 Alpine West 291 Buffalo Drive	C-03-22	Addition to Existing Pretreatment Plant	11/8/2022	11/8/2023	11/8/2024
TOA - {Town Hall Building/Property} Lot #1 Alpine West West 250 River Circle	MC-17-23	Flag Pole Installation	8/22/2023	8/22/2024	
no update					
TOA - {Alpine Civic Center - Donn Wooden Civic Center} Lot #844 Lakeview Estates 121 US Highway 89	MC-01-24	Gazebo Structure Re-Roof	4/9/2024	4/9/2025	
		almost done			
Last Discussed on 6/25/2024					